

Appendix 3.3 Calculation of Dust Suppression Efficiency

Appendix 3.3: Calculation of Dust Suppression Efficiency

Equation (3-2) in the attached *Control of Open Fugitive Dust Sources Final Report* was adopted for estimating the dust suppression rates with the following assumptions:

p = Potential average hourly daytime evaporation rate = 0.25916 mm/hr

d = Average hourly daytime traffic rate per hour = 2/hr

i = Application intensity = 0.022115 L/m²

Note:

- (a) $p = 0.0049 \times 52.8898$ inch where 52.8898 inch is equivalent to the total evaporation of 1343.4 mm obtained from Hong Kong Observatory's website (http://www.weather.gov.hk/cis/normal/1971 2000/normals e.htm).
- (b) d was based on maximum number of vehicles of haul roads to barging points with 1800 vehicles per day (for haul road HR8A & 8B) which is 150 vehicles per hour with 12 operation hrs at active construction site.
- (c) The assumptions provided above are for the purpose of assessment predictions only. Actual figures would be defined by the detailed design stage.

By applying the Equation (3-2) with the above assumptions,

Dust suppression efficiency = $100 - 0.8 \times 0.25916 \times 2 \times t / 0.022115$

where t = time between application, hr

Therefore,

For a water spraying frequency of 8 times per day, t = 8/12 = 0.6667/hr and therefore the estimated dust suppression efficiency is 87.5%.