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**AGREEMENT NO. CE 65/2013 (EP)  
POST-CONSTRUCTION ECOLOGICAL  
MONITORING OF RIVER IMPROVEMENT  
WORKS IN UPPER LAM TSUEN RIVER  
SHE SHAN RIVER AND UPPER TAI PO  
RIVER – INVESTIGATION**

**POST-CONSTRUCTION ECOLOGICAL  
MONITORING REPORT (No. 29)**

Prepared By:

**ALLIED ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS LTD.**

For:

**Drainage Services Department**

**Allied Environmental Consultants Limited**  
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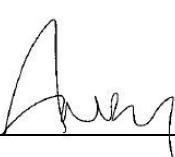
**Drainage Services Department**

Author:



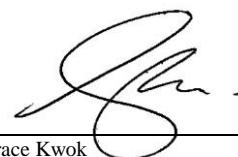
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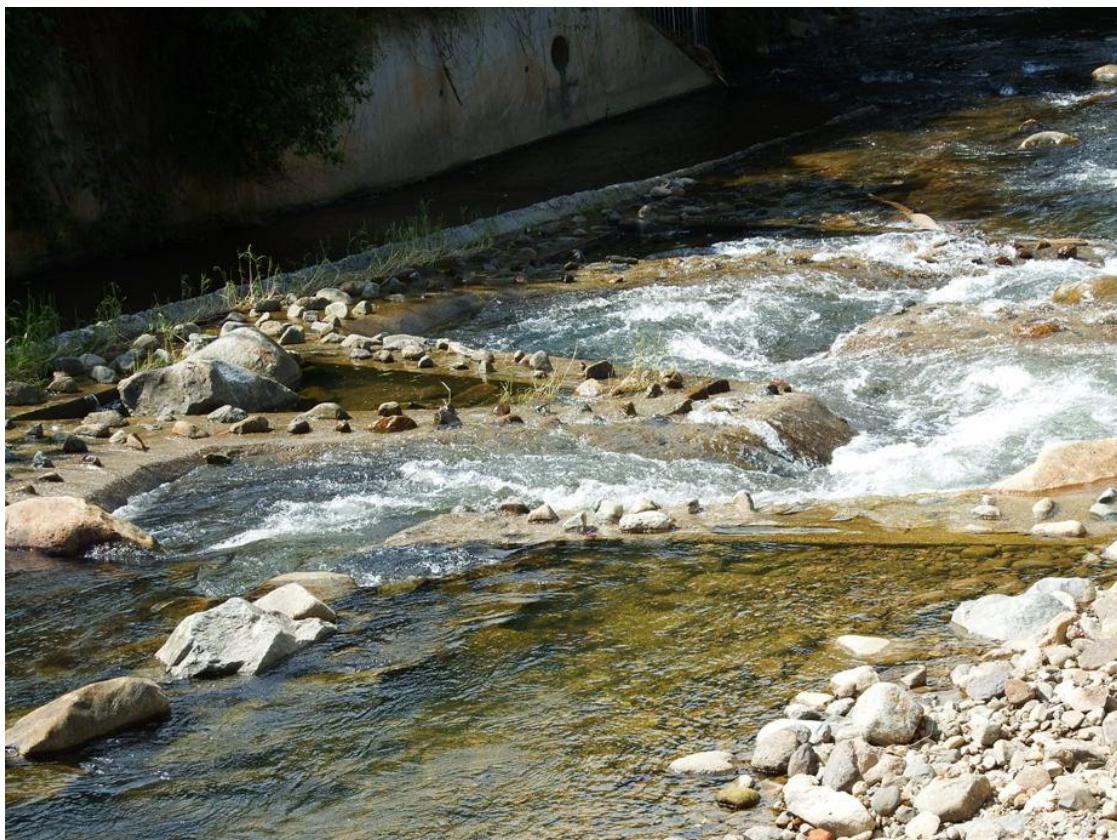
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**Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP)**  
**Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River**  
**Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan**  
**River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation**

**Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No. 29)**  
**Upper Lam Tsuen River**

**May 2016**



Prepared by: Mike pang

June 10, 2016

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June 10, 2016

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## Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No. 29)

### Upper Lam Tsuen River

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## **1      Introduction**

- 1.1    Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP) Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation required a post-construction ecological monitoring programme when the project completed. The collected data are mainly used to assess ecological recovery process and effectiveness of ecological migration proposed and enforced during the construction period.
- 1.2    The scope of the ecological monitoring was detailed in EM & A Manual of the project. In brief, the survey aimed to collect data on abiotic factors such as water quality, substratum characteristics, water flow as well as flora and fauna.
- 1.3    China Hong Kong Ecology Consultants Ltd. was committed by Allied Environmental Consultants Ltd (AEC) to undertake the ecological monitoring tasks for the project for December 2014.
- 1.4    This is the number 29 post-construction ecological monitoring report for the survey conducted **on 31<sup>st</sup> of May 2016**. It contains the following subsections:
  - Summary of major points
  - Monitoring Methods and Results
  - Summary and Comments

## **2      Summary of Major Points**

- Field ecological monitoring was undertaken **on 31<sup>st</sup> of May 2016**;
- Fauna and flora along the drainage project sections is in a process of re-establishing or restoration; Plants on river bed was experiencing seasonal changes in abundance and phonological appearance;
- The species richness of odonata was relatively high during current wet season;
- Bird diversity and abundance was in natural fluctuation, few individuals of summer visitor were recorded from the survey;
- Abundance of a target river fauna (i.e. *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* adult was recorded in the potential habitats along the Lam Tsuen River ); and
- Fish abundance was lower than last month.

## **3      Monitoring Methodology**

### **3.1    Riparian Vegetation**

Riparian vegetation, including aquatic and emergent, was sampled using line transects along the affected river channel and riparian habitat. Species, relative abundance and average heights were recorded. Vegetation surveys were conducted at four selected belt transects with two located at the lower portion (T3 and T4) of the river channel and another two at the upper section (T1 and T2) of the river respectively (**Figure 1**). The belt transects was run across the river channel in order to collect quantitative data of the vegetation, e.g., species inventory, height, percentage cover. Qualitative data of plants was collected by recording plant species, relative abundance along line transect. Nomenclature and protection status of the species followed those documented

in Lai *et al.* (2004) and Hong Kong Herbarium (2015).

### 3.2 Avifauna

Avifauna survey was conducted during post construction monitoring period. Special attention was given to the river channel and corridor area which birds used as feeding and foraging habitat. Avifauna surveys were undertaken in the early morning plus species recorded in the rest of the day when conducting other taxonomic groups (benthic, fish, insect) monitoring. Numerical abundance was recorded at fixed count points within a radius of 30-50m according to landscape feature and visual penetration extent. The duration of the point count of birds was standardized for 10 minutes at each location in order to collect comparable data. Transect count along accessible section of river channel were used in order to collect qualitative data. Binoculars and digital camera were the main items of equipment used. Nomenclature and protection status of the species follows the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)) and Carey *et al.* (2001).

The point count was conducted at four locations with two located at the lower portion of the river channel (T3&T4) and the other two located at the upper section of the river (T1&T2). The point count and survey transect locations for the bird survey and sampling sites for surveys of other faunal groups and flora were presented in **Figure 1**.

### 3.3 Adult Odonata Survey

Adult Odonata survey was conducted along transects (**Figure 1**). Binoculars, digital camera and hand net were utilized to aid identification. Numerical abundance, species identity and other notable behavior were recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species followed those documented in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)), Wilson *et al.* (2004) and Tam *et al.* (2011). Adult Odonata survey was conducted along line transects in parallel with river channel within the works area where access was permitted.

### 3.4 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates

Macro-invertebrates in the river channel were surveyed. Sampling was conducted at five sampling locations including two sites located at the lower portion (T3 and T4) of the river channel and another two sites at the upper section (T1 and T2) of the river, as well as the reference site. Those sampling sites covered major type of river habitats, e.g. river pool and riffle (**Figure 1**). Five replicates were taken at each sampling point and pool together for further sample sorting and identification. Kick sampling and hand netting were the survey methodologies for river organisms. Dissection microscope and digital camera were used to aid identification and enumeration. Numerical abundance and species identity were recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)) and other literatures such as Dudgeon (1994).

### **3.5 Fish and Newt**

Fish community and *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* at the specified river channel was monitored by live trapping, hand netting and direct observation methods.

Sampling was conducted at five sampling locations including two sites located at the lower portion (T3 and T4) of the river channel and another two sites at the upper section (T1 and T2) of the river, as well as reference site. Those sampling sites covered major type of river habitats, e.g. river pool and riffle (**Figure 1**). The number of the observed fish and newt was estimated and recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species followed those documented in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)) and Lee *et al.* (2004).

### **3.6 Abiotic Data Collection**

#### **3.6.1 Water Quality Monitoring**

Dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity, BOD and nutrient level (nitrate and ammonium) were measured and analyzed by conventional methods in situ or in laboratory. The instruments for measuring dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity were model: DO-5510, AZ8685, AZ8361 and AZ8374 respectively. All the instruments were calculated every monitoring month according to the operation manuals in order to obtain the precise result. BOD test took 5 days to complete within darkness incubator with stable temperature at 20°C and was performed using model: DO-5510 for measuring dissolved oxygen. Nutrient levels including nitrate and ammonia were performed in laboratory by applying the In-house method SOP056 (FIA) and SOP057 (FIA) respectively.

#### **3.6.2 Sediment Characteristics**

Sediment/substrate characteristics were recorded of sediment cover in percentage e.g. mud, sand, rock, boulder and cemented bottom in the river bed at sampling sites.

#### **3.6.3 Water Flow**

Water flow rates in river channel were measured by recording the time taken for a floating object (e.g. floating ball) to cover a measured distance.

The sampling locations for surveys were presented in **Figure 1**.

## **4 Monitoring Results**

### **4.1 Vegetation**

Vegetation has generally covered the gabion and river bed along Lam Tsuen River (Photos 1-3). In total, 74 flora species were recorded within the survey transects along the river course. Some of the vegetation at river bed has been washed out by flooding, especially vegetation in lower section of the river. The recorded floras were generally in good health, and the height of the dominated riparian grass and herb species were in a range from 0.2m to 1.5m

as observed along survey transect. Dominant flora species were shown in the **Table 4.1** marked with relative abundance sign “+++”. Results of vegetation survey and belt transect survey were presented in **Table 4.1** and **Table 4.2**. **Figure 1** shows the transect line for the flora surveys.

## 4.2 Fauna

### 4.2.1 Avifauna

An avifauna survey was undertaken along survey transects and at four selected point count locations. In total, 24 species of birds were recorded during the bird survey and 4 of the total were wetland dependent species including *Ardeola bacchus*, *Egretta garzetta* (Photo 4), *Motacilla alba* and *Motacilla cinerea*. They were commonly observed foraging in the river channel. *Pycnonotus jocosus* was a dominated species along the river. All the birds in Hong Kong are under protection of Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170). Among the recorded species, *Ardeola bacchus* and *Egretta garzetta* are both classified as Regional Concern by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). *Centropus sinensis* was observed in the river, which is considered as Vulnerable in China Red Data Book. During the survey, some calls of summer visitor were heard including *Cacomantis merulinus* and *Cuculus sparverioides*, of which *Cacomantis merulinus* was an uncommon visitor in Hong Kong. Apart from above mentioned species, the others recorded in Lam Tsuen River were common species in Hong Kong. Transect and Point Count locations were shown on **Figure 1**. Result of bird survey was presented in the **Table 4.3**.

### 4.2.2 Adult Odonata Survey

Odonata survey was performed, and a list of recorded odonata species at Upper Lam Tsuen River is shown in **Table 4.4**. In total, 11 odonata species were recorded during the survey and the recorded species was common species and widely distributed in Hong Kong (Photos 5-6). The result obtained this month is similar to previous surveys conducted in approximate period of last year. Species richness gradually increased by 4 species in this month compared with last month. The abundance of odonata is increasing following commencement of peak emergence from spring. It is expected that number of odonata will keep in high abundance during wet season (Wilson *et al.*, 2004 & Tam *et al.*, 2011). Sampling location was shown in **Figure 1**.

### 4.2.3 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates

Upper Lam Tsuen River was flowing with constant water during survey. The river benthic fauna collected was mainly comprised of insects, molluscs and crustaceans (Photos 7-8). *Pomacea canaliculata* was found abundant along the river. Details of recorded of river benthic fauna refers to **Table 4.5**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

#### **4.2.4 Hong Kong Newt**

Surveys of Hong Kong Newt were conducted (Photo 9) at Upper Lam Tsuen River. Adult *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* (Photo 10) were observed at the Lam Tsuen River where the habitat consisted of riparian vegetation during the survey. Although the breeding period of Newt has been gone, they were still present in the potential habitats along the river (Dudgeon, 2003). Riparian vegetation grown along the channel especially along water margin could provide shelter and breeding habitat for Hong Kong Newt. Hong Kong Newt is listed in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170) and classified as “Near Threatened” under IUCN Red List Status and as “Potential Global Concern” by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). Record of Hong Kong Newts can be referred to **Table 4.6**.

#### **4.2.5 River Fish Fauna**

Fish surveys were performed at Upper Lam Tsuen River during field monitoring. In total, 16 species of freshwater fish, including species recorded from reference site, were recorded. *Oreochromis niloticus*, *Zacco platypus* and *Rhinogobius* spp were the dominated species in the river. *Acrossocheilus parallens* is a rare freshwater fish that only recorded in few of reservoir catchments and streams in Hong Kong (Lee *et al.*, 2004) and listed as Global Concern by Fellowes (2002). It was observed along the surveyed river with pool. Except *Acrossocheilus parallens*, *Parazacco spilurus* is classified as Vulnerable in China Red Data Book and observed along the river with low abundance. Fish counting at 2 x 2 meter area were performed and number of fish individuals was lower than the record of last month. It is assumed that fish was dispersed due to flooding which frequently occurred during current wet season. Details of recorded of fish fauna refers to **Table 4.6**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

### **4.3 Abiotic Data**

Data on water quality and major river hydrological feature (water flow and substratum) of the river were collected and are presented in the **Table 4.7**.

Generally, the water was clean and nutrient levels were generally low. Results of water test were presented in the **Table 4.7**.

The river substratum was comprised of over 75-93% stones or rocks in most of the river sections with moderate water flow (up to 0.2m/second at pool and 0.5m/second at riffle).

## **5 Summary and Commentary**

Post construction ecological monitoring was carried out May 2016 and relevant biotic and abiotic data was collected according to project specification and EM & A Manual. Benthic fauna was temporally de-faunated in river sections due to river bed engineering works during construction period between 2008 and early 2013 and is under recovery process after that period. Adult amphibian *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* was recorded at river channel where the river margin covered with riparian vegetation. *Acrossocheilus parallens*, a rare freshwater fish species in Hong Kong, was observed at a few

locations in the river channel with pool. Except *Acrossocheilus parallens*, *Parazacco spilurus* recorded in the river is also considered with conservation interest and observed along the river with low abundance. Increased in abundance of odonata and the presence of summer bird visitor indicated the river was undergoing seasonal change.

Aquatic and riparian vegetation along river channel was re-established. Vegetation has generally covered the gabion and covered the river bed along Upper Lam Tsuen River.

The water quality of the surveyed river was not polluted although the river receives low concentration of nutrients from the nearby agriculture lands and resident houses.

## 6 REFERENCES

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## FIGURES

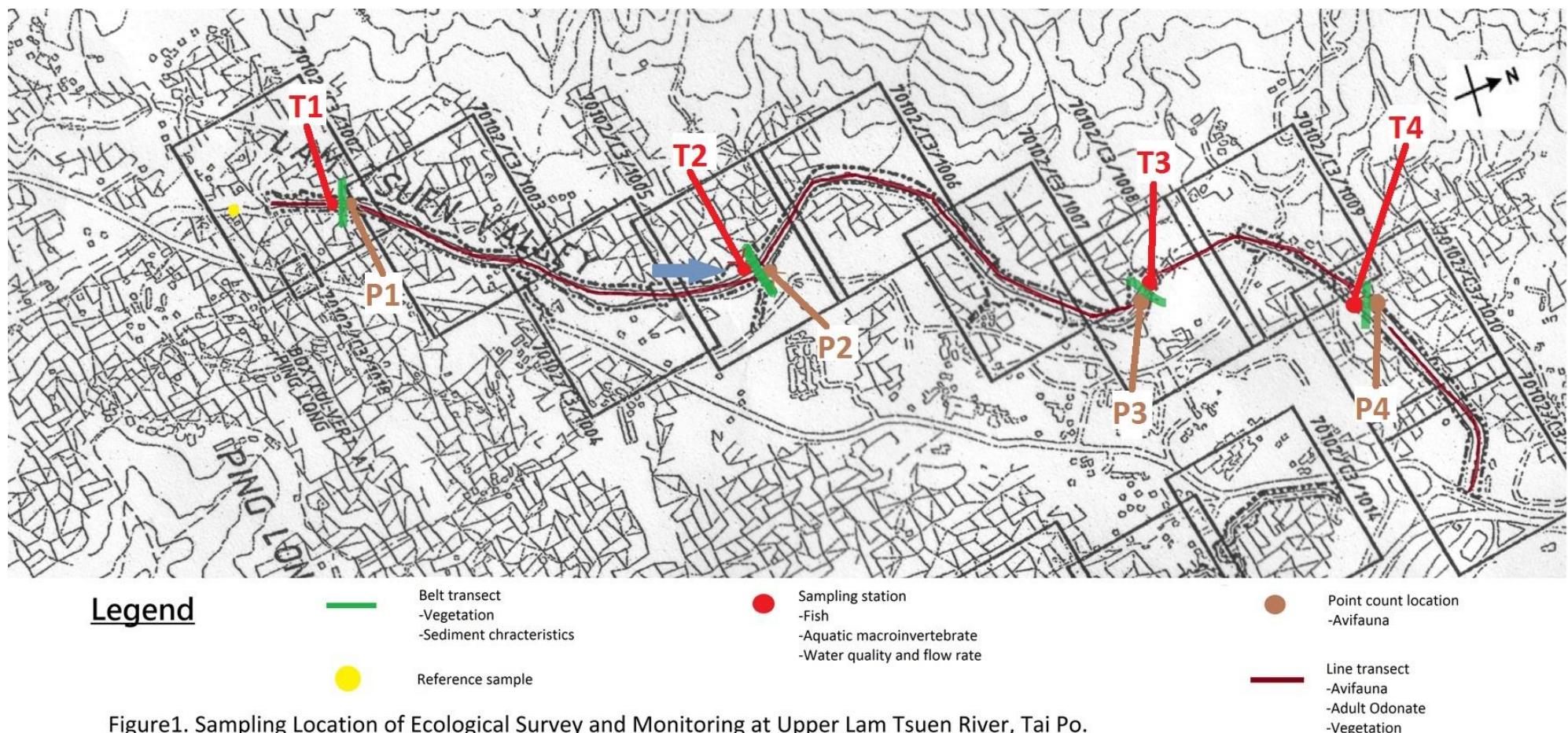


Figure1. Sampling Location of Ecological Survey and Monitoring at Upper Lam Tsuen River, Tai Po.

## **PHOTOS**

	
Photo 1: General view of the river (Lower section)	Photo 2: General view of the river (Middle section)
	
Photo 3: General view of the river (Upper section)	Photo 4: Avifauna - <i>Egretta garzetta</i>
	
Photo 5: Odonata - <i>Neurobasis chinensis</i>	Photo 6: Odonata - <i>Rhinocypha perforata perforata</i>

 A white tray containing various aquatic samples, including small fish, insects, and plant debris. The date "2016 05 30" is visible in the bottom right corner.	 A white tray containing more aquatic samples, including a prominent black beetle-like insect. The date "2016 05 31" is visible in the bottom right corner.
Photo 7: Aquatic samples	Photo 8: Aquatic samples
 A person wearing a cap and a patterned shirt is crouching in tall green grass along a stream bank, performing kick sampling.	 A close-up view of a Hong Kong Newt swimming in clear, shallow water over a rocky stream bed.
Photo 9: Kick sampling	Photo 10: Hong Kong Newt

## **TABLE**

Table 4.1. Flora species recorded along the Lam Tsuen River including riparian habitat.

Table 4.1. Flora species recorded along the Lam Tsuen River including riparian habitat.

Note:

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Baseline monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring																		
			Stream			Jul-08			Aug-08			Jan-09			Jan-09			Jul-09			Jul-09			Jan-10															
			Transect		P1	P4		P1		P4		T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4													
			Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%											
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹	0.4	40			0.4	40			0.4	30	0.5	5	1.5	5	1	15																					
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛	0.5	30			0.5	30			0.2	5			0.5	50			0.5	20			0.5	5			0.5	2											
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草	3	20			3	20							0.3	<1												2	5										
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋	1	10			1	10			0.5	2															1	5											
Caesalpiniaceae	<i>Cassia alata</i>	翅莢決明			1.2	10			1.2	10																													
Magnoliaceae	<i>Michelia alba</i>	白蘭			6	10			6	10																													
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草			1.2	70			1.2	70							0.5	20			1.2	5	1	40	0.8	40	0.9	50	1	15									
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕															1.5	5		4	5					4	5	0.5	30										
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊													0.4	20			0.5	1	0.5	5	0.3	15	0.5	30	0.5	25											
Musaceae	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	大蕉													3	5												0.5	2										
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹			6	10			6	10							4	10							6	50													
Araceae	<i>Pistia stratiotes L.</i>	大漂																							0.05	5			2										
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																							0.3	5													
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草													0.5	5									0.4	50		0.3	5										
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																								1.5	2												
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																																					
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus flabelliformis</i>	風車草																										1	30										
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																								1.2	2												
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐													3	5																							
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊															0.2	10																					
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	箭筈草															0.2	<1																					
Asteraceae	<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i>	革命菜															0.5	<1																					
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																																					
Convolvulaceae	<i>Pharbitis nil</i>	牽牛																																					
Verbenaceae	<i>Lantana camara</i>	馬纓丹																																					
Mimosaceae	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	銀合歡																																					
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																																					
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																																					
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																					
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙																																					
	Bare Gound																13		85		85		64		20		80		38		10		50		10		43		24

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Stream		Impact monitoring								Impact monitoring								Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring							
		Aug-13				Dec-13				Jan-14				Feb-14				Mar-14																							
		T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4									
		Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%				
Family	Species	Chinese name																																							
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹			0.5	5																																			
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛	0.3	15	0.3	5			0.3	10								0.3	10																	0.3	10				
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																1.5	5																		1.5	5			
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋																																							
Caesalpiniaceae	<i>Cassia alata</i>	翅莢决明																																							
Magnoliaceae	<i>Michelia alba</i>	白蘭																																							
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草	0.8	5	0.8	5	1	10	1	15	0.8	10	0.8	10					0.8	10	0.8	10					0.8	10	0.8	10					1	13	1	13			
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																																							
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.5	25	0.5	10	0.5	10	0.4	3	0.5	10	0.5	5	0.5	10	0.4	10	0.5	10	0.5	5	0.5	10	0.4	10	0.5	10	0.5	5	0.5	10	0.5	5	0.5	10					
Musaceae	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	大蕉																																							
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																																							
Araceae	<i>Pistia stratiotes L.</i>	大漂																																							
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																0.8	2																						
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	0.4	5	0.4	20	0.5	10	0.5	2	0.4	5					0.5	10			0.4	5			0.5	10			0.4	5			0.5	10			0.5	10			
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																																							
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																																							
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus flabelliformis</i>	風車草																																							
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																							
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐																																							
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蚊母菊																																							
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	箭葉草															0.3	5																				0.3	5		
Asteraceae	<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i>	革命菜																																							
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																																							
Convolvulaceae	<i>Pharbitis nil</i>	牽牛																																							
Verbenaceae	<i>Lantana camara</i>	馬纓丹																																							
Mimosaceae	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	銀合歡							1.2	5																															
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																																							
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																																							
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																							
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙																		1	2																		1	2	
Bare Gound			50		55		68		70		75		85		73		75		75		85		73		75		75		85		73		75		72		82		73		75

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring																					
			Oct-14				Nov-14				Dec-14				Jan-15				Feb-15				Mar-15				Post construction monitoring																					
			Transect		T1	T2	T3	T4																																								
			Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%																
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																																														
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛							0.6	10							0.6	10																0.6	10													
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草							1.8	1						1.8	1					1.8	1										3	15														
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋																																	1.8	1												
Caesalpiniaceae	<i>Cassia alata</i>	翅莢決明																																														
Magnoliaceae	<i>Michelia alba</i>	白蘭																																														
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草	1	10	1.5	15	1.3	30	1	5	1	10	1.5	15	1.3	30	1	5	1	10	1.5	15	1.3	30	1	5	1	20	1	20	1	20	1.3	20	1	10	1	20	1.2	20	1.4	20	1	10				
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																																														
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.3	15	0.3	15	0.3	15	0.3	15	0.3	18	0.3	18	0.3	18	0.3	18	0.3	18	0.3	18	0.3	18	0.3	18	0.4	10	0.4	15	0.3	5	0.3	20	0.4	15	0.3	5	0.3	20	0.4	15	0.3	5	0.3	20		
Musaceae	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	大蕉																																														
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																																														
Araceae	<i>Pistia stratiotes L.</i>	大漂																																														
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																																														
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	0.5	5	0.8	12	0.7	10			0.5	5	0.8	12	0.7	10		0.5	5	0.8	12	0.7	10		1	10	0.4	15	1	15	1	10	0.7	15	1	15	1	10	0.7	15	1	15						
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡	2	5					2	5							2	5																														
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																																														
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus flabelliformis</i>	風車草																																														
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																														
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐																																														
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊																																														
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	箭筈草	0.3	10	0.8	20			0.3	20	0.3	12	0.8	22		0.3	20	0.3	12	0.8	22		0.3	20	0.4	10	0.4	20		0.3	20	0.5	10	0.5	20		0.3	20	0.5	10	0.4	20		0.3	20			
Asteraceae	<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i>	革命菜																																														
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																																														
Convolvulaceae	<i>Pharbitis nil</i>	牽牛																																														
Verbenaceae	<i>Lantana camara</i>	馬纓丹																																														
Mimosaceae	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	銀合歡																																														
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜			0.3	2	0.1	1			0.3	2	0.1	1			0.3	2	0.1	1</td																												

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

(Continued) Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1 - located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring							
			Sep-15				Oct-15				Nov-15				Dec-15				Jan-16							
			Transect	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4			
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																								
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛	0.5 10				0.4 5	0.5 10				0.4 5	0.5 10			0.4 5	0.5 10					0.4 5				
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																								
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋																								
Caesalpiniaceae	<i>Cassia alata</i>	翅莢決明																								
Magnoliaceae	<i>Michelia alba</i>	白蘭																								
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草	1.1 30	1.5 35	1 70	1.2 15	0.7 5	1.5 30	1 60	1.2 15	0.7 5	1.5 35	1 60	1.2 20	0.8 5	1.5 35	1.2 60	1.2 20	0.3 5	0.3 20	0.3 30	0.3 10				
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																								
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.3 5	0.2 5	0.3 5	0.4 5	0.3 5	0.2 5	0.3 5	0.4 5	0.3 5	0.2 5	0.3 5	0.4 5	0.3 5	0.2 5	0.3 5	0.4 5	0.3 5	0.2 5	0.3 5	0.4 5				
Musaceae	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	大蕉																								
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																								
Araceae	<i>Pistia stratiotes L.</i>	大薸																								
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																								
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草			0.4 5				0.4 10				0.4 10				0.4 10				0.4 10					
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡					1 5			1 5					1 5				1 5							
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																								
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus flabelliformis</i>	風車草		0.6 2				1 10				1 10				1 10				1 10						
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒					1 10																			
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐																								
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊	0.4 20	0.2 10				0.4 5				0.4 5				0.4 5				0.4 5						
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	箭頭草	0.3 20	0.2 20	0.2 5	0.4 20	0.3 10	0.2 20	0.2 5	0.4 20	0.3 10	0.2 20	0.2 5	0.4 25	0.3 10	0.2 20	0.2 5	0.4 25	0.3 10	0.2 20	0.2 5	0.4 25				
Asteraceae	<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i>	革命菜																								
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																								
Convolvulaceae	<i>Pharbitis nil</i>	牽牛																								
Verbenaceae	<i>Lantana camara</i>	馬纓丹																								
Mimosaceae	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	銀合歡																								
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜															0.2 10					0.2 10				
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香					0.8 5	2 5				1.5 10	2 5			1.5 10	2 5			1.5 10	2 5		1.5 10	2 5		
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																								
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙										0.4 5				0.4 5				0.4 5			0.4 5			
Acanthaceae	<i>Dicliptera chinensis</i>	狗肝菜										0.3 20				0.3 20				0.3 20			0.3 20			
Bare Gound			15	30	13	55	30	45	20	55	30	40	20	45	30	40	20	35	30	55	50	45				

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

(Continued) Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1 - located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring													
			Feb-16				Mar-16				Apr-16				May-16																									
			Transect	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4													
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																																						
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛	0.5	10				0.4	5	0.5	10					0.4	5	0.5	8					0.4	5						0.4	5								
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																																						
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋																																						
Caesalpiniaceae	<i>Cassia alata</i>	翅莢決明																																						
Magnoliaceae	<i>Michelia alba</i>	白蘭																																						
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草	0.3	5	0.3	20	0.3	30	0.5	10	0.4	10	0.4	25	0.4	35	0.4	15	0.4	8	0.4	25	0.4	35	0.4	10	0.4	7	0.4	20	0.4	25	0.4	5						
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																																						
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.3	5	0.2	5	0.3	5	0.4	5	0.3	5	0.2	5	0.3	5	0.4	5	0.3	5	0.2	5	0.3	5	0.4	5	0.3	5	0.2	5	0.3	5	0.4	5						
Musaceae	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	大蕉																																						
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																																						
Araceae	<i>Pistia stratiotes L.</i>	大薸																																						
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																																						
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草					0.4	10								0.4	10															0.4	5							
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡	1	5					1	5						1	5								1	5														
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																																						
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus flabelliformis</i>	風車草																																						
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒	1	10					1	10						1	8								1	7														
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐																																						
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊	0.4	5					0.4	5						0.4	5							0.4	5															
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	箭筒草	0.3	10	0.2	20	0.2	5	0.4	25	0.3	10	0.2	20	0.2	5	0.4	25	0.3	8	0.2	20	0.2	5	0.4	20	0.3	7	0.2	15	0.2	5	0.4	15						
Asteraceae	<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i>	革命菜																																						
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																																						
Convolvulaceae	<i>Pharbitis nil</i>	牽牛																																						
Verbenaceae	<i>Lantana camara</i>	馬纓丹																																						
Mimosaceae	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	銀合歡																																						
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜					0.2	10								0.2	5							0.2	5										0.2	5				
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																																						
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草					1.5	10	2	5						1.5	10							1.5	10										1.5	10				
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙						0.4	5							0.4	5							0.4	5										0.4	5				
Acanthaceae	<i>Dicliptera chinensis</i>	狗肝菜	0.3	20					0.3	20						0.3	15							0.3	5										0.3	5				
Bare Gound			30		55		50		45	25	50		45		45		38		50		45		55		54		60		60		65									

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

Table 4.3 Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at four selected point count locations of Lam Tsuen River.

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Note: R – Resident; WV – Winter visitor; PM – Passage migrant; C – Common; U – Uncommon

SpM – Spring migrant; Sv – Summer Visitor ; C – transect survey;

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

+, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant species

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net))

All bird species are under protection of Wild Animals Protection Ordinance.

#### **Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Or**

## Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance

RC : Regional concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

LC : Local Concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

PRC: Potential Regional onver Fellowes *et al.*

CR: Rare in China Red Data Book Status

VII: Vulnerable in China Red Data Book Status

VU: Vulnerable in China Red Data Book Status

Table 4.3 Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at four selected point count locations of Lam Tsuen River.

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Common Name	Species name	Chinese name	Status	Commoness	Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring															
					Jul-12				Aug-13				Dec-13				Jan-14				Feb-14				Mar-14				Apr-14				May-14				Jun-14											
					Abundance				Abundance				Abundance				Abundance				Abundance				Abundance				Abundance				Abundance															
					C	T1	T2	T3	T4	C	T1	T2	T3	T4	C	T1	T2	T3	T4	C	T1	T2	T3	T4	C	T1	T2	T3	T4	C	T1	T2	T3	T4	C	T1	T2	T3	T4									
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	家燕	PM	C	+++	3	4	3	2	+										+					+					1	++	2	1	4	2	+	1	2	1	+	2							
Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	黑卷尾	Sv	C																																												
Black Kite	<i>Milvus lineatus</i>	麻鷹	R, RC, Cap.586	C																	+					+																						
Black-faced bunting	<i>Emberiza spodocephala</i>	灰頭鶺	WV&PM	C																																												
Black-necked Starling	<i>Sturnus nigricollis</i>	黑頸椋鳥	R	C	++			3		++	1			2	++		2	3	2	++	2	2	1	++	2	3	++	1	4	2	++	2	1	++	2	3	2	1										
Black-winged Cuckoo-shrike	<i>Coracina melanochlora</i>	暗灰鵙鶲	PM	C																																												
Blue Whistling Thrush	<i>Myophonus caeruleus</i>	紫嘯鶲	R	C																																												
Brown Shrike	<i>Lanius cristatus</i>	紅尾伯勞	PM	C																																												
Buzzard (Common Buzzard)	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	普通鷲	WV,Cap.586	C																																												
Chinese Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus sinensis</i>	白頭鵙	R	C	++	2	1	4	2	++	2	1	1	++	3	3	2	1	+	1	2	3	+	3	1	2	2	+	2	2	4	3	+	2	3	1	+	2	2	+	1							
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>	池鷺	R,RC	C	+		1	1		+		1	1	++	2	3	2	1	++	1	2	4	3	++	1	2	2	++	2	3	3	1	++	3	2	2	+	4	2	3	2							
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	普通翠鳥	R	C																+					1	+		1	+																			
Common Koel	<i>Eudynamys scolopaceus</i>	噪鶥	R	C	+															+					1	+		1	+																			
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	磯鶴	WV&PM	C	+															+					2	2	1	+	2	1	+																	
Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>	長尾縫葉鶲	R	C	+	1	1	1		+	1		1	+	1	1	1	1	+	2	1	3	2	++	1	1	2	1	++	1	1	+	2	1	1	+	2	1										
Crested bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>	紅耳鵙	R	C	+++	5	2	4	2	+++	4	2	2	3	+++	5	4	5	3	+++	6	5	4	5	+++	4	3	3	4	++	3	2	6	5	++	2	3	4	2	++	4	3	6	3				
Crested Goshawk	<i>Accipiter trivirgatus</i>	鳳頭鷹	R, CR, Cap.586	U																																												
Crested Myna	<i>Acrothoeres cristatellus</i>	八哥	R	C	++			5	2	++	1	3	3	++	1	2	3	2	++	3	2	3	++	2	4	2	++	6	3	++	1	3	2	+	2	1	++	3	5	2	++	1	2	5				
Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>	蛇鵰	R, VU, LC	U																																												
Daurian redstart	<i>Phoenicurus auroreus</i>	北紅尾鵂	WV	C																																												
Domestic pigeon	<i>Columba sp.</i>	鴿	R	C																																												
Dusky Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus fuscatus</i>	褐柳鶯	WV	C																																												
Eurasian tree sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	麻鵙	R	C	+++	4	5	3	2	++		1	3	3	++	1	2	3	2	++	3	2	3	++	2	4	2	++	6	3	++	1	3	2	+	2	1	++	3	5	2	++	2	3	1			
Great Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>	滑翅狗鵟	R,VU	C	+																																											
Great Tit	<i>Parus major (commixtus)</i>	大山雀	R	C																																												
Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	白腰草鶲	PM&WV	C																																												
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	蒼鶲	WV,PRC	C																																												
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	灰頭鶺	WV	C																																												
Japanese White Eye	<i>Zosterops japonicus (simplex)</i>	明綠繡眼鳥	R	C	+++	4	3	+++	4		3	2	+++	6	4	6	3	+++	4	3	3	5	+++	5	4	++	4	5	3	++	2	3	3	++	4	3	5	2	++	2	2	3	++	5	2	2		
Jungle Crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i>	大嘴烏鵲	R	C																																												
Large Hawk Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus sparverioides</i>	廣鵬	SV	C																																												
Lesser Coucal	<i>Centropus bengalensis</i>	小弱鵟	R, VU	C	+																																											
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	小白鷺	R, RC	C	+			1	1	+	1	1		+	1	2	1	2	+	1	2	3	2	+	2	2	+	2	1	2	+	1	3	4	2	++	3	2	2	+	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	大白鷺	R,WV, RC	C																																												
Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>	小白腰雨燕	R,SpM	C																																												
Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	喜鵲	R	C																																												
Magpie Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis&lt;/i</i>																																															

Note: R – Resident; WV – Winter visitor; PM – Passage migrant; C – Common; U – Uncommon

SpM – Spring migrant; Sv – Summer Visitor ; C – transect survey;

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

+ occurred; ++ common; +++ abundant/dominant species

Commonness and status were decided according to AECD bio-diversity website ([www.bbbi-diversity.net](http://www.bbbi-diversity.net)).

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity

All bird species are under protection of Wild A

## Endangered Species of Animals and Plant

RC : Regional concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

LC : Local Concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

PRC: Potential Regional onver Fellowes *et al* (2

CR: Rare in China Red Data Book Status

VU: Vulnerable in China Red Data Book Status

Table 4.3 Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at four selected point count locations of Lam Tsuen River.

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Note: R – Resident; WV – Winter visitor; PM – Passage migrant; C – Common; U – Uncommon

SpM – Spring migrant; Sv – Summer Visitor ; C – transect survey;

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

+, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant species

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net))

All bird species are under protection of Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170) of Hong Kong.

Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance

Endangered Species of Animals and Plant

RC : Regional concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

LC : Local Concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

PRC: Potential Regional onver Fellowes *et al* (2)

CR: Rare in China Red Data Book Status

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Table 4.3 Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at four selected point count locations of Lam Tsuen River.

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Note: R – Resident; WV – Winter visitor; PM – Passage migrant; C – Common; U – Uncommon

SpM – Spring migrant; Sv – Summer Visitor ; C – transect survey;

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

+, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant species

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net))

All bird species are under protection of Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (W.A.P.O.)

## Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Q

BC : Regional concern. Followes et al. (2002).

RC : Regional concern Fellowes et al (2002)

LC : Local Concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

PRC: Potential Regional onver Fellowes *et al* (2)

CR: Rare in China Red Data Book Status

VU: Vulnerable in China Red Data Book S

Table 4.4. Odonate species recorded at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

Species name	Common name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Baseline monitoring		Impact monitoring							Impact monitoring		Post construction monitoring							Post construction monitoring											
					Jul-08	Aug-08	Jan-09	Jul-09	Jan-10	Jul-10	Jan-11	Jul-11	Jan-12	Jul-12	Aug-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15				
<i>Acisoma panorpoides panorpoides</i>	Asian Pintail	錐腹蜻	NP	VC																	+													
<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	Asian Amberwing	黃翅蜻	NP	VC											+	+																		
<i>Ceriagrion auranticum ryukyuunum</i>	Orange-tailed Sprite	琉球橘黃蟌	NP	VC																	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Coeliccia cyanomelas</i>	Blue Forest Damsel	黃紋長腹蟌	NP	VC																	+													
<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Yellow Featherlegs	黃斑扇蟌	NP	VC	+										+	+						+	+	+	+	+	+							
<i>Crocothemis servilia servilia</i>	Crimson Darter	紅蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	++				+						+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Euphaea decorata</i>	Black-banded Gossamerwing	方帶幽蟌	NP	VC																	+		+											
<i>Ictinogomphus perinax</i>	Common Flangetail	霸王葉春蟌	NP	C																				+										
<i>Ischnura senegalensis</i>	Common Blue Jewel	褐斑異痣蟌	NP	VC																	+	+	+											
<i>Mnais lacteola</i>	Indochinese Copperwing	煙翅綠色蟌	P, LC	C																	+													
<i>Nannophya pygmaea</i>	Scarlet Dwarf	侏紅小蟌	P, LC	C																	+													
<i>Neurobasis chinensis</i>	Chinese Greenwing	華艷色蟌	NP	VC										+		+	+	+	+	+														
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	Russet Percher	網脈蟌	NP	VC																														
<i>Neurothemis tullia tullia</i>	Pied Percher	截斑脈蟌	NP	C																														
<i>Orthetrum chrysostigma</i>	Red-faced Skimmer	華麗灰蟌	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+				+		++	++	++	+															
<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>	Common blue skimmer	黑尾灰蟌	NP	VC						+				+		+	+	+																
<i>Orthetrum luzonicum</i>	Marsh Skimmer	呂宋灰蟌	NP	VC										+																				
<i>Orthetrum pruinosum neglectum</i>	Common Red Skimmer	赤褐灰蟌	NP	VC										+																				
<i>Orthetrum sabina sabina</i>	Green Skimmer	狹腹灰蟌	NP	VC										+																				
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Wandering Glider	黃蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+					++					+															
<i>Paracercion calamorum dyeri</i>	Dusky Lilsquatter	葦尾蟌	P, LC	C																	+													
<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Black Threadtail	烏齒原蟌	NP	VC																	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps rubriceps</i>	Orange-faced Sprite	丹頂斑蟌	NP	UC										+								+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Rhinocypha perforata perforata</i>	Common Blue Jewel	三斑鼻蟌	NP	VC										+								+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Rhyothemis variegata arria</i>	Variegated Flutterer	斑麗翅膀蟌	NP	C																		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Trithemis aurora</i>	Crimson Dropwing	曉褐蜻	NP	VC												++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	Indigo Dropwing	慶褐蜻	NP	VC										+		+	+	+	+				+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Zygonyx iris insignis</i>	Emerald Cascader	彩虹蜻	P,PGC	VC																			+											
No. of species					4	5	3	4	0	6	0	7	1	7	5	3	2	1	3	12	9	14	13	15	11	13	9	4	3	2				

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P-Protection in Hong Kong

“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common

“+” – Species exists in the study area

“++” – Species common in the study area

“+++” – Species abundant/dominant in study area

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net))LC- Local Concern - Fellowes *et al* (2002)PGC - Potential Global Concern - Fellowes *et al* (2002)

Table 4.4. Odonate species recorded at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

Species name	Common name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring							Post construction monitoring							
					Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16
<i>Acisoma panorpoides panorpoides</i>	Asian Pintail	錐腹蜻	NP	VC					+										
<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	Asian Amberwing	黃翅蜻	NP	VC															
<i>Ceriagrion auranticum ryukyuunum</i>	Orange-tailed Sprite	琉球橘黃蟌	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+						+	+	
<i>Coeliccia cyanomelas</i>	Blue Forest Damsel	黃紋長腹蟌	NP	VC															
<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Yellow Featherlegs	黃斑扇蟌	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+							+	
<i>Crocothemis servilia servilia</i>	Crimson Darter	紅蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Euphaea decorata</i>	Black-banded Gossamerwing	方帶幽蟌	NP	VC						+								+	
<i>Ictinogomphus perinax</i>	Common Flangetail	霸王葉春蟌	NP	C				+	+	+	+	+	+					+	
<i>Ischnura senegalensis</i>	Common Blue Jewel	褐斑異痣蟌	NP	VC															
<i>Mnais lacteola</i>	Indochinese Copperwing	煙翅綠色蟌	P, LC	C															
<i>Nannophya pygmaea</i>	Scarlet Dwarf	侏紅小蟌	P, LC	C															
<i>Neurobasis chinensis</i>	Chinese Greenwing	華麗色蟌	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				+	+	
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	Russet Percher	網脈蟌	NP	VC		+		+	+	+	+								
<i>Neurothemis tullia tullia</i>	Pied Percher	截斑脈蟌	NP	C															
<i>Orthetrum chrysostigma</i>	Red-faced Skimmer	華麗灰蟌	NP	VC						+	+	+	+				+	+	
<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>	Common blue skimmer	黑尾灰蟌	NP	VC		+													
<i>Orthetrum luzonicum</i>	Marsh Skimmer	呂宋灰蟌	NP	VC					+	+	+	+							
<i>Orthetrum pruinosum neglectum</i>	Common Red Skimmer	赤褐灰蟌	NP	VC			+	+	+	+				+			+	+	
<i>Orthetrum sabina sabina</i>	Green Skimmer	狹腹灰蟌	NP	VC									+						
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Wandering Glider	黃蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Paracercion calamorum dyeri</i>	Dusky Lilsquatter	葦尾蟌	P, LC	C															
<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Black Threadtail	烏齒原蟌	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps rubriceps</i>	Orange-faced Sprite	丹頂斑蟌	NP	UC				+	+	+	+								
<i>Rhinocypha perforata perforata</i>	Common Blue Jewel	三斑鼻蟌	NP	VC				+	+	+	+	+	+					+	
<i>Rhyothemis variegata arria</i>	Variegated Flutterer	斑麗翅膀蟌	NP	C															
<i>Trithemis aurora</i>	Crimson Dropwing	曉褐蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				+	+	
<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	Indigo Dropwing	慶褐蜻	NP	VC				+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Zygonyx iris insignis</i>	Emerald Cascader	彩虹蜻	P, PGC	VC															
No. of species					4	9	11	13	14	15	13	9	7	2	3	1	3	7	11

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P-Protection in Hong Kong

“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common

“+” – Species exists in the study area

“++” – Species common in the study area

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Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Species name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Baseline monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring																													
				Jul-08		Aug-08		Jan-09				Jul-09		Jan-10				Jul-10		Jan-11				Jul-11		Jan-12				Jul-12		Aug-13				Dec-13																					
				Sampling point	Upper stream	Lower stream	Upper stream	Lower stream	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4																			
<b>Molluscs</b>																																																									
<i>Biomphalaria</i> sp.	--	NP	VC		+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+		+	+	+																				
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	+++	++	++	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																				
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮擬黑螺	NP	VC		+	+	+	+																																																	
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																			
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																				
<i>Sinotaia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																				
<b>Insects</b>																																																									
<i>Baetis</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																				
<i>Caenis</i> sp.	--	NP	VC																																																						
<i>Chironomus</i> sp.	蠶幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																				
<i>Electrogenas</i> sp.	--	NP	VC																																																						
<i>Hydropsyche</i> sp.	--	NP	VC																																																						
<i>Indobaeutis</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																				
<i>Mnais</i> sp.	--	NP	VC																																																						
<i>Orthetrum</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+	+																																																				
<b>Crustaceans</b>																																																									
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																				
<i>Cryptopatamon anacoluthon</i>	雙刺溪蟹	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																				
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																				
<i>Somanniathelphusa zanklon</i>	束腰蟹	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																				
No. of species				9	12	10	11	10	11	3	2	9	10	3	3	2	9	12	5	3	2	7	12	5	4	2	7	15	13	11	13	15	16	4	1	1	2	17	9	6	5	0	15	10	8	5	1	16	12	11	7	3	15	11	9	8	7

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong

"VC" – Very Common; "U" – Uncommon; "C" - Common; "R" - Rare

+, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the study area

Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Lam Tsuen River

(T1 - located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong

Note: NP - Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong  
"VC" - Very Common; "UC" - Uncommon; "C" - Common; "R" - Rare

VC - Very Common; UC - Uncommon; C - Common; R - Rare  
 +, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the study area

Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Species name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring																			
				Dec-14				Jan-15				Feb-15				Mar-15				Apr-15				May-15				Jun-15				Jul-15				Aug-15											
				Sampling point		Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4							
<b>Molluscs</b>																																															
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+											
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	++	++	+	++	++	+	++	++	+	++	++								
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮擬黑螺	NP	VC																																												
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
<i>Sinotata quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
<b>Insects</b>																																															
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																																												
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠶幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
<i>Electrogenas sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
<i>Hydropsyche sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
<i>Indobaeutis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
<i>Mnais sp.</i>	--	NP	VC			+	+					+																																			
<i>Orthetrum sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
<b>Crustaceans</b>																																															
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++										
<i>Cryptopatamon anacoluthon</i>	雙刺溪蟹	NP	VC			+																																									
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Somanniathelphusa zanklon</i>	束腰蟹	NP	VC																																												
No. of species				13	12	12	13	11	13	11	11	13	12	11	12	12	12	11	13	13	12	12	11	9	12	15	12	11	9	11	13	12	11	9	11	13	12	12	9	11	13	12	11	9	11	13	12

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong

"VC" – Very Common; "UC" – Uncommon; "C" - Common; "R" - Rare

+, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the study area

Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Species name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring									
				Oct-15				Nov-15				Dec-15				Jan-16				Feb-16				Mar-16				Apr-16					
				Sampling point		Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4			
<b>Molluscs</b>																																	
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	--	NP	VC						+																								
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++		
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮擬黑螺	NP	VC						+																								
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++		
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Sinotata quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<b>Insects</b>																																	
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+					+																								
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																														
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠶幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Electrogenas sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Hydropsyche sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Indobaeutis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Mnais sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																														
<i>Orthetrum sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																														
<b>Crustaceans</b>																																	
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++		
<i>Cryptopotammon anacoluthon</i>	鰓刺溪蟹	NP	VC						+																								
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Somanniathelphusa zanklon</i>	束腰蟹	NP	VC																														
No. of species									11	9	11	13	13	11	9	11	13	13	12	10	12	14	14	12	10	12	14	14	12	10	12	14	14

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong

"VC" – Very Common; "UC" – Uncommon; "C" - Common; "R" - Rare

+, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the study area

Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area.









Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site  
to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling  
site)

Parameter / date	Baseline monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring										
	8-Aug				Jan-09				Jul-09				Jan-10				Jul-10				Jan-11				Jul-11				Jan-12				Jul-12		
Replicate	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4			
DO (mg/L)	9.2	9.8	9.9	9.4	9.1	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.8	9.7	9.5	9.5	9.3	8.3	8.5	8.5	8.7	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.1	9.5	9.6	9.4	9.3	9.4	9.2	9.2	8.2	8	7.8	7.3			
pH	7.49	7.24	7.36	7.53	7.44	7.1	7.25	7	7.05	7.9	8.1	8.1	8.2	7.4	7.5	7.3	7.4	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.3	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.2	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.6		
Nitrate (mg N/L)	0.36	0.79	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.31	0.48	0.48	0.59	0.56	1.11	1.13	1.33	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.45	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.13	0.67	0.62	0.82		
Ammonia (mg/L)	<0.01	PO4-P (µg P/L): <100				0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.16	0.17	0.07	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.1	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.1	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.2	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.03		
Salinity (ppt)	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Conductivity (µS/cm)	60	80	100	120	120	45	51	52	63	62	96	98	114	84	100	460	54	90	87	93	120	93	90	90	100	92	84	96	110	41	38	73	86		
BOD (mg/L)	<2	<2	<2	<2	3	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2			
Water flow at pool (m/s)	0.1-0.3	0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2									
Water flow at riffle (m/s)	0.4-0.7	0.2-0.5				0.2-0.5				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6									
Sand (%)	15	15	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	15	8	8	8	15	8	8	8	15	8	8	8	15	8	8	8	15	10	15	10	10	10	10			
Stone (%)	80	80	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	70	90	90	90	70	90	90	90	70	90	90	90	70	90	90	70	80	70	80	70	60	60	60	60		
Mud (%)	5	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	5	2	2	2	5	2	2	2	5	2	2	5	2	2	5	2	5	10	15	10	20	30	30	30		

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site  
to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling  
site)

Parameter / date	Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring												
	Aug-13				Dec-13				Jan-14				Feb-14				Mar-14				Apr-14				May-14				Jun-14								
Replicate	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4					
DO (mg/L)	8.9	8.5	8.7	8.8	9.3	8.6	8.8	8.7	9.1	9.0	8.6	8.5	7.8	8.7	9.8	9.8	7.5	7.8	8.2	8.1	7.7	7.6	7.8	8.0	8.2	7.8	8.1	8.2	7.6	7.8	7.4	7.2	7.6	7.2	7.6	7.5	
pH	6.5	6.8	6.8	7.1	6.2	6.9	7.1	7.1	6.2	6.9	7.1	7.1	8.2	8.5	8	7.8	8.3	8.2	7.6	7.2	7.6	7.8	8.2	7.8	7.7	7.8	7.9	8.2	7.6	7.8	7.8	8.1	7.6	7.7	7.8	8	
Nitrate (mg N/L)	0.74	0.72	0.83	0.79	0.48	0.57	0.77	0.89	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.26	1.3	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.2	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.8	
Ammonia (mg/L)	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.04	0.1	0.12	0.15	0.05	0.04	0.1	0.12	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		
Salinity (ppt)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	0	0	0	0
Conductivity ( $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ )	67	77	74	75	62	64	90	110	72	78	88	108	78	87	118	119	120	123	125	123	96	114	120	122	82	80	72	66	39	58	69	70	43	85	72	75	
BOD (mg/L)	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2		
Water flow at pool (m/s)	0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.03-0.2				0.03-0.2								
Water flow at riffle (m/s)	0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6								
Sand (%)	10	10	10	10	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	10	5	5	5	10	5	5	5	10					
Stone (%)	75	75	75	75	90	85	85	85	90	85	85	85	90	85	85	85	90	85	85	85	75	90	85	85	75	93	90	90	75	93	90	90	75				
Mud (%)	15	15	15	15	5	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	5	10	10	15	5	10	10	15	2	5	5	15	2	5	5	15					

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1 - located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1 - located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

**Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP)**  
**Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River**  
**Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan**  
**River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation**  
**Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No.29)**  
**She Shan River**

**May 2016**



Prepared by: Mike Pang

13 June, 2016

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13 June, 2016

Ecology Team: China Hong Kong Ecology Consultants

**Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement  
Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po  
River – Investigation**

**Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP)  
Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No.29)  
She Shan River**

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**FIGURES**

Figure 1: Sampling location of ecological survey and monitoring at She Shan River, Tai Po.

**PHOTOS**

Photo 1: General view of the river habitat (Lower section)

Photo 2: General view of the river habitat (Middle section)

Photo 3: General view of the river habitat (Upper section)

Photo 4: Aquatic sampling

Photo 5: Aquatic sampling

Photo 6: Kick sampling Photo

**TABLES**

Table 4.1: Flora species recorded along the She Shan River including riparian habitat.

Table 4.2: Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River.

Table 4.3: Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at three selected point count locations at She Shan River.

Table 4.4: Odonata species recorded at the She Shan River.

Table 4.5: Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River.

Table 4.6: Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at She Shan River.

Table 4.7: Abiotic data for She Shan River.

**1 Introduction**

- 1.1 Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP) Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation required a post-construction ecological monitoring programme when the project completed. The collected data are mainly used to assess ecological recovery process and effectiveness of ecological migration proposed and enforced during the construction period.
- 1.2 The scope of the ecological monitoring was detailed in EM & A Manual of the project. In brief, the survey aimed to collect data on abiotic factors such as water quality, substratum characteristics, water flow as well as flora and fauna.
- 1.3 China Hong Kong Ecology Consultants Ltd. was committed by Allied Environmental Consultants Ltd (AEC) to undertake the ecological monitoring tasks for the project from December 2014.
- 1.4 This is the number 29 post-construction ecological monitoring report for the project conducted **on 27<sup>th</sup> of May 2016**. It contains the following subsections:
  - Summary of major points
  - Monitoring Methods and Results
  - Summary and Comments

## 2 Summary of Major Points

- Field ecological monitoring was undertaken **on 27<sup>th</sup> of May 2016**;
- Fauna and flora along the drainage project sections is in a process of re-establishing or restoration;
- Fish abundance was lower than last month;
- Bird diversity and abundance was in natural fluctuation; and
- Odonata abundance increased gradually compared to last month.  
*Paramesotriton hongkongensis* was not found during the survey.

## 3 Monitoring Methodology

### 3.1 Riparian Vegetation

Riparian vegetation, including aquatic and emergent, was sampled using line transects along the affected river channel and riparian habitat. Species, relative abundance and average heights were recorded. Vegetation survey was conducted at three selected belt transects located at the upper (T1), middle (T2) and lower portion (T3) of the river channel respectively (**Figure 1**). The belt transects was run across the river channel in order to collect quantitative data of vegetation, e.g., species inventory, height, percentage cover. Qualitative data of plants was collected by recording plant species along line transect, e.g., species inventory, relative abundance. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the Lai *et al.* (2004) and Hong Kong Herbarium (2015).

### 3.2 Avifauna

Avifauna survey was conducted during the post construction monitoring

period. Special attention was given to those stream channel area which birds used as feeding and foraging habitat. Avifauna surveys were undertaken in the early morning plus species recorded in the rest of the day when conducting other taxonomic groups (benthic, fish, insect) monitoring. Numerical abundance was recorded at fixed count points within a radius of 30 to 50m according to landscape feature and visual penetration extent. The duration of the point count of birds was standardized for 10 minutes at each location in order to collect comparable data. Transect count along accessible section of river channel were used in order to collect qualitative data. Binoculars and digital camera were the main items of equipment used. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)) and Carey *et al.* (2001).

The point count was conducted at three locations located at the lower (T3), middle (T2) and upper (T1) portion of the river channel respectively. The point count and survey transect locations for the bird survey and sampling sites for surveys of other faunal groups and flora were presented in **Figure 1**.

### **3.3 Adult Odonata Survey**

Adult Odonata survey was conducted along transects (**Figure 1**). Binoculars, digital camera and hand net were utilized to aid identification. Numerical abundance, species identity and other notable behavior were recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)), Wilson *et al.* (2004) and Tam *et al.* (2011). Adult Odonata survey was conducted along line transects in parallel with river channel within the works area where access was permitted.

### **3.4 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates**

Macro-invertebrates in the riverbed were surveyed. Four sampling sites were selected to collect necessary macro-invertebrate fauna for ecological monitoring information, which covered upper (T1), middle (T2) and lower (T3) sections of the river respectively, as well as reference site (**Figure 1**). Five replicates were taken at each sampling point and pool together for further sample process. Kick sampling and hand netting were the survey methodologies for stream organisms. Dissection microscope and digital camera were used to aid identification and enumeration. Numerical abundance, species identity was recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)), and other literatures such as Dudgeon (1994).

### **3.5 Fish Population and Hong Kong Newt**

Fish community at the specified river channel was monitored by live trapping, hand netting and direct observation methods. Hong Kong newt was surveyed by direct observation and hand netting as well.

Sampling was conducted at four proposed sampling locations at upper (T1), middle (T2), lower (T3) sections and reference site respectively. Those sampling sites covered major type of stream habitats, e.g. river pool and riffle (**Figure 1**). The number of the observed fish was estimated and recorded.

Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)) and Lee *et al.* (2004).

### **3.6 Abiotic Data Collection**

#### **3.6.1 Water Quality Monitoring**

Dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity, BOD and nutrient level (nitrate and ammonium) were sampled and analyzed by conventional methods in situ or in laboratory. The instruments for measuring dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity were model: DO-5510, AZ8685, AZ8361 and AZ8374 respectively. All the instruments were calculated every monitoring month according to the operation manuals in order to obtain the precise result. BOD test took 5 days to complete within darkness incubator with stable temperature at 20°C and was performed using model: DO-5510 for measuring dissolved oxygen. Nutrient levels including nitrate and ammonia were performed in laboratory by applying the In-house method SOP056 (FIA) and SOP057 (FIA) respectively.

#### **3.6.2 Sediment Characteristics**

Sediment/substrate characteristics were recorded of sediment cover in percentage e.g. mud, sand, rock, boulder and cemented bottom in the stream bed at sampling sites.

#### **3.6.3 Water Flow**

Water flow rates in river channel were measured by recording the time taken for a floating object (e.g. floating ball) in a measured distance. The sampling locations for surveys were presented in **Figure 1**.

## **4 Monitoring Results**

### **4.1 Vegetation**

In total, 77 flora species was recorded within the survey transects along the river course. The recorded floras were generally common wetland species. The height of the dominated riparian grass and herb species were in a range from 0.3m to 1.2m as observed along survey transect. Dominant flora species were shown in the **Table 4.1** marked with relative abundance sign “+++”. Vegetation has partially covered the river bed in middle and lower sections (Photos 1-2) and generally covered the riverbed and riparian habitat in upper sections (Photo 3). Vegetation coverage along the river has averagely decreased because some of vegetation has been washed out by flooding. Aquatic plants *Brachiaria mutica* was the most abundant plants found along the river channel. *Mucuna championii* and *Cibotium barometz* are classified as endangered and vulnerable in China respectively, were recorded in the woodland adjacent to She Shan River. *Cibotium barometz* is also classified as category II in wild plant under state protection. Results of vegetation survey and belt transect survey were presented in **Table 4.1** and **Table 4.2**. **Figure 1** shows the transect line for the flora surveys.

### **4.2 Fauna**

#### 4.2.1 Avifauna

An avifauna survey was undertaken along survey transects and at three selected point count locations. In total, 19 species of birds were recorded during the bird surveys within project area. 4 recorded species were wetland dependant birds and observed foraging in the river channel including *Ardeola bacchus*, *Motacilla cinerea*, *Egretta garzetta* and *Motacilla alba*. The dominant species of the river was a common species *Pycnonotus jocosus*. All the birds in Hong Kong are under protection of Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170). Some of wetland dependent species with conservation interest including *Ardeola bacchus* and *Egretta garzetta* were observed foraging in the river. *Ardeola bacchus* and *Egretta garzetta* are considered as Regional Concern by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). Except foraging and roosting behaviour of some birds were observed, no other remarkable behaviour was noticed. Transect and Point Count locations were shown on **Figure 1**. Result of bird survey was presented in the **Table 4.3**.

#### 4.2.2 Adult Odonata Survey

Odonata survey was performed and a list of recorded odonata species at She Shan River is shown in **Table 4.4**. The number of odonata species gradually increased by 2 species compared to last month. The abundance of odonata is increasing following commencement of peak emergence from spring. It is expected that number of odonata will keep in high abundance during wet season (Wilson *et al.*, 2004 & Tam *et al.*, 2011). A total of 12 species was recorded, those recorded species were common species in Hong Kong and the result was similar to approximate period of last year. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

#### 4.2.3 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates

Survey of aquatic macro-invertebrates was carried out. The river benthic fauna collected was mainly comprised of insects, mollusks and crustaceans (Photos 4-5). Details of recorded benthic fauna refer to **Table 4.5**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

#### 4.2.4 Hong Kong Newt

Survey of Hong Kong Newt was performed (Photo 6). Hong Kong Newt was not captured in this month. It is assumed that Newt would go back to terrestrial area during non-breeding period from April to August (Dudgeon, 2003). Hong Kong Newt is listed in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170) and classified as “Near Threatened” under IUCN Red List Status and as “Potential Global Concern” by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). Record of Hong Kong Newts can be referred to **Table 4.6**.

#### 4.2.5 Fish Fauna

Fish surveys were performed at She Shan River and total 12 species of freshwater fish were recorded. Native fish *Zacco platypus* and *Oreochromis niloticus* were abundant species dominating in the river channel. Among the recorded fish, *Parazacco spilurus* is classified as “Vulnerable” in Red China Data Book, it was commonly observed along the river with low abundance.

The number of fish gradually decreased comparing with last month. It is assumed that fish was dispersed due to flooding which frequently occurred during current wet season. Details of recorded of fish fauna refers to **Table 4.6**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

#### 4.3 Abiotic Data

Data on water quality and major stream hydrological feature (water flow and substratum) of the stream were collected and are presented in the **Table 4.7**.

Generally, the water was clean and nutrient levels were low even though there were cultivation activities observed nearby the river. Results of water test are presented in the **Table 4.7**.

The river substratum was comprised of over 30-80% stones or rocks in large proportion of the river sections with slow water flow (up to 0.2m/second at pool and 0.5m/second at riffle).

### 5 Summary and Commentary

Ecological monitoring was carried out in current months and relevant biotic and abiotic data was collected according to project specification and EM & A Manual. *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* was not recorded during the survey. The rest of fauna was in a natural fluctuation.

Aquatic plants and riparian vegetation were generally established at new drainage channel. Vegetation has generally covered the riverbed and gabion in upper section and partially covered the rest portion of the river.

The water quality of the river was generally good along river channel. Water was clean and nutrient levels were low to moderate.

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## **FIGURE**

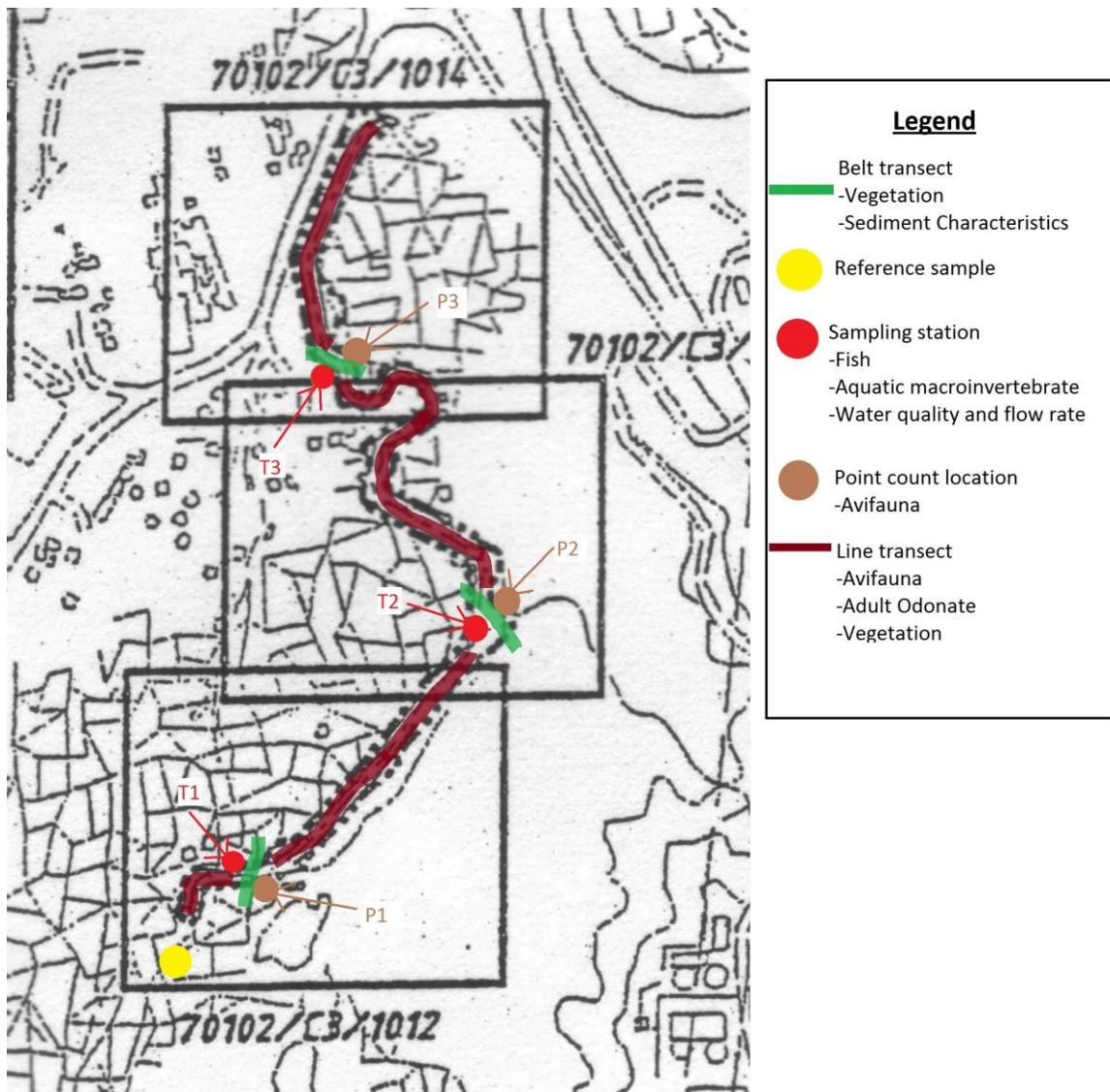


Figure 1. Sampling Location of Ecological Survey and Monitoring at She Shan River, Tai Po.

## **PHOTOS**

	
Photo 1: General view of the river habitat (Lower section)	Photo 2: General view of the river habitat (Middle section)
	
Photo 3: General view of the river habitat (Upper section)	Photo 4: Aquatic sampling
	
Photo 5: Aquatic sampling	Photo 6 : Kick sampling

## **TABLE**

Table 4.1. Flora species recorded along the She Shan River including riparian habitat.

Table 4.1. Flora species recorded along the She Shan River including riparian habitat.

Note

“+” – Species exists in the study area

“++” – Species common in the study area

“+++” – Species abundant/dominant in study area

EN- Endangered in China

VU- Vulnerable in China

**CII- Wild plant under State protection (category)**

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River

(T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Baseline monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring							
			Jul-08		Aug-08		Jan-09			Jul-09			Jan-10			Jul-10			Jan-11							
			Stream	P1	P3	P1	P3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3				
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草			0.2	20		10	6	0.2	2	0.1	5	0.2	5		0.2	10	0.3	60						
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	桔骨草	0.3	5								0.2	5		0.6	5			0.6	25						
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊					0.2	7										0.2	5							
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																			0.2	5				
Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	細葉榕		0.7	5			0.6	7																	
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕			3	10			3	10																
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹	0.5	5			0.5	3											1.5	30						
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛			0.3	5	0.5	3	0.3	5		0.2	5	0.2	5							0.3	2			
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋							0.2	5																
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻	1.5	30			2	7				3	10			2	5									
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草														0.3	5	1	5				0.5	2		
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草	3	50	1	60	3	80	2	60			4	40			2	50					1.5	20		
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡															1.5	20					1	1		
Amaranthaceae	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	空心蓮子草	0.2	10			0.2	7								0.3	20									
Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	大黍							0.5	5									0.4	5	1.5	5		0.4	2	
Moraceae	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	構樹								6	5															
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum chinense</i>	火炭母							0.1	10																
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia hyssopifolia</i>	草龍																	0.4	5						
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																0.5	5							
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																	1.5	5						
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草																								
Blechnaceae	<i>Blechnum orientale</i>	烏毛蕨																								
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																								
Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>	海芋																								
Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>	浮萍																								
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i>	水蓼																								
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus involucratus</i>	風車草																								
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																								
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea cairica</i>	五爪金龍																								
Bare Gound									98		75		30		##		95		10		15		70		##	
																									93	

P1 – Point count location 1; P3 – Point count location 3

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section,T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Section	Stream	Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring						Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring																			
		Jul-11				Jan-12				Jul-12				Jul-13				Dec-13				Jan-14																										
		Transect	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3																
Family	Species	Chinese name	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%														
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草	0.2	5	0.8	40	Channelised	0.3	25	0.3	40	Channelised	0.3	2	0.3	30	0.3	20	0.3	15	0.3	5	0.1	10	0.5	30	0.1	1	0.2	15	0.5	30	0.2	5														
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	枯骨草	0.5	20																																												
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.3	30				0.2	15																																							
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																																														
Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	細葉榕																																														
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																																														
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																																														
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛						1	45	0.8	5																																					
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋																																														
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																																														
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草						1	5																										0.4	1												
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草											1.5	15	2.5	25																1.5	10	1.5	10													
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																																														
Amaranthaceae	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	空心蓮子草																																														
Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	大黍	1	15																																												
Moraceae	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	檳榔																																														
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum chinense</i>	火炭母																																														
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia hyssopifolia</i>	草龍																																	0.4	1												
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																																														
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																														
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草											1.5	20																			1.5	55	0.8	25												
Blechnaceae	<i>Blechnum orientale</i>	烏毛蕨																																														
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																														
Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>	海芋																																														
Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>	浮萍																																														
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i>	水蓼																																														
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus involucratus</i>	風車草																																														
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																																		0.8	30											
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea cairica</i>	五爪金龍																																														
Bare Gound								30		10		##		3		15		100		93		20		50		65		5		94		10		10		94		5		10		94		5		5		91

P1 – Point count location 1; P3 – Point count location 3

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section,T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring																		
			Mar-14			Apr-14			May-14			Jun-14			Jul-14			Aug-14			Sep-14																								
			Transect	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3															
Family	Species	Chinese name	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%													
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelinina diffusa</i>	節節草	0.3	20	0.5	35	0.3	6			0.5	30			0.5	20			0.5	25			0.5	25							0.5	25													
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	枯骨草			0.4	1																																							
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.1	10			0.2	1	0.3	10	0.3	10	0.3	1	0.3	10	0.3	1	0.3	10	0.3	10	0.3	2	0.3	12	0.3	5	0.3	12	0.3	5													
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜					0.3	20			0.3	5	0.3	5			0.3	5	0.3	5	0.3	5	0.3	2	0.3	1		0.3	1	0.3	1	0.3	1												
Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	細葉榕																																											
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																																											
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																																											
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛																																											
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋																																											
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																																											
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草					0.4	1			0.3	5	0.8	1			0.3	5	0.8	1			0.3	5	0.8	2			0.3	5	0.8	5	0.5	5	0.8	5									
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草	1.5	5	1.5	5																																							
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡									0.8	1					0.8	1					0.8	1									1.2	1		1.5	1								
Amaranthaceae	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	空心蓮子草																																											
Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	大黍																																											
Moraceae	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	構樹																																											
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum chinense</i>	火炭母																																											
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia hyssopifolia</i>	草龍					0.4	1																																					
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																																											
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																											
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草	1.5	60	0.8	30			1.5	50	1	50			1.5	40	1	40		1.5	45	1	45		1.5	45	1	45		1.5	50	1	50	1.5	50	1	50								
Blechnaceae	<i>Blechnum orientale</i>	烏毛蕨							2	20					2	15			2	15					2	12					2	10		2	10										
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																											
Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>	海芋									0.8	1			0.8	1			0.8	1			0.8	1			0.8	1		0.8	1		0.8	1		0.8	1		0.8	1					
Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>	浮萍											N.A.	5			N.A.	5					N.A.	5			N.A.	1			N.A.	1			N.A.	1			N.A.	1					
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i>	水蓼																																											
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus involucratus</i>	風車草																																											
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香			0.8	25					1	2			1	2						1	2					1	4				1	6											
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea cairica</i>	五爪金龍																																											
Bare Gound					5		5		90		0		5		84		30		25		84		25		15		84		31		15		87		27		8		80		27		8		80

P1 – Point count location 1; P3 – Point count location 3

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River

(T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring													
			Oct-14			Nov-14			Dec-14			Jan-15			Feb-15			Mar-15			Apr-15			T1			T2			T3										
			Stream	Transect	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3									
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草		1	10	1	50	0.1	2	1	10	1	50	0.1	2	1	10	1	50	0.1	2	0.5	10	0.8	70	0.3	40	0.6	10	1	70	0.4	40	0.6	10	1	70	0.5	40	
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	桔骨草																																						
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.3	5	1	15	0.3	2	0.3	5	1	15	0.3	2	0.3	5	1	15	0.3	2	0.4	10	0.5	15			0.4	10	0.5	15			0.4	10	0.5	15				
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																																						
Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	細葉榕																																						
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																																						
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																																						
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛																																						
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋																																						
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																																						
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	1	2	0.5	5	0.8	10	1	2	0.5	5	0.8	10	1	2	0.5	5	0.8	10																				
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																																						
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																																						
Amaranthaceae	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	空心蓮子草																																						
Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	大黍																																						
Moraceae	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	構樹																																						
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum chinense</i>	火炭母																																						
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia hyssopifolia</i>	草龍																																						
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																																						
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																						
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草	1.8	65	1.8	20	1.5	5	1.8	70	1.8	25	1.5	8	1.8	70	1.8	25	1.5	8	1.5	80	1	5	1	25	1.5	80	1.3	5	1.3	25	1.5	80	1.3	5	1.3	25	1.4	25
Blechnaceae	<i>Blechnum orientale</i>	烏毛蕨																																						
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草	2	15	3	5																																		
Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>	海芋																																						
Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>	浮萍																																						
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i>	水蓼			1	3																																		
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus involucratus</i>	風車草			1.7	2																																		
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香	1.5	1			2	5	1.5	1			2	5	1.5	1			2	5			2	10					2	10			2	10			2	10		
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea cairica</i>	五爪金龍																																						
	Bare Gound					2	0		75	2	1	72	2	1	72	0	5	25	0	5	25	0	5	25	0	5	25	0	5	25	0	5	25	0	5	25				

P1 – Point count location 1; P3 – Point count location 3

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River

(T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring												
			May-15			Jun-15			Jul-15			Aug-15			Sep-15			Oct-15			Nov-15			Dec-15															
			Stream	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3												
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草		0.3	5	0.7	50	0.5	25	0.3	5	0.7	50	0.5	25		0.3	25		0.3	15		0.3	17		0.3	17	0.2	10	0.3	17	0.2	10						
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	桔骨草																																					
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊		0.3	5	0.5	10			0.3	5	0.5	10			0.4	10	0.4	10		0.5	10	0.4	5	0.5	10	0.4	20	0.5	10	0.4	20							
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																																					
Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	細葉榕																																					
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																																					
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																																					
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛																																					
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋																																					
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																																					
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草														0.9	15		0.3	2	0.9	15		0.5	2	0.9	30				0.9	30							
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																	1	2													1	2					
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																	1	2																			
Amaranthaceae	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	空心蓮子草																																					
Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	大黍																																					
Moraceae	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	構樹																																					
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum chinense</i>	火炭母																																					
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia hyssopifolia</i>	草龍																																					
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																																					
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																					
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草		1.5	40	1.2	5	1.2	15	1.5	45	1.2	10	1.2	20	0.8	60	1	50	0.8	10	0.9	60	1	35	0.9	10	0.9	60	1	38	0.9	10	0.3	30	1	15	0.9	1
Blechnaceae	<i>Blechnum orientale</i>	烏毛蕨																																					
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																					
Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>	海芋																																					
Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>	浮萍																																					
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i>	水蓼																																					
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus involucratus</i>	風車草			1.4	5					1.4	5							1.2	5					1.2	5					1.2	5	0.4	2		1.2	5	0.4	2
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香						1.6	5					1.6	5					1.5	50						1.5	50					0.3	15		0.3	15		
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea cairica</i>	五爪金龍																	0.3	5						0.3	5						0.3	5		0.3	5		
	Bare Gound																		50	30	55	45	25	50	13	10	38	13	40	38	13	35	38	28	43	72	28	43	72

P1 – Point count location 1; P3 – Point count location 3

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River

(T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring												
			Dec-15			Jan-16			Feb-16			Mar-16			Apr-16			May-16			T1			T2			T3						
			Stream	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3						
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草			0.3	10	0.2	5		0.3	5	0.2	5		0.3	5	0.2	5		0.3	5	0.2	5		0.3	10	0.2	5		0.3	5	0.2	8
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	桔骨草																															
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.5	10	0.5	10			0.5	10	0.5	5			0.5	10	0.5	5		0.5	10	0.5	5		0.5	10	0.5	10		0.5	10	0.5	8
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜								0.3	10				0.3	10				0.3	10					0.3	10				0.3	8	
Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	細葉榕																															
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																															
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																															
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛																															
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋																															
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																															
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	1	30					1	30					1	30				1	35					1	35			1	15		
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																															
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡	1	2					1	2					1	2				1	2					1	2			1	10		
Amaranthaceae	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	空心蓮子草																															
Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	大黍																															
Moraceae	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	構樹																															
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum chinense</i>	火炭母																															
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia hyssopifolia</i>	草龍																															
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																															
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																															
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草	0.3	30	1	5	1	1	0.3	15	1	5	1	5	0.3	15	1	5	1	5	0.3	15	1	5	0.3	15	1	5	0.3	15	1	10	
Blechnaceae	<i>Blechnum orientale</i>	烏毛蕨																															
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																															
Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>	海芋																															
Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>	浮萍																															
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i>	水蓼																															
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus involucratus</i>	風車草			1.2	5	0.4	2			1.2	5	0.4	2			1.2	5	0.4	2			1.2	5	0.4	2			1.2	5	0.4	5	
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香					0.3	5			0.3	5				0.3	5			0.3	5			0.3	5				0.3	5			
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea cairica</i>	五爪金龍			0.3	5					0.3	5				0.3	5			0.3	5			0.3	5			0.3	5				
	Bare Gound				28	70	87	43	70	83	43	70	83	38	70	83	38	70	83	38	60	83	50	69	72								

P1 – Point count location 1; P3 – Point count location 3

Table 4.3 Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at three selected point count locations at She Shan River.

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Note: R – Resident; WV – Winter visitor; PM – Passage migrant; C – Common; U – Uncommon

SpM – Spring migrant; Sv - Summer visitor

C – transect count; P1 – Point count location 1; P3 – Point count location 3

+, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant species in the the study area

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website (

All bird species are under protection of Wild An

## Endangered Species of Animals and Plant

RC : Regional concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

LC : Local Concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

PRC: Potential Regional concern Fellowes

CR: Rare in China Red Data Book Status

VU: Vulnerable in China Red Data Book

Table 4.3 Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at three selected point count locations at She Shan River.

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Common Name	Species name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring																												
					Mar-14			Apr-14			May-14			Jun-14			Jul-14			Aug-14			Sep-14			Oct-14			Nov-14			Dec-14			Jan-15			Feb-15			Mar-15				
					Abundance			Abundance			Abundance			Abundance			Abundance			Abundance			Abundance			Abundance			Abundance			Abundance			Abundance										
					C	T1	T2	T3	C	T1	T2	T3	C	T1	T2	T3	C	T1	T2	T3	C	T1	T2	T3	C	T1	T2	T3	C	T1	T2	T3	C	T1	T2	T3									
Ashy Drongo	<i>Dicrurus leucophaeus</i>	灰卷尾	SWV, LC	U																																									
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	家燕	PM	C	+	2	2	1	++	1	3	4	++	3	4	4	+	2	1																+	1	2								
Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	黑卷尾	Sv	C																																									
Black Kite	<i>Milvus lineatus</i>	麻鷹	R, RC, Cap.586	C	+																																								
Black-necked Starling	<i>Sturnus nigricollis</i>	黑頸椋鳥	R	C	+	2		+		2	+	1	2	+	2	1	+	2	1	2	2	+	2	1	+	2	1	+	2	2	+		+	1	1										
Black-throated Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax chinensis</i>	黑喉噪鶥	R	C																																									
Buzzard (Common Buzzard)	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	普通鷲	WV, Cap.586	U	+																																								
Chestnut Bulbul	<i>Hemixos castanonotus</i>	栗背短腳鴝	R,WV	C																																									
Chinese Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus sinensis</i>	白頭鵙	R	C	++	2	3	+		2	+			+			1	+		2	+	2	3	+		2	+	1	3	+	1	2	2	+	1	3	+	1	2	++	2	3			
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>	池鷺	R,RC	C	+	1	3	2	+	1	2	1	+	1	1	+	1	2	+	2	1	++	1	2	2	++	2	1	+	1	2	2	++	1	1	+	1	1							
Chinese Hwamei	<i>Garrulax canorus</i>	畫眉	R, Cap.586																																										
Common Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>	綠翅金鳩	R,VU	U																																									
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	普通翠鳥	R	C	+				+				+																																
Common Koel	<i>Eudynamys scolopaceus</i>	噪鶥	R	C	+				+				+			+																													
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	磯鹬	WV&P M	C	+				+				+			+																													
Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>	長尾縫葉鶯	R	C	+	1	2	1	+	1	1		+	1	2	1	+	1	1	1	+	1	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1									
Crested bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>	紅耳鵠	R	C	++	3	4	6	++	2	2	5	++	2	4	++	3	2	3	++	2	4	5	++	2	4	3	++	2	3	2	++	3	2	4	++	2	2	4	++	3	1	4		
Crested Goshawk	<i>Accipiter trivirgatus</i>	鳳頭鷹	R, CR, Cap.586	U																																									
Crested Myna	<i>Acridotheres cristatellus</i>	八哥	R	C	+	2		+				+			+		2	+	3	2	+	2	2	3	+	3	2	+	2	4	+	3	2	+	1	3	+	2	++	2	3				
Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>	蛇鷹	R, VU, LC, Cap U 586		+																																								
Domestic pigeon	<i>Columba sp.</i>	鴿	R	C																																									
Dusky Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus fuscatus</i>	褐柳鶯	WV	C	+	1	1		+	1		+		+		+		1	+	1		+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1						
Eurasian tree sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	麻鵙	R	C	+	2		+				+	2		+	2	1	+	2	1	+	3	2	+	3	2	+	2	3	+	5	3	++	2	4	3	++	3	2	++	2	2			
Fork-tailed Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga christinae</i>	叉尾太陽鳥	R	C																																									
Great Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>	褐翅鴟鴞	R,VU	C	+				+				+			+		1	1	1	+	1	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1						
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	大白鷺	R,RC	C	+			1	+				+			+																													
Great Tit	<i>Parus major(commixtus)</i>	大山雀	R	C	+				+																																				

Table 4.3 Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at three selected point count locations at She Shan River.

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Note: R – Resident; WV – Winter visitor; PM – Passage migrant; C – Common; U – Uncommon

SpM – Spring migrant; Sv - Summer visitor

C – transect count; P1 – Point count location 1; P3 – Point count location 3

+, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant species in the study area

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website (

All bird species are under protection of Wild Animals

## Endangered Species of Animals and Plant

RC : Regional concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

LC : Local Concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

PRC: Potential Regional concern Fellowes et

CR: Rare in China Red Data Book Status

VU: Vulnerable in China Red Data Book Status

Table 4.4. Odonate species recorded at the She Shan River

Species name	Common name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Baseline monitoring		Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring								Post construction monitoring								
					Jul-08	Aug-08	Jan-09	Jul-09	Jan-10	Jul-10	Jan-11	Jul-11	Jan-12	Jul-12	Jul-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14		
<i>Agriocnemis pygmaea</i>	Wandering Midget	黃尾小蟌	NP	VC															+								
<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	Asian Amberwing	黃翅蜻	NP	VC												+											
<i>Ceriagrion auranticum ryukyuicum</i>	Orange-tailed Sprite	琉球橘黃蟌	NP	VC																+	++	+			+		
<i>Copera ciliata</i>	Black-knees Featherlegs	白斑扇蟌	NP	VC																+							
<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Yellow Featherlegs	黃狹扇蟌	NP	VC												+					+			+		+	
<i>Crocothemis servilia servilia</i>	Crimson Darter	紅蜻	NP	VC	+	+		+		++		+				+					+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Diplacodes trivialis</i>	Blue Percher	紋藍小蟌	NP	VC	+													+	+	+							
<i>Ictinogomphus pertinax</i>	Common Flangetail	霸王葉春蜓	NP	C												+			+	+	+			+	+	+	
<i>Ischnura senegalensis</i>	Common Bluetail	褐斑異痣蟌	NP	VC												+			+		+						
<i>Nannophya pygmaea</i>	Scarlet Dwarf	侏紅小蟌	NP	C																							
<i>Neurobasis chinensis chinensis</i>	Chinese Greenwing	華艷色蟌	NP	VC												+											
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	Russet Percher	網脈蜻	NP	VC												+											
<i>Orthetrum chrysostigma</i>	Red-faced Skimmer	華麗灰蟌	NP	VC	+	+	+	+		+																	
<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>	Common blue skimmer	黑尾灰蟌	NP	VC			+														+						
<i>Orthetrum luzonicum</i>	Marsh Skimmer	呂宋灰蟌	NP	VC												+					+						
<i>Orthetrum pruinosum neglectum</i>	Common Red Skimmer	赤褐灰蟌	NP	VC												++					++	++	+	+	+	+	
<i>Orthetrum Sabina sabina</i>	Green Skimmer	狹腹灰蟌	NP	C	+	+																				+	
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Wandering Glider	黃蜻	NP	VC	+	+										+											
<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Black Threadtail	烏齒原蟌	NP	VC																							
<i>Pseudagrion pruinatum fraseri</i>	Ferruginous-faced Sprite	赤斑蟌	NP	C																							
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps rubriceps</i>	Orange-faced Sprite	丹頂斑蟌	NP	UC	+			+	+							+					+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Rhinocypha perforata perforata</i>	Common Blue Jewel	三斑鼻蟌	NP	VC																						+	
<i>Rhyothemis variegata arria</i>	Variegated Flutterer	斑麗翅膀	NP	C																						+	
<i>Trithemis aurora</i>	Crimson Dropwing	曉褐蜻	NP	VC												++										+	
<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	Indigo Dropwing	慶褐蜻	NP	VC												+										+	
<i>Zygonyx iris insignis</i>	Emerald Cascader	彩虹蜻	P,PG	VC																						+	
No of Species					6	4	3	4	1	6	1	11	1	4	10	4	6	6	8	7	9	13	9	11	9		

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong ; P - Protected in Hong Kong

“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common

“+” – Species exists in the study area

“++” – Species common in the study area

“+++” – Species abundance in the study area

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website

(www.hkbiodiversity.net)

LC- Local Concern - Fellowes et al (2002)

PGC - Potential Global Concern - Fellowes et al (2002)

Table 4.4. Odonate species recorded at the She Shan River

Species name	Common name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring										Post construction monitoring											
					Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16		
<i>Agriocnemis pygmaialis</i>	Wandering Midget	黃尾小蟌	NP	VC																						
<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	Asian Amberwing	黃翅蜻	NP	VC																						
<i>Ceriagrion auranticum ryukyuuanum</i>	Orange-tailed Sprite	琉球橘黃蟌	NP	VC						+	+	+	+	+	+	+								+	+	
<i>Copera ciliata</i>	Black-knees Featherlegs	白斑扇蟌	NP	VC																					+	+
<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Yellow Featherlegs	黃狹扇蟌	NP	VC	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Crocothemis servilia servilia</i>	Crimson Darter	紅蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					+	+	
<i>Diplacodes trivialis</i>	Blue Percher	紋藍小蟌	NP	VC																						
<i>Ictinogomphus pertinax</i>	Common Flangetail	霸王葉春蜓	NP	C	+									+	+	+	+	+	+	+						+
<i>Ischnura senegalensis</i>	Common Bluetail	褐斑異志蟌	NP	VC																						
<i>Nannophya pygmaea</i>	Scarlet Dwarf	侏紅小蟌	NP	C																						
<i>Neurobasiss chinensis chinensis</i>	Chinese Greenwing	華艷色蟌	NP	VC	+	+				+	+	+				+	+	+	+	+					+	+
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	Russet Percher	網脈蟌	NP	VC						+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						+	+
<i>Orthetrum chrysostigma</i>	Red-faced Skimmer	華麗灰蟌	NP	VC																						+
<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>	Common blue skimmer	黑尾灰蟌	NP	VC																						+
<i>Orthetrum luzonicum</i>	Marsh Skimmer	呂宋灰蟌	NP	VC											+	+										+
<i>Orthetrum pruinosum neglectum</i>	Common Red Skimmer	赤褐灰蟌	NP	VC	+					+	+	+	+													
<i>Orthetrum Sabina sabina</i>	Green Skimmer	狹腹灰蟌	NP	C	+																					
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Wandering Glider	黃蜻	NP	VC	+	+								+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Black Threadtail	烏齒原蟌	NP	VC										+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Pseudagrion pruinosum fraseri</i>	Ferruginous-faced Sprite	赤斑蟌	NP	C																						
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps rubriceps</i>	Orange-faced Sprite	丹頂斑蟌	NP	UC	+	+																				
<i>Rhinocypha perforata perforata</i>	Common Blue Jewel	三斑鼻蟌	NP	VC	+	+								+	+	+	+	+	+	+						+
<i>Rhyothemis variegata arria</i>	Variegated Flutterer	斑麗翅膀	NP	C												+	+	+	+							
<i>Trithemis aurora</i>	Crimson Dropwing	曉褐蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					+	+	
<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	Indigo Dropwing	慶褐蜻	NP	VC	+	+								+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Zygonyx iris insignis</i>	Emerald Cascader	彩虹蜻	P,PG	VC																						
No of Species					11	7	2	2	1	5	10	12	13	13	13	12	9	7	2	3	1	3	10	12		

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong ; P - Protected in Hong Kong

“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common

“+” – Species exists in the study area

“++” – Species common in the study area

“+++” – Species abundance in the study area

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website

(www.hkbiodiversity.net)

LC- Local Concern - Fellowes et al (2002)

PGC - Potential Global Concern - Fellowes et al (2002)

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River.

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section, T3 - Lower stream section)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling location	Baseline monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring																				
			Jul-08	Aug-08	Jan-09	Jul-09	Jan-10	Jul-10	Jan-11	Jul-11	Jan-12	Jul-12	Jul-13	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3														
		Status	Common ness	Upper stream	Lower stream	Upper stream	Lower stream	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3																
<b>Mollusks</b>																																											
<i>Anodonta woodiana</i>	背角無齒蚌	NP	VC																																								
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	河蜆	NP	VC																																								
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	瘤凝黑螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	++			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++																
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Sinotaia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++																
<b>Insects</b>																																											
<i>Baetis sp.</i>		NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Caenis sp.</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠶幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Euphaea sp.</i>		NP	VC																																								
<i>Indobaeis sp.</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Odonate larvae</i>		NP	VC																																								
<i>Orthetrum spp.</i>		--	NP	VC																																							
<i>Pseudagrion spp.</i>		--	NP	UC																																							
<i>Pseudocloeon sp.</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+																																			
<i>Serratella sp.</i>		NP	VC	+	+	+	+																																				
<b>Crustaceans</b>																																											
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC																																								
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	鰐刺溪蟹	NP	VC																																								
No of Species				12	12	12	12	9	0	7	11	9	0	0	12	10	0	11	0	10	8	14	4	10	9	9	8	10	10	9	7	11	7	6	5	9	8	7	5	11	8	7	6

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong;

P - protected species in Hong Kong

“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common

“+” – Species exists in the study area

“++” – Species common in the study area

“+++" – Species abundance in the study area

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section, T3 - Lower stream section)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling location	Impact monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring																									
			Dec-13			Jan-14			Feb-14			Mar-14			Apr-14			May-14			Jun-14			Jul-14			Aug-14			Sep-14																			
			Status	Common-ness	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3																	
<b>Mollusks</b>																																																	
<i>Anodonta woodiana</i>	背角無齒蚌	NP	VC																																														
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>		--	NP	VC	+																																												
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																	
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	河蜆	NP	VC	+				+																																									
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	瘤擬黑螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																	
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																	
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																	
<i>Sinotaia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	+																	
<b>Insects</b>																																																	
<i>Baetis sp.</i>		NP	VC	+				+																																									
<i>Caenis sp.</i>		--	NP	VC																																													
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠶幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																		
<i>Euphaea sp.</i>		NP	VC																																														
<i>Indobaeis sp.</i>		--	NP	VC																																													
<i>Odonate larvae</i>		NP	VC					+																																									
<i>Orthetrum spp.</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																		
<i>Pseudagrion spp.</i>		--	NP	UC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																		
<i>Pseudocloeon sp.</i>		--	NP	VC																																													
<i>Serratella sp.</i>		NP	VC																																														
<b>Crustaceans</b>																																																	
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC																																														
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	鰐刺溪蟹	NP	VC																																														
No of Species						11	8	8	7	11	8	8	7	13	10	9	8	14	12	12	9	14	12	13	9	11	11	13	8	10	12	13	8	10	11	14	7	10	12	15	6	12	12	14	8	12	12	13	7

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong;

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“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common

“+” – Species exists in the study area

“++” – Species common in the study area

“+++" – Species abundance in the study area

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section, T3 - Lower stream section)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling location	Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring												
			Nov-14			Dec-14			Jan-15			Feb-15			Mar-15			Apr-15			May-15			Jun-15			Jul-15			Aug-15						
			Status	Common-ness	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3				
<b>Mollusks</b>																																				
<i>Anodonta woodiana</i>	背角無齒蚌	NP	VC																																	
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+				+																										
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+		+	+	+																								
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	河蜆	NP	VC			+				+																										
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	瘤凝黑螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++				
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>		--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Sinotaia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++				
<b>Insects</b>																																				
<i>Baetis sp.</i>		NP	VC	+	+	+				+																										
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																																	
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠶幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Euphaea sp.</i>		NP	VC			+				+																										
<i>Indobaeis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+				+																										
<i>Odonate larvae</i>		NP	VC																																	
<i>Orthetrum spp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Pseudagrion spp.</i>	--	NP	UC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Pseudocloeon sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+				+																										
<i>Serratella sp.</i>		NP	VC																																	
<b>Crustaceans</b>																																				
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC																																	
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	鰐刺溪蟹	NP	VC																																	
No of Species					12	11	13	7	10	8	13	6	10	11	14	6	7	10	12	6	9	12	13	6	9	12	13	6	9	12	14	6	9	12	15	6

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong;

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Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section, T3 - Lower stream section)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling location	Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring									
			Sep-15			Oct-15			Nov-15			Dec-15			Jan-16			Feb-16			Mar-16			Apr-16						
			Status	Common-ness	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3		
<b>Mollusks</b>																														
<i>Anodonta woodiana</i>	背角無齒蚌	NP	VC																											
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	河蜆	NP	VC		+			+																						
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	瘤凝黑螺	NP	VC	+	+	++	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	+	++	+	++	+	++	+	++	+	++	++	++	++	++		
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++		
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Sinotaia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	++		
<b>Insects</b>																														
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC		+			+																					+	
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																											
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠶幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Euphaea sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+			+	+																					
<i>Indobaeis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Odonate larvae</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+			+	+																					
<i>Orthetrum spp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Pseudagrion spp.</i>	--	NP	UC	+	+			+	+																					
<i>Pseudocloeon sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																											
<i>Serratella sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+				+																						
<b>Crustaceans</b>																														
<i>Cardina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC		+			+						+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	鰐刺溪蟹	NP	VC		+			+						+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
No of Species				9	13	15	6	9	13	15	6	9	13	15	6	9	14	15	6	9	14	15	6	9	14	15	6	9	14	16

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong;

P - protected species in Hong Kong

"VC" – Very Common; "UC" – Uncommon; "C" - Common

"+" – Species exists in the study area

"++" – Species common in the study area

"+++" – Species abundance in the study area

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at She Shan River  
 (T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Species		Status	Commonness	Baseline monitoring				Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring											
				Jul-08		Aug-08		Jan-09			Jul-09			Jan-10			Jul-10			Jan-11			Jul-11								
				Upper stream	Lower stream	Upper stream	Lower stream	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3				
<i>Channa maculata</i>	斑鱧	NP	C																												
<i>Clarias gariepinus</i>	革胡子鯰	NP	VC																												
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC		++	++	+		+	+	+				+		+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C																												
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C			+	++								+																
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鱲	NP, V	C	+	++	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+		+		+		+		+										
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚將	NP	VC		++	++						+	+		+																
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南隱鰭鰕虎	NP	C																												
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+++	++	+++	+++	++	+	+	+			+		+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Rhinogobius</i> spp.	鰾虎魚	NP	C			+	+	+	+	+	+																				
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+			+++	+		+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C			+	+					+																			
<i>Zacco platypus</i>	寬鰭鱲	NP	C	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
2x2m fish number				80	60	80	60	30	15	45	30	0	0	300	30	0	13	20	5	20	200	22	16	3	0	6	4	2	3		
No of Species				4	4	9	9	6	1	6	9	7	1	0	5	7	1	6	0	7	3	9	8	8	6	1	0	8	0	2	1
<b>Amphibian</b>																															
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P, Cap 170, NT, PGC	R																												

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong

"VC" – Very Common; "UC" – Uncommon; "C" - Common

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'V" - Vulnerable - in Red China Data Book

Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at She Shan River  
 (T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Species		Status	Commonness	Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring										
				Jan-12			Jul-12			Jul-13			Dec-13			Jan-14			Feb-14			Mar-14			Apr-14										
				Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3								
<i>Channa maculata</i>	斑鱧	NP	C														+				+	+	+		+	+	+								
<i>Clarias gariepinus</i>	革胡子鯰	NP	VC															+				+				+									
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C					+										+				+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C	+				+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鱗	NP, V	C	+				+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚將	NP	VC	+	+			+	+	+											+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南隱鰭鯉	NP	C															+								+									
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+	+			+	+	+							+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Rhinogobius</i> spp.	鰕虎魚	NP	C	+	+			+	+	+							+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+	+			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C																							+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Zacco platypus</i>	寬鰭鱲	NP	C	+	+			+	+	+							+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	++				
2x2m fish number				8	2	4	0	4	2	2	0	5	3	4	2	5	3	4	2	12	16	30	40	30	40	50	60	60	60	70	70	40	40	50	40
No of Species				8	6	1	0	9	7	7	3	9	8	8	3	8	8	7	6	8	8	7	7	12	8	7	7	12	11	11	8	12	11	12	9
<b>Amphibian</b>																																			
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P, Cap 170, NT, PGC	R														+					+			+	+	+					+			

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Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at She Shan River  
 (T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring															
				May-14			Jun-14			Jul-14			Aug-14			Sep-14			Oct-14			Nov-14			Dec-14			Jan-15			Feb-15												
Species		Status	Commonness	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3												
<i>Channa maculata</i>	斑鱧	NP	C	+	+	+		+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+		+	+			+			+			+											
<i>Clarias gariepinus</i>	革胡子鯻	NP	VC			+			+			+	+			+	+	+		+	+		+			+			+			+											
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Parazacco spirurus</i>	異鱗	NP, V	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚將	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+			+				+			+			+			+			+			+	+	+											
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南隱鰭鯉	NP	C				+			+				+			+			+			+			+			+			+											
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Rhinogobius</i> spp.	鰕虎魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C			+	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+												
<i>Zacco platypus</i>	寬鰭鱲	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+												
2x2m fish number				20	10	20	10	12	5	8	6	16	8	10	10	12	10	16	12	20	20	30	16	40	30	40	30	50	50	60	50	60	50	50	40	40	50	40	40	40			
No of Species				10	10	13	9	10	9	11	9	9	8	11	10	9	9	12	10	9	9	11	10	8	9	12	8	7	6	11	9	7	8	11	8	7	9	12	8				
<b>Amphibian</b>																																											
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P, Cap 170, NT, PGC	R																																								

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Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at She Shan River  
 (T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Species		Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring									
				Mar-15			Apr-15			May-15			Jun-15			Jul-15			Aug-15			Sep-15									
				Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3				
<i>Channa maculata</i>	斑鱧	NP	C		+				+				+				+				+				+						
<i>Clarias gariepinus</i>	革胡子鯰	NP	VC			+	+			+	+			+	+			+	+		+	+			+	+	+				
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	++	+	++	+	++	+	++	++	+	++	++	+	++	++	++				
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鱗	NP, V	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚將	NP	VC			+	+			+	+			+	+			+	+		+	+			+	+	+				
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南隱鰭鯉	NP	C			+				+				+				+				+				+		+			
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Rhinogobius</i> spp.	鰕虎魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C		+	+				+	+			+	+			+	+		+	+			+	+	+				
<i>Zacco platypus</i>	寬鰭鱲	NP	C	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+			
2x2m fish number				40	40	50	50	30	35	55	45	20	10	20	10	20	10	20	10	15	8	15	8	20	10	20	10	20	12	23	12
No of Species				8	10	12	9	8	10	12	9	8	9	13	10	8	8	13	10	8	8	13	7	8	8	13	6				
<b>Amphibian</b>																															
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P, Cap 170, NT, PGC	R				+																								

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Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at She Shan River  
 (T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Species		Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring									
				Oct-15			Nov-15			Dec-15			Jan-16			Feb-16			Mar-16			Apr-16			May-16									
				Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3							
<i>Channa maculata</i>	斑鱧	NP	C			+				+				+																				
<i>Clarias gariepinus</i>	革胡子鯰	NP	VC			+	+			+	+			+	+																			
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C	+	++	++		+	++	++		+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	+	+	++	++	+	++	++						
<i>Parazacco spirurus</i>	異鱗	NP, V	C	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚將	NP	VC			+	+			+	+			+	+			+	+		+	+			+	+		+	+					
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南隱鰭鯉	NP	C			+				+																								
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Rhinogobius</i> spp.	鰱虎魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C			+	+			+	+			+	+			+	+		+	+			+	+		+						
<i>Zacco platypus</i>	寬鰭鱲	NP	C	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+							
2x2m fish number				35	35	25	20	45	45	35	30	55	50	40	35	55	45	35	25	60	45	40	30	60	50	35	25	40	40	30	20	30	20	10
No of Species				8	8	13	6	8	8	13	6	8	8	13	6	8	8	12	7	8	8	12	7	8	8	12	7	8	8	12	7			
<b>Amphibian</b>																																		
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P, Cap 170, NT, PGC	R																															

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Table 4.7 Abiotic data for the Upper She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Parameter / date	Baseline monitoring	Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring											
	Aug-08	Jan-09			Jul-09			Jan-10			Jul-10			Jan-11			Jul-11			Jan-12			Jul-12			Jul-13			Dec-13					
Replicate		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3						
DO (mg/L)	8.9	--	9.1	8.3	6	5.8	6.5	--	8.9	--	8.2	8.3	8.3	8	8.5	8.8	8	8.5	9	8.6	8.2	8.8	7.7	7.7	6.3	7.8	7.8	7.7	8.7	8.6	9.2			
pH	7.29	--	7.51	7.42	7.22	7.16	7.35	--	7.5	--	7.5	7.5	7.5	6.9	7	7.2	7.2	7	7.2	7.5	6.9	6.6	7.1	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.8	7.2	7.6	6.6	6.9	7.1		
Nitrate (mg N/L)	0.5	--	1.6	1.5	0.22	0.3	0.4	--	0.75	--	0.1	0.14	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.84	0.86	1.14	0.6	0.61	0.7	0.78	0.63	0.53			
Ammonia (mg N/L)	0.1	--	PO4-P ( $\mu\text{g P/L}$ ) <100	PO4-P ( $\mu\text{g P/L}$ ) :110	0.83	0.97	0.99	--	0.03	--	0.25	0.2	0.12	0.1	0.1	0.12	0.1	0.1	0.15	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.05	0.02	1.08	0.14	0.06	0.05	0.08	<0.01	0.42			
Salinity (ppt)	<0.1	--	0.1	0.1	0	0	0	--	0	--	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0	0	0	0.03	0.04	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.04	0	0	0
Conductivity ( $\mu\text{S/cm}$ )	90	--	140	170	116	114	116	--	105	--	410	410	390	110	111	115	120	115	130	122	118	126	121	120	160	94	97	97	116	116	134			
BOD (mg/L)	<2	--	<2	4	<2	<2	<2	--	2	--	<2	3.2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2			
Water flow at pool (m/s)	0.1-0.3	--	<0.01-0.1			<0.01	N.A.	<0.01-0.1	--	<0.01-0.1	--	0.1	0	0	0.1	0	0	0.2	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.1					
Water flow at riffle (m/s)	0.4-0.5	--	0.2-0.3			<0.01	N.A.	0.2-0.3	--	0.01	--	0.1	0	0	0.1	0	0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2				
Sand (%)	55	65	23	65	23	23	65	5	23	--	5	30	5	5	30	2	5	30	2	10	25	5	10	25	5	15	25	5	15	10	5			
Stone (%)	25	30	75	30	75	75	30	40	75	--	40	65	80	40	65	2	40	65	2	45	65	5	45	65	5	65	15	65	15	65	80	20		
Mud (%)	30	5	2	5	2	2	5	5	2	--	5	5	5	5	5	1	5	5	1	5	10	10	5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	5			
Concrete (%)	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	0	100	50	0	10	50	0	95	50	0	95	40	0	80	40	0	80	10	0	70	10	0	70				

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for the Upper She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for the Upper She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for the Upper She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

**Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP) Post-Construction  
Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement Work in  
Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po  
River – Investigation  
Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No. 29)  
Upper Tai Po River**

**May 2016**



Prepared by : Mike Pang

June 13, 2016

Validated by:Mark Shea

June 13, 2016

Ecology Team: China Hong Kong Ecology Consultants

**Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River  
Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan  
River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation  
Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP)**

**Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No.29)  
Upper Tai Po River**

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## **1 Introduction**

- 1.1 The current post-construction ecological monitoring programme is under Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP) Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po River. The collected data are mainly used to assess ecological recovery process and effectiveness of ecological migration proposed and enforced during the construction period.
- 1.2 The scope of the ecological monitoring was detailed in EM & A Manual of the project. In brief, the survey aimed to collect data on abiotic factors such as water quality, substratum characteristics, water flow as well as flora and fauna.
- 1.3 China Hong Kong Ecology Consultants Ltd. was committed by Allied Environmental Consultants Ltd (AEC) to undertake the ecological monitoring tasks for the project from December 2014.
- 1.4 This is the number 29 post-construction ecological monitoring report for the project conducted **on 26<sup>th</sup> May 2016**. It contains the following subsections:
  - Summary of major points
  - Monitoring Methods and Results
  - Summary and Comments

## **2 Summary of Major Points**

- Fauna and flora along the drainage project sections is in a process of re-establishing or restoration;
- Bird abundance was similar to those recorded during baseline survey;
- The abundance of target river fauna, i.e., fish *Parazacco spilurus* recorded was lower than those recorded during baseline monitoring (before fish capture/relocation took place). The reason for low fish population of *Parazacco spilurus* was due to river bed modification. The rare fish *Pseudobagrus trilineatus* was consistently recorded in the river during recent monitoring. The other target species, Hong Kong Newt *Parimesotriton hongkongensis*, was not found within works area during baseline, impact monitoring and it was recorded in the river during post construction monitoring. Apart from fauna species, 52 flora species was recorded within the survey transects along the river course. Some common herbs were observed generating on the embankment, which indicating that vegetation was recovering. Flora species of *Tibouchina semidecandra* and *Ipomoea pes-caprae* were planted on the gabion along the river for landscape purpose;
- The abundance of fish was lower than last month;
- The abundance of odonata was increasing due to seasonality; and
- Newt was not recorded during the survey.

### **3 Monitoring Methodology**

#### **3.1 Riparian Vegetation**

Riparian vegetation including aquatic and emergent was sampled by line transects along the affected river channel and riparian habitat. Species, relative abundance and average heights were recorded. Vegetation surveys were conducted at three selected belt transects with one located at the upper portion of the river channel (T1) and another one at the middle section of the river (T2), as well as reference site (**Figure 1**). The belt transects was run across the river channel in order to collect quantitative data of the vegetation, e.g., species inventory, height, percentage cover. Qualitative data of plants was collected by recording plant species along line transect, e.g., species inventory, relative abundance. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in Lai *et al.* (2004) and Hong Kong Herbarium (2015).

#### **3.2 Avifauna**

Avifauna survey was conducted during post construction monitoring period. Special attention was given to the river channel and corridor area which birds used as feeding and foraging habitat. Avifauna survey was undertaken in the early morning plus species recorded in the rest of the day when conducting other taxonomic groups (benthic, fish, insect) monitoring. Numerical abundance was recorded at fixed count points within a radius of 30 to 50m according to landscape feature and visual penetration extent. The duration of the point count of birds was standardized for 10 minutes at each location in order to collect comparable data. Transect count along accessible sections of river channel were used in order to collect qualitative data. Binoculars and digital camera were the main items of equipment used. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)) and Carey *et al.* (2001).

The point count was conducted at two locations with one located at the lower portion of the river channel (T2) and the other located at the upper section of the river (T1). The point count locations, survey transect for bird survey and sampling sites for surveys of other faunal groups and flora was given in **Figure 1**.

#### **3.3 Adult Odonata Survey**

Adult Odonata surveys were conducted along transects (**Figure 1**). Binoculars, digital camera and hand net were utilized to aid identification. Numerical abundance, species identity and other notable behavior were recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)), Wilson *et al.* (2004) and Tam *et al.* (2011). Adult Odonata survey was conducted along line transects in parallel with river channel within the works area where access was permitted.

### **3.4 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates**

Macro-invertebrates in the river channel were surveyed in three sampling sites with two located at upper (T1) and middle (T2) proportion of the river respectively and one reference site. It aims to collect necessary macro-invertebrate fauna for ecological monitoring programme (**Figure 1**). Five replicates were taken at each sampling point and pool together for further sample sorting and identification. Kick sampling and hand netting were the survey methodologies for river organisms. Dissection microscope and digital camera were used to aid identification and enumeration. Numerical abundance and species identity were recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)) and other literatures such as Dudgeon (1994).

### **3.5 Fish and Newt**

Fish community including target species *Parazacco spilurus* and *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* at the specified river channel was monitored by live trapping, hand netting and direct observation methods.

Sampling was conducted at three sampling locations with one located at upper section (T1) and one located at middle section (T2), as well as reference site. The selected sampling site covered major type of river habitats, e.g. river pool and riffle (**Figure 1**). The number of the observed fish and newt was estimated and recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net)) and Lee *et al.* (2004).

## **3.6 Abiotic Data Collection**

### **3.6.1 Water Quality Monitoring**

Dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity, BOD and nutrient level (nitrate and ammonium) were measured and analyzed by conventional methods in situ or in laboratory. The instruments for measuring dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity were model: DO-5510, AZ8685, AZ8361 and AZ8374 respectively. All the instruments were calculated every monitoring month according to the operation manuals in order to obtain the precise result. BOD test took 5 days to complete within darkness incubator with stable temperature at 20°C and was performed using model: DO-5510 for measuring dissolved oxygen. Nutrient levels including nitrate and ammonia were performed in laboratory by applying the In-house method SOP056 (FIA) and SOP057 (FIA) respectively.

### **3.6.2 Sediment Characteristics**

Sediment/substrate characteristics were recorded of sediment cover in percentage e.g. mud, sand, rock, boulder and cemented bottom in the river bed at sampling sites.

### **3.6.3 Water Flow**

Water flow rates in river channel were measured by recording the time taken for a floating object (e.g. floating ball) in a measured distance. The sampling sites for surveys were given in **Figure 1**.

## 4 Monitoring Results

### 4.1 Vegetation

Major proportion of river bed and bank was concrete and without plant colonizing (Photos 2-3). Vegetation has sparingly covered the gabion wall along the upper Tai Po River and the river bed with some common plants including invasive species *Mikania micrantha*, and native species *Commelina diffusa* (Photo 4). In total, 52 flora species were recorded within the survey transects along the river course. Abundant native species *Commelina diffusa* was the dominant species established in the river bed (Photo 5). A great change on vegetation coverage at the river bed was observed that most of the vegetation was washed out by flooding. The flora were generally in good health, and the height of the dominated riparian grass and herb species were in a range from 0.3m to 2m as observed along survey transect. Dominant flora species were shown in the **Table 4.1** marked with relative abundance sign “+++”. Results of vegetation survey and belt transect survey were presented in **Table 4.1** and **Table 4.2**. **Figure 1** shows the transect line for the flora surveys.

### 4.2 Fauna

#### 4.2.1 Avifauna

An avifauna survey was undertaken along survey transects and at two defined point count locations. In total, 18 species of birds were recorded during bird survey. Among them, 4 species were wetland dependant birds observed feeding and roosting in the river channel including *Ardeola bacchus*, *Egretta garzetta*, *Motacilla cinerea* and *Motacilla alba*. A common species *Pycnonotus jocosus* was the dominant species of most of the proportion of the river. All the birds in Hong Kong are under protection of Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170). Some of the wetland dependent species recorded are classified as Regional Concern by Fellowes *et al.* (2002) including *Egretta garzetta* and *Ardeola bacchus*, which were usually observed feeding in the river. *Centropus sinensis* was found in the river, which is considered as Vulnerable in China Red Data Book. A summer visitor, *Cacomantis merulinus*, was considered as an uncommon species in Hong Kong, its call was noticed during the survey. Only foraging and roosting behaviour of some wetland dependent birds were noticed. Transect and Point Count locations were shown on **Figure 1**. Result of bird survey was presented in the **Table 4.3**.

#### 4.2.2 Adult Odonata Survey

Odonata surveys were performed and a list of recorded odonata species at Upper Tai Po River is shown in **Table 4.4**. Number of odonata species recorded increased by 3 species compared with the survey conducted in last month and the result was similar to previous surveys conducted in approximate period of last year. In total, 10 species odonata was found (Photo 6), the recorded odonata species was common species in Hong Kong except *Aethriamanta brevipennis brevipennis* (Photo 7) was considered as an uncommon species. The abundance of odonata is increasing following commencement of peak emergence from spring. It is expected that number of odonata will keep in high abundance during wet season (Wilson *et al.*, 2004 & Tam *et al.*, 2011). Sampling location was shown in **Figure 1**.

#### **4.2.3 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates**

Aquatic-net and kick sampling were performed at the river. The river benthic fauna collected was mainly comprised of insects, molluscs and crustaceans (Photo 8). Details of recorded of river benthic fauna refers to **Table 4.5**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

#### **4.2.4 Hong Kong Newt**

Surveys of Hong Kong Newt were conducted at Upper Tai Po River. Newt was not captured in this month at reference site. Hong Kong Newt is listed in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170) and classified as “Near Threatened” under IUCN Red List Status and as “Potential Global Concern” by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). Record of Hong Kong Newts can be referred to **Table 4.6**.

#### **4.2.5 River Fish Fauna**

Fish surveys were performed at Upper Tai Po River during surveys. In total, 11 species freshwater fish were recorded within project area. Fish abundance was low along the modified river channel. The *Parazacco spilurus* and *Pseudobagrus trilineatus*, which have conservation interest, were restricted in the upper section of the surveyed river outside the works boundary where the habitat was not affected by construction works, while *Parazacco spilurus* is listed in China Red Data Book Status as Vulnerable and *Pseudobagrus trilineatus* is classified as Global Concern by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). The data showed that fish abundance decreased slightly compared with last month. Details of records of fish fauna refers to **Table 4.6**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

### **4.3 Abiotic Data**

Data on water quality and major river hydrological feature (water flow and substratum) of the river were collected and are presented in the **Table 4.7**.

Generally, the water was not polluted and nutrient levels were generally low. Results of water test were presented in the **Table 4.7**.

The river substratums of upper and lower sections were comprised of 40% stone and 60% concrete, 20% stone and 80% concrete respectively. Moderate water flow up to 0.3m/second at pool and 0.6m/second at riffle was measured.

## **5 Summary and Commentary**

Post construction ecological monitoring was carried out in current month and relevant biotic and abiotic data was collected according to project specification and EM & A Manual. No Newt was recorded during the survey. Fishes abundance was recorded with tiny change in this month. Bird abundance was similar to those recorded during baseline survey. Species richness of odonata was increasing due to seasonality.

Aquatic and riparian vegetation along river channel was re-established compared to those recorded during baseline surveys. However, most of the

vegetation at the river bed was washed out by flooding in May. Vegetation has sparsely covered gabion wall and river bed along to the Upper Tai Po River.

The water quality of the surveyed river was not polluted as indicated by low nutrient concentration level of ammonium and nitrate although the river channel may receive discharge and runoff from the village areas.

## 6 REFERENCES

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## **FIGURE**



Figure 1. Sampling Location of Ecological Survey and Monitoring at Upper Tai Po River,Tai Po.

## **PHOTOS**

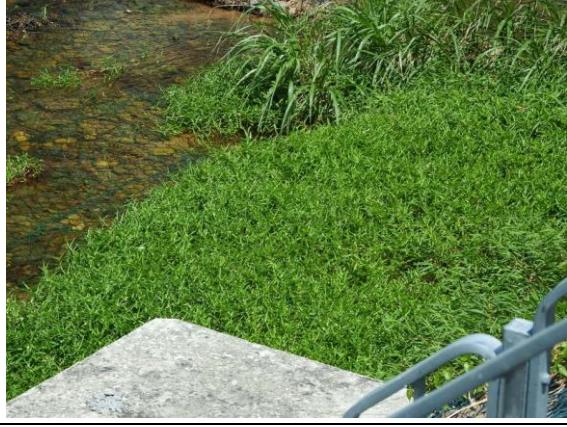
	
Photo 1: General view of the river channel (Reference site)	Photo 2: General view of the river channel (Upper section)
	
Photo 3: General view of the river channel (Middle section)	Photo 4: Vegetation sparsely growing on gabion
	
Photo 5: Abundant species - <i>Commelina diffusa</i> (Middle section)	Photo 6: Odonata - <i>Orthetrum luzonicum</i>

	
Photo 7: Odonata - <i>Aethriamanta brevipennis brevipennis</i>	Photo 8: Aquatic sampling

## **TABLE**

Table 4.1. Flora species recorded at the transect along the Upper Tai Po River including riparian habitat.

Table 4.1. Flora species recorded at the transect along the Upper Tai Po River including riparian habitat.

## Floating plan

Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>	浮萍																																						
No of Species			38	38	38	39	39	34	11	12	4	17	23	27	36	39	59	60	61	61	61	62	63	63	61	63	63	66	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	65	65	66	66	52

### Note

+, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant species recorded in study area

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Tai Po stream (T1 - Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

Family	Species	Chinese name	Baseline survey				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring									
			Stream		Oct-07		Jan-09				Jul-09				Jan-10				Jul-10									
			Transect	P1	P2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2								
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.4	15	1	40	0.5	5	0.5	5		0.5	5		0.5	3	0.2	5	0.2	2	0.5	20	0.5	60				
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕	1	2			5	5			2	10	5	5		2	10	5	5		5	5						
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹	5	2					6	15			6	15								4m	5					
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹	1.2	45	1.2	30			0.8	10	0.5	12			0.7	30				1	35	1	5	0.5	10			
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐	2	2			5	5	3	5	1.5	4	5	5	3	5	1.5	5	5		5	5						
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋	1.5	23					1.5	25			2	30								2	10					
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋	0.3	<1	0.4	<1	0.3	2			0.3	2	0.8	5		0.3	1											
Myrtaceae	<i>Cleistocalyx operculatus</i>	水翁					0.4	10	7	5		0.4	10	7	5		0.4	10	7	5		0.4	10					
Athyriaceae	<i>Callipteris esculenta</i>	菜蕨			0.6	1	0.8	10			0.4	10	0.8	10		0.4	2	0.8	6		0.8	6						
Poaceae	<i>Phragmites karka</i>	卡開蘆					1.5	51			1.5	51				1.5	53				1.5	10						
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨	0.4	10					0.4	10			0.4	2														
Equisetaceae	<i>Equisetum debile</i>	筆管草			0.6	<1	0.3	2			0.3	2			0.3	2												
Asteraceae	<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i>	勝紅薊					0.4	2			0.4	2				0.2	2											
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草													0.2	5	0.2	5	0.2	5		0.5	20					
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																			0.4	5						
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Mallotus paniculatus</i>	白欖															0.3	5										
Poaceae	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	牛筋草									0.5	5						5										
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草							3	4																		
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊																										
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草																										
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	枯骨草																										
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																										
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea carica</i>	五爪金龍																										
Cucurbitaceae	<i>Benincasa hispida</i>	冬瓜																										
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛																										
Convolvulaceae	<i>Merremia hederacea</i>	魚黃草																										
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																										
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草																										
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																										
Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>	大紅花																										
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																										
Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens walleriana</i>	非洲鳳仙																										
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙																										
Bare Gound							10		73		10	10		78		6		10		73		88		9		15		65

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

P1 – Point count location 1; P2 – Point count location 2

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Tai Po stream (T1 - Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

Family	Species	Chinese name	Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring									
			Stream			Jan-11			Jul-11			Jan-12			Jul-12			Mar-13			Jul-13									
			Transect		Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2					
			Height (m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height(m)	%				
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.5	10				0.5	10			0.4	20			0.4	10			0.4	60			0.4	40	0.4	3			
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																												
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																												
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹	1	15	1	5	0.5	2	1	2							1	55												
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐					4m	5											0.3	2										
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋						0.4	3																					
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋																												
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Poaceae	<i>Phragmites karka</i>	卡開蘆	1.5	2					1.5	2																				
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																												
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Asteraceae	<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i>	勝紅薊					0.3	2	1.2	10					0.4	20														
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草					0.2	4							0.4	10			0.4	5										
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵									0.5	4									0.4	5								
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Mallotus paniculatus</i>	白欖																												
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Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊																												
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草		0.5	5	3					0.2	2									0.3	10								
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	枯骨草						1.5	5						1.5	5					0.6	5								
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡													1.5	5					1.5	3								
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea carica</i>	五爪金龍													0.2	5														
Cucurbitaceae	<i>Benincasa hispida</i>	冬瓜					0.2	5																						
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛																			0.2	5								
Convolvulaceae	<i>Merremia hederacea</i>	魚黃草																			0.2	5								
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																												
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Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																												
Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>	大紅花																											0.6	5
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																												
Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens walleriana</i>	非洲鳳仙																												
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙																												
	Bare Gound		68	80	89	71	100	89	35	100	100	20	100	100	10											20	76			

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

P1 – Point count location 1; P2 – Point count location 2

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Tai Po stream (T1 - Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						
			Stream		Jan-14				Feb-14		Mar-14				Apr-14		May-14				Jun-14						
			Transect	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.4	40	0.4	5	(concret section)	0.4	40	0.4	8	(concret section)	0.4	40	0.4	8	(concret section)	0.3	5	0.3	20	(concret section)	0.3	5	0.3	25	(concret section)
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																									
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																									
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹				0.6																					
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐																									
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋																									
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋	0.3	3				0.3	3																		
Myrtaceae	<i>Cleistocalyx operculatus</i>	水翁																									
Athyriaceae	<i>Callipteris esculenta</i>	菜蕨																									
Poaceae	<i>Phragmites karka</i>	卡開蘆	1.2	2				1.2	2																		
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																									
Equisetaceae	<i>Equisetum debile</i>	筆管草																									
Asteraceae	<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i>	勝紅薊																									
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草	0.4	6				0.4	6																		
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																									
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Mallotus paniculatus</i>	白欖																									
Poaceae	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	牛筋草			0.3	3																					
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																									
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊																									
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	0.3	15	0.3	10		0.3	15	0.3	10																
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	枯骨草	0.6	5				0.6	5																		
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																									
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea carica</i>	五爪金龍																									
Cucurbitaceae	<i>Benincasa hispida</i>	冬瓜																									
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛	0.2	10				0.2	10																		
Convolvulaceae	<i>Merremia hederacea</i>	魚黃草																									
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																									
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草																									
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																									
Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>	大紅花		0.6	5				0.6	5																	
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																									
Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens walleriana</i>	非洲鳳仙																									
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙																									
Bare Gound			19	74				19	69																		

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

P1 – Point count location 1; P2 – Point count location 2

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Tai Po stream (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

P1 – Point count location 1; P2 – Point count location 2

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Tai Po stream (T1 - Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring												
			Jan-15			Feb-14			Mar-14			Apr-14			May-15			Jun-15			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring									
			Transect	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2						
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.8	15			0.3	10	0.8	15			0.3	10	0.8	15		0.3	10	0.8	15		0.3	10	0.5	10	0.3	3					
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																															
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																															
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹	1.3	5			1	5	1.3	5			1	5	1.3	5		1	5	1.3	5		1	5	1	5	1	3					
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐					0.6	1					0.6	1												0.5	1						
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋																															
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋	0.8	5					0.8	5					0.8	5							0.5	5									
Myrtaceae	<i>Cleistocalyx operculatus</i>	水翁																															
Athyriaceae	<i>Callipteris esculenta</i>	菜蕨																															
Poaceae	<i>Phragmites karka</i>	卡開蘆	1.7	10					1.7	10					1.7	10							1.5	10				1.5	10				
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																															
Equisetaceae	<i>Equisetum debile</i>	筆管草	0.3	5					0.3	5					0.3	5						0.3	5				0.3	5					
Asteraceae	<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i>	勝紅薊			0.3	2					0.3	2				0.3	2						0.3	2				0.3	5				
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草	0.2	10			0.4	60	0.3	10			0.5	60	0.3	10		0.5	60	0.3	10		0.5	35	0.3	10		0.5	35				
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																															
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Mallotus paniculatus</i>	白欖																															
Poaceae	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	牛筋草																															
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																															
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊																															
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	1	5			0.8	2	1	5			0.8	2	1	5		0.8	2	1	5		0.8	2	0.7	5		0.6	2	0.6	2		
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	枯骨草	0.6	5					0.6	5					0.6	5						0.6	5				0.4	5					
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																															
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea carica</i>	五爪金龍																															
Cucurbitaceae	<i>Benincasa hispida</i>	冬瓜																															
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛																															
Convolvulaceae	<i>Merremia hederacea</i>	魚黃草																															
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草					4	10					4	10								4	10				2	7			2	7	
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草																															
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香			0.2	4					0.3	4				0.3	4					0.3	4				0.3	2			0.3	5	
Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>	大紅花																															
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草			0.2	6					0.2	6				0.2	6					0.2	6				0.2	3			0.2	5	
Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens walleriana</i>	非洲鳳仙					1	5					1	5								1	5				1	3			1	3	
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙	1.7	5			35	88	7	35	88	7	35	88	7	35	88	7	35	88	7	40	93	46	40	85	46	40	85	46			
Bare Gound																																	

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

P1 – Point count location 1; P2 – Point count location 2

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Tai Po stream (T1 - Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring							
			Stream			Jul-15			Aug-15			Sep-15			Oct-15			Nov-15			Dec-15							
			Transect	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2				
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.5	10			0.5	10		0.5	10		0.5	10		0.5	10		0.5	10		0.5	5					
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																										
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																										
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹	1	5	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	5	1	3	1	5	1	3	1	5	1	3		
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐					1.5	5		1.5	5				1.5	5		1.5	5		1.5	5				1.5	5	
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋																										
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋	0.5	5	1.2	10		0.5	5	1.2	5		0.5	5	1.2	2		0.5	5	1.2	5		0.5	5	1.2	5		
Myrtaceae	<i>Cleistocalyx operculatus</i>	水翁																										
Athyriaceae	<i>Callipteris esculenta</i>	菜蕨																										
Poaceae	<i>Phragmites karka</i>	卡開蘆	1.5	10			1.5	10		1.5	10				1.5	10		1.5	10				1.5	7				
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																										
Equisetaceae	<i>Equisetum debile</i>	筆管草	0.3	5			0.3	5		0.3	5				0.3	5		0.3	5				0.3	5				
Asteraceae	<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i>	勝紅薊																										
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草	0.3	10			0.4	40	0.4	10	0.2	20	0.4	30	0.4	10	0.2	5	0.4	30	0.4	10	0.2	20	0.4	30		
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																										
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Mallotus paniculatus</i>	白欖																										
Poaceae	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	牛筋草																										
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																										
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊																										
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	0.7	5			0.5	5	0.7	5		0.5	5	0.7	5		0.5	5	0.7	5		0.5	5	0.7	5	0.5	5	
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	枯骨草	0.4	5			0.4	5		0.4	5				0.4	5		0.4	5				0.4	5				
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																										
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea carica</i>	五爪金龍																										
Cucurbitaceae	<i>Benincasa hispida</i>	冬瓜																										
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛																										
Convolvulaceae	<i>Merremia hederacea</i>	魚黃草																										
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草			2.5	20	2	30		2.5	5	2	20		2.5	5	2	20		2	7	2	20		2	10	2	20
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草			1.2	50	0.5	15		1.2	30	0.5	15		1.2	2	0.5	15		1.2	2	0.5	15		1.2	2	0.5	15
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																										
Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>	大紅花																										
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草	0.2	5			0.2	5		0.2	2		0.2	2		0.2	2		0.2	2		0.2	2		0.2	2		
Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens walleriana</i>	非洲鳳仙																										
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙	1.7	5			1.7	5		1.7	5		1.7	5		1.7	5		1.7	5		1.7	5		1.7	5		
Bare Gound			40		14		5	40		34	25		40		83		25		40		66		25		40		58	

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

P1 – Point count location 1; P2 – Point count location 2

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Tai Po stream (T1 - Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring					
			Stream		Jan-16		Feb-16		Mar-16		Apr-16		May-16											
			Transect	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Height (m)	Height (m)	Height (m)	Height (m)		
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.5	5			0.5	5		0.6	5		0.6	5		0.6	5		0.6	5				
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																						
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																						
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹	1	5	1	3	1	5	1	3	1.2	5	1	3	1.2	5	1	3	1.2	5				
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐				1.5	5		1.5	5				1.5	5		1.5	5		1.5	5			
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋																						
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋	0.5	5	1.2	5	0.5	5	1.2	5	0.5	5	1.2	5	0.5	5	1.2	5	0.5	5				
Myrtaceae	<i>Cleistocalyx operculatus</i>	水翁																						
Athyriaceae	<i>Callipteris esculenta</i>	菜蕨																						
Poaceae	<i>Phragmites karka</i>	卡開蘆	1.5	7			1.5	7		1.5	7				1.5	7		1.5	5					
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																						
Equisetaceae	<i>Equisetum debile</i>	筆管草	0.3	5			0.3	5		0.3	5				0.3	5		0.3	5					
Asteraceae	<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i>	勝紅薊																						
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草	0.4	10	0.2	25	0.4	35	0.4	10	0.2	25	0.4	35	0.4	10	0.3	25	40	0	0.4	8	2	
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																						
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Mallotus paniculatus</i>	白欖																						
Poaceae	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	牛筋草																						
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																						
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊																						
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	0.7	5		0.5	5	0.7	5	0.5	5	0.7	5	0.5	5	0.7	5	0.5	5	0.7	5	0.5	5	
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	枯骨草	0.4	5			0.4	5		0.4	5				0.4	5		0.4	5		0.4	5		
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																						
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea carica</i>	五爪金龍																						
Cucurbitaceae	<i>Benincasa hispida</i>	冬瓜																						
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛																						
Convolvulaceae	<i>Merremia hederacea</i>	魚黃草																						
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草	2	10	2	20	2	10	2	20	2	10	2	20	2	10	2	20	2	8	2	10	2	
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草		1.2	2	0.5	15		1.2	2	0.5	15		1.2	2	0.5	15		1.2	2	0.5	10	1.2	2
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																						
Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>	大紅花																						
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草	0.2	2			0.2	2		0.2	2			0.2	2		0.2	2						
Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens walleriana</i>	非洲鳳仙																						
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙	1.7	5			1.7	5		1.7	5			1.7	5		1.7	5		1.7	5			
	Bare Gound		48	53	20	48	53	20	48	53	20	48	53	55	50	60	70	55	93	85				

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

P1 – Point count location 1; P2 – Point count location 2

Table 4.3 Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at two selected point count locations for Upper Tai Po River. (T1- Upper stream section and T2- Lower stream section )

Note: R – Resident; WV – Winter visitor; Sv – Summer Visitor; PM – Passage migrant; C – Common; U – Uncommon; SpM – Spring migrant; C – transect count; P1 – Point count location 1; P2 – Point count location 2

Abundance indication: +, No. of indiv. 1 ~ 3; ++, No. of indiv. 4 ~ 10; +++, No. of indiv. >10

Commonness and status were decided

(www.hkbiodiversity.net)

All bird species are under protection of Wild Animals

Endangered Species of Animals and Plants

RC : Regional concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

LC : Local Concern Fellowes et al (2002)

BRC: Potential Regional cover Fellowes *et al.* (2002)

PRC: Potential Regional onver Fellowes *et al.* (2004)

CR: Rare in China Red Data Book Status

VU: Vulnerable in China Red Data Book Status

Table 4.3 Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at two selected point count locations for Upper Tai Po River. (T1- Upper stream section and T2- Lower stream section )

Note: R – Resident; WV – Winter visitor; Sv – Summer Visitor; PM – Passage migrant; C – Common; U – Uncommon; SpM – Spring migrant; C – transect count; P1 – Point count location 1; P2 – Point count location 2

Abundance indication: +, No. of indiv. 1 ~ 3; ++, No. of indiv. 4 ~ 10; +++, No. of indiv. >10;

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website.

(www.hkbiodiversity.net)

All bird species are under protection of Wild Ani

## Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance

BC : Regional concern. Fellowes et al. (2002).

RC : Regional concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

LC : Local Concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

PRC: Potential Regional onver Fellowes *et al* (20)

CR: Rare in China Red Data Book Status

VU: Vulnerable in China Red Data Book Status

Table 4.4. Odonate species recorded at the Upper Tai Po River

Species	Common name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Baseline survey	Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring						Post construction monitoring											
						Oct-07	Jan-09	Jul-09	Jan-10	Jul-10	Jan-11	Jul-11	Jan-12	Jul-12	Mar-13	Jul-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	
<i>Aethriamanta brevipennis brevipennis</i>	Elusive Adjutant	短腹異蜻	NP	U																							
<i>Macrodiplex cora</i>	Coastal Glider	高翔漭蜻	NP	C																							
<i>Ceriagrion auranticum ryukyuianum</i>	Orange-tailed Sprite	琉球橘黃蟌	NP	VC																+	+						
<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Yellow Featherlegs	黃狹扇蟌	NP	VC																		+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Crocothemis servilia servilia</i>	Crimson Darter	紅蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+												+							
<i>Euphaea decorata</i>	Black-banded Gossamerwing	方帶幽蟌	NP	VC																		+	+				
<i>Neurobasis chinensis</i>	Chinese Greenwing	華艷色蟌	NP	C							+									+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	Russet Percher	網脈蜻	NP	VC																							
<i>Orthetrum chrysostigma</i>	Red-faced Skimmer	華麗灰蜻	NP	VC		+	+	+					+						+	+							
<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>	Common blue skimmer	黑尾灰蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+																	+	+		
<i>Orthetrum luzonicum</i>	Marsh Skimmer	呂宋灰蜻	NP	VC											+								+	+	+	+	
<i>Orthetrum pruinosum neglectum</i>	Common Red Skimmer	赤褐灰蜻	NP	VC																							
<i>Palpopleura sexmaculata sexmaculata</i>	Asian Widow	六斑曲緣蜻	NP	C											+												
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Wandering Glider	黃蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+											+	
<i>Paracercion calamorum dyeri</i>	Dusky Lilsquatter	葦尾蟌	P, LC	C																							
<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Black Threadtail	烏齒原蟌	NP	VC																							
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps rubriceps</i>	Orange-faced Sprite	丹頂斑蟌	NP	C										+												+	
<i>Rhinocypha perforata</i>	Common Blue Jewel	三斑鼻蟌	NP	VC									+													+	
<i>Trithemis Aurora</i>	Crimson dropwing	曉褐蜻	NP	VC	+			+												+			+	+	+	+	
<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	Indigo Dropwing	慶褐蜻	NP	VC										+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Urothemis signata signata</i>	Scarlet Basket	赤斑曲鈎脈蜻	NP	C										+													
<i>Zygonyx iris insignis</i>	Emerald Cascader	彩虹蜻	P	P,PGC																					+	+	
No of Species						4	2	4	1	6	1	5	1	5	1	4	2	1	3	4	4	2	5	7	8	9	

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“+” – Species exists in the study area

“++” – Species common in the study area

“+++” – Species abundance in the study area

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net))LC- Local Concern - Fellowes *et al* (2002)PGC - Potential Global Concern - Fellowes *et al* (2002)

Table 4.4. Odonate species recorded at the Upper Tai Po River

Species	Common name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring										Post construction monitoring										
					Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16		
<i>Aethriamanta brevipennis brevipennis</i>	Elusive Adjutant	短腹異蜻	NP	U																				+	
<i>Macrodiplex cora</i>	Coastal Glider	高翔漭蜻	NP	C									+	+											
<i>Ceriagrion auranticum ryukyunum</i>	Orange-tailed Sprite	琉球橘黃蟌	NP	VC	+							+	+	+	+	+								+	
<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Yellow Featherlegs	黃狹扇蟌	NP	VC								+	+	+	+	+									
<i>Crocothemis servilia servilia</i>	Crimson Darter	紅蜻	NP	VC										+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Euphaea decorata</i>	Black-banded Gossamerwing	方帶幽蟌	NP	VC																					
<i>Neurobasis chinensis</i>	Chinese Greenwing	華艷色蟌	NP	C	+							+	+			+	+	+						+	+
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	Russet Percher	網脈蜻	NP	VC												+	+	+							
<i>Orthetrum chrysostigma</i>	Red-faced Skimmer	華麗灰蜻	NP	VC													+	+	+	+				+	+
<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>	Common blue skimmer	黑尾灰蜻	NP	VC																					
<i>Orthetrum luzonicum</i>	Marsh Skimmer	呂宋灰蜻	NP	VC								+	+	+	+	+	+							+	+
<i>Orthetrum pruinatum neglectum</i>	Common Red Skimmer	赤褐灰蜻	NP	VC									+	+	+									+	+
<i>Palpopleura sexmaculata sexmaculata</i>	Asian Widow	六斑曲緣蜻	NP	C										+	+										
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Wandering Glider	黃蜻	NP	VC	+																			+	+
<i>Paracercion calamorum dyeri</i>	Dusky Lilsquatter	葦尾蟌	P, LC	C																					
<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Black Threadtail	烏齒原蟌	NP	VC													+								
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps rubriceps</i>	Orange-faced Sprite	丹頂斑蟌	NP	C										+	+	+									
<i>Rhinocypha perforata</i>	Common Blue Jewel	三斑鼻蟌	NP	VC										+	+	+	+	+	+	+					+
<i>Trithemis Aurora</i>	Crimson dropwing	曉褐蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+																	+	+
<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	Indigo Dropwing	慶褐蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					+	+	
<i>Urothemis signata signata</i>	Scarlet Basket	赤斑曲鈎脈蜻	NP	C																					
<i>Zygonyx iris insignis</i>	Emerald Cascader	彩虹蜻	P	P, PGC	+																				
No of Species					6	2	2	1	3	6	7	9	11	10	8	8	5	1	2	1	2	7	10		

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“+++” – Species abundance in the study area

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website ([www.hkbiodiversity.net](http://www.hkbiodiversity.net))LC- Local Concern - Fellowes *et al* (2002)PGC - Potential Global Concern - Fellowes *et al* (2002)

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2- Lower stream sampling site )

Species	Chinese name	Sampling point	Baseline survey		Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring																				
			Oct-07		Jan-09			Jul-09			Jan-10			Jul-10			Jan-11			Jul-11			Jan-12			Jul-12			Mar-13					
			T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2						
<b>Mollusca</b>																																		
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+		+		+		+	+	+	+	+			+			+														
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	++	+	++		++		++	+	++	+	+	+		+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	瘤擬黑螺	NP	VC					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Physella acuta</i>	尖膀胱螺	NP	VC																															
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC					+	+	++	+	+	+	++		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC	++		+		+		+	+	+	+	++		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Sinotaia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC					++		+	++		++		+++		+		+		+		+		+		+							
<b>Insects</b>																																		
<i>Anisocentropus sp.</i>	--	NP	VC														+																	
<i>Arctopora sp.</i>	--	NP	VC														+																	
<i>Aulocodes sp.</i>	--	NP	VC														+																	
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+		+		+	+	+	+	+		+																		
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠻幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+		+		+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Ephemera sp.</i>		NP	VC																															
<i>Indobaeitis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+		+		+	+	+	+	+		+																		
<i>Mnais sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+		+		+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
Odonate Larvae		NP	VC																															
<i>Orthetrum sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+		+		+	+	+	+	+		+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Perla sp.</i>	--	NP	VC														+																	
<i>Rhaphium sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																															
<i>Tipulidae spp.</i>	--	NP	VC														+																	
<b>Crustacea</b>																																		
<i>Caridina cantonensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC			+		+		+	++	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	鰾刺溪蟹	NP	C			+		+		+		+	+	+																				
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC			+		+		+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
No of Species						5	6	9	0	5	11	2	5	11	12	6	11	16	8	10	6	5	12	4	4	10	6	4	14	7	1	14	2	0

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"+++" – Species abundance in the study area

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works

area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2- Lower stream sampling site )

Species	Chinese name	Sampling point	Impact monitoring			Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring																				
			Jul-13			Jan-14		Feb-14		Mar-14		Apr-14		May-14		Jun-14		Jul-14		Aug-14										
			Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1								
<b>Mollusca</b>																														
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	--	NP	VC						+			+			+			+			+									
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+	+		+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	瘤擬黑螺	NP	VC	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Physella acuta</i>	尖膀胱螺	NP	VC																											
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC	+			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Sinotaia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+			+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
<b>Insects</b>																														
<i>Anisocentropus sp.</i>	--	NP	VC							+			+			+			+			+								
<i>Arctopora sp.</i>	--	NP	VC							+			+			+						+								
<i>Aulocodes sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																											
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+		+			+	+				+					+								
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠻幼虫	NP	VC	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Ephemera sp.</i>		NP	VC																			+								
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+		+		+	+	+	+	+															
<i>Mnais sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
Odonate Larvae	--	NP	VC																											
<i>Orthetrum sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Perla sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																											
<i>Rhaphium sp.</i>	--	NP	VC							+																				
<i>Tipulidae spp.</i>	--	NP	VC																											
<b>Crustacea</b>																														
<i>Caridina cantonensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Cryptopotam on acacoluthon</i>	鰾刺溪蟹	NP	C	+			+		+				+									+								
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC	+			+		+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
No of Species				13	4	1	13	7	4	14	10	8	17	11	9	18	13	9	15	9	7	15	9	5	18	10	6	18	9	8

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area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2- Lower stream sampling site )

Species	Chinese name		Sampling point	Post construction monitoring														Post construction monitoring																								
				Sep-14			Oct-14			Nov-14			Dec-14			Jan-15			Feb-15			Mar-15			Apr-15			May-15			Jun-15			Jul-15			Aug-15					
Mollusca				Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2						
<i>Biomphalaria</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+			+						+			+			+	+	+	+				+			+			+			+							
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	瘤擬黑螺	NP	VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		+	+					
<i>Physella acuta</i>	尖膀胱螺	NP	VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		+	+					
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	++	++	++	++							
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
<i>Sinotaia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
<b>Insects</b>																																										
<i>Anisocentropus</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+			+	+		+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Arctopora</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+			+			+																																
<i>Aulocodes</i> sp.	--	NP	VC							+			+			+			+			+			+																	
<i>Baetis</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Chironomus</i> sp.	蠻幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
<i>Ephemera</i> sp.		NP	VC	+	+		+	+		+																																
<i>Indobaites</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+	+		+	+		+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Mnais</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
Odonate Larvae	--	NP	VC																																							
<i>Orthetrum</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
<i>Perla</i> sp.	--	NP	VC							+																																
<i>Rhaphium</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+			+																																			
<i>Tipulidae</i> spp.	--	NP	VC																																							
<b>Crustacea</b>																																										
<i>Caridina cantonensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC	+	+	+	++	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++							
<i>Cryptopotam onacolouthon</i>	鰾刺溪蟹	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++					
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC	+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
No of Species				19	12	8	19	13	7	19	11	6	16	10	5	19	10	5	18	7	4	19	7	5	20	7	4	15	7	4	15	7	4	16	6	4						

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area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2- Lower stream sampling site )

Species	Chinese name	Sampling point	Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring											
			Sep-15		Oct-15		Nov-15		Dec-15		Jan-16		Feb-16		Mar-16		Apr-16		May-16			
			Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1
<b>Mollusca</b>																						
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+		+		+		+		+		+		+		+	+
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+		+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	瘤擬黑螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Physella acuta</i>	尖膀胱螺	NP	VC																			
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC	++	+	+	++	+	+	++	+	+	++	+	+	++	+	+	++	+	+	+
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC	+			+			+			+		+		+		+		+	+
<i>Sinotaia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<b>Insects</b>																						
<i>Anisocentropus sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+
<i>Arctopora sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+
<i>Aulocodes sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																			
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																			
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠻幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Ephemera sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																			
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+
<i>Mnais sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+
Odonate Larvae	--	NP	VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+
<i>Orthetrum sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Perla sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+
<i>Rhaphium sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																			
<i>Tipulidae spp.</i>	--	NP	VC																			
<b>Crustacea</b>																						
<i>Caridina cantonensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC	++	+		++	+		++	+		++	+		++	+		++	+	+	+
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	鰾刺溪蟹	NP	C																			
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			
No of Species				16	6	3	16	6	3	16	6	3	16	6	3	16	6	3	16	6	3	15

Note:

"NP" – Not protected in Hong Kong

"P" - Listed in Wild Animals protection Ordinance (Cap. 170) and

Listed as "Near Threatened" in IUCN Red List Status

"VC" – Very Common; "UC" – Uncommon; "C" - Common

"+" – Species exists in the study area

"++" – Species common in the study area

"+++" – Species abundance in the study area

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works

area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

Species				Baseline survey		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Impact monitoring		Post construction monitoring																					
				Oct-07		Jan-09		Jul-09		Jan-10		Jul-10		Jan-11		Jul-11		Jan-12		Jul-12		Mar-13		Jul-13		Jan-14		Feb-14															
				Status	Commonness	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2															
<i>Cyprinus carpio var. viridiolaceus</i>	錦鯉	NP	C																																								
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+	++			+		+	+		+	++		+++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+														
<i>Glyptothorax pallozonum</i>	白線紋胸鱈	NP	R																																								
<i>Linipharhmaloptera disparis</i>	擬平鮋	NP	C																																								
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C		+			+		+																																	
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C	+																																							
<i>Parazacco spirurus</i>	異鱲	V and C	++		+	+		+		+			+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚將	NP	C	++	+		++		+	++		+++		++		+	+	+	+	+	+																						
<i>Pseudobagrus trilineatus</i>	三線擬鱈	NP,GC	R																																								
<i>Pseudogastromyzon myersi</i>	麥氏擬腹吸鰍	NP	C	+		+		+		+			+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南隱鱈鮀	NP	C																																								
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Rhinogobius spp.</i>	鰕虎魚	NP	C	+		+	+	+		+	++	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Schistura fasciolata</i>	橫紋南鰓	NP	C	+		+		+	+	+			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	++		+		+	+	++	+	++	+	+++	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C	+																																							
	2x2m fish			70	60	15	8	25	10	20	100	10	2	8	10	7	100	10	5	20	6	2	4	6	2	5	5	2	2	2	5	2	1	5	2	1	12	8	6	10	12	10	
	No of Species			10	2	7	3	2	7	4	4	7	5	5	7	9	7	8	5	3	11	2	7	10	3	5	8	2	2	9	2	1	9	4	1	9	4	3	8	5	4		
<b>Amphibian</b>																																											
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P	UC																																								

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong

"VC" – Very Common; "UC" – Uncommon; "C" - Common

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V – Listed as vulnerable in China Fish Red Data Book

GC- Global Concern - Fellowes et al (2002)

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

Species				Post construction monitoring												Post construction monitoring												Post construction monitoring														
				Mar-14			Apr-14			May-14			Jun-14			Jul-14			Aug-14			Sep-14			Oct-14			Nov-14			Dec-14			Jan-15			Feb-15			Mar-15		
				Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2						
<i>Cyprinus carpio var. viridiolaceus</i>	錦鯉	NP	C																																							
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
<i>Glyptothorax pallozonum</i>	白線紋胸鰐	NP	R				+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+											
<i>Linparhomaloptera disparis</i>	擬平鰐	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+											
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C				+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+											
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C	+			+						+			+			+			+			+			+			+											
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鰐	V and C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚將	NP	C	+			+			+																																
<i>Pseudobagrus trilineatus</i>	三線擬鱈	NP,GC	R				+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+											
<i>Pseudogastromyzon myersi</i>	麥氏擬腹吸鰓	NP	C	+	+		+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+											
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南隱鰐鮀	NP	C							+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+											
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+		+	+		+	+		+			+			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Rhinogobius spp.</i>	鰕虎魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
<i>Schistura fasciolata</i>	橫紋南鰐	NP	C	+	+		+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+											
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+											
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C	+			+			+																																
	2x2m fish			16	10	8	16	10	8	12	4	2	12	4	2	15	5	4	20	8	5	30	10	10	40	15	20	50	20	30	60	30	30	50	20	20	40	20	20	50	20	20
	No of Species			10	6	4	13	6	4	13	3	1	12	2	2	12	2	2	12	3	4	12	3	4	12	3	4	12	3	4	12	4	4	12	4	4	12	4	4			
<b>Amphibian</b>																																										
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P	UC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+					

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- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to

Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

Species				Post construction monitoring												Post construction monitoring																												
				Apr-15			May-15			Jun-15			Jul-15			Aug-15			Sep-15			Oct-15			Nov-15			Dec-15			Jan-16			Feb-16			Mar-16			Apr-16			May-16	
				Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2					
<i>Cyprinus carpio</i> var. <i>viridiviolaceus</i>	錦鯉	NP	C																																									
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
<i>Glyptothorax pallozonum</i>	白線紋胸鰐	NP	R	+			+			+			+			+																												
<i>Linparhomaloptera disparis</i>	擬平鰐	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		+														
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C	+																																								
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C				+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+													
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鰐	V and C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚將	NP	C																																									
<i>Pseudobagrus trilineatus</i>	三線擬鱈	NP,GC	R	+			+			+			+			+			+			+																+						
<i>Pseudogastromyzon myersi</i>	麥氏擬腹吸鰓	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		+							+							
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南隱鰐鮀	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		+							+							
<i>Puntius semifasciatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Rhinogobius</i> spp.	鰕虎魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Schistura fasciolata</i>	橫紋南鰐	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+									+							
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+									+							
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C																																									
	2x2m fish			40	15	20	12	4	2	10	4	2	8	4	2	10	5	2	15	7	6	20	10	5	35	15	10	45	20	5	50	15	5	45	20	5	45	20	5	40	15	5	25	10
	No of Species			12	4	4	11	4	4	11	4	4	11	4	4	11	4	3	11	4	3	12	4	1	12	4	1	1	12	4	1	11	4	1	11	4	1	11	4	1	11	2		
<b>Amphibian</b>																																												
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P	UC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+							

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- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to

Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site )

Species		Status	Commonness	T2
<i>Cyprinus carpio var. viridiviolaceus</i>	錦鯉	NP	C	
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	
<i>Glyptothorax pallozonum</i>	白線紋胸鰐	NP	R	
<i>Linipharhomaloptera disparis</i>	擬平鰐	NP	C	
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C	
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C	
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鰐	V and C		
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚將	NP	C	
<i>Pseudobagrus trilineatus</i>	三線擬鱈	NP,GC	R	
<i>Pseudogastromyzon myersi</i>	麥氏擬腹吸鰓	NP	C	
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南隱鰐鮀	NP	C	
<i>Puntius semifasciatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	
<i>Rhinogobius spp.</i>	鰕虎魚	NP	C	+
<i>Schistura fasciolata</i>	橫紋南鰐	NP	C	
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C	
	2x2m fish			5
	No of Species			1
<b>Amphibian</b>				
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P	UC	

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong

“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common

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- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Tai Po River (T1-  
Upper stream sampling site and T2- Lower stream  
sampling site )

Parameters/ Date	Baseline survey		Impact monitoring												Impact monitoring							
	Oct-07		Jan-09		Jul-09		Jan-10		Jul-10		Jan-11		Jul-11		Jan-12		Jul-12		Mar-13		Jul-13	
Replicate	T1	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
DO (mg/L)	8.2	9	4	6.3	6	9.4	8.8	9	6.5	10.5	9.8	9	8.2	8.8	8.4	7.6	7.8	7.9	8.1	8	7.8	
pH	6.9	7.18	6.86	7.28	6.96	8.2	8.5	7.3	7.2	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.3	6.8	7.6	6.9	7.8	6.8	7.5	7.2	7.6	
Nitrate (mg N/L)	0.39	0.1	1.3	0.07	1.32	0.12	0.71	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.5	<0.1	0.5	0.29	0.26	0.15	0.22	0.21	0.29	
Ammonia (mg/L)	<0.01	PO4-P ( μ g P/L):		<100	0.01	0.22	<0.01	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.01	0.3	0.01	0.2	<0.01	0.3	<0.01	0.03	<0.01	0.02	<0.01	0.04
Salinity (ppt)	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01
Conductivity (mS/cm)	40	40	190	34	118	42	72	49	43	50	60	50	60	65	74	52	54	54	58	44	42	
BOD (mg/L)	< 2	< 2	12	< 2	< 2	< 2	2	< 2	2	2	< 2	2	< 2	2	< 2	3	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	
Water flow at pool (m/s)	0.01-0.2	0.01-0.2		0.01-0.2		0.01-0.2		0.01-0.2		0.01-0.2		0.01-0.2		0.01-0.2		0.01-0.2		0.01-0.2		0.01-0.2		
Water flow at riffle (m/s)	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5		0.2-0.5		0.2-0.5		0.2-0.5		0.2-0.5		0.2-0.5		0.2-0.5		0.2-0.5		0.2-0.5		0.2-0.5		
Sand (%)	15	15		15	25	15	25	15	25	15	25	15	15	15	15	0	0	0	0	0		
Stone (%)	80	80		80	70	80	70	80	70	80	70	80	70	80	70	40	20	40	20	0		
Mud (%)	5	5		5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0	0	0	0		
Concrete(%)	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	10	60	80	60	80

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Tai Po River (T1-Upper stream sampling site and T2- Lower stream sampling site )

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Tai Po River (T1-Upper stream sampling site and T2- Lower stream sampling site )

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Tai Po River (T1-Upper stream sampling site and T2- Lower stream sampling site )