

JOB NO.: TCS00694/13

AGREEMENT NO. CE 45/2008 (CE) LIANTANG/HEUNG YUEN WAI BOUNDARY CONTROL POINT AND ASSOCIATED WORKS

20th QUARTERLY ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING & **AUDIT SUMMARY REPORT -**(May to July 2018)

PREPARED FOR

CIVIL ENGINEERING AND DEVELOPMENT **DEPARTMENT (CEDD)**

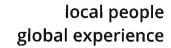
Quality Index

Date

Reference No. Prepared By **Certified By** 24 September 2018 TCS00694/13/600/R1752v3 T.W. Tam Nicola Hon (Environmental Consultant) (Environmental Team Leader)

Version	Date	Description
1	14 September 2018	First Submission
2	24 September 2018	Amended against IEC's comment
3	2 October 2018	Amended against IEC's comment

This report has been prepared by Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting with all reasonable skill, care and diligence within the terms of the Agreement with the client, incorporating our General Terms and Conditions of Business and taking account of the resources devoted to it by agreement with the client. We disclaim any responsibility to the client and others in respect of any matters outside the scope of the above. This report is confidential to the client and we accept no responsibility of whatsoever nature to third parties to whom this report, or any part thereof, is made known. Any such party relies upon the report at their own risk.





Our ref:

7076192/L23605/AB/AW/MCC/rw

16 October 2018

AECOM 8/F, Grand Central Plaza, Tower 2 138 Shatin Rural Committee Road Shatin, N.T.

Attention: Mr Simon LEUNG

By Email & Post

Dear Sirs

Agreement No. CE 45/2008 (CE) Liantang/Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point and Associated Works Independent Environmental Checker – Investigation Quarterly EM&A Summary Report (No. 20) – May 2018 to July 2018

With reference to the Quarterly EM&A Report No. 20 for May 2018 to July 2018 (Version 3) certified by the ET Leader and received by us on 2 October 2018, please be noted that we have no adverse comments on the captioned submission. We herewith verify the captioned submission in accordance with Section 13.4 of the EM&A Manual.

Thank you for your attention and please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned on tel. 3995 8120 or by email to antony.wong@smec.com; or our Mr Arthur Chiu on tel. 3995 8144 or by email to arthur.chiu@smec.com.

Yours faithfully

Independent Environmental Checker

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

ES.01. This is the **20**th Quarterly EM&A Summary Report for the "*Liantang/Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point and Associated Works*" under Environmental Permit No. EP-404/2011/D (hereinafter "the EP"), covering the period from **1 May to 31 July 2018** (hereinafter "Reporting Period").

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDIT ACTIVITIES

ES.02. In the Reporting Period, the construction works under Liantang/Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point and Associated Works of the Project included Contract 2, Contract 3, Contract 6, Contract 7 and Contract SS C505. Environmental monitoring activities under the EM&A programme in the Reporting Period are summarized in the following table.

Environmental	Manitaring Dayamataya /	Reportin	g Period	
Aspect	Monitoring Parameters / Inspection	Monitoring Locations / Contracts	Total Occasions	
Air Quality	1-hour TSP	9	432	
All Quality	24-hour TSP	9	140(^)	
Construction Noise	L _{eq(30min)} Daytime	10	135	
		WM1 & WM1-C,	39 scheduled and 3 extra of sampling day	
	W .	WM2A & WM2A-Cx	39 scheduled and 18 extra of sampling day	
Water Quality	Water in-situ measurement and/or sampling	WM2B & WM2B-C	(*) 39 Scheduled	
		WM3 &WM3-C	39 scheduled and 10	
		W W13 & W W13-C	extra of sampling day	
		WM4, WM4-CA	39 scheduled and 3 extra	
		&WM4-CB	of sampling day	
Ecology	Woodland compensationi) General Health condition of planted speciesii) Survival of planted species	9 Quadrats	1	
		Contract 2	13	
Joint Site	IEC, ET, the Contractor and	Contract 3	13	
Inspection /	RE joint site Environmental	Contract 4	13	
Audit	Inspection and Auditing	Contract 6	13	
1 Iddit	inspection and raditing	Contract 7	13	
		Contract SS C505 (#)	13	

Note: Extra monitoring day was due to measurement results exceedance

- (#) IEC only joined inspection for Contract SS C505 once per month.
- (*) During the whole reporting period, water sampling was unable to carry out at WM2B and WM2B-C due to shallow water (water depth under 150mm)
- (^) 24-hour TSP monitoring at AM1b has been temporary suspended since 27 April 2018 as rented land was demolished and returned to the landlord. Proposal for alterative location AM1c which verified by the IEC on 5 June 2018 was submitted to EPD on 6 June 2018. EPD issued comments on 16 July 2018 and the proposal is under revision by ET

BREACHES OF ACTION/LIMIT LEVELS

ES.03. In the Reporting Period, no noise exceedance and valid noise complaint was registered for construction noise. For air quality, no exceedance recorded for 1-hour and 24-hour TSP monitoring. For water quality monitoring, a total of 104 Action Level/Limit Level exceedances were recorded under the Project. The summary of exceedance for the Reporting Period is shown below.

Environmental	Monitoring	Action	Limit	Event & Action



Aspect	Parameters	Level	Level	NOE Issued	Investigation	Corrective Actions
Air Quality	1-hour TSP	0	0	0		
Air Quality	24-hour TSP	0	0	0		
Construction Noise	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq(30min)} \\ Daytime \end{array}$	0	0	0		
	DO	0	0	0		
Water Quality	Turbidity	0	49	49	All exceedances	The Contractor should fully
Quanty	SS	3	52	55	were not project irelated.	implement water quality mitigation measure.

ES.04. Investigation Report for all water quality exceedances was completed by ET. Investigation results revealed that the Contractor had properly implemented water quality mitigation measures such as well-maintained the wastewater treatment facility and covered the expose area with impervious sheet. It was concluded that the exceedances were related to the unknown source of muddy water contributed from outside the project area and not caused by the works under the Project. Nevertheless, the Contractor was reminded to fully implement the water quality mitigation measure throughout the constriction phase as far as practicable.

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT

ES.05. In this Reporting Period, no documented environmental complaints were received.

NOTIFICATION OF SUMMONS AND SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTIONS

ES.06. No environmental summons or successful prosecutions were recorded in the Reporting Period.

REPORTING CHANGES

ES.07. No reporting changes were made in the Reporting Period.

FUTURE KEY ISSUES

- ES.08. During rainy season, preventive measures for muddy water or other water pollutants from site surface flow to local stream such as Kong Yiu Channel, Ma Wat Channel, Ping Yuen River, Kwan Tei River or public area should be properly maintained. The Contractors should paid special attention on water quality mitigation measures and fully implement according ISEMM of the EM&A Manual, in particular for working areas near Ma Wat Channel and Ping Yuen River.
- ES.09. In addition, all effluent discharge shall be ensure to fulfill Technical Memorandum of Effluent Discharged into Drainage and Sewerage Systems, inland and Coastal Waters criteria or discharge permits stipulation.
- ES.10. Construction noise would be a key environmental issue during construction work of the Project. Noise mitigation measures such as using quiet plants should be implemented in accordance with the EM&A requirement.
- ES.11. Since most of construction sites under the Project are located adjacent to villages, the Contractors should fully implement air quality mitigation measures to reduce construction dust emission.



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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT BACKGROUND

- 1.1.1. Civil Engineering and Development Department is the Project Proponent and the Permit Holder of Agreement No. CE 45/2008 (CE) Liantang / Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point and Associated Works, which is a Designated Project to be implemented under Environmental Permit number EP-404/2011/C granted on 12 March 2015 and the latest Environmental Permit number EP-404/2011/D granted on 20 January 2017.
- 1.1.2. The Project consists of two main components: Construction of a Boundary Control Point (hereinafter referred as "BCP"); and Construction of a connecting road alignment. Layout plan of the Project is shown in *Appendix A*.
- 1.1.3. The proposed BCP is located at the boundary with Shenzhen near the existing Chuk Yuen Village, comprising a main passenger building with passenger and cargo processing facilities and the associated customs, transport and ancillary facilities. The connecting road alignment consists of six main sections:
 - 1) Lin Ma Hang to Frontier Closed Area (FCA) Boundary this section comprises at-grade and viaducts and includes the improvement works at Lin Ma Hang Road;
 - 2) Ping Yeung to Wo Keng Shan this section stretches from the Frontier Closed Area Boundary to the tunnel portal at Cheung Shan and comprises at-grade and viaducts including an interchange at Ping Yeung;
 - 3) North Tunnel this section comprises the tunnel segment at Cheung Shan and includes a ventilation building at the portals on either end of the tunnel;
 - 4) Sha Tau Kok Road this section stretches from the tunnel portal at Wo Keng Shan to the tunnel portal south of Loi Tung and comprises at-grade and viaducts including an interchange at Sha Tau Kok and an administration building;
 - 5) South Tunnel this section comprises a tunnel segment that stretches from Loi Tung to Fanling and includes a ventilation building at the portals on either end of the tunnel as well as a ventilation building in the middle of the tunnel near Lau Shui Heung;
 - 6) Fanling this section comprises the at-grade, viaducts and interchange connection to the existing Fanling Highway.
- 1.1.4. Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting has been commissioned as an Independent ET to implement the relevant EM&A program in accordance with the approved EM&A Manual, as well as the associated duties.
- 1.1.5. This is the 20th Quarterly EM&A Summary Report presenting the monitoring results and inspection findings for the Reporting Period from 1 May to 31 July 2018.

1.2 REPORT STRUCTURE

- 1.2.1 The Quarterly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Summary Report is structured into the following sections:-
 - **Section 1** Introduction
 - Section 2 Project Organization and Construction progress
 - **Section 3** Summary of Impact monitoring Requirements
 - **Section 4** Air Quality Monitoring
 - **Section 5** Construction Noise Monitoring
 - **Section 6** Water Quality Monitoring
 - Section 7 Ecology Monitoring
 - Section 8 Waste Management
 - Section 9 Site Inspection
 - Section 10 Non-compliance, Complaints, Notifications of Summons and Prosecutions
 - Section 11 Implementation Status of Mitigation Measures
 - **Section 12** Conclusions and Recommendations



2 PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

2.1 CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT PACKAGING

- 2.1.1 To facilitate the project management and implementation, the Project would be divided by the following contracts:
 - Contract 2 (CV/2012/08)
 - Contract 3 (CV/2012/09)
 - Contract 4 (NE/2014/02)
 - Contract 5 (CV/2013/03)
 - Contract 6 (CV/2013/08)
 - Contract 7 (NE/2014/03)
 - ArchSD Contract No. SS C505
- 2.1.2 The details of each contracts is summarized below and the delineation of each contracts is shown in *Appendix A*.

Contract 2 (CV/2012/08)

- 2.1.3 Contract 2 has awarded in December 2013 and construction work was commenced on 19 May 2014. Major Scope of Work of the Contract 2 is listed below:
 - construction of an approximately 5.2km long dual two-lane connecting road (with about 0.4km of at-grade road and 4.8km of tunnel) connecting the Fanling Interchange with the proposed Sha Tau Kok Interchange;
 - construction of a ventilation adit tunnel and the mid-ventilation building;
 - construction of the north and south portal buildings of the Lung Shan Tunnel and their associated slope works;
 - provision and installation of ventilation system, E&M works and building services works for Lung Shan tunnel and Cheung Shan tunnel and their portal buildings;
 - construction of Tunnel Administration Building adjacent to Wo Keng Shan Road and the associated E&M and building services works; and
 - construction of associated footpath, slopes, retaining structures, drainage, sewerage, waterworks, landscaping works and other ancillary works.

Contract 3 (CV/2012/09)

- 2.1.4 Contract 3 was awarded in July 2013 and construction work was commenced on 5 November 2013. Major Scope of Work of the Contract 3 is listed below:
 - construction of four link roads connecting the existing Fanling Highway and the south portal of the Lung Shan Tunnel;
 - realignment of the existing Tai Wo Service Road West and Tai Wo Service Road East;
 - widening of the existing Fanling Highway (HyD's entrustment works);
 - demolishing existing Kiu Tau vehicular bridge and Kiu Tau footbridge and reconstruction of the existing Kiu Tau Footbridge (HyD's entrustment works); and
 - construction of associated footpath, slopes, retaining structures, drainage, sewerage, waterworks, landscaping works and other ancillary works.

Contract 4 (NE/2014/02)

- 2.1.5 Contract 4 was awarded in mid-April 2016 and construction work will be commenced on 2 May 2017. The scope of work of the Contract 4 includes:
 - design, supply, delivery, installation, testing and commissioning of a traffic control and surveillance system for the connecting road linking up the Liantang / Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point and the existing Fanling Highway.

Contract 5 (CV/2013/03)



- 2.1.6 Contract 5 has awarded in April 2013 and construction work was commenced in August 2013. Major Scope of Work of the Contract 5 is listed below:
 - site formation of about 23 hectares of land for the development of the BCP;
 - construction of an approximately 1.6 km long perimeter road at the BCP including a 175m long depressed road;
 - associated diversion/modification works at existing local roads and junctions including Lin Ma Hang Road;
 - construction of pedestrian subway linking the BCP to Lin Ma Hang Road;
 - provision of resite area with supporting infrastructure for reprovisioning of the affected village houses; and
 - construction of associated footpath, slopes, retaining structures, drainage, sewerage, waterworks, landscaping works and other ancillary works.

Contract 6 (CV/2013/08)

- 2.1.7 Contract 6 was awarded in June 2015 and construction work was commenced on 23 October 2015. Major Scope of Work of the Contract 6 would be included below:
 - construction of an approximately 4.6km long dual two-lane connecting road (with about 0.6km of at-grade road, 3.3km of viaduct and 0.7km of tunnel) connecting the BCP with the proposed Sha Tau Kok Road Interchange and the associated ventilation buildings;
 - associated diversion/modification works at access roads to the resite of Chuk Yuen Village;
 - provision of sewage collection, treatment and disposal facilities for the BCP and the resite of Chuk Yuen Village;
 - construction of a pedestrian subway linking the BCP to Lin Ma Hang Road;
 - provisioning of the affected facilities including Wo Keng Shan Road garden; and
 - construction of associated footpath, slopes, retaining structures, drainage, sewerage, waterworks, landscaping works and other ancillary works.

Contract 7 (NE/2014/03)

- 2.1.8 Contract 7 was awarded in December 2015 and the construction work was commenced 15 February 2016. Major Scope of Work of the Contract 7 would be included below:
 - construction of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) portion of four vehicular bridge
 - construction of one pedestrian bridge crossing Shenzhen (SZ) River (cross boundary bridges)

ArchSD Contract No. SS C505

- 2.1.9 SS C505 has been awarded in July 2015 and construction work was commenced on 1 September 2015. Major Scope of Work of the SS C505 would be included below:
 - passenger-related facilities including processing kiosks and examination facilities for private cars and coaches, passenger clearance building and halls, the interior fitting works for the pedestrian bridge crossing Shenzhen River, etc.;
 - cargo processing facilities including kiosks for clearance of goods vehicles, customs inspection platforms, X-ray building, etc.;
 - accommodation for the facilities inside of the Government departments providing services in connection with the BCP;
 - transport-related facilities inside the BCP including road networks, public transport interchange, transport drop-off and pick-up areas, vehicle holding areas and associated road furniture etc:
 - a public carpark; and
 - other ancillary facilities such as sewerage and drainage, building services provisions and electronic systems, associated environmental mitigation measure and landscape works.



2.2 PROJECT ORGANIZATION

2.2.1 The project organization is shown in *Appendix B*. The responsibilities of respective parties are:

Civil Engineering and Development Department (CEDD)

2.2.2 CEDD is the Project Proponent and the Permit Holder of the EP of the development of the Project and will assume overall responsibility for the project. An Independent Environmental Checker (IEC) shall be employed by CEDD to audit the results of the EM&A works carried out by the ET.

Architectural Services Department (ArchSD)

2.2.3 ArchSD acts as the works agent for Development Bureau (DEVB), for Contract SS C505 Liantang/ Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point (BCP) – BCP Buildings and Associated Facilities.

Environmental Protection Department (EPD)

2.2.4 EPD is the statutory enforcement body for environmental protection matters in Hong Kong.

Ronald Lu & Partners (Hong Kong) Ltd (The Architect)

- 2.2.5 Ronald Lu & Partners (Hong Kong) Ltd is appointed by ArchSD as an Architect for Contract SS C505 Liantang/ Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point (BCP) BCP Buildings and Associated Facilities. It responsible for overseeing the construction works of Contract SS C505 and for ensuring that the works are undertaken by the Contractor in accordance with the specification and contract requirements. The duties and responsibilities of the Architect with respect to EM&A are:
 - Monitor the Contractors' compliance with contract specifications, including the implementation and operation of the environmental mitigation measures and their effectiveness
 - Monitor Contractors' and ET's compliance with the requirements in the Environmental Permit (EP) and EM&A Manual
 - Facilitate ET's implementation of the EM&A programme
 - Participate in joint site inspection by the ET and IEC
 - Oversee the implementation of the agreed Event / Action Plan in the event of any exceedance
 - Adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation
 - Liaison with DSD, Engineer/Engineer's Representative, ET, IEC and the Contractor of the "Construction of the DSD's Regulation of Shenzhen River Stage 4 (RSR 4)" Project discussing regarding the cumulative impact issues.

Engineer or Engineers Representative (ER)

- 2.2.6 The ER is responsible for overseeing the construction works and for ensuring that the works are undertaken by the Contractor in accordance with the specification and contract requirements. The duties and responsibilities of the ER with respect to EM&A are:
 - Monitor the Contractors' compliance with contract specifications, including the implementation and operation of the environmental mitigation measures and their effectiveness
 - Monitor Contractors's, ET's and IEC's compliance with the requirements in the Environmental Permit (EP) and EM&A Manual
 - Facilitate ET's implementation of the EM&A programme
 - Participate in joint site inspection by the ET and IEC
 - Oversee the implementation of the agreed Event / Action Plan in the event of any exceedance
 - Adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation
 - Liaison with DSD, Engineer/Engineer's Representative, ET, IEC and the Contractor of the "Construction of the DSD's Regulation of Shenzhen River Stage 4 (RSR 4)" Project discussing regarding the cumulative impact issues.



The Contractor(s)

- 2.2.7 There will be one contractor for each individual works contract. The Contractor(s) should report to the ER. The duties and responsibilities of the Contractor are:
 - Comply with the relevant contract conditions and specifications on environmental protection
 - Employ an Environmental Team (ET) to undertake monitoring, laboratory analysis and reporting of EM &A Facilitate ET's monitoring and site inspection activities
 - Participate in the site inspections by the ET and IEC, and undertake any corrective actions
 - Provide information / advice to the ET regarding works programme and activities which may contribute to the generation of adverse environmental impacts
 - Submit proposals on mitigation measures in case of exceedances of Action and Limit levels in accordance with the Event / Action Plans
 - Implement measures to reduce impact where Action and Limit levels are exceeded
 - Adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation

Environmental Team (ET)

- 2.2.8 One ET will be employed for this Project. The ET shall not be in any way an associated body of the Contractor(s), and shall be employed by the Project Proponent/Contractor to conduct the EM&A programme. The ET should be managed by the ET Leader. The ET Leader shall be a person who has at least 7 years' experience in EM&A and has relevant professional qualifications. Suitably qualified staff should be included in the ET, and resources for the implementation of the EM&A programme should be allocated in time under the Contract(s), to enable fulfillment of the Project's EM&A requirements as specified in the EM&A Manual during construction of the Project. The ET shall report to the Project Proponent and the duties shall include:
 - Monitor and audit various environmental parameters as required in this EM&A Manual
 - Analyse the environmental monitoring and audit data, review the success of EM&A
 programme and the adequacy of mitigation measures implemented, confirm the validity of
 the EIA predictions and identify any adverse environmental impacts arising
 - Carry out regular site inspection to investigate and audit the Contractors' site practice, equipment/plant and work methodologies with respect to pollution control and environmental mitigation, and effect proactive action to pre-empt problems
 - Monitor compliance with conditions in the EP, environmental protection, pollution prevention and control regulations and contract specifications
 - Audit environmental conditions on site
 - Report on the environmental monitoring and audit results to EPD, the ER, the IEC and Contractor(s) or their delegated representatives
 - Recommend suitable mitigation measures to the Contractor in the case of exceedance of Action and Limit levels in accordance with the Event and Action Plans
 - Liaise with the IEC on all environmental performance matters and timely submit all relevant EM&A proforma for approval by IEC
 - Advise the Contractor(s) on environmental improvement, awareness, enhancement measures etc., on site
 - Adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation
 - Liaison with the client departments, Engineer/Engineer's Representative, ET, IEC and the Contractor(s) of the concurrent projects as listed under Section 2.3 below regarding the cumulative impact issues.

Independent Environmental Checker (IEC)

2.2.9 One IEC will be employed for this Project. The Independent Environmental Checker (IEC) should not be in any way an associated body of the Contractor(s) or the ET for the Project. The IEC should be employed by the Permit Holder (i.e., CEDD) prior to the commencement of the construction of the Project. The IEC should have at least 10 years' experience in EM&A and have relevant professional qualifications. The duty of IEC should be:



- Provide proactive advice to the ER and the Project Proponent on EM&A matters related to the project, independent from the management of construction works, but empowered to audit the environmental performance of construction
- Review and audit all aspects of the EM&A programme implemented by the ET
- Review and verify the monitoring data and all submissions in connection with the EP and EM&A Manual submitted by the ET
- Arrange and conduct regular, at least monthly site inspections of the works during construction phase, and ad hoc inspections if significant environmental problems are identified
- Check compliance with the agreed Event / Action Plan in the event of any exceedance
- Check compliance with the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation
- Check the effectiveness of corrective measures
- Feedback audit results to ET by signing off relevant EM&A proforma
- Check that the mitigation measures are effectively implemented
- Report the works conducted, the findings, recommendation and improvement of the site inspections, after reviewing ET's and Contractor's works, and advices to the ER and Project Proponent on a monthly basis
- Liaison with the client departments, Engineer/Engineer's Representative, ET, IEC and the Contractor(s) of the concurrent projects as listed under Section 2.3 below regarding the cumulative impact issues.

2.3 CONCURRENT PROJECTS

- 2.3.1 The concurrent construction works that may be carried out include, but not limited to, the following:
 - (a) Regulation of Shenzhen River Stage IV;
 - (b) Widening of Fanling Highway Tai Hang to Wo Hop Shek Interchange Contract No. HY/2012/06;
 - (c) Construction of BCP facilities in Shenzhen.

2.4 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

2.4.1 In the Reporting Period, the major construction activity conducted under the Project is located in Contracts 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and SS C505 and they are summarized in below.

Contract 2 (CV/2012/08)

2.4.2 Construction work of Contract 2 was commenced on May 2014, the following activities were conducted in the Reporting Period.

Mid-Vent	Cavern internal structure and tunnel E&M activities
Portal	 Construction of C&C structure and permanent drainage
	Structure connecting adit and ventilation building
	 Ventilation building superstructure and backfilling activities
	 Ventilation building fitting out and E&M installation
	 Construction of fence wall and portal backfilling
North Portal	Southbound and Northbound tunnel waterproofing and lining
	 Construction of cross passage and internal structure
	 Tunnel backfilling and E&M installation
	 North ventilation building structure and internal structure
	Construction of retaining wall and permanent drainage
	Site formation and construction of slip road
	Construction of temporary drainage to prepare for rainy season
	 Construction of temporary utility bridge across the mid-platform
	Dismantling of TBM
	• Installation of VE panel inside the tunnel
	• Construction of connecting structure between the tunnel and the NVB



South Portal	Tunnel waterproofing, lining and backfilling.
	 Tunnel internal structure and cross passage
	 Portal backfilling activities and construction of slip road
	 Construction of retaining wall and backfilling activities
	 South ventilation building external wall finishing, fitting out and E&M
	installations
	 Installation of E&M and VE panel inside the tunnel
	 Construction of tunnel internal structure and cross passage
	SVB external wall finishing and fit out
	 E&M installation and T&C for ventilation fan inside the SVB
	Soft landscaping work
Admin Building	External works finishing
	• Internal fit out, permanent drainage and E&M installation.
	Soft landscaping work.

Contract 3 (CV/2012/09)

- 2.4.3 Contract commenced in November 2013, the following activities were conducted in the Reporting Period.
 - Cable Detection and Trial Trenches
 - Remaining Works on Footbridge
 - Noise Barrier Construction
 - Road pavement works
 - Water main laying works (on Grade and on bridge deck)
 - Installation of Noise barrier steel column & panel, and sign gantry
 - Parapet Installation on bridge deck
 - Road Drainage Work
 - Construction of Profile Barrier & Planter Wall on Bridge Deck
 - Stressing of External Tendon
 - Bitumen paving on bridge deck
 - Installation of deck cell inside the bridge deck
 - Installation of movement joint on the bridge
 - Construction of Retaining Wall Behind Abutment
 - Landscaping works
 - Remaining Works on new Kiu Tau Footbridge

Contract 4 (NE/2014/02)

- 2.4.4 The Contract was awarded in mid-April 2016 and the construction work was commenced on 2 May 2017. In this Reporting Period, construction activities conducted are listed below:
 - System design and testing
 - E&M installation at Admin Building
 - E&M installation at Ventilation Building
 - High mast erection
 - E&M installation at OHVD in tunnel

Contract 5 (CV/2013/03)

1.1.1 The construction works under Contract 5 was substantially completed on 31 August 2016.

Contract 6 (CV/2013/08)

- 2.4.5 Contract 6 has awarded in June 2015 and construction work was commenced on 23 October 2015. In this Reporting Period, construction activities conducted are listed below:
 - Bridge construction



- Tunneling Works
- Sewage Treatment Plant Construction
- Tunnel Ventilation Building Construction
- Slip Road/At-grade Road/Periphery Road Construction

Contract 7 (NE/2014/03)

- 2.4.6 Contract 7 has awarded in December 2015 and construction work was commenced on 15 February 2015. In this Reporting Period, construction activities conducted are listed below:
 - Deck construction at Bridge A
 - Abutment and deck construction at Bridge E
 - Profile barrier construction at Bridges A, B, D & E
 - Installation of Façade at Bridge C
 - Waterproofing works at roof of Bridge C
 - Drainage and watermains at perimeter road
 - Bitumen pavement perimeter road
 - Installation of BMU at roof at Bridge C

Contract SS C505

- 2.4.7 Contract SS C505 has awarded in July 2015 and construction work was commenced on 1 September 2015. In this Reporting Period, construction activities conducted are listed below:
 - Building no. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 41 constructions
 - Constructions of Steel Canopies (Building no. 32, 33, 34 and 35)
 - Constructions of Master Water Meter Room 1, 2 and 3 (Building no. 42, 43, 44)
 - Tower crane operation
 - Bridge 1 5 construction works including retaining wall, road and finishes works
 - Steel Canopies construction
 - Underground drainage works, Road Works, CLP Cable laying and Landscaping
 - Formwork and falsework for PTB's slab and internal wall construction
 - Construction PTB M/F, 1/F, 2/F and Roof flat slab
 - Construction PTB non-structural wall, Underground Drainage and Utilities, Fence Wall, On Grade Ground Slab and Paving
 - PTB Southern Entrance Construction & Curtain Wall Installation
 - Backfilling works
 - PTB Major Plant Rooms ABWF & MEP Installation, Lift and Escalator Installation by NSC
 - Integrated ABWF & MEP Works in PTB, Building no. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 14, 18, 36 and 41
 - Elevated Walkway E1, E2, E3 and E4 construction
 - Tower Crane Dismantling Works

2.5 SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL SUBMISSIONS

- 2.5.1 In according to the EP, the required documents have submitted to EPD which listed in below:
 - Project Layout Plans of Contracts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and SS C505
 - Landscape Plan
 - Topsoil Management Plan
 - Environmental Monitoring and Audit Programme
 - Baseline Monitoring Report (TCS00690/13/600/R0030v3) for the Project
 - Waste Management Plan of the Contracts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and SS C505
 - Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP) and Contamination Assessment Report (CAR) for Po Kat Tsai, Loi Tung and the workshops in Fanling
 - Vegetation Survey Report
 - Woodland Compensation Plan
 - Habitat Creation Management Plan
 - Wetland Compensation Plan



2.5.2 Summary of the relevant permits, licenses, and/or notifications on environmental protection for the Project of each contracts are presented in *Table 2-1*.

Table 2-1 Status of Environmental Licenses and Permits of the Contracts

		License/Permit Status				
Item	Description	Ref. no.	•	Effective Date	Expiry Date	
		Contract 2	2			
1	Air pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	Ref No.: 368864		31 Dec 2013	Till Contract ends	
2	Chemical Waste Producer Registration	North Portal Waste Producers N No.5213-652-D252		25 Mar 2014	Till Contract ends	
		Mid-Vent Portal Waste Producers N No.5213-634-D252		25 Mar 2014	Till Contract ends	
		South Portal Waste Producers N No.5213-634-D252		9 Apr 2014	Till Contract ends	
3	Water Pollution Control Ordinance - Discharge	No.WT00018374-2 (South Portal)	2014	3 Mar 2014	28 Feb 2019	
	License	No. WT00023063-2 (North Portal)	2015	18 Dec 2015	31 Mar 2019	
		No.: W5/1I392 (Admin Building)		28 Mar 2014	31 Mar 2019	
		No.: WT00025594-2016 (Mid-Vent Portal)		7 Oct 2016	31 Mar 2019	
4	Waste Disposal Regulation - Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Account No. 70191	05	8 Jan 2014	Till Contract ends	
5	Construction Noise Permit	GW-RN0744-17	North	15-Nov-2017	09-May-2018	
		GW-RN0747-17	Portal	15-Nov-2017	09-May-2018	
		GW-RN0839-17		25-Dec-2017	17-Jun-2018	
		GW-RN0211-18		10-May-2018	09-Nov-2018	
		GW-RN0212-18		10-May-2018	09-Nov-2018	
		GW-RN0307-18		18-Jun-2018	17-Dec-2018	
		GW-RN0047-18	Mid	05-Feb-2018	01-Aug-2018	
		GW-RN0049-18	Vent	05-Feb-2017	31-Jul-2018	
		GW-RN0400-18		06-Aug-2018	01-Feb-2019	
		GW-RN0401-18		06-Aug-2018	31-Jan-2019	
		GW-RN0765-17	South	01-Dec-2017	31-May-2018	
		GW-RN0110-18	Portal	22-Mar-2018	21-Sep-2018	
		GW-RN0788-17		06-Dec-2017	05-Jun-2018	
		GW-RN0176-18		30-Apr-2018	27-Oct-2018	
		GW-RN0238-18		01-Jun-2018	30-Nov-2018	
		GW-RN0110-18		22-Mar-2018	21-Sep-2018	
		GW-RN0176-18		30-Apr-2018	27-Oct-2018	



Ψ.		License/Permit Status				
Item	Description	Ref. no	•	Effective Date	Expiry Date	
		GW-RN0253-18		06-Jun-2018	05-Dec-2018	
		GW-RN0142-18	Admin Bldg	5-Apr-2018	27-Sep-2018	
		GW-RN0140-18	Cheung Shan Tunnel	3-Apr-2018	22-Sep-2018	
6	Specified Process License (Mortar Plant Operation)	L-3-251(1)		12-Apr-2016	11-Apr-2021	
		Contract	3			
1	Air pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	Ref. No: 362101		17 Jul 2013	Till Contract ends	
2	Chemical Waste Producer Registration	Waste Producers No.:5113-634-C38		7 Oct 2013	Till Contract ends	
3	Water Pollution Control Ordinance - Discharge License	No.:WT00016832 – 2013		28 Aug 13	31 Aug 2018	
4	Waste Disposal Regulation - Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Account No. 7017914		2 Aug 13	Till Contract ends	
5	Construction Noise	GW-RN0721-17		26 Nov 2017	20 May 2018	
	Permit	GW-RN0782-17		8 Dec 2017	26 May 2018	
		GW-RN0785-17		19 Dec 2017	16 Jun 2018	
		GW-RN0786-17		24 Dec 2017	18 Jun 2018	
		GW-RN0801-17		22 Dec 2017	21 Jun 2018	
		GW-RN0863-17		17 Jan 2018	5 Jul 2018	
		GW-RN0043-18		25 Feb 2018	24 Aug 2018	
		GW-RN0044-18		22 Feb 2018	21 Aug 2018	
		GW-RN0102-18		14 Mar 2018	31 Aug 2018	
		GW-RN0123-18		28 Mar 2018	5 Sep 2018	
		GW-RN0259-18		19 Jun 2018	17 Dec 2018	
		GW-RN0305-18		22 Jun 2018	17 Dec 2018	
		GW-RN0366-18		9 Jul 2018	18 Dec 2018	
		GW-RN0361-18		15 Jul 2018	18 Dec 2018	
		GW-RN0388-18	_	25 Aug 2018	24 Feb 2019	
1	Air pollution Control	Ref No: 359338	5	13 May 2013	Till the end of	
	(Construction Dust) Regulation	Ref. No: 359338		·	Contract	
2	Chemical Waste Producer Registration	Waste Producers N 5213-642-S3735-0		8 Jun 2013	Till the end of Contract	
3	Water Pollution Control Ordinance - Discharge License	No.: W5/1G44/1		8 Jun 13	30 Jun 2018	
4	Waste Disposal Regulation - Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Account No. 70173	351	29 Apr 13	Till the end of Contract	



		License/	Permit Status	
Item	Description	Ref. no.	Effective Date	Expiry Date
		Contract 6		
1	Air pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	Ref. No: 390614	29 Jun 2015	Till the end of Contract
2	Chemical Waste Producer Registration	Waste Producers Number No.: 5213-652-C3969-01	31 Aug 2015	Till the end of Contract
3	Waste Disposal Regulation - Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Account No. 7022707	9 Jul 2015	Till the end of Contract
4	Water Pollution Control	No.:WT00024574-2016	31 May 2016	31 May 2021
	Ordinance - Discharge	No.:WT00024576-2016	31 May 2016	31 May 2021
	License	No.:WT00024742-2016	14 June 2016	30 June 2021
		No.:WT00024746-2016	14 June 2016	30 June 2021
5	Construction Noise	GW-RW0668-17	16 Jan 2018	15 Jul 2018
	Permit	GW-RW0086-18	1 Mar 2018	31 Aug 2018
		GW-RW0127-18	25 Mar 2018	27 May 2018
		GW-RW0188-18	27 Apr 2018	27 May 2018
		GW-RW0121-18		-
		Contract SS C505	30 Apr 2018	29 Oct 2018
1	Air pollution Control	Ref. No: 390974	13 Jul 2015	Till the end of
	(Construction Dust) Regulation	101.110.37071	13 341 2013	Contract
2	Chemical Waste Producer Registration	Waste Producer No.: 5213-642-L1048-07	16 Sep 2015	Till the end of Contract
3	Water Pollution Control Ordinance - Discharge License	No.: WT00024865-2016	8 Jul 2016	30 Nov 2020
4	Waste Disposal Regulation - Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Account No. 7022831	23 Jul 2015	Till the end of Contract
5	Construction Noise	GW-RN0720-17	26 Nov 2017	25 May 2018
	Permit	GW-RN0114-18	5 Apr 2018	4 Oct 2018
		GW-RN0198-18	8 May 2018	7 Nov 2018
		Contract 7		
1	Air pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	Ref. No: 397015	21 Dec 2015	Till the end of Contract
2	Chemical Waste Producer Registration	Waste Producer No.: 5214-641-K3202-01	24 Mar 2016	Till the end of Contract
3	Water Pollution Control Ordinance - Discharge License	No.: WT00024422-2016	10 May 2016	31 May 2021
4	Waste Disposal Regulation - Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Account No. 7024129	21 Jan 2016	Till the end of Contract
5	Construction Noise	GW-RN0705-17	5 Nov 2017	4 May 2018
			1	



Thomas	Denositation	License/Permit Status			
Item	Description	Ref. no.	Effective Date	Expiry Date	
	Permit	GW-RN0206-18	8 May 2018	4 Nov 2018	
		Contract 4			
1	Air pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	Ref. No. 405353	22 July 2016	Till the end of Contract	
2	Waste Disposal Regulation - Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Account No. 7024973	13 May 2016	Till the end of Contract	



3 PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

3.1 GENERAL

- 3.1.1 The Environmental Monitoring and Audit requirements are set out in the Approved EM&A manual. Environmental issues such as air quality, construction noise and water quality were identified as the key issues during the construction phase of the Project.
- 3.1.2 A summary of construction phase EM&A requirements are presented in the sub-sections below.

3.2 MONITORING PARAMETERS

- 3.2.1 The EM&A program of construction phase monitoring shall cover the following environmental issues:
 - Air quality;
 - Construction noise; and
 - Water quality
- 3.2.2 A summary of the monitoring parameters is presented in *Table 3-1*.

Table 3-1 Summary of EM&A Requirements

Environmental Issue	Parameters	
Ain Onelite	1-hour TSP by Real-Time Portable Dust Meter; and	
Air Quality	24-hour TSP by High Volume Air Sampler.	
	L _{eq(30min)} in normal working days (Monday to Saturday) 07:00-19:00 except public holiday; and	
Noise	• 3 sets of consecutive L _{eq(5min)} on restricted hours i.e. 19:00 to 07:00 next day, and whole day of public holiday or Sunday	
	• Supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results such as L ₁₀ and L ₉₀ shall also be obtained for reference.	
	In-situ Measurements	
	Dissolved Oxygen Concentration (mg/L);	
	Dissolved Oxygen Saturation (%);	
	Turbidity (NTU);	
Water Quality	pH unit;	
	Water depth (m); and	
	Temperature (°ℂ).	
	Laboratory Analysis	
	Suspended Solids (mg/L)	

3.3 MONITORING LOCATIONS

3.3.1 The designated monitoring locations as recommended in the *EM&A Manual* are shown in *Appendix C*. As the access to some of the designated monitoring locations was questionable due to safety reason or denied by the landlords, alternative locations therefore have had proposed. The latest alternative monitoring locations has been updated in the revised EM&A Programme (Rev.7) which approved by EPD on 7 April 2017. Besides, Location AM1b was temporary suspended (24-hour TSP monitoring) since 27 April 2018 as the rented land was demolished and returned to the landlord. Proposal for alterative location AM1c which verified by the IEC on 5 June 2018 was submitted to EPD on 6 June 2018. EPD issued comments on 16 July 2018 and the proposal is under revision by ET. *Table 3-2*, *Table 3-3* and *Table 3-4* are respectively listed the air quality, construction noise and water quality monitoring locations for the Project and a map showing these monitoring stations is presented in *Appendix D*.

Table 3-2 Impact Monitoring Stations - Air Quality

Station ID	Description	Works Area	Related to the Work Contract
AM1b^	Open area at Tsung Yuen Ha Village	BCP	SS C505

(May to July 2018)



Station ID	Description	Works Area	Related to the Work Contract
			Contract 7
AM1c(*)	Open area of Tsung Yuen Ha Village No.	BCP	SS C505
	63		Contract 7
AM2	Village House near Lin Ma Hang Road	LMH to Frontier	Contract 6
		Closed Area	
AM3	Ta Kwu Ling Fire Service Station of Ta	LMH to Frontier	Contract 6
	Kwu Ling Village.	Closed Area	
AM4b^	House no. 10B1 Nga Yiu Ha Village	LMH to Frontier	Contract 6
		Closed Area	
AM5a^	Ping Yeung Village House	Ping Yeung to	Contract 6
		Wo Keng Shan	
AM6	Wo Keng Shan Village House	Ping Yeung to	Contract 6
		Wo Keng Shan	
AM7b [@]	Loi Tung Village House	Sha Tau Kok	Contract 2
		Road	Contract 6
AM8	Po Kat Tsai Village No. 4	Po Kat Tsai	Contract 2
AM9b#	Nam Wa Po Village House No. 80	Fanling	Contract 3

[#] Proposal for the change of air quality monitoring location from AM9a to AM9b was submitted to EPD on 4 Nov 2013 after verified by the IEC and it was approved by EPD (EPD's ref.: (15) in EP 2/N7/A/52 Pt.10 dated 8 Nov 2013).

Table 3-3 Impact Monitoring Stations - Construction Noise

Station ID	Description	Works Area	Related to the Work Contract
NM1	Tsung Yuen Ha Village House No. 63	ВСР	SS C505
1 (1/11	Trumg Tuen Tha Vintage House 110. 05	BCI	Contract 7
NM2a#	Village House near Lin Ma Hang	Lin Ma Hang to	Contract 6
11112411	Road	Frontier Closed Area	
NM3	Ping Yeung Village House (facade	Ping Yeung to Wo	Contract 6
INIVIS	facing northeast)	Keng Shan	
NM4	Wo Keng Shan Village House	Ping Yeung to Wo	Contract 6
11114	Wo Keng Shan vinage House	Keng Shan	
NM5	Village House, Loi Tung	Sha Tau Kok Road	Contract 2,
INIVIS	Village House, Loi Tulig	Sila Tau Kok Koau	Contract 6
NM6	Tai Tong Wu Village House 2	Sha Tau Kok Road	Contract 2,
INIVIO	Tai Tong wu vinage House 2	Sha Tau Kok Koau	Contract 6
NM7	Po Kat Tsai Village	Po Kat Tsai	Contract 2
NM8	Village House, Tong Hang	Forting.	Contract 2
11110		Fanling	Contract 3
NM9	Village House, Kiu Tau Village	Fanling	Contract 3
NM10	Nam Wa Po Village House No. 80	Fanling	Contract 3

[#] Proposal for the change of construction noise monitoring location from NM2 to NM2a was verified by the IEC on 6 May 2016 and was effective on 9 May 2016.

[@] Proposal for the change of air quality monitoring location from AM7a to AM7b was submitted to EPD on 4 June 2014 after verified by the IEC. It was approved by EPD (EPD's ref.: (7) in EP 2/N7/A/52 Pt.12 dated 9 Jun 2014).

[^] Proposal for change of air quality monitoring locations was enclosed in the updated EM&A Programme which approval by EPD on 29 Mar 2016. Besides, Location AM1b was temporary suspended (24-hour TSP monitoring) since 27 April 2018 as the rented land was demolished and returned to the landlord.

^{*} Proposal for alterative location AM1c which verified by the IEC on 5 June 2018 was submitted to EPD on 6 June 2018. EPD issued comments on 16 July 2018 and the proposal is under revision by ET



Table 3-4 Impact Monitoring Stations - Water Quality

Station ID	Description	Coordinates of Designated / Alternative Location		Designated / Alternative		Nature of the location	Related to the Work Contract
WM1	Downstream of Kong Yiu Channel	833 679	845 421	Alternative location located at upstream 51m of the designated location	SS C505 Contract 6		
WM1- Control	Upstream of Kong Yiu Channel	834 185	845 917	NA	SS C505 Contract 6		
WM2A	Downstream of River Ganges	834 204	844 471	Alternative location located at downstream 81m of the designated location	Contract 6		
WM2A(a)*	Downstream of River Ganges	834 191	844 474	Alternative location located at upstream 70m of the designated location	Contract 6		
WM2A- Controlx#	Upstream of River Ganges	835 377	844 188	Alternative location located at upstream 160m of the designated location	Contract 6		
WM2B	Downstream of River Ganges	835 433	843 397	NA	Contract 6		
WM2B- Control	Upstream of River Ganges	835 835	843 351	Alternative location located at downstream 31m of the designated location	Contract 6		
WM3x#	Downstream of River Indus	836 206	842 270	Alternative location located at downstream 180m of the designated location	Contract 2 Contract 6		
WM3- Control	Upstream of River Indus	836 763	842 400	Alternative location located at downstream 26m of the designated location	Contract 2# Contract 6		
WM4	Downstream of Ma Wat Channel	833 850	838 338	Alternative location located at upstream 11m of the designated location	Contract 2 Contract 3		
WM4– Control A	Kau Lung Hang Stream	834 028	837 695	Alternative location located at downstream 28m of the designated location	Contract 2 Contract 3		
WM4– Control B	Upstream of Ma Wat Channel	833760	837395	Alternative location located at upstream 15m of the designated location	Contract 2 Contract 3		

Note: EPD has approved the revised EM&A Programme (Rev.7) which proposed that (1) if the measured water depth of the monitoring station is lower than 150 mm, alternative location based on the criteria were selected to perform water monitoring; and (2) If no suitable alternative location could be found within 15m far from the original location, the sampling at that location will be cancelled since sampling at too far from the designated location could not make a representative sample in accordance with the updated EM&A Programme (Rev. 07) (Section 4.1.4) (EPD ref.: () in EP2/N7/A/52 Ax(1) Pt.20 dated 7 April 2017)

^(*) Proposal for the change of water monitoring location from WM2A to WM2A(a) was verified by the IEC and it was approved by EPD. (EPD's ref. (10) in EP 2/N7/A/52 Pt.19)

^(#) Proposal for the change of water quality monitoring location (EM3x and WM2A-Cx was included in the EM&A Programme Rev .05 which approved by EPD on 29 March 2016 (EPD ref.: (3) in EP2/N7/A/52 Ax(1) Pt.19)



3.4 MONITORING FREQUENCY AND PERIOD

3.4.1 The requirements of impact monitoring are stipulated in *Sections 2.1.6*, *3.1.5* and *4.1.6* of the approved *EM&A Manual* and presented as follows.

Air Quality Monitoring

3.4.2 Frequency of impact air quality monitoring is as follows:

1-hour TSP 3 times every six days during course of works
 24-hour TSP Once every 6 days during course of works.

Noise Monitoring

3.4.3 One set of $L_{eq(30min)}$ as 6 consecutive $L_{eq(5min)}$ between 0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays and once every week during course of works. If construction work necessary to carry out at other time periods, i.e. restricted time period (19:00 to 07:00 the next morning and whole day on public holidays) (hereinafter referred as "the restricted hours"), 3 consecutive $L_{eq(5min)}$ measurement will depended CNP requirements to undertake. Supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results such as L_{10} and L_{90} shall also be obtained for reference.

Water Quality Monitoring

3.4.4 The water quality monitoring frequency shall be 3 days per week during course of works. The interval between two sets of monitoring shall not be less than 36 hours.

3.5 MONITORING EQUIPMENT

Air Quality Monitoring

- 3.5.1 The 24-hour and 1-hour TSP levels shall be measured by following the standard high volume sampling method as set out in the Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 1 (*Part 50*), *Appendix B*. If the ET proposes to use a direct reading dust meter to measure 1-hour TSP levels, it shall submit sufficient information to the IEC to approve.
- 3.5.2 The filter paper of 24-hour TSP measurement shall be determined by HOKLAS accredited laboratory.
- 3.5.3 All equipment to be used for air quality monitoring is listed in *Table 3-5*.

Table 3-5 Air Quality Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model	
24-Hour TSP		
High Volume Air Sampler	TISCH High Volume Air Sampler, HVS Model TE-5170	
Calibration Kit	TISCH Model TE-5025A	
1-Hour TSP		
Portable Dust Meter	Sibata LD-3B Laser Dust monitor Particle Mass Profiler &	
Fortable Dust Meter	Counter	

Wind Data Monitoring Equipment

- 3.5.4 According to the approved EM&A Manual, wind data monitoring equipment shall also be provided and set up for logging wind speed and wind direction near the dust monitoring locations. The equipment installation location shall be proposed by the ET and agreed with the IEC. For installation and operation of wind data monitoring equipment, the following points shall be observed:
 - 1) The wind sensors should be installed 10 m above ground so that they are clear of obstructions or turbulence caused by buildings.
 - 2) The wind data should be captured by a data logger. The data shall be downloaded for analysis at least once a month.
 - 3) The wind data monitoring equipment should be re-calibrated at least once every six months.
 - 4) Wind direction should be divided into 16 sectors of 22.5 degrees each.



- 3.5.5 ET has liaised with the landlords of the successful granted HVS installation premises. However, the owners rejected to provide premises for wind data monitoring equipment installation.
- 3.5.6 Under this situation, the ET proposed alternative methods to obtain representative wind data. Meteorological information as extracted from "the Hong Kong Observatory Ta Kwu Ling Station" is alternative method to obtain representative wind data. For Ta Kwu Ling Station, it is located nearby the Project site. Moreover, this station is located at 15m above mean sea level while its anemometer is located at 13m above the existing ground which in compliance with the general setting up requirement. Furthermore, this station also can be to provide the humidity, rainfall, and air pressure and temperature etc. meteorological information. In Hong Kong of a lot development projects, weather information extracted from Hong Kong Observatory is common alternative method if weather station installation not allowed.

Noise Monitoring

(May to July 2018)

- 3.5.7 Sound level meter in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications shall be used for carrying out the noise monitoring. The sound level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator. The wind speed shall be checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring the wind speed in m s⁻¹.
- 3.5.8 Noise monitoring equipment to be used for monitoring is listed in *Table 3-6*.

Table 3-6 Construction Noise Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model
Integrating Sound Level Meter	B&K Type 2238 and Rion NL-31
Calibrator	Rion NC-74
Portable Wind Speed Indicator	Testo Anemometer

3.5.9 Sound level meters listed above comply with the *International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1)* and *804: 1985 (Type 1)* specifications, as recommended in TM issued under the NCO. The acoustic calibrator and sound level meter to be used in the impact monitoring will be calibrated yearly.

Water Quality Monitoring

- 3.5.10 DO and water temperature should be measured in-situ by a DO/temperature meter. The instrument should be portable and weatherproof using a DC power source. It should have a membrane electrode with automatic temperature compensation complete with a cable. The equipment should be capable of measuring:
 - DO level in the range of 0-20 mg/l and 0-200% saturation; and
 - temperature of between 0 and 45 degree Celsius.
- 3.5.11 A portable pH meter capable of measuring a range between 0.0 and 14.0 should be provided to measure pH under the specified conditions accordingly to the APHA Standard Methods.
- 3.5.12 The instrument should be portable and weatherproof using a DC power source. It should have a photoelectric sensor capable of measuring turbidity between 0-1000 NTU.
- 3.5.13 A portable, battery-operated echo sounder or tape measure will be used for the determination of water depth at each designated monitoring station as appropriate.
- 3.5.14 A water sampler e.g. Kahlsico Water Sampler, which is a transparent PVC cylinder with capacity not less than 2 litres, will be used for water sampling if water depth over than 0.5m. For sampling from very shallow water depths e.g. <0.5 m, water sample collection will be directly from water surface below 100mm use sampling plastic bottle to avoid inclusion of bottom sediment or humus. Moreover, Teflon/stainless steel bailer or self-made sampling buckets



- maybe used for water sampling. The equipment used for sampling will be depended the sampling location and depth situations.
- 3.5.15 Water samples for laboratory measurement of SS will be collected in high density polythene bottles, packed in ice (cooled to 4 °C without being frozen), and delivered to the laboratory in the same day as the samples were collected.
- 3.5.16 Analysis of suspended solids should be carried out in a HOKLAS or other accredited laboratory. Water samples of about 1L should be collected at the monitoring stations for carrying out the laboratory suspended solids determination. The SS determination work should start within 24 hours after collection of the water samples. The SS analyses should follow the *APHA Standard Methods* 2540D with Limit of Reporting of 2 mg/L.
- 3.5.17 Water quality monitoring equipment used in the impact monitoring is listed in *Table 3-7*. Suspended solids (SS) analysis is carried out by a local HOKLAS-accredited laboratory, namely *ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd*.

Equipment	Model
Water Depth Detector	Eagle Sonar or tape measures
Water Sampler	A 2-litre transparent PVC cylinder with latex cups at both ends or teflon/stainless steel bailer or self-made sampling bucket
Thermometer & DO	YSI PRO20 Handheld Dissolved Oxygen Instrument / YSI 550A
meter	Multifunctional Meter
pH meter	AZ8685 pH pen-style meter
Turbidimeter	Hach 2100Q

High density polythene bottles (provided by laboratory)

'Willow' 33-liter plastic cool box with Ice pad

Table 3-7 Water Quality Monitoring Equipment

3.6 MONITORING METHODOLOGY

Sample Container

Storage Container

1-hour TSP Monitoring

- 3.6.1 The 1-hour TSP monitor was a brand named "Sibata LD-3B Laser Dust monitor Particle Mass Profiler & Counter" which is a portable, battery-operated laser photometer. The 1-hour TSP meter provides a real time 1-hour TSP measurement based on 90° light scattering. The 1-hour TSP monitor consists of the following:
 - (a.) A pump to draw sample aerosol through the optic chamber where TSP is measured;
 - (b.) A sheath air system to isolate the aerosol in the chamber to keep the optics clean for maximum reliability; and
 - (c.) A built-in data logger compatible with Windows based program to facilitate data collection, analysis and reporting.
- 3.6.2 The 1-hour TSP meter is used within the valid period as follow manufacturer's Operation and Service Manual.

24-hour TSP Monitoring

- 3.6.3 The equipment used for 24-hour TSP measurement is Tisch Environmental, Inc. Model TE-5170 TSP high volume air sampling system, which complied with *EPA Code of Federal Regulation, Appendix B to Part 50*. The High Volume Air Sampler (HVS) consists of the following:
 - (a.) An anodized aluminum shelter;
 - (b.) A 8"x10" stainless steel filter holder;
 - (c.) A blower motor assembly;
 - (d.) A continuous flow/pressure recorder;
 - (e.) A motor speed-voltage control/elapsed time indicator;



- (f.) A 7-day mechanical timer, and
- (g.) A power supply of 220v/50 Hz
- 3.6.4 The HVS is operated and calibrated on a regular basis in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction using Tisch Calibration Kit Model TE-5025A. Calibration would carry out in two month interval.
- 3.6.5 24-hour TSP is collected by the ET on filters of HVS and quantified by a local HOKLAS accredited laboratory, ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd (ALS), upon receipt of the samples. The ET keep all the sampled 24-hour TSP filters in normal air conditioned room conditions, i.e. 70% RH (Relative Humidity) and 25°C, for six months prior to disposal.

Noise Monitoring

- 3.6.6 Noise measurements were taken in terms of the A-weighted equivalent sound pressure level (L_{eq}) measured in decibels dB(A). Supplementary statistical results (L_{10} and L_{90}) were also obtained for reference.
- 3.6.7 During the monitoring, all noise measurements were performed with the meter set to FAST response and on the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L_{eq}). Leq $_{(30min)}$ in six consecutive Leq $_{(5min)}$ measurements were used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 0700-1900 hours on weekdays; and also Leq $_{(15min)}$ in three consecutive Leq $_{(5min)}$ measurements is used as monitoring parameter for other time periods (e.g. during restricted hours), if necessary.
- 3.6.8 Prior of noise measurement, the accuracy of the sound level meter is checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. The checking was performed before and after the noise measurement.

Water Quality

3.6.9 Water quality monitoring is conducted at the designated locations. The sampling produce with the in-situ monitoring are presented as below:

Sampling Procedure

- 3.6.10 A Digital Global Positioning System (GPS) is used to identify the designated monitoring stations prior to water sampling. A portable, battery-operated echo sounder is used for the determination of water depth at each station. At each station, water sample would be collected from 0.1m below water surface or the water surface to prevent the river bed sediment for stirring.
- 3.6.11 The sample container will be rinsed with a portion of the water sample. The water sample then will be transferred to the high-density polythene bottles as provided by the laboratory, labeled with a unique sample number and sealed with a screw cap.
- 3.6.12 Before sampling, general information such as the date and time of sampling, weather condition as well as the personnel responsible for the monitoring would be recorded on the field data sheet.
- 3.6.13 A 'Willow' 33-liter plastic cool box packed with ice will be used to preserve the water samples prior to arrival at the laboratory for chemical determination. The water temperature of the cool box is maintained at a temperature as close to 4°C as possible without being frozen. Samples collected are delivered to the laboratory upon collection.

In-situ Measurement

3.6.14 Instrument including YSI PRO20 Handheld Dissolved Oxygen Instrument or YSI 550A Multifunctional Meter is used for water in-situ measures, which automates the measurements and data logging of temperature, dissolved oxygen and dissolved oxygen saturation. Before each round of monitoring, the dissolved oxygen probe would be calibrated by the wet bulb method.



- 3.6.15 A portable AZ8685 pH pen-style meter is used for in-situ pH measurement. The pH meter is capable of measuring pH in the range of 0 14 and readable to 0.1.
- 3.6.16 A portable Hach 2100Q Turbidimeter is used for in-situ turbidity measurement. The turbidity meter is capable of measuring turbidity in the range of 0 1000 NTU. StablCal® Standards of known NTU are used for calibration of the instrument before and after measurement.
- 3.6.17 All in-situ measurement equipment are calibrated by HOKLAS accredited laboratory of three month interval.

Laboratory Analysis

3.6.18 All water samples are analyzed with Suspended Solids (SS) as specified in the *EM&A Manual* by a local HOKLAS-accredited testing laboratory (ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd HOKLAS registration no. 66). SS analysis is determined by the laboratory upon receipt of the water samples using *APHA Standard Methods 2540D* (namely ALS Method EA-025 as accredited HOKLAS Scheme) started within 48 hours of water sample receipt.

3.7 EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION

- 3.7.1 Calibration of the HVS is performed upon installation and thereafter at bimonthly intervals in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction using the certified standard calibrator (TISCH Model TE-5025A). Moreover, the Calibration Kit would be calibrated annually. The calibration data are properly documented and the records are maintained by ET for future reference.
- 3.7.2 The 1-hour TSP meter was calibrated by the supplier prior to purchase. Zero response of the equipment would be checked before and after each monitoring event. Annually calibration with the High Volume Sampler (HVS) in same condition would be undertaken by the Laboratory.
- 3.7.3 The sound level meter and calibrator are calibrated and certified by a laboratory accredited under HOKLAS or any other international accreditation scheme at yearly basis.
- 3.7.4 All water quality monitoring equipment is calibrated by HOKLAS accredited laboratory of three month intervals.
- 3.7.5 The calibration certificates of all monitoring equipment used for the impact monitoring program in the Reporting Period and the HOKLAS accredited certificate of laboratory are presented in the relevant monthly EM&A reports.

3.8 DERIVATION OF ACTION/LIMIT (A/L) LEVELS

3.8.1 The baseline results form the basis for determining the environmental acceptance criteria for the impact monitoring. According to the approved Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual, the air quality, construction noise and water quality criteria were set up, namely Action and Limit levels are listed in *Tables 3-8*, *3-9* and *3-10*.

Table 3-8 Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality Monitoring

Monitoring Station	Action Level (μg/m³)		Limit Level (µg/m³)	
Within the Station	1-hour TSP	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP	24-hour TSP
AM1b	265	143		
AM2	268	149		
AM3	269	145		
AM4b	267	148	500	260
AM5a	268	143		
AM6	269	148		
AM7b	275	156		



Monitoring Station	Action Level (μg /m³)		Limit Level (μg/m³)	
Momtoring Station	1-hour TSP	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP	24-hour TSP
AM8	269	144		
AM9b	271	151		

Table 3-9 Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise

Monitoring Location	Action Level	Limit Level in dB(A)	
Withintoning Location	Time Period: 0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays		
NM1, NM2a, NM3, NM4, NM5, NM6, NM7, NM8, NM9, NM10	When one or more documented complaints are received	75 dB(A) ^{Note 1 & Note 2}	

Note 1: Acceptable Noise Levels for school should be reduced to 70 dB(A) and 65 dB(A) during examination period

Table 3-10 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality

Danamatan	Performance		Mo	nitoring Loc	ation					
Parameter	criteria	WM1	WM2A(a)	WM2B	WM3x	WM4				
DO (ma/I)	Action Level	(*)4.23	(**)4.00	(*)4.74	(**)4.00	(*)4.14				
DO (mg/L)	Limit Level	^(#) 4.19	(**)4.00	(#)4.60	(**)4.00	(#)4.08				
Turbidity	Action Level	51.3	24.9	11.4	13.4 35.2					
	Action Level	AND	120% of upst	tream control	station of the	same day				
(NTU)	Limit Level	67.6	33.8	12.3	14.0	38.4				
	Lillit Level	AND	130% of upst	tream control	station of the	same day				
	Action Level	54.5	14.6	11.8	12.6	39.4				
CC (/T)	Action Level	AND	120% of upst	tream control	station of the	same day				
SS (mg/L)	I imit I areal	64.9	17.3	12.4	12.6 39.4 station of the same day 12.9 45.5					
	Limit Level	AND	130% of upst	tream control	station of the	same day				

Remarks:

3.8.2 Should non-compliance of the environmental quality criteria occurs, remedial actions will be triggered according to the Event and Action Plan which presented in *Appendix E*.

3.9 DATA MANAGEMENT AND DATA QA/QC CONTROL

- 3.9.1 All monitoring data will be handled by the ET's in-house data recording and management system. The monitoring data recorded in the equipment will be downloaded directly from the equipment at the end of each monitoring day. The downloaded monitoring data will input into a computerized database properly maintained by the ET. The laboratory results will be input directly into the computerized database and checked by personnel other than those who input the data.
- 3.9.2 For monitoring parameters that require laboratory analysis, the local laboratory shall follow the QA/QC requirements as set out under the HOKLAS scheme for the relevant laboratory tests.

Note 2: If works are to be carried out during restricted hours, the conditions stipulated in the construction noise permit issued by the NCA have to be followed.

^(*) The Proposed <u>Action Level</u> of Dissolved Oxygen is adopted to be used 5%-ile of baseline data (**) The Proposed <u>Action & Limit Level</u> of Dissolved Oxygen is used 4mg/L

^(#) The Proposed <u>Limit Level</u> of Dissolved Oxygen is adopted to be used 1%-ile of baseline data



4 AIR QUALITY MONITORING

4.1 GENERAL

4.1.1 In the Reporting Period, construction works under the project have been commenced in Contracts 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and Contract SS C505 and air quality monitoring was performed at all designated locations.

4.2 SUMMARY OF MONITORING RESULTS

4.2.1 Summary of air quality monitoring results during the Reporting Period are tabulated in *Table 4-1*. The relevant graphical plots throughout the Reporting Period are presented in *Appendix F*.

Table 4-1 Summary of Air Quality Monitoring Results

Monitoring	1-ho	ur TSP (μg/r	n ³)	24-ho	ur TSP (µg/n	1 ³)
Location	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean
AM1b / AM1c(#)	85	24	60	68	17	35
Record Date	14-May-18	6-Jun-18	48 events	29-May-18	12-Jul-18	12 events
AM2	94	39	67	146	34	89
Record Date	14-May-18 25-May-18	20-Jul-18	48 events	3-May-18	7-Jun-18	16 events
AM3	98	27	65	121	24	55
Record Date	14-May-18	20-Jul-18	48 events	3-May-18	12-Jul-18	16 events
AM4b	100	21	65	87	27	49
Record Date	21-May-18	18-Jul-18	48 events	28-May-18	5-Jul-18	16 events
AM5a	105	20	67	131	19	45
Record Date	21-May-18	18-Jul-18	48 events	28-May-18	8-Jun-18	16 events
AM6	102	23	67	104	25	62
Record Date	21-May-18	18-Jul-18	48 events	11-Jul-18	8-Jun-18	16 events
AM7b	110	35	72	143	28	74
Record Date	15-May-18	30-Jul-18	48 events	2-Jun-18	26-Jun-18	16 events
AM8	99	38	67	85	31	49
Record Date	21-May-18	30-Jun-18	48 events	28-May-18	26-Jun-18	16 events
AM9b	134	38	67	67	18	33
Record Date	2-May-18	31-May-18	48 events	1-Jun-18	13-Jun-18	16 events

Remark: Bold and underlined indicate limit level exceedance.

(#) 24-hour TSP monitoring at AM1b has been temporary suspended since 27 April 2018 as the area for AM1b was demolished and returned to the landlord. 24-hour TSP monitoring was resumed at proposed alterative location AM1c on 28 May 2018. Proposal for alterative location AM1c which verified by the IEC on 5 June 2018 was submitted to EPD on 6 June 2018. EPD issued comments on 16 July 2018 and the proposal is under revision by ET

4.2.2 Breaches of air quality A/L levels and statistical analysis of compliance for the air quality monitoring results are summarized in *Table 4-2*.

Table 4-2 Summaries of Breaches of Air Quality A/L Levels

Location	Exceedance	1-hour TSP	24- hour TSP	Total
AM1	Action Level	0	0	0
AWII	Limit Level	0	0	0
AM2	Action Level	0	0	0
AlVIZ	Limit Level	0	0	0
AM2	Action Level	0	0	0
AM3	Limit Level	0	0	0
AM4a	Action Level	0	0	0
Alvi4a	Limit Level	0	0	0
AM5a	Action Level	0	0	0

(May to July 2018)



Location	Exceedance	1-hour TSP	24- hour TSP	Total
	Limit Level	0	0	0
ΛM6	Action Level	0	0	0
AM6	Limit Level	0	0	0
A N 471-	Action Level	0	0	0
AM7b	Limit Level	0	0	0
AM8	Action Level	0	0	0
Alvio	Limit Level	0	0	0
AMOL	Action Level	0	0	0
AM9b	Limit Level	0	0	0

- 4.2.3 In the Reporting Period, 24-hour TSP monitoring at AM1b has been temporary suspended since 27 April 2018 as the area for AM1b was demolished and returned to the landlord. 24-hour TSP monitoring was resumed at proposed alterative location AM1c on 28 May 2018. The Proposal for alterative location AM1c has been submitted to EPD for approval.
- 4.2.4 In the Reporting Period, all the 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP monitoring results were below the Action/Limit Levels. .
- 4.2.5 The summary of weather conditions during the Reporting Period is presented in *Appendix G*.



5 CONSTRUCTION NOISE MONITORING

5.1 GENERAL

5.1.1 In the Reporting Period, construction works under the project have been commenced in Contracts 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and Contract SS C505 and noise monitoring was performed at all designated locations.

5.2 SUMMARY OF MONITORING RESULTS

- 5.2.1 The sound level meter was set in 1m from the exterior of the building façade including noise monitoring locations NM1, NM2, NM3, NM4, NM5, NM6, NM7, NM8 and NM9. No façade correction (+3 dB(A) is added according to acoustical principles and EPD guidelines. However, free-field status is performed at NM2a and NM10 and façade correction (+3 dB(A) has added according to the requirement.
- 5.2.2 Summary of noise monitoring results during the Reporting Period are tabulated in *Table 5-1*. The relevant graphical plots throughout the Reporting Period are presented in *Appendix F*.

Table 5-1 Summary of Construction Noise Monitoring Results

Monitoring	Leq, 30min	(dB((A))
Location	Max	Min
NM1	67	53
Record Date	8-May-18, 6-Jun-18	20-Jul-18, 26-Jul-18
NM2a(*)	73	64
Record Date	9-Jul-18	25-May-18
NM3	69	55
Record Date	21-May-18	9-May-18, 30-Jul-18
NM4	67	60
Record Date	15-May-18, 21-May-18	9-May-18, 25-Jun-18
NM5	63	49
Record Date	21-May-18, 1-Jun-18	24-Jul-18
NM6	63	57
Record Date	15-May-18, 21-May-18, 1-Jun-18	13-Jun-18
NM7	67	53
Record Date	9-May-18	30-Jul-18
NM8	68	58
Record Date	26-Jul-18	8-May-18, 21-Jun-18
NM9	71	58
Record Date	14-May-18	8-May-18
NM10 ^(*)	71	54
Record Date	25-May-18	2-May-18

^(*) façade correction (+3 dB(A) is added according to acoustical principles and EPD guidelines

5.2.3 Breaches of construction noise A/L levels and statistical analysis of compliance for construction noise monitoring results are summarized in *Table 5-2*.

Table 5-2 Summaries of Breaches of Construction Noise A/L Levels

Station	Limit Level	Action Level	Received Date		
NM1	0	0	N/A		



Station	Limit Level	Action Level	Received Date
NM2a	0		
NM3	0		
NM4	0		
NM5	0		
NM6	0		
NM7	0		
NM8	0		
NM9	0		
NM10	0		

5.2.4 In this Reporting Period, the noise level measured at all designated monitoring locations were below 75dB(A). No Action level and Limit Level exceedance was triggered and no corrective action was required.



6 WATER QUALITY MONITORING

6.1 GENERAL

6.1.1 In the Reporting Period, construction works under the project has been commenced in Contracts 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and Contract SS C505 and water quality monitoring was performed at all designated locations.

6.2 SUMMARY OF MONITORING RESULTS

- 6.2.1 Summary of monitoring results during the Reporting Period are tabulated in *Tables 6-1 and 6-4*. The relevant graphical plots throughout the Reporting Period are presented in *Appendix F*.
- 6.2.2 In accordance with "Event and Action Plan", the water quality monitoring frequency shall be increased to daily when exceedance recorded at the exceeded monitoring location. In the Reporting Period, thirty-nine (39) sampling days was scheduled to carry out for Locations WM1, WM2A(a), WM3x and WM4 with their control stations. Moreover, 3, 18, 10, 3 days of extra water sampling were conducted for WM1, WM2A, WM3 and WM4 and all its control station.

Table 6-1 Summary of the Water Quality Monitoring Results – Contracts SS C505 and 6

	DO (1	mg/L)	Turbidit	y (NTU)	SS (n	ng/L)
Statistics	WM1	WM1- Control	WM1	WM1- Control	WM1	WM1- Control
Min	4.3	4.2	7.0	5.3	4.0	2.5
Max	8.2	9.3	637.0	304.0	1170.0	1545.0
Average	5.9	7.0	67.9	46.2	73.4	98.8

Table 6-2 Summary of the Water Quality Monitoring Results – Contracts 2 & 3

	I	OO (mg/L	<i>.</i>)	Tur	bidity (N	TU)	,	SS (mg/L) WM4 - WM4 - CA CB		
Statistics	WM4	WM4 - CA	WM4 - CB	WM4	WM4 - CA	WM4 - CB	WM4			
Min	4.2	2.7	2.8	3.8	1.7	5.0	3.5	<2	<2	
Max	8.4	9.9	7.5	225.5	166.5	194.0	193.5	111.0	181.5	
Average	6.3	6.5	5.1	33.3	12.0	23.9	24.9	9.3	21.5	

Table 6-3 Summary of the Water Quality Monitoring Results – Contract 6

~		DO (m	g/L)		Turbidity (NTU)					SS (mg/L)		
Statistics	WM2A(a)	WM2A-C	WM2B	WM2B-C	WM2A (a)	WM2A- C	WM2B	WM2B-C	WM2A (a)	WM2A-C	WM2B	WM2B-C
Min	4.0	4.2	*	*	12.5	4.2	*	*	6.5	<2	*	*
Max	8.1	8.6	*	*	967.5	290.5	*	*	1016. 5	242.5	*	*
Average	6.5	6.9	*	*	134.8	30.8	*	*	111.9	17.2	*	*

Remark: (*) Since 10 Apr 2017, water sampling was unable to carry out at WM2B and WM2B-C due to shallow water (water depth under 150mm)

Table 6-4 Summary of the Water Quality Monitoring Results – Contracts 2 & 6

	DO (ı	mg/L)	Turbidit	y (NTU)	SS (n	ng/L)
Statistics	WM3	WM3- Control	WM3	WM3- Control	WM3	WM3- Control
Min	5.2	4.8	3.1	<2	2.5	3.0
Max	8.1	8.1	624.0	240.0	472.5	189.5
Average	6.6	3.3	40.0	20.3	38.3	24.6



6.2.3 Breaches of water quality A/L levels and statistical analysis of compliance for the water quality monitoring results are summarized in *Tables 6-5*.

Table 6-5 Summaries of Breaches of the Existing Water Quality A/L Levels

Reporting	No. of sampling	Location	DO (r	ng/L)	Turb (N7	oidity ΓU)	SS (mg/L)	
Period	day		Action	Limit	Action	Limit	Action	Limit
	13	WM1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	15	WM2A(a)	0	0	0	3	2	5
May-18	0	WM2B	0	0	0	0	0	0
	13	WM3x	0	0	0	0	0	0
	14	WM4	0	0	0	1	0	1
	13	WM1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	21	WM2A(a)	0	0	0	13	1	13
Jun-18	0	WM2B	0	0	0	0	0	0
	16	WM3x	0	0	0	4	0	4
	14	WM4	0	0	0	2	0	0
	16	WM1	0	0	0	3	0	3
	21	WM2A(a)	0	0	0	14	0	18
Jul-18	0	WM2B	0	0	0	0	0	0
	20	WM3x	0	0	0	8	0	7
	14	WM4	0	0	0	1	0	1
	42	WM1	0	0	0	3	0	3
	57	WM2A(a)	0	0	0	30	3	36
Total	0	WM2B	0	0	0	0	0	0
	49	WM3x	0	0	0	12	0	11
 	42	WM4	0	0	0	4	0	2
	Sum		0	0	0	49	3	52

- 6.2.4 In the Reporting Period, a total of 104 Action/ Limit Level (LL) exceedances, namely 49 LL exceedance of turbidity and 55 AL/ LL exceedances of Suspended Solids were recorded. NOEs were issued to relevant parties upon confirmation of the results.
- 6.2.5 Investigation reports for the exceedance were conducted by the ET and the investigation results revealed that all exceedances were not related to the works under the project. The detailed investigation reports are summarized in *Table 6-6* and presented in the relevant monthly EM&A reports.

Table 6-6 Summary of Water Quality Exceedance in the Reporting Period

Date of Exceedance	Location	Exceeded Parameter	Cause of Water Quality Exceedance In Brief
9 May 2018	WM4	NTU & SS	In our investigation, the Contractor had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slope and surface to minimize muddy runoff. There were no adverse water quality impacts observed during the site inspection. However, inflow of unknown source of muddy water was observed from outside the site boundary of the construction site which affecting the water quality of the stream. It was concluded that the exceedances were not related to the works under the Project.



11, 12, 14 and 16 May 2018	WM2A(a)	NTU & SS	During water monitoring on 9 May 2018, muddy water generated under heavy rainstorm was observed from control station and the muddy water trapped at the Nylon Dam at intermediate of the construction site. In our investigation, the Contractor had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slope and surface to minimize muddy runoff. There were no adverse water quality impacts observed during the site inspection. Since muddy water was observed from upstream after rainstorm and trapped at Nylon Dam for few days, it is considered that the exceedances on 11, 12, 14 and 16 May 2018 were related to the residual impact of rainstorm.
18, 19 and 21 May 2018	WM2A(a)	NTU & SS	Site investigation was conducted upon detection of the exceedance, it was observed that the wastewater treatment facility was operating properly and the effluent of the wastewater treatment facility were clear. Moreover, the Contractor had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slope and temporary diversion channel to minimize muddy runoff. There was no adverse water quality impact observed during the site inspection. It is considered that the exceedances on 18, 19 and 21 May 2018 were unlikely caused by the Project.
21 and 22 June 2018	WM4	Turbidity	In our investigation, the Contractor had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slope and surface to minimize muddy runoff. There were no adverse water quality impacts observed during the site inspection. However, inflow of unknown source of muddy water was observed from outside the site boundary of the construction site which affecting the water quality of the stream. It was concluded that the exceedances were not related to the works under the Project.
6, 13, 14 and 15 June 2018	WM3x	Turbidity & SS	There were heavy rainstorm recorded on 6 and 13 June 2018 and Amber Rainstorm Warning Signal were in force in both days. The water quality throughout the river course was highly affected by the stirred up sediment and muddy runoff from the surrounding environment even outside the construction site. On 6 June 2018, muddy water was observed throughout the Ng Tung River including upstream of the project due to heavy rainstorm. Moreover, as reported by the Contractor, large amount of silts were washed downstream from a villager's backfilled site situated at upper section of Loi Tung Stream. In our investigation, the Contractor had implemented and well maintained the wastewater treatment facilities and no adverse water quality impact was identified during site inspection. In view of the external source of muddy water observed due to rainstorm, it is considered that the exceedances were related to other source of turbid water and not caused by the works under the Project.



6, 7, 8, 9 and 11 June 2018	WM2A(a)	NTU & SS	There were heavy rainstorm recorded during 5 to 8 June 2018, in which Amber Rainstorm Warning Signal was in force on 6 and 8 June 2018 and Red Rainstorm Warning Signal was in force on 8 June 2018. The water quality throughout the river course was highly affected by the stirred up sediment and muddy runoff from the surrounding environment even outside the construction site. On 9 June 2018, it was observed that muddy water from upstream after rainstorm was being trapped at the Nylon Dam which located at intermediate of the construction site. On 11 June 2018, deflate of Nylon Dam was observed and muddy water was generated by the stirred up sediment accumulated at the river bed. In our investigation, the Contractor had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slope and surface to minimize muddy runoff. There was no adverse water quality impact observed during the site inspection and the site condition was general in order after the rainstorm. Since muddy water was observed from upstream during rainstorm and got trapped at Nylon Dam in the following days, it is considered that the exceedances on 6 to 8 June 2018 were due to rainstorm while on 9 and 11 June 2018 were related to the residual impact of rainstorm.
12, 13, 14 and 15 June 2018	WM2A(a)	NTU & SS	There were heavy rainstorm recorded during 12 to 14 June 2018 in which Amber Rainstorm Warning Signal was in force on 13 June 2018. The water quality throughout the river course was highly affected by the stirred up sediment and muddy runoff from the surrounding environment even outside the construction site. Moreover, it was observed that muddy water generated under rainstorm was being trapped at the Nylon Dam which located at intermediate of the construction site. Deflation of Nylon Dam was observed during the monitoring and muddy water was generated by the stirred up sediment accumulated at the river bed. In our investigation, the Contractor had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slope and surface to minimize muddy runoff. There was no adverse water quality impact observed during the site inspection and the site condition was general in order. It is concluded that the exceedances on 12 to 15 June 2018 were due to stirred up sediment during deflation of Nylon Dam and not related to the works under the Project.
16 and 19 June 2018	WM2A(a)	NTU & SS	As reported by the Contractor on 19 June 2018, inflow of muddy water was observed at WM2A-C from upstream of the construction site in the morning time before the water monitoring. Besides, there was no rainfall recorded on 16 June 2018 while trace amount of rainfall was recorded on 19 June 2018. In our investigation, CCKJV had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slope and surface to minimize muddy runoff. There was



			no adverse water quality impact observed during the site inspection and the site condition was general in order. It is considered that the exceedance on 16 June 2018 was unlikely due to the contract work while the exceedances on 19 June 2018 were likely related to the external source of muddy water from upstream of the Project and not caused by the works under the Project.
23, 25 and 26 June 2018	WM2A(a)	NTU & SS	In our investigation, CCKJV had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slope and surface to minimize muddy runoff. Although overflow of muddy surface runoff from site boundary to public area at Chuk Yuen Village and Bridge Y were observed during weekly site inspection on 21 June 2018. The water quality at WM2A(a) along Ping Yuen River should be not affected by the works area of Chuk Yuen Village and Bridge Y. Therefore, it is considered that the exceedances on 23 June 2018 were related to the heavy rainstorm and exceedances on 25 and 26 June 2018 were likely related to sediment cumulated at the river bed after Nylon dam and not caused by the works under the Project.
3, 4 and 5 July 2018	WM2A(a)	Turbidity & SS	In our investigation, CCKJV had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slopes and surface to minimize muddy runoff. There was no adverse water quality impact observed during the site inspection. It is considered that the exceedances on 3 July 2018 were due to rainstorm and the exceedances on 4 to 5 July were related to the residual impact after rainstorm and not caused by the works under the Project.
			In our investigation, Chun Wo had implemented water quality mitigation measures properly and no adverse water quality impact was observed during the site inspections. Since inflow of muddy water was observed from outside the site boundary, it is considered that the exceedances were unlikely caused by the works under Contract 3.
3 July 2018	WM4	Turbidity & SS	Besides, DHK has properly implemented water mitigation measures such as well maintain the wastewater treatment facilities and hard paved most of the site surface. In general, the condition of the South Portal Site under Contract 2 was in order and no adverse water quality impact was identified. Since inflow of muddy water was observed from outside the site boundary, it was considered that the exceedances were not related to the works under Contract 2.
6 July 2018	WM2A(a)	SS	In our investigation, CCKJV had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slope and surface



			to minimize muddy runoff. There was no adverse water quality impact observed during the site inspection. It is considered that the exceedance on 6 July 2018 was related to the residual impact after rainstorm and not caused by the works under the Project.
3, 4, 6 and 9 July 2018 WM3x		Turbidity	In our investigation, DHK had implemented and well maintained the wastewater treatment facilities and no adverse water quality impact was identified during site inspection. In view of the external source of muddy water observed due to rainstorm, it is considered that the exceedances were related to other source of turbid water and not caused by the works under Contract 2.
		& SS	CCKJV had implemented water quality mitigation measures and no adverse water quality impact was observed during site inspection. Since inflow of turbid water was observed from from Sha Tau Kok Road water and the adjacent villages during rainy days, it is considered that the exceedances were likely related to the rainstorm and external source of muddy water and unlikely caused by the works under Contract 6.
			In our investigation, DHK had implemented and maintained the wastewater treatment facilities and no adverse water quality impact was identified during site inspection. In view of the external source of muddy water observed, it is considered that the exceedances were not caused by the works under Contract 2.
10 July 2018	WM3x	SS	CCKJV had implemented water quality mitigation measures and no adverse water quality impact was observed during site inspection. Since inflow of turbid water was observed from from Sha Tau Kok Road water and the adjacent villages during rainy days, it is considered that the exceedances were likely related to the rainstorm and external source of muddy water and unlikely caused by the works under Contract 6.
7, 14 and 16 July 2018	WM1	Turbidity & SS	In our investigation, the water quality mitigation implemented and site condition was generally in order, it was considered that exceedances were related to the impact of rain and not due to the works under Contract 6 and Contract SS C505.
12, 13, 14, 16 and 17 July 2018	WM2A(a)	Turbidity & SS	During the period of 12 to 16 July 2018, CCKJV observed that the subcontractor of CLP was discharging wastewater at improper location, which causing muddy water getting into the river course. CCKJV have advised the subcontractor of CLP to stop discharging the water at improper location until further improvement. No improper discharge by the subcontractor of CLP was observed by CCKJV since 17 July 2018. In our investigation, CCKJV had implemented



			water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slopes and surface to minimize muddy runoff. Since improper discharge by other parties was observed and successive heavy rainstorm happened, it is considered that the exceedances were related to the rainstorm and improper discharge by other parties and not caused by the works under the Project.
18, 19, 20 and 21 July 2018	WM2A(a)	Turbidity & SS	In our investigation, CCKJV had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slopes and surface to minimize muddy runoff. There was no adverse water quality impact observed during the site inspection. It is considered that the exceedances on 18 to 20 July 2018 were resulted by rainstorm and the exceedances on 21 July 2018 were related to the residual impact after rain and not caused by the works under the Project.
14&16 July 2018	WM3x	Turbidity	In our investigation, the Contractor had implemented water quality mitigation measures and no adverse water quality impact was observed during site inspection. Since inflow of turbid water was observed from Sha Tau Kok Road and the adjacent villages during rainy days, it is considered that the exceedances were likely related to the rainstorm and unlikely caused by the works under Contract 6.
18 July 2018	WM3x	Turbidity & SS	In our investigation, CCKJV had implemented water quality mitigation measures and no adverse water quality impact was observed during site inspection. Since inflow of turbid water was observed from Sha Tau Kok Road and the adjacent villages during rainy day, it is considered that the exceedances were likely related to the rainstorm and external source of muddy water and unlikely caused by the works under Contract
23, 24, 25, 26 & 28 July 2018	WM2A(a)	Turbidity & SS	In our investigation, the Contractor had implemented water quality mitigation measures such as providing tarpaulin sheet for open slopes and surface to minimize muddy runoff. There was no adverse water quality impact observed during the site inspection. It is considered that the exceedances on were resulted by rainstorm/residual impact after rain and not caused by the works under the Project.
30 July 2018	WM3x	Turbidity & SS	The investigation is underway by ET and the investigation findings will be presented in next Reporting Period.



7 ECOLOGY MONITORING

7.1 GENERAL

- 7.1.1 Ecology monitoring for woodland compensation was shall be conducted at bi-monthly interval for the first year and the monitoring frequency would be reduced to quarterly from the second year.
- 7.1.2 The last Quarterly Ecological Monitoring Report (March to May 2018) was submitted to EPD in June 2018 in standalone copy as supplementary of the EM&A Report.



8 WASTE MANAGEMENT

8.1 GENERAL WASTE MANAGEMENT

8.1.1 Waste management was carried out by an on-site Environmental Officer or an Environmental Supervisor from time to time.

8.2 RECORDS OF WASTE QUANTITIES

- 8.2.1 All types of waste arising from the construction work are classified into the following:
 - Construction & Demolition (C&D) Material;
 - Chemical Waste;
 - General Refuse
 - Excavated Soil.
- 8.2.2 Whenever possible, materials were reused on-site as far as practicable. The quantities of waste for disposal in the Reporting Period are summarized in *Tables 8-1* and *8-2* and the Waste Flow Table is presented in *Appendix H*.

Table 8-1 Summary of Quantities of Inert C&D Materials

The second of th	Contract		Qua	ntity		Disposal
Type of Waste	No	May 2018	Jun 2018	Jul 2018	Total	Location
	2	12.9815	9.0720	6.0440		-
	3	1.164	0.862	1.520		
C&D Materials (Inert)	4	0	0	0	62.9435	-
$(in '000m^3)$	6	3.194	2.206	1.512	02.9433	-
	7	0.077	0	0.5		
	SS C505	5.346	6.828	11.637		-
	2	0	0	0		_
	3	0.101	0.515	0.476	2.118	-
Reused in this Project (Inert)	4	0	0	0		-
$(in '000m^3)$	6	0.068	0	0		-
	7	0	0	0		
	SS C505	0.300	0.376	0.282		-
	2	4.678	3.1910	0.584		Recycling facility as approved alternative site
Reused in other Projects (Inert)	3	0	0	0		
(in '000m ³)	4	0	0	0	12.2105	
	6	1.964	0.9775	0.816		NENT
	7	0	0	0		
	SS C505	0	0	0		
	2	8.3035	5.8810	5.460		
	3	0.773	0.265	0.783		
Disposal as Public Fill (Inert)	4	0	0	0	46.4825	Tuen Mun 38
(in '000m ³)	6	1.162	1.228	0.696	40.4025	TKO 137
	7	0.077	0	0.500		
	SS C505	4.258	5.792	11.304		

Remark:

 $(\#) The \ C\&D \ materials \ were \ delivered \ to \ NENT for \ reuse \ by \ laying \ cover \ of \ the \ land filling \ area.$



Table 8-2 Summary of Quantities of C&D Wastes

Thurs of Works	Contract		Quan	tity		Disposal
Type of Waste	No	May 2018	Jun 2018	Jul 2018	Total	Location
	2	30.140	31.780	30.750		9
	3	0	0	0		
Recycled Metal ('000kg) #	4	0	0	0	957.04	By licensed
Recycled Wetai (000kg) #	6	0	0	0	857.96	collector
	7	1.300	6.000	2.500		Concetor
	SS C505	294.330	242.17	218.990		
	2	0.304	0.2870	0.275		
	3	0	0	0		By
Recycled Paper / Cardboard	4	0	0	0	5.048	licensed
Packing ('000kg) #	6	0.384	0.270	1.608		collector
	7	0.150	0.400	0.1		
	SS C505	0	0.990	0.280		
	2	2.600	2.300	2.100		By licensed collector
	3	0	0	0	7.045	
	4	0	0	0		
Recycled Plastic ('000kg) #	6	0	0	0		
	7	0.001	0.001	0.001		
	SS C505	0.042	0	0		
	2	44.9600	0.1760	1.5840		
	3	0	0	0		
Chemical Wastes ('000kg) *	4	0	0	0	47.92	By licensed collector
Chemical wastes (000kg)	6	0	0	0	47.92	
	7	0	0	0		
	SS C505	0	1.200	0		
	2	0.7056	0.7534	0.8810		
	3	0.150	0.110	0.135		
General Refuses ('000m ³)	4	0	0	0	14.618	NENT
General Refuses (000III)	6	1.340	0.714	0.846	14.010	INEINI
	7	0.100	0.050	0.200		
	SS C505	2.490	2.997	3.146		

Remark:

8.2.3 To control the site performance on waste management, the Contractor shall ensure that all solid and liquid waste management works are fully in compliance with the relevant license/permit requirements, such as the effluent discharge license and the chemical waste producer registration. The Contractor is also reminded to implement the recommended environmental mitigation measures according to the Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual.

^(#) Unit of recycled metal, recycled paper/ cardboard packing and recycled plastic for Contractor 3 was in ('000m³).

^(*) Unit of chemical waste for Contractor 3 was in m3.



9 SITE INSPECTIONS

9.1 REQUIREMENTS

9.1.1 According to the approved EM&A Manual, the environmental site inspection shall be formulation by ET Leader. Weekly environmental site inspections should carry out to confirm the environmental performance.

Contract 2

9.1.2 During the Reporting Period, *13* events of the joint site inspections were undertaken at Contract 2 to evaluate the site environmental performance. The summaries of the findings during site inspection are presented in *Table 9-1* and the details of site inspection can be found in relevant EM&A monthly report.

Table 9-1 Summary of Reminders/Observations of Site Inspection – Contract 2

Reporting Period	Date of site inspection	Nos. of findings / reminders	Follow-Up Status
May 2018	4, 11, 18 and 25 May 2018	3	Completed
June 2018	1, 8, 15, 22 and 29 June 2018	6	Completed
July 2018	6, 13, 20 and 27 July 2018	6	Completed

9.1.3 In the Reporting Period, no non-compliance was recorded; however, *15* observations/ reminders were recorded during the site inspections. Minor deficiencies found in the weekly site inspection were in general rectified within the specified deadlines. The environmental performance of the Project was therefore considered satisfactory.

Contract 3

9.1.4 During the Reporting Period, *13* events of the joint site inspections were undertaken at Contract 3 to evaluate the site environmental performance. The summaries of the findings during site inspection are presented in *Table 9-2* and the details of site inspection can be found in relevant EM&A monthly report.

Table 9-2 Summary of Reminders/Observations of Site Inspection – Contract 3

Reporting Period	Date of site inspection	Nos. of findings / reminders	Follow-Up Status
May 2018	3, 10, 16, 23 and 31 May 2018.	2	Completed
June 2018	7, 14, 20 and 28 June 2018	8	Completed
July 2018	5, 12, 18 and 26 July 2018	5	Completed

9.1.5 In the Reporting Period, no non-compliance was recorded; however, *15* observations/ reminders were recorded during the site inspections. Minor deficiencies found in the weekly site inspection were in general rectified within the specified deadlines. The environmental performance of the Project was therefore considered satisfactory.

Contract 4

9.1.6 During the Reporting Period, *13* events of the joint site inspections were undertaken at Contract 4 to evaluate the site environmental performance. The summaries of the findings during site inspection are presented in *Table 9-3* and the details of site inspection can be found in relevant EM&A monthly report.

Table 9-3 Summary of Reminders/Observations of Site Inspection – Contract 4

Reporting	Data of site ingression	Nos. of findings /	Follow-Up
Period	Date of site inspection	reminders	Status



May 2018	4, 11, 18 and 21 May 2018	0	Completed
June 2018	1, 8, 15, 22 and 25 June 2018	0	Completed
July 2018	6, 13, 20 and 23 July 2018	0	Completed

9.1.7 In the Reporting Period, no non-compliance was recorded; however, no observations/ reminders was recorded during the site inspections. The environmental performance of the Project was therefore considered satisfactory.

Contract 6

9.1.8 During the Reporting Period, *13* events of the joint site inspections were undertaken at Contract 6 to evaluate the site environmental performance. The summaries of the findings during site inspection are presented in *Table 9-4* and the details of site inspection can be found in relevant EM&A monthly report.

Table 9-4 Summary of Reminders/Observations of Site Inspection – Contract 6

Reporting Period	Date of site inspection	Nos. of findings / reminders	Follow-Up Status
May 2018	3, 10, 17, 24 and 31 May 2018	1	Completed
June 2018	7, 14, 21 and 28 June 2018	1	Completed
July 2018	5, 12, 19 and 26 July 2018	9	Completed

9.1.9 In the Reporting Period, no non-compliance was recorded; however, *11* observations/ reminders were recorded during the site inspections. Minor deficiencies found in the weekly site inspection were in general rectified within the specified deadlines. The environmental performance of the Project was therefore considered satisfactory.

Contract SS C505

9.1.10 During the Reporting Period, *13* events of the joint site inspections were undertaken at Contract SS C505 to evaluate the site environmental performance. The summaries of the findings during site inspection are presented in *Table 9-5* and the details of site inspection can be found in relevant EM&A monthly report.

Table 9-5 Summary of Reminders/Observations of Site Inspection – Contract SS C505

Reporting Period	Date of site inspection	Nos. of findings / reminders	Follow-Up Status
May 2018	2, 11, 16, 23 and 30 May 2018	3	Completed
June 2018	8, 13, 20 and 27 June 2018	10	Completed
July 2018	4, 11, 18 and 25 July 2018	9	Completed

9.1.11 In the Reporting Period, no non-compliance was recorded; however, 22 observations/ reminders were recorded during the site inspections. Minor deficiencies found in the weekly site inspection were in general rectified within the specified deadlines. The environmental performance of the Project was therefore considered satisfactory.

Contract 7

9.1.12 During the Reporting Period, *13* events of the joint site inspections were undertaken at Contract SS C505 to evaluate the site environmental performance. The summaries of the findings during site inspection are presented in *Table 9-6* and the details of site inspection can be found in relevant EM&A monthly report.

Table 9-6 Summary of Reminders/Observations of Site Inspection – Contract 7



Reporting Period	Date of site inspection	Nos. of findings / reminders	Follow-Up Status
May 2018	4, 11, 15 and 25 May 2018	3	Completed
June 2018	1, 8, 15, 19 and 29 June 2018	5	Completed
July 2018	6, 13, 17 and 27 July 2018	8	Completed

9.1.13 In the Reporting Period, no non-compliance was recorded; however, *16* observations/ reminder were recorded during the site inspections. Minor deficiencies found in the weekly site inspection were in general rectified within the specified deadlines. The environmental performance of the Project was therefore considered satisfactory.

Other Contracts

9.1.14 Since the construction work of Contract 5 has substantially completed, no site inspection was performed.



10 NON-COMPLIANCE, COMPLAINTS, NOTIFICATIONS OF SUMMONS AND PROSECUTIONS

10.1 STATUS OF NON-COMPLIANCE ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT, SUMMONS AND PROSECUTION

- 10.1.1 In the Reporting Period, no environmental complaints were received under the EM&A program of the Project. Moreover, no summons and prosecution under the EM&A Programme was lodged for all Contracts. The status of the outstanding investigation report in previous months is summarized below.
- 10.1.2 The statistical summary table of environmental complaint, summons and prosecution are presented in **Tables 10-1, 10-2** and **10-3**.

Table 10-1 Statistical Summary of Environmental Complaints

1 abi	e 10-1	Statistical S	ummary of Environ	inientai Compianits	
			Environmer	ntal Complaint Statistics	
Contract No	Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative since commencement of project	Complaint Nature	Project related complaint
2	May 2018 Jun 2018 Jul 2018	0 0	35	 (19)Water Quality (8) Dust (5) Noise (1) dust & noise (1) waste management 	(6) water quality (2) dust (1) noise
				• (1) Water quality and dust	
3	May 2018 Jun 2018 Jul 2018	0 0 0	6	(2) Dust(3) Water quality(1) Noise	0
4	May 2018 Jun 2018 Jul 2018	0 0	0	NA	NA
6	May 2018 Jun 2018 Jul 2018	0 0	38	 (23) Water Quality (8) Dust (3) Noise (1) Nuisance (1) Noise and dust (2) Water quality and dust t 	(7) water quality (3) dust (1) Nuisance (1) Water quality and dust
7	May 2018 Jun 2018 Jul 2018	0 0 0	3	• (1) Noise • (2) Water quality and dust	(1) Water quality and dust
SS C505	May 2018 Jun 2018 Jul 2018	0	5	 (1) Noise (1) dust (2) Water quality and dust (1) Water quality 	(1) Water quality and dust

Table 10-2 Statistical Summary of Environmental Summons

		Environmental Summons Statistics			
Contract No	Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative since commencement of project	Complaint Nature	
	Feb 2018	0			
2	Mar 2018	0		contravening the Water Pollution Control (General) Regulations	
	Apr 2018	0		Control (General) Regulations	



			Environmental Sum	nmons Statistics
Contract No	Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative since commencement of project	Complaint Nature
	May 2018	0		
3	Jun 2018	0	0	NA
	Jul 2018	0		
	May 2018	0		
4	Jun 2018	0	0	NA
	Jul 2018	0		
	May 2018	0		
6	Jun 2018	0	0	NA
	Jul 2018	0		
	May 2018	0		
7	Jun 2018	0	0	NA
	Jul 2018	0		
SS C505	May 2018	0	0	
	Jun 2018	0		NA
	Jul 2018	0		

Table 10-3 Statistical Summary of Environmental Prosecution

			Environmental Pros	ecution Statistics
Contract No	Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative since commencement of project	Complaint Nature
2	May 2018 Jun 2018	0	1	contravening the Water Pollution Control (General) Regulations
	Jul 2018	0		Control (General) Regulations
3	May 2018 Jun 2018	0	0	NA
	Jul 2018 0 May 2018 0			
4	Jun 2018 Jul 2018	0	0	NA
	May 2018	0	0	NA.
6	Jun 2018 Jul 2018	0	0	NA
7	May 2018 Jun 2018	0	0	NA
	Jul 2018	0	-	·
SS C505	May 2018 Jun 2018	0	0	NA
	Jul 2018	0		

10.1.3 Since the construction works at the Contract 5 was substantially completed, no environmental complaint, summons and prosecution under the EM&A Programme are registered.



11 IMPLEMENTATION STATUS OF MITIGATION MEASURES

11.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 11.1.1 The environmental mitigation measures that recommended in the Implementation Schedule for Environmental Mitigation Measures (ISEMM) in the approved EM&A Manual covered the issues of dust, noise, water and waste and they are summarized presented in *Appendix I*.
- 11.1.2 All contracts under the Project shall be implementing the required environmental mitigation measures according to the approved EM&A Manual as subject to the site condition. Environmental mitigation measures generally implemented by Contracts 2, 3, 5, 6 and SS C505 in this Reporting Period are summarized in *Table 11-1*.

Table 11-1 Environmental Mitigation Measures

Issues	Environmental Mitigation Measures
Water Quality	• Wastewater to be treated by the filtration systems i.e. sedimentation tank or
	AquaSed before to discharge.
Air Quality	 Maintain damp / wet surface on access road
	 Low vehicular speed within the works areas.
	 All vehicles must use wheel washing facility before off site
	 Sprayed water during breaking works
	• A cleaning truck was regularly performed on the public road to prevent
	fugitive dust emission
Noise	• Restrain operation time of plants from 07:00 to 19:00 on any working day
	except for Public Holiday and Sunday.
	Keep good maintenance of plants
	 Place noisy plants away from residence or school
	 Provide noise barriers or hoarding to enclose the noisy plants or works
	Shut down the plants when not in used.
Waste and	On-site sorting prior to disposal
Chemical	 Follow requirements and procedures of the "Trip-ticket System"
Management	Predict required quantity of concrete accurately
	• Collect the unused fresh concrete at designated locations in the sites for
	subsequent disposal
General	The site was generally kept tidy and clean.



12 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

12.1 CONCLUSIONS

- 12.1.1 This is the **20**th Quarterly EM&A Summary Report presenting the monitoring results and inspection findings for the Reporting Period from **1 May to 31 July 2018**.
- 12.1.2 For air quality monitoring, no 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP monitoring results triggered the Action or Limit Levels.
- 12.1.3 In the Reporting Period, no construction noise exceedances were recorded and no complaints (which triggered the Action Level exceedance) were received.
- 12.1.4 For water quality monitoring, a total of 104 Limit Level, namely 49 LL exceedance of turbidity and 55 AL/LL exceedances of Suspended Solids were recorded for the Project. Investigation reports revealed that the Contractor had properly implemented water quality mitigation measures such as well-maintained the wastewater treatment facility and covered the expose area with impervious sheet. It was concluded that all the exceedances were not related to the works under the Project
- 12.1.5 In this Reporting Period, Quarterly Ecological Monitoring Report for woodland compensation (March to May 2018) was submitted to EPD in June 2018.
- 12.1.6 In this Reporting Period, no environmental complaint was received.
- 12.1.7 No environmental summons or successful prosecutions were recorded in the Reporting Period.
- 12.1.8 During the Reporting Period, weekly joint site inspection by the RE, IEC, ET with the relevant Main-contractor were carried out for Contracts 2, 3, 4, 6 and 7 in accordance with the EM&A Manual stipulation. For Contract SS C505, weekly joint site inspection was carried out by the RE, IEC, ET and main-contractor whereas IEC performed monthly site inspection. No non-compliance observed during the site inspection.

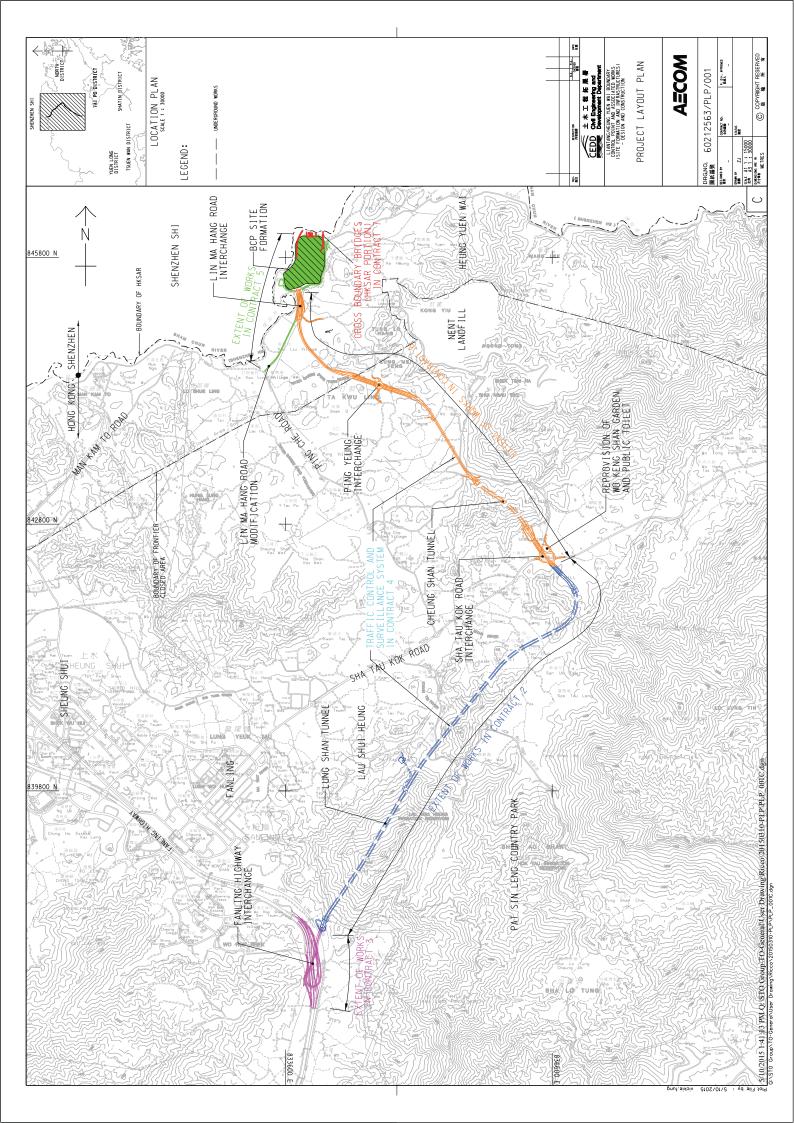
12.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 12.2.1 During rainy season, preventive measures for muddy water or other water pollutants from site surface flow to local stream such as Kong Yiu Channel, Ma Wat Channel, Ping Yuen River, Kwan Tei River or public area should be properly maintained. The Contractors should paid special attention on water quality mitigation measures and fully implement according ISEMM of the EM&A Manual, in particular for working areas near Ma Wat Channel and Ping Yuen River.
- 12.2.2 In addition, all effluent discharge shall be ensure to fulfill Technical Memorandum of Effluent Discharged into Drainage and Sewerage Systems, inland and Coastal Waters criteria or discharge permits stipulation.
- 12.2.3 Construction noise would be a key environmental issue during construction work of the Project. Noise mitigation measures such as using quiet plants should be implemented in accordance with the EM&A requirement.
- 12.2.4 Since most of construction sites under the Project are located adjacent to villages, the Contractors should fully implement air quality mitigation measures to reduce construction dust emission.
- 12.2.5 Furthermore, daily cleaning and weekly tidiness shall be properly performed and maintained. In addition, mosquito control should be kept to prevent mosquito breeding on site.



Appendix A

Layout plan of the Project



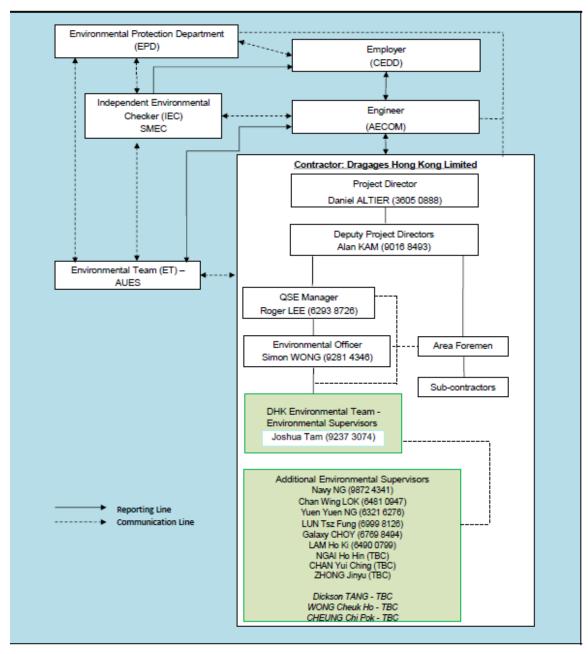


Appendix B

Environmental Management Organization Chart



Environmental Management Organization for Contract 2 - (CV/2012/08)



Environmental Management Organization for Contract 2 - (CV/2012/08)



Contact Details of Key Personnel for Contract 2 - CV/2012/08

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No	Fax No.
AECOM	Engineer's Representative	Edwin Ching	2171 3301	2171 3498
SMEC	Independent Environmental Checker	Antony Wong	3995 8120	3995 8101
DHK	Project Director	Daniel Altier	3605 0888	2171 3299
DHK	Deputy Project Manager	Alan Kam	9016 8493	2171 3299
DHK	QSE Manager	Roger Lee	6293 8726	2171 3299
DHK	Environmental Officer	Simon Wong	2171 3017	2171 3299
DHK	Environmental Supervisor	Joshua Tam	9237 3074	2171 3299
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	T. W. Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079

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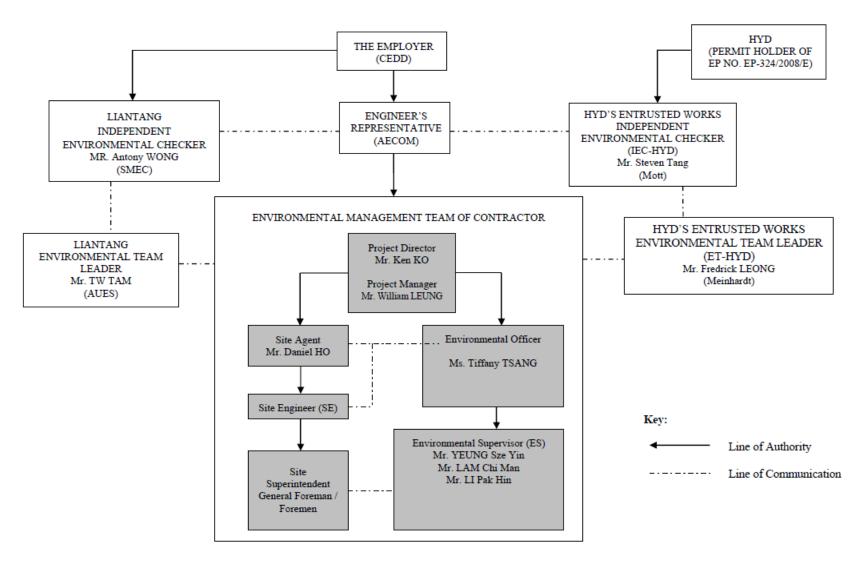
CEDD (Employer) – Civil Engineering and Development Department

AECOM (Engineer) – AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.

DHK (Main Contractor) -Dragages Hong Kong Ltd.

SMEC (IEC) – SMEC Asia Limited





Environmental Management Organization for Contract 3 - (CV/2012/09)



Contact Details of Key Personnel for Contract 3 - CV/2012/09

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No	Fax No.
AECOM	Engineer's Representative	Alan Lee	2171 3303	2171 3498
SMEC	Independent Environmental Checker	Antony Wong	3995 8120	3995 8101
Chun Wo	Project Director	Ken Ko	3758 8735	2638 7077
Chun Wo	Project Manager	William Leung	2638 6136	2638 7077
Chun Wo	Site Agent	Daniel Ho	2638 6144	2638 7077
Chun Wo	Environmental Officer	Tiffany Tsang (#)	2638 6151	2638 7077
Chun Wo	Environmental supervisor	Frankie Leung	2638 6125	2638 7077
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	T. W. Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079

Remark: (#) The key staff for Environmental Officer has left her position on 10 July 2018 and her replacement will be included in next Reporting Month.

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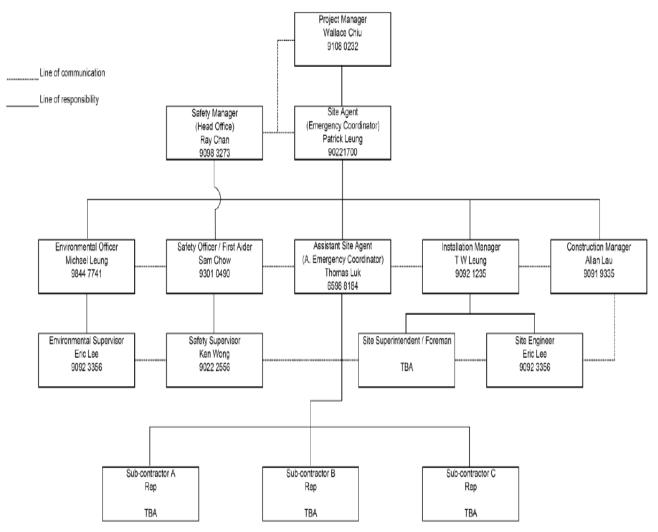
CEDD (Employer) - Civil Engineering and Development Department

AECOM (Engineer) – AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.

Chun Wo (Main Contractor) - Chun Wo Construction Ltd.

SMEC (IEC) – SMEC Asia Limited





Environmental Management Organization for Contract 4 - NE/2014/02



Environmental Management Organization for Contract 4 - NE/2014/02

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No	Fax No.
AECOM	Engineer's Representative	Leo Lai	2171 3310	2171 3498
SMEC	Independent Environmental Checker	Antony Wong	3995 8120	3995 8101
Siemens	Project Manager	Torsetn Jaretzke	9035 2709	
Siemens	Site Agent	Francis Leung	9027 9565	
Siemens	Environmental Officer	Michael Leung	9844 7741	
Siemens	Environmental Supervisors	Eric Lee	9092 3356	
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	T. W. Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079

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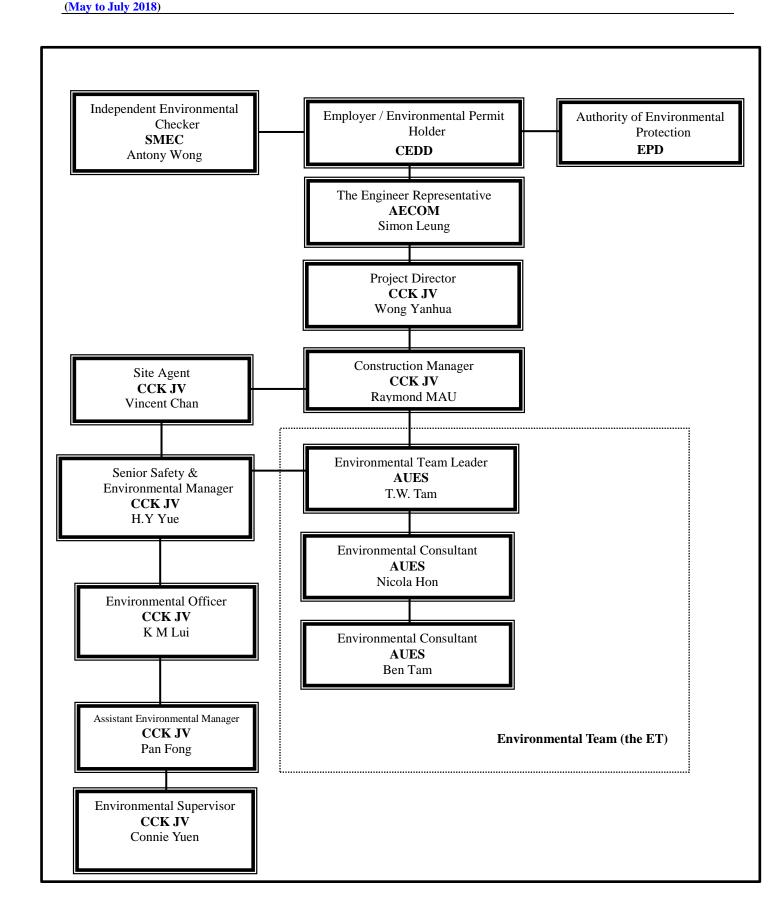
CEDD (Employer) - Civil Engineering and Development Department

AECOM (Engineer) – AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.

Siemens (Main Contractor) – Siemens Ltd.

SMEC (IEC) – SMEC Asia Limited





Environmental Management Organization - CV/2013/08



Contact Details of Key Personnel for Contract 6 - CV/2013/08

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No.	Fax No.
AECOM	Engineer's Representative	Simon Leung	2251 0688	2251 0698
SMEC	Independent Environmental Checker	Antony Wong	3995 8120	3995 8101
CCK JV	Project Director	Wang Yanhua	6190 4212	
CCK JV	Project Manager	Raymond Mau Sai-Wai	9011 5340	
CCK JV	Site Agent	Vincent Chan	9655 9404	
CCK JV	Senior Safety & Environmental Manager	H.Y. Yue	9185 8186	
CCK JV	Environmental Manager	K M Lui	51138223	
CCK JV	Assistant Environmental Manager	Pan Fong	9436 9432	
CCK JV	Environmental Supervisor	Connie Yuen	6316 6931	
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	TW Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079

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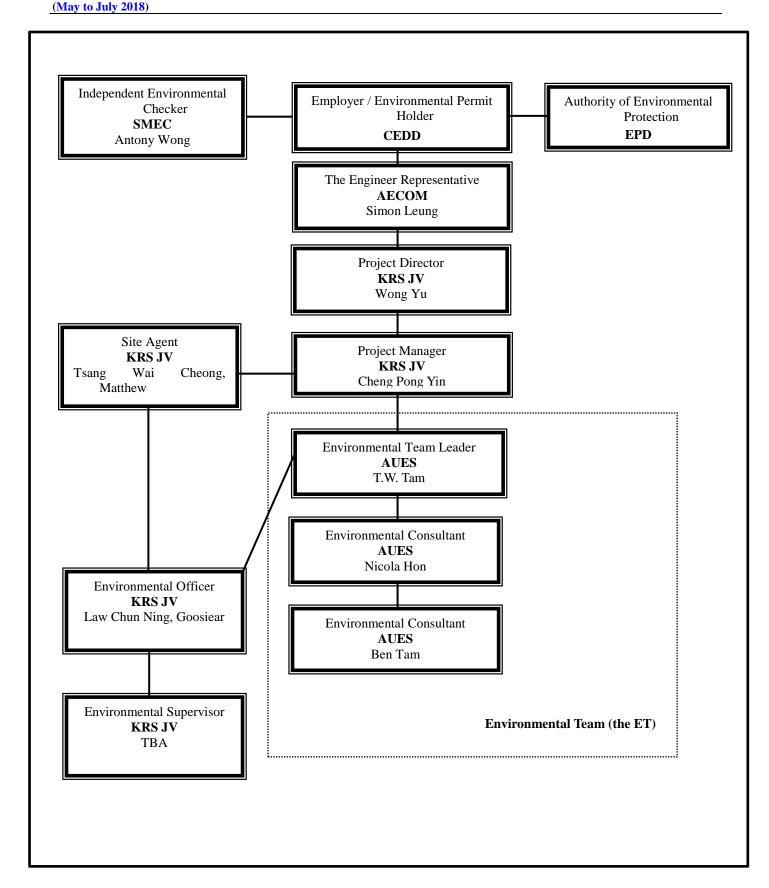
CEDD (Employer) - Civil Engineering and Development Department

AECOM (Engineer) – AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.

CCK JV (Main Contractor) – CRBE-CEC-Kaden Joint Venture

SMEC (IEC) – SMEC Asia Limited





Environmental Management Organization –NE/2014/03



Contact Details of Key Personnel for Contract 7 - NE/2014/03

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No.	Fax No.
AECOM	Engineer's Representative	Kelvin lee	2251 0609	2251 0698
SMEC	Independent Environmental Checker	Antony Wong	3995 8120	3995 8101
KRSJV	Project Director	Wong Yu	2682 6691	2682 2783
KRSJV	Project Manager	Cheng Pong Yin	9023 4821	2682 2783
KRSJV	Site Agent	Tsang Wai Cheong, Matthew	9705 7536	2682 2783
KRSJV	Environmental Officer	Law Chun Ning, Goosiear	9625 2381	2682 2783
KRSJV	Environmental Supervisor	TBA	6592 3084	2682 2783
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	TW Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079

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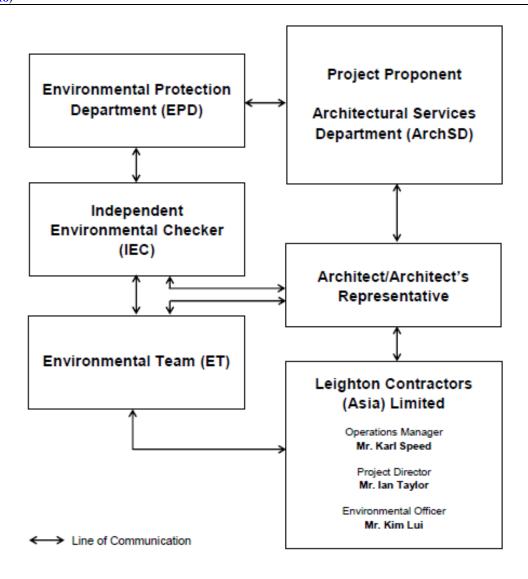
CEDD (Employer) – Civil Engineering and Development Department

AECOM (Engineer) – AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.

KRS JV (Main Contractor) –Kwan On-Richwell-SCG Joint Venture

SMEC (IEC) – SMEC Asia Limited





Environmental Management Organigram

Environmental Management Organization for Contract SS C505



Contact Details of Key Personnel for Contract SS C505

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No.	Fax No.
ArchSD	Works agent for the Development Bureau (DEVB)	Mr. William Cheng	2867 3904	2804 6805
Ronald Lu & Partners	Architect/ Architect's Representative	Mr. Justin Cheung	3189 9272	2834 5442
SMEC	Independent Environmental Checker	Mr. Antony Wong	3995 8120	3995 8101
Leighton	Operation Manager	Mr. Antony Zervaas	2823 1433	2529 8784
Leighton	Project Director	Mr. Steven Wong	2858 1519	2858 1899
Leighton	Site Agent	Mr. Ray Ho	2858 1519	2858 1899
Leighton	Environmental Officer	Mr. Kim Lui	3973 1003	-
Leighton	Assistant Environmental Officer	Mr. Alex Liu	3973 0818	-
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	Mr. T. W. Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Ms. Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Mr. Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079

Legend:

ArchSD(Project Proponent) - Architectural Services Department

Ronald Lu & Partners (Architect/ Architect's Representative) -Ronald Lu & Partners (Hong Kong) Ltd

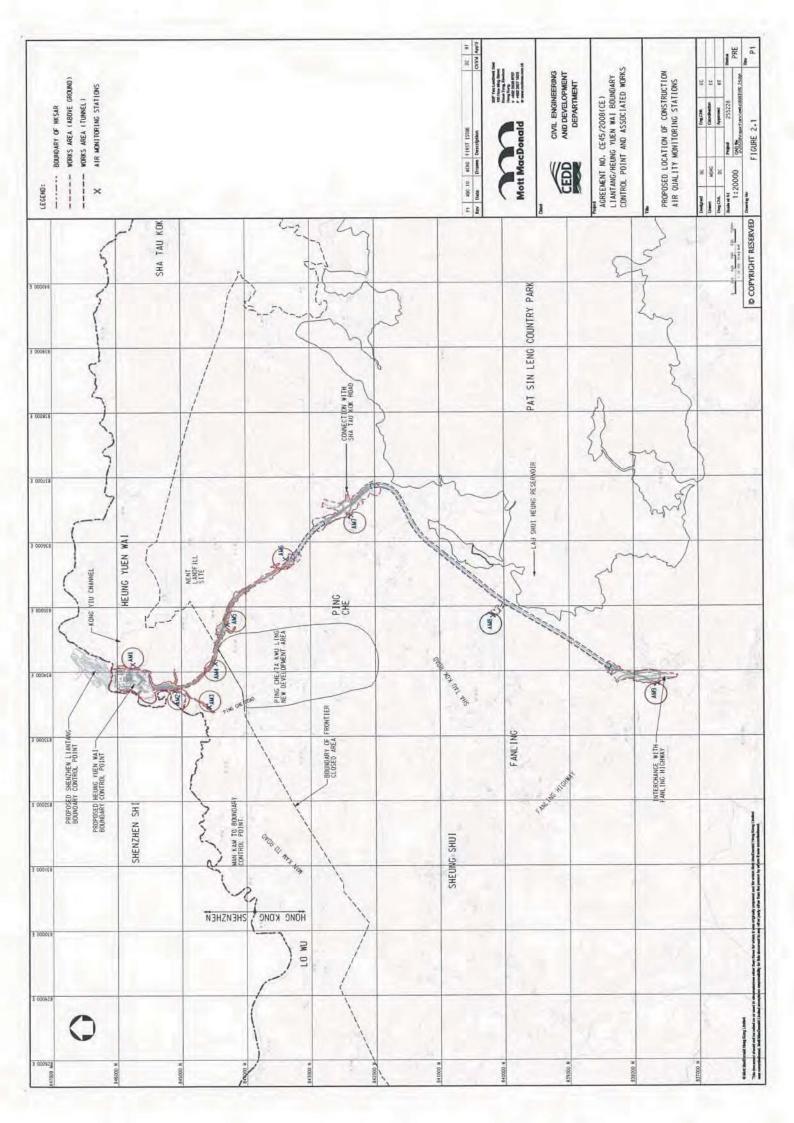
Leighton (Main Contractor) – Leighton Contractors (Asia) Limited

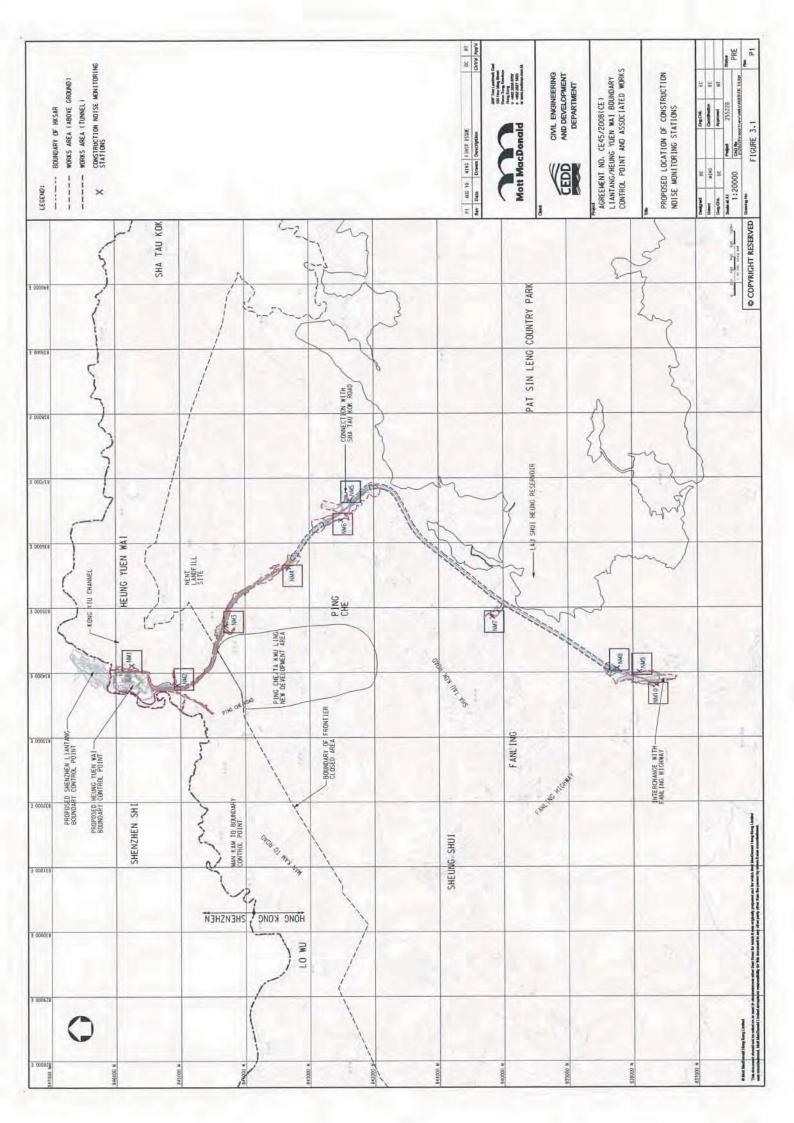
SMEC (IEC) – SMEC Asia Limited

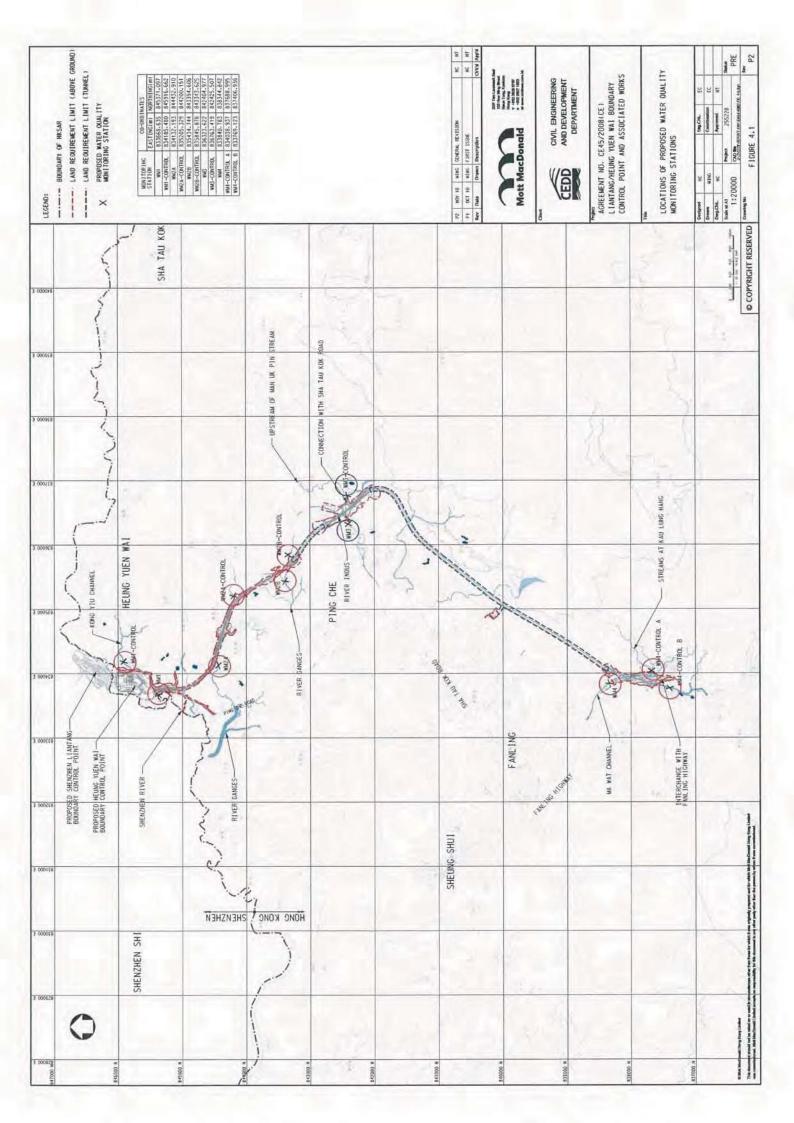


Appendix C

Designated Monitoring Locations as Recommended in the Approved EM&A Manual



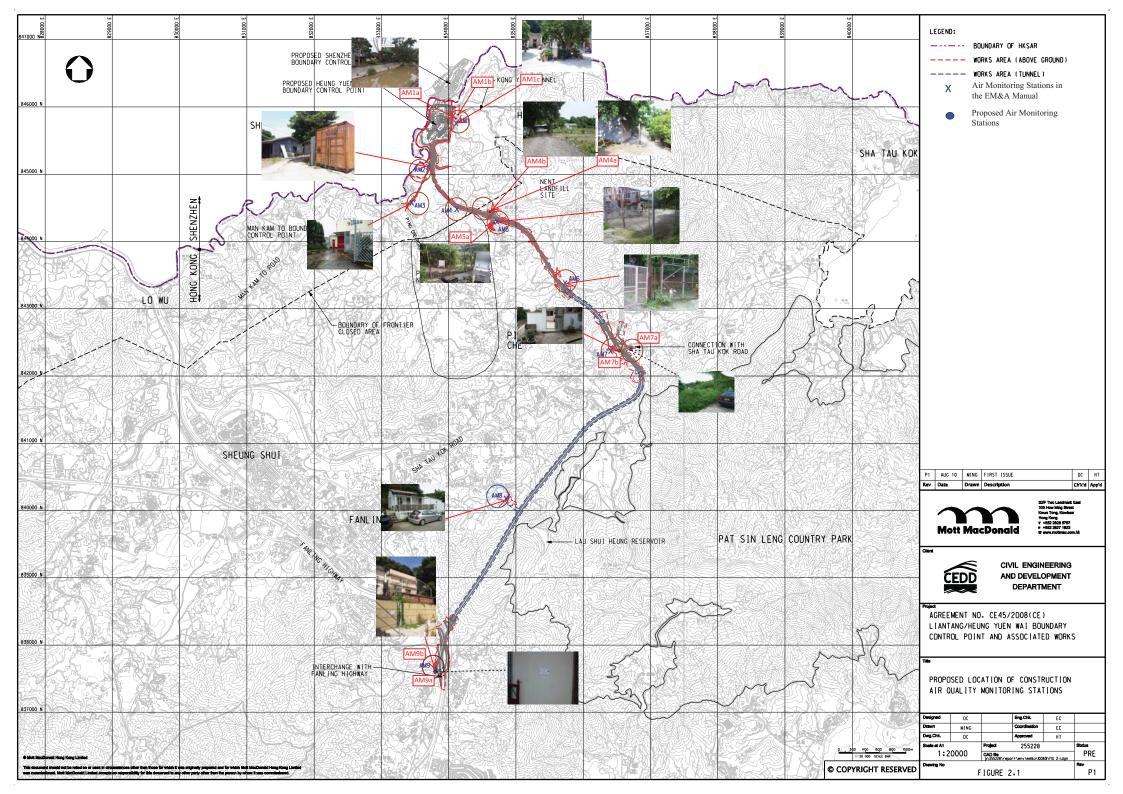


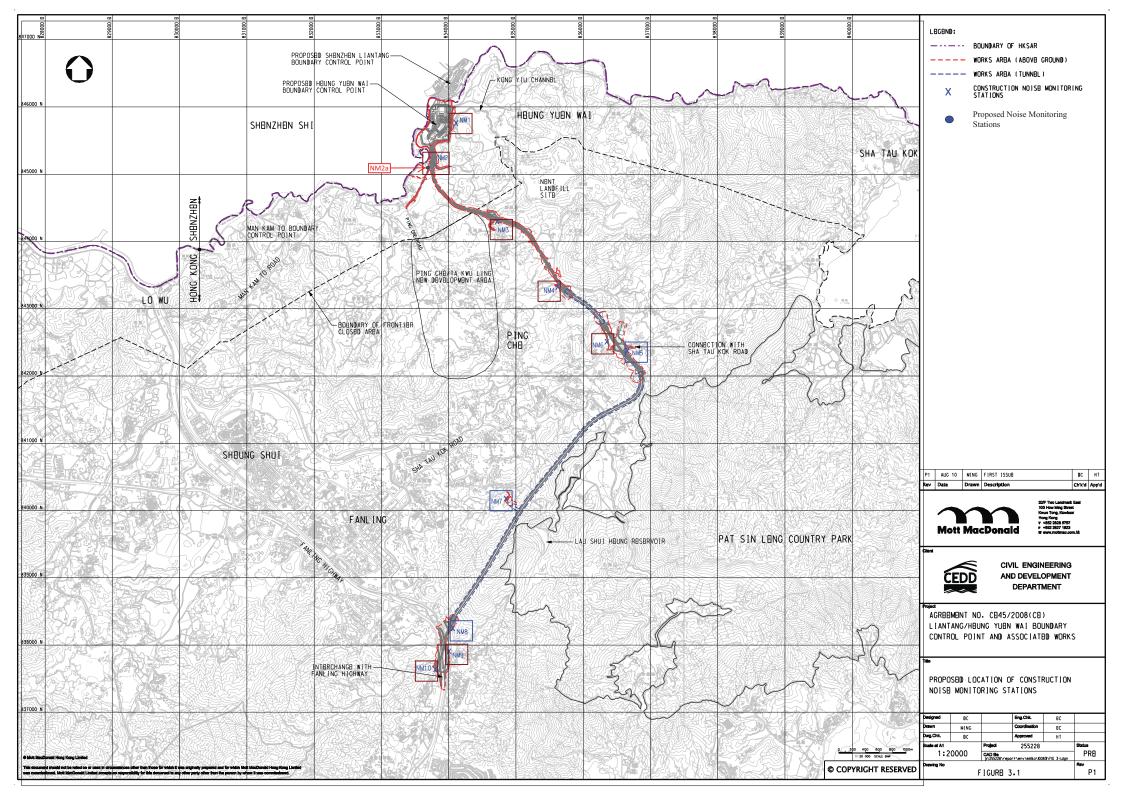


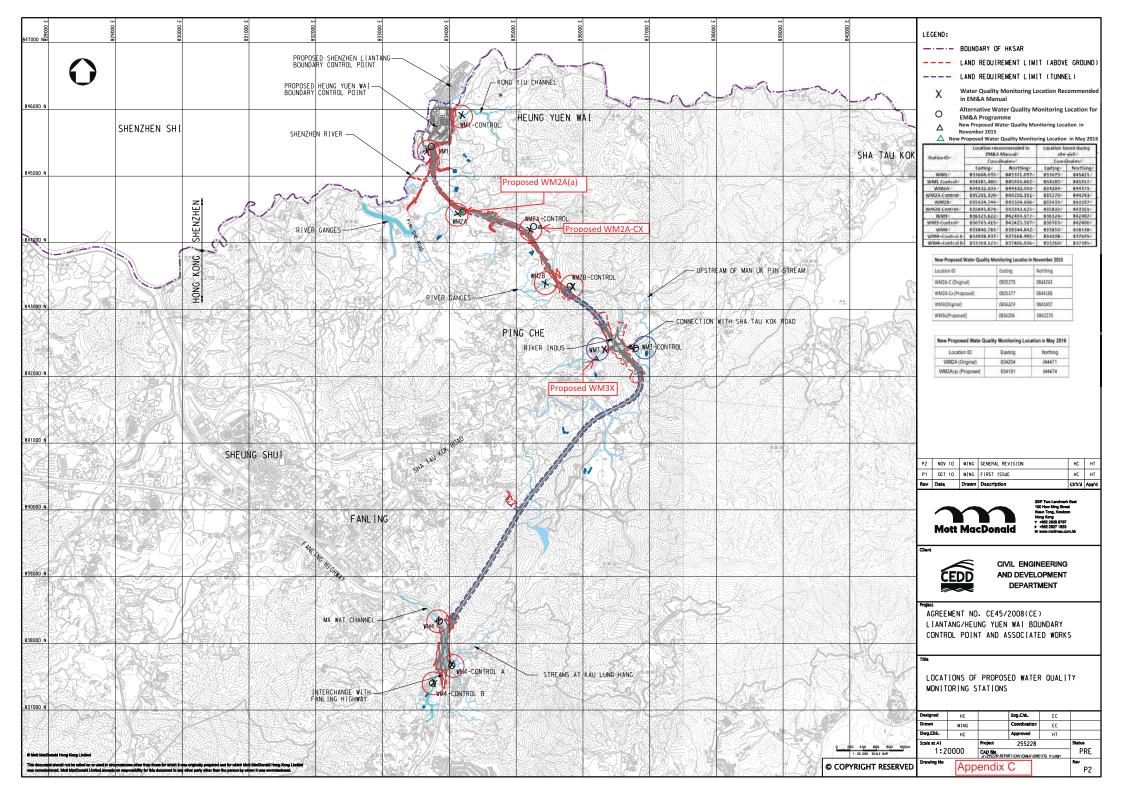


Appendix D

Monitoring Locations for Impact Monitoring









Appendix E

Event and Action Plan



Event and Action Plan for Air Quality

Event	ET	IE	C ER	Action Contracto
Action Level				
Exceedance for one sample	I. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform IEC and ER; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily.	Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method.	Notify Contractor.	Rectify any unacceptable practice; Amend working methods if appropriate.
2. Exceedance	1. Identify source;	1. Check monitoring data	 Confirm receipt of 	 Submit proposals
for two or more consecutive samples	2. Inform IEC and ER; 3. Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; 4. Repeat measurements to confirm findings; 5. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 6. Discuss with IEC and Contractor on remedial actions required; 7. If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IEC and ER; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	submitted by ET; 2. Check Contractor's working method; 3. Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; 4. Advise the ET on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; 5. Monitor the implementation of remedia measures.	notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	for remedial to ER within 3 working days of notification; 2. Implement the agreed proposals; 3. Amend proposal i appropriate.
Limit Level				
Exceedance for one sample	Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform ER, Contractor and EPD; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results.	Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Monitor theimplementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Amend proposal is appropriate.
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	1. Notify IEC, ER, Contractor and EPD; 2. Identify source; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm findings; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 6. Arrange meeting with IEC	1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET; 2. Check Contractor's working method; 3. Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; 4. Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; In consolidation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented;	Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Resubmit proposals if problem still not
ren 7. A Cor act and the 8. I	nedial actions to be taken; 5. Massess effectiveness of imp	Monitor the plementation of remedial asures.	continues, consider 5 what portion of the p work is responsible d and instruct the E Contractor to stop a	nder control; i. Stop the relevant ortion of works as letermined by the ER until the xceedance is bated.



Event and Action Plan for Construction Noise

Event	II	IEC	ER	
Action Level	Notify ER, IEC and Contractor; Carry out investigation; Report the results of investigation to the IEC, ER and Contractor; Discuss with the IEC and Contractor on remedial measures required; Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness.	investigation results submitted by the ET; 2. Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; 3. Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; In consolidation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC and ER; Implement noise mitigation proposals.
Limit Level	1. Inform IEC, ER, Contractor and EPD; 2. Repeat measurements to confirm findings; 3. Increase monitoring frequency; 4. Identify source and investigate the cause of exceedance; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures; 6. Discuss with the IEC, Contractor and ER on remedial measures required; 7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly.	1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing: 2. Notify Contractor; 3. In consolidation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; 4. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures; 5. If exceedance continues, consider stopping the Contractor to continue working on that portion of work which causes the exceedance until the exceedance is abated.	1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance: 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC and ER within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Submit further proposal if problem still not under control; 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as instructed by the ER until the exceedance is abated.



Event and Action Plan for Water Quality

Action level being exceeded by one sampling day	1. Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and sources of impact; 3. Inform IEC and Contractor; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC and Contractor; 6. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance.	1. Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; 3. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures	1. Discuss with IEC on the proposed mitigation measures; 2. Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; 3. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures	ACTION CONTRACTOR 1. Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Consider changes of working methods; 5. Discuss with ET and IEC and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER; 6. Implement the agreed mitigation measures.
Action Level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days	1. Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and sources of impact; 3. Inform IEC and Contractor; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods. 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; 7. Prepare to increase the monitoring frequency to daily; 8. Repeat measurement on next day of accordance.	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures	Discuss with IEC on the proposed mitigation measures; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures	1. Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Consider changes of working methods; 5. Discuss with ET and IEC and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 2 working days. 6. Implement the agreed mitigation measures.
Limit Level being exceeded by one sampling day	exceedance. 1. Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and sources of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and EPD; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, ER and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; 7. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit Level.	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures	Discuss with IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures	Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check all plant and equipment; Consider changes of working methods; Discuss with ET, IEC and ER and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days; Implement the agreed mitigation measures.
Limit level being exceeded by more than one consecutive sampling days	1. Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and sources of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and EPD; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, ER and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; 7. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit Level for two consecutive days.	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	Discuss with IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures; Consider and instruct, if necessary, the Contractor to slow down or to stop all or part of the construction activities until no exceedance of Limit Level.	1. Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Consider changes of working methods; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and ER and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days; 6. Implement the agreed mitigation measures; 7. As directed by the ER, to slow down or to stop all or part of the construction activities.

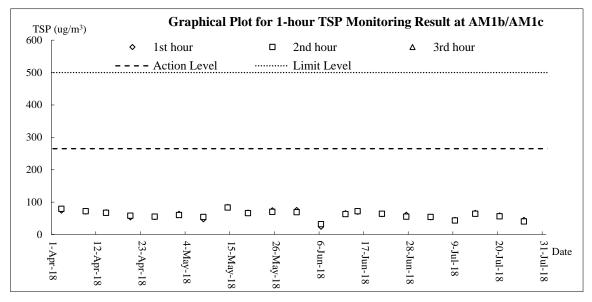


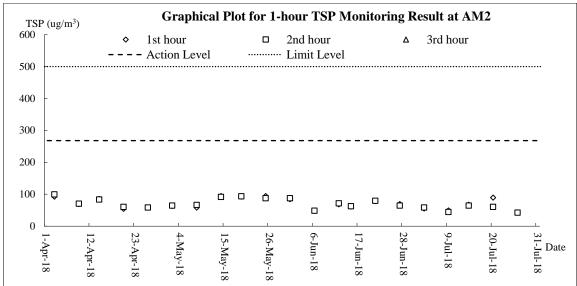
Appendix F

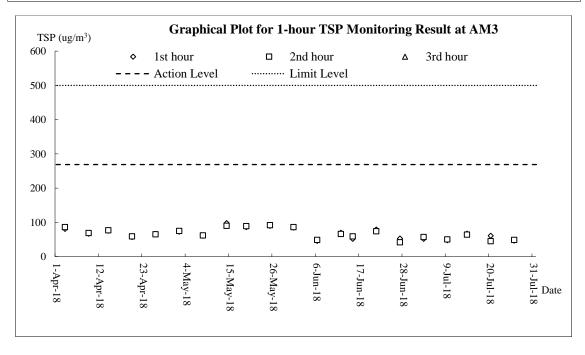
Graphical Plots for Monitoring Result



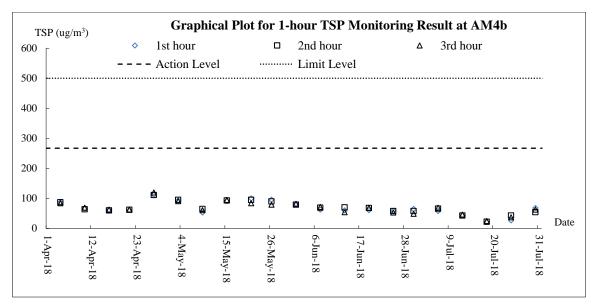
Air Quality – 1-hour TSP

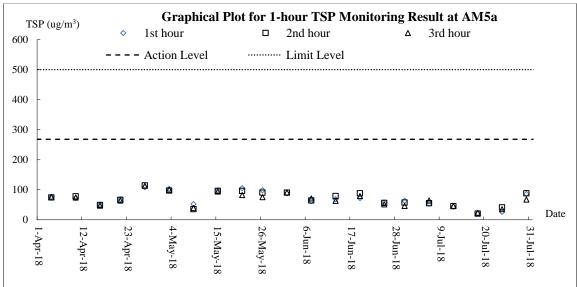


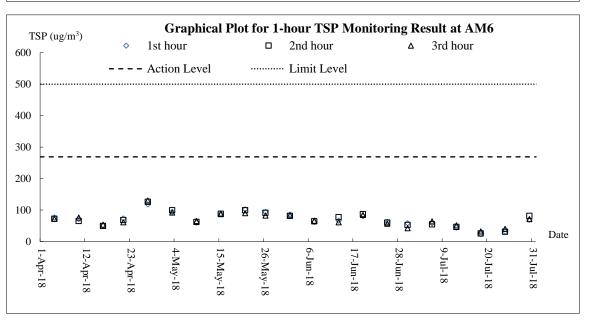




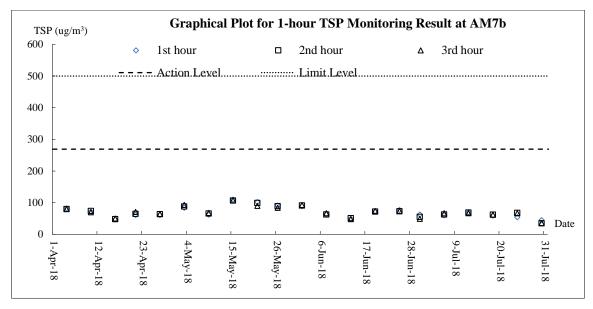


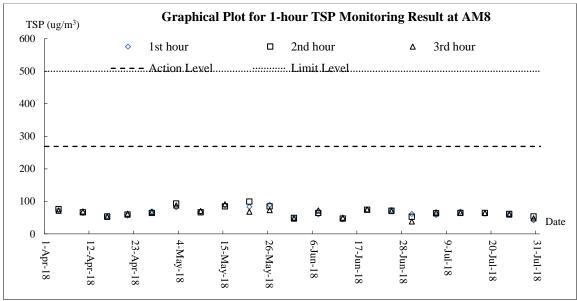


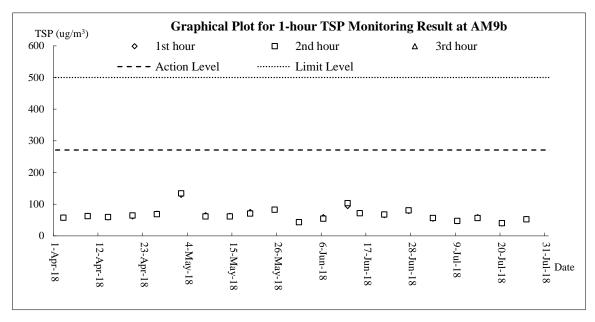






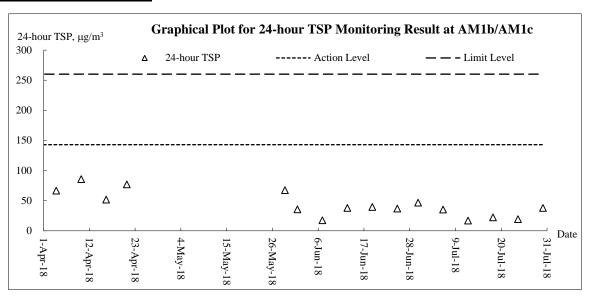


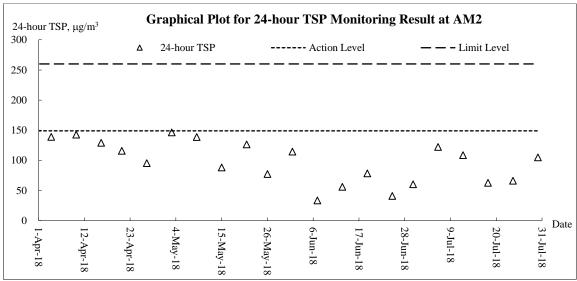


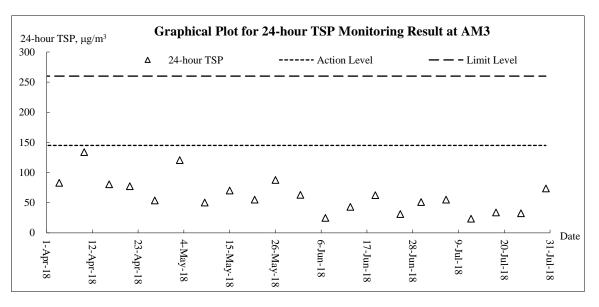




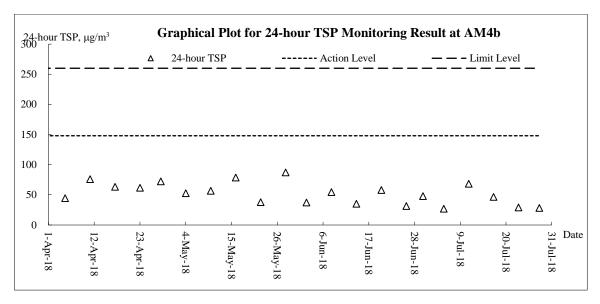
Air Quality – 24-hour TSP

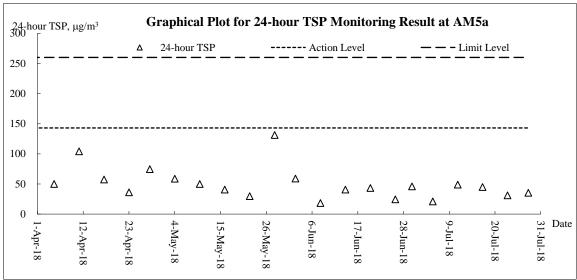


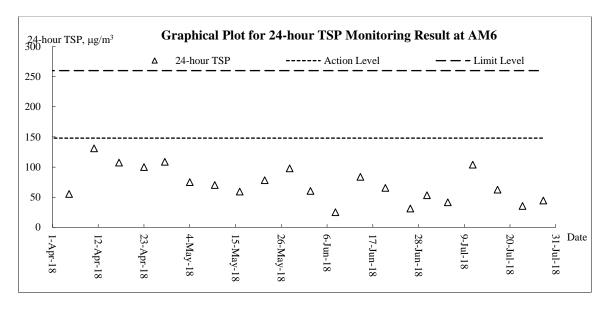




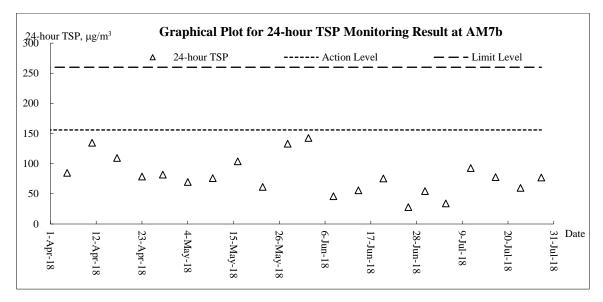


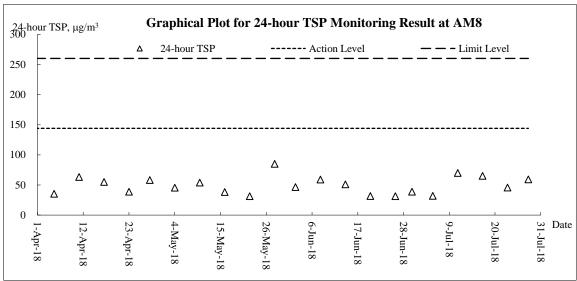


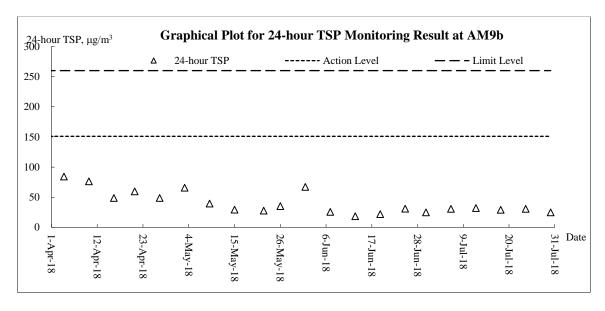






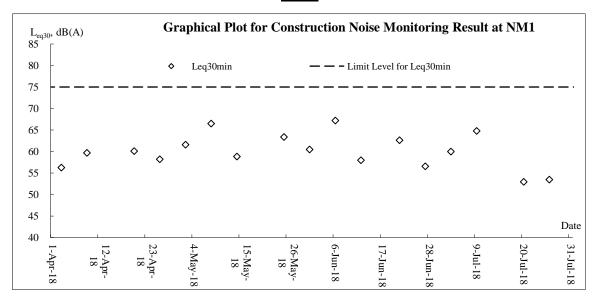


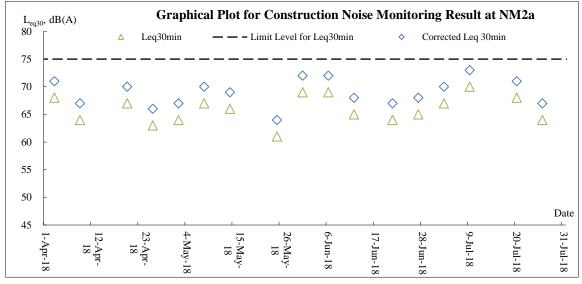


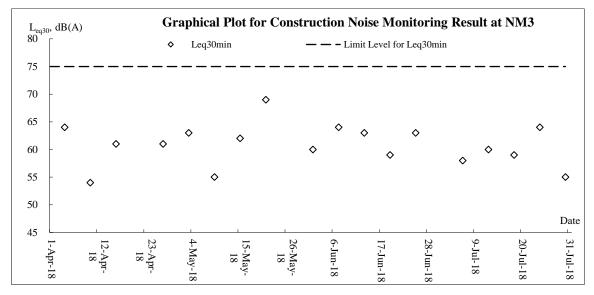




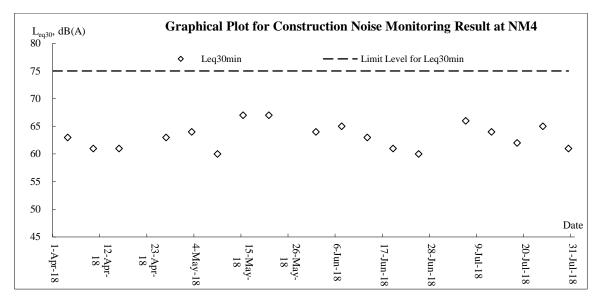
Noise

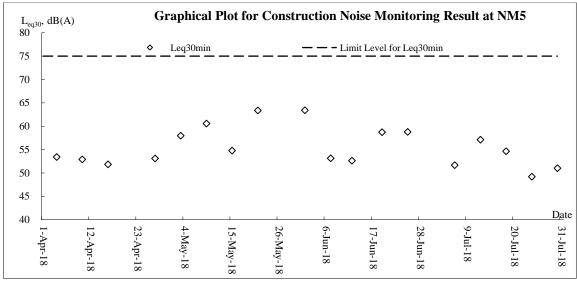


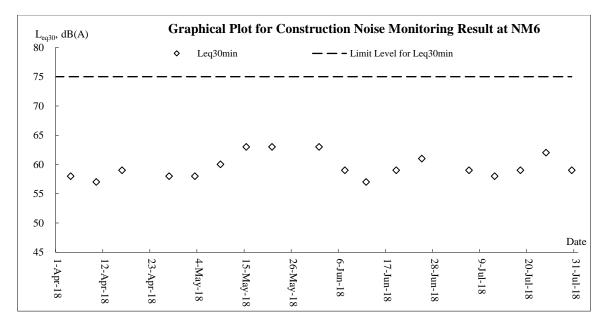




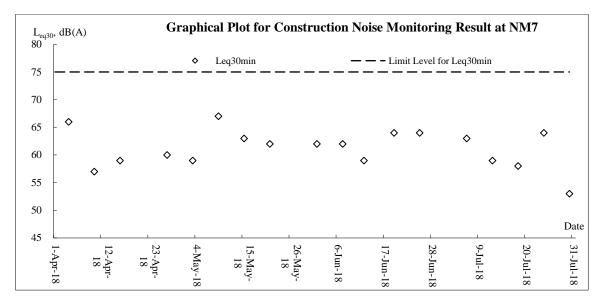


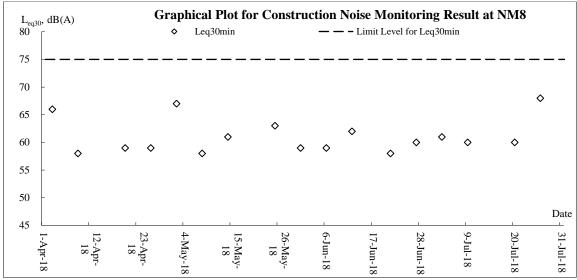


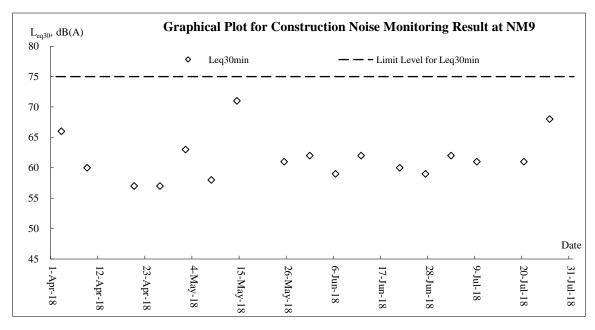




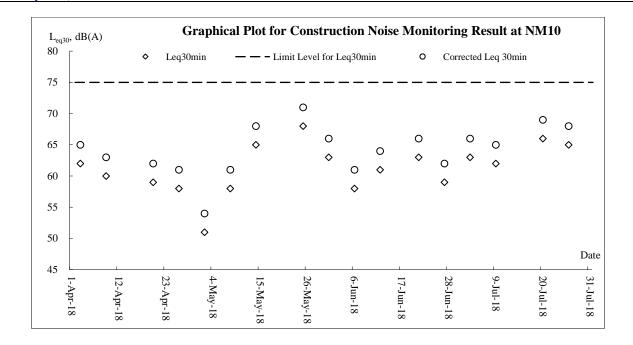






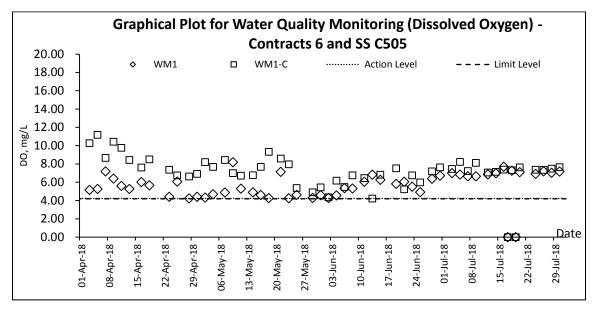


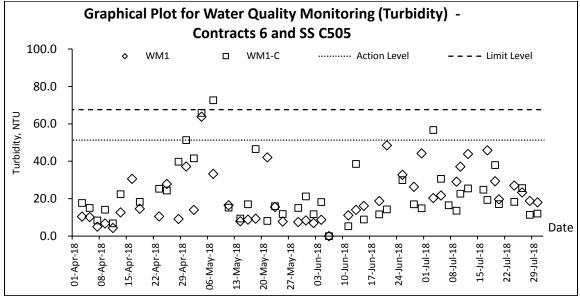


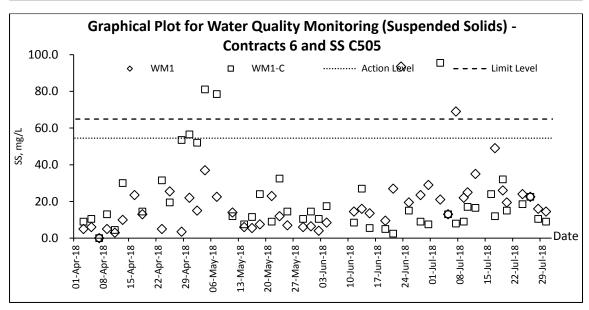




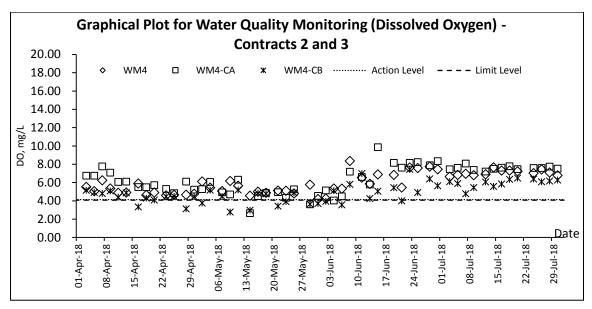
Water Quality

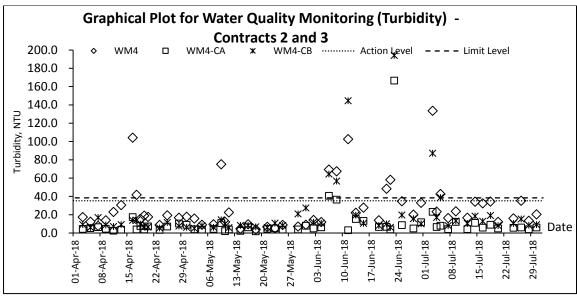


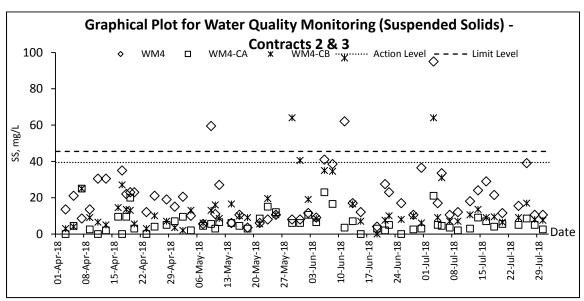




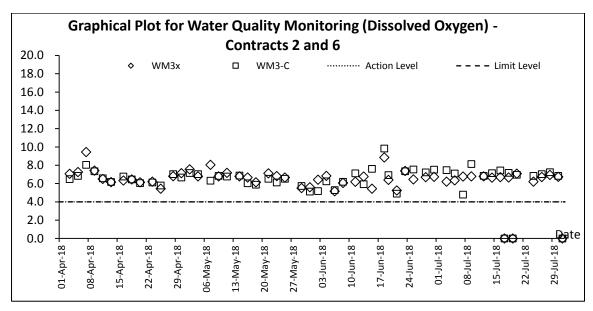


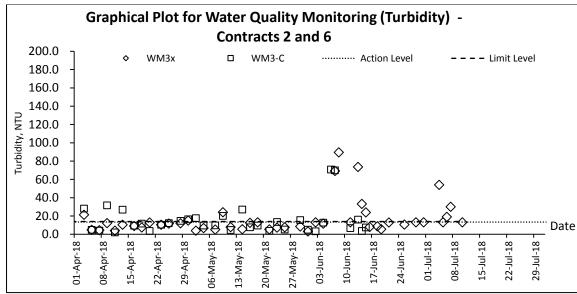


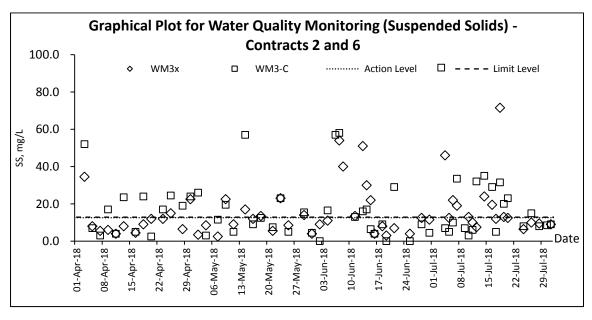




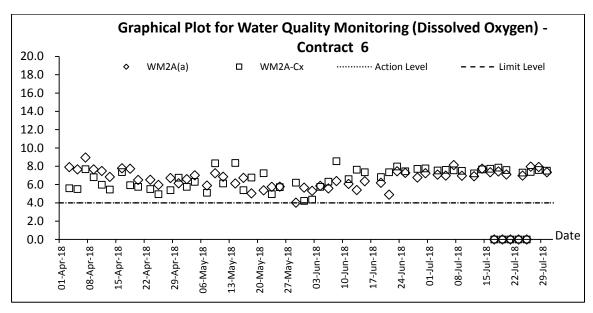


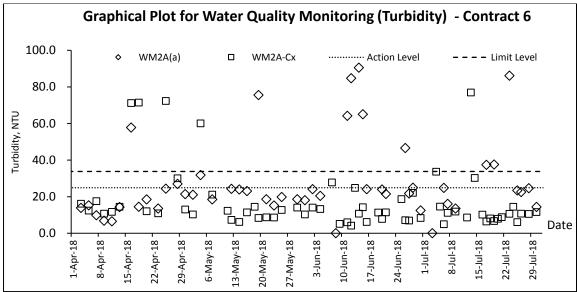


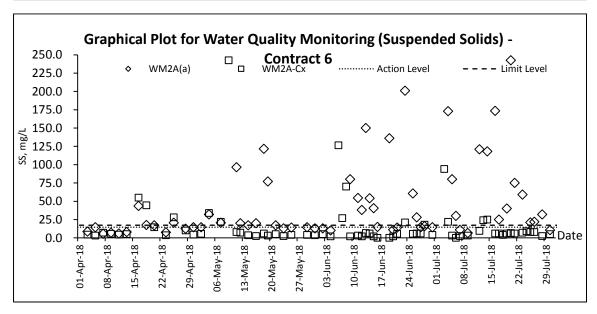














Appendix G

Weather information



Weather Condition Extracted from HKO

The weather of May 2018

Under the dominance of an upper-air anticyclone over the northern part of the South China Sea, Hong Kong experienced an exceptionally hot and dry May with a 20-day fine spell that lasted till the end of the month. The monthly mean temperature of 28.3 degrees and monthly mean minimum temperature of 26.1 degrees were 2.4 degrees and 2.0 degrees above their respective normals and were the highest ever on record for May. The mean maximum temperature of 31.7 degrees was 3.3 degrees above normal and the second highest on record for May. There were in total 16 very hot days, including a heat wave of 15 consecutive very hot days that started from 17 May, and 6 hot nights in the month, all breaking the records for May. The total duration of bright sunshine was 236.9 hours, 96.5 hours above the normal of 140.4 hours and the fourth highest on record for May. The mean cloud amount of 62% and the mean relative humidity of 77% were respectively the joint fifth and joint third lowest on record for May. Rainfall in the month amounted to only 57.5 millimetres, less than one-fifth of the normal of 304.7 millimetres. The accumulated rainfall recorded in the first five months of the year was 175.0 millimetres, a deficit of 73 percent compared to the normal of 640.8 millimetres and the second lowest record for the same period.

The weather of June 2018

After a very dry May, the long awaited rainfall eventually returned to Hong Kong in June 2018, mainly due to the passage of tropical cyclone Ewiniar in early June, as well as showery activities associated with troughs and an active southerly airstream later in the month. The monthly rainfall was 458.8 millimetres, slightly above the normal of 456.1 millimetres in June. However, with well below normal rainfall in the first five months, the accumulated rainfall recorded in the first half of the year was 633.8 millimetres, a deficit of 42 percent compared to the normal of 1096.9 millimetres for the same period. The month was also warmer than usual with a mean temperature of 28.6 degrees, 0.7 degree above the normal of 27.9 degrees.

The weather of July 2018

The weather in Hong Kong was cloudier than usual in July 2018. The mean amount of cloud in the month was 77 percent, 8 percent above the normal of 69 percent. The duration of bright sunshine in the month was only 181.1 hours, about 15 percent below the normal figure of 212.0 hours. The month was also warmer than usual with the mean temperature of 29.1 degrees, 0.3 degrees above the normal of 28.8 degrees. Despite the cloudy and rather showery conditions for most part of the month, the monthly rainfall was 341.1 millimetres, about 9 percent below the normal of 376.5 millimetres in July. The accumulated rainfall recorded in the first seven months of the year was 974.9 millimetres, a deficit of 34 percent compared to the normal of 1473.3 millimetres for the same period.

Remark: The meteorological data during the Reporting Period is presented in the relevant monthly EM&A report.



Appendix H

Waste Flow Table



APPENDIX G: MONTHLY SUMMARY WASTE FLOW TABLE

		Actual Quantiti	ies of Inert C&D) Materials Gen	erated Monthly	7	Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly					
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill*	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics (see Note 3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse#	
	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000m ³)	
Jan	86.6400	0.0000	0.0000	5.2900	81.3500	1.6570	45.0000	0.3100	2.8000	4.5760	0.6575	
Feb	33.2700	0.0000	0.0000	3.6700	29.6000	1.3470	32.0000	0.2500	2.4000	1.9500	0.2850	
Mar	39.7600	0.0000	0.0000	3.4600	36.3000	1.3380	36.0000	0.3050	2.7000	9.8560	0.6290	
Apr	55.5979	0.0000	0.0000	3.3680	52.2299	1.2470	33.7800	0.3240	2.5000	0.0000	0.5748	
May	12.9815	0.0000	0.0000	4.6780	8.3035	1.1470	30.1400	0.3040	2.6000	44.9600	0.7056	
June	9.0720	0.0000	0.0000	3.1910	5.8810	1.2200	31.7800	0.2870	2.3000	0.1760	0.7534	
Sub-total	237.3214	0.0000	0.0000	23.6570	213.6644	7.9560	208.7000	1.7800	15.3000	61.5180	3.6053	
July	6.0440	0.0000	0.0000	0.5840	5.4600	1.4570	30.7500	0.2750	2.1000	1.5840	0.8810	
Aug	0.0000											
Sep	0.0000											
Oct	0.0000											
Nov	0.0000											
Dec	0.0000											
Sub-total	6.0440	0.0000	0.0000	0.5840	5.4600	1.4570	30.7500	0.2750	2.1000	1.5840	0.8810	
Total	243.3654	0.0000	0.0000	24.2410	219.1244	9.4130	239.4500	2.0550	17.4000	63.1020	4.4863	

FOR: 2018

- (1) The performance targets are given in PS 1.100(14)(a)
- (2) The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Site.
- (3) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging material.
- (4) The Contractor shall also submit the latest forecast of the total amount of C&D materials expected to be generated from the Works, together with a breakdown of the nature where the amount of C&D materials.
- (5) Assumption: 1m³ of inert material weight 2.2 tonne 1m3 of non-inert material weight 1.6 tonne 1m3 of chemical waste weight 0.88 tonne



				Forecast of To	tal Quantities of	C&D Materials t	to be Generated 1	from the Project			
Forecast		Hard Rock &						Doman/	Plastics		
Made at	Total Quantity	Large Broken		Reused in other	Disposed as	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/ cardboard		Chemicals	Others, e.g.
the End of		Concrete	Contract	Projects	Public Fill			packaging	(see Note 3)	Waste	general refuse
the Project											
Month-	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000m3)
Year											
Dec-13	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	220.6270	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Dec-14	425.4406	0.0000	2.7362	376.3945	46.3099	5.6245	3.2100	0.4390	0.0070	10.8800	2.2609
Dec-15	570.9459	0.0000	20.8159	543.2162	6.9138	4.5492	37.6310	3.9220	11.9700	16.1920	1.1696
Dec-16	905.0989	0.0000	7.4372	427.7834	469.8783	24.8350	430.5200	3.8500	18.7262	34.2936	1.9720
Dec-17	741.9482	0.0000	8.0385	175.6792	558.2305	78.3865	1681.8000	4.0700	30.5175	48.7906	5.9610
Dec-18	243.3654	0.0000	0.0000	24.2410	219.1244	9.4130	239.4500	2.0550	17.4000	63.1020	4.4863
Total	2886.7990	0.0000	39.0278	1547.3144	1300.4569	122.8082	2613.2380	14.3360	78.6207	173.2582	15.8498

Name of Department: CEDD Contract No.: CV/2012/09

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2018 (year)

	Actua	l Quantities	of Inert C&D	Materials G	enerated Mo	nthly	Actua	Quantities o	f C&D Wastes	Generated I	Monthly
		Hard Rock									
Manakh	Total	and Large	Reused in	Reused in	Disposed			Paper/			Others, e.g.
Month	Quantity	Broken	the	other	as Public	Imported		cardboard		Chemical	general
	Generated	Concrete	Contract	Projects	Fill	Fill	Metals	packaging	Plastics	Waste	refuse
	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m³)	(in m³)	(in '000m ³)							
Jan	3.089	0.304	0.060	0.000	2.725	0.923	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.150
Feb	2.697	0.256	0.150	0.000	2.292	1.144	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.095
Mar	1.524	0.141	0.120	0.000	1.263	0.211	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.085
Apr	2.880	0.786	0.360	0.000	1.734	0.788	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.125
May	1.164	0.290	0.101	0.000	0.773	0.185	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.150
Jun	0.862	0.082	0.515	0.000	0.265	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.110
Sub-total	12.216	1.859	1.306	0.000	9.051	3.251	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.715
Jul	1.520	0.261	0.476	0.000	0.783	0.039	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.135
Aug											
Sep											
Oct											
Nov											
Dec											
Total	13.736	2.120	1.782	0.000	9.834	3.290	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.850

- 1. Assume the density of soil fill is 2 ton/m³.
- 2. Assume the density of rock and broken concrete is 2.5 ton/m³.
- 3. Assume each truck of C&D wastes is 5m³.
- 4. The inert C&D materials except slurry and bentonite are disposed at Tuen Mun 38.
- 5. The slurry and bentonite are disposed at Tseung Kwun O 137.
- 6. The non-inert C&D wastes are disposed at NENT.
- 7. Assume the density of metal is 7,850 kg/m³.
- 8. Assume the density of plastic is 941 kg/m³.
- 9. Assume the density of paper is 800 kg/m³.

		Forecast of 1	Total Quanti	ties of C&D	Materials to	be Generate	ed from the	Contract		
Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Diposal as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/card board packaging	Plastics (see Note 3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
(in '000m ³)	(in '000m³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)
52.5	5.2	12.3	0.0	35.0	41.8	5.0	1.0	1.0	0.5	44.8

- (1) The performance targets are given in PS Clause 6(14).
- (2) The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Site.
- (3) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging material.
- (4) The Contractor shall also submit the latest forecast of the total amount of C&D materials expected to be generated from the Works, together with a breakdown of the nature where the total amount of C&D materials expected to be generated from the Works if equal to or exceed 50,000 m³.

SUMMARY TABLE FOR WORK PROCESSES OR ACTIVITIES REQUIRING TIMBER FOR TEMPORARY WORKS

Contract No.: <u>CV/2012/09</u>

Contract Title: Liantang / Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point Site Formation and Infrastructure Works - Contract 3

Item No.	Description of Works Process or Activity [see note (a) below]	Justifications for Using Timber in Temporary Construction Works	Est. Quantities of Timber Used (m ³)	Actual Quantities Used (m³)	Remarks
1	Formwork for Construction of Retaining Wall NB70	Easy handling by manpower	30.00	30.00	
2	Formwork for Construction of Retaining Wall NB72	Easy handling by manpower	63.52	63.52	
3	Formwork for Construction of Retaining Wall NB73	Easy handling by manpower	227.59	227.59	
4	Formwork for Construction of Retaining Wall NB71	Easy handling by manpower	17.00	17.00	
5	Formwork for Construction of Retaining Wall FR32	Easy handling by manpower	39.36	39.36	
6	Formwork for Construction of High Mast	Easy handling by manpower	36.00	36.00	
7	Formwork for Construction of Drainage	Easy handling by manpower	220.00	220.00	
		Total Estimated Quantity of Timber Used	633.47		

- (a) The Contractor shall list out all the work items requiring timber for use in temporary construction works. Several minor work items may be grouped into one for ease of updating.
- (b) The summary table shall be submitted to the Engineer's Representative monthly together with the Waste Flow Table for review and monitoring in accordance with the PS Clause 25.24(11)...

Appendix A

Name of Department: CEDD Contract No.: NE/2014/02

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2018

		Actua	al Quantities of Inert C&I	Materials Generated M	Ionthly			Actual Quanti	ties of C&D Wastes Gen	erated Monthly	
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics (see Note 3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000m ³)
2016	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2017	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Jan-18	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Feb-18	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Mar-18	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Apr-18	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
May-18	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Jun-18	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Jul-18	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Aug-18											
Sep-18											
Oct-18											
Nov-18											
Dec-18											
Total	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

	Forecast of Total	al Quantities of C&D Mat	erials to be Generated from	om the Contract*						
Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics (see Note 3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000m ³)
0.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.500	0.000	0.500	0.200	0.000	0.000	0.200

- (1) The performance targets are given in PS Clause 1.84(14).
- (2) The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Sites.
- (3) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging materials.
- (4) Estimate 6m3 capacity per dump truck

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2018 (year)

Name of Person completing the record: K.M. Lui (EO)

Project: Liangtang / Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point Site Formation and Infrastructure Works – Contract 6 Contract No.: CV/2013/08

Troject . L					ronnation and				2005	Contract No C	
	A	ctual Quantitie	es of Inert C&I) Materials G	enerated Month	ıly	Actua	al Quantities of	of C&D Waste	s Generated M	lonthly
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics (see Note 3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000 m ³)
Jan	4.152	0	0.629	1.947	1.576	0	0	0.240	0	0	0.892
Feb	2.740	0	0.867	0.544	1.329	0	0	0.402	0	0	0.578
Mar	3.269	0	1.581	0.969	0.719	0	0	0.380	0	0	0.725
Apr	2.901	0	0.255	1.955	0.691	0	0	0.360	0	0	0.921
May	3.194	0	0.068	1.964	1.162	0	0	0.384	0	0	1.340
Jun	2.206	0	0	0.9775	1.228	0	0	0.270	0	0	0.714
Sub-total	18.462	0.000	3.400	8.357	6.705	0.000	0.000	2.036	0.000	0.000	5.170
Jul	1.512	0	0	0.816	0.696	0	0	1.608	0	0	0.846
Aug											
Sep											
Oct											
Nov											
Dec											
Total	1018.368	0.000	166.627	279.816	571.926	53.939	0.000	10.023	0.007	34.045	14.767

- (1) The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Site.
- (2) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials.
- (3) Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates.

MONTHLY SUMMARY WASTE FLOW TABLE

Name of Departi	nent: CEDD		
Contract Title:	Liantang/ Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point Site Formation and Infrastructure Works – Contract 7	Contract No.:	NE/2014/03

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2018 (year)

			tities of Inert C&I	Materials Genera	ted Monthly		Act	ual Quantities of No	on-Inert C&D Was	stes Generated Mor	nthly
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/cardboard packaging	Plastic (see Note 3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000m3)
Jan	0.015	0	0	0	0.015	0	14.5	0.5	0.001	0	0.15
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0.18	0.001	0	0.13
Mar	0.005	0	0	0	0.005	0	6	0.15	0.001	0	0.2
Apr	1.1	0	0	0	1.1	0	6.6	0.22	0.001	0	0.3
May	0.077	0	0	0	0.077	0	1.3	0.15	0.001	0	0.1
June	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0.4	0.001	0	0.05
Sub-total	1.197	0	0	0	1.197	0	43.4	1.6	0.006	0	0.93
July	0.5	0	0	0	0.5	0	2.5	0.1	0.001	0	0.2
Aug											
Sept											
Oct											
Nov											
Dec											
Total	1.697	0	0	0	1.697	0	45.9	1.7	0.007	0	1.130

Notes: (1) The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Site.

⁽²⁾ Plastics refer to plastic bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging material.

Architectural Services Departme	nt
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Form No. D/OI.03/09.002

Contract No. / Works Order No.: - SSC505

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2018 [year] [to be submitted not later than the 15th day of each month following reporting month]

(All quantities shall be rounded off to 3 decimal places.)

		Actual Quantities of In	nert Construction Waste Ge	enerated Monthly	
Month	(a)=(b)+(c)+(d)+(e) Total Quantity Generated	(b) Broken Concrete (see Note 4)	(c) Reused in the Contract	(d) Reused in other Projects	(e) Disposed of as Public Fill
	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)
Jan	5.298	0.646	0.160	0.000	4.492
Feb	7.243	0.572	0.320	0.000	6.351
Mar	11.241	0.831	0.225	0.000	10.186
Apr	3.717	1.458	0.257	0.000	2.002
May	5.346	0.788	0.300	0.000	4.258
Jun	6.828	0.661	0.376	0.000	5.792
Sub-total	39.672	4.956	1.638	0.000	33.079
Jul	11.637	0.051	0.282	0.000	11.304
Aug					
Sep					
Oct					
Nov					
Dec					
Total	51.309	5.007	1.920	0.000	44.382

					Actual Qua	ntities of Nor	n-inert Constr	uction Waste	Generated M	onthly			
Month	Timber		Metals		Paper/ cardboard packaging		Plastics (see Note 3)		Chemica	al Waste	Other Recyclable Materials (see Page 3)		General Refuse disposed of at Landfill
	(in '00	00kg)	(in '0	00kg)	(in '00	00kg)	(in '0	00kg)	(in '0	00kg)	(in '0	00kg)	(in '000m ³)
	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated
Jan	0.000	0.000	375.870	375.870	0.220	0.220	0.032	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.918
Feb	0.000	0.000	720.120	720.120	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.223
Mar	0.000	0.000	220.860	220.860	0.830	0.830	0.005	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.005	2.711
Apr	0.000	0.000	202.130	202.130	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.470
May	0.000	0.000	294.330	294.330	0.000	0.000	0.042	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.490
Jun	0.000	0.000	242.170	242.170	0.990	0.990	0.000	0.000	1.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.997
Sub-total	0.000	0.000	2,055.480	2,055.480	2.040	2.040	0.079	0.079	1.200	0.000	0.005	0.005	14.809
Jul	0.000	0.000	218.990	218.990	0.280	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.146
Aug													
Sep													
Oct													
Nov													
Dec	_				_		_						
Total	0.000	0.000	2,274.470	2,274.470	2.320	2.320	0.079	0.079	1.200	0.000	0.005	0.005	17.955

Description of mode	Description of mode and details of recycling if any for the month e.g. XX kg of used timber was sent to YY site for transformation into fertilizers									
218.99 tons of scrap metals were sent to Wai Hung Metal Ltd., Global Metal Ltd., Hing Lung Metal Ltd., for recycling	Aggregates Ltd. for	280.0 kg of paper were sent to Lau Choi Kee Papers Co. Ltd. for recycling.								

Page 3

- (1) The performance targets are given in the Particular Specification on Environmental Management Plan.
- (2) The waste flow table shall also include construction waste that are specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the site.
- Plastics refer to plastic bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging material.
- (4) Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates.
- (5) If necessary, use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5 m³ by volume.



Appendix I

Implementation Schedule for Environmental Mitigation Measures



EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure	Who to implement the	Location of the measure	When to implement the	What requirements or standards for the measure to
	nei.		& Main Concerns to address	measure?	illeasure	measure?	achieve?
Air Quali	ty Impact (Construction)					
3.6.1.1	2.1	 General Dust Control Measures The following dust suppression measures should be implemented: Frequent water spraying for active construction areas (4 times per day for active areas in Po Kak Tsai and 8 times per day for all other active areas), including areas with heavy construction and slope cutting activities 80% of stockpile areas should be covered by impervious sheets Speed of trucks within the site should be controlled to about 10 km/hr All haul roads within the site should be paved to avoid dust 	To minimize adverse dust emission generated from various construction activities of the works sites	Contractor	Construction Works Sites	During Construction	EIA Recommendation and Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation
		emission due to vehicular movement					
3.6.1.2	2.1	Best Practice for Dust Control The relevant best practices for dust control as stipulated in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation should be adopted to further reduce the construction dust impacts of the Project. These best practices include: Good site management	To minimize adverse dust emission generated from various construction activities of the works sites	Contractor	Construction Works Sites	During Construction	EIA Recommendation and Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation
		 The Contractor should maintain high standard of housekeeping to prevent emission of fugitive dust. Loading, unloading, handling and storage of raw materials, wastes or by-products should be carried out in a manner so as to minimize the release of visible dust emission. 					
		 Any piles of materials accumulated on or around the work areas should be cleaned up regularly. Cleaning, repair and maintenance of all plant facilities within the work areas should be carried out in a manner minimizing generation of fugitive dust emissions. 					
		 The material should be handled properly to prevent fugitive dust emission before cleaning. Disturbed Parts of the Roads Each and every main temporary access should be paved with 					



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concrete, bituminous hardcore materials or metal plates and kept clear of dusty materials; or

 Unpaved parts of the road should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical so as to keep the entire road surface wet.

Exposed Earth

Exposed earth should be properly treated by compaction, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or seating with latex, vinyl, bitumen within six months after the last construction activity on the site or part of the site where the exposed earth lies.

Loading, Unloading or Transfer of Dusty Materials

 All dusty materials should be sprayed with water immediately prior to any loading or transfer operation so as to keep the dusty material wet.

Debris Handlina

- Any debris should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or stored in a debris collection area sheltered on the top and the three sides.
- Before debris is dumped into a chute, water should be sprayed so that it remains wet when it is dumped.

Transport of Dusty Materials

 Vehicle used for transporting dusty materials/spoils should be covered with tarpaulin or similar material. The cover should extend over the edges of the sides and tailboards.

Wheel washing

Vehicle wheel washing facilities should be provided at each construction site exit. Immediately before leaving the construction site, every vehicle should be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels.

Use of vehicles

- Immediately before leaving the construction site, every vehicle should be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels.
- Where a vehicle leaving the construction site is carrying a load of dusty materials, the load should be covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the vehicle.



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		Site hoarding Where a site boundary adjoins a road, street, service lane or other area accessible to the public, hoarding of not less than 2.4m high from ground level should be provided along the entire length of that portion of the site boundary except for a site entrance or exit. Blasting The areas within 30m from the blasting area should be wetted with water prior to blasting.					
Air Quali	ty Impact (Operation)					
3.5.2.2	2.2	 The following odour containment and control measures will be provided for the proposed sewage treatment work at the BCP site: The treatment work will be totally enclosed. Negative pressure ventilation will be provided within the enclosure to avoid any fugitive odorous emission from the treatment work. Further odour containment will be achieved by covering or confining the sewage channels, sewage tanks, and equipment with potential odour emission. Proper mixing will be provided at the equalization and sludge holding tanks to prevent sewage septicity. Chemical or biological deodorisation facilities with a minimum odour removal efficiency of 90% will be provided to treat potential odorous emissions from the treatment plant including sewage channels / tanks, filter press and screening facilities so as to minimize any potential odour impact to the nearby ASRs. 	To minimize potential odour impact from operation of the proposed sewage treatment work at BCP	DSD	BCP	Operation Phase	EIA recommendation
Noise Imp	pact (Cons						
4.4.1.4	3.1	Adoption of Quieter PME Use of the recommended quieter PME such as those given in the BS5228: Part 1:2009 and presented in Table 4.14, which can be found in Hong Kong.	To minimize the construction airborne noise impact	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	EIA recommendation, EIAO and Noise Control Ordinance (NCO)



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4.4.1.4	3.1	Use of Movable Noise Barrier The use of movable barrier for certain PME can further alleviate the construction noise impacts. In general, a 5 dB(A) reduction for movable PME and 10 dB(A) for stationary PME can be achieved depending on the actual design of the movable noise barrier. The Contractor shall be responsible for design of the movable noise barrier with due consideration given to the size of the PME and the requirement for intercepting the line of sight between the NSRs and PME. Barrier material with surface mass in excess of 7 kg/m² is recommended to achieve the predicted screening effect.	To minimize the construction airborne noise impact	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	EIA recommendation, EIAO and NCO
4.4.1.4	3.1	Use of Noise Enclosure/ Acoustic Shed The use of noise enclosure or acoustic shed is to cover stationary PME such as air compressor and concrete pump. With the adoption of the noise enclosure, the PME could be completely screened, and noise reduction of 15 dB(A) can be achieved according to the GW-TM.	To minimize the construction airborne noise impact	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	EIA recommendation, EIAO and NCO
4.4.1.4	3.1	Use of Noise Insulating Fabric Noise insulating fabric can be adopted for certain PME (e.g. drill rig, pilling auger etc). The insulating fabric should be lapped such that there are no openings or gaps on the joints. Technical data from manufacturers state that by using the Fabric, a noise reduction of over 10 dB(A) can be achieved on noise level.	To minimize the construction air-borne noise impact	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	EIA recommendation, EIAO and NCO



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4.4.1.4	3.1	Good Site Practice	To minimize the	Contractors	Construction	During Construction	EIA recommendation
		The good site practices listed below should be followed during each phase of construction:	construction air- borne noise impact		Work Sites		EIAO and NCO
		 Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction programme; 					
		 Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be utilized and should be properly maintained during the construction programme; 					
		• Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far from NSRs as possible;					
		 Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum; 					
		 Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs; and 					
		 Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilized, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities. 					
Noise Im	pact (Oper	ation)					
		Road Traffic Noise					
Table 4.42 and Figure 4.20.1 to 4.20.4	3.2	Erection of noise barrier/ enclosure along the viaduct section.	To minimize the road traffic noise along the connecting road of BCP	Contractor	Loi Tung and Fanling Highway Interchange	Before Operation	EIAO and NCO
1.20.1		Fixed Plant Noise					
Table 4.46	3.2	Specification of the maximum allowable sound power levels of the proposed fixed plants during daytime and night-time.	To minimize the fixed plant noise impact	Managing Authority of the buildings / Contractor	BCP, Administration Building and all ventilation buildings	Before Operation	EIA recommendation EIAO and NCO



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4.5.2.4	3.2	 The following noise reduction measures shall be considered as far as practicable during operation: Choose quieter plant such as those which have been effectively silenced; Include noise levels specification when ordering new plant (including chillier and E/M equipment); Locate fixed plant/louver away from any NSRs as far as practicable; Locate fixed plant in walled plant rooms or in specially designed enclosures; Locate noisy machines in a basement or a completely separate building; Install direct noise mitigation measures including silencers, acoustic louvers and acoustic enclosure where necessary; and Develop and implement a regularly scheduled plant maintenance programme so that equipment is properly operated and serviced in order to maintain a controlled level of noise. 	To minimize the fixed plant noise impact	Managing Authority of the buildings / Contractor	BCP, Administration Building and all ventilation buildings	Before Operation	EIAO and NCO
Water Qu	uality Impac	et (Construction)					
5.6.1.1	4.1	Construction site runoff and drainage The site practices outlined in ProPECC Note PN 1/94 should be followed as far as practicable in order to minimise surface runoff and the chance of erosion. The following measures are recommended to protect water quality and when properly implemented should be sufficient to adequately control site discharges so as to avoid water quality impacts:	To control site runoff and drainage; prevent high sediment loading from reaching the nearby	Contractor	Construction Works Sites	Construction Phase	Practice Note for Professional Persons on Construction Site Drainage (ProPECC Note PN 1/94)
		At the start of site establishment, perimeter cut-off drains to direct off-site water around the site should be constructed with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentation control facilities implemented. Channels (both temporary and permanent drainage pipes and culverts), earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct stormwater to silt removal facilities. The design of the temporary on-site drainage system should be undertaken by the Contractor prior to the commencement of construction.	watercourses				
		The dikes or embankments for flood protection should be implemented around the boundaries of earthwork areas.					



EIA Ref. EM&A Ref.

Recommended Mitigation Measures

Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address

Who to implement the measure?

Location of the measure

When to implement the measure?

What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?

Temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate the runoff discharge into stormwater drainage system through a sediment/silt trap. The sediment/silt traps should be incorporated in the permanent drainage channels to enhance deposition rates, if practical.

- Sand/silt removal facilities such as sand/silt traps and sediment basins should be provided to remove sand/silt particles from runoff to meet the requirements of the TM standards under the WPCO. The design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC Note PN 1/94. Sizes may vary depending upon the flow rate. The detailed design of the sand/silt traps should be undertaken by the Contractor prior to the commencement of construction.
- All drainage facilities and erosion and sediment control structures should be regularly inspected and maintained to ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and particularly during rainstorms. Deposited silt and grit should be regularly removed, at the onset of and after each rainstorm to ensure that these facilities are functioning properly at all times.
- Measures should be taken to minimize the ingress of site drainage into excavations. If excavation of trenches in wet periods is necessary, they should be dug and backfilled in short sections wherever practicable. Water pumped out from foundation excavations should be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities.
- If surface excavation works cannot be avoided during the wet season (April to September), temporarily exposed slope/soil surfaces should be covered by tarpaulin or other means, as far as practicable, and temporary access roads should be protected by crushed stone or gravel, as excavation proceeds. Interception channels should be provided (e.g. along the crest/edge of the excavation) to prevent storm runoff from washing across exposed soil surfaces. Arrangements should always be in place to ensure that adequate surface protection measures can be safely carried out well before the arrival of a rainstorm. Other measures that need to be implemented before, during and after rainstorms are summarized in ProPECC Note PN 1/94.
- The overall slope of the site should be kept to a minimum to reduce



EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure	Who to implement	Location of the	When to implement the	What requirements or standards for the
	Ref.		& Main Concerns to address	the measure?	measure	measure?	measure to achieve?
		the erosive potential of surface water flows.	·				
		All vehicles and plant should be cleaned before leaving a construction site to ensure no earth, mud, debris and the like is deposited by them on roads. An adequately designed and sited wheel washing facility should be provided at construction site exit where practicable. Wash-water should have sand and silt settled out and removed regularly to ensure the continued efficiency of the process. The section of access road leading to, and exiting from, the wheel-wash bay to the public road should be paved with sufficient backfall toward the wheel-wash bay to prevent vehicle tracking of soil and silty water to public roads and drains.					
		Open stockpiles of construction materials or construction wastes on-site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms. Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system.					
		Manholes (including newly constructed ones) should be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris being washed into the drainage system and stormwater runoff being directed into foul sewers.					
		■ Precautions should be taken at any time of the year when rainstorms are likely. Actions should be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or forecasted and actions to be taken during or after rainstorms are summarized in Appendix A2 of ProPECC Note PN 1/94. Particular attention should be paid to the control of silty surface runoff during storm events, especially for areas located near steep slopes.					
		■ Bentonite slurries used in piling or slurry walling should be reconditioned and reused wherever practicable. Temporary enclosed storage locations should be provided on-site for any unused bentonite that needs to be transported away after all the related construction activities are completed. The requirements in ProPECC Note PN 1/94 should be adhered to in the handling and disposal of bentonite slurries.					
5.6.1.1	4.1	Good site practices for works within water gathering grounds	To minimize water	Contractor	Construction	Construction	ProPECC Note PN
		The following conditions should be complied, if there is any works to be carried out within the water gathering grounds:	quality impacts to the water gathering grounds		Works Sites within the water gathering	Phase	1/94



EIA Ref. Recommended Mitigation Measures Ref.	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
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- Adequate measures should be implemented to ensure no pollution or siltation occurs to the catchwaters and catchments.
- No earth, building materials, oil or fuel, soil, toxic materials or any materials that may possibly cause contamination to water gathering grounds are allowed to be stockpiled on site.
- All surplus spoil should be removed from water gathering grounds as soon as possible.
- Temporary drains with silt traps should be constructed at the site boundary before the commencement of any earthworks.
- Regular cleaning of silt traps should be carried out to ensure proper operation at all time.
- All excavated or filled surfaces which have the risk of erosion should always be protected form erosion.
- Facilities for washing the wheels of vehicles before leaving the site should be provided.
- Any construction plant which causes pollution to catchwaters or catchments due to the leakage of oil or fuel should be removed off site immediately.
- No maintenance activities which may generate chemical wastes should be undertaken in the water gathering grounds. Vehicle maintenance should be confined to designated paved areas only and any spillages should be cleared up immediately using absorbents and waste oils should be collected in designated tanks prior to disposal off site. All storm water run-off from these areas should be discharged via oil/petrol separators and sand/silt removal traps.
- Any soil contaminated with fuel leaked from plant should be removed off site and the voids arising from removal of contaminated soil should be replaced by suitable material approved by the Director of Water Supplies.
- Provision of temporary toilet facilities and use of chemicals or insecticide of any kind are subject to the approval of the Director of Water Supplies.
- Drainage plans should be submitted for approval by the Director of

grounds



Construction solid waste, debris and refuse generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering any nearby storrmwater drain. Stockpiles of cement and other construction materials should be kept covered when not being used. Oils and fuels should only be stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. To prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to any nearby storrmwater drain, all fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with looks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained of rainwater after a rain event. Sewage effluent from construction workforce Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets, should be employed on-site where necessary to handle sewage from the workforce. A licensed contractor should be employed to provide appropriate disposal and maintenance. 6.6.1.4 4.1 Hydrogeological Impact Grout injection works would be conducted before blasting, for sealing a limited area around the tunnel with a grout of a suitable strength for controlling the potential groundwater inflows. The pre-injection grouting where necessary to further enhance the groundwater inflows. The pre-injection grouting where necessary to further enhance the groundwater inflows. The pre-injection grouting where necessary to further enhance the groundwater inflows. Ontol. On-site realment for the groundwater inflows. The pre-injection grouting where necessary to further enhance the groundwater inflows. Ontol. On-site validations are really and the provided with long of the drain and blast tunnel with a grout of a suitable strength for realized to remove any contamination by grouting materials before discharge off-site.	EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
always be maintained. Earthworks near catchwaters or streamcourses should only be carried out in dry season between October and March, Advance notice must be given before the commencement of works on site quoting WSD's approval letter reference. 6.1.2 4.1 Good site practices of general construction activities Construction solid waste, debris and refuse generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering any nearby stormwater drain. Stockpiles of cement and other construction materials should be kept covered when not being used. Oils and fuels should only be stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. To prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to any nearby stormwater drain, all fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained of rainwater after a rain event. Sewage effluent from construction workforce Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets, should be employed on-site where necessary to handle sewage from the workforce. A licensed contractor should be eresponsible for appropriate and adequate portable toilets and be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance. 6.6.1.4 4.1 Hydrogeological Impact Grout injection works would be conducted before blasting, for sealing a limited area around the tunnel with a grout of a suitable strength for controlling the potential groundwater inflows. The pre-injection grouting method would be supplemented by post-injection grouting method would be supplemented by post-injection grouting where necessary to further enhance the groundwater inflow control. On-site treatment for the groundwater inflows purplement of the groundwater inflow control. On-site treatment for the groundwater inflow control. On-site value in the prevention of fisite. For minimize water quality impacts Contractor Contractor Construction works sites of th			Water Supplies.					
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Grout injection works would be conducted before blasting, for sealing a limited area around the tunnel with a grout of a suitable strength for controlling the potential groundwater inflows. The pre-injection grouting method would be supplemented by post-injection grouting where necessary to further enhance the groundwater inflow control. On-site treatment for the groundwater ingress pumped out would be required to remove any contamination by grouting materials before discharge off-site. Water Quality Impact (Operation)			be employed on-site where necessary to handle sewage from the workforce. A licensed contractor should be employed to provide appropriate and adequate portable toilets and be responsible for					
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			limited area around the tunnel with a grout of a suitable strength for controlling the potential groundwater inflows. The pre-injection grouting method would be supplemented by post-injection grouting where necessary to further enhance the groundwater inflow control. On-site treatment for the groundwater ingress pumped out would be required to remove any contamination by grouting materials before discharge					
No mitigation measure is required.	Water Qua	ality Impa	ct (Operation)					
			No mitigation measure is required.					



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6.7	5	The sewage generated by the on-site workforce should be collected in chemical toilets and disposed of off-site by a licensed waste collector.	To minimize water quality impacts	Contractor	All construction works sites with on-site sanitary facilities	Construction phase	EIA recommendation and WPCO
Sewage a	and Sewera	age Treatment Impact (Operation)					
6.6.3	5	Sewage generated by the BCP and Chuk Yuen Village Resite will be collected and treated by the proposed on-site sewage treatment facility using Membrane Bioreactor treatment with a portion of the treated wastewater reused for irrigation and flushing within the BCP.	To minimize water quality impacts	DSD	BCP	Operation phase	EIA recommendation and WPCO
6.5.3	5	Sewage generated from the Administration Building will be discharged to the existing local sewerage system.	To minimize water quality impacts	DSD	Administration Building	Operation phase	EIA recommendation and WPCO
Waste Ma	anagement	Implication (Construction)					
7.6.1.1	6	Good Site Practices Adverse impacts related to waste management such as potential hazard, air, odour, noise, wastewater discharge and public transport as mentioned in section 3.4.7.2 (ii)(c) of the Study Brief are not expected to arise, provided that good site practices are strictly followed. Recommendations for good site practices during the construction activities include:	To minimize adverse environmental impact	Contractor	Construction works sites (general)	Construction Phase	EIA recommendation Waste Disposal Ordinance; Waste Disposal (Chemical Wastes) (General) Regulation; and ETWB TC(W) No.
		Nomination of an approved person, such as a site manager, to be responsible for good site practices, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site					19/2005, Environmental Management on Construction Site
		 Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical handling procedures 					
		 Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection of waste 					
		 Dust suppression measures as required under the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation should be followed as far as practicable. Appropriate measures to minimise windblown litter and dust/odour during transportation of waste by covering trucks or in enclosed containers 					
		 General refuse shall be removed away immediately for disposal. As 					



EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		such odour is not anticipated to be an issue to distant sensitive receivers					
		Provision of wheel washing facilities before the trucks leaving the works area so as to minimise dust introduction from public road					
		 Covers and water spraying system should be provided for the stockpiled C&D material to prevent dust impact or being washed away 					
		 Designate different locations for storage of C&D material to enhance reuse 					
		■ Well planned programme for transportation of C&D material to lessen the off-site traffic impact. Well planned delivery programme for offsite disposal and imported filling material such that adverse noise impact from transporting of C&D material is not anticipated					
		■ Site practices outlined in ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage" should be adopted as far as practicable, such as cleaning and maintenance of drainage systems regularly					
		 Provision of cover for the stockpile material, sand bag or earth bund as barrier to prevent material from washing away and entering the drains 					
7.6.1.2	6	Waste Reduction Measures	To reduce the	Contractor	Construction	Construction	EIA recommendation
		Good management and control can prevent the generation of a significant amount of waste. Waste reduction is best achieved at the planning and design stage, as well as by ensuring the implementation of good site practices. Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include:	quantity of wastes		works sites (General)	Phase	and Waste Disposal Ordinance
		 Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal 					
		Encourage collection of aluminium cans by providing separate labelled bins to enable this waste to be segregated from other general refuse generated by the work force					
		 Proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials 					
		Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount					



EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.		Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		In addition to the above measures, specific mitigation measures are recommended below for the identified waste arising to minimise environmental impacts during handling, transportation and disposal of these wastes.					
7.6.1.3	6	C&D Materials	To minimize	Contractor	Construction	Construction	EIA recommendation;
		In order to minimise impacts resulting from collection and transportation of C&D material for off-site disposal, the excavated materials should be reused on-site as backfilling material as far as practicable. The surplus rock and other inert C&D material would be disposed of at the Government's Public Fill Reception Facilities (PFRFs) at Tuen Mun Area 38 for beneficial use by other projects in the HKSAR as the last resort. C&D waste generated from general site clearance and tree felling works would require disposal to the designated landfill site. Other mitigation requirements are listed below:	impacts resulting from C&D material		Works Sites (General)	Phase	Waste Disposal Ordinance; and ETWB TCW No. 31/2004
		 A Waste Management Plan should be prepared and implemented in accordance with ETWB TC(W) No. 19/2005 Environmental Management on Construction Site; and 					
		In order to monitor the disposal of C&D material and solid wastes at public filling facilities and landfills, and to control fly-tipping, a trip-ticket system (e.g. ETWB TCW No. 31/2004) should be included.					
7.6.1.4	6	General refuse General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separated from other C&D material. A reputable waste collector is to be employed by the Contractor to remove general refuse from the site separately. Preferably an enclosed and covered area should be provided to reduce the occurrence of 'wind blown' litter.	To minimize impacts resulting from collection and transportation of general refuse for off-site disposal	Contractor	Construction works sites (General)	Construction phase	Waste Disposal Ordinance and Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance - Public Cleansing and Prevention of Nuisances Regulation
7.6.1.5	6	Chemical waste If chemical wastes are produced at the construction site, the Contractor will be required to register with the EPD as a chemical waste producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical	To minimize impacts resulting from collection and transportation of chemical waste for off-site disposal	Contractor	Construction works sites (General)	Construction phase	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation and Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes