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**AGREEMENT NO. CE 65/2013 (EP)
POST-CONSTRUCTION ECOLOGICAL
MONITORING OF RIVER IMPROVEMENT
WORKS IN UPPER LAM TSUEN RIVER
SHE SHAN RIVER AND UPPER TAI PO
RIVER – INVESTIGATION**

**POST-CONSTRUCTION ECOLOGICAL
MONITORING REPORT (No. 44)**

Prepared By:

ALLIED ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS LTD.

For:

Drainage Services Department

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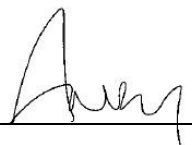
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**Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP)
Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River
Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan
River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation**

**Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No. 44)
Upper Lam Tsuen River**

August 2017



Prepared by: Mike pang

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Mike pang', located between the 'Prepared by' and 'Validated by' lines.

11 September, 2017

Validated by: Mark Shea

11 September, 2017

Ecology Team: China-Hong Kong Ecology Consultants

Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP)

Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No. 44)

Upper Lam Tsuen River

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1 Introduction

- 1.1 Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP) Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation required a post-construction ecological monitoring programme when the project completed. The collected data are mainly used to assess ecological recovery process and effectiveness of ecological migration proposed and enforced during the construction period.
- 1.2 The scope of the ecological monitoring was detailed in EM & A Manual of the project. In brief, the survey aimed to collect data on abiotic factors such as water quality, substratum characteristics, water flow as well as flora and fauna.
- 1.3 China Hong Kong Ecology Consultants Ltd. was committed by Allied Environmental Consultants Ltd (AEC) to undertake the ecological monitoring tasks for the project for December 2014.
- 1.4 This is the number 44 post-construction ecological monitoring report for the project conducted **on 30th of August 2017**. It contains the following subsections:
- Summary of major points
 - Monitoring Methods and Results
 - Summary and Comments

2 Summary of Major Points

- Field ecological monitoring was undertaken on **30th of August 2017**;
- Fauna and flora along the drainage project sections is in a process of re-establishing or restoration; Plants on river bed was experiencing seasonal changes in abundance and phenological appearance;
- The species richness of odonata was similar to the record of last month;
- Bird diversity and abundance was in natural fluctuation;
- *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* adult was recorded in the potential habitats along the Lam Tsuen River; and
- Fish abundance increased in this month.

3 Monitoring Methodology

3.1 Riparian Vegetation

Riparian vegetation, including aquatic and emergent, was sampled using line transects along the affected river channel and riparian habitat. Species, relative abundance and average heights were recorded. Vegetation surveys were conducted at four selected belt transects with two located at the lower portion (T3 and T4) of the river channel and another two at the upper section (T1 and T2) of the river respectively (**Figure 1**). The belt transects was run across the river channel in order to collect quantitative data of the vegetation, e.g., species inventory, height, percentage cover. Qualitative data of plants was collected by recording plant species, relative abundance along line transect. Nomenclature and protection status of the species followed those documented in Lai *et al.* (2004) and Hong Kong Herbarium (2015).

3.2 Avifauna

Avifauna survey was conducted during post construction monitoring period. Special attention was given to the river channel and corridor area which birds used as feeding and foraging habitat. Avifauna surveys were undertaken in the early morning plus species recorded in the rest of the day when conducting other taxonomic groups (benthic, fish, insect) monitoring. Numerical abundance was recorded at fixed count points within a radius of 30-50m according to landscape feature and visual penetration extent. The duration of the point count of birds was standardized for 10 minutes at each location in order to collect comparable data. Transect count along accessible section of river channel were used in order to collect qualitative data. Binoculars and digital camera were the main items of equipment used. Nomenclature and protection status of the species follows the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net) and Carey *et al.* (2001).

The point count was conducted at four locations with two located at the lower portion of the river channel (T3&T4) and the other two located at the upper section of the river (T1&T2). The point count and survey transect locations for the bird survey and sampling sites for surveys of other faunal groups and flora were presented in **Figure 1**.

3.3 Adult Odonata Survey

Adult Odonata survey was conducted along transects (**Figure 1**). Binoculars, digital camera and hand net were utilized to aid identification. Numerical abundance, species identity and other notable behavior were recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species followed those documented in the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net), Wilson *et al.* (2004) and Tam *et al.* (2011). Adult Odonata survey was conducted along line transects in parallel with river channel within the works area where access was permitted.

3.4 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates

Macro-invertebrates in the river channel were surveyed. Sampling was conducted at five sampling locations including two sites located at the lower portion (T3 and T4) of the river channel and another two sites at the upper section (T1 and T2) of the river, as well as the reference site. Those sampling sites covered major type of river habitats, e.g. river pool and riffle (**Figure 1**) Five replicates were taken at each sampling point and pool together for further sample sorting and identification. Kick sampling and hand netting were the survey methodologies for river organisms. Dissection microscope and digital camera were used to aid identification and enumeration. Numerical abundance and species identity were recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net) and other literatures such as Dudgeon (1994).

3.5 Fish and Newt

Fish community and *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* at the specified river channel was monitored by live trapping, hand netting and direct observation methods.

Sampling was conducted at five sampling locations including two sites located at the lower portion (T3 and T4) of the river channel and another two sites at the upper section (T1 and T2) of the river, as well as reference site. Those sampling sites covered major type of river habitats, e.g. river pool and riffle (**Figure 1**). The number of the observed fish and newt was estimated and recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species followed those documented in the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net) and Lee *et al.* (2004).

3.6 Abiotic Data Collection

3.6.1 Water Quality Monitoring

Dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity, BOD and nutrient level (nitrate and ammonium) were measured and analyzed by conventional methods in situ or in laboratory. The instruments for measuring dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity were model: DO-5510, AZ8685, AZ8361 and AZ8374 respectively. All the instruments were calibrated every monitoring month according to the operation manuals in order to obtain the precise result. BOD test took 5 days to complete within darkness incubator with stable temperature at 20°C and was performed using model: DO-5510 for measuring dissolved oxygen. Nutrient levels including nitrate and ammonia were performed in laboratory by applying the In-house method SOP056 (FIA) and SOP057 (FIA) respectively.

3.6.2 Sediment Characteristics

Sediment/substrate characteristics were recorded of sediment cover in percentage e.g. mud, sand, rock, boulder and cemented bottom in the river bed at sampling sites.

3.6.3 Water Flow

Water flow rates in river channel were measured by recording the time taken for a floating object (e.g. floating ball) to cover a measured distance.

The sampling locations for surveys were presented in **Figure 1**.

4 Monitoring Results

4.1 Vegetation

Vegetation has generally covered the gabion and river bed along Lam Tsuen River (Photos 1-3). In total, 75 flora species were recorded within the survey transects along the river course. Some of the vegetation at river bed has been washed out by flooding, especially vegetation in lower section of the river in this month. The recorded floras were generally in good health, and the height of the dominated riparian grass and herb species were in a range from 0.2m to 1.5m as observed along survey transect. Common flora species were shown in the **Table 4.1** marked with relative abundance sign “++”. Results of vegetation survey and belt transect survey were presented in **Table 4.1** and **Table 4.2**. **Figure 1** shows the transect line for the flora surveys.

4.2 Fauna

4.2.1 Avifauna

An avifauna survey was undertaken along survey transects and at four selected point count locations. In total, 20 species of birds were recorded during the survey and 5 of the total were wetland dependent species including *Ardea alba* (Photo 4), *Egretta garzetta* (Photo 5), *Ardeola bacchus* (Photo 6), *Motacilla alba* and *Motacilla cinerea*. They were commonly observed foraging in the river channel. *Pycnonotus jocosus* was a dominated species along the river. All the birds in Hong Kong are under protection of Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170). Among the recorded species, *Ardea alba*, *Ardeola bacchus* and *Egretta garzetta* are classified as Regional Concern by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). Apart from species mentioned above, the others recorded in Lam Tsuen River were common species in Hong Kong. Transect and Point Count locations were shown on **Figure 1**. Result of bird survey was presented in the **Table 4.3**.

4.2.2 Adult Odonata Survey

Odonata survey was performed, and a list of recorded odonata species at Upper Lam Tsuen River is shown in **Table 4.4**. In total, 15 odonata species were recorded during the survey and the recorded species were common species and widely distributed in Hong Kong (Photo 7). The result obtained this month is similar to previous surveys conducted in approximate period of last year. Species richness in this month is similar to the record of last month. Most of the odonanta species in Hong Kong has the peak emergence from spring to late summer. The increase in abundance of odonata in comparison with the record of pervious months was due to seasonality. It is expected that number of odonata will keep in high abundance during coming wet season (Wilson *et al.*, 2004 & Tam *et al.*, 2011). Sampling location was shown in **Figure 1**.

4.2.3 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates

Upper Lam Tsuen River was flowing with constant water during survey (Photo 8). The river benthic fauna collected was mainly comprised of insects, molluscs and crustaceans (Photo 10). *Pomacea canaliculata* was found abundant along the river. Details of recorded of river benthic fauna refers to **Table 4.5**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

4.2.4 Hong Kong Newt

Surveys of Hong Kong Newt were conducted (Photo 8) at Upper Lam Tsuen River. Adult *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* were captured at the Lam Tsuen River where the habitat consisted of riparian vegetation during the survey (Photo 9). Riparian vegetation grown along the channel especially along water margin could provide shelter and breeding habitat for Hong Kong Newt. Hong Kong Newt is listed in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170) and classified as “Near Threatened” under IUCN Red List Status and as “Potential Global Concern” by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). Record of Hong Kong Newts can be referred to **Table 4.6**.

4.2.5 River Fish Fauna

Fish surveys were performed at Upper Lam Tsuen River during field monitoring. In total, 17 species of freshwater fish, including species recorded from reference site, were recorded. *Oreochromis niloticus*, *Zacco platypus* and *Rhinogobius* spp were the dominated species in the river. *Acrossocheilus parallens* is a rare freshwater fish that only recorded in few of reservoir catchments and streams in Hong Kong (Lee *et al.*, 2004) and listed as Global Concern by Fellowes (2002). It was observed along the surveyed river with pool. Except *Acrossocheilus parallens*, *Parazacco spilurus* is classified as Vulnerable in China Red Data Book and observed along the river with low abundance. Fish counting at 2 x 2 meter area were performed and number of fish individuals increased. Details of recorded of fish fauna refers to **Table 4.6**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

4.3 **Abiotic Data**

Data on water quality and major river hydrological feature (water flow and substratum) of the river were collected and are presented in the **Table 4.7**.

Generally, the water was not polluted and nutrient levels were generally low. Results of water test were presented in the **Table 4.7**.

The river substratum was comprised of over 75-93% stones or rocks in most of the river sections with moderate water flow (up to 0.2m/second at pool and 0.5m/second at riffle).

5 Summary and Commentary

Post construction ecological monitoring was carried out in August 2017 and relevant biotic and abiotic data was collected according to project specification and EM & A Manual. Benthic fauna was temporally de-faunated in river sections due to river bed engineering works during construction period between 2008 and early 2013 and is under recovery process after that period. Adult amphibian *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* was recorded at river channel where the river margin covered with riparian vegetation. *Acrossocheilus parallens*, a rare freshwater fish species in Hong Kong, was observed at a few locations in the river channel with pool. In addition to *Acrossocheilus parallens*, *Parazacco spilurus* recorded in the river is also considered with conservation interest and observed along the river with low abundance.

Aquatic and riparian vegetation along river channel was re-established. Vegetation has generally covered the gabion and covered the river bed along Upper Lam Tsuen River.

The water quality of the surveyed river was not polluted although the river receives low concentration of nutrients from the nearby agriculture lands and resident houses.

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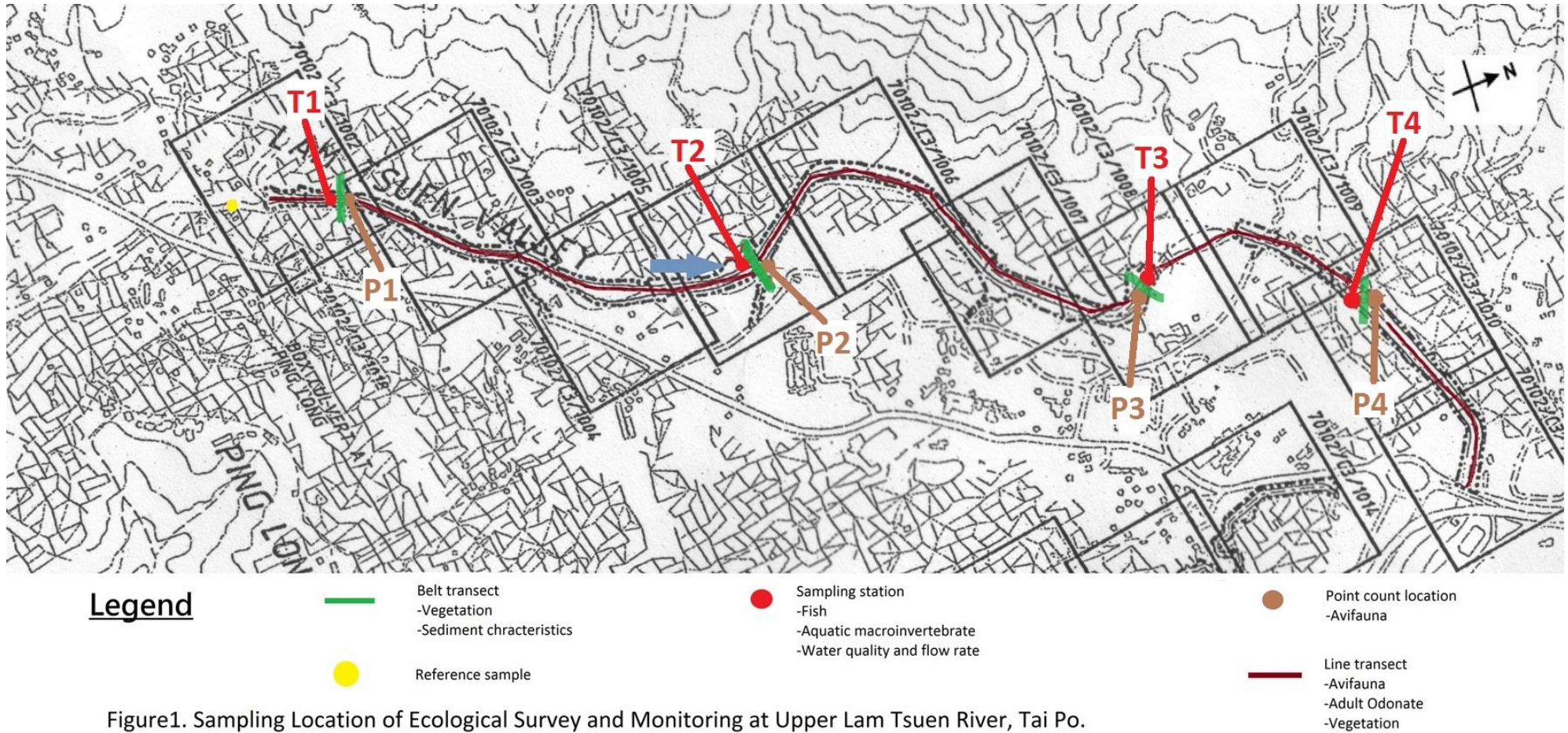
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FIGURES



PHOTOS



Photo 1 : General view of the river (Lower section)



Photo 2 : General view of the river (Middle section)



Photo 3 : General view of the river (Upper section)



Photo 4 : Avifauna – *Ardea alba*



Photo 5 : Avifauna – *Egretta garzetta*



Photo 6 : Avifauna – *Ardeola bacchus*



Photo 7 : Odonata – *Prodasineura autumnalis*



Photo 8: Kick Sampling



Photo 9: Hong Kong Newt



Photo 10. Aquatic sample

TABLE

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Baseline monitoring								Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring															
			Stream				Stream				Jan-09				Jan-09				Jul-09				Jan-10				Jul-10				Jul-10											
			Jul-08		P4		Aug-08		P4		T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4	
			Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%				
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹	0.4	40			0.4	40					0.4	30	0.5	5			1.5	5			1	15																		
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛	0.5	30			0.5	30											0.5	50							0.5	5					0.5	5								
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草	3	20			3	20																			2	5														
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋	1	10			1	10							0.3	<1																			1	10						
Caesalpiniaceae	<i>Cassia alata</i>	翅荳豉			1.2	10			1.2	10																																
Magnoliaceae	<i>Michelia alba</i>	白蘭			6	10			6	10																																
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草			1.2	70			1.2	70									0.5	20			1.2	5	1	40	0.8	40	0.9	50	1	15			0.8	20	0.9	30	1	60	1.5	30
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕							1.5	5									1.5	5	4	5						4	5	0.5	30					4	5					
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	微甘菊							0.4	20					0.5	1	0.5	5	0.3	15	0.5	30					0.5	30	0.3	25					0.5	20	0.3	5				
Musaceae	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	大蕉											3	5																												
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹			6	10			6	10																																
Araceae	<i>Pistia stratiotes L.</i>	大漂																									0.05	5														
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																																								
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草													0.5	5																										
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																																								
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																																								
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus flabelliformis</i>	風車草																																								
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																								
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐											3	5																												
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊																																								
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草																																								
Asteraceae	<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i>	革命菜																																								
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																																								
Convolvulaceae	<i>Pharbitis nil</i>	牽牛																																								
Verbenaceae	<i>Lantana camara</i>	馬纒丹																																								
Mimosaceae	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	銀合歡																																								
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																																								
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																																								
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																								
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙																																								
Bare Gound																																										

P1 - Point count location 1; P4 - Point count location 4

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Impact monitoring								Impact monitoring								Impact monitoring								Impact monitoring								Impact monitoring							
			Jan-11				Jul-11				Jan-12				Jul-12				Aug-13																							
			T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4																
			Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%										
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹					0.8	5																																		
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛							0.3	10					0.3	10					0.3	5					0.3	15	0.3	5		0.3	10									
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草		1.2	10					1.2	2	2.5	10			2.5	5	2.5	5				2	5																		
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋					0.5	3																																		
Caesalpiniaceae	<i>Cassia alata</i>	翅英決明																																								
Magnoliaceae	<i>Michelia alba</i>	白蘭																																								
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草	0.8	5			1	30	1	15	0.8	10	1	5			0.8	10	1	2	1.5	60			0.8	10	1	5	1.5	20		0.8	5									
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕					4	5																																		
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	薇甘菊	0.4	10	0.5	5	0.3	5	0.4	8	0.4	5	0.5	3			0.4	2	0.4	5	0.5	3			0.4	2	0.4	5	0.5	3	0.5	15	0.4	1								
Musaceae	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	大蕉																																								
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Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	0.4	10	0.4	20	0.5	5	0.4	2	0.4	5	0.5	2	0.5	10	0.4	2	0.4	5	0.5	2	0.5	10	0.4	5	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.5	2	0.4	5								
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																																								
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵										2	3																													
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus flabelliformis</i>	風車草					1	5																																		
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																								
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐																																								
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	錦雞菊					0.5	5																																		
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草				0.4	10									0.3	3	0.4	5					0.4	2	0.3	5															
Asteraceae	<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i>	革命菜																																								
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨					0.5	5																																		
Convolvulaceae	<i>Pharbitis nil</i>	牽牛																																								
Verbenaceae	<i>Lantana camara</i>	馬纒丹										0.5	2																													
Mimosaceae	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	銀合歡																															1.2	5								
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																																								
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																																								
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																								
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙																																								
Bare Gound				75	65		45	54		73	85		65	88		73	82		28	88		75	82		58	92		50		55		68	70									

P1 - Point count location 1; P4 - Point count location 4

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1 - located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Impact monitoring								Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring							
			Dec-13								Jan-14								Feb-14								Mar-14								Apr-14							
			T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4		T1		T2		T3		T4	
Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%							
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																																								
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛					0.3	10																																		
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草					1.5	5																																		
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋																																								
Caesalpinaceae	<i>Cassia alata</i>	翅英決明																																								
Magnoliaceae	<i>Michelia alba</i>	白蘭																																								
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草	0.8	10	0.8	10			0.8	10	0.8	10																														
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																																								
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	微甘菊	0.5	10	0.5	5	0.5	10	0.4	10	0.5	10	0.5	5	0.5	10	0.4	10	0.5	10	0.5	5	0.5	10	0.4	10	0.5	10			0.3	5	0.3	15	0.3	5						
Musaceae	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	大蕉																																								
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																																								
Araceae	<i>Pistia stratiotes L.</i>	大漂																																								
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																																								
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	0.4	5			0.5	10																																		
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡																																								
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																																								
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus flabelliformis</i>	風車草																																								
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																								
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐																																								
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	蟛蜞菊																																								
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草					0.3	5																																		
Asteraceae	<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i>	革命菜																																								
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																																								
Convolvulaceae	<i>Pharbitis nil</i>	牽牛																																								
Verbenaceae	<i>Lantana camara</i>	馬纒丹																																								
Mimosaceae	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	銀合歡																																								
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																																								
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																																								
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																								
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙					1	2																																		
Bare Gound				75		85		73		75		85		73		75		85		73		75		72		82		73		75		63		70		12		65				

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

(Continous) Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring							
			Mar-17				Apr-17				May-17				Jun-17				Jul-17				Aug-17							
			T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																												
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛	0.5	5																										
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																												
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋	0.4	5	0.2	10	0.3	10	0.4	5	0.4	5	0.2	10	0.3	10	0.4	5	0.4	5	0.2	10	0.3	5	0.4	5	0.3	5	0.4	5
Caesalpiniaceae	<i>Cassia alata</i>	翅葉決明																												
Magnoliaceae	<i>Michelia alba</i>	白蘭																												
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草	0.6	10	0.6	25	0.6	25	0.6	10	0.5	10	0.7	35	0.7	35	0.5	10	0.6	10	0.8	35	0.7	35	0.7	10	0.6	5	0.8	20
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																												
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	蕺甘菊	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.5	10	0.5	5	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.5	10	0.5	5	0.4	5	0.6	5	0.6	10	0.6	5	0.4	5	0.6	5
Musaceae	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	大蕉																												
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹																												
Araceae	<i>Pistia stratiotes L.</i>	大漂																												
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																												
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草			0.5	10	0.4	10																						
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡	1.1	5																										
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																												
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus flabelliformis</i>	風車草																												
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒	1.1	7																										
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐																												
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	密蟻菊	0.4	5																										
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	節節草	0.3	10	0.2	15	0.2	10	0.4	15	0.3	10	0.3	15	0.3	10	0.3	15	0.3	10	0.3	15	0.3	10	0.3	15	0.4	15	0.3	10
Asteraceae	<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i>	革命菜																												
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨																												
Convolvulaceae	<i>Pharbitis nil</i>	牽牛																												
Verbenaceae	<i>Lantana camara</i>	馬纒丹																												
Mimosaceae	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	銀合歡																												
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																												
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																												
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草				1.5	10																						1.5	
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙				0.4	5																						0.4	
Acanthaceae	<i>Dicliptera chinensis</i>	狗肝菜	0.3	5																										
Bare Ground				43		35		35		60		43		25		25		60		43		25		60		48		47		50

P1 – Point count location 1; P4 – Point count location 4

Table 4.4. Odonate species recorded at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

Species name	Common name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring								Post construction monitoring							
					Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16			
<i>Acisoma panorpoides panorpoides</i>	Asian Pintail	雜腹蜻	NP	VC				+																				
<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	Asian Amberwing	黃翅蜻	NP	VC																								
<i>Ceriatrigon auranticum ryukyuanum</i>	Orange-tailed Sprite	斑紋橘黃蝶	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+							+	+	+	+	+	+						
<i>Coeliccia cyanomelas</i>	Blue Forest Damsel	藍紋長腹蝶	NP	VC																								
<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Yellow Featherlegs	黃狹尾蝶	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+																		
<i>Crocothemis servilla servilla</i>	Crimson Darter	紅蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Euphaea decorata</i>	Black-banded Gossamerwing	方帶幽蝶	NP	VC																								
<i>Ictinogomphus pertinax</i>	Common Flangetail	霸王藍春蜓	NP	C		+	+	+	+	+	+																	
<i>Ischnura senegalensis</i>	Common Blue Jewel	福祿壽蝶	NP	VC																								
<i>Mnais lacteola</i>	Indochinese Copperwing	煙翅綠魚蝶	P, LC	C																								
<i>Nannophya pygmaea</i>	Scarlet Dwarf	珠紅小蜻	P, LC	C																								
<i>Neurobasis chinensis</i>	Chinese Greenwing	華聯色蝶	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	Russet Percher	網脈蜻	NP	VC	+		+	+	+	+																		
<i>Neurothemis tullia tullia</i>	Pied Percher	截斑脈蜻	NP	C																								
<i>Orthetrum chrysis</i>	Red-faced Skimmer	華羅灰蜻	NP	VC					+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>	Common blue skimmer	黑尾灰蜻	NP	VC	+																							
<i>Orthetrum luconicum</i>	Marsh Skimmer	呂宋灰蜻	NP	VC				+	+	+	+																	
<i>Orthetrum pruinosum neglectum</i>	Common Red Skimmer	赤褐灰蜻	NP	VC		+	+	+	+								+	+										
<i>Orthetrum sabina sabina</i>	Green Skimmer	綠腹灰蜻	NP	VC									+															
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Wandering Glider	黃蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Paracercion calanorum duveri</i>	Dusky Lilysquatter	蓬尾蝶	P, LC	C																								
<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Black Threadtail	烏齒原蝶	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+																		
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps rubriceps</i>	Orange-faced Sprite	丹頂斑蝶	NP	UC		+	+																					
<i>Rhincocypha perforata perforata</i>	Common Blue Jewel	三斑藍蝶	NP	VC			+	+	+	+	+																	
<i>Rhyothemis variegata arria</i>	Variiegated Flutterer	斑腹翅蜻	NP	C																								
<i>Triethemis aurora</i>	Crimson Dropwing	曉靄蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																
<i>Triethemis festiva</i>	Indigo Dropwing	靄靄蜻	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Zygonyx iris insignis</i>	Emerald Cascader	彩紅蜻	P, PGC	VC																								
No. of species					9	11	13	14	15	13	9	7	2	3	1	3	7	11	14	14	13	13	10	7	2			

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P-Protection in Hong Kong

“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common

“+” – Species exists in the study area

“++” – Species common in the study area

“+++” – Species abundant/dominant in study area

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website (www.hkbiodiversity.net)

LC- Local Concern - Fellowes *et al.* (2002)

PGC - Potential Global Concern - Fellowes *et al.* (2002)

Table 4.4. Odonate species recorded at the Upper Lam Tsuen River

Species name	Common name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring								
					Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17	Apr-17	May-17	Jun-17	Jul-17	Aug-17	
<i>Acisoma panorpoides panorpoides</i>	Asian Pintail	維腹蜻	NP	VC									
<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	Asian Amberwing	黃翅蜻	NP	VC									
<i>Ceriatrigon auranticum ryukyuanum</i>	Orange-tailed Sprite	琉球橘黃蝶	NP	VC				+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Coeliccia cyanomelas</i>	Blue Forest Damsel	黃紋長腹蝶	NP	VC									
<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Yellow Featherlegs	黃狹尾蝶	NP	VC					+	+	+	+	+
<i>Crocothemis servilia servilia</i>	Crimson Darter	紅蜻	NP	VC					+	+	+	+	+
<i>Euphaea decorata</i>	Black-banded Gossamerwing	方帶幽蝶	NP	VC								+	+
<i>Ictinogomphus pertinax</i>	Common Flangetail	霸王藍春蜓	NP	C									
<i>Ischnura senegalensis</i>	Common Blue Jewel	福哥藍捷蝶	NP	VC									
<i>Mnais lacteola</i>	Indochinese Copperwing	煙翅綠色蝶	P, LC	C									
<i>Nannophya pygmaea</i>	Scarlet Dwarf	珠紅小蜻	P, LC	C									
<i>Neurobasis chinensis</i>	Chinese Greenwing	華聯色蝶	NP	VC				+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	Russet Percher	網脈蜻	NP	VC					+	+	+	+	+
<i>Neurothemis tullia tullia</i>	Pied Percher	截斑脈蜻	NP	C									
<i>Orithetrum chrysis</i>	Red-faced Skimmer	華羅灰蜻	NP	VC			+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Orithetrum glaucum</i>	Common blue skimmer	黑尾灰蜻	NP	VC						+	+	+	+
<i>Orithetrum leucicum</i>	Marsh Skimmer	呂宋灰蜻	NP	VC				+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Orithetrum pruinosum neglectum</i>	Common Red Skimmer	赤褐灰蜻	NP	VC									
<i>Orithetrum sabina sabina</i>	Green Skimmer	狹腹灰蜻	NP	VC						+	+	+	+
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Wandering Glider	黃蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Paracerion calamorum duveri</i>	Dusky Lilyquatter	蓬尾蝶	P, LC	C									
<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Black Threadtail	烏齒原蝶	NP	VC				+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps rubriceps</i>	Orange-faced Sprite	丹頂斑蝶	NP	UC									
<i>Rhinocypha perforata perforata</i>	Common Blue Jewel	三斑藍蝶	NP	VC					+	+	+	+	+
<i>Rhyothemis variegata arria</i>	Variogated Flutterer	斑羅翅蜻	NP	C									
<i>Trithemis aurora</i>	Crimson Dropwing	曉褐蜻	NP	VC			+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	Indigo Dropwing	靛褐蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Zygonyx iris insignis</i>	Emerald Cascaider	彩紅蜻	P, PGC	VC									
No. of species					2	2	4	8	12	14	15	15	15

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P-Protection in Hong Kong

"VC" – Very Common; "UC" – Uncommon; "C" – Common

"+" – Species exists in the study area

"++" – Species common in the study area

"+++" – Species abundant/dominant in study area

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website (www.hkbiodiversity.net)LC- Local Concern - Fellowes *et al.* (2002)PGC - Potential Global Concern - Fellowes *et al.* (2002)

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Lam Tsuen River

(T1 - located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Species name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring																		
				Mar-14				Apr-14				May-14				Jun-14				Jul-14				Aug-14				Sep-14				Oct-14				Nov-14				Dec-14				Jan-15				Feb-15										
				Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4										
Molluscs																																																										
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	++	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+										
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	福寿螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Sinotia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
Insects																																																										
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC																																																							
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠓幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Electrogenus sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+			+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+													
<i>Hydropsyche sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+													
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Mnais sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Orithetrum sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
Crustaceans																																																										
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++										
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	刺毛蟹	NP	VC	+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+													
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Somaniathelphusa zanklon</i>	東莞蟹	NP	VC																																																							
No. of species				16	14	14	12	11	17	15	16	13	12	13	15	10	10	10	11	12	11	10	9	13	11	13	13	10	13	13	15	15	9	13	14	16	14	12	13	14	16	15	11	13	14	15	14	12	13	12	13	11	13	11	13	12	11	11

Note: NP - Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong
 "VC" - Very Common; "UC" - Uncommon; "C" - Common; "R" - Rare
 +, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the the study area
 Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Lam Tsuen River

(T1 - located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Species name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring								
				Mar-15				Apr-15				May-15				Jun-15				Jul-15				Aug-15				Sep-15				Oct-15				Nov-15				
				Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1
Molluscs																																								
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	福寿螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Sinotaita quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Insects																																								
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠅幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Electrogenus sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Hydropsyche sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Mnais sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Orithetrum sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Crustaceans																																								
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	鯉刺湯蟹	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Somaniathelphusa zanklon</i>	東莞蟹	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
No. of species				11	13	13	12	12		11	9	12	15	12		11	9	11	13	12		11	9	11	13	12		11	9	11	13	12		11	9	11	13	13		

Note: NP - Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong
 "VC" - Very Common; "UC" - Uncommon; "C" - Common; "R" - Rare
 +, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the the study area
 Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring							
				Oct-16				Nov-16				Dec-16				Jan-17				Feb-17				Mar-17							
Sampling point				Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4			
Species name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness																												
Molluscs																															
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	--	NP	VC					+					+																		
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮螺	NP	VC	+				+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	福果螺	NP	VC	++	++	+++	+++	++	++	+++	+++	++	++	+++	+++	++	++	+++	+++	++	++	+++	+++	++	++	+++	+++	++	++	+++	
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Sinotia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Insects																															
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+				+	+	+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+									
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	蠅幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Electrogenus sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+			+	+	+		+	+			+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		
<i>Hydropsyche sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC					+				+				+			+			+			+			+			
<i>Mnais sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Orithetrum sp.</i>	--	NP	VC					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Crustaceans																															
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	鯉刺鬚蟹	NP	VC																												
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC	+				+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Somaniathelphusa zanklon</i>	東鞭蟹	NP	VC																												
No. of species				13	10	12	14	14	13	10	12	14	14	13	10	12	14	14	13	10	12	14	14	13	10	12	14	14	14		

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong
 “VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common; “R” - Rare
 +, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the the study area

Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Lam Tsuen River

(T1 - located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Species name	Chinese name	Sampling point		Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring						
				Apr-17					May-17					Jun-17					Jul-17					Aug-17						
				Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference point	T1	T2	T3	T4		
Molluscs																														
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	--	NP	VC					+										+												+
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮擬黑螺	NP	VC	+				+	++	+								+	++	+										+
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	蘋果螺	NP	VC	++	++	++	+++	+++	++	++	++	+++	+++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	羅白螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Sinotaia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Insects																														
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+				+	+	+				+	+	+				+	+	+							+	+
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	孀幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Electrogenes sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+			+	+	+			+	+	+			+	+	+			+	+	+				
<i>Hydropsyche sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>	--	NP	VC				+						+								+									+
<i>Mnais sp.</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Orthetrum sp.</i>	--	NP	VC			+	+	+			+	+	+			+	+	+			+	+	+			+	+	+	+	+
Crustaceans																														
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++
<i>Cryptopotamon anacolutho</i>	鯉刺溪蟹	NP	VC				+	+													+	+								+
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蝦	NP	VC	+		+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+		+	+	+			+	+	+	+			+	+	+	
<i>Somaniathelphusa zanklon</i>	東腰蟹	NP	VC																											
No. of species				13	10	12	14	14	13	10	12	14	14	13	10	12	14	14	13	10	12	14	14	13	10	12	14	14		

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong
 “VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common; “R” - Rare
 +, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the the study area
 Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area.

Table 4.6 Fish species and amphibians at Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Species	Chinese name	Status	Sampling point	Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring									
				Sep-14					Oct-14					Nov-14					Dec-14					Jan-15					Feb-15					Mar-15					Apr-15				
				Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4
Fish																																											
<i>Acrossocheilus parrellens</i>	副鱗光唇魚	P, PGC	R		++	++	++	+		++	++	++	+		++	++	++	++		++	++	++	++		++	++	++	++		++	++	++	++		++	++	++	++					
<i>Channa maculate</i>	斑鱧	NP	C																																								
<i>Cirrhina moltorella</i>	鱮魚	NP	C																																								
<i>Clarias fuscus</i>	胡子鯪	NP	C					+																																			
<i>Cyprinus carpio var. viridiviolaceus</i>	錦鯉	NP	C																																								
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Limparhomaloptera disparis</i>	擬平鰈	NP	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鱧	V and	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Pseudogastromyzon myersi</i>	麥氏擬腹吸鰕	NP	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	黃魮	NP	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C		+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++					
<i>Rhinogobius spp.</i>	鰻虎魚	NP	C/UN/R		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	++	++	+	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++					
<i>Schistura fasciolata</i>	橫紋南鰈	NP	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C		+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++					
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	斑色劍尾魚	NP	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Zacco platypus</i>	寬鳍鱮	NP	C		+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++						
2x2m fish counting			No. of fish	20	30	30	20	20	30	40	40	30	30	50	70	70	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	50	60	60	60	40	50	60	60	60	40	40	50	55	50	40			
No. of species				11	13	14	15	13	11	13	14	15	12	11	13	14	13	11	11	13	14	14	11	10	11	12	13	10	10	11	12	14	10	10	13	13	14	11	13	12	14	15	11
Amphibian																																											
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P (Cap 170, NT, PGC)	R	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Fejervarya limnocharis</i>	澤蛙	NP	VC																																								
No. of species				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong
 “VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common; “R” - Rare
 +, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the the study arc
 -V – Listed as vulnerable in China Fish Red Data Book
 -Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.
 Cap 170 - List in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap.170)
 NT - Near Treated in IUCN Red List Status
 PGC-Potential Global Concern by Fellowes *et al* (2002)

Table 4.6 Fish species and amphibians at Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Species	Chinese name	Status	Sampling point	Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					
				Nov-16					Dec-16					Jan-17					Feb-17					Mar-17					
				Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	
Fish																													
<i>Acrossocheilus parallens</i>	副鱗光唇魚	P, PGC	R			+	+	++			+	+	++			+	+	++			+	+	++			+	+	++	
<i>Channa maculate</i>	斑鱔	NP	C																										
<i>Cirrhina mottorella</i>	鯪魚	NP	C																										
<i>Clarias fuscus</i>	胡子鯪	NP	C				+						+														+		
<i>Cyprinus carpio var. viridiviolaceus</i>	錦鯉	NP	C				+						+														+		
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Limparhomaloptera disparis</i>	擬平鰼	NP	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰱	NP	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C		+	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鱔	V and	C		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚	NP	VC			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Pseudogastromyzon myersi</i>	麥氏擬腹吸鰕	NP	C		+	+																							
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	黃鰱	NP	C		+																								
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C		+	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	
<i>Rhinogobius spp.</i>	鰻虎魚	NP	C/UN/R		+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	
<i>Schistura fasciolata</i>	橫紋南鰍	NP	C		+	++	++																						
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C		+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C				+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
<i>Zacco platypus</i>	寬鱮鱖	NP	C		+	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	
2x2m fish counting		No. of fish		30	30	30	30	25	45	40	40	35	35	50	45	45	35	35	55	50	50	40	40	60	55	55	50	50	
No. of species				12	10	14	13	10	12	10	14	13	10	12	10	14	13	10	12	10	14	13	10	12	10	14	13	10	
Amphibian																													
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螯	P (Cap 170, NT, PGC)	R	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Fejervarya limnocharis</i>	澤蛙	NP	VC																										
No. of species				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong
 “VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common; “R” - Rare
 +, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the the study arc
 -V – Listed as vulnerable in China Fish Red Data Book
 -Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.
 Cap 170 - List in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap.170)
 NT - Near Threatened in IUCN Red List Status
 PGC-Potential Global Concern by Fellowes *et al* (2002)

Table 4.6 Fish species and amphibians at Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel

Species	Chinese name	Status	Sampling point Commonness	Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring					Post construction monitoring									
				Apr-17					May-17					Jun-17					Jul-17					Aug-17				
				Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4	Reference	T1	T2	T3	T4
Fish																												
<i>Acrossocheilus parallens</i>	側條光唇魚	P, PGC	R		+	+	++			+	+	++			+	+	++			+	+	++			+	+	++	
<i>Channa maculata</i>	斑鱧	NP	C																									
<i>Cirrhina molitorella</i>	鯪魚	NP	C																									
<i>Clarias fuscus</i>	胡子鯪	NP	C				+					+															+	
<i>Cyprinus carpio var.</i>	錦鯉	NP	C			+						+															+	
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Liniparhomaloptera disparis</i>	擬平鰾	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰟	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C	+	+	++	++	++	+	+	++	++	++	++	+	+	++	++	++	++	+	+	++	++	++	++	++	++
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鱸	V and NP	C	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚將	NP	VC			+	+	+			+	+	+			+	+	+			+	+	+			+	+	
<i>Pseudogastromyzon myersi</i>	麥氏擬腹吸鰕	NP	C	+	+				+	+					+	+				+	+					+	+	
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	黃鰱	NP	C	+					+						+					+						+		
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	+
<i>Rhinogobius spp.</i>	鰻虎魚	NP	C/UN/R	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++
<i>Schistura fasciolata</i>	橫紋南鰕	NP	C	+	++	++			+	++	++	++	++		+	++	++	++	++		+	++	++	++	++	++	++	
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C			+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+				+	+	
<i>Zacco platypus</i>	寬鰭鱮	NP	C	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	++	++
2x2m fish counting		No. of fish		55	50	50	45	40	50	40	40	40	30	30	20	20	20	20	20	20	15	15	15	20	20	20	20	25
No. of species				12	10	14	13	10	12	10	14	13	10	12	10	14	13	10	12	10	14	13	10	12	10	14	13	10
Amphibian																												
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P (Cap 170, NT,	R	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Fejervarya limnocharis</i>	澤蛙	NP	VC																									
No. of species				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong

"VC" – Very Common; "UC" – Uncommon; "C" – Common; "R" – Rare

+, occurred; ++, common; +++, abundant/dominant Species in the the study area

-V – Listed as vulnerable in China Fish Red Data Book

-Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the

"Cap 170" - List in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap.170)

"NT" - Near Threatened in IUCN Red List Status

"PGC"-Potential Gola Concern by Fellowes *et al* (2002)

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Parameter / date	Baseline monitoring	Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				
	8-Aug	Jan-09				Jul-09				Jan-10				Jul-10				Jan-11				Jul-11				Jan-12				
Replicate		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	
DO (mg/L)	9.2	9.8	9.9	9.4	9.1	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.8	9.7	9.5	9.5	9.3	8.3	8.5	8.5	8.7	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.1	9.5	9.6	9.4	9.3	9.4	9.2	9.4	9.2	
pH	7.49	7.24	7.36	7.53	7.44	7.1	7.25	7	7.05	7.9	8.1	8.1	8.2	7.4	7.5	7.3	7.4	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.3	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.2	6.9	6.8	6.7	
Nitrate (mg N/L)	0.36	0.79	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.31	0.48	0.48	0.59	0.56	1.11	1.13	1.33	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.45	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	
Ammonia (mg/L)	<0.01	PO4-P (µg P/L): <100				0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.16	0.17	0.07	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.1	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.1	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.2	
Salinity (ppt)	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conductivity (µS/cm)	60	80	100	120	120	45	51	52	63	62	96	98	114	84	100	460	54	90	87	93	120	93	90	90	100	92	84	96	110	
BOD (mg/L)	<2	<2	<2	<2	3	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	
Water flow at pool (m/s)	0.1-0.3	0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2								
Water flow at riffle (m/s)	0.4-0.7	0.2-0.5				0.2-0.5				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6								
Sand (%)	15	15	10	10	10	10	10	10	15	8	8	8	15	8	8	8	15	8	8	8	15	8	8	8	15	10	15	10	10	
Stone (%)	80	80	88	88	88	88	88	88	70	90	90	90	70	90	90	90	70	90	90	90	70	90	90	90	70	80	70	80	70	
Mud (%)	5	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	5	2	2	2	5	2	2	2	5	2	2	2	5	2	2	2	5	10	15	10	20	

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling site)

Parameter / date	Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Impact monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring							
	Jul-12				Aug-13				Dec-13				Jan-14				Feb-14				Mar-14				Apr-14							
	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
DO (mg/L)	8.2	8	7.8	7.3	8.9	8.5	8.7	8.8	9.3	8.6	8.8	8.7	9.1	9.0	8.6	8.5	7.8	8.7	9.8	9.8	7.5	7.8	8.2	8.1	7.7	7.6	7.8	7.8	8.0			
pH	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.6	6.5	6.8	6.8	7.1	6.2	6.9	7.1	7.1	6.2	6.9	7.1	7.1	8.2	8.5	8	7.8	8.3	8.2	7.6	7.2	7.6	7.8	8.2	7.8	7.8			
Nitrate (mg N/L)	0.13	0.67	0.62	0.82	0.74	0.72	0.83	0.79	0.48	0.57	0.77	0.89	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.26	1.3	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.2	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2			
Ammonia (mg/L)	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.04	0.1	0.12	0.15	0.05	0.04	0.1	0.12	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1			
Salinity (ppt)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Conductivity (µS/cm)	41	38	73	86	67	77	74	75	62	64	90	110	72	78	88	108	78	87	118	119	120	123	125	123	96	114	120	122				
BOD (mg/L)	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2			
Water flow at pool (m/s)	0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2				0.01-0.2											
Water flow at riffle (m/s)	0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6				0.2-0.6											
Sand (%)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5			
Stone (%)	60	60	60	60	75	75	75	75	90	85	85	85	90	85	85	85	90	85	85	85	90	85	85	80	90	85	85	75				
Mud (%)	30	30	30	30	15	15	15	15	5	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	5	10	10	15	5	10	10	15				

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for Upper Lam Tsuen River

(T1- located at upper river channel sampling site
to T4 - located at lower river Channel sampling
site)

Parameter / date	Post construction monitoring			
	Aug-17			
Replicate	T1	T2	T3	T4
DO (mg/L)	8.0	8.1	7.9	7.9
pH	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.7
Nitrate (mg N/L)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9
Ammonia (mg/L)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Salinity (ppt)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Conductivity (µS/cm)	22.0	23.0	28.0	32.0
BOD (mg/L)	<2	<2	<2	<2
Water flow at pool (m/s)	0.03-0.2			
Water flow at riffle (m/s)	0.2-0.5			
Sand (%)	5	5	8	10
Stone (%)	93	90	90	75
Mud (%)	2	5	2	15

Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP)
Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River
Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan
River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation
Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No.44)
She Shan River

August 2017



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8 September, 2017

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8 September, 2017

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Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation

Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP) Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No.44) She Shan River

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FIGURES

Figure 1: Sampling location of ecological survey and monitoring at She Shan River, Tai Po.

PHOTOS

Photo 1: General view of the river habitat (Lower section)

Photo 2: General view of the river habitat (Middle section)

Photo 3: General view of the river habitat (Upper section)

Photo 4 : Avifauna - *Motacilla alba*

Photo 5 : Avifauna - *Ardeola bacchus*

Photo 6 : Avifauna - *Egretta garzetta*

Photo 7 : Odonata –*Neurothemis fulvia*

Photo 8 : Odonata –*Trithemis aurora*

Photo 9 : Odonata –*Ictinogomphus pertinax*

Photo 10 : Odonata –*Orthetrum Sabina sabina*

Photo 11: Odonata – *Orthetrum pruinosum neglectum*

Photo 12: Kick sampling

Photo 13 : Aquatic sample

Photo 14 : Aquatic sample

TABLES

Table 4.1: Flora species recorded along the She Shan River including riparian habitat.

Table 4.2: Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River.

Table 4.3: Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at three selected point count locations at She Shan River.

Table 4.4: Odonata species recorded at the She Shan River.

Table 4.5: Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River.

Table 4.6: Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at She Shan River.

Table 4.7: Abiotic data for She Shan River.

1 Introduction

- 1.1 Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP) Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation required a post-construction ecological monitoring programme when the project completed. The collected data are mainly used to assess ecological recovery process and effectiveness of ecological migration proposed and enforced during the construction period.
- 1.2 The scope of the ecological monitoring was detailed in EM & A Manual of the project. In brief, the survey aimed to collect data on abiotic factors such as water quality, substratum characteristics, water flow as well as flora and fauna.
- 1.3 China Hong Kong Ecology Consultants Ltd. was committed by Allied Environmental Consultants Ltd (AEC) to undertake the ecological monitoring tasks for the project from December 2014.
- 1.4 This is the number 44 post-construction ecological monitoring report for the project conducted **on 31st of August 2017**. It contains the following subsections:
 - Summary of major points
 - Monitoring Methods and Results
 - Summary and Comments

2 Summary of Major Points

- Field ecological monitoring was undertaken **on 31st of August 2017**;
- Fauna and flora along the drainage project sections is in a process of re-establishing or restoration;
- Fish's abundance increased in this month ;
- Bird diversity and abundance was in natural fluctuation;
- Odonata abundance was increasing; and
- Hong Kong Newt was not found during the survey.

3 Monitoring Methodology

3.1 Riparian Vegetation

Riparian vegetation, including aquatic and emergent, was sampled using line transects along the affected river channel and riparian habitat. Species, relative abundance and average heights were recorded. Vegetation survey was conducted at three selected belt transects located at the upper (T1), middle (T2) and lower portion (T3) of the river channel respectively (**Figure 1**). The belt transects was run across the river channel in order to collect quantitative data of vegetation, e.g., species inventory, height, percentage cover. Qualitative data of plants was collected by recording plant species along line transect, e.g., species inventory, relative abundance. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the Lai *et al.* (2004) and Hong Kong Herbarium (2015).

3 Avifauna

Avifauna survey was conducted during the post construction monitoring period. Special attention was given to those stream channel area which birds used as feeding and foraging habitat. Avifauna surveys were undertaken in the early morning plus species recorded in the rest of the day when conducting other taxonomic groups (benthic, fish, insect) monitoring. Numerical abundance was recorded at fixed count points within a radius of 30 to 50m according to landscape feature and visual penetration extent. The duration of the point count of birds was standardized for 10 minutes at each location in order to collect comparable data. Transect count along accessible section of river channel were used in order to collect qualitative data. Binoculars and digital camera were the main items of equipment used. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed in the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net) and Carey *et al.* (2001).

The point count was conducted at three locations located at the lower (T3), middle (T2) and upper (T1) portion of the river channel respectively. The point count and survey transect locations for the bird survey and sampling sites for surveys of other faunal groups and flora were presented in **Figure 1**.

3.3 Adult Odonata Survey

Adult Odonata survey was conducted along transects (**Figure 1**). Binoculars, digital camera and hand net were utilized to aid identification. Numerical abundance, species identity and other notable behavior were recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net), Wilson *et al.* (2004) and Tam *et al.* (2011). Adult Odonata survey was conducted along line transects in parallel with river channel within the works area where access was permitted.

3.4 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates

Macro-invertebrates in the riverbed were surveyed. Four sampling sites were selected to collect necessary macro-invertebrate fauna for ecological monitoring information, which covered upper (T1), middle (T2) and lower (T3) sections of the river respectively, as well as reference site (**Figure 1**). Five replicates were taken at each sampling point and pool together for further sample process. Kick sampling and hand netting were the survey methodologies for stream organisms. Dissection microscope and digital camera were used to aid identification and enumeration. Numerical abundance, species identity was recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net), and other literatures such as Dudgeon (1994).

3.5 Fish Population and Hong Kong Newt

Fish community at the specified river channel was monitored by live trapping, hand netting and direct observation methods. Hong Kong newt was surveyed by direct observation and hand netting as well.

Sampling was conducted at four proposed sampling locations at upper (T1), middle (T2), lower (T3) sections and reference site respectively. Those sampling sites covered major type of stream habitats, e.g. river pool and riffle (**Figure 1**). The number of the observed fish was estimated and recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net) and Lee *et al.* (2004).

3.6 Abiotic Data Collection

3.6.1 Water Quality Monitoring

Dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity, BOD and nutrient level (nitrate and ammonium) were sampled and analyzed by conventional methods in situ or in laboratory. The instruments for measuring dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity were model: DO-5510, AZ8685, AZ8361 and AZ8374 respectively. All the instruments were calibrated every monitoring month according to the operation manuals in order to obtain the precise result. BOD test took 5 days to complete within darkness incubator with stable temperature at 20°C and was performed using model: DO-5510 for measuring dissolved oxygen. Nutrient levels including nitrate and ammonia were performed in laboratory by applying the In-house method SOP056 (FIA) and SOP057 (FIA) respectively.

3.6.2 Sediment Characteristics

Sediment/substrate characteristics were recorded of sediment cover in percentage e.g. mud, sand, rock, boulder and cemented bottom in the stream bed at sampling sites.

3.6.3 Water Flow

Water flow rates in river channel were measured by recording the time taken for a floating object (e.g. floating ball) in a measured distance. The sampling locations for surveys were presented in **Figure 1**.

4 Monitoring Results

4.1 Vegetation

In total, 79 flora species was recorded within the survey transects along the river course. The recorded floras were generally common wetland species. The height of the dominated riparian grass and herb species were in a range from 0.3m to 0.8m as observed along survey transect. Dominant flora species were shown in the **Table 4.1** marked with relative abundance sign “+++”. Vegetation has partially covered the river bed in middle and lower sections (Photos 1-2) and generally covered the riverbed and riparian habitat in upper sections (Photo 3). Aquatic plants *Brachiaria mutica* was the most abundant plants found along the river channel. *Mucuna championii* and *Cibotium barometz* are classified as endangered and vulnerable in China respectively, and were recorded in the woodland adjacent to She Shan River. *Cibotium barometz* is also classified as category II in wild plant under state protection. Results of vegetation survey and belt transect survey were presented in **Table 4.1** and **Table 4.2**. **Figure 1** shows the transect line for the flora surveys.

4.2 Fauna

4.2.1 Avifauna

An avifauna survey was undertaken along survey transects and at three selected point count locations. In total, 19 species of birds were recorded during the bird surveys within project area. 4 recorded species were wetland dependant birds and observed foraging in the river channel including *Motacilla alba* (Photo 4) , *Ardeola bacchus* (Photo 5), *Egretta garzetta* (Photo 6) and *Motacilla cinerea* . The dominant species of the river was a common species *Pycnonotus jocosus*. All the birds in Hong Kong are under protection of Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170). Some of wetland dependent species with conservation interest including *Ardeola bacchus* and *Egretta garzetta* were observed foraging in the river. *Ardeola bacchus* and *Egretta garzetta* are considered as Regional Concern by Fellowes *et al.* (2002) respectively. A raptor *Spilornis cheela* was hovering above the She Shan River. This species is considered as Local Concern by Fellowes *et al.* (2002) and protected under Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance (Cap. 586). It also classified as vulnerable in China Red Data Book Status. Except foraging and roosting behaviour of some birds were observed, no other remarkable behaviour was noticed. Transect and Point Count locations were shown on **Figure 1**. Result of bird survey was presented in the **Table 4.3**.

4.2.2 Adult Odonata Survey

Odonata survey was performed and a list of recorded odonata species at She Shan River is shown in **Table 4.4**. The number of odonata is higher than the abundance recorded in dry season. Most of the odonata species in Hong Kong has the peak emergence from spring to late summer. It is expected that number of odonata will keep in high abundance in the following months during wet season (Wilson *et al.*, 2004 & Tam *et al.*, 2011). A total of 15 species was recorded, those recorded species were mostly common species in Hong Kong (Photos 7-11). The result of this month was similar to approximate period of last year. Mating behavior was noticed during the survey. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

4.2.3 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates

Survey of aquatic macro-invertebrates was carried out (Photo 12). The river benthic fauna collected was mainly comprised of insects, mollusks and crustaceans (Photos 13-14). Details of recorded benthic fauna refer to **Table 4.5**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

4.2.4 Hong Kong Newt

Survey of Hong Kong Newt was performed (Photo 12). Hong Kong Newt was not recorded in this month. Hong Kong Newt is listed in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170) and classified as “Near Threatened” under IUCN Red List Status and as “Potential Global Concern” by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). Record of Hong Kong Newts can be referred to **Table 4.6**.

4.2.5 Fish Fauna

Fish surveys were performed at She Shan River and total 12 species of freshwater fish were recorded. Native fish *Zacco platypus* and *Oreochromis niloticus* were abundant species dominating in the river channel. Among the recorded fish, *Parazacco spilurus* is classified as “Vulnerable” in Red China Data Book, it was commonly observed along the river with low abundance. The current fish’s abundance increased comparing with last month. Details of recorded of fish fauna refers to **Table 4.6**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

4.3 **Abiotic Data**

Data on water quality and major stream hydrological feature (water flow and substratum) of the stream were collected and are presented in the **Table 4.7**.

Generally, the water was not polluted and nutrient levels were low even though there were cultivation activities observed nearby the river. The water colour has turned into yellowish because of increase in suspended solid as a result of flooding. Results of water test are presented in the **Table 4.7**.

The river substratum was comprised of over 30-80% stones or rocks in large proportion of the river sections with slow water flow (up to 0.2m/second at pool and 0.5m/second at riffle).

5 **Summary and Commentary**

Ecological monitoring was carried out in current months and relevant biotic and abiotic data were collected according to project specification and EM & A Manual. Hong Kong New was not recorded during the survey. More odonata were observed in this month due to seasonality. Fish’s abundance increased when comparing to the record of last month. The rest of fauna was in a natural fluctuation.

Aquatic plants and riparian vegetation were generally established at new drainage channel. Vegetation has generally covered the riverbed and gabion in upper section and partially covered the rest portion of the river.

Water was not polluted and nutrient levels were low to moderate.

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FIGURE

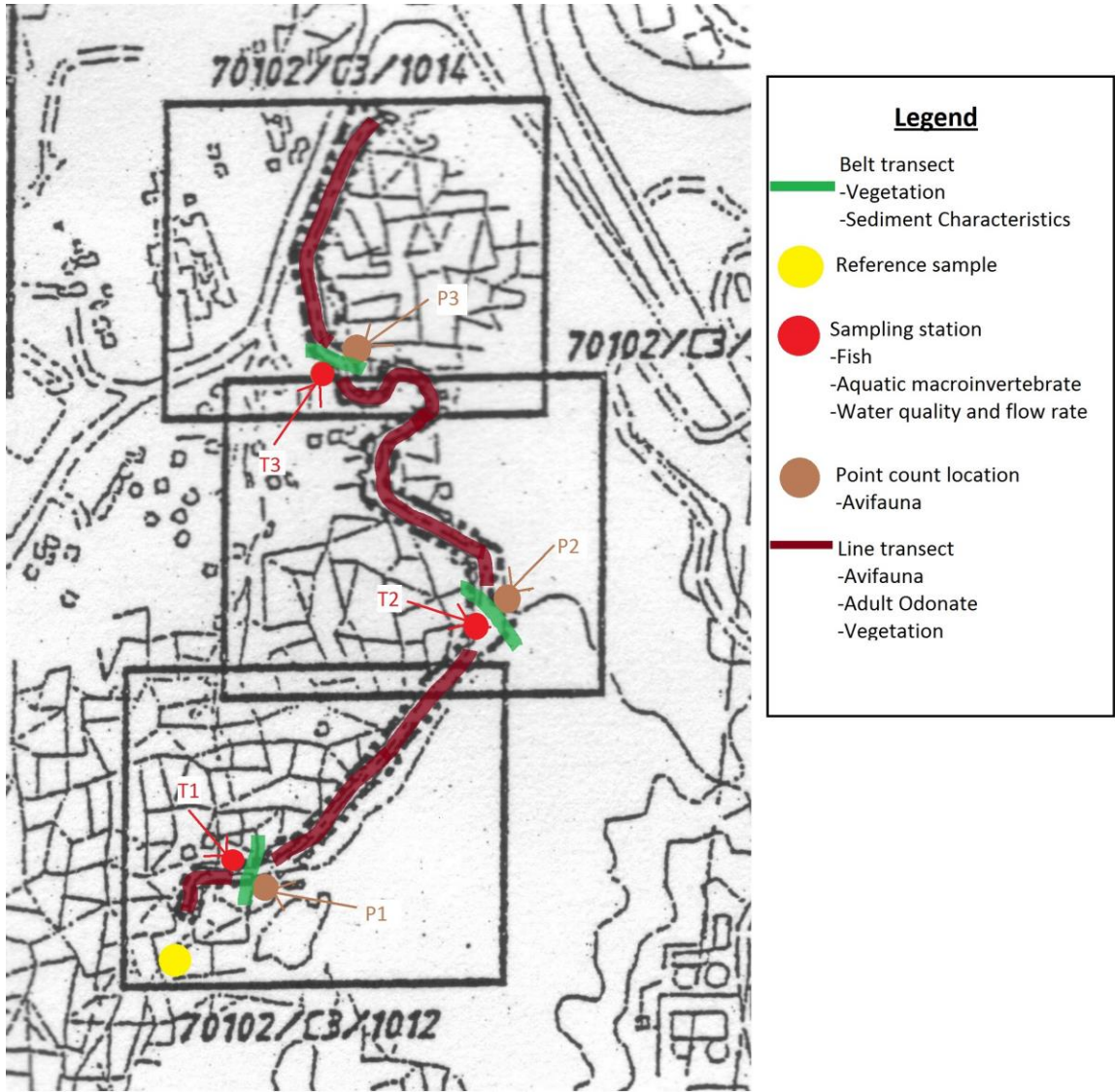


Figure 1. Sampling Location of Ecological Survey and Monitoring at She Shan River, Tai Po.

PHOTOS



Photo 1: General view of the river habitat
(Lower section)



Photo 2: General view of the river habitat
(Middle section)



Photo 3 : General view of the river habitat
(Upper section)



Photo 4 : Avifauna – *Motacilla alba*



Photo 5 : Avifauna – *Ardeola bacchus*



Photo 6: Avifauna – *Egretta garzetta*



Photo 7 : Odonata – *Neurothemis fulvia*



Photo 8 : Odonata – *Trithemis aurora*



Photo 9 : Odonata – *Ictinogomphus pertinax*

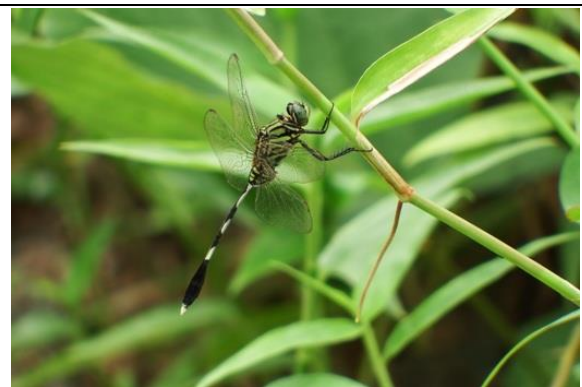


Photo 10: Odonata - *Orthetrum Sabina sabina*



Photo 11 : Odonata – *Orthetrum pruinosum neglectum*



Photo 12: Kick sampling



Photo 13 : Aquatic sample



Photo 14 : Aquatic sample

TABLE

Table 4.1. Flora species recorded along the She Shan River including riparian habitat.

Table with columns for Family, Species name, Chinese name, Conservation Status, and monthly monitoring dates (Aug-15 to Aug-17). The table lists numerous species across various families such as Asteraceae, Cyperaceae, and Poaceae.

Note:

"-" - Species exists in the study area

"+" - Species common in the study area

"++" - Species abundant/dominant in study area

EN- Endangered in China

VU- Vulnerable in China

CR- Wild plant under State protection (category II)

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River
 (T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Baseline monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring						Impact monitoring																									
			Jul-08			Aug-08			Jan-09			Jul-09			Jan-10			Jul-10			Jan-11			Jul-11			Jan-12			Jul-12																																		
			P1	P3	%	P1	P3	%	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3																																
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelinia diffusa</i>	蘭草		0.2	20		10	6	0.2	2	0.1	5	0.2	5		0.2	10	0.3	60		0.5	50	0.5	50	0.2	45	0.2	10	0.2	5	0.8	40	0.3	25	0.3	40	0.3	2	0.3	30	0.3	20																						
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	枯草	0.3	5								0.6	5	0.2	10		0.6	25					1	20	0.3	30			0.5	20																																		
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	馬尼拉					0.2	7																																																								
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	蔊菜																																																														
Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	細葉榕		0.7	5		0.6	7																																																								
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕		3	10		3	10																																																								
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	翻卷竹	0.5	5		0.5	3							1.5	30														1.5	30																																		
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛		0.3	5	0.5	3	0.3	5	0.2	5	0.2	5															0.3	2																																			
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋																																																														
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻	1.5	30		2	7			3	10																																																					
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草													0.3	5	1	5			0.5	5																																										
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草	3	50	1	60	3	80	2	60		4	40		2	50		1.5	20										1.5	20																																		
Poaceae	<i>Cox lacryma-jobi</i>	蒼葦																																																														
Amaranthaceae	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	空心蓮子草	0.2	10		0.2	7																																																									
Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	大黍							0.5	5										0.4	5					1.5	5																																					
Moraceae	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	槽樹									6	5																																																				
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum chinense</i>	火炭母						0.1	10																																																							
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia hyssopifolia</i>	草龍													0.4	5																																																
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草													0.5	5																																																
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																																														
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草																																																														
Blechnaceae	<i>Blechnum orientale</i>	烏毛蕨																																																														
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																																														
Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>	海芋																																																														
Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>	浮萍																																																														
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i>	水筆																																																														
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus involucreus</i>	風車草																																																														
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																																																														
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea catica</i>	五爪金龍																																																														
Bare Ground									98				75				30		##					95		10			15		70		##			80		15		25		15		40		93		30		10		##		3		15		100		93		20		50

P1 - Point count location 1; P3 - Point count location 3

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River (T1- Upper stream section,T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring																																
			May-15			Jun-15			Jul-15			Aug-15			Sep-15			Oct-15			Nov-15			Dec-15			Jan-16																													
			T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3																														
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	錦帶草	0.3	5	0.7	50	0.5	25	0.3	5	0.7	50	0.5	25	0.3	5	0.7	50	0.5	25	0.3	5	0.7	50	0.5	25	0.3	5	0.7	50	0.5	25																								
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	粘骨草																																																						
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	蕪菁菊	0.3	5	0.5	10			0.3	5	0.5	10			0.4	10	0.4	10			0.5	10	0.4	5			0.5	10	0.4	5																										
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	西洋菜																																																						
Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	細葉榕																																																						
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																																																						
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹																																																						
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛																																																						
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋																																																						
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																																																						
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草													0.9	15			0.3	2	0.9	15			0.5	2	0.9	15			0.5	2																								
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																																																						
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	蒼苣													1	2																																								
Amaranthaceae	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	空心蓮子草																																																						
Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	大黍																																																						
Moraceae	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	構樹																																																						
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum chinense</i>	火炭母																																																						
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia hyssopifolia</i>	草龍																																																						
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																																																						
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																																						
Poaceae	<i>Bracharia mutica</i>	巴拉草	1.5	40	1.2	5	1.2	15	1.5	45	1.2	10	1.2	20	0.8	60	1	50	0.8	10	0.9	60	1	35	0.9	10	0.9	60	1	38	0.9	10																								
Blechnaceae	<i>Blechnum orientale</i>	烏毛蕨																																																						
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																																						
Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>	海芋																																																						
Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>	浮萍																																																						
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum hydro Piper</i>	水筆																																																						
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus involutus</i>	風車草		1.4	5						1.4	5				1.2	5						1.2	5				1.2	5	0.4	2		1.2	5	0.4	2																				
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香				1.6	5												1.5	50										1.5	50																									
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea catrica</i>	五爪金龍														0.3	5					0.3	5					0.3	5			0.3	5																							
Bare Gound				50		30		55		45		25		50		13		10		38		13		40		38		13		35		38		28		43		72		28		43		72		28		70		87		43		70		83

P1 – Point count location 1, P3 – Point count location 3

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River
(T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring Feb-16						Post construction monitoring Mar-16						Post construction monitoring Apr-16						Post construction monitoring May-16						Post construction monitoring Jun-16							
			T1		T2		T3		T1		T2		T3		T1		T2		T3		T1		T2		T3		T1		T2		T3			
			Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%	Height(m)	%		
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	薊草			0.3	5			0.2	5			0.3	5	0.2	5			0.3	10	0.2	5			0.3	5	0.2	8			0.3	5	0.2	8
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	枯骨草																																
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	藍花菊	0.5	10	0.5	5			0.5	10	0.5	5			0.5	10	0.5	10			0.5	10	0.5	8			0.5	10	0.5	8				
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	蔊菜			0.3	10					0.3	10							0.3	10			0.3	8					0.3	8				
Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	細葉榕																																
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	對葉榕																																
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Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋																																
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>	苧麻																																
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	1	30			1	35					1	35						1	15					1	15							
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草																																
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薹苡	1	2			1	2					1	2					1	10					1	10								
Amaranthaceae	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	空心蓮子草																																
Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	大黍																																
Moraceae	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	構樹																																
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum chinense</i>	火炭母																																
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia hyssopifolia</i>	草龍																																
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草																																
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>	五節芒																																
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草	0.3	15	1	5	1	5	0.3	15	1	5	1	5	0.3	15	1	5	1	5	0.3	15	1	5	1	10	0.3	15	1	5	1	10		
Blechnaceae	<i>Blechnum orientale</i>	烏毛蕨																																
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																
Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>	海芋																																
Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>	浮萍																																
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i>	水薑			1.2	5	0.4	2			1.2	5	0.4	2			1.2	5	0.4	2			1.2	5	0.4	5			1.2	5	0.4	5		
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus involucreus</i>	風車草																																
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香			0.3	5	0.3	5			0.3	5	0.3	5			0.3	5	0.3	5			0.3	5	0.3	5			0.3	5	0.3	5		
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea catrica</i>	五爪金龍																																
Bare Ground				43		70		83		38		70		83		38		60		83		50		69		72		50		69		72		

P1 – Point count location 1; P3 – Point count location 3

Table 4.2 (Continuous). Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section,T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Family	Species	Stream	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring					
				Feb-17			Mar-17			Apr-17			May-17			Jun-17			Jul-17			Aug-17																	
				T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3												
Commielinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>		前胡草																																				
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>		荻草																																				
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>		蕨甘菊																																				
Brassicaceae	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>		西洋菜																																				
Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>		細葉榕																																				
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>		野菱榕																																				
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>		剛秀竹		0.3	10																																	
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>		野葛																																				
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>		芋																																				
Urticaceae	<i>Boehmeria nivea</i>		苧麻																																				
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>		白花鬼針草		0.2	2																																	
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>		象草																																				
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>		薏苡																																				
Amaranthaceae	<i>Amaranthus phloxeroides</i>		空心蓮子草		0.3	10					0.5	10																											
Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>		大黍																																				
Moraceae	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>		構樹																																				
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum chinense</i>		水苦苣																																				
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia lyssoipidolia</i>		豨薟																																				
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>		莎草																																				
Poaceae	<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i>		五節芒																																				
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>		巴拉草		0.3	20	0.3	20			0.6	25	0.6	25			0.7	35	0.7	30			0.7	30	0.7	25													
Blechnaceae	<i>Blechnum orientale</i>		烏毛蕨		0.3	15	0.3	15			0.3	15	0.3	15			0.4	15	0.3	15			0.4	10	0.5	15													
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>		狼尾草																																				
Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>		海芋		0.2	5	0.2	5			0.2	5	0.3	5			0.5	5	0.3	5			0.5	5	0.3	5													
Lemnaceae	<i>Lemna minor</i>		浮萍																																				
Polygonaceae	<i>Polygonum hydropiper</i>		水蓼																																				
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus involucrat</i>		風車草		0.3	5	0.3	5			0.3	5	0.3	5			0.3	5	0.3	5			0.3	5	0.3	5													
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>		美洲水丁香																																				
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea cairica</i>		五爪金龍		0.2	5	0.2	5			0.2	5	0.2	5			0.3	5	0.2	5			0.4	5	0.3	5													
Bare Gound					0.5	5					0.3	5					0.3	5					0.3	5															
					75	43	55	75	28	45	75	15	30	75	15	30	85	30	40	85	30	40	85	30	40														

P1 - Point count location 1; P3 - Point count location 3

Table 4.4. Odonate species recorded at the She Shan River

Species name	Common name	Chinese name	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring												Post construction monitoring												Post construction monitoring											
					Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17	Apr-17	May-17	Jun-17	Jul-17	Aug-17									
<i>Agriocnemis pygmaea</i>	Wandering Midget	嘉麗小蜻	NP	VC																																				
<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	Asian Amberwing	嘉錫蜻	NP	VC																																				
<i>Burmagomphus vermicularis</i>	Dog-legged Clubtail	鰐紋垂尾艇	P, LC	C																																				
<i>Ceriatricornis aurantiacum ryukyuianum</i>	Orange-tailed Sprite	琉球橘背艇	NP	VC	+	+	+	+																																
<i>Copera ciliata</i>	Black-knees Featherlegs	白膝扇蝶	NP	VC																																				
<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Yellow Featherlegs	黃膝扇蝶	NP	VC	+	+	+	+																																
<i>Crocothemis servilia servilia</i>	Crimson Darter	紅蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+																														
<i>Diplacodes trivialis</i>	Blue Percher	藍藍小蜻	NP	VC																																				
<i>Ictinogomphus pertinax</i>	Common Flangetail	霸王藍春艇	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+																															
<i>Ichinura senegalensis</i>	Common Bluetail	藍斑黑腹艇	NP	VC																																				
<i>Nannophya pygmaea</i>	Scarlet Dwarf	朱紅小蜻	NP	C																																				
<i>Neurobasis chinensis chinensis</i>	Chinese Greenwing	華翠扇蝶	NP	VC			+	+	+	+																														
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	Russet Percher	網脈蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+																															
<i>Orithetrum chrysis</i>	Red-faced Skimmer	紅面灰蜻	NP	VC																																				
<i>Orithetrum glaucum</i>	Common blue skimmer	黑尾灰蜻	NP	VC																																				
<i>Orithetrum luconicum</i>	Marsh Skimmer	呂宋灰蜻	NP	VC	+	+																																		
<i>Orithetrum pruinosum neglectum</i>	Common Red Skimmer	赤褐灰蜻	NP	VC	+	+																																		
<i>Orithetrum sabina sabina</i>	Green Skimmer	綠翅灰蜻	NP	C																																				
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Wandering Glider	蒼蜻	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+										
<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Black Threadtail	烏齒原蝶	NP	VC	+	+	+																																	
<i>Pseudagrion pruinosum fraseri</i>	Ferruginous-faced Sprite	赤斑蝶	NP	C																																				
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps rubriceps</i>	Orange-faced Sprite	丹頂斑蝶	NP	UC																																				
<i>Rhinocypha perforata perforata</i>	Common Blue Jewel	三斑鼻蝶	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+																															
<i>Rhithemis variegata arria</i>	Variagated Flutterer	斑腹扇蝶	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+																															
<i>Trithemis aurora</i>	Crimson Dropwing	暗褐扇蝶	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+																														
<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	Indigo Dropwing	曙靛扇蝶	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+																													
<i>Zyanox iris insignis</i>	Emerald Cascader	彩虹扇蝶	P, PG	VC																																				
No. of Species					13	13	13	12	9	7	2	3	1	3	10	12	15	14	14	13	11	8	2	2	3	6	9	11	13	14	15									

Note: NP - Not protected in Hong Kong ; P - Protected in Hong Kong
 "VC" - Very Common; "UC" - Uncommon; "C" - Common
 "+" - Species exists in the study area
 "++" - Species common in the study area
 "+++ - Species abundance in the study area
 Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website
 LC- Local Concern - Fellowes *et al.* (2002)
 PGC - Potential Global Concern - Fellowes *et al.* (2002)

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River.

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section, T3 - Lower stream section)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling location	Baseline monitoring				Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Impact monitoring			Post construction monitoring																							
			Jul-08	Aug-08	Jan-09	Jul-09	Jan-10	Jul-10	Jan-11	Jul-11	Jan-12	Jul-12	Jul-13	Dec-13	Jan-14																																				
		Status	Common-ness	Upper stream	Lower stream	Upper stream	Lower stream	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3																
Mollusks																																																			
<i>Anodonta woodiana</i>	青背無齒蚌	NP	VC																																																
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	河蜆	NP	VC																																																
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮腹黑螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	++					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	福寿螺	NP	VC	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
<i>Radix plicatilis</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+														
<i>Sinotia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
Insects																																																			
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	孑孓幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
<i>Euphaea sp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																																
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
<i>Odonate larvae</i>	-	NP	VC																																																
<i>Orthetrum sp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																																
<i>Pseudagrion spp.</i>	-	NP	UC																																																
<i>Pseudocloeon sp.</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
<i>Serratella sp.</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
Crustaceans																																																			
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣惠米蝦	NP	VC																																																
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	蟹刺溪蟹	NP	VC																																																
No of Species				12	12	12	12	9	0	7	11	9	0	0	12	10	0	11	0	10	8	14	4	10	9	9	8	10	10	9	7	11	7	6	5	9	8	7	5	11	8	7	6	11	8	8	7	11	8	8	7

Note: NP - Not protected in Hong Kong;
P - protected species in Hong Kong
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"+" - Species exists in the study area
"++" - Species common in the study area
"+++" - Species abundance in the study area
- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River.

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section, T3 - Lower stream section)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling location		Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring							
				Feb-14				Mar-14				Apr-14				May-14				Jun-14				Jul-14				Aug-14				Sep-14				Oct-14				Nov-14				Dec-14				Jan-15			
				Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3				
Mollusks																																																			
<i>Anodonta woodiana</i>	青壳無齒蚌	NP	VC																																																
<i>Biomphalaria</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+																																															
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	河蜆	NP	VC	+																																															
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮腹黑螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	福寿螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Sinotia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	+				
Insects																																																			
<i>Baetis</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+	+			+	+	+																																									
<i>Caenis</i> sp.	--	NP	VC																																																
<i>Chironomus</i> sp.	線幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Euphaea</i> sp.	--	NP	VC																																																
<i>Indobaetis</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Odonate larvae</i>	--	NP	VC																																																
<i>Orithrum</i> spp.	--	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Pseudagrion</i> spp.	--	NP	UC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Pseudocloeon</i> sp.	--	NP	VC																																																
<i>Serratella</i> sp.	--	NP	VC	+				+	+	+																																									
Crustaceans																																																			
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣東米蝦	NP	VC																																																
<i>Cryptopotamon anacolutum</i>	柳刺溪蟹	NP	VC																																																
No of Species				13	10	9	8	14	12	12	9	14	12	13	9	11	11	13	8	10	12	13	8	10	11	14	7	10	12	15	6	12	12	14	8	12	12	13	7	12	11	13	7	10	8	13	6	10	11	14	6

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong;
P - protected species in Hong Kong
“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common
“+” – Species exists in the study area
“++” – Species common in the study area
“+++” – Species abundance in the study area
- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River.

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section, T3 - Lower stream section)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling location	Status	Common-ness	Post construction monitoring Feb-15			Post construction monitoring Mar-15			Post construction monitoring Apr-15			Post construction monitoring May-15			Post construction monitoring Jun-15			Post construction monitoring Jul-15			Post construction monitoring Aug-15			Post construction monitoring Sep-15			Post construction monitoring Oct-15			Post construction monitoring Nov-15			Post construction monitoring Dec-15			Post construction monitoring Jan-16									
					Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3							
Mollusks																																															
<i>Anodonta woodiana</i>	青背無齒蚌	NP	VC																																												
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	-	NP	VC		+				+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+				
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+				
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	河蜆	NP	VC																																												
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮腹黑螺	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+				
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	福寿螺	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+				
<i>Radix plicatilis</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+				
<i>Sinotia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+				
Insects																																															
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																												
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																												
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	孑孓幼虫	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	
<i>Euphaea sp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																												
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+		+	+	+			+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	
<i>Odonate larvae</i>	-	NP	VC																																												
<i>Ortherum spp.</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	
<i>Pseudagrion spp.</i>	-	NP	UC		+	+		+	+	+			+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	
<i>Pseudocloeon spp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																												
<i>Serratella sp.</i>	-	NP	VC		+								+				+				+				+				+																		
Crustaceans																																															
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣惠米蝦	NP	VC																																												
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	柳刺溪蟹	NP	VC																																												
No of Species					7	10	12	6	9	12	13	6	9	12	13	6	9	12	13	6	9	12	15	6	9	13	15	6	9	13	15	6	9	13	15	6	9	14	15	6	9	14	15	6			

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong;
P - protected species in Hong Kong
“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common
“+” – Species exists in the study area
“++” – Species common in the study area
“+++” – Species abundance in the study area
- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River.

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section, T3 - Lower stream section)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling location	Status	Common-ness	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring											
					Feb-16				Mar-16				Apr-16				May-16				Jun-16				Jul-16				Aug-16				Sep-16				Oct-16			
					Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3
Mollusks																																								
<i>Anodonta woodiana</i>	青背無齒蚌	NP	VC																																					
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	河蜆	NP	VC																																					
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	縮腹黑螺	NP	VC		+	+	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	福果螺	NP	VC		+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Sinotia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC		+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++
Insects																																								
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC				+																																	
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																					
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	孑孓幼虫	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Euphaea sp.</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Odonate larvae</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Orthetrum spp.</i>	-	NP	VC		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Pseudagrion spp.</i>	-	NP	UC		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Pseudocloeon spp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																					
<i>Serratella sp.</i>	-	NP	VC		+				+				+				+				+				+				+				+				+			
Crustaceans																																								
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣惠米蝦	NP	VC			+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	柳刺溪蟹	NP	VC			+				+				+				+				+				+				+				+				+		
No of Species					9	14	15	6	9	14	15	6	9	14	15	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong;
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“++” – Species common in the study area
“+++” – Species abundance in the study area
- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at She Shan River.

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section, T3 - Lower stream section)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling location	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring												
			Dec-16				Jan-17				Feb-17				Mar-17				Apr-17				May-17				Jun-17				Jul-17				Aug-17				
			Status	Common-ness	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3			
Mollusks																																							
<i>Anodonta woodiana</i>	青魚無齒蚌	NP	VC																																				
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	河蚌	NP	VC																																				
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	福壽螺	NP	VC	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	福壽螺	NP	VC	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Sinotia quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++
Insects																																							
<i>Baetis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC			+				+						+																							
<i>Caenis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																				
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	孑孓幼虫	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Euphaea sp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																				
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Odonate larvae</i>	-	NP	VC																																				
<i>Orithrum spp.</i>	-	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Pseudagrion spp.</i>	-	NP	UC																																				
<i>Pseudocloeon sp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																				
<i>Serratella sp.</i>	-	NP	VC																																				
Crustaceans																																							
<i>Caridina cantanensis</i>	廣惠水蝦	NP	VC		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthon</i>	柳刺溪蟹	NP	VC																																				
No of Species				9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6	9	14	16	6

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“+” – Species exists in the study area
“++” – Species common in the study area
“+++” – Species abundance in the study area
- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at She Shan River
(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Species	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring																						
			May-15				Jun-15				Jul-15				Aug-15				Sep-15				Oct-15				Nov-15				Dec-15				Jan-16				Feb-16				Mar-16				Apr-16				May-16				Jun-16						
			Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3							
<i>Channa maculata</i>	黑魷	NP	C		+	+				+				+							+				+				+					+					+					+																	
<i>Clarias gariepinus</i>	暹羅青魷	NP	VC			+	+				+	+									+	+							+	+										+	+																				
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+	+	+	+			+	+	+	+								+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C	+	+	+	+			+	+	+	+								+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口非鯽	NP	C	+	+	++	++			+	+	++	++								+	++	++	++					+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++											
<i>Parazacco spilargenteus</i>	吳鰱	NP	V	+	+	+	+			+	+	+	+								+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀魚	NP	VC			+	+				+	+									+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南鰱	NP	C			+	+				+	+									+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+												
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	十斑魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+			+	+	+	+								+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+											
<i>Rhinogobius spp.</i>	鰻虎魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+			+	+	+	+								+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+											
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+			+	+	+	+								+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+											
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	藍色劍尾魚	NP	C			+	+				+	+									+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+											
<i>Zacco platypus</i>	黃鰱	NP	C	+	+	++	++			+	+	++	++								+	++	++	++					+	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	++										
	2x2m fish number			20	10	20	10	20	10	20	10	20	10	15	8	15	8	20	10	20	10	20	12	23	12	35	35	25	20	45	45	35	30	55	50	40	35	55	45	35	25	60	45	40	30	60	50	35	25	40	40	30	20	30	20	20	10	30	20	25	8
	No of Species			8	9	13	10	8	8	13	10	8	8	8	13	10	8	8	13	7	8	8	13	6	8	8	13	6	8	8	13	6	8	8	12	7	8	8	12	7	8	8	12	7	8	8	12	7	8	8	12	7	8	8	12	7	8	8	12	7	
Amphibian																																																													
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港摩螻	P, Cap 170, NT	R			+																																																							

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong
 “VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common
 “+” – Species exists in the study area
 “++” – Species common in the study area
 “+++” – Species abundance in the study area
 - Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.
 Cap 170 - List in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap.170)
 NT - Near Treated in IUCN Red List Status
 PGC - Potential Global Concern by Fellowes *et al* (2002)
 V - Vulnerable - in Red China Data Book

Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at She Shan River
(T1 - Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Species		Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring				Post construction monitoring			
				Jun-17				Jul-17				Aug-17			
				Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3	Reference	T1	T2	T3
<i>Channa maculata</i>	黑魷	NP	C			+				+				+	
<i>Clarias gariepinus</i>	黑胡子魮	NP	VC			+				+				+	
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口非鯽	NP	C	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	黑魷	NP, V	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀花魚	NP	VC			+				+				+	
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南鱮	NP	C												
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	十斑魚	NP	C	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Rhinogobius</i> spp.	鰻虎魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C			+				+				+	
<i>Zacco platypus</i>	寬鳍鱮	NP	C	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+	+	++	++	+
	2x2m fish number			15	10	10	5	15	8	8	5	20	10	10	5
	No of Species			8	8	12	5	8	8	12	5	8	8	12	5
Amphibian															
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港摩螈	P, Cap 170, NT, 1996	R			+				+					

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong

“VC” – Very Common; “UC” – Uncommon; “C” - Common

“+” – Species exists in the study area

“++” – Species common in the study area

“+++” – Species abundance in the study area

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Cap 170 - List in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap.170)

NT - Near Treated in IUCN Red List Status

PGC-Potential Global Concern by Fellowes *et al* (2002)

V - Vulnerable - in Red China Data Book

Table 4.7 Abiotic data for the Upper She Shan River

(T1- Upper stream section, T2 - middle stream section and T3 - Lower stream section)

Parameter / date	Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring		
	May-17			Jun-17			Jul-17			Aug-17		
Replicate	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
DO (mg/L)	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.8	8.1	8.0	7.9	8.0	8.0	7.9
pH	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.7
Nitrate (mg N/L)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5
Ammonia (mg N/L)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Salinity (ppt)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Conductivity (µS/cm)	22	23	27	19	22	25	15	18	19	20	22	25
BOD (mg/L)	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
Water flow at pool (m/s)	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2
Water flow at riffle (m/s)	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5
Sand (%)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Stone (%)	80	80	30	80	80	30	80	80	30	80	80	30
Mud (%)	5	5	2	5	5	2	5	5	2	5	5	2
Concrete (%)	10	10	63	10	10	63	10	10	63	10	10	63

**Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP) Post-Construction
Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement Work in
Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po
River – Investigation
Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No. 44)
Upper Tai Po River**

August 2017



Prepared by : Mike Pang

11 September, 2017

Validated by: Mark Shea

Handwritten signatures of Mike Pang and Mark Shea. The signature of Mike Pang is in blue ink and is positioned above the signature of Mark Shea, which is also in blue ink. A vertical line separates the two signatures.

11 September, 2017

Ecology Team: China Hong Kong Ecology Consultants

**Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River
Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan
River and Upper Tai Po River – Investigation
Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP)**

**Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring Report (No.44)
Upper Tai Po River**

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- Photo 4: Vegetation sparsely growing on gabion (Middle section)
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1 Introduction

- 1.1 The current post-construction ecological monitoring programme is under Agreement No. CE65/2013(EP) Post-Construction Ecological Monitoring of River Improvement Work in Upper Lam Tsuen River, She Shan River and Upper Tai Po River. The collected data are mainly used to assess ecological recovery process and effectiveness of ecological migration proposed and enforced during the construction period.
- 1.2 The scope of the ecological monitoring was detailed in EM & A Manual of the project. In brief, the survey aimed to collect data on abiotic factors such as water quality, substratum characteristics, water flow as well as flora and fauna.
- 1.3 China Hong Kong Ecology Consultants Ltd. was committed by Allied Environmental Consultants Ltd (AEC) to undertake the ecological monitoring tasks for the project from December 2014.
- 1.4 This is the number 44 post-construction ecological monitoring report for the project conducted **on 29th August 2017**. It contains the following subsections:
 - Summary of major points
 - Monitoring Methods and Results
 - Summary and Comments

2 Summary of Major Points

- Fauna and flora along the drainage project sections is in a process of re-establishing or restoration;
- Bird abundance was similar to those recorded during baseline survey;
- The abundance of target river fauna, i.e., fish *Parazacco spilurus* recorded was lower than those recorded during baseline monitoring (before fish capture/relocation took place). The reason for low fish population of *Parazacco spilurus* was due to river bed modification. The rare fish *Pseudobagrus trilineatus* was consistently recorded in the river during recent monitoring. The other target species, Hong Kong Newt *Paramesotriton hongkongensis*, was not found within works area during baseline, impact monitoring and it was recorded in the river during post construction monitoring. Apart from fauna species, 55 flora species was recorded within the survey transects along the river course. Some common herbs were observed generating on the embankment, which indicating that vegetation was recovering. Flora species of *Tibouchina semidecandra* and *Ipomoea pes-caprae* were planted on the gabion along the river for landscape purpose;
- The abundance of fish was similar to last month with slight increase;
- Higher abundance of odonata was recorded in this month; and
- Hong Kong Newt was not recorded during the survey.

3 Monitoring Methodology

3.1 Riparian Vegetation

Riparian vegetation including aquatic and emergent was sampled by line transects along the affected river channel and riparian habitat. Species, relative abundance and average heights were recorded. Vegetation surveys were conducted at three selected belt transects with one located at the upper portion of the river channel (T1) and another one at the middle section of the river (T2), as well as reference site (**Figure 1**). The belt transects was run across the river channel in order to collect quantitative data of the vegetation, e.g., species inventory, height, percentage cover. Qualitative data of plants was collected by recording plant species along line transect, e.g., species inventory, relative abundance. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in Lai *et al.* (2004) and Hong Kong Herbarium (2015).

3.2 Avifauna

Avifauna survey was conducted during post construction monitoring period. Special attention was given to the river channel and corridor area which birds used as feeding and foraging habitat. Avifauna survey was undertaken in the early morning plus species recorded in the rest of the day when conducting other taxonomic groups (benthic, fish, insect) monitoring. Numerical abundance was recorded at fixed count points within a radius of 30 to 50m according to landscape feature and visual penetration extent. The duration of the point count of birds was standardized for 10 minutes at each location in order to collect comparable data. Transect count along accessible sections of river channel were used in order to collect qualitative data. Binoculars and digital camera were the main items of equipment used. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed in the AFCDC website (www.hkbiobiodiversity.net) and Carey *et al.* (2001).

The point count was conducted at two locations with one located at the lower portion of the river channel (T2) and the other located at the upper section of the river (T1). The point count locations, survey transect for bird survey and sampling sites for surveys of other faunal groups and flora was given in **Figure 1**.

3.3 Adult Odonata Survey

Adult Odonata surveys were conducted along transects (**Figure 1**). Binoculars, digital camera and hand net were utilized to aid identification. Numerical abundance, species identity and other notable behavior were recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCDC website (www.hkbiobiodiversity.net), Wilson *et al.* (2004) and Tam *et al.* (2011). Adult Odonata survey was conducted along line transects in parallel with river channel within the works area where access was permitted.

3.4 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates

Macro-invertebrates in the river channel were surveyed in three sampling sites with two located at upper (T1) and middle (T2) proportion of the river respectively and one reference site. It aims to collect necessary macro-invertebrate fauna for ecological monitoring programme (**Figure 1**). Five replicates were taken at each sampling point and pool together for further sample sorting and identification. Kick sampling and hand netting were the survey methodologies for river organisms. Dissection microscope and digital camera were used to aid identification and enumeration. Numerical abundance and species identity were recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net) and other literatures such as Dudgeon (1994).

3.5 Fish and Newt

Fish community including target species *Parazacco spilurus* and *Paramesotriton hongkongensis* at the specified river channel was monitored by live trapping, hand netting and direct observation methods.

Sampling was conducted at three sampling locations with one located at upper section (T1) and one located at middle section (T2), as well as reference site. The selected sampling site covered major type of river habitats, e.g. river pool and riffle (**Figure 1**). The number of the observed fish and newt was estimated and recorded. Nomenclature and protection status of the species has followed those documented in the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net) and Lee *et al.* (2004).

3.6 Abiotic Data Collection

3.6.1 Water Quality Monitoring

Dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity, BOD and nutrient level (nitrate and ammonium) were measured and analyzed by conventional methods in situ or in laboratory. The instruments for measuring dissolved oxygen level, pH value, conductivity, salinity were model: DO-5510, AZ8685, AZ8361 and AZ8374 respectively. All the instruments were calculated every monitoring month according to the operation manuals in order to obtain the precise result. BOD test took 5 days to complete within darkness incubator with stable temperature at 20°C and was performed using model: DO-5510 for measuring dissolved oxygen. Nutrient levels including nitrate and ammonia were performed in laboratory by applying the In-house method SOP056 (FIA) and SOP057 (FIA) respectively.

3.6.2 Sediment Characteristics

Sediment/substrate characteristics were recorded of sediment cover in percentage e.g. mud, sand, rock, boulder and cemented bottom in the river bed at sampling sites.

3.6.3 Water Flow

Water flow rates in river channel were measured by recording the time taken for a floating object (e.g. floating ball) in a measured distance. The sampling sites for surveys were given in **Figure 1**.

4 Monitoring Results

4.1 Vegetation

Major proportion of river bed and bank was concrete and without plant colonizing (Photos 1-4). Vegetation has sparsely covered the gabion wall along the upper Tai Po River and the river bed with some common plants (Photo 4) including invasive species *Mikania micrantha*, and native species *Commelina diffusa*. Most of the plants on the river bed along the river have been removed from the clearance work. In total, 55 flora species were recorded within the survey transects along the river course. Abundant native species *Commelina diffusa* was the dominant species established in the river bed. Vegetation coverage in upper section was still low. Flooding was observed in this month, which washed out most of the plants of the river. The flora were generally in good health, and the height of the dominated riparian grass and herb species were in a range from 0.3m to 1.7m as observed along survey transect. Dominant flora species were shown in **Table 4.1** marked with relative abundance sign “+++”. Results of vegetation survey and belt transect survey were presented in **Table 4.1** and **Table 4.2**. **Figure 1** shows the transect line for the flora surveys.

4.2 Fauna

4.2.1 Avifauna

An avifauna survey was undertaken along survey transects and at two defined point count locations. In total, 11 species of birds were recorded during bird survey (Photo 5). Among them, 3 species were wetland dependant birds observed feeding and roosting in the river channel including *Ardeola bacchus*, *Motacilla alba* and *Egretta garzetta* (Photo 5). A common species *Pycnonotus jocosus* was the dominant species of most of the proportion of the river. All the birds in Hong Kong are under protection of Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170). Some of the wetland dependent species recorded are classified as Regional Concern by Fellowes *et al.* (2002) including *Egretta garzetta* and *Ardeola bacchus*, which were usually observed feeding in the river. Only foraging and roosting behaviour of some wetland dependent birds were noticed. Transect and Point Count locations were shown on **Figure 1**. Result of bird survey was presented in the **Table 4.3**.

4.2.2 Adult Odonata Survey

Odonata surveys were performed and a list of recorded odonata species at Upper Tai Po River is shown in **Table 4.4**. Number of odonata species recorded was similar to the previous surveys conducted in approximate period of last year. In total, 11 species odonata was found, the recorded odonata species was common species in Hong Kong (Photo 6). Comparing with the result of last month, more odonata were found in this month due to seasonality. Most of the odonata species in Hong Kong has the peak emergence from spring to late summer. It is expected that number of odonata will peak in high abundance in the following months during wet season (Wilson *et al.*, 2004 & Tam *et al.*, 2011). Sampling location was shown in **Figure 1**.

4.2.3 Aquatic Macro-invertebrates

Aquatic-net and kick sampling were performed at the river. The river benthic fauna collected was mainly comprised of insects, molluscs and crustaceans (Photo 8). Details of recorded of river benthic fauna refers to **Table 4.5**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

4.2.4 Hong Kong Newt

Survey of Hong Kong Newt was conducted at Upper Tai Po River. Adult Hong Kong Newt was not captured in this month at reference site. Hong Kong Newt is listed in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170) and classified as “Near Threatened” under IUCN Red List Status and as “Potential Global Concern” by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). Record of Hong Kong Newts can be referred to **Table 4.6**.

4.2.5 River Fish Fauna

Fish surveys were performed at Upper Tai Po River during surveys. In total, 12 species freshwater fish were recorded within project area. Fish abundance was low along the modified river channel. The *Parazacco spilurus*, *Glyptothorax pallozonum* and *Pseudobagrus trilineatus*, which have conservation interest, were restricted in the upper section of the surveyed river outside the works boundary where the habitat was not affected by construction works, while *Parazacco spilurus* is listed in China Red Data Book Status as Vulnerable and *Pseudobagrus trilineatus* is classified as Global Concern by Fellowes *et al.* (2002). The data showed that fish abundance was similar to the record of last month with slight increase. Details of records of fish fauna refers to **Table 4.6**. Sampling location was shown on **Figure 1**.

4.3 **Abiotic Data**

Data on water quality and major river hydrological feature (water flow and substratum) of the river were collected and are presented in the **Table 4.7**.

Generally, the water was not polluted and nutrient levels were generally low. Results of water test were presented in the **Table 4.7**.

The river substratums of upper and lower sections were comprised of 40% stone and 60% concrete, 20% stone and 80% concrete respectively. Moderate water flow up to 0.3m/second at pool and 0.6m/second at riffle was measured.

5 **Summary and Commentary**

Post construction ecological monitoring was carried out in current month and relevant biotic and abiotic data were collected according to project specification and EM & A Manual. An adult Newt was not recorded during the survey. Fish’s abundance appears to be similar to last month. Bird abundance was similar to those recorded during baseline survey. Species richness of odonata was similar to last month’s result

Aquatic and riparian vegetation along river channel was re-established compared to those recorded during baseline surveys. Vegetation has sparsely covered gabion wall and river bed along to the Upper Tai Po River.

The water quality of the surveyed river was not polluted as indicated by low nutrient concentration level of ammonium and nitrate although the river channel may receive discharge and runoff from the village areas.

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FIGURE

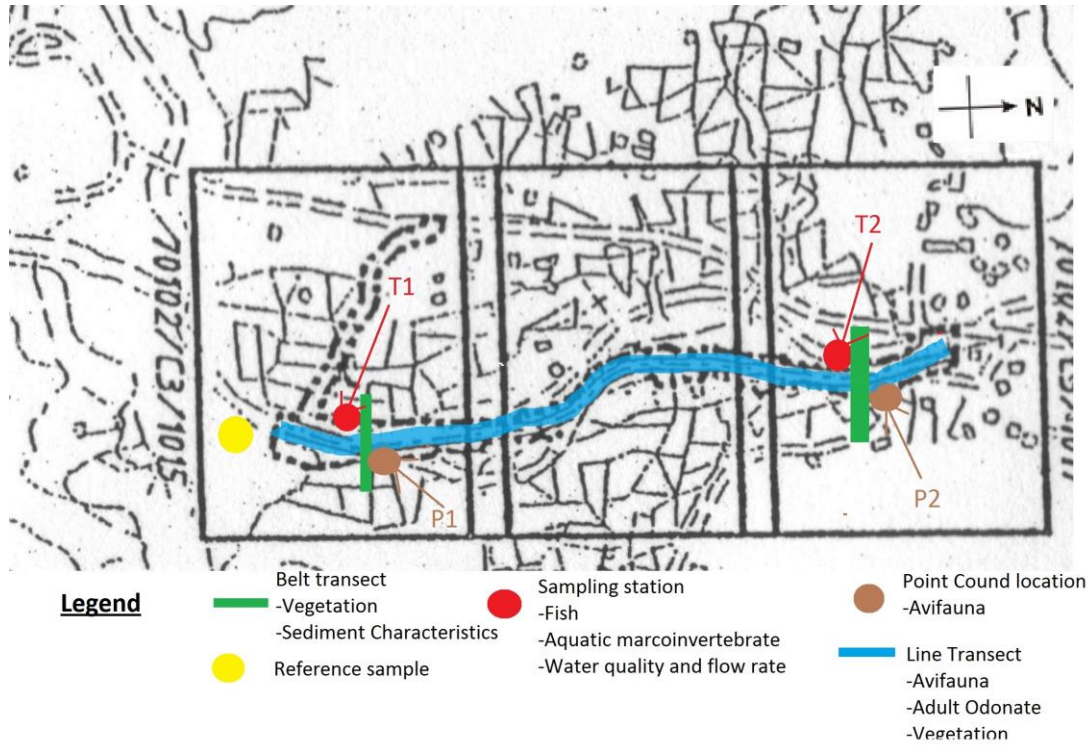


Figure 1. Sampling Location of Ecological Survey and Monitoring at Upper Tai Po River, Tai Po.

PHOTOS



Photo 1: General view of the river channel
(Reference site)



Photo 2: General view of the river channel
(Upper section)



Photo 3: General view of the river channel
(Middle section)



Photo 4: Vegetation sparsely growing on
gabion (Middle section)



Photo 5 : Avifauna – *Egretta garzetta*



Photo 6 : Odonata – *Trithemis aurora*



Photo 7 : Aquatic sample

TABLE

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Tai Po stream (T1 - Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site)

Family	Species	Stream Transect	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring					
				Jun-16			Jul-16			Jun-16			Jul-16		
				Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2
Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%		
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>		微甘菊	0.6	5					0.6	5				
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>		對葉榕												
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>		朴樹												
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>		剛秀竹	1.2	5					1.2	5				
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>		藍桐					1.5	5					1.5	10
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>		海芋												
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>		芋	0.5	5					0.5	5				
Myrtaceae	<i>Cleistocalyx operculatus</i>		水翁												
Athyriaceae	<i>Callipteris esculenta</i>		菜蕨												
Poaceae	<i>Phragmites karka</i>		玉間蘆	1.5	5					1.5	5				
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>		華南毛蕨												
Equisetaceae	<i>Equisetum debile</i>		筆管草	0.3	5					0.3	5				
Asteraceae	<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i>		圓紅薊												
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>		韶節草	0.4	5	0.3	5	0.4	2	0.4	5	0.3	5	0.4	5
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>		黑莓												
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Mallotus paniculatus</i>		白楸												
Poaceae	<i>Eleusine indica</i>		牛筋草												
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>		象草												
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>		蝴蝶菊												
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>		白花鬼針草	0.7	5			0.5	5	0.7	5			0.5	8
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>		結骨草	0.4	5					0.4	5				
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>		薏苡												
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea cairica</i>		五爪金龜												
Cucurbitaceae	<i>Benincasa hispida</i>		冬瓜												
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>		野葛												
Convolvulaceae	<i>Merremia hederacea</i>		魚黃草												
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>		狼尾草					2	3					2	5
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>		巴拉草			1.2	2					1.2	2		
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>		美洲水丁香												
Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>		大紅花												
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>		莎草												
Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens walleriana</i>		非洲鳳仙												
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>		青葙	1.7	5					1.7	5				
Bare Ground					55		93		85		55		93		72

* Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

P1 - Point count location 1; P2 - Point count location 2

Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Tai Po stream (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring					
			Reference		T1		T2		Reference		T1		T2		Reference		T1		T2		Reference		T1		T2		Reference		T1		T2		Reference		T1		T2	
			Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%				
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	菵甘菊	0.6	5																																		
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Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐			1.5	10																																
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Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	錦蔴草	0.4	5	0.3	5	0.4	5	0.4	10	0.4	10	0.4	10	0.5	10	0.3	10	0.3	10	0.5	10	0.1	10	0.1	10	0.5	10	0.2	10	0.2	10	0.5	10	0.3	10		
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵																																				
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Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草																																				
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草			1.2	2				1.2	5	1.3	5																									
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香																																				
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Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens walleriana</i>	非洲鳳仙																																				
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙	1.7	5																																		
Bare Ground			55		93		72		35		85		62		35		85		62		35		85		62		35		85		62		35		85		62	

Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

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Table 4.2. Flora species recorded from belt transect survey at the Upper Tai Po stream (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling site)

Family	Species	Chinese name	Post construction monitoring						
			Stream Transect	Reference		Aug-17		T2	
				Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%	Height (m)	%
Asteraceae	<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	蕨甘菊	0.5	5					
Moraceae	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	野梧桐							
Ulmaceae	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	朴樹							
Poaceae	<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i>	剛秀竹	1.7	5					
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	血桐					0.4	5	
Araceae	<i>Alocasia odora</i>	海芋	0.6	5					
Araceae	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	芋	0.6	5					
Myrtaceae	<i>Cleistocalyx operculatus</i>	水翁							
Athyriaceae	<i>Callipteris esculenta</i>	紫萹							
Poaceae	<i>Phragmites karka</i>	卡開蘆	1.7	5					
Thelypteridaceae	<i>Cyclosorus parasiticus</i>	華南毛蕨							
Equisetaceae	<i>Equisetum debile</i>	筆管草	0.5	5					
Asteraceae	<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i>	勝紅菊							
Commelinaceae	<i>Commelina diffusa</i>	藍筋草	0.6	5	0.5	10	0.3	5	
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	龍葵							
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Mallotus paniculatus</i>	白楸							
Poaceae	<i>Elysius indica</i>	牛筋草							
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	象草							
Asteraceae	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	總瓣菊							
Asteraceae	<i>Bidens alba</i>	白花鬼針草	0.8	5			0.4	3	
Poaceae	<i>Panicum repens</i>	結骨草	0.6	5					
Poaceae	<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	薏苡							
Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea catrica</i>	五爪金龍							
Cucurbitaceae	<i>Benincasa hispida</i>	冬瓜							
Fabaceae	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>	野葛							
Convolvulaceae	<i>Merremia hederacea</i>	魚黃草							
Poaceae	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	狼尾草					0.4	10	
Poaceae	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>	巴拉草			0.5	10	0.3	5	
Onagraceae	<i>Ludwigia erecta</i>	美洲水丁香							
Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>	大紅花							
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	莎草							
Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens walleriana</i>	非洲鳳仙							
Amaranthaceae	<i>Celosia argentea</i>	青葙	1.5	5					
Bare Ground			50		80			72	

* Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

P1 - Point count location 1; P2 - Point count location 2

Table 4.3 Avifauna recorded along survey transects and at two selected point count locations for Upper Tai Po River. (T1- Upper stream section and T2- Lower stream section)

					Post construction monitoring											
					May-17			Jun-17			Jul-17			Aug-17		
					Abundance			Abundance			Abundance			Abundance		
Common Name	Species name	Chinese name	Status	Rarity	C	T1	T2	C	T1	T2	C	T1	T2	C	T1	T2
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	家燕	SV, SpM	C	+		4	+		3	+		6			
Black -crown Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	夜鹭	R,WV, PC	C												
Black Kite	<i>Milvus lineatus</i>	黑鸢	R, RC, Cap.586	C												
Black-collared Starling	<i>Sturnus nigricollis</i>	黑领椋鸟	R	C	+	2	2	+		2	+	1	2	+	1	
Chinese Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus sinensis</i>	白头鹎	R	C	++	2	3	++	2	2	++	3	2	++	2	1
Chinese Hwamei	<i>Garrulax canorus</i>	畫眉	R	C												
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>	池鹭	R,RC	C	+	1		+	1		+	1		+	1	
Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	烏鶇	WV, PM	C												
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	普通翠鳥	PM, WV	C												
Common Koel	<i>Eudynamis scolopacea</i>	雉鴉	R	C	+											
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	磯鶯	WV&P	C												
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	扇尾沙雉	WV&P	C												
Common Tailorbird	<i>Orhotorus sutorius</i>	長尾縫紉鶯	R	C	+		1	+		1	+		1	+		1
Crested bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>	紅耳鶯	R	C	+++	7	8	+++	9	2	+++	8	7	+++	9	3
Crested Myna	<i>Acridotheres cristatellus</i>	八哥	R	C	+	1	2				+			+		
Daurian redstart	<i>Phoenicurus aureus</i>	北紅尾鶯	WV	U												
Domestic pigeon	<i>Columba sp.</i>	鴿	R	C												
Eastern Buzzard	<i>Buteo japonicus</i>	普通鵟	WV, Cap.586	C												
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	麻雀	R	C	++	3	2	++	5	1	++	3	4	++	5	2
Great Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>	褐翅鴉鶇	R, VU	C	+			+			+					
Great Tit	<i>Parus major (commictus)</i>	大山雀	R	C	+											
Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	白腰草鶻	WV	U												
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	灰鶯	WV	C	+		1	+		1						
Japanese White Eye	<i>Zosterops japonica</i>	暗綠繡眼鳥	R	C												
Large Hawk Cuckoo	<i>Hierococcyx sparverioides</i>	大鷹鴉	PM, SV	C				+		1						
Large-billed Crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i>	大嘴烏鶇	R	C												
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	小白鶯	R, RC	C	+	1		+	1		+	2		+	1	
Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>	小白腰雨燕	R, SpM	C	++			++		5	++					
Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	喜鵲	R	C												
Magpie Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>	鶇鶇	R	C	+	1	1	+	2	1	+	2	2	+	1	2
Olive Backed pipit	<i>Anthus hodgsoni</i>	樹鶇	WV	C												
Plaintive Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis merulinus</i>	八聲杜鵑	SV	U												
Red-billed blud magpie	<i>Urocissa erythrorhyncha</i>	紅尾藍鶇	R	C												
Rufous-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>	棕背伯勞	R	C							+					
Scaly-breasted Munia	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>	斑文鳥	R	C												
Scarlet Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus flammeus</i>	赤紅山椒鳥	R	C												
Scarlet-backed Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum cruentatum</i>	朱背啄花鳥	R	C												
Siberian Stonechat	<i>Soxicola maurus</i>	黑喉石鶇	WV	C												
Silver-eared Mesia	<i>Leiothrix argentauris</i>	銀耳相思鳥	R	C												
Sooty-headed Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus aurigaster</i>	白喉紅鶯	R	C												
Spotted Dove	<i>Streptopelia chinensis</i>	珠頸斑鳩	R	C	++	5	5	++	2	4	++	3	5	++	5	2
Violet Whistling Thrush	<i>Myiophonus caeruleus</i>	紫鶇	R	C												
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	白鶇	WV, R	C	+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1	+	1	1
White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>	白胸苦惡鳥	R	C												
White-rumped Munia	<i>Lonchura striata</i>	白腰文鳥	R	C												
Yellow Bellid Prinia	<i>Prinia flaviventris</i>	灰頭鶇鶇	R	C												
Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>	黃鶇	WV&PM	C												
Number of birds						24	30		23	24		24	30		26	12
No. of species					17	10	11	15	8	12	15	9	9	11	9	7

Note: R – Resident; WV – Winter visitor; Sv–Summer Visitor; PM – Passage migrant; C – Common; U – Uncommon; SpM – Spring migrant; C – transect count; P1 – Point count location 1; P2 – Point count location 2

Abundance indication: +, No. of indiv. 1 – 3; ++, No. of indiv. 4 – 10; +++, No. of indiv. >10;

Commonness and status were decided according to AFCD biodiversity website (www.hkbioldiversity.net)

All bird species are under protection of Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170)

Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance (Cap. 586)

RC : Regional concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

LC : Local Concern Fellowes *et al* (2002)

PRC: Potential Regional onver Fellowes *et al* (2002)

CR: Rare in China Red Data Book Status

VU: Vulnerable in China Red Data Book Status

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2- Lower stream sampling site)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling point	Post construction monitoring																																																			
			Aug-14			Sep-14			Oct-14			Nov-14			Dec-14			Jan-15			Feb-15			Mar-15			Apr-15			May-15			Jun-15			Jul-15			Aug-15			Sep-15			Oct-15			Nov-15						
			Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2										
Mollusca																																																						
<i>Biomphalaria sp.</i>		NP	VC	+			+					+						+						+	+	+																												
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>		NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	細螺	NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Physella acuta</i>	舌形螺	NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	福寿螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	蓮花螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
<i>Succinea quadrata</i>	田螺	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
Insects																																																						
<i>Anisocentropus sp.</i>		NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Arctonora sp.</i>		NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Aulocodes sp.</i>		NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Baetis sp.</i>		NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Chironomus sp.</i>	孑孓	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Ephemera sp.</i>		NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Indobaetis sp.</i>		NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Mnais sp.</i>		NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Odonate Larvae</i>		NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Orthetrum sp.</i>		NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Peraia sp.</i>		NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Rhabdium sp.</i>		NP	VC	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Tritulidae sp.</i>		NP	VC																																																			
Crustacea																																																						
<i>Caridina cantonensis</i>	廣東水螳	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthen</i>	螺螄	NP	C	+			+					+						+					+																															
<i>Eriocheir japonica</i>	日本橫螯蟹	NP	C																																																			
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蟹	NP	VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
No of Species				18	9	8	19	12	8	19	13	7	19	11	6	16	10	5	19	10	5	18	7	4	19	7	5	20	7	4	15	7	4	15	7	4	15	7	4	15	7	4	16	6	4	16	6	3	16	6	3	16	6	3

Note:
 "NP" - Not protected in Hong Kong
 "V" - Listed in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170) and Listed as "Near Threatened" in IUCN Red List Status
 "VC" - Very Common; "UC" - Uncommon; "C" - Common
 "+" - Species exists in the study area
 "++" - Species common in the study area
 "+++ - Species abundance in the study area
 - Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.5 Aquatic Macro invertebrates recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1- Upper stream sampling site and T2- Lower stream sampling site)

Species	Chinese name	Sampling point	Post construction monitoring												Post construction monitoring														
			Dec-16			Jan-17			Feb-17			Mar-17			Apr-17			May-17			Jun-17			Jul-17			Aug-17		
			Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2
Mollusca																													
<i>Biomphalaria</i> sp.		NP VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Brotia hainanensis</i>		NP VC	+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+	
<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	細螺車螺	NP VC	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+	+	
<i>Physella acuta</i>	舌形湖螺	NP VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	福寿螺	NP VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Radix plicatulus</i>	蓮肉螺	NP VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Sinothais quadrata</i>	田螺	NP VC	+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+	
Insects																													
<i>Anisocentropus</i> sp.		NP VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Arctonora</i> sp.		NP VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Aulocodes</i> sp.		NP VC																											
<i>Baetis</i> sp.		NP VC																											
<i>Chironomus</i> sp.	孑孓	NP VC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Ephemera</i> sp.		NP VC																											
<i>Indobaetis</i> sp.		NP VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Mnais</i> sp.		NP VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
Odonate Larvae		NP VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Orthetrum</i> sp.		NP VC	+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+	
<i>Peraia</i> sp.		NP VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Rhythium</i> sp.		NP VC																											
<i>Tritulidae</i> sp.		NP VC																											
Crustacea																													
<i>Caridina cantonensis</i>	廣東水螳	NP VC	+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+	
<i>Cryptopotamon anacoluthen</i>	螺螄	NP C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Eriocheir japonica</i>	日本埃蟹	NP C				+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Macrobrachium hainanense</i>	海南沼蟹	NP VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
No of Species			17	6	3	18	6	3	18	6	3	18	6	3	18	6	3	18	6	3	18	6	3	18	6	3	18	6	3

Note:
 "NP" - Not protected in Hong Kong
 "V" - Listed in Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170) and Listed as "Near Threatened" in IUCN Red List Status
 "VC" - Very Common; "UC" - Uncommon; "C" - Common
 "+" - Species exists in the study area
 "++" - Species common in the study area
 "+++ " - Species abundance in the study area
 - Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare the with the data within works area.

Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1 - Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling

Species	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring												Post construction monitoring						Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring										
			Mar-16			Apr-16			May-16			Jun-16			Jul-16			Aug-16			Sep-16			Oct-16			Nov-16			Dec-16			Jan-17				
			T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2			
<i>Cyprinus carpio var. viridivittatus</i>	錦鯉	NP	C																																		
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+		+	+																														
<i>Glyptothorax pallozonum</i>	白線紋胸鮡	NP	R																																		
<i>Liparohomaloptera disparis</i>	鱧平鮡	NP	C			+																															
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C																																		
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口鯪非鯪	NP	C			+																															
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鱸	V and	C	+		+	+																														
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀石魚鱒	NP	C																																		
<i>Pseudorasbora trilineatus</i>	三線羅漢	NP,GC	R																																		
<i>Pseudogastromyzon myersi</i>	麥氏擬鮡吸鮡	NP	C			+																															
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南鱧鮡	NP	C			+																															
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+		+	+																														
<i>Rhinogobius spp.</i>	鰻形魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Schistura fasciolata</i>	縵紋南鮡	NP	C			+	+																														
<i>Xiphophorus hellerii</i>	刺尾魚	NP	C			+																															
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色刺尾魚	NP	C																																		
		2x2m fish		20	5	40	15	5	25	10	5	25	10	5	20	7	2	22	5	2	22	2	2	25	2	2	30	2	2	35	2	2	40	2	2		
		No of Speices		4	1	11	4	1	12	2	1	11	2	1	12	2	1	12	2	1	12	1	1	12	1	1	12	1	1	12	1	1	12	1	1		
Amphibian																																					
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P	UC			+			+																												

Note: NP - Not protected in Hong Kong; P - Protected in Hong Kong

"VC" - Very Common; "UC" - Uncommon; "C" - Common

"+" - Species exists in the study area

"++" - Species common in the study area

"+++" - Species abundance in the study area

V - Listed as vulnerable in China Fish Red Data Book

GC - Global Concern - Fellowes et al (2002)

- Reference point was the sampling location outside the works area used to compare with the data within works area.

Table 4.6 Fish species and Hong Kong Newt recorded at Upper Tai Po River (T1 - Upper stream sampling site and T2 - Lower stream sampling

Species	Status	Commonness	Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			Post construction monitoring			
			Feb-17			Mar-17			Apr-17			May-17			Jun-17			Jul-17			Aug-17			
			Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	Reference	T1	T2	
<i>Cyprinus carpio var. viridivittatus</i>	錦鯉	NP	C																					
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	食蚊魚	NP	VC	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Glyptothorax pallozonus</i>	白線紋胸鮡	NP	R	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Liparharomaloptera disparis</i>	鱧平鮫	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Misgurnus anguillicaudatus</i>	泥鰌	NP	C																					
<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>	尼羅口孵非鯽	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Parazacco spilurus</i>	異鱸	V and	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	孔雀石魚	NP	C																					
<i>Pseudorasbora trilineatus</i>	三線橫塘	NP,GC	R	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Pseudogastromyzon myersi</i>	麥氏擬鮡	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Pterocryptis cochinchinensis</i>	越南鱮	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Puntius semifasciolatus</i>	七星魚	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Rhinogobius spp.</i>	鰱魚	NP	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<i>Schistura fasciolata</i>	橫紋南鰍	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Xiphophorus helleri</i>	劍尾魚	NP	C	+			+			+			+			+			+			+		
<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>	雜色劍尾魚	NP	C																					
		2x2m fish		45	2	2	45	2	2	40	2	2	30	2	2	20	2	2	15	1	1	20	1	1
		No of Species		12	1	1	12	1	1	12	1	1	12	1	1	12	1	1	12	1	1	12	1	1
Amphibian																								
<i>Paramesotriton hongkongensis</i>	香港瘰螈	P	UC																				+	

Note: NP – Not protected in Hong Kong; P – Protected in Hong Kong

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