Built Structures

Site Code: BS01	Site Name: Ho Ancestral Hall, No. 1 Tsung Yuen Ha
Full Address: No. 1 Tsung Yuen Ha	Figure No.: Figure 11.5
Orientation: Northwest	Category: Built Structure (Ancestral Hall)

Age of Structure: Renovated in 1997-98

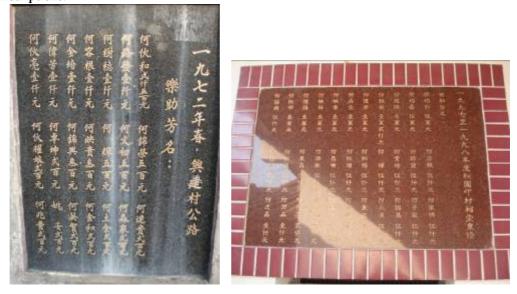
Surrounding Environment: The village committee house is located at the entrance of the Tsung Yuen Ha village and surround by other residential houses of the village. The entrance gate is located at the northwest corner with text "松園村公所" (Tsung Yuen Village Committee House) indicating that the ancestral hall also served as the community centre of the village.

Historical Appraisal:

Tsung Yuen Ha village is in the closed area of Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village occupied by the Hos who came to the village in the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. In order to commemorate and worship ancestors, the Hos established the Ho Ancestral Hall (何氏宗祠), which is located at the entrance of the village. According to the plaque inside the ancestral hall, a village road was built by the villagers in 1972.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions:



Plaques inside the Village Committee House

Architectural Appraisal:

It is a two halls building with an open courtyard in between and an enclosed frontyard. The halls comprise three bays. The ancestors' soul tablets are place on the altar in the rear hall of the middle bay for ancestral worship.

Interior:



Existing Condition: Well maintained

Past and Present Uses: Ancestral Hall

Notes on any Modifications: Additions and alterations of modern utilities

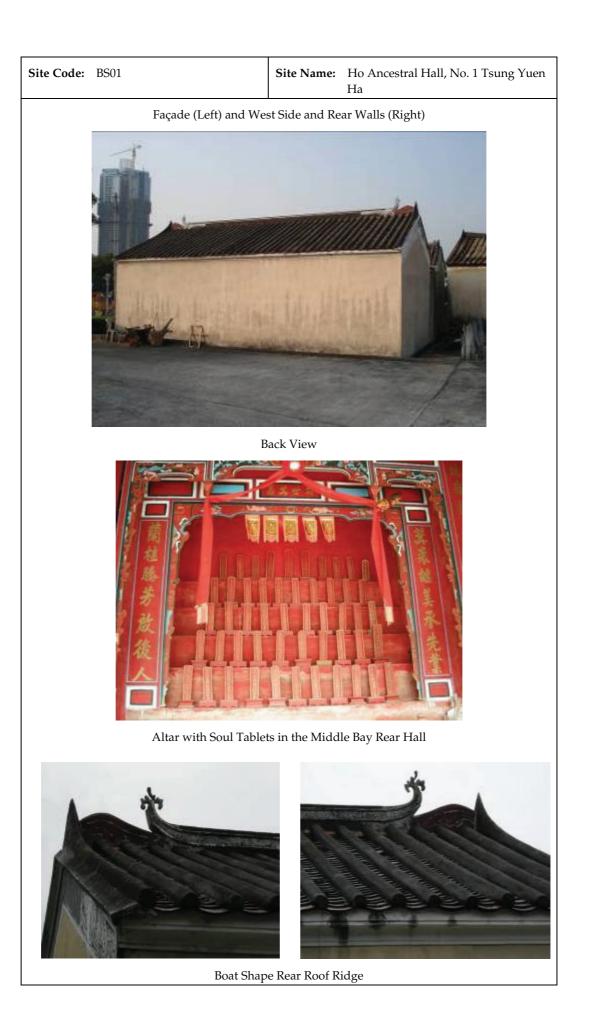
Photographic Records:



General Front View



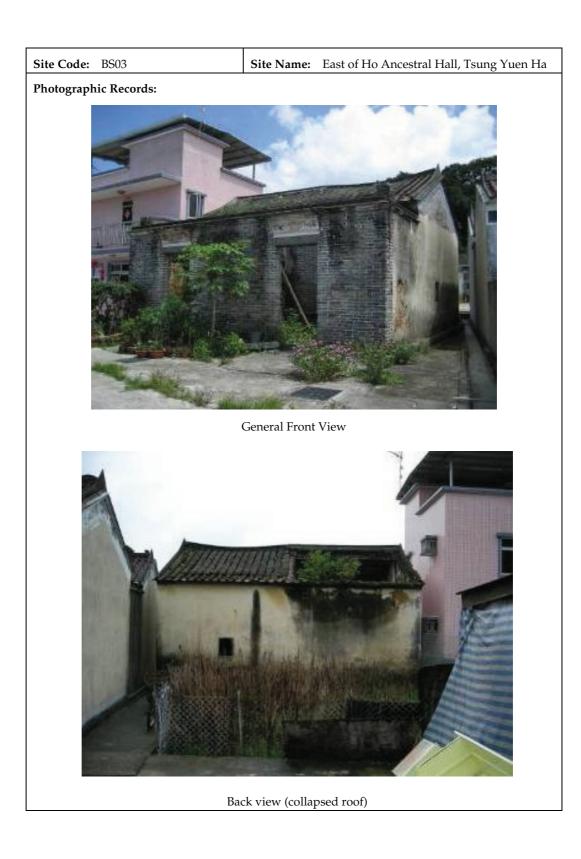
ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT



Site Code: BS02	Site Name: Nos 48 to 50 Tsung Yuen Ha	
Full Address: Nos 48 to 50 Tsung Yuen Ha	Figure No.: Figure 11.5	
Orientation: North	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)	
Age of Structure: Constructed before 1950		
Surrounding Environment: These buildings are located south of the Ho Ancestral Hall.		
Historical Appraisal:		
Tsung Yuen Ha village is in the closed area of Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village occupied by the Hos who came to the village in the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. The building was constructed before 1950. It is one of the few remaining historic buildings in the village.		
Associated historical/cultural events or indiv	iduals: Nil	
Inscriptions: Nil		
Architectural Appraisal:		
The buildings are two halls and three bays in layout. The middle bay may have been modified with modern materials. The side bays were constructed with grey bricks. An entrance door is located in the middle of each bay with and each has a granite lintel. Wall friezes with decorative features were also observed.		
Interior: Not accessible		
Existing Condition: Poor		
Past and Present Uses: Residential		
Notes on any Modifications: Nil		
Photographic Records:		
General Front View		



	Site Name: East of Ho Ancestral Hall, Tsung Yuen Ha	
Full Address: Tsung Yuen Ha	Figure No.: Figure 11.5	
Orientation: Northwest	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)	
Age of Structure: Constructed befor	re 1950	
Surrounding Environment: This bu Tsung Yuen Ha and has no building r	uilding is located between Ho Ancestral Hall and No. 3A number.	
occupied by the Hos who came to the	d area of Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village village in the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. The building of the few remaining historic buildings in the village.	
Associated historical/cultural events	or individuals: Nil	
Inscriptions: Nil		
Architectural Appraisal:		
earth. An entrance door opned in the granite made and decorative features	The building was constructed with grey bricks and rammed are middle of façade at each of the two bays. The lintel was were found on wall frieze. Small window openings are the building is in a ruined condition and the east bay roof has	
Interior:		
Existing Condition: Poor and dilapidated		
Existing Condition: Poor and dilapi	Past and Present Uses: Residential	
0 1		
0 1		
Past and Present Uses: Residential		
Past and Present Uses: Residential		



Site Code: BS04	Site Name: House between Nos 7 and 9, Tsung Yuen Ha
Full Address: Probably No. 8 Tsung Yuen Ha	Figure No.: Figure 11.5
Orientation: Northwest	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)
Age of Structure: Constructed before 1950	

Surrounding Environment: This building is located on the first row of houses between Nos. 7 and 9, Tsung Yuen Ha but without a building number.

Historical Appraisal:

Tsung Yuen Ha village is in the closed area of Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village occupied by the Hos who came to the village in the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. The building was constructed before 1950. It is one of the few remaining historic buildings in the village.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions: Nil

Architectural Appraisal:

It is two-hall and one-bay in layout and is constructed with grey bricks and rammed earth. The entrance door opened in the middle of façade. Decorative features were found above the lintel. Small window openings are found on the side and rear walls. The building is now ruined.

Existing Condition: Poor and abandoned

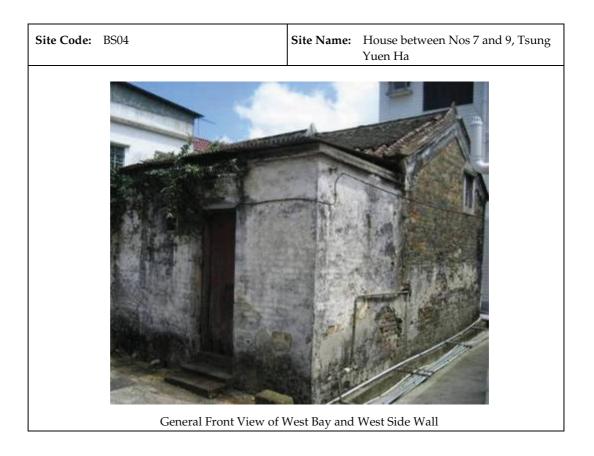
Past and Present Uses: Residential

Notes on any Modifications: Nil

Photographic Records:



General Front View of East Bay



Site Name: Nos. 34-38 Tsung Yuen Ha Figure No.: Figure 11.5 Category: Built Structure (Residential House) I houses are located within the Tsung Yuen Ha uses. Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village n the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. The building v remaining historic buildings in the village. duals:		
Category: Built Structure (Residential House) I houses are located within the Tsung Yuen Ha uses. Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village h the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. The building v remaining historic buildings in the village.		
l houses are located within the Tsung Yuen Ha uses. Fa Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village h the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. The building v remaining historic buildings in the village.		
uses. Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village n the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. The building v remaining historic buildings in the village.		
uses. Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village n the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. The building v remaining historic buildings in the village.		
n the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. The building v remaining historic buildings in the village.		
n the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. The building v remaining historic buildings in the village.		
duals: Nil		
The layout of these buildings comprises five two-hall one-bay buildings joined by shared gable walls. The second and third bays from the east have been renovated with modern materials. The other bays remain in their original constructed form (grey bricks and rammed earth). Entrance doors are located in the middle of each façade and wall friezes are decorated with plaster features. Window openings are found on the side and rear walls.		
General Front View		
e of the Fifth Bay from the Easternmost End		



Site Code: BS06	Site Name: No. 56B Tsung Yuen Ha
Full Address: No. 56B Tsung Yuen Ha	Figure No.: Figure 11.5
Orientation: Northwest	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)

Age of Structure: Built around the early 20th century

Surrounding Environment: The residential house is located inside the Tsung Yuen Ha Village. It shares its partition wall with another residential building which was constructed in 1970s. A container was temporarily put in front of the house.

Historical Appraisal:

Tsung Yuen Ha is a single-surname village of the Ho clan group in the closed area of Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village occupied by the Hos who came to the village in the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. It was listed in the 1688 edition of the Xi'an Gazetteer suggesting that this village has over 300 years. This is one of few remaining historic residential buildings in the village.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions: Nil

Architectural Appraisal:

The residential house is a one-storey building in rectangular layout. It has a pitched tile roof constructed with grey bricks. A metal container is placed in front of the building.

Existing Condition: Fair

Past and Present Uses: Residential

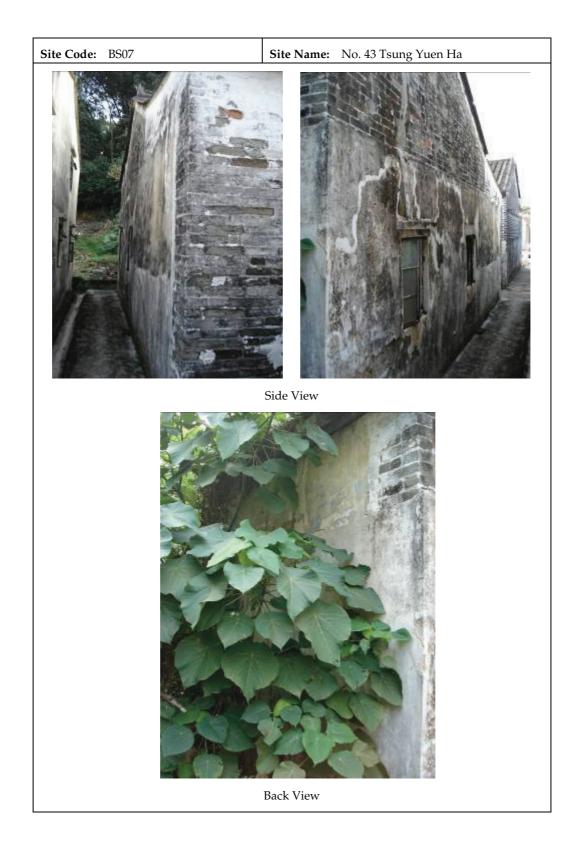
Notes on any Modifications: Nil

Photographic Records:



Front View

Site Code: BS07	Site Name: No. 43 Tsung Yuen Ha	
Full Address: No. 43 Tsung Yuen Ha	Figure No.: Figure 11.5	
Orientation: North	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)	
Age of Structure: Built around the early	⁷ 20 th century	
Surrounding Environment: The residential house is located inside Tsung Yuen Ha village and is surrounded by other residential houses.		
Historical Appraisal:		
Tsung Yuen Ha is a single-surname village of the Ho clan group in the closed area of Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village occupied by the Hos who came to the village in the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. It was listed in the 1688 edition of the Xi'an Gazetteer suggesting that this village has over 300 years. This building is one of the few remaining historic buildings in the village.		
Associated historical/cultural events or in	ndividuals: Nil	
Inscriptions: Nil		
Architectural Appraisal:		
It is one hall residential house with pitched tile roof and constructed with grey bricks and stone.		
Existing Condition: Dilapidated		
Past and Present Uses: Residential		
Notes on any Modifications: Additions	of metal roof	
Photographic Records:		
Front View		



Site Code: BS08	Site Name: No. 40 Tsung Yuen Ha
Full Address: No. 40 Tsung Yuen Ha	Figure No.: Figure 11.5
Orientation: North	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)

Age of Structure: Built around the early 20th century

Surrounding Environment: The residential house is located inside the Tsung Yuen Ha village and is fenced off with wire meshes. It is surrounded by other modern residential houses of the village and fenced off by wire mesh.

Historical Appraisal:

Tsung Yuen Ha is a single-surname village of the Ho clan group in the closed area of Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village occupied by the Hos who came to the village in the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. It was listed in the 1688 edition of the Xi'an Gazetteer suggesting that this village has over 300 years. This is one of the few remaining historic buildings in the village.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions: Nil

Architectural Appraisal:

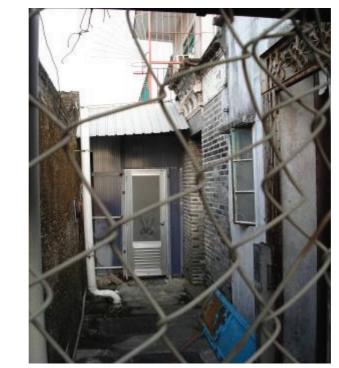
This rectangular residential house is constructed with pitched tile roof. Wall frieze decorations are identified on façade. The building was constructed with rammed earth and grey bricks.

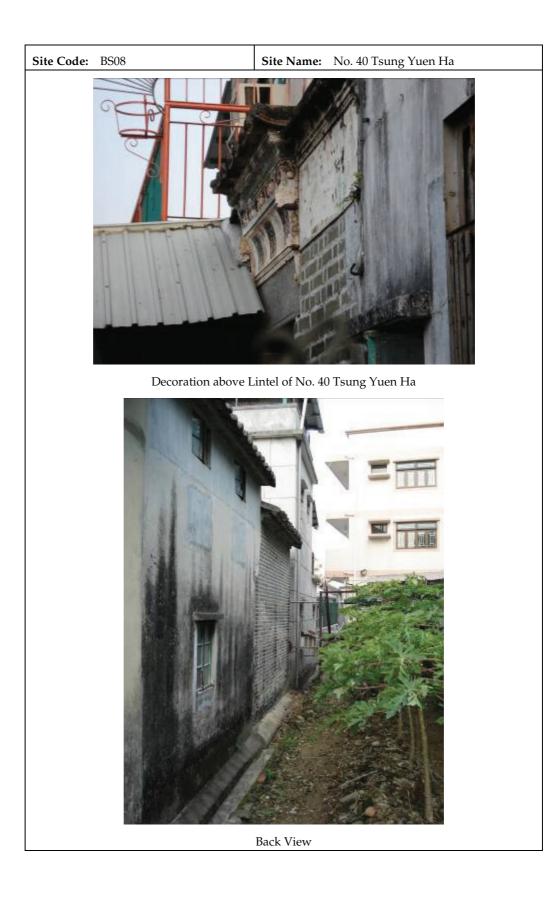
Existing Condition: Fair

Past and Present Uses: Residential

Notes on any Modifications: Nil

Photographic Records:





Site Code: BS09	Site Name: Nos. 21 and 22 Tsung Yuen Ha
Full Address: Nos. 21 and 22 Tsung Yuen Ha	Figure No.: Figure 11.5
Orientation: South	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)

Age of Structure: Built around the early 20th century

Surrounding Environment: The residential house is located inside Tsung Yuen Ha village and surrounded by other residential houses of the village.

Historical Appraisal:

Tsung Yuen Ha is a single-surname village of the Ho clan group in the closed area of Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village occupied by the Hos who came to the village in the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. It was listed in the 1688 edition of the Xi'an Gazetteer suggesting that this village has over 300 years. These buildings are the few remaining historic buildings in the village.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions: Nil

Architectural Appraisal:

These two rectangular residential houses constructed with shared party wall, pitched tile roofs and enclosed frontyard. Wall frieze decorations are identified on facade. The buildings were constructed with stone and rammed earth and grey bricks. These buildings are in such a dilapidated condition that some of the walls/roofs have been collapsed.

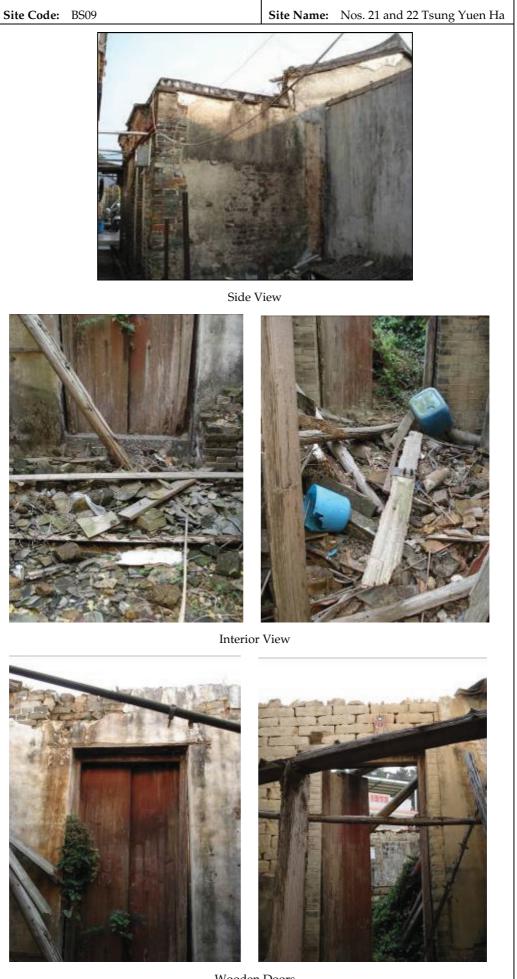
Existing Condition: Poor and dilapidated

Past and Present Uses: Residential

Notes on any Modifications: Additions of modern utilities on outer walls

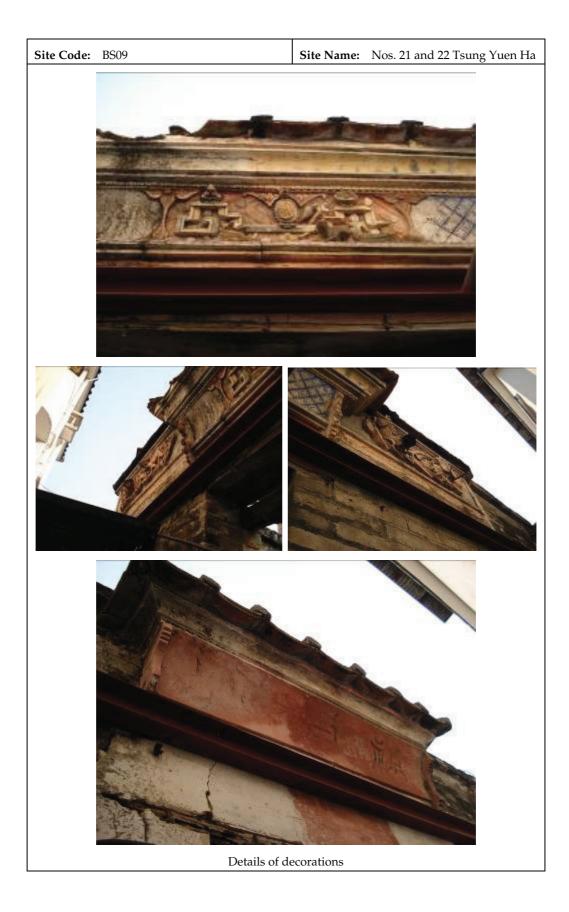
Photographic Records:





Wooden Doors

ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT



Site Code: BS10	Site Name: Ruin at, Nos. 27-29 Tsung Yuen Ha	
Full Address: Nos. 27-29 Tsung Yuen Ha	Figure No.: Figure 11.5	
Orientation: West	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)	
Age of Structure: Built around the early 20 th century		
Surrounding Environment : The ruins at Nos. 27-29 are located within the Tsung Yuen Ha village and are surrounded by other ruins and residential houses of the village.		
Historical Appraisal:		
Tsung Yuen Ha is a single-surname village of the Ho clan group in the closed area of Ta Kwu Ling. It is a Punti single-clan village occupied by the Hos who came to the village in the late Ming (1668-1644) dynasty. It was listed in the 1688 edition of the Xi'an Gazetteer suggesting that this village has over 300 years. These ruins are the few remaining historic structures in		

the village.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions: Nil

Architectural Appraisal:

The ruins at Nos. 27-29 have part of their walls collapsed with the inner bricks exposed. It has a pitched tile roof. It is structurally unstable that require external structural support at its back. The buildings are constructed with bricks rammed earth and shared party walls.

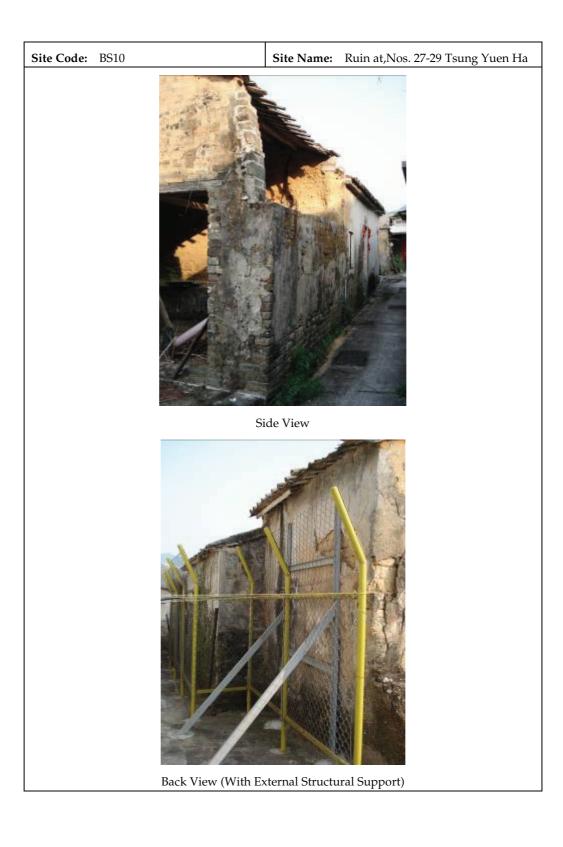
Existing Condition: Poor and structurally unstable

Past and Present Uses: Residential

Notes on any Modifications: Require external structural support

Photographic Records:





Site Code: BS11	Site Name: Fuk Tak Temple	
Full Address: Nos. 30 and 30C Kan Tau Wai	Figure No.: Figure 11.10	
Orientation: Southwest	Category: Built Structure (Temple)	
Age of Structure: About 200 years and renovation in the late 20th century		
Surrounding Environment: This temple is located in the last row of village houses within		

Historical Appraisal:

the Kan Tau Wai village.

Kan Tau Wai village was listed in the 1819 edition of the Xi'an Gazetteer and marked in the 1899 Map of Sun-On-District with a history of about 200 years. It is a mixed clans village with residents surnamed Law, Wong, Leung and chan. This temple was probably constructed before 1950 but renovation was conducted in the late 20th century. Thus, it is regarded as post 1950 building.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions: Nil

Architectural Appraisal:

It is a two halls building with open courtyard in between and pitched roof constructed with stone and grey bricks. A one hall building is built to next to the temple probably used as storage house. The Fuk Tak statue is placed in the rear hall.

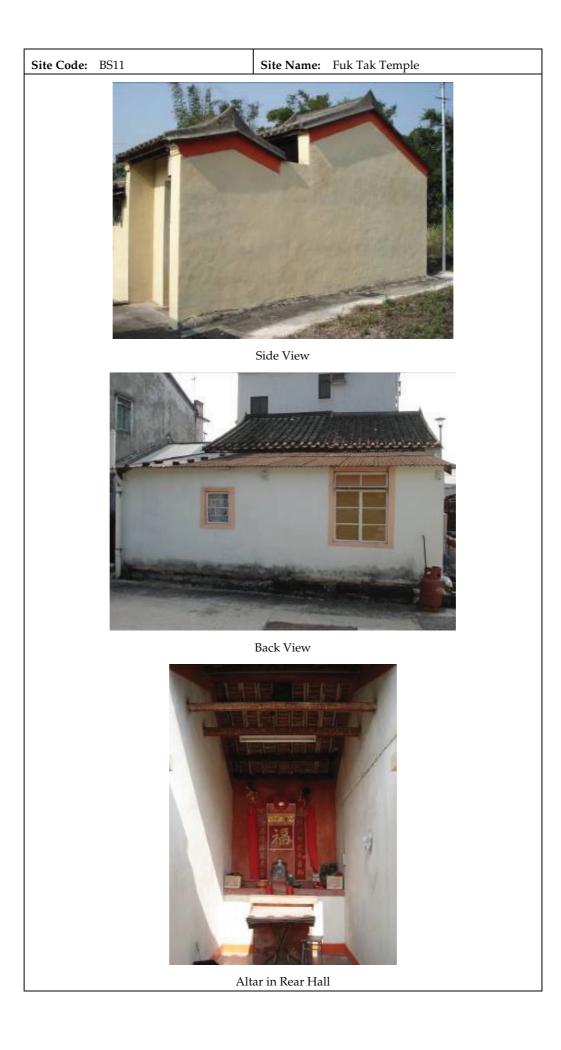
Existing Condition: Good

Past and Present Uses: Religious

Notes on any Modifications: Recently renovated; Surfaced with cement and painted walls

Photographic Records:





Site Code: BS12	Site Name: Nos. 27 and 27B Kan Tau Wai
Full Address: Nos. 27 and 27B Kan Tau Wai	Figure No.: Figure 11.10
Orientation: West	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)
A second construction Devil 14 for the 1050	

Age of Structure: Built before 1950

Surrounding Environment: The building is located in the second last row of village houses within the Kan Tau Wai village.

Historical Appraisal:

Kan Tau Wai village was listed in the 1819 edition of the Xi'an Gazetteer and marked in the 1899 Map of Sun-On-District with a history of about 200 years. It is a mixed clans village with residents surnamed Law, Wong, Leung and chan. This building is the few remaining historic residential houses in the village.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions: Nil

Architectural Appraisal:

The building is one hall and two bays in layout and it was constructed with grey bricks and rammed earth. An entrance door is located in the middle of the façade of each bay. Window openings are found on the side and rear walls. No decorative features were identified.

Interior: Not accessible

Existing Condition: Fair

Past and Present Uses: Residential

Notes on any Modifications: Nil

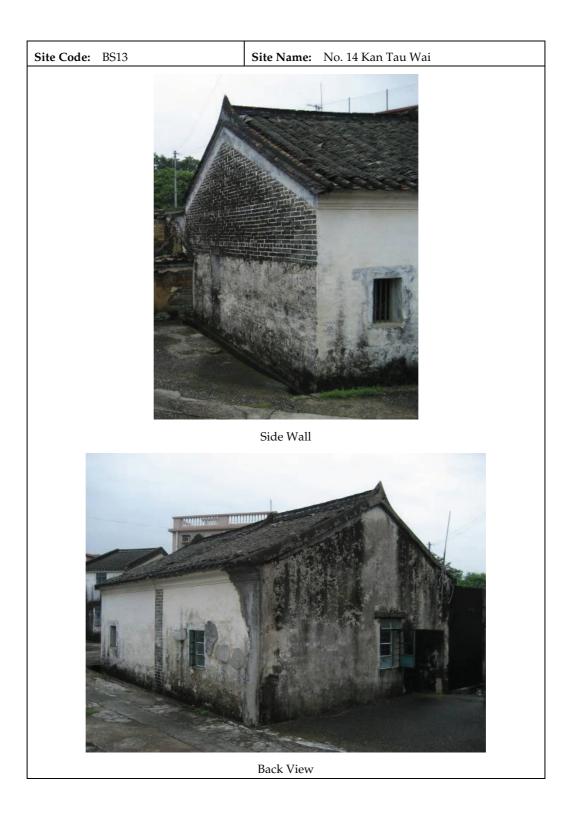
Photographic Records:



Front View



Site Code: BS13	Site Name: No. 14 Kan Tau Wai	
Full Address: No. 14 Kan Tau Wai	Figure No.: Figure 11.10	
Orientation: West	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)	
Age of Structure: Built before 1950		
Surrounding Environment: The building is located in the second row of village houses within the Kan Tau Wai village.		
Historical Appraisal:		
Kan Tau Wai village was listed in the 1819 edition of the Xi'an Gazetteer and marked in the 1899 Map of Sun-On-District with a history of about 200 years. It is a mixed clans village with residents surnamed Law, Wong, Leung and chan. This building is the few remaining historic residential house in the village.		
Associated historical/cultural events o	r individuals: Nil	
Inscriptions: Nil		
Architectural Appraisal:		
This building is two halls and two bays in layout. The building was constructed with rammed earth and grey bricks. An entrance door is located in the middle of the façade of each bay. Window openings are found on the side and rear walls. No decorative features were identified.		
Interior: Not accessible		
Existing Condition: Poor and dilapidated		
Past and Present Uses: Residential		
Notes on any Modifications: Nil		
<section-header></section-header>		
Front View		

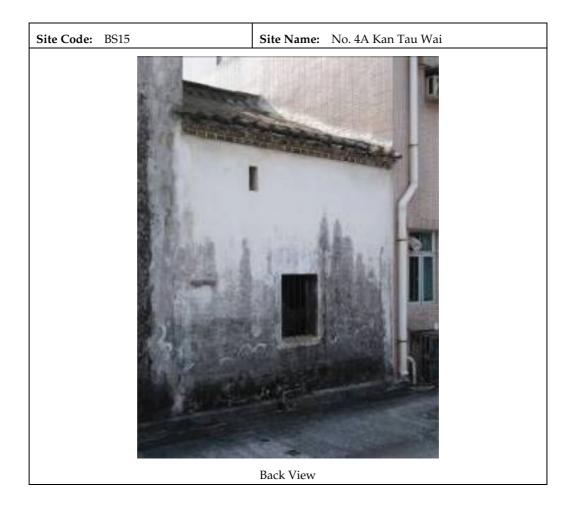


Site Code: BS14	Site Name: Nos. 1 and 2 Kan Tau Wai	
Full Address: Nos. 1 and 2 Kan Tau Wai	Figure No.: Figure 11.10	
Orientation: West	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)	
Age of Structure: Built before 1950	Category. Built Structure (Residential House)	
	s are located within the Kan Tau Wai village and	
Historical Appraisal:		
0	0	
Associated historical/cultural events or indi	viduals: Nil	
Inscriptions: Nil		
Architectural Appraisal:		
These buildings are two halls and two bays in layout. The building was constructed with grey bricks and rammed earth and lime plastered. An entrance door is located in the middle of each bay. Window openings are found above and beside the entrance door of No 2. Other windows were observed on the north western side wall and rear wall.		
Interior: Not accessible		
Existing Condition: Fair		
Past and Present Uses: Residential		
Notes on any Modifications: Nil		
Photographic Records:		

Front View of Nos. 1 (Left) and 2 (Right) Kan Tau Wai



Site Code: BS15	Site Name: No. 4A Kan Tau Wai	
Full Address: No. 4A Kan Tau Wai	Figure No.: Figure 11.10	
Orientation: West	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)	
Age of Structure: Built before 1950		
Surrounding Environment: This building is located with the Kan Tau Wai village. It is situated between the village houses of No. 3 and 4 Kan Tau Wai.		
Historical Appraisal:		
Kan Tau Wai village was listed in the 1819 edition of the Xi'an Gazetteer and marked in the 1899 Map of Sun-On-District with a history of about 200 years. It is a mixed clans village with residents surnamed Law, Wong, Leung and chan. This building is the few remaining historic residential houses in the village.		
Associated historical/cultural events or	individuals: Nil	
Inscriptions: Nil		
This building is two halls and two bays in layout. The building was constructed with stone block foundations and grey bricks and rammed earth on top of the walls. An entrance door is located in the middle of the façade. No decorative features were identified.		
Interior: Not accessible		
Existing Condition: Fair		
Past and Present Uses: Residential		
Notes on any Modifications: Nil		
Photographic Records:		
Facade showing tile roof and wooden front doors		



Site Code: BS16	Site Name: Nos. 27A, 30A and 30B Kan Tau Wai
Full Address: Nos. 27A, 30A and 30B Kan Tau Wai	Figure No.: Figure 11.10
Orientation: Southwest	Category: Built Structure (Residential House)

Age of Structure: About 200 years

Surrounding Environment: The three residential houses are located at the north of the Kan Tau Wai village.

Historical Appraisal:

Kan Tau Wai village was listed in the 1819 edition of the Xi'an Gazetteer and marked in the 1899 Map of Sun-On-District with a history of about 200 years. It is a mixed clans village with residents surnamed Law, Wong, Leung and chan. These structures are the few remaining historic residential houses in the village.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions: Nil

Architectural Appraisal:

This built structure comprises three village houses constructed with shared party wall and pitched tile roof. It was built with stone, grey bricks and rammed earth or mud bricks.

Existing Condition: Fair

Past and Present Uses: Residential

Notes on any Modifications: Additions of utilities

Photographic Records:



