

## Expansion of Shek Wu Hui Sewage Treatment Works

Monthly EM&A Report No. 7 for June 2006

July 2006

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## Expansion of Shek Wu Hui Sewage Treatment Works

### Monthly EM&A Report No. 7 for June 2006

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Report no:	EA01284R0182	Date:	July 2006

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#### 1 Executive Summary

The expansion of Shek Wu Hui Sewage Treatment Works (SWHSTW) aims to increase the treatment capacity of the existing SWHSTW to cope with the increasing wastewater flows and loads as a result of the population growth in the catchment area of Fanling/Sheung Shui and the committed extension of sewerage system to unsewered areas. It is considered as a project constituting a material change to an exempted designated project under Schedule 2 of EIAO. Thus, the procedures under the EIAO have been followed and an Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Programme has to be carried out. The present report documents the outcomes of the EM&A Works undertaken during June 2006.

#### Breaches of Action and Limit Levels

Noise

No non-compliance of action/limit level was recorded at all monitoring stations for noise during the reporting month.

1-hr TSP

No non-compliance of action/limit level was recorded at all monitoring stations for 1-hr TSP during the reporting month.

24-hr TSP

No non-compliance of action/limit level was recorded at all monitoring stations for 24-hr TSP during the reporting month.

#### Complaints Log

During this reporting month, no environmental complaint was received.

#### Notifications of Any Summons and Successful Prosecutions

During the reporting month, no notification of summons or successful prosecution was recorded.

#### Reporting Changes

There was no reporting change during the reporting month.

#### Future Key Issues

The construction activities for the coming three months will include the construction of mini piles, cable/ utilities diversion, the relocation of FeCl<sub>3</sub> tank, excavation, pile head / cap construction, sheet piling work, the installation of wailing and structs, sub-structure and superstructure construction, pipe works, internal/ external finishing and remedial work for concrete structure.



#### 2 Introduction

#### 2.1 Basic Information

Shek Wu Hui Sewage Treatment Works (SWHSTW) provides treatment to the wastewater generated from Fanling/Sheung Shui areas before discharge it into Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site through River Indus and Shenzhen River, thus helps protecting the water quality of River Indus, Shenzhen River and Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site. The expansion of SWHSTW aims to expand the treatment capacity of the existing SWHSTW to cope with the increasing wastewater flows and loads as a result of the population growth in the catchment area of Fanling/Sheung Shui and the committed extension of sewerage system to unsewered areas.

In accordance with Section 9(2)(g) of the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (EIAO), the SWHSTW is an exempted designated project as the existing SWHSTW has been in operation before the EIAO came into effect on 1 April 1998. However, since the proposed works involve physical expansion and alternation to the existing SWHSTW (hereafter called "the Project") and may cause adverse environmental impacts if mitigation measures are not in place, it shall be considered as a project constituting a material change to an exempted designated project under Schedule 2 of EIAO. Hence the procedures under the EIAO have been followed. A Project Profile (PP) for direct application of the EP (Application No.DIR-121/2005) was approved by Environmental Protection Department (EPD) in May 2005 and an environmental permit (EP-218/2005) was obtained prior to the commencement of the expansion works.

Drainage Services Department (DSD) awarded the civil contract of the expansion of SWHSTW to Maeda Corporation (Maeda) in September 2005. Maeda appointed Hyder Consulting Limited (HCL) as the Contractor's Environmental Team (ET) during the construction period. CH2M HILL Hong Kong Limited (formerly known as CH2M-IDC Hong Kong Limited) is the independent environmental checker (IEC). The construction contract commenced in September 2005 and the total construction period is approximately 36 months. The notified commencement date of work to the Director of EPD is 14 December 2005.

#### 2.2 Management Structure and Project Organisation

The Engineer (DSD) is responsible for overseeing the construction works and ensuring that they are undertaken by the Contractor (Maeda) in accordance with the specification and contractual requirements. The Contractor shall report to the Engineer. The ET is employed by the Contractor and is responsible for conducting the EM&A programme. The IEC shall advise the Engineer on the environmental issues related to the Project.

The key personnel contact names and telephone number are summarised in Table 2-1. The project organisation is shown in Appendix 1.



Party	Position	Name	Telephone number
Project Proponent - DSD	Project Manager	Raymond Lee	2594 7457
	Engineer's Representative	Tim Tsoi	2594 7460
Contractor - Maeda	Site Agent	George Cheung	9268 1918
ET - Hyder	ET Leader	Sharifah Or	2911 2730
IEC – CH2M HILL	IEC	David Yeung	2872 2934

Table 2-1 Key Personnel Contact Names and Telephone Number for the Project

### 2.3 Construction Programme

Construction programme of the Project is attached in Appendix 2.

### 2.4 Works Undertaken during the Reporting Month

Works undertaken during the reporting month included:

- Excavation
- Cable / utilities diversion
- Sheet piling work
- Substructure construction
- Construction of pile head
- Remedial work for concrete structure

#### 2.5 Status of Environmental Permit/ Licence

The status of the Environmental Permit/Licence for the Project is shown below.

Permit/Licence	Application Date	Date of issue	Ref. No.	Valid Until
Environmental Permit	21 May 2005	16 June 2005	EP-218/2005	N/A
Notification was made to EPD pursuant to Section 3(1) of the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation (Form NA was submitted)	22 Sep 2005	N/A	N/A	N/A
Registration as a chemical waste producer	26 Sep 2005	4 Nov 2005	WPN: 5213- 624-M2446-06	N/A
Effluent Discharge Licence	11 Nov 2005	20 Dec 2005	Licence No.: W5/11287/1	19 Dec 2010
Application for Exemption Account for Disposal of Construction Waste			Application No.: RN/00134	25 Sep 2008



Permit/Licence	Application Date	Date of issue	Ref. No.	Valid Until
Construction Noise Permit	15 May 2006	26 May 2006	Permit No.: GW-RN0272-06	From 1 Jun 2006 to 30 Nov 2006

Table 2-2 Status of Permit/Licence for the Project

#### 3 Environmental Status

#### 3.1 Works Undertaken during the Month with Illustrations

The site has been subdivided into different Works Areas/Portions as illustrated in Appendix 3. Cable/ utilities diversion, sheet piling work and substructure construction were undertaken at Portion 2. Construction of pile head was undertaken at Portion 3. Remedial work for concrete structure was undertaken at Portions 1 and 3. Excavation was undertaken at Portions 1, 2 and 3.

## 3.2 Project Area, Environmental Sensitive Receivers and Monitoring Locations

The site is located at the existing Shek Wu Hui Sewage Treatment Plant, next to Chuk Wan Street. Project area, environmental sensitive receivers and monitoring locations are shown in Appendix 4.

### 4 Brief Summary of EM&A Requirements

#### 4.1 Monitoring Parameters

#### 4.1.1 Air Quality

During the construction phase impact monitoring, 1-hour and 24-hour Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) levels should be measured at the selected air monitoring locations in accordance with the EM&A Manual. These two parameters are aimed to indicate the impacts of construction dust on air quality.

#### 4.1.2 Noise

The construction noise level should be measured in terms of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level ( $L_{eq}$ ) for 30 minutes.  $L_{eq(30 \text{ min})}$  is used as the monitoring parameter for the period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays. For all other time periods, three consecutive  $L_{eq(5\text{min})}$  are employed for comparison with the Noise Control Ordinance (NCO) criteria.

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Other noise parameters such as  $L_{10}$  and  $L_{90}$  should also be obtained for reference.

#### 4.2 Action and Limit Levels

#### 4.2.1 Air Quality

The baseline monitoring results documented in the Baseline Monitoring Report for the Project (our report ref.: EA01284R0012) form the basis for derivation of the Action and Limit Levels for air quality impact monitoring. Appendix 5 shows the derived Action and Limit Levels for the Project. If the air quality criteria are exceeded due to the Project, the Event/Action Plan summarised in Table 4-3 should be triggered immediately.

#### 4.2.2 Noise

The Action and Limit Levels for construction noise are defined in Appendix 5. If valid non-compliance of the criteria occurs, actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan in Table 4-4 should be implemented. If construction works are undertaken during the restricted hours, a construction noise permit under NCO shall be obtained by the Contractor.

#### 4.3 Event and Action Plans

The Event and Action Plans for air quality and noise monitoring are shown in Tables 4-3 and 4-4, respectively.

EVENT	ACTION				
EVENT	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR	
ACTION LEVEL					
Exceedance for one sample	Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures;     Inform IEC and ER;     Repeat measurement to confirm finding.	Check monitoring data submitted by ET;     Check Contractor's working method.	Notify Contractor.	Rectify any unacceptable practice;     Amend working methods if appropriate.	
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	Identify source, investigate the cause of exceedance and propose remedial measures;     Inform IEC and ER;     Advise ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures;	Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the ET on the	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing;     Notify Contractor;     Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	<ul> <li>Submit proposals for remedial to ER within 3 working days of notification;</li> <li>Implement the agreed proposals;</li> <li>Amend proposal if appropriate.</li> </ul>	



	ACTION					
EVENT	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR		
	<ul> <li>Repeat measurements to confirm findings;</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency to daily;</li> <li>Discuss with IEC and Contractor on remedial actions required;</li> <li>If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IEC and ER;</li> <li>If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.</li> </ul>	effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; • Supervise Implementation of remedial measures.				
LIMIT LEVEL						
Exceedance for one sample	Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform IEC, ER, Contractor and EPD; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results.  If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Supervise implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate.		
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	Notify IEC, ER,     Contractor and EPD;     Identify source,     investigate the cause of exceedance and propose remedial measures;     Repeat measurement to confirm findings;     Increase monitoring frequency to daily;     Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be	Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions;     Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise ER accordingly;     Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Notify Contractor; In consultation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible	Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by ER until the exceedance is abated.		



EVENT	ACTION					
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR		
	implemented;  Arrange meeting with IEC and ER to discuss the remedial actions to be taken;  Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results;  If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.		and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.			

Table 4-3 Event/ Action Plan for Air Quality Monitoring

EVENT		Action					
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR			
Action Level	Notify IEC and ER;     Carry out investigation;     Report the results of investigation to the IEC, ER and Contractors;     Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures;     Increase monitoring requrency to check mitigation effectiveness.	Review the analysed results submitted by the ET;     Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly;     Supervise the implementation of remedial measure.	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing;     Notify Contractor;     Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem;     Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented.	Submit noise mitigation proposal to IEC;     Implement noise mitigation proposals.			
Limit Level	Identify source; Inform IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor; Repeat measurements to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness; Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; Inform IEC, ER and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances;	Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions;     Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly;     Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing;     Notify Contractor;     Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem;     Ensure remedial measures properly implemented;     If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is	Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.			



EVENT	Action					
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR		
	Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results;     If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.		abated.			

Table 4-4 Event/ Action Plan for Noise Monitoring

#### 4.4 Environmental Mitigation Measures and Requirements

The recommended measures for mitigating air quality, water quality, noise, waste and all other possible environmental impacts due to the construction works have been stated clearly in the EM&A Manual. The details of the measures implemented by the Contractor are shown in Appendix 6.

## 5 Implementation Status of Environmental Protection and Pollution Control/ Mitigation Measures

The status of the mitigation measures implemented by the Contractor is listed in Appendix 6.

### 6 Monitoring Results

### 6.1 Monitoring Methodology

#### 6.1.1 Air Quality

1-hr and 24-hr TSP monitoring works were undertaken by the ET using high volume samplers (HVS). The sampling procedures followed the standard sampling method as set out in High Volume Method for Total Suspended Particulates, Part 50 Chapter 1 Appendix B, Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations of the USEPA.

During the sampling, dust laden air was drawn through a HVS fitted with a conditioned, pre-weighted filter paper, at a controlled rate. After sampling for 1 hour and 24 hours, the filter paper with retained particles was collected and returned to the laboratory for drying in a desiccator followed by accurate weighing. Respective 1-hour and 24-hour TSP levels were calculated from the ratio of the mass of particulates retained on the filter paper to the total volume of air sampled.



The HVSs were equipped with an electronic mass flow controller and calibrated against a traceable standard at regular intervals. All equipment, calibration kit and filter papers were clearly labelled.

The sampling procedures and specifications were the same for 1-hour and 24-hour baseline air quality monitoring except the sampling duration. The specifications were as follows:

- 0.6-1.7 m<sup>3</sup>/min (20-60SCFM);
- Equipped with a timing/control device with +/- 5 minutes accuracy for 24 hours operation;
- Installed with elapsed time meter with +/- 2 minutes accuracy for 24 hours operation;
- Capable of providing a minimum exposed area of 406 cm<sup>2</sup> (63in<sup>2</sup>);
- Flow control accuracy: +/- 2.5% deviation over 24-hr sampling period;
- Equipped with a shelter to protect the filter and sampler;
- Incorporated with an electronic mass flow rate controller or other equivalent devices:
- Equipped with a flow recorder for continuous monitoring;
- Provided with a peaked roof inlet;
- Incorporated with a manometer;
- Able to hold and seal the filter paper to the sampler housing at horizontal position;
- Easy to change the filter; and
- Capable of operating continuously for a 24-hour period.

Relevant environmental data including temperature, pressure, weather conditions, elapsed-time meter reading for the start and stop of the sampler, identification and weight of the filter paper, and other special phenomena observed and work progress of the concerned site were also recorded.

Filter papers of size 8"x10" were labelled before sampling. They were inspected clean with no pin holes and conditioned in a humidity-controlled chamber for over 24-hr and be pre-weighed before use for the sampling.

After sampling, the filter papers loaded with dust were kept in a clean and tightly sealed plastic bag, and then returned for reconditioning in the humidity controlled chamber followed by accurate weighing by an electronic balance with a readout down to 0.1 mg. All the collected samples would be kept in a good condition for 6 months before disposal.

The weight of filter paper was measured by a HOKLAS accredited laboratory.

#### 6.1.2 Noise

Weatherproof logging sound level meters which comply with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publication 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications were used to measure the construction noise at the designated

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monitoring locations. Noise parameters of the A-weighted levels  $L_{\rm eq}$ ,  $L_{\rm 10}$  and  $L_{\rm 90}$  were measured with a sampling period of 5 minutes throughout the monitoring. The average of six consecutive 5-minute readings was used to provide  $L_{\rm eq(30\;minutes)}$  for non-restricted hours. A facade correction of 3dB(A) would be applied to all free field measurements.

During the impact monitoring, information such as date, weather condition, equipment used, measurement results and major noise sources were recorded on the field data record sheet. Noise measurements would not be made in fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5 m/s or wind with gusts exceeding 10 m/s. The wind speed would be checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring wind speed in m/s. All measurements were recorded to the nearest 0.1dB(A).

## 6.2 Name of Laboratory, Types of Equipment Used and Calibration Details

#### 6.2.1 Name of Laboratory

Filter papers used for air quality monitoring were sent to ALS Environmental, a HOKLAS accredited laboratory, for weighing. Other sampling and analytical works were conducted by Hyder Consulting Limited, the ET.

#### 6.2.2 Types of Equipment Used and Calibration Details

HVS - Model GBM2000H1, manufactured by Anderson Instruments Inc., was used for TSP monitoring. It complies with the USEPA specifications in Appendix B Part 50 - Reference Method for the Determination of Suspended Particulate matter in the Atmosphere (High-Volume Method) of the Code of Federal Regulation dated July 1, 1991. Initial calibration of dust monitoring equipment was conducted upon installation and prior to commissioning. One point flow rate calibration would be carried out every two months. Five-point calibration would be carried out every six months. All the calibration data were converted into standard temperature and pressure condition.

Orific HVS Calibration Kit model G2523 was used for the calibration of HVSs. Calibration of calibration kit would be carried out annually. Appendix 7 presents the monitoring equipment calibration records.

For noise monitoring, Bruel & Kjaer (B&K) Precision Integrating Sound Level Meters of Type 2238 in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publication 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) Specifications were used.

Prior to and following each noise measurement, the accuracy of the sound level meter was checked using an acoustic calibrator (B&K Type 4230) generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements were considered as valid only if the calibration level from before and after the noise measurement agree to within 1dB. All sound level meters and calibrators would be calibrated annually. Appendix 7 presents the monitoring equipment calibration records.

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Table 6-5 summarises the types of monitoring and calibration equipment.

Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number/I.D.
Sound Level Meter	B&K	Type 2236	1785701
Sound Level Meter	B&K	Type 2238	2285726
Sound Level Calibrator	B&K	Type 4231	1770806
High Volume Sampler	Anderson	GBM 2000 H1	1097
High Volume Sampler	Anderson	GBM 2000 H1	1101
Orific HVS Calibration Kit	Tisch Environmental	G2523	517N

Table 6-5 Monitoring Equipment

#### 6.3 Parameters Monitored

Parameters monitored are described in Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2.

### 6.4 Monitoring Locations

There are two designated air quality monitoring locations identified in the EM&A Manual. Due to the access constraint, alternative monitoring locations were selected and approved by ER, IEC and EPD prior the commencement of monitoring. These alternative locations for air quality monitoring are summarised in Table 6-6 and shown in Appendix 4.

Monitoring Station ID	Name of Premises	Monitoring Location
CAM1a	San Po Street Pumping Station	Ground floor level
CAM2a	Sheung Shui Heung Floodwater Pumping Station	Ground floor level

Table 6-6 Air Quality Monitoring Locations

There are two designated noise monitoring locations identified in the EM&A Manual and their locations are described below and shown in Appendix 4.

Monitoring Station ID Name of Premises		Monitoring Location	
NM1	Wai Loi Tsuen	1.2m above ground	
NM2	Temporary Domestic Structure	1.2m above ground	

Table 6-7 Noise Monitoring Locations



## 6.5 Monitoring Date, Time, Frequency and Duration, Weather Condition and Other Factors

Monitoring frequency for 1-hr TSP and 24-hr TSP is 3 times every 6 days and once every 6 days, respectively. One set of noise measurements will be conducted between 0700 and 1900 on normal weekdays at each monitoring station on a weekly basis, when noise-generating activities are underway. Monitoring date, time and duration for noise and air quality monitoring and all other factors related to the monitoring result, such as weather condition, are listed in the following tables.

Station	Date	Time	Duration	Weather Condition		
1-hr TSP						
	2 June 2006	0940-1515	3 X 1 hour	Rainy		
	8 June 2006	0926-1230	3 X 1 hour	Cloudy		
CAM1a	14 June 2006	0933-1232	3 X 1 hour	Cloudy		
CAMTA	20 June 2006	0930-1233	3 X 1 hour	Sunny		
	26 June 2006	0945-1240	3 X 1 hour	Sunny		
	30 June 2006	0938-1247	3 X 1 hour	Rainy		
	2 June 2006	0948-1523	3 X 1 hour	Rainy		
	8 June 2006	0935-1240	3 X 1 hour	Cloudy		
CAM2a	14 June 2006	0942-1242	3 X 1 hour	Cloudy		
CAIVIZa	20 June 2006	0939-1242	3 X 1 hour	Sunny		
	26 June 2006	0955-1252	3 X 1 hour	Sunny		
	30 June 2006	0945-1254	3 X 1 hour	Rainy		
24-hr TSP	·		·	•		
	2 June 2006	1515-1515	24 hours	Rainy		
	8 June 2006	1230-1230	24 hours	Cloudy		
CAM1a	14 June 2006	1234-1232	24 hours	Cloudy		
САМТА	20 June 2006	1233-1233	24 hours	Sunny		
	26 June 2006	1240-1240	24 hours	Sunny		
	30 June 2006	1247-1247	24 hours	Rainy		
CAM2a	2 June 2006	1523-1523	24 hours	Rainy		
	8 June 2006	1240-1240	24 hours	Cloudy		

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Station	Date	Time	Duration	Weather Condition
	14 June 2006	1243-1242	24 hours	Cloudy
	20 June 2006	1242-1242	24 hours	Sunny
	26 June 2006	1252-1252	24 hours	Sunny
	30 June 2006	1254-1254	24 hours	Rainy

Table 6-8 Sampling Schedule of Air Quality Monitoring

Station	Date	Time	Duration	Weather Condition
	5 June 2006 *	1300-1330	30 minutes	Cloudy
	8 June 2006	0940-1010	30 minutes	Cloudy
NM1	14 June 2006	0950-1020	30 minutes	Cloudy
	20 June 2006	0945-1015	30 minutes	Sunny
	26 June 2006	1000-1030	30 minutes	Sunny
	5 June 2006 *	1410-1440	30 minutes	Cloudy
	8 June 2006	1050-1110	30 minutes	Cloudy
NM2	14 June 2006	1050-1120	30 minutes	Cloudy
	20 June 2006	1055-1125	30 minutes	Sunny
	26 June 2006	1110-1140	30 minutes	Sunny

#### Note:

Table 6-9 Sampling Schedule of Noise Monitoring

### 6.6 Results and Graphical Plots of Monitoring Parameters

Air quality monitoring results of 1-hour and 24-hour TSP are summarised in Table 6-10 and detailed in Appendix 8. Graphical plots of the monitoring results are also provided in Appendix 8.

<sup>\*</sup> Replacement of the noise monitoring scheduled on 2 June 2006.



Station	Date	Measured L	evel (μg/m³)	Action/Limit	Level (μg/m³)
Station	Date	1-hr TSP	24-hr TSP	1-hr TSP	24-hr TSP
		84.7			
	2 June 2006	100.7	52.8		
		60.7			
		151.8		-	
	8 June 2006	86.3	57.7		
		86.8			
		83.9		-	
	14 June 2006	92.6	63.2		
0444-		98.0		0.40.7/500	000 0/000
CAM1a		125.8		342.7/500	203.3/260
	20 June 2006	75.1	61.0		
		60.1			
		71.8		-	
	26 June 2006	62.0	54.0		
		62.3	1		
		89.4		1	
	30 June 2006	49.6	43.4		
		76.7	-		
CAM2a		83.2		340.2/500	201.6/260
	2 June 2006	68.1	35.1		
		25.2			
		62.6		1	
	8 June 2006	84.9	44.1		
		80.7		_	
		33.7			
	14 June 2006	50.2	45.6		
		46.4	-		
		43.0			
	20 June 2006	40.2	33.8		
		47.7	=		



Station	Date	Measured Level (μg/m³)		Action/Limit Level (μg/m³)	
Station	Date	1-hr TSP	24-hr TSP	1-hr TSP	24-hr TSP
		36.5			
	26 June 2006	23.6	29.0		
		34.6			
		41.6			
	30 June 2006	5.6	19.9		
		36.2			

Note:

Table 6-10 Air Quality Monitoring Results

Noise monitoring results are summarised in Table 6-11 and detailed in Appendix 8. Graphical plots of the monitoring results are also provided in Appendix 8. As all monitoring was conducted at free field condition, a facade correction of 3dB(A) was applied to each of the noise measurements.

Station	Dete	Measured Nois	Limit Level for		
Station	Date	L <sub>90(30min)</sub>	L <sub>10(30min)</sub>	L <sub>eq (30min)</sub>	L <sub>eq(30 min)</sub> , dB(A)
	05 Jun 2006#	68.9	72.9	61.6	
	08 Jun 2006	64.2	67.2	60.4	
NM1	14 Jun 2006	67.2	70.2	63.4	
	20 Jun 2006	66.5	68.2	62.5	
	26 Jun 2006	63.9	69.3	54.8	75
	05 Jun 2006#	63.1	69.8	60.8	75
	08 Jun 2006	60.6	62.9	57.3	
NM2	14 Jun 2006	63.6	65.9	60.3	
	20 Jun 2006	52.5	54.7	49.9	
	26-Jun-06	62.3	64.7	54.9	

Note:

Table 6-11 Noise Monitoring Results

<sup>\*</sup> Shaded area indicates an exceedance of Action/Limit Level.

<sup>(1)</sup> Shaded area indicates an exceedance of Limit Level.

<sup>(2)</sup> A facade correction of 3dB(A) was applied to each of noise measurements.

<sup>\*</sup> Noise monitoring on 2 June 2006 was re-scheduled to 5 June 2006 due to heavy rainfall.



### 6.7 Factors Which Might Affect the Monitoring Results

Dust from other sources such as roads with the movement of heavy vehicles in the vicinity of the monitoring stations would affect the air quality monitoring results.

#### 6.8 QA/QC Results and Detection Limit

The quality assurance (QA) / quality control (QC) results and detection limit are shown in Appendix 9.

## 7 Non-compliance, Complaints, Notifications of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

#### 7.1 Non-compliance of Action and Limit Levels

No non-compliance of Action or Limit Level was recorded for air quality and noise monitoring.

### 7.2 Complaints Received

In case of an environmental complaint received, all related parties should follow the complaints response procedures specified in the EM&A Manual.

During this reporting month, no environmental complaint was received. Cumulative number of environmental complaint is shown in Appendix 10.

#### 7.3 Notifications of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

No notification of summons or successful prosecution was recorded during the reporting month. The cumulative number of notifications of summons and successful prosecutions are shown in Appendix 10.

## 7.4 Review of the Reasons and Implications of Non-compliance, Complaints, Summons and Prosecutions

#### 7.4.1 Non-compliance of Acton/Limit Level

No non-compliance was recorded during the reporting period.



#### 7.4.2 Complaints, Summons and Prosecutions

No complaints, summons and prosecutions were recorded during the reporting period.

### 7.5 Site Inspection

Weekly site inspections were carried out on 1, 8, 14, 21 and 27 June 2006. The findings of the site inspections and appropriate mitigation measures were recorded in the site inspection checklists.

The observations raised during the site inspections, corresponding recommendations and rectification status are summarised in Table 7-12.

Inspection Date	Deficiencies	Recommendation	Status	Note / Reminder
1 June 06	No environmental deficiency was observed.	N.A.	N.A.	Stagnant and silty water was observed at various locations. The Contractor was reminded to inspect and maintain both mosquito and sediment control after rainstorm.
8 June 06	A generator operating with doors opened was observed at Portion 2.	The Contractor was reminded that all plants should be operated with doors closed to minimize noise nuisance.	The Contractor has rectified the situation by closing the doors immediately.	N.A.
14 June 06	No environmental deficiency was observed.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
21 June 06	Stagnant water was observed at the subcontractor storage area.	The Contractor was reminded to remove the stagnant water and fill in the pit to prevent mosquito breeding.	Stagnant water at the sub-contractor storage area was removed and the ponding areas were filled as observed on 27 June 2006.	The Contractor was reminded to maintain mosquito preventive measures after rainstorm.
27 June 06	The sludge outlet pipe of the WetSep at Portion 2 was directed to the gully nearby.	The Contractor was reminded that the sludge from WetSep should be collected at sump pit or settling tank. No direct discharge to gully should be allowed.	The sludge outlet was diverted to the sump pit properly as observed on 5 July 2006.	Larvicide was applied at the ponding areas. Site inspection after rainfall is required. Stagnant water should be drained and larvicide should be re-applied after rainfall, where necessary.



#### Table 7-12 Summaries of Site Inspections and Recommendations

The site audit conducted by IEC was carried out on 21 June 2006 and the Contractor has undertaken appropriate actions in response to the IEC's findings.

No EPD inspection was undertaken in the reporting month.

There was no outstanding issue or deficiency for the observations arising during the weekly site inspections. However, the Contractor was reminded to inspect and maintain the surface channels and mosquito control measures after rainstorm.

### 8 Waste Management Status

According to the information provided by the Contractor, the following waste materials were generated during the reporting month:

- Inert C&D materials 3,060 m³; and
- General Refuse 26 m³.

C&D materials were disposed of at Tuen Mun Area 38 public fill. General refuse was collected and disposed of at NENT Landfill properly. No chemical waste was produced during the reporting month. Trip ticket system was implemented and disposal records were in order on site. The Waste Management Plan was followed.

### 9 Future Key Issues

The construction activities for the coming three months are summarized below:

- Construction of mini piles
- Cable / utilities diversion
- Relocation of FeCl<sub>3</sub> tank
- Excavation
- Pile cap construction
- Sheet piling work
- Sub-structure and superstructure construction
- Pipe works
- Internal / external finishing
- Remedial work for concrete structure

The upcoming EM&A schedule for the future three months is shown in Appendix 11.



### 10 Comments, Recommendations and Conclusions

EM&A works have been undertaken in June 2006 for the Project based on the requirements set in the EM&A Manual.

All monitoring equipments have been calibrated and all monitoring protocols have been carried out properly according to the EM&A Manual.

No valid exceedance of Action/Limit Level was recorded during the reporting month.

No compliant, notification of summons or successful prosecution was recorded during the reporting month.

Five weekly site inspections were carried out during the reporting month. In response to the observations raised by ET, the Contractor has undertaken follow-up actions to rectify the condition.



Project Organization



Construction Programme



Location of Works



Project Area, Environmental Sensitive Receiver and Monitoring Location



Action and Limit Levels



Environmental Requirements and Implementation Status



Calibration Records



Monitoring Results and Graphical Plots



QA/QC Results and Detection Limit



Cumulative Statistics of Complaint, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecution



Upcoming EM&A Schedule