Drainage Service Department

Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Auditing report for

Contract No.DC/2009/22

Drainage Improvement in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1

September 2011

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This is the seventh monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report for the drainage improvement works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po under Drainage Services Department Contract No. DC/2009/22 entitled "Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1". This report concludes the impact monitoring for the activities undertaken during the period from 1st of September 2011 to 30th September 2011. The major site activities in this reporting period were mainly construction for box culvert, desilting chamber, proposed pumping station and ground beam for proposed pumping station, trial pit for 2100mm dia. trench at Ting Kok Road, excavation and installation of temporary shoring for box culvert, trees, shrubs and wetland plant planting and retouring of existing fish pond.

The Environmental Team (ET) is responsible for the EM&A works required in the EM&A manual (revision 3). Site inspections were carried out on weekly basis to investigate and audit the equipment and work methodologies with respect to pollution control and environmental mitigation. The weekly inspections records and photos taken were kept.

In general, waste management was satisfactory during the reporting period.

Impact monitoring for construction noise was conducted in the reporting period. No exceedance of A/L level was reported.

Furthermore, impact monitoring for water quality was conducted. Total 14 abnormal incidents of water quality criteria were recorded in this reporting month. No particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination and such conditions were believed to be mainly attributed by natural fluctuation.

No exceedance of A/L level was reported for the monitoring of hydrological characteristics in the reporting period.

The ecological monitoring of the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) of the project is conducted. Details of the findings are referred to sections 6.2.

Visual and landscape monitoring has been conducted for the project. Details of the observations are referred to sections 7.3.

There was no complaint, notification of any summons and successful prosecutions against the project received during the reporting period.

Site works proposed to be carried out in the upcoming month at Area A, B & C are refer to section 2.2.

It is expected that noise, air and water quality impacts will be resulted from the works.. ET has reminded the contractor to provide environmental pollution control measures wherever necessary and to keep a good environmental management at site practice. The recommended mitigation measures proposed for the project as well as implementation status are refer to section 12.3.

The ET will continue to implement the environmental monitoring & audit programme in accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3) and Environmental Permit requirement.

1. Introduction

This is the seventh monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report for the drainage improvement works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po under Drainage Services Department Contract No. DC/2009/22 entitled "Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1". The site layout plan is shown in Appendix A. The Environmental Team, Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited appointed by Kwan Lee – Kuly Joint Venture, prepares the report. The report is to be submitted to the Contractor, the Engineer and the IEC.

This report presents the results of the environmental monitoring of the project activities conducted within the reporting period from 1st September 2011 to 30th September 2011. This included the noise monitoring, water quality monitoring, hydrological characteristics monitoring, ecological monitoring, visual and landscape monitoring, and regular site inspections once per week for verification of implementation of the mitigation measures as recommended in the Environmental Permit (EP-303/2008) (EP), EM&A Manual (revision 3) and the Contractor's Environmental Management Plan (EMP).

2. Construction Stage

2.1 Construction activities in the reporting period

Major activities in the reporting period included the followings:

- Area A Construction for Box Culvert & Desilting Chamber.
- Area A Construction for Proposed Pumping Station.
- Area A Concreting ground beam for Proposed Pumping Station.
- Area A Trial pit for 2100mm dia. trench at Ting Kok Road.
- Area B Excavation, Installation of Temporary Shoring for Box Culvert
- Area C Trees, shrubs and wetland plant planting
- Area C Retouring of Existing fish pond.

2.2 Construction activities for the coming month

Proposed key construction works in the coming month will include:

Area A

- 1. Construction of Box Culvert & Backfilling
- 2. Concreting for ground beam
- 3. Concreting of shaft for desilting chamber
- 4. Consrtuction of Pumping station

Area B (Tung Tsz Nursery)

- 1. Excavation for the construction of box culvert in Tung Tsz Nursery
- 2. Construction of box culvert
- 3. Backfilling

Area C (ECA)

- 1. Tree Transplanting
- 2. Shrubs Planting
- 3. erection of fencing

Appendix J shows the three month rolling programme.

2.3 Environmental Status

Appendix A shows the drawing of the project area.

Locations of the monitoring and control stations with environmental sensitive receivers are presented in Section 3.3, 4.3, and 5.3 for noise, water quality, and hydrological characteristics respectively.

3. Noise Monitoring

3.1 Monitoring Parameters and Methodology

The construction noise level was measured in terms of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L_{eq}). $L_{eq~(30minutes)}$ was used as the monitoring parameter for the impact monitoring in the time period between 0700 to 1900 hours on normal weekdays. For all other time period, $L_{eq~(5minutes)}$ was employed for comparison with the Noise Control Ordinance (NCO) criteria.

Noise measurement results obtained from each monitoring location were recorded in the Construction Noise Monitoring Data Sheet (Appendix D) immediately after the measurement. As supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results L_{10} and L_{90} were also be recorded for reference.

In case of non-compliance with the construction noise criteria, more frequent monitoring, as specified in the Action plan in Table 3.5.2, shall be carried out. This additional monitoring shall be carried out until the recorded noise levels are rectified or proved to be irrelevant to the construction activities.

3.2 Monitoring Equipment

The sound level meters and calibrators comply with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651:1979 (Type 1) and 804:1985 (Type 1) specifications as referred to in the Technical Memorandum (TM) to the Noise Control Ordinance was deployed as monitoring equipment for noise measurement.

Noise measurement was not be made in the presence of fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5ms⁻¹ or wind with gust exceeding 10ms⁻¹. Thus wind speed was checked by the portable wind speed indicator capable of measuring the wind speed in m/s. Table 3.2.1 summarizes the equipment list for noise monitoring

rable 3.2.1 Equipment List for Noise Wonttoring						
Equipment	Manufacturer & Model No.	Precision Grade	Qty			
Integrated sound level meter	Svantek 949	IEC 651 Type 1 IEC 804 Type 1	2			
Windscreen	Microtech gefell model W2	N/A	1			
Acoustical calibrator	Svantek SV30A	IEC 942 Type 1	1			
Wind speed indicator	Kestrel K1000	N/A	1			
Remarks: Calibration details of the sound level meter is given in Appendix C for reference						

Table 3.2.1 Equipment List for Noise Monitoring

3.3 Monitoring Locations

According to the Environmental Monitoring and Audit manual, impact noise monitoring for contract 1 was undertaken at two locations during the construction phase of the project. The proposed monitoring locations are summarized in Table 3.3.1. Figure 3.3.1 shows the Noise Monitoring Locations

Noise measurement at each monitoring location was taken at a point 1m from the exterior of the selected premises and at a height of 1.2m above ground with no disturbance to the dweller and least obstructed view.

Table 3.3.1 Noise Monitoring Locations during Construction Phase

Noise Monitoring Station	Location
M1	14, Shuen Wan Chim Uk
AL1	Joint Village Office for Villages in Shuen Wan, Tai Po

In accordance with the requirements in the EM&A manual (revision 3), weekly impact monitoring was conducted. For the time period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays, and noise parameter of $L_{eq~(30minutes)}$ was measured. As if the construction works were carried out during restricted period (i.e. 1900-2300, 2300-0700 of next day and Sundays / general holiday), impact monitoring that comprises 3 consecutive $L_{eq~(5minutes)}$ would be carried out.

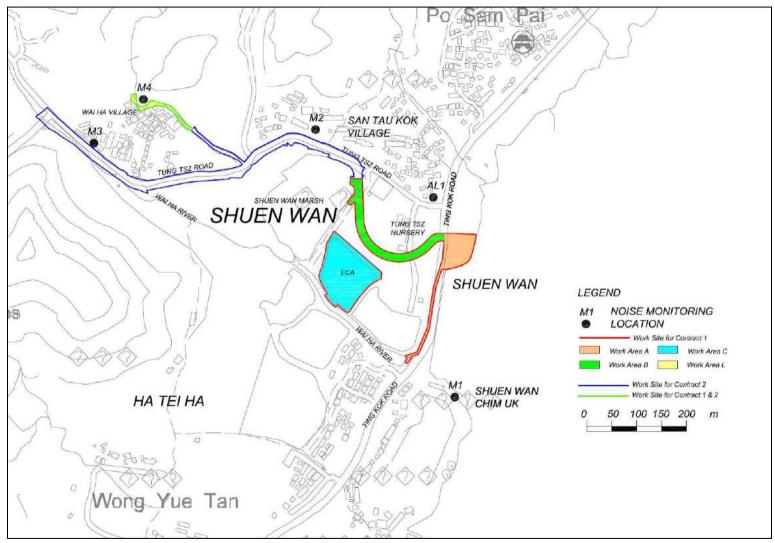


Figure 3.3.1 Impact noise monitoring locations

3.4 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Relevant details of the noise monitoring results are presented in Table 3.4.1. The results of M1, ranged between 58.2dB (A) and 70.2dB (A), and AL1, ranged between 58.3dB (A) and 65.9dB (A), were within the limit levels and therefore, no exceedance was found.

Table 3.4.1 Noise Monitoring Results for the reporting period							
Location	Parameter	Date*	Time	L _{Aeq} dB(A)	Limit dB(A)	Exceedance	Weather
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	1-Sept-11	9:43	61.3	75	N	Cloudy
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	8-Sept-11	10:21	59.8	75	N	Sunny
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	15-Sept-11	10:39	58.2	75	N	Sunny
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	22-Sept-11	9:07	70.2	75	N	Sunny
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	28-Sept-11	13:36	61.0	75	N	Sunny
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	1-Sept-11	10:27	62.7	75	N	Cloudy
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	8-Sept-11	11:25	59.2	75	N	Sunny
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	15-Sept-11	10:03	58.3	75	N	Sunny
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	22-Sept-11	9:58	64.7	75	N	Sunny
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	28-Sept-11	14:11	65.9	75	N	Sunny

Remarks: Raw datasheet for noise monitoring are attached in Appendix D for reference.

3.5 Action and Limit level for Construction noise

The Action and Limit (A/L) levels for construction noise are defined in Table 3.5.1. Should non-compliance of the criteria occur, action in accordance with the Action Plan in Table 3.5.2 should be carried out.

There was no exceedance recorded in the reporting period.

Table 3.5.1 Action and Limit Levels for Construction noise

Time Period	Action Level	Limit Level			
0700 – 1900 hours on normal weekdays	When one documented complaint is received	75dB(A)			
Remarks: If works are to be carried out during restricted hours, the conditions stipulated in					

Remarks: If works are to be carried out during restricted hours, the conditions stipulated in the construction noise permit issued by the Noise Control Authority have to be followed.

3.6 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Noise monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 6th, 13rd ,20th, and 27th of October2011.

Table 3.5.2 Event / Action Plan for Construction Noise

EVENT	ACTION						
	ET Leader	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR			
Action Level	 Notify IEC and Contractor. Carry out investigation. Report the results of investigation to the IEC, ER and Contractor. Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures. Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness. 	 Review the analysed results submitted by the ET. Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing. Notify Contractor. Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Check remedial measures are properly implemented. 	Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC. Implement noise mitigation proposals.			
Limit Level	 Notify IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor. Identify source. Repeat measurements to confirm findings. Increase monitoring frequency. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented. Inform IEC, ER and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	1. Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions. 2. Review Contractor's' remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly. 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing. Notify Contractor. Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem. Check remedial measures properly implemented. If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. 	1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance. 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification. 3. Implement the agreed proposals. 4. Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control. 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.			

4. Water Monitoring

4.1 Water Quality Monitoring Parameters and methodology

Turbidity in Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU), and Dissolved Oxygen (DO) in mg/L, temperature, and pH measurements were in-situ measurements and suspended solids measurements were performed by a HOKLAS accredited laboratory using recommended reference method APHA 2540D.

4.2 Monitoring Equipment

Turbidity, DO, Salinity, pH and temperature was measured by an instrument complied with the following requirements:

The instrument is a portable as well as weatherproof multimeter complete with cable and uses a DC power source. It is capable of measuring:

- A turbidity between 0-800NTU;
- A dissolved Oxygen level in the range of 0-20mg/L and 0-200% saturation;
- A temperature of 0-50°C;
- Salinity in the range of 0-40ppt;
- pH in the range of 0-14.

The measurements were performed by a portable and weatherproof multi-meter, model TOA-DKK WQC-24. The equipment was calibrated and verified by certified laboratory every 3 months to ensure they perform to the same level of accuracy as stated in the manufacturer's specification. Detailed calibration records of the multi-meter were shown in Appendix C for reference

Suspended solids was determined by the water samples collected from the monitoring locations for further analysis in accredited HOKLAS laboratory. Water samples were contained by polythene bottles, packed in ice (cooled in 4°C without frozen) and delivered to the laboratory for analysis as soon as possible after collection.

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4.3 Monitoring Locations

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), monitoring stations for contract 1 were established at two locations, which are summarized in Table 4.3.1.

Table 4.3.1 – Water Quality Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Location	Coordinates	
W1	Between the Shuen Wan Marsh	E:839301	
VV 1	and ECA	N:836386	
W2.	Between Tolo Harbour and	E:839542	
VV Z	Proposed Penstock	N:836184	

As illustrated in Figure 4.3.1, W1 served as the control station while W2 was the monitoring location of water quality.

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), measurements shall be taken at 3 water depths, namely, 1m below water surface, mid-depth and 1m above river bed, except where the water depth less than 6m, the mid-depth station may be omitted. Should the water depth be less than 3m, only the mid-depth station will be monitored.

As the depth of water was less than 3m, water samples were collected at mid-depth of each proposed monitoring stations for measurements and sample collection.

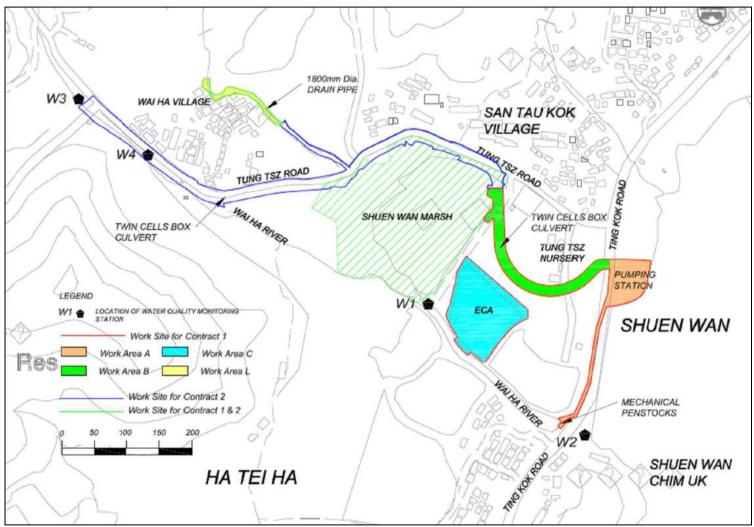


Figure 4.3.1 Water Quality Monitoring Locations

4.4 Monitoring Frequency

Impact water quality monitoring for each monitoring station were performed at mid-flood or mid-ebb tides for 3 days per week during the course of the construction river works.

Monitoring were carried out on1st, 3rd, 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th, 15th, 17th, 20th, 22nd, 24th, 26th, 28th and 30th of September 2011.

4.5 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Water quality monitoring was carried out thirteen times in this reporting month. Detailed on-site measurements are shown in Appendix E. Table 4.5.1 presents consolidated results throughout the reporting month.

There were 14 abnormal incidents of water quality limits (Dissolved Oxygen, Suspended Solid and Turbidity) were recorded in this reporting month according to the established action and limit levels. ET has arranged site investigations for the abnormal incidents and finding from the investigations showed no particular observations of defective site activities were found. Therefore, such conditions were believed to be attributed by natural fluctuation and are not considered as non-compliance events.

Details information of these incidents was presented in Section 8.

Table 4.5.1 Summary of Water Quality Monitoring Results of August 2011

		Avei	rage of Mo	nitoring Res	ults	
	Temperature (°C)	Turbidity (NTU)	рН	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Dissolved Oxygen (%)	Suspended Solids (mg/L)
W1	28.90	6.16	7.25	4.37	53	5.01
W2	29.61	3.61	7.59	5.13	60	4.02

Table 4.5.2 Interpretations of abnormal incidents recorded in the reporting month

Date	Tide	Parameter	Interpretations			
2011/9/1	Ebb	DO Turbidity	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/3	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/6	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/8	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/10	Ebb	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/12	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/15	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site			
2011/9/13		Turbidity	practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/17	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site			
2011/9/17		EUU	EUU	Loo	Loo	Turbidity
2011/9/20	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/22	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site			
2011/ 7/ 22		Turbidity	practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/24	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/26	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/28	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site practice deficiency was observed.			
2011/9/30	Ebb	DO	Incident was regarded as natural fluctuation since no particular site			
2011/9/30	EUU	2011/9/30 Ebb	Turbidity	practice deficiency was observed.		

Table 4.5.3 Construction work conducted during abnormal incidents period

Date	Area	Construction work conducted during abnormal incidents period Construction works conducted
	A	Fixing of steel reinforcement bar for the proposed outfall structure at bay 21. Erection of
	11	formwork for the proposed outfall structure at bay 21 and 22. Site keeping.
2011/9/1	В	Site keeping.
	С	Watering. Tagging the tree.
	A	Site keeping for the proposed pumping station.
2011/9/3	В	Site keeping
	С	No activity
	A	Site keeping for the proposed pumping station. Fixing of steel reinforcement bar for the proposed outfall structure ay bay 21 and 22. Erection of formwork for the proposed pumping
2011/9/6		station
	В	Site keeping. Construction of sheet piles for the proposed box culvert
	C	Re-sharp contouring for the proposed ecological compensatory area. Tree planting
2011/9/8	A	Site keeping for the proposed pumping station. Fixing of steel reinforcement bar for the proposed outfall structure ay bay 21. Erection of formwork for the proposed outfall structure at bya21.
	В	Site keeping. Backfilling of type A and B materials for box culvert.
	С	Carried out the compressing of the ramp.
2011/0/10	A	Site keeping for the proposed pumping station. Fixing of steel reinforcement bar for the proposed pumping station
2011/9/10	В	Site keeping
	C	No activity
2011/0/12	A	Site keeping for the proposed pumping station. Fixing of steel reinforcement bar for the proposed pumping station
2011/9/12	В	Site keeping. Backfilling for box culvert at bay 8. Dismantling sheet piles.
	C	No activity.
2011/9/15	A	Site keeping. Erection of formwork for the proposed pumping station. Fixing of steel reinforcement bar for the proposed pumping station. Concreting of proposed outfall structure at bay 22.
2011/)/13	В	Site keeping.
	C	Watering.
	A	Site keeping.
2011/9/17	В	Site keeping.
	С	No activity.
	A	Site keeping.
2011/9/20	В	Site keeping.
	C	No activity.
	A	Site keeping. Erection of formwork for the proposed pumping station. Fixing of steel
2011/9/22		reinforcement bar for the proposed pumping station.
2011/7/22	В	Site keeping. Driving sheet piles for the proposed box culvert.
	C	Planting of shrubs.
2011/0/24	A	Site keeping.
2011/9/24	В	Site keeping.
	C	No activity.
2011/9/26	A	Site keeping. Erection of formwork for the proposed pumping station. Fixing of steel reinforcement bar for the proposed pumping station. Excavation for the proposed dia.2100mm concrete pipe at Ting Kok Road. Dismantling of formwork for the proposed pumping station. Erection of formwork for the proposed outfall structure bay 21.
2011/9/20	В	Site keeping. Excavation for the proposed box culvert bay 7A. Installation of waling for the proposed box culvert bay 7A.
	С	Hydroseeding
2011/9/28	A	Erection of formwork for the proposed outfall structure at bay 21. Excavation for the

		proposed dia.2100mm concrete pipe at Ting Kok Road. Site keeping	
B Site keeping.			
	C	No activity.	
2011/9/30	A	Site keeping. Fixing of steel reinforcement bar for the proposed pumping station. Erection of formwork for the proposed pumping station. Erection of formwork for the proposed outfall structure at bay 21.	
2011/9/30	В	Site keeping.	
	С	No activity.	

4.6 Action and limit level for Water Quality

Based on the criteria stipulated in EM&A manual (revision 3) and baseline water quality monitoring data obtained, the A/L levels are shown in Table 4.6.1, Table 4.6.2. The A/L levels for W1 were ignored since W1 functions as the control station for contract 1. If the water quality monitoring results at any impact stations exceeded the criteria, the actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan in Table 4.6.3 should be taken.

Table 4.6.1 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality at All Monitoring Stations

Parameters	Action	Limit
DO in mg/L	5 percentile of baseline data	4 mg/L or 1 percentile of baseline
DO III IIIg/L	5 percentile of baseline data	data
pН	N/A	6.0 - 9.0
	95 percentile of baseline data or	99 percentile of baseline data or
SS in mg/L	120% of upstream control station's	130% of upstream control station's
	SS	SS
Turbidity in	95 percentile of baseline data or	99 percentile of baseline data or
NTU	120% of upstream control station's	130% of upstream control station's
INIU	Turbidity	Turbidity

Table 4.6.2 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality at All Monitoring Stations

	Monito	oring Stati	ons (Floo	d Tide)	le) Monitoring Stations (Ebb Ti				
Parameters	W1		W2		W1		W2		
1 at afficters	Action	Limit	Action	Limit	Action	Limit	Action	Limit	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	
DO (mg/L)	8.07	8.07	7.81	7.69	7.12	7.02	6.77	6.31	
pН	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0	
SS (mg/L)	7.7	8.1	7.7	8.6	10.5	10.9	9.4	9.9	
Turbidity (NTU)	4.9	5.3	1.7	1.8	4.2	4.7	3.0	3.5	

Remarks:

For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limits

For SS and turbidity, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is higher than the limits.

Table 4.6.3 Event and action Plan for Water Quality

Action level being exceeded by one sampling day 1. Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures. 5. Discuss mitigation measures. 6. Ensure mitigation measures. 6. Ensure mitigation measures. 7. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance. 7. Repeat in-situ measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 8. Action level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days 8. Action level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days 9. Inform Engineer confirm in writing measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 9. Make agreement on mitigation measures. 9. Make agreement on mitigation measures. 9. Make agreement on mitigation measures. 9. Make agreement on measures to IEC, Engineer within working days; 9. Inform Engineer confirm in writing measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 9. Make agreement on mitigation measures. 9. Make agreement on mitigation measures. 9. Inform Engineer confirm in writing measures with ET, Engineer and Engineer and mitigation measures. 9. Discuss proposed mitigation measures. 9. Discuss mitigation measures. 9. Discuss proposed mitigation measures. 9. Discuss with ET, Engineer and mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Rectify unaccept practice; 3. Check all plant and contractor; 2. Rectify unaccept practice; 3. Check all plant and contractor; 2. Rectify unaccept practice; 3. Check all plant and contractor; 2. Make agreement 3. Discuss proposed mitigation measures. 9. Discuss mitigation meas		ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
being exceeded by one sampling day Measurements to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. 7. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance. 1. Repeat in-situ measures with consecutive sampling days 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 3. Inform Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 4. Consider change working method; 5. Discuss mitigation measures. 6. Implemented mitigation measures. 6. Implement agree mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer within the measurement on next day of exceedance. 1. Repeat in-situ measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 1. Inform Engineer confirm in writing notification of the contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures with IEC, ET and 1. Inform Engineer confirm in writing notification of the Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures with EC, ET and 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures with EC, ET and 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures with EC, ET and 3. Check all plant a equipment on measures to effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 4. Consider change working method; 5. Discuss mitigation measures of implemented mitigation measures. 4. Consider change working method; 5. Discuss mitigation measures working method; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and 5.					
Action level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days 1. Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures of mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures of mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Rectify unaccept practice;	being exceeded by one sampling	measurements to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. 7. Repeat measurement on next day of	measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented	mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 2. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation	confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Consider changes in working methods; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three
and Engineer; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. 7. Prepare to increase the monitoring frequency to daily; A contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. equipment; 4. Consider change working methods; 5. Discuss with ET, and Engineer an propose mitigation measures. Engineer within working days; 6. Implement agree mitigation measures. equipment; 4. Consider change working methods; 6. Discuss with ET, and Engineer an propose mitigation measures. Engineer within working days; 6. Implement agree mitigation measures.	being exceeded by more than two consecutive	 Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. Prepare to increase the 	measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.	mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 2. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation	confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Consider changes in working methods; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three
8. Repeat measurement on next day of exeedance.		daily; 8. Repeat measurement on next day of			

Limit level being exceeded by one sampling day	 Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; Inform EPD, IEC, Contractor and Engineer; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit level. 	Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.	mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 2. Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; 3. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; 4. Assess effectiveness of	 Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check all plant and equipment; Consider changes in working methods; Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; Implement agreed mitigation measures.
Limit level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days	 Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; Inform EPD, IEC, Contractor and Engineer; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit level for two consecutive days. 	advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.	mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 2. Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; 3. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; 4. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation	 Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check all plant and equipment; Consider changes in working methods; Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; Implement agreed mitigation measures; As directed by the Engineer, slow down or stop all or part of the construction activities until no exceedance of Limit level.

4.7 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Water quality monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 4^{th} , 6^{th} , 8^{th} , 11^{th} , 13^{th} , 15^{th} , 18^{th} , 20^{th} , 22^{nd} , 25^{th} , 27^{th} and 29^{th} of October 2011.

5. Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring

5.1 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Parameters and methodology

Impact monitoring of hydrological characteristics was undertaken to establish hydrological characteristics of sections of Wai Ha River adjacent to Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po.

The hydrological characteristics of sections of Wai Ha River were measured by water flow rate and depth.

5.2 Monitoring Equipment

Monitoring performed by a portable echo-sounder, model Greyline Stingray. The equipment was calibrated and verified by certified laboratory or manufacturer every year to ensure they perform to the same level of accuracy as stated in the manufacturer's specification.

Calibration Certificate of the multi-meter is given in Appendix C.

5.3 Monitoring Locations

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), monitoring stations for contract 1 were established at two locations and summarized in Table 5.3.1.

Table 5.3.1 – Water Quality Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Location	Coordinates
H1	Between the Shuen Wan Marsh and	E:839301
	ECA	N:836386
H2	Route to Sam Kung Temple	E:839163
		N:836433

As illustrated in Figure 5.3.1, H2 served as the control station while H1 was the monitoring location of hydrological characteristics.

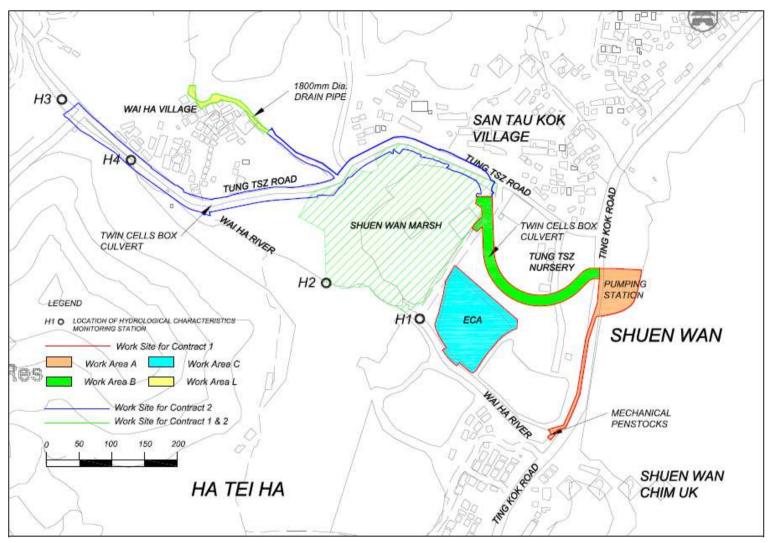


Figure 5.3.1 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Locations

5.4 Monitoring Frequency

Hydrological characteristics monitoring for each monitoring station were performed at mid-flood and mid-ebb tides for once per week during the course of the construction river works.

Monitoring was carried out on 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th and 30th of September 2011.

5.5 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Hydrological characteristics monitoring was carried out four times in this reporting period. The monitoring results are summarized in Table 5.5. All results were within the action and limit levels, therefore, no exceedance was found.

Table 5.5 Summary of Water Quality Monitoring Results

	Average of Monitoring Results			
	Water Depth (m)	Water Flow Rate (m ³ /s)		
H1	~0.2*	0.173		
H2	~0.5*	0.653		

^{*:} Since the water levels were too low for the depth detector to determine, tape measure was instead adopted for estimation.

Details of the monitoring data were presented in Appendix F.

5.6 Action and limit level for Hydrological Characteristics

The Action and Limit levels for all monitoring stations are summarized in Table 5.6.1, which would be applied for compliance assessment of hydrological characteristics for this project. If the hydrological characteristics monitoring results at any impact stations exceeded the criteria, the actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan in Table 5.6.2 should be taken.

Table 5.6.1 Action and Limit Levels for Hydrological Characteristics at All Monitoring Stations

Parameters	Action	Limit
Water Depth at Mid-flood (m)	0.08	0.06
Water Depth at Mid-ebb (m)	0.08	0.06
Water Flow Rate (m³/s)	120% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement	140% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement

Table 5.6.2 Event and action Plan for Hydrological Characteristics

Event	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
		ACTION LEVEL		
Action level being exceeded by one sampling day	 Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; Check monitoring data, Contractor's working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance. 	1. Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.	1. Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 2. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.	excavation works or dewatering

								mitigation
								measures.
Action level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days	 2. 3. 4. 7. 8. 	Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; Check monitoring data, Contractor's working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. Prepare to increase the monitoring frequency to daily; Repeat measurement on next day of exeedance.	2.	Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.	2	Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.		Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; Consider changes in working methods and plans; Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; Implement agreed mitigation
				LIMIT LEVEL				measures.
Limit level	1.	Repeat in-situ	1.		1	. Discuss	1.l	nform Engineer and
Limit level being exceeded by one sampling day		Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; Inform AFCD, IEC, Contractor and Engineer; Check monitoring data, and Contractor's working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are	2.	Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.	2	Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.	2.F 2.F 3.0 n 4.0 v 5.0 a 5.0 e 0 v	nform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; Consider changes in working methods and plans; Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; mplement agreed

	implemented; 7. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit level.			mitigation measures.
Limit level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days	 Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; Inform AFCD, IEC, Contractor and Engineer; Check monitoring data, and Contractor's working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit level for two consecutive days. 	 Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	 Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures; Consider and if necessary instruct Contractor to slow down or to stop all or part of the construction activities until no exceedance of Limit Level. 	and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; 6. Implement agreed mitigation measures; 7. As directed by the Engineer, slow down or stop all or part of

5.7 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Hydrological characteristics monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 8^{th} , 15^{th} , 22^{nd} and 29^{th} of October 2011.

6. Ecology Monitoring

6.1 Introduction

The Ecological Monitoring of the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) of the Project is conducted to fulfill Clauses 5.2 and 5.4 of EP-303/2008 and the monitoring requirements in accordance with Section 6 of the approved updated EM&A Manual (approved by EPD on 21st December 2010) and the approved Habitat Creation Plan (HCP) (approved by EPD on 24th September 2010) of the Project.

This report documents monitoring findings on the site inspections in the ECA undertaken in September 2011.

6.2 Ecological Monitoring of ECA

6.2.1 Scope of Monitoring

A specific ecological monitoring programme and ecological monitoring requirements of the ECA are detailed in Section 7 of the approved Habitat Creation Plan (HCP) and Section 6.18 of the approved updated Environmental Monitoring & Audit (EM&A) Manual of the Project.

During the construction phase of the ECA, monthly monitoring of vegetation health (including the planted, retained and transplanted trees and shrub, and the proposed planting) and weekly site inspections should be undertaken. Monthly monitoring of in situ water quality check will be carried out once the ECA is filled with water from the nearby Wai Ha River.

During the 12-month establishment phase of the ECA, monitoring on habitat types, vegetation cover, intertidal fauna and other fauna (including avifauna, herpetofauna, fish, odonates and butterflies) will be undertaken on a six-monthly basis, while the vegetation health and in situ water quality check will be monitored monthly. Site inspections will be conducted twice per month.

6.2.2 Monitoring Methodology during the construction phase

Monitoring of vegetation health

Monthly monitoring on the health condition of the retained and transplanted trees and vegetation will be conducted. Once the proposed vegetation are planted in the ECA, monitoring on the growth and health conditions of these planted vegetation in various created habitats (i.e. brackish marsh, mangrove, woodland areas of planted trees and shrubs, and wooded areas with retained and (trans)planted trees) within the ECA will be conducted during the construction and establishment phases. General health and growth status of the retained trees

within the ECA are recorded and recommendation of appropriate tree care will be made to the maintenance party.

All planted, retained and transplanted trees and shrubs will be surveyed to update their growth and health. Any signs of pests and/ or poor growth of planted, retained and transplanted trees and shrubs will be recorded. Appropriate treatment or removal of pest will be implemented if necessary. Supplemental planting will be arranged if needed.

A fixed transect line will be run through the wetland habitats (including intertidal mudflat, brackish marsh and mangrove) and the general growth and health of the planted vegetation along both sides of the transect will be inspected and evaluated. Any adverse plant health, such as dieback of planted species, will be noted and supplemental planting will be arranged. Any signs of pests which cause adverse health problems to the plants will be identified and recorded.

Monitoring of water quality

Since there will be free movement of brackish river water in and out of the ECA, water quality in the ECA will be largely dependent on water quality in the river. In this open system it is not appropriate to set specific targets for water quality parameters. Nevertheless, baseline data on water quality, in particular seasonal patterns, would potentially be useful long term management of the ECA. Once the ECA is filled with water during construction phase of the ECA, in-situ water quality will be measured once per month during both Construction and Establishment Phases. Parameters, including temperature, pH, salinity, turbidity and dissolved oxygen, will be monitored. Additional measurements of these parameters should also be made by the ecologist in response to unexpected events (e.g. algal blooms or fish die-offs) in order to inform remedial management measures.

Site inspection

Weekly site inspection will be carried out by the Wetland Specialist to update the status and monitor the progress of the construction of the ECA. Any adverse ecological impact resulting from the construction should be identified and remedial action should be recommended.

6.2.3 Monitoring Methodology during the establishment phase

Monitoring of vegetation health Same monitoring methodology as in Section 6.2.2.

Monitoring of water quality Same monitoring methodology as in Section 6.2.2.

Site inspection

Site inspection during the establishment phase of the ECA will be conducted twice per month for monitoring the health and condition of the wetland during the establishment period. Any unsatisfied health and habitat criteria of the wetland will be identified and remedial action should be recommended.

Monitoring of habitat types and vegetation cover

Monitoring of habitat types and vegetation cover will be conducted twice during the 12 month Establishment Phase of the ECA; specifically at the end of the dry season and the end of the subsequent wet season after completion of the planting work. The monitoring aims to determine the exact extent of the wetland habitats and vegetation cover (i.e. open water, intertidal mudflat, brackish marsh and mangrove) during the establishment period and control any excessive colonization of unwanted vegetation specific habitats.

Monitoring of intertidal fauna

As the ECA would largely comprise an intertidal mudflat, monitoring for intertidal fauna will be conducted. Recolonisation will take time: accordingly monitoring will be tentatively conducted in February 2012 and August 2012. As the important aim of monitoring of intertidal fauna in the ECA is to examine the diversity of the colonising community, a qualitative manner by walk-through survey (i.e. walk through the site with species and relative abundance recorded) will be conducted. Core sampling will also be conducted at different levels to record infauna. Three samples at each level (low, middle and high) will be collected during each monitoring event and the monitoring will be conducted at low tide.

Monitoring of other fauna

Monitoring of other faunal groups, including birds, herpetofauna, fish, odonate and butterflies, will be conducted. Monitoring of any aquatic invertebrates will be covered by the intertidal surveys. Since the site will be intertidal, it is considered no suitable for local amphibian species. Therefore, no nighttime survey for detecting mating calls of amphibians is necessary and only daytime surveys are needed. Monitoring of these faunal groups will be conducted on a walk-through survey basis. The surveyor will walk through the site, recording and counting the fauna observed. Microhabitats for herpetofauna will be actively searched. This monitoring will be conducted twice within the establishment period (once in the dry season (tentatively in February 2012) and once in the wet season (tentatively in August 2012).

Monitoring of wild mammals is not necessary in this case; however, if signs of wild mammals are observed (such as footprints) during any field surveys, these will be recorded.

6.2.4 Monitoring time and weather condition

Site inspection and monitoring of vegetation, fauna groups and water quality should be carried out during day-time with calm weather. Monitoring of birds should commence within one hour of sunrise, when is the peak activity period for birds. Other fauna groups shall be undertaken during the warmer part of the monitoring day.

6.3 Monitoring Results

Monitoring of Vegetation Health

The vegetation monitoring during the construction period was conducted on a monthly basis in the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) during the construction period in September 2011. The growth and health of the recorded vegetation was inspected and detail vegetation information was shown in $\bf Appendix\ L\ (A)$.

Weekly monitoring of transplanted trees were carried out and continued since the first transplantation (**Appendix** L(B))

All trees surveyed were evaluated according to the following criteria (Webb 1991).

- Trees of good form, moderate to large size and in good health are classified as **good**;
- Trees of reasonable form, with few or no visible defects or health problems are classified as being **fair**;
- Trees that are of poor form, badly damaged or clearly suffering from decay die back or the effects of very heavy vine growth are classified as **poor.**

Description of vegetation and remarks

Vegetation monitoring in the ECA was carried out on site and growth/health conditions were recorded.

A total of 20 plant species were recorded in which 6 of them were retained species including *Terminalia catappa, Cocculus orbiculatus, Mangifera indica, Dimocarpus longan, Michelia x alba* and *Macaranga tanarius*. Detailed information of the recorded vegetation in situ was given in Appendix L (A).

The general growth/health of the recorded vegetations was in fair condition.

A few of broken branches on *Terminalia catappa* were observed. Removal of broken branches and regular watering are recommended. Relevant mitigation measures will be proposed when necessary.

The transplanted trees in ECA, including 13 *Bombax ceiba*, 1 *Melaleuca quinquenervia* and 1 *Celtis sinensis*, were in fair condition since the transplantation in June (**Appendix L** (**B**).

About 200 trees were newly planted along the outer contour of the pond in ECA during September 2011. The newly planted trees include *Celtis sinensis*, *Hibiscus tiliaceus*, *Macarango tanarius*, *Ficus superb var japonica* and *Viburnum odoratissimum*. The overall condition of these newly planted trees is fair.

However, abnormal foliage colour with small amount of dieback twigs were observed on the trees planted near the edge of the pond. Appropriate pruning and regular watering are recommended to improve the condition of the newly planted trees. Relevant mitigation measures will be proposed when necessary.

There is no sign of pest outbreak or dieback took place in the current monitoring.

Summary

In total, 20 trees, shrubs, climbers and herbs were recorded in the ECA during the construction period in September 2011. A total 15 trees were transplanted from work area under Contract 1 to ECA. All vegetations recorded were in fair condition, except three of the transplanted *Bombax ceiba* which are slightly under stress. In addition, about 200 trees, including *Celtis sinensis*, *Hibiscus tiliaceus*, *Macarango tanarius*, *Ficus superb var japonica* and *Viburnum odoratissimum*, were newly planted at the outer contour of the ponf in ECA. Although there is no sign of pest outbreak or dieback, regular watering and close monitoring will still be recommended.

Monitoring of Water Quality

The point of linkage between the ECA and Wai Ha River at the southern pond bund of the wetland was completed on 30th August 2011. The constructed wetland habitats in the ECA could be filled with the tidal water from Wai Ha River. Monitoring of in situ water quality in the ECA has been commenced by the IEC's ecologist on September 2011..

Site Inspections

Five regular site inspections were carried out on 2nd, 9th, 16th, 19th and 28th September 2011. Table 7-1 summarizes the observations and recommendations for each site inspection.

Inspection. Inspection Date	Observation	Recommendation
02 September 2011	The wetland was recently connected with	The Contractor should add additional
02 September 2011	the Wai Ha River and new trees had been	rubble stones at the connection to the
	planted along the eastern and southeastern	Wai Ha River. More rubble stones
	boundaries of the ECA. Rubble stones	should be placed and piled to the higher
	were found at the connection to the	bank of the wetland.
	stream (Photo 1). The maximum high tide	
	height was determined on-site and the	
	Wetland Specialist had to determine the	
	need of fine-tuning the formed level by	
	checking the water level at high tide in the	
	following week.	
09 September 2011	Additional rubble stones were added at	The Contractor should lower the higher
	the connection of the Wai Ha River. The	part of the intertidal area along the
	ECA was inspected at the predicted tide	northeastern part of the ECA by
	height of 2.2m which should flood all	5-10cm. Such reprofiling work should
	proposed intertidal area in the ECA.	be finished within 2 weeks.
	However, as observed, only 90% of the	
	proposed intertidal area was flooded by	The newly planted <i>Hibiscus tiliaceus</i>
	the tide. The Wetland Specialist	showing poorest growth performance
	recommended to slightly lower the higher	should be replaced by new trees and the growth of the remaining <i>Hibiscus</i>
	part of intertidal area to ensure sufficient flooding in the land.	tiliaceus should be monitored closely.
	mooding in the failu.	The trees planted at the lowest row and
	The newly planted trees <i>Hibiscus tiliaceus</i>	flooded by the high tide were
	were inspected. Health and structure of	recommended to be re-planted at the
	some of these trees were not satisfactory.	higher level along the bund.
	The trees planted at the lowest row were	inglier lever drong the build.
	flooded by the high tide along the	
	southeastern part of the ECA (Photo 2).	
16 September 2011	The works for adjusting the level along	The Contractor should continue the
1	the northeastern part had been in progress	level adjustment works in the following
	on the date of inspection (Photo 3). The	week.
	adjustment to the level was almost	
	completed. As observed, tidal water could	
	reach the base of bund in general except	
	the area where the works was still being	
	completed.	
	D I C WILL SI	
	Replacement of tree Hibiscus tiliaceus	
	with poor growth performance and tree	
	planting in the whole ECA were completed.	
19 September 2011	The level adjustment works was almost	The Contractor was suggested to
13 September 2011	completed on the date of inspection)	increase the frequency of watering to
	(Photo 4) and the tidal water was found	the newly planted trees and remove any
	reaching and covering the proposed	rubbish and old chain-link fence in the
	intertidal area.	ECA
	Watering of newly planted trees by the	
	landscape contractor was observed	
	on-site.	
28 September 2011	The level adjustment works was	The Contractor should replace the
	completed. Shrubs (only planting the	wrong shrub species with the correct
	proposed Bridelia tomentosa and a wrong	shrub species Scaevola taccada.
	shrub species of <i>Pittosporum</i> spp.) and	
	grasses area were planted and	
	hydroseeded along the northeastern part	
	of the ECA (Photo 5). The shrubs were	
	planted on 23 rd September 2011 but a	1

wrong species *Pittosporum* spp. was planted.



 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Photo 1} - \text{Rubble stones were placed at the connection point of the Wai} \\ & \text{Ha River.} \end{tabular}$



Photo 2 – Row of *Hibiscus tiliaceus* was planted along the lower wetland bund.



Photo 3 – The level adjustment works was undertaken along the northeastern part of the wetland.



Photo 4 – The level adjustment works was almost completed by the date of inspection on 19th September 2011.



Photo 5 – Shrubs and grass were planted and hydroseeded along the northeastern bund in the ECA.

6.4 Management Activities

6.4.1 Ecological Issues/ Management Activities

No significant ecological issues were identified from the site inspection by the Wetland Specialist in September 2011.

An additional site inspection in the ECA was conducted on 4th October 2011 to check for any damage resulting from the Typhoon Nesat on 28th September 2011. Almost 60 newly planted trees were uprooted or with unstable root-plate after the typhoon. An inspection was also carried out by the Contractor just after the typhoon signal had lowered. The Contractor will arrange the landscape contractor to re-plant the uprooted trees or trees with unstable root-plate. All remaining planted trees will be checked for their stability on-site.

6.5 Implication of the Survey Findings

6.5.1 Implication to the Wetland design of the ECA

From the site inspections on 2nd and 9th September 2011, the higher part of the proposed intertidal area along the northeastern part of the ECA should be lowered by 5-10cm so as to allow adequate tidal flooding to the wetland bund. The Contractor was instructed to undertake such level adjustment works and the works was then completed by the week of 19th September 2011. This adjustment would not influence the overall ecological function and the main contour lines of the ECA.

6.6 Recommendations

All existing trees to be retained and the transplanted trees within the ECA should be maintained with acceptable health condition. These trees should be protected appropriately in accordance with the specification for landscape softworks stipulated in the approved Landscape Plan. The Contractor should maintain adequate watering of the transplanted trees, all newly planted trees and shrubs in the ECA during the construction and establishment phases. It is recommended that the Wetland Specialist should be notified as to the planting schedules of any new planting (including trees, shrubs, mangroves and wetland herbs) in the ECA.

7. Landscape and Visual

7.1 Introduction

The Landscape and Visual Monitoring of the Project is conducted to fulfill Clauses 5.2 and 5.4 of EP-303/2008 and the monitoring requirements in accordance with Section 7 of the approved updated EM&A Manual (approved by EPD on December 2010) of the Project. A Baseline Review on updating the landscape and visual condition, and the mitigation measures of the Project (including Contracts 1 and 2 of the Project) was undertaken before the commencement of the Project. The review findings were updated in the Baseline Environmental Monitoring Report submitted to the EPD on 14 February 2011.

This monthly monitoring report will detail the scope of landscape and visual monitoring work, monitoring findings and observations, and any recommendation and advice on proper implementation of the landscape mitigation measures.

7.2 Scope of Monitoring

7.2.1 Monitoring Objectives

Landscape and Visual Monitoring of the Project should be conducted in a bi-weekly basis for checking the design, implementation and maintenance of the landscape and visual mitigation measures throughout the construction phase and in a quarterly basis during operational phase of the Project. Observations of any potential conflicts between the proposed mitigation measures and the project works carried out by the Contractors should be recorded. Recommendation and advice on proper implementation of the landscape mitigation measures should be provided to the Contractor for minimizing any potential impacts on the landscape and visual elements.

7.2.2 Monitoring during Construction Phase

The following landscape and visual mitigation measure should be implemented during the construction phase of the project to minimize the potential impacts:

- *Visual Screen* Use of hoardings as visual screens for the construction in the works areas;
- *Contaminant/ Sediment Control* Use of temporary barriers, covers and drainage provision around the construction works as contaminant/ sediment control to prevent the contaminants and sediments from entering the sensitive water-based habitats;
- *Pollution Control* Implementation of pollution control measures to minimize any adverse environmental impacts to the surrounding habitats:
- *Liaison with Nursery* Liaison with the nursery operator as necessary to minimize any adverse impact to the daily operation and plant holding capacity of the nursery;
- Existing Trees within Works Area Maintenance and protection of the existing trees, especially their crowns, trunks and roots, within work sites; and
- Construction Light Provision of construction light should be controlled at night to avoid excessive glare to the surrounding villages and to Plover Cove.

7.2.3 Monitoring during Operational Phase

The following landscape and visual mitigation measure should be implemented during the operational phase of the project to minimize the potential impacts:

- Viewing area formation by planting with shrubs, grasses and benches along the area;
- Architectural design of the pump house will help it fit into the existing suburban, natural to semi-natural surroundings;
- Landscape design of pump house by providing sufficient planting around its boundary fence;
- Enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road with shrubs/ trees of suitable species to help protect the stream and marshes;

- Construction of box culvert should be with at least 1.0m soil depth for enhancement planting;
- Transplanting of existing affected trees to adjacent locations should be carried out:
- Preparation for transplanting is needed to allow sufficient time for root pruning and rootball preparation prior to transplanting; and
- Reinstatement of affected area should be carried out to check that the works areas are properly reinstated.

7.3 Landscape and Visual Monitoring Results

7.3.1 Monitoring Date(s)

This monthly Landscape and Visual Monitoring (September 2011) was conducted to cover only Areas A, B and C of Contract 1 of the Project. The bi-weekly monitoring was conducted on 5th and 23rd September 2011.

All photos stated in this section are recorded in Appendix G.

Contract 2 of the Project has been commenced in July 2011 and the bi-weekly monitoring was also undertaken on 5th and 23rd September 2011. The monitoring findings and recommendation will be submitted in a separate Monthly EM&A Report under Contract DC/2010/02.

7.3.2 Visual Screen

No follow-up action by the Contractor is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2011*

Observation

Construction hoardings have been erected in Area A along the entire site boundary.

A section of temporary hoarding has been erected from northwest to southwest parts of Tung Tsz Nursery in Area B (approximately along the works boundary from Trees U42 to U62), whilst line of hoardings have been maintained to the western part of Area B falling within the northwestern part of Tung Tsz Nursery.

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required.

7.3.3 Contaminant/ Sediment Control

No follow-up action by the Contractor is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for August2011*

Observation

Area A

Provision of dust control measure (such as vehicle wheel washing facilities) was observed at the exit point of Area A.

Used water for washing vehicle wheel and groundwater from the excavated sites were pumped into the silt/sand removal facilities for filtration before discharging into the manhole adjacent to Area A.

Area B

Used water was collected and drained directly to the sedimentation tank placed adjacent to the fenced Area C. This water was further filtrated through the silt/sand removal facilities in the tank before discharging into the manhole adjacent to Area C.

Area C

Construction of the wetland in the Area C was almost completed, with the connection with the Wai Ha River was finished by the end of August 2011. No water was actively pumped out from the pond as part of the construction procedure for the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA).

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required.

7.3.4 Pollution Control

All used water for washing vehicle wheel and construction works was filtrated and drained to the manholes, as following the recommendation stated in *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2011*.

Observation

Area A

Provision of vehicle wheel washing facilities was observed at the exit point of Area A to reduce the contamination to the surrounding habitats in Plover Cove. Used water for washing vehicle wheel and groundwater from the excavated sites were pumped into the silt/sand removal facilities for filtration before discharging into the manhole adjacent to Area A. The drainage pipes were maintained appropriately to discharge the used water to the manhole at Ting Kok Road

Area B

No direct discharge of contaminants or any fluid was observed within the active works area during the inspections. All used water was collected and drained directly to the sedimentation tank placed adjacent to the fenced Area C. This water was further filtrated through the silt/sand removal facilities in the tank before discharging into the manhole adjacent to Area C.

Area C

The pond of the ECA was observed to be connected to Wai Ha River directly as following the scheme design of Habitat Compensatory Plan (**Photos 2-3**). No direct discharge of turbid water into the adjacent Wai Ha River was observed.

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required for Areas A, B and C. However, as a reminder, the Contractor should regularly check the condition of the drainage pipe and ensure that the used water should be appropriately filtrated and discharged to the manhole/other discharge point agreed by the Engineer and EPD. This is to avoid any potential contamination to the vegetation in Shuen Wan marsh and other vegetated/marinated areas adjacent to the active works area.

7.3.5 Liaison with Nursery

As observed in September 2011, active construction works within Tung Tsz Nursery was still mainly restricted within the fenced areas to the southwest of the nursery.

The health condition of the *Grevillea robusta* (U58) has been closely monitored and regular watering of the retained trees and transplanted trees was anticipated.

The works practice and maintenance of trees within the nursery generally follow the recommendation as stated in *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2011*.

Any observed issues related to the liaison with the nursery are highlighted in this section.

Observation

Establishment of temporary hoarding and hoarding footings from northwest to southwest parts of Tung Tsz Nursery was completed in April 2011. Major construction work within temporary hoarding area was observed on 4th April 2011 and in the followed monitoring.

Decline in health condition for the transplanted tree U58 *Grevillea robusta* was reported in late April. Regular monitoring for the subject tree was

conducted bi-weekly. Tree defects of chlorotic leaves and defoliation were still found, but a few new leaves developed on the branches. No further health decline was observed in September 2011. (**Photos 4-5**)

No additional tree transplantation work were reported by the Main Contractor and observed during the inspections in September 2011.

Recommendation

The works area and the construction work should be properly managed and implemented without influencing the daily operation of the nursery (i.e. provide enough access road and works area for the nursery operation).

All transplanted trees should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days) by the appointed landscape contractor.

Regular monitoring and watering of *Grevillea robusta* (U58) are recommended. The appointed landscape contractor and the Contractor should closely monitor the health conditions throughout the establishment period.

7.3.6 Existing Trees within Works Areas

Tree Protection Zones (TPZs) in Areas A and B were demarcated within the construction sites as following the recommendation stated in the *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2011*, but temporary storage of construction materials was still observed in September 2011 (see details in the following section).

Regular watering of the retained trees, transplanted trees and the compensatory planting was anticipated. Maintenance of the existing trees within the Works Areas generally follows the recommendation as stated in *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2011*, except the observations as highlighted in the following sections.

Observation

Area A

TPZs with temporary storage of construction matierals were still recorded for trees to be transplanted T163, E16, E17, E18, E19 and E20 (**Photos 6-7**).

Tree tag of T163 was found on ground (**Photo 8**)

No significant damages on the crowns, trunks and roots of the remaining trees were observed during the monitoring in September 2011.

Area B

Trees, including retained and transplanted specimens, within the nursery were maintained generally in fair condition, with no significant damages on tree crowns, trunks and roots observed during the monitoring in September 2011. However, the transplanted tree U58 was still in poor health condition after the transplant. These signs may be due to transplantation shock to the tree.

No accumulation of water at the root flares of U34, U35, U36 and U37 was observed since August 2011. However, the health conditions of U34 (**Photos 9-10**) and U37 (**Photos 11-12**) were found declining with defoliation and dried, loose tree bark. Their roots may be damaged by the previous flooding around the root flares and hence gradually affecting the tree health.

Damage was found on trunk of U47 (**Photo 13**). No proper TPZ was observed for this tree (**Photo 14**).

The planter for a tree to be transplanted (A36) was not yet repaired by the time of the inspections. Two ropes have been used for guying the tree to prevent tree failure (**Photo 15**).

Area C

The existing trees were maintained generally in fair health condition. No branch pruning and tree felling were observed in the monitoring. No significant damages on the crowns, trunks and roots on trees within Area C were observed during the monitoring in September 2011.

Defoliation was observed on the transplanted trees T152 (**Photos 16-17**), T153 (**Photos 18-19**) and T250 (**Photos 20-22**). These three trees were suspected dying with poor health condition, possibly due to transplantation shock and as unsuitable species for transplantation.

Compensatory planting with a total of 384 trees (including *Celtis sinensis*, *Ficus superba* var. *japonica*, *Hibiscus tiliaceus*, *Macaranga tanarius* and *Viburnum odoratissimum*) along the western, eastern and southeastern pond bunds of the ECA was completed in September 2011, while shrub planting and hydroseeding along the northeastern bund of the ECA were also observed. Spacing of at least 2500mm between each planted tree was observed (**Photo 23**).

Recommendations

Area A

Proper TPZs (e.g. demarcate a clear TPZs by the tree dripline area) should be established for the highlighted trees. All Tree Protection Zones should be maintained appropriately in accordance with the soft landscape works specification appended in the approved Landscape Plan, including but not limited to the maintenance work such as removal of any surplus soil and construction equipments around the

trunk flare of the retained and transplanted trees. The Contractor should notify the on-site workers not to stockpile soil/construction materials or place construction equipments within the TPZs.

All retained trees or trees to be transplanted should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days) by the appointed landscape contractor.

Area B

All transplanted trees should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days) by the appointed landscape contractor. This is a necessary maintenance practice to improve the survival rates and growth for trees showing poor health conditions (e.g. for trees U34 and U37) resulting from the transplantation shock. Regular check of the health conditions of these trees should be conducted.

Proper TPZ should be established for the U47.

Regular check should be conducted to ensure no waterlogged soil is found within the tree rings for all transplanted trees. Regular inspection on tree health of U58 (*Grevillea robusta*). U34 and U37 should be undertaken to update their health condition and any tree defects. If these trees are found to be dead specimens for a prolonged period in the future, the Contractor should replace these specimens for compensation.

The Contractor was informed to repair the planter of A36 as soon as possible. In addition, the Contractor should ensure that all planters have been properly maintained. Manual weeding of overgrowth vegetation within the tree planters is recommended.

Tree tag of T163 should be re-tagged on the tree trunk to facilitate the on-site tree maintenance.

Area C

All transplanted trees (especially for T152, T153 and T250) and trees for compensatory planting should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days) by the appointed landscape contractor. Regular check of the health conditions of these trees should be conducted. If these trees are found to be dead specimens for a prolonged period in the future, the Contractor should replace these specimens for compensation.

7.3.7 Construction Lights

No follow-up action on maintenance of construction light is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2011*

Observation

No construction light impact to the surrounding villages and to Plover Cove as all construction activities and construction sites are halted at 1800. No construction light at night is provided by the Main Contractor.

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required.

7.4 AUDIT SCHEDULE

The next bi-weekly Landscape & Visual Monitoring in October 2011 is scheduled to be conducted in the week of 3^{rd} and 17^{th} October 2011.

8. Action taken in Event of Exceedance

If the measurements (Noise, Water, Hydrological Characteristics, and Ecology) exceed the action / limit level, exceedance details will be reported and follow-up actions will be taken by relevant parties involved.

During the reporting month there was no exceedance for noise, hydrological characteristics, and ecological measurements recorded; therefore, no actions were taken.

For water quality monitoring, total 14 abnormal incidents of water quality limits (Dissolved Oxygen and Turbidity) were recorded in this reporting month according to the established level. ET has arranged site investigations for the incidents. No major site activity that may affect water quality was observed and no particular observations of defective site activities were found. There were no emissions of treated water from Area C to drainage system prior Wai Ha River within this report month. No muddy water and site runoff was observed at fish pond and Wai Ha River, water condition of fish pond and Wai Ha River are presented in photo attached in Appendix M. During the incidents occurred, Contractor had already implemented sedimentation tank to prevent water quality impact. As no particular defect of site practices was observed, such conditions were believed to be attributed by natural fluctuation and are not considered as non-compliance events. No further actions for those incidents are required.

9. Construction waste disposal

It is the contractor's responsibility to ensure that all wastes produced during the construction phase for the drainage improvement works are handled, stored and disposed of in accordance with good waste management practices and EPD's regulation and requirement. Waste materials generated during construction activities, such as construction and demolition (C&D) material, chemical wastes and general refuse, are recommended to be audited at regular intervals to ensure that proper storage, transportation and disposal practices are being implemented.

Table 9.1 is a summary of figures of the construction wastes disposal provided by Contractor

Table 9.1 Summary of Construction Waste Disposal

		Actual Quantities	of Inert C & D M	aterials Generated	Monthly			Actual Quantities of	C & D Waste	es Generated 1	Monthly
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/cardboard packaging	Plastics (see note3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)
Mar-11	0.330	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.055
Apr-11	0.280	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
May-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
Jun-11	5.475	0.00	5.475	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
July-11	3.200	0.00	2.85	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Aug-11	1.608	0.00	0.868	0.00	0.00	0.740	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Spet-11	0.045	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.005	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	10.938	0.00	9.233	0.35	0.615	0.740	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.079
			Forecast of T	otal Quantities of (C & D Materials t	o be Generate	ed from the	Contract			
	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/cardboard packaging	Plastics (see note3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)
	37.37	8.27	12.09	0	25.28	2.1	10	2	0.5	1	1

Notes: (1) The Performance targets are given in PS Clause $\overline{26.23}$ (14)

⁽²⁾ The waste flow table shall also include C & D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for used at the sites

⁽³⁾ Plastics refer to plastics bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging materials.

The summary table shall be submitted to the Engineer's Representative monthly together with the Waste Flow Table for review and monitoring in accordance with the PS Clause 25.20A(4)

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10. Status of Permits and Licenses obtained

Table 10.1 is the updated status of environmental related permits/ license obtained for the construction activities

Table 10.1 Status of Permits and Licenses Obtained

Description	License / Permit No.#	Date of Issue	Date of expiry	Status
Environmental Permit	EP-303/2008	2008/2/25	not applicable	Valid
Discharge Licence	WT00006448-2010	2010/6/15	30/6/2015	Valid
Registration as a Chemical Waste Producer	316597	2010/4/26	not applicable	Valid
Waste Disposal	7010348	2010/3/2	not applicable	Valid

11. Complaint Log

There was no formal complaint received during the reporting period. Therefore, follow up actions for the environmental complaint is not required.

Table 11.1 Summary of Formal Complaints received

	Noise	Water	Ecology	Others
Mar 2011	0	0	0	0
April 2011	0	0	0	0
May 2011	0	0	0	0
June 2011	0	0	0	0
July 2011	0	0	0	0
August 2011	0	0	0	0
September 2011	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0

12. Site Environmental Audits

12.1 Site Inspection

Site inspections were undertaken weekly to inspect the construction activities in active site areas to ensure that appropriate environmental protection and pollution control mitigation measures are properly implemented.

Within this reporting period, site inspections were conducted on 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd and 27th of September 2011. A detailed checklist of each site inspection together with comments and relevant photos have been filed and kept. The findings from inspection were summarized in Table 12.1.

Table 12.1 Summary results of site inspections findings

Date	Findings	Identification	Advice from ET	Action taken	Closing date	Remarks
7 July 2011 14 July 2011 21 July 2011 5 Aug 2011 11 Aug 2011 19 Aug 2011 23 Aug 2011 1 Sept 2011 8 Sept 2011 15 Sept 2011 22 Sept 2011 27 Sept 2011	C & D waste and general waste were found scattered in various locations	Observation	Contractor was advised to collect and relocate the wastes for temporary storage in order to maintain good housekeeping practices.	Outstanding	•	•
29 July 2011 5 Aug 2011 11 Aug 2011 19 Aug 2011	Stagnant water was observed inside drip tray at area B	Observation	Contractor was advised to remove the stagnant water to prevent mosquito breeding and accumulation of water.	Stagnant water inside the drip tray at area B was removed	1 Sept 2011	-
5 Aug 2011 11 Aug 2011 23 Aug 2011 1 Sept 2011 15 Sept 2011 22 Sept 2011	It was observed that the protective net around the preserved trees was damaged at area B	Observation	Contractor was recommended to replace the protective net immediately in order to protect the trees	The protective net around the preserved trees was replaced	27 Sept 2011	-
1 Sept 2011 15 Sept 2011	Stagnant water was observed at area B	Observation	Contractor was advised to remove the stagnant water to prevent mosquito breeding and accumulation of water	Stagnant water observed inside Area B was removed	27 Sept 2011	-
15 Sept 2011 22 Sept 2011	Stagnant water was observed inside the H-pile at Area A and the ditch at Area B	Observation	Contractor was advised to remove the stagnant water and fill the concaved area of the cover with sand to prevent the accumulation of stagnant water and mosquito breeding	Stagnant water observed inside the H-pile at Area A and the ditch at Area B was removed	27 Sept 2011	-
15 Sept 2011	Carrying of mud by vehicle	Observation	Contractor was	As reported by	22 Sept 2011	-

Date	Findings	Identification	Advice from ET	Action taken	Closing date	Remarks
	on to the road at the exit of		reminded to water	contractor,		
	Area C was observed		the wheels or body	mud on to the		
			of the vehicles	road at the exit		
			before leaving the	of Area C was		
			site and to clear any	removed		
			mud that it carries			
			onto the road			
22 Sept 2011	No water spraying is applied during breaking work at Area A roadside	Observation	Contractor was reminded to wet the breaking surface to suppress dust emission	Contractor reported that water spraying is applied during breaking work at Area A roadside	27 Sept 2011	-
27 Sept 2011	Haul access at the entrance of Area B was observed to be dry and dusty	Observation	Contractor was advised to provide regular water spraying for dust suppression	Outstanding	-	-

12.2 Compliance with legal and Contractual requirement

There was no non-compliance recorded for the month of September 2011.

12.3 Implementation status and effectiveness of the mitigation measures

Contractor has implemented mitigation measures to address those problems as advised by ER and ET. Some of the measures taken by the contractor were considered as effective to minimize negative impact to the environment. Ongoing investigation will be carried out to observe performance and effectiveness of those measures. Outstanding environmental items will be inspected in next month.

As there were some ongoing follow up practices, contractor was reminded to regularly review and rectify the discrepancy once found and maintain good site condition. The contractor implemented various environmental mitigation measures as recommended in the Environmental Permit and Final Mitigation Measures Report.

The recommend mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3) are presented in Appendix H (A).

The implemented statues of mitigation measures are presented in Appendix H (B).

13. Future key issues and recommendations.

According to the forecasted site activities, key environmental issued to be considered should at least include:

- Site water control and relevant protective measures.
- Quality of effluent discharge from Area A.
- Noise abatement measures for piling works.
- Control and disposal for construction wastes generated from works.
- Tree protective measure for tree planting and transplanting, such as tree protection zone and regular watering.

14. Conclusions

Construction for box culvert, desilting chamber, proposed pumping station and ground beam for proposed pumping station, trial pit for 2100mm dia. trench at Ting Kok Road, excavation and installation of temporary shoring for box culvert, trees, shrubs and wetland plant planting and retouring of existing fish pond were major site activities being carried out within this reporting period.

Regular site meetings and inspection audits led by the seniors for discussing site environmental matters were held among Project Proponent, Contractor and the ET on weekly basis. Also monthly site meeting and inspection audits with the above parties and IEC were carried out on 27th of September 2011.

For noise level monitoring, all results were within the established A/L limits.

For water quality monitoring, total 14 abnormal accidents of water quality limits (Dissolved Oxygen and Turbidity) were recorded in this reporting month according to the established level. ET has arranged site investigations for the abnormal incidents. No particular observations of defective site activities were found causing the incidents and such conditions were believed to be attributed by natural fluctuation.

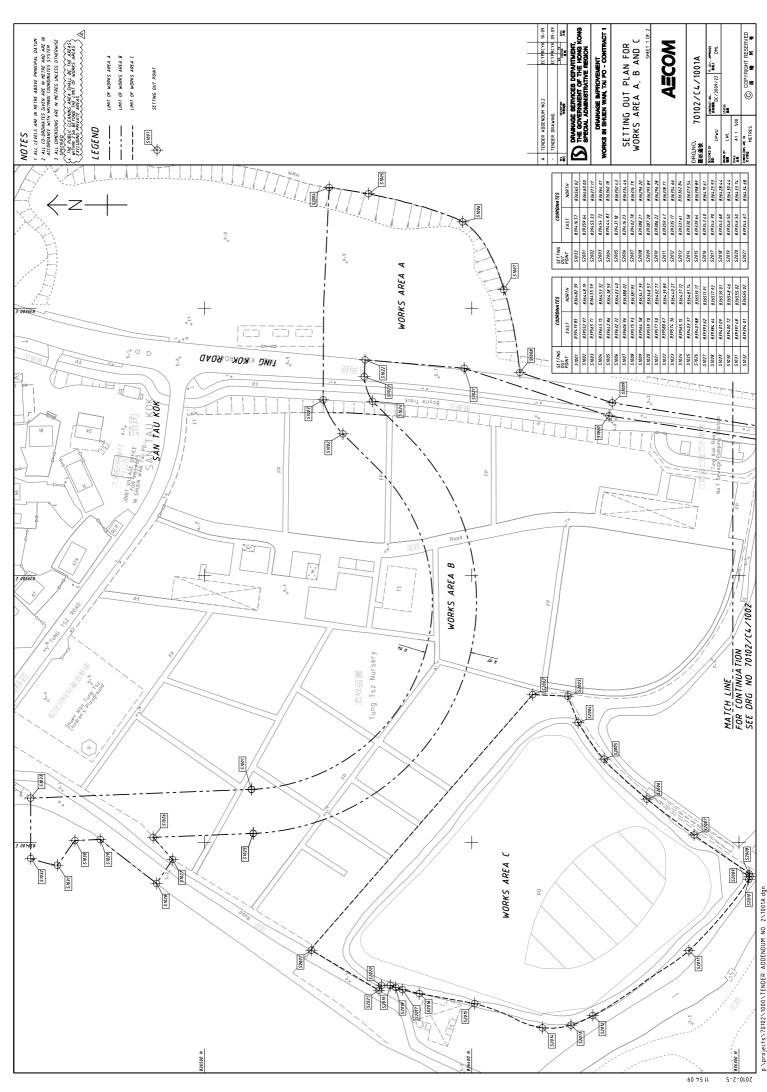
For ecological monitoring survey, all vegetations recorded were in fair condition, except three of the transplanted *Bombax ceiba* which is slightly under stress, with no significance sign of health deterioration for the retained trees. In addition, there was no ecological water quality monitoring conducted in this reporting period.

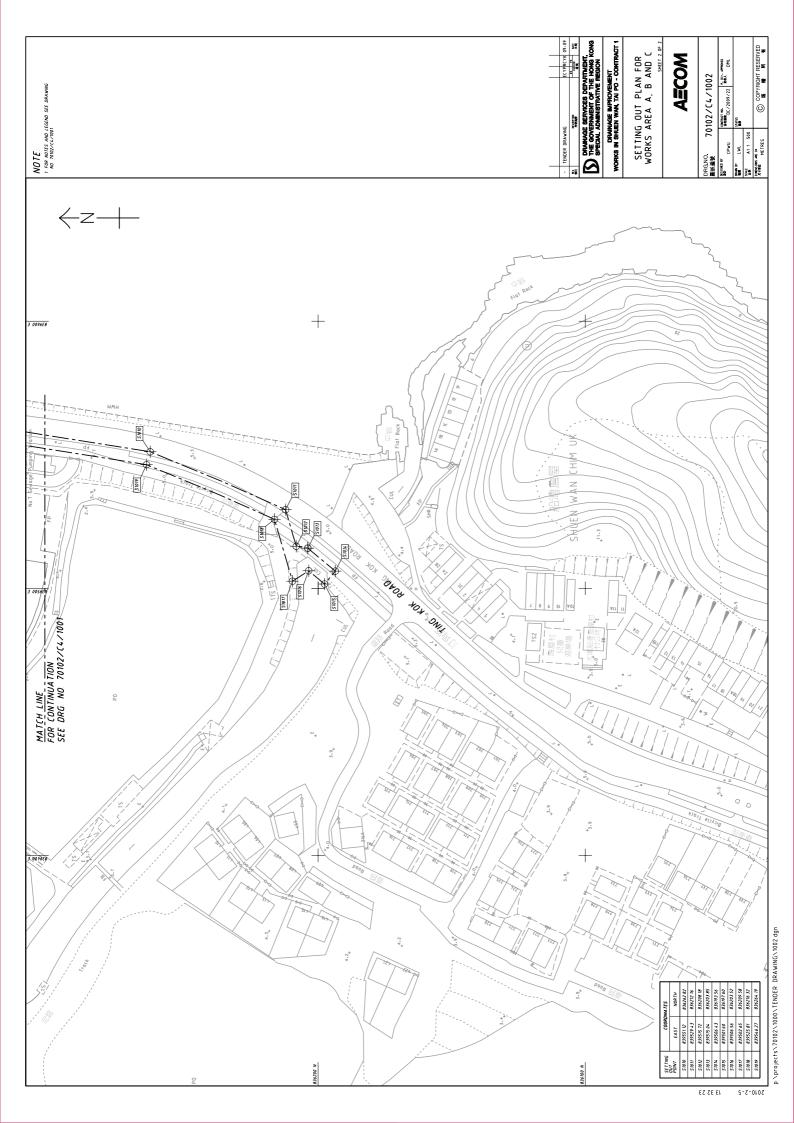
Also, there were not any notifications of summons recorded during the reporting period. Furthermore, there were not any formal prosecution and complaints recorded.

ET has reminded the contractor to provide environmental pollution control measures wherever necessary, and to keep a good environmental management at site practice.

The ET will continue to implement the environmental monitoring & audit programme in accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3) and Environmental Permit requirement.

Appendix A: Site Location







Post	Name	Contact No.	Contact Fax	e-mail
Project Manager	Mr. W. K. Chan	6821 1136	2674 6688	dc200922jv_pmcwk @yahoo.com.hk
Site Agent	Mr. C. L. Wong	9280 0166	2674 6688	dc200922jv_sa@yaho o.com.hk
Environmental Officer / Sub-agent	Mr. K. M. Ma	9552 1734	2674 6688	dc200922jv_suba@ya hoo.com.hk
Environmental Supervisor	Mr. Anthony Chan	9179 2092	2674 6688	anthony277@hotmail.
Asia Ecological Consultants Ltd. (Wetland Specialist)	Dr. Mike Leven	2486 2885	2471 8389	mrleven@asiaecol.co m.hk
Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited (Environmental Team)	Miss. Goldie Fung	2556 9172	2856 2010	goldiefung@fseng.co m.hk



Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited



Certificate No.

11494

Page

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Customer: Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address: Flat B, 6/F., Hop Shi Factory Building, 29 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong.

Order No.: Q10260

Date of receipt

15-Mar-11

Item Tested

Description: Digital Sound Level Meter

Manufacturer: SVAN Model

: 949

Serial No.

: 8571

Test Conditions

Date of Test: 17-Mar-11

Supply Voltage

Ambient Temperature:

 $(23 \pm 3)^{\circ}C$

Relative Humidity: (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: Z01.

Test Results

All results were within the IEC 651 Type 1 & IEC 804 Type 1 specification.

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

Equipment No. Description

Cert. No.

Traceable to

S017A

Multi-Function Generator

07279

SCL-HKSAR

S024

Sound Level Calibrator

04062

NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI). The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by :

This Certificate is issued by:

Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

21-Mar-11

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong. Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646



Certificate No. 11494

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Results:

1. SPL Accuracy

	UUT Set	ting			
Level Range	Octave Filter	Weight	Response	Applied Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)
105 dB	OFF	Α	Fast	94.0	93.9
			Slow		93.9
		C	Fast	·	93.9
130 dB	OFF	Α	Fast	94.0	94.0
			Slow		94.0
		C	Fast		94.0
	OFF	Α	Fast	114.0	113.8
			Slow		113.8
		С	Fast		113.8

IEC 651 Type 1 Spec. : \pm 0.7 dB

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

2. Level Stability: 0.0 dB

IEC 651 Type 1 Spec. : ± 0.3 dB

Uncertainty: ± 0.01 dB

3. Linearity

3.1 Level Linearity

UUT Range	Applied			IEC 651 Type 1 Spec.
(dB)	Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	Variation (dB)	(inside Primary)
130	114.0	114.0	0.0	± 0.7 dB
	104.0	104.0	0.0	
	94.0	94.0 (Ref.)		
105	84.0	84.2	-0.2	
	74.0	74.1	-0.1	
	64.0	64.1	-0.1	
	54.0	54.2	-0.2	

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB



Certificate No. 11494

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3.2 Differential level linearity

UUT Range (dB)	Applied Value (dB)	UUT Read	ling (dB)	Variation (dB)	IEC 651 Type 1 Spec.
130	84.0	84.1		-0.1	± 0.4 dB
	94.0	94.0	(Ref.)	0.0	
	95.0	95.0		0.0	± 0.2 dB

Uncertainty: ± 0. 1 dB

4. Frequency Weighting

A weighting

Frequ	ency	Attenuation (dB))	IEC 651 Type 1 Spec.
31.5	Hz	-39.8		- 39.4 dB, ± 1.5 dB
63	Hz	-26.5		- 26.2 dB, ± 1.5 dB
125	Hz	-16.5		- 16.1 dB, ± 1 dB
250	Hz	-9.0		- $8.6 dB, \pm 1 dB$
500	Hz	-3.4		- 3.2 dB, ±1 dB
1	kHz	0.0	(Ref)	$0 \text{ dB}, \pm 1 \text{ dB}$
2	kHz	+1.6		+ 1.2 dB, ± 1 dB
4	kHz	+1.6		+ 1.0 dB, ± 1 dB
8	kHz	-0.5		- 1.1 dB , + $1.5 \text{ dB} \sim -3 \text{ dB}$
16	kHz	-6.3		- 6.6 dB, + 3 dB ~ - ∞

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

5. Time Averaging

Applied Burst duty Factor	Applied Leq. Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	IEC 804 Type 1 Spec.
continuous	50.0		
1/10	50.0	50.3	± 0.5 dB
$1/10^2$	50.0	49.8	
1/10 ³	50.0	50.0	± 1.0 dB
1/104	50.0	50.0	

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

Remarks: 1. UUT: Unit-Under-Test

2. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.

3. Atmospheric Pressure: 1 012 hPa.

----- END -----



Certificate No.

11218

Page

1 of 3 Pages

Customer: Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address: Flat B, 6/F., Hop Shi Factory Building, 29 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong.

Order No.: Q10260

Date of receipt

1-Mar-11

Item Tested

Description: Digital Sound Level Meter

Manufacturer: SVAN

Model

: 949

Serial No.

: 8569

Test Conditions

Date of Test: 14-Mar-11

Supply Voltage : --

Ambient Temperature:

 $(23 \pm 3)^{\circ}C$

Relative Humidity: (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: Z01.

Test Results

All results were within the IEC 651 Type 1 & IEC 804 Type 1 specification after adjustment.

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

Equipment No. Description

Cert. No.

Traceable to

S017A

Multi-Function Generator

07279

SCL-HKSAR

S024

Sound Level Calibrator

04062

NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI).

The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by:

Approved by:

15-Mar-11

This Certificate is issued by

Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong.

Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646

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Certificate No. 11218

Page 2 of 3 Pages

Results:

1. SPL Accuracy

UUT Setting			Applied Value	UUT Reading (dB)		
Level Range	Octave Filter	Weight	Response	(dB)	Before Adjust.	After Adjust.
105 dB	OFF	A	Fast	94.0	*92.2	93.9
			Slow			93.9
		С	Fast]	·	93.9
130 dB	OFF	Α	Fast	94.0		93.9
			Slow]		93.9
		С	Fast			93.9
	OFF	A	Fast	114.0		113.9
			Slow			113.9
		С	Fast			113.9

IEC 651 Type 1 Spec. : \pm 0.7 dB

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

2. Level Stability: 0.0 dB

IEC 651 Type 1 Spec. : ± 0.3 dB

Uncertainty: ± 0.01 dB

3. Linearity

3.1 Level Linearity

	Applied				IEC 651 Type 1 Spec.
UUT Range	Value (dB)	UUT Readin	ng (dB)	Variation (dB)	(inside Primary)
130	114.0	113.9		0.0	± 0.7 dB
	104.0	103.9		0.0	
	94.0	93.9	(Ref.)		
105	84.0	83.9		0.0	
	74.0	74.0		+0.1	
	64.0	64.1		-0.2	
	54.0	54.1		-0.2	

Uncertainty: $\pm 0.1 dB$



Certificate No. 11218

Page 3 of 3 Pages

3.2 Differential level linearity

UUT Range	Applied Value (dB)	UUT Readin	ng (dB)	Variation (dB)	IEC 651 Type 1 Spec.
130	84.0	83.9		0.0	± 0.4 dB
	94.0	93.9	(Ref.)		
	95.0	95.0		-0.1	± 0.2 dB

Uncertainty: $\pm 0.1 dB$

4. Frequency Weighting

A weighting

A weight	mg .					
Frequency		Attenuation (dB	3)	IEC 651 Type 1	Spec.	
31.5	5 Hz	-39.7	-39.7		- 39.4 dB, ± 1.5 dB	
63	Hz	-26.5		- 26.2 dB, ± 1.5	dB	
125	Hz	-16.5		- 16.1 dB, ± 1	dB	
250	Hz	-9.0		- $8.6 dB, \pm 1$	dB	
500	Hz	-3.5		- 3.2 dB, ± 1	dB	
1	kHz	0.0	(Ref)	0 dB, ± 1	dB	
2	kHz	+1.5		+ 1.2 dB, ± 1	dB	
4	kHz	+1.4		+ 1.0 dB, ± 1	dB	
8	kHz	-0.7		- 1.1 dB, + 1.5 dB	~ -3 dB	
16	kHz	-6.6		- 6.6 dB, + 3 dB	. ~ - ∞	

Uncertainty: $\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$

5. Time Averaging

	Applied Burst duty Factor	Applied Leq. Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	IEC 804 Type 1 Spec.
	continuous	40.0		
	1/10	40.0	40.1	± 0.5 dB
ĺ	$1/10^2$	40.0	40.0	
	$1/10^3$	40.0	40.2	± 1.0 dB
	1/104	40.0	40.0	

Uncertainty: $\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$

Remarks: 1. UUT: Unit-Under-Test

- 2. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.
- 3. Atmospheric Pressure: 1 010 hPa.
- 4. *Out of Specification

----- END -----



Certificate No. 11495

Page 1 of 2 Pages

15-Mar-11

Customer: Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address: Flat B, 6/F., Hop Shi Factory Building, 29 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong.

Order No.: Q10260 Date of receipt :

Item Tested

Description: Sound Level Calibrator

Manufacturer: Svantek

Model: SV30A Serial No.: 7908

Test Conditions

Date of Test: 17-Mar-11 Supply Voltage : --

Ambient Temperature : $(23 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C Relative Humidity : (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: F21, Z02.

Test Results

All results were within the IEC 942 Class 1 specification.

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

<u>Description</u>	Cert. No.	Traceable to
Spectrum Analyzer	03926	NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR
Sound Level Calibrator	04062	NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR
Universal Counter	04461	SCL-HKSAR
Sound Level Meter	04462	SCL-HKSAR
	Spectrum Analyzer Sound Level Calibrator Universal Counter	Spectrum Analyzer 03926 Sound Level Calibrator 04062 Universal Counter 04461

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI). The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by :

P. F. Wona

Approved by :

21-Mar-11

orothy Cheuk

This Certificate is issued by:

Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong.

Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646

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Certificate No. 11495

Page 2 of 2 Pages

Results:

1. Level Accuracy

UUT Nominal Value (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	IEC 942 Class 1 Spec.
94	94.08	± 0.3.dB
114	114.18	

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

2. Frequency

UUT Nominal Value	Measured Value	IEC 942 Class 1 Spec.
1 kHz	1.000 kHz	± 2 %

Uncertainty: $\pm 3.6 \times 10^{-6}$

3. Level Stability: 0.0 dB

IEC 942 Class 1 Spec. : ± 0.1 dB

Uncertainty: ± 0.01 dB

4. Total Harmonic Distortion : < 1.0 %

IEC 942 Class 1 Spec. : < 3 % Uncertainty : ± 2.3 % of reading

Remark: 1. UUT: Unit-Under-Test

- 2. The above measured values are the mean of 3 measurements.
- 3. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.
- 4. Atmospheric Pressure: 1012 hPa.

----- END -----



QUALITY CONTROL CALIBRATION AND TEST CERTIFICATE

Date Issued:

10/27/2010

Instrument Description

Model

Serial Number

Level-Velocity Logger

Stingray

45525

Greyline's quality control calibration and testing program includes distance measurement verification using fixed, calibrated targets.

CALIBRATION CONDITIONS

Minimum Level = 1.00"
Intermediate Level = 16.00 ft
Pipe I.D. = 8.00"
Maximum Velocity = 10 ft/s

CERTIFICATION

The above product has been tested to meet or exceed the following specifications:

Accuracy	+/- 2%
Repeatability	+/- 0.1%
Linearity	+/- 0.5%

Level / Velocity

and has also passed the following tests:

- 1. Functional test including output signals.
- 2. Adjustment of circuit variables to calibrated values
- 3. Reliability test (burn-in) 48 hr



ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd

REPORT OF EOUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

CONTACT:

MR ALLEN CHAN

CLIENT:

ENVIRONMENTAL PIONEERS & SOLUTIONS LTD

ADDRESS:

FLAT 19A, CHAI WAN INDUSTRIAL CENTRE BUILDING,

20 LEE CHUNG STREET.

CHAI WAN. HONG KONG.

PROJECT:

WORK ORDER:

HK1118870

LABORATORY:

HONG KONG

DATE RECEIVED:

11/08/2011

DATE OF ISSUE: 17/08/2011

COMMENTS

It is certified that the item under calibration/checking has been calibrated/checked by corresponding calibrated equipment in the laboratory.

Maximum Tolerance and calibration frequency stated in the report, unless otherwise stated, the internal aceptance criteria of ALS will be followed.

Scope of Test:

Dissolved Oxygen, pH, Temperature and Turbidity

Description:

Hand-held Water Quality Meter

Brand Name:

DKK-TOA WQC-24

Model No.: Serial No.:

682337

Equipment No.:

Date of Calibration: 16 August, 2011

NOTES

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this batch number. Results apply to sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

ISSUING LABORATORY: HONG KONG

Address

ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd

11/F Chung Shun Knitting Centre

1-3 Wing Yip Street

Kwai Chung HONG KONG Phone:

852-2610 1044

Fax:

852-2610 2021

Email:

hongkong@alsglobal.com

Mr Chan Kwok Fai, Godfrey Laboratory Manager Hong Kong

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Page 1 of 2



REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

Work Order: Date of Issue: HK1118870 17/08/2011

Client:

ENVIRONMENTAL PIONEERS & SOLUTIONS LTD



Description:

Hand-held Water Quality Meter

Brand Name: Model No.: Serial No.: DKK-TOA WQC-24 682337

Equipment No.:

--

Date of Calibration:

16 August, 2011

Date of next Calibration:

16 November, 2011

Parameters:

Dissolved Oxygen

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 45000: G

Expected Reading (mg/L)	Displayed Reading (mg/L)	Tolerance (mg/L)
4.61	4.48	-0.13
6.82	6.77	-0.05
7.95	7.85	-0.10
	Tolerance Limit (±mg/L)	0.20

pH Value

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 4500H:B

Expected Reading (pH Unit)	Displayed Reading (pH Unit)	Tolerance (pH unit)
4.00	3.97	-0.03
7.00	6.97	-0.03
10.00	10.08	0.08
	Tolerance Limit (±unit)	0.20

Temperature

Method Ref: Section 6 of International Accreditation New Zealand Technical

Guide No. 3 Second edition March 2008: Working Thermometer Calibration Procedure.

	Builde from a decention control interest and					
	Expected Reading (°C)	Displayed Reading (°C)	Tolerance (°C)			
	12.0	11.8	-0.2			
١	24.5	24.0	-0.5			
	31.5	31.4	-0.1			
		Tolerance Limit (°C)	2.0			

Turbidity

Method Ref: ALPHA (21st edition), 2130B

Expected Reading (NTU)	Displayed Reading (NTU)	Tolerance (%)
0.0	0.1	
4.0	3.9	-2.5
40.0	39.3	-1.8
80.0	78.0	-2.5
400.0	399.0	-0.3
800.0	798.6	-0.2
	Tolerance Limit (±%)	/ 10.0

Mr Chan Kwok Fai, Godfrey

Laboratory Manager Hong Kong



Monitoring Location	on	M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitoring	g	1/9/2011	1/9/2011
Weather Conditio	n	Cloudy	Cloudy
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	9:43	10:27
Measurement Tin	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	I	SVAN	N 949
Wind Speed (m/s)	1.23	0.31
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	61.3	62.7
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	63.7	65.4
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	49.0	51.3
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

	<u>iname</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		Atomor	
Perpared by:	<u>Alisun Lai</u>		<u>1/9/2011</u>

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitorin	g	8/9/2011	8/9/2011
Weather Condition	n	Sunny	Sunny
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	10:21	11:25
Measurement Tin	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	I	SVAN	N 949
Wind Speed (m/s)	1.24	0.38
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	59.8	59.2
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	62.2	62.2
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	49.5	45.5
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Sour	ce(s) During Monitoring	Background NoiseTraffic Noise	Background NoiseTraffic Noise

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		11 /	
Perpared by:	<u>Alisun Lai</u>	Month	8/9/2011

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitoring	g	15/9/2011	15/9/2011
Weather Conditio	n	Sunny	Sunny
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	10:39	10:03
Measurement Tin	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	I	SVAN	N 949
Wind Speed (m/s)	2.1	1.63
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	58.2	58.3
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	60.1	59.8
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	45.6	44.9
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		Background NoiseTraffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

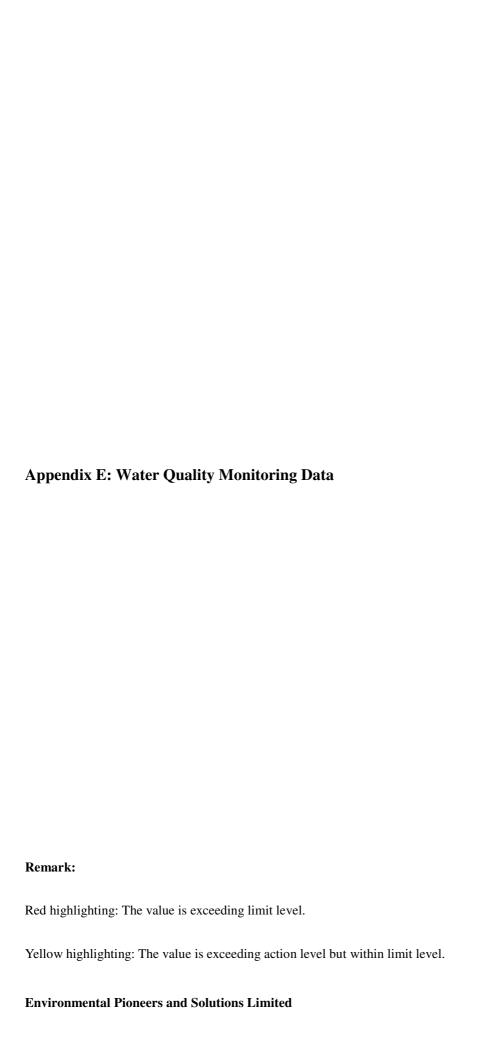
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		11 /.	
Perpared by:	<u>Alisun Lai</u>	Attack	<u>15/9/2011</u>

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitorin	g	22/9/2011	22/9/2011
Weather Condition	on	Sunny	Sunny
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	9:07	9:58
Measurement Tir	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	J	SVAN	N 949
Wind Speed (m/s	3)	1.84	1.56
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	70.2	64.7
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	71.2	67.7
. results	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	54.2	53.8
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		Piling	Piling
Other Noise Sour	ce(s) During Monitoring	Background NoiseTraffic NoisePublic Noise	Background NoiseTraffic NoisePublic Noise

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		11 /.	
Perpared by:	Alisun Lai	- Assert	22/9/2011

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitorin	g	28/9/2011	28/9/2011
Weather Condition	n	Sunny	Sunny
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	13:36	14:11
Measurement Tin	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	I	SVAN	N 949
Wind Speed (m/s)	2.5	1.8
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	61.0	65.9
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	63.0	66.7
results	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	48.0	49.2
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		Background NoiseTraffic NoisePublic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise – Public Noise

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		11 /	
Perpared by:	Alisun Lai	Attento	<u>28/9/2011</u>



Date of Sampling: 1/9/2011

Weather:	Rainy

Monitoring Location	W1	W	12
Time (hhmm)	14:16	14	:40
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	
River Condition	Normal	Normal	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.33	7.54	
Salinity (ppt)	15.9	21.9	
Temperature (°C)	28.5	29.5	
Turbidity (NTU)	3.6	3.8	3.8
DO (mg/L)	4.12	4.33	
DO Saturation (%)	49%	53%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.6	3.0	3.0

Remark or Observation :			
_			
_			
_			
_			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		Alternation	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai	لاسرالهم	1/9/2011

Date of Sampling: 3/9/2011

Weather: Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W 1	v	1 2	
Time (hhmm)	15:31	16	:05	
Tide Mode	Mid	Mid-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Noi	mal	
Water Depth (m)	<1	1		
pH value	7.23	7.60		
Salinity (ppt)	2.1	16		
Temperature (°C)	29.9	31		
Turbidity (NTU)	2.9	2.9	2.9	
DO (mg/L)	6.00	5.39		
DO Saturation (%)	74%	64%		
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.4	1.8	1.8	

Remark or Observation :			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		11 /.	
		Attento	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai		3/9/2011

 Date of Sampling :
 6/9/2011

 Weather :
 Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	v	/ 2
Time (hhmm)	10:00	9:	26
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	
River Condition	Normal	Noi	mal
Water Depth (m)	<1		1
pH value	7.31	7.47	
Salinity (ppt)	13.1	21.3	
Temperature (°C)	28.7	30.3	
Turbidity (NTU)	3.40	2.9	2.9
DO (mg/L)	4.61	4.13	
DO Saturation (%)	53%	45%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	3.4	3.2	3.2

Remark or Observation :			
_			
_			
_			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		Athert	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai		6/9/2011

 Date of Sampling :
 8/9/2011

 Weather :
 Sunny

Monitoring Location	W 1	W	12
Time (hhmm)	11:00	10	:30
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	
River Condition	Normal	Normal	
Water Depth (m)	<1		1
pH value	7.05	7.44	
Salinity (ppt)	16.4	21.8	
Temperature (°C)	30.0	30.2	
Turbidity (NTU)	2.5	2.4	2.4
DO (mg/L)	4.38	4.31	
DO Saturation (%)	50%	51%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.6	1.3	1.3

Remark or Observation :			
_			
_			
_			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		Athert	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai	12012-1	8/9/2011

Date of Sampling: 10/9/2011

Weather: Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	v	/ 2
Time (hhmm)	10:39	11:17	
Tide Mode	Mid-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Normal	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.31	7.62	
Salinity (ppt)	19.9	22.7	
Temperature (°C)	29.2	30.6	
Turbidity (NTU)	8.5	4.7 4.7	
DO (mg/L)	5.82	7.27	
DO Saturation (%)	96%	77%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	3.6	4.0 4.0	

Remark or Observation :			
_			
_			
_			
_			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		Attento	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai	120122	10/9/2011

 Date of Sampling :
 12/9/2011

 Weather :
 Sunny

Monitoring Location	W 1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	13:15	12:55	
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	
River Condition	Normal	Normal	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.20	7.60	
Salinity (ppt)	16	21.6	
Temperature (°C)	30.1	30.1	
Turbidity (NTU)	4.5	1.9 1.9	
DO (mg/L)	3.82	5.32	
DO Saturation (%)	45%	66%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	4.4 4.4	

Remark or Observation :			
_			
_			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai	Albert	12/9/2011

Date of Sampling: 15/9/2011

Weather: Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	13:41	14:10	
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	
River Condition	Turbid	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.16	7.64	
Salinity (ppt)	10.5	17.3	
Temperature (°C)	30.6	31.5	
Turbidity (NTU)	8.5	5.4 5.4	
DO (mg/L)	4.58	5.46	
DO Saturation (%)	55%	68%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	4.8	2.2 2.2	

Remark or Observation :			
<u> </u>			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		11 /.	
		Athert	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai		15/9/2011

Date of Sampling: 17/9/2011

Weather: Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W	1 2
Time (hhmm)	14:10	14:40	
Tide Mode	Mid-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Normal	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.34	7.67	
Salinity (ppt)	2.3	16.9	
Temperature (°C)	32.6	32.9	
Turbidity (NTU)	22.9	4.5 4.5	
DO (mg/L)	5.63	5.03	
DO Saturation (%)	74%	66%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	6.40	1.0 1.0	

Remark or Observation:			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		11 /.	
		Athert	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai	_/ 8-12-1	17/9/2011

Date of Sampling: 20/9/2011

Weather: Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W 1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	15:50	16:10	
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	
River Condition	Slightly Turbid	Slightly Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.20	7.65	
Salinity (ppt)	2.2	15.2	
Temperature (°C)	27.6	29.7	
Turbidity (NTU)	6.3	1.9 1.9	
DO (mg/L)	5.37	5.11	
DO Saturation (%)	64%	62%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	6.8	2.6 2.6	

Remark or Observation:			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		11 /.	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai	Alterity	20/9/2011

Date of Sampling: 22/9/2011

Weather: Sunny

Monitoring Location	W 1	W2		
Time (hhmm)	8:50	8:10		
Tide Mode	Mid	Mid-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Normal		
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1		
pH value	7.21	7.53		
Salinity (ppt)	20.6	24.2		
Temperature (°C)	27.6	28.1		
Turbidity (NTU)	5.1	8.7 8.7		
DO (mg/L)	3.10	4.66		
DO Saturation (%)	32%	54%		
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	6.6	5.2 5.2		

Remark or Observation :			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		Attento	
Prepared By : _	Alisun Lai		22/9/2011

Date of Sampling: 24/9/2011

Weather: Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W 1	W2		
Time (hhmm)	10:30	9:	53	
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Noi	mal	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1		
pH value	7.20	7.66		
Salinity (ppt)	23.4	24.9		
Temperature (°C)	26.5	20	5.7	
Turbidity (NTU)	3.2	1.3	1.3	
DO (mg/L)	2.88	4.55		
DO Saturation (%)	27%	51%		
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	5.4	9.2	9.2	

Remark or Observation :			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		Albert	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai	1-11-1	24/9/2011

 Date of Sampling :
 26/9/2011

 Weather :
 Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2			
Time (hhmm)	12:00	11	:25		
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb			
River Condition	Normal	Nor	mal		
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1			
pH value	7.28	7.64			
Salinity (ppt)	23.3	25.7			
Temperature (°C)	26.7	26	5.7		
Turbidity (NTU)	3.2	2.8	2.8		
DO (mg/L)	3.62	5.31			
DO Saturation (%)	38%	59%			
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	11.0	9.0	9.0		

Remark or Observation:			
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-			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		14 h	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai	Albert	26/9/2011

Date of Sampling: 28/9/2011

Weather: Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W 1	W2		
Time (hhmm)	14:00	13	:30	
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Noi	mal	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1		
pH value	7.41	7.77		
Salinity (ppt)	23.4	25.7		
Temperature (°C)	28.7	29	9.2	
Turbidity (NTU)	4.0	1.4	1.4	
DO (mg/L)	3.33	6.08		
DO Saturation (%)	41%	73%		
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	8.0	6.0	6.0	

Remark or Observation :	T	YPhoon Standby Signal No.1(Typhoon :NET	SAT)
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		M. L.	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai	Stanfor	28/9/2011

Date of Sampling: 30/9/2011

Weather: Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W 1	W	12	
Time (hhmm)	14:02	14	:35	
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb		
River Condition	Slightly Turbid	Slightly	/ Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1		
pH value	7.25	7.49		
Salinity (ppt)	20.2	21		
Temperature (°C)	27.9	2	28	
Turbidity (NTU)	7.6	6.0	6.0	
DO (mg/L)	3.96	4.82		
DO Saturation (%)	46%	57%		
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	5.6	3.4	3.4	

Remark or Observation :			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
		Attanto	
Prepared By :	Alisun Lai	1-11-1	30/9/2011



Location	Position	Tide	Date	Time	Weather	Water Depth (m)*	Water Flow (m/s)	Water Flow (m³/s)
H1	Mid	Flood	3-Sep-2011	11:30	Cloudy	0.14	0.12	0.150
H1	Mid	Flood	10-Sep-2011	16:55	Sunny	0.12	0.06	0.075
H1	Mid	Flood	17-Sep-2011	10:00	Sunny	0.12	0.06	0.075
H1	Mid	Flood	24-Sep-2011	16:00	Cloudy	0.2	0.06	0.075
H1	Mid	Flood	30-Sep-2011	8:30	Cloudy	0.12	0.06	0.075
H2	Mid	Flood	3-Sep-2011	10:45	Cloudy	0.61	0.06	0.377
H2	Mid	Flood	10-Sep-2011	16:30	Sunny	0.61	0.18	1.130
H2	Mid	Flood	17-Sep-2011	10:30	Sunny	0.24	0.06	0.377
H2	Mid	Flood	24-Sep-2011	15:42	Cloudy	0.55	0.06	0.377
H2	Mid	Flood	30-Sep-2011	9:00	Cloudy	0.3	0.12	0.754
H1	Mid	Ebb	3-Sep-2011	15:31	Sunny	0.1	0.18	0.225
H1	Mid	Ebb	10-Sep-2011	10:45	Sunny	0.15	0.12	0.150
H1	Mid	Ebb	17-Sep-2011	14:10	Sunny	0.12	0.12	0.150
H1	Mid	Ebb	24-Sep-2011	10:30	Cloudy	0.55	0.30	0.375
H1	Mid	Ebb	30-Sep-2011	14:02	Cloudy	0.3	0.30	0.375
H2	Mid	Ebb	3-Sep-2011	15:50	Sunny	0.61	0.06	0.377
H2	Mid	Ebb	10-Sep-2011	11:00	Sunny	0.06	0.08	0.502
H2	Mid	Ebb	17-Sep-2011	14:21	Sunny	0.73	0.11	0.691
H2	Mid	Ebb	24-Sep-2011	11:00	Cloudy	0.55	0.10	0.628
H2	Mid	Ebb	30-Sep-2011	13:40	Cloudy	0.73	0.21	1.319

^{*:} Since the water levels were too low for the depth detector to determine, a tape measure was used for estimation.





Photo 1 – The construction hoardings surrounding Area C have been removed and replaced by chain link fence.



Photo 2 – The Pond of the Ecological Compensatory Area was observed to be connected to Wai Ha River directly.



Photo 3 – The Pond of the Ecological Compensatory Area was observed to be connected to Wai Ha River directly.



Photo 4 – Overall view of the transplanted tree U58 *Grevillea robusta*.



Photo 5 – Overall view of the transplanted tree U58 *Grevillea robusta*.



Photo 6 – No proper TPZs were observed along the southern boundary of Area A.



Photo 7 – No proper TPZs were observed along the southern boundary of Area A.



Photo 8 – Tree tag of T163 was found on ground.



Photo 9 – Declining health condition of U34.



Photo 10 – Declining health condition of U34.



Photo 11 – Declining health condition of U37.



Photo 12 – Declining health condition of U37.



Photo 13 – Trunk of the U47 was found damaged.



Photo 14 – No proper TPZ for U47 was observed.



Photo 15 The planter of a tree to be transplanted (A36) was found broken. It was guyed by 2 ropes for supporting the tree.



Photo 16 – Poor health condition of transplanted tree T152 in Area C.



Photo 17 – Sparse foliage of the transplanted tree T152 in Area C.



Photo 18 – Poor health condition of transplanted tree T153 in Area C.





Photo 19 – Sparse foliage of the transplanted tree T153 in Area C.

Photo 20 – Poor health condition of transplanted tree T250 in Area C.





Photo 21 – Poor health condition of transplanted tree T250 in Area C.

Photo 22 – Sparse foliage of the transplanted tree T250 in Area C.



Photo 23 – Spacing of at least 2500mm between each planted tree individual was observed.



Appendix H:

A)

The recommended mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3)

B)

Implementation status of environmental protection and mitigation measures

A) The recommended mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3)

EIA Ref.		Recommended Mitigation Measures Noise Impact		Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
S 3.30	2.18	Good Site Practice:	To minimize construction	Contractor	Works areas	Construction	EIAO-TM
			noise impacts			phase	NCO
		Only well-maintained plant shall					
		be operated on-site and plant shall					
		be serviced regularly during the					
		construction program					
		Silencers or mufflers on					
		construction equipment shall be					
		utilized and shall be properly					
		maintained during the construction					
		program					
		Mobile plant, if any, shall be sited					
		as far from NSRs as possible					
		Machines and plant (such as					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		trucks) that may be in intermittent					
		use shall be shut down between					
		work periods or shall be throttled					
		down to a minimum					
		Plant known to emit noise					
		strongly in one direction shall,					
		wherever possible, be orientated so					
		that the noise is directed away from					
		the nearby NSRs					
		Material stockpiles and other					
		structures shall be effectively					
		utilized, wherever practicable, in					
		screening noise from on-site					
		construction activities.					
S 3.31 -	2.19	Use of quieter PME	To minimize construction	Contractor	Works areas	Construction	EIAO-TM
3.32			noise impacts			phase	NCO
S 3.33 –	2.20-2.	Use of temporary noise barrier	To minimize construction	Contractor	Works areas as	Construction	EIAO-TM
3.34	21		noise impacts		shown in Figure	phase	NCO

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
3.36-3.3	2.23-2.				3.5		
8	24						
S 3.35	2.22	Use of alternative quieter	To minimize construction	Contractor	Part of the works	Construction	EIAO-TM
and		construction method (the Low	noise impacts		area for pipe	phase	NCO
Table		Impact Method)			laying in Wai Ha		
3.6					(refer to Figure		
					3.5)		
3.36	2.23-2.	Use of noise enclosure	To minimize construction	Contractor	Part of the works	Construction	EIAO-TM
-3.38	24		noise impacts		area for pipe	phase	NCO
					laying in Wai Ha		
					(refer to Figure		
					3.5)		
В		Air Quality Impact		•		•	
S4.16	3.5	Implementation of mitigation	To minimize construction	Contractor	Construction	Construction	EIAO-TM
		measures stipulated in the Air	dust impacts		Sites	Phase	
		Pollution Control (Construction Dust)					
		Regulation and good site practices					
		including but not limited to the					
		following:					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		 Use of regular watering to reduce 					
		dust emissions from exposed site					
		surfaces and unpaved road, with					
		complete coverage, particularly					
		during dry weather;					
		 Use of frequent watering for 					
		particularly dusty static construction					
		areas and areas close to ASRs;					
		 Tarpaulin covering of all dusty 					
		vehicle loads transported to, from					
		and between site location;					
		Establishment and use of vehicle					
		wheel and body washing facilities at					
		the exit points of the site;					
		Routing of vehicles and					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		positioning of construction plant					
		should be at the maximum possible					
		distance from ASRs.					
		Stockpiled excavated materials					
		should be covered with tarpaulin,					
		and should be removed off-site					
		within 24 hours to avoid any odour					
		nuisance arising.					
С	•	Water Quality Impact			•	•	
S5.29	4.5	Construction Site Run-off and	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	ProPECC PN 1/94
		Drainage:	impacts			phase	Construction Site
							Drainage
		 Before commencing any site 					
		formation work, all sewer and					
		drainage connections shall be					
		sealed to prevent debris, soil, sand					
		etc. from entering public					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		sewers/drains.					
		 Temporary ditches shall be 					
		provided to facilitate run-off					
		discharge into appropriate					
		watercourses, via a silt retention					
		pond. No site run-off shall enter the					
		fishponds at Shuen Wan.					
		 Sand/silt removal facilities such 					
		as sand traps, silt traps and					
		sediment basins shall be provided to					
		remove sand/silt particles from					
		runoff to meet the requirements of					
		the Technical Memorandum					
		standard under the Water Pollution					
		Control Ordinance. The design of					
		silt removal facilities shall be based					
		on the guidelines provided in					
		ProPECC PN 1/94. All drainage					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		facilities and erosion and sediment					
		control structures shall be inspected					
		monthly and maintained to ensure					
		proper and efficient operation at all					
		times and particularly during					
		rainstorms.					
		Water pumped out from					
		excavated pits shall be discharged					
		into silt removal facilities.					
		 During rainstorms, exposed 					
		slope/soil surfaces shall be covered					
		by a tarpaulin or other means.					
		Other measures that need to be					
		implemented before, during, and					
		after rainstorms as summarized in					
		ProPECC PN 1/94 shall be followed.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		Exposed soil areas shall be					
		minimized to reduce potential for					
		increased siltation and					
		contamination of runoff.					
		■ Earthwork final surfaces shall be					
		well compacted and subsequent					
		permanent work or surface					
		protection shall be immediately					
		performed to reduce the potential of					
		soil erosion.					
		 Open stockpiles of construction 					
		materials or construction wastes					
		on-site shall be covered with					
		tarpaulin or similar fabric during					
		rainstorms.					
S5.30	4.7	Further precautionary measures	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works areas near	Rainy seasons	EIAO-TM
		during rainy season:	impacts to the designated		the Conservation	during	Water Pollution
			Conservation Area		Area	construction	Control Ordinance

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		For the construction of the box				phase	(WPCO)
		culvert next to the existing channel					
		of the Wai Ha River, sand bags					
		should be deployed around the					
		boundary of the works trench to					
		prevent muddy water ingress into					
		the adjacent CA or Wai Ha River.					
		Sand bags should also be used to					
		surround the excavated trench.					
		Generally, the sand bags will be					
		placed up to a height of 300mm to					
		provide adequate allowance for the					
		built-up water level during rainstorm					
		event. With sand bags in place,					
		surface runoff will be intercepted					
		and flow to Wai Ha River or					
		collected by the existing drainage					
		system as usual. For the construction of the box					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		culvert in the extreme northeast corner of Shuen Wan Marsh					
		Conservation Area sand bags					
		should be deployed along the limit					
		of the works area to prevent muddy water ingress into the CA. Sand					
		bags should be placed to a height					
		of at least 300mm from ground level and +2.5 mPD (whichever is					
		greater) to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water					
		level during rainstorm events.					
		Unpolluted surface runoff within the					
		works area should then be					
		collected and directed into the					
		existing drainage system.					
		 Sheet-piles, which would be 					
		installed around the works trench					
		near the Conservation Area, would					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		be extended above ground level for					
		about 2m to serve as hoardings to					
		isolate the works site.					
		 Tarpulin sheets would be used to 					
		cover the excavation areas during					
		heavy rainstorms. This would					
		prevent the ingress of rainwater into					
		the trench minimising the risk of					
		muddy water getting into Wai Ha					
		River and the adjacent Conservation					
		Area.					
		Any concrete washing water					
		would be contained inside the works					
		site surrounded by the extended					
		sheet piles. A pump sump at the					
		bottom of the trench would be					
		provided to pump any excess water					
		during concrete washing.					
		sheet piles. A pump sump at the bottom of the trench would be provided to pump any excess water					

EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
		Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
						achieve?
	Stockpiling the excavated					
	materials adjacent to the					
	Conservation Area would not be					
	allowed. The excavated materials					
	would be either removed off site					
	immediately after excavation, or					
	stockpile at location(s) away from					
	the Conservation Area. The					
	stockpile locations shall be					
	approved by the site engineer.					
4.8-4.9	General Construction Activities:	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
	 Debris and refuse generated 	impacts			phase	WPCO
	on-site should be collected, handled					
	and disposed of properly to avoid					
	entering the Wa Ha River and fish					
	ponds at Shuen Wan. Stockpiles					
	of cement and other construction					
	materials should be kept covered					
	Ref.	Ref. Measures Stockpiling the excavated materials adjacent to the Conservation Area would not be allowed. The excavated materials would be either removed off site immediately after excavation, or stockpile at location(s) away from the Conservation Area. The stockpile locations shall be approved by the site engineer. 4.8-4.9 General Construction Activities: Debris and refuse generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the Wa Ha River and fish ponds at Shuen Wan. Stockpiles of cement and other construction	Ref. Measures Stockpiling the excavated materials adjacent to the Conservation Area would not be allowed. The excavated materials would be either removed off site immediately after excavation, or stockpile at location(s) away from the Conservation Area. The stockpile locations shall be approved by the site engineer. General Construction Activities: Debris and refuse generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the Wa Ha River and fish ponds at Shuen Wan. Stockpiles of cement and other construction	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & implement the measure? Stockpiling the excavated materials adjacent to the Conservation Area would not be allowed. The excavated materials would be either removed off site immediately after excavation, or stockpile at location(s) away from the Conservation Area. The stockpile locations shall be approved by the site engineer. General Construction Activities: Debris and refuse generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the Wa Ha River and fish ponds at Shuen Wan. Stockpiles of cement and other construction	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & implement the measure? Stockpiling the excavated materials adjacent to the Conservation Area would not be allowed. The excavated materials would be either removed off site immediately after excavation, or stockpile at location(s) away from the Conservation Area. The stockpile locations shall be approved by the site engineer. 4.8-4.9 General Construction Activities: Debris and refuse generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the Wa Ha River and fish ponds at Shuen Wan. Stockpiles of cement and other construction	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & Implement the measure? Implement the measure? * Stockpiling the excavated materials adjacent to the Conservation Area would not be allowed. The excavated materials would be either removed off site immediately after excavation, or stockpile at location(s) away from the Conservation Area. The stockpile locations shall be approved by the site engineer. 4.8-4.9 General Construction Activities: • Debris and refuse generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the Wa Ha River and fish ponds at Shuen Wan. Stockpiles of cement and other construction

EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
		Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
						achieve?
	when not being used.					
	Oils and fuels should only be					
	used and stored in designated areas					
	which have pollution prevention					
	facilities. To prevent spillage of					
	fuels and solvents to nearby water					
	bodies, all fuel tanks and storage					
	areas should be provided with locks					
	and be sited on sealed areas, within					
	bunds of a capacity equal to 110%					
	of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained					
	of rainwater after a rain event.					
4.10	Sewage from Construction	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
	workforce:	impacts			phase	WPCO
	 Temporary sanitary facilities, 					
	such as portable chemical toilets,					
	should be employed on-site. A					
	Ref.	when not being used. Oils and fuels should only be used and stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. To prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to nearby water bodies, all fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained of rainwater after a rain event. 4.10 Sewage from Construction workforce: Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets,	Ref. Measures When not being used. ■ Oils and fuels should only be used and stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. To prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to nearby water bodies, all fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained of rainwater after a rain event. 4.10 Sewage from Construction workforce: ■ Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets,	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & implement the measure? when not being used. * Oils and fuels should only be used and stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. To prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to nearby water bodies, all fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained of rainwater after a rain event. 4.10 Sewage from Construction workforce: * Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets,	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & implement the measure? when not being used. Oils and fuels should only be used and stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. To prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to nearby water bodies, all fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained of rainwater after a rain event. 4.10 Sewage from Construction workforce: To minimize water quality impacts Contractor Works sites impacts	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & Implement the measure Implement the meas

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		licensed contractor would be					
		responsible for appropriate disposal					
		and maintenance of these facilities.					
S5.34	4.11	River Channel Excavation Works:	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
			impacts			phase	WPCO
		The excavation works within the					
		upstream end of the existing river					
		channel of the Wai Ha River for the					
		construction of the proposed box					
		culvert shall be carried out in dry					
		condition. Containment					
		measures such as bunds and					
		barriers shall be used within the					
		affected length of the river channel					
		and the excavation works restricted					
		to within an enclosed dry section of					
		the channel. The excavation works					
		within Wai Ha River shall be					
		restricted to the period from October					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		to April.					
D		Waste Management Implications					
S6.20 -	5.5	Good site practices:	To reduce waste	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	ETWB TCW
6.22			management impacts			phase	No.19/2005
		 Nomination of approved 					ETWB TCW
		personnel, such as a site manager,					No.31/2004
		to be responsible for good site					
		practices and making arrangements					
		for collection of all wastes generated					
		at the site and effective disposal to					
		an appropriate facility.					
		■ Training of site personnel in					
		proper waste management and					
		chemical waste handling					
		procedures.					
		Provision of sufficient waste					
		disposal points and regular					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		collection for disposal.					
		 Appropriate measures to 					
		minimise windblown litter and dust					
		during transportation of waste by					
		either covering trucks or by					
		transporting wastes in enclosed					
		containers.					
		Separation of chemical waste for					
		special handling and appropriate					
		treatment at the Chemical Waste					
		Treatment Facility.					
		Regular cleaning and					
		maintenance programme for					
		drainage systems, sumps and oil					
		interceptors.					
		A Waste Management Plan					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		should be prepared and submitted to					
		the Engineer for approval. One					
		may make reference to ETWB TCW					
		No. 15/2003 for details.					
		A recording system for the					
		amount of wastes generated,					
		recycled and disposed (including the					
		disposal sites) should be proposed.					
S6.23-	5.7	Waste reduction measures:	To achieve waste reduction	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
6.24						phase	
		Segregation and storage of					
		different types of waste in different					
		containers, skips or stockpiles to					
		enhance reuse or recycling of					
		materials and their proper disposal.					
		To an accuracy collection of					
		■ To encourage collection of					
		aluminium cans by individual					
		collectors, separate labelled bins					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		shall be provided to segregate this					
		waste from other general refuse					
		generated by the work force.					
		Any unused chemicals or those					
		with remaining functional capacity					
		shall be recycled.					
		 Maximising the use of reusable 					
		steel formwork to reduce the amount					
		of C&D material.					
		 Proper storage and site practices 					
		to minimise the potential for damage					
		or contamination of construction					
		materials.					
		 Plan and stock construction 					
		materials carefully to minimise					
		amount of waste generated and					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		avoid unnecessary generation of					
		waste.					
S6.25-		Construction & Demolition (C&D)	To minimize off-site disposal	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
6.26		Material:	of C&D material			phase	
		Excavated material with suitable	To minimize environmental				
		characteristics/size should be	impacts during the handling				
		reused on-site as fill material as far	of C&D material				
		as practicable, such as for					
		backfilling of the box culvert and					
		drainage pipe works.					
		 Suitable areas should be 					
		designated within the works site					
		boundaries for temporary stockpiling					
		of C&D material.					
		Within stockpile areas, the					
		following measures should be taken					
		to control potential environmental					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		impacts or nuisance:					
		- covering material during					
		heavy rainfall;					
		- locating stockpiles to minimize					
,		potential visual impacts; and					
		- minimizing land intake of					
		stockpile areas as far as possible.					
		■ When disposing C&D material at					
		a public filling area, the material					
		shall only consist of soil, rock,					
,		concrete, brick, cement					
,		plaster/mortar, inert building debris,					
,		aggregates and asphalt. The					
		material shall be free from marine					
		mud, household refuse, plastic,					
		metals, industrial and chemical					
		waste, animal and vegetable matter,					
		and other material considered to be					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		unsuitable by the Filling Supervisor.					
S6.27		Chemical waste:	To minimize environmental	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
		Contractor should register with	impacts during the handling,			phase	Waste Disposal
		the EPD as a Chemical Waste	transportation and disposal				(Chemical Waste)
		Producer and to follow the	of chemical waste				(General) Regulation
		guidelines stated in the Code of					
		Practice on the Packaging,					
		Labelling and Storage of Chemical					
		Wastes.					
		 Good quality containers 					
		compatible with the chemical					
		wastes should be used, and					
		incompatible chemicals should be					
		stored separately.					
		 Appropriate labels should be 					
		securely attached on each chemical					
		waste container indicating the					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		corresponding chemical					
		characteristics of the chemical					
		waste, such as explosives,					
		flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic,					
		harmful, corrosive, etc.					
		The Contractor should use a					
		licensed collector to transport and					
		dispose of the chemical wastes					
		generated at the Chemical Waste					
		Treatment Centre at Tsing Yi, or					
		other licenced facility, in accordance					
		with the Waste Disposal (Chemical					
		Waste) (General) Regulation.					
S6.28		General refuse:	To minimize environmental	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
		It should be stored in enclosed	impacts during the handling			phase	
			and transportation of general				
		from C&D material.	refuse				
		A reputable waste collector					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		should be employed by the					
		contractor to remove general refuse					
		from the site, separately from C&D					
		material.					
		An enclosed and covered area					
		is preferred to reduce the					
		occurrence of 'wind blown' light					
		material.					
E		Ecological Impact				l	
S. 7.95	6.6	Sheet-pilings, which will be	To minimize the impacts on	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		installed around the trench of	the stream and natural river			Phase	
		excavation, should be extended	bank				
		above ground level for ~2m to act as					
		hoarding to isolate the works site.					
		The trenching works for the					
		construction of the proposed box					
		culvert should be carried out in					
		phases, with a trench length of not					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		more than 120m in each phase.					
		The trench should be backfilled and					
		compacted with suitable materials					
		upon completion of each phase of					
		the construction works.					
S7.117	6.6	The construction of intercept	To minimize the impacts on	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		point of twin cell box culvert at the	the stream and natural river			Phase	
		upstream of Wai Ha River should be	bank				
		confined to only one side of the river					
		bank.					
		To restore and enhance the					
		ecological value of the stream, the					
		affected river bank should be					
		reinstated to its original condition or					
		lined with rock-filled gabion.					
		Planting pits should be provided					
		in the gabion bank to allow the					
		re-establishment of riparian					
		vegetation.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		The existing natural riverbed and					
		substrates should be retained and					
		the natural pool-riffle sequence					
		should be re-created in the new					
		channel bed.					
S 7.118	6.7	 All works carried out within the 	To minimise sedimentation/	Contractor	Whole Site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		the river channel of Wai Ha River	water quality impacts			Phase	
		should be carried out from October					
		to April, with construction carried out					
		by land-based plant.					
		Works within river/stream					
		channels should be restricted to an					
		enclosed dry section of the river,					
		with containment measures such as					
		bunds and barriers used within the					
		river to minimize the impacts upon					
		the downstream water body.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		Site runoff should be directed					
		towards regularly cleaned and					
		maintained silt traps and oil/grease					
		separators to minimize the risk of					
		sedimentation and pollution of river					
		water.					
		■ The silt and oil/grease separators					
		should be appropriately designed for					
		the local drainage and ground					
		conditions.					
		To minimize leakage and loss of					
		sediments during excavation in					
		narrow channels, tightly sealed					
		closed grab excavators should be					
		deployed where material to be					
		handled is wet.					
S 7.119	6.8	■ The construction of the	To protect plant species of	Contractor/	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		proposed box-culvert would have the	conservation interest	qualified		Phase	
		potential to directly impact a few		botanist/horticu			

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		individual of a plant species of		lturalist			
		conservation interest (Hong Kong					
		Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis).					
		The affected individuals should be					
		transplanted to a suitable nearby					
		habitats prior to the construction					
		phase.					
		A detailed vegetation survey of					
		the affected species of conservation					
		interest should be conducted by a					
		suitably qualified botanist/ecologist					
		to identify the affected individuals in					
		order to provide details for					
		transplantation scheme.					
		■ Transplantation should be					
		supervised by a suitably qualified					
		botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed					
		transplantation methodology should					
		be formulated during the detailed					
		design stage of this Project.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
S 7.120	6.9	Noise mitigation measures such	To minimise disturbance	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		as the use of quieter construction	impacts.			Phase	
		plant and temporary noise barriers					
		should be implemented to minimize					
		disturbance to habitats adjacent to					
		the works areas.					
		 Temporary noise barriers should 					
		be used during the construction of					
		the box-culvert along Tung Tsz					
		Road, the floodwater pumping					
		station, the mechanical gate, and					
		drainage pipe to minimize potential					
		construction phase disturbance to					
		ardeids and avifauna foraging in					
		marsh habitat.					
		Noise generating construction					
		works near the Shuen Wan Egretry					
		SSSI should be avoided as far as					
		practicable during the breeding					
		season (March to June) of the					

EIA Ref.	ЕМ&А	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		ardeids.					
		Works near the SSSI (i.e.					
		installation of mechanical gate)					
		should be restricted to be executed					
		outside the breeding season by					
		provision of special conditions in the					
		contract document.					
		Hoardings with minimum height					
		of 2m should be set up along the					
		south side of the proposed box					
		culvert works area adjacent to the					
		marsh, extending at least 20m at					
		both ends, throughout the					
		construction period.					
S 7.121	6.10	Placement of equipment or	To minimise disturbance to	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		stockpile in designated works areas	habitats.			Phase	
		and access routes selected on					
		existing disturbed land to minimise					
		disturbance to natural or					
	1				I.		

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		moderate-high ecological value					
		habitats.					
S 7.121	6.10	 Construction activities should be 	To minimise disturbance to	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		restricted to work areas that would	natural habitats outside			Phase	
		be clearly demarcated. The work	works area.				
		areas should be reinstated after					
		completion of the works.					
S 7.121	6.10	 Waste skips should be provided 	To minimise disturbance to	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		to collect general refuse and	habitats.			Phase	
		construction wastes. The wastes					
		would be disposed of timely and					
		properly off-site.					
S 7.121	6.10	General drainage arrangements	To minimise sedimentation/	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		should include sediment and oil	water quality impacts			Phase	
		traps to collect and control					
		construction site run-off.					
S 7.121	6.10	Open burning on works sites is	To prevent accidental	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		illegal, and should be strictly	hill-fires.			Phase	
		prohibited.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
S 7.122	6.11	De-silting should be limited to the	To minimise sedimentation/	Maintenance	Whole site	Operation	EIAO-TM
		dry season.	water quality impacts	parties of the		Phase	
				channel			
S 7.122	6.11	 Waste material produced during 	To minimise sedimentation/	Maintenance	Whole site	Operation	EIAO-TM
		de-silting should be disposed of in a	water quality impacts	parties of the		Phase	
		timely and appropriate manner.		channel			
S 7.123	6.12	 Planting of trees should be 	To compensate the loss of	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		provided within the project area to	vegetation			Phase	
		compensate for the unavoidable					
		loss of approximately 0.08ha					
		secondary woodland habitat due to					
		the Project.					
		Planting of trees and other					
		vegetation within project area along					
		the banks of Wai Ha River and Tung					
		Tsz Road should be carried out to					
		provide compensation for					
		unavoidable tree-felling and loss of					
		riparian vegetation resulting from the					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		Project.					
		The compensatory planting					
		should make use of native plant					
		species with flowers/fruits attractive					
		to wildlife.					
S 7.124	6.13	 Compensation would be required 	To compensate the loss of	Contractor /	The recreational	Construction	EIAO-TM
		for the loss of a small area of marsh	marsh habitat and enhance	qualified	fish pond located	Phase	
		habitat (about 0.30ha) within the CA	the quality compensatory	ecologist	to the southwest		
		resulting from the construction of the	habitat		of the existing		
		box-culvert.			Tung Tsz Nursery		
		An existing low ecological value					
		recreational fishpond on government					
		land adjacent to the marsh would be					
		used as a proposed area (about					
		0.8ha) for the compensation for the					
		marsh as well as secondary					
		woodland habitats loss (0.08ha).					
		■ The pond should be enhanced					
		by removing boardwalks around the					

EIA Ref.		Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the			When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		existing pond, and restoring					
		vegetation along the pond bunds,					
		and it would be re-profiled to provide					
		areas of shallow water					
		(approximately 15-50cm deep),					
		creating a suitable foraging habitat					
		for avifauna, particularly ardeids and					
		other waders.					
		 Screen planting of shrubs and 					
		trees along the south-eastern bund					
		of the pond should be implemented					
		to minimise disturbance to avifauna					
		and other wildlife from the adjacent					
		recreational fishpond. The enhanced					
		pond is expected to provide a					
		moderate-high ecological value					
		wetland habitat.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
F		Landscape and Visual					
Table 8.4	7.6	Visual screen, contaminant/ liaison with nursery, protection of existing trees with works area and construction light are used or practiced to mitigate the impacts during construction phase.	To mitigate the landscape	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
Table 8.4	7.7	Viewing area formation, architectural design for pump house, landscape design for pump house, enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road, sufficient soil depth for enhancement planting, transplanting of trees to adjacent locations, preparation for transplanting and reinstatement of affected area are practiced to mitigate the impacts during operational phase.	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the operational phase.	Contractor		Detail Design / Operational Phase	EIAO-TM

B) Implementation status of environmental protection and mitigation

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitgation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
	Use well maintained construction plant					Implemented
	Shut down plants between work periods			Construction phase	EIAO-TM NCO	Implemented
2.18	Install silencers on construction equipment	To minimize construction noise impact	Works areas			Implemented
	Locate mobile plant far away from NSRs					Implemented
	Quiet plants should be used					Implemented
2.19	Use of quieter PME					Not applicable
2.20 - 2.21	Use of temporary noise barrier		Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable
2.22	Use of alternative quieter construction method	P	Part of the Works Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable
2.23 – 2.24	Use of noise enclosure		Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitgation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
	Implement regular watering and vehicle washing facilities					Outstandinng
3.5	Cover excavated or stockpile of dusty material by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water	To minimize construction dust impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
	Use tarpaulin to cover dusty materials on vehicles					Implemented
4.5	Provide silt trap and oil interceptor to remove the oil, lubricants, grease, silt, grit and debris from the wastewater before pumped to the public storm water drainage system					Implemented
4.5	During rainstorms, exposed slope/soil surfaces shall be covered by a tarpaulin or other means. Others measures that need to be implemented before, during, and after rainstorms as summarized in ProPECC PN 1/94 shall be followed	To minimize water quality impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM WPCO	Not applicable

EM&A	Recommended	Objectives of the	Location of the	When to implement	What requirements	Implementation status
Ref.	Mitgation Measures	Recommended	measure	the measure?	or standards for the	
		Measure & main			measure to achieve?	
		concern to Address				
4.10	Provide site toilet facilities	To minimize water quality	Construction Site	Construction above	EIAO-TM	Implemented
		impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	WPCO	
4.7	Further precautionary measures during rainy season: For the construction of the box culvert next to the existing channel of the Wai Ha River, sand bags should be deployed around the boundary of the works trench to prevent muddy water ingress into the adjacent CA or Wai Ha River. Sand bags should also be used to surround the excavated trench. Generally, the sand bags will be placed up to a height of 300mm to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water level during rainstorm event. With sand bags in place, surface runoff will be intercepted and flow to Wai Ha River or collected by the existing drainage system as usual. For the construction of the box culvert in the extreme northeast corner of Shuen Wan Marsh Conservation Area sand bags should be deployed along the limit of the works area to prevent muddy water ingress into the CA. Sand bags should be placed to a height of at least 300mm from round level and +2.5 mPD (whichever is greater) to provide adequate allowance	To minimize water quality impact to the designated Conservation Area	Works areas near the Conservation Area	Rainy seasons during construction	EIAO-TM WPCO	Not applicable

EM&A	Recommended	Objectives of the	Location of the	When to implement	What requirements	Implementation status
Ref.	Mitgation Measures	Recommended	measure	the measure?	or standards for the	
		Measure & main			measure to achieve?	
		concern to Address				
	for the built-up water level during rainstorm events. Unpolluted surface runoff within the works area should then be collected and directed into the existing drainage system.					
	Sheet-piles, which would be installed around the works trench near the Conservation Area, would be extended above ground level for about 2m to serve as hoardings to isolate the works site.					
	Tarpulin sheets would be used to cover the excavation areas during heavy rainstorms. This would prevent the ingress of rainwater into the trench minimising the risk of muddy water getting into Wai Ha River and the adjacent Conservation Area.					
	Any concrete washing water would be contained inside the works site surrounded by the extended sheet piles. A pump sump at the bottom of the trench would be provided to pump any excess water during concrete					
5.9	Reuse excavated material as much as possible					Implemented
5.7	Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity shall be recycled.	To achieve waste reduction	Works areas	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Not applicable
	Recycle scrap metals or abandoned equipment					Implemented

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitgation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
5.5 5.9 5.11	A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed should be proposed Adopt a trip ticket system for the disposal of C&D materials All general refuse should be segregated and stored in enclosed bins or compaction units	To reduce waste management impacts	Works areas	Construction phase	ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 ETWB TCW NO. 31/2004	Implemented Implemented Implemented
5.10	Contractor should be a required to register with the EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer and to follow the guidelines states in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and Incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste, such as explosives, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, corrosive, etc.	To minimize the environmental impacts associated with the handling, transportation and disposal of chemical waste.	Work site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste)(General) Regulation	Implemented Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitgation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
5.5	A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed should be proposed	To reduce waste management impacts	Works areas	Construction phase	ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 ETWB TCW NO. 31/2004	Implemented
6.6	Sheet-pilings, which will be installed around the trench of excavation, should be extended above ground level for ~2m to act as hoarding to isolate the works site. The trenching works for the construction of the proposed box culvert should be carried out in phases, with a trench length of not more than 120m in each phase. The trench should be backfilled and compacted with suitable materials upon completion of each phase of the construction works.	To minimize the impacts on the steam and natural river bank.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
6.6	The construction of intercept oint of twin cell box culvert at the upstream of Wai Ha River should be confined to only one side of the river bank. To restore and enhance the ecological value of the stream, the affected river bank should be reinstated to its original condition or lined with rock-filled gabion. Planting pits should be provided in the gabion bank to allow the re-establishment of riparian vegetation.	To minimize the impacts on the steam and natural river bank.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable

		Objectives of the			33714	Implementation status
EM&A	Recommended	Recommended	Location of the	When to implement	What requirements	
Ref.	Mitgation Measures	Measure & main	measure	the measure?	or standards for the	
		concern to Address			measure to achieve?	
	The existing natural riverbed and substrates should be retained and the natural pool-riffle sequence should be re-created in the new channel bed. All works carried out within the the river					
	channel of Wai Ha River should be carried out from October to April, with construction carried out by land-based plant.					
	Works within river/stream channels should be restricted to an enclosed dry section of the river, with containment measures such as bunds and barriers used within the river to minimize the impacts upon the downstream water body.	To minimize sedimentation/				
6.7	Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water.	water quality impacts	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable
	The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions.					
	To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet.					

		Objectives of the			What requirements	Implementation status
EM&A	Recommended	Recommended	Location of the	When to implement	or standards for the	
Ref.	Mitgation Measures	Measure & main	measure	the measure?	measure to achieve?	
		concern to Address			measure to acmeve:	
6.8	The construction of the proposed box-culvert would have the potential to directly impact a few individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should be formulated during the detailed design stage of this Project.	To protect plant species of conservation interest	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable
6.9	Placement of equipment or stockpile in designated works areas and access routes selected on existing disturbed land to minimize disturbance to natural or moderate-high ecological value habitats.	To minimise disturbance to habitats.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable
6.13	General drainage arrangements should include sediment and oil traps to collect and control construction site run-off.	To minimise sedimentation/ water quality impacts	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitgation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
6.13	Construction activities should be restricted to work areas that would be clearly demarcated. The work areas should be reinstated after completion of the works.	To minimise disturbance to natural habitats outside works area.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
6.13	Placement of equipment or stockpile in designated works areas and access routes selected on existing disturbed land to minimize disturbance to natural or moderate-high ecological value habitats.	To minimise disturbance to natural habitats	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
7.6	Visual screen, contaminant/ liaison with nursery, protection of existing trees with works area and construction light are used or practiced to mitigate the impacts during construction phase	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the Construction phase	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
7.7	Viewing area formation, architectural design for pump house, landscape design for pump hose, enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road, sufficient soil depth for enhancement planting, transplanting of trees to adjacent locations preparation for transplanting and reinstatement of affected area are practiced to mitigate the impacts during operational phase.	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the operational phase	Whole site	Detail Design / Operational Phase	EIAO-TM	Not Applicable

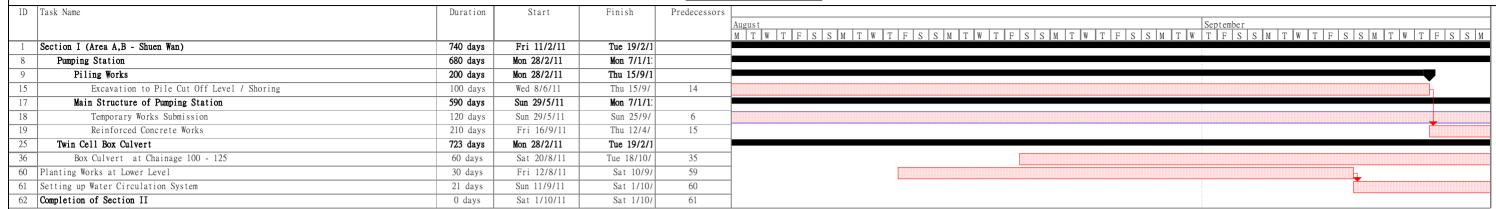
Appendix I: Construction programme

Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Contract No.: DC/2009/22

Contract Title: Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po - Contract 1

Monthly EMman Report (for September 2011) Works Programme at Shuen Wan



Contract No.: DC/2009/22 Contract Title: Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po - Contract 1 Monthly EMman Report (for September 2011)

Works Programme at Shuen Wan Rolled Up Task Rolled Up Progress Project Summary Task Critical Task Progr Milestone Rolled Up Critical Split Group By Summary Task Progress Rolled Up Milestone♦ Critical Task Deadline External Tasks Summary Page 2



Contract No.: DC/2009/22 Contract Title: Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po - Contract 1 ID Task Name Start
 Qtr 4, 20 1
 Qtr 1, 20 2
 Qtr 2, 20 2

 11 1/12 11/12 21/12 1/1 11/1 21/1 1/2 11/2 21/2 1/3 11/3 21/3 11/3 21/3 1/4 11/4 21/4 1/5 11/5 21/5 1/6 11/6 21/6 1/7 11/7 21/7 1/8 11/8 21/8 1/9
 Qtr 3, 20|1 21/8 | 1/9 | 11/9 | 21/9 | 1/10 | 11/10 | 21/10 | 1/11 | 11. Section I (Area A,B - Shuen Wan) 830 days Fri 11/2/11 Mon 20/5/13 8 Pumping Station 680 days Mon 28/2/11 Mon 7/1/1: Main Structure of Pumping Station 590 days Sun 29/5/11 Mon 7/1/1: Reinforced Concrete Works 210 days Fri 16/9/11 Thu 12/4/1 Sub structure 160 days Fri 16/9/11 Wed 22/2/12 Construction of Ground Beam 40 days 30 days Wed 26/10/11 Thu 24/11 Construction of Wall (Stage 1) 25 days Fri 25/11/1 Construction of Wall (Stage 2) Twin Cell Box Culvert 723 days Mon 28/2/11 Tue 19/2/1 Box Culvert at Chainage 100 - 125 60 days Sat 20/8/11 Tue 18/10/ Box Culvert at Chainage 125 - 175 95 days Wed 19/10/11 6FS-30 days,5,86 Box Culvert at Chainage 275 - 300 450 days Wed 1/6/11 Thu 23/8/1 1st Stage - on Southbound Carriageway 150 days ₩ed 1/6/11 Fri 28/10/ Backfilling 40 days Sun 4/9/11 Thu 13/10/ Remove Shoring System Fri 14/10/1 10 days Sun 23/10 Road Reinstatement 5 days Mon 24/10/11 2nd Stage - on Northbound Carriageway 150 days Sat 29/10/11 Mon 26/3/12 Implement TTA Scheme 5 days Sat 29/10/1 Wed 2/11/ Excavation & Installation of Shoring System 40 days Thu 3/11/11 Mon 12/12/ Construction of Base Slab 20 days Tue 13/12/1 63 Dia. 2100mm Drainage Pipe 810 days Thu 3/3/11 Mon 20/5/1: 180 days Wed 1/6/11 90 days Mon 28/11/11 Sat 25/2/ MH 03 to MH 04

Rolled Up Progress External Tasks Group By Summary

Page 1

Deadline

 $\hat{\Phi}$

Rolled Up Critical

Rolled Up Milestone♦

Progress

Milestone

Summarv

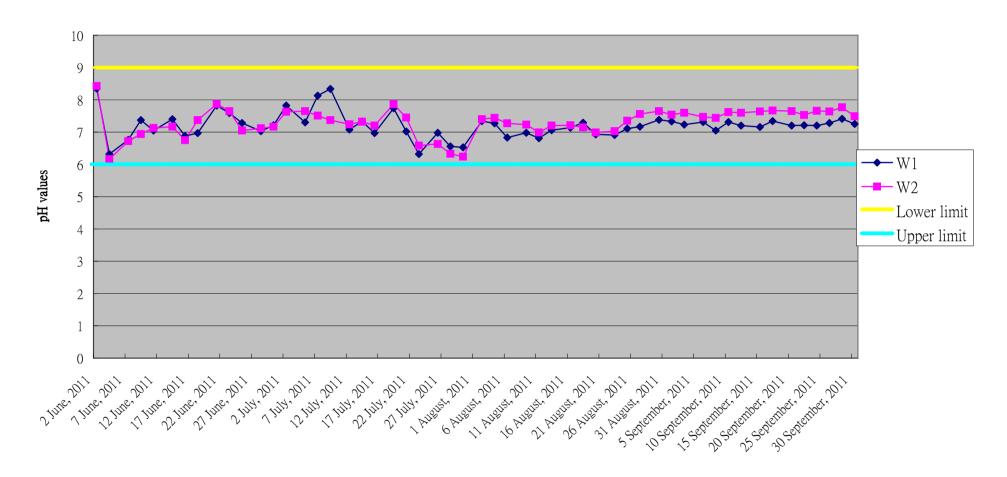
Rolled Up Task

Data Date: 2011-9-1

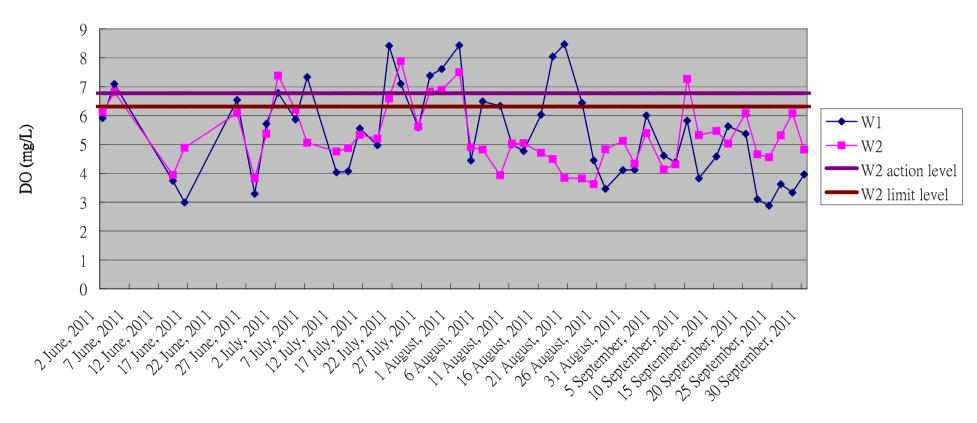
Task



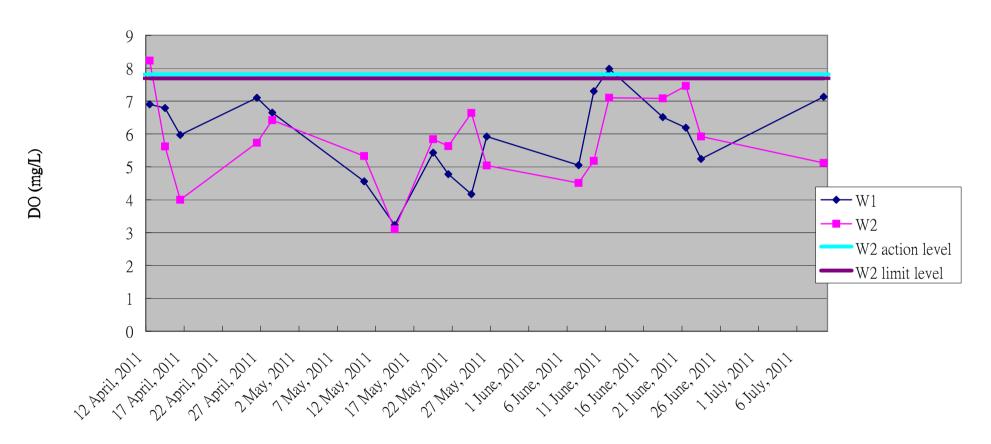
Graphical plots of pH values W1&W2



Graphical plots of DO (ebb tide) for W1&W2



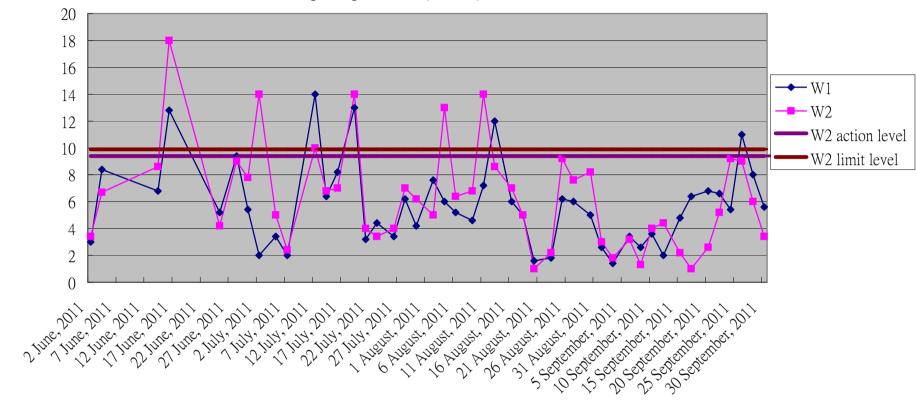
Remarks: Action level: 5 percentile of baceline data Limit level: 1 percentile of baceline data



Remarks: Action level: 5 percentile of baceline data Limit level: 1 percentile of baceline data

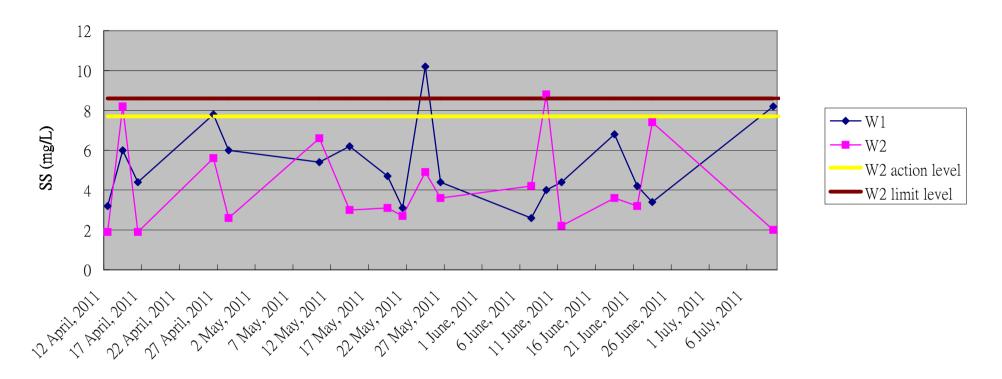


Graphical plots of SS (ebb tide) for W1&W2



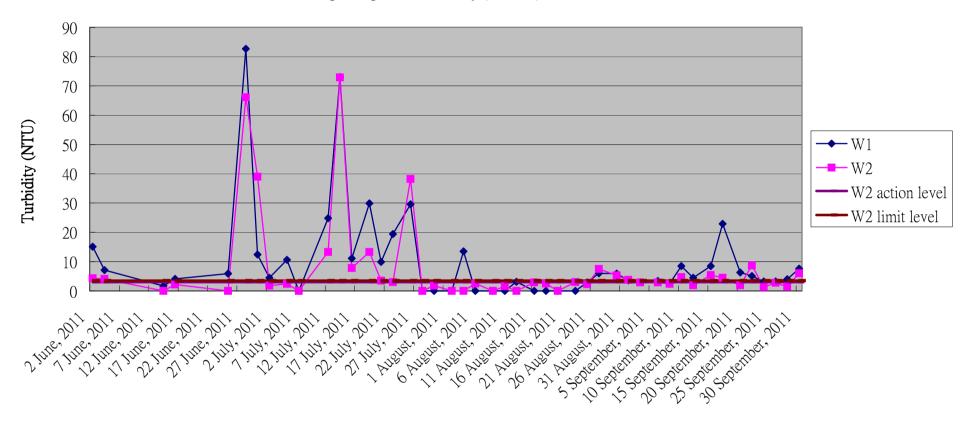
Remarks: Action limit is 95% of baseline data or 120% of upsteam control station's SS Limit level is 99% of baseline data or 130% of upsteam control station's SS

Graphical plots of SS (flood tide) for W1&W2



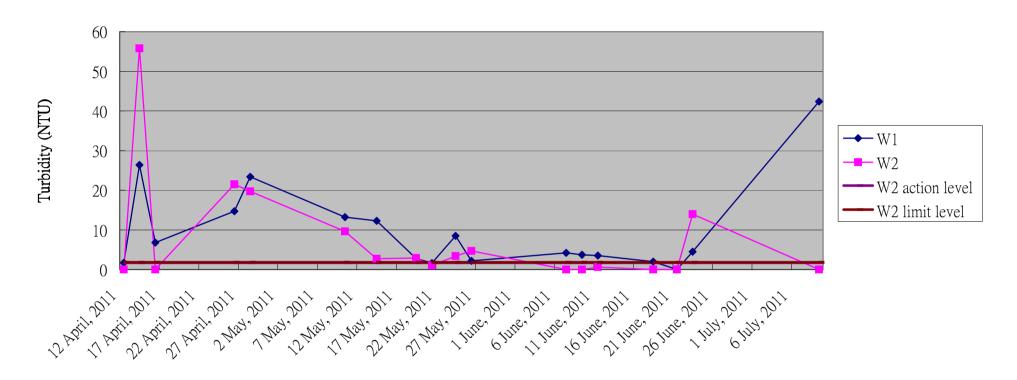
Remarks: Action limit is 95% of baseline data or 120% of upsteam control station's SS Limit level is 99% of baseline data or 130% of upsteam control station's SS

Graphical plots of Turbidity (ebb tide) for W1&W2



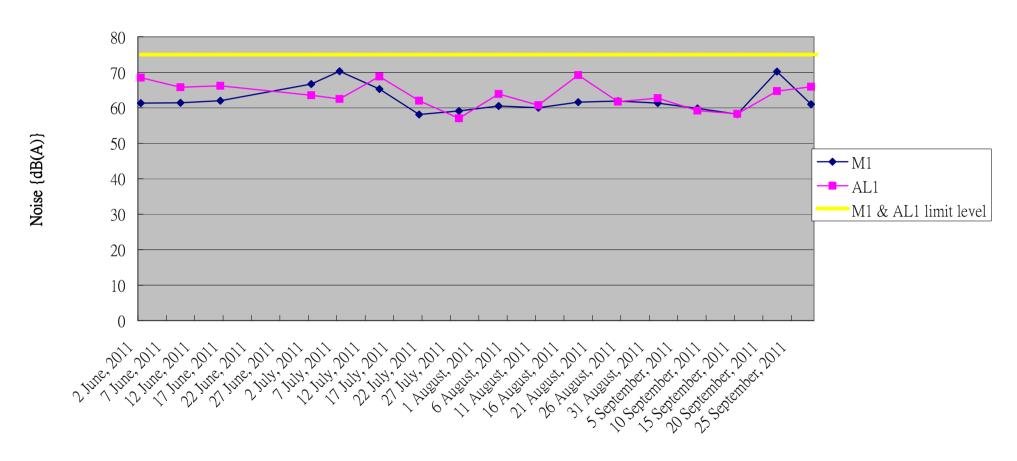
Remarks: Action limit is 95% of baseline data or 120% of upsteam control station's Turbidity Limit level is 99% of baseline data or 130% of upsteam control station's Turbidity

Graphical plots of Turbidity (flood tide) for W1&W2



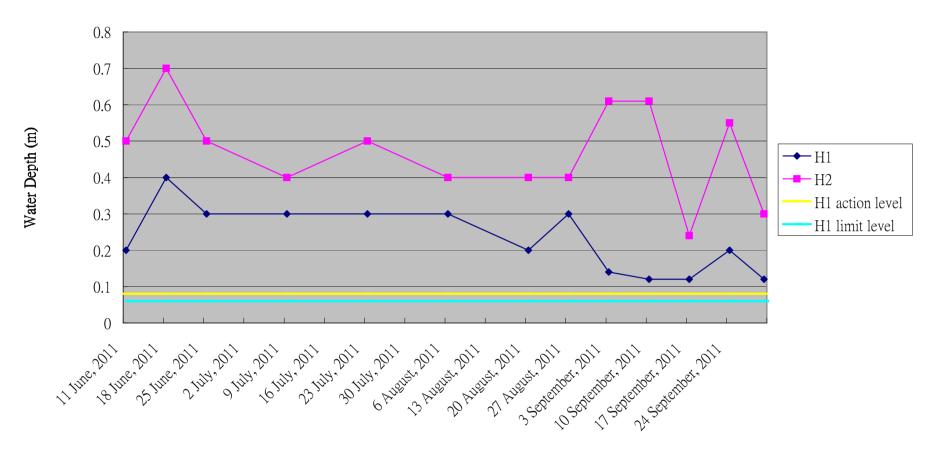
Remarks: Action limit is 95% of baseline data or 120% of upsteam control station's Turbidity Limit level is 99% of baseline data or 130% of upsteam control station's Turbidity

Graphical plots of Noise for M1 & AL1



Remarks: Action limit is when one documented complaint is received

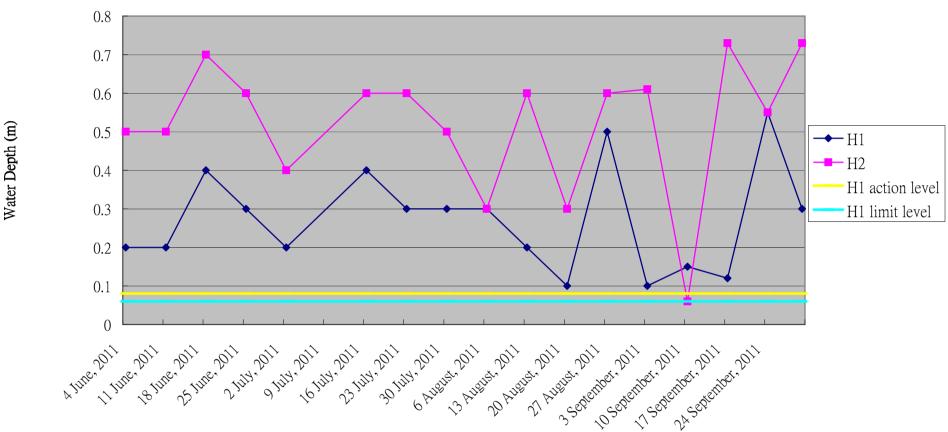
Graphical plots of Hydrological Monitoring(water depth at flood tide) for H1 & H2



Remarks: Action level: 80% of baseline water depth.

Limit level: 60% of baseline water depth.

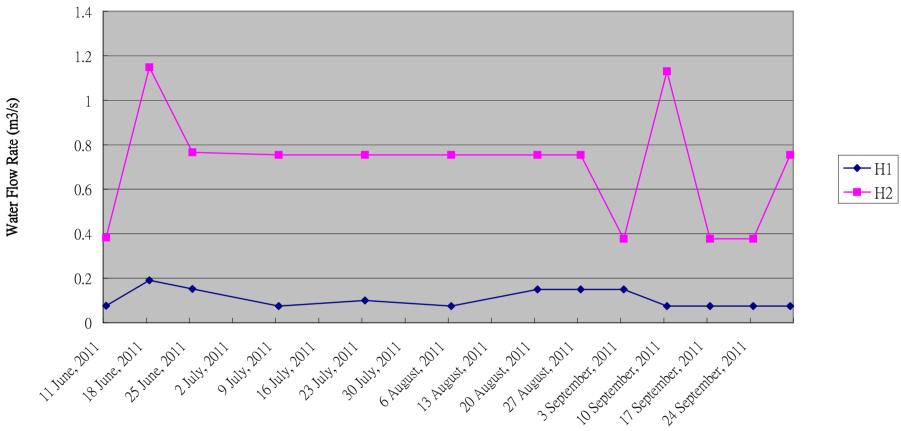
Graphical plots of Hydrological Monitoring(water depth at ebb tide) for H1 & H2



Remarks: Action level: 80% of baseline water depth.

Limit level: 60% of baseline water depth.

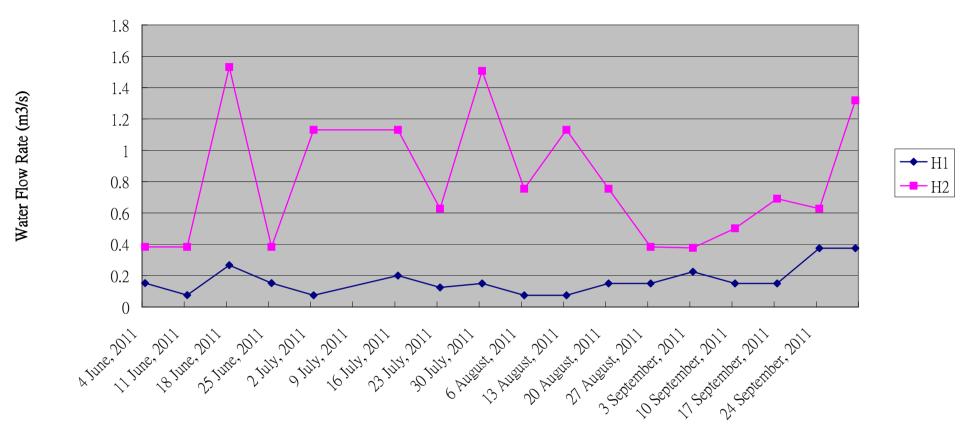
Graphical plots of Hydrological Monitoring(water flow rate at flood tide) for H1 & H2



Remarks: Action level: 120% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement.

Limit level: 140% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement.

Graphical plots of Hydrological Monitoring(water flow rate at ebb tide) for H1 & H2



Remarks: Action level: 120% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement. Limit level: 140% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement.

Appendix L.
A). List of recorded vegetation and relative abundance in the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) during construction phase in September 2011
Compensatory Area (ECA) during construction phase in September 2011
B). List of transplanted trees in the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) during construction phase in September 2011.

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Appendix L(A). List of recorded vegetation and relative abundance in the ECA during construction phase in September 2011.

Species Name	*Status in Hong Kong	Growth form	¹ Status in ECA	² Relative abundance	Condition	Remarks
Bidens alba	E	Herbs	S	+++	Fair	
Panicum maximum	Е	Herbs	S	++	Fair	
Celtis sinensis	N	Trees	S	+	Fair	
Terminalia catappa	Е	Trees	R	+	Fair	A few of branches broken slightly
Cocculus orbiculatus	N	Climbers	R	+	Fair	
Mangifera indica	E	Trees	R	+	Fair	
Dimocarpus longan	E	Trees	R	+	Fair	
Michelia x alba	E	Trees	R	+	Fair	
Oxalis corniculata	N	Herbs	S	+	Fair	
Stephania longa	N	Climbers	S	+	Fair	
Leucaena leucocephala	Е	Shrubs	S	+++	Fair	
Amaranthus viridis	N	Herbs	S	+	Fair	
Solanum nigrum	N	Herbs	S	+	Fair	
Paspalum dialatum	Е	Perennial Herb	S	+	Fair	
Mikania micrantha	E	Climbing Herb	S	+	Fair	
Mimosa pudica	Е	Herb	S	++	Fair	
Macaranga tanarius	N	Tree	R	+	Fair	
Cassia surattensis	Е	Shrub or Small Tree	S	+	Fair	
Conyza sumatrensis	E	Herb	S	+	Fair	
Pharbitis nil	Е	Climber: Twining Herb	S	+	Fair	

Key:

*Status in Hong
Kong E = Exotic N = Native1Status in ECA: E = CA:

2Relative abundance: E = CA: E = CA:

T = transplanted

+++ = Abundant

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Appendix L(B). List of transplanted trees in the ECA during construction phase in September 2011.

Tree No.	Species Name	*Status in Hong Kong	Growth form	Date of transplantation	Condition	Remarks
T150	Bombax ceiba	E	Tree	22/06/2011	Fair	
T151	Bombax ceiba	E	Tree	22/06/2011	Fair	Sparse crown with some newly emerged small leaves
T152	Bombax ceiba	E	Tree	22/06/2011	Fair	Sparse crown with some newly emerged small leaves
T153	Bombax ceiba	Е	Tree	22/06/2011	Fair	Sparse crown with some newly emerged small leaves
T154	Bombax ceiba	Е	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T155	Bombax ceiba	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T156	Bombax ceiba	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T157	Bombax ceiba	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T158	Bombax ceiba	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T159	Bombax ceiba	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T160	Bombax ceiba	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T161	Bombax ceiba	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T162	Bombax ceiba	Е	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T165	Melaleuca quinquenervia	E	Tree	22/06/2011	Fair	
T250	Celtis sinensis	N	Tree	22/06/2011	Fair	

Key:

*Status in Hong Kong

E = Exotic

N = Native



