



SkyCity Nine Eagles Golf Course

EM&A Quarterly Compliance Report

August 2009 to October 2009



Hyder Consulting Limited

Company Number 126012 47th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai

Hong Kong

Tel: +852 2911 2233 Fax: +852 2805 5028

hyder.hk@hyderconsulting.com www.hyderconsulting.com



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Author

Yu Man TSANG

Checker

Terence KONG

Approver

Roger LEUNG

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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of this Project is to construct and operate a 9-hole Golf Course at the east side of the North Commercial District (NCD) on the Airport Island as an interim arrangement prior to the area's future development as a business park (see *Figure 1-1*). The interim golf facility, known as "SkyCity Nine Eagles Golf Course" is intended to serve airport passengers, overseas visitors and airport workers until August 2013.

The Project is managed by SykCity Nine Eagles Golf Course, who have engaged Asia Turf Solutions Ltd. to establish and maintain the turfgrass of the Golf Course. Hyder Consulting have been employed as the Environmental Team (ET) for the Operation Period and have engaged ALS Technichem Pty Ltd as the HOKLAS accredited testing laboratory to carry out lake water analysis. Construction was completed on 31 December 2006, the first phase of the Operation Period was completed on 30 April 2007, and the second phase commenced on 1 May 2007.

According to the approved EM&A Manual, monthly compliance monitoring of lake water quality at four locations (W1 to W4) is required during the second phase of the Operation Period, with reporting on a quarterly basis. Parameters monitored comprise Suspended Solids (SS), Dissolved Oxygen (DO), Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD₅), nitrogen, phosphorous, temperature and salinity.

This is the tenth Quarterly Compliance report covering August 2009 to October 2009 and complies with the reporting requirements stated in the approved EM&A Manual.

There were exceedances of the Action Level for SS and of Limit Level for BOD during scheduled monitoring in the reporting quarter. On each occasion of a series of exceedances, EPD and the Golf Course Supervisor were notified as required, as soon as the results were available, and **no** follow-on monitoring was arranged in the reporting quarter. Furthermore, the Golf Course Supervisor was advised that lake water was not of an acceptable quality for discharge and that the control valve must not be opened until there is no longer any exceedance of the Action Level.

The exceedances of SS and BOD_5 levels were mainly due to low water level at Lakes A and B (0.3m in September 2009 and 0.2m in October 2009) caused by the prolonged sunshine and dry weather from August to October 2009, thus leading to excessive evaporation from the lakes. Besides, the circulation of lakes by aerators was suspended because of the low water level. Hence the non-compliance was considered not related to the operation of the project and no follow-on monitoring was required. Possible mitigation measures were carried out by the Operator to improve the lake water quality, such as application of "Aqua Bio-Trol", a non-chemical, natural liquid microbial pond clarifier, on 2 and 23 September 2009, and arrangement for the pump cleaning system to remove sand and silts settled in Lake A by late November / early December. ET will keep track of the lake water level and will conduct earlier sampling, if necessary before the lakes are full and ready for discharge.

During the reporting quarter, no complaints were received; and there were no notifications of summons. There were also no openings of the control valve, emergency or otherwise.





Figure 1-1 Location of SkyCity Golf Course on the Airport Island



2 LAKE WATER QUALITY EM&A

2.1 Overview

The Golf Course has been designed to contain water within two artificial lakes, which are linked together by two underwater pipes. Because of the sloping topography of the site, all rainwater collected within the Golf Course will drain into the lakes through a sub-soil drainage system. The lakes provide a source of freshwater for irrigation, from which surplus water will flow back into the lakes.

The lakes are normally maintained at a capacity of 15,000m³. This is not "full" but is the level that provides the required visual appearance. During the winter (dry) months, however, the lake water may fall below this level. The maximum capacity of the lakes is 20,000m³.

If more than 20,000m³ of water flows into the lakes, then the Golf Course may flood. To avoid this, the Golf Course Supervisor can authorise the opening of a control valve to allow the water to overflow from the lake and into off-site storm drains that discharge via Outfall No. 8. However, the valve can only be opened if the latest lake water monitoring results indicate that water is of an acceptable quality. In normal circumstances, the control valve remains closed and discharge off-site is not possible. All opening/closing of the control valve is logged on site.

If the latest lake water monitoring results indicate that water is not of an acceptable quality, then the valve cannot be opened, the lake water cannot overflow and the Golf Course may begin to flood. This is part of the mitigation design to prevent off-site discharge of water that does not meet the required standard.

The bund that surrounds the site is at least 1.5m high and up to 90,000m³ of floodwater can be retained within the Golf Course in addition to the 20,000m³ lake capacity. In this situation, water samples from the flooded Golf Course will be taken more frequently. Only when water has returned to an acceptable quality will the control valve be opened to allow water to overflow from the lake and into off-site storm drains that discharge via Outfall No. 8, thereby allowing the flood to recede.

The system by which this water control is achieved is shown in Figure 2-1.

2.2 EM&A Programme

Monitoring of Dissolved Oxygen (DO) concentration in mg/I, Suspended Solids (SS) in mg/I, Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD₅) in mg/I, Total Nitrogen in mg/I, Total Phosphorous in mg/I, Salinity in mg/I, and temperature in ^OC was carried out by the ET to ensure that any deterioration in lake water quality could be readily detected and timely action could be taken to rectify the situation if this was due to site operations. DO, temperature and salinity were measured *in-situ* whilst SS was determined in a HOKLAS-accredited laboratory.



2.2.1 Equipment and Methodology

Because of the relatively shallow water, *in-situ* measurements and water sampling were conducted at 0.5m from the surface (the mid-point of the 1m deep lake). Water samples for all monitoring parameters were collected, stored, preserved and analysed according to *APHA Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater*, 19th Edition, #17.

In-situ monitoring was carried out using a DO concentration and DO saturation were carried out using a YSI Model 85 CE-C-M-Y multi-parameter meter and the range, resolution and accuracy of the equipment is provided in *Table 2-1*.

In-situ Parameters	Measuring Devices	Measurement Precision
Dissolved Oxygen	YSI Multi-purpose Meter	0.1 mg/l and 0.1%
Salinity	YSI Multi-purpose Meter	0.1 ppt
Temperature	YSI Multi-purpose Meter	0.1 ^o C

Table 2-1 In-situ Monitoring Equipment Details

A Kahlisco water sampler was used to obtain water samples for subsequent SS analysis in the laboratory. A sufficient volume of the sample is collected in clean, high density polythene bottles, packed in ice (cooled to 4°C without being frozen), and delivered to the ALS laboratory immediately after monitoring. The analysis of the collected samples will start within the next working day after sample collection, following APHA *Standard Methods* #2540D.

2.2.2 Maintenance and Calibration

All in-situ monitoring instruments are calibrated and certified by ALS at monthly intervals throughout all stages of the lake water quality monitoring programme.

The YSI Multi-purpose Meter is calibrated once per monitoring day by the wet bulb method. Calibration at the ALS laboratory is carried out once every month in a water sample of known dissolved oxygen concentration. The sensor is immersed in the water and after thermal equilibration, the known mg/l value is keyed in and the calibration is carried out automatically. Calibration details are provided in *Appendix* 3

2.2.3 Parameters Monitored

The following parameters are monitored and compared to A/L Levels:

- Dissolved Oxygen
- Suspended Solids
- BOD₅
- Total Nitrogen
- Total Phosphorous

There are no A/L Levels for temperature or salinity – these parameters are recorded for information only.



2.2.4 Monitoring Locations

Monitoring locations together with grid references are shown in *Figure 2-2*. Monitoring Stations are designated as W1, W2, W3 and W4.

2.2.5 Monitoring Date, Time, Frequency and Duration

In accordance with the EM&A Manual, the monitoring frequency of lake water quality is shown as *Table 2-2*.

	Operat	ion Phase		
	Below Action/Limit Level	Action/Limit Level Exceedance		
Monitoring Frequency	Monthly	Weekly		

Table 2-2 Monitoring Frequency

2.3 Action/Limit Levels

According to the approved EM&A manual, the A/L Levels for the compliance monitoring (for monitoring locations W1 to W4) are shown in *Table 2-3*.

Parameter	Acceptable S	tandard (mg/l)
	Action Level	Limit Level
Suspended Solids	20	30
BOD ₅	13.5	20
Dissolved Oxygen	4	3
Total Nitrogen	20	30
Total Phosphorous	3.5	5

Table 2-3 Action and Limit Levels for Lake Water Quality

In case of exceedance of A/L Levels, the ET shall immediately implement the Event/Action Plan, shown in *Table 2-4*, in order to resolve the lake water quality problem:

Event	Action
Exceedance of Action	 Notify the Golf Course Supervisor of the exceedance, providing full details (time, location, parameter, level, etc.).
Level	 Increase the frequency of monitoring of the particular parameter(s) to "Action/Limit Level Exceedance" as shown in <i>Table 2-2</i>.
	 If water quality continues to worsen, it may be prudent to review the Turfgrass Management Plan (TMP) in terms of application of nutrients and agree any revisions with the Golf Facility Supervisor.
	 Notify the Golf Facility Supervisor when water quality falls below "Action Level" and reduce monitoring frequency to "Below Action/Limit Level" as shown in <i>Table 2-2</i>.



Event	Action
Exceedance of Limit Level	Notify EPD and Golf Course Supervisor of the exceedance, providing full details (time, location, parameter, level, etc.). Supposed any application of a region particular.
	 Suspend any ongoing application of organic nutrients.
	 Determine the likely cause of the exceedance(s). Review the TMP in terms of application of nutrients and agree any revisions with the Golf Facility Supervisor. Continue to irrigate the Golf Course using lake water.
	 Increase the frequency of monitoring of the particular parameter(s) to "Action/Limit Level Exceedance" as shown in <i>Table 2-2</i>. (if not already at this frequency) to demonstrate the effectiveness of remedial measures and to confirm that water quality has returned to acceptable levels.
	 Notify EPD and Golf Course Supervisor when water quality falls below "Action Level" (not "Limit Level") and reduce monitoring frequency to "Below Action/Limit Level" as shown in <i>Table 2-2</i>.

Table 2-4 Event / Action Plan for Lake Water Quality Monitoring

2.4 Summary of Monitoring Results

2.4.1 Review of Results and Implications

A summary of scheduled lake water monitoring results for the reporting quarter is provided in *Table 2-5*, below. Detailed results are provided in *Appendix 1* and graphical plots since commencement of the second phase of Operation are given in *Appendix 2*.

Monitoring Location		Salinity (mg/l)	Temperature (°C)	SS (mg/l)	BOD ₅ (mg/l)	DO Saturation (%age)	DO Concentration (mg/l)	Total Nitrogen (mg/l)	Total Phosphorous (mg/I)
	Mean	0.1	25.9	13.7	8.7	81.9	8.2	2.8	0.4
W1	Minimum	0.1	25.2	2.0	2.0	76.1	7.6	1.2	0.1
	Maximum	0.1	26.3	25.0	22.0	86.4	8.6	5.1	1.0
	Mean	0.1	26.2	16.3	12.0	83.0	8.3	3.0	0.4
W2	Minimum	0.1	25.3	2.0	2.0	78.9	7.8	1.2	0.1
	Maximum	0.1	27.0	27.0	32.0	86.3	8.6	5.6	1.0
	Mean	0.1	26.0	13.3	8.3	83.4	8.3	2.7	0.1
W3	Minimum	0.1	25.0	12.0	2.0	76.4	7.6	1.3	0.1
	Maximum	0.1	26.8	16.0	19.0	88.6	8.6	4.1	0.2
	Mean	0.1	26.3	14.3	8.0	84.3	8.4	2.4	0.1
W4	Minimum	0.1	25.0	11.0	2.0	78.3	7.8	1.3	0.1
	Maximum	0.1	27.0	18.0	18.0	88.5	8.7	4.0	0.2

Note: Bold indicates Action Level exceedance; Bold indicates Limit Level exceedance

Table 2-5 Summary of Compliance Monitoring Data During Reporting Quarter



As shown above, there were exceedances of the Action Levels for SS and for BOD_5 as well as exceedance of the Limit Level for BOD_5 during scheduled monitoring in the reporting quarter, as shown in *Appendix 1*. In accordance with the Event / Action Plan, the source(s) of the impact was identified and it was considered that the exceedances of Action and Limit Levels were considered **non-project related**. In addition, the possible mitigation measures were discussed with the Operator. In light of that, no follow-on action was required, and this is described below.

2.4.2 Follow-on Action

On each occasion of a series of exceedances, EPD and the Golf Course Supervisor were notified as required, as soon as the results were available, and follow-on monitoring was arranged on weekly basis if necessary. Furthermore, the Golf Course Supervisor was advised that lake water was not of an acceptable quality for discharge and that the control valve must not be opened until there is no longer any exceedance of the Action and Limit Levels.

Follow-on monitoring was carried out on 7 August 2009 owing to the exceedances in Action Levels for SS at W3 (22 mg/l) and W4 (23mg/l) recorded on 21 July 2009. The results showed that no exceedances of Action or Limit Level for SS – at W3 SS had fallen to 6mg/l and at W4 to 7mg/l. Hence no follow-on monitoring was required. The scheduled water monitoring results in August 2009 also indicated compliance of Action and Limit Levels for all measured parameters at W1 to W4.

However, there were exceedances of the Action Level for SS at W1 (25mg/l) and W2 (27mg/l) on 14 September 2009. According to the Event Action Plan for Marine Water Quality Monitoring, the source(s) of impact was identified. The exceedances of SS levels at W1 and W2 were mainly due to low water level at Lakes A and B (0.3m during the lake water quality monitoring) caused by the prolonged sunshine and dry weather in August and September 2009, thus leading to excessive evaporation from the lakes. The monitored results indicated that the nutrient levels in the water remained well below the Action Level ((total nitrogen < 3 mg/L & total phosphorus = 0.2 mg/L) and hence the application of nutrient (in Turfgrass Management Plan) was not the cause of excessive algal growth in the lakes in September 2009. Instead, the previously accumulated silts in the lake water in Lake A caused the exceedance of SS Action level. Possible mitigation measures were also discussed with the Operator of the Golf Course. A non-chemical, natural liquid microbial pond clarifier, "Aqua Bio-Trol", was applied to Lakes A and B on 2 September 2009 to reduce the presence of algae. Besides, more fish (e.g. carps) were added to improve the lake water quality. There was no need for discharge due to low water level (around 0.3m during the water quality monitoring). Hence, it was necessary to carry out the follow-on monitoring.

The exceedances of the Limit Level for BOD_5 at W1 (22mg/l) and W2 (32mg/l) were recorded on 9 October 2009. According to the Event Action Plan for Marine Water Quality Monitoring, the source(s) of impact was identified. The relatively high levels of SS recorded at W1 (14mg/l) and W2 (20mg/l) were the reasons accounting for the high levels of BOD_5 recorded at Lake A (W1 and W2). Besides, the aeration of lakes was suspended due to the low water levels (0.2m during the lake water quality monitoring). Hence the exceedances of the Limit Level for BOD_5 were due to previously accumulated silts in the lake water in Lake A and lack of aeration, hence the non-compliance was considered not related to the operation of the project. Possible mitigation measures were also discussed with the Operator of the Golf Course. Second dose of "Aqua Bio-Trol" was applied to the lakes on 23 September 2009 after the first addition on 2 September 2009 to further improve the lake water quality. For the problems of accumulated sand and silts in Lake A, the Operator is now arranging for the pump cleaning system to remove



sand and silts settled in Lake A by late November / early December. Hence the lake water quality will be further improved with the removal of those sand and silts. Considering the low water levels and unnecessary discharge of water at the moment, no follow-on water quality monitoring was required.

ET will keep track of the lake water level and will conduct earlier sampling, if necessary before the lakes are full and ready for discharge. Further details of "Aqua Bio-Trol" are provided in *Appendix 4.*

2.5 Operational Practice

Table 2-6 below, shows the operational practice during the reporting quarter, i.e., the activities relating to the management of water in the lakes:

Month	Month-end Lake Water Depth (m)	Can Control Valve Be Opened?	Has Control Valve Been Opened?	Quantity of Water Discharged (m³)
August 2009	0.4	Yes (from 14 Aug 2009)	No	-
September 2009	0.3	No (from 14 Sep 2009)	No	-
October 2009	0.2	No (from 9 Oct 2009)	No	-

Table 2-6 Operational Results

From **Section 2.4**, the EM&A results for the reporting quarter have shown that A/L Levels were exceeded for periods in September and October 2009 and so for these periods, the control valve could not be opened. For those periods when the control valve could have been opened, it was not. Overall, no water was discharged from the lakes during the reporting quarter. As of end-October 2009, the valve cannot be opened until SS levels drop below the Action Level.

2.6 Complaints and Notifications of Summons

2.6.1 Complaints

No complaints were received during the reporting month and there are no outstanding follow-on issues to be addressed.

2.6.2 Notifications of Summons

No notifications of summons were received during the reporting month and there are no outstanding follow-on issues to be addressed.

2.7 Future Monitoring Schedule

The lake water monitoring schedule for the next quarter (November 2009 to January 2010) is given in *Table 2-7*, below.



Sampling Date	Sampling Locations
13 November 2009	W1 to W4
11 December 2009	W1 to W4
8 January 2010	W1 to W4

Table 2-7 Future Monitoring Schedule



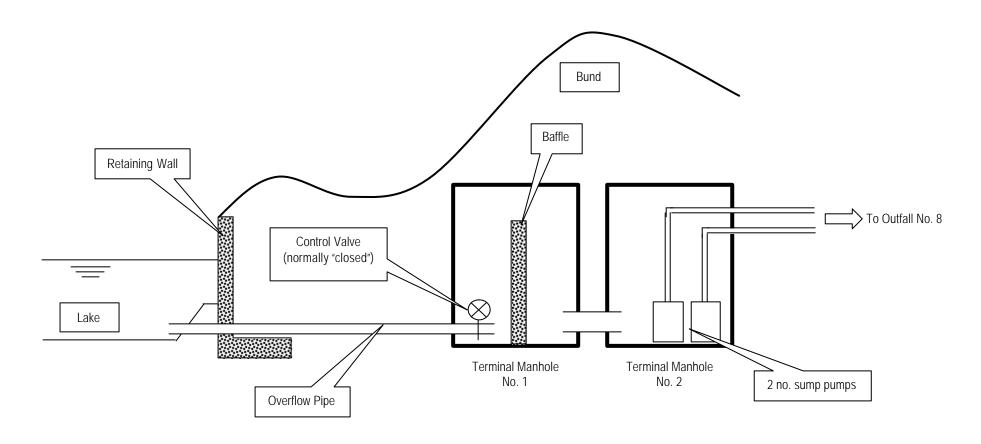
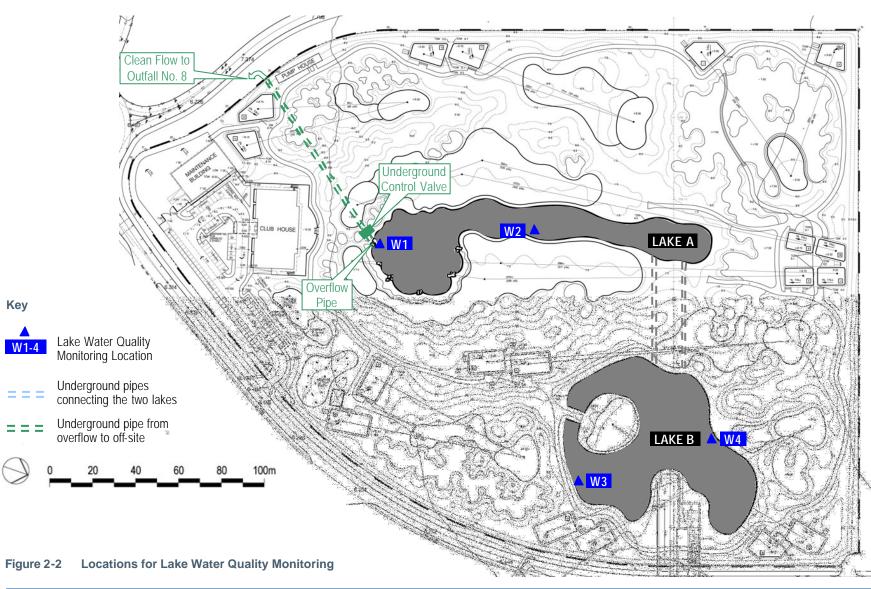


Figure 2-1 Schematic of Lake Water Control System







3 COMMENTS, RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

Compliance monitoring of lake water quality is required on a monthly basis, with an increase in frequency to weekly if there are exceedances of Action or Limit Levels. Parameters tested for comprise SS, DO, BOD₅, nitrogen, phosphorous, temperature and salinity. Monthly compliance monitoring was carried out on 14 August, 14 September and 9 October 2009 at four locations within the two lakes.

Reporting during the second phase of the Operation Period is required on a quarterly basis. This is the tenth Quarterly Compliance report covering August to October 2009 and complies with the reporting requirements stated in the approved EM&A Manual.

There were exceedances of the Action Level for SS and of Limit Level for BOD during scheduled monitoring in the reporting quarter. On each occasion of a series of exceedances, EPD and the Golf Course Supervisor were notified as required, as soon as the results were available, and no follow-on monitoring was arranged in the reporting quarter. Furthermore, the Golf Course Supervisor was advised that lake water was not of an acceptable quality for discharge and that the control valve must not be opened until there is no longer any exceedance of the Action Level.

There were exceedances of the Action Level for SS at W1 and W2 on 14 September 2009 and exceedance of Limit Level for BOD_5 at W1 and W2 on 9 October 2009. The exceedances of SS and BOD_5 levels were mainly due to low water level at Lakes A and B (0.3m in September 2009 and 0.2m in October 2009) caused by the prolonged sunshine and dry weather from August to October 2009, thus leading to excessive evaporation from the lakes. Besides, the circulation of lakes by aerators was suspended because of the low water level. Hence the non-compliance was considered not related to the operation of the project and no follow-on monitoring was required. Possible mitigation measures were carried out by the Operator to improve the lake water quality, such as application of "Aqua Bio-Trol", a non-chemical, natural liquid microbial pond clarifier, on 2 and 23 September 2009, and arrangement for the pump cleaning system to remove sand and silts settled in Lake A by late November / early December. ET will keep track of the lake water level and will conduct earlier sampling, if necessary before the lakes are full and ready for discharge.

During the reporting quarter, no complaints were received; and there were no notifications of summons. There were also no openings of the control valve, emergency or otherwise.



Appendix 1

Lake Water Quality Monitoring Data



Date	Time	Station	Salinity (mg/l)	Temperature (°C)	SS (mg/l)	BOD₅ (mg/l)	DO Saturation (%age)DO (Conc. (mg/l)	Total Nitrogen T. (mg/l)	. Phosphorous (mg/l)
07-Aug-09*	7:30	W3			6.0					
	7:35	W4			7.0					
14-Aug-09	7:30	W1	0.1	26.2	2.0	2.0	83.2	8.3	2.0	1.0
	7:35	W2	0.1	26.2	2.0	2.0	83.9	8.5	2.2	1.0
	7:40	W3	0.1	26.8	16.0	4.0	88.6	8.6	1.3	0.1
	7:45	W4	0.1	26.8	18.0	4.0	88.5	8.7	1.9	0.2
14-Sep-09	7:10	W1	0.1	26.3	25.0	2.0	76.1	7.6	1.2	0.1
	7:20	W2	0.1	27.0	27.0	2.0	78.9	7.8	1.2	0.1
	7:35	W3	0.1	26.2	12.0	2.0	76.4	7.6	2.8	0.2
	7:45	W4	0.1	27.0	11.0	2.0	78.3	7.8	1.3	0.1
09-Oct-09	6:50	W1	0.1	25.2	14.0	22.0	86.4	8.6	5.1	0.1
	6:55	W2	0.1	25.3	20.0	32.0	86.3	8.6	5.6	0.1
	7:05	W3	0.1	25.0	12.0	19.0	85.2	8.6	4.1	0.1
	7:10	W4	0.1	25.0	14.0	18.0	86.2	8.6	4.0	0.1
		Mean	0.1	26.1	14.4	9.3	83.2	8.3	2.7	0.3
		Minimum	0.1	25.0	2.0	2.0	76.1	7.6	1.2	0.1
		Maximum	0.1	27.0	27.0	32.0	88.6	8.7	5.6	1.0

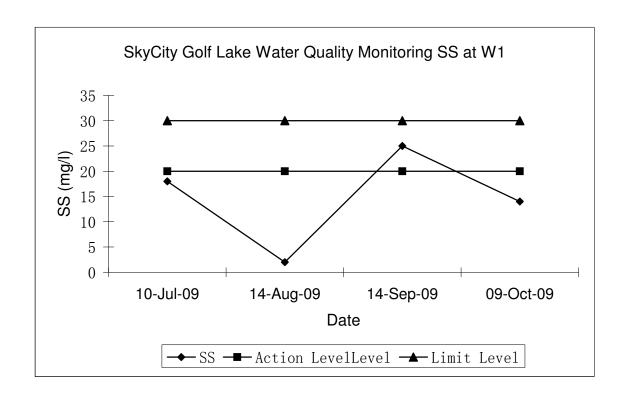
Notes: Bold indicates Action Level exceedance; Bold indicates Limit Level exceedance

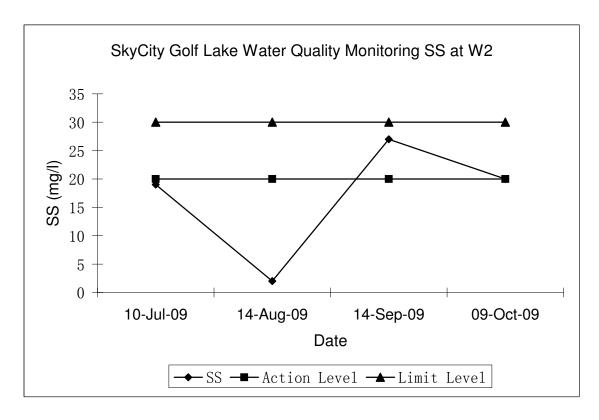
^{*} Additional follow-on monitoring (shown in *italic*) carried out only at those locations and only for those parameters which had previously shown exceedance in A/L Levels (these follow-on results are excluded from the mean, minimum and maximum calculations)

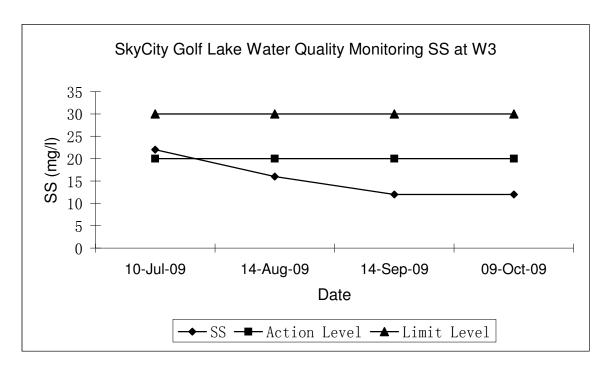


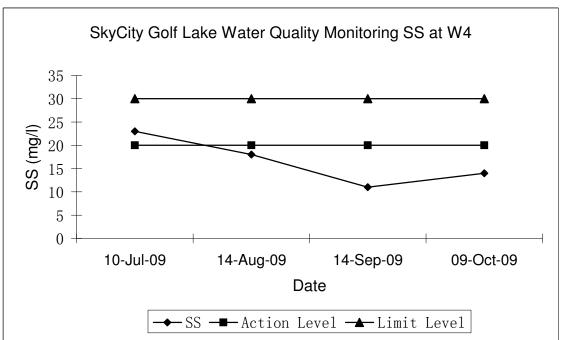
Appendix 2

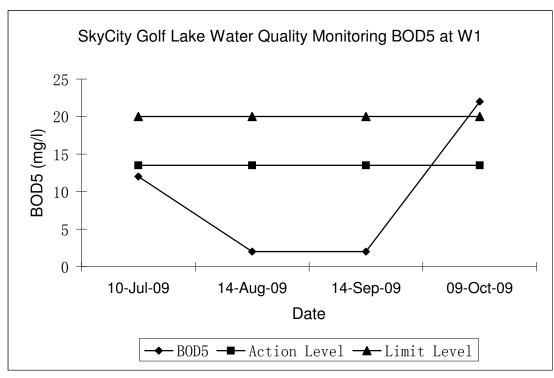
Graphical Plots of Monitoring Results

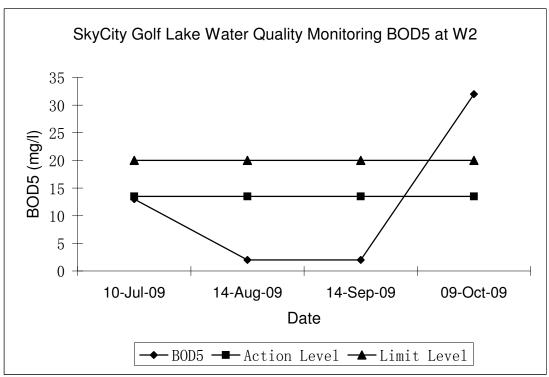


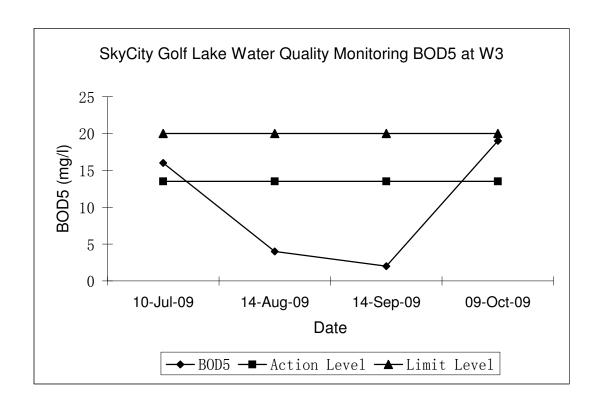


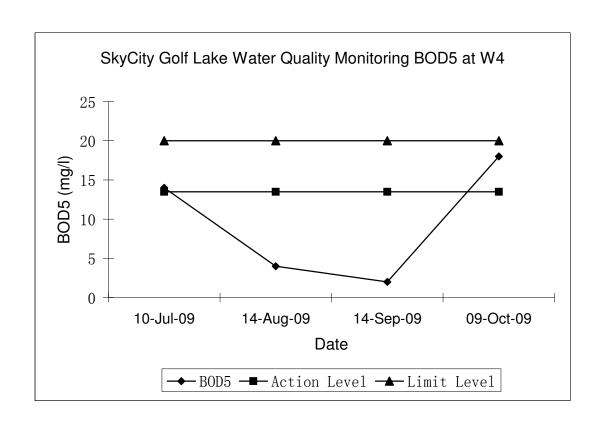


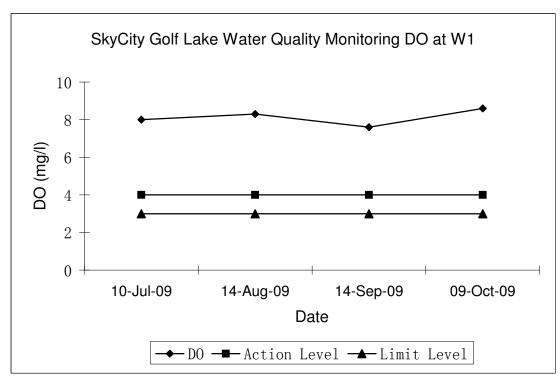


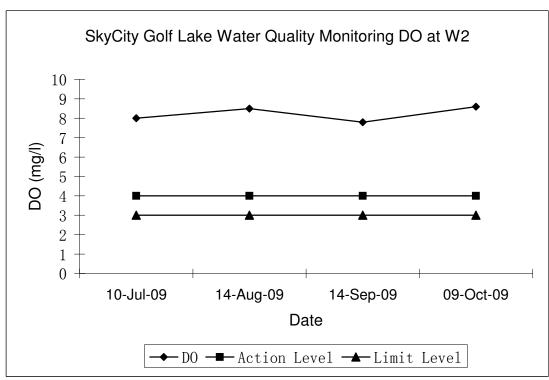


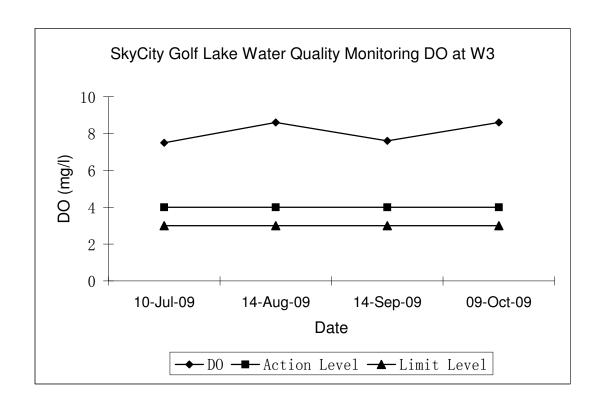


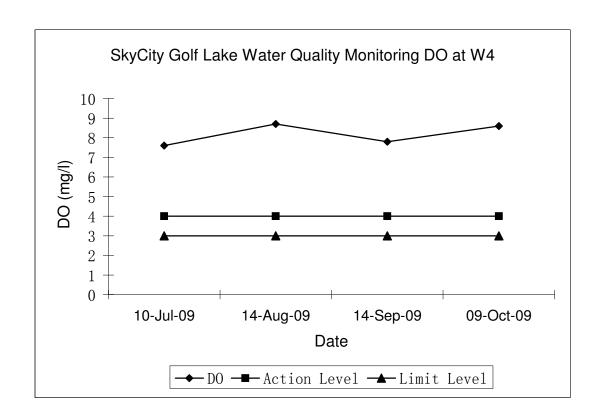


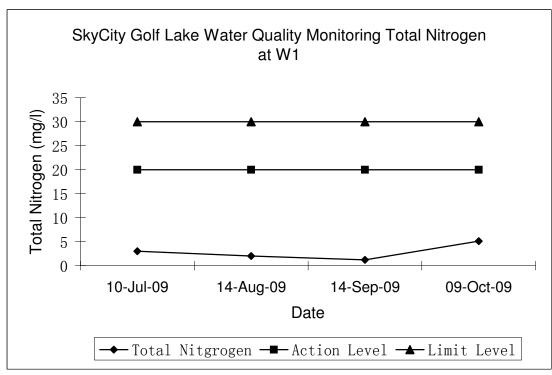


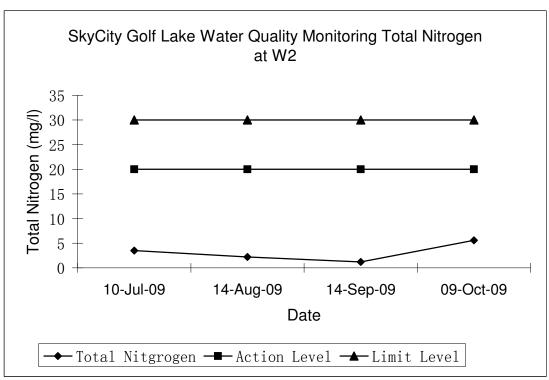


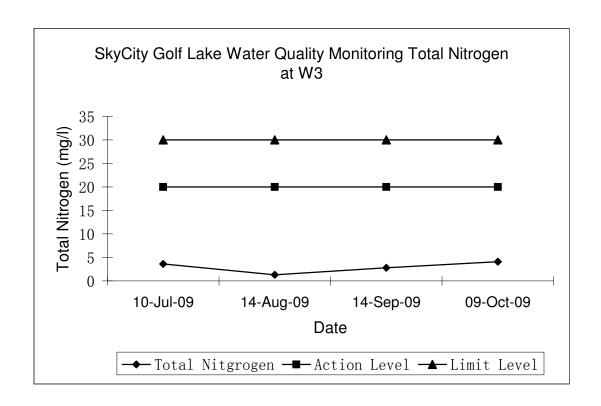


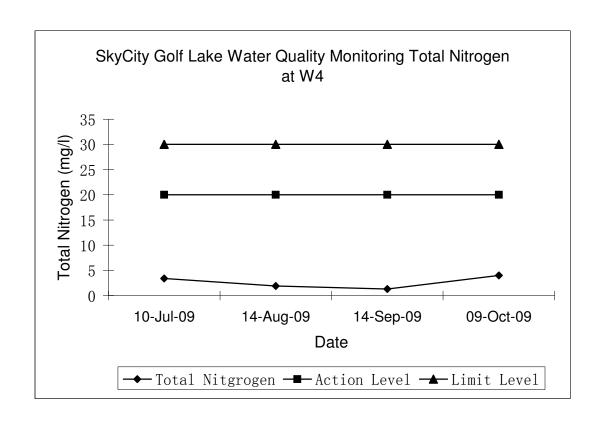


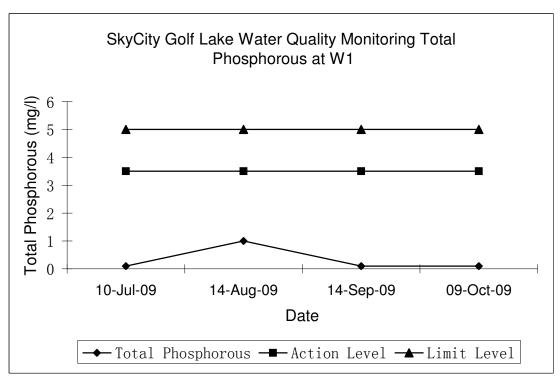


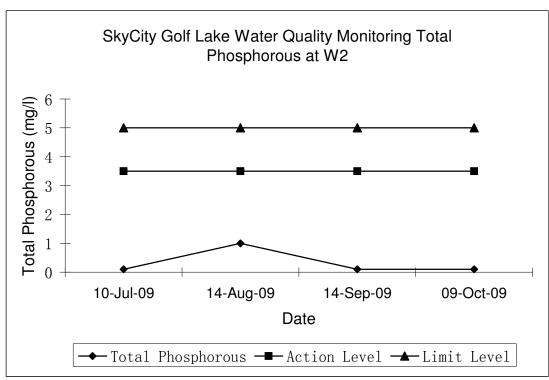


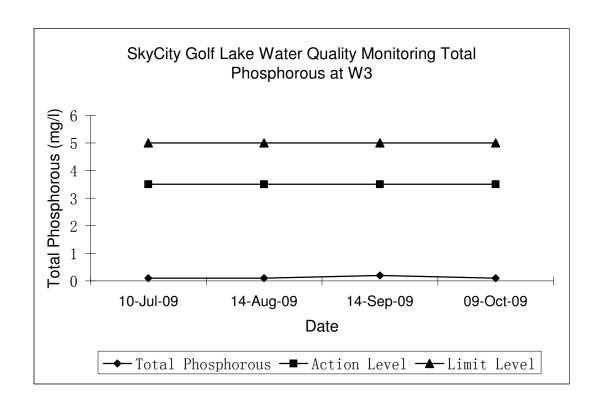


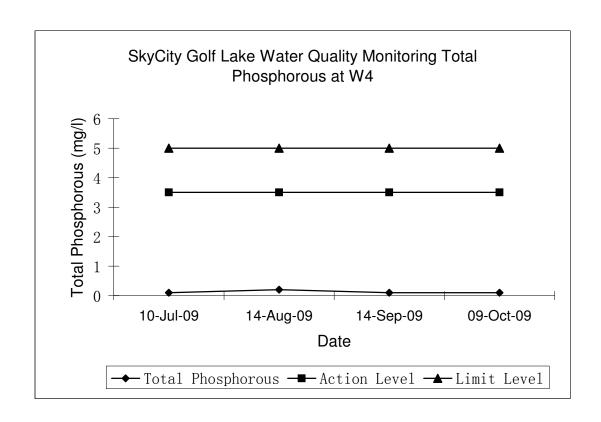














Appendix 3

Equipment Calibration Details



Date of Issue:

28/08/2009

Client:

HYDER CONSULTING LTD

Calibration of DO System

Item:

DO meter

Model No.:

YSI 5100

Serial No.:

02C0073AB

Calibration Method:

This meter was calibrated in accordance with standard method APHA (18th Ed.) 4500-0C & G

Date of Calibration:

07 July, 2009

Testing Results:

Expected Reading	Recording Reading
5.27 mg/L 6.58 mg/L 7.73 mg/L	5.41 mg/L 6.76 mg/L 7.80 mg/L
Allowing Deviation	±0.2 mg/L

Mr Chan Kwok Fai, Godfrey Laboratory Manager - Hong Kong



Date of Issue:

28/08/2009

Client:

HYDER CONSULTING LTD

Client Reference:

Calibration of Thermometer

Item:

DO meter

Model No.:

YSI 5100

Serial No.:

02C0073AB

Calibration Method:

In-house Method

Date of Calibration:

07 July, 2009

Testing Results:

Reference Temperature (°C)	Recorded Temperature (°C)
27.0 °C 33.5 °C	27.0 °C 33.4 °C
Allowing Deviation	±2.0°C

Mr Chan Kwok Fai, Godfrey Laboratory Manager - Hong Kong



Date of Issue:

25/09/2009

Client:

HYDER CONSULTING LTD

Calibration of DO System

Item:

DO meter

Model No.:

YSI 5100

Serial No.:

02C0073AB

Calibration Method:

This meter was calibrated in accordance with standard method APHA (18th Ed.) 4500-0C & G

Date of Calibration:

07 July, 2009

Testing Results:

Expected Reading	Recording Reading
5.27 mg/L 6.58 mg/L 7.73 mg/L	5.41 mg/L 6.76 mg/L 7.80 mg/L
Allowing Deviation	±0.2 mg/L

Mr Chan Kwok Fai, Godfrey Laboratory Manager - Hong Kong



Date of Issue:

25/09/2009

Client:

HYDER CONSULTING LTD

Client Reference:

Calibration of Thermometer

Item:

DO meter

Model No.:

YSI 5100

Serial No.:

02C0073AB

Calibration Method:

In-house Method

Date of Calibration:

07 July, 2009

Testing Results:

Reference Temperature (°C)	Recorded Temperature (°C)
27.0 °C 33.5 °C	27.0 °C 33.4 °C
Allowing Deviation	±2.0°C

Mr Charl Kwok Fai, Godfrey Laboratory Manager - Hong Kong



Batch:

HK0919069

Date of Issue:

21/10/2009

Client:

HYDER CONSULTING LTD

Client Reference:

SKY CITY GOLF COURSE

Calibration of DO System

Item:

YSI Multimeter

Model No.:

YSI15100 230V

Serial No.:

02C0073AB

Equipment No.:

HK739

Calibration Method:

This meter was calibrated in accordance with standard method APHA (18th Ed.) 4500-O C & G

Date of Calibration:

07 October, 2009

Testing Results:

Expected Reading	Recording Reading
5.14 mg/L 6.67 mg/L 7.07 mg/L 7.74 mg/L	5.21 mg/L 6.76 mg/L 7.11 mg/L 7.68 mg/L
Allowing Deviation	±0.2 mg/L

Mr Chan Kwok Fai, Godfrey

(Laboratory Manager - Hong Kong



Batch:

HK0919069

Date of Issue:

21/10/2009

Client:

HYDER CONSULTING LTD

Client Reference:

SKY CITY GOLF COURSE

Calibration of Thermometer

Item:

YSI Multimeter

Model No.:

YSI15100 230V

Probe No.:

02C0073AB

Equipment No.:

HK739

Calibration Method:

In-house Method

Date of Calibration:

07 October, 2009

Testing Results:

Reference Temperature (°C)	Recorded Temperature (°C)	
23.0 °C 31.5 °C	22.5 °C 30.9 °C	
Allowing Deviation	±2.0°C	

Mr Chan Kwok Fai, Godfrey Laboratory Manager - Hong Kong

ALS Environmental

ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd

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Appendix 4

Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid – Product Data Sheet

Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid

Liquid Microbial Pond Clarifier

PRODUCT DATA BULLETIN

Features

- Eliminates pond scum and green, soupy conditions
- Improves water clarity
- Reduces foul odors and organic sediment
- Contains facultative bacteria capable of withstanding low oxygen levels
- Reduces levels of harmful nitrates & ammonia
- Effective under a wide range of climactic conditions
- Enhances conditions for all aquatic life
- Reduces biological oxygen demand
- Non-toxic, safe for fish, plants & applicator
- Microencapsulated, microbial stimulants

Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid is the safe, natural way to establish and maintain cleaner pond and lake water without chemicals. *Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid* eliminates pond scum and green, *soupy* conditions, while eliminating foul odors. *Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid* improves water clarity and digests excess organic matter in ponds, lakes and fountains.

Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid helps to create and maintain a healthier pond, lake and fountain water ecosystem through non-chemical treatment. Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid is an all natural, microbial based product effective for improving poor water conditions, and especially for maintenance of healthy water conditions once they are established. Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid is a concentration of naturally occurring microbes, which act to bring pond and lake water into proper ecological balance.

Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid is completely biodegradable and non-toxic to humans, animals and water life. The result of treatment is reduced organic sediment and particulate, reduced sludge, clear water, and enhanced conditions for all aquatic life.

Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid microbes preemptively consume organic matter which feeds algae and which leads to anaerobic conditions, including bad odors. The active microbes in *Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid* feed on excess nutrients in the entire water column, from sludge at the bottom to suspended particulate, to green organic matter on the surface. Routine application helps keep water in it's best condition without the use of potentially harmful chemicals.



DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Aqua Bio-Trol Liquid is most effective when water temperatures range from 50° to 100° F. For best results, provide adequate surface or subsurface aeration. Subsuface aeration is preferred. For maximum efficiency, assure a minimum of 5-6 % dissolved oxygen.

Apply by distributing liquid as much as possible around pond and lake edges. Avoid dumping liquid in one location.

Pond	Initial	Monthly
Volume	Treatment	Maintenance
Acre Foot 325,900 gallons	4 gallons	2 gallons

Formulas to help in your calculations

- Length x Width x Depth (feet) x 7.48 = Number of Gallons
- One acre-foot of water = 325,900 gallons
- One acre-foot of water = 1,233 CuMt

Active Ingredients

A proprietary blend of 58 strains of aerobic and facultative beneficial bacteria at a minimum concentration of 6.6 x 10⁷ CFU per ml (including Bacillus subtilis)

Warranty: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use; but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness of a particular product expressed or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to the seller; and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.



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