

Appendix 11.5.3

***SAFETI Parameters of the Hazard Assessment for
the Existing Petrol cum LPG Filling Stations and
Dedicated LPG Filling Stations***

Input Parameter of SAFETI (continuous release)

| | | |
|---|----------|-------------------|
| Default atmospheric temperature | 293.15 | K |
| Default atmospheric pressure | 101325 | N/m ² |
| Relative humidity | 70 | % |
| Default surface roughness parameter | 0.1 | |
| Default surface temperature | 293.15 | K |
| Atmospheric molecular weight | 28.966 | |
| Atmospheric specific heat at constant pressure_1004 | | J/kg*K |
| Number of wind directions | 12 | |
| Angular Offset | 15 | degree |
| Pipe roughness | 0.0457 | mm |
| Excess Flow Valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Non-Return Valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Shut-Off Valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Frequency of bends in long pipes | 0 | 1/m |
| Frequency of couplings in long pipes | 0 | 1/m |
| Frequency of junctions in long pipes | 0 | 1/m |
| Upper volume change limit/step | 0.5 | |
| Lower volume change limit/step | 0.15 | |
| Minimum RV diameter ratio | 1 | |
| Relief valve safety factor | 1.2 | |
| Critical pressure greater than flow phase | 0.34474 | bar |
| Default line length | 10 | m |
| Default Liquid Fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Default volume changes | 2.999999 | per h |
| Maximum release duration | 3600 | s |
| Minimum temperature allowed | 9.99999 | K |
| Maximum temperature allowed | 900 | K |
| Maximum pressure allowed | 1000 | bar |
| Maximum liquid head allowed | 100 | m |
| Maximum release velocity | 500 | m/s |
| Range of release angles | 90.00021 | degree |
| Minimum drop size allowed | 1e-005 | mm |
| Maximum drop size allowed | 10 | mm |
| BLEVE radiation level 1 | 4 | kW/m ² |
| BLEVE radiation level 2 | 12.5 | kW/m ² |
| BLEVE radiation level 3 | 37.5 | kW/m ² |
| Jet flame radiation level 1 | 4 | kW/m ² |
| Jet flame radiation level 2 | 12.5 | kW/m ² |
| Jet flame radiation level 3 | 37.5 | kW/m ² |
| Pool fire radiation level 1 | 4 | kW/m ² |
| Pool fire radiation level 2 | 12.5 | kW/m ² |
| Pool fire radiation level 3 | 37.5 | kW/m ² |
| LFL fraction to finish | 1 | fraction |
| BLEVE Mass correction factor | 2 | |

Jet fire correction factor _____ 3
 Cut-off time for immediate pool fire (cont) _____ 10 s
 Cut-off time for immediate pool fire (inst) _____ 10 s
 Maximum SEP for a BLEVE _____ 400 kW/m2
 Maximum SEP for a Jet flame _____ 400 kW/m2
 Explosion efficiency _____ 0.1
 Explosion overpressure level 1 _____ 0.02068 bar
 Explosion overpressure level 2 _____ 0.1379 bar
 Explosion overpressure level 3 _____ 0.2068 bar
 Minimum explosive mass _____ 0 kg
 Explosion location criterion _____ 0
 Venting equation constant _____ 24.82 N/m2
 Immediate explosion correction factor _____ 3
 Pool minimum thickness _____ 5 mm
 Surface thermal conductivity _____ 2.21 W/m*K
 Surface roughness factor _____ 2.634
 Surface thermal diffusivity (per second) _____ 9.48e-007 m2
 Solar radiation flux _____ 0.5 kW/m2
 Continuous Critical Weber number _____ 12.5
 Print level _____ 132 Columns
 Flamm.: height for calculation of effects _____ 0 m
 Flamm.: result grid step in X-direction _____ 1 m
 Toxics: height for calculation of effects _____ 0 m
 Toxics: results grid step in X-direction _____ 10 m
 Toxics: result grid step in Y-direction _____ 2.5 m
 Atmospheric temp and pressure profile _____ 3
 Wind speed profile _____ 2
 Temperature reference height (m) _____ 10 m
 Wind speed reference height (m) _____ 10 m
 Cut-off height for wind speed profile (m) _____ 1 m
 Dispersing surface temperature _____ 283 K
 Default dispersing surface type _____ Land
 Default bund surface type _____ Concrete
 Minimum integration step size (distance) _____ 0.1 m
 Maximum integration step size (distance) _____ 100 m
 Minimum integration step size (time) _____ 0.1 s
 Maximum integration step size (time) _____ 10 s
 Maximum distance for dispersion _____ 50000 m
 Minimum release velocity for cont. release _____ 0.1 m/s
 Default minimum release height _____ 1 m
 Maximum height for dispersion _____ 1000 m
 Droplet evaporation thermodynamics model _____ 2
 Flammable mass calculation method _____ 2
 Treatment of top of mixing layer _____ 1
 Quasi-instantaneous transition parameter _____ 0.8
 Finite Duration Correction Flag _____ 3

Multi-component toxic calculation method _____ 1
 Force cloud to rain out at source _____ No
 Disable 'Free Jet' routes? _____ Yes
 Accuracy for integration of dispersion _____ 0.001
 Accuracy for droplet integration _____ 0.001
 Turbulent Schmidt number _____ 1
 Jet entrainment coefficient alpha1 _____ 0.11
 Jet entrainment coefficient alpha2 _____ 0.26
 Dense cloud parameter alpha (continuous) _____ 1.6
 Dense cloud parameter beta (continuous) _____ 0.015
 Dense cloud parameter gamma (continuous) _____ 0.05
 Dense cloud parameter k (continuous) _____ 0.15
 Dense cloud parameter alpha (instant) _____ 1
 Dense cloud parameter beta (instant) _____ 0.015
 Dense cloud parameter gamma (instant) _____ 0.3
 Dense cloud parameter k (instantaneous) _____ 1.2
 Ratio instantaneous/continuous sigma-y _____ 1
 Ratio instantaneous/continuous sigma-z _____ 1
 Drag coefficient between plume and air _____ 0.15
 Drag coefficient between plume and ground _____ 1.5
 Impact parameter - plume/ground _____ 0.8
 Lift-off suppression parameter _____ 2
 Base averaging time _____ 60 s
 Expansion zone length/source diameter ratio _____ 0.01
 Toxics: cut-off rate for pool evaporation _____ 0.001 kg/s
 Height for concentration output _____ 0 m
 Flamm.: cut-off rate for pool evaporation _____ 0.1 kg/s
 Flamm.: accuracy of flammable mass calc _____ 0.001
 Minimum vap fract for convection from ground _____ 0.0015 fraction
 Drop/expansion velocity for inst. release _____ 0.8 m/s
 Minimum cloud depth _____ 0.02 m
 Default bund height _____ 0 m
 Duration for jet fire averaging _____ 20 s
 Cut-off time for short continuous releases _____ 5 s
 Expansion energy cutoff for droplet angle _____ 690 J/kg
 Flamm.: inclination _____ Variable
 Flamm.: angle of inclination _____ 0 degree
 Dense cloud parameter beta (pool vaporisation) _____ 0.015
 Pool vaporisation entrainment parameter _____ 1.5
 Distance multiple for full passive entrainment _____ 2
 Density tolerance for cloud buoyancy _____ 0.005 kg/m3
 Minimum case frequency considered _____ 1e-012
 Minimum event probability considered _____ 1e-012
 Fraction population outdoors, F-N _____ 0.1
 Fraction population outdoors, risk _____ 1
 Fraction out killed by explosion R1 _____ 0.3

| | | |
|--|--------|--------|
| Fraction in killed by explosion R1 | 1 | |
| Fraction out killed by explosion R1-2 | 0.1 | |
| Fraction in killed by explosion R1-2 | 0.3 | |
| Fraction out killed by flash fire | 1 | |
| Fraction in killed by flash fire | 0.1 | |
| Fraction out killed by BLEVE | 0.7 | |
| Fraction in killed by BLEVE | 0.2 | |
| Fraction out killed by jet flame | 0.7 | |
| Fraction in killed by jet flame | 0.1 | |
| Fraction out killed by pool fire | 0.7 | |
| Fraction in killed by pool fire | 0.1 | |
| Fraction out killed by toxics | 0.9 | |
| Fraction in killed by toxics | 0.1 | |
| Pop omega factor (per person) | 1e-005 | |
| No sub-squares across ellipse in flamm. impact | 10 | |
| Max times to subdivide a square in flamm. impact | 5 | |
| Multiplying factor for toxic F-N spread | 2 | |
| Probability of Immediate Ignition | 0.05 | |
| Probability of Explosion given Ignition | 0.01 | |
| Probability of Jet Fire rather than just pool | 0.5 | |
| Probability Cloud ignites rather than just pool | 0.5 | |
| Probability Inst. Cloud ignites with pool | 0 | |
| Probability Horizontal Jet ignites with pool | 0 | |
| Probability Vertical Jet ignites with pool | 0 | |
| Probability split for short continuous releases | 0 | |
| Probability of BLEVE rather than Flash Fire | 0.99 | |
| 1st Risk contour level | 1 | per yr |
| 2nd Risk contour level | 0.1 | per yr |
| 3rd Risk contour level | 0.01 | per yr |
| 4th Risk contour level | 0.001 | per yr |
| 5th Risk contour level | 0.0001 | per yr |
| 6th Risk contour level | 1e-005 | per yr |
| 7th Risk contour level | 1e-006 | per yr |
| 8th Risk contour level | 1e-007 | per yr |
| 9th Risk contour level | 1e-008 | per yr |
| 10th Risk contour level | 0 | per yr |
| 1st Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 2nd Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 3rd Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 4th Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 5th Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 6th Risk contour Color | Red | |
| 7th Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 8th Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 9th Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 10th Risk contour Color | Black | |

Line thickness for contours _____ 2
Line type for contours (thickness =1 only) _____ Solid
Minimum risk level _____ 1e-008 per yr
Display risk criteria lines _____ No
Maximum risk criteria line start N _____ 1
Maximum risk criteria line start F _____ 0.001 per yr
Maximum risk criteria line end N _____ 10
Maximum risk criteria line end F _____ 1e-005 per yr
Minimum risk criteria line start N _____ 1
Minimum risk criteria line start F _____ 1e-005 per yr
Minimum risk criteria line end N _____ 10
Minimum risk criteria line end F _____ 1e-007 per yr

SAFETI Input Parameter (Instantaneous Release)

| | | |
|---|----------|-------------------|
| Default atmospheric temperature | 293.15 | K |
| Default atmospheric pressure | 101325 | N/m ² |
| Relative humidity | 70 | % |
| Default surface roughness parameter | 0.1 | |
| Default surface temperature | 293.15 | K |
| Atmospheric molecular weight | 28.966 | |
| Atmospheric specific heat at constant pressure_1004 | | J/kg*K |
| Number of wind directions | 12 | |
| Angular Offset | 15 | degree |
| Pipe roughness | 0.0457 | mm |
| Excess Flow Valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Non-Return Valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Shut-Off Valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Frequency of bends in long pipes | 0 | 1/m |
| Frequency of couplings in long pipes | 0 | 1/m |
| Frequency of junctions in long pipes | 0 | 1/m |
| Upper volume change limit/step | 0.5 | |
| Lower volume change limit/step | 0.15 | |
| Minimum RV diameter ratio | 1 | |
| Relief valve safety factor | 1.2 | |
| Critical pressure greater than flow phase | 0.34474 | bar |
| Default line length | 10 | m |
| Default Liquid Fraction | 1 | fraction |
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| Maximum liquid head allowed | 100 | m |
| Maximum release velocity | 500 | m/s |
| Range of release angles | 90.00021 | degree |
| Minimum drop size allowed | 1e-005 | mm |
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| BLEVE radiation level 1 | 4 | kW/m ² |
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| Jet flame radiation level 3 | 37.5 | kW/m ² |
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| Pool fire radiation level 2 | 12.5 | kW/m ² |
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| LFL fraction to finish | 1 | fraction |
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 Minimum event probability considered _____ 1e-012
 Fraction population outdoors, F-N _____ 0.1
 Fraction population outdoors, risk _____ 1
 Fraction out killed by explosion R1 _____ 0.3

| | | |
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| Fraction in killed by explosion R1-2 | 0.3 | |
| Fraction out killed by flash fire | 1 | |
| Fraction in killed by flash fire | 0.1 | |
| Fraction out killed by BLEVE | 0.7 | |
| Fraction in killed by BLEVE | 0.2 | |
| Fraction out killed by jet flame | 0.7 | |
| Fraction in killed by jet flame | 0.1 | |
| Fraction out killed by pool fire | 0.7 | |
| Fraction in killed by pool fire | 0.1 | |
| Fraction out killed by toxics | 0.9 | |
| Fraction in killed by toxics | 0.1 | |
| Pop omega factor (per person) | 1e-005 | |
| No sub-squares across ellipse in flamm. impct | 10 | |
| Max times to subdivide a square in flamm. impct | 5 | |
| Multiplying factor for toxic F-N spread | 2 | |
| Probability of Immediate Ignition | 0.9 | |
| Probability of Explosion given Ignition | 0.01 | |
| Probability of Jet Fire rather than just pool | 0.5 | |
| Probability Cloud ignites rather than just pool | 0.5 | |
| Probability Inst. Cloud ignites with pool | 0 | |
| Probability Horizontal Jet ignites with pool | 0 | |
| Probability Vertical Jet ignites with pool | 0 | |
| Probability split for short continuous releases | 0 | |
| Probability of BLEVE rather than Flash Fire | 0.99 | |
| 1st Risk contour level | 1 | per yr |
| 2nd Risk contour level | 0.1 | per yr |
| 3rd Risk contour level | 0.01 | per yr |
| 4th Risk contour level | 0.001 | per yr |
| 5th Risk contour level | 0.0001 | per yr |
| 6th Risk contour level | 1e-005 | per yr |
| 7th Risk contour level | 1e-006 | per yr |
| 8th Risk contour level | 1e-007 | per yr |
| 9th Risk contour level | 1e-008 | per yr |
| 10th Risk contour level | 0 | per yr |
| 1st Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 2nd Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 3rd Risk contour Color | Black | |
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| 7th Risk contour Color | Black | |
| 8th Risk contour Color | Black | |
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| 10th Risk contour Color | Black | |

Line thickness for contours _____ 2
Line type for contours (thickness =1 only) _____ Solid
Minimum risk level _____ 1e-008 per yr
Display risk criteria lines _____ No
Maximum risk criteria line start N _____ 1
Maximum risk criteria line start F _____ 0.001 per yr
Maximum risk criteria line end N _____ 10
Maximum risk criteria line end F _____ 1e-005 per yr
Minimum risk criteria line start N _____ 1
Minimum risk criteria line start F _____ 1e-005 per yr
Minimum risk criteria line end N _____ 10
Minimum risk criteria line end F _____ 1e-007 per yr