QUARTERLY EM&A REPORT

ATAL-Degrémont-China State Joint Venture

Contract No. DC/2008/03
Design, Build and Operate Pillar
Point Sewage Treatment Works:
Eleventh Quarterly EM&A Summary
Report

August 2013

Environmental Resources Management

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August 2013 Reference 0119806

For and on behalf of ERM-Hong Kong, Limited
Approved by: Frank Wan
Signed: Machine.
Position: Partner
Certified by: (Environmental Team Leader – Winnie Ko)
Certified by: (Registered Landscape Architect (R127) – Tai Kai Wai)
Date: 29 August 2013



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By Hand & By Fax (2833 9162)

Drainage Services Department Sewage Services Branch Harbour Area Treatment Scheme Division 5/F., Western Magistracy, 2A Pok Fu Lam Road, Hong Kong.

Attn: Mr. Kenley C.K. KWOK (T: 2159 3409)

29 August 2013

Dear Sir.

Contract No. DC/2008/03
Design, Build and Operate
Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works

Quarterly EM&A Summary Report for May to July 2013

Reference is made to Environmental Team (ET)'s draft of the Quarterly EM&A Summary Report for May to July 2013 provided by email on 21 August 2013. We have no further comment.

Should you have any queries, please feel free to contact the undersigned at 3922 9393.

Yours faithfully,

For and on behalf of AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.

Y T Tang

Independent Environmental Checker

c.c. AECOM - Mr. C.Y. Hung

ERM - Ms. Winnie Ko

ATAL-Degremont-China State JV - Mr. C.Y. Fong

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The construction works of *DC/2008/03 of Design, Build and Operate Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works (the Project)* commenced on 13 November 2010. This is the eleventh quarterly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) summary report presenting the EM&A works carried out during the period from 1 May 2013 to 31 July 2013 in accordance with the EM&A Manual.

Environmental Monitoring and Audit Progress

A summary of the monitoring activities undertaken in this reporting period is listed below:

24-hour TSP Monitoring at each monitoring station (AM1 and AM2)
 1-hour TSP Monitoring at each monitoring station (AM1 and AM2)
 Joint Environmental Site Inspection
 Landscape & Visual Monitoring
 3 times

Air Quality

No exceedance was recorded during the reporting period.

Waste Management

Waste generated from this Project includes inert construction and demolition (C&D) materials (public fill) and non-inert C&D materials (construction wastes).

Environmental Exceedance/Non-conformance/Compliant/Summons and Prosecution

No exceedance was recorded during the reporting period.

No non-compliance event was recorded during the reporting period.

No environmental complaint and summon/prosecution was received in this reporting period.

1 INTRODUCTION

ERM-Hong Kong, Limited (ERM) has been appointed by ATAL – Degrémont – China State Joint Venture (ADC-JV) (the Contractor) as the Environmental Team (ET) to undertake Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) programme for the Contract No. *DC*/2008/03 of Design, Build and Operate Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works (the Project).

1.1 Purpose of the Report

This is the eleventh quarterly EM&A summary report, which summarizes the impact monitoring results and audit findings for the EM&A programme during the reporting period from 1 May 2013 to 31 July 2013.

1.2 STRUCTURE OF THE REPORT

The structure of the report is as follows:

Section 1 : **Introduction**

details the scope and structure of the report.

Section 2: **Project Information**

summarises background and scope of the Project, site description, project organization, construction programme, the construction works undertaken and the status of Environmental Permits (EP)/licences over the construction phase of the Project.

Section 3: **Environmental Monitoring Requirements**

summarises the environmental monitoring including monitoring parameters, monitoring programmes, monitoring frequency, monitoring locations, Action and Limit Levels, Event/Action Plans, environmental mitigation measures as recommended in the approved EIA report, EP and relevant environmental requirements stated in the Contract Specification.

Section 4: **Implementation Status on Environmental Mitigation Measures** summarises the implementation of environmental protection measures during the reporting period.

Section 5: Monitoring Results

summarises the monitoring results obtained in the reporting period.

Section 6: Waste Management

summarises the quantity of public fill and construction waste generated in the reporting period

Section 7: **Environmental Site Inspection**

summarises the audit findings of the weekly site inspections undertaken within the reporting period.

Section 8: Environmental Non-conformance

summarises any exceedance of environmental performance standard, and environmental complaints and environmental summons received within the reporting period.

Section 9: Review of the EM&A Data and Predictions

compares the monitoring data and waste quantity against predictions in the approved Project EIA report.

Section 10: Conclusions

PROJECT INFORMATION

2.1 BACKGROUND

2

The existing Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works (PPSTW) is located to the north of the Tuen Mun River Trade Terminal and is abutting the Lung Mun Road to its north. It is a preliminary treatment works with screening and grit removal processes with treated effluent discharged to the sea (North Western Water Control Zone) via a twin submarine outfall. The *Review of the Tuen Mun and Tsing Yi Sewerage Master Plan* (RTMTYSMP) commissioned in February 1999, recommended to expand the sewage treatment capacity and to upgrade the plant to chemically enhanced primary treatment (CEPT) with disinfection in order to cater for the projected ultimate population and planned developments in the Tuen Mun area, and to improve the effluent quality and hence to reduce the pollution loadings to the receiving waters.

The upgrading of the PPSTW comprises the following works:

- expanding the treatment capacity of the existing PPSTW to cope with the increased peak wet-weather sewage flow in Tuen Mun area;
- upgrading the sewage treatment level of the existing PPSTW to incorporate chemical treatment with disinfection at minimum removal rates of 70%, 55% and 99.9% of suspended solids (SS), biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and *E.coli*, respectively;
- upgrading existing septic waste reception facilities at PPSTW; and
- providing and upgrading ancillary facilities including the administration building, workshop, laboratory, odour control facilities, sludge handling and dewatering facilities, access roads and minor landscaping works within the STW for the operation and maintenance of the upgraded STW.

The potential environmental impacts of the Project have been studied in the "Upgrading of Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works" (EIAO Register No: AEIAR-145/2008). The EIA was approved on 10 June 2008 under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (EIAO) and an Environmental Permit (EP-321/2008) for the works was granted on 17 November 2008. A variation of an Environmental Permit (EP-321/2008/A) was granted on 23 April 2013. Under the requirements of Condition 3.1 of EP-322/2008/A, an EM&A programme as set out in the EM&A Manual is required to be implemented.

The construction works commenced on 13 November 2010 and are scheduled for completion by 2014.

2.2 GENERAL SITE DESCRIPTION

The open area adjacent to the existing PPSTW has been designated for the upgrading works. The layout of the upgrading works is illustrated in *Annex A*.

2.3 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

A summary of the major construction activities undertaken in this quarter is shown in *Table 2.1*. The locations of the construction activities are shown in *Annex B*.

Table 2.1 Summary of Construction Activities undertaken in Reporting Period

Construction Activities Undertaken

- Construct finishing works at the Administration Building, Sludge Dewatering Building, Chemical Building, UV building, Reuse Water Pump Room, PTW and CEPT and the Septic Waste Reception Station;
- Construct the structure and install E&M at the PTW and CEPT;
- Install E&M equipment at the UV Building, Septic Waste Reception Station, Reuse Water Pump Room, Chemical Building, Electrical buildings No.1, No.3 and No.4;
- Construct staircase and fins wall at Sludge Dewatering Building;
- Construct structure works at the Reuse Water Pump Room;
- Install BS and DO duct at the Deodorisation Units Portion A and Deodorisation Units Portion B:
- Construct drainage, cable ducts, water mains and boundary walls at P2;
- Construct civil works and excavationat Sludge Skip Storage Building and Existing Solid Handling Building;
- Construct backfilling at Payment Flow Meter Chamber; and
- Construct backfilling and drainage works for the whole site.

2.4 PROJECT ORGANISATION AND MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

The project organisation chart, hotline number and contact details are shown in *Annex C*.

2.5 STATUS OF ENVIRONMENTAL APPROVAL DOCUMENTS

A summary of the valid permits, licences, and/or notifications on environmental protection for this Project is presented in *Table 2.2*.

Table 2.2 Summary of Environmental Licensing, Notification and Permit Status

Permit/ Licenses/ Notification	Reference	Validity Period	Remarks
Environmental Permit	EP-321/2008/A	Throughout the Contract	Permit granted on 23 April 2013
Notification of Construction Works under Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	Ref No. 308136	Throughout the Contract	-
Water Discharge License	WT00008027-2010	Till 31 December 2015	Wastewater discharge licence was issued by EPD on 7 December 2010.
Construction Noise	GW-RW0974-12	28 January 2013- 27 July 2013	Superseded by GWRW0466- 13
	GW-RW0466-13	28 July 2013 - 27 January 2014	
Chemical Waste Producer Registration	5213-421-A2620-01	Throughout the Contract	Licence approved on 28 October 2010

3

3.1 AIR QUALITY MONITORING

3.1.1 Monitoring Location

The proposed air quality monitoring stations for the construction phase of the Project, as recommended in the approved EM&A Manual, are given in *Table 3.1* and shown in *Annex D*. The proposed locations (AM1 and AM2) have been agreed with the Drainage Services Department (DSD), Environmental Protection Department (EPD) and the Independent Environmental Checker (IEC).

Table 3.1 Construction Phase Air Monitoring Locations

Monitoring ID	Air Quality Monitoring Station
AM1	Tuen Mun EMSD Servicing Vehicle Station
AM2	River Trade Terminal Office

3.1.2 Monitoring Parameter and Frequency

The construction phase air quality monitoring was conducted at the designated monitoring stations in accordance with the requirements stipulated in the EM&A Manual. 1-hour and 24-hour TSP levels were monitored at the frequency and duration stated in *Table 3.2*.

Table 3.2 Construction Phase Air Quality Monitoring Parameters and Frequency

Parameter	Frequency
24-hour TSP	Once every 6 days
1-hour TSP	3 times every 6 days

3.1.3 Action and Limit Levels

The Action and Limit levels have been established and presented in *Table 3.3*.

Table 3.3 Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality

Parameter	Air Monitoring Station	Action Level, µgm ⁻³	Limit Level, µgm ⁻³
24-hour TSP	AM1	183	260
	AM2	192	260
1-hour TSP	AM1	343	500
	AM2	383	500

3.1.4 Event and Action Plan

The Event/Action Plan (EAP) for air quality monitoring is presented in *Annex H*.

3.2 LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL MONITORING

In accordance with the EM&A Manual, monthly landscape and visual monitoring is required to ensure that the design, implementation and maintenance of landscape and visual mitigation measures recommended in the approved EIA Report are fully achieved. The monitoring procedures and criteria as described in the EM&A Manual were adopted.

3.3 ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES AND ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS IN CONTRACT

All relevant environmental mitigation measures listed in the EIA Report and the EM&A Manual as well as the specific environmental requirements stated in Contract Specification are summarised in *Annex I*. A summary of the key environmental mitigation measures implemented as per the Contract Requirements is also presented in *Annex I*.

4 IMPLEMENTATION STATUS ON ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor has implemented environmental mitigation measures and requirements as stated in the EIA Report, EM&A Manual and EP. The implementation status of the measures during the reporting period is summarised in *Annex I*.

5 MONITORING RESULTS

5.1 AIR QUALITY

A total of 17 sets of 24-hour and 51 sets of 1-hour TSP measurements were carried out at each of the monitoring stations (AM1 and AM2) during the reporting period. The monitoring data for 24-hour TSP and 1-hour TSP together with graphical presentations for the past four months are presented in *Annex G*. The weather conditions during the monitoring period varied from sunny to rainy. The local impacts near the monitoring stations of AM1 and AM2 were mainly associated with vehicular emissions. No exceedance of Action and Limit Level of 1-hr and 24-hr TSP was recorded during the reporting period.

WASTE MANAGEMENT

6

Wastes generated from this Project include inert construction and demolition (C&D) materials (public fill) and non-inert C&D materials (construction waste). Construction waste comprises general refuse, metals and paper/cardboard packaging materials. Metals generated from the Project are also grouped into construction waste as the materials were not disposed of with others at public fill. Reference has been made to the Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table prepared by the Contractor (*Annex J*). With reference to relevant handling records and trip tickets of this Project, the quantities of different types of waste generated in the reporting period are summarised in *Table 6.1*. The public fill and construction waste generated from the Project were disposed of at the Tuen Mun Area 38 Fill Bank and WENT Landfill, respectively.

 Table 6.1
 Quantities of Waste Generated from the Project

Month / Year	Quantity					
Total Inert C&D Non-inert C&D Materials			ıls (b)			
	Materials Generated (a)	C&D Materials C&D Materials C				
		Recycled (c)	Disposed of at	Waste		
			Landfill (d)			
	tonne	kilogram	tonne	Litre		
May2013	1,443.37	92.00	46.88	0 L		
June 2013	1,993.06	165.00	53.89	0 L		
July 2013	1,246.64	170.00	71.15	0 L		

Notes:

- (a) Inert C&D materials (public fill) include bricks, concrete, building debris, rubble and excavated soil. The public fill were disposed of at the Tuen Mun Area 38 Fill Bank. In total, 4,683.07 tonnes of inert C&D waste were generated from the Project, of which 250.00 tonnes were reused in this Contract and the remaining 4,433.07 tonnes were disposed as public fill.
- (b) Non-inert C&D materials (construction waste) include metals, paper / cardboard packaging waste, plastics and other wastes such as general refuse. Metals generated from the Project are grouped into construction wastes as the materials were not disposed of with others at the public fill.
- (c) 240 kg of metals, 163 kg of paper/cardboard packaging and 24 kg of plastics were sent to recyclers for recycling during the reporting period.
- (d) Construction wastes (eg. general refuse) other than metals, paper/cardboard packaging, plastics and chemicals were disposed of at WENT Landfill by subcontractors.

7 ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTIONS

7.1 WEEKLY ENVIRONMENTAL SITE AUDITS

Thirteen site inspections were conducted during the reporting period. There was no non-compliance recorded during the site inspections. Follow-up actions were undertaken as reported by the Contractor and observed in the subsequent weekly site inspections conducted in the reporting period.

May 2013

Joint site inspections were conducted by representatives of the Contractor, the SOR and the ET on 2, 8, 14, 20 and 31 May 2013. The IEC was also present at the joint inspection on 31 May 2013.

June 2013

Joint site inspections were conducted by representatives of the Contractor, the SOR and the ET on 7, 14, 21 and 27 June 2013. An inspection was conducted by IEC on 27 June 2013.

July2013

Joint site inspections were conducted by representatives of the Contractor, the SOR and the ET on 5, 12, 19 and 26 July 2013. The IEC was also present at the joint inspection on 26 July 2013.

7.2 LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL MONITORING

Three landscape and visual monitoring site inspections were conducted during the reporting period. Follow-up actions needed to be implemented were recommended to the Contractor and the status of the follow-up actions was reviewed during the subsequent weekly site inspections. It was confirmed that most of the necessary landscape and visual mitigation measures as summarised in *Annex I* were implemented by the Contractor.

In accordance with the EM&A Manual, monthly landscape and visual monitoring is required to ensure that the design, implementation and maintenance of landscape and visual mitigation measures recommended in the EIA Report were fully achieved. The monitoring has commenced since November 2010 during weekly site inspections. The monitoring procedures and criteria as described in the EM&A Manual were adopted.

May 2013

Site monitoring was conducted on 31 May 2013. Review on landscape and visual mitigation measures was performed by RLA.

June 2013

Site monitoring was conducted on 27 June 2013. Review on landscape and visual mitigation measures was performed by RLA.

July 2013

Site monitoring was conducted on 26 July 2013. Review on landscape and visual mitigation measures was performed by RLA.

Key landscape and visual mitigation measures implemented in the reporting period included:

- Maintenance of a temporary tree nursery;
- Control dust and erosion of exposed soil;
- Stockpiling of topsoil for future reuse;
- Maintain existing tree record inventory; and
- Re-use existing top soil for new planting areas.

7.3 EFFECTIVENESS OF MITIGATION MEASURES AND MONITORING

The mitigation measures recommended in the EIA report and required by the EP are considered effective in minimizing environmental impacts.

The EM&A for the Project was conducted as scheduled during the reporting period. No non-compliance events were observed during site inspections and no exceedances were recorded during this reporting period. The EM&A programme is considered effective.

8 ENVIRONMENTAL NON-CONFORMANCE

8.1.1 Summary of Monitoring Exceedance

No exceedances of Action and Limit Levels of 1-hr and 24-hr TSP were recorded during this quarter.

8.1.2 Summary of Environmental Non-Compliance

No non-compliance event was recorded during the reporting period.

8.1.3 Summary of Environmental Complaint

No complaint was received during the reporting period. The cumulative summons/prosecution log is shown in *Annex K*.

8.1.4 Summary of Environmental Summon and Successful Prosecution

No summonses were received during the reporting period. The cumulative summons/prosecution log is shown in *Annex K*.

9.1 AIR QUALITY

Since the EIA has included only qualitative assessment of dust impact during construction phase, the comparison was made between the monitoring results from the start of the Project and the Hong Kong Air Quality Objectives (HKAQO) (*Table 9.1*).

Table 9.1 Comparison of the HKAQO and Air Quality Monitoring Results

Month	Monitoring Stations	Corresponding ASR in EIA	HKAQO, ugm ⁻³	Measured 24-hour averaged TSP Monitoring Results, ugm ⁻³	
			24 hour (a)	Average	24 hour
May 2013	AM1	A1	260	69	68 - 75
	AM2	A7	260	76	69 - 86
June 2013	AM1	A1	260	58	50 - 63
	AM2	A7	260	69	63 - 74
July 2013	AM1	A1	260	73	65 – 79
	AM2	A7	260	70	64 - 78

Notes:

- (a) Only 24-hour TSP monitoring results were compared as there is no 1 hour TSP criterion in HKAQO.
- (b) Average and range of data were calculated for the period of monitoring between the commencement of the construction works and the reporting month listed.

The monitoring results show that the average and range of 24-hour averaged TSP levels recorded since the commencement of the construction works have been well below the 24-hour TSP criterion in the HKAQO. Recommended mitigation measures in *Section 3.7.1.1* of EIA have been implemented throughout the construction period and were considered effective.

9.2 WASTE MANAGEMENT

The estimated amount of waste generated in this Project and the cumulative quantities of waste generated up to this reporting period are presented in *Table 9.2*. The amount of inert C&D material sent to public fills is higher than the estimated amount in EIA. With reference to the C&D Material Assessment (Contractor's General Submission (CSF) No.:

DC200803/CSF/SAF/060026/A), the difference in quantity is mainly due to the differences in excavation depth and excavation methods in the Contract Works and that assumed in the Reference Design. Recommended mitigation measures in *Sections* 7.5.1.1 to 7.5.1.9 of the EIA will continue to be implemented during the construction stage.

Table 9.2 Quantity of Actual Amount of C&D Materials, General Wastes and Chemical Wastes Generated and EIA Estimation

Type of Material	Estimated Amount of Public Fill and Construction Waste in EIA (inert & non-inert)	Estimated Amount of Public Fill and Construction Waste in C&D Material Assessment (CSF No.: DC200803/CSF/SAF/06 0026/A)	Accumulate Amount of I and Constru Recorded (a) non-inert)	Public Fill action Waste
Amount of C&D	61,489.00 m ³	77,600.00 m ³	126,774.69	m ³
Materials Arising				
Amount of C&D	-	-	3,163.89	m^3
Materials Reused on other site				
Amount of C&D	14,926.00 m ³	18,000.00 m ³	24,032.78	m^3
Materials Reused on				
site				
Amount of C&D	46,563.00m ³	59,600.00 m ³	99,577.70	m^3
Materials Sent to				
Public Fills				
General Refuse	Small	-	1,817.98	tonnes
Chemical Waste	Small	-	810.00	L

Notes:

- (a) The actual amount of C&D Materials was recorded since the commencement of construction works.
- (b) The density of soil and rock (bulked) is 1.8 tonnes/m³.

9.3 CONCLUSION OF REVIEW

The EIA predictions and the monitoring results since the commencement of construction works have been reviewed. The EIA had concluded that the Project would not cause adverse impacts to the environment, and the monitoring results have also indicated the same so far. Mitigation measures recommended in the EP, EIA and EM&A Manual are being implemented by the Contractor as far as practicable and were considered effective. The recommended mitigation measures will continue to be implemented throughout the construction phase of the Project.

Effectiveness of the monitoring programme has been proven therefore change to the programme is not considered to be necessary.

10 CONCLUSIONS

This EM&A Report presents the EM&A works undertaken during the reporting period from 1 May 2013 to 31 July 2013 in accordance with EM&A Manual and requirements of EP (EP-321/2008/A).

No exceedance of Action and Limit Levels of 24-hour TSP and 1-hour TSP was recorded at the monitoring stations during the reporting period.

Monthly landscape and visual monitoring was conducted in this quarterly period. Most of the necessary landscape and visual mitigation measures recommended in the EIA Report were implemented by the Contractor. Follow-up actions would be implemented by the Contractor to improve protection measures on the retained or to-be transplanted trees.

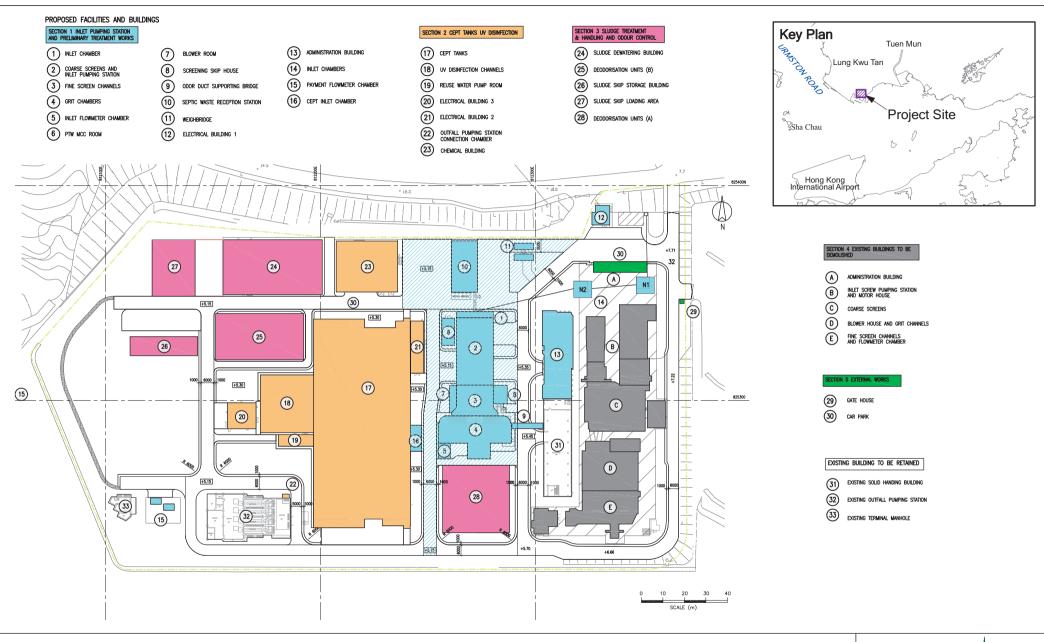
No non-compliance was recorded during the reporting period.

No complaint, summons or prosecution was received during the reporting period.

The monitoring programme was considered effective in reflecting the environmental conditions at the designated representative sensitive receivers. The monitoring results also indicate that the Project has not caused adverse impacts on the environment with implementation of appropriate mitigation measures. Change to the monitoring programme is not considered to be necessary. The ET will keep track on the EM&A programme to ensure compliance of environmental requirements and the proper implementation of all necessary mitigation measures in the coming periods.

Annex A

Location of Project



Annex A

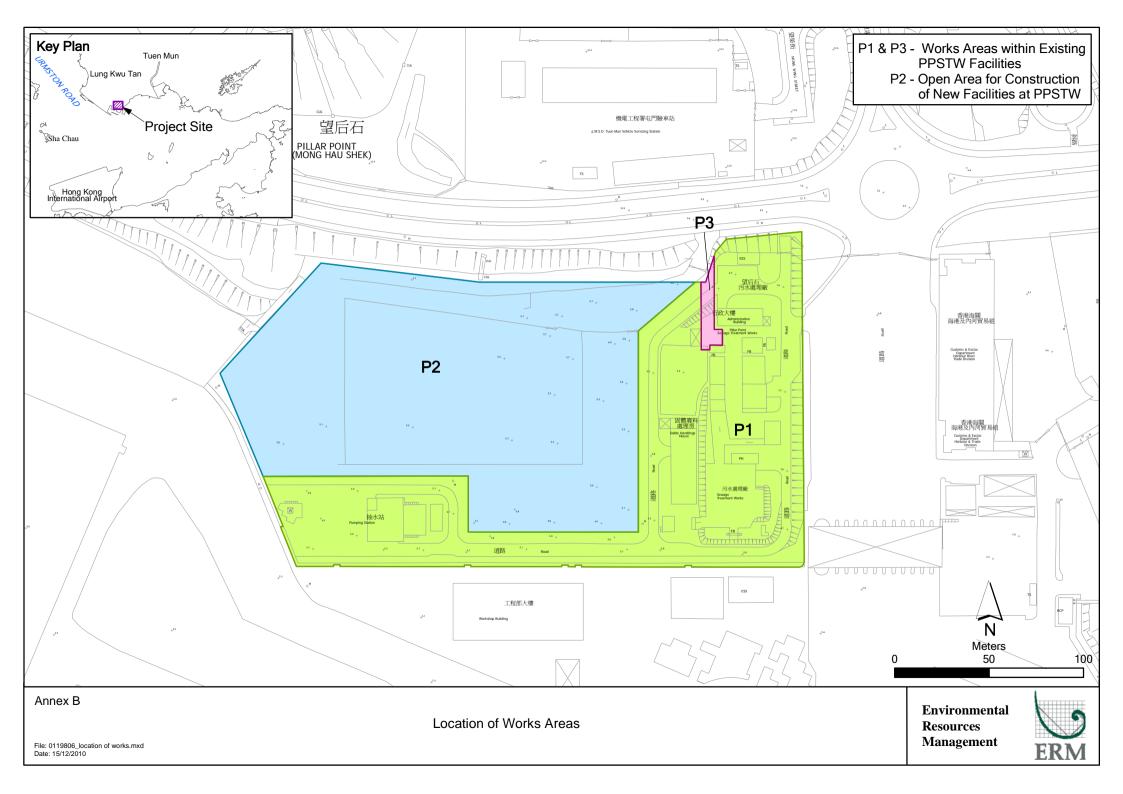
Contract No. DC/2008/03 - Design, Build and Operate Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works Layout of Project

Environmental Resources Management



Annex B

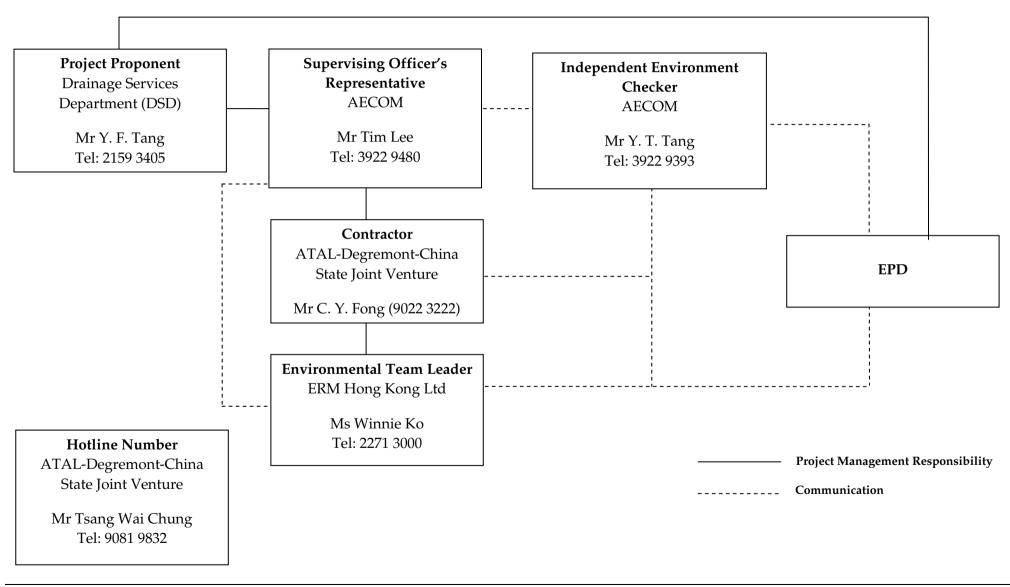
Works Location



Annex C

Project Organization Chart with Contact Details

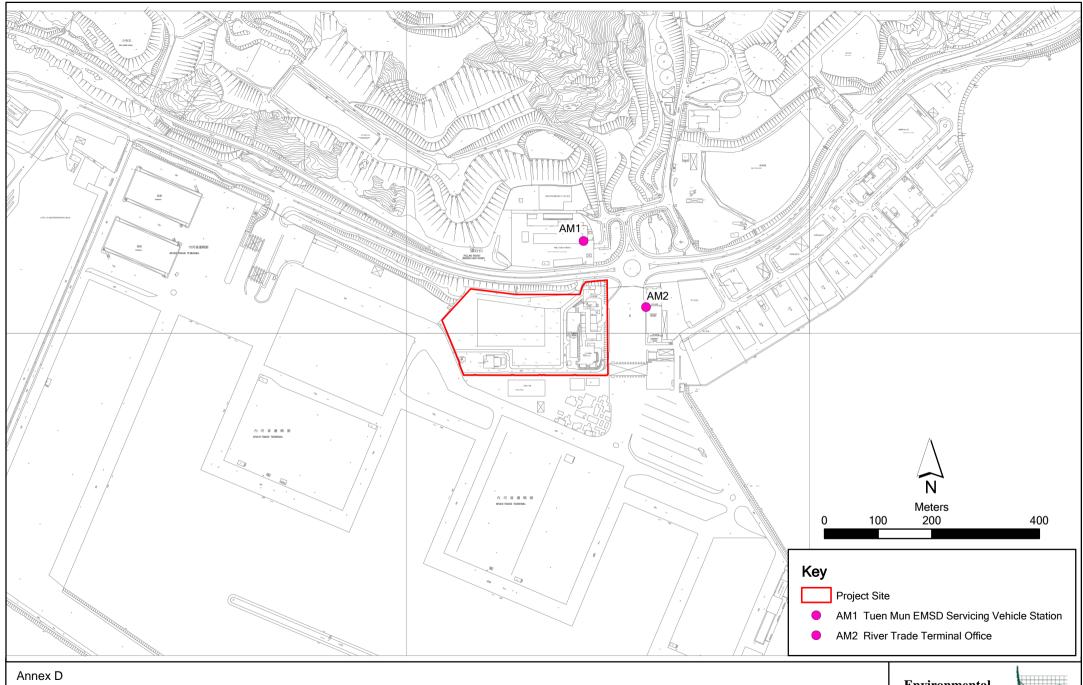
Project Organization During Construction Phase (with contact details)



ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

Annex D

Locations of Air Quality Monitoring Stations



Contract No. DC/2008/03 Design, Build and Operate of Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works

Environmental Resources Management





AM1 – Tuen Mun EMSD Servicing Vehicle Station



AM2 - River Trade Terminal Office

Annex E

Monitoring Schedule

Contract No. DC/2008/03 - Design, Build and Operate Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works (Tuen Mun EMSD Servicing Vehicle Station - AM1 & River Trade Terminal Office - AM2)

May 2013

May 2013							
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	
			01-May	02-May	03-May	04-May	
			Public Holiday		3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP		
			ŕ				
05-May	06-May	07-May	08-May	09-May	10-May	11-May	
				3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP			
12-May	13-May	14-May	15-May	16-May	17-May	18-May	
·	Í	•	·	,	·	Ţ	
			3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP		Public Holiday		
19-May	20-May	21-May	22-May	23-May	24-May	25-May	
		3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP					
		3X1-111 & 1X 24-111 131					
26-May	27-May	28-May	29-May	30-May	31-May		
	3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP				3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP		

Contract No. DC/2008/03 - Design, Build and Operate Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works (Tuen Mun EMSD Servicing Vehicle Station - AM1 & River Trade Terminal Office - AM2) June 2013

Julie 2013											
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday					
			•	•	•	01-May					
						,					
02-May	03-May	04-May	05-May	06-May	07-May	08-May					
				3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP							
				3X1-111 & 1X 24-111 15P							
09-May	10-May	11-May	12-May	13-May	14-May	15-May					
		3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP	Public Holiday								
		3X1-111 & 1X 24-111 131	1 ublic 1 lollday								
16-May	17-May	18-May	19-May	20-May	21-May	22-May					
	3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP				3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP						
	57t1 III & 17t2 I III 15t				o,						
00 Mar	04.14	OF M	00 Mari	07.14	00 M	00.14					
23-May	24-May	25-May	26-May	27-May	28-May	29-May					
				3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP							
30-May											
30-ivia)											

Contract No. DC/2008/03 - Design, Build and Operate Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works (Tuen Mun EMSD Servicing Vehicle Station - AM1 & River Trade Terminal Office - AM2) July 2013

July 2015										
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday				
	01-Jul	02-Jul	03-Jul	04-Jul	05-Jul	06-Jul				
	Public Holiday		3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP			·				
07-Jul	08-Jul	09-Jul	10-Jul	11-Jul	12-Jul	13-Jul				
		3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP								
14-Jul	15-Jul	16-Jul	17-Jul	18-Jul	19-Jul	20-Jul				
	3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP				3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP					
21-Jul	22-Jul	23-Jul	24-Jul	25-Jul	26-Jul	27-Jul				
				3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP						
28-Jul	29-Jul	30-Jul	31-Jul							
			3X1-hr & 1X 24-hr TSP							

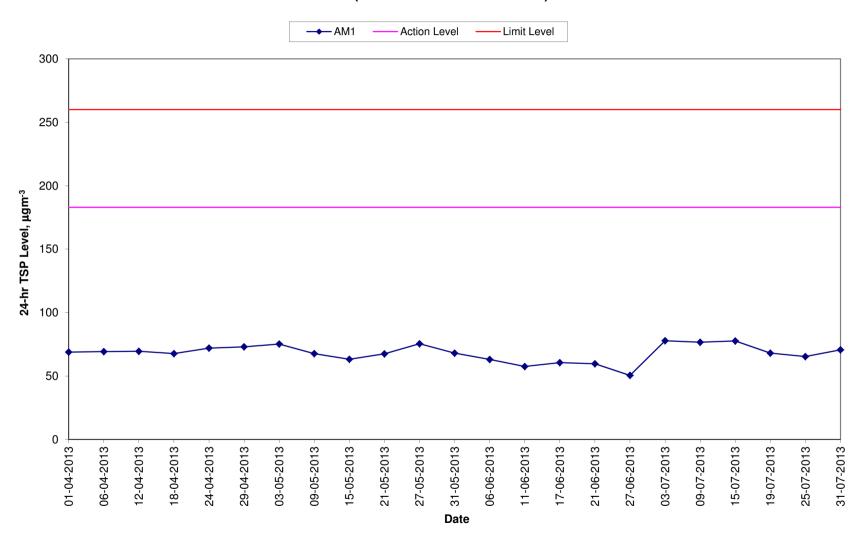
Annex F

(Not Used)

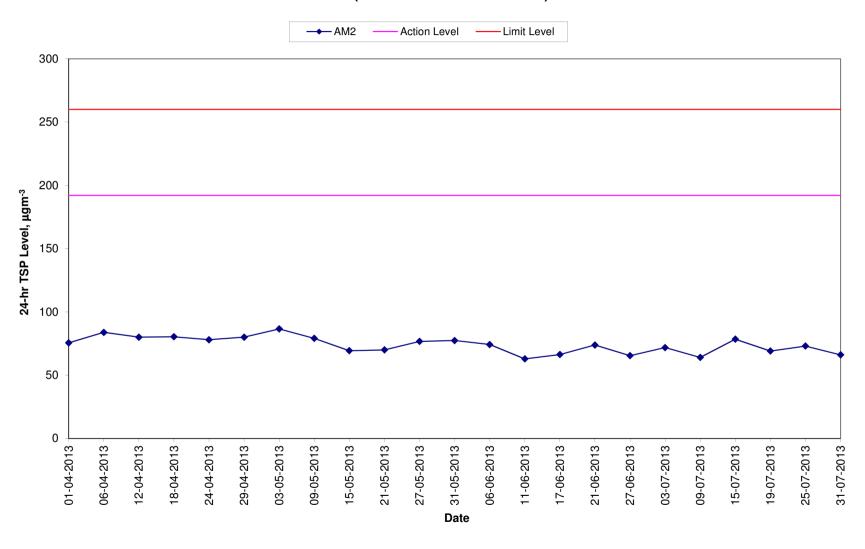
Annex G

24-hour and 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results

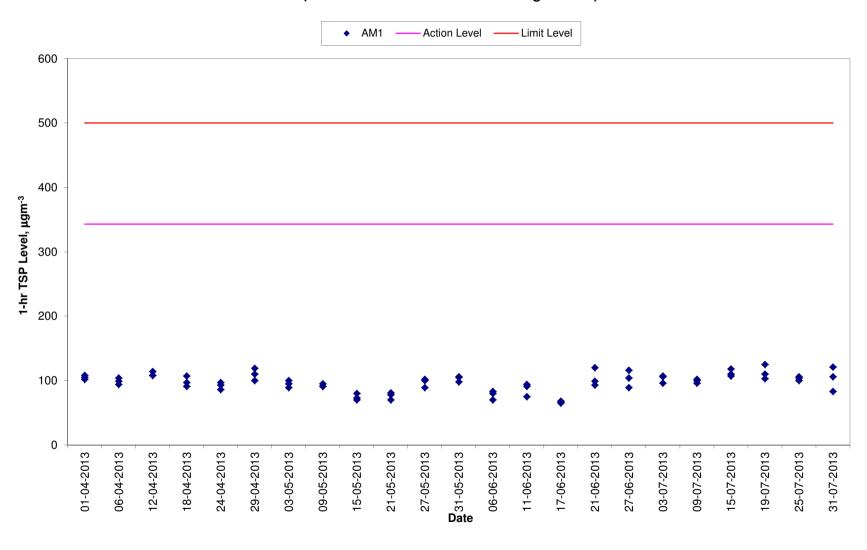
24-hr TSP Levels for the Past 4 Months AM1 (River Trade Terminal Office)



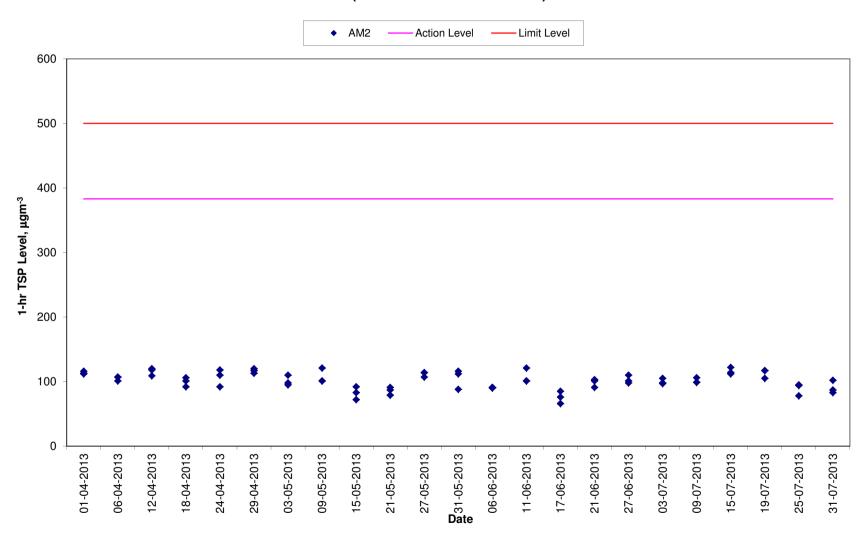
24-hr TSP Levels for the Past 4 Months AM2 (River Trade Terminal Office)



1-hr TSP Levels for the Past 4 Months AM1 (Tuen Mun EMSD Vehicle Servicing Station)



1-hr TSP Levels for the Past 4 Months AM2 (River Trade Terminal Office)



Annex H

Event/Action Plan for Air Quality Monitoring

Table H1 Event Action Plan for Air Quality Monitoring

Action Level/Limit Level	Environmental Team Leader (ETL)	Independent Environmental Checker (IEC)	Supervising Officer Representative (SOR)	Contractor
Action Level				
Exceedance for one sample	 Identify source, investigate the causes of complaint and propose remedial measures; Inform IEC and SOR; Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily. 	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method. 	Notify Contractor and DSD.	 Rectify any unacceptable practice; Amend working methods if appropriate.
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	 Identify source; Inform IEC and SOR; Advise the SOR on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Repeat measurements to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Discuss with IEC and Contractor on remedial actions required; If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IEC and SOR; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the ET on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Supervise Implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Notify Contractor and DSD; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented. 	 Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within three working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate.

Action Level/Limit Level	Environmental Team Leader (ETL)	Independent Environmental Checker (IEC)	Supervising Officer Representative (SOR)	Contractor
Limit Level				
Exceedance for one sample	 Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform IEC, SOR, DSD and EPD; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD, DSD and SOR informed of the results. 	on possible remedial measures;	 Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented. 	 Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within three working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate.
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	 Notify IEC, SOR, DSD and EPD; Identify source; Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; Arrange meeting with IEC and SOR to discuss the remedial actions to be taken; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD, DSD and SOR informed of the results; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Discuss amongst SOR, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the SOR accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Notify Contractor; In consolidation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. 	 Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within three working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the SOR until the exceedance is abated.

Annex I

Implementation Schedule of Mitigation Measures

Annex I Summary of Mitigation Measures Implementation Schedule

Type of Impact	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/ Timing	Status				
Summary of Envi	Summary of Environmental Mitigation Measures in the EIA and EM&A Manual						
Construction Pha	se						
Air Quality	Dust mitigation measures stipulated in <i>the Air Pollution Control</i> (<i>Construction Dust</i>) <i>Regulation</i> shall be incorporated to control Post emission. Notice shall be given to authority prior to commencing of work.	Work sites / during construction period	Notice of works commencement was submitted to EPD on 3 August 2010.				
Water Quality	The practices outlined in ProPECC PN 1/94 Construction Site Drainage should be adopted. It is recommended to install perimeter channels in the works areas to intercept runoff as site boundary prior to the commencement of any earthwork. To prevent storm runoff from washing across exposed soil surfaces, intercepting channels should be provided. Drainage channels are also required to convey site runoff to sand/silt traps and oil interceptors. Provision of regular cleaning and maintenance can ensure the normal operation of these facilities throughout the construction period. Any practical options for the diversion and re-alignment of drainage should comply with both engineering and environmental requirements in order to ensure adequate hydraulic capacity of all drains.	Work site/During the construction period					
Water Quality	There is a need to apply to EPD for a discharge license under the WPCO for discharging effluent from the construction site. The discharge quality is required to meet the requirements specified in the discharge license. All the runoff and wastewater generated from the works areas should be treated so that it satisfies all the standards listed in the TM-DSS. Reuse and recycling of the treated effluent can minimize water consumption and reduce the effluent discharge volume. The beneficial uses of the treated effluent may include dust suppression, wheel washing and general cleaning. If monitoring of the treated effluent quality from the works areas is required during the construction phase of the Project, the monitoring should be carried out in accordance with the WPCO license which is under the ambit of regional office (RO) of EPD.	Work site/During the construction period	√ Discharge licence was awarded by EPD on 7 December 2010.				
Water Quality	The construction programme should be properly planned to minimize soil excavation, if any, in rainy seasons. This prevents soil erosion from	Work site/During the construction period					

Type of Impact	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/ Timing	Status
Impace	exposed soil surfaces. Any exposed soil surfaces should also be properly protected to minimize dust emission. In areas where a large amount of exposed soil exists, earth bunds or sand bags should be provided. Exposed stockpiles should be covered with tarpaulin or impervious sheets at all times. The stockpiles of materials should be placed at locations away from any stream course so as to avoid releasing materials into the water bodies. Final surfaces of earthworks should be compacted and protected by permanent work. It is suggested that haul roads should be paved with concrete and the temporary access roads protected using crashed stone or gravel, wherever practicable. Wheel washing facilities should be provided at all site exists to ensure that earth, mud and debris would not be carried out of the works areas by vehicles.		
Water Quality	Good sites practices should be adopted to clean the rubbish and litter on the construction sites so as to prevent the rubbish and litter from spreading from the site area. It is recommended to clean the construction sites on a regular basis.	Work site/During the construction period	√ ·
Water Quality	The presence of construction workers generates sewage. It is recommended to provide sufficient chemical toilets in the works areas. The toilet facilities should be more than 30m from any watercourse. A licensed water collector should be deployed to clean the chemical toilets on a regular basis. The construction workers can also make use of the existing toilet facilities within the PPSTW as necessary.	Work site/During the construction period	√ ·
Water Quality	Notices should be posted at conspicuous locations to remind the workers not to discharge any sewage or wastewater into the nearby environment during the construction phase of the project. Regular environmental audit on the construction phase of the project. Regular environmental audit on the construction site can provide an effective control of any malpractices and can achieve continual improvement of environmental performance on site.	Work site/During the construction period	√ ·
Waste Management	Contractor must register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be produced from the construction activities. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	Work site/During the construction period	√ ·

Type of Impact	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/ Timing	Status
	should be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes.		
Waste Management	Any service shop and maintenance facilities should be located on hard standings within a bunded area, and stumps and oil interceptors should be provided. Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential for leakage and spillage should only be undertaken within the areas appropriately equipped to control these discharges.	Work site/During the construction period	√ ·
Waste Management	Disposal of chemical wastes should be carried out in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. The Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published under the Waste Disposal Ordinance details the requirements to deal with the chemical wastes. General requirements are given as follows:	Work site/During the construction period	<>
	 Suitable containers should be used to hold the chemical wastes to avoid leakage or spillage during storage, handling and transport. Chemical waste containers should be suitably labelled, to notify and warn the personnel who are handling the wastes, to avoid accidents. 		
	Storage area should be selected at a safe location on site and adequate space should be allocated to the storage area.		
Waste Management	Good Site Practices Recommendations for good site practices during the construction activities include:	Work site/During the construction period	<>
	 Nomination of an approved person, such as a site manager, to be responsible for good site practices, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site 		
	 Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical handling procedures 		
	 Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection of waste 		
	Appropriate measures to minimise windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by		

Type of Impact	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/ Timing	Status
	transporting wastes in enclosed containers		
	Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors.		
	Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility.		
Waste Management	Waste Reduction Measures	Work site/During planning & design stage, and construction stage	V
	Waste reduction is best achieved at the planning and design stage, as well as by ensuring the implementation of good site practices. Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include:		
	 Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal. 		
	Encourage collection of aluminium cans by providing separate labelled bins to enable this waste to be segregated from other general refuse generated by the work force		
	 Proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials. 		
	Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste.		
Waste Management	General Refuse	Work site / During the construction period	<>
Ü	General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D material. A reputable waste collector should be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D material. Preferably an enclosed and covered area should be provided to reduce the occurrence of 'wind blown' light		
XA7	material.	West city / Decision had a second	
Waste Management	Construction and Demolition Material In order to minimise the impact resulting from collection and	Work site / During design stage & construction period	V
	In order to minimise the impact resulting from collection and transportation of C&D material for off-site disposal, the excavated		

Type of Impact	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/ Timing	Status
-	material generated from site formation works for the proposed new facilities and units at the STW should be reused on-site as far as practicable. The surplus excavated material should be disposed of at the designated public fill reception facility, as agreed with the Secretary of the Public Fill Committee, for other beneficial uses.		
Waste Management	 Mitigation measures and good site practices should be followed to control potential environmental impact from handling and transportation of C&D material. The mitigation measures include: Where it is unavoidable to have transient stockpiles of C&D material pending collection for disposal, the transient stockpiles shall be located away from waterfront or storm drains as far as possible. Open stockpiles of construction materials or construction wastes onsite should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric. Skip hoist for material transport should be totally enclosed by impervious sheeting. Every vehicle should be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels before leaving a construction site The area where vehicle washing takes place and the section of the road between the washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores. The load of dusty materials carried by vehicle leaving a construction site should be covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting to ensure dust materials do not leak from the vehicle. All dusty materials should be sprayed with water prior to any loading, unloading or transfer operation so as to maintain the dusty materials wet. The height from which excavated materials are dropped should be controlled to a minimum practical height to limit fugitive dust generation from unloading. 	Work site / During design stage & construction period	
Waste Management	When disposing C&D material at a public filling facility, it shall be noted that the material shall only consist of earth, building debris and broken rock and concrete. The material shall be free from marine mud, household refuse, plastic, metals, industrial and chemical waste, animal	Work site/During design stage & construction period	V

Type of Impact	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/ Timing	Status
	and vegetable matter, and other material considered to be unsuitable by the Filling Supervisor. In order to monitor the disposal of the surplus C&D material at the designed public fill reception facility and to control fly tipping, a trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by an Environmental Team undertaking the Environmental Monitoring and Audit work with reference to the ETWB TCW No. 31/2004 "Trip Ticket System for Disposal of Construction and Demolition Materials" as attached in Appendix 7-1. An Independent Environmental Checker should be responsible for auditing the results of the system.		
Waste Management	Chemical Wastes are produced at the construction site, the Contractor would be required to register with the EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste, such as explosive, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, corrosive, etc. The Contractor shall use a licensed collector to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes, to either the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre, or another licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	Work site / During the construction period	
Landscape & Visual	Temporary Tree Nurseries Temporary tree nurseries may be set up for the transplanted tree and proposed trees at an early stage to allow small trees to grow during the construction periods. By the time when planting area becomes available, trees mature and increase in trunk & spread size. They will require minimal pruning and suffer much less damage during transplanting when comparing the travel distance from an on-site nursery to an off-site nursery. Besides, these trees may also be positioned as visual mitigation during	Work site/During design stage & construction period	√. A tree nursery has been set up off-site near the site office.

Type of Impact	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/ Timing	Status
-	the construction period.		
Landscape & Visual	No-intrusion Zone To maximize protection to existing trees and ground vegetation, construction contracts may designate "No-intrusion Zone" to various areas within the site boundary with rigid and durable fencing for each individual no-intrusion zone. The contractor should close monitor and restrict the site working staff not to enter the "no-intrusion zone", even for non-direct construction activities and storage of equipment.	Work site/During design stage & construction period	<>>
Landscape & Visual	Hoarding Hoarding or boundary fencing for construction shall be considered. It should be sensitively designed, subtle, camouflaged and more 'permeable' so that they fit into the existing environment when looking from outside.	Work site/During design stage & construction period	√
Landscape & Visual	Dust and Erosion Control for Exposed Soil Excavation works and demolition of existing building blocks and which will be highly visible form surrounding areas should be well planned and with precautions to suppress dust. Exposed soil shall be covered or 'camouflaged' and watered often. Areas that are expected to be left with bare soil for a long period of time after excavation shall be properly covered with suitable protective fabric. Silt and erosion shall be controlled by ground barriers around the slope cutting area	Work site/During design stage & construction period	√ ·
Landscape & Visual	Existing Tree Record Inventory All retained trees should be record photographically at the commencement of the Contract, and carefully protected during the construction period. Detailed tree protection specification shall be allowed and included in the Contract Specification, which specifying the tree protection requirement, submission and approval system, and the tree monitoring system.	Work site/During design stage & construction period	V

Type of Impact	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/ Timing	Status
Landscape & Visual	Construction Light All security floodlights for construction sites shall be equipped with adjustable shield, frosted diffusers and reflective covers, and be carefully controlled to minimize light pollution and night-time glare to nearby residences and GIC users. The Contractor shall consider other security measures which shall minimize the visual impacts.	Work site / During design stage & construction period	√
Landscape & Visual	Tree Transplanting Apart from the 18 numbers of "Leucaena leucocephala", which are proposed to be felled in accordance with ETWB TCW No. 3/2006, all the affected trees shall be transplanted. Where practicable, trees shall be directly transplanted to permanent on-site locations. The location of the transplanted tree is shown in Figure 8.9.1.	Work site / During design stage & construction period	√.
Landscape & Visual	Tree Compensation Ratio The total number of compensatory trees planted in the project area shall not be less than 1:1 ratios by new trees. Required numbers and locations of compensatory trees shall be determined and agreed with Government during the tree felling application process under ETWCTC 3/2006. Compensatory trees shall be at least heavy standard size to create "immediate" greening effect. 81 numbers of "Cassia surattensis" will be provided as the additional compensatory planting for loss of greenery in the area due to removal of the affected trees. The location of the additional compensatory planting is shown in Figure 8.9.1.	Work site / During design stage & construction period	N/A
Landscape & Visual	Re-use of Existing Soil and Advance formation of Planting Area Existing topsoil shall be re-used where possible for new planting areas within the project. Advance formation of planting area and early implementation of the plating works can minimize adverse impact on trees. The construction program shall consider using the soil removed from one phase for backfilling another. Suitable storage ground, gathering ground and mixing ground may be set up on-site as necessary.	Work site / During design stage & construction period	√ ·

Type of Impact	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/ Timing	Status
Landscape & Visual	Establishment Period 12 month establishment period for the soft landscape works will be allowed in the main contract. Most construction contracts in Hong Kong require the Contractor to carry out routine horticultural operations, including watering, pruning, weeding, pest control, replacement of dead plants etc. to ensure healthy establishment of new planting during a 12 month establishment period. This period also serves as a kind of warranty / guarantee on the quality of the plants supplied and installed by the Contractor. Monthly monitoring during the first year of establishment period is recommended.	Work site/During operation period	N/A. To be implemented during operation phase of Project.
Landscape & Visual	Re-instatement of excavated Area All excavated area and disturbed area for utilities diversion, temporary road diversion, and pipeline woks will be reinstated to former conditions, subject to applicable Government Standards.	Work site / During design stage & operation period	N/A. To be implemented during operation phase of Project.
Landscape & Visual	Appearance and Greening for the proposed structures Compatible design, construction materials and surface finishes of the proposed structure should match with the nearby existing external appearance of PPSTW buildings for achieving visual uniformity. Finishing materials shall have due consideration to form, basic color, color/tone variation, micro-and macro-texture, and reflectivity/light absorbance to avoid glare. Planting, such as turf, low groundcovers and climbers, may also be planted on top of these elements to provide greening and aesthetic effect.	Work site / During design stage & operation period	N/A. To be implemented during operation phase of Project.
Summary of Key	Environmental Mitigation Measures in Contract Requirements		
Air Quality	Only Ultra-low-sulphur diesel (ULSD) should be used for all diesel- operated plants and equipments on site	Work sites / during construction period	√
Air Quality and Noise	Plants and equipments of good operation conditions should be used on site.	Work sites / during construction period	√
Noise	No diesel hammers should be used for piling works	Work sites / during construction period	V
Noise	Construction Noise Permits (CNP) should be applied for works conducted outside non-restricted hours.	Work sites / during construction period	√
Noise	Quiet construction equipments and the quietest practicable working	Work sites / during construction period	V

Type of Impact	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/ Timing	Status
	methodologies should be adopted for works whenever feasible. Noise labels should be provided for air compressors. Hoods and cover panels of generators and air compressors should be closed during operation. Noise labels should be provided for air compressors and hand-held percussive breakers.		
Waste Management	Temporary works construction on site should minimize the use of timber to reduce the quantity of C&D waste generated during works period.	Work sites / during construction period	√
Landscape and Visual	Retained or to-be-transplanted trees on site should be properly protected from physical damages and soil compacts with temporary fencing or hessian armouring whenever feasible.	Work sites / during construction period	<>

Remark:

- √ Compliance of Mitigation Measures
- Compliance of Mitigation but need improvement
- x Non-compliance of Mitigation Measures
- ▲ Non-compliance of Mitigation Measures but rectified by ATAL-Degrémont-China State JV
- Δ Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by ATAL-Degrémont-China State JV
- N/A Not Applicable in Reporting Period

Annex J

Waste Flow Table

Contract No. : DC/2008/03 - Design, Build and Operate Pillar Point Sewage Treatment Works Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table

	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated (see Note 13)					Actual Quantities of Non-inert C&D Materials (Construction Waste) Generated (see Note 13)				
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Hard Rocks & Large Broken Concrete	Disposed as Public Fill	Metals (see Note 1)	Paper/ cardboard packaging (see Note 1)	Plastics (see Note 2)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)
	tonne	tonne	tonne	tonne	tonne	kilogram	kilogram	kilogram	Litre	tonne
Nov 2010	2,248.00	0.00	0.00	55.00	2248.00	60.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	18.05 (see Note 4)
Dec 2010	11,314.00 (see Note 4)	0.00	0.00	225.00	11314.00	100.00	120.00	20.00	0.00	28.40 (see Note 4)
Jan 2011	58,383.00 (see Note 4)	0.00	0.00	3,000.00	58,382.90	250.00	280.00	60.00	0.00	4.59 (see Note 4)
Sub-total	71,945.00	0.00	0.00	3280.00	71944.90	410.00	500.00	80.00	0.00	51.04
Feb 2011	12,855.00	0.00	0.00	1,050.00	12,854.70	100.00	150.00	50.00	0.00	2.43 (see Note 4)
Mar 2011	22,859.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	22,858.70	150.00	180.00	55.00	0.00	9.02
Apr 2011	8,547.00 (see Note 7)	0.00	5,684.00(see Note 5, 7)	550.00	2,863.30	50.00	30.00	15.00	0.00	5.78
Sub-total	44,261.00	0.00	5684.00	3100.00	38576.70	300.00	360.00	120.00	0.00	17.23
May 2011	6,293.00 (see Note 7)	0.00	11.00 (see Note 5, 7)	425.00	6,282.00 (see Note 7)	45.00	25.00	10.00	360.00 (see Note 7)	8.83
Jun 2011	4,587.00 (see Note 7)	0.00	0.00 (see Note 7)	313.00	4,586.00 (see Note 7)	40.00	30.00	15.00	0.00	7.10
Jul 2011	523.00	0.00	0.00	25.00	522.90	15.00	5.00	10.00	0.00	7.20
Sub-total	11,403.00	0.00	11.00	763.00	11391.50	100.00	60.00	32.00	360.00	23.13
Aug 2011	571.00 (see Note 11)	0.00	0.00	50.00	571.00 (see Note 11)	0.00	0.00	15.00	450.00 (see Note 8)	6.12
Sept 2011	235.00	0.00	0.00	25.00	235	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.15 (see Note 9)
Oct 2011	5,705.00 (see Note 10)	0.00	0.00	650.00	5,705.00 (see Note 10)	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.98
Sub-total	6,511.00	0.00	0.00	725.00	6511.00	120.00	0.00	15.00	450.00	21.25
Nov 2011	6,294.00	0.00	0.00	775.00	6,294.00	50.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	44.84
Dec 2011	3,011.00	0.00	0.00	263.00	3,011.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.14
Jan 2012	349.00	64.00	0.00	25.00	284.60	20.00	150.00	0.00	0.00	49.01

	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials (Public Fill) Generated					Actual Quantities of Non-inert C&D Materials (Construction Waste) Generated				
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Hard Rocks & Large Broken Concrete	Disposed as Public Fill	Metals (see Note 1)	Paper/ cardboard packaging (see Note 1)	Plastics (see Note 2)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)
	tonne	tonne	tonne	tonne	tonne	kilogram	kilogram	kilogram	Litre	tonne
Sub-total	9,654.00	64.00	0.00	1063.00	9589.60	90.00	150.00	0.00	0.00	110.99
Feb 2012	3,371.00	30.00	0.00	2,810.00	3,341.00	150.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	48.72
Mar 2012	6,460.00	3,000.00	0.00	625.00	3,459.70	30.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	41.10
Apr 2012	3,774.00	3,000.00	0.00	250.00	774.40	40.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	40.01
Sub-total	13,605.00	6,030.00	0.00	3685.00	7575.10	220.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	129.83
May 2012	7,936.00	5,600.00	0.00	750.00	2,336.20	40.00	0.00	10.00	0.00	75.19
Jun 2012	13,091.00	7,500.00	0.00	875.00	5,590.80	40.00	35.50	8.00	0.00	66.74
Jul 2012	11,972.00	8,600.00	0.00	825.00	3,372.50	40.00	36.40	5.00	0.00	100.50
Sub-total	32,999.00	21,700.00	0.00	2450.00	11299.50	120.00	70.90	23.00	0.00	242.43
Aug 2012	11,660.00	11,000.00	0.00	950.00	659.80	30.00	10.00	6.00	0.00	78.77
Sept 2012	3,055.00	1,500.00	0.00	920.00	1,555.38	30.00	40.00	5.00	0.00	118.80
Oct 2012	2,657.00	200.00	0.00	500.00	2,457.01	30.00	59.40	8.00	0.00	124.04
Sub-total	17,372.00	12,700.00	0.00	2370.00	4672.19	90.00	109.40	19.00	0.00	321.61
Nov 2012	2,691.00	250.00	0.00	750.00	2,441.01	50.00	25.00	10.00	0.00	128.08
Dec 2012	4,319.00	400.00	0.00	200.00	3,919.13	60.00	20.00	15.00	0.00	165.28
Jan 2013	4,442.00	100.00	0.00	200.00	4,341.56	200.00	40.00	20.00	0.00	111.23
Sub-total	11,452.00	750.00	0.00	1150.00	10701.70	310.00	85.00	45.00	0.00	404.59
Feb 2013	1,286.00	85.00	0.00	50.00	1,201.23	180.00	35.00	16.00	0.00	99.44
Mar 2013	900.00	900.00	0.00	120.00	0.00	120.00	45.00	10.00	0.00	97.43
Apr 2013	680.00	680.00	0.00	300.00	0.00	22.00	50.00	15.00	0.00	80.21
Sub-total	2866.00	1665.00	0.00	470.00	1201.23	322.00	130.00	41.00	0.00	277.08
May 2013	1443.37	100.00	0.00	1020.00	1343.37	40.00	43.00	9.00	0.00	46.88 (see Note 16)
June 2013	1993.06	50.00	0.00	850.00	1943.06	100.00	60.00	5.00	0.00	53.89

July 2013	1246.64	100	0	1100	1146.64	100	60	10	0	71.15
Sub-total	4683.07	250.00	0.00	2970.00	4433.07	240.00	163.00	24.00	0.00	171.92
Total	228194.44	43259.00	5695.00	23046.00	179239.86	2362.00	1671.30	411.00	810.00	1817.98

Notes:

- (1) Metal and paper/cardboard packaging were collected by recycler for recycling.
- (2) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging material collected by recycler for recycling.
- (3) General refuse was disposed of at WENT by subcontractors.
- (4) The waste flow data for November and December 2010, January and February 2011 was updated in March 2011based on SOR's comments and has been confirmed by the Contractor.
- (5) The inert C&D materials were reused in the Contract No. EP/SP/58/08 at Tuen Mun Tsang Tsui.
- (6) Chemical waste was collected though the licensed chemical waste collector, Dunwell Ind. (Holdings) Ltd, with the waste collection licence number 7111-757-W0015-WC.
- (7) The waste flow data for April, May and June 2011 was updated in August 2011 based on SOR's comments and has been confirmed by the Contractor.
- (8) The waste flow data of chemical waste for August 2011 was updated in October 2011 based on Contractor's revised waste flow summary.
- (9) The waste flow data of general refuse for September 2011 was updated in November 2011 based on Contractor's revised waste flow summary.
- (10) The waste flow data of C&D material for October 2011 was updated in December 2011 based on Contractor's revised waste flow summary.
- (11) The waste flow data of C&D material for August 2011 was updated in January 2011 based on SOR's comments and has been confirmed by the Contractor.
- (12) The waste flow data of metal and paper/cardboard packaging for June 2011 was revised in August 2012.
- (13) The quantity of inert and non-inert C&D material generated from May 2012 to December and imported fill material was updated by the Contractor on 6 November 2012.
- (14) The quantity of Rocks & Broken Concrete from November 2010 to November 2012 was updated by the Contractor on 12 December 2012.
- (15) The quantity of C&D material reused in this Contract in Oct, Nov and Dec 2012 were updated by the Contractor on 5 January 2012.
- (16) The quantity of general refuse in this Contract for May 2013 was updated by the Contractor in June 2013.

Annex K

Environmental Complaint, Environmental Summon and Presecution Log

Annex K Cumulative Complaint and Summons/Prosecutions Log

Reporting Month	Number of Complaints in Reporting Month	Number of Summons/Prosecutions in Reporting Month
November 2010	0	0
December 2010	0	0
January 2011	0	0
February 2011	0	0
March 2011	0	0
April 2011	0	0
May 2011	0	0
June 2011	0	0
July 2011	0	0
August 2011	0	0
September 2011	0	0
October 2011	0	0
November 2011	0	0
December 2011	0	0
January 2012	0	0
February 2012	0	0
March 2012	0	0

Reporting Month	Number of Complaints in Reporting Month	Number of Summons/Prosecutions in Reporting Month
April 2012	0	0
May 2012	0	0
June 2012	0	0
July 2012	0	0
August 2012	0	0
September 2012	0	0
October 2012	0	0
November 2012	0	0
December 2012	0	0
January 2013	0	0
February 2013	0	0
March 2013	0	0
April 2013	0	0
May 2013	0	0
June 2013	0	0
July 2013	0	0
Overall Total	0	0