Graded/Proposed Graded Historic Building

Site Code: G201	Site Name: MacIntosh Fort (Pak Fu Shan)
Full Address: At hilltop of Pak Fu Shan	Figure No.: Figure 11.4
Orientation: North	Category: Built Structure (Government Building)
Age of Structure: Constructed between 1949 and 1953	Grading Status : Grade 2 (confirmed on 18 December 2009)

Surrounding Environment: The building is situated on hilltop of Pak Fu Shan

Historical Appraisal:

The military building was accorded a Grade 2 status by the Antiquities Advisory Board in 1997 in view of its historical and architectural significance. Being one of the seven MacIntosh Forts served as observation posts along the border, MacIntosh Fort (Pak Fu Shan) was constructed between 1949 and 1953 when there was an influx of Chinese refugees and border incidents of armed clashes between the police and refugees. It was built on prominent hilltop of Pak Fu Shan by the southern part of the Shenzhen River and served as observation post to overlook the border between Hong Kong and mainland China.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions: Nil

Architectural Appraisal:

This fort at Pak Fu Shan is two-storey high and was constructed with a rounded central portion and two side wings on the ground floor. One wing was generally used for sleeping quarters for up to eight people and the other for cooking. The ground floor of the central area served as communication or command room and the second floor as an observation tower. Both floors are constructed with ramparts and gun-slot iron openings. There are double iron doors at the entrance of the fort

Interior: Not accessible

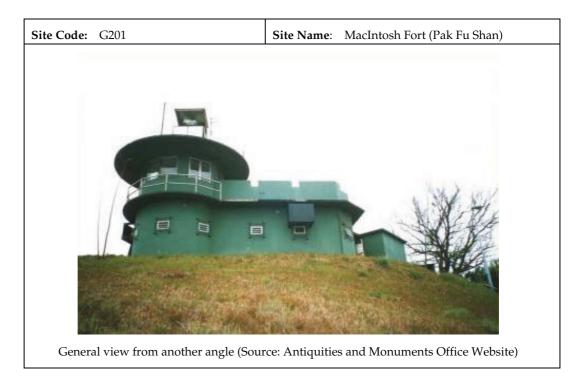
Existing Condition: Good

Past and Present Uses: Government use as military fort

Notes on any Modifications: Original appearance can be retained except some minor alterations

Photographic Records:





Site Code: G202	Site Name: MacIntosh Fort (Ngau Yiu)
Full Address: At hilltop of Lo Shue Ling	Figure No.: Figure 11.11
Orientation: North	Category: Built Structure (Government Building)
Age of Structure: Constructed between 1949 and 1953	Grading Status : Grade 2 (confirmed on 18 December 2009)

Surrounding Environment: The building is situated on hilltop of Lo Shue Ling and junction of Shenzhen River and Ping Yuen River.

Historical Appraisal:

The military building was accorded a Grade 2 status by the Antiquities Advisory Board in 1997 in view of its historical and architectural significance. Being one of the seven MacIntosh Forts served as observation posts along the border, MacIntosh Fort (Ngau Yiu) was constructed between 1949 and 1953 when there was an influx of Chinese refugees and border incidents of armed clashes between the police and refugees. It was built on prominent hilltop of Lo Shue Ling situated at the junction of Shenzhen River and Ping Yuen River/River Ganges and served as observation post to overlook the border between Hong Kong and mainland China.

Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil

Inscriptions: Nil

Architectural Appraisal:

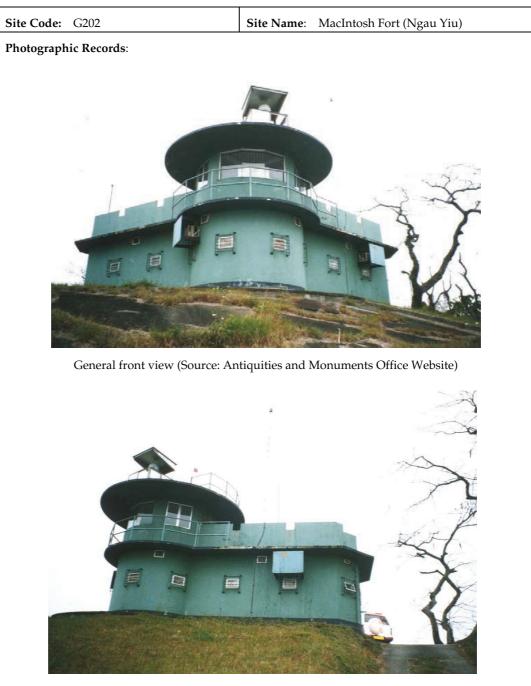
Similar to MacIntosh Fort at Pak Fu Shan, this fort at Ngau Yiu is two-storey high and was constructed with a rounded central portion and two single-storey side wings on the ground floor. One wing was generally used for sleeping quarters for up to eight people and the other for cooking. The ground floor of the central area served as communication or command room and the second floor as an observation tower. Both floors are constructed with ramparts and gunslot iron openings. There are double iron doors at the entrance of the fort. The major difference of this fort from other MacIntosh Forts is that this fort has a circular shaped flat roof, instead of an octagonal shaped roof adopted by other forts.

Interior: Not accessible

Existing Condition: Good

Past and Present Uses: Government use as military fort

Notes on any Modifications: MacIntosh Fort (Ngau Yiu) is regarded as having minimal amount of alterations.



Right elevation (Source: Antiquities and Monuments Office Website)