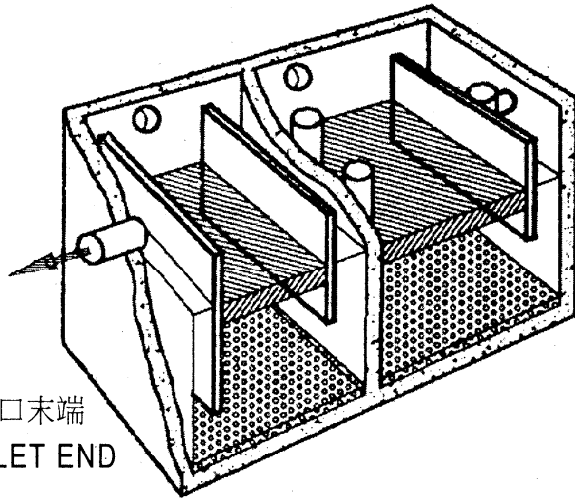
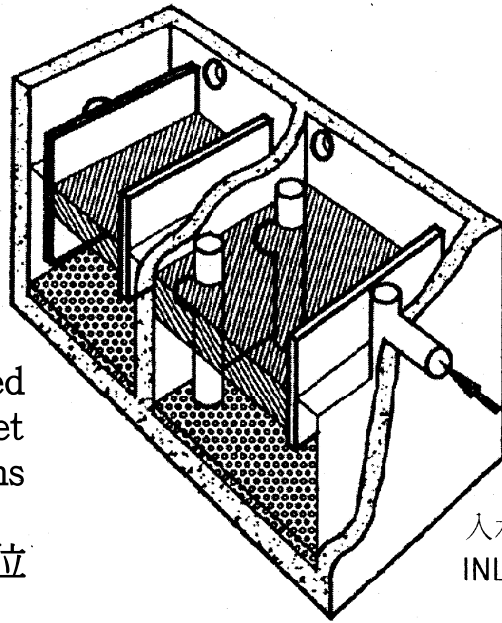


隔油池的兩個側視圖，圖中顯示了頂部的廢油脂層和底部的沉積廢物層

TWO VIEWS OF A GREASE TRAP WHICH SHOW THE TOP LAYER OF GREASY WASTE AND THE BOTTOM LAYER OF SETTLED SOLIDS



出水口末端
OUTLET END



入水口末端
INLET END

Sampling point should be provided immediately after the grease trap outlet or at other convenient locations downstream of the grease trap outlet
應於於隔油池出水口後或其下游的便利位置設置抽樣點

隔油池示意圖之圖例

KEY TO GREASE TRAP ILLUSTRATION ON FACING PAGE

All dimensions in millimeters
 W = width $W < L_1 < L_2 < 2000$
 L_T = total length = $L_1 + L_2$
 L_1 = length of first chamber
 L_2 = length of second chamber
 H_T = total depth = $H_L + H_s \leq 1800$
 H_L = liquid depth ≤ 1200
 H_s = head space = $1/3 H_T$
 CAPACITY = $\frac{W \times L_T \times H_L}{1,000,000} \geq 250$ Litres

$$1.3 \leq L_T + H_T \leq 2.0$$

$$1000 \leq W \times L_T + H_T \leq 2000$$

d = pipe diameter ≥ 100
 All baffles placed distance $d+50$ from trap wall
 All baffles extend $1.5d$ above liquid surface
 A = inlet baffle depth
 = $3d$ OR $2/3 H_L$, whichever is greater
 but ≤ 500
 Diameter of vent holes and pipes ≥ 80

尺寸均以毫米為單位
 W = 寬度 $W < L_1 < L_2 < 2000$
 L_T = 總長度 = $L_1 + L_2$
 L_1 = 第一隔間長度
 L_2 = 第二隔間長度
 H_T = 總深度 = $H_L + H_s \leq 1800$
 H_L = 液體深度 ≤ 1200
 H_s = 頂高 = $1/3 H_T$
 容量 = $\frac{W \times L_T \times H_L}{1,000,000} \geq 250$ 升

$$1.3 \leq L_T + H_T \leq 2.0$$

$$1000 \leq W \times L_T + H_T \leq 2000$$

d = 管徑 ≥ 100
 所有隔板應距池邊 $d+50$ (壹個管徑 +50) 的距離
 所有隔板應高於液面 $1.5d$ (壹個半管徑) 的距離
 A = 入水口隔板的深度
 = $3d$ 或 $2/3 H_L$ 以較大者為準，
 但 ≤ 500
 通風口及管的直徑 ≥ 80