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| Site Code: HKT01   | Site Name: Chan Ancestral Hall in Fung Kong village |
| Full Address: Fung Kong village, Kwu Tung  | Plan No.: Plan 1f                                   |
| Orientation: Southeast   | Category: Historic Building (Ancestral Hall)        |
| Age of Structure: 1920s to 1930s   |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Surrounded by scatted village houses  |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>The building was built some 70-80 years ago. The Chinese text Chan Ancestral Hall is shown in the main elevation of the ancestral hall. The rooftop of the ancestral hall was gone and the ancestral hall is left abandoned and overgrown. According to local informant, the Chan clan has moved away and only an old lady of the clan is still living in the village.</p> |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Chan clan  |   |
| <p>Inscriptions:</p> <div data-bbox="199 734 742 1055" data-label="Image"> </div> <div data-bbox="804 911 1002 1025" data-label="Text"> <p>祠宗氏陳</p> </div> <p>Chinese Inscription at Front Elevation</p>   |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p>It is one hall building with rectangular layout and constructed with mud bricks, wood and stone. No decoration features identified.</p>   |   |
| <p>Interior:</p> <div data-bbox="585 1232 1007 1783" data-label="Image"> </div> <p>Interior View</p>   |   |
| Existing Condition: Old maps and aerial photos indicate the structure was in good condition in the year 1945, but maps and aerial photos from 1961 indicate the ancestral hall has been dilapidated.   |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Ancestral Hall but now Ruined.  |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: Nil  |   |

Site Code: HKT01

Site Name: Chan Ancestral Hall in Fung Kong village

Photographic Records:





Front View



Side View



Front and Side View

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Site Code: HKT02  | Site Name: Chan village houses in Fung Kong village  |
| Full Address: Fung Kong village, Kwu Tung   | Plan No.: Plan 1f  |
| Orientation: Southeast  | Sub-Category: Historic Building (Residential House)  |
| Age of Structure: 1920s to 1930s  |  |
| Surrounding Environment: Surrounded by scatted village houses   |  |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>The buildings were built some 70-80 years ago. No one is now living in any of the buildings. According to local informant, the Chan clan has moved away and only an old lady of the clan is still living in the village.</p>  |  |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Chan clan   |  |
| Inscriptions: Nil   |  |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p>They are mainly one hall buildings. The village houses were constructed with shared gable walls to form a row.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> It was originally two rows of village houses constructed with shared gable walls and the ancestral hall is located northeast of the village houses. However, the rear row of houses was ruined.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Mud bricks, wood and stone</p> |  |
| Decoration Features: Nil  |  |
| <p>Interior:</p>  <p>Interior View (Ruin Village House)</p>  |  <p>Mud Brick Built Wall (Village House)</p> |
| Existing Condition: Old maps and aerial photos indicate the structures were in good condition in the year 1945, but maps and aerial photos from 1961 indicate part of the rear row of the buildings were dilapidated.   |  |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential and now ruined/ abandoned.   |  |
| Notes on any Modifications: Some modern additions.  |  |



Site Code: HKT02

Site Name: Chan village houses in Fung Kong village

Photographic Records:



Front and Side View of the Village Houses



Front Elevation of the Village Houses

Site Code: HKT02

Site Name: Chan village houses in Fung Kong village



Collapsed Village Houses

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| Site Code: HKT03   | Site Name: White House = Home of Loving Faithfulness |
| Full Address: No. 7 Castle Peak Road, Kwu Tung   | Plan No.: Plan 1p                                    |
| Orientation: South   | Sub Category: Historic Building (Residential House)  |
| Age of Structure: Constructed in 1928 and renovated in 1970s and 2000-2001.  |  |
| Surrounding Environment: By the Castle Peak Road – Chau Tau Section and the Ho Sheung Heung Road   |  |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>This site is now occupied by the Home of Loving Faithfulness, a Christian organisation that provides services to severely handicapped children originally established in On Lok Tsuen of Sheung Shui in 1965. The organisation bought the land originally owned by a Chan clan and moved into the white house in 1971.</p> <p>There was a wooden building near the brick built entrance gate. It was occupied by metal window production factory. The building was demolished when the Christian organisation occupied the site. According to Ms Wendy Blackmur who was in charge of the site in 2000 and some local informants, the site had been occupied by the British Army, the Japanese and a Christian organisation for the blind girls. It is also noted that many girls died in the building during the wartime. When Ms Blackmur's organisation occupied the site, the site was heavily altered to make more rooms and appropriate design and facilities for the handicapped people.</p> <p>The historical significance of the white house is considered medium and further detailed history about the British Army, Japanese occupation and stories about girls died in the building during the wartime is yet to be explored. Thus, it is of historical research value.</p>  |  |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: British Army controlling the area and Japanese occupation.   |  |
| Inscriptions: Two Chinese characters “White House” was inscribed at the façade of the front wing. However, it was demolished and altered in the 1970s.   |  |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p>The site has been renovated to construct additional buildings. Special architectural design was adopted to retain the old building by construction of five two-storey L-shaped blocks. The living areas were designed like a home providing a big family house atmosphere. A Chinese style pitch roof grey brick built entrance gate is located west of the site.</p> <p>The rear wing of the building was demolished and replaced with concrete and steel, and the structural support of the front wing was also altered in the 1970s. The roof was redone with modern blue glaze tiles.</p> <p>The original material or features left in the site dated to 1971 includes the floor and columns at the façade of the front wing, the general layout of the buildings and the brick built storage structure and the brick built entrance gate.</p> <p>The site has been renovated to construct additional buildings in 2000-2001. As major alteration of the building was conducted. Although the form of the original building is kept its integrity is reduced.</p> <p>The white house is one of the few mixed style (chines and western) building built at the area at the turn of the century. Thus, the white house, along with other graded buildings including Yueng Yuen (G303), Enchi Lodge (G203) and Oi Yuen Villa (PG101), <u>which also have Western architectural elements</u>, are considered to have group value <u>in the region</u>.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> The front wing is 2-storey irregular building with the rear wing on its southwest.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Brick, concrete, steel</p> |  |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> A Roman porch of the old building (front wing)   |  |
| Interior: Not allowed to take photos due to the presence of handicapped patients.  |  |
| Existing Condition: Good.  |  |

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|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT03   | Site Name: White House = Home of Loving Faithfulness |
| Past and Present Uses: It was a villa and now used as a handicapped children centre  |  |
| Notes on any Modifications: Heavily modified and partly rebuilt.   |  |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p> <div data-bbox="448 403 1134 916" data-label="Image"> A photograph of the front wing of a white, two-story building. The building features a prominent semi-circular porch with white columns. In front of the porch is a small playground with blue and red equipment. The building is surrounded by greenery and trees. </div> <p>Front Wing Showing Roman Porch</p> <div data-bbox="429 983 1155 1491" data-label="Image"> A photograph of the rear wing of the same white building. The building has a flat roof and a modern, somewhat industrial look. A white van is parked in the foreground, and other vehicles are visible in the background. The building is surrounded by trees and a paved area. </div> <p>Rear Wing</p> |  |



Site Code: HKT03

Site Name: White House = Home of Loving  
Faithfulness



Entrance Gate View from Ho Sheung Heung Road





Ridge of the Entrance Gate



Stone base of the Entrance Gate



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| Site Code: HKT04   | Site Name: A row of old village houses at Shek Tsai Leng |
| Full Address: Shek Tsai Leng near Ho Sheung Heung Road   | Plan No.: Plan 1o  |
| Orientation: East  | Category: Historic Buildings (Residential House)         |
| Age of Structure: 1941 - 1942  |  |
| Surrounding Environment: Scatted village houses  |  |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>One of the buildings is owned by a Chan clan and the others are owned by a Chung clan. Little information about the clans' history is known. It is noted that the owner of the Chan clan is the 3<sup>rd</sup> generation who settled in this building.</p>  |  |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Chan clan  |  |
| Inscriptions: Nil  |  |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal: One storey pitched roof Chinese village houses.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> A row of village houses built with shared gable walls</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Bricks, stone, wood and tiles</p>   |  |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> Nil.   |  |
| Interior: Not accessible.  |  |
| Existing Condition: Fair   |  |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential   |  |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions.  |  |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div> <p style="text-align: center;">Front Elevations of the Village Houses</p> |  |

Site Code: HKT04

Site Name: A row of old village houses at Shek Tsai Leng



Front Elevations of the Village Houses



Front Elevations of the Village Houses



Rear View

Site Code: HKT04

Site Name: A row of old village houses at Shek Tsai Leng



Side and Rear View



Side View




Window



The Roof Edge



|   |   |
|---|---|
| Site Code: HKT08  | Site Name: A row of old village houses at Yin Liu |
| Full Address: Yin Liu, Castle Peak Road, Kwu Tung   | Plan No.: Plan 1r                                 |
| Orientation: South  | Category: Historic Building (Residential House)   |
| Age of Structure: Qing Dynasty  |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Facing Castle Peak Road and surrounded by village environment.   |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>According to the Kwu Tung village representative, it is a row of 7 units of houses of over a hundred years old. The houses had been occupied by the workers (Chau clan) for the former Ho Tung villa nearby. The site is now owned by the Landace Universal Limited. During a recent site visit in December 2010, it is noted that most of the row houses had been demolished with only one of the houses (the west end house) remain its original condition. The two eastern end houses had been demolished to remain the rear part of the buildings. Most of the site is converted into a parking area and an earth shrine is found in front of the row houses.</p> |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil   |   |
| <p>Inscriptions:</p>   |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> A row of village house built with shared gable walls but only one of them remain to be a completed house.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> bricks, stones, tiles.</p>   |   |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> Nil   |   |
| Interior: The surviving house is not accessible. Others are mostly demolished as shown in the photographic record below.  |   |
| Existing Condition: Only one of the row house survive in fair condition. The two houses at the east end had been half demolished. Row houses in the middle had been demolished and converted to a parking area.   |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential and commercial but now abandoned or converted to parking area.   |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: One of the house had signs of modern modification. Others are mostly demolished.  |   |

Site Code: HKT08

Site Name: A row of old village houses at Yin Liu

Photographic Records:



General View from Castle Peak Road during Stage 1 EIA for the Project.



General view of the only surviving row house (Photo took in December 2010)



Side View of the Surviving House



Site Code: HKT08

Site Name: A row of old village houses at Yin Liu




General View of the Two Row Houses at the Eastern End (front section demolished)



New Shrine Constructed in front of the Demolished Houses.




|  |   |
|--|---|
| Site Code: HKT11 and 12  | Site Name: G6 to G11, Tsung Yuen Village        |
| Full Address: Tsung Yuen Village, Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tong  | Plan No.: Plan 1g                               |
| Orientation: East  | Category: Historic Building (Residential House) |
| Age of Structure: Early to middle 20 <sup>th</sup> century   |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Tsung Yuen Village is also known as Ho Sheung Heung San Tsuen where the village is originated from Ho Sheung Heung. The village is mixed with modernised buildings, 1960s buildings and traditional Chinese buildings, mainly one-hall with a courtyard.</p> |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan   |   |
| Inscriptions: Nil  |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p>Traditional one storey village house constructed with shared party wall.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> Row houses constructed with shared party walls.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Bricks, stones, concrete, tiles and modern materials</p>              |   |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> Wall frieze façade. See photographic record.   |   |
| Interior: Not accessible.  |   |
| Existing Condition: Good.  |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential   |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions   |   |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p>  <p>Front View</p>  |   |

Site Code: HKT11 and 12

Site Name: G6 to G11, Tsung Yuen Village







Rear View

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Site Code: HKT13  | Site Name: G19 and G20, Tsung Yuen Village      |
| Full Address: Tsung Yuen Village, Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tong   | Plan No.: Plan 1g                               |
| Orientation: East   | Category: Historic Building (Residential House) |
| Age of Structure: Qing Dynasty  |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment  |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Tsung Yuen Village is also known as Ho Sheung Heung San Tsuen where the village is originated from Ho Sheung Heung. The village is mixed with modernised buildings, 1960s buildings and traditional Chinese buildings, mainly one-hall with a courtyard.</p>  |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan  |   |
| Inscriptions: Nil   |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p>Traditional village house constructed with shared partly wall. Access to the site was not obtained for detailed inspection. Only a side view of the house could be seen during site inspection.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> Two house lots constructed with shared partly wall.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Bricks, stones, concrete, tiles, iron bars and modern materials</p> |   |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> Wall frieze decoration features observed but close inspection or photographic records not possible.   |   |
| Interior: Not accessible.   |   |
| Existing Condition: Good.   |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential  |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: Nil.  |   |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p>    |   |
| Village House in the village  |   |



|  |   |
|--|---|
| Site Code: HKT14   | Site Name: G21, Tsung Yuen Village              |
| Full Address: Tsung Yuen Village, Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tong  | Plan No.: Plan 1g                               |
| Orientation: East  | Category: Historic Building (Residential House) |
| Age of Structure: Qing Dynasty   |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment.  |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Tsung Yuen Village is also known as Ho Sheung Heung San Tsuen where the village is originated from Ho Sheung Heung. The village is mixed with modernised buildings, 1960s buildings and traditional Chinese buildings, mainly one-hall with a courtyard.</p>   |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan   |   |
| Inscriptions: Nil  |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p>According to the building form, the east part of this building was probably a former watch tower building of the village but not it is converted to residential use. The building is in a fenced area, closed inspection is not possible.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> It was probably two lots of buildings with shared partly wall. They are three storey.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Bricks, stones, concrete, tiles and modern materials</p> |   |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> Wall frieze decorative features. See photographic record.  |   |
| Interior: Not accessible.  |   |
| Existing Condition: Fair and still in use  |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential   |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions.  |   |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Former Watch Tower</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Decorations and the Gun-Shot Window of the Watch Tower</p> </div> </div>              |   |

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|---|---|
| Site Code: HKT15  | Site Name: Nos. 5-8 in Lane 4 Yin Kong Village    |
| Full Address: Nos. 5-8 in Lane 4, Yin Kong Village, Kwu Tung  | Plan No.: Plan 1s                                 |
| Orientation: North  | Category: Historic Buildings (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: Qing Dynasty  |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment  |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Yiu Kong village is from the Hau clan branched off from Ho Sheung Heung in Qing Dynasty. There is no temple or ancestral hall in the village but there is a number of earth shrines associated with fung shui trees behind it.</p>  |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan  |   |
| Inscriptions: Nil   |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> Five rows of houses constructed facing north to form the village. Nos. 5-8 are located at the fourth row of the village and were built with shared gable walls.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, tiles and modern materials.</p>   |   |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> Nil.  |   |
| Interior: Not accessible.   |   |
| Existing Condition: Fair.   |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential  |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions.   |   |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Front and Side View of Lane 4 No.5-6</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Front and Side View of Lane 4 No.7-8</p> </div> </div> |   |

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|---|---|
| Site Code: HKT16  | Site Name: Nos. 13-15 in Lane 3, Yin Kong Village |
| Full Address: Nos. 13-15 in Lane 3, Yin Kong Village, Kwu Tung  | Plan No.: Plan 1s                                 |
| Orientation: North  | Category: Historic Buildings (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: early to middle 20 <sup>th</sup> century  |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment  |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Yiu Kong village is from the Hau clan branched off from Ho Sheung Heung in Qing Dynasty. There is no temple or ancestral hall in the village but there is a number of earth shrines associated with fung shui trees behind it.</p>  |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan  |   |
| Inscriptions: Nil   |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> Five rows of houses constructed facing north to form the village. Nos. 13-15 are located at the third row of the village and were built with shared gable walls.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, tiles, concrete and modern materials.</p>  |   |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> See photographic record of façade of No. 13.  |   |
| Interior: Not accessible.   |   |
| Existing Condition: Good  |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential  |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions  |   |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Front View of Lane 3 No.13</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Front View of Lane 3 No.14</p> </div> </div> |   |



Site Code: HKT16



Site Name: Nos. 13-15 in Lane 3, Yin Kong Village





Front View of Lane 3 No.15



Side and Rear View of Lane 3 No.13-15

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| Site Code: HKT17   | Site Name: Nos. 10-11 in Lane 3, Yin Kong Village |
| Full Address: Nos. 10-11 in Lane 3, Yin Kong Village, Kwu Tung   | Plan No.: Plan 1s                                 |
| Orientation: North   | Category: Historic Buildings (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: early to middle 20 <sup>th</sup> century   |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Yiu Kong village is from the Hau clan branched off from Ho Sheung Heung in Qing Dynasty. There is no temple or ancestral hall in the village but there is a number of earth shrines associated with fung shui trees behind it.</p>   |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan   |   |
| Inscriptions: Nil  |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> Five rows of houses constructed facing north to form the village. Nos. 10-11 are located at the third row of the village and were built with shared gable walls.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, tiles, concrete and modern materials.</p> <p><i>Decoration Features:</i> See photographic record of façade wall frieze with decorative paintings fading out.</p>                        |   |
| Interior: Not accessible.  |   |
| Existing Condition: Fair to Good   |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential   |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions   |   |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Front and Side View of Lane 3 No.10</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Front View of Lane 3 No.11</p> </div> </div> |   |

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Site Code: HKT18  | Site Name: Nos. 7-8 in Lane 2, Yin Kong Village   |
| Full Address: Nos. 7-8 in Lane 2, Yin Kong Village, Kwu Tung  | Plan No.: Plan 1s                                 |
| Orientation: North  | Category: Historic Buildings (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: Early to middle 20 <sup>th</sup> century  |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment  |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Yiu Kong village is from the Hau clan branched off from Ho Sheung Heung in Qing Dynasty. There is no temple or ancestral hall in the village but there is a number of earth shrines associated with fung shui trees behind it.</p>  |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan  |   |
| Inscriptions: Nil   |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> Five rows of houses constructed facing north to form the village. Nos. 7-8 are located at the second row of the village and were built with shared gable walls.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, tiles, concrete and modern materials.</p> <p><i>Decoration Features:</i> Above entrance door lintel and roof. See photographic record.</p>  |   |
| Interior: Not accessible.   |   |
| Existing Condition: Good  |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential  |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions  |   |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Front View of Lane 2 No.7-8</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Decoration of the Gate of Lane 2 No.7</p> </div> </div> |   |



Site Code: HKT18


Site Name: Nos. 7-8 in Lane 2, Yin Kong Village



Side View of Lane 2 No.7



Rear View of Lane 2 No.7-8

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Site Code: HKT19   | Site Name: Nos. 1-3 in Lane 1, Yin Kong Village   |
| Full Address: Nos. 1-3 in Lane 1, Yin Kong Village, Kwu Tung   | Plan No.: Plan 1s                                 |
| Orientation: North   | Category: Historic Buildings (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: Qing dynasty to early 20 <sup>th</sup> century   |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Yiu Kong village is from the Hau clan branched off from Ho Sheung Heung in Qing Dynasty. There is no temple or ancestral hall in the village but there is a number of earth shrines associated with fung shui trees behind it.</p>                                   |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan   |   |
| Inscriptions: Nil  |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> Five rows of houses constructed facing north to form the village. Nos. 1-3 are located at the first row of the village and were built with shared gable walls.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, tiles and modern materials.</p> |   |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> Fish shape rainwater outlets and wall frieze decorative features.  |   |
| Interior: Not accessible.  |   |
| Existing Condition: Good   |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential   |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions.  |   |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p>  <p>Front View of Lane 1 No.1-3 (HKT7f)</p>   |   |

Site Code: HKT19

Site Name: Nos. 1-3 in Lane 1, Yin Kong Village




Side View of Lane 1 No.1-3



The Carp-Shaped Rainwater Outlets of Lane 1 No.1-3



|  |   |
|--|---|
| Site Code: HKT20   | Site Name: Yin Kong Rural Community House     |
| Full Address: No. 6, Lane 1, Yin Kong Village,<br>Kwu Tung   | Plan No.: Plan 1s                             |
| Orientation: North   | Category: Historic Buildings (Community Hall) |
| Age of Structure: middle 20 <sup>th</sup> century  |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Yiu Kong village is from the Hau clan branched off from Ho Sheung Heung in Qing Dynasty. There is no temple or ancestral hall in the village but there is a number of earth shrines associated with fung shui trees behind it.</p>   |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan   |   |
| <p>Inscriptions:</p>    |   |
| <h1>燕崗村公所</h1>   |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> Five rows of houses constructed facing north to form the village. No. 6 is located at the first row of the village and was built with shared gable walls.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, tiles, reinforced concrete and modern materials.</p> |   |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> Nil  |   |
| Interior: Not accessible.  |   |
| Existing Condition: Good   |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Rural community house   |   |
| <p>Notes on any Modifications: Probably renovated in the middle 20<sup>th</sup> century.</p>   |   |

Site Code: HKT20

Site Name: Yin Kong Rural Community House



Photographic Records:





Front View of Lane 1 No.6






Rear View of Lane 1 No.6

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT21   | Site Name: No. 7 in Lane 1, Yin Kong Village   |
| Full Address: No. 7 in Lane 1, Yin Kong Village, Kwu Tung  | Plan No.: Plan 1s  |
| Orientation: North   | Category: Historic Buildings (Residential Houses)  |
| Age of Structure: middle 20 <sup>th</sup> century  |  |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |  |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Yiu Kong village is from the Hau clan branched off from Ho Sheung Heung in Qing Dynasty. There is no temple or ancestral hall in the village but there is a number of earth shrines associated with fung shui trees behind it.</p>   |  |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan   |  |
| Inscriptions: Nil.   |  |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> Five rows of houses constructed facing north to form the village. No. 7 is located at the first row of the village and was built with shared gable walls.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, tiles, reinforced concrete and modern materials.</p> |  |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> Nil  |  |
| Interior: Not accessible.  |  |
| Existing Condition: Good   |  |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential   |  |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern Additions   |  |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p>  <p>Front View of Lane 1 No.7</p>  |  <p>Rear View of Lane 1 No.7</p> |



|  |   |
|--|---|
| Site Code: HKT22   | Site Name: Nos. 2-3 in Lane 2, Yin Kong Village   |
| Full Address: Nos. 2-3 in Lane 2, Yin Kong Village, Kwu Tung   | Plan No.: Plan 1s                                 |
| Orientation: North   | Category: Historic Buildings (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: early 20 <sup>th</sup> century   |   |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |   |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>Yiu Kong village is from the Hau clan branched off from Ho Sheung Heung in Qing Dynasty. There is no temple or ancestral hall in the village but there is a number of earth shrines associated with fung shui trees behind it.</p>   |   |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Hau clan   |   |
| Inscriptions: Nil  |   |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> Five rows of houses constructed facing north to form the village. Nos. 2-3 are located at the second row of the village and were built with shared gable walls.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, tiles, concrete and modern materials.</p> <p><i>Decoration Features:</i> Above entrance door lintel. See photographic record.</p>  |   |
| Interior: Not accessible.  |   |
| Existing Condition: Fair. Roof covered by metal sheets.  |   |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential   |   |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern Additions   |   |
| <p>Photographic Records:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Front and Side View of Lane 2 No.2-3</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Rear and Side View of Lane 2 No.2-3</p> </div> </div> |   |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT26   | Site Name: Yu Lin De (儒林第)                       |
| Full Address: No. F5 Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tung   | Plan No.: Plan 1j                                |
| Orientation: East  | Category: Historic Building (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: Early to middle 20 <sup>th</sup> century and renovated in 2004.  |  |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |  |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>The Hau clan was originated from Hebei Province. During Song dynasty, one of the branches of the clan moved southward to Panyu (番禺) in Guongzhou (廣州). The 11<sup>th</sup> generation of the Hau clan moved to settle in Ho Sheung Heung home during Ming dynasty. The Hau clan is one of the five major clans in the New Territories. According to the inscription on the façade, the building was renovated in 2004.</p> |  |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil  |  |
| <p>Inscriptions:</p>    |  |
|    |  |
|    |  |
| <p>天 開 文 運</p>   |  |

|   |  |   |                                  |
|---|--|---|----------------------------------|
| Site Code: HKT26  | Site Name: Yu Lin De (儒林第)                       |   |                                  |
| Full Address: No. F5 Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tung  | Plan No.: Plan 1j                                |   |                                  |
| Orientation: East   | Category: Historic Building (Residential Houses) |   |                                  |
|   | <p>溪環角帶更有龍樓鳳閣</p> <p>青排戶外作圍屏</p>                 |  | <p>懷念箕裘且將羔酒豚肩</p> <p>香靄堂前綿俎豆</p> |
| <p><b>Architectural Appraisal:</b></p> <p>According to the old maps, there were two walled villages at Ho Sheung Heung but most of them are replaced by modern buildings. Only little wall section is left in the village. There are also a series of ruins and abandoned residential structures. Behind the village is a hill to its west and in front of the village are the Sheung Yue River, fishponds and agricultural fields. This is one of the few traditional houses remained in the village and constructed with shared party wall.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> From walled village and extended to the current village.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, mud bricks, tiles and modern materials</p> |  |   |                                  |



|  |  |
|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT26                               | Site Name: Yu Lin De (儒林第)                       |
| Full Address: No. F5 Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tung | Plan No.: Plan 1j                                |
| Orientation: East                              | Category: Historic Building (Residential Houses) |

*Decoration Features:*



Painted Decoration at the Upper Left Corner



Painted Decoration at the Upper Right Corner



General View of Reliefs on Eaves Board



Middle part of the Eaves Board

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT26                               | Site Name: Yu Lin De (儒林第)                       |
| Full Address: No. F5 Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tung | Plan No.: Plan 1j                                |
| Orientation: East                              | Category: Historic Building (Residential Houses) |



Left section of the Eaves Board



Right section of the Eaves Board



Reliefs at the Back of the Building

Interior: Not accessible.

Existing Condition: Good

Past and Present Uses: Residential

Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions.



|  |  |
|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT26                               | Site Name: Yu Lin De (儒林第)                       |
| Full Address: No. F5 Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tung | Plan No.: Plan 1j                                |
| Orientation: East                              | Category: Historic Building (Residential Houses) |

Photographic Records:



General Front View



Front Door





Rear View



Side View



|  |  |
|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT26   | Site Name: Yu Lin De (儒林第)                       |
| Full Address: No. F5 Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tung                                     | Plan No.: Plan 1j                                |
| Orientation: East  | Category: Historic Building (Residential Houses) |
|  |  |
| Design of the Roof   |  |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT29   | Site Name: No. E7 Ho Sheung Heung                |
| Full Address: Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tung  | Plan No.: Plan 1j                                |
| Orientation: East  | Category: Historic Building (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: Early to middle 20 <sup>th</sup> century   |  |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |  |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>The Hau clan was originated from Hebei Province. During Song dynasty, one of the branches of the clan moved southward to Panyu (番禺) in Guongzhou (廣州). The 11<sup>th</sup> generation of the Hau clan moved to settle in Ho Sheung Heung home during Ming dynasty. The Hau clan is one of the five major clans in the New Territories.</p>   |  |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals:  |  |
| Inscriptions: N/A  |  |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal: According to the old maps, there were two walled villages at Ho Sheung Heung but most of them are replaced by modern buildings. Only little wall section is left in the village. There are also a series of ruins and abandoned residential structures. Behind the village is a hill to its west and in front of the village are the Sheung Yue River, fishponds and agricultural fields. This is one of the few traditional houses remained and constructed with shared party wall.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> From walled village and extended to the current village.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, mud bricks, tiles and modern materials</p> |  |
| <i>Decoration Features:</i> N/A  |  |
| Interior: Not accessible.  |  |
| Existing Condition: Good   |  |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential   |  |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions   |  |
| Photographic Records:  |  |
|    |  |
| No. E7 of the Village, South of the Ancestral Hall   |  |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT37   | Site Name: D11 to D14 Ho Sheung Heung            |
| Full Address: Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tung  | Plan No.: Plan 1j                                |
| Orientation: East  | Category: Historic Building (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: Early to middle 20 <sup>th</sup> century   |  |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |  |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>The Hau clan was originated from Hebei Province. During Song dynasty, one of the branches of the clan moved southward to Panyu (番禺) in Guongzhou (廣州). The 11<sup>th</sup> generation of the Hau clan moved to settle in Ho Sheung Heung home during Ming dynasty. The Hau clan is one of the five major clans in the New Territories.</p>   |  |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil  |  |
| Inscriptions: Nil.   |  |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal: According to the old maps, there were two walled villages at Ho Sheung Heung but most of them are replaced by modern buildings. Only little wall section is left in the village. There are also a series of ruins and abandoned residential structures. Behind the village is a hill to its west and in front of the village are the Sheung Yue River, fishponds and agricultural fields. These are four traditional village houses remained in the village constructed with shared party walls.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> From walled village and extended to the current village.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, mud bricks, tiles and modern materials</p> |  |
| <p><i>Decoration Features:</i></p> <div data-bbox="430 1160 1152 1615" data-label="Image"> </div> <p>Decoration feature on the side wall frieze of the No. D14.</p>  |  |
| Interior: Not accessible.  |  |
| Existing Condition: Good   |  |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential   |  |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions   |  |



Site Code: HKT37

Site Name: D11 to D14 Ho Sheung Heung

Photographic Records:



Front view of Nos. D11 to D14



Front view of Nos. D12 and D11



Rear view



Side wall of No. D14

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT41   | Site Name: C33 Ho Sheung Heung                   |
| Full Address: Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tung  | Plan No.: Plan 1j                                |
| Orientation: East  | Category: Historic Building (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: Ming Dynasty   |  |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |  |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>The Hau clan was originated from Hebei Province. During Song dynasty, one of the branches of the clan moved southward to Panyu (番禺) in Guongzhou (廣州). The 11<sup>th</sup> generation of the Hau clan moved to settle in Ho Sheung Heung home during Ming dynasty. The Hau clan is one of the five major clans in the New Territories.</p>   |  |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil  |  |
| Inscriptions: Nil.   |  |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p>According to the old maps, there were two walled villages at Ho Sheung Heung but most of them are replaced by modern buildings. Only little wall section is left in the village. There are also a series of ruins and abandoned residential structures. Behind the village is a hill to its west and in front of the village are the Sheung Yue River, fishponds and agricultural fields. This is one of the few traditional houses remained in the village and constructed with shared party wall.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> From walled village and extended to the current village.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, mud bricks, tiles and modern materials</p> |  |
| <p><i>Decoration Features:</i></p> <div data-bbox="422 1120 1161 1556" data-label="Image"> </div> <p>Wall frieze decoration features</p>   |  |
| Interior: Mostly not accessible.   |  |
| Existing Condition: Good   |  |
| Past and Present Uses: Residential   |  |
| Notes on any Modifications: Modern additions   |  |

Site Code: HKT41

Site Name: C33 Ho Sheung Heung

Photographic Records:





No. C33 of the Village



Side view (constructed with shared party wall)



|  |  |
|--|--|
| Site Code: HKT42   | Site Name: F12 Ho Sheung Heung                   |
| Full Address: Ho Sheung Heung, Kwu Tung  | Plan No.: Plan 1j                                |
| Orientation: East  | Category: Historic Building (Residential Houses) |
| Age of Structure: Early 20 <sup>th</sup> century   |  |
| Surrounding Environment: Village environment   |  |
| <p>Historical Appraisal:</p> <p>The Hau clan was originated from Hebei Province. During Song dynasty, one of the branches of the clan moved southward to Panyu (番禺) in Guongzhou (廣州). The 11<sup>th</sup> generation of the Hau clan moved to settle in Ho Sheung Heung home during Ming dynasty. The Hau clan is one of the five major clans in the New Territories.</p>   |  |
| Associated historical/cultural events or individuals: Nil  |  |
| Inscriptions: Nil.   |  |
| <p>Architectural Appraisal:</p> <p>According to the old maps, there were two walled villages at Ho Sheung Heung but most of them are replaced by modern buildings. Only little wall section is left in the village. There are also a series of ruins and abandoned residential structures. Behind the village is a hill to its west and in front of the village are the Sheung Yue River, fishponds and agricultural fields. This is one of the few traditional houses remained in the village and constructed with shared party wall.</p> <p><i>Layout:</i> From walled village and extended to the current village.</p> <p><i>Construction Material:</i> Stone, bricks, mud bricks, tiles and modern materials</p> |  |
| <p><i>Decoration Features:</i></p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div> <p style="text-align: center;">Wall frieze decoration features</p>  |  |

*Interior:*



*Existing Condition:* Good

*Past and Present Uses:* Residential and currently abandoned.

*Notes on any Modifications:* Modern additions

**Photographic Records:**



Front view



Side view