

PROJECT No.: TCS/00512/09

DSD CONTRACT No. DC/2009/13 CONSTRUCTION OF SEWAGE TREATMENT WORKS AT YUNG SHUE WAN AND SOK KWU WAN

YUNG SHUE WAN PORTION AREA MONTHLY ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDIT (EM&A) REPORT (No.8) – APRIL 2011

PREPARED FOR LEADER CIVIL ENGINEERING CORPORATION LIMITED

Quality Index

Date Reference No. Prepared By Approved By

23 May 2011 TCS00512/09/600/R0222v2

Nicola Hon T.W. Tam

Environmental Consultant Environmental Team Leader

Version	Date	Description
1	16 May 2011	First Submission
2	23 May 2011	Amended against IEC's comments on 19 May 2011

Scott Wilson CDM Joint Venture

Chief Engineer/Harbour Area Treatment

Scheme

Drainage Services Department

5/F Western Magistracy 2A Pok Fu Lam Road

Hong Kong

Attention: Mr. C K Au

Your reference:

Our reference:

05117/6/16/375888

Date:

25 May 2011

BY FAX ONLY

Dear Sirs,

Contract No. DC/2009/13
Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan Yung Shue Wan Portion Area
Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report No. 8 (Apr 2011)

We refer to the Monthly EM&A Monitoring Report No. 8 for April 2011 received under cover of the email from the Environmental Team, Action-United Environmental Services and Consulting (AUES), dated on 25 May 2011. We do not have further comment and have verified the captioned report.

Yours faithfully SCOTT WILSON CDM JOINT VENTURE

Rodney Ip

ICWR/STKW/ecwc

CC

Leader Civil Engineering

AUES ER/LAMMA CDM (Attn: Mr Vincent Chan)

(Attn: Mr T.W. Tam) (Attn: Mr Neil Wong) (Attn: Mr Mark Sin)



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

ES.01. This is the 8th monthly EM&A Report for Yung Shue Wan (hereinafter 'this Report') for the designated works under Environmental Permit No.EP-282/2007, covering a period from 1 to 30 April 2011 (hereinafter 'the Reporting Period').

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDIT ACTIVITIES

ES.02. Environmental monitoring activities under the EM&A program in this Reporting Month are summarized in the following table.

Issues	Environmental Monitoring Parameters / Inspection	Occasions
Air Quality	1-hour TSP	30
Air Quality	24-hour TSP	10
Construction Noise	Leq (30min) Daytime	5
Water Quality	Marine Water Sampling	0
Inspection / Audit	ET Regular Environmental Site Inspection	4

ES.03. According to the EM&A Manual of Yung Shue Wan, water quality monitoring should be carried out during the marine work commencement. Since the marine work of outfall construction has not yet commenced, no impact water quality monitoring was undertaken in this reporting month.

BREACH OF ACTION AND LIMIT (A/L) LEVELS

ES.04. No exceedance in construction noise monitoring and air quality monitoring were recorded in this Reporting Month. The statistics of environmental exceedance, NOE issued and investigation of exceedance are summarized in the following table.

Environmental	Monitoring	Action	Limit	Event & Action		
Issues	Parameters Level		Level	NOE Issued	Investigation	Corrective Actions
Air Quality	1-hour TSP	0	0	0		
All Quality	24-hour TSP	0	0	0		
Construction Noise	Leq _{30min} Daytime	0	0	0		
	DO	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Water Quality	Turbidity	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	SS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Note: NOE – Notification of Exceedance

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT

ES.05. No written or verbal complaint was recorded in this Reporting Month. The statistics of environmental complaint are summarized in the following table.

Donauting Davied	Environmental Complaint Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	
14 September 2010 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 30 April 2011	0	0	NA	

NOTIFICATION OF SUMMONS AND SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTIONS

ES.06. No environmental summons or successful prosecutions were recorded in this Reporting Month. The statistics of environmental complaint are summarized in the following tables.

Donauting Davied	Environmental Summons Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	
14 September 2010 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 30 April 2011	0	0	NA	



Donauting Davied	Environmental Prosecution Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	
14 September 2010 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 30 April 2011	0	0	NA	

REPORTING CHANGE

ES.07. There are no reporting changes in this reporting month.

SITE INSPECTION BY EXTERNAL PARTIES

ES.08. No site inspection was undertaken by external parties i.e. EPD or AFCD within the Reporting Period.

FUTURE KEY ISSUES

- ES.09. As wet season is approaching, the Contractor shall pay attention on the potential water impact as the construction site is adjacent to the coastline. Muddy water and other water quality pollutants via site surface water runoff into the coral zones of Yung Shue Wan seawall, Shek Kok Tsui and O Tsai should be avoided. Therefore, mitigation measures for water quality should be fully implemented also.
- ES.10. Moreover, the construction dust mitigation measures identified at the EM&A Manuel such as watering at haul road and covering of dusty material should also be implemented and properly maintained during wet season.
- ES.11. Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report Volume 2 (TCS00512/10/600/R0158Ver.2) for Yung Shue Wan for the Project was issued by the ETL and verified by IEC on 7 March 2011. In view of the work progress, the construction of marine outfall works is commenced in early May, therefore, the marine water quality monitoring will be carried out and reported in the coming month accordingly.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	PROJECT BACKGROUND	1
	REPORT STRUCTURE	1
2	PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS	3
	PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE	3
	CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS	3
	SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL SUBMISSIONS	3
3	SUMMARY OF BASELINE MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	4
	ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT	4
	MONITORING LOCATIONS	4
	MONITORING FREQUENCY AND PERIOD MONITORING FOLUMENT	5 6
	MONITORING EQUIPMENT EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION	7
	METEOROLOGICAL INFORMATION	7
	DATA MANAGEMENT AND DATA QA/QC CONTROL	7
	DETERMINATION OF ACTION/LIMIT (A/L) LEVELS	8
4	IMPACT MONITORING RESULTS - AIR QUALITY	9
5	IMPACT MONITORING RESULTS – CONSTRUCTION NOISE	10
6	IMPACT MONITORING RESULTS – WATER QULAITY	11
7	WASTE MANAGEMENT	12
8	SITE INSPECTION	13
9	ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT AND NON-COMPLIANCE	14
10	IMPLEMENTATION STATUS OF MITIGATION MEASURES	15
11	IMPACT FORECAST	21
12	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	22
	CONCLUSIONS	22
	RECOMMENDATIONS	22



LIST OF TABLES

Table 2-1	Status of Environmental Licenses and Permits
Table 3-1	Summary of the Air and Noise monitoring parameters of EM&A Requirements
Table 3-2	Location of Air Quality Monitoring Station
Table 3-3	Location of Construction Noise Monitoring Station
Table 3-4	Location of Marine Water Quality Monitoring Station
Table 3-5	Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality Monitoring
Table 3-6	Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise
Table 3-7	Action and Limit Levels for Marine Water Quality Monitoring
Table 4-1	Summary of 24-hour and 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at AC02b
Table 4-2	Summary of 24-hour and 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at AC04c
Table 5-1	Summarized of Construction Noise Monitoring Results at AC05
Table 7-1	Summary of Quantities of Inert C&D Materials
Table 7-2	Summary of Quantities of C&D Wastes
Table 8-1	Site Observations
Table 9-1	Statistical Summary of Environmental Complaints
Table 9-2	Statistical Summary of Environmental Summons
Table 9-3	Statistical Summary of Environmental Prosecution
Table 10-1	Environmental Mitigation Measures

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix A	Site Layout Plan – Yung Shue Wan Portion Area
Appendix B	Organization Structure and Contact Details of Relevant Parties
Appendix C	A Master and Three Months Rolling Construction Programs
Appendix D	Location of Monitoring Stations (Air Quality / Construction Noise / Water Quality)
Appendix E	Monitoring Equipments Calibration Certificate
Appendix F	Event and Action Plan
Appendix G	Monitoring Data Sheet
Appendix H	Graphical Plots of Monitoring Results
Appendix I	Meteorological Information
Appendix J	Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table
Appendix K	Weekly Site Inspection Checklist
Appendix L	Implementation Schedule of Mitigation Measures



1 INTRODUCTION

PROJECT BACKGROUND

- 1.01 The Leader Civil Engineering Corporation Limited (Leader) has been awarded the *Contract DC/2009/13 Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwn Wan* (the Project) by the Drainage Services Department (DSD) on 4 May 2010. The Project is part of an overall plan approved under a statutory EIA for Outlying Islands Sewerage Stage 1 Phase 2 Package J Sok Kwu Wan Sewage Collection and Treatment (Register No. AEIAR-075/2003) and Disposal Facilities and Outlying Islands Sewerage Stage 1 Phase 1 Package C Yung Shue Wan Sewage Treatment Works and Outfall (Register No. EIA-124/BC). The Environmental Permit No. EP-281/2007 and EP-282/2007 for the Project have been obtained by the DSD on 29 June 2007 for the relevant works. After July 2009, EP-281/2007/A stead EP-281/2007 is EP for Sok Kwu Wan relevant Works.
- 1.02 The Project involves construction of sewage treatment works at Sok Kwu Wan and Yung Shue Wan with a capacity of 1,430m³/day and 2,850m³/day respectively to provide secondary treatment, construction of 2 pumping stations at Sok Kwu Wan and 1 pumping station at Yung Shue Wan, construction of submarine outfall from the coastline and lying of underground sewerage pipeline. The site layout plan for the captioned work under the Project is showing in *Appendix A*
- 1.03 According to the Particular Specification (PS) and *Appendix 25* of the Project, Leader should establish an Environmental Team to implement the environmental monitoring and auditing works to fulfill the requirements as stipulated in the EM&A Manual. This EM&A Manual is referred to the Appendix D of the Review Report on EIA Study Yung Shue Wan (Final) in January 2007 (Agreement No. CE 20/2005(DS)).
- 1.04 Action-United Environmental Services and Consulting (AUES) has been commissioned by Leader as the ET to implement the relevant EM&A program. Organization chart of the Environmental Team for the Project is shown in *Appendix B*. For ease of reporting, the proposed EM&A programme for baseline and impact monitoring is spilt to following two stand-alone parts:
 - (a) Proposed EM&A Programme for Baseline and Impact Monitoring Sok Kwu Wan (under EP No. 281/2007/A varied on 23 September 2009)
 - (b) Proposed EM&A Programme for Baseline and Impact Monitoring Yung Shue Wan (under EP No. 282/2007)
- 1.05 According to the EM&A Manuals of Sok Kwu Wan and Yung Shue Wan, baseline water quality monitoring should be carried out for consecutive six months before the marine work commencement. Therefore, the baseline reports of Sok Kwu Wan and Yung Shue Wan are divided to two volumes i.e. the Volume 1 for air quality and noise monitoring; and the Volume II for water quality monitoring for separate submission.
- 1.06 This is the 8th monthly EM&A report for Yung Shue Portion Area which presenting the monitoring results and inspection findings in the reporting period from 1 to 30 April 2011.

REPORT STRUCTURE

1.07 The Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report – Yung Shue Wan is structured into the following sections:-

into the follow	into the following sections:-		
SECTION 1	Introduction		
SECTION 2	PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS		
SECTION 3	SUMMARY OF MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
SECTION 4	AIR QUALITY MONITORING RESULTS		
SECTION 5	CONSTRUCTION NOISE MONITORING RESULTS		
SECTION 6	WATER QUALITY MONITORING RESULTS		
SECTION 7	WASTE MANACEMENT		

SECTION 7 WASTE MANAGEMENT
SECTION 8 SITE INSPECTIONS

SECTION 9 ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINTS AND NON-COMPLIANCE

Contract No. DC/2009/13 – Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan Yung Shue Wan – EM&A Monthly Report - April 2011



SECTION 10 IMPLEMENTATION STATUES OF MITIGATION MEASURES

SECTION 11 IMPACT FORECAST

SECTION 12 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION



2 PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

2.01 Organization structure and contact details of relevant parties with respect to on-site environmental management are shown in *Appendix B*.

CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

- 2.02 The master and three month rolling construction programs are enclosed in *Appendix C* and the major construction activities undertaken in this Reporting Month are listed below:-
 - Excavation;
 - Rebar bending & fixing;
 - Sheetpiling;
 - Erection of formwork;
 - Concreting;
 - Backfilling; and
 - Horizontal directional drilling

SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL SUBMISSIONS

2.03 Summary of the relevant permits, licences, and/or notifications on environmental protection for this Project in this Reporting Month is presented in *Table 2-1*.

Table 2-1 Status of Environmental Licenses and Permits

Item	Description	License/Permit Status
1	Air pollution Control (Construction Dust)	Notified 19/5/2010
		Case No: 317486
2	Chemical waste Producer Registration	Issued on 8/6/2010
		WPN 5213-912-L2720-01
3	Water Pollution Control Ordinance	Issued on 22/9/2010
		WT00007566-2010
4	Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Issued on 26 May 2010
		A/C No: 7010815
5	Construction Noise Permit (no. GW-RS1141-10)	Issued on 29 December 2010
		Valid to 28 May 2011
6	Construction Noise Permit (no. GW-RS0084-11)	Issued on 1 Feb 2011
		Valid from 21 Feb 2011 until 20 Aug
		2011

- 2.04 The "Baseline/Impact Monitoring Methodology (TCS00512/10/600/R0011Ver.5)" was set out in accordance with the Yung Shue Wan Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual. It was approved by the ER and agreed with the Independent Environmental Checker (IEC) and submitted to the EPD for endorsement.
- 2.05 Baseline Monitoring Report Volume 1 (TCS00512/10/600/R0061Ver.3) for Yung Shue Wan for the Project was issued by the ETL and verified by the IEC on 31 August 2010. The report was also submitted to the EPD for endorsement.
- 2.06 Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report Volume 2 (TCS00512/10/600/R0158Ver.2) for Yung Shue Wan for the Project was issued by the ETL and verified by IEC on 7 March 2011. The report was also submitted to EPD for endorsement.



3 SUMMARY OF BASELINE MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT

- 3.01 The EM&A baseline monitoring program cover the following environmental issues:
 - Air quality;
 - Construction noise; and
 - Marine Water quality;
- 3.02 The ET implements the EM&A programme in accordance with the aforementioned requirements. Detailed air quality, construction noise and water quality of the EM&A program are presented in the following sub-sections.
- 3.03 A summary of the Air, Noise and Marine Water monitoring parameters is presented in *Table 3-1*:

Table 3-1 Summary of the Air and Noise monitoring parameters of EM&A Requirements

Environmental Issue	Parameters	
Air Quality	1-hour TSP Monitoring by Real-Time Portable Dust Meter; and	
All Quality	• 24-hour TSP Monitoring by High Volume Air Sampler.	
Noise	Leq (30min) during normal working hours; and	
Noise	Leq (15min) during Restricted Hours.	
	In-situ Measurements	
	Dissolved Oxygen Concentration (mg/L);	
	Dissolved Oxygen Saturation (%);	
	• Turbidity (NTU);	
Marina Water Quality	pH unit;	
Marine Water Quality	Salinity (ppt);	
	Water depth (m); and	
	• Temperature (°C).	
	Laboratory Analysis	
	Suspended Solids (mg/L)	

MONITORING LOCATIONS

Air Quality

- 3.04 Two designated monitoring stations, AC02a located at Yung Shue Wan Refuse Transfer Station and AC04 located at residential area nearby Yung Shue Wan football pitch, were recommended in the *EM&A Manual Section 2.5*. In order to identify and seek for the access of the air monitoring locations designated in the EM&A Manual, site visit was conducted by Leader and ET.
- 3.05 At the site visit, all designated monitoring locations were identified however the premises for high volume sampler installation were objected by the owner or the residents of nearby. So, an alternative air monitoring locations were proposed in accordance with the criteria set out in *EM&A* manual Section 2.5.2 and 2.5.3. The proposed alternative air monitoring stations was accepted by the ER and IEC, and EPD endorsed. Details of renewed air monitoring stations are described in *Table 3-2*. The graphical of air monitoring stations is shown in *Appendix D*.

Table 3-2 Location of Air Quality Monitoring Station

Sensitive Receiver	Location			
AC02b	The entrance of RE's site office			
AC04c	Next to a power transformer station TP208 Yung Shue Wan and adjacent to the road direct to the construction site			



Construction Noise

3.06 According to *EM&A Manual Section 3.4*, one noise sensitive receivers (NC05) designated for the construction noise monitoring was recommended at Yung Shue Wan Portion Area of the Project. The designated monitoring station is identified and successfully granted the premises. The detailed construction noise monitoring station is described in *Table 3-3* and graphical is shown in *Appendix D*.

Table 3-3 Location of Construction Noise Monitoring Station

Sensitive Receiver	Location
NC05	Roof of North Lamma Clinic

Marine Water Quality

Two control stations (CY1 and CY2) and three impact stations (WY1-WY3) were recommended in the *EM&A Manual Section 4.5*. Impact stations WY1-WY3 were identified close to the sensitive receivers (the coral colonies in the vicinity of Yung Shue Wan, and secondary contact recreation subzone). It is proposed to monitor the impacts from the construction of the submarine outfall as well as the effluent discharge from the proposed STW on water quality. Two control stations: CY1 and CY2 were recommended at locations representative of the project site in its undisturbed condition and located at upstream and downstream of the works area. The marine water quality monitoring stations to be performed under the Project is described in *Table 3-4* and shown in *Appendix D*.

Table 3-4 Location of Marine Water Quality Monitoring Station

Station	Description	Coordinates		
Station	Station Description		Northing	
WY1	Coral colonies on seawall at STW site	829 170	809 550	
WY2	Coral colonies at Shek kok Tsui	829 000	810 400	
WY3	Coral colonies at O Tsai (headland N at SW ferry pier)	829 200	809 850	
CY1 (flood)	Control Station	828 400	810 800	
CY2 (ebb)	Control Station	828 000	808 800	

MONITORING FREQUENCY AND PERIOD

3.07 The Impact monitoring carried out in the EM&A programme is basically in accordance with the requirements in *EM&A Manual Sections* 2.7, 3.6, 4.7 and 4.8. The monitoring requirements are listed as follows:

Air Quality Monitoring

Parameters: 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP.

Frequency: Once in every six days for 24-hour TSP and three times in every six days for

1-hour TSP.

<u>Duration</u>: Throughout the construction period.

Noise Monitoring

Parameters: Leq (30min) & Leq (5min), L10 and L90.

Leq (15min) & Leq (5min), L10 and L90 during the construction undertaken during Restricted Hours (19:00 to 07:00 hours next of normal working day and full

day of public holiday and Sunday)

Frequency: Once per week during 0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays. Restricted Hour

monitoring should depend on conditions stipulated in Construction Noise Permit.

Duration: Throughout the construction period.



Marine Water Quality Monitoring

<u>Parameters</u>: Duplicate in-situ measurements: water depth, temperature, Dissolved Oxygen,

pH, turbidity and salinity;

HOKLAS-accredited laboratory analysis: Suspended Solids

<u>Frequency</u>: Three days a week, at mid ebb and mid flood tides. The interval between 2 sets

of monitoring will be more than 36 hours.

Sampling Depth

(i.) Three depths: 1m below water surface, 1m above sea bottom and at mid-depth when the water depth exceeds 6m.

(ii.) If the water depth is between 3m and 6m, two depths: 1m below water surface and 1m above sea bottom.

(iii.) If the water depth is less than 3m, 1 sample at mid-depth is taken

<u>Duration</u>: During the course of marine works

Post-Construction Monitoring – Marine Water

3.08 Upon the marine works (dredging and HDD pipe installation) completion, 4 weeks of post-construction monitoring would be undertaken in accordance with the *Section 4.8 of EM&A Manual*. The requirements of post-construction monitoring such as the parameter, frequency, location and sampling depth is same as the impact monitoring.

MONITORING EQUIPMENT

Air Quality Monitoring

3.09 The 24-hour and 1-hour TSP levels shall be measured by following the standard high volume sampling method as set out in the *Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 1 (Part 50), Appendix B*. If the ET proposes to use a direct reading dust meter to measure 1-hour TSP levels, it shall submit sufficient information to the IEC to approve. The filter paper of 24-hour TSP measurement shall be determined by HOKLAS accredited laboratory.

Noise Monitoring

3.10 Sound level meter in compliance with the *International Electrotechnical Commission Publications* 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications shall be used for carrying out the noise monitoring. The sound level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator. The wind speed shall be checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring the wind speed in m s-1.

Water Quality Monitoring

- 3.11 **Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Measuring Equipment** The instrument should be a portable and weatherproof dissolved oxygen (DO) measuring instrument complete with cable and sensor, and use a DC power source. The equipment should be capable of measuring as included a DO level in the range of 0 20 mg L-1 and 0 200% saturation; and a temperature of 0 45 degree Celsius.
- 3.12 *pH Meter* The instrument shall consist of a potentiometer, a glass electrode, a reference electrode and a temperature-compensating device. It shall be readable to 0.1 pH in arrange of 0 to 14.
- 3.13 *Turbidity (NTU) Measuring Equipment* The instrument should be a portable and weatherproof turbidity measuring instrument using a DC power source. It should have a photoelectric sensor capable of measuring turbidity between 0 1000 NTU.
- 3.14 *Water Sampling Equipment* A water sampler should comprise a transparent PVC cylinder, with a capacity of not less than 2 litres, which can be effectively sealed with latex cups at both ends. The sampler should have a positive latching system to keep it open and prevent premature closure until released by a messenger when the sampler is at the selected water depth.
- 3.15 Water Depth Detector A portable, battery-operated echo sounder should be used for the



determination of water depth at each designated monitoring station. This unit can either be hand held or affixed to the bottom of the work boat.

- 3.16 *Salinity Measuring Equipment* A portable salinometer capable of measuring salinity in the range of 0 40 parts per thousand (ppt) should be provided for measuring salinity of the water at each monitoring location.
- 3.17 **Sample Containers and Storage** Water samples for SS should be stored in high density polythene bottles with no preservative added, packed in ice (cooled to 4°C without being frozen).
- 3.18 *Monitoring Position Equipment* A hand-held or boat-fixed type digital Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) with way point bearing indication and Radio Technical Commission for maritime (RTCM) Type 16 error message 'screen pop-up' facilities (for real-time auto-display of error messages and DGPS corrections from the Hong Kong Hydrographic Office), or other equipment instrument of similar accuracy, should be provided and used during marine water monitoring to ensure the monitoring vessel is at the correct location before taking measurements.
- 3.19 **Suspended Solids Analysis** Analysis of suspended solids shall be carried out in a HOKLAS or other international accredited laboratory.

EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION

- 3.20 Calibration of the HVS is performed upon installation in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction using the NIST-certified standard calibrator (Tisch Calibration Kit Model TE-5025A). The calibration data are properly documented and the records are maintained by ET for future reference.
- 3.21 The 1-hour TSP meter was calibrated by the supplier prior to purchase. Zero response of the equipment was checked before and after each monitoring event. In-house calibration with the High Volume Sampler (HVS) in same condition was undertaken in yearly basis.
- 3.22 The sound level meter and calibrator are calibrated and certified by a laboratory accredited under HOKLAS or any other international accreditation scheme at yearly basis.
- 3.23 The Water Quality Monitoring equipments such as Dissolved Oxygen meter, pH Meter, Turbidity Measuring Instrument and Salinometer, are calibrated by HOKLAS accredited laboratory of three month intervals.
- 3.24 All updated calibration certificates of the monitoring equipment used for the impact monitoring program in the Reporting Month would be attached in *Appendix E*.

METEOROLOGICAL INFORMATION

3.25 The meteorological information during the construction phase is obtained from the Wong Chuk Hang Station of the Hong Kong Observatory (HKO) due to it nearly the Project site.

DATA MANAGEMENT AND DATA QA/QC CONTROL

- 3.26 The impact monitoring data are handled by the ET's systematic data recording and management, which complies with in-house Quality Management System. Standard Field Data Sheets (FDS) are used in the impact monitoring program.
- 3.27 The monitoring data recorded in the equipment e.g. 1-hour TSP meter, noise meter and Multi-parameter Water Quality Monitoring System, are downloaded directly from the equipments at the end of each monitoring day. The downloaded monitoring data are input into a computerized database properly maintained by the ET. The laboratory results are input directly into the computerized database and QA/QC checked by personnel other than those who input the data. For monitoring activities require laboratory analysis, the local laboratory follows the QA/QC requirements as set out under the HOKLAS scheme for all laboratory testing.



DETERMINATION OF ACTION/LIMIT (A/L) LEVELS

3.28 According to the Sok Kwu Wan Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual, the air quality, construction noise and marine water quality monitoring were established, namely Action and Limit levels are listed in *Tables 3-5* to *3-7* as below.

Table 3-5 Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality Monitoring

Monitoring Station	Action Lev	vel (μg /m³)	Limit Lev	el (μg/m³)
Withintoring Station	1-hour TSP	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP	24-hour TSP
AC02b	288	161	500	260
AC04c	290	176	500	260

Table 3-6 Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise

	Recommended Action & Limit Levels of Construction Noise				
Monitoring	Action Level Limit Level				
Location	0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays				
NC05	When one or more documented complaints are received	75 dB(A)			

Note: * Reduces to 70dB(A) for schools and 65dB(A) during the school examination periods.

Table 3-7 Action and Limit Levels for Marine Water Quality Monitoring

Donomoton	Performance	Impact Station			
Parameter	Criteria	WY1	WY2	WY3	
DO Concentration (Surface and Middle)	Action Level	3.63	3.53	3.61	
(mg/L)	Limit Level	3.32	3.47	3.42	
DO Concentration (Bottom)	Action Level	3.33	2.92	3.36	
(mg/L)	Limit Level	3.23	2.63	3.14	
Turbidity (Depth-Average)	Action Level	10.94	14.16	14.99	
(NTU)	Limit Level	17.35	15.20	16.21	
Suspended Solids (Depth-Average)	Action Level	17.52	14.04	14.52	
(mg/L)	Limit Level	25.62	16.51	16.88	

3.29 Should non-compliance of the environmental quality criteria occurs, remedial actions will be triggered according to the Event and Action Plan enclosed in Appendix F.



4 IMPACT MONITORING RESULTS - AIR QUALITY

4.01 As informed by Leader, the construction of relevant land works at Yung Shue Wan was commenced on 14 September 2010, therefore, the impact EM&A program was begun as compliance with the contract Particular Specification, Yung Shue Wan EM&A Manual and the EP.

Result

4.02 In this reporting period, the results for 24-hour and 1-hour TSP monitoring are tabulated in *Tables* 4-1 and 4-2. The 24-hour TSP monitoring data are shown in *Appendix G* and the graphical plots are shown in *Appendix H*.

Table 4-1 Summary of 24-hour and 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at AC02b

	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP (μg/m³)					
Date	$(\mu g/m^3)$	Date	Start Time	1 st hour measured	2 nd hour measured	3 rd hour measured	
6-Apr-11	91	2-Apr-11	13:19	97	91	88	
12-Apr-11	102	8-Apr-11	14:30	108	103	109	
18-Apr-11	33	13-Apr-11	14:35	125	131	128	
21-Apr-11	132	19-Apr-11	9:20	101	105	104	
27-Apr-11	71	26-Apr-11	15:00	87	82	83	
Average	86	Avera	ige		103		
(Range)	(33 - 132)	(Range) (82 – 131)					

Table 4-2 Summary of 24-hour and 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at AC04c

	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP (μg/m³)					
Date	(μg/m ³)	Date	Start Time	1 st hour measured	2 nd hour measured	3 rd hour measured	
6-Apr-11	84	2-Apr-11	13:08	101	86	94	
12-Apr-11	136	8-Apr-11	14:35	90	92	92	
18-Apr-11	90	13-Apr-11	14:30	123	129	120	
21-Apr-11	150	19-Apr-11	9:20	94	99	98	
27-Apr-11	111	26-Apr-11	15:04	85	83	81	
Average	114	Avera	_		98		
(Range)	(84 - 150)	(Rang	ge)		(81 - 129)		

- 4.03 As shown in *Tables 4-1 and 4-2*, the 1-hour TSP monitoring and 24-hour TSP monitoring values fluctuated well below the Action Level during the Reporting Period. No Notification of Exceedance (NOE) of air quality criteria or corrective action was therefore required.
- 4.04 The meteorological information during the impact monitoring days are summarized in *Appendix I*.



5 IMPACT MONITORING RESULTS – CONSTRUCTION NOISE

5.01 The noise monitoring results are presented in the following sub-sections.

Result

5.02 In this report period, 5 construction noise monitoring events were undertaken at designated location NC05. The results for Leq_{30min} are tabulated in *Tables 5-1* and the graphical plots are shown in *Appendix H*.

Table 5-1 Summarized of Construction Noise Monitoring Results at NC05

Date	Start Time	End Time	1 st set Leq5	2 nd set Leq5	3 rd set Leq5	4 th set Leq5	5 th set Leq5	6 th set Leq5	Leq30	Corrected Leq30
2-Apr-11	13:06	13:36	55.8	63.4	66.4	62.9	60.3	61.0	62.7	65.7
8-Apr-11	15:00	15:30	59.8	61.5	64.4	59.0	62.6	62.4	62.0	65.0
13-Apr-11	15:00	15:30	67.7	60.6	62.9	62.9	59.2	69.8	65.5	68.5
19-Apr-11	10:10	10:40	60.4	62.1	62.3	61.8	63.3	62.4	62.1	65.1
26-Apr-11	15:00	15:30	68.2	76.1	75.1	65.3	57.0	57.0	71.5	74.5
Lim	it Level		-				75 dB(A)			

5.03 It was noted that no noise complaint (which is an Action Level exceedance) was received. In view of the results shown in *Tables 5-1*, all the values are well below 75dB(A), therefore, no Action or Limit Level exceedance was triggered during this reporting month.



6 IMPACT MONITORING RESULTS – WATER QULAITY

6.01 Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report Volume 2 (TCS00512/10/600/R0158Ver.2) for Yung Shue Wan for the Project was issued by the ETL and verified by IEC on 7 March 2011. In view of the work progress, the construction of marine outfall works is commenced in early May, therefore, the marine water quality monitoring will be carried out and reported in the coming month accordingly.



7 WASTE MANAGEMENT

7.01 Waste management was carried out by an on-site Environmental Officer or an Environmental Supervisor from time to time.

Records of Waste Quantities

- 7.02 All types of waste arising from the construction work are classified into the following:
 - Construction & Demolition (C&D) Material;
 - Chemical Waste;
 - General Refuse; and
 - Excavated Soil.
- 7.03 The quantities of waste for disposal in this Reporting Period are summarized in *Table 7-1* and *7-2* and the Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table is shown in *Appendix J*. Whenever possible, materials were reused on-site as far as practicable

Table 7-1 Summary of Quantities of Inert C&D Materials

Type of Waste	Quantity	Disposal Location
C&D Materials (Inert) ('000m³)	0.017	Tuen Mun Area 38
Reused in this Contract (Inert) ('000m ³)	0.112	-
Reused in other Projects (Inert) ('000m ³)	0	-
Disposal as Public Fill (Inert) ('000m ³)	1.023	Tuen Mun Area 38

Table 7-2 Summary of Quantities of C&D Wastes

Type of Waste	Quantity	Disposal Location
Recycled Metal (kg)	0	-
Recycled Paper / Cardboard Packing (kg)	0	-
Recycled Plastic (kg)	0	-
Chemical Wastes (kg)	0	-
General Refuses (tonne)	0	Yung Shue Wan RTS

7.04 There was no site effluent discharged but the estimated volume of surface runoff was less than 50m^3 in this monthly period



8 SITE INSPECTION

- 8.01 According to the Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual, the environmental site inspection should been formulation by ET Leader. Regular environmental site inspections had been carried out by the ET to confirm the environmental performance. In this reporting period, site inspection was carried out on 6, 14, 19 and 26 April 2011 and routine joint-site visit by IEC, RE, Leader and ET was carried out on 14 April 2011.
- 8.02 The findings/ deficiencies that observed during the weekly site inspection are listed in *Table 8-1* and the relevant checklists are attached in **Appendix K**.

Table 8-1 Site Observations

Date	Findings / Deficiencies	Follow-Up Status
6 April 2011	• The geotextile sheets in the sedimentation tank should be properly installed to ensure the desilting function.	-
14 April 2011	• Too much lubricant grease was observed on the plant, the Contractor should clean up excess grease to avoid any contamination to soil.	The grease was cleaned up on 15 April 2011.
19 April 2011	• The debris and waste in the drip tray should be cleaned up.	The tray was cleaned up on 20 April 2011.
26 April 2011	• No environmental issue was observed during the site inspection.	N.A



9 ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT AND NON-COMPLIANCE

9.01 No environmental complaint, summons and prosecution was received in this reporting period. The statistical summary table of environmental complaint is presented in *Tables 9-1*, *9-2* and *9-3*.

Table 9-1 Statistical Summary of Environmental Complaints

Donouting Dovied	Environmental Complaint Statistics		
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature
14 Sep – 31 Jan 2011	0	0	NA
1 – 28 February 2011	0	0	NA
1 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA
1 – 30 April 2011	0	0	NA

Table 9-2 Statistical Summary of Environmental Summons

Donauting David	Environmental Summons Statistics		
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature
14 Sep – 31 Jan 2011	0	0	NA
1 – 28 February 2011	0	0	NA
1 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA
1 – 30 April 2011	0	0	NA

Table 9-3 Statistical Summary of Environmental Prosecution

Domontino Domio d	Environmental Prosecution Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	
14 Sep – 31 Jan 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 28 February 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 31 March 2011	0	0	NA	
1 – 30 April 2011	0	0	NA	



10 IMPLEMENTATION STATUS OF MITIGATION MEASURES

10.01 The environmental mitigation measures that recommended in the Yung Shue Wan Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual covered the issues of dust, noise, water and waste and they are summarized as following:

Dust Mitigation Measure

- 10.02 Installation of 2m high solid fences around the construction site of Pumping Station P2 is recommended. Implementation of the requirements stipulated in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation and the following good site practices are recommended to control dust emission from the site:
 - (a) Stockpiles of imported material kept on site should be contained within hoardings, dampened and / or covered during dry and windy weather;
 - (b) Material stockpiled alongside trenches should be covered with tarpaulins whenever works are close to village houses;
 - (c) Water sprays should be used during the delivery and handling of cement, sands, aggregates and the like.
 - (d) Any vehicle used for moving sands, aggregates and construction waste shall have properly fitting side and tail boards. Materials should not be loaded to a level higher than the side and tail boards, and should be covered by a clean tarpaulin.

Noise Mitigation Measure

- 10.03 As detailed in the EIA report, concreting work of the Pumping Station P1a and sewer alignment construction activities would likely cause adverse noise impacts on some of the noise sensitive receivers. Appropriate mitigation measures have therefore been recommended. The mitigation measures recommended in the EIA report are summarised below:
 - (a) Use of quiet equipment for the construction activities of the Pumping Stations and sewer alignment;
 - (b) Use of temporary noise barrier around the site boundary of Pumping Station P1a;
 - (c) Use of kick ripper (saw and lift) method to replace the breaker for pavement removal during sewer alignment construction;
 - (d) Restriction on the number of plant during sewer alignment construction;
 - (e) Use of noise screening structures in the form of acoustic shed or movable barrier wherever practicable and feasible in areas with sufficient clearance and headroom during the construction of sewer alignment;
 - (f) Adoption of manual working method wherever practicable and feasible in areas where the worksites of the proposed sewer alignment are located less than 20m from the residential noise sensitive receivers and less than 30m from the temple and the public library; and
 - (g) Implementation of the following good site practices:
 - Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction program.
 - Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible.
 - Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum.
 - Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs.
 - Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilised, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities.

Water Quality Mitigation Measure

10.04 No-dig method using Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) would be used for the installation of outfall pipe of about 480 m from shore to minimize the potential water quality impacts arising from the dredging works required for the submarine outfall construction. For the remaining outfall pipe of about 240m and the diffuser section, open trench dredging would still be required.



- 10.05 During the dredging works, the Contractor should be responsible for the design and implementation of the following mitigation measures.
 - Dredging should be undertaken using closed grab dredgers with a total production rate of 55m³/hr;
 - Deployment of 2-layer silt curtains with first layer enclosing the grab and the second layer at around 50, from the dredging area while dredging works are in progress;
 - all vessels should be sized such that adequate clearance (i.e. minimum clearance of 0.6m) is maintained between vessels and the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash;
 - all pipe leakages should be repaired promptly and plant shall not be operated with leaking pipes;
 - excess material should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges before the vessel is moved;
 - adequate freeboard (i.e. minimum of 200m) should be maintained on barges to ensure that decks are not washed by wave action;
 - all barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material; and
 - loading of barges and hoppers should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges and hoppers should not be filled to a level which would cause the overflow of materials or sediment laden water during loading or transportation; and
 - the decks of all vessels should be kept tidy and free of oil or other substances that might be accidentally or otherwise washed overboard.

Construction Run-off and Drainage

- 10.06 The Contractor should observe and comply with the Water Pollution Control Ordinance and the subsidiary regulations. The Contractor should follow the practices, and be responsible for the design, construction, operation and maintenance of all the mitigation measures as specified in ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage". The design of the mitigation measures should be submitted by the Contractor to the Engineer for approval. These mitigation measures should include the following practices to minimise site surface runoff and the chance of erosion, and also to retain and reduce any suspended solids prior to discharge:
 - Provision of perimeter channels to intercept storm-runoff from outside the site. These should be constructed in advance of site formation works and earthworks.
 - Works programmes should be designed to minimize works areas at any one time, thus minimising exposed soil areas and reducing the potential for increased siltation and runoff.
 - Sand/silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins should be provided to remove the sand/silt particles from run-off. These facilities should be properly and regularly maintained. These facilities shall be carefully planned to ensure that they would be installed at appropriate locations to capture all surface water generated on site.
 - Careful programming of the works to minimise soil excavation works during rainy seasons.
 - Exposed soil surface should be protected by paving or hydroseeding as soon as possible to reduce the potential of soil erosion.
 - Trench excavation should be avoided in the wet season, and if necessary, these should be excavated and backfilled in short sections.
 - Open stockpiles of construction materials on site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric.

General Construction Activities

10.07 Debris and rubbish generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the nearby coastal waters and stormwater drains. All fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. Open drainage channels and culverts near the works areas should be covered to block the entrance of large debris and refuse.



Wastewater Arising from Workforce

10.08 Portable toilets shall be provided by the Contractors, where necessary, to handle sewage from the workforce. The Contractor shall also be responsible for waste disposal and maintenance practices

Sediment Contamination Mitigation Measure

- 10.09 The basic requirements and procedures for dredged mud disposal are specified under the WBTC No. 34/2002. The management of the dredging, use and disposal of marine mud is monitored by the MFC, while the licensing of marine dumping is the responsibility of the Director of Environmental Protection (DEP).
- 10.10 The uncontaminated dredged sediment will be loaded onto barges and transported to the designated marine disposal site. Appropriate dredging methods have been incorporated into the recommended water quality mitigation measures including the use of closed-grab dredgers and silt curtains. Category L sediment would be suitable for disposal at a gazetted open sea disposal ground.
- During transportation and disposal of the dredged marine sediments, the following measures should be taken to minimize potential impacts on water quality:
 - Bottom opening of barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to prevent leakage of
 material. Excess material should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges and
 hopper dredgers before the vessel is moved.
 - Monitoring of the barge loading should be conducted to ensure that loss of material does not take place during transportation. Transport barges or vessels should be equipped with automatic self-monitoring devices as specified by the DEP.

Construction Waste Mitigation Measure

Good Site Practices and Waste Reduction Measures

- 10.12 It is not anticipated that adverse waste management related impacts would arise, provided that good site practices are strictly followed. Recommendations for good site practices for the construction waste arising include:
 - Nomination of an approved person, such as a site manager, to be responsible for the implementation of good site practices, arranging for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site.
 - Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical handling procedures.
 - Appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers.
 - Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal.
 - Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility.
 - Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors.
 - Maintain records of the quantities of wastes generated, recycled and disposed.
- 10.13 In order to monitor the disposal of C&D waste at landfills and to control fly tipping, a trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by an Environmental Team undertaking the Environmental Monitoring and Audit work. An Independent Environmental Checker should be responsible for auditing the results of the system.
- 10.14 Good management and control can prevent the generation of significant amount of waste. Waste reduction is best achieved at the planning and design stage, as well as by ensuring the implementation of good site practices. Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include:
 - segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal;



- to encourage collection of aluminium cans by individual collectors, separate labelled bins should be provided to segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the work force:
- any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled;
- use of reusable non-timber formwork to reduce the amount of C&D material;
- prior to disposal of C&D waste, it is recommended that wood, steel and other metals should be separated for re-use and / or recycling to minimise the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill:
- proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; and
- plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste.

General Site Wastes

10.15 A collection area should be provided where waste can be stored prior to removal from site. An enclosed and covered area is preferred for the collection of the waste to reduce 'wind blow' of light material.

Chemical Wastes

- 10.16 After use, chemical waste (eg. cleaning fluids, solvents, lubrication oil and fuel) should be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled. Spent chemicals should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers, and should be collected by an approved operator for disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation under the Waste Disposal Ordinance.
- 10.17 Any service shop and minor maintenance facilities should be located on hard standings within a bunded area, and sumps and oil interceptors should be provided. Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential for leakages and spillage should only be undertaken with the areas appropriately equipped to control these discharges.

Construction and Demolition Material

- 10.18 The C&D material should be separated on-site into three categories: (i) public fill, the inert portion of the C&D material (e.g. concrete and rubble), which should be re-used on-site or disposed of at a public filling area; (ii) C&D waste for re-use and/or recycling, the non-inert portion of the C&D material, (e.g. steel and other metals, wood, glass and plastic); (iii) C&D waste which cannot be re-used and/or recycled. The waste producers are responsible for its disposal at strategic landfills.
- 10.19 In order to minimise the impact resulting from collection and transportation of material for off-site disposal, it was recommended that inert material should be re-used on-site where possible. Prior to disposal of C&D material, it was also recommended that steel and other metals should be separated for re-use and/or recycling where practicable to minimise the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill.

Ecology Mitigation Measure

- 10.20 The following general good practice measures should be adopted to mitigate ecological impacts during marine works (including dredging and HOD);
 - Excess material from vessel loading should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings before vessels are moved to the backfilling location;
 - Dredging should cause no foam, oil, grease, scum, litter or other objectionable matter to be present on the water;
 - Adequate freeboard should be maintained to ensure that decks are not washed by wave action;
 - All pie leakages should be repaired promptly and plant Should not be operated with leaking pipes; and



- All banges and other vessels should maintain adequate clearance between vessels and the seabed at all stats of the tide and reduce operational speeds to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash.
- 10.21 In the event of exceedances of ecological action or limit level, the Contractor will be required to revise his operations as a further mitigation measure. Revisions to the operation method may include (but not be limited to):
 - Reduction in dredging rate'
 - Restriction of dredging in particular areas to specific periods in the tidal cycle
- 10.22 Should repeated non-compliances with limit level(s) occur the Contractor shall modify his working method until he is able to achieve the required compliances with the limit levels to the satisfaction of the IC(E)

Fisheries Mitigation Measure

10.23 Closed grab dredger, deployment of silt curtains around the immediate dredging area and low dredging rate have been recommended in Water Quality of the EIA report in order to minimise sediment release into the water column.

Landscape & Visual Mitigation Measure

- 10.24 Mitigation measures recommended in the EIA Report for landscape and visual impacts during the construction stage are summarised below.
 - Screening of site construction works by use of hoarding that is appropriate to its site context;
 - Retaining existing trees and minimising damage to vegetation where possible by close co-ordination and on site alignment adjusted of rising main and gravity sewer pipelines. Tree protective measures should be implemented to ensure trees identified as to be retained are satisfactorily protected during the construction phase;
 - Careful and efficient transplanting of affected trees (1 no.) to temporary or final transplant location (the proposed tree to be transported is a semi-mature *Macaranga tanarius* and is located at the proposed Pumping Station P2 location);
 - Short excavation and immediate backfilling of sections upon completion of works to reduce active site area:
 - Conservation of top-soil for reuse.
 - Night-time light source from marine fleets should be directed away from the residential units
- 10.25 The implementation schedule of mitigation measures is presented in *Appendix L*.
- 10.26 Leader had been implementing the required environmental mitigation measures according to the Sok Kwu Wan Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual subject to the site condition. Environmental mitigation measures generally implemented by Leader in this Reporting Month are summarized in *Table 10-1*.

Table 10-1 Environmental Mitigation Measures

Issues	Environmental Mitigation Measures		
Water	 Drainage channels were provided to convey run-off into the treatment facilities; 		
Quality	and		
Quality	 Drainage systems were regularly and adequately maintained. 		
Air Quality	• Cover all excavated or stockpile of dusty material by impervious sheeting or		
	sprayed with water to maintain the entire surface wet;		
	• Public roads around the site entrance/exit had been kept clean and free from dust;		
	and		
	 Tarpaulin covering of any dusty materials on a vehicle leaving the site. 		



Issues	Environmental Mitigation Measures
Noise	Good site practices to limit noise emissions at the sources;
	• Use of quite plant and working methods;
	• Use of site hoarding or other mass materials as noise barrier to screen noise at
	ground level of NSRs; and
	To minimize plant number use at the worksite.
Waste and	• Excavated material should be reused on site as far as possible to minimize off-site
Chemical	disposal. Scrap metals or abandoned equipment should be recycled if possible;
Management	• Waste arising should be kept to a minimum and be handled, transported and
ivianagement	disposed of in a suitable manner;
	• The Contractor should adopt a trip ticket system for the disposal of C&D
	materials to any designed public filling facility and/or landfill; and
	• Chemical waste shall be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on the
	Packaging, Handling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.
General	The site was generally kept tidy and clean.



11 IMPACT FORECAST

11.01 Key issues to be considered in the coming month include:

Water Quality

- Erect of sand bag in proper area to avoid any muddy surface runoff from the loose soil surface or haul road during the rainy days; and
- The accumulated stagnant water should be drained away.

Air Quality

- Vehicles shall be cleaned of mud and debris before leaving the site;
- Stockpile and loose soil surface shall be covered with tarpaulin sheet or other means to eliminate the fugitive dust;
- Water spaying on the dry haul road and exit/entrance of the site in regular basis is reminded; and
- Public roads around the site entrance/exit had been kept clean and free from dust.

Noise

- Works and equipment should be located to minimize noise nuisance from the nearest sensitive receiver; and
- Idle equipments should be either turned off or throttled down;

Waste and Chemical Management

- Housekeeping on site shall be improved;
- The Contractor is advised to fence off the construction waste at a designated area in order to maintain the tidiness of the site;
- Drip tray and proper label should be provided for all chemical containers.
- C&D waste should be disposed in regular basis.



12 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

CONCLUSIONS

- 12.01 This is the 8th Monthly EM&A Report covering the construction period from 1 to 30 April 2011 (the Reporting Period).
- 12.02 No 1-hour TSP and 24-TSP monitoring result was found to be triggered the Action or Limit Level in this Reporting Period.
- 12.03 No noise complaint (an Action Level exceedance) was received and no construction noise measurement results that exceeded the Limit Level were recorded in this reporting month.
- 12.04 No documented complaint, notification of summons or successful prosecution was received.
- 12.05 In this reporting period, site inspection was carried out on 6, 14, 19 and 26 April 2011 after the relevant land work commencement at Yung Shue Wan Portion Area on 14 September 2010. Besides, routine joint-site visit by IEC, RE, Leader and ET was carried out on 14 April 2011. All the observation has been rectified during the next week site inspection. The environmental performance of the Project was therefore considered as satisfactory.

RECOMMENDATIONS

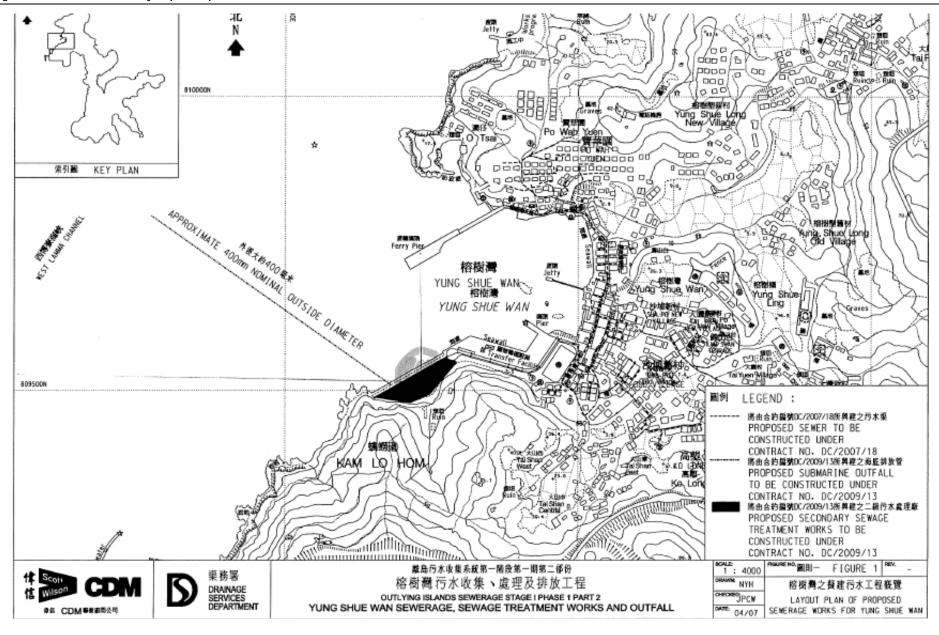
- 12.06 As wet season is approaching, the Contractor shall pay attention on the potential water impact as the construction site is adjacent to the coastline. Muddy water and other water quality pollutants via site surface water runoff into the coral zones of Yung Shue Wan seawall, Shek Kok Tsui and O Tsai should be avoided. Therefore, mitigation measures for water quality should be fully implemented.
- 12.07 Moreover, the construction dust mitigation measures identified at the EM&A Manuel such as watering at haul road and covering of dusty material should also be implemented and properly maintained in wet season.
- 12.08 Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report Volume 2 (TCS00512/10/600/R0158Ver.2) for Yung Shue Wan for the Project was issued by the ETL and verified by IEC on 7 March 2011. In view of the work progress, the construction of marine outfall works is commenced in early May, therefore, the marine water quality monitoring will be carried out and reported in the coming month accordingly.



Appendix A

Site Layout Plan – Yung Shue Wan Portion Area







Appendix B

Organization Structure and Contact Details of Relevant Parties



Contact Details of Key Personnel

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No.	Fax No.
DSD	Employer	Mr. AU Chi Kwong	-	-
SCJV	Engineer's Representative	Mr. Neil Wong	2982 0240	2982 4129
SCJV	Resident Engineer (Yung Shue Wan Portion Area)	Mr. Alfred Cheung	2982 0240	2982 4129
Scott Wilson	Independent Environmental Checker	Mr. Rodney Ip	2410 3750	2428 9922
Leader	Project Manager	Mr. Wilfred So	2982 1750	2982 1163
Leader	Site Agent/ Environmental Officer	Mr. Vincent Chan	2982 1750	2982 1163
Leader	Section Engineer (Yung Shue Wan)	Mr. Burgess Yip	2982 1750	2982 1163
Leader	Site Engineer (Yung Shue Wan)	Mr. Justin Cheng	2982 1750	2982 1163
Leader	Safety Officer	Mr. Edwin Leung	2982 1750	2982 1163
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	Mr. T. W. Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Ms. Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Assistance Environmental Consultant	Mr. Ray Cheung	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Team Supervisor	Mr. Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079

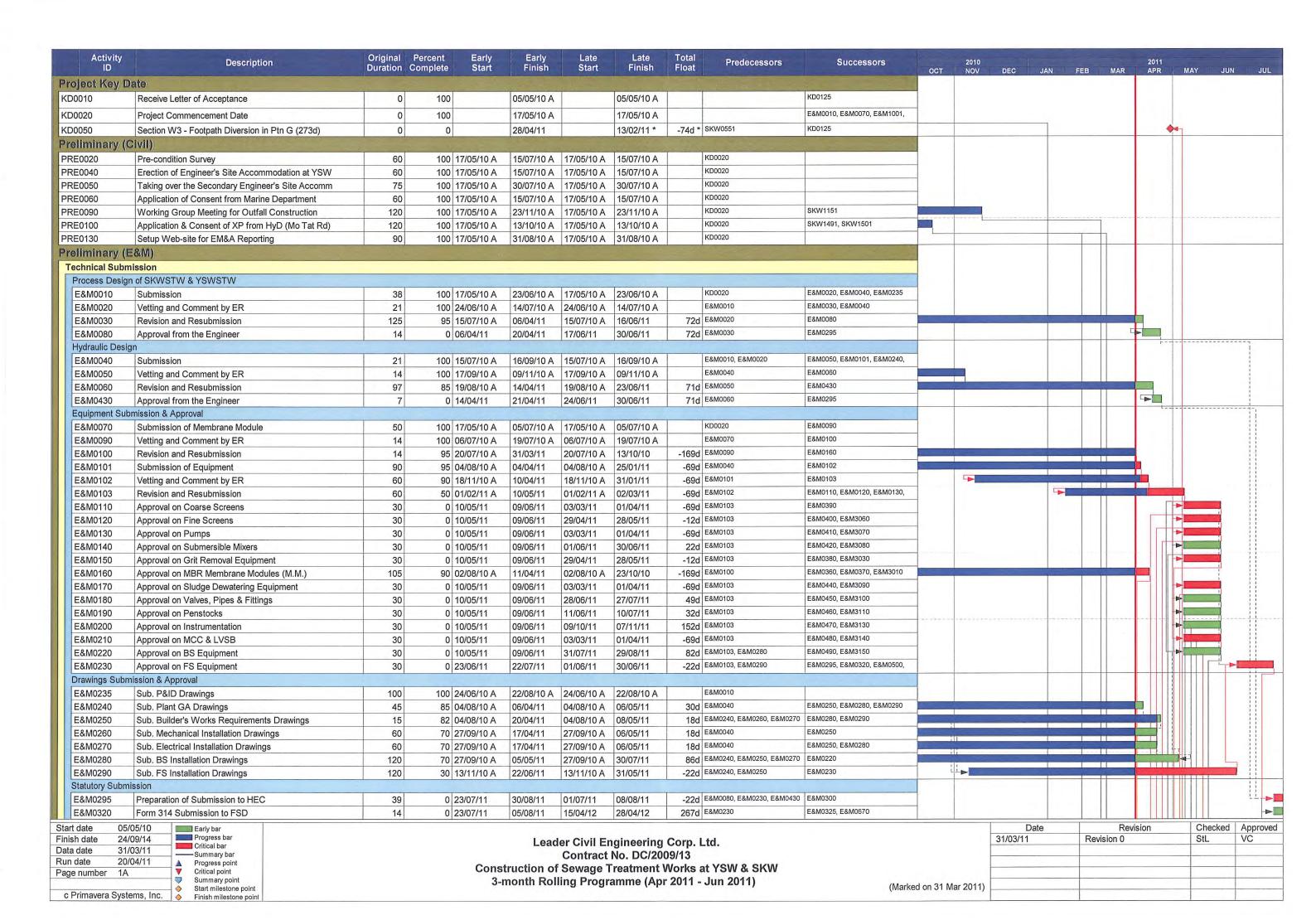
Legend:

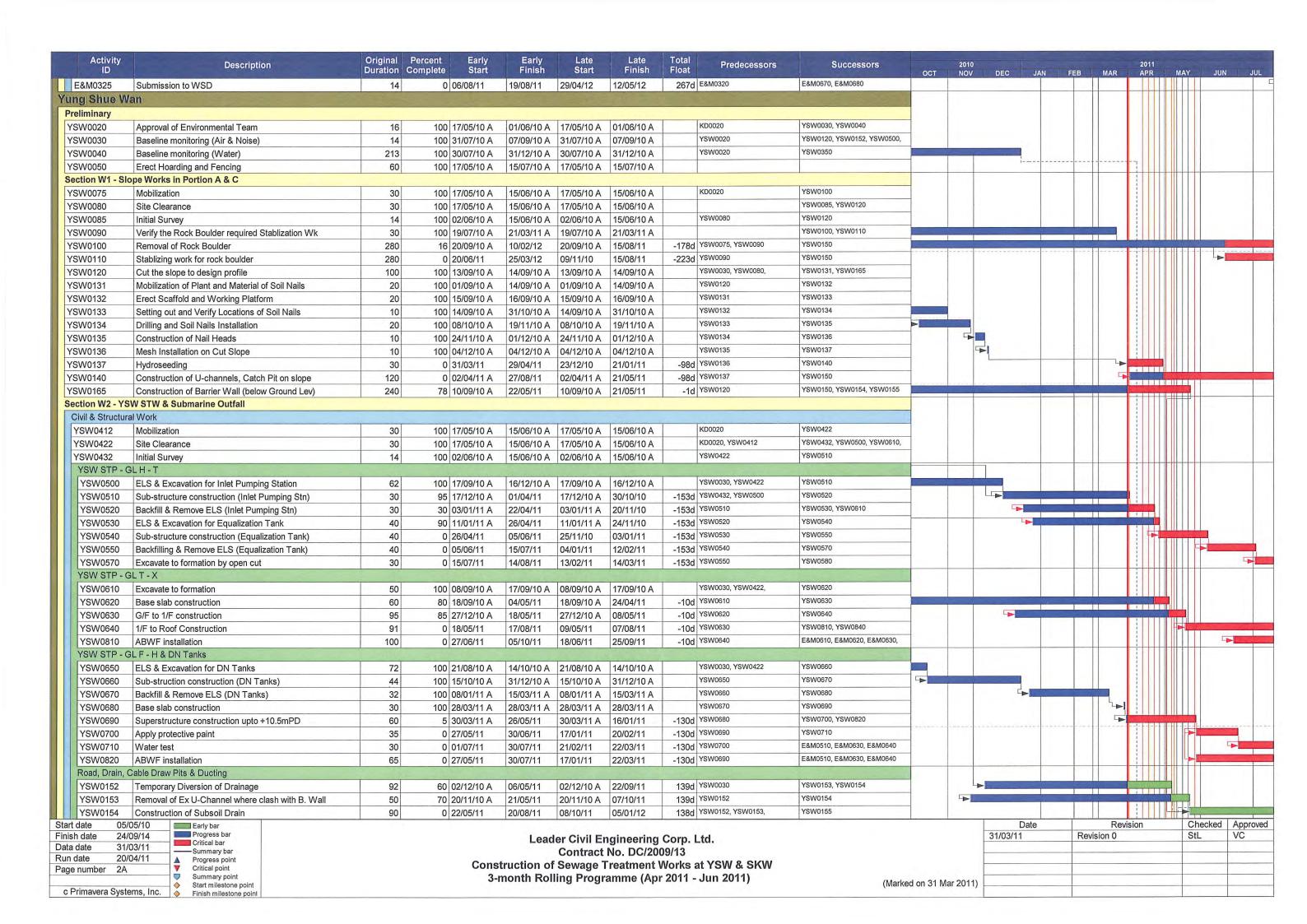
DSD (Employer) – Drainage Services Department
CDM (Engineer) – Scott Wilson CDM Joint Venture
Leader (Main Contractor) – Leader Civil Engineering Corporation Limited
Scott Wilson (IEC) – Scott Wilson Limited
AUES (ET) – Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting

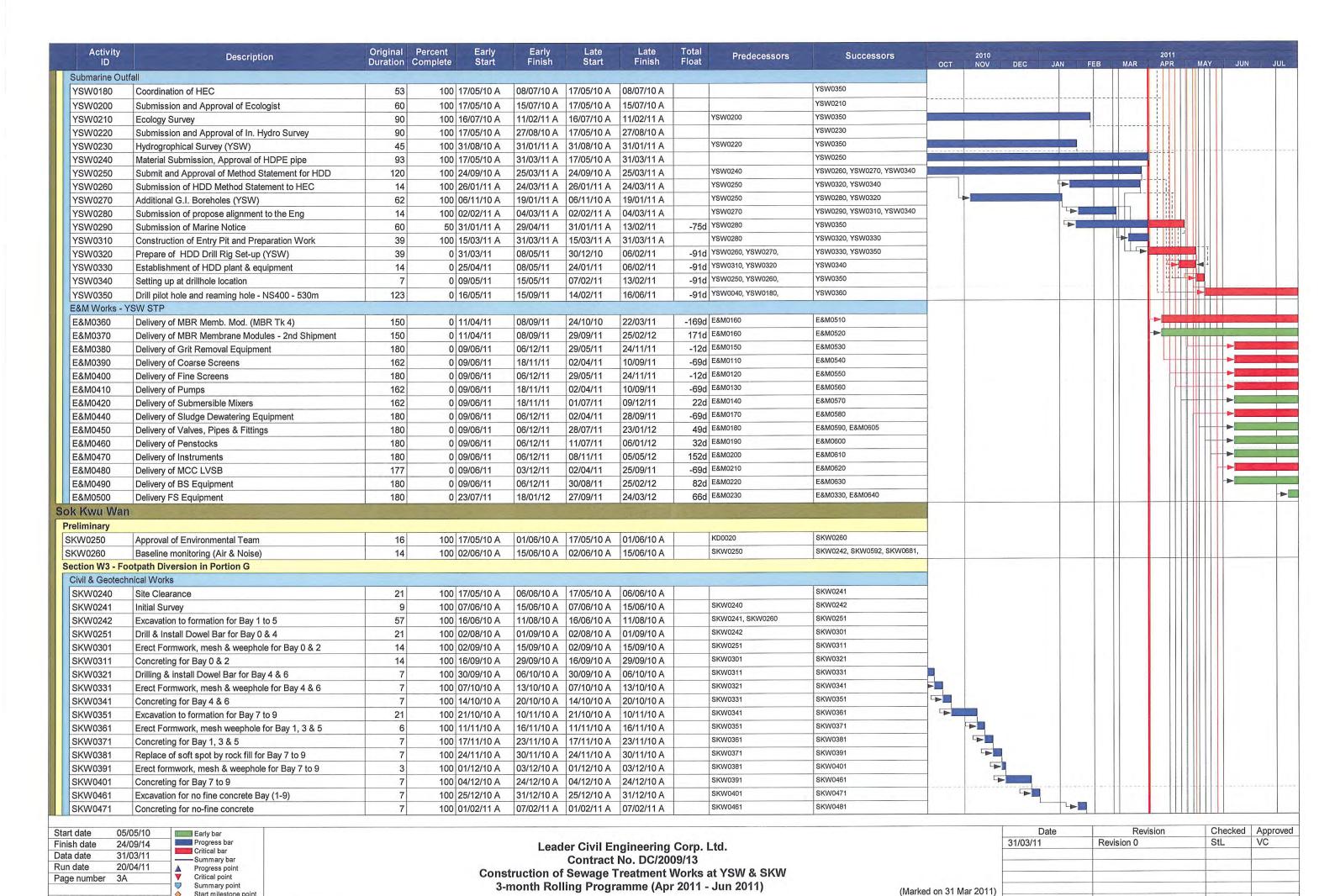


Appendix C

A Master and Three Months Rolling Construction Programs

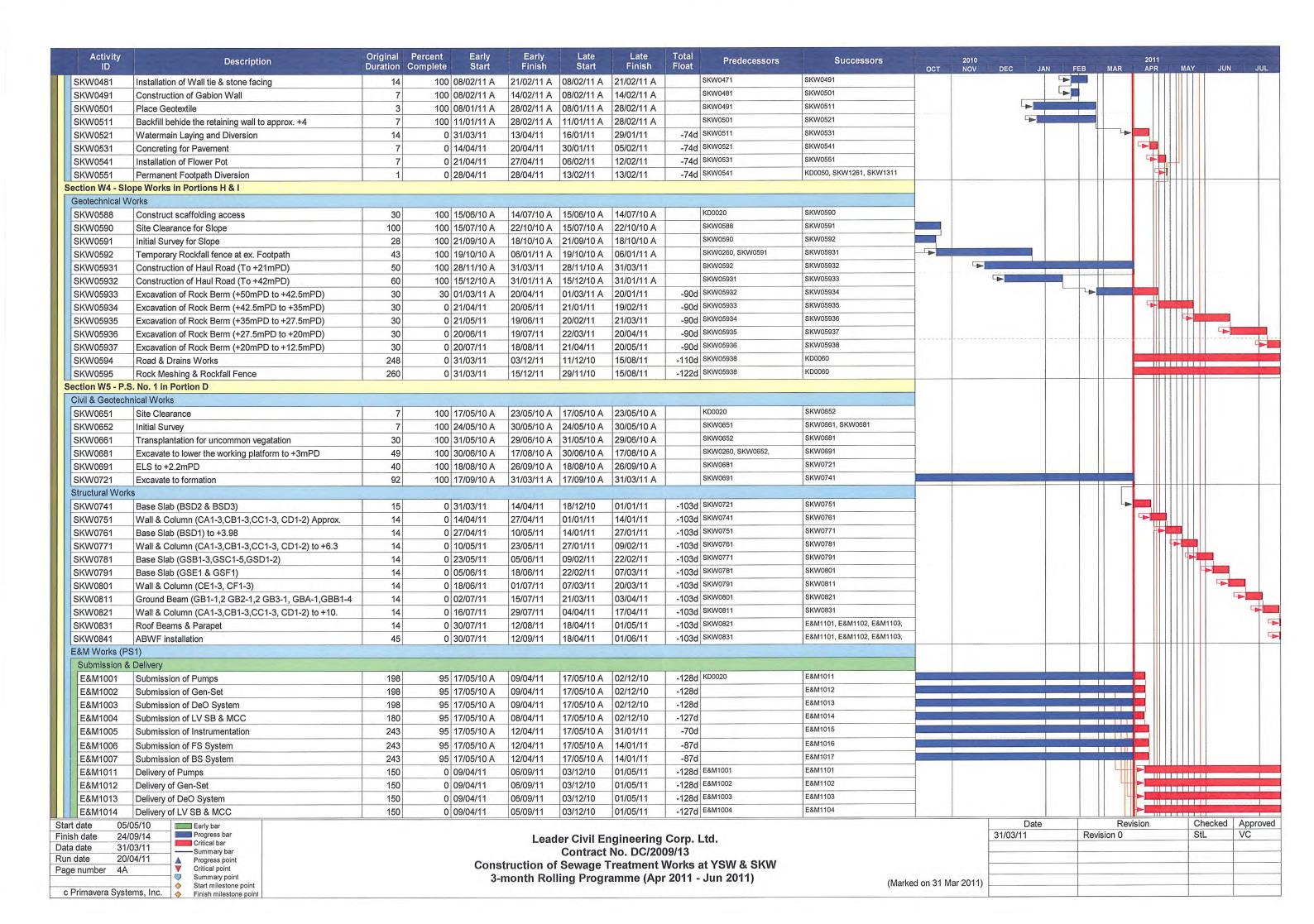


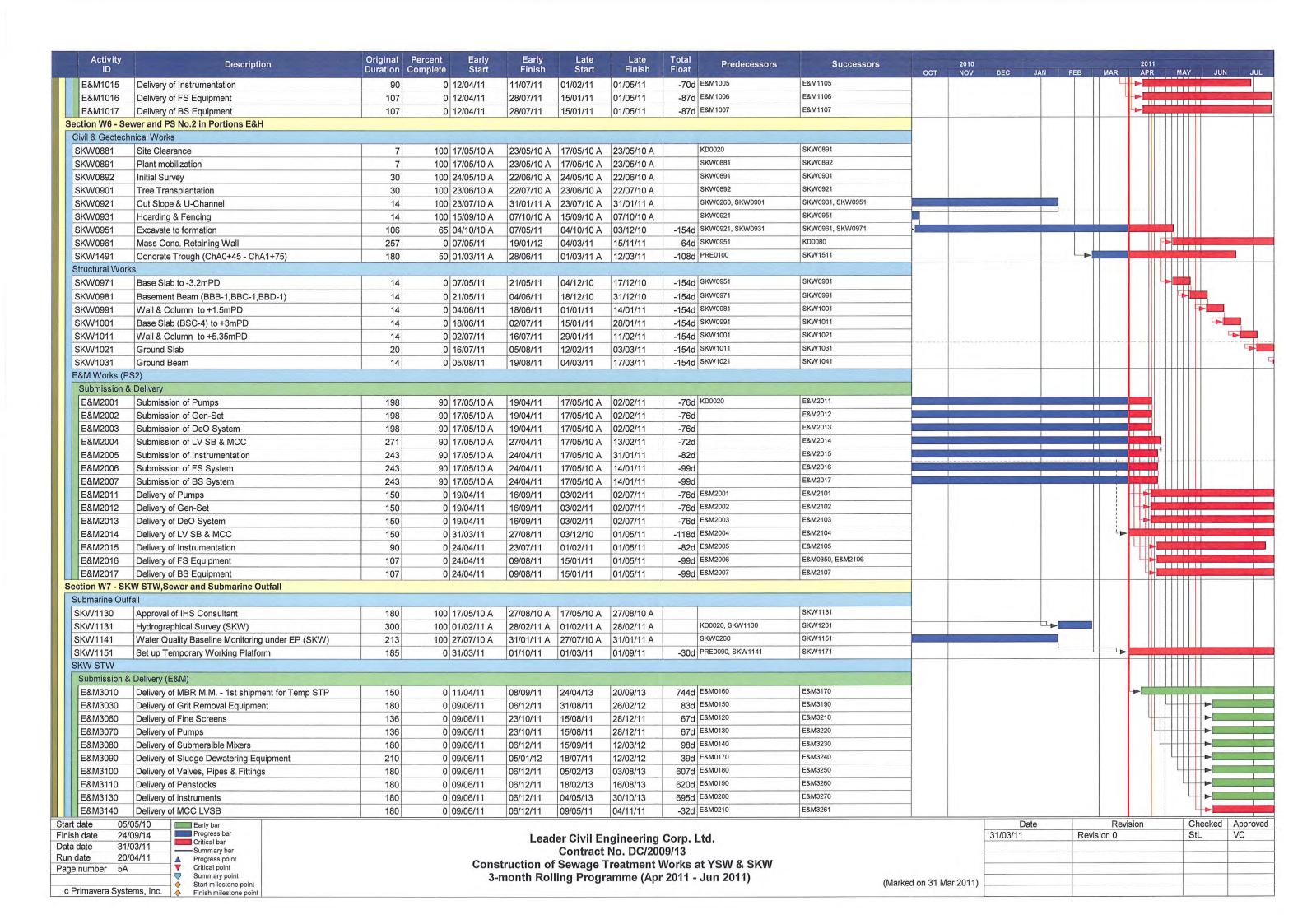




c Primavera Systems, Inc.

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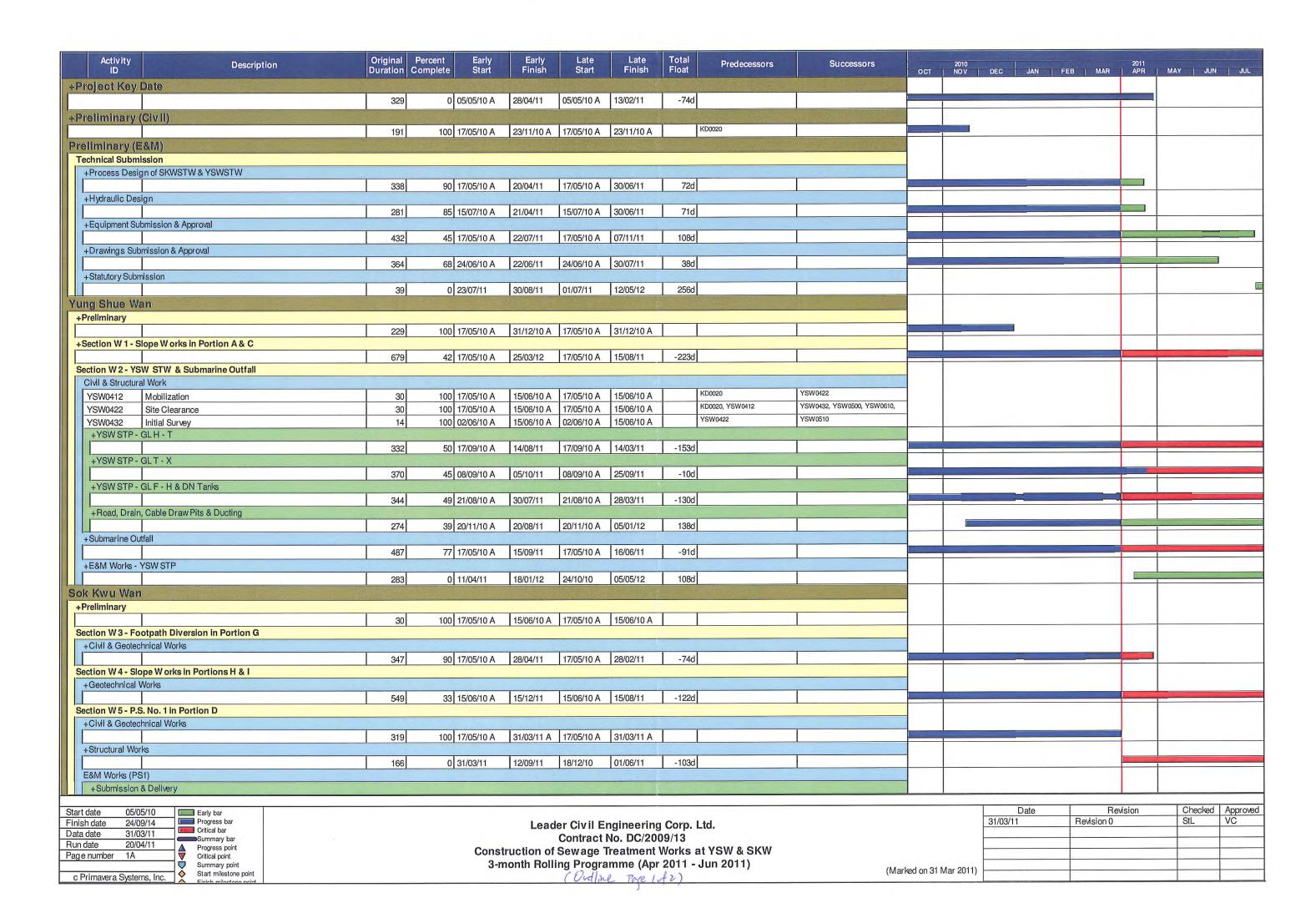
Activity	Description			Early Early	Late	Late	Total Predecessors	Successors		2010 2011								
ID	Besonption	Duration	Complete	Start Finis	Start	Finish	Float		ОСТ	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL
E&M3150	Delivery of BS Equipment	180	0 09/0	6/11 06/12/11	20/02/13	18/08/13	622d E&M0220	E&M3291										
E&M3160	Delivery of FS Equipment	180	0 23/0	7/11 18/01/12	14/01/12	11/07/12	175d E&M0230	E&M0340, E&M3300										
Construction	n of Grid A-G																	
SKW1261	Excavate for SKW STW Structure (Grid A -G)	164	0 29/04	1/11 09/10/11	14/02/11	27/07/11	-74d SKW0551	SKW1271, SKW1371										
Rising Main																		
SKW1481	Subm, Approval & Delivery of DI pipes	120	100 17/0	5/10 A 28/02/11	A 17/05/10 A	28/02/11 A	KD0020	SKW1501										
SKW1501	Concrete Trough (ChB0+00 - ChB1+20)	300	0 31/03	3/11 24/01/12	14/09/10	10/07/11	-198d PRE0100, SKW1481	SKW1521					_					
Section W8 - L	andscape Softworks in All Portions																	
SKW1591	Tree Survey	21	100 17/0	5/10 A 06/06/10	A 17/05/10 A	06/06/10 A	KD0020	SKW1621										
SKW1611	Preservation & Protection of Trees	822	40 17/0	5/10 A 05/08/12	17/05/10 A	05/08/12	0 KD0020	KD0100, SKW1631	E 175-3			A						
SKW1621	Transplantation at SKW	60	100 07/08	6/10 A 05/10/10	A 07/06/10 A	05/10/10 A	SKW1591											

Start date	05/05/10	Early bar
Finish date	24/09/14	Progress bar
Data date	31/03/11	Critical bar ——Summary bar
Run date	20/04/11	A Progress point
Page number	6A	▼ Critical point
		Summary point Start milestone point
c Primavera	Systems, Inc.	Finish milestone point

Leader Civil Engineering Corp. Ltd.
Contract No. DC/2009/13
Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at YSW & SKW
3-month Rolling Programme (Apr 2011 - Jun 2011)

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved		
31/03/11	Revision 0	StL	VC		

(Marked on 31 Mar 2011)



Activity ID	Description	Original Duration	Percent Early Complete Start	Early Finish	Late Start	Late Finish	Total Float	Predecessors	Successors	ост	2010 NOV DE	C JAN	FEB MA	2011 R APR	MAY JU	N JUL
		478	59 17/05/10 A	06/09/11	17/05/10 A	01/05/11	-128d					ne ne renerite ne	1 1 1			
Section W 6 - Sev	wer and PS No.2 in Portions E&H															
+Civil & Geotech	hnical Works			The state of the s												
		612	40 17/05/10 A	19/01/12	17/05/10 A	15/11/11	-64d									
+Structural Worl	rks															
		104	0 07/05/11	19/08/11	04/12/10	17/03/11	-154d									
E&M Works (PS	52)															
+Submission 8	& Delivery	- Collinson														
		488	57 17/05/10 A	16/09/11	17/05/10 A	02/07/11	-76d									
Section W7 - SK	W STW, Sewer and Submarine Outfall	•		•												
+Submarine Out	tfall															
		503	79 17/05/10 A	01/10/11	17/05/10 A	01/09/11	-30d						100			
SKW STW	The second secon									-1						
+Submission &	& Delivery (E&M)															
		283	0 11/04/11	18/01/12	09/05/11	30/10/13	651d									
+Construction	n of Grid A-G															
		164	0 29/04/11	09/10/11	14/02/11	27/07/11	-74d									
+Rising Main																
		618	29 17/05/10 A	24/01/12	17/05/10 A	10/07/11	-198d									
+Section W8 - La	andscape Softworks in All Portions															
		811	45 17/05/10 A	05/08/12	17/05/10 A	05/08/12	0			VI						

Start date	05/05/10		Early bar
Finish date	24/09/14		Progress bar
Data date	31/03/11		Critical bar Summary bar
Run date	20/04/11	A	Progress point
Page number	2A	7	Critical point
			Summary point
c Primavera	Systems, Inc.	\Diamond	Start milestone point

Leader Civil Engineering Corp. Ltd.
Contract No. DC/2009/13
Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at YSW & SKW
3-month Rolling Programme (Apr 2011 - Jun 2011)

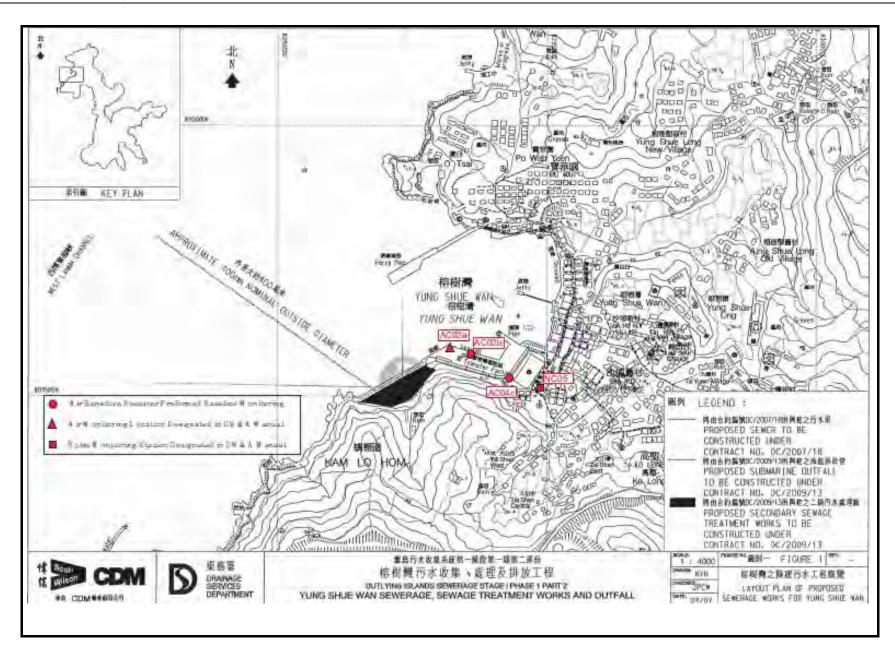
	Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
	31/03/11	Revision 0	StL	VC
(Marked on 31 Mar 2011)				



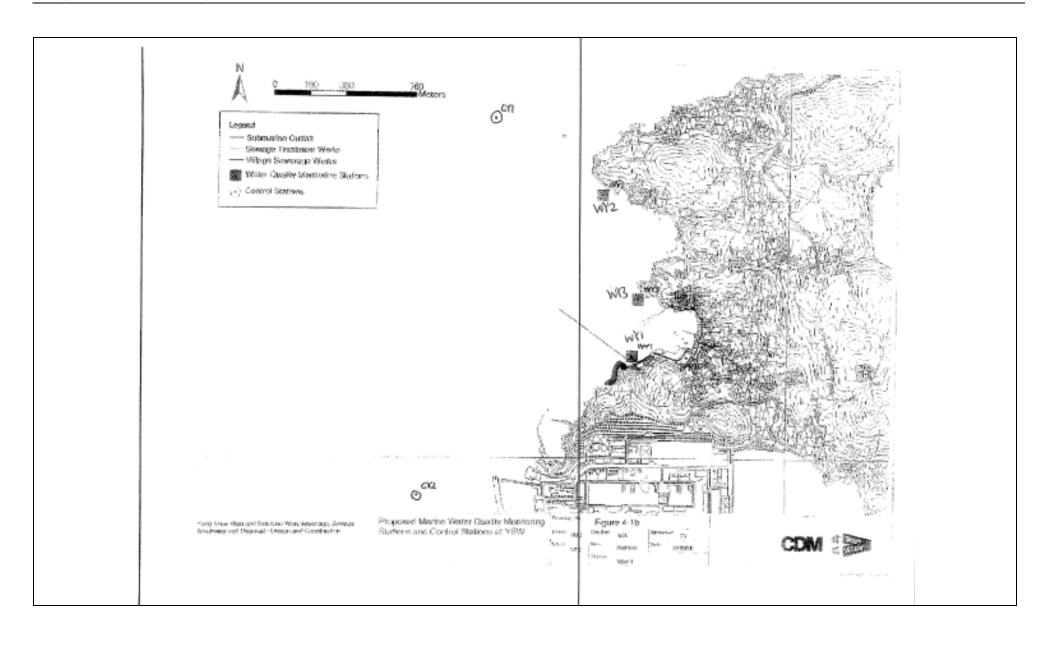
Appendix D

Location of Monitoring Stations
(Air Quality / Construction Noise / Water Quality)











Appendix E

Monitoring Equipments Calibration Certificate

TSP SAMPLER CALIBRATION CALCULATION SPREADSHEET

Location: YSW Playground

Location ID: AC04c

Date of Calibration: 1-Feb-11

Next Calibration Date: 1-Apr-11

Technician: Mr. Ben Tam

CONDITIONS

Sea Level Pressure (hPa)
Temperature (°C)

1016.5
20.5

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg)
Temperature (K)

762.375 294

CALIBRATION ORIFICE

Make->	TISCH
Model->	5025A
Serial # ->	1483

Qstd Slope -> Qstd Intercept ->

2.00279 -0.00494

CALIBRATION

- D1	TT20 (T.)	TT00 (D)	TT00		-	7.0	T T T T T T
Plate	H20(L)	H2O (R)	H20	Qstd	1	IC	LINEAR
No.	(in)	(in)	(in)	(m3/min)	(chart)	corrected	REGRESSION
18	5.1	5.1	10.2	1.612	59	60.00	Slope = 32.1600
13	4.1	4.1	8.2	1.445	54	54.91	Intercept = 8.1629
10	3.3	3.3	6.6	1.297	49	49.83	Corr. coeff. = 0.9995
7	2.6	2.6	5.2	1.152	44	44.74	
5	1.4	1.4	2.8	0.846	35	35.59	

Calculations:

Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H20(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b]

IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]

Qstd = standard flow rate

IC = corrected chart respones

I = actual chart response

m = calibrator Qstd slope

b = calibrator Qstd intercept

Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K Pstd = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg

For subsequent calculation of sampler flow:

1/m((I)[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)]-b)

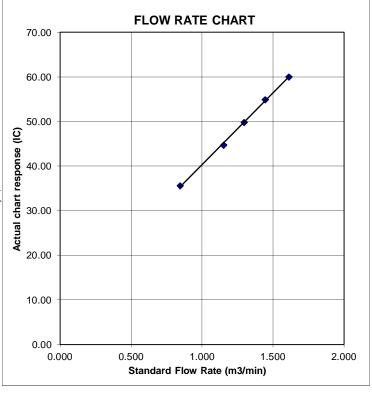
m = sampler slope

b = sampler intercept

I = chart response

Tay = daily average temperature

Pav = daily average pressure



TSP SAMPLER CALIBRATION CALCULATION SPREADSHEET

Location: YSW RE Offices

Date of Calibration: 1-Apr-11

Location ID: AC02b

Next Calibration Date: 1-Jun-11

Technician: Mr. Ben Tam

CONDITIONS

Sea Level Pressure (hPa)
Temperature (°C)

1016.5
20.5

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg)
Temperature (K)

762.375

CALIBRATION ORIFICE

Make->	TISCH
Model->	5025A
Serial # ->	1483

Qstd Slope -> Qstd Intercept ->

2.00279

CALIBRATION

L								
	Plate	H20 (L)	H2O (R)	H20	Qstd	I	IC	LINEAR
l	No.	(in)	(in)	(in)	(m3/min)	(chart)	corrected	REGRESSION
	18	5.2	5.2	10.4	1.628	59	60.00	Slope = 30.9168
	13	4.2	4.2	8.4	1.463	53	53.90	Intercept = 9.0895
	10	3.3	3.3	6.6	1.297	48	48.81	Corr. coeff. = 0.9989
	7	2.2	2.2	4.4	1.059	41	41.69	
	5	1.4	1.4	2.8	0.846	35	35.59	

Calculations:

Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H20(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b]

IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]

Qstd = standard flow rate

IC = corrected chart respones

I = actual chart response

m = calibrator Qstd slope

b = calibrator Qstd intercept

Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K Pstd = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg

For subsequent calculation of sampler flow:

1/m((I)[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)]-b)

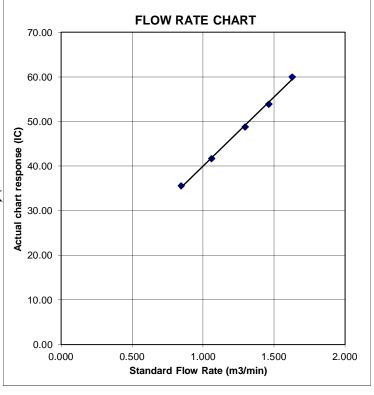
m = sampler slope

b = sampler intercept

I = chart response

Tay = daily average temperature

Pav = daily average pressure





TISCH ENVIROMENTAL, INC. 145 SOUTH MIAMI AVE. VILLAGE OF CLEVES, OH 45002 513.467.9000 877.263.7610 TOLL FREE 513.467.9009 FAX WWW.TISCH-ENV.COM

AIR POLLUTION MONITORING EQUIPMENT

ORIFICE TRANSFER STANDARD CERTIFICATION WORKSHEET TE-5025A

Date - Ju Operator	ın 02, 2010 Tisch	Rootsmeter Orifice I.I		9833620 1483	Ta (K) - Pa (mm) -	297 746.76
PLATE OR Run #	VOLUME START (m3)	VOLUME STOP (m3)	DIFF VOLUME (m3)	DIFF TIME (min)	METER DIFF Hg (mm)	ORFICE DIFF H2O (in.)
1 2 3 4 5	NA NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	1.3990 0.9820 0.8770 0.8350 0.6910	3.2 6.4 7.9 8.8 12.8	2.00 4.00 5.00 5.50 8.00

DATA TABULATION

Vstd	(x axis) Qstd	(y axis)	Va	(x axis) Qa	(y axis)
0.9816 0.9775 0.9754 0.9742 0.9689	0.7017 0.9954 1.1122 1.1668 1.4023	1.4042 1.9858 2.2202 2.3286 2.8084	0.9957 0.9914 0.9893 0.9882 0.9828	0.7117 1.0096 1.1281 1.1835 1.4223	0.8919 1.2613 1.4102 1.4790 1.7837
Qstd slo	ot (b) = lent (r) =	2.00279 -0.00494 0.99994 	 Qa slop intercep coeffici	ot (b) =	1.25411 -0.00314 0.99994

CALCULATIONS

Vstd = Diff. Vol[(Pa-Diff. Hg)/760](298/Ta)
Qstd = Vstd/Time

Va = Diff Vol [(Pa-Diff Hg)/Pa] Qa = Va/Time

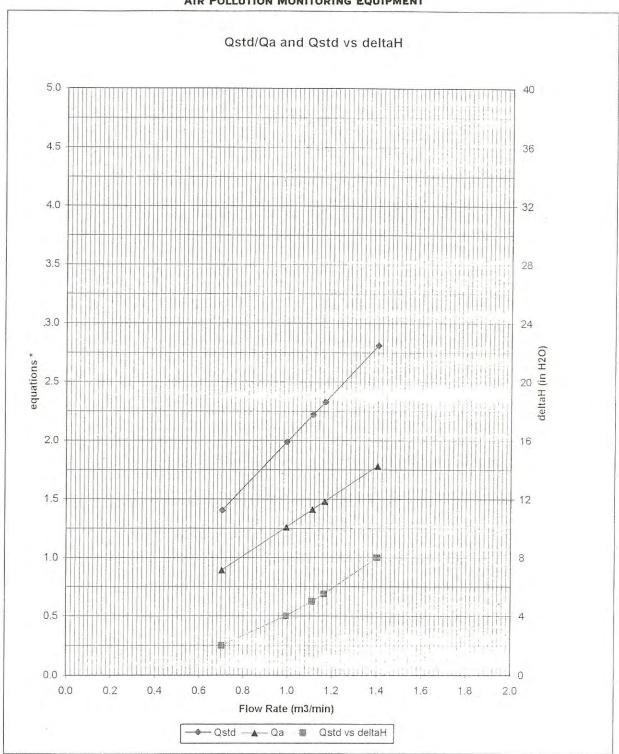
For subsequent flow rate calculations:

Qstd = $1/m\{[SQRT(H2O(Pa/760)(298/Ta))] - b\}$ Qa = $1/m\{[SQRT H2O(Ta/Pa)] - b\}$



TISCH ENVIROMENTAL, INC. 145 SOUTH MIAMI AVE. VILLAGE OF CLEVES, OH 45002 513.467.9000 877.263.7610 TOLL FREE 513.467.9009 FAX WWW.TISCH-ENV.COM

AIR POLLUTION MONITORING EQUIPMENT



* y-axis equations:

Qstd series:

$$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{P a}{P s t d}\right) \left(\frac{T s t d}{T a}\right)}$$

Qa series:

$$\sqrt{(\Delta H (Ta/Pa))}$$

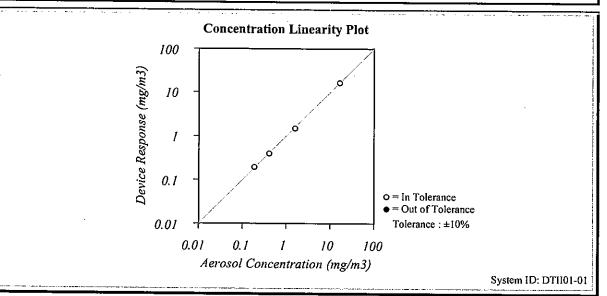
#1483



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION AND TESTING

TSI Incorporated, 500 Cardigan Road, Shoreview, MN 55126 USA Tel: 1-800-874-2811 1-651-490-2811 Fax: 1-651-490-3824 http://www.tsi.com

Environment Condition		· · ·	Madal	AME40
Temperature	73.2 (22.9)	°F (°C)	Model	AM510
Relative Humidity	38	%RH	C. C.IN.	4400000
Barometric Pressure	29.08 (984.8)	inHg (hPa)	Serial Number	11008060



TSI Incorporated does hereby certify that all materials, components, and workmanship used in the manufacture of this equipment are in strict accordance with the applicable specifications agreed upon by TSI and the customer and with all published specifications. All performance and acceptance tests required under this contract were successfully conducted according to required specifications. There is no NIST standard for optical mass measurements. Calibration of this instrument performed by TSI has been done using emery oil and has been nominally adusted to respirable mass of standard ISO 12103-1, Al test dust (Arizona dust). Our calibration ratio is greater than 1.2:1

Measurement Variable Photometer DC Voltage(Keithley) Barometric Pressure Humidity	System ID E003433 E002859 E003733 E002873	<u>Last Cal.</u> 05-17-10 01-05-10 12-26-09 02-23-10	Cal. Due 11-17-10 01-05-11 12-26-10 02-23-11	Measurement Variable Flow and temperature Microbalance Temperature Pressure	System ID E003434 E003403 E002873 E003440	Last Cal. 04-21-10 01-07-10 02-23-10 08-26-09	Cal. Due 04-21-11 01-07-11 02-23-11 08-26-10
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Tao Vans
Calibrated

Final Function
Check
Date

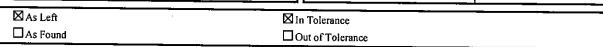


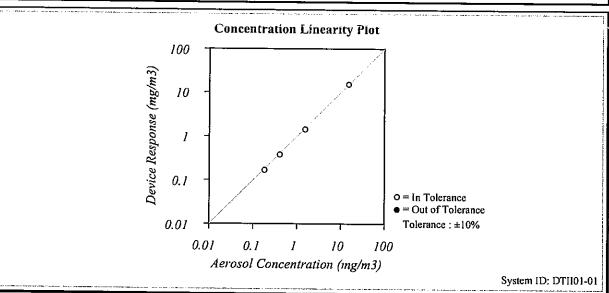
CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION AND TESTING

TSI Incorporated, 500 Cardigan Road, Shoreview, MN 55126 USA Tel: 1-800-874-2811 1-651-490-2811 Fax: 1-651-490-3824 http://www.tsi.com

Environment Condition	Madal			
Temperature	74.8 (23.8)	°F (°C)	Model	
Relative Humidity	38	%RH		
Barometric Pressure	28.96 (980.7)	inHg (hPa)	Serial Number	

Model AM510
Serial Number 11008017





TSI Incorporated does hereby certify that all materials, components, and workmanship used in the manufacture of this equipment are in strict accordance with the applicable specifications agreed upon by TSI and the customer and with all published specifications. All performance and acceptance tests required under this contract were successfully conducted according to required specifications. There is no NIST standard for optical mass measurements. Calibration of this instrument performed by TSI has been done using emery oil and has been nominally adusted to respirable mass of standard ISO 12103-1, Al test dust (Arizona dust). Our calibration ratio is greater than 1.2:1

Photometer E002 DC Voltage(Keithley) E002 Barometric Pressure E003	tem ID Last Cal. 03433 05-17-10 02859 01-05-10 03733 12-26-09 02-23-10	Cal. Due 11-17-10 01-05-11 12-26-10 02-23-11	Measurement Variable Flow and temperature Microbalance Temperature Pressure	System ID E003434 E003403 E002873 E003440	Last Cal. 04-21-10 01-07-10 02-23-10 08-26-09	Cal. Due 04-21-11 01-07-11 02-23-11 08-26-10
--	--	--	---	---	---	--

Sona H.

Final Function Check

August 6, 2010

Date

Calibrated

© GOES 346



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Certificate No.: C102350

Certificate of Calibration

This is to certify that the equipment

Description: Integrating Sound Level Meter (EQ008)

Manufacturer: Bruel & Kjaer

Model No.: 2238

Serial No.: 2285690

has been calibrated for the specific items and ranges. The results are shown in the Calibration Report No. C102350.

The equipment is supplied by

Co. Name: Action-United Environmental Services and Consulting

Address: Unit A, 20/F., Gold King Industrial Building, 35-41 Tai Lin Pai Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.

Date of Issue: 30 April 2010

Certified by:

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No. : C102350

Calibration Report

ITEM TESTED

DESCRIPTION

: Integrating Sound Level Meter (EQ008)

MANUFACTURER:

Bruel & Kjaer

MODEL NO.

2238

SERIAL NO.

2285690

TEST CONDITIONS

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE : $(23 \pm 2)^{\circ}$ C

RELATIVE HUMIDITY: $(55 \pm 20)\%$

LINE VOLTAGE

TEST SPECIFICATIONS

Calibration check

DATE OF TEST: 29 April 2010

JOB NO. : IC10-0951

TEST RESULTS

The results apply to the particular unit-under-test only. All results are within manufacturer's specification.

The results are detailed in the subsequent page(s).

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to National Standards via:

- The Government of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Standard & Calibration Laboratory
- Agilent Technologies, USA
- Fluke Everett Service Center, USA
- Rohde & Schwarz Laboratory, Germany

Tested by:

Date: 30 April 2010

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report, This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No.: C102350

Calibration Report

- 1. The unit-under-test (UUT) was allowed to stabilize in the laboratory for over 24 hours, and switched on to warm up for over 10 minutes before the commencement of the test.
- 2. Self-calibration using the laboratory acoustic calibrator was performed before the test 6.1.1.2 to 6.4.
- 3. The results presented are the mean of 3 measurements at each calibration point.
- 4. Test equipment:

Equipment ID

Description

Certificate No.

CL280 CL281

40 MHz Arbitrary Waveform Generator Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator

C100067 DC090052

Test procedure: MA101N.

6. Results:

5.

- 6.1 Sound Pressure Level
- 6.1.1 Reference Sound Pressure Level

6.1.1.1 Before Self-calibration

	UUT Setting				Value	UUT
Range (dB)	Parameter	Frequency Weighting	Time Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq. (kHz)	Reading (dB)
50 - 130	L_{AFP}	A	F	94.00	1	94.1

6.1.1.2 After Self-calibration

UUT Setting				Applied Value		UUT	IEC 60651
Range	Parameter	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading	Type 1 Spec.
(dB)		Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)	(dB)
50 - 130	L_{AFP}	A	F	94.00	1	94.0	± 0.7

6.1.2 Linearity

	UU	T Setting		Applie	d Value	UUT
Range	Parameter	Frequency	Time	Level Freq.		Reading
(dB)		Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)
50 - 130	L_{AFP}	Α	F	94.00	1	94.0 (Ref.)
				104.00		104.0
				114.00		114.0

IEC 60651 Type 1 Spec. : \pm 0.4 dB per 10 dB step and \pm 0.7 dB for overall different.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No.: C102350

Calibration Report

6.2 Time Weighting

6.2.1 Continuous Signal

Communa	915						
	UU'	T Setting		Applied Value		UUT	IEC 60651
Range	Parameter	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading	Type 1 Spec.
(dB)		Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)	(dB)
50 - 130	L_{AFP}	A	F	94.00	1	94.0	Ref.
	L_{ASP}		S			94.1	± 0.1
	L_{AIP}		I			94.1	± 0.1

6.2.2 Tone Burst Signal (2 kHz)

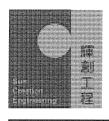
	UUT	Setting		App	lied Value	UUT	IEC 60651
Range	Parameter	Frequency	Time	Level	Burst	Reading	Type 1 Spec.
(dB)		Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	Duration	(dB)	(dB)
30 - 110	L_{AFP}	A	F	106.0	Continuous	106.0	Ref.
	L _{AFMax}	2			200 ms	105.0	-1.0 ± 1.0
	L_{ASP}		S		Continuous	106.0	Ref.
	L _{ASMax}				500 ms	102.0	-4.1 ± 1.0

6.3 Frequency Weighting

A-Weighting 6.3.1

	UUT Setting			Applied Value		UUT	IEC 60651
Range	Parameter	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading	Type 1 Spec.
(dB)		Weighting	Weighting	(dB)		(dB)	(dB)
50 - 130	L_{AFP}	A	F	94.00	31.5 Hz	54.7	-39.4 ± 1.5
					63 Hz	67.8	-26.2 ± 1.5
					125 Hz	77.8	-16.1 ± 1.0
					250 Hz	85.3	-8.6 ± 1.0
					500 Hz	90.7	-3.2 ± 1.0
					1 kHz	94.0	Ref.
					2 kHz	95.2	$+1.2 \pm 1.0$
					4 kHz	95.0	$+1.0 \pm 1.0$
					8 kHz	92.9	-1.1 (+1.5 ; -3.0)
					12.5 kHz	89.8	-4.3 (+3.0 ; -6.0)

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No.: C102350

Calibration Report

6.3.2 C-Weighting

	UUT	Setting		Appli	ed Value	UUT	IEC 60651
Range	Parameter	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading	Type 1 Spec.
(dB)		Weighting	Weighting	(dB)		(dB)	(dB)
50 - 130	L_{CFP}	С	F	94.00	31.5 Hz	91.1	-3.0 ± 1.5
					63 Hz	93.2	-0.8 ± 1.5
					125 Hz	93.8	-0.2 ± 1.0
					250 Hz	93.9	0.0 ± 1.0
					500 Hz	94.0	0.0 ± 1.0
					1 kHz	94.0	Ref.
					2 kHz	93.8	-0.2 ± 1.0
					4 kHz	93.2	-0.8 ± 1.0
					8 kHz	91.0	-3.0 (+1.5; -3.0)
					12.5 kHz	87.8	-6.2 (+3.0 ; -6.0)

6.4 Time Averaging

	UL	JT Setting			Ap	UUT	IEC 60804			
Range (dB)	Mode	Frequency Weighting	Integrating Time	Frequency (kHz)	Burst Duration	Burst Duty	Burst Level	Equivalent Level	Reading (dB)	Type 1 Spec.
					(ms)	Factor	(dB)	(dB)		(dB)
30 - 110	L_{Aeq}	Α	10 sec.	4	1	1/10	110.0	100	99.9	± 0.5
						1/10 ²		90	89.6	± 0.5
			60 sec.			1/10 ³		80	79.7	± 1.0
			5 min.			1/104		70	69.7	± 1.0

Remarks: - Mfr's Spec.: IEC 60651 Type 1 & IEC 60804 Type 1

- Uncertainties of Applied Value : 94 dB : 31.5 Hz - 125 Hz : \pm 0.40 dB

250 Hz - 500 Hz : ± 0.30 dB 1 kHz : ± 0.20 dB 2 kHz : ± 0.40 dB 4 kHz : ± 0.50 dB 8 kHz : ± 0.70 dB

12.5 kHz : $\pm 0.70 \text{ dB}$

 $104 \, dB : 1 \, kHz$: $\pm 0.10 \, dB \, (Ref. 94 \, dB)$ $114 \, dB : 1 \, kHz$: $\pm 0.10 \, dB \, (Ref. 94 \, dB)$ Burst equivalent level : $\pm 0.2 \, dB \, (Ref. 110 \, dB)$

continuous sound level)

- The uncertainties are for a confidence probability of not less than 95 %.

Note:

The values given in this Calibration Report only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environment changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Sun Creation Engineering Limited shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Certificate No.: C102285

Certificate of Calibration

This is to certify that the equipment

Description: Acoustical Calibrator (EQ081)

Manufacturer: Bruel & Kjaer

Model No.: 4231

Serial No.: 2326408

has been calibrated for the specific items and ranges. The results are shown in the Calibration Report No. C102285.

The equipment is supplied by

Co. Name: Action-United Environmental Services and Consulting

Address: Unit A, 20/F., Gold King Industrial Building, 35-41 Tai Lin Pai Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.

Date of Issue: 27 April 2010

Certified by:

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.

Website: www.suncreation.com

Tel: 2927 2606

Fax: 2744 8986

E-mail: callab@suncreation.com



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No.: C102285

Calibration Report

ITEM TESTED

DESCRIPTION

: Acoustical Calibrator (EQ081)

MANUFACTURER:

Bruel & Kjaer

MODEL NO.

4231

SERIAL NO.

: 2326408

TEST CONDITIONS

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE : $(23 \pm 2)^{\circ}$ C

RELATIVE HUMIDITY: $(55 \pm 20)\%$

LINE VOLTAGE

. ---

TEST SPECIFICATIONS

Calibration check

DATE OF TEST: 26 April 2010

JOB NO. : IC10-0951

TEST RESULTS

The results apply to the particular unit-under-test only.

All results are within manufacturer's specification.

The results are detailed in the subsequent page(s).

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to National Standards via:

- The Government of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Standard & Calibration Laboratory
- Rohde & Schwarz Laboratory, Germany
- Fluke Precision Measurement Ltd., UK
- Fluke Everett Service Center, USA
- Agilent Technologies, USA

Tested by:

W I I ai

Date: 27 April 2010

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.

Calibration and Testing Laboratory of Sun Creation Engineering Limited



Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Report No.: C102285

Calibration Report

- 1. The unit-under-test (UUT) was allowed to stabilize in the laboratory for over 24 hours before the commencement of the test.
- 2. The results presented are the mean of 3 measurements at each calibration point.
- 3. Test equipment:

Equipment ID TST150A CL130 CL281 <u>Description</u>
Measuring Amplifier
Universal Counter
Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator

Certificate No. C101008 C093122 DC090052

- 4. Test procedure: MA100N.
- 5. Results:

5.1 Sound Level Accuracy

UUT	Measured Value	Mfr's Spec.	Uncertainty of Measured Value
Nominal Value	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
94 dB, 1 kHz	94.0	± 0.2	± 0.2
114 dB, 1 kHz	114.0		

5.2 Frequency Accuracy

UUT Nominal Value	Measured Value	Mfr's	Uncertainty of Measured Value
(kHz)	(kHz)	Spec.	(Hz)
1	1.000 0	1 kHz ± 0.1 %	± 0.1

Remark: - The uncertainties are for a confidence probability of not less than 95 %.

Note:

The values given in this Calibration Report only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environment changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Sun Creation Engineering Limited shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the National Standards as specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full and with prior written approval from this laboratory.



Appendix F

Event and Action Plan



Air Quality



EVENT	ACTION			
	ET	IC(E)	ER	CONTRACTOR
ACTION LEVEL				
1. Exceedance for one sample	 Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform IC(E) and ER; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily. 	Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method.	Notify Contractor.	Rectify any unacceptable practice; Amend working methods if appropriate.
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	 Identify source; Inform IC(E) and ER; Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Repeat measurements to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Discuss with IC(E) and Contractor on remedial actions required; If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IC(E) and ER; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the ET on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Supervise Implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented. 	 Submit proposals for remedial to ER within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate.
	•	LIMIT LEVEL		
Exceedance for one sample	 Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform ER, Contractor and EPD; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IC(E), EPD and ER informed of the results. 	Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Supervise implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IC(E) within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate.
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	1. Notify IC(E), ER, Contractor and EPD; 2. Identify source; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm findings; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 6. Arrange meeting with IC(E) and ER to discuss the remedial actions to be taken; 7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IC(E), EPD and ER informed of the results; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; In consolidation with the IC(E), agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. 	 Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IC(E) within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.



Construction Noise



EVENT	ACTION			
	ET	IC(E)	ER	CONTRACTOR
Action Level	 Notify IC(E) and Contractor; Carry out investigation; Report the results of investigation to the IC(E), ER and Contractor; Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness 	 Review the analysed results submitted by the ET; Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented. 	 Submit noise mitigation proposals to IC(E); Implement noise mitigation proposals.
Limit Level	 Identify source; Inform IC(E), ER, EPD and Contractor; Repeat measurements to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency; Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; Inform IC(E), ER and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IC(E), EPD and ER informed of the results; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. 	1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IC(E) within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.



Appendix G

Monitoring Data Sheet

24-hour TSP Monitoring Results - AC02b

Date of Calibration: 1-Apr-11

Slope = 30.9168

Next Calibration Date: 1-Jun-11

Intercept = 9.0895

		ELAPSED TIME			CHART READING				STANDARD			INITIAL	FINAL	WEIGHT	DUST
DATE	SAMPLE							AVG	AVG	FLOW	AIR	FILTER	FILTER	DUST	24-hour TSP
	NUMBER	INITIAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	MIN	MAX	AVG	TEMP	PRESS	RATE	VOLUME	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	COLLECTED	IN AIR
				(min)				(oC)	(hPa)	(m3/min)	(std m3)	(g)	(g)	(g)	(ug/m^3)
6-Apr-11	23549	3657.54	3682.09	1473.00	34	36	35.0	19.6	1018	0.85	1254	2.788	2.9021	0.1141	91
12-Apr-11	23517	3682.09	3706.32	1453.80	35	37	36.0	22	1017.8	0.88	1278	2.792	2.9225	0.1305	102
18-Apr-11	23524	3706.32	3730.59	1456.20	33	35	34.0	23.6	1010.1	0.81	1175	2.786	2.8251	0.0391	33
21-Apr-11	23616	3730.59	3754.94	1461.00	34	36	35.0	23.1	1014.7	0.84	1231	2.9321	3.0945	0.1624	132
27-Apr-11	23637	3754.94	3779.07	1447.80	36	38	37.0	25.9	1007.8	0.90	1300	2.8934	2.9854	0.0920	71

24-hour TSP Monitoring Results - AC04c

Date of Calibration: 1-Feb-11

Slope =

32.1600

Next Calibration Date: 1-Apr-11

Intercept =

8.1629

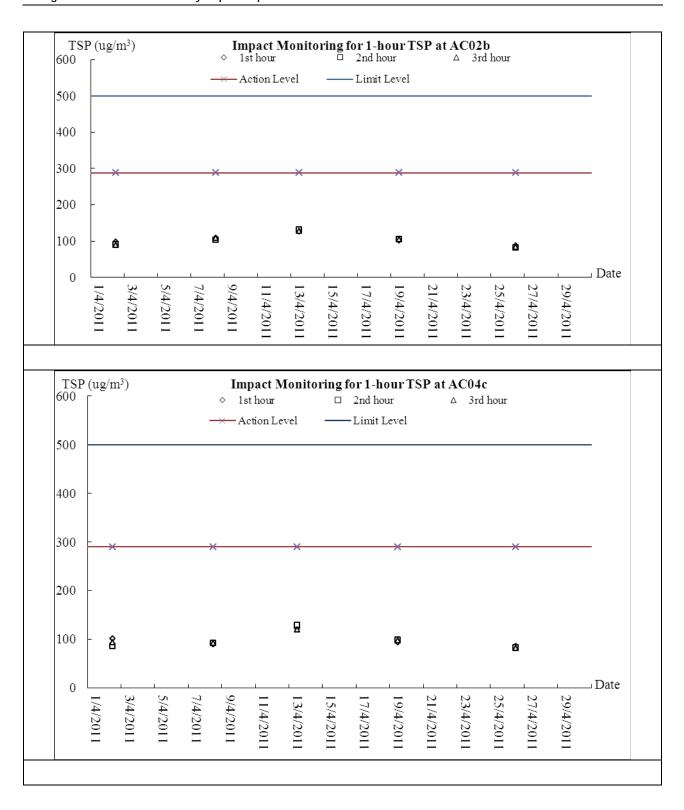
		ELAPSED TIME CHART READING						STANDARD		INITIAL	FINAL	WEIGHT	DUST		
DATE	SAMPLE							AVG	AVG	FLOW	AIR	FILTER	FILTER	DUST	24-hour TSP
	NUMBER	INITIAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	MIN	MAX	AVG	TEMP	PRESS	RATE	VOLUME	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	COLLECTED	IN AIR
				(min)				(oC)	(hPa)	(m3/min)	(std m3)	(g)	(g)	(g)	(ug/m^3)
6-Apr-11	23550	6224.77	6249.27	1470.00	37	39	38.0	19.6	1018	0.94	1384	2.8011	2.9167	0.1156	84
12-Apr-11	23516	6249.27	6273.42	1449.00	36	38	37.0	22	1017.8	0.91	1311	2.7966	2.9745	0.1779	136
18-Apr-11	23525	6273.42	6297.63	1452.60	34	36	35.0	23.6	1010.1	0.84	1213	2.7831	2.8918	0.1087	90
21-Apr-11	23617	6297.63	6321.75	1447.20	35	37	36.0	23.1	1014.7	0.87	1259	2.9173	3.1061	0.1888	150
27-Apr-11	23638	6321.75	6345.99	1454.40	33	35	34.0	25.9	1007.8	0.80	1162	2.8904	3.0195	0.1291	111



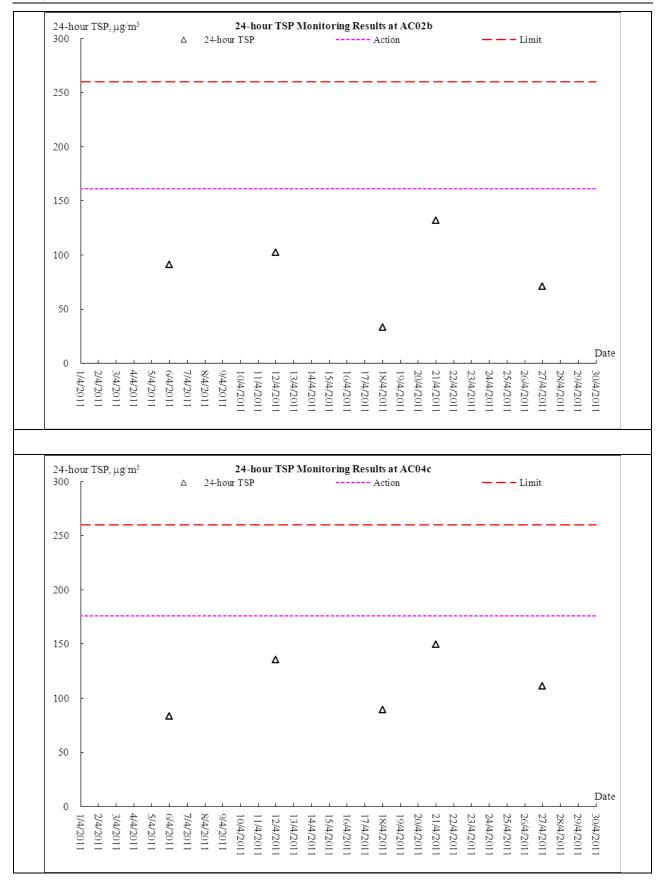
Appendix H

Graphical Plots of Monitoring Results

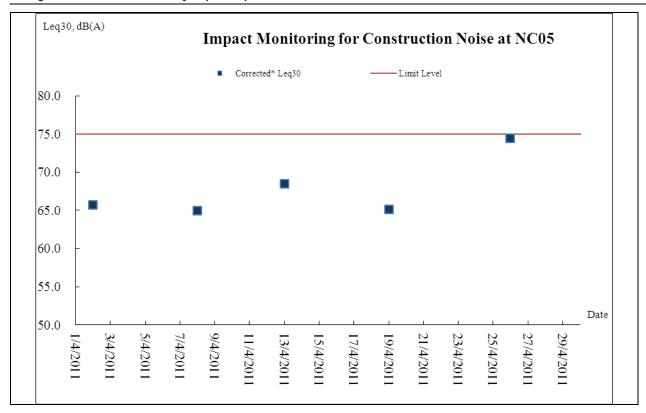














Appendix I

Meteorological Information



Meteorological Data Extracted from HKO during the Reporting Period

Date		Weather
1-Apr-11	Fri	Moderate northeasterly winds
2-Apr-11	Sat	Light winds
3-Apr-11	Sun	Fine and hot
4-Apr-11	Mon	Mainly fine and dry
5-Apr-11	Tue	Holiday
6-Apr-11	Wed	Mainly fine
7-Apr-11	Thu	Moderate easterly winds.
8-Apr-11	Fri	Fine and hot. Light winds
9-Apr-11	Sat	Fresh easterly winds
10-Apr-11	Sun	Moderate easterly winds.
11-Apr-11	Mon	Mainly fine with visibility relatively low
12-Apr-11	Tue	Moderate easterly winds, fresh offshore.
13-Apr-11	Wed	Mainly fine and dry.
14-Apr-11	Thu	Light to moderate southeasterly winds.
15-Apr-11	Fri	Fine
16-Apr-11	Sat	Sunny intervals.
17-Apr-11	Sun	Moderate northeasterly winds.
18-Apr-11	Mon	Fine and dry
19-Apr-11	Tue	Fine and dry.
20-Apr-11	Wed	Sunny periods
21-Apr-11	Thu	Moderate easterly winds.
22-Apr-11	Fri	Holiday
23-Apr-11	Sat	Holiday
24-Apr-11	Sun	Holiday
25-Apr-11	Mon	Holiday
26-Apr-11	Tue	Mainly fine and dry.
27-Apr-11	Wed	Cloudy with a few rain patches and mist.
28-Apr-11	Thu	Showers and a few squally thunderstorms.
29-Apr-11	Fri	Moderate southerly winds
30-Apr-11	Sat	Cloudy with sunny intervals.



Appendix J

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for April 2011

			Actu	ıal Quant	ities of Ir	nert C&D	Material	s Genera	ted Mont	hly				Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly								
Month	Gene	Quantity erated +(d)+(e)	Hard Re Large I Cone (t	Broken crete	Reused Con	tract	Reused Proj	ects	Dispo Publi (6	c Fill	Import (i		Ме	tals	Par cardt packa	oard	Plas	stics	Cher Wa		Oth e.g. ru	
	(in '00	$00m^3$)	(in '00	00m ³)	(in '00	$00m^3$)	(in '00	00m ³)	(in '00	00m ³)	(in '00	00m ³)	(in '0	00kg)	(in '00	00kg)	(in '00	00kg)	(in '00	00kg)	(in to	onne)
	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW	YSW	SKW
2010	4.522	0.030	0.068	0.104	0.488	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.033	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	18.460
Jan	0.985	3.110	0.003	0.013	0.120	0.484	0.000	2.626	0.865	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.240
Feb	0.377	0.000	0.000	0.043	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.377	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.350
Mar	0.758	1.430	0.002	0.106	0.006	0.255	0.000	1.175	0.752	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.360
Apr	1.135	1.249	0.017	0.025	0.112	0.090	0.000	1.159	1.023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.160
May																						
Jun																						
Sub-total	7.7766	5.8193	0.0885	0.2913	0.7262	0.8290	0.0000	4.9600	7.0505	0.0303	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	26.5700
Jul																						
Aug																						
Sep																						
Oct																						
Nov																						
Dec																						
Total	7.7766	5.8193	0.0885	0.2913	0.726	0.829	0.000	4.960	7.0505	0.0303	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	26.57
2 0 000	13.5	596	0.3	80	1.5	55	4.9	60	7.0	81	0.0	00	0.0	00	0.0	00	0.0	000	0.0	00	26.	57

Remark: Assume 1.0 m^3 vehicle dump load = 1.6 tonnes C&D materials

YSW: Yung Shue Wan SKW: Sok Kwu Wan



Appendix K

Weekly Site Inspection Checklist



Humi	T A: ther: erature: idity: l: Inspecte	18.0 °C High ✓ Moderate Low Strong Breeze ✓ Light	Inspected ETL/ ET's RE's Rep Contracto IEC's Rep Time:	Represe resentati or's Repr	ve: esentativ	Ra C.C e: Edv 11:	Checklist No. TCS512A06041 Ray Cheung C.C. Cheung Edwin Leung 11:00 Environmental Permit No. EP- 282/2007			
PART	PART B: SITE AUDIT									
Note:		s.: Not Observed; Yes : Compliance; No : Non-Compliance; Jp : Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A : Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks		
Section	n 1: Wa	ter Quality	11			-				
1.01	Is an ef	fluent discharge license obtained for the Project?		\checkmark						
1.02	Is the et	ffluent discharged in accordance with the discharge licence?		\checkmark						
1.03	Is the d	ischarge of turbid water avoided?		\checkmark						
1.04		ere proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems to SS levels in effluent?		\checkmark						
1.05		re channels, sandbags or bunds to direct surface run-off to ntation tanks?		\checkmark						
1.06		ere any perimeter channels provided at site boundaries to ot storm runoff from crossing the site?		\checkmark						
1.07	Is drain	age system well maintained?		\checkmark						
1.08		avation proceeds, are temporary access roads protected by d stone or gravel?		\checkmark						
1.09	Are tem	nporary exposed slopes properly covered?		\checkmark						
1.10	Are ear	thworks final surfaces well compacted or protected?		\checkmark						
1.11	Are ma	nholes adequately covered or temporarily sealed?		\checkmark						
1.12	Are the	re any procedures and equipment for rainstorm protection?		\checkmark						
1.13	Are whe	eel washing facilities well maintained?	\checkmark							
1.14	Is runof	if from wheel washing facilities avoided?	\checkmark							
1.15	Are the	re toilets provided on site?		\checkmark						
1.16	Are toile	ets properly maintained?		\checkmark						
1.17	Are the roofed a	vehicle and plant servicing areas paved and located within areas?	\checkmark							
1.18	Is the o	il leakage or spillage avoided?		\checkmark						
1.19	drainag	ere any measures to prevent leaked oil from entering the le system?		\checkmark						
1.20		ere any measures to collect spilt cement and concrete gs during concreting works?					\checkmark			
1.21		re any oil interceptors/grease traps in the drainage systems cle and plant servicing areas, canteen kitchen, etc?	\checkmark							
1.22	Are the	oil interceptors/grease traps maintained properly?	\checkmark							



	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance;	Not			Follow		Photo/
Note:	Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Obs.	Yes	No	Up	N/A	Remarks
1.23	Is used bentonite recycled where appropriate?	$\overline{\checkmark}$					
1.24	Designated settlement area for runoff/wheel wash waste is provide and located at the streambed with 1-2m deep, 12m long and around 50m3 capacities for sedimentation.	\checkmark					
1.25	No excavation is undertaken in the settlement area.		\checkmark				
1.26	Concreting wastes water should be neutralized below the pH Action Levels before discharge.	$\overline{\checkmark}$					
1.27	Mobile toilets should provide on site and located away the stream course.	\checkmark					
1.28	License collector should be employed for handling the sewage of mobile toilet.	$\overline{\checkmark}$					
1.29	Is ponding /stand water avoided?		\checkmark				
Section	on 2: Air Quality						
2.01	Are there wheel washing facilities with high pressure jets provided at every vehicle exit point?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
2.02	Are vehicles washed to remove any dusty materials from their bodies and wheels before leaving construction sites?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
2.03	Are the excavated materials sprayed with water during handling?		\checkmark				
2.04	Are stockpiles of dusty materials sprayed with water, covered or placed in sheltered areas?		\checkmark				
2.05	Is the exposed earth properly treated within six months after the last construction activities?	\checkmark					
2.06	Are the access roads sprayed with water to maintain the entire road surface wet or paved?		\checkmark				
2.07	Is the surface where any drilling, cutting, polishing or breaking operation continuously sprayed with water?		\checkmark				
2.08	Is the load on vehicles covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting?		\checkmark				
2.09	Is the loading of materials to a level higher than the side and tail boards during transportation by vehicles avoided?		\checkmark				
2.10	Is the road leading to the construction site within 30m of the vehicle entrance kept clear of dusty materials?		\checkmark				
2.11	Is dark smoke emission from plant/equipment avoided?		\checkmark				
2.12	Are de-bagging, batching and mixing processes carried out in sheltered areas during the use of bagged cement?		\checkmark				
2.13	Are site vehicles travelling within the speed limit not more than 15km/hour?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
2.14	Are hoardings of not less than 2.4m high provided along the site boundary, which adjoins areas accessible to the public?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
2.15	Is open burning avoided?		\checkmark				
2.16	Excavated materials from the stream must remove form site on the same day. The materials shall be stored in covered impermeable skips awaiting removal from site.		\checkmark				
Section	on 3: Noise						
3.01	Are noisy equipment and activities positioned as far as practicable from the sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.02	Is silenced equipment adopted?		\checkmark				
3.03	Is idle equipment turned off or throttled down?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
3.04	Are all plant and equipment well maintained and in good condition?		\checkmark				
3.05	Are noise barriers or enclosures provided at areas where construction activities cause noise impact on sensitive receivers?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
3.06	Are hand held breakers fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
3.07	Are air compressors fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
3.08	Are flaps and panels of mechanical equipment closed during operation?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
3.09	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for percussive piling works?	<u> </u>					
3.10	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for general construction works during restricted hours?	\checkmark					
3.11	Are valid Construction Noise Permit(s) posted at site entrances?	\checkmark					
3.12	Use of quiet plant had been used on site to minimise the construction noise impact to the surrounding residences/dwellings (Level 1 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
3.13	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier or site hoarding are provide or erect at the site boundary to minimise the noise impact of the closest NSRs or stationary equipments shield by the noise barrier which cannot visible from NSRs (Level 2 mitigation measure)	\checkmark					
3.14	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier equal to or more than 3m height with 10kg/m2 are provide for noise mitigation measures (Level 2 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
Section	on 4: Waste/Chemical Management						
4.01	Waste Management Plan had been submit to Engineer for approval.		\checkmark				
4.02	Are receptacles available for general refuse collection?		\checkmark				
4.03	Is general refuse sorting or recycling implemented?		\checkmark				
4.04	Is general refuse disposed of properly and regularly?		\checkmark				
4.05	Is the Contractor registered as a chemical waste producer?	\checkmark					
4.06	Are the chemical waste containers properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.07	Are the chemical wastes stored in proper storage areas?		\checkmark				
4.08	Is the chemical waste storage area properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.09	Is the chemical waste storage area used for storage of chemical waste only?		\checkmark				
4.10	Are incompatible chemical wastes stored in different areas?	\checkmark					
4.11	Are the chemical wastes disposed of by licensed collectors?	\checkmark					
4.12	Are trip tickets for chemical wastes disposal available for inspection?	\checkmark					
4.13	Are chemical/fuel storage areas bounded?		\checkmark				
4.14	Are designated areas identified for storage and sorting of construction wastes?		\checkmark				
4.15	Are construction wastes sorted (inert and non-inert) on site?		\checkmark				
4.16	Are construction wastes reused?		\checkmark				
4.17	Are construction wastes disposed of properly?		\checkmark				
4.18	Are site hoardings and signboards made of durable materials instead of timber?		\checkmark				
4.19	Is trip ticket system implemented for the disposal of construction wastes and records available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.20	Are appropriate procedures followed if contaminated material exists?		\checkmark				
4.21	Is relevant license/ permit for disposal of construction waste or excavated materials available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.22	Site cleanliness and appropriate waste management training had provided for the site workers.		\checkmark				
4.23	Contaminated sediments will managed according to WBTC No.12/2000 and EWTB TC(W) No. 34/2002.	\checkmark					
Section	on 5: Landscape & Visual						
5.01	Are retained and transplanted trees in health condition?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
5.02	Are retained and transplanted trees properly protected?	\checkmark					
5.03	Are surgery works carried out for the damaged trees?	\checkmark					
5.04	Is damage to trees outside site boundary due to construction activities avoided?	\checkmark					
5.05	Is the night-time lighting controlled to minimize glare to sensitive receivers?	\checkmark					
Section	n 7: Others						
7.01	Are relevant Environmental Permits posted at all vehicle site entrances/exits?		\checkmark				
7.02	Are the warning sign or larvicidal oil record shown clearly at the construction site?		\checkmark				



Remarks

Findings of Site Inspection (6 April 2011):



The geotextile sheets in the sedimentation tank should be properly installed to ensure the desilting function.

Follow up:



The sheets were set up properly. (Rectified on 14-4-2011)

Prepared by ET's representative

Ray Cheung



Hum	Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan 14 April 2011 ST A: GENERAL INFORMATIO Wither: Sunny Fine Cloudy Dereature: 24.1 °C Midity: High Moderate Low	ETL/ ET's RE's Rep Contract IEC's Rep Time:	ETL/ ET's Representative: RE's Representative: Contractor's Representative: IEC's Representative: KK Time: 12:0 Envir							
PART	PART B: SITE AUDIT									
Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks			
Section	on 1: Water Quality					_				
1.01	Is an effluent discharge license obtained for the Project?		\checkmark							
1.02	Is the effluent discharged in accordance with the discharge licence	e?	\checkmark							
1.03	Is the discharge of turbid water avoided?		\checkmark							
1.04	Are there proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems reduce SS levels in effluent?	to	$\overline{\checkmark}$							
1.05	Are there channels, sandbags or bunds to direct surface run-off sedimentation tanks?	to	$\overline{\checkmark}$							
1.06	Are there any perimeter channels provided at site boundaries intercept storm runoff from crossing the site?	to	\checkmark							
1.07	Is drainage system well maintained?		\checkmark							
1.08	As excavation proceeds, are temporary access roads protected crushed stone or gravel?	by	\checkmark							
1.09	Are temporary exposed slopes properly covered?		\checkmark							
1.10	Are earthworks final surfaces well compacted or protected?		\checkmark							
1.11	Are manholes adequately covered or temporarily sealed?		\checkmark							
1.12	Are there any procedures and equipment for rainstorm protection	n? 🔲	\checkmark							
1.13	Are wheel washing facilities well maintained?	\checkmark								
1.14	Is runoff from wheel washing facilities avoided?	\checkmark								
1.15	Are there toilets provided on site?		\checkmark							
1.16	Are toilets properly maintained?		\checkmark							
1.17	Are the vehicle and plant servicing areas paved and located with roofed areas?	hin 🗹								
1.18	Is the oil/grease leakage or spillage avoided?				\checkmark		Remark 1			
1.19	Are there any measures to prevent leaked oil from entering t drainage system?	the	\checkmark							
1.20	Are there any measures to collect spilt cement and concrewashings during concreting works?	ete 🔲				\checkmark				
1.21	Are there any oil interceptors/grease traps in the drainage system for vehicle and plant servicing areas, canteen kitchen, etc?	ms 🔽								
1.22	Are the oil interceptors/grease traps maintained properly?	\checkmark								



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.23	Is used bentonite recycled where appropriate?	\checkmark					
1.24	Designated settlement area for runoff/wheel wash waste is provide and located at the streambed with 1-2m deep, 12m long and around 50m3 capacities for sedimentation.	\checkmark					
1.25	No excavation is undertaken in the settlement area.		\checkmark				
1.26	Concreting wastes water should be neutralized below the pH Action Levels before discharge.	\checkmark					
1.27	Mobile toilets should provide on site and located away the stream course.	\checkmark					
1.28	License collector should be employed for handling the sewage of mobile toilet.	\checkmark					
1.29	Is ponding /stand water avoided?		\checkmark				
Section	on 2: Air Quality						
2.01	Are there wheel washing facilities with high pressure jets provided at every vehicle exit point?		\checkmark				
2.02	Are vehicles washed to remove any dusty materials from their bodies and wheels before leaving construction sites?		\checkmark				
2.03	Are the excavated materials sprayed with water during handling?		\checkmark				
2.04	Are stockpiles of dusty materials sprayed with water, covered or placed in sheltered areas?		\checkmark				
2.05	Is the exposed earth properly treated within six months after the last construction activities?	\checkmark					
2.06	Are the access roads sprayed with water to maintain the entire road surface wet or paved?		\checkmark				
2.07	Is the surface where any drilling, cutting, polishing or breaking operation continuously sprayed with water?		\checkmark				
2.08	Is the load on vehicles covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting?		\checkmark				
2.09	Is the loading of materials to a level higher than the side and tail boards during transportation by vehicles avoided?		\checkmark				
2.10	Is the road leading to the construction site within 30m of the vehicle entrance kept clear of dusty materials?		\checkmark				
2.11	Is dark smoke emission from plant/equipment avoided?		\checkmark				
2.12	Are de-bagging, batching and mixing processes carried out in sheltered areas during the use of bagged cement?		\checkmark				
2.13	Are site vehicles travelling within the speed limit not more than 15km/hour?		\checkmark				
2.14	Are hoardings of not less than 2.4m high provided along the site boundary, which adjoins areas accessible to the public?		\checkmark				
2.15	Is open burning avoided?		\checkmark				
2.16	Excavated materials from the stream must remove form site on the same day. The materials shall be stored in covered impermeable skips awaiting removal from site.		\checkmark				
Section	on 3: Noise						
3.01	Are noisy equipment and activities positioned as far as practicable from the sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.02	Is silenced equipment adopted?		\checkmark				
3.03	Is idle equipment turned off or throttled down?		\checkmark				
3.04	Are all plant and equipment well maintained and in good condition?		\checkmark				
3.05	Are noise barriers or enclosures provided at areas where construction activities cause noise impact on sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.06	Are hand held breakers fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.07	Are air compressors fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.08	Are flaps and panels of mechanical equipment closed during operation?		\checkmark				



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
3.09	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for percussive piling works?	<u> </u>					
3.10	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for general construction works during restricted hours?	\checkmark					
3.11	Are valid Construction Noise Permit(s) posted at site entrances?	\checkmark					
3.12	Use of quiet plant had been used on site to minimise the construction noise impact to the surrounding residences/dwellings (Level 1 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
3.13	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier or site hoarding are provide or erect at the site boundary to minimise the noise impact of the closest NSRs or stationary equipments shield by the noise barrier which cannot visible from NSRs (Level 2 mitigation measure)	\checkmark					
3.14	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier equal to or more than 3m height with 10kg/m2 are provide for noise mitigation measures (Level 2 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
Section	on 4: Waste/Chemical Management						
4.01	Waste Management Plan had been submit to Engineer for approval.		\checkmark				
4.02	Are receptacles available for general refuse collection?		\checkmark				
4.03	Is general refuse sorting or recycling implemented?		\checkmark				
4.04	Is general refuse disposed of properly and regularly?		\checkmark				
4.05	Is the Contractor registered as a chemical waste producer?	\checkmark					
4.06	Are the chemical waste containers properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.07	Are the chemical wastes stored in proper storage areas?		\checkmark				
4.08	Is the chemical waste storage area properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.09	Is the chemical waste storage area used for storage of chemical waste only?		\checkmark				
4.10	Are incompatible chemical wastes stored in different areas?	\checkmark					
4.11	Are the chemical wastes disposed of by licensed collectors?	\checkmark					
4.12	Are trip tickets for chemical wastes disposal available for inspection?	\checkmark					
4.13	Are chemical/fuel storage areas bounded?		\checkmark				
4.14	Are designated areas identified for storage and sorting of construction wastes?		\checkmark				
4.15	Are construction wastes sorted (inert and non-inert) on site?		\checkmark				
4.16	Are construction wastes reused?		\checkmark				
4.17	Are construction wastes disposed of properly?		\checkmark				
4.18	Are site hoardings and signboards made of durable materials instead of timber?		\checkmark				
4.19	Is trip ticket system implemented for the disposal of construction wastes and records available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.20	Are appropriate procedures followed if contaminated material exists?		\checkmark				
4.21	Is relevant license/ permit for disposal of construction waste or excavated materials available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.22	Site cleanliness and appropriate waste management training had provided for the site workers.		\checkmark				
4.23	Contaminated sediments will managed according to WBTC No.12/2000 and EWTB TC(W) No. 34/2002.	\checkmark					
Section	on 5: Landscape & Visual						
5.01	Are retained and transplanted trees in health condition?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
5.02	Are retained and transplanted trees properly protected?	\checkmark					
5.03	Are surgery works carried out for the damaged trees?	\checkmark					
5.04	Is damage to trees outside site boundary due to construction activities avoided?	\checkmark					
5.05	Is the night-time lighting controlled to minimize glare to sensitive receivers?	\checkmark					
Section	n 7: Others						
7.01	Are relevant Environmental Permits posted at all vehicle site entrances/exits?		\checkmark				
7.02	Are the warning sign or larvicidal oil record shown clearly at the construction site?		\checkmark				



Remarks

Findings of Site Inspection (14 April 2011):



Too much lubricant grease was observed on the plant, the Contractor should clean up excess grease to avoid any contamination to soil.

Follow up:



The grease was cleaned up. (Rectified on 15-4-2011)

Prepared by ET's representative

Ray Cheung



Humi	Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan 19 April 2011 TA: GENERAL INFORMATION Ther: Sunny Fine Cloudy Perature: 23.6 OC Chidity: High Whoderate Low Cl: Strong Breeze Light Inspected Yung Shue Wan	IEC's Re	s Repres presentat or's Rep	ive: resentative	c: C.C. Cheung Edwin Leung					
Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance;	Not	Yes	No	Follow	N/A	Photo/			
	Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable on 1: Water Quality	Obs.			Up		Remarks			
1.01	Is an effluent discharge license obtained for the Project?		\checkmark							
1.02	Is the effluent discharged in accordance with the discharge licence	e?	$\overline{\checkmark}$							
1.03	Is the discharge of turbid water avoided?		\checkmark							
1.04	Are there proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems reduce SS levels in effluent?	to	\checkmark							
1.05	Are there channels, sandbags or bunds to direct surface run-off sedimentation tanks?	to	\checkmark							
1.06	Are there any perimeter channels provided at site boundaries intercept storm runoff from crossing the site?	to	\checkmark							
1.07	Is drainage system well maintained?		\checkmark							
1.08	As excavation proceeds, are temporary access roads protected crushed stone or gravel?	by	\checkmark							
1.09	Are temporary exposed slopes properly covered?		\checkmark							
1.10	Are earthworks final surfaces well compacted or protected?		\checkmark							
1.11	Are manholes adequately covered or temporarily sealed?		\checkmark							
1.12	Are there any procedures and equipment for rainstorm protection	?	\checkmark							
1.13	Are wheel washing facilities well maintained?	\checkmark								
1.14	Is runoff from wheel washing facilities avoided?	\checkmark								
1.15	Are there toilets provided on site?		\checkmark							
1.16	Are toilets properly maintained?		\checkmark							
1.17	Are the vehicle and plant servicing areas paved and located with roofed areas?	nin 🗹								
1.18	Is the oil/grease leakage or spillage avoided?		\checkmark							
1.19	Are there any measures to prevent leaked oil from entering the drainage system?	he	\checkmark							
1.20	Are there any measures to collect spilt cement and concrewashings during concreting works?	ete 🔲				\checkmark				
1.21	Are there any oil interceptors/grease traps in the drainage system for vehicle and plant servicing areas, canteen kitchen, etc?	ms 🔽								
1.22	Are the oil interceptors/grease traps maintained properly?	\checkmark								



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.23	Is used bentonite recycled where appropriate?	\checkmark					
1.24	Designated settlement area for runoff/wheel wash waste is provide and located at the streambed with 1-2m deep, 12m long and around 50m3 capacities for sedimentation.	\checkmark					
1.25	No excavation is undertaken in the settlement area.		\checkmark				
1.26	Concreting wastes water should be neutralized below the pH Action Levels before discharge.	\checkmark					
1.27	Mobile toilets should provide on site and located away the stream course.	\checkmark					
1.28	License collector should be employed for handling the sewage of mobile toilet.	\checkmark					
1.29	Is ponding /stand water avoided?		\checkmark				
Section	on 2: Air Quality						
2.01	Are there wheel washing facilities with high pressure jets provided at every vehicle exit point?		\checkmark				
2.02	Are vehicles washed to remove any dusty materials from their bodies and wheels before leaving construction sites?		\checkmark				
2.03	Are the excavated materials sprayed with water during handling?		\checkmark				
2.04	Are stockpiles of dusty materials sprayed with water, covered or placed in sheltered areas?		\checkmark				
2.05	Is the exposed earth properly treated within six months after the last construction activities?	\checkmark					
2.06	Are the access roads sprayed with water to maintain the entire road surface wet or paved?		\checkmark				
2.07	Is the surface where any drilling, cutting, polishing or breaking operation continuously sprayed with water?		\checkmark				
2.08	Is the load on vehicles covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting?		\checkmark				
2.09	Is the loading of materials to a level higher than the side and tail boards during transportation by vehicles avoided?		\checkmark				
2.10	Is the road leading to the construction site within 30m of the vehicle entrance kept clear of dusty materials?		\checkmark				
2.11	Is dark smoke emission from plant/equipment avoided?		\checkmark				
2.12	Are de-bagging, batching and mixing processes carried out in sheltered areas during the use of bagged cement?		\checkmark				
2.13	Are site vehicles travelling within the speed limit not more than 15km/hour?		\checkmark				
2.14	Are hoardings of not less than 2.4m high provided along the site boundary, which adjoins areas accessible to the public?		\checkmark				
2.15	Is open burning avoided?		\checkmark				
2.16	Excavated materials from the stream must remove form site on the same day. The materials shall be stored in covered impermeable skips awaiting removal from site.		\checkmark				
Section	on 3: Noise						
3.01	Are noisy equipment and activities positioned as far as practicable from the sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.02	Is silenced equipment adopted?		\checkmark				
3.03	Is idle equipment turned off or throttled down?		\checkmark				
3.04	Are all plant and equipment well maintained and in good condition?		\checkmark				
3.05	Are noise barriers or enclosures provided at areas where construction activities cause noise impact on sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.06	Are hand held breakers fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.07	Are air compressors fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.08	Are flaps and panels of mechanical equipment closed during operation?		\checkmark				



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
3.09	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for percussive piling works?	\checkmark					
3.10	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for general construction works during restricted hours?	\checkmark					
3.11	Are valid Construction Noise Permit(s) posted at site entrances?	\checkmark					
3.12	Use of quiet plant had been used on site to minimise the construction noise impact to the surrounding residences/dwellings (Level 1 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
3.13	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier or site hoarding are provide or erect at the site boundary to minimise the noise impact of the closest NSRs or stationary equipments shield by the noise barrier which cannot visible from NSRs (Level 2 mitigation measure)	\checkmark					
3.14	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier equal to or more than 3m height with 10kg/m2 are provide for noise mitigation measures (Level 2 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
Section	on 4: Waste/Chemical Management						
4.01	Waste Management Plan had been submit to Engineer for approval.		\checkmark				
4.02	Are receptacles available for general refuse collection?		\checkmark				
4.03	Is general refuse sorting or recycling implemented?		\checkmark				
4.04	Is general refuse disposed of properly and regularly?		\checkmark				
4.05	Is the Contractor registered as a chemical waste producer?	\checkmark					
4.06	Are the chemical waste containers properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.07	Are the chemical wastes stored in proper storage areas?		\checkmark				
4.08	Is the chemical waste storage area properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.09	Is the chemical waste storage area used for storage of chemical waste only?		\checkmark				
4.10	Are incompatible chemical wastes stored in different areas?	\checkmark					
4.11	Are the chemical wastes disposed of by licensed collectors?	\checkmark					
4.12	Are trip tickets for chemical wastes disposal available for inspection?	\checkmark					
4.13	Are chemical/fuel storage areas bounded?		\checkmark				
4.14	Are designated areas identified for storage and sorting of construction wastes?		\checkmark				
4.15	Are construction wastes sorted (inert and non-inert) on site?		\checkmark				
4.16	Are construction wastes reused?		\checkmark				
4.17	Are construction wastes disposed of properly?				\checkmark		Remark 1
4.18	Are site hoardings and signboards made of durable materials instead of timber?		\checkmark				
4.19	Is trip ticket system implemented for the disposal of construction wastes and records available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.20	Are appropriate procedures followed if contaminated material exists?		\checkmark				
4.21	Is relevant license/ permit for disposal of construction waste or excavated materials available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.22	Site cleanliness and appropriate waste management training had provided for the site workers.		\checkmark				
4.23	Contaminated sediments will managed according to WBTC No.12/2000 and EWTB TC(W) No. 34/2002.	\checkmark					
Section	on 5: Landscape & Visual						
5.01	Are retained and transplanted trees in health condition?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
5.02	Are retained and transplanted trees properly protected?	\checkmark					
5.03	O3 Are surgery works carried out for the damaged trees?						
5.04	Is damage to trees outside site boundary due to construction activities avoided?	\checkmark					
5.05	Is the night-time lighting controlled to minimize glare to sensitive receivers?	\checkmark					
Section	n 7: Others						
7.01	Are relevant Environmental Permits posted at all vehicle site entrances/exits?		\checkmark				
7.02	Are the warning sign or larvicidal oil record shown clearly at the construction site?		\checkmark				



Remarks

Findings of Site Inspection (19 April 2011):



The debris and waste in the drip tray should be cleaned up.

Follow up:



The tray was cleaned up. (Rectified on 20-4-2011)

Prepared by ET's representative

Ray Cheung



Humi	Construction of Sewage Treatment Works at Yung Shue Wan and Sok Kwu Wan 26 April 2011 TA: GENERAL INFORMATION ther: Sunny Fine Cloudy perature: 24.2 °C didity: High Moderate Low d: Strong Breeze Light Inspected Yung Shue Wan	IEC's Re	s Represoresentate or's Repo	ive: resentative	Ra C.0 : Ed 	y Cheung C. Cheung win Leung	
Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance;	Not	Yes	No	Follow	N/A	Photo/
	Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable on 1: Water Quality	Obs.			Up		Remarks
1.01	Is an effluent discharge license obtained for the Project?		\checkmark				
1.02	Is the effluent discharged in accordance with the discharge licence	e?	$\overline{\checkmark}$				
1.03	Is the discharge of turbid water avoided?		\checkmark				
1.04	Are there proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems reduce SS levels in effluent?	to	$\overline{\checkmark}$				
1.05	Are there channels, sandbags or bunds to direct surface run-off sedimentation tanks?	to	\checkmark				
1.06	Are there any perimeter channels provided at site boundaries intercept storm runoff from crossing the site?	to	\checkmark				
1.07	Is drainage system well maintained?		\checkmark				
1.08	As excavation proceeds, are temporary access roads protected be crushed stone or gravel?	by 🔲	\checkmark				
1.09	Are temporary exposed slopes properly covered?		\checkmark				
1.10	Are earthworks final surfaces well compacted or protected?		\checkmark				
1.11	Are manholes adequately covered or temporarily sealed?		\checkmark				
1.12	Are there any procedures and equipment for rainstorm protection	?	\checkmark				
1.13	Are wheel washing facilities well maintained?	\checkmark					
1.14	Is runoff from wheel washing facilities avoided?	\checkmark					
1.15	Are there toilets provided on site?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
1.16	Are toilets properly maintained?		\checkmark				
1.17	Are the vehicle and plant servicing areas paved and located with roofed areas?	nin 🗹					
1.18	Is the oil/grease leakage or spillage avoided?		\checkmark				
1.19	Are there any measures to prevent leaked oil from entering the drainage system?	ne 🔲	$\overline{\checkmark}$				
1.20	Are there any measures to collect spilt cement and concre washings during concreting works?	te 🗌				$\overline{\checkmark}$	
1.21	Are there any oil interceptors/grease traps in the drainage system for vehicle and plant servicing areas, canteen kitchen, etc?	ns 🗹					
1.22	Are the oil interceptors/grease traps maintained properly?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.23	Is used bentonite recycled where appropriate?	\checkmark					
1.24	Designated settlement area for runoff/wheel wash waste is provide and located at the streambed with 1-2m deep, 12m long and around 50m3 capacities for sedimentation.	\checkmark					
1.25	No excavation is undertaken in the settlement area.		\checkmark				
1.26	Concreting wastes water should be neutralized below the pH Action Levels before discharge.	\checkmark					
1.27	Mobile toilets should provide on site and located away the stream course.	\checkmark					
1.28	License collector should be employed for handling the sewage of mobile toilet.	\checkmark					
1.29	Is ponding /stand water avoided?		\checkmark				
Section	on 2: Air Quality						
2.01	Are there wheel washing facilities with high pressure jets provided at every vehicle exit point?		\checkmark				
2.02	Are vehicles washed to remove any dusty materials from their bodies and wheels before leaving construction sites?		\checkmark				
2.03	Are the excavated materials sprayed with water during handling?		\checkmark				
2.04	Are stockpiles of dusty materials sprayed with water, covered or placed in sheltered areas?		\checkmark				
2.05	Is the exposed earth properly treated within six months after the last construction activities?	\checkmark					
2.06	Are the access roads sprayed with water to maintain the entire road surface wet or paved?		\checkmark				
2.07	Is the surface where any drilling, cutting, polishing or breaking operation continuously sprayed with water?		\checkmark				
2.08	Is the load on vehicles covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting?		\checkmark				
2.09	Is the loading of materials to a level higher than the side and tail boards during transportation by vehicles avoided?		\checkmark				
2.10	Is the road leading to the construction site within 30m of the vehicle entrance kept clear of dusty materials?		\checkmark				
2.11	Is dark smoke emission from plant/equipment avoided?		\checkmark				
2.12	Are de-bagging, batching and mixing processes carried out in sheltered areas during the use of bagged cement?		\checkmark				
2.13	Are site vehicles travelling within the speed limit not more than 15km/hour?		\checkmark				
2.14	Are hoardings of not less than 2.4m high provided along the site boundary, which adjoins areas accessible to the public?		\checkmark				
2.15	Is open burning avoided?		\checkmark				
2.16	Excavated materials from the stream must remove form site on the same day. The materials shall be stored in covered impermeable skips awaiting removal from site.		\checkmark				
Section	on 3: Noise						
3.01	Are noisy equipment and activities positioned as far as practicable from the sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.02	Is silenced equipment adopted?		\checkmark				
3.03	Is idle equipment turned off or throttled down?		\checkmark				
3.04	Are all plant and equipment well maintained and in good condition?		\checkmark				
3.05	Are noise barriers or enclosures provided at areas where construction activities cause noise impact on sensitive receivers?		\checkmark				
3.06	Are hand held breakers fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.07	Are air compressors fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation?		\checkmark				
3.08	Are flaps and panels of mechanical equipment closed during operation?		\checkmark				



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
3.09	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for percussive piling works?	V					
3.10	Are Construction Noise Permit(s) applied for general construction works during restricted hours?	\checkmark					
3.11	Are valid Construction Noise Permit(s) posted at site entrances?	\checkmark					
3.12	Use of quiet plant had been used on site to minimise the construction noise impact to the surrounding residences/dwellings (Level 1 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
3.13	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier or site hoarding are provide or erect at the site boundary to minimise the noise impact of the closest NSRs or stationary equipments shield by the noise barrier which cannot visible from NSRs (Level 2 mitigation measure)	\checkmark					
3.14	Temporary/Moveable noise barrier equal to or more than 3m height with 10kg/m2 are provide for noise mitigation measures (Level 2 mitigation measures).	\checkmark					
Section	on 4: Waste/Chemical Management						
4.01	Waste Management Plan had been submit to Engineer for approval.		\checkmark				
4.02	Are receptacles available for general refuse collection?		\checkmark				
4.03	Is general refuse sorting or recycling implemented?		\checkmark				
4.04	Is general refuse disposed of properly and regularly?		\checkmark				
4.05	Is the Contractor registered as a chemical waste producer?	\checkmark					
4.06	Are the chemical waste containers properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.07	Are the chemical wastes stored in proper storage areas?		$\overline{\checkmark}$				
4.08	Is the chemical waste storage area properly labelled?		\checkmark				
4.09	Is the chemical waste storage area used for storage of chemical waste only?		\checkmark				
4.10	Are incompatible chemical wastes stored in different areas?	\checkmark					
4.11	Are the chemical wastes disposed of by licensed collectors?	\checkmark					
4.12	Are trip tickets for chemical wastes disposal available for inspection?	\checkmark					
4.13	Are chemical/fuel storage areas bounded?		\checkmark				
4.14	Are designated areas identified for storage and sorting of construction wastes?		\checkmark				
4.15	Are construction wastes sorted (inert and non-inert) on site?		\checkmark				
4.16	Are construction wastes reused?		\checkmark				
4.17	Are construction wastes disposed of properly?		\checkmark				
4.18	Are site hoardings and signboards made of durable materials instead of timber?		\checkmark				
4.19	Is trip ticket system implemented for the disposal of construction wastes and records available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.20	Are appropriate procedures followed if contaminated material exists?		\checkmark				
4.21	Is relevant license/ permit for disposal of construction waste or excavated materials available for inspection?		\checkmark				
4.22	Site cleanliness and appropriate waste management training had provided for the site workers.		\checkmark				
4.23	Contaminated sediments will managed according to WBTC No.12/2000 and EWTB TC(W) No. 34/2002.	\checkmark					
Section	on 5: Landscape & Visual						
5.01	Are retained and transplanted trees in health condition?	\checkmark					



Note:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
5.02	Are retained and transplanted trees properly protected?	\checkmark					
5.03	Are surgery works carried out for the damaged trees?	\checkmark					
5.04	Is damage to trees outside site boundary due to construction activities avoided?	\checkmark					
5.05	Is the night-time lighting controlled to minimize glare to sensitive receivers?	\checkmark					
Section	on 7: Others						
7.01	Are relevant Environmental Permits posted at all vehicle site entrances/exits?		\checkmark				
7.02	Are the warning sign or larvicidal oil record shown clearly at the construction site?		\checkmark				

Remarks

Findings of Site Inspection (26 April 2011):

Follow up:

No environmental issue was observed during the site inspection.

Prepared by ET's representative

Ray Cheung)



Appendix L

Implementation Schedule of Mitigation Measures



Implementation Schedule of Air Quality Measures

EIA	EM&A	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location /	Implementation		lementa Stages**		Relevant Legislation
Ref	Ref		Timing	Agent	D	$\mathbf{C} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{O}$		& Guidelines
Constr	uction Phase							
2.3.18	2.10.2	 Adopting the following good site practices and follow the dust control requirements of the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation: Stockpiles of imported material kept on site should be contained within hoardings, dampened and / or covered during dry and windy weather; Material stockpiled alongside trenches should be covered with tarpaulins whenever works are close to village houses; Water sprays should be used during the delivery and handling of cement, sands, aggregates and the like. Any vehicle used for moving sands, aggregates and construction waste should have properly fitting side and tail boards. Materials should not be loaded to a level higher than the side and tail boards, and should be covered by a clean tarpaulin. 	Work site / during construction	All contractors		√ 		TM- EIAO, APCO, Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation
2.10.3	Section 2	1 hour and 24 hour dust monitoring and site audit	Designated air monitoring locations / throughout construction period	Contractor/ Environmental Team		V		EM&A Manual

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^{**} D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation



Implementation Schedule of Noise Measures

EIA	EM&A	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location/Timing	Implementation	_	olementa Stages *		Relevant Legislation &
Ref	Ref	<u></u>	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	Agent	D	C	О	Guidelines
Construct	tion Phase							
\2.4.16	3.8.2	 Implementation of following measures during the sewer construction: Use of quiet PME or method; Restriction on the number plant (1 item for each type of plant); and Good Site Practices Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction program. Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible. Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum. Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs. Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilized, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities. 	Work site /during the construction of Sewer.	Contractor		1		EIAO-TM, NCO
2.10.5 to 2.10.9	Section 35	Noise monitoring	Designated noise monitoring locations / throughout construction period	Contractor/ Environmental Team		V		EM&A Manual

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Implementation Schedule of Water Quality Control Measures

EIA	EM&A	Environmental Protection Massures*	Location (duration	Implementation	Implementation Stages**			Relevant Legislation	
Ref	Ref	Environmental Protection Measures*	/completion of measures)	Agent	D	C	O	and Guidelines	
	4.12.1	No dia mashad using Harizantal Directional Drilling (HDD) would be	Marine works site /	Controlton	1	1 .1	1		
2.5.23	4.12.1	No-dig method using Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) would be used for the installation of main portion of outfall pipes	During construction of submarine outfall	Contractor		V			
4.5.38	4.12.3	Dredging Works	Marine works site	Contractor		√			
		Implementation of following measures during the dredging works:	and at the identified water sensitive		ĺ				
		• dredging should be undertaken using closed grab dredgers with a maximum total production rate of 55m ³ /hr;	receivers/ During construction						
		• deployment of 2-layer silt curtains with the first layer enclosing the grab and the second layer at around 50m from the dredging area while dredging works are in progress;		sum geomatical					
		• dredging operation should be undertaken during ebb tide only;							
		• all vessels should be sized such that adequate clearance (i.e. minimum clearance of 0.6m) is maintained between vessels and the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash;							
		• all pipe leakages should be repaired promptly and plant should not be operated with leaking pipes;							
		• excess material should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges before the vessel is moved;							
		adequate freeboard (i.e. minimum of 200mm) should be maintained on barges to ensure that decks are not washed by wave action;							
		• all barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material;							
		• loading of barges should be controlled to prevent splashing of dredged material to the surrounding water, and barges should not be filled to a level which will cause the overflow of materials or polluted water during loading or transportation; and							



EIA	EM&A	Environmental Protection Magazirec	Location (duration /completion of	Implementation	Implement on Stages			Relevant Legislation
Ref	Ref	Environmental Protection Measures	measures)	Agent	D	C	O	and Guidelines
		• the decks of all vessels should be kept tidy and free of oil or other substances that might be accidentally or otherwise washed overboard.						
2.5.39	4.12.4	Construction Run-off and Drainage	Construction works	Contractor				ProPECC
		Implementation of the following site practices outlined in ProPECC PN 1/94 for "Construction Site Drainage"	sites					PN 1/94
		• Provision of perimeter channels to intercept storm-runoff from outside the site. These should be constructed in advance of site formation works and earthworks.						
		• Works programmes should be designed to minimize works areas at any one time, thus minimizing exposed soil areas and reducing the potential for increased siltation and runoff.						
		• Sand / silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins should be provided to remove the sand / silt particles from run-off. These facilities should be properly and regularly maintained. These facilities should be carefully planned to ensure that they would be installed at appropriate locations to capture all surface water generated on site.						
		• Careful programming of the works to minimise soil excavation works during rainy seasons.						
		• Exposed soil surface should be protected by paving or hydroseeding as soon as possible to reduce the potential of soil erosion.						
		• Trench excavation should be avoided in the wet season, and if necessary, these should be excavated and backfilled in short sections.						
		Open stockpiles of construction materials on site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric						
2.5.39	4.12.5	General Construction Activities	Construction works	Contractor		V		
		Debris and rubbish generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the nearby	sites					



EIA	EM&A	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location (duration /completion of	Implementation		lement Stages*	Relevant Legislation	
Ref	Ref	Environmental Protection Weasures	measures)	Agent	D	C	0	and Guidelines
		coastal waters and stormwater drains.						
		• All fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank.						
		• Open drainage channels and culverts near the works areas should be covered to block the entrance of large debris and refuse.						
2.5.39	4.12.6	Wastewater Arising from Workforce	Construction works	Contractor		V		
		Portable toilets should be provided by the Contractors, where necessary, to handle sewage from the workforce. The Contractor should also be responsible for waste disposal and maintenance practices.	sites					
2.10.10	Section	Water quality monitoring	Designated water	Contractor		\checkmark		EM&A
	4		monitoring locations/					Manual
			throughout					
			construction period					

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Implementation Schedule of Sediment Contamination Mitigation Measures

EIA	EM&A	Environmental Protection Measures*	Lasation / Timina	Implementation	Implemen	tation Sta	ages**	Relevant Legislation &
Ref	Ref	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location / Timing	Agent	D	C	О	Guidelines
2.9.24	5.2.1	Carrying out Sediment Quality Investigation	Marine works site / prior to construction	DSD	V			WBTC No. 34/2002
2.9.23	5.2.1	Follow the requirement and procedures for dredged mud disposal specified under the WBTC No. 34/2002.	Marine works site / during dredging works	Contractor		√		WBTC No. 34/2002
2.9.23	5.2.2	Implement appropriate dredging methods which have been incorporated into the recommended water quality mitigation measures.	Marine works site, during dredging works	Contractor		1		
2.9.23	5.2.3	 During the transportation and disposal of the dredged sediment, the following measures should be taken: Bottom opening of barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to prevent leakage of material. Excess material should be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges and hopper dredgers before the vessel is moved. Monitoring of the barge loading should be conducted to ensure that loss of material does not take place during transportation. Transport barges or vessels should be equipped with automatic self monitoring devices as specified by the DEP. 	Marine works site and at the identified sensitive receivers	Contractor		√ 		

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Implementation Schedule of Solid Waste Management Measures

EIA Ref	EM&A Ref	Engreonmental Protection Maggirage	Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stages **			Relevant Legislation &
			Timing	Agent	D	С	О	Guidelines
Construc	tion Phase			1		I	I	-
2.9.14	6.6.2	 Good site practices Nomination of an approved person, such as a site manager, to be responsible for implementation of good site practices, arranging for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site Training (proper waste management and chemical handling procedure) should be provided for site staffs Appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers. Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal. Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility. Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors. Maintain records of the quantities of wastes generated, recycled and disposed. 	Work sites/During construction	Contractor		1		Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap.54)
2.9.15	6.2.3	The Contractor will be required to open a billing account under the Construction Waste Disposal Charging Scheme, and to pay for disposal of all construction waste. The construction waste will be sent to a designated reception facility, which in this case will be YSW RTS, where drivers must present a valid chit for disposal of each load.	Work sites/During construction	Contractor		V		Waste disposal (Amendment) Ordinance 2004
2.9.16	6.2.4	Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include: • segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal; • to encourage collection of aluminium cans by individual collectors, separate labelled bins should be provided to	Work sites/During construction	Contractor		V		WBTC No. 4/98, 5/98



EIA	EM&A		Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stages **			Relevant Legislation &
Ref	Ref		Timing	Agent	D	C	O	Guidelines
		segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the work force;						
		 any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled; 						
		• use of reusable non-timber formwork to reduce the amount of C&D material;						
		 prior to disposal of C&D waste, it is recommended that wood, steel and other metals should be separated for re-use and / or recycling to minimise the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill; 						
		 proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; and 						
		 plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste. 						
2.9.18	6.2.5	General Site Wastes	Work	Contractor		√		Public Health and
		A collection area for construction site waste should be provided where waste can be stored prior to removal from site	sites/During construction					Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap. 132)
		An enclosed and covered area for the collection of the waste is recommended to reduce 'wind blow' of light material						
2.9.19	6.2.6 and 6.2.7	 Chemical Wastes After use, chemical waste should be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Package, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled Waste should be properly stored on site within suitably designed containers and should be collected by an approved licensed waste collectors for disposal at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility or other licenced facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical) 	Work sites/During construction	Contractor		7		Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes
		facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation under the Waste Disposal Ordance.						



EIA Ref	EM&A	EM&A Environmental Protection Measures*	Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stages **			Relevant Legislation &
			Timing	Agent	D	C	0	Guidelines
		 Any service shop and minor maintenance facilities should be located on hard standing within a bunded area, and sumps and oil interceptors should be provided. 						
		 Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential for leakage and spillage should be undertaken within the designated areas equipped control these discharges 						
2.9.21 and 2.9.22	6.2.8 and 6.2.9	 Construction and Demolition Material The C&D waste should be separated on-site into three categories: 	During all construction phases	Contractors		V		WBTC No. 4/98, 5/98, 21/2002, 25/99, 12/2000
		public fill, the inert portion of the C&D material (e.g. concrete and rubble), which should be re-used on-site or disposed of at a public filling area;						
		C&D waste for re-use and / or recycling, the non-inert portion of the C&D material, (e.g. steel and other metals, woods, glass and plastic);						
		 C&D waste which cannot be re-used and / or recycled (e.g. wood, glass and plastic) Where possible, inert material should be re-used on-site 						
		• Where practicable, steel and other metals should be separated for re-use and/or recycling prior to disposal of C&D material						

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Implementation Schedule of Ecological Impact Measures

EIA Ref	EM&A Ref	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Imp	Implementation Stages		Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
	Kei		Tilling	Agent	D	C	O	Guidennes
Construc	tion Phase							
2.10.11	7.2 and	Carry out monitoring of corals before, during and after	Work sites /	Contractor				
and	7.3	marine works.	during					
2.10.12			construction					
			phase					
2.6.45	7.6.1	Use horizontal directional drilling to avoid direct	Marine works	Contractor		√		
to		disturbance to corals	site / during					
2.6.48			dredging works					
2.6.57	4.12.3	Deploying of 2-layer silt curtains with the first layer	All work sites /	Contractor				
to		enclosing the grab an the second layer at around 50m from	during					
2.6.58		the dredging area while dredging works are in progress	construction					
			phase					
2.6.51	7.6.1	Fence off the slope stabilisation works area from	STW/ During	Contractor		V		
		surrounding shrubland and/ woodland, to prevent access to	construction					
		or disturbance of adjacent habitats. The works area						
		should be as small as is possible, consistent with the						
		requirements of the works.						

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Implementation Schedule of Fisheries Impact Measures

EIA	EM&A	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location /	Implementation	Stages		Relevant Legislation	
Ref Ref	Ref		Timing	Agent	D	C	0	& Guidelines
2.5.37	4.12.4	Use of closed grab dredging and silt curtains around the immediate dredging area and low dredging rates as recommended in Water Quality of the EIA report		Contractor		√		TM on EIA Process

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N/A Not applicable



Implementation Schedule of Landscape and Visual Impact Measures

EIA Ref	EM&A Ref	Environmental Protection Measures*	Location / Timing	Implementation	Implementation Stages **			Relevant Legislation &	
Kei	Kti		Tilling	Agent	D	C	O	Guidelines	
Constru	Construction Phase								
2.8.37	9.2.2	Careful and efficient transplanting of affected trees to temporary or final transplant location (the proposed tree to be transplanted is a semi-mature <i>Macaranga tanarius</i> and is located at the proposed Pumping Station P2 location).	All sites	Contractor		V		WBTC No. 14/2002	
2.8.37	9.2.2	Short excavation and immediate backfilling sections upon completion of works to reduce active site area.	All sites	Contractor		V			
2.8.37	9.2.2	Screening of site construction works by use of hoarding that is appropriate to its site.	All sites	Contractor		V		WBTC No. 19/2001	
2.8.37	9.2.2	Conservation of topsoil for reuse.	All sites	Contractor		V			
2.8.30	9.2.2	Night-time light source from marine fleets should be directed away from the residential units.	Outfall area.	Contractor		V			

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