

PROJECT No.: TCS/00512/09

DSD CONTRACT No. DC/2009/13 CONSTRUCTION OF SEWAGE TREATMENT WORKS AT YUNG SHUE WAN AND SOK KWU WAN

YUNG SHUE WAN PORTION AREA MONTHLY ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDIT (EM&A) REPORT (NO.7) – MARCH 2011

PREPARED FOR LEADER CIVIL ENGINEERING CORPORATION LIMITED

Quality Index
Date Reference No. Prepared By Approved By

18 April 2011 TCS00512/09/600/R0212v2

Nicola Hon T.W. Tam
Environmental Consultant Environmental Team Leader

Version	Date	Description
1	11 April 2011	First Submission
2	18 April 2011	Amended again IEC's comments on 15 April 2011

Scott Wilson CDM Joint Venture

Chief Engineer/Harbour Area Treatment

Scheme

Drainage Services Department

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Hong Kong

Western Magistracy

Your reference:

Our reference:

05117/6/16/349542

Date:

20 April 2011

BY FAX ONLY

Attention: Mr. C K Au

Dear Sirs,

Contract No. DC/2009/13
Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan Yung Shue Wan Portion Area
Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report No. 7 (Mar 2011)

We refer to the Monthly EM&A Monitoring Report No. 7 for March 2011 received under cover of the email from the Environmental Team, Action-United Environmental Services and Consulting (AUES), dated on 20 April 2011. We do not have further comment and have verified the captioned report.

Yours faithfully

SCOTT WILSON CDM JOINT VENTURE

Rodney Ip

ICWR/KKK/ecwc

СC

Leader Civil Engineering

AUES ER/LAMMA

CDM

(Attn: Mr Vincent Chan)

(Attn: Mr T.W. Tam) (Attn: Mr Neil Wong) (Attn: Mr Mark Sin)



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

ES.01. This is the 7th monthly EM&A Report for Yung Shue Wan (hereinafter 'this Report') for the designated works under Environmental Permit No.EP-282/2007, covering a period from 1 to 31 March 2011 (hereinafter 'the Reporting Period').

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDIT ACTIVITIES

ES.02. Environmental monitoring activities under the EM&A program in this Reporting Month are summarized in the following table.

Issues	Environmental Monitoring Parameters / Inspection	Occasions
Air Quality	1-hour TSP	30
All Quality	24-hour TSP	12
Construction Noise	Leq (30min) Daytime	5
Water Quality	Marine Water Sampling	0
Inspection / Audit	ET Regular Environmental Site Inspection	5

ES.03. According to the EM&A Manual of Yung Shue Wan, water quality monitoring should be carried out during the marine work commencement. Since the marine work of outfall construction has not yet commenced, no impact water quality monitoring was undertaken in this reporting month.

BREACH OF ACTION AND LIMIT (A/L) LEVELS

ES.04. No exceedance in construction noise monitoring and air quality monitoring were recorded in this Reporting Month. The statistics of environmental exceedance, NOE issued and investigation of exceedance are summarized in the following table.

Environmental	Monitoring	Action	Limit	Event & Action		
Issues	Parameters Action Level		Level	NOE Issued	Investigation	Corrective Actions
Air Quality	1-hour TSP	0	0	0		
All Quality	24-hour TSP	0	0	0		
Construction Noise	Leq _{30min} Daytime	0	0	0		
	DO	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Water Quality	Turbidity	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	SS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Note: NOE – Notification of Exceedance

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT

ES.05. No written or verbal complaint was recorded in this Reporting Month. The statistics of environmental complaint are summarized in the following table.

Donauting Davied	Environmental Complaint Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	
14 September 2010 – 28 February 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA	

NOTIFICATION OF SUMMONS AND SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTIONS

ES.06. No environmental summons or successful prosecutions were recorded in this Reporting Month. The statistics of environmental complaint are summarized in the following tables.

Donouting Dowled	Environmental Summons Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	
14 September 2010 – 28 February 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA	



Donauting Davied	Environmental Prosecution Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	
14 September 2010 – 28 February 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA	

REPORTING CHANGE

ES.07. There are no reporting changes in this reporting month.

SITE INSPECTION BY EXTERNAL PARTIES

ES.08. No site inspection was undertaken by external parties i.e. EPD or AFCD within the Reporting Period.

FUTURE KEY ISSUES

- ES.09. As wet season is approaching, the Contractor shall pay attention on the potential water impact as the construction site is adjacent to the coastline. Muddy water and other water quality pollutants via site surface water runoff into the coral zones of Yung Shue Wan seawall, Shek Kok Tsui and O Tsai should be avoided. Therefore, mitigation measures for water quality should be fully implemented also.
- ES.10. Moreover, the construction dust mitigation measures identified at the EM&A Manuel such as watering at haul road and covering of dusty material should also be implemented and properly maintained during wet season.
- ES.11. Construction of outfall marine works cannot be carried out until the baseline water quality monitoring completion and the related Action and Limit (A/L) levels have established.



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INTRODUCTION

PROJECT BACKGROUND

- 1.01 The Leader Civil Engineering Corporation Limited (Leader) has been awarded the *Contract DC/2009/13 Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwn Wan* (the Project) by the Drainage Services Department (DSD) on 4 May 2010. The Project is part of an overall plan approved under a statutory EIA for Outlying Islands Sewerage Stage 1 Phase 2 Package J Sok Kwu Wan Sewage Collection and Treatment (Register No. AEIAR-075/2003) and Disposal Facilities and Outlying Islands Sewerage Stage 1 Phase 1 Package C Yung Shue Wan Sewage Treatment Works and Outfall (Register No. EIA-124/BC). The Environmental Permit No. EP-281/2007 and EP-282/2007 for the Project have been obtained by the DSD on 29 June 2007 for the relevant works. After July 2009, EP-281/2007/A stead EP-281/2007 is EP for Sok Kwu Wan relevant Works.
- 1.02 The Project involves construction of sewage treatment works at Sok Kwu Wan and Yung Shue Wan with a capacity of 1,430m³/day and 2,850m³/day respectively to provide secondary treatment, construction of 2 pumping stations at Sok Kwu Wan and 1 pumping station at Yung Shue Wan, construction of submarine outfall from the coastline and lying of underground sewerage pipeline. The site layout plan for the captioned work under the Project is showing in *Appendix A*
- 1.03 According to the Particular Specification (PS) and *Appendix 25* of the Project, Leader should establish an Environmental Team to implement the environmental monitoring and auditing works to fulfill the requirements as stipulated in the EM&A Manual. This EM&A Manual is referred to the Appendix D of the Review Report on EIA Study Yung Shue Wan (Final) in January 2007 (Agreement No. CE 20/2005(DS)).
- 1.04 Action-United Environmental Services and Consulting (AUES) has been commissioned by Leader as the ET to implement the relevant EM&A program. Organization chart of the Environmental Team for the Project is shown in *Appendix B*. For ease of reporting, the proposed EM&A programme for baseline and impact monitoring is spilt to following two stand-alone parts:
 - (a) Proposed EM&A Programme for Baseline and Impact Monitoring Sok Kwu Wan (under EP No. 281/2007/A varied on 23 September 2009)
 - (b) Proposed EM&A Programme for Baseline and Impact Monitoring Yung Shue Wan (under EP No. 282/2007)
- 1.05 According to the EM&A Manuals of Sok Kwu Wan and Yung Shue Wan, baseline water quality monitoring should be carried out for consecutive six months before the marine work commencement. Therefore, the baseline reports of Sok Kwu Wan and Yung Shue Wan are divided to two volumes i.e. the Volume 1 for air quality and noise monitoring; and the Volume II for water quality monitoring for separate submission.
- 1.06 This is the 7th monthly EM&A report for Yung Shue Portion Area which presenting the monitoring results and inspection findings in the reporting period from 1 to 31 March 2011.

REPORT STRUCTURE

1.07 The Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report – Yung Shue Wan is structured into the following sections:-

into the follow	ving sections
SECTION 1	Introduction
SECTION 2	PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS
SECTION 3	SUMMARY OF MONITORING REQUIREMENTS
SECTION 4	AIR QUALITY MONITORING RESULTS
SECTION 5	CONSTRUCTION NOISE MONITORING RESULTS
SECTION 6	WATER QUALITY MONITORING RESULTS
SECTION 7	WASTE MANACEMENT

SECTION 7 WASTE MANAGEMENT SECTION 8 SITE INSPECTIONS

SECTION 9 ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINTS AND NON-COMPLIANCE

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SECTION 11 IMPACT FORECAST

SECTION 12 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION



2 PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

2.01 Organization structure and contact details of relevant parties with respect to on-site environmental management are shown in *Appendix B*.

CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

- 2.02 The master and three month rolling construction programs are enclosed in *Appendix C* and the major construction activities undertaken in this Reporting Month are listed below:-
 - Excavation;
 - Rebar bending & fixing;
 - Sheetpiling;
 - Erection of formwork; and
 - Concreting;

SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL SUBMISSIONS

2.03 Summary of the relevant permits, licences, and/or notifications on environmental protection for this Project in this Reporting Month is presented in *Table 2-1*.

Table 2-1 Status of Environmental Licenses and Permits

Item	Description	License/Permit Status
1	Air pollution Control (Construction Dust)	Notified 19/5/2010
		Case No: 317486
2	Chemical waste Producer Registration	Issued on 8/6/2010
		WPN 5213-912-L2720-01
3	Water Pollution Control Ordinance	Issued on 22/9/2010
		WT00007566-2010
4	Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Issued on 26 May 2010
		A/C No: 7010815
5	Construction Noise Permit (no. GW-RS1141-10)	Issued on 29 December 2010
		Valid to 28 May 2011
6	Construction Noise Permit (no. GW-RS0084-11)	Issued on 1 Feb 2011
		Valid from 21 Feb 2011 until 20 Aug
		2011

- 2.04 The "Baseline/Impact Monitoring Methodology (TCS00512/10/600/R0011Ver.5)" was set out in accordance with the Yung Shue Wan Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual. It was approved by the ER and agreed with the Independent Environmental Checker (IEC) and submitted to the EPD for endorsement.
- 2.05 Baseline Monitoring Report Volume 1 (TCS00512/10/600/R0061Ver.3) for Yung Shue Wan for the Project was issued by the ETL and verified by the IEC on 31 August 2010. The report was also submitted to the EPD for endorsement.
- 2.06 Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report Volume 2 (TCS00512/10/600/R0158Ver.2) for Yung Shue Wan for the Project was issued by the ETL and verified by IEC on 7 March 2011. The report was also submitted to EPD for endorsement.



3 SUMMARY OF BASELINE MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT

- 3.01 The EM&A baseline monitoring program cover the following environmental issues:
 - Air quality;
 - Construction noise; and
 - Marine Water quality;
- 3.02 The ET implements the EM&A programme in accordance with the aforementioned requirements. Detailed air quality, construction noise and water quality of the EM&A program are presented in the following sub-sections.
- 3.03 A summary of the Air, Noise and Marine Water monitoring parameters is presented in *Table 3-1*:

Table 3-1 Summary of the Air and Noise monitoring parameters of EM&A Requirements

Environmental Issue	Parameters	
Air Quality	1-hour TSP Monitoring by Real-Time Portable Dust Meter; and	
All Quality	• 24-hour TSP Monitoring by High Volume Air Sampler.	
Noise	Leq (30min) during normal working hours; and	
Noise	Leq (15min) during Restricted Hours.	
	In-situ Measurements	
	Dissolved Oxygen Concentration (mg/L);	
	Dissolved Oxygen Saturation (%);	
	• Turbidity (NTU);	
Marina Water Quality	pH unit;	
Marine Water Quality	Salinity (ppt);	
	Water depth (m); and	
	• Temperature (°C).	
	Laboratory Analysis	
	Suspended Solids (mg/L)	

MONITORING LOCATIONS

Air Quality

- 3.04 Two designated monitoring stations, AC02a located at Yung Shue Wan Refuse Transfer Station and AC04 located at residential area nearby Yung Shue Wan football pitch, were recommended in the *EM&A Manual Section 2.5*. In order to identify and seek for the access of the air monitoring locations designated in the EM&A Manual, site visit was conducted by Leader and ET.
- 3.05 At the site visit, all designated monitoring locations were identified however the premises for high volume sampler installation were objected by the owner or the residents of nearby. So, an alternative air monitoring locations were proposed in accordance with the criteria set out in *EM&A* manual Section 2.5.2 and 2.5.3. The proposed alternative air monitoring stations was accepted by the ER and IEC, and EPD endorsed. Details of renewed air monitoring stations are described in *Table 3-2*. The graphical of air monitoring stations is shown in *Appendix D*.

Table 3-2 Location of Air Quality Monitoring Station

Sensitive Receiver	ver Location			
AC02b	The entrance of RE's site office			
AC04c	Next to a power transformer station TP208 Yung Shue Wan and adjacent to the road direct to the construction site			



Construction Noise

3.06 According to *EM&A Manual Section 3.4*, one noise sensitive receivers (NC05) designated for the construction noise monitoring was recommended at Yung Shue Wan Portion Area of the Project. The designated monitoring station is identified and successfully granted the premises. The detailed construction noise monitoring station is described in *Table 3-3* and graphical is shown in *Appendix D*.

Table 3-3 Location of Construction Noise Monitoring Station

Sensitive Receiver	Location
NC05	Roof of North Lamma Clinic

Marine Water Quality

Two control stations (CY1 and CY2) and three impact stations (WY1-WY3) were recommended in the *EM&A Manual Section 4.5*. Impact stations WY1-WY3 were identified close to the sensitive receivers (the coral colonies in the vicinity of Yung Shue Wan, and secondary contact recreation subzone). It is proposed to monitor the impacts from the construction of the submarine outfall as well as the effluent discharge from the proposed STW on water quality. Two control stations: CY1 and CY2 were recommended at locations representative of the project site in its undisturbed condition and located at upstream and downstream of the works area. The marine water quality monitoring stations to be performed under the Project is described in *Table 3-4* and shown in *Appendix D*.

Table 3-4 Location of Marine Water Quality Monitoring Station

Station	Description	Coordinates		
Station	Description	Easting	Northing	
WY1	Coral colonies on seawall at STW site	829 170	809 550	
WY2	Coral colonies at Shek kok Tsui	829 000	810 400	
WY3	Coral colonies at O Tsai (headland N at SW ferry pier)	829 200	809 850	
CY1 (flood)	Control Station	828 400	810 800	
CY2 (ebb)	Control Station	828 000	808 800	

MONITORING FREQUENCY AND PERIOD

3.07 The Impact monitoring carried out in the EM&A programme is basically in accordance with the requirements in *EM&A Manual Sections* 2.7, 3.6, 4.7 and 4.8. The monitoring requirements are listed as follows:

Air Quality Monitoring

Parameters: 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP.

Frequency: Once in every six days for 24-hour TSP and three times in every six days for

1-hour TSP.

<u>Duration</u>: Throughout the construction period.

Noise Monitoring

Parameters: Leq (30min) & Leq (5min), L10 and L90.

Leq (15min) & Leq (5min), L10 and L90 during the construction undertaken during Restricted Hours (19:00 to 07:00 hours next of normal working day and full

day of public holiday and Sunday)

Frequency: Once per week during 0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays. Restricted Hour

monitoring should depend on conditions stipulated in Construction Noise Permit.

Duration: Throughout the construction period.



Marine Water Quality Monitoring

<u>Parameters</u>: Duplicate in-situ measurements: water depth, temperature, Dissolved Oxygen,

pH, turbidity and salinity;

HOKLAS-accredited laboratory analysis: Suspended Solids

<u>Frequency</u>: Three days a week, at mid ebb and mid flood tides. The interval between 2 sets

of monitoring will be more than 36 hours.

Sampling Depth

(i.) Three depths: 1m below water surface, 1m above sea bottom and at mid-depth when the water depth exceeds 6m.

(ii.) If the water depth is between 3m and 6m, two depths: 1m below water surface and 1m above sea bottom.

(iii.) If the water depth is less than 3m, 1 sample at mid-depth is taken

<u>Duration</u>: During the course of marine works

Post-Construction Monitoring – Marine Water

3.08 Upon the marine works (dredging and HDD pipe installation) completion, 4 weeks of post-construction monitoring would be undertaken in accordance with the *Section 4.8 of EM&A Manual*. The requirements of post-construction monitoring such as the parameter, frequency, location and sampling depth is same as the impact monitoring.

MONITORING EQUIPMENT

Air Quality Monitoring

3.09 The 24-hour and 1-hour TSP levels shall be measured by following the standard high volume sampling method as set out in the *Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 1 (Part 50), Appendix B*. If the ET proposes to use a direct reading dust meter to measure 1-hour TSP levels, it shall submit sufficient information to the IEC to approve. The filter paper of 24-hour TSP measurement shall be determined by HOKLAS accredited laboratory.

Noise Monitoring

3.10 Sound level meter in compliance with the *International Electrotechnical Commission Publications* 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications shall be used for carrying out the noise monitoring. The sound level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator. The wind speed shall be checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring the wind speed in m s-1.

Water Quality Monitoring

- 3.11 **Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Measuring Equipment** The instrument should be a portable and weatherproof dissolved oxygen (DO) measuring instrument complete with cable and sensor, and use a DC power source. The equipment should be capable of measuring as included a DO level in the range of 0 20 mg L-1 and 0 200% saturation; and a temperature of 0 45 degree Celsius.
- 3.12 *pH Meter* The instrument shall consist of a potentiometer, a glass electrode, a reference electrode and a temperature-compensating device. It shall be readable to 0.1 pH in arrange of 0 to 14.
- 3.13 *Turbidity (NTU) Measuring Equipment* The instrument should be a portable and weatherproof turbidity measuring instrument using a DC power source. It should have a photoelectric sensor capable of measuring turbidity between 0 1000 NTU.
- 3.14 **Water Sampling Equipment** A water sampler should comprise a transparent PVC cylinder, with a capacity of not less than 2 litres, which can be effectively sealed with latex cups at both ends. The sampler should have a positive latching system to keep it open and prevent premature closure until released by a messenger when the sampler is at the selected water depth.
- 3.15 Water Depth Detector A portable, battery-operated echo sounder should be used for the



determination of water depth at each designated monitoring station. This unit can either be hand held or affixed to the bottom of the work boat.

- 3.16 *Salinity Measuring Equipment* A portable salinometer capable of measuring salinity in the range of 0 40 parts per thousand (ppt) should be provided for measuring salinity of the water at each monitoring location.
- 3.17 **Sample Containers and Storage** Water samples for SS should be stored in high density polythene bottles with no preservative added, packed in ice (cooled to 4°C without being frozen).
- 3.18 *Monitoring Position Equipment* A hand-held or boat-fixed type digital Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) with way point bearing indication and Radio Technical Commission for maritime (RTCM) Type 16 error message 'screen pop-up' facilities (for real-time auto-display of error messages and DGPS corrections from the Hong Kong Hydrographic Office), or other equipment instrument of similar accuracy, should be provided and used during marine water monitoring to ensure the monitoring vessel is at the correct location before taking measurements.
- 3.19 **Suspended Solids Analysis** Analysis of suspended solids shall be carried out in a HOKLAS or other international accredited laboratory.

EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION

- 3.20 Calibration of the HVS is performed upon installation in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction using the NIST-certified standard calibrator (Tisch Calibration Kit Model TE-5025A). The calibration data are properly documented and the records are maintained by ET for future reference.
- 3.21 The 1-hour TSP meter was calibrated by the supplier prior to purchase. Zero response of the equipment was checked before and after each monitoring event. In-house calibration with the High Volume Sampler (HVS) in same condition was undertaken in yearly basis.
- 3.22 The sound level meter and calibrator are calibrated and certified by a laboratory accredited under HOKLAS or any other international accreditation scheme at yearly basis.
- 3.23 The Water Quality Monitoring equipments such as Dissolved Oxygen meter, pH Meter, Turbidity Measuring Instrument and Salinometer, are calibrated by HOKLAS accredited laboratory of three month intervals.
- 3.24 All updated calibration certificates of the monitoring equipment used for the impact monitoring program in the Reporting Month would be attached in *Appendix E*.

METEOROLOGICAL INFORMATION

3.25 The meteorological information during the construction phase is obtained from the Wong Chuk Hang Station of the Hong Kong Observatory (HKO) due to it nearly the Project site.

DATA MANAGEMENT AND DATA QA/QC CONTROL

- 3.26 The impact monitoring data are handled by the ET's systematic data recording and management, which complies with in-house Quality Management System. Standard Field Data Sheets (FDS) are used in the impact monitoring program.
- 3.27 The monitoring data recorded in the equipment e.g. 1-hour TSP meter, noise meter and Multi-parameter Water Quality Monitoring System, are downloaded directly from the equipments at the end of each monitoring day. The downloaded monitoring data are input into a computerized database properly maintained by the ET. The laboratory results are input directly into the computerized database and QA/QC checked by personnel other than those who input the data. For monitoring activities require laboratory analysis, the local laboratory follows the QA/QC requirements as set out under the HOKLAS scheme for all laboratory testing.



DETERMINATION OF ACTION/LIMIT (A/L) LEVELS

3.28 According to the Sok Kwu Wan Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual, the air quality, construction noise were set up, namely Action and Limit levels are listed in *Tables 3-5* and *3-6* as below.

Table 3-5 Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality Monitoring

Monitoring Station	Action Lev	vel (μg/m³)	Limit Level (μg/m³)		
Monitoring Station	1-hour TSP	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP	24-hour TSP	
AC02b	288	161	500	260	
AC04c	290	176	500	260	

Table 3-6 Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise

	Recommended Action & Limit Levels of Construction Noise					
Monitoring	Action Level	Limit Level				
Location	ocation 0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays					
NC05	When one or more documented complaints are received	75 dB(A)				

Note: * Reduces to 70dB(A) for schools and 65dB(A) during the school examination periods.

- 3.29 Since water quality baseline monitoring still not yet completed, the Action/Limit Levels will be provided in due course.
- 3.30 Should non-compliance of the environmental quality criteria occurs, remedial actions will be triggered according to the Event and Action Plan enclosed in *Appendix F*.



4 IMPACT MONITORING RESULTS - AIR QUALITY

4.01 As informed by Leader, the construction of relevant land works at Yung Shue Wan was commenced on 14 September 2010, therefore, the impact EM&A program was begun as compliance with the contract Particular Specification, Yung Shue Wan EM&A Manual and the EP.

Result

4.02 In this reporting period, the results for 24-hour and 1-hour TSP monitoring are tabulated in *Tables* 4-1 and 4-2. The 24-hour TSP monitoring data are shown in *Appendix G* and the graphical plots are shown in *Appendix H*.

Table 4-1 Summary of 24-hour and 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at AC02b

	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP (μg/m³)					
Date	$(\mu g/m^3)$	Date	Start Time	1 st hour measured	2 nd hour measured	3 rd hour measured	
3-Mar-11	52	5-Mar-11	14:18	93	90	87	
9-Mar-11	41	11-Mar-11	13:59	90	81	79	
14-Mar-11	73	17-Mar-11	13:56	89	97	88	
19-Mar-11	35	23-Mar-11	13:19	91	87	85	
25-Mar-11	12	29-Mar-11	13:49	96	108	94	
31-Mar-11	93						
Average	51	Avera	ıge		90		
(Range)	(12 - 93)	(Range)			(79 - 108)		

Table 4-2 Summary of 24-hour and 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at AC04c

	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP (μg/m³)					
Date	(μg/m ³)	Date	Start Time	1 st hour measured	2 nd hour measured	3 rd hour measured	
3-Mar-11	123	5-Mar-11	14:08	88	92	84	
9-Mar-11	109	11-Mar-11	13:41	86	73	82	
14-Mar-11	158	17-Mar-11	14:06	82	102	91	
19-Mar-11	46	23-Mar-11	13:09	76	94	81	
25-Mar-11	114	29-Mar-11	13:32	102	91	92	
31-Mar-11	61						
Average	102	Avera	ige		88		
(Range)	(46 - 158)	(Range) (73 – 102)					

- 4.03 As shown in *Tables 4-1 and 4-2*, the 1-hour TSP monitoring and 24-hour TSP monitoring values fluctuated well below the Action Level during the Reporting Period. No Notification of Exceedance (NOE) of air quality criteria or corrective action was therefore required.
- 4.04 The meteorological information during the impact monitoring days are summarized in *Appendix I*.



5 IMPACT MONITORING RESULTS – CONSTRUCTION NOISE

5.01 The noise monitoring results are presented in the following sub-sections.

Result

5.02 In this report period, 5 construction noise monitoring events were undertaken at designated location NC05. The results for Leq_{30min} are tabulated in *Tables 5-1* and the graphical plots are shown in *Appendix H*.

Table 5-1 Summarized of Construction Noise Monitoring Results at NC05

Date	Start Time	End Time	1 st set Leq5	2 nd set Leq5	3 rd set Leq5	4 th set Leq5	5 th set Leq5	6 th set Leq5	Leq30	Corrected Leq30
5-Mar-11	15:01	15:31	51.1	54.2	56.6	58.2	57.4	56.3	56.2	59.2
11-Mar-11	15:03	15:33	62.4	62.6	61.5	61.6	63.3	59.2	61.9	64.9
17-Mar-11	13:59	14:29	53.9	59.2	58.4	56.3	57.1	54.2	56.9	59.9
23-Mar-11	15:01	15:31	56.7	53.2	53.7	56.6	54.2	52.1	54.8	57.8
29-Mar-11	14:03	14:33	52.4	53.6	57.3	58.2	51.6	53.3	55.1	58.1
Lim	Limit Level -					75 dB(A)				

5.03 It was noted that no noise complaint (which is an Action Level exceedance) was received. In view of the results shown in *Tables 5-1*, all the values are well below 75dB(A), therefore, no Action or Limit Level exceedance was triggered during this reporting month.

Contract No. DC/2009/13 – Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan Yung Shue Wan – EM&A Monthly Report - March 2011



6 IMPACT MONITORING RESULTS – WATER QULAITY

6.01 Due to marine water quality baseline monitoring still not yet completed, no marine works was commenced in the Project at Yung Shue Wan. No impact water quality monitoring was undertaken in this reporting month and no results are presented accordingly in this section.



7 WASTE MANAGEMENT

7.01 Waste management was carried out by an on-site Environmental Officer or an Environmental Supervisor from time to time.

Records of Waste Quantities

- 7.02 All types of waste arising from the construction work are classified into the following:
 - Construction & Demolition (C&D) Material;
 - Chemical Waste;
 - General Refuse; and
 - Excavated Soil.
- 7.03 The quantities of waste for disposal in this Reporting Period are summarized in *Table 7-1* and *7-2* and the Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table is shown in *Appendix J*. Whenever possible, materials were reused on-site as far as practicable

Table 7-1 Summary of Quantities of Inert C&D Materials

Type of Waste	Quantity	Disposal Location
C&D Materials (Inert) ('000m³)	0.002	Tuen Mun Area 38
Reused in this Contract (Inert) ('000m ³)	0.006	-
Reused in other Projects (Inert) ('000m ³)	0	-
Disposal as Public Fill (Inert) ('000m ³)	0.752	Tuen Mun Area 38

Table 7-2 Summary of Quantities of C&D Wastes

Type of Waste	Quantity	Disposal Location
Recycled Metal (kg)	0	-
Recycled Paper / Cardboard Packing (kg)	0	-
Recycled Plastic (kg)	0	-
Chemical Wastes (kg)	0	-
General Refuses (tonne)	0	Yung Shue Wan RTS

7.04 There was no site effluent discharged but the estimated volume of surface runoff was less than 50m^3 in this monthly period



8 SITE INSPECTION

- 8.01 According to the Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual, the environmental site inspection should been formulation by ET Leader. Regular environmental site inspections had been carried out by the ET to confirm the environmental performance. In this reporting period, site inspection was carried out on 1, 8, 15, 22 and 29 March 2011 and routine joint-site visit by IEC, RE, Leader and ET was carried out on 8 March 2011.
- 8.02 The findings/ deficiencies that observed during the weekly site inspection are listed in *Table 8-1* and the relevant checklists are attached in **Appendix K**.

Table 8-1 Site Observations

Date		Findings / Deficiencies	Follow-Up Status
1 2011	March	• No environmental issue was observed during the site inspection.	N.A
8 2011	March	• Stagnant water was accumulated in the drip tray. The Contractor should clear the tray to prevent mosquito breeding.	The stagnant water was removed on 15 March 2011.
15 2011	March	• No environmental issue was observed during the site inspection.	N.A
22 2011	March	 The public access was full of mud, the Contractor should clear the road or pave the road to maintain good house-keeping and dust control. Sediment in the sedimentation tank has to be removed to restore its de-silting capacity. 	was cleared on 29 March
29 2011	March	• No environmental issue was observed during the site inspection.	N.A



9 ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT AND NON-COMPLIANCE

9.01 No environmental complaint, summons and prosecution was received in this reporting period. The statistical summary table of environmental complaint is presented in *Tables 9-1*, *9-2* and *9-3*.

Table 9-1 Statistical Summary of Environmental Complaints

Donouting Dowlad	Environmental Complaint Statistics				
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature		
14 Sep – 31 Dec 2010	0	0	NA		
1 – 31 Jan 2011	0	0	NA		
1 – 28 February 2011	0	0	NA		
1 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA		

Table 9-2 Statistical Summary of Environmental Summons

Donauting Davied	Environmental Summons Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	
14 Sep – 31 Dec 2010	0	0	NA	
1 – 31 Jan 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 28 February 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA	

Table 9-3 Statistical Summary of Environmental Prosecution

Donouting Dowlad	Environmental Prosecution Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	
14 Sep – 31 Dec 2010	0	0	NA	
1 – 31 Jan 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 28 February 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA	



10 IMPLEMENTATION STATUS OF MITIGATION MEASURES

10.01 The environmental mitigation measures that recommended in the Yung Shue Wan Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual covered the issues of dust, noise, water and waste and they are summarized as following:

Dust Mitigation Measure

- 10.02 Installation of 2m high solid fences around the construction site of Pumping Station P2 is recommended. Implementation of the requirements stipulated in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation and the following good site practices are recommended to control dust emission from the site:
 - (a) Stockpiles of imported material kept on site should be contained within hoardings, dampened and / or covered during dry and windy weather;
 - (b) Material stockpiled alongside trenches should be covered with tarpaulins whenever works are close to village houses;
 - (c) Water sprays should be used during the delivery and handling of cement, sands, aggregates and the like.
 - (d) Any vehicle used for moving sands, aggregates and construction waste shall have properly fitting side and tail boards. Materials should not be loaded to a level higher than the side and tail boards, and should be covered by a clean tarpaulin.

Noise Mitigation Measure

- 10.03 As detailed in the EIA report, concreting work of the Pumping Station P1a and sewer alignment construction activities would likely cause adverse noise impacts on some of the noise sensitive receivers. Appropriate mitigation measures have therefore been recommended. The mitigation measures recommended in the EIA report are summarised below:
 - (a) Use of quiet equipment for the construction activities of the Pumping Stations and sewer alignment;
 - (b) Use of temporary noise barrier around the site boundary of Pumping Station P1a;
 - (c) Use of kick ripper (saw and lift) method to replace the breaker for pavement removal during sewer alignment construction;
 - (d) Restriction on the number of plant during sewer alignment construction;
 - (e) Use of noise screening structures in the form of acoustic shed or movable barrier wherever practicable and feasible in areas with sufficient clearance and headroom during the construction of sewer alignment;
 - (f) Adoption of manual working method wherever practicable and feasible in areas where the worksites of the proposed sewer alignment are located less than 20m from the residential noise sensitive receivers and less than 30m from the temple and the public library; and
 - (g) Implementation of the following good site practices:
 - Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction program.
 - Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible.
 - Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum.
 - Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs.
 - Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilised, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities.

Water Quality Mitigation Measure

10.04 No-dig method using Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) would be used for the installation of outfall pipe of about 480 m from shore to minimize the potential water quality impacts arising from the dredging works required for the submarine outfall construction. For the remaining outfall pipe of about 240m and the diffuser section, open trench dredging would still be required.



- 10.05 During the dredging works, the Contractor should be responsible for the design and implementation of the following mitigation measures.
 - Dredging should be undertaken using closed grab dredgers with a total production rate of 55m³/hr;
 - Deployment of 2-layer silt curtains with first layer enclosing the grab and the second layer at around 50, from the dredging area while dredging works are in progress;
 - all vessels should be sized such that adequate clearance (i.e. minimum clearance of 0.6m) is maintained between vessels and the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash;
 - all pipe leakages should be repaired promptly and plant shall not be operated with leaking pipes;
 - excess material should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges before the vessel is moved;
 - adequate freeboard (i.e. minimum of 200m) should be maintained on barges to ensure that decks are not washed by wave action;
 - all barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material; and
 - loading of barges and hoppers should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges and hoppers should not be filled to a level which would cause the overflow of materials or sediment laden water during loading or transportation; and
 - the decks of all vessels should be kept tidy and free of oil or other substances that might be accidentally or otherwise washed overboard.

Construction Run-off and Drainage

- 10.06 The Contractor should observe and comply with the Water Pollution Control Ordinance and the subsidiary regulations. The Contractor should follow the practices, and be responsible for the design, construction, operation and maintenance of all the mitigation measures as specified in ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage". The design of the mitigation measures should be submitted by the Contractor to the Engineer for approval. These mitigation measures should include the following practices to minimise site surface runoff and the chance of erosion, and also to retain and reduce any suspended solids prior to discharge:
 - Provision of perimeter channels to intercept storm-runoff from outside the site. These should be constructed in advance of site formation works and earthworks.
 - Works programmes should be designed to minimize works areas at any one time, thus minimising exposed soil areas and reducing the potential for increased siltation and runoff.
 - Sand/silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins should be provided to remove the sand/silt particles from run-off. These facilities should be properly and regularly maintained. These facilities shall be carefully planned to ensure that they would be installed at appropriate locations to capture all surface water generated on site.
 - Careful programming of the works to minimise soil excavation works during rainy seasons.
 - Exposed soil surface should be protected by paving or hydroseeding as soon as possible to reduce the potential of soil erosion.
 - Trench excavation should be avoided in the wet season, and if necessary, these should be excavated and backfilled in short sections.
 - Open stockpiles of construction materials on site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric.

General Construction Activities

10.07 Debris and rubbish generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the nearby coastal waters and stormwater drains. All fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. Open drainage channels and culverts near the works areas should be covered to block the entrance of large debris and refuse.



Wastewater Arising from Workforce

10.08 Portable toilets shall be provided by the Contractors, where necessary, to handle sewage from the workforce. The Contractor shall also be responsible for waste disposal and maintenance practices

Sediment Contamination Mitigation Measure

- 10.09 The basic requirements and procedures for dredged mud disposal are specified under the WBTC No. 34/2002. The management of the dredging, use and disposal of marine mud is monitored by the MFC, while the licensing of marine dumping is the responsibility of the Director of Environmental Protection (DEP).
- 10.10 The uncontaminated dredged sediment will be loaded onto barges and transported to the designated marine disposal site. Appropriate dredging methods have been incorporated into the recommended water quality mitigation measures including the use of closed-grab dredgers and silt curtains. Category L sediment would be suitable for disposal at a gazetted open sea disposal ground.
- During transportation and disposal of the dredged marine sediments, the following measures should be taken to minimize potential impacts on water quality:
 - Bottom opening of barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to prevent leakage of material. Excess material should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges and hopper dredgers before the vessel is moved.
 - Monitoring of the barge loading should be conducted to ensure that loss of material does not take place during transportation. Transport barges or vessels should be equipped with automatic self-monitoring devices as specified by the DEP.

Construction Waste Mitigation Measure

Good Site Practices and Waste Reduction Measures

- 10.12 It is not anticipated that adverse waste management related impacts would arise, provided that good site practices are strictly followed. Recommendations for good site practices for the construction waste arising include:
 - Nomination of an approved person, such as a site manager, to be responsible for the implementation of good site practices, arranging for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site.
 - Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical handling procedures.
 - Appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers.
 - Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal.
 - Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility.
 - Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors.
 - Maintain records of the quantities of wastes generated, recycled and disposed.
- 10.13 In order to monitor the disposal of C&D waste at landfills and to control fly tipping, a trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by an Environmental Team undertaking the Environmental Monitoring and Audit work. An Independent Environmental Checker should be responsible for auditing the results of the system.
- 10.14 Good management and control can prevent the generation of significant amount of waste. Waste reduction is best achieved at the planning and design stage, as well as by ensuring the implementation of good site practices. Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include:
 - segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal;



- to encourage collection of aluminium cans by individual collectors, separate labelled bins should be provided to segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the work force:
- any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled;
- use of reusable non-timber formwork to reduce the amount of C&D material;
- prior to disposal of C&D waste, it is recommended that wood, steel and other metals should be separated for re-use and / or recycling to minimise the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill:
- proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; and
- plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste.

General Site Wastes

10.15 A collection area should be provided where waste can be stored prior to removal from site. An enclosed and covered area is preferred for the collection of the waste to reduce 'wind blow' of light material.

Chemical Wastes

- 10.16 After use, chemical waste (eg. cleaning fluids, solvents, lubrication oil and fuel) should be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled. Spent chemicals should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers, and should be collected by an approved operator for disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation under the Waste Disposal Ordinance.
- 10.17 Any service shop and minor maintenance facilities should be located on hard standings within a bunded area, and sumps and oil interceptors should be provided. Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential for leakages and spillage should only be undertaken with the areas appropriately equipped to control these discharges.

Construction and Demolition Material

- 10.18 The C&D material should be separated on-site into three categories: (i) public fill, the inert portion of the C&D material (e.g. concrete and rubble), which should be re-used on-site or disposed of at a public filling area; (ii) C&D waste for re-use and/or recycling, the non-inert portion of the C&D material, (e.g. steel and other metals, wood, glass and plastic); (iii) C&D waste which cannot be re-used and/or recycled. The waste producers are responsible for its disposal at strategic landfills.
- 10.19 In order to minimise the impact resulting from collection and transportation of material for off-site disposal, it was recommended that inert material should be re-used on-site where possible. Prior to disposal of C&D material, it was also recommended that steel and other metals should be separated for re-use and/or recycling where practicable to minimise the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill.

Ecology Mitigation Measure

- 10.20 The following general good practice measures should be adopted to mitigate ecological impacts during marine works (including dredging and HOD);
 - Excess material from vessel loading should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings before vessels are moved to the backfilling location;
 - Dredging should cause no foam, oil, grease, scum, litter or other objectionable matter to be present on the water;
 - Adequate freeboard should be maintained to ensure that decks are not washed by wave action;
 - All pie leakages should be repaired promptly and plant Should not be operated with leaking pipes; and



- All banges and other vessels should maintain adequate clearance between vessels and the seabed at all stats of the tide and reduce operational speeds to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash.
- 10.21 In the event of exceedances of ecological action or limit level, the Contractor will be required to revise his operations as a further mitigation measure. Revisions to the operation method may include (but not be limited to):
 - Reduction in dredging rate'
 - Restriction of dredging in particular areas to specific periods in the tidal cycle
- 10.22 Should repeated non-compliances with limit level(s) occur the Contractor shall modify his working method until he is able to achieve the required compliances with the limit levels to the satisfaction of the IC(E)

Fisheries Mitigation Measure

10.23 Closed grab dredger, deployment of silt curtains around the immediate dredging area and low dredging rate have been recommended in Water Quality of the EIA report in order to minimise sediment release into the water column.

Landscape & Visual Mitigation Measure

- 10.24 Mitigation measures recommended in the EIA Report for landscape and visual impacts during the construction stage are summarised below.
 - Screening of site construction works by use of hoarding that is appropriate to its site context;
 - Retaining existing trees and minimising damage to vegetation where possible by close co-ordination and on site alignment adjusted of rising main and gravity sewer pipelines. Tree protective measures should be implemented to ensure trees identified as to be retained are satisfactorily protected during the construction phase;
 - Careful and efficient transplanting of affected trees (1 no.) to temporary or final transplant location (the proposed tree to be transported is a semi-mature *Macaranga tanarius* and is located at the proposed Pumping Station P2 location);
 - Short excavation and immediate backfilling of sections upon completion of works to reduce active site area:
 - Conservation of top-soil for reuse.
 - Night-time light source from marine fleets should be directed away from the residential units
- 10.25 The implementation schedule of mitigation measures is presented in *Appendix L*.
- 10.26 Leader had been implementing the required environmental mitigation measures according to the Sok Kwu Wan Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual subject to the site condition. Environmental mitigation measures generally implemented by Leader in this Reporting Month are summarized in *Table 10-1*.

Table 10-1 Environmental Mitigation Measures

Issues	Environmental Mitigation Measures				
Water	• Drainage channels were provided to convey run-off into the treatment facilities;				
Quality	and				
Quanty	 Drainage systems were regularly and adequately maintained. 				
Air Quality	• Cover all excavated or stockpile of dusty material by impervious sheeting or				
	sprayed with water to maintain the entire surface wet;				
	• Public roads around the site entrance/exit had been kept clean and free from dust;				
	and				
	Tarpaulin covering of any dusty materials on a vehicle leaving the site.				



Issues	Environmental Mitigation Measures
Noise	 Good site practices to limit noise emissions at the sources;
	Use of quite plant and working methods;
	• Use of site hoarding or other mass materials as noise barrier to screen noise at
	ground level of NSRs; and
	To minimize plant number use at the worksite.
Waste and	• Excavated material should be reused on site as far as possible to minimize off-site
Chemical	disposal. Scrap metals or abandoned equipment should be recycled if possible;
Management	• Waste arising should be kept to a minimum and be handled, transported and
wianagement	disposed of in a suitable manner;
	• The Contractor should adopt a trip ticket system for the disposal of C&D
	materials to any designed public filling facility and/or landfill; and
	• Chemical waste shall be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on the
	Packaging, Handling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.
General	The site was generally kept tidy and clean.



11 IMPACT FORECAST

11.01 Key issues to be considered in the coming month include:

Water Quality

- Erect of sand bag in proper area to avoid any muddy surface runoff from the loose soil surface or haul road during the rainy days; and
- The accumulated stagnant water should be drained away.

Air Quality

- Vehicles shall be cleaned of mud and debris before leaving the site;
- Stockpile and loose soil surface shall be covered with tarpaulin sheet or other means to eliminate the fugitive dust;
- Water spaying on the dry haul road and exit/entrance of the site in regular basis is reminded;
 and
- Public roads around the site entrance/exit had been kept clean and free from dust.

Noise

- Works and equipment should be located to minimize noise nuisance from the nearest sensitive receiver; and
- Idle equipments should be either turned off or throttled down;

Waste and Chemical Management

- Housekeeping on site shall be improved;
- The Contractor is advised to fence off the construction waste at a designated area in order to maintain the tidiness of the site;
- Drip tray and proper label should be provided for all chemical containers.
- C&D waste should be disposed in regular basis.



12 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

CONCLUSIONS

- 12.01 This is the 7th Monthly EM&A Report covering the construction period from 1 to 31 March 2011 (the Reporting Period).
- 12.02 No 1-hour TSP and 24-TSP monitoring result was found to be triggered the Action or Limit Level in this Reporting Period.
- 12.03 No noise complaint (an Action Level exceedance) was received and no construction noise measurement results that exceeded the Limit Level were recorded in this reporting month.
- 12.04 No impact water quality monitoring was undertaken in this reporting month and baseline monitoring is in progress.
- 12.05 No documented complaint, notification of summons or successful prosecution was received.
- 12.06 In this reporting period, site inspection was carried out on 1, 8, 15, 22 and 29 March 2011 after the relevant land work commencement at Yung Shue Wan Portion Area on 14 September 2010. Besides, routine joint-site visit by IEC, RE, Leader and ET was carried out on 8 March 2011. All the observation has been rectified during the next week site inspection. The environmental performance of the Project was therefore considered as satisfactory.

RECOMMENDATIONS

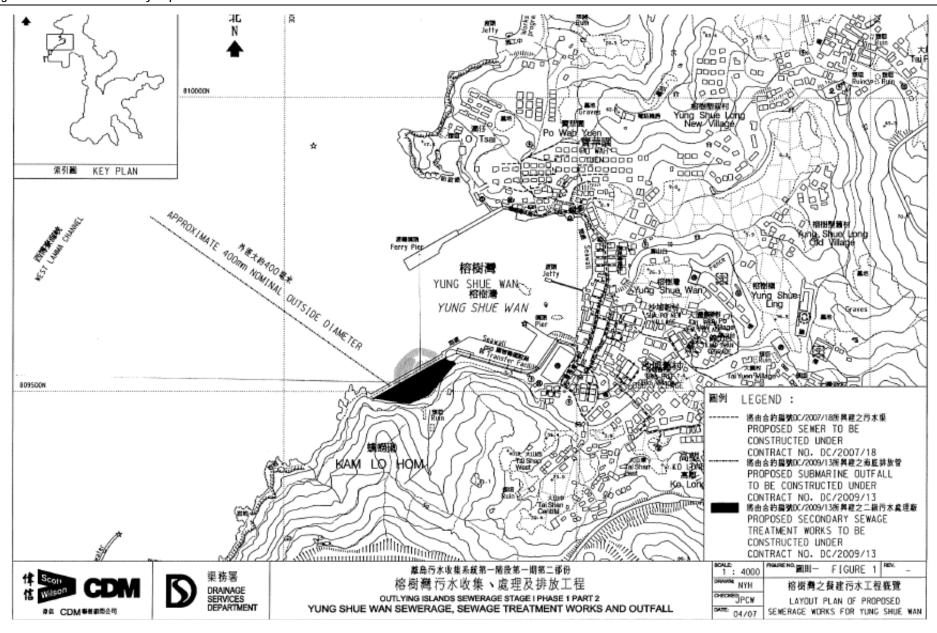
- 12.07 As wet season is approaching, the Contractor shall pay attention on the potential water impact as the construction site is adjacent to the coastline. Muddy water and other water quality pollutants via site surface water runoff into the coral zones of Yung Shue Wan seawall, Shek Kok Tsui and O Tsai should be avoided. Therefore, mitigation measures for water quality should be fully implemented.
- 12.08 Moreover, the construction dust mitigation measures identified at the EM&A Manuel such as watering at haul road and covering of dusty material should also be implemented and properly maintained in wet season.
- 12.09 Construction of outfall marine works cannot be carried out until the baseline water quality monitoring completion and the related Action and Limit (A/L) levels have established.



Appendix A

Site Layout Plan – Yung Shue Wan Portion Area







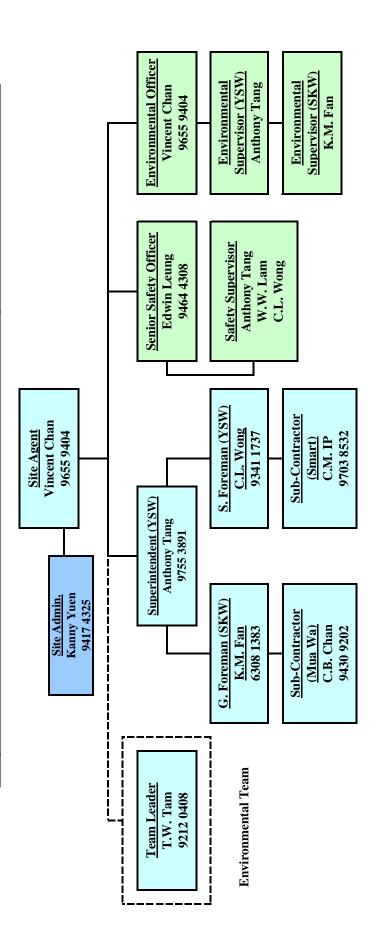
Appendix B

Organization Structure and Contact Details of Relevant Parties

Leader Civil Engineering Corporation LTD

Construction of sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan Contract No. DC/2009/13

Organization Structure for Environmental Management (EMP Rev. 1.00)





Contact Details of Key Personnel

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No.	Fax No.
DSD	Employer	Mr. AU Chi Kwong	-	-
SCJV	Engineer's Representative	Mr. Neil Wong	2982 0240	2982 4129
SCJV	Resident Engineer (Yung Shue Wan Portion Area)	Mr. Alfred Cheung	2982 0240	2982 4129
Scott Wilson	Independent Environmental Checker	Mr. Rodney Ip	2410 3750	2428 9922
Leader	Project Manager	Mr. Wilfred So	2982 1750	2982 1163
Leader	Site Agent/ Environmental Officer	Mr. Vincent Chan	2982 1750	2982 1163
Leader	Section Engineer (Yung Shue Wan)	Mr. Burgess Yip	2982 1750	2982 1163
Leader	Site Engineer (Yung Shue Wan)	Mr. Justin Cheng	2982 1750	2982 1163
Leader	Safety Officer	Mr. Edwin Leung	2982 1750	2982 1163
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	Mr. T. W. Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Ms. Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Assistance Environmental Consultant	Mr. Ray Cheung	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Team Supervisor	Mr. Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079

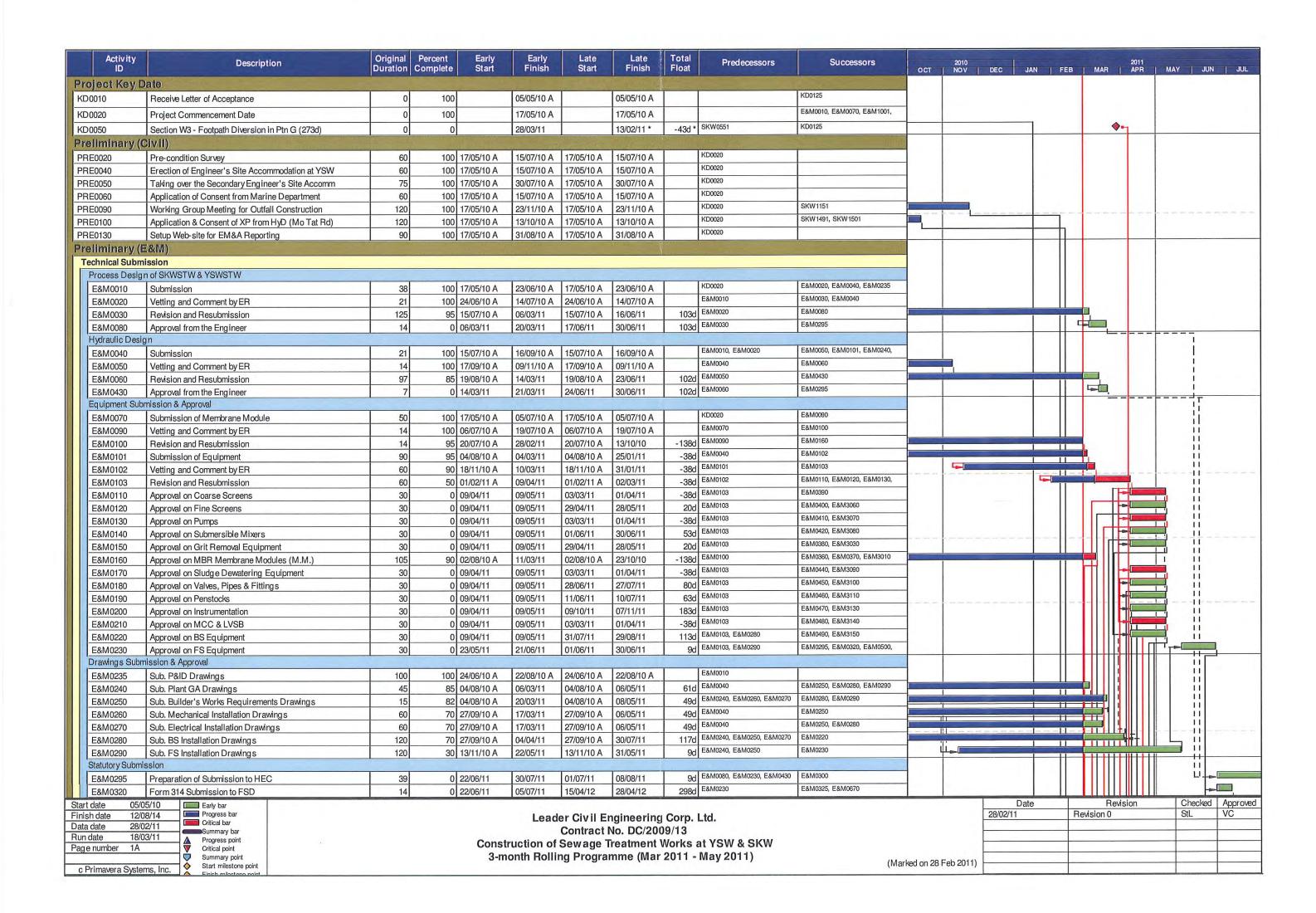
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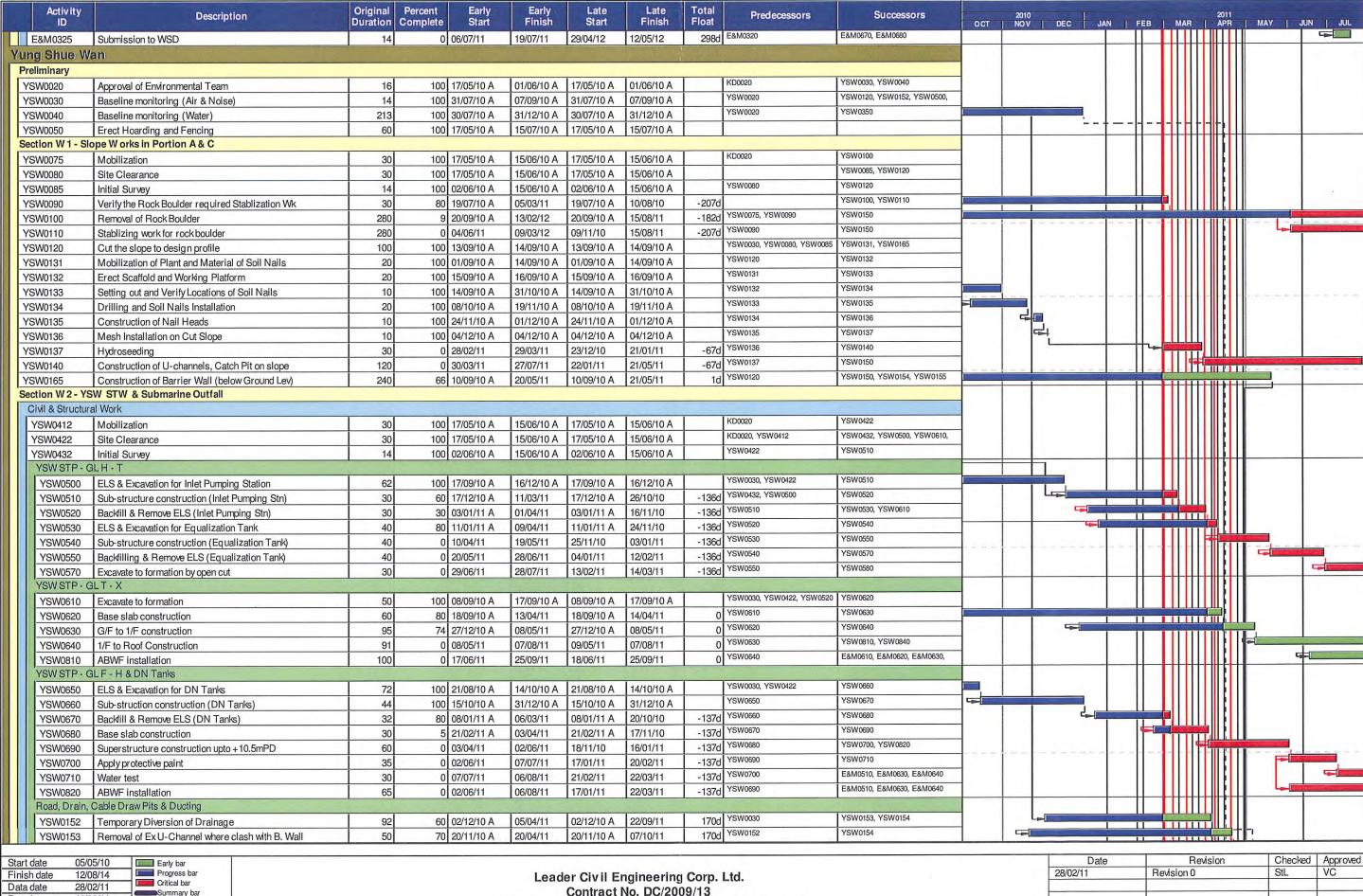
DSD (Employer) – Drainage Services Department CDM (Engineer) – Scott Wilson CDM Joint Venture Leader (Main Contractor) – Leader Civil Engineering Corporation Limited Scott Wilson (IEC) – Scott Wilson Limited AUES (ET) – Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting



Appendix C

A Master and Three Months Rolling Construction Programs





Leader Civil Engineering Corp. Ltd.
Contract No. DC/2009/13
Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at YSW & SKW 3-month Rolling Programme (Mar 2011 - May 2011)

Run date

Page number

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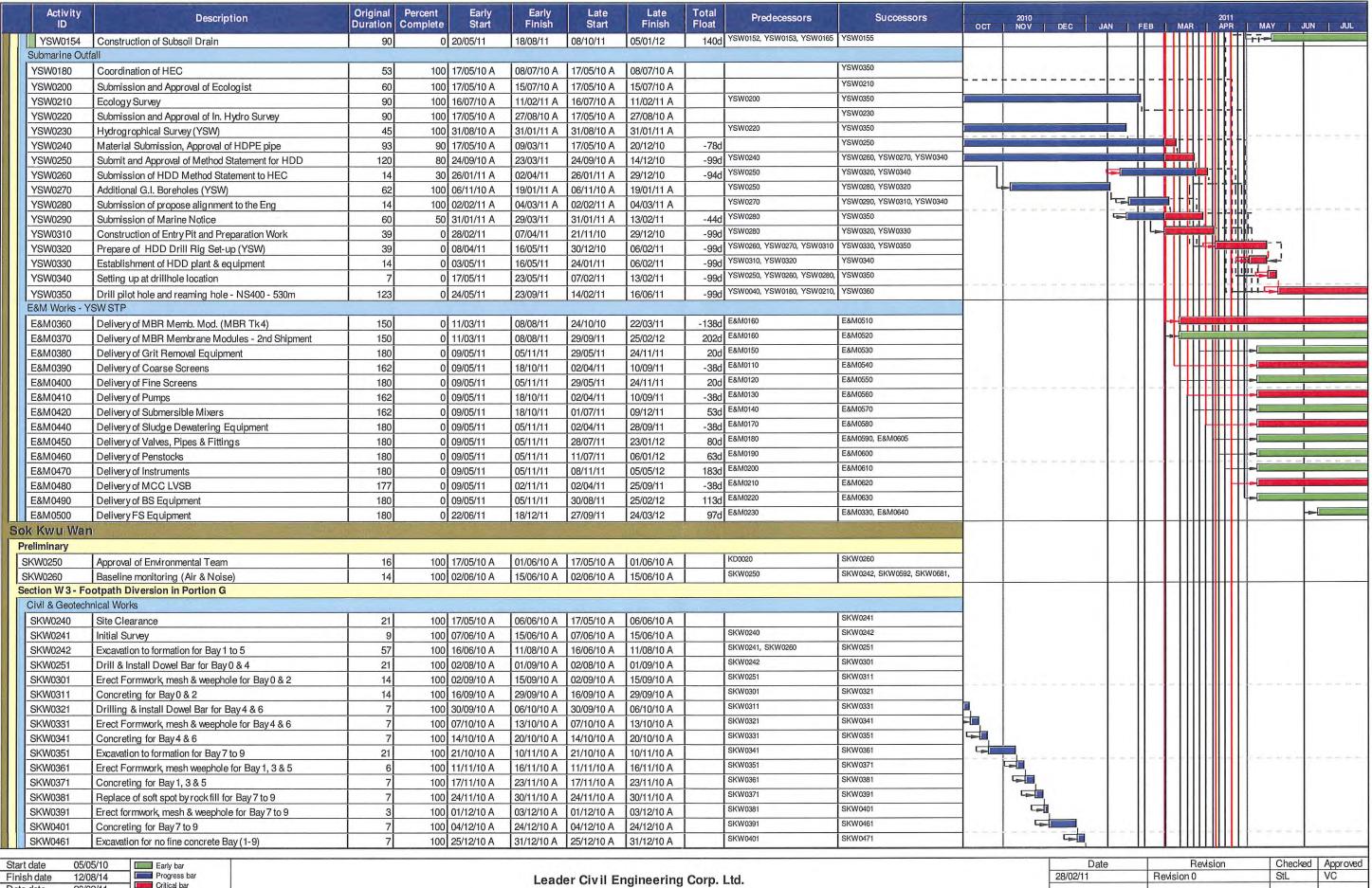
Progress point

Summary point

Critical point

28/02/11 Revision 0 StL VC

(Marked on 28 Feb 2011)



Leader Civil Engineering Corp. Ltd.
Contract No. DC/2009/13
Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at YSW & SKW 3-month Rolling Programme (Mar 2011 - May 2011)

Data date

Run date

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28/02/11

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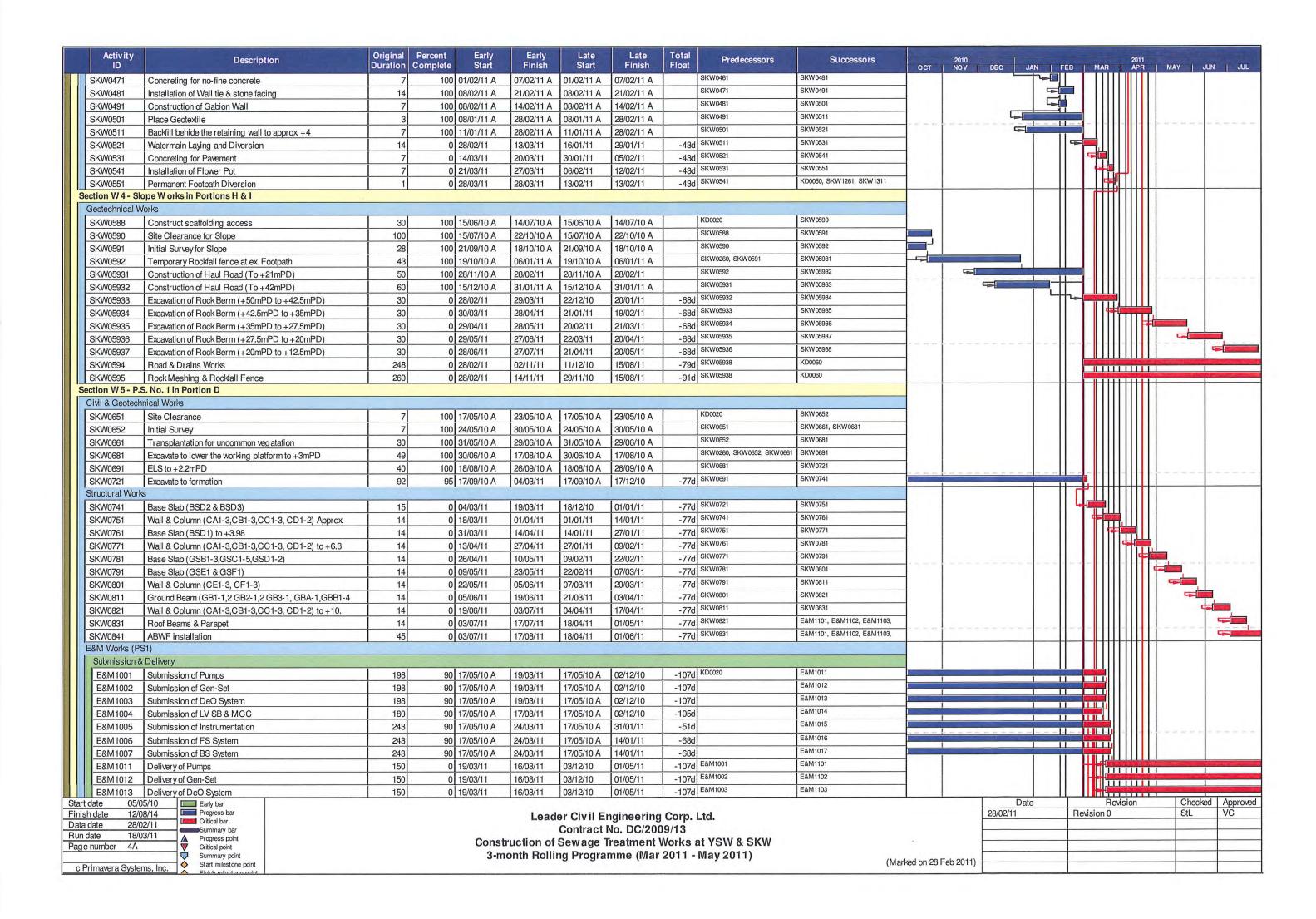
Progress point

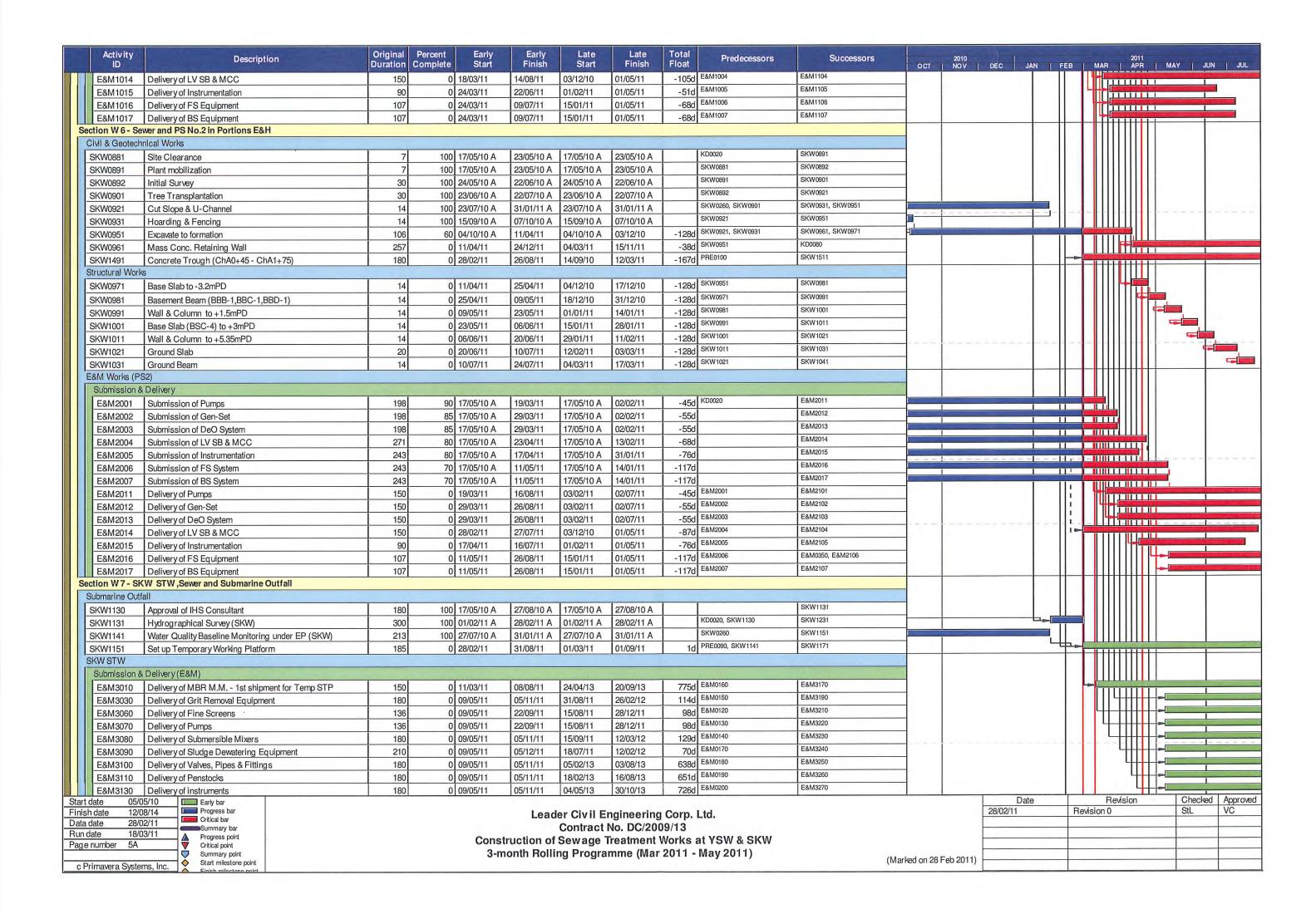
Summary point

Start milestone point

Critical point

28/02/11 Revision 0 StL VC





Activit ID	Description	Original Duration	Percent Complete	Early Start	Early Finish	Late Start	Late Finish	Total Float	Predecessors	Successors	ост	2010 NO V	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	2011 APR	MAY	JUN	JUL
E&M314	Delivery of MCC LVSB	180	0	09/05/11	05/11/11	09/05/11	04/11/11	-1d	E&M0210	E&M3261							L		1 12511	
E&M315	Delivery of BS Equipment	180	0	09/05/11	05/11/11	20/02/13	18/08/13	653d	E&M0220	E&M3291										
E&M316	Delivery of FS Equipment	180	0	22/06/11	18/12/11	14/01/12	11/07/12	206d	E&M0230	E&M0340, E&M3300										
Construc	tion of Grid A-G										N									
SKW126	Excavate for SKW STW Structure (Grid A - G)	164	0	29/03/11	08/09/11	14/02/11	27/07/11	-43d	SKW0551	SKW1271, SKW1371						_		1		
Rising Mai	n																			
SKW1481	Subm, Approval & Delivery of DI pipes	120	100	17/05/10 A	28/02/11 A	17/05/10 A	28/02/11 A		KD0020	SKW1501										
SKW1501	Concrete Trough (ChB0+00 - ChB1+20)	300	0	28/02/11	24/12/11	14/09/10	10/07/11	-167d	PRE0100, SKW1481	SKW1521						F				
Section W 8	- Landscape Softworks in All Portions																			
SKW1591	Tree Survey	21	100	17/05/10 A	06/06/10 A	17/05/10 A	06/06/10 A		KD0020	SKW1621										
SKW1611	Preservation & Protection of Trees	822	35	17/05/10 A	15/08/12	17/05/10 A	15/08/12	0	KD0020	KD0100, SKW1631								-		
SKW1621	Transplantation at SKW	60	100	07/06/10 A	05/10/10 A	07/06/10 A	05/10/10 A		SKW1591		1									

Start date	05/05/10		Early bar
Finish date	12/08/14	-	Progress bar
Data date	28/02/11		Critical bar
Run date	18/03/11	_	Summary bar Progress point
Page number	6A	7	Critical point
			Summary point
c Primavera	Systems, Inc.	*	Start milestone point

Leader Civil Engineering Corp. Ltd.
Contract No. DC/2009/13
Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at YSW & SKW
3-month Rolling Programme (Mar 2011 - May 2011)

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
28/02/11	Revision 0	StL	VC

Activity Description	Original I Duration C	Percent Early omplete Start	Early Finish	Late Start	Late Finish	Total Float	Predecessors	Successors	ост	2010 DEC JAN	2011 FEB MAR APR	MAY JUN JUL
+Project Key Date	298	0 05/05/10 A	28/03/11	05/05/10 A	13/02/11	-43d						
+Preliminary (Civil)		0 000001071	25/05/11	06/06/10/1	16/62/11	100						
	191	100 17/05/10 A	23/11/10 A	17/05/10 A	23/11/10 A		KD0020					
Preliminary (E&M) Technical Submission												
+Process Design of SKWSTW & YSWSTW												
+Hydraulic Design	307	90 17/05/10 A	20/03/11	17/05/10 A	30/06/11	103d				and the second s		
	250	85 15/07/10 A	21/03/11	15/07/10 A	30/06/11	102d						
+Equipment Submission & Approval	1 404	45 17/05/10 A	104/00/44	147/05/40 A	07/14/14	1 400.1						
+Drawings Submission & Approval	401	45 17/05/10 A	21/06/11	17/05/10 A	07/11/11	139d						
. Statistavy Cultural and an	333	68 24/06/10 A	22/05/11	24/06/10 A	30/07/11	69d						
+Statutory Submission	39	0 22/06/11	30/07/11	01/07/11	12/05/12	287d						
Yung Shue Wan				VIVI JERSE								
+Preliminary	229	100 17/05/10 A	21/12/10 1	17/05/10 A	21/12/10 4							
+Section W 1 - Slope W orks in Portion A & C	229											
Section W2 - YSW STW & Submarine Outfall	663	38 17/05/10 A	09/03/12	17/05/10 A	15/08/11	-207d					No. All Control of the	troping to philippi been sylvani
+Civil & Structural Work								Name and Address of the Owner o				
	497	45 17/05/10 A	25/09/11	17/05/10 A	05/01/12	102d						
+Submarine Outfall	495	68 17/05/10 A	23/09/11	17/05/10 A	16/06/11	-99d			-		National Company	
+E&M Works - YSW STP												
Sok Kwu Wan	283	0 11/03/11	18/12/11	24/10/10	05/05/12	139d						
+Preliminary		AND AND ASSESSED.										0.1
	30	100 17/05/10 A	15/06/10 A	17/05/10 A	15/06/10 A							
Section W 3 - Footpath Diversion in Portion G +Civil & Geotechnical Works					10.							
	316	90 17/05/10 A	28/03/11	17/05/10 A	28/02/11	-43d			Charles Val			
Section W 4 - Slope W orks in Portions H & I +Geotechnical Works												
	518	32 15/06/10 A	14/11/11	15/06/10 A	15/08/11	-91d						
Section W 5 - P.S. No. 1 in Portion D +Civil & Geotechnical Works												
+OWI & Geolectifical Works	292	98 17/05/10 A	04/03/11	17/05/10 A	17/12/10	-77d						
+Structural Works												
E&M Works (PS1)	166	0 04/03/11	17/08/11	18/12/10	01/06/11	-77d						
+Submission & Delivery				13.1.75								
Section W 6 - Sewer and PS No.2 in Portions E&H	457	56 17/05/10 A	16/08/11	17/05/10 A	01/05/11	-107d						
+Civil & Geotechnical Works			ALC: ES	1.1.3.20								
+Structural Works	586	26 17/05/10 A	24/12/11	17/05/10 A	15/11/11	-38d						Manufacture of the second
	104	0 11/04/11	24/07/11	04/12/10	17/03/11	-128d						
E&M Works (PS2)												
+Submission & Delivery	467	51 17/05/10 A	26/08/11	17/05/10 A	02/07/11	-55d						
Section W7 - SKW STW, Sewer and Submarine Outfall												
Start date 05/05/10 Finish date 12/08/14 Data date 28/02/11 Run date 18/03/11 Page number 1A Critical bar Summary bar Progress point Critical point Summary point Summary point Start milestone point Finish milestone point			ruction of	er Civil Eng Contract N Sewage Tr ng Program	o. DC/200 eatment	09/13 Works at	YSW & SKW	<pre>ex Outline . >> (Mail</pre>	ked on 28 Fe	Date 28/02/11	Revision 0	Checked Approved StL VC



Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
28/02/11	Revision 0	StL	VC
	- 1		

Activity ID	Description	Original Duration	Percent Complete	Early Start	Early Finish	Late Start	Late Finish	Total Float	Predecessors	Successors	ОСТ	2010 NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	2011 MAR APR	MAY	JUN JUL
+Submarine Outfall																		•
		472	79 17	//05/10 A	31/08/11	17/05/10 A	01/09/11	1d										
SKWSTW																		
+Submission & Deli	very (E&M)	- AND THE PARTY			444		will re-				Ī							
		283	0 11	/03/11	18/12/11	09/05/11	30/10/13	682d										
+Construction of Gr	id A-G			E TON														
		164	0 29	/03/11	08/09/11	14/02/11	27/07/11	-43d									Contractions	المعتمدة
+Rising Main																		
		587	29 17	/05/10 A	24/12/11	17/05/10 A	10/07/11	-167d			a allow					AN SURFERENCE STREET	THE REAL PROPERTY.	
+Section W8 - Landso	cape Softworks in All Portions														1			
		821	41 17	/05/10 A	15/08/12	17/05/10 A	15/08/12	0				A Latin						

		_	
Start date	05/05/10		Early bar
Finish date	12/08/14		Progress bar
Data date	28/02/11		Critical bar
Run date	18/03/11	A	Summary bar Progress point
Page number	2A	7 🕏	Critical point
			Summary point
c Primavera	Systems, Inc.	\Diamond	Start milestone point

Leader Civil Engineering Corp. Ltd.
Contract No. DC/2009/13
Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at YSW & SKW
3-month Rolling Programme (Mar 2011 - May 2011)



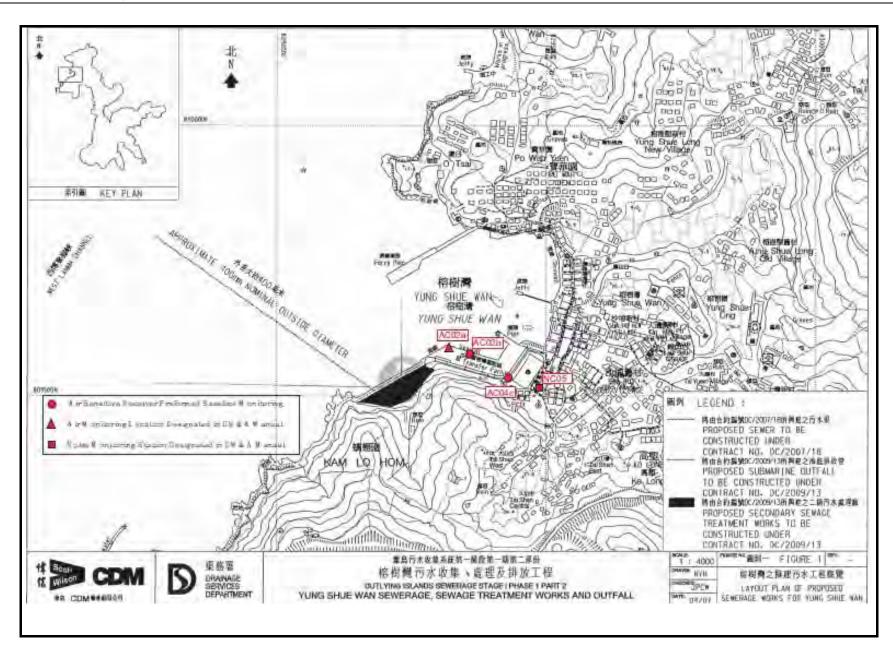
Date	Revision	Checked	Approved	
28/02/11	Revision 0	StL	VC	



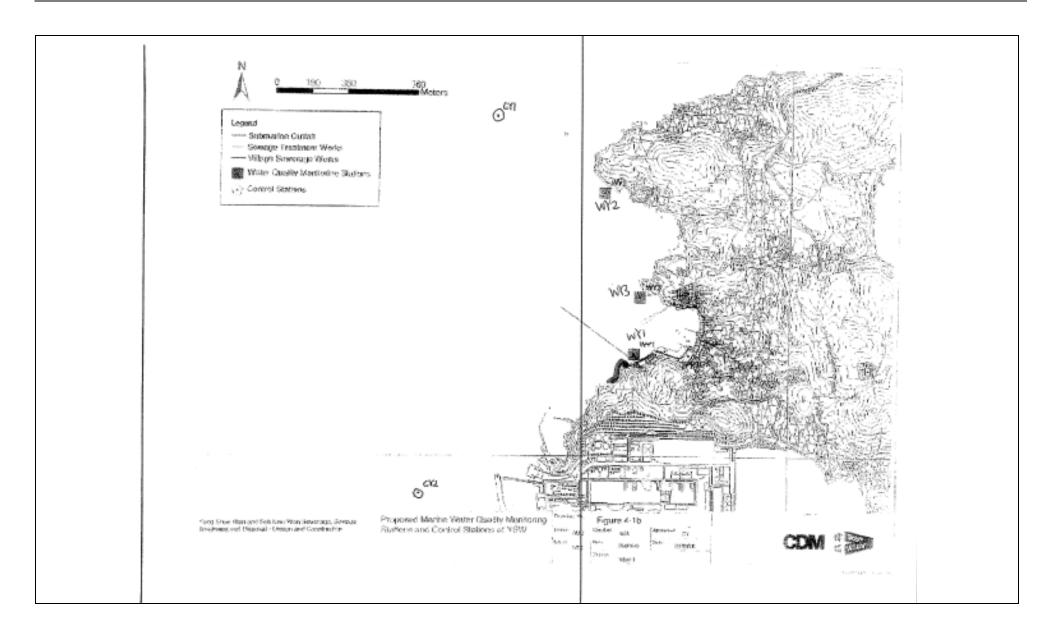
Appendix D

Location of Monitoring Stations
(Air Quality / Construction Noise / Water Quality)











Appendix E

Monitoring Equipments Calibration Certificate

TSP SAMPLER CALIBRATION CALCULATION SPREADSHEET

Location: YSW Playground

Location ID: AC04c

Date of Calibration: 1-Feb-11

Next Calibration Date: 1-Apr-11

Technician: Mr. Ben Tam

CONDITIONS

Sea Level Pressure (hPa)
Temperature (°C)

1022.7
14.0

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg)
Temperature (K)

767.025 287

CALIBRATION ORIFICE

Make->	TISCH
Model->	5025A
Serial # ->	1483

Qstd Slope -> Qstd Intercept ->

2.00279 -0.00494

CALIBRATION

Plate	H20 (L)	H2O (R)	H20	Qstd	I	IC	LINEAR
No.	(in)	(in)	(in)	(m3/min)	(chart)	corrected	REGRESSION
18	5.1	5.1	10.2	1.635	61	63.63	Slope = 34.3108
13	4.1	4.1	8.2	1.466	54	56.33	Intercept = 6.6424
10	3.3	3.3	6.6	1.316	49	51.11	Corr. coeff. = 0.9978
7	2.5	2.5	5	1.145	44	45.90	
5	1.4	1.4	2.8	0.858	35	36.51	

Calculations:

Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H20(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b]

IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]

Qstd = standard flow rate

IC = corrected chart respones

I = actual chart response

m = calibrator Qstd slope

b = calibrator Qstd intercept

Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K Pstd = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg

For subsequent calculation of sampler flow:

1/m((I)[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)]-b)

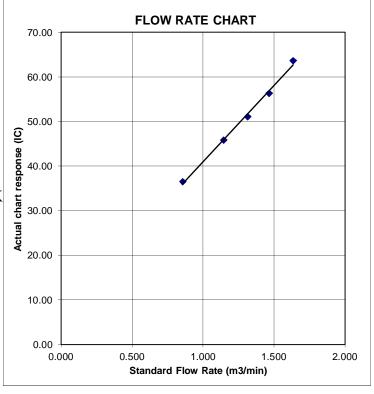
m = sampler slope

b = sampler intercept

I = chart response

Tay = daily average temperature

Pav = daily average pressure



TSP SAMPLER CALIBRATION CALCULATION SPREADSHEET

Location: YSW RE Offices Date of Calibration: 1-Feb-11 Location ID: AC02b Next Calibration Date: 1-Apr-11

Technician: Mr. Ben Tam

CONDITIONS

Sea Level Pressure (hPa) Temperature (°C)

1022.7
14.0

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg) Temperature (K)

767.025 287

CALIBRATION ORIFICE

Make->	TISCH
Model->	5025A
Serial # ->	1483

Qstd Slope -> Qstd Intercept ->

.00279 0.00494

CALIBRATION

L								
	Plate	H20 (L)	H2O (R)	H20	Qstd	I	IC	LINEAR
l	No.	(in)	(in)	(in)	(m3/min)	(chart)	corrected	REGRESSION
	18	5.2	5.2	10.4	1.651	60	62.59	Slope = 32.4848
	13	4.2	4.2	8.4	1.484	53	55.29	Intercept = 7.6913
	10	3.4	3.4	6.8	1.335	48	50.07	Corr. coeff. = 0.9949
	7	2.3	2.3	4.6	1.099	41	42.77	
	5	1.4	1.4	2.8	0.858	35	36.51	

Calculations:

Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H20(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b]

IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]

Qstd = standard flow rate

IC = corrected chart respones

I = actual chart response

m = calibrator Qstd slope

b = calibrator Qstd intercept

Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K

Pstd = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg

For subsequent calculation of sampler flow:

1/m((I)[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)]-b)

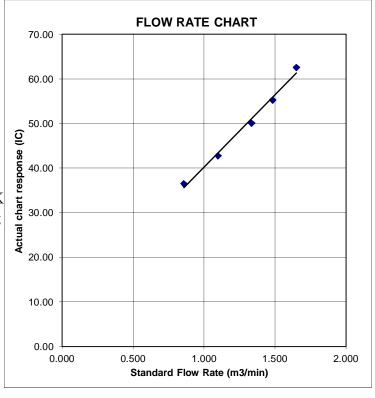
m = sampler slope

b = sampler intercept

I = chart response

Tay = daily average temperature

Pav = daily average pressure





TISCH ENVIROMENTAL, INC. 145 SOUTH MIAMI AVE. VILLAGE OF CLEVES, OH 45002 513.467.9000 877.263.7610 TOLL FREE 513.467.9009 FAX WWW.TISCH-ENV.COM

AIR POLLUTION MONITORING EQUIPMENT

ORIFICE TRANSFER STANDARD CERTIFICATION WORKSHEET TE-5025A

Date - Ju Operator	ın 02, 2010 Tisch	Rootsmeter Orifice I.I		9833620 1483	Ta (K) - Pa (mm) -	297 746.76
PLATE OR Run #	VOLUME START (m3)	VOLUME STOP (m3)	DIFF VOLUME (m3)	DIFF TIME (min)	METER DIFF Hg (mm)	ORFICE DIFF H2O (in.)
1 2 3 4 5	NA NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	1.3990 0.9820 0.8770 0.8350 0.6910	3.2 6.4 7.9 8.8 12.8	2.00 4.00 5.00 5.50 8.00

DATA TABULATION

Vstd	(x axis) Qstd	(y axis)	Va	(x axis) Qa	(y axis)
0.9816 0.9775 0.9754 0.9742 0.9689	0.7017 0.9954 1.1122 1.1668 1.4023	1.4042 1.9858 2.2202 2.3286 2.8084	0.9957 0.9914 0.9893 0.9882 0.9828	0.7117 1.0096 1.1281 1.1835 1.4223	0.8919 1.2613 1.4102 1.4790 1.7837
Qstd slo	ot (b) = lent (r) =	2.00279 -0.00494 0.99994 	 Qa slop intercep coeffici	ot (b) =	1.25411 -0.00314 0.99994

CALCULATIONS

Vstd = Diff. Vol[(Pa-Diff. Hg)/760](298/Ta)
Qstd = Vstd/Time

Va = Diff Vol [(Pa-Diff Hg)/Pa] Qa = Va/Time

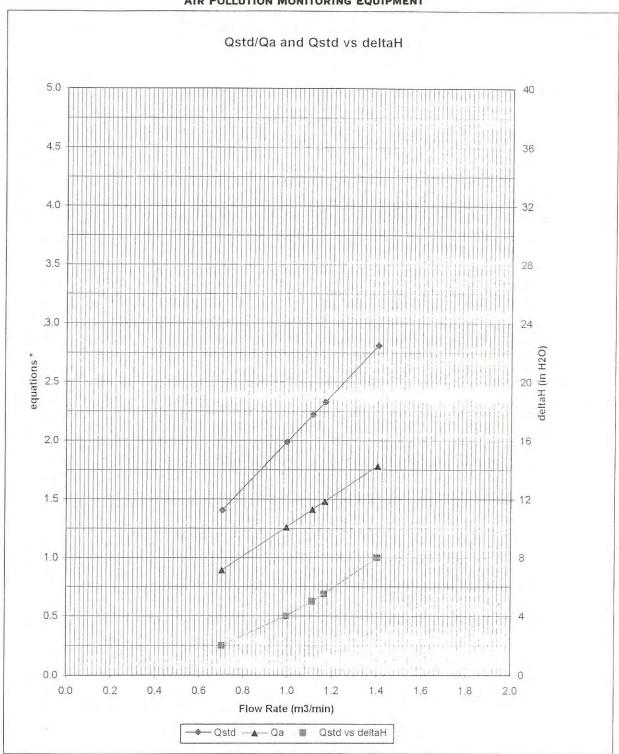
For subsequent flow rate calculations:

Qstd = $1/m\{[SQRT(H2O(Pa/760)(298/Ta))] - b\}$ Qa = $1/m\{[SQRT H2O(Ta/Pa)] - b\}$



TISCH ENVIROMENTAL, INC. 145 SOUTH MIAMI AVE. VILLAGE OF CLEVES, OH 45002 513.467.9000 877.263.7610 TOLL FREE 513.467.9009 FAX WWW.TISCH-ENV.COM

AIR POLLUTION MONITORING EQUIPMENT



* y-axis equations:

Qstd series:

$$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{P a}{P s t d}\right) \left(\frac{T s t d}{T a}\right)}$$

Qa series:

$$\sqrt{(\Delta H (Ta/Pa))}$$

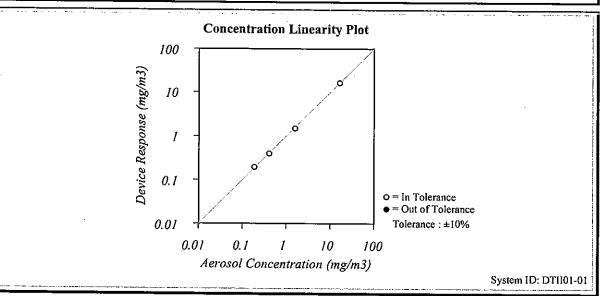
#1483



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION AND TESTING

TSI Incorporated, 500 Cardigan Road, Shoreview, MN 55126 USA Tel: 1-800-874-2811 1-651-490-2811 Fax: 1-651-490-3824 http://www.tsi.com

Environment Condition		· · ·	Madal	A 1454 O
Temperature	73.2 (22.9)	°F (°C)	Model	AM510
Relative Humidity	38	%RH	C. C.IN.	4400000
Barometric Pressure	29.08 (984.8)	inHg (hPa)	Serial Number	11008060



TSI Incorporated does hereby certify that all materials, components, and workmanship used in the manufacture of this equipment are in strict accordance with the applicable specifications agreed upon by TSI and the customer and with all published specifications. All performance and acceptance tests required under this contract were successfully conducted according to required specifications. There is no NIST standard for optical mass measurements. Calibration of this instrument performed by TSI has been done using emery oil and has been nominally adusted to respirable mass of standard ISO 12103-1, Al test dust (Arizona dust). Our calibration ratio is greater than 1.2:1

Measurement Variable Photometer DC Voltage(Keithley) Barometric Pressure Humidity	System ID E003433 E002859 E003733 E002873	<u>Last Cal.</u> 05-17-10 01-05-10 12-26-09 02-23-10	Cal. Due 11-17-10 01-05-11 12-26-10 02-23-11	Measurement Variable Flow and temperature Microbalance Temperature Pressure	System ID E003434 E003403 E002873 E003440	Last Cal. 04-21-10 01-07-10 02-23-10 08-26-09	Cal. Due 04-21-11 01-07-11 02-23-11 08-26-10
---	---	--	--	---	---	---	--

Tao Vans
Calibrated

Final Function
Check
Date

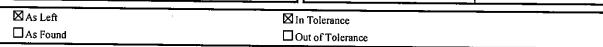


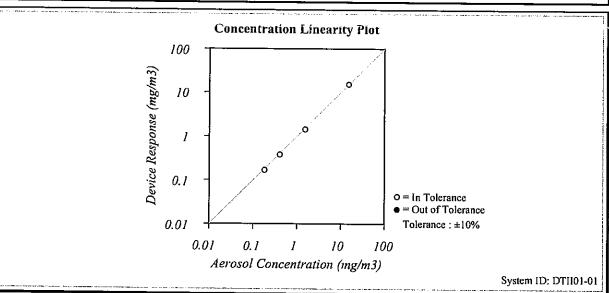
CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION AND TESTING

TSI Incorporated, 500 Cardigan Road, Shoreview, MN 55126 USA Tel: 1-800-874-2811 1-651-490-2811 Fax: 1-651-490-3824 http://www.tsi.com

Environment Condition		Madal	
Temperature	74.8 (23.8)	°F (°C)	Model
Relative Humidity	38	%RH	
Barometric Pressure	28.96 (980.7)	inHg (hPa)	Serial Number

Model AM510
Serial Number 11008017





TSI Incorporated does hereby certify that all materials, components, and workmanship used in the manufacture of this equipment are in strict accordance with the applicable specifications agreed upon by TSI and the customer and with all published specifications. All performance and acceptance tests required under this contract were successfully conducted according to required specifications. There is no NIST standard for optical mass measurements. Calibration of this instrument performed by TSI has been done using emery oil and has been nominally adusted to respirable mass of standard ISO 12103-1, Al test dust (Arizona dust). Our calibration ratio is greater than 1.2:1

Photometer E002 DC Voltage(Keithley) E002 Barometric Pressure E003	tem ID Last Cal. 03433 05-17-10 02859 01-05-10 03733 12-26-09 02-23-10	Cal. Due 11-17-10 01-05-11 12-26-10 02-23-11	Measurement Variable Flow and temperature Microbalance Temperature Pressure	System ID E003434 E003403 E002873 E003440	Last Cal. 04-21-10 01-07-10 02-23-10 08-26-09	Cal. Due 04-21-11 01-07-11 02-23-11 08-26-10
--	--	--	---	---	---	--

Sona H.

Final Function Check

August 6, 2010

Date

Calibrated

© GOES 346



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Certificate No.: C102350

Certificate of Calibration

This is to certify that the equipment

Description: Integrating Sound Level Meter (EQ008)

Manufacturer: Bruel & Kjaer

Model No.: 2238

Serial No.: 2285690

has been calibrated for the specific items and ranges. The results are shown in the Calibration Report No. C102350.

The equipment is supplied by

Co. Name: Action-United Environmental Services and Consulting

Address: Unit A, 20/F., Gold King Industrial Building, 35-41 Tai Lin Pai Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.

Date of Issue: 30 April 2010

Certified by:

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No. : C102350

Calibration Report

ITEM TESTED

DESCRIPTION

: Integrating Sound Level Meter (EQ008)

MANUFACTURER:

Bruel & Kjaer

MODEL NO.

2238

SERIAL NO.

2285690

TEST CONDITIONS

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE : $(23 \pm 2)^{\circ}$ C

RELATIVE HUMIDITY: $(55 \pm 20)\%$

LINE VOLTAGE

TEST SPECIFICATIONS

Calibration check

DATE OF TEST: 29 April 2010

JOB NO. : IC10-0951

TEST RESULTS

The results apply to the particular unit-under-test only. All results are within manufacturer's specification.

The results are detailed in the subsequent page(s).

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to National Standards via:

- The Government of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Standard & Calibration Laboratory
- Agilent Technologies, USA
- Fluke Everett Service Center, USA
- Rohde & Schwarz Laboratory, Germany

Tested by:

Date: 30 April 2010

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report, This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No.: C102350

Calibration Report

- 1. The unit-under-test (UUT) was allowed to stabilize in the laboratory for over 24 hours, and switched on to warm up for over 10 minutes before the commencement of the test.
- 2. Self-calibration using the laboratory acoustic calibrator was performed before the test 6.1.1.2 to 6.4.
- 3. The results presented are the mean of 3 measurements at each calibration point.
- 4. Test equipment:

Equipment ID

Description

Certificate No.

CL280 CL281

40 MHz Arbitrary Waveform Generator Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator

C100067 DC090052

Test procedure: MA101N.

6. Results:

5.

- 6.1 Sound Pressure Level
- 6.1.1 Reference Sound Pressure Level

6.1.1.1 Before Self-calibration

	UUT	Setting	Applied	Value	UUT
Range (dB)	Parameter	Frequency Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq. (kHz)	Reading (dB)
50 - 130	L_{AFP}	A	94.00	1	94.1

6.1.1.2 After Self-calibration

	UUT		Applied Value		UUT	IEC 60651	
Range	Parameter	Frequency	lency Time Level Freq.		Reading	Type 1 Spec.	
(dB)) Weighting Weighting (dB) (kHz)		(kHz)	(dB)	(dB)		
50 - 130 L _{AFP} A F				94.00	1	94.0	± 0.7

6.1.2 Linearity

	UU	T Setting		Applie	d Value	UUT
Range	Parameter	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading
(dB)		Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)
50 - 130	L_{AFP}	Α	F	94.00	1	94.0 (Ref.)
			104.00			104.0
			114.00		114.0	

IEC 60651 Type 1 Spec. : \pm 0.4 dB per 10 dB step and \pm 0.7 dB for overall different.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No.: C102350

Calibration Report

6.2 Time Weighting

6.2.1 Continuous Signal

Onthino do Organia										
	UU'	T Setting		Applied	d Value	UUT	IEC 60651			
Range	e Parameter Frequency Time			Level	Freq.	Reading	Type 1 Spec.			
(dB)	(dB) Weighting Weighting		(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)	(dB)				
50 - 130	L_{AFP}	A	F	94.00	1	94.0	Ref.			
	L_{ASP}		S			94.1	± 0.1			
	L_{AIP}		I			94.1	± 0.1			

6.2.2 Tone Burst Signal (2 kHz)

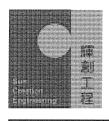
	UUT	Setting		App	lied Value	UUT	IEC 60651
Range	Parameter	Frequency	Time	Level	Burst	Reading	Type 1 Spec.
(dB)		Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	Duration	(dB)	(dB)
30 - 110	L_{AFP}	A	F	106.0	Continuous	106.0	Ref.
	L _{AFMax}	2			200 ms	105.0	-1.0 ± 1.0
	L_{ASP}		S		Continuous	106.0	Ref.
	L _{ASMax}				500 ms	102.0	-4.1 ± 1.0

6.3 Frequency Weighting

A-Weighting 6.3.1

	UUT	Setting		Applie	ed Value	UUT	IEC 60651
Range	Parameter	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading	Type 1 Spec.
(dB)		Weighting	Weighting	(dB)		(dB)	(dB)
50 - 130	L_{AFP}	A	F	94.00	31.5 Hz	54.7	-39.4 ± 1.5
					63 Hz	67.8	-26.2 ± 1.5
					125 Hz	77.8	-16.1 ± 1.0
					250 Hz	85.3	-8.6 ± 1.0
					500 Hz	90.7	-3.2 ± 1.0
					1 kHz	94.0	Ref.
					2 kHz	95.2	$+1.2 \pm 1.0$
					4 kHz	95.0	$+1.0 \pm 1.0$
					8 kHz	92.9	-1.1 (+1.5 ; -3.0)
					12.5 kHz	89.8	-4.3 (+3.0 ; -6.0)

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No.: C102350

Calibration Report

6.3.2 C-Weighting

	UUT	Setting		Appli	ed Value	UUT	IEC 60651
Range	Parameter	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading	Type 1 Spec.
(dB)		Weighting	Weighting	(dB)		(dB)	(dB)
50 - 130	L_{CFP}	С	F	94.00	31.5 Hz	91.1	-3.0 ± 1.5
					63 Hz	93.2	-0.8 ± 1.5
					125 Hz	93.8	-0.2 ± 1.0
					250 Hz	93.9	0.0 ± 1.0
					500 Hz	94.0	0.0 ± 1.0
					1 kHz	94.0	Ref.
					2 kHz	93.8	-0.2 ± 1.0
					4 kHz	93.2	-0.8 ± 1.0
					8 kHz	91.0	-3.0 (+1.5; -3.0)
					12.5 kHz	87.8	-6.2 (+3.0 ; -6.0)

6.4 Time Averaging

	UL	JT Setting			Ap	plied Value		***************************************	UUT	IEC 60804
Range (dB)	Mode	Frequency Weighting	Integrating Time	Frequency (kHz)	Burst Duration	Burst Duty	Burst Level	Equivalent Level	Reading (dB)	Type 1 Spec.
					(ms)	Factor	(dB)	(dB)		(dB)
30 - 110	L_{Aeq}	Α	10 sec.	4	1	1/10	110.0	100	99.9	± 0.5
						1/10 ²		90	89.6	± 0.5
			60 sec.			1/10 ³		80	79.7	± 1.0
			5 min.			1/104		70	69.7	± 1.0

Remarks: - Mfr's Spec.: IEC 60651 Type 1 & IEC 60804 Type 1

- Uncertainties of Applied Value : 94 dB : 31.5 Hz - 125 Hz : \pm 0.40 dB

250 Hz - 500 Hz : ± 0.30 dB 1 kHz : ± 0.20 dB 2 kHz : ± 0.40 dB 4 kHz : ± 0.50 dB 8 kHz : ± 0.70 dB

12.5 kHz : $\pm 0.70 \text{ dB}$

 $104 \, dB : 1 \, kHz$: $\pm 0.10 \, dB \, (Ref. 94 \, dB)$ $114 \, dB : 1 \, kHz$: $\pm 0.10 \, dB \, (Ref. 94 \, dB)$ Burst equivalent level : $\pm 0.2 \, dB \, (Ref. 110 \, dB)$

continuous sound level)

- The uncertainties are for a confidence probability of not less than 95 %.

Note:

The values given in this Calibration Report only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environment changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Sun Creation Engineering Limited shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Certificate No.: C102285

Certificate of Calibration

This is to certify that the equipment

Description: Acoustical Calibrator (EQ081)

Manufacturer: Bruel & Kjaer

Model No.: 4231

Serial No.: 2326408

has been calibrated for the specific items and ranges. The results are shown in the Calibration Report No. C102285.

The equipment is supplied by

Co. Name: Action-United Environmental Services and Consulting

Address: Unit A, 20/F., Gold King Industrial Building, 35-41 Tai Lin Pai Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.

Date of Issue: 27 April 2010

Certified by:

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.

Website: www.suncreation.com

Tel: 2927 2606

Fax: 2744 8986

E-mail: callab@suncreation.com



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No.: C102285

Calibration Report

ITEM TESTED

DESCRIPTION

: Acoustical Calibrator (EQ081)

MANUFACTURER:

Bruel & Kjaer

MODEL NO.

4231

SERIAL NO.

: 2326408

TEST CONDITIONS

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE : $(23 \pm 2)^{\circ}$ C

RELATIVE HUMIDITY: $(55 \pm 20)\%$

LINE VOLTAGE

: ---

TEST SPECIFICATIONS

Calibration check

DATE OF TEST: 26 April 2010

JOB NO. : IC10-0951

TEST RESULTS

The results apply to the particular unit-under-test only.

All results are within manufacturer's specification.

The results are detailed in the subsequent page(s).

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to National Standards via:

- The Government of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Standard & Calibration Laboratory
- Rohde & Schwarz Laboratory, Germany
- Fluke Precision Measurement Ltd., UK
- Fluke Everett Service Center, USA
- Agilent Technologies, USA

Tested by:

W I I ai

Date: 27 April 2010

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.

Calibration and Testing Laboratory of Sun Creation Engineering Limited



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No.: C102285

Calibration Report

- 1. The unit-under-test (UUT) was allowed to stabilize in the laboratory for over 24 hours before the commencement of the test.
- 2. The results presented are the mean of 3 measurements at each calibration point.
- 3. Test equipment:

Equipment ID TST150A CL130 CL281 <u>Description</u>
Measuring Amplifier
Universal Counter
Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator

Certificate No. C101008 C093122 DC090052

- 4. Test procedure: MA100N.
- 5. Results:

5.1 Sound Level Accuracy

UUT	Measured Value	Mfr's Spec.	Uncertainty of Measured Value
Nominal Value	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
94 dB, 1 kHz	94.0	± 0.2	± 0.2
114 dB, 1 kHz	114.0		

5.2 Frequency Accuracy

UUT Nominal Value	Measured Value	Mfr's	Uncertainty of Measured Value
(kHz)	(kHz)	Spec.	(Hz)
1	1.000 0	1 kHz ± 0.1 %	± 0.1

Remark: - The uncertainties are for a confidence probability of not less than 95 %.

Note:

The values given in this Calibration Report only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environment changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Sun Creation Engineering Limited shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.

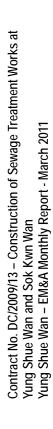


Appendix F

Event and Action Plan



Air Quality

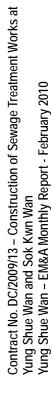




EVENT	ACTION			
	ET	IC(E)	ER	CONTRACTOR
ACTION LEVEL				
1. Exceedance for one sample	1. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures;		1. Notify Contractor.	1. Rectify any unacceptable practice;
	 Inform IC(E) and EK; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily. 	 Check Contractor's working method. 		 Amena Working methods if appropriate.
2. Exceedance for two or more consecutive	1. Identify source; 2 Inform IC(E) and ER:	1. Check monitoring data submitted by FT.	1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing:	1. Submit proposals for remedial to ER within 3 working days of
samples	3. Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed	2. Check Contractor's working method;	2. Notify Contractor;	
	remedial measures; 4 Reneat measurements to confirm findings:	3. Discuss with ET and Contractor on noseible remedial measures:	 Ensure remedial measures properly implemented 	2. Implement the agreed proposals:
		4. Advise the ET on the effectiveness		3. Amend proposal if appropriate.
	6. Discuss with IC(E) and Contractor on remedial	0		
	actions required;	5. Supervise Implementation of remodial measures		
		Tellicular incasares.		
	8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.			
		LIMIT LEVEL		
 Exceedance for one sample 	1. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures;	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 	 Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance;
•	2. Inform ER, Contractor and EPD;			2. Submit proposals for remedial
	3. Repeat measurement to confirm finding;	3. Discuss with ET and Contractor on	3. Ensure remedial measures properly	actions to IC(E) within 3
	4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily;	possible remedial measures;	implemented.	working days of notification;
	actions and keen IC(F) FPD and FR informed of	₹ —		o. miprement me agreed proposals:
	the results.	5. Supervise implementation of remedial		4. Amend proposal if appropriate.
	C 41 (100x 0) x 1	measures.	0 1 101 0 1 10 0 1	
2. Exceedance for two	1. Notify IC(E), EK, Contractor and EPD; 2 Identify source:	1. Discuss amongst ER, E1, and Contractor on the notential remedial	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing: 	1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance:
samples	3. Repeat measurement to confirm findings;	actions;	4	2. Submit proposals for remedial
•	4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily;	2. Review Contractor's remedial actions	3. In consolidation with the IC(E), agree	actions to IC(E) within 3
	5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working	whenever necessary to assure their	with the Contractor on the remedial	working days of notification;
	procedures to determine possible infugation to be implemented:	accordingly:	measures to be implemented, 4. Ensure remedial measures properly	5. Imprement are agreed proposals:
	6. Arrange meeting with IC(E) and ER to discuss the	3. Supervise the implementation of		4. Resubmit proposals if problem
	remedial actions to be taken;	remedial measures.	5. If exceedance continues, consider	
	7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial		what portion of the work is	5. Stop the relevant portion of
	actions and keep IC(E), EPD and ER informed of		responsible and instruct the	works as determined by the ER
	8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.		work until the exceedance is abated.	dien in cycodanice is againe.



Construction Noise





EVENT	ACTION			
	ET	IC(E)	ER	CONTRACTOR
Action Level	1. Notify IC(E) and Contractor;	1. Review the analysed results	1. Confirm receipt of notification of	1. Submit noise mitigation
	2. Carry out investigation;	submitted by the ET;	failure in writing;	proposals to IC(E);
	3. Report the results of investigation to	2. Review the proposed	2. Notify Contractor;	2. Implement noise mitigation
	the IC(E), ER and Contractor;	remedial measures by the	3. Require Contractor to propose	proposals.
	4. Discuss with the Contractor and	Contractor and advise the	remedial measures for the	
	formulate remedial measures;	ER accordingly;	analysed noise problem;	
	5. Increase monitoring frequency to	3. Supervise the	4. Ensure remedial measures are	
	check mitigation effectiveness	implementation of remedial	properly implemented.	
		measures.		
Limit Level	1. Identify source;	1. Discuss amongst ER, ET,	f notification of	1. Take immediate action to
	2. Inform IC(E), ER, EPD and	and Contractor on the	failure in writing;	avoid further exceedance;
	Contractor;	potential remedial actions;	2. Notify Contractor;	2. Submit proposals for
	3. Repeat measurements to confirm	2. Review Contractors	3. Require Contractor to propose	remedial actions to
	findings;	remedial actions whenever	remedial measures for the	IC(E) within 3 working
	4. Increase monitoring frequency;	necessary to assure their	analysed noise problem;	days of notification;
	5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's	effectiveness and advise	4. Ensure remedial measures	3. Implement the agreed
	working procedures to determine	the ER accordingly;	properly implemented;	proposals;
	possible mitigation to be implemented;	3. Supervise the	5. If exceedance continues, consider	4. Resubmit proposals if
	6. Inform IC(E), ER and EPD the causes	implementation of	what portion of the work is	problem still not under
	and actions taken for the	remedial measures.	responsible and instruct the	control;
	exceedances;		Contractor to stop that portion of	5. Stop the relevant portion of
	7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's		work until the exceedance is	works as determined by the
	remedial actions and keep IC(E),		abated.	ER until the exceedance is
	EPD and ER informed of the results;			abated.
	8. If exceedance stops, cease additional			
	monitoring.			



Appendix G

Monitoring Data Sheet

24-hour TSP Monitoring Results - AC02b

24-hour TSP	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results - AC02b	esults - AC	302b								Date of C	Date of Calibration: 1-Feb-11	1-Feb-11	Slope =	32.4848
											Next Calibration Date: 1-Apr-11	ation Date:	1-Apr-11	${\rm Intercept} =$	7.6913
		EI	ELAPSED TIME	ME	CHA	CHART READING	ING			STANDARD		INITIAL	FINAL	WEIGHT	DUST
DATE	SAMPLE							AVG	AVG	FLOW	AIR	FILTER	FILTER	DUST	24-hour TSP
	NUMBER	INITIAL	FINAL	INITIAL FINAL ACTUAL	MIN	MAX	AVG	TEMP	PRESS	RATE	VOLUME	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	COLLECTED	IN AIR
				(min)				(oC)	(hPa)	(m3/min)	(std m3)	(g)	(g)	(g)	(ug/m^3)
3-Mar-11	23396	3511.33	3536.24	1494.60	36	38	37.0	18.1	1018.5	0.92	1373	2.8223	2.8939	0.0716	52
9-Mar-11	23398	3536.24	3560.53	1457.40	35	37	36.0	15.7	1021.8	68.0	1303	2.8067	2.8598	0.0531	41
14-Mar-11	23409	3560.53	3584.76	1453.80	36	38	37.0	22.4	1014.6	0.91	1320	2.791	2.8871	0.0961	73
19-Mar-11	23443	3584.76	3584.76 3608.95	1451.40	37	39	38.0	16.7	1013.4	0.95	1378	2.8095	2.8577	0.0482	35
25-Mar-11	23449	3608.95	3633.23	1456.80	34	36	35.0	17.4	1023.2	98.0	1253	2.7952	2.8098	0.0146	12
31-Mar-11	23541	3633.23	3633.23 3657.54 1458.60	1458.60	35	37	36.0	18.9	1018.5	68.0	1292	2.8099	2.9299	0.1200	93

24-hour TSP Monitoring Results - AC04c

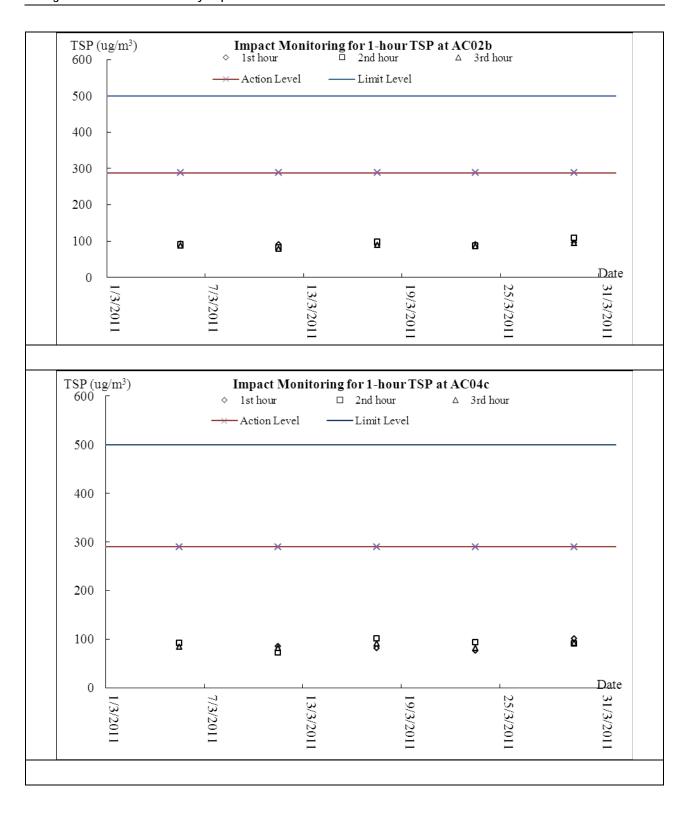
24-hour TSF	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results - AC04c	Results - AC)04c								Date of C	Date of Calibration: 1-Feb-11	1-Feb-11	Slope =	34.3108
											Next Calibr	Next Calibration Date: 1-Apr-11	1-Apr-11	Intercept =	6.6424
		EI	ELAPSED TIME	ME	CHA	CHART READ	DING			STANDARD		INITIAL	FINAL	WEIGHT	DUST
DATE	SAMPLE							AVG	AVG	FLOW	AIR	FILTER	FILTER	DUST	24-hour TSP
	NUMBER		INITIAL FINAL	ACTUAL	MIN	MAX	AVG	TEMP	PRESS	RATE	VOLUME	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	COLLECTED	IN AIR
				(min)				(oC)	(hPa)	(m3/min)	(std m3)	(g)	(g)	(g)	(ug/m^3)
3-Mar-11	23395	6081.26	6081.26 6105.14	1432.80	35	37	36.0	18.1	1018.5	0.87	1248	2.811	2.9647	0.1537	123
9-Mar-11	23397	6105.14	20.6219	1435.80	36	38	37.0	15.7	1021.8	0.91	1302	2.783	2.9246	0.1416	109
14-Mar-11	23415	6129.07	6153.04	1438.20	35	37	36.0	22.4	1014.6	98.0	1238	2.78	2.9759	0.1959	158
19-Mar-11	23442	6153.04	6153.04 6176.97	1435.80	36	38	37.0	16.7	1013.4	06:0	1292	2.8141	2.873	0.0589	46
25-Mar-11	23476	6176.97	6200.87	1434.00	37	39	38.0	17.4	1023.2	0.93	1339	2.8147	2.9674	0.1527	114
31-Mar-11	23512	6200.87	6224.77	1434.00	36	38	37.0	18.9	1018.5	06.0	1289	2.7939	2.8721	0.0782	61



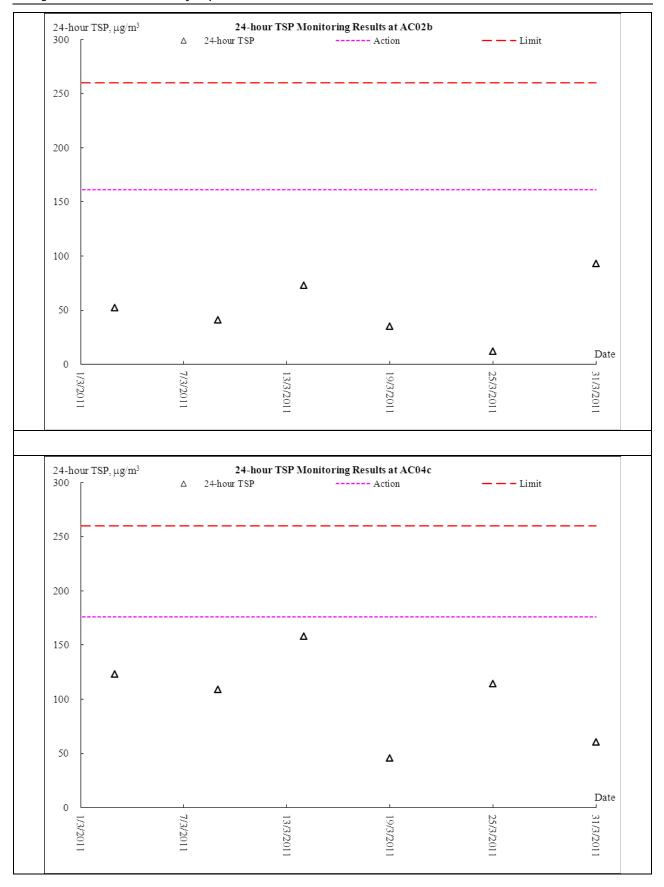
Appendix H

Graphical Plots of Monitoring Results

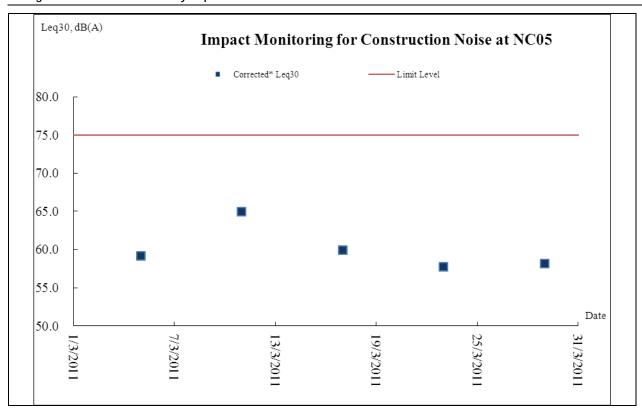














Appendix I

Meteorological Information



Meteorological Data Extracted from HKO during the Reporting Period

Date		Weather
1-Mar-11	Tue	Mainly cloudy with haze.
2-Mar-11	Wed	Cloudy.
3-Mar-11	Thu	A few rain patches.
4-Mar-11	Fri	Moderate east to northeasterly winds
5-Mar-11	Sat	Light winds.
6-Mar-11	Sun	Mainly fine apart from some haze in the afternoon.
7-Mar-11	Mon	Mainly cloudy with haze.
8-Mar-11	Tue	Moderate east to northeasterly winds
9-Mar-11	Wed	Mainly cloudy and dry.
10-Mar-11	Thu	Light winds.
11-Mar-11	Fri	Mainly fine and dry.
12-Mar-11	Sat	Moderate north to northeasterly winds
13-Mar-11	Sun	Cloudy.
14-Mar-11	Mon	Fresh to strong northerly winds.
15-Mar-11	Tue	Mainly cloudy.
16-Mar-11	Wed	Mainly cloudy and dry.
17-Mar-11	Thu	Moderate east to northeasterly winds
18-Mar-11	Fri	Fresh easterly winds
19-Mar-11	Sat	Moderate northeasterly winds.
20-Mar-11	Sun	Cloudy
21-Mar-11	Mon	Sunny periods
22-Mar-11	Tue	Cloudy with haze.
23-Mar-11	Wed	Moderate north to northeasterly winds
24-Mar-11	Thu	Mainly fine and dry.
25-Mar-11	Fri	Moderate northeasterly winds.
26-Mar-11	Sat	Mainly fine and very dry.
27-Mar-11	Sun	Dry with sunny periods.
28-Mar-11	Mon	Moderate east to northeasterly winds.
29-Mar-11	Tue	Moderate east to northeasterly winds.
30-Mar-11	Wed	Cloudy with a few rain patches.
31-Mar-11	Thu	Moderate easterly winds.



Appendix J

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table

Name of Department: ArchSD/CEDD/DSD/EMSD/HyD/WSD

DC/2009/13

Contract No.:

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for March 2011

			Actu	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly	ties of In	ert C&D	Materials	Generat	ed Month	ly				Act	ual Qua	ntities of	C&D W	Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly	nerated	Monthly		
Month	Тоtal (Gene (a) = (c)	Total Quantity $Generated$ (a) = (c)+(d)+(e)	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete (b)	ock and Broken rete	Reused in the Contract (c)	in the ract	Reused in other Projects (d)	n other xcts)	Disposed as Public Fill (e)	ed as Fill	Imported Fill (f)	d Fill	Metals	SI	Paper/ cardboard packaging	/ ard ing	Plastics	S	Chemical Waste	,al	Others, e.g. rubbish	s, bish
	(in '00	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³))0m ³)	(in '000m ³)	0m³)	(in '000m ³)	0m³)	(in '000m ³))m ₃)	(in '000m ³))m ³)	(in '000kg)	kg)	(in '000kg)	kg)	(in '000kg)	kg)	(in '000kg)	kg)	(in tonne)	ne)
	YSW	SKW	ASA	SKW	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW	ASW	SKW	YSW	SKW	ASW	SKW	YSW S	SKW	YSW S	SKW Y	XSW S	SKW	YSW	SKW
2010	4.522	0:030	0.068	0.104	0.488	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.033	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000 0.	0.000	0.000	0.000	18.460
Jan	0.985	3.110	0.003	0.013	0.120	0.484	0.000	2.626	0.865	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.240
Feb	0.377	0.000	0.000	0.043	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.377	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000 0.	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.350
Mar	0.758	1.430	0.002	0.106	0.006	0.255	0.000	1.175	0.752	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000 0.	0.000 0	0.000	0.000	0.360
Apr																						
May																						
Jun																						
Sub-total	6.6419	4.5703	0.0719	0.2663	0.6145	0.7390	0.0000	3.8010	6.0275	0.0303	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000 0.0	0.0000 0.	0.0000 0	0.0000	21.4100
Jul																						
Aug																						
Sep																						
Oct																						
Nov																						
Dec																						
Total	6.6419	4.5703	0.0719	0.2663	0.614	0.739	0.000	3.801	6.0275	0.0303	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	0.00	0.00	21.41
Total	11.	11.212	0.338	38	1.353	53	3.801	1	6.058	8	0.000	0	0.000		0.000		0.000		0.000		21.41	
		2																i				

Remark: Assume 1.0 m³ vehicle dump load = 1.6 tonnes C&D materials

YSW: Yung Shue Wan

SKW: Sok Kwu Wan



Appendix K

Weekly Site Inspection Checklist



Humi	T A: ther: erature: idity: l:	Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan 1 March 2011 GENERAL INFORMATION Sunny Fine Cloudy High Woderate Low Strong Breeze Light	Inspected ETL/ ET's RE's Rep Contractd IEC's Rep Time:	Represe resentati or's Repr	ve: esentativ	Ra	y Cheung C. Cheung win Leung	
PART	B:	SITE AUDIT						
Note:		bs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; VD: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
Section	n 1: W	ater Quality				-		
1.01	ls an	effluent discharge license obtained for the Project?		\checkmark				
1.02	Is the	effluent discharged in accordance with the discharge licence?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
1.03	Is the	discharge of turbid water avoided?		\checkmark				
1.04		here proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems to e SS levels in effluent?		\checkmark				
1.05		nere channels, sandbags or bunds to direct surface run-off to nentation tanks?		\checkmark				
1.06		nere any perimeter channels provided at site boundaries to ept storm runoff from crossing the site?		\checkmark				
1.07	Is dra	inage system well maintained?		\checkmark				
1.08		cavation proceeds, are temporary access roads protected by ed stone or gravel?		\checkmark				
1.09	Are te	emporary exposed slopes properly covered?						
1.10	Are e	arthworks final surfaces well compacted or protected?		\checkmark				
1.11	Are m	nanholes adequately covered or temporarily sealed?		\checkmark				
1.12	Are th	nere any procedures and equipment for rainstorm protection?		\checkmark				
1.13	Are w	heel washing facilities well maintained?	\checkmark					
1.14	Is run	off from wheel washing facilities avoided?	\checkmark					
1.15	Are th	nere toilets provided on site?		\checkmark				
1.16	Are to	pilets properly maintained?		\checkmark				
1.17		ne vehicle and plant servicing areas paved and located within d areas?	\checkmark					
1.18	Is the	oil leakage or spillage avoided?		\checkmark				
1.19		nere any measures to prevent leaked oil from entering the age system?		\checkmark				
1.20		here any measures to collect spilt cement and concrete ngs during concreting works?					$\overline{\checkmark}$	
1.21		nere any oil interceptors/grease traps in the drainage systems hicle and plant servicing areas, canteen kitchen, etc?	\checkmark					
1.22	Are th	ne oil interceptors/grease traps maintained properly?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.23	Is used bentonite recycled where appropriate?	\checkmark					
1.24	Designated settlement area for runoff/wheel wash waste is provide and located at the streambed with 1-2m deep, 12m long and around 50m3 capacities for sedimentation.	\checkmark					
1.25	No excavation is undertaken in the settlement area.		\checkmark				
1.26	Concreting wastes water should be neutralized below the pH Action Levels before discharge.	\checkmark					
1.27	Mobile toilets should provide on site and located away the stream course.	\checkmark					
1.28	License collector should be employed for handling the sewage of mobile toilet.	\checkmark					
1.29	Is ponding /stand water avoided?		\checkmark				
Section	on 2: Air Quality						
2.01	Are there wheel washing facilities with high pressure jets provided at every vehicle exit point?		\checkmark				
2.02	Are vehicles washed to remove any dusty materials from their bodies and wheels before leaving construction sites?		\checkmark				
2.03	Are the excavated materials sprayed with water during handling?		\checkmark				
2.04	Are stockpiles of dusty materials sprayed with water, covered or placed in sheltered areas?		\checkmark				
2.05	Is the exposed earth properly treated within six months after the last construction activities?	\checkmark					
2.06	Are the access roads sprayed with water to maintain the entire road surface wet or paved?		\checkmark				
2.07	Is the surface where any drilling, cutting, polishing or breaking operation continuously sprayed with water?		\checkmark				
2.08	Is the load on vehicles covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting?		\checkmark				
2.09	Is the loading of materials to a level higher than the side and tail boards during transportation by vehicles avoided?		\checkmark				
2.10	Is the road leading to the construction site within 30m of the vehicle entrance kept clear of dusty materials?		\checkmark				
2.11	Is dark smoke emission from plant/equipment avoided?		\checkmark				
2.12	Are de-bagging, batching and mixing processes carried out in sheltered areas during the use of bagged cement?		\checkmark				
2.13	Are site vehicles travelling within the speed limit not more than 15km/hour?		\checkmark				
2.14	Are hoardings of not less than 2.4m high provided along the site boundary, which adjoins areas accessible to the public?		\checkmark				
2.15	Is open burning avoided?		\checkmark				
2.16	Excavated materials from the stream must remove form site on the same day. The materials shall be stored in covered impermeable skips awaiting removal from site.		\checkmark				
Section	on 3: Noise						
3.01	Are noisy equipment and activities positioned as far as practicable from the sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.02	Is silenced equipment adopted?		\checkmark				
3.03	Is idle equipment turned off or throttled down?		\checkmark				
3.04	Are all plant and equipment well maintained and in good condition?		\checkmark				
3.05	Are noise barriers or enclosures provided at areas where construction activities cause noise impact on sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.06	Are hand held breakers fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.07	Are air compressors fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.08	Are flaps and panels of mechanical equipment closed during operation?		\checkmark				



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
3.09	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for percussive piling works?	V					
3.10	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for general construction works during restricted hours?	\checkmark					
3.11	Are valid Construction Noise Permit(s) posted at site entrances?	\checkmark					
3.12	Use of quiet plant had been used on site to minimise the construction noise impact to the surrounding residences/dwellings (Level 1 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
3.13	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier or site hoarding are provide or erect at the site boundary to minimise the noise impact of the closest NSRs or stationary equipments shield by the noise barrier which cannot visible from NSRs (Level 2 mitigation measure)	\checkmark					
3.14	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier equal to or more than 3m height with 10kg/m2 are provide for noise mitigation measures (Level 2 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
Section	on 4: Waste/Chemical Management						
4.01	Waste Management Plan had been submit to Engineer for approval.		\checkmark				
4.02	Are receptacles available for general refuse collection?		\checkmark				
4.03	Is general refuse sorting or recycling implemented?		\checkmark				
4.04	Is general refuse disposed of properly and regularly?		\checkmark				
4.05	Is the Contractor registered as a chemical waste producer?	\checkmark					
4.06	Are the chemical waste containers properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.07	Are the chemical wastes stored in proper storage areas?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
4.08	Is the chemical waste storage area properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.09	Is the chemical waste storage area used for storage of chemical waste only?		\checkmark				
4.10	Are incompatible chemical wastes stored in different areas?	\checkmark					
4.11	Are the chemical wastes disposed of by licensed collectors?	\checkmark					
4.12	Are trip tickets for chemical wastes disposal available for inspection?	\checkmark					
4.13	Are chemical/fuel storage areas bounded?		\checkmark				
4.14	Are designated areas identified for storage and sorting of construction wastes?		\checkmark				
4.15	Are construction wastes sorted (inert and non-inert) on site?		\checkmark				
4.16	Are construction wastes reused?		\checkmark				
4.17	Are construction wastes disposed of properly?		\checkmark				
4.18	Are site hoardings and signboards made of durable materials instead of timber?		\checkmark				
4.19	Is trip ticket system implemented for the disposal of construction wastes and records available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.20	Are appropriate procedures followed if contaminated material exists?		\checkmark				
4.21	Is relevant license/ permit for disposal of construction waste or excavated materials available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.22	Site cleanliness and appropriate waste management training had provided for the site workers.		\checkmark				
4.23	Contaminated sediments will managed according to WBTC No.12/2000 and EWTB TC(W) No. 34/2002.	\checkmark					
Section	on 5: Landscape & Visual						
5.01	Are retained and transplanted trees in health condition?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
5.02	Are retained and transplanted trees properly protected?	\checkmark					
5.03	Are surgery works carried out for the damaged trees?	\checkmark					
5.04	Is damage to trees outside site boundary due to construction activities avoided?	\checkmark					
5.05	Is the night-time lighting controlled to minimize glare to sensitive receivers?	\checkmark					
Section	n 7: Others						
7.01	Are relevant Environmental Permits posted at all vehicle site entrances/exits?		\checkmark				
7.02	Are the warning sign or larvicidal oil record shown clearly at the construction site?		\checkmark				



Remarks

Findings of Site Inspection (1 March 2011):

Follow up: rectified on the same day

No environmental issue was observed during the site inspection.

Prepared by: ET's representative

Ray Cheung)



Proje Date: PAR' Weat Temp Humi Wind	Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan 8 March 2011 TA: GENERAL INFORMATIO where Sunny Fine Cloudy Coerature: 15.5 which idity: High Moderate Low	Inspected ETL/ ET's RE's Rep Contracte IEC's Rep Time: N Rainy Calm	s Represo presentati or's Repr	ive: esentativ	TW C.C C.C KK 12:	/ Tam C. Cheung win Leung Kwok	
1	Inspected Yung Shue Wan						
PART	B: SITE AUDIT						
Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicabl	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
Section	on 1: Water Quality	•				_	
1.01	Is an effluent discharge license obtained for the Project?		\checkmark				
1.02	Is the effluent discharged in accordance with the discharge licence	ce?	\checkmark				
1.03	Is the discharge of turbid water avoided?		\checkmark				
1.04	Are there proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems reduce SS levels in effluent?	to	\checkmark				
1.05	Are there channels, sandbags or bunds to direct surface run-off sedimentation tanks?	f to	\checkmark				
1.06	Are there any perimeter channels provided at site boundaries intercept storm runoff from crossing the site?	to	\checkmark				
1.07	Is drainage system well maintained?		\checkmark				
1.08	As excavation proceeds, are temporary access roads protected crushed stone or gravel?	by	\checkmark				
1.09	Are temporary exposed slopes properly covered?		\checkmark				
1.10	Are earthworks final surfaces well compacted or protected?		\checkmark				
1.11	Are manholes adequately covered or temporarily sealed?		\checkmark				
1.12	Are there any procedures and equipment for rainstorm protection	n? 🗌	\checkmark				
1.13	Are wheel washing facilities well maintained?	\checkmark					
1.14	Is runoff from wheel washing facilities avoided?	\checkmark					
1.15	Are there toilets provided on site?		\checkmark				
1.16	Are toilets properly maintained?		\checkmark				
1.17	Are the vehicle and plant servicing areas paved and located wit roofed areas?	hin 🗹					
1.18	Is the oil leakage or spillage avoided?		\checkmark				
1.19	Are there any measures to prevent leaked oil from entering drainage system?	the	\checkmark				
1.20	Are there any measures to collect spilt cement and concrewashings during concreting works?	ete 🔲				\checkmark	
1.21	Are there any oil interceptors/grease traps in the drainage syste for vehicle and plant servicing areas, canteen kitchen, etc?	ms 🔽					
1.22	Are the oil interceptors/grease traps maintained properly?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.23	Is used bentonite recycled where appropriate?	\checkmark					
1.24	Designated settlement area for runoff/wheel wash waste is provide and located at the streambed with 1-2m deep, 12m long and around 50m3 capacities for sedimentation.	\checkmark					
1.25	No excavation is undertaken in the settlement area.		\checkmark				
1.26	Concreting wastes water should be neutralized below the pH Action Levels before discharge.	\checkmark					
1.27	Mobile toilets should provide on site and located away the stream course.	\checkmark					
1.28	License collector should be employed for handling the sewage of mobile toilet.	\checkmark					
1.29	Is ponding /stand water avoided?				\checkmark		Remark 1
Section	on 2: Air Quality						
2.01	Are there wheel washing facilities with high pressure jets provided at every vehicle exit point?		\checkmark				
2.02	Are vehicles washed to remove any dusty materials from their bodies and wheels before leaving construction sites?		\checkmark				
2.03	Are the excavated materials sprayed with water during handling?		\checkmark				
2.04	Are stockpiles of dusty materials sprayed with water, covered or placed in sheltered areas?		\checkmark				
2.05	Is the exposed earth properly treated within six months after the last construction activities?	\checkmark					
2.06	Are the access roads sprayed with water to maintain the entire road surface wet or paved?		\checkmark				
2.07	Is the surface where any drilling, cutting, polishing or breaking operation continuously sprayed with water?		\checkmark				
2.08	Is the load on vehicles covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting?		\checkmark				
2.09	Is the loading of materials to a level higher than the side and tail boards during transportation by vehicles avoided?		\checkmark				
2.10	Is the road leading to the construction site within 30m of the vehicle entrance kept clear of dusty materials?		\checkmark				
2.11	Is dark smoke emission from plant/equipment avoided?		\checkmark				
2.12	Are de-bagging, batching and mixing processes carried out in sheltered areas during the use of bagged cement?		\checkmark				
2.13	Are site vehicles travelling within the speed limit not more than 15km/hour?		\checkmark				
2.14	Are hoardings of not less than 2.4m high provided along the site boundary, which adjoins areas accessible to the public?		\checkmark				
2.15	Is open burning avoided?		\checkmark				
2.16	Excavated materials from the stream must remove form site on the same day. The materials shall be stored in covered impermeable skips awaiting removal from site.		\checkmark				
Section	on 3: Noise						
3.01	Are noisy equipment and activities positioned as far as practicable from the sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.02	Is silenced equipment adopted?		\checkmark				
3.03	Is idle equipment turned off or throttled down?		\checkmark				
3.04	Are all plant and equipment well maintained and in good condition?		\checkmark				
3.05	Are noise barriers or enclosures provided at areas where construction activities cause noise impact on sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.06	Are hand held breakers fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.07	Are air compressors fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.08	Are flaps and panels of mechanical equipment closed during operation?		\checkmark				



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
3.09	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for percussive piling works?	<u> </u>					
3.10	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for general construction works during restricted hours?	\checkmark					
3.11	Are valid Construction Noise Permit(s) posted at site entrances?	\checkmark					
3.12	Use of quiet plant had been used on site to minimise the construction noise impact to the surrounding residences/dwellings (Level 1 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
3.13	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier or site hoarding are provide or erect at the site boundary to minimise the noise impact of the closest NSRs or stationary equipments shield by the noise barrier which cannot visible from NSRs (Level 2 mitigation measure)	\checkmark					
3.14	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier equal to or more than 3m height with 10kg/m2 are provide for noise mitigation measures (Level 2 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
Section	on 4: Waste/Chemical Management						
4.01	Waste Management Plan had been submit to Engineer for approval.		\checkmark				
4.02	Are receptacles available for general refuse collection?		\checkmark				
4.03	Is general refuse sorting or recycling implemented?		\checkmark				
4.04	Is general refuse disposed of properly and regularly?		\checkmark				
4.05	Is the Contractor registered as a chemical waste producer?	\checkmark					
4.06	Are the chemical waste containers properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.07	Are the chemical wastes stored in proper storage areas?		\checkmark				
4.08	Is the chemical waste storage area properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.09	Is the chemical waste storage area used for storage of chemical waste only?		\checkmark				
4.10	Are incompatible chemical wastes stored in different areas?	\checkmark					
4.11	Are the chemical wastes disposed of by licensed collectors?	\checkmark					
4.12	Are trip tickets for chemical wastes disposal available for inspection?	\checkmark					
4.13	Are chemical/fuel storage areas bounded?		\checkmark				
4.14	Are designated areas identified for storage and sorting of construction wastes?		\checkmark				
4.15	Are construction wastes sorted (inert and non-inert) on site?		\checkmark				
4.16	Are construction wastes reused?		\checkmark				
4.17	Are construction wastes disposed of properly?		\checkmark				
4.18	Are site hoardings and signboards made of durable materials instead of timber?		\checkmark				
4.19	Is trip ticket system implemented for the disposal of construction wastes and records available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.20	Are appropriate procedures followed if contaminated material exists?		\checkmark				
4.21	Is relevant license/ permit for disposal of construction waste or excavated materials available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.22	Site cleanliness and appropriate waste management training had provided for the site workers.		\checkmark				
4.23	Contaminated sediments will managed according to WBTC No.12/2000 and EWTB TC(W) No. 34/2002.	\checkmark					
Section	on 5: Landscape & Visual						
5.01	Are retained and transplanted trees in health condition?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
5.02	Are retained and transplanted trees properly protected?	\checkmark					
5.03	Are surgery works carried out for the damaged trees?	\checkmark					
5.04	Is damage to trees outside site boundary due to construction activities avoided?	\checkmark					
5.05	Is the night-time lighting controlled to minimize glare to sensitive receivers?	\checkmark					
Section	n 7: Others						
7.01	Are relevant Environmental Permits posted at all vehicle site entrances/exits?		\checkmark				
7.02	Are the warning sign or larvicidal oil record shown clearly at the construction site?		\checkmark				
							_



Remarks

Findings of Site Inspection (8 March 2011):



Stagnant water was accumulated in the drip tray. The Contractor should clear the tray to prevent mosquito breeding.

Follow up: rectified on the 15 March 2011



The stagnant water was removed.

Prepared by:

ET's representative

TW Tam



Hum Wind	Construction of Yung Shue Water 15 March 2011 T A: ther: Sunny erature: 15.5 idity: High	GENERAL INFORMATIO	RE's Re Contract IEC's Re Time:	s Repres presentat	ive: resentativ	Ra C.(y Cheung C. Cheung win Leung)
PART		SITE AUDIT	Not			Faller		Director/
Note:		'es : Compliance; No : Non-Compliance; equiring follow-Up actions N/A : Not Applicab	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
	on 1: Water Quality	license abtained for the Duciest		V				
1.01	-	license obtained for the Project?		_				
1.02		d in accordance with the discharge licen	ice?					
1.03	Is the discharge of turbio	d water avoided? Iting facilities in the drainage systems	L s to					
1.04	reduce SS levels in efflu	uent?	Ш					
1.05	sedimentation tanks?	ndbags or bunds to direct surface run-o	Ш	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	Ш	Ш	Ш.	
1.06	are there any perimeter intercept storm runoff from	er channels provided at site boundaries om crossing the site?	s to	$\overline{\checkmark}$				
1.07	Is drainage system well	maintained?		\checkmark				
1.08	As excavation proceeds crushed stone or gravel	s, are temporary access roads protected?	d by	\checkmark				
1.09	Are temporary exposed	slopes properly covered?						
1.10	Are earthworks final sur	faces well compacted or protected?		\checkmark				
1.11	Are manholes adequate	ely covered or temporarily sealed?		\checkmark				
1.12	Are there any procedure	es and equipment for rainstorm protection	on?	\checkmark				
1.13	Are wheel washing facil	ities well maintained?	\checkmark					
1.14	Is runoff from wheel was	shing facilities avoided?	\checkmark					
1.15	Are there toilets provide	ed on site?		\checkmark				
1.16	Are toilets properly mair	ntained?		\checkmark				
1.17	Are the vehicle and plar roofed areas?	nt servicing areas paved and located wi	ithin 🔽					
1.18	Is the oil leakage or spil	lage avoided?		\checkmark				
1.19	Are there any measure drainage system?	es to prevent leaked oil from entering	the	\checkmark				
1.20	Are there any measur washings during concre	res to collect spilt cement and concting works?	rete				$\overline{\checkmark}$	
1.21	Are there any oil interce	eptors/grease traps in the drainage systervicing areas, canteen kitchen, etc?	ems 🗸					
1.22		grease traps maintained properly?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance;	Not	Yes	No	Follow	N/A	Photo/
1.23	Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable Is used bentonite recycled where appropriate?	Obs.			Up		Remarks
	Designated settlement area for runoff/wheel wash waste is provide						
1.24	and located at the streambed with 1-2m deep, 12m long and around 50m3 capacities for sedimentation.	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$					
1.25	No excavation is undertaken in the settlement area.		\checkmark				
1.26	Concreting wastes water should be neutralized below the pH Action Levels before discharge.	\checkmark					
1.27	Mobile toilets should provide on site and located away the stream course.	\checkmark					
1.28	License collector should be employed for handling the sewage of mobile toilet.	\checkmark					
1.29	Is ponding /stand water avoided?		\checkmark				
Section	on 2: Air Quality						
2.01	Are there wheel washing facilities with high pressure jets provided at every vehicle exit point?		\checkmark				
2.02	Are vehicles washed to remove any dusty materials from their bodies and wheels before leaving construction sites?		\checkmark				
2.03	Are the excavated materials sprayed with water during handling?		\checkmark				
2.04	Are stockpiles of dusty materials sprayed with water, covered or placed in sheltered areas?		\checkmark				
2.05	Is the exposed earth properly treated within six months after the last construction activities?	\checkmark					
2.06	Are the access roads sprayed with water to maintain the entire road surface wet or paved?		\checkmark				
2.07	Is the surface where any drilling, cutting, polishing or breaking operation continuously sprayed with water?		\checkmark				
2.08	Is the load on vehicles covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting?		\checkmark				
2.09	Is the loading of materials to a level higher than the side and tail boards during transportation by vehicles avoided?		\checkmark				
2.10	Is the road leading to the construction site within 30m of the vehicle entrance kept clear of dusty materials?		\checkmark				
2.11	Is dark smoke emission from plant/equipment avoided?		\checkmark				
2.12	Are de-bagging, batching and mixing processes carried out in sheltered areas during the use of bagged cement?		\checkmark				
2.13	Are site vehicles travelling within the speed limit not more than 15km/hour?		\checkmark				
2.14	Are hoardings of not less than 2.4m high provided along the site boundary, which adjoins areas accessible to the public?		\checkmark				
2.15	Is open burning avoided?		\checkmark				
2.16	Excavated materials from the stream must remove form site on the same day. The materials shall be stored in covered impermeable skips awaiting removal from site.		\checkmark				
Section	on 3: Noise						
3.01	Are noisy equipment and activities positioned as far as practicable from the sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.02	Is silenced equipment adopted?		\checkmark				
3.03	Is idle equipment turned off or throttled down?		\checkmark				
3.04	Are all plant and equipment well maintained and in good condition?		\checkmark				
3.05	Are noise barriers or enclosures provided at areas where construction activities cause noise impact on sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.06	Are hand held breakers fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.07	Are air compressors fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.08	Are flaps and panels of mechanical equipment closed during operation?		\checkmark				



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
3.09	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for percussive piling works?	<u> </u>					
3.10	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for general construction works during restricted hours?	\checkmark					
3.11	Are valid Construction Noise Permit(s) posted at site entrances?	\checkmark					
3.12	Use of quiet plant had been used on site to minimise the construction noise impact to the surrounding residences/dwellings (Level 1 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
3.13	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier or site hoarding are provide or erect at the site boundary to minimise the noise impact of the closest NSRs or stationary equipments shield by the noise barrier which cannot visible from NSRs (Level 2 mitigation measure)	\checkmark					
3.14	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier equal to or more than 3m height with 10kg/m2 are provide for noise mitigation measures (Level 2 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
Section	on 4: Waste/Chemical Management						
4.01	Waste Management Plan had been submit to Engineer for approval.		\checkmark				
4.02	Are receptacles available for general refuse collection?		\checkmark				
4.03	Is general refuse sorting or recycling implemented?		\checkmark				
4.04	Is general refuse disposed of properly and regularly?		\checkmark				
4.05	Is the Contractor registered as a chemical waste producer?	\checkmark					
4.06	Are the chemical waste containers properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.07	Are the chemical wastes stored in proper storage areas?		\checkmark				
4.08	Is the chemical waste storage area properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.09	Is the chemical waste storage area used for storage of chemical waste only?		\checkmark				
4.10	Are incompatible chemical wastes stored in different areas?	\checkmark					
4.11	Are the chemical wastes disposed of by licensed collectors?	\checkmark					
4.12	Are trip tickets for chemical wastes disposal available for inspection?	\checkmark					
4.13	Are chemical/fuel storage areas bounded?		\checkmark				
4.14	Are designated areas identified for storage and sorting of construction wastes?		\checkmark				
4.15	Are construction wastes sorted (inert and non-inert) on site?		\checkmark				
4.16	Are construction wastes reused?		\checkmark				
4.17	Are construction wastes disposed of properly?		\checkmark				
4.18	Are site hoardings and signboards made of durable materials instead of timber?		\checkmark				
4.19	Is trip ticket system implemented for the disposal of construction wastes and records available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.20	Are appropriate procedures followed if contaminated material exists?		\checkmark				
4.21	Is relevant license/ permit for disposal of construction waste or excavated materials available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.22	Site cleanliness and appropriate waste management training had provided for the site workers.		\checkmark				
4.23	Contaminated sediments will managed according to WBTC No.12/2000 and EWTB TC(W) No. 34/2002.	\checkmark					
Section	on 5: Landscape & Visual						
5.01	Are retained and transplanted trees in health condition?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
5.02	Are retained and transplanted trees properly protected?	\checkmark					
5.03	Are surgery works carried out for the damaged trees?	\checkmark					
5.04	Is damage to trees outside site boundary due to construction activities avoided?	\checkmark					
5.05	Is the night-time lighting controlled to minimize glare to sensitive receivers?	\checkmark					
Section	n 7: Others						
7.01	Are relevant Environmental Permits posted at all vehicle site entrances/exits?		\checkmark				
7.02	Are the warning sign or larvicidal oil record shown clearly at the construction site?		\checkmark				



Remarks

Findings of Site Inspection (15 March 2011):

Follow up: rectified on the 15 March 2011

No environmental issue was observed during the site inspection.

Prepared by:

ET's representative

Ray Cheung



Project Date: PAR' Weat Temp Humi Wind Area I 1	T A: ther: erature dity: :	Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan 22 March 2011 GENERAL INFORMATION Sunny Fine 19.7 C High Woderate Low Strong Breeze Light	Inspected ETL/ ET's RE's Rep Contracto IEC's Rep Time:	Represe resentati or's Repr	ve: esentativ	Ra C.C Ed: 12:	y Cheung C. Cheung win Leung	J
PART		SITE AUDIT	Not			Follow		Photo/
Note:	Follov	os.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Obs.	Yes	No	Up	N/A	Remarks
		ater Quality						
1.01		effluent discharge license obtained for the Project?		V				
1.02		effluent discharged in accordance with the discharge licence?		<u> </u>				
1.03		discharge of turbid water avoided? here proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems to						
1.04	reduc	e SS levels in effluent? ere channels, sandbags or bunds to direct surface run-off to						Remark 2
1.05	sedin	entation tanks?		V	Ш			
1.06		nere any perimeter channels provided at site boundaries to ept storm runoff from crossing the site?		\checkmark				
1.07	Is dra	inage system well maintained?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				_
1.08		cavation proceeds, are temporary access roads protected by ed stone or gravel?		\checkmark				
1.09	Are te	mporary exposed slopes properly covered?		\checkmark				
1.10	Are e	arthworks final surfaces well compacted or protected?		\checkmark				
1.11	Are m	anholes adequately covered or temporarily sealed?		\checkmark				
1.12	Are th	ere any procedures and equipment for rainstorm protection?		\checkmark				
1.13	Are w	heel washing facilities well maintained?	\checkmark					
1.14	Is run	off from wheel washing facilities avoided?	\checkmark					
1.15	Are th	ere toilets provided on site?		\checkmark				
1.16	Are to	ilets properly maintained?		\checkmark				
1.17		e vehicle and plant servicing areas paved and located within dareas?	$\overline{\checkmark}$					
1.18	Is the	oil leakage or spillage avoided?		\checkmark				
1.19		nere any measures to prevent leaked oil from entering the age system?		\checkmark				_
1.20	Are t	here any measures to collect spilt cement and concrete ngs during concreting works?					$\overline{\checkmark}$	
1.21	Are th	ere any oil interceptors/grease traps in the drainage systems hicle and plant servicing areas, canteen kitchen, etc?	\checkmark					
1.22		e oil interceptors/grease traps maintained properly?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.23	Is used bentonite recycled where appropriate?	$\overline{\checkmark}$					
1.24	Designated settlement area for runoff/wheel wash waste is provide and located at the streambed with 1-2m deep, 12m long and around 50m3 capacities for sedimentation.	\checkmark					
1.25	No excavation is undertaken in the settlement area.		\checkmark				
1.26	Concreting wastes water should be neutralized below the pH Action Levels before discharge.	\checkmark					
1.27	Mobile toilets should provide on site and located away the stream course.	\checkmark					
1.28	License collector should be employed for handling the sewage of mobile toilet.	\checkmark					
1.29	Is ponding /stand water avoided?		\checkmark				
Section	on 2: Air Quality						
2.01	Are there wheel washing facilities with high pressure jets provided at every vehicle exit point?		\checkmark				
2.02	Are vehicles washed to remove any dusty materials from their bodies and wheels before leaving construction sites?		\checkmark				
2.03	Are the excavated materials sprayed with water during handling?		\checkmark				
2.04	Are stockpiles of dusty materials sprayed with water, covered or placed in sheltered areas?		\checkmark				
2.05	Is the exposed earth properly treated within six months after the last construction activities?	\checkmark					
2.06	Are the access roads sprayed with water to maintain the entire road surface wet or paved?				\checkmark		Remark 1
2.07	Is the surface where any drilling, cutting, polishing or breaking operation continuously sprayed with water?		\checkmark				
2.08	Is the load on vehicles covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting?		\checkmark				
2.09	Is the loading of materials to a level higher than the side and tail boards during transportation by vehicles avoided?		\checkmark				
2.10	Is the road leading to the construction site within 30m of the vehicle entrance kept clear of dusty materials?		\checkmark				
2.11	Is dark smoke emission from plant/equipment avoided?		\checkmark				
2.12	Are de-bagging, batching and mixing processes carried out in sheltered areas during the use of bagged cement?		\checkmark				
2.13	Are site vehicles travelling within the speed limit not more than 15km/hour?		\checkmark				
2.14	Are hoardings of not less than 2.4m high provided along the site boundary, which adjoins areas accessible to the public?		\checkmark				
2.15	Is open burning avoided?		\checkmark				
2.16	Excavated materials from the stream must remove form site on the same day. The materials shall be stored in covered impermeable skips awaiting removal from site.		\checkmark				
Section	on 3: Noise						
3.01	Are noisy equipment and activities positioned as far as practicable from the sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.02	Is silenced equipment adopted?		\checkmark				
3.03	Is idle equipment turned off or throttled down?		\checkmark				
3.04	Are all plant and equipment well maintained and in good condition?		\checkmark				
3.05	Are noise barriers or enclosures provided at areas where construction activities cause noise impact on sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.06	Are hand held breakers fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.07	Are air compressors fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.08	Are flaps and panels of mechanical equipment closed during operation?		\checkmark				



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
3.09	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for percussive piling works?	<u> </u>					
3.10	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for general construction works during restricted hours?	\checkmark					
3.11	Are valid Construction Noise Permit(s) posted at site entrances?	\checkmark					
3.12	Use of quiet plant had been used on site to minimise the construction noise impact to the surrounding residences/dwellings (Level 1 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
3.13	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier or site hoarding are provide or erect at the site boundary to minimise the noise impact of the closest NSRs or stationary equipments shield by the noise barrier which cannot visible from NSRs (Level 2 mitigation measure)	\checkmark					
3.14	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier equal to or more than 3m height with 10kg/m2 are provide for noise mitigation measures (Level 2 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
Section	on 4: Waste/Chemical Management						
4.01	Waste Management Plan had been submit to Engineer for approval.		\checkmark				
4.02	Are receptacles available for general refuse collection?		\checkmark				
4.03	Is general refuse sorting or recycling implemented?		\checkmark				
4.04	Is general refuse disposed of properly and regularly?		\checkmark				
4.05	Is the Contractor registered as a chemical waste producer?	\checkmark					
4.06	Are the chemical waste containers properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.07	Are the chemical wastes stored in proper storage areas?		\checkmark				
4.08	Is the chemical waste storage area properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.09	Is the chemical waste storage area used for storage of chemical waste only?		\checkmark				
4.10	Are incompatible chemical wastes stored in different areas?	\checkmark					
4.11	Are the chemical wastes disposed of by licensed collectors?	\checkmark					
4.12	Are trip tickets for chemical wastes disposal available for inspection?	\checkmark					
4.13	Are chemical/fuel storage areas bounded?		\checkmark				
4.14	Are designated areas identified for storage and sorting of construction wastes?		\checkmark				
4.15	Are construction wastes sorted (inert and non-inert) on site?		\checkmark				
4.16	Are construction wastes reused?		\checkmark				
4.17	Are construction wastes disposed of properly?		\checkmark				
4.18	Are site hoardings and signboards made of durable materials instead of timber?		\checkmark				
4.19	Is trip ticket system implemented for the disposal of construction wastes and records available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.20	Are appropriate procedures followed if contaminated material exists?		\checkmark				
4.21	Is relevant license/ permit for disposal of construction waste or excavated materials available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.22	Site cleanliness and appropriate waste management training had provided for the site workers.		\checkmark				
4.23	Contaminated sediments will managed according to WBTC No.12/2000 and EWTB TC(W) No. 34/2002.	\checkmark					
Section	on 5: Landscape & Visual						
5.01	Are retained and transplanted trees in health condition?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
5.02	Are retained and transplanted trees properly protected?	\checkmark					
5.03	Are surgery works carried out for the damaged trees?	\checkmark					
5.04	Is damage to trees outside site boundary due to construction activities avoided?	\checkmark					
5.05	Is the night-time lighting controlled to minimize glare to sensitive receivers?	\checkmark					
Section	on 7: Others						
7.01	Are relevant Environmental Permits posted at all vehicle site entrances/exits?		\checkmark				
7.02	Are the warning sign or larvicidal oil record shown clearly at the construction site?		\checkmark				



Remarks

Findings of Site Inspection (22 March 2011):



The public access was full of mud, the Contractor should clear the road or pave the road to maintain good house-keeping and dust control.



Sediment in the sedimentation tank has to be removed to restore its de-silting capacity.

Follow up: rectified on the 29 March 2011



The mud on the access was cleared.



The tank was cleaned.

Prepared by: ET's representative

Ray Cheung)



Humi	T A: ther: erature: idity: l:	Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan 29 March 2011 GENERAL INFORMATION Sunny Fine Cloudy High Woderate Low Strong Breeze Light	Inspected ETL/ ET's RE's Rep Contracto IEC's Rep Time:	Represe resentati or's Repr	ive: esentativ	Ra	y Cheung C. Cheung win Leung 00	
PART	B:	SITE AUDIT						
Note:		os.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
Section	n 1: W	ater Quality	1					
1.01	ls an	effluent discharge license obtained for the Project?		\checkmark				
1.02	Is the	effluent discharged in accordance with the discharge licence?		\checkmark				
1.03	Is the	discharge of turbid water avoided?		\checkmark				
1.04		nere proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems to e SS levels in effluent?		\checkmark				
1.05		ere channels, sandbags or bunds to direct surface run-off to entation tanks?		\checkmark				
1.06		nere any perimeter channels provided at site boundaries to ept storm runoff from crossing the site?		\checkmark				
1.07	Is dra	inage system well maintained?		\checkmark				
1.08		cavation proceeds, are temporary access roads protected by ed stone or gravel?		\checkmark				
1.09	Are te	mporary exposed slopes properly covered?		\checkmark				
1.10	Are e	arthworks final surfaces well compacted or protected?		\checkmark				
1.11	Are m	anholes adequately covered or temporarily sealed?		\checkmark				
1.12	Are th	ere any procedures and equipment for rainstorm protection?		\checkmark				
1.13	Are w	heel washing facilities well maintained?	\checkmark					
1.14	ls run	off from wheel washing facilities avoided?	\checkmark					
1.15	Are th	ere toilets provided on site?		\checkmark				
1.16	Are to	ilets properly maintained?		\checkmark				
1.17		e vehicle and plant servicing areas paved and located within dareas?	\checkmark					
1.18	Is the	oil leakage or spillage avoided?		\checkmark				
1.19		nere any measures to prevent leaked oil from entering the age system?		\checkmark				
1.20		here any measures to collect spilt cement and concrete ngs during concreting works?					\checkmark	
1.21		ere any oil interceptors/grease traps in the drainage systems hicle and plant servicing areas, canteen kitchen, etc?	\checkmark					
1.22	Are th	e oil interceptors/grease traps maintained properly?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.23	Is used bentonite recycled where appropriate?	<u>√</u>					
1.24	Designated settlement area for runoff/wheel wash waste is provide and located at the streambed with 1-2m deep, 12m long and around 50m3 capacities for sedimentation.	$\overline{\checkmark}$					
1.25	No excavation is undertaken in the settlement area.		\checkmark				
1.26	Concreting wastes water should be neutralized below the pH Action Levels before discharge.	\checkmark					
1.27	Mobile toilets should provide on site and located away the stream course.	\checkmark					
1.28	License collector should be employed for handling the sewage of mobile toilet.	\checkmark					
1.29	Is ponding /stand water avoided?		\checkmark				
Section	on 2: Air Quality						
2.01	Are there wheel washing facilities with high pressure jets provided at every vehicle exit point?		\checkmark				
2.02	Are vehicles washed to remove any dusty materials from their bodies and wheels before leaving construction sites?		\checkmark				
2.03	Are the excavated materials sprayed with water during handling?		\checkmark				
2.04	Are stockpiles of dusty materials sprayed with water, covered or placed in sheltered areas?		\checkmark				
2.05	Is the exposed earth properly treated within six months after the last construction activities?	\checkmark					
2.06	Are the access roads sprayed with water to maintain the entire road surface wet or paved?		\checkmark				
2.07	Is the surface where any drilling, cutting, polishing or breaking operation continuously sprayed with water?		\checkmark				
2.08	Is the load on vehicles covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting?		\checkmark				
2.09	Is the loading of materials to a level higher than the side and tail boards during transportation by vehicles avoided?		\checkmark				
2.10	Is the road leading to the construction site within 30m of the vehicle entrance kept clear of dusty materials?		\checkmark				
2.11	Is dark smoke emission from plant/equipment avoided?		\checkmark				
2.12	Are de-bagging, batching and mixing processes carried out in sheltered areas during the use of bagged cement?		\checkmark				
2.13	Are site vehicles travelling within the speed limit not more than 15km/hour?		\checkmark				
2.14	Are hoardings of not less than 2.4m high provided along the site boundary, which adjoins areas accessible to the public?		\checkmark				
2.15	Is open burning avoided?		\checkmark				
2.16	Excavated materials from the stream must remove form site on the same day. The materials shall be stored in covered impermeable skips awaiting removal from site.		\checkmark				
Section	on 3: Noise						
3.01	Are noisy equipment and activities positioned as far as practicable from the sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.02	Is silenced equipment adopted?		\checkmark				
3.03	Is idle equipment turned off or throttled down?		\checkmark				
3.04	Are all plant and equipment well maintained and in good condition?		\checkmark				
3.05	Are noise barriers or enclosures provided at areas where construction activities cause noise impact on sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.06	Are hand held breakers fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.07	Are air compressors fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.08	Are flaps and panels of mechanical equipment closed during operation?		\checkmark				



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
3.09	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for percussive piling works?	<u> </u>					
3.10	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for general construction works during restricted hours?	\checkmark					
3.11	Are valid Construction Noise Permit(s) posted at site entrances?	\checkmark					
3.12	Use of quiet plant had been used on site to minimise the construction noise impact to the surrounding residences/dwellings (Level 1 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
3.13	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier or site hoarding are provide or erect at the site boundary to minimise the noise impact of the closest NSRs or stationary equipments shield by the noise barrier which cannot visible from NSRs (Level 2 mitigation measure)	\checkmark					
3.14	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier equal to or more than 3m height with 10kg/m2 are provide for noise mitigation measures (Level 2 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
Section	on 4: Waste/Chemical Management						
4.01	Waste Management Plan had been submit to Engineer for approval.		\checkmark				
4.02	Are receptacles available for general refuse collection?		\checkmark				
4.03	Is general refuse sorting or recycling implemented?		\checkmark				
4.04	Is general refuse disposed of properly and regularly?		\checkmark				
4.05	Is the Contractor registered as a chemical waste producer?	\checkmark					
4.06	Are the chemical waste containers properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.07	Are the chemical wastes stored in proper storage areas?		\checkmark				
4.08	Is the chemical waste storage area properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.09	Is the chemical waste storage area used for storage of chemical waste only?		\checkmark				
4.10	Are incompatible chemical wastes stored in different areas?	\checkmark					
4.11	Are the chemical wastes disposed of by licensed collectors?	\checkmark					
4.12	Are trip tickets for chemical wastes disposal available for inspection?	\checkmark					
4.13	Are chemical/fuel storage areas bounded?		\checkmark				
4.14	Are designated areas identified for storage and sorting of construction wastes?		\checkmark				
4.15	Are construction wastes sorted (inert and non-inert) on site?		\checkmark				
4.16	Are construction wastes reused?		\checkmark				
4.17	Are construction wastes disposed of properly?		\checkmark				
4.18	Are site hoardings and signboards made of durable materials instead of timber?		\checkmark				
4.19	Is trip ticket system implemented for the disposal of construction wastes and records available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.20	Are appropriate procedures followed if contaminated material exists?		\checkmark				
4.21	Is relevant license/ permit for disposal of construction waste or excavated materials available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.22	Site cleanliness and appropriate waste management training had provided for the site workers.		\checkmark				
4.23	Contaminated sediments will managed according to WBTC No.12/2000 and EWTB TC(W) No. 34/2002.	\checkmark					
Section	on 5: Landscape & Visual						
5.01	Are retained and transplanted trees in health condition?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
5.02	Are retained and transplanted trees properly protected?	\checkmark					
5.03	Are surgery works carried out for the damaged trees?	\checkmark					
5.04	Is damage to trees outside site boundary due to construction activities avoided?	\checkmark					
5.05	Is the night-time lighting controlled to minimize glare to sensitive receivers?	\checkmark					
Section	n 7: Others						
7.01	Are relevant Environmental Permits posted at all vehicle site entrances/exits?		\checkmark				
7.02	Are the warning sign or larvicidal oil record shown clearly at the construction site?		\checkmark				



Remarks

Findings of Site Inspection (29 March 2011):

Follow up:

No environmental issue was observed during the site inspection.

Prepared by: ET's representative

Ray Cheung



Appendix L

Implementation Schedule of Mitigation Measures



Implementation Schedule of Air Quality Measures

All recommendations and requirements resulted during the course of EIA Process, including ACE and/or accepted public comment to the proposed project. D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation

Not applicable



Implementation Schedule of Noise Measures

EIA	EM&A	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location/Timing	Implementation	Impler Sta	Implementation Stages **	Relevant Legislation &
Ref	Ref		9	Agent	D	C 0	Guidelines
Construction Phase	ion Phase						
(2.4.16	3.8.2	Implementation of following measures during the sewer construction: • Use of quiet PME or method; • Restriction on the number plant (1 item for each type of plant); and • Good Site Practices • Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction program. ▶ Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible. ▶ Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum. ▶ Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs. ▶ Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilized, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities.	Work site /during the construction of Sewer.	Contractor		7	EIAO-TM, NCO
2.10.5 to	Section 35	Noise monitoring	Designated noise monitoring locations / throughout construction period	Contractor/ Environmental Team		>	EM&A Manual

All recommendations and requirements resulted during the course of EIA Process, including ACE and/or accepted public comment to the proposed project. D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation Not applicable

N/A

Appendix



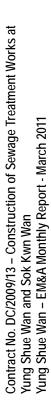
Implementation Schedule of Water Quality Control Measures

works: works: works: was edgers with a rec redeers with a rec redeers with a rec n vessels and due turbidity novement or plant should and exposed and exposed their bottom splashing of es should not f materials or	EIA	EM&A	Environmentel Protection Messures	Location (duration	Implementation	Implementation Stages**	itation **	Relevant Legislation
No-dig method using Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) would be native works site / During construction of submarine outfall pipes The dredging Works in the part and the second layer at around 50m from the dredging works are in progress; The sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated which leaking pipes; The sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propolelr wash; The sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated with leaking pipes; The sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propolelr wash; The sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated with leaking pipes; The sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated with leaking pipes; The sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated with leaking pipes; The sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated with leaking pipes; The sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that decks are not washed by wave action; The sea bed at all states of material; The sea bed are freeboard (i.e. minimum of 200mm) should be maintained on barges should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges should how for materials or a level which will cause the overflow of materials or planter during loading or transportation; and	Ref	Ref	EALVII OIIIITEALTAI T LOUCCUOII IVICASUI EST	measures)	Agent		0	and Guidelines
 4.12.1 No-edg method using Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) would be Marine works site / used for the installation of main portion of outfall pipes of Submarine outfall outfall of Submarine outfall outfall of Submarine outfall outfall of Submarine outfall outfall outfall outfall outfall outfall outfall outfall outfall of Submarine outfall out	Construc	tion Phase						
 4.12.3 Dredging Works Implementation of following measures during the dredging works: - dredging should be undertaken using closed grab dredgers with a maximum total production rate of 55m³/hr; - deployment of 2-layer silt curtains with the first layer enclosing the grab and the second layer at around 50m from the dredging area while dredging works are in progress; - dredging operation should be undertaken during ebb tide only; - all vessels should be sized such that adequate clearance (i.e. minimum clearance of 0.6m) is manimationed between vessels and the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash; - all pipe leakages should be repaired promptly and plant should not be operated with leaking pipes; - excess material should be cleaned from the decks are not washed by wave action: - all barges should be fitted with titing seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material; - loading of barges should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges should not be filled to a level which will cause the overflow of materials or deredged material loading or transportation; and 	2.5.23	4.12.1	Drilling (HDD) would be tfall pipes	Marine works site / During construction of submarine outfall	Contractor	~		
 Implementation of following measures during the dredging works: dredging should be undertaken using closed grab dredgers with maximum total production rate of 55m³/nr; deployment of 2-Jayer silt curtains with the first layer enclosing the grab and the second layer at around 50m from the dredging area while dredging works are in progress; dredging operation should be undertaken during ebb tide only; all vessels should be sized such that adequate clearance (i.e. minimum clearance of 0.6m) is maintained between vessels and the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash; all pipe leakages should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges before the vessel; is noved; adequate freeboard (i.e. minimum of 200mm) should be maintained on barges to ensure that decks are not washed by wave action; all barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material; loading of barges should be revealing water; and barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to their bottom opening to barges should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water; and barges should not be filled to a level which will cause the overflow of materials or Indicating of barges should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water; and barges should he draining or the overflow of materials or 	4538	4.12.3	Dredging Works	Marine works site	Contractor	7		
the dredging works: osed grab dredgers with a hte first layer enclosing d 50m from the dredging ess; an during ebb tide only; adequate clearance (i.e. inned between vessels and nsure that undue turbidity m vessel movement or romptly and plant should m the decks and exposed oved; of 200mm) should be decks are not washed by tting seals to their bottom it at the prevent splashing of ter, and barges should not e overflow of materials or ortation; and				and at the identified		-		
dredging should be undertaken using closed grab dredgers with a maximum total production rate of 55m³/hr; deployment of 2-layer silt curtains with the first layer enclosing the grab and the second layer at around 50m from the dredging area while dredging works are in progress; dredging operation should be undertaken during ebb tide only; all vessels should be sized such that adequate clearance (i.e. minimum clearance of 0.6m) is maintained between vessels and the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash; all pipe leakages should be repaired promptly and plant should not be operated with leaking pipes; excess material should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges before the vessel is moved; adequate freeboard (i.e. minimum of 200mm) should be maintained on barges to ensure that decks are not washed by wave action; all barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material; loading of barges should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges should not be filled to a level which will cause the overflow of materials or polluted water during loading or transportation; and			Implementation of following measures during the dredging works:	water sensitive				
deployment of 2-layer silt curtains with the first layer enclosing the grab and the second layer at around 50m from the dredging area while dredging works are in progress; dredging operation should be undertaken during ebb tide only; all vessels should be sized such that adequate clearance (i.e. minimum clearance of 0.6m) is maintained between vessels and the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash; all pipe leakages should be repaired promptly and plant should not be operated with leaking pipes; excess material should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges before the vessel is moved; adequate freeboard (i.e. minimum of 200mm) should be maintained on barges to ensure that decks are not washed by wave action; all barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material; loading of barges should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges should not be filled to a level which will cause the overflow of materials or polluted water during loading or transportation; and			 dredging should be undertaken using closed grab dredgers with a maximum total production rate of 55m³/nr: 	receivers/				
			• deployment of 2-layer silt curtains with the first layer enclosing	During consultation				
			the grab and the second layer at around 50m from the dredging					
			area while dredging works are in progress;					
			 dredging operation should be undertaken during ebb tide only; 					
			• all vessels should be sized such that adequate clearance (i.e.					
			minimum clearance of 0.6m) is maintained between vessels and					
			the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity					
			propeller wash;					
			 all pipe leakages should be repaired promptly and plant should not be operated with leaking pipes; 					
			adequate freeboard (i.e. minimum					
 openings to prevent leakage of material; loading of barges should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges should not be filled to a level which will cause the overflow of materials or polluted water during loading or transportation; and 								
loading of barges should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges should not be filled to a level which will cause the overflow of materials or polluted water during loading or transportation; and			openings to prevent leakage of material;					
dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges should not be filled to a level which will cause the overflow of materials or polluted water during loading or transportation; and			 loading of barges should be controlled to prevent splashing of 					
polluted water during loading or transportation; and			dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges should not be filled to a level which will cause the overflow of materials or					
			polluted water during loading or transportation; and					





EIA	EM&A	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location (duration	Implementation	Imple St	Implementation Stages**	ıtion	Relevant Legislation
Ref	Ref	EALVII OIIIICIICAI I TOUCCUOII IVICASUI CS	measures)	Agent	D	С	0	and Guidelines
		 the decks of all vessels should be kept tidy and free of oil or other substances that might be accidentally or otherwise washed overboard. 						
2.5.39	4.12.4	Construction Run-off and Drainage	Construction works	Contractor		^		ProPECC
		Implementation of the following site practices outlined in ProPECC PN 1/94 for "Construction Site Drainage"	sites					PN 1/94
		Provision of perimeter channels to intercept storm-runoff from outside the site. These should be constructed in advance of site formation works and earthworks.						
		Works programmes should be designed to minimize works areas						
		at any one time, thus minimizing exposed soil areas and reducing the potential for increased siltation and runoff.						
		• Sand / silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins should be provided to remove the sand / silt particles from nun-off. These facilities should be properly and						
		regularly maintained. These facilities should be carefully planned to ensure that they would be installed at appropriate locations to capture all surface water generated on site.						
		 Careful programming of the works to minimise soil excavation works during rainy seasons. 						
		 Exposed soil surface should be protected by paving or hydroseeding as soon as possible to reduce the potential of soil erosion. 						
		• Trench excavation should be avoided in the wet season, and if necessary, these should be excavated and backfilled in short						
		sections.						
		Open stockpiles of construction materials on site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric						
2.5.39	4.12.5	General Construction Activities	Construction works	Contractor		>		
		Debris and rubbish generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the nearby	sites					





EIA	EM&A	Darinonmondel Ductooffon Measures.	Location (duration	Implementation	Imply St	Implementation Stages**	tion	Relevant Legislation
Ref	Ref	EALVILOIMIENTAL FLOTECTION INCASULES	measures)	Agent	D	C	0	and Guidelines
		coastal waters and stormwater drains.						
		• All fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank.						
		Open drainage channels and culverts near the works areas should be covered to block the entrance of large debris and refuse.						
2.5.39	4.12.6	Wastewater Arising from Workforce	Construction works	Contractor		7		
		Portable toilets should be provided by the Contractors, where necessary, to handle sewage from the workforce. The Contractor should	sites					
2.10.10	Section	also be responsible for waste disposal and manifedance practices. Water quality monitoring	Designated water	Contractor		>		EM&A
	4		monitoring locations/			:		Manual
			throughout					
			construction period					
*	All recomm	All recommendations and requirements receiled during the course of ELA Decess including ACE and for accepted millio comment to the received	"ding ACE and/or accom	tod miblio comment	40 440 25	0000000	, oroio	

All recommendations and requirements resulted during the course of EIA Process, including ACE and/or accepted public comment to the proposed project. D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation

Not applicable



Implementation Schedule of Sediment Contamination Mitigation Measures

			1				j	
EIA	EM&A	Environmental Destrotion Morenwask	I cootion / Timing	Implementation	Implementation Stages**	ation Stag	ses**	Relevant Legislation &
Ref	Ref	EHVITOHIIEHKAI FTOIECLIOH (VIEASHIES)	Location / Liming	Agent	Q	C	0	Guidelines
2.9.24	5.2.1	Carrying out Sediment Quality Investigation	Marine works site / prior to construction	DSD	>			WBTC No. 34/2002
2.9.23	5.2.1	Follow the requirement and procedures for dredged mud disposal specified under the WBTC No. 34/2002.	Marine works site / during dredging works	Contractor		>		WBTC No. 34/2002
2.9.23	5.2.2	Implement appropriate dredging methods which have been incorporated into the recommended water quality mitigation measures.	Marine works site, during dredging works	Contractor		>		
2.9.23	5.2.3	During the transportation and disposal of the dredged sediment, the following measures should be taken: • Bottom opening of barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to prevent leakage of material. Excess material should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges and hopper dredgers before the vessel is moved. • Monitoring of the barge loading should be conducted to ensure that loss of material does not take place during transportation. Transport barges or vessels should be equipped with automatic self monitoring devices as specified by the DEP.	Marine works site and at the identified sensitive receivers	Contractor		7		
				į,			1	

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Not applicable



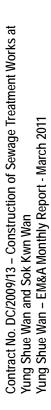
Implementation Schedule of Solid Waste Management Measures

EIA	EM&A		Location /	Implementation	[dwl]	Implementation Stages **	ion	Relevant Legislation &
Ref	Ref	Environmental Protection Measures*	Timing	Agent	D	С	0	Guidelines
Construction Phase	ion Phase							
2.9.14	6.6.2	Good site practices Nomination of an annioused person such as a site manager	Work sites/During	Contractor		^		Waste Disposal
		to be responsible for implementation of good site	construction					(Cap.54)
		practices, arranging for collection and effective disposal to						
		an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site						
		I raining (proper waste management and cnemical handling procedure) should be provided for site staffs						
		Appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and						
		dust during transportation of waste by either covering						
		trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers.						
		 Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular 						
		collection for disposal.						
		 Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and 						
_		appropriate treatment at the Chemical Waste Treatment						
_		racility.						
		 Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for 						
_		drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors.						
		 Maintain records of the quantities of wastes generated, 						
		recycled and disposed.						
2.9.15	6.2.3	The Contractor will be required to open a billing account under	Work	Contractor		>		Waste disposal
		the Construction Waste Disposal Charging Scheme, and to pay	sites/During					(Amendment)
		for disposal of all construction waste. The construction waste	construction					Ordinance 2004
		will be sent to a designated reception facility, which in this case						
		will be YSW RTS, where drivers must present a valid chit for						
		disposal of each load.						
2.9.16	6.2.4	Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include:	Work	Contractor		>		WBTC No. 4/98,
		• segregation and storage of different types of waste in	sites/During					86/5
		different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse	construction					
_		or recycling of materials and their proper disposal;						
		to encourage collection of aluminium cans by individual						
		collectors, separate labelled bins should be provided to						





Regregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the work force; any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled; any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled; any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional of C&D material; and other media should be separated for revuse and or recycling to minimise the quantity of waste root of the propers storage and site paractices to minimise the potential or damage or contamination of construction materials; and any or contamination of waste generated and avoid unmocressary generation of waste contamination of waste should be properly storage and contaminated wastes An achievan area for construction site waste is should be collected by an and should be collected by an and spould be recycled capacity should be recycled and covered area for the collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chemical Wastes An achievan waste may be properly stored on site within suitably Asset should be properly stored on site within suitably Asset should be properly stored on site within suitably Asset should be properly stored on site within suitably Asset should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chemical Waste General Remainer Fraemer Fraemer Asset General Remainer Gene	EIA	EM&A		Location/	Imnlementation	GmIS	Implementation Stages **	ion	Relevant Leoislation &
segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the work force: any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled; bridge of Feusable non-timber formwork to reduce the amount of C&D material; prior to disposal of C&D waste, it is recommended that of C&D waste, it is recommended that prior to disposal of C&D waste, it is recommended that prove strate and other metals should be separated for re-use and/or recycling to minimise the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill: proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste. Central Site Wastes: A collection area for construction site waste should be provided according to the vaste is recommended to reduce wind blow of light material and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chair law, chemical Wastes Any mused chemical waste should be material and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chair law, chemical waste should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chair law accordance with the Waste Disposal Chemical Waste Treatment Pacility or other licensed facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal Chemical Waste (General) Regulation under the Wast	Ref	Ref	Environmental Protection Measures*	Timing	Agent		၁		Guidelines
and the recycled: a page ity should be recycled: a use of reasable non-timber formownk to reduce the amount of C&D material: b prior to disposal of C&D waste, it is recommended that wood, steel and other metals should be separated for re-use and 'or recycling to minimise the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfil: b proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; and the many stock construction materials; and unimise amount of waste generated and avoid universary generation of waste. c A collection area for construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid universary generation of waste. A collection area for construction is waste should be provided subsects and covered are for the collection of the waste is recommended to reduce 'wind blow' of light material and 'A fler true, chemical waste so the properly stored or its evidence on the Package, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes A proper should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical) Regulation under the Waste Disposal (General) Regulation under the Waste Disposal									
• use of reusable non-timber formwork to reduce the amount of C&D material; • prior to disposal of C&D wase, it is recommended that wood, steel and other metals should be separated for re-use and for recycling to minimise the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill. • proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or construction materials: • plan and stock construction materials: • plan and stock construction materials: • and unincessury generation of waste. • A collection area for construction site waste should be provided where waste can be stored prior to removal from site • A collection area for construction site waste should be thanked according to the code of Practice on the Package, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes • Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors of disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste Pursance) • Waste Should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers and should be recycled or disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced hastely designed containers and should be properly stored or site within the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced hastely designed containers with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced hastely designed waste Treatment Facility or other licenced hastely designed wastely designed waster Dreatment Pacility or other licenced hastely designed waster Dreatment Pacility or other licenced waster Dreatment Pacility or other licenced hastely designed waster Dreatment Pacility or other licenced has the property of the property or the property of the propert			any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled;						
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• proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials: • plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste. • A collection area for construction site waste should be provided where waste can be stored prior to removal from site • A collection area for construction of the waste is recommended to reduce wind blow of light material wastes • A collection area for the collection of the waste is recommended to reduce wind blow of light material wastes • After use, chemical Wastes and • After use, chemical waste should be handled according to sites/During the Code of Practice on the Package, Labelling and capacity should be recycled • Waste should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Pacility or other licenced discilling in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation under the Waste Disposal			• prior to disposal of C&D waste, it is recommended that wood, steel and other metals should be separated for re-use and / or recycling to minimise the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill;						
Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste. 6.2.5 General Site Wastes An enclosed and covered area for construction site waste should be provided where waste can be stored prior to removal from site An enclosed and covered area for the collection of the waste is recommended to reduce 'wind blow' of light material 6.2.6 Chemical Wastes and After use, chemical waste should be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Package, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled Waste should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation under the Waste Disposal			• proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; and						
Cantractor A collection area for construction site waste should be provided where waste can be stored prior to removal from site A collection area for construction site waste should be provided construction An enclosed and covered area for the collection of the waste is recommended to reduce 'wind blow' of light material After use, chemical wastes and and After use, chemical waste should be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Package, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation under the Waste Disposal			and stock construction materials carefu ise amount of waste generated and essary generation of waste.						
6.2.6 Chemical Wastes and • After use, chemical waste should be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Package, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes • Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled • Waste should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) General) Regulation under the Waste Disposal	2.9.18	6.2.5	trea for construction site waste should be provided an be stored prior to removal from site	Work sites/During construction	Contractor		>		Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap. 132)
 6.2.6 Chemical Wastes After use, chemical waste should be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Package, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled Waste should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation under the Waste Disposal 			All enclosed and covered area for the confection of the waste is recommended to reduce 'wind blow' of light material						
	2.9.19	6.2.6 and 6.2.7	chemical waste should be handled according to of Practice on the Package, Labelling and Chemical Wastes I chemical Wastes I chemical wastes I character of the collection on the properly stored on site within suitably containers and should be collected by an icensed waste collectors for disposal at the Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced recordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical eneral) Regulation under the Waste Disposal	Work sites/During construction	Contractor		>		Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes

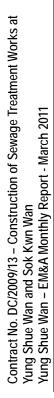




EM&A		Location/	Implementation	Imp	Implementation Stages **	ion	Relevant Legislation &	
	Environmental Protection Measures*	Timing	Agent	D	၁	0	Guidelines	
•	Any service shop and minor maintenance facilities should be located on hard standing within a bunded area, and sumps and oil interceptors should be provided.							
	Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential for leakage and spillage should be undertaken within the designated areas equipped control these discharges							
	Construction and Demolition Material The C&D waste should be separated on-site into three	During all construction phases	Contractors		7		WBTC No. 4/98, 5/98, 21/2002, 25/99, 12/2000	
	categories. public fill, the inert portion of the C&D material (e.g. concrete and rubble), which should be re-used on-site or disposed of at a public filling area:	•						
	C&D waste for re-use and / or recycling, the non-inert portion of the C&D material, (e.g. steel and other metals, woods, glass and plastic);							
	C&D waste which cannot be re-used and / or recycled (e.g. wood, glass and plastic)							
	 Where possible, inert material should be re-used on-site 							
	Where practicable, steel and other metals should be connected for regions and/or regional of							
	Separateu 101 15-use animot recycling prior to disposal of C&D material							

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Not applicable





Implementation Schedule of Ecological Impact Measures

A LCI					I	lomonato	4:02	
Ref	EM&A	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location /	Implementation	dimir	Annpiementation Stages	11011	Relevant Legislation &
	Kei		Timing	Agent	D	С	0	Cundennes
Construc	Construction Phase							
2.10.11	7.2 and	Carry out monitoring of corals before, during and after	Work sites /	Contractor		>		
and	and 7.3		during					
2.10.12			construction					
			phase					
2.6.45	7.6.1	Use horizontal directional drilling to avoid direct	Marine works	Contractor		^		
to		disturbance to corals	site / during					
2.6.48			dredging works					
2.6.57	4.12.3	Deploying of 2-layer silt curtains with the first layer	All work sites /	Contractor		\nearrow		
to		enclosing the grab an the second layer at around 50m from	during					
2.6.58		the dredging area while dredging works are in progress	construction					
			phase					
2.6.51	7.6.1	Fence off the slope stabilisation works area from	STW/ During	Contractor		\nearrow		
		surrounding shrubland and/ woodland, to prevent access to	construction					
		or disturbance of adjacent habitats. The works area						
		should be as small as is possible, consistent with the						
		requirements of the works.						

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Not applicable

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Implementation Schedule of Fisheries Impact Measures

EIA	EM&A	Environmental Protection Measures*	/	Implementation	Impl S	Implementation Stages**	tion	Relevant Legislation
Ref	Ref		Timing	Agent	D	၁	0	& Guidelines
2.5.37	2.5.37 4.12.4	Use of closed grab dredging and silt curtains around the immediate dredging area and low dredging rates as site, during recommended in Water Quality of the EIA report dredging works	Marine works site, during dredging works	Contractor		>		TM on EIA Process

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Not applicable

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Implementation Schedule of Landscape and Visual Impact Measures

EIA Pof	EM&A	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stages **	tation **	Relevant Legislation &
Kei	Kei		ıımıng	Agent	D C	0	Guidelines
Constru	Construction Phase	1Se					
2.8.37	9.2.2	Careful and efficient transplanting of affected trees to temporary or final transplant location (the proposed tree to be transplanted is a semi-mature <i>Macaranga tanarius</i> and is located at the proposed Pumping Station P2 location).	All sites	Contractor	7		WBTC No. 14/2002
2.8.37	9.2.2	Short excavation and immediate backfilling sections upon completion of works to reduce active site area.	All sites	Contractor	7		
2.8.37 9.2.2	9.2.2	Screening of site construction works by use of hoarding that is appropriate to its site.	All sites	Contractor	7		WBTC No. 19/2001
2.8.37	2.8.37 9.2.2	Conservation of topsoil for reuse.	All sites	Contractor	7		
2.8.30	9.2.2	Night-time light source from marine fleets should be directed away from the residential units.	Outfall area.	Contractor	7		

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* *

Not applicable N/A