

Drainage Service Department

Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Auditing report for

Contract No.DC/2009/22

Drainage Improvement in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1

February 2012

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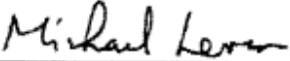
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This is the twelfth monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report for the drainage improvement works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po under Drainage Services Department Contract No. DC/2009/22 entitled “Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1”. This report concludes the impact monitoring for the activities undertaken during the period from 1st of February 2012 to 29th February 2012. The major site activities in this reporting period were mainly pumping station construction, installation and removal of sheetpile, excavation works for concrete structure, concreting works and plant maintenance.

The Environmental Team (ET) is responsible for the EM&A works required in the EM&A manual (revision 3). Site inspections were carried out on weekly basis to investigate and audit the equipment and work methodologies with respect to pollution control and environmental mitigation. The weekly inspections records and photos taken were kept.

In general, waste management was satisfactory during the reporting period.

Impact monitoring for construction noise was conducted in the reporting period. No exceedance of A/L level was reported.

Furthermore, impact monitoring for water quality was conducted. Total 12 abnormal incidents of water quality criteria were recorded in this reporting month. It was observed that the river was redirected and narrowed for construction of mechanical penstocks; and increases the speed of water current. Proper mitigation measures was implemented by contractor to avoid site water release to the Wai Ha river and no particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination; The exceedance of Turbidity and Total suspended solid were believed to be mainly attributed by high water flow rate. The exceedance of DO were believed to be mainly attributed by natural fluctuation; since the recorded levels of DO at control station had also exceeded its baseline limit level, the exceedances recorded at were unlikely to be related to the Project.

No exceedance of A/L level was reported for the monitoring of hydrological characteristics in the reporting period.

The ecological monitoring of the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) of the project is conducted. Details of the findings are referred to sections 6.2.

Visual and landscape monitoring has been conducted for the project. Details of the observations are referred to sections 7.3.

There was no complaint, notification of any summons and successful prosecutions against the project received during the reporting period.

Site works proposed to be carried out in the upcoming month at Area A, B & C are refer to section 2.2.

It is expected that noise, air and water quality impacts will be resulted from the works. ET has reminded the contractor to provide environmental pollution control measures wherever necessary and to keep a good environmental management at site practice. The recommended mitigation measures proposed for the project as well as implementation status are refer to section 12.3.

The ET will continue to implement the environmental monitoring & audit programme in accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3) and Environmental Permit requirement.

1 Introduction

This is the twelfth monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report for the drainage improvement works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po under Drainage Services Department Contract No. DC/2009/22 entitled “Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1”. The site layout plan is shown in Appendix A. The Environmental Team, Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited appointed by Kwan Lee – Kuly Joint Venture, prepares the report. The report is to be submitted to the Contractor, the Engineer and the IEC.

This report presents the results of the environmental monitoring of the project activities conducted within the reporting period from 1st February 2012 to 29th February 2012. This included the noise monitoring, water quality monitoring, hydrological characteristics monitoring, ecological monitoring, visual and landscape monitoring, and regular site inspections once per week for verification of implementation of the mitigation measures as recommended in the Environmental Permit (EP-303/2008) (EP), EM&A Manual (revision 3) and the Contractor’s Environmental Management Plan (EMP).

2 Construction Stage

2.1 Construction activities in the reporting period

Major activities in the reporting period included the followings:

Area A – Construction for proposed Stormwater Pumping Station.

Area A – Concreting for the proposed Stormwater Pumping Station.

Area A – Excavation for the proposed Transformer Room.

Area A – Installation of sheetpiles for DN2100 storm drain at Ting Kok Road.

Area A – Construction for the proposed concrete structure at the mouth of Wai Ha River.

Area A – Concreting for the proposed concrete structure at the mouth of Wai Ha River.

Area A – Concreting for the proposed intake structure up to + 1.16mPD.

Area B – Concreting the proposed box culvert bay 7.

Area B – Removal of sheetpiles for bay 7

Area B – Installation of sheetpiles for the proposed box culvert bay 6.

Area C – In Maintenance Period.

2.2 Construction activities for the coming month

Proposed key construction works in the coming month will include:

Area A (Pumping Station)

1. Erection formwork and falsework for the proposed Stormwater Pumping Station up to +11.85mPD top slab.
2. Steel reinforcement bars fixing for the proposed Stormwater Pumping Station up to +11.85PD top slab.
3. Construction for flow meter chamber.
4. Installation sheetpile for DN1200 drain & transformer room.
5. Construction ground beam for the proposed transformer room.
6. Construction discharge chamber for the proposed Stormwater Pumping Station.
7. Installation of multi-part cover and backfilling for desilting chamber.

8. Construction of DN2100 along Ting Kok Road (CH120 to 160)
9. Construction of the proposed intake structure.

Area B (Tung Tsz Nursery)

1. Excavation for the construction of box culvert in Tung Tsz Nursery
2. Construction of box culvert bay 6 and 5
3. Backfilling for bay 6

Area C (HCA)

1. In Maintenance Period

2.3 Environmental Status

Appendix A shows the drawing of the project area.

Locations of the monitoring and control stations with environmental sensitive receivers are presented in Section 3.3, 4.3, and 5.3 for noise, water quality, and hydrological characteristics respectively.

3 Noise Monitoring

3.1 Monitoring Parameters and Methodology

The construction noise level was measured in terms of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L_{eq}). $L_{eq(30minutes)}$ was used as the monitoring parameter for the impact monitoring in the time period between 0700 to 1900 hours on normal weekdays. For all other time period, $L_{eq(5minutes)}$ was employed for comparison with the Noise Control Ordinance (NCO) criteria.

Noise measurement results obtained from each monitoring location were recorded in the Construction Noise Monitoring Data Sheet (Appendix D) immediately after the measurement. As supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results L_{10} and L_{90} were also be recorded for reference.

In case of non-compliance with the construction noise criteria, more frequent monitoring, as specified in the Action plan in Table 3.5.2, shall be carried out. This additional monitoring shall be carried out until the recorded noise levels are rectified or proved to be irrelevant to the construction activities.

3.2 Monitoring Equipment

The sound level meters and calibrators comply with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651:1979 (Type 1) and 804:1985 (Type 1) specifications as referred to in the Technical Memorandum (TM) to the Noise Control Ordinance was deployed as monitoring equipment for noise measurement.

Noise measurement was not be made in the presence of fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5ms^{-1} or wind with gust exceeding 10ms^{-1} . Thus wind speed was checked by the portable wind speed indicator capable of measuring the wind speed in m/s. Table 3.2.1 summarizes the equipment list for noise monitoring

Table 3.2.1 Equipment List for Noise Monitoring

Equipment	Manufacturer & Model No.	Precision Grade	Qty
Integrated sound level meter	Svantek 949	IEC 651 Type 1 IEC 804 Type 1	2
Windscreen	Microtech gefell model W2	N/A	1
Acoustical calibrator	Svantek SV30A	IEC 942 Type 1	1
Wind speed indicator	Kestrel K1000	N/A	1
Remarks: Calibration details of the sound level meter is given in Appendix C for reference			

3.3 Monitoring Locations

According to the Environmental Monitoring and Audit manual, impact noise monitoring for contract 1 was undertaken at two locations during the construction phase of the project. The proposed monitoring locations are summarized in Table 3.3.1. Figure 3.3.1 shows the Noise Monitoring Locations

Noise measurement at each monitoring location was taken at a point 1m from the exterior of the selected premises and at a height of 1.2m above ground with no disturbance to the dweller and least obstructed view.

Table 3.3.1 Noise Monitoring Locations during Construction Phase

Noise Monitoring Station	Location
M1	14, Shuen Wan Chim Uk
AL1	Joint Village Office for Villages in Shuen Wan, Tai Po

In accordance with the requirements in the EM&A manual (revision 3), weekly impact monitoring was conducted. For the time period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays, and noise parameter of $L_{eq(30minutes)}$ was measured. As if the construction works were carried out during restricted period (i.e. 1900-2300, 2300-0700 of next day and Sundays / general holiday), impact monitoring that comprises 3 consecutive $L_{eq(5minutes)}$ would be carried out.

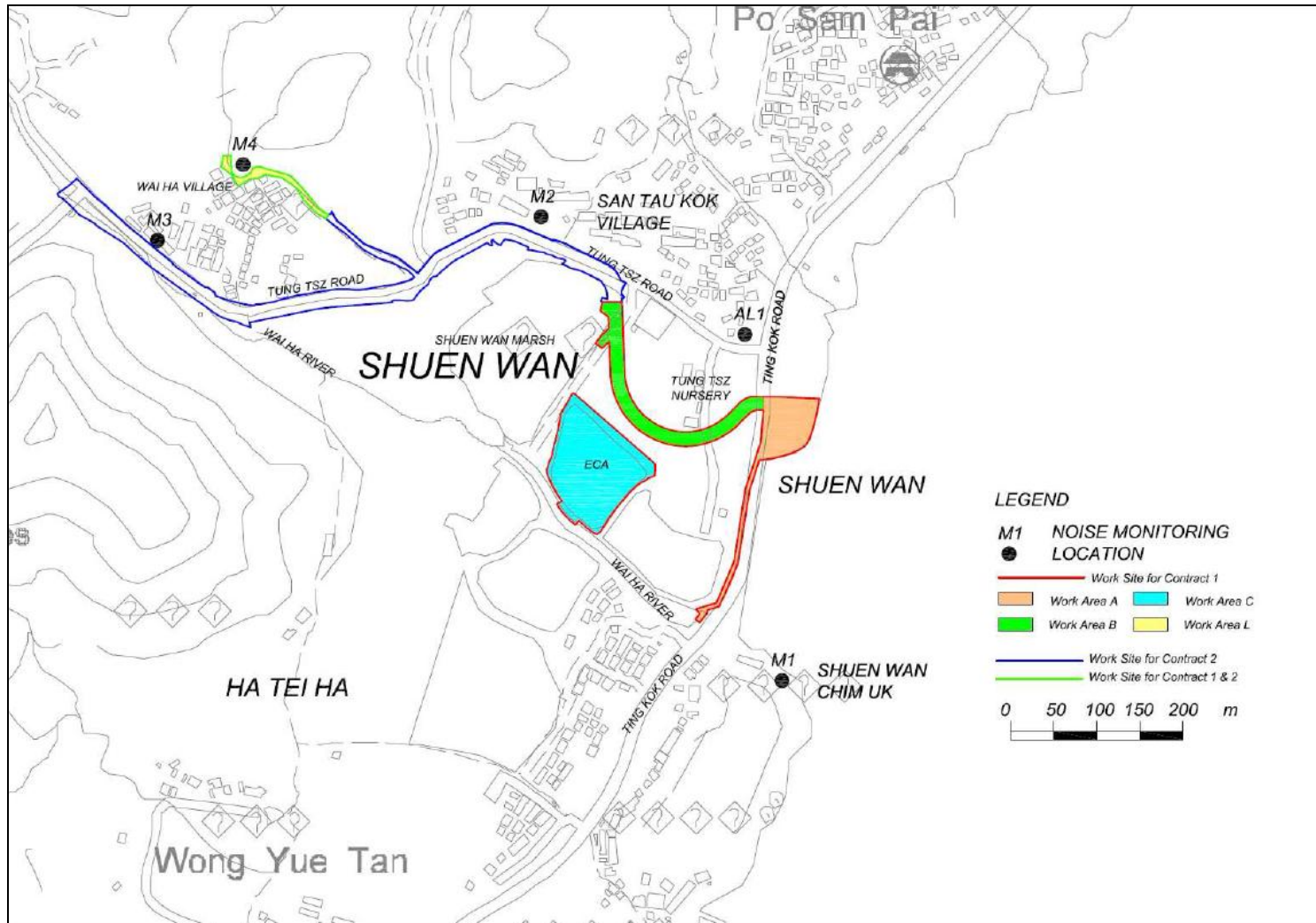


Figure 3.3.1 Impact noise monitoring locations

3.4 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Relevant details of the noise monitoring results are presented in Table 3.4.1. The results of M1, ranged between 52.7dB (A) and 59.1dB (A), and AL1, ranged between 51.8dB (A) and 58.2dB (A), were within the limit levels and therefore, no exceedance was found.

Table 3.4.1 Noise Monitoring Results for the reporting period							
Location	Parameter	Date*	Time	L _{Aeq} dB(A)	Limit dB(A)	Exceedance	Weather
M1	L _{eq} 30mins	1-Feb-12	12:10	54.5	75	N	Sunny
M1	L _{eq} 30mins	8-Feb-12	12:05	52.9	75	N	Cloudy
M1	L _{eq} 30mins	15-Feb-12	13:17	59.1	75	N	Cloudy
M1	L _{eq} 30mins	22-Feb-12	12:55	52.7	75	N	Cloudy
M1	L _{eq} 30mins	29-Feb-12	12:22	57.7	75	N	Cloudy
AL1	L _{eq} 30mins	1-Feb-12	12:45	57.4	75	N	Sunny
AL1	L _{eq} 30mins	8-Feb-12	13:25	58.2	75	N	Cloudy
AL1	L _{eq} 30mins	15-Feb-12	13:50	54.2	75	N	Cloudy
AL1	L _{eq} 30mins	22-Feb-12	13:30	54.0	75	N	Cloudy
AL1	L _{eq} 30mins	29-Feb-12	11:45	51.8	75	N	Cloudy

Remarks: Raw datasheet for noise monitoring are attached in Appendix D for reference.

3.5 Action and Limit level for Construction noise

The Action and Limit (A/L) levels for construction noise are defined in Table 3.5.1. Should non-compliance of the criteria occur, action in accordance with the Action Plan in Table 3.5.2 should be carried out.

There was no exceedance recorded in the reporting period.

Table 3.5.1 Action and Limit Levels for Construction noise

Time Period	Action Level	Limit Level
0700 – 1900 hours on normal weekdays	When one documented complaint is received	75dB(A)
Remarks: If works are to be carried out during restricted hours, the conditions stipulated in the construction noise permit issued by the Noise Control Authority have to be followed.		

3.6 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Noise monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 7th, 14th, 21st and 28th of March 2012.

Table 3.5.2 Event / Action Plan for Construction Noise

EVENT				
	ET Leader	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR
Action Level	1. Notify IEC and Contractor. 2. Carry out investigation. 3. Report the results of investigation to the IEC, ER and Contractor. 4. Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures. 5. Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness.	1. Review the analysed results submitted by the ET. 2. Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly. 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing. 2. Notify Contractor. 3. Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; 4. Check remedial measures are properly implemented.	1. Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC. 2. Implement noise mitigation proposals.

<p>Limit Level</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Notify IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor. 2. Identify source. 3. Repeat measurements to confirm findings. 4. Increase monitoring frequency. 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented. 6. Inform IEC, ER and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances. 7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results. 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions. 2. Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly. 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Confirm receipt of notification of 2. Notify Contractor. 3. Require Contractor 4. Check remedial measures properly implemented. 5. If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance. 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification. 3. Implement the agreed proposals. 4. Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control. 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.
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4 Water Monitoring

4.1 Water Quality Monitoring Parameters and methodology

Turbidity in Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU), and Dissolved Oxygen (DO) in mg/L, temperature, and pH measurements were in-situ measurements and suspended solids measurements were performed by a HOKLAS accredited laboratory using recommended reference method APHA 2540D.

4.2 Monitoring Equipment

Turbidity, DO, Salinity, pH and temperature was measured by an instrument complied with the following requirements:

The instrument is a portable as well as weatherproof multimeter complete with cable and uses a DC power source. It is capable of measuring:

- A turbidity between 0-800NTU;
- A dissolved Oxygen level in the range of 0-20mg/L and 0-200% saturation;
- A temperature of 0-50°C;
- Salinity in the range of 0-40ppt;
- pH in the range of 0-14.

The measurements were performed by a portable and weatherproof multi-meter, model TOA-DKK WQC-24. The equipment was calibrated and verified by certified laboratory every 3 months to ensure they perform to the same level of accuracy as stated in the manufacturer's specification. Detailed calibration records of the multi-meter were shown in Appendix C for reference

Suspended solids were determined by the water samples collected from the monitoring locations for further analysis in accredited HOKLAS laboratory. Water samples were contained by polythene bottles, packed in ice (cooled in 4°C without frozen) and delivered to the laboratory for analysis as soon as possible after collection.

4.3 Monitoring Locations

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), monitoring stations for contract 1 were established at two locations, which are summarized in Table 4.3.1.

Table 4.3.1 – Water Quality Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Location	Coordinates
W1	Between the Shuen Wan Marsh and ECA	E:839301 N:836386
W2	Between Tolo Harbour and Proposed Penstock	E:839542 N:836184

As illustrated in Figure 4.3.1, W1 served as the control station while W2 was the monitoring location of water quality.

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), measurements shall be taken at 3 water depths, namely, 1m below water surface, mid-depth and 1m above river bed, except where the water depth less than 6m, the mid-depth station may be omitted. Should the water depth be less than 3m, only the mid-depth station will be monitored.

As the depth of water was less than 3m, water samples were collected at mid-depth of each proposed monitoring stations for measurements and sample collection.

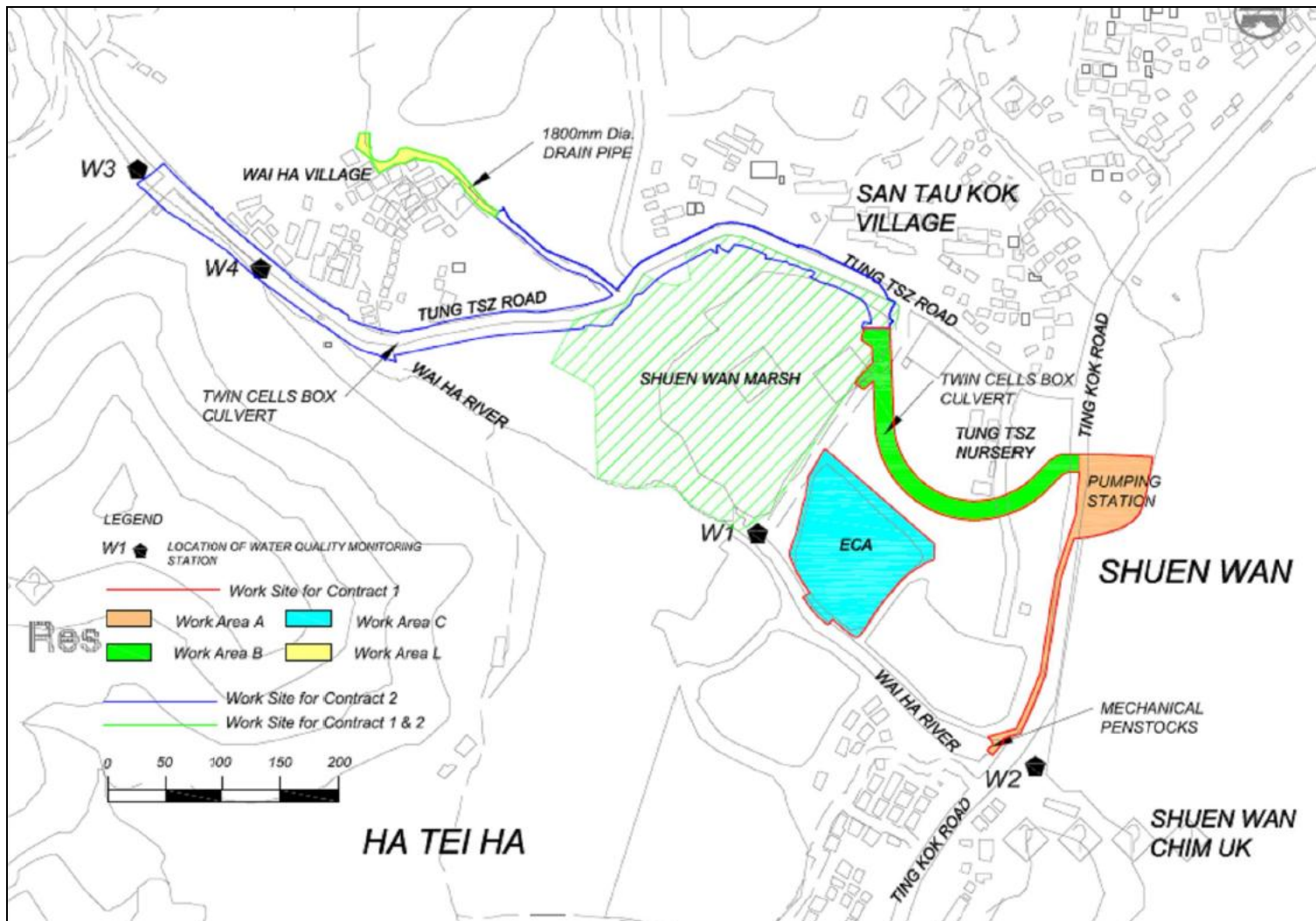


Figure 4.3.1 Water Quality Monitoring Locations

4.4 Monitoring Frequency

Impact water quality monitoring for each monitoring station were performed at mid-flood or mid-ebb tides for 3 days per week during the course of the construction river works.

Monitoring were carried out on 1st, 3rd, 6th, 8th, 10th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 20th, 22nd, 24th, 27th, and 29th of February 2012.

4.5 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Water quality monitoring was carried out thirteen times in this reporting month. Detailed on-site measurements are shown in Appendix E. Table 4.5.1 presents consolidated results throughout the reporting month.

There were 12 abnormal incidents of water quality limits (Dissolved Oxygen, Suspended Solid and Turbidity) were recorded in this reporting month according to the established action and limit levels. ET has arranged site investigations for the abnormal incidents and it was observed that the river was redirected and narrowed for construction of mechanical penstocks; and increases the speed of water current. Proper mitigation measures was implemented by contractor to avoid site water release to the Wai Ha river and No particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination; The exceedance of Turbidity and Total suspended solid were believed to be mainly attributed by high water flow rate. The exceedance of DO were believed to be mainly attributed by natural fluctuation; since the recorded levels of DO at control station had also exceeded its baseline limit level, the exceedances recorded at were unlikely to be related to the Project. The water condition of Wai Ha River is presented in photo attached in **Appendix M**.

Details information of these incidents was presented in Section 8.

Table 4.5.1 Summary of Water Quality Monitoring Results of this reporting month

	Average of Monitoring Results					
	<i>Temperature</i> (°C)	<i>Turbidity</i> (NTU)	<i>pH</i>	<i>Dissolved</i> <i>Oxygen</i> (mg/L)	<i>Dissolved</i> <i>Oxygen</i> (%)	<i>Suspended</i> <i>Solids</i> (mg/L)
W1	18.18	3.8	7.37	7.67	80.08	2.65
W2	18.35	26.3	7.46	7.58	77.92	13.94

Table 4.5.2 Interpretations of abnormal incidents recorded in the reporting month

Date	Tide	Parameter	Interpretations
1/2/2012	Flood	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.
		DO	
3/2/2012	Flood	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.
		DO	
		Suspended Solids	
6/2/2012	Ebb	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.
		Suspended Solids	
8/2/2012	Ebb	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.
		Suspended Solids	
10/2/2012	Ebb	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.
13/2/2012	Ebb	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.
15/2/2012	Flood	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.
		DO	
20/2/2012	Ebb	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.
		Suspended Solids	
22/2/2012	Ebb	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.

24/2/2012	Ebb	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.
		Suspended Solids	
27/2/2012		Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.
		Suspended Solids	
29/2/2012	Ebb	Turbidity	Incident was regarded as high river flow rate since river redirected and narrowed was observed.

Table 4.5.3 Construction work conducted during abnormal incidents period

Date	Area	Construction works conducted
1/2/2012	A	Erecting F2 formwork panels for walls of wet wells, Extracting sheet piles from cofferdam. Implementation of TTA for works area. Saw cutting at existing bituminous carriageway for pipe trench.
	B	Dismantling lower layer of I-beam walings for walls construction shuttering for walls and stripping off soffit formwork for Bay 7A
	C	In maintenance period
3/2/2012	A	Shuttering for walls and slab and beams. Laying bituminous debris on haul road. Breaking up bituminous carriageway for pipe trench. Cart away bituminous debris to haul road of pump station. Breaking up concrete wall of cofferdam and dismantling existing bar screen of existing box culvert for Outlet structure. Coring holes at base slab of existing box culvert for anchor bars of outlet structure. Dewatering from cofferdam and bulk excavation for intake struction.
	B	Formwork shuttering for soffit of top slab at Bay 7A
	C	In maintenance period
6/2/2012	A	Fixing tie bolts and waling s for wall formwork. Shuttering for soffit and beams. Excavating trench along shoring line to remove boulders and driving sheet piles for shoring of pipe trench between manhole MH06 and Bay20. Grouting of reinforcement bars at cored holes at base slab of existing box culvert for outlet structure. Excavating for intake structure and placing blinding concrete.
	B	Formwork shuttering for top slab and walls at Bay 7A
	C	In maintenance period
8/2/2012	A	Shuttering for openings at slab. Cutting and bending reinforcement bars for beams and slab. Formwork shuttering for walls of outlet structure.

		Excavating for Intake structure, laying geotextile membrane & rubber mound, then placing blinding concrete. Cart away excavated materials to Area B
	B	Concreting for top slab and walls at Bay 7A
	C	In maintenance period
10/2/2012	A	Rebar fixing for slab. Modify F2 formwork of walls for fixing ground beam anchor bars. Rebar fixing for Outlet Structure. Drilling holes for anchor bolts of penstock at outlet Structure. Excavating for Intake Structure and fabricating I-beam walings for sheetpile cofferdam. Cart away excavated materials to Area B.
	B	Stripping off wall formwork and patching up tie bolt holes on exterior side at Bay 7.
	C	In maintenance period
13/2/2012	A	Fixing reinforcement bars for ground beam of Transformer Room anchor. Formwork shuttering for openings. Cutting and bending reinforcement bars. Formwork shuttering for top slab and walls of Outlet Structure and then concreting. Excavating for intake structure and fabricating I-beam walings for sheetpile cofferdam.
	B	Fabricating sheetpile stop end shoring and backfilling around box culvert at Bay 7A
	C	In maintenance period
15/2/2012	A	Rebar fixing for ground beams of store room anchor. Cutting and bending reinforcement bars. Formwork shuttering for beam. Drilling holes at Outlet Structure for anchor bolts of penstock. Excavating for Intake Structure, laying geotextile membrane & rubber mound, then placing blinding concrete.
	B	Fabricating I-beam walings and structs for stop end shoring and dismantling top layer of I-beam walings of trench shoring at Bay 7
	C	In maintenance period
20/2/2012	A	Rebar fixing. Cutting and bending reinforcement bars for beams and slab. Formwork shuttering for concrete plinth of pumps at Valve chamber. Scrabbling C.J and coring holes at Outlet Structure for penstock. Formwork shuttering for base slab of intake structure.
	B	Welding to splice sheet piles into longer length for trench shoring.
	C	In maintenance period
22/2/2012	A	Fixing starter bars for walls and columns at slab. Formwork shuttering for cable trenches at switch room. Excavating to expose underground

		cables. Installation of penstock at Outlet Structure.
	B	Extracting sheet piles from trench shoring.
	C	In maintenance period
24/2/2012	A	Excavating to expose underground utilities pipe trench and driving sheet pile for shoring. Installation of penstock for outlet structure. Rebar fixing for base slab of intake structure.
	B	Driving sheet piles for trench shoring for Bay 6
	C	In maintenance period
27/2/2012	A	Excavating to expose underground utilities ar pipe trench and driving sheetpiles for shoring. Installations of SS frame for stoplog at outlet structure. Formwork shuttering for wall kickers at base slab at intake structure.
	B	Excavating trench along shoring line to remove boulders and driving sheet piles for shoring.
	C	In maintenance period
29/2/2012	A	Stripping off wall formwork and concrete curing works for ground floor slab. Excavating to expose underground utilities pipe trench and driving sheetpiles for shoring. Grouting the frame of penstock at outlet structure. Formwork shuttering for kickers at base slab of intake structure.
	B	Excavating trench along shoring line to remove boulders and driving sheet piles for shoring
	C	In maintenance period

4.6 Action and limit level for Water Quality

Based on the criteria stipulated in EM&A manual (revision 3) and baseline water quality monitoring data obtained, the A/L levels are shown in Table 4.6.1, Table 4.6.2. The A/L levels for W1 were ignored since W1 functions as the control station for contract 1. If the water quality monitoring results at any impact stations exceeded the criteria, the actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan in Table 4.6.3 should be taken.

Table 4.6.1 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality at All Monitoring Stations

Parameters	Action	Limit
DO in mg/L	5 percentile of baseline data	4 mg/L or 1 percentile of baseline data
pH	N/A	6.0 – 9.0
SS in mg/L	95 percentile of baseline data or 120% of upstream control station's SS	99 percentile of baseline data or 130% of upstream control station's SS
Turbidity in NTU	95 percentile of baseline data or 120% of upstream control station's Turbidity	99 percentile of baseline data or 130% of upstream control station's Turbidity

Table 4.6.2 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality at All Monitoring Stations

Parameters	Monitoring Stations (Flood Tide)				Monitoring Stations (Ebb Tide)			
	W1		W2		W1		W2	
	Action Level	Limit Level	Action Level	Limit Level	Action Level	Limit Level	Action Level	Limit Level
DO (mg/L)	8.07	8.07	7.81	7.69	7.12	7.02	6.77	6.31
pH	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0
SS (mg/L)	7.7	8.1	7.7	8.6	10.5	10.9	9.4	9.9
Turbidity (NTU)	4.9	5.3	1.7	1.8	4.2	4.7	3.0	3.5

Remarks:

For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limits

For SS and turbidity, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is higher than the limits.

Table 4.6.3 Event and action Plan for Water Quality

Event	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
ACTION LEVEL				
Action level being exceeded by one sampling day	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. 7. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 2. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Consider changes in working methods; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; 6. Implement agreed mitigation measures.

<p>Action level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. 7. Prepare to increase the monitoring frequency to daily; 8. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 2. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Consider changes in working methods; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; 6. Implement agreed mitigation measures.
LIMIT LEVEL				
<p>Limit level being exceeded by one sampling day</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; 2. Rectify

	<p>impact;</p> <p>3. Inform EPD, IEC, Contractor and Engineer;</p> <p>4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods;</p> <p>5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor;</p> <p>6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented;</p> <p>7. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit level.</p>	<p>proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly;</p> <p>3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.</p>	<p>2. Request Contractor to critically review the working methods;</p> <p>3. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented;</p> <p>4. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.</p>	<p>unacceptable practice;</p> <p>3. Check all plant and equipment;</p> <p>4. Consider changes in working methods;</p> <p>5. Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days;</p> <p>6. Implement agreed mitigation measures.</p>
<p>Limit level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days</p>	<p>1. Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings;</p> <p>2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact;</p> <p>3. Inform EPD, IEC, Contractor and Engineer;</p> <p>4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods;</p> <p>5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC,</p>	<p>1. Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor;</p> <p>2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly;</p> <p>3. Assess effectiveness of</p>	<p>1. Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor;</p> <p>2. Request Contractor to critically review the working methods;</p> <p>3. Make agreement on mitigation measures to</p>	<p>1. Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance;</p> <p>2. Rectify unacceptable practice;</p> <p>3. Check all plant and equipment;</p> <p>4. Consider changes in working methods;</p> <p>5. Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose</p>

	<p>Engineer and Contractor;</p> <p>6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented.</p> <p>7. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit level for two consecutive days.</p>	<p>implemented mitigation measures.</p>	<p>be implemented;</p> <p>4. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures;</p> <p>5. Consider and if necessary instruct Contractor to slow down or to stop all or part of the construction activities until no exceedance of Limit Level.</p>	<p>mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days;</p> <p>6. Implement agreed mitigation measures;</p> <p>7. As directed by the Engineer, slow down or stop all or part of the construction activities until no exceedance of Limit level.</p>
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4.7 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Water quality monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 2nd, 5th, 7th, 9th, 12nd, 14th, 16th, 19th, 21st, 23rd, 26th, 28th and 30th of March 2012.

5 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring

5.1 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Parameters and methodology

Impact monitoring of hydrological characteristics was undertaken to establish hydrological characteristics of sections of Wai Ha River adjacent to Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po.

The hydrological characteristics of sections of Wai Ha River were measured by water flow rate and depth.

5.2 Monitoring Equipment

Monitoring performed by a portable echo-sounder, model Greyline Stingray. The equipment was calibrated and verified by certified laboratory or manufacturer every year to ensure they perform to the same level of accuracy as stated in the manufacturer's specification.

Calibration Certificate of the multi-meter is given in Appendix C.

5.3 Monitoring Locations

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), monitoring stations for contract 1 were established at two locations and summarized in Table 5.3.1.

Table 5.3.1 – Water Quality Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Location	Coordinates
H1	Between the Shuen Wan Marsh and ECA	E:839301 N:836386
H2	Route to Sam Kung Temple	E:839163 N:836433

As illustrated in Figure 5.3.1, H2 served as the control station while H1 was the monitoring location of hydrological characteristics.

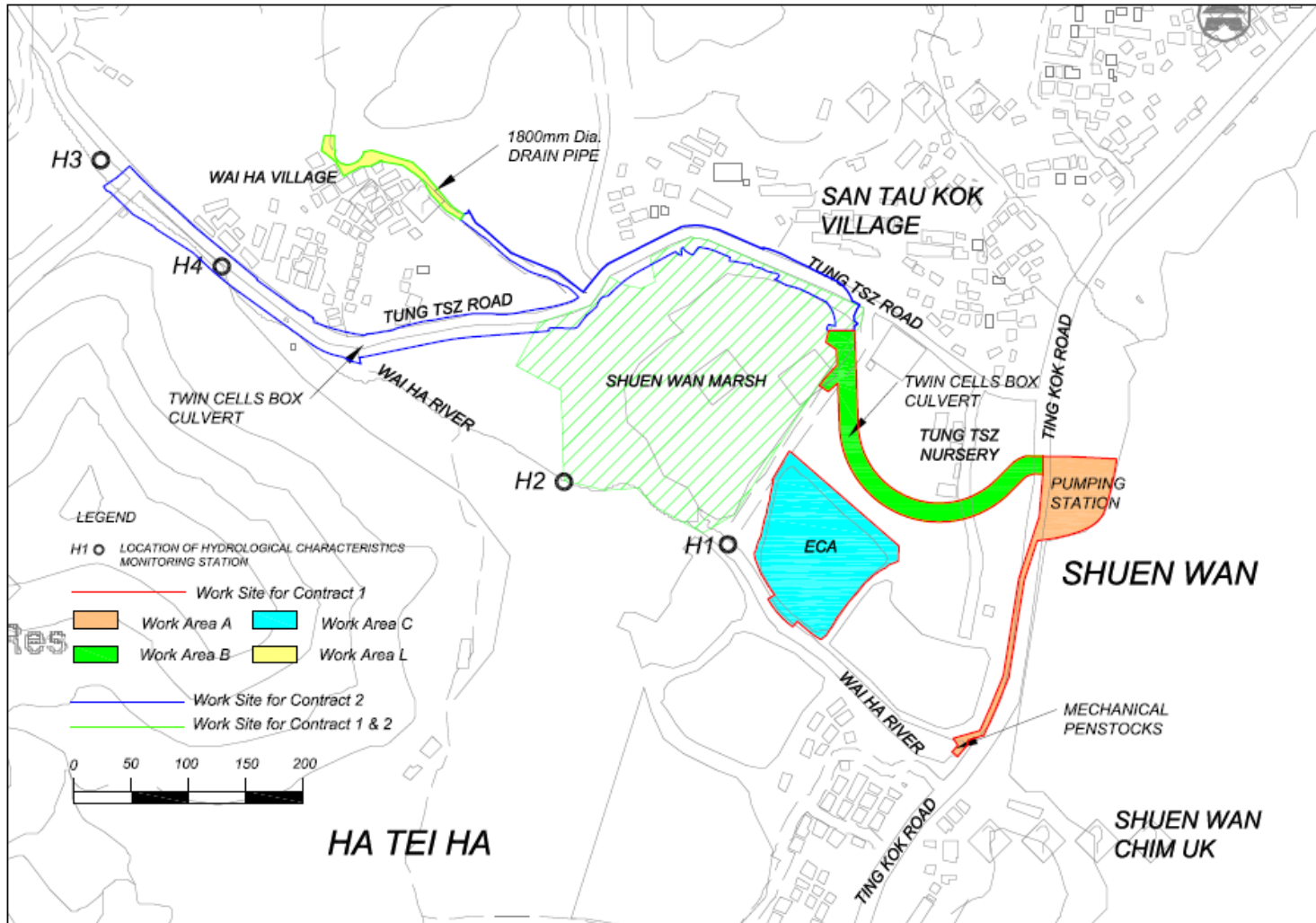


Figure 5.3.1 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Locations

5.4 Monitoring Frequency

Hydrological characteristics monitoring for each monitoring station were performed at mid-flood and mid-ebb tides for once per week during the course of the construction river works.

Monitoring was carried out on 3rd, 10th, 17th and 24th of February 2012.

5.5 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Hydrological characteristics monitoring was carried out four times in this reporting period. The monitoring results are summarized in Table 5.5. All results were within the action and limit levels, therefore, no exceedance was found.

Table 5.5 Summary of Water Quality Monitoring Results

	Average of Monitoring Results	
	Water Depth (m)	Water Flow Rate (m ³ /s)
H1	~0.53*	0.075
H2	~0.26*	0.431

*: Since the water levels were too low for the depth detector to determine, tape measure was instead adopted for estimation.

Details of the monitoring data were presented in Appendix F.

5.6 Action and limit level for Hydrological Characteristics

The Action and Limit levels for all monitoring stations are summarized in Table 5.6.1, which would be applied for compliance assessment of hydrological characteristics for this project. If the hydrological characteristics monitoring results at any impact stations exceeded the criteria, the actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan in Table 5.6.2 should be taken.

Table 5.6.1 Action and Limit Levels for Hydrological Characteristics at All Monitoring Stations

Parameters	Action	Limit
Water Depth at Mid-flood (m)	0.08	0.06
Water Depth at Mid-ebb (m)	0.08	0.06
Water Flow Rate (m ³ /s)	120% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement	140% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement

Table 5.6.2 Event and action Plan for Hydrological Characteristics

Event	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
ACTION LEVEL				
Action level being exceeded by one sampling day	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; Check monitoring data, Contractor's working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; Consider changes in working methods and plans; Discuss with ET, IEC and

	7. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance.			Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; 6. Implement agreed mitigation measures.
Action level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; 4. Check monitoring data, Contractor's working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. 7. Prepare to increase the monitoring frequency to daily; 8. Repeat measurement 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 2. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; 4. Consider changes in working methods and plans; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC

	on next day of exceedance.			and Engineer within three working days; 6. Implement agreed mitigation measures.
LIMIT LEVEL				
Limit level being exceeded by one sampling day	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 3. Inform AFCD, IEC, Contractor and Engineer; 4. Check monitoring data, and Contractor's working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; 7. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit level. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 2. Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; 3. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; 4. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; 4. Consider changes in working methods and plans; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; 6. Implement agreed mitigation measures.
Limit level	1. Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1. Discuss	1. Inform Engineer

<p>being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days</p>	<p>measurements to confirm findings;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; 3. Inform AFCD, IEC, Contractor and Engineer; 4. Check monitoring data, and Contractor's working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. 7. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit level for two consecutive days. 	<p>mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; 3. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures. 	<p>proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; 3. Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemented; 4. Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures; 5. Consider and if necessary instruct Contractor to slow down or to stop all or part of the construction activities until no exceedance of Limit Level. 	<p>and confirm in writing notification of the non-compliance;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; 4. Consider changes in working methods and plans; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; 6. Implement agreed mitigation measures; 7. As directed by the Engineer, slow down or stop all or part of the construction activities until no exceedance of Limit level.
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5.7 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Hydrological characteristics monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd and 30th of March 2012.

6 Ecological Monitoring of ECA

6.1 Introduction

The Ecological Monitoring of the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) of the Project is conducted to fulfill Clauses 5.2 and 5.4 of EP-303/2008 and the monitoring requirements in accordance with Section 6 of the approved updated EM&A Manual (approved by EPD on 7th November 2011) and the approved updated Habitat Creation Plan (HCP) (approved by EPD on 8th December 2011) of the Project.

This report documents monitoring findings on the site inspections in the ECA undertaken in February 2012.

6.2 Ecological Monitoring of ECA

6.2.1 Scope of Monitoring

A specific ecological monitoring programme and ecological monitoring requirements of the ECA are detailed in Section 7 of the approved Habitat Creation Plan (HCP) and Section 6.18 of the approved updated Environmental Monitoring & Audit (EM&A) Manual of the Project

During the construction phase of the ECA, monthly monitoring of vegetation health (including the planted, retained and transplanted trees and shrubs, and the proposed planting) and weekly site inspections should be undertaken. Monthly

monitoring of in situ water quality will be carried out once the ECA is filled with water from the nearby Wai Ha River.

During the 12-month establishment phase of the ECA, monitoring of habitat types, vegetation cover, intertidal fauna and other fauna (including avifauna, herpetofauna, fish, odonates and butterflies) will be undertaken on a six-monthly basis, while the vegetation health and in situ water quality will be monitored monthly. Site inspections will be conducted twice per month.

6.2.2 Monitoring Methodology during the construction phase

Monitoring of vegetation health

Monthly monitoring of the health condition of the retained and transplanted trees and vegetation will be conducted. Following planting of vegetation in the ECA, monitoring of the growth and health conditions of the planted vegetation in the created habitats (i.e. brackish marsh, mangrove, woodland areas of planted trees and shrubs, and wooded areas with retained and (trans)planted trees) within the ECA is to be conducted during the construction and establishment phases. General health and growth status of the retained trees within the ECA are recorded and recommendation of appropriate tree care will be made to the maintenance party.

All planted, retained and transplanted trees and shrubs will be surveyed to update their growth and health status. Any signs of pests and/ or poor growth of

planted, retained and transplanted trees and shrubs will be recorded. Appropriate treatment or removal of pests will be implemented if necessary. Supplemental planting will be arranged if needed.

A fixed transect line will be run through the wetland habitats (including intertidal mudflat, brackish marsh and mangrove) and the general growth and health of the planted vegetation along both sides of the transect will be inspected and evaluated. Any adverse plant health, such as dieback of planted species, will be noted and supplemental planting will be arranged. Any signs of pests which cause adverse health problems to the plants will be identified and recorded..

Monitoring of water quality

Since there will be free movement of brackish river water in and out of the ECA, water quality in the ECA will be largely dependent on water quality in the river. In this open system it is not appropriate to set specific targets for water quality parameters. Nevertheless, baseline data on water quality, in particular seasonal patterns, would potentially be useful long term management of the ECA. Once the ECA is filled with water during the construction phase of the ECA, in-situ water quality will be measured once per month during both Construction and Establishment Phases. Parameters, including temperature, pH, salinity, turbidity and dissolved oxygen, will be monitored. Additional measurements of these parameters should also be made by the ecologist in response to unexpected events (e.g. algal blooms or fish die-offs) in order to inform remedial

management measures.

Site inspection

Weekly site inspection will be carried out by the Wetland Specialist to update the status and monitor the progress of the construction of the ECA. Any adverse ecological impact resulting from the construction should be identified and remedial action should be undertaken.

6.2.3 Monitoring Methodology during the establishment phase

Monitoring of vegetation health

Same monitoring methodology as in Section 7.2.2.

Monitoring of water quality

Same monitoring methodology as in Section 7.2.2.

Site inspection

Site inspection during the establishment phase of the ECA will be conducted twice per month for monitoring the health and condition of the wetland during the establishment period. Any unsatisfied health and habitat criteria of the wetland will be identified and remedial action should be recommended

Twice monthly establishment phase monitoring has been commenced in

November 2011.

Monitoring of habitat types and vegetation cover

Monitoring of habitat types and vegetation cover will be conducted twice during the 12 month Establishment Phase of the ECA; specifically at the end of the dry season and the end of the subsequent wet season after completion of the planting work. The monitoring aims to determine the exact extent of the wetland habitats and vegetation cover (i.e. open water, intertidal mudflat, brackish marsh and mangrove) during the establishment period and control any excessive colonization of unwanted vegetation specific habitats.

Monitoring of intertidal fauna

As the ECA largely comprises an intertidal mudflat, monitoring for intertidal fauna will be conducted. Recolonisation will take time: accordingly monitoring will be tentatively conducted in February 2012 and August 2012. As the important aim of monitoring of intertidal fauna in the ECA is to examine the diversity of the colonising community, a qualitative manner by walk-through survey (i.e. walk through the site with species and relative abundance recorded) will be conducted. Core sampling will also be conducted at different levels to record infauna. Three samples at each level (low, middle and high) will be collected during each monitoring event and the monitoring will be conducted at low tide.

Monitoring of other fauna

Monitoring of other faunal groups, including birds, herpetofauna, fish, odonate and butterflies, will be conducted. Monitoring of any aquatic invertebrates will be covered by the intertidal surveys. Since the site will be intertidal, it is considered unsuitable for local amphibian species. Therefore, no nighttime survey for detection of mating calls of amphibians is necessary and only daytime surveys are needed. Monitoring of these faunal groups will be conducted on a walk-through survey basis. The surveyor will walk through the site, recording and counting the fauna observed. Microhabitats for herpetofauna will be actively searched. This monitoring will be conducted twice within the establishment period (once in the dry season (tentatively in February 2012) and once in the wet season (tentatively in August 2012)).

Monitoring of wild mammals is not necessary in this case; however, if signs of wild mammals are observed (such as footprints) during any field surveys, these will be recorded.

6.2.4 Monitoring time and weather condition

Site inspection and monitoring of vegetation, fauna groups and water quality should be carried out during day-time with calm weather. Monitoring of birds should commence within one hour of sunrise, when is the peak activity period for birds. Other fauna groups shall be undertaken during the warmer part of the monitoring day.

6.3 Monitoring Results

6.3.1 Description of vegetation monitoring in Ecological Compensatory Area

The vegetation health monitoring during the construction and establishment period required to be conducted on a monthly basis in the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA). The growth and health of the recorded vegetation was inspected in February 2012 and detail vegetation information was shown in **Appendix L**.

Monitoring of transplanted trees were carried out and continued since the first transplantation (**Appendix L(B)**).

Three specimens of protected species *Pavetta hongkongensis* were transplanted to ECA. Weekly monitoring was carried out since transplantation on 20th December 2011.

All trees surveyed were evaluated according to the following criteria (Webb 1991)

- Trees of good form, moderate to large size and in good health are classified as **good**;
- Trees of reasonable form, with few or no visible defects or health problems are classified as being **fair**;

- Trees that are of poor form, badly damaged or clearly suffering from decay die back or the effects of very heavy vine growth are classified as **poor**.

6.3.2 Description of vegetations and remarks

Vegetation monitoring in the ECA was carried out on site and growth/health conditions were recorded.

A total of 23 plant species were retained or newly re-colonized within ECA in which 6 of them were retained plant species including *Terminalia catappa*, *Cocculus orbiculatus*, *Mangifera indica*, *Dimocarpus longan*, *Michelia x alba* and *Macaranga tanarius*. Some green algae, such as c.f. *Ulothrix* sp. and *Enteromorpha* sp. were re-colonized in the water body or attached to the substratum in the ECA. Those algae could attract algae feeding organisms and it also provides micro-habitat for some marine or brackish water species especially juveniles. Detailed information of the recorded vegetation is given in **Appendix L**.

The general growth/health of the retained or newly re-colonized vegetations was in fair condition.

The trees transplanted from works area under Contract 1 and 2 to ECA, including 13 *Bombax ceiba*, 2 *Melaleuca quinquenervia* and 1 *Celtis sinensis*, were in fair condition since the transplantation in June, except for *Celtis*

sinensis (**Appendix L (B)**). However, *Celtis sinensis* (T 250) is in poor condition with injured bark. Replacement of this tree is suggested if the condition of the tree can no longer be improved.

A total of 370 trees were newly planted for purpose of habitat recreation within the ECA since August 2011. The 370 individual trees were planted at different zones, except for zone F, as showed in Figure **6.3.2.1**.

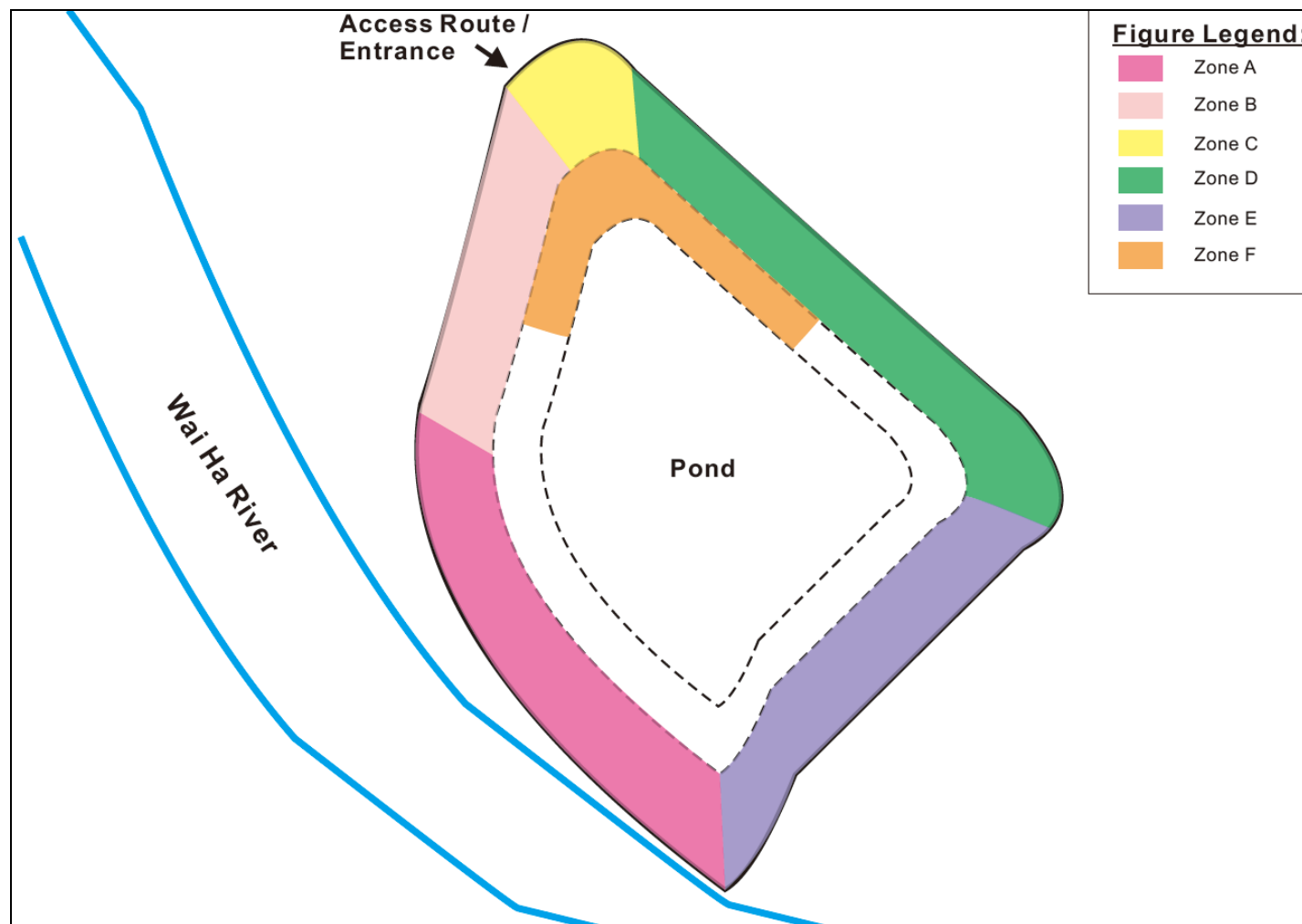


Figure 6.3.2.1 Landscape floor plan of ECA during establishment phase in November 2011.

The newly planted trees included *Celtis sinensis* (95), *Hibiscus tiliaceus* (114), *Macaranga tanarius* (57), *Ficus superb var japonica* (28) and *Viburnum odoratissimum* (76)..

Newly planted trees in Zone A, B and C were in fair condition.

However, some trees in Zone D and E were in poor condition in terms of sparse crown and yellow leaves. These are:

- *Hibiscus tiliaceus*: tag no. 55 - 60; 64 - 77; 238 - 241; 245 - 252; 257 - 261 & 264.
- *Ficus superb var japonica*: tag no. 38, 39
- *Macaranga tanarius*: tag no. 321
- *Celtis sinensis*: tag no. 12, 18, 130
-

Those planted tree with poor condition were caused during trans-location or plantation. It is expect most of them would be recovered and the health condition would be improved in coming growing season.

Mangrove seedlings were planted in Zone F, but most of them were in poor to fair condition. It is expected they may grow better in coming wet season.

Three specimens of protected species *Pavetta hongkongensis* were transplanted from work area under Contract 2 to ECA at Zone D on 20th December 2011. Weekly monitoring was carried out and their overall conditions are fair so far (Appendix L(C)). Representative photographs of the transplanted *P. hongkongensis* are showed on Figure 6.3.2.2.



Figure 2.2a. Specimens 1 & 2.



Figure 2.2b. Specimen 3.

Figure 6.3.2.2. Representative photographs of transplanted *Pavetta hongkongensis* in ECA since the first transplantation in Feb 2012.

Regular watering is recommended to improve the condition of the planted or transplanted plants during non-raining period. Relevant mitigation measures will be proposed when necessary.

There is no sign of pest outbreak or dieback took place in the current monitoring

6.3.3 Summary

In total, 21 species of trees, shrubs, climbers and herbs were retained or naturally colonized in the ECA during initial establishment period. Starting in August 2011, a total of 16 tree species and three specimens of protected species *Pavetta hongkongensis* were transplanted to ECA. All of them were in fair condition. In addition, 370 trees, including *Celtis sinensis*, *Hibiscus tiliaceus*, *Macaranga tanarius*, *Ficus superb var japonica* and *Viburnum odoratissimum*, were newly planted in ECA since August 2011 for purpose of habitat recreation. Although there is no sign of pest outbreak or dieback, regular watering and close monitoring are still be recommended..

6.3.4 References

Webb, R (ed.) 1991, Tree Planting & Maintenance in Hong Kong, Hong Kong Government, Hong Kong

6.3.5 Monitoring of Water Quality

The point of linkage between the ECA and Wai Ha River at the southern pond bund of the wetland was completed on 30th August 2011. The constructed wetland habitats in the ECA have been filled with the tidal water from Wai Ha River. Monitoring of in situ water quality in the ECA was commenced in September 2011 by the IEC's ecologist. In addition, Ecological water quality monitoring at ECA was conducted on 29/2 with result: Turbidity: 5.10NTU; Temperature: 16.4°C; DO: 7.20mg/L ;pH: 7.2.

6.3.6 Site Inspections

Twice monthly establishment phase monitoring has been commenced in November

2011. Two site inspections were carried out on 9th and 24th February 2012. Table 1 summarizes the observations and recommendations for each site inspection.

Table 6-1. Observations and recommendations for each site inspection, December 2011.

Inspection Dates	Observation	Recommendations
9 February 2012	<p>A general site inspection to inspect the vegetation growth and wetland function of the ECA. This was also a joint site inspection with the Contractor to identify the compensatory trees with poor condition that need to be replaced in the early wet season. As inspected, the identified trees need to be replaced included the planted <i>Celtis sinensis</i> and <i>Hibiscus tiliaceus</i>.</p> <p>As observed, all planted compensatory trees and the three transplanted shrubs of species of conservation interest, <i>Pavetta hongkongensis</i>, had been recently fertilized (Photo 1). New buds and leaves were observed on the three transplanted <i>Pavetta hongkongensis</i> (Photo 2). In addition, some of the planted wetland herbs (including <i>Cyperus malaccensis</i> and <i>Bacopa monnieri</i>) had regenerated slowly in the created marsh area (Photo 3).</p>	<p>The Contractor should replace the identified compensatory trees with poor condition in the coming early wet season.</p>
24 February 2012	<p>This was the second site inspection in February 2012 (Photos 4-5). Some of the transplanted trees from Area A (<i>Celtis sinensis</i> (T250) and <i>Bombax ceiba</i> (T152 and T153)) were in poor condition due to transplantation shock and as unsuitable species for the transplantation. Dry tree bark and no leaves were observed on these transplanted trees.</p> <p>As observed, more hydroseeded area was vegetated with the generated grass and the recent rainfall has favored the shrub recovery from the dry season. In addition, some herbs and grass have naturally established along the pond bund of the ECA.</p>	<p>The Contractor should have regular monitoring on the performance of the transplanted compensatory trees, and may prepare to compensate for the loss of these transplanted trees with poor health.</p>

Photo 1. The transplanted shrub of *Pavetta hongkongensis* was fertilized in February 2012 (as indicated).



Photo 2. New bud was observed on the transplanted *Pavetta hongkongensis*.



Photo 3. The planted wetland herb *Bacopa monnieri* regenerated slowly in the marshy area.



Photo 4. General view of the ECA.



Photo 5. General view of the ECA.



6.4 Management Activities

6.4.1 Ecological Issues/ Management Activities

No significant ecological issues were identified from the site inspection by the Wetland Specialist from the site inspections in February 2012.

The ECA has been maintained in acceptable conditions, in which its normal ecological function has been achieved and some of the planted wetland vegetation has started regenerating in the marshy area. All planted compensatory trees and the transplanted shrubs of *Pavetta hongkongensis* were fertilized in February 2012, hence the appointed landscape contractor should maintain frequent and adequate watering for all these plants, together with those transplanted trees and planted shrubs, throughout the establishment period of the ECA

6.5 Implication of the Survey Findings

6.5.1 Implication to the Wetland design of the ECA

No implication to the wetland design from these two site inspections in February 2012.

6.6 Recommendations

Adequate watering on the three transplanted protected shrubs of *Pavetta hongkongensis* was observed. However, the Contractor should undertake regular monitoring, and maintain frequent and adequate watering of all planted terrestrial trees and shrubs throughout the establishment period of the ECA. In addition, the Contractor should seek for the nursery sources to provide the replacement trees with healthy and structurally balanced form. An appropriate planting programme for replacing these compensatory trees/shrubs with poor health/dead symptoms should be proposed by the Contractor soon.

7 Landscape and Visual

7.1 Introduction

The Landscape and Visual Monitoring of the Project is conducted to fulfill Clauses 5.2 and 5.4 of EP-303/2008 and the monitoring requirements in accordance with Section 7 of the approved updated EM&A Manual (approved by EPD on 7th November 2011) of the Project. A Baseline Review on updating the landscape and visual condition, and the mitigation measures of the Project (including Contracts 1 and 2 of the Project) was undertaken before the commencement of the Project. The review findings were updated in the Baseline Environmental Monitoring Report submitted to the EPD on 14th February 2011.

This monthly monitoring report will detail the scope of landscape and visual monitoring work, monitoring findings and observations, and any recommendations and advice on proper implementation of the landscape mitigation measures in the works areas under Contract 1 of the Project

7.2 Scope of Monitoring

7.2.1 Monitoring Objectives

Landscape and Visual Monitoring of the Project should be conducted in a bi-weekly basis for checking the design, implementation and maintenance of the landscape and visual mitigation measures throughout the construction phase and in a quarterly basis during operational phase of the Project. Observations of any potential conflicts between the proposed mitigation measures and the project works carried out by the Contractors should be recorded. Recommendation and advice on proper implementation of the landscape mitigation measures should be provided to the Contractor for minimizing any potential impacts on the landscape and visual elements.

7.2.2 Monitoring during Construction Phase

The following landscape and visual mitigation measure should be implemented during the

construction phase of the project to minimize the potential impacts:

- Visual Screen – Use of hoardings as visual screens for the construction in the works areas;
- Contaminant/ Sediment Control – Use of temporary barriers, covers and drainage provision around the construction works as contaminant/ sediment control to prevent the contaminants and sediments from entering the sensitive water-based habitats;
- Pollution Control – Implementation of pollution control measures to minimize any adverse environmental impacts to the surrounding habitats;
- Liaison with Nursery – Liaison with the nursery operator as necessary to minimize any adverse impact to the daily operation and plant holding capacity of the nursery;
- Existing Trees within Works Area – Maintenance and protection of the existing trees, especially their crowns, trunks and roots, within work sites; and
- Construction Light – Provision of construction light should be controlled at night to avoid excessive glare to the surrounding villages and to Plover Cove.

7.2.3 Monitoring during Operational Phase

The following landscape and visual mitigation measure should be implemented during the operational phase of the project to minimize the potential impacts:

- Viewing area formation by planting with shrubs, grasses and benches along the area;
- Architectural design of the pump house will help it fit into the existing suburban, natural to semi-natural surroundings;
- Landscape design of pump house by providing sufficient planting around its boundary fence;

- Enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road with shrubs/ trees of suitable species to help protect the stream and marshes;
- Construction of box culvert should be with at least 1.0m soil depth for enhancement planting;
- Transplanting of existing affected trees to adjacent locations should be carried out;
- Preparation for transplanting is needed to allow sufficient time for root pruning and rootball preparation prior to transplanting; and
- Reinstatement of affected area should be carried out to check that the works areas are properly reinstated.

7.3 Landscape and Visual Monitoring Results

7.3.1 Monitoring Date(s)

This monthly Landscape and Visual Monitoring (February 2012) was conducted to cover only Areas A, B and C of Contract 1 of the Project. The bi-weekly monitoring was conducted on 9th and 24th February 2012.

All photos stated in this section are recorded in Appendix G.

The bi-weekly monitoring for Contract 2 was also undertaken on 9th and 24th February 2012. The monitoring findings and recommendation will be submitted in a separate Monthly EM&A Report under Contract DC/2010/02.

7.3.2 Visual Screen

No follow-up action by the Contractor is required as from the Monthly EM&A Report for January 2012.

Observation

Construction hoardings have been erected in Area A along the entire site boundary. As the

work for building an automatic mechanical penstock at Wai Ha River estuary has commenced, temporary construction hoardings have been erected around this works area.

A section of temporary hoarding has been erected from northwest to southwest parts of Tung Tsz Nursery in Area B (approximately along the works boundary from Trees U42 to U62), whilst line of hoardings have been maintained to the western part of Area B falling within the northwestern part of Tung Tsz Nursery (**Photo 1**).

A line of chain link fence has been maintained around the boundary of Area C since the onset of its establishment period.

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required.

7.3.3 Contaminant/ Sediment Control

No follow-up action by the Contractor is required as from the Monthly *EM&A Report for January 2012*.

Observation

Area A

Provision of dust control measure (such as vehicle wheel washing facilities) was observed at the exit point of Area A.

Used water for washing vehicle wheel and groundwater from the excavated sites were pumped into the silt/sand removal facilities for filtration before discharging into the manhole adjacent to Area A. No unauthorized discharge of contaminated water/ sewerage was observed during the monitoring.

Area B

Used water was collected and drained directly to the sedimentation tank placed adjacent to the fenced Area C. The water was further filtered through the silt/sand removal facilities in the tank before discharging into the manhole adjacent to Area C.

Area C

The establishment phase of the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) has commenced and the pond of the ECA is connected with the Wai Ha River directly. No water resulting from normal wetland maintenance practice was pumped out from the ECA.

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required.

7.3.4 Pollution Control

All used water for washing vehicle wheel and construction works was filtered and drained to the manholes, as following the recommendation stated in *Monthly EM&A Report for January 2012*.

Observation

Area A

Provision of vehicle wheel washing facilities was observed at the exit point of Area A to reduce the contamination to the surrounding habitats in Plover Cove. Used water for washing vehicle wheel and groundwater from the excavated sites were pumped into the silt/sand removal facilities for filtration before discharging into the manhole adjacent to Area A. The drainage pipes were maintained appropriately to discharge the used water to the manhole at Ting Kok Road.

Area B

No direct discharge of contaminants or any fluid was observed within the active works area during the inspections. All used water was collected and drained directly to the sedimentation tank placed adjacent to the fenced Area C. This water was further filtered through the silt/sand removal facilities in the tank before discharging into the manhole adjacent to Area C.

Area C

The pond of the ECA was observed to be connected to Wai Ha River directly as following

the scheme design of Habitat Compensatory Plan (**Photo 2**). No direct discharge of turbid water into the adjacent Wai Ha River was observed..

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required for Areas A, B and C. As a reminder, the Contractor should regularly check the condition of the drainage pipe and ensure that the used water should be appropriately filtered and discharged to the manhole/other discharge point agreed by the Engineer and EPD. This is to avoid any potential contamination to the vegetation in Shuen Wan marsh and other vegetated/marinated areas adjacent to the active works area.

7.3.5 Liaison with Nursery

As observed in February 2012, active construction works within Tung Tsz Nursery was still mainly restricted within the fenced areas to the southwest of the nursery. Other designed works areas within the nursery have been under the normal operation and maintenance of Tung Tsz Nursery.

The health condition of the *Grevillea robusta* (U58) has been closely monitored on a bi-weekly basis and regular watering of the retained trees and transplanted trees was anticipated. New leaves were observed on its branches.

The works practice and maintenance of trees within the nursery generally follow the recommendation as stated in *Monthly EM&A Report for January 2012*. Any observed issues related to the liaison with the nursery are highlighted in this section

Observation

As abovementioned in Section “Visual Screen”, the temporary hoarding has been erected from northwest to southwest parts of Tung Tsz Nursery in Area B since April 2011. The major construction work within Area B has been restricted within this fenced area.

Regular monitoring for the transplanted tree U58 *Grevillea robusta* was conducted bi-weekly. Tree defects of chlorotic leaves and poor physiological performance were still

found. New leaves were observed on the tree branches and even watersprouts on the tree trunk. Health condition of this transplanted tree has remained fairly poor in February 2012 (**Photo 3**) but its structure has still remained in fair condition.

No additional tree transplantation work were reported by the Contractor and observed during the inspections in February 2012.

Recommendation

The works area and the construction works should be properly managed and implemented without influencing the daily operation of the nursery (i.e. provide enough access road and works area for the nursery operation).

All transplanted trees should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days) by the appointed landscape contractor.

Regular monitoring and watering of *Grevillea robusta* (U58) are still recommended to be the major treatment to the tree. The appointed landscape contractor and the Contractor should closely monitor the health conditions throughout the establishment period.

7.3.6 Existing Trees within Works Areas

Tree Protection Zones (TPZs) in Areas A and B were demarcated within the construction sites as following the recommendation stated in the *Monthly EM&A Report for January 2012*, but observation of temporary storage of construction materials within or close to the TPZs were recorded again in Area A (see details in the following section). Tree tag of U35 in Area B had not yet re-tagged by the time of monitoring in February 2012. The shading net tied on the trunk of U57 was not yet removed by the Contractor in February 2012.

Regular watering of the retained trees, transplanted trees and the compensatory planting was anticipated. Maintenance of the existing trees within the works areas generally follows the recommendation as stated in *Monthly EM&A Report for January 2012*, except the observations as highlighted in the following sections

Observation

Area A

TPZs with temporary storage of construction materials were recorded again for trees to be transplanted (E16 to E20) at the southwestern part of Area A (**Photos 4-5**). Locations of the construction hoardings, which were erected to form the TPZs, were adjusted by the site workers to facilitate the storage of materials.

Three *Melaleuca quinquenervia* (E22, E33 and E34) at the western side of Area A were not found at their original locations during the site visit on 9th February 2012 (their original locations refer to **Photos 6-7**). As informed by the Contractor, these three *Melaleuca quinquenervia* (E22, E33 and E34) were temporarily relocated to the eastern side of Area A next to the site hoarding so as to free up space for the construction work for the building the pump house at the western side of Area A (**Photos 8-9**). The tree tags on E33 and E34 were found missing. These three relocated trees were planted too deep in the soil, with their root flares below the existing soil grade.

No significant damages on the crowns, trunks and roots of the remaining trees were observed during the monitoring in February 2012 in Area A.

Area B

Trees, including retained and transplanted specimens, within the nursery were maintained generally in fair condition, with no significant damages on tree crowns, trunks and roots observed during the monitoring in February 2012. Small watersprouts and new leaves were observed on the trunk and branches of the transplanted tree U58 (*Grevillea robusta*) but its physiological condition has still remained fairly poor after the transplant

The health conditions of U34 (**Photo 10**), U35 (**Photo 11**) and U37 (**Photo 12**) were found to be poor, with no leaves in the canopies and dried, loose tree bark. The tree tag of U35 was still found on the ground.

the inspections in February 2012. The palm has been supported by two guying ropes to prevent tree failure since the report of broken planter in July 2011 (**Photo 13**). Broken planters for 3 trees (U54 and two existing trees with no tag next to U54) were observed at their temporary receptor sites within the active works area to the northwest of the nursery (**Photo 14**). Those planters were surrounded by orange construction nets to prevent further damage to the remained planters. No further damage on their planters was observed in February 2012.

As observed in February 2012, no sprout has been developed from the tree to be transplanted T97 (*Lagerstroemia speciosa*) since the removal of its watersprouts by the government department in December 2011 (**Photo 15**).

No significant damages on the crowns, trunks and roots of the remaining trees were observed during the monitoring in February 2012 in Area B

Area C

The existing trees were maintained generally in fair health condition, except that some of the planted *Hibiscus tiliaceus* and *Celtis sinensis* showing poor health conditions (e.g. no leaves and dry tree bark) as a result of the transplantation shock. As observed in February 2012, the planted trees were fertilized by the appointed landscape contractor (**Photo 16**). No branch pruning and tree felling were observed in the monitoring. No significant damages on the crowns, trunks and roots on trees within Area C were observed during the monitoring in February 2012.

No leaves were observed on the transplanted trees T152 (**Photo 17**), T153 (**Photo 18**), T250 (**Photo 19**) and one newly transplanted tree (*Bombax ceiba*) without a tree tag (**Photo 20**). This untagged *Bombax ceiba* (possibly T150) was transplanted from Area A to Area C in November 2011. These four trees were suspected dying with poor health condition, possibly due to transplantation shock and as unsuitable species for transplantation.

The three transplanted specimens (Tree No.: PH01, PH02 and PH03) of the protected shrub species of conservation interest *Pavetta hongkongensis* have remained in fair health condition (**Photos 21-22**). Regular watering has been maintained as a routine maintenance practice throughout the establishment period. These three transplanted specimens was

fertilized by the appointed landscape contractor in February 2012 (**Photos 23-24**).

Recommendations

Area A

Maintenance of proper TPZs with no temporarily stored construction materials should be continued throughout the construction period. The Contractor should continue notifying the on-site workers not to stockpile soil/construction materials or place construction equipments within the TPZs. Any temporarily stored construction materials/ equipments should be removed immediately.

All retained trees or trees to be transplanted should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days) by the appointed landscape contractor. The Contractor should conduct regular inspection on the health condition and protection measures of each existing trees within the Area A. Soil surrounding the trunk bases of the relocated trees (E22, and suspected E33 and E34) has to be removed to level off the grade difference.

Area B

All transplanted trees should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days) by the appointed landscape contractor. This is a necessary maintenance practice to improve the survival rates and growth for trees showing poor health conditions as a result of the transplantation shock. Regular check of the tree health should be conducted.

Regular inspection on the tree health of U58, U34, U35 and U37 should be undertaken to update their health conditions and any tree defects. If these trees are found to be dead specimens for a prolonged period in the wet season, the Contractor should replace these specimens for compensation.

The Contractor has to repair the planters of A36, U54 and the two untagged trees adjacent to U54 as soon as possible. In addition, the Contractor should ensure that all planters have been properly maintained. Manual weeding of overgrowth vegetation within the tree planters is recommended.

Tree tag of U35 should be re-tagged on the tree trunk and the shading net tided on the

trunk of U57 in Area B should be removed as soon as possible. The Contractor should have regular site check on the conditions of the trees and tree tags within the Project Area.

Area C

All transplanted trees, planted compensatory trees and the three transplanted individuals of *Pavetta hongkongensis* should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days) by the appointed landscape contractor. Regular check of the health conditions of these trees should be conducted. If these trees are found to be dead specimens for a prolonged period in the wet season, the Contractor should replace these specimens for compensation.

7.3.7 Construction Lights

No follow-up action on maintenance of construction light is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for January 2012*.

Observation

No construction light impact to the surrounding villages and to Plover Cove as all construction activities and construction sites are halted at 1800. No construction light at night is provided by the Contractor.

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required.

7.4 Audit Schedule

The next bi-weekly Landscape & Visual Monitoring in March 2012 is scheduled to be conducted in the weeks of 5th and 19th March 2012.

8 Action taken in Event of Exceedance

If the measurements (Noise, Water, Hydrological Characteristics, and Ecology) exceed the action / limit level, exceedance details will be reported and follow-up actions will be taken by relevant parties involved.

During the reporting month there was no exceedance for noise, hydrological characteristics, and ecological measurements recorded; therefore, no actions were taken.

For water quality monitoring, total 12 abnormal incidents of water quality limits (Dissolved Oxygen, Suspended solids and Turbidity) were recorded in this reporting month according to the established level. ET has arranged site investigations for the abnormal incidents and it was observed that the river was redirected and narrowed for construction of mechanical penstocks; and increases the speed of water current. Proper mitigation measures was implemented by contractor to avoid site water release to the Wai Ha river and No particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination; The exceedance of Turbidity and Total suspended solid were believed to be mainly attributed by high water flow rate. The exceedance of DO were believed to be mainly attributed by natural fluctuation; since the recorded levels of DO at control station had also exceeded its baseline limit level, the exceedances recorded at were unlikely to be related to the Project. The water condition of Wai Ha River is presented in photo attached in **Appendix M**.

9 Construction waste disposal

It is the contractor's responsibility to ensure that all wastes produced during the construction phase for the drainage improvement works are handled, stored and disposed of in accordance with good waste management practices and EPD's regulation and requirement. Waste materials generated during construction activities, such as construction and demolition (C&D) material, chemical wastes and general refuse, are recommended to be audited at regular intervals to ensure that proper storage, transportation and disposal practices are being implemented.

Table 9.1 is a summary of figures of the construction wastes disposal provided by Contractor.

10 Status of Permits and Licenses obtained

Table 10.1 is the updated status of environmental related permits/ license obtained for the construction activities

Table 10.1 Status of Permits and Licenses Obtained

Description	License / Permit No.#	Date of Issue	Site	Date of expiry	Status
Environmental Permit	EP-303/2008	2008/2/25	Area A, B & C	not applicable	Valid
Discharge Licence	WT00006448-2010	2010/6/15	Area A, B & C	30/6/2015	Valid
Registration as a Chemical Waste Producer	316597	2010/4/26	Area A, B & C	not applicable	Valid
Waste Disposal	7010348	2010/3/2	Area A, B & C	not applicable	Valid

11 Compliant Log

There was no formal complaint received during the reporting period. Therefore, follow up actions for the environmental complaint is not required.

Table 11.1 Summary of Formal Complaints received

	Noise	Water	Ecology	Others
Year 2011	0	0	0	0
January 2012	0	0	0	0
February 2012	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0

12 Site Environmental Audits

12.1 Site Inspection

Site inspections were undertaken weekly to inspect the construction activities in active site areas to ensure that appropriate environmental protection and pollution control mitigation measures are properly implemented.

Within this reporting period, site inspections were conducted on 9th, 16th and 24th of February 2012. A detailed checklist of each site inspection together with comments and relevant photos have been filed and kept. The findings from inspection were summarized in Table 12.1.

Table 12.1 Summary results of site inspections findings

Date	Findings	Identification	Advice from ET	Action taken	Closing date	Remarks
1, 8, 15, Dec 2011	Construction was waste was observed at Area A	Observation	Contractor was reminded that C & D waste should be stored at proper location. Contractor should assign licensed waste collector to collect and dispose observed waste as soon as possible	Outstanding	-	Part of Construction waste was removed by contractor at 8, 19 and 30 Dec 2011
15 Dec 2011, 16 & 24 Feb 2012	General wastes were observed at Area A	Observation	Contractor was advised to clean the general wastes or store at proper location for temporary storage.	Outstanding	-	-
20 Jan & 16 Feb	Exposed tree's roots	Observation	Contractor was reminded to cover	Exposed tree's roots at Area A	24 Feb 12	-

Date	Findings	Identification	Advice from ET	Action taken	Closing date	Remarks
2012	were observed at Area A.		the exposed roots by using the soil.	were covered with soil by Contractor		
31 Jan 12	Stagnant water was observed At Area A	Observation	Contractor was reminded to remove the stagnant water immediately to prevent the mosquito breeding.	Stagnant water at Area A was removed by contractor	09 Feb 12	-
09 & 16 Feb 12	Earthy stockpile was observed without covering at Ting Kok Road	Observation	Contractor was reminded to cover the earthy stockpile with tarpaulin for dust suppression	Earthy stockpile was removed by Contractor	24 Feb 12	-
09 & 16 Feb 12	Damaged tree protective fence (Tree No: E55) was observed at Area A	Observation	Contractor was reminded to replace or repaired the fence.	Damaged tree protective fence (Tree No: E55) at Area A was repaired by Contractor	24 Feb 12	-
24 Feb 12	The water inside the wheels' washing facility was quite turbid at the site entrance of Area A	Observation	Contractor was reminded to replace the water regularly.	Outstanding	-	-

12.2 Compliance with legal and Contractual requirement

There was no non-compliance recorded for the month of February 2012.

12.3 Implementation status and effectiveness of the mitigation measures

Contractor has implemented mitigation measures to address those problems as advised by ER and ET. Some of the measures taken by the contractor were considered as effective to minimize negative impact to the environment. Ongoing investigation will be carried out to observe performance and effectiveness of those measures. Outstanding environmental items will be inspected in next month.

As there were some ongoing follow up practices, contractor was reminded to regularly review and rectify the discrepancy once found and maintain good site condition. The contractor implemented various environmental mitigation measures as recommended in the Environmental Permit and Final Mitigation Measures Report.

The recommend mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3) are presented in Appendix H (A).

The implemented statues of mitigation measures are presented in Appendix H (B)

13 Future Key issues and recommendations

According to the forecasted site activities, key environmental issues to be considered should at least include:

- Site water control and relevant protective measures.
- Quality of effluent discharge from Area A.
- Noise abatement measures for piling works.
- Control and disposal for construction wastes generated from works.

Tree protective measure for tree planting and transplanting, such as tree protection zone and regular watering.

14 Conclusions

Pumping station construction, Concreting works for box culvert and pumping station and plant maintenance were major site activities being carried out within this reporting period.

Regular site meetings and inspection audits led by the seniors for discussing site environmental matters were held among Project Proponent, Contractor and the ET on weekly basis. Also monthly site meeting and inspection audits with the above parties and IEC were carried out on 24th of February 2012.

For noise level monitoring, all results were within the established A/L limits.

For water quality monitoring, total 12 abnormal accidents of water quality limits (Dissolved Oxygen, Suspended solids and Turbidity) were recorded in this reporting month according to the established level. T has arranged site investigations for the abnormal incidents and it was observed that the river was redirected and narrowed for construction of mechanical penstocks; and increases the speed of water current. Proper mitigation measures was implemented by contractor to avoid site water release to the Wai Ha river and No particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination; The exceedance of Turbidity and Total suspended solid were believed to be mainly attributed by high water flow rate. The exceedance of DO were believed to be mainly attributed by natural fluctuation; since the recorded levels of DO at control station had also exceeded its baseline limit level, the exceedances recorded at were unlikely to be related to the Project.

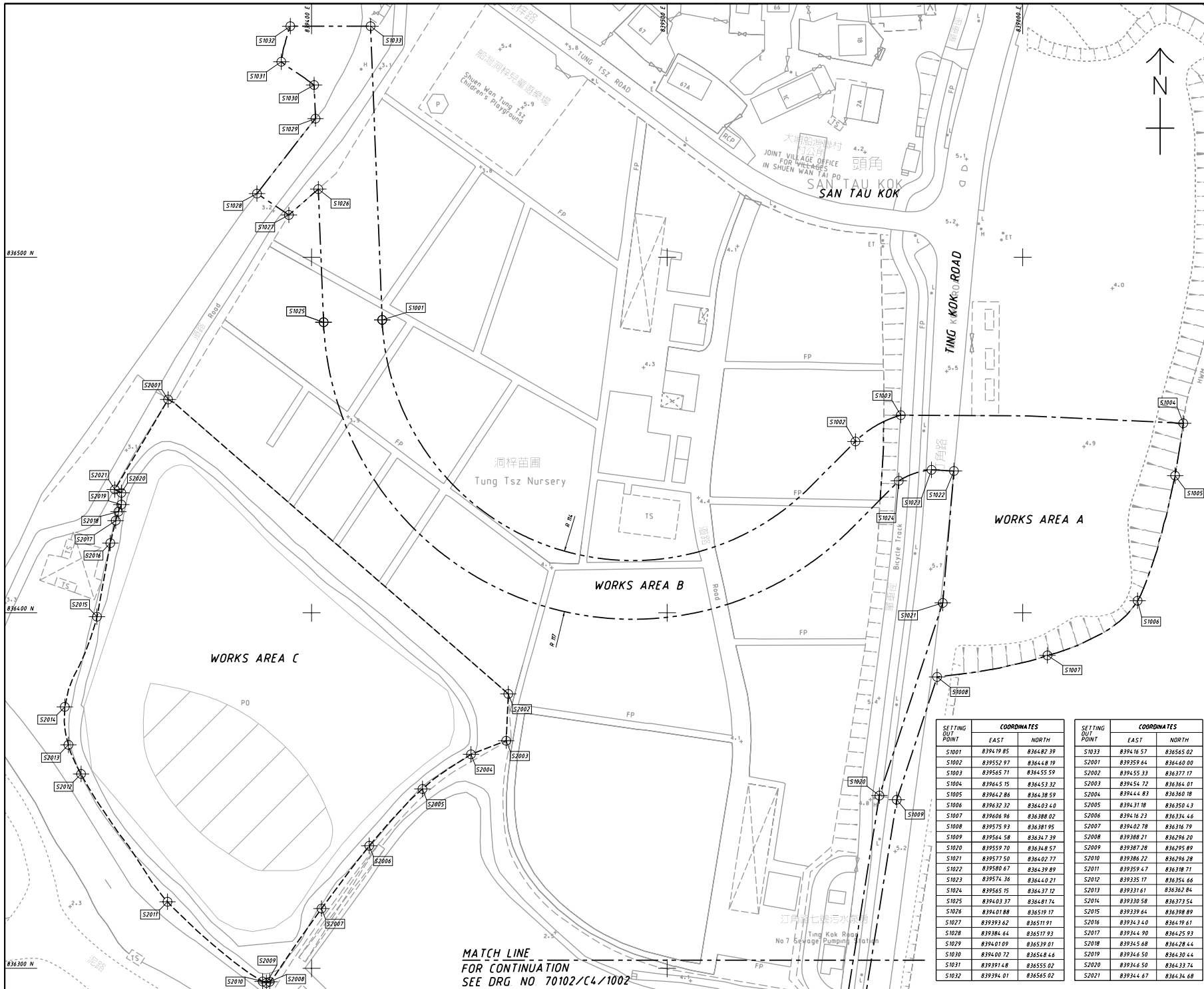
For ecological monitoring survey, all vegetations recorded were in fair condition, with no significance sign of health deterioration for the retained trees. In addition, Ecological water quality monitoring at ECA was conducted on 31/1 with result: Turbidity: 5.10NTU; Temperature: 16.4°C; DO: 7.20mg/L; pH: 7.2.

Also, there were not any notifications of summons recorded during the reporting period. Furthermore, there were not any formal prosecution and complaints recorded.

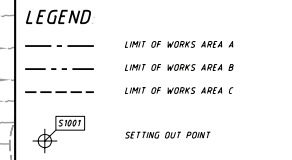
ET has reminded the contractor to provide environmental pollution control measures wherever necessary, and to keep a good environmental management at site practice.

The ET will continue to implement the environmental monitoring & audit programme in accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3) and Environmental Permit requirement.

Appendix A: Site Location



- NOTES**
- 1 ALL LEVELS ARE IN METRE ABOVE PRINCIPAL DATUM
 - 2 ALL CO-ORDINATES GIVEN ARE IN METRE AND ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH HK1980 COORDINATES SYSTEM
 - 3 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 - 4 THE PUBLIC CLEANING AREA SHALL BE THE AREAS WITHIN 2.50 BEYOND THE LIMIT OF WORKS AREAS EXCLUDING PRIVATE AREAS



A	TENDER ADDENDUM NO 2	ECYPREYM	10-09
-	TENDER DRAWING	ECYPREYM	09-09

D DRAINAGE SERVICES DEPARTMENT,
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE HONG KONG
SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENT
WORKS IN SHUEN WAN TAI PO - CONTRACT 1

SETTING OUT PLAN FOR
WORKS AREA A, B AND C

SHEET 1 OF 2

AECOM

DRGNQ. 70102/C4/1001A

DESIGNED BY CPWU	CONTRACT NO. DC/2009/22	DR. APPROVED DML
DRAWN BY LWL	STATUS 1/10	
SCALE A1 : 1 500	DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES	

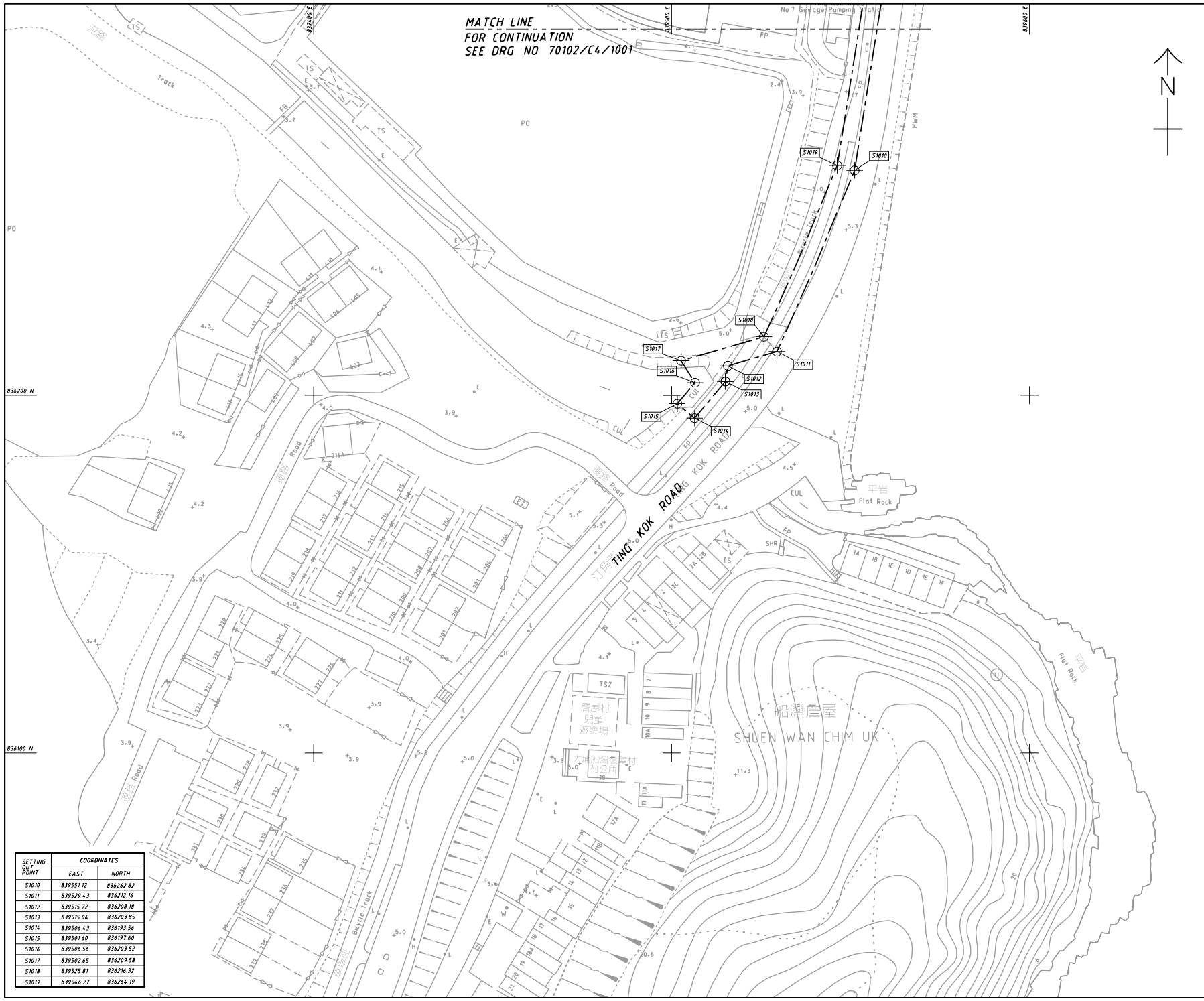
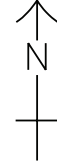
SETTING OUT POINT	COORDINATES		SETTING OUT POINT	COORDINATES	
	EAST	NORTH		EAST	NORTH
S1001	839419.85	836487.39	S1033	839416.57	836565.02
S1002	839552.87	836448.19	S2001	839359.64	836440.00
S1003	839565.71	836455.59	S2002	839455.33	836377.17
S1004	839645.15	836453.32	S2003	839454.72	836364.01
S1005	839642.86	836438.59	S2004	839444.83	836360.18
S1006	839632.32	836403.40	S2005	839431.18	836350.43
S1007	839606.96	836388.02	S2006	839416.23	836334.46
S1008	839575.93	836381.95	S2007	839402.78	836316.79
S1009	839564.58	836347.39	S2008	839388.21	836294.20
S1020	839559.70	836348.57	S2009	839387.28	836295.89
S1021	839577.50	836402.77	S2010	839386.22	836296.28
S1022	839580.67	836439.89	S2011	839359.47	836318.71
S1023	839574.36	836440.21	S2012	839335.17	836354.66
S1024	839565.15	836437.12	S2013	839331.61	836362.84
S1025	839403.37	836481.74	S2014	839330.58	836373.54
S1026	839401.88	836519.17	S2015	839339.64	836398.89
S1027	839393.62	836517.93	S2016	839343.40	836419.61
S1028	839384.64	836517.93	S2017	839344.90	836425.93
S1029	839401.09	836539.01	S2018	839345.68	836428.44
S1030	839400.72	836540.44	S2019	839346.50	836430.44
S1031	839391.48	836555.02	S2020	839346.50	836433.74
S1032	839394.01	836565.02	S2021	839347.67	836434.68

MATCH LINE
FOR CONTINUATION
SEE DRG NO 70102/C4/1002

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836400 N
836300 N
2010-2-5 11:54:09
p:\projects\70102\1000\TENDER ADDENDUM NO 2\1001A.dgn

MATCH LINE
FOR CONTINUATION
SEE DRG. NO 70102/C4/1001

NOTE
1. FOR NOTES AND LEGEND SEE DRAWING
NO. 70102/C4/1001



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836100 N

2010-2-5 13:32:23

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S1011	839529.43	836212.16
S1012	839515.72	836208.18
S1013	839515.04	836203.85
S1014	839506.43	836193.56
S1015	839501.60	836197.60
S1016	839506.56	836203.52
S1017	839502.65	836209.58
S1018	839525.81	836216.32
S1019	839546.27	836264.19

TENDER DRAWING	ECYPRC14	09-09
NO.	DATE	SCALE

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SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENT
WORKS IN SHUEN WAN, TAI PO - CONTRACT 1

SETTING OUT PLAN FOR
WORKS AREA A, B AND C
SHEET 2 OF 2

AECOM

DRG. NO. 70102/C4/1002
圖紙編號

DESIGNED BY 設計	CP/WU	CONTRACT NO. 合約編號	DC/2009/22	APPROVED BY 核准人	DML
DRAWN BY 繪圖	LWL	STATUS 狀態			
SCALE 比例	A1:1 500				
DIMENSIONS ARE IN 尺寸單位	METRES				

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Appendix B: Key Personal Contact information chart

Post	Name	Contact No.	Contact Fax	e-mail
Project Manager	Mr. W. K. Chan	6821 1136	2674 6688	dc200922jv_pmcwk@yahoo.com.hk
Site Agent	Mr. C. L. Wong	9280 0166	2674 6688	dc200922jv_sa@yahoo.com.hk
Environmental Officer / Sub-agent	Mr. K. M. Ma	9552 1734	2674 6688	dc200922jv_suba@yahoo.com.hk
Environmental Supervisor	Mr. Anthony Chan	9179 2092	2674 6688	anthony277@hotmail.com
Asia Ecological Consultants Ltd. (Wetland Specialist)	Dr. Mike Leven	2486 2885	2471 8389	mrleven@asiaecol.com.hk
Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited (Environmental Team)	Miss. Goldie Fung	2556 9172	2856 2010	goldiefung@fseng.com.hk

Appendix C: Calibration Certificates for measuring instruments



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. **11494**

Page 1 of 3 Pages

Customer : Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address : Flat B, 6/F., Hop Shi Factory Building, 29 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong.

Order No. : Q10260

Date of receipt : 15-Mar-11

Item Tested

Description : Digital Sound Level Meter

Manufacturer : SVAN

Model : 949

Serial No. : 8571

Test Conditions

Date of Test : 17-Mar-11

Supply Voltage : --

Ambient Temperature : (23 ± 3)°C

Relative Humidity : (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: Z01.

Test Results

All results were within the IEC 651 Type 1 & IEC 804 Type 1 specification.

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

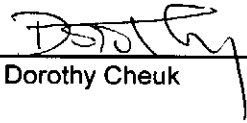
<u>Equipment No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Cert. No.</u>	<u>Traceable to</u>
S017A	Multi-Function Generator	07279	SCL-HKSAR
S024	Sound Level Calibrator	04062	NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI).

The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by : 
P. F. Wong

Approved by : 
Dorothy Cheuk

Date: 21-Mar-11

This Certificate is issued by:
Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong.
Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 11494

Page 2 of 3 Pages

Results :

1. SPL Accuracy

UUT Setting				Applied Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)
Level Range	Octave Filter	Weight	Response		
105 dB	OFF	A	Fast	94.0	93.9
			Slow		93.9
		C	Fast		93.9
130 dB	OFF	A	Fast	94.0	94.0
			Slow		94.0
		C	Fast		94.0
	OFF	A	Fast	114.0	113.8
			Slow		113.8
		C	Fast		113.8

IEC 651 Type 1 Spec. : ± 0.7 dB

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB

2. Level Stability : 0.0 dB

IEC 651 Type 1 Spec. : ± 0.3 dB

Uncertainty : ± 0.01 dB

3. Linearity

3.1 Level Linearity

UUT Range (dB)	Applied Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	Variation (dB)	IEC 651 Type 1 Spec. (inside Primary)
130	114.0	114.0	0.0	± 0.7 dB
	104.0	104.0	0.0	
	94.0	94.0 (Ref.)	--	
105	84.0	84.2	-0.2	
	74.0	74.1	-0.1	
	64.0	64.1	-0.1	
	54.0	54.2	-0.2	

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 11494

Page 3 of 3 Pages

3.2 Differential level linearity

UUT Range (dB)	Applied Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	Variation (dB)	IEC 651 Type 1 Spec.
130	84.0	84.1	-0.1	± 0.4 dB
	94.0	94.0 (Ref.)	0.0	
	95.0	95.0	0.0	± 0.2 dB

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB

4. Frequency Weighting

A weighting

Frequency	Attenuation (dB)	IEC 651 Type 1 Spec.
31.5 Hz	-39.8	- 39.4 dB, ± 1.5 dB
63 Hz	-26.5	- 26.2 dB, ± 1.5 dB
125 Hz	-16.5	- 16.1 dB, ± 1 dB
250 Hz	-9.0	- 8.6 dB, ± 1 dB
500 Hz	-3.4	- 3.2 dB, ± 1 dB
1 kHz	0.0 (Ref)	0 dB, ± 1 dB
2 kHz	+1.6	+ 1.2 dB, ± 1 dB
4 kHz	+1.6	+ 1.0 dB, ± 1 dB
8 kHz	-0.5	- 1.1 dB, + 1.5 dB ~ -3 dB
16 kHz	-6.3	- 6.6 dB, + 3 dB ~ -∞

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB

5. Time Averaging

Applied Burst duty Factor	Applied Leq. Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	IEC 804 Type 1 Spec.
continuous	50.0	--	--
1/10	50.0	50.3	± 0.5 dB
1/10 ²	50.0	49.8	
1/10 ³	50.0	50.0	± 1.0 dB
1/10 ⁴	50.0	50.0	

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB

Remarks : 1. UUT : Unit-Under-Test

2. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.

3. Atmospheric Pressure : 1 012 hPa.

----- END -----



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. **11218**

Page **1** of **3** Pages

Customer : Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address : Flat B, 6/F., Hop Shi Factory Building, 29 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong.

Order No. : Q10260

Date of receipt : 1-Mar-11

Item Tested

Description : Digital Sound Level Meter

Manufacturer : SVAN

Model : 949

Serial No. : 8569

Test Conditions

Date of Test : 14-Mar-11

Supply Voltage : --

Ambient Temperature : (23 ± 3)°C

Relative Humidity : (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: Z01.

Test Results

All results were within the IEC 651 Type 1 & IEC 804 Type 1 specification after adjustment.

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

<u>Equipment No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Cert. No.</u>	<u>Traceable to</u>
S017A	Multi-Function Generator	07279	SCL-HKSAR
S024	Sound Level Calibrator	04062	NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI).

The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by : 
P. F. Wong

Approved by : 
Dorothy Cheuk

Date: 15-Mar-11

This Certificate is issued by:

Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong.

Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 11218

Page 2 of 3 Pages

Results :

1. SPL Accuracy

UUT Setting				Applied Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	
Level Range	Octave Filter	Weight	Response		Before Adjust.	After Adjust.
105 dB	OFF	A	Fast	94.0	*92.2	93.9
			Slow		--	93.9
		C	Fast		--	93.9
130 dB	OFF	A	Fast	94.0	--	93.9
			Slow		--	93.9
		C	Fast		--	93.9
	OFF	A	Fast	114.0	--	113.9
			Slow		--	113.9
		C	Fast		--	113.9

IEC 651 Type 1 Spec. : ± 0.7 dB

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB

2. Level Stability : 0.0 dB

IEC 651 Type 1 Spec. : ± 0.3 dB

Uncertainty : ± 0.01 dB

3. Linearity

3.1 Level Linearity

UUT Range	Applied Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	Variation (dB)	IEC 651 Type 1 Spec. (inside Primary)
130	114.0	113.9	0.0	± 0.7 dB
	104.0	103.9	0.0	
	94.0	93.9 (Ref.)	--	
105	84.0	83.9	0.0	
	74.0	74.0	+0.1	
	64.0	64.1	-0.2	
	54.0	54.1	-0.2	

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 11218

Page 3 of 3 Pages

3.2 Differential level linearity

UUT Range	Applied Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	Variation (dB)	IEC 651 Type 1 Spec.
130	84.0	83.9	0.0	± 0.4 dB
	94.0	93.9 (Ref.)	--	
	95.0	95.0	-0.1	± 0.2 dB

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB

4. Frequency Weighting

A weighting

Frequency	Attenuation (dB)	IEC 651 Type 1 Spec.
31.5 Hz	-39.7	- 39.4 dB, ± 1.5 dB
63 Hz	-26.5	- 26.2 dB, ± 1.5 dB
125 Hz	-16.5	- 16.1 dB, ± 1 dB
250 Hz	-9.0	- 8.6 dB, ± 1 dB
500 Hz	-3.5	- 3.2 dB, ± 1 dB
1 kHz	0.0 (Ref)	0 dB, ± 1 dB
2 kHz	+1.5	+ 1.2 dB, ± 1 dB
4 kHz	+1.4	+ 1.0 dB, ± 1 dB
8 kHz	-0.7	- 1.1 dB, + 1.5 dB ~ -3 dB
16 kHz	-6.6	- 6.6 dB, + 3 dB ~ -∞

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB

5. Time Averaging

Applied Burst duty Factor	Applied Leq. Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	IEC 804 Type 1 Spec.
continuous	40.0	--	--
1/10	40.0	40.1	± 0.5 dB
1/10 ²	40.0	40.0	
1/10 ³	40.0	40.2	± 1.0 dB
1/10 ⁴	40.0	40.0	

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB

Remarks : 1. UUT : Unit-Under-Test

2. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.

3. Atmospheric Pressure : 1 010 hPa.

4. *Out of Specification

----- END -----



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 11495

Page 1 of 2 Pages

Customer : Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address : Flat B, 6/F., Hop Shi Factory Building, 29 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong.

Order No. : Q10260

Date of receipt : 15-Mar-11

Item Tested

Description : Sound Level Calibrator

Manufacturer : Svantek

Model : SV30A

Serial No. : 7908

Test Conditions

Date of Test : 17-Mar-11

Supply Voltage : --

Ambient Temperature : (23 ± 3)°C

Relative Humidity : (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure : F21, Z02.

Test Results

All results were within the IEC 942 Class 1 specification.

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

<u>Equipment No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Cert. No.</u>	<u>Traceable to</u>
S014	Spectrum Analyzer	03926	NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR
S024	Sound Level Calibrator	04062	NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR
S041	Universal Counter	04461	SCL-HKSAR
S206	Sound Level Meter	04462	SCL-HKSAR

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI).

The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by : 

P. F. Wong

Approved by : 

Dorothy Cheuk

Date: 21-Mar-11

This Certificate is issued by:

Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong.

Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646

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Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 11495

Page 2 of 2 Pages

Results :

1. Level Accuracy

UUT Nominal Value (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	IEC 942 Class 1 Spec.
94	94.08	± 0.3 dB
114	114.18	

Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB

2. Frequency

UUT Nominal Value	Measured Value	IEC 942 Class 1 Spec.
1 kHz	1.000 kHz	± 2 %

Uncertainty : ± 3.6 x 10⁻⁶

3. Level Stability : 0.0 dB

IEC 942 Class 1 Spec. : ± 0.1 dB

Uncertainty : ± 0.01 dB

4. Total Harmonic Distortion : < 1.0 %

IEC 942 Class 1 Spec. : < 3 %

Uncertainty : ± 2.3 % of reading

Remark : 1. UUT : Unit-Under-Test

2. The above measured values are the mean of 3 measurements.

3. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.

4. Atmospheric Pressure : 1012 hPa.

----- END -----



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 17082

Page 1 of 2 Pages

Customer : Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address : Flat A, 19/F., Chai Wan Industrial Centre Building, 21 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, HK.

Order No. : Q12881

Date of receipt : 28-Nov-11

Item Tested

Description : Protobal Level-Velocity Logger

Manufacturer : Greyline

Model : Stingray

Serial No. : 45525

Test Conditions

Date of Test : 6-Dec-11

Supply Voltage : --

Ambient Temperature : (23 ± 3)°C

Relative Humidity : (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure : V12, T03, M07.

Test Results

All results were within the tolerance(s).

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

<u>Equipment No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Cert. No.</u>	<u>Traceable to</u>
S179	Std. Tape	10789	NIM-PRC
S136A	Stop Watch	07481	SCL-HKSAR
S223	Std. Thermometer	13173	NIM-PRC

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI).
The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by : 

Y. K. Wong

Approved by : 

Dorothy Cheuk

Date: 7-Dec-11



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 17082

Page 2 of 2 Pages

Results :

1. Flow Rate

Applied Value (Ft/s)	UUT Reading (Ft/s)	Tolerance	Uncertainty
1.67	1.6	$\pm 5\%$	$\pm 1\%$

2. Level

Applied Value (Ft)	UUT Reading (Ft)	Tolerance	Uncertainty
1.00	1.00	$\pm 5\%$	$\pm 0.1\%$
1.75	1.75		
3.00	3.00		

3. Temperature

Applied Value (°C)	UUT Reading (°C)	Tolerance	Uncertainty
23.0	24	$\pm 2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\pm 0.2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Remarks : 1. UUT : Unit-Under-Test

2. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.

3. Sensor Used : Model : QZ02L-UT-01-PS

S/N : 10D18289

----- END -----



ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

CONTACT: MR ALLEN CHAN
CLIENT: ENVIRONMENTAL PIONEERS & SOLUTIONS LTD
ADDRESS: FLAT 19A, CHAI WAN INDUSTRIAL CENTRE BUILDING,
20 LEE CHUNG STREET,
CHAI WAN,
HONG KONG.

WORK ORDER: HK1200205
AMENDMENT: 1
LABORATORY: HONG KONG
DATE RECEIVED: 04/01/2012
DATE OF ISSUE: 02/02/2012

PROJECT: --

COMMENTS

It is certified that the item under calibration/checking has been calibrated/checked by corresponding calibrated equipment in the laboratory.

Maximum Tolerance and calibration frequency stated in the report, unless otherwise stated, the internal acceptance criteria of ALS will be followed.

Scope of Test: Conductivity, Dissolved Oxygen, Salinity, Temperature and Turbidity
Description: Multi-meter
Brand Name: DKK-TOA
Model No.: WQC-24
Serial No.: 682337
Equipment No.: --
Date of Calibration: 10 January, 2012

NOTES

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this batch number.

Results apply to sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

ISSUING LABORATORY: HONG KONG

Address

ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd
11/F Chung Shun Knitting Centre
1-3 Wing Yip Street
Kwai Chung
HONG KONG

Phone: 852-2610 1044
Fax: 852-2610 2021
Email: hongkong@alsglobal.com


Mr Chan Kwok Fai, Godfrey
Laboratory Manager - Hong Kong

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Page 1 of 3

ADDRESS 11/F, Chung Shun Knitting Centre, 1-3 Wing Yip Street, Kwai Chung, N.T., Hong Kong PHONE +852 2610 1044 FAX +852 2610 2021
ALS TECHNICHEM (HK) PTY LTD Part of the ALS Laboratory Group A Campbell Brothers Limited Company

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION



Work Order: HK1200205
Amendment: 1
Date of Issue: 02/02/2012
Client: ENVIRONMENTAL PIONEERS & SOLUTIONS LTD

Description: Multi-meter
Brand Name: DKK-TOA
Model No.: WQC-24
Serial No.: 682337
Equipment No.: --
Date of Calibration: 10 January, 2012 **Date of next Calibration:** 10 April, 2012

Parameters:

Conductivity

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 2510B

Expected Reading (uS/cm)	Displayed Reading (uS/cm)	Tolerance (%)
146.9	141.0	-4.0
6667	6490	-2.7
12890	12700	-1.5
58670	59000	0.6
	Tolerance Limit (%)	10.0

Dissolved Oxygen

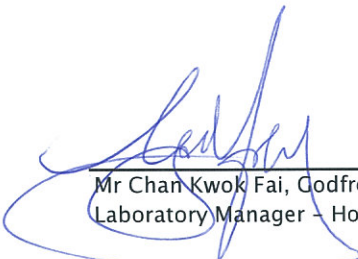
Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 4500O: G

Expected Reading (mg/L)	Displayed Reading (mg/L)	Tolerance (mg/L)
5.58	5.45	-0.13
6.79	6.63	-0.16
8.62	8.48	-0.14
	Tolerance Limit (±mg/L)	0.20

Salinity

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 2520B

Expected Reading (ppt)	Displayed Reading (ppt)	Tolerance (%)
0	0.0	--
10	10.2	2.0
20	20.7	3.5
30	30.7	2.3
	Tolerance Limit (±%)	10.0


 Mr Chan Kwok Fai, Godfrey
 Laboratory Manager – Hong Kong

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

Work Order: HK1200205
Amendment: 1
Date of Issue: 02/02/2012
Client: ENVIRONMENTAL PIONEERS & SOLUTIONS LTD



Description: Multi-meter
Brand Name: DKK-TOA
Model No.: WQC-24
Serial No.: 682337
Equipment No.: --

Date of Calibration: 10 January, 2012 **Date of next Calibration:** 10 April, 2012

Parameters:

Temperature

Method Ref: Section 6 of International Accreditation New Zealand Technical
Guide No. 3 Second edition March 2008: Working Thermometer Calibration Procedure.

Expected Reading (°C)	Displayed Reading (°C)	Tolerance (°C)
14.0	14.4	0.4
20.5	20.3	-0.2
34.0	34.5	0.5
Tolerance Limit (°C)		2.0

Turbidity

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 2130B

Expected Reading (NTU)	Displayed Reading (NTU)	Tolerance (%)
0	0.6	--
4	4.3	7.5
40	43.8	9.5
80	87.8	9.8
400	430.1	7.5
800	837.2	4.7
Tolerance Limit (±%)		10.0

Appendix D: Construction Noise Monitoring Data

大成環境科技拓展有限公司
Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitoring		1/2/2012	1/2/2012
Weather Condition		Sunny	Sunny
Measurement Start Time (hh:mm)		12:10	12:45
Measurement Time Length (mins)		30 mins	
SLM Model & S/N		SVAN 949	
Wind Speed (m/s)		2.3	2.2
Measurement Results	L _{eq} (dB(A))	54.5	57.4
	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	56.4	59.7
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	46.4	44.9
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

Name

Signature

Date

Perpared by:

Lai Chi Hang



1/2/2012

大成環境科技拓展有限公司
Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitoring		8/2/2012	8/2/2012
Weather Condition		Cloudy	Cloudy
Measurement Start Time (hh:mm)		12:05	13:25
Measurement Time Length (mins)		30 mins	
SLM Model & S/N		SVAN 949	
Wind Speed (m/s)		1.3	0.8
Measurement Results	L _{eq} (dB(A))	52.9	58.2
	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	55.7	61.4
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	39.7	41.9
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

Name

Signature

Date

Perpared by:

Lai Chi Hang



8/2/2012

大成環境科技拓展有限公司
Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitoring		15/2/2012	15/2/2012
Weather Condition		Cloudy	Cloudy
Measurement Start Time (hh:mm)		13:17	13:50
Measurement Time Length (mins)		30 mins	
SLM Model & S/N		SVAN 949	
Wind Speed (m/s)		1.3	0.76
Measurement Results	L _{eq} (dB(A))	59.1	54.2
	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	61.5	56.4
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	42.2	40.1
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

Name

Signature

Date

Perpared by:

Lai Chi Hang



15/2/2012

大成環境科技拓展有限公司
Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitoring		22/2/2012	22/2/2012
Weather Condition		Cloudy	Cloudy
Measurement Start Time (hh:mm)		12:55	13:30
Measurement Time Length (mins)		30 mins	
SLM Model & S/N		SVAN 949	
Wind Speed (m/s)		0.6	1.54
Measurement Results	L _{eq} (dB(A))	52.7	54.0
	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	56.0	56.7
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	41.3	42.7
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

Name

Signature

Date

Perpared by:

Lai Chi Hang



22/2/2012

大成環境科技拓展有限公司
Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitoring		29/2/2012	29/2/2012
Weather Condition		Cloudy	Cloudy
Measurement Start Time (hh:mm)		12:22	11:45
Measurement Time Length (mins)		30 mins	
SLM Model & S/N		SVAN 949	
Wind Speed (m/s)		0.4	1
Measurement Results	L _{eq} (dB(A))	57.7	51.8
	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	59.9	55.0
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	42.6	43.7
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

Name

Signature

Date

Perpared by:

Lai Chi Hang



29/2/2012

Appendix E: Water Quality Monitoring Data

Remark:

Red highlighting: The value is exceeding limit level.

Yellow highlighting: The value is exceeding action level but within limit level.

Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 1/2/2012

Weather : Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	13:04	12:14	
Tide Mode	mid-flood		
River Condition	Turbid	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.55	7.46	
Salinity (ppt)	0.2	5.2	
Temperature (°C)	18.8	18	
Turbidity (NTU)	6.8	17.4	17.4
DO (mg/L)	7.68	7.80	
DO Saturation (%)	75%	76%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.4	6.0	6.0


Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



1/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 3/2/2012

Weather : Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	10:40	10:06	
Tide Mode	mid-flood		
River Condition	Normal	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.47	7.45	
Salinity (ppt)	0.2	6.5	
Temperature (°C)	17.3	18	
Turbidity (NTU)	1.0	33.8	33.8
DO (mg/L)	7.87	7.67	
DO Saturation (%)	80%	76%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.0	12.0	12.0

Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



3/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 6/2/2012

Weather : Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	11:54	11:27	
Tide Mode	mid-ebb		
River Condition	Turbid	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.38	7.58	
Salinity (ppt)	0.2	6.9	
Temperature (°C)	19.4	19.3	
Turbidity (NTU)	6.50	136.0	136.0
DO (mg/L)	7.36	7.28	
DO Saturation (%)	79%	73%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.8	15.0	15.0

Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



6/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 8/2/2012

Weather : Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	13:00	12:36	
Tide Mode	mid-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.46	7.61	
Salinity (ppt)	0.3	9.3	
Temperature (°C)	16.6	17.6	
Turbidity (NTU)	1.2	66.3	66.3
DO (mg/L)	8.13	7.94	
DO Saturation (%)	82%	76%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.0	63.0	63.0


Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



8/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 10/2/2012

Weather : Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	13:46	14:26	
Tide Mode	mid-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.06	7.41	
Salinity (ppt)	0.2	9.2	
Temperature (°C)	17.6	17.4	
Turbidity (NTU)	1.0	9.6	9.6
DO (mg/L)	7.77	7.79	
DO Saturation (%)	82%	82%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.0	8.4	8.4


Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



10/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 13/2/2012

Weather : Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	15:30	15:45	
Tide Mode	mid-ebb		
River Condition	Turbid	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.29	7.47	
Salinity (ppt)	0.1	9.4	
Temperature (°C)	21	19.2	
Turbidity (NTU)	1.4	9.4	9.4
DO (mg/L)	7.24	7.50	
DO Saturation (%)	74%	78%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.6	7.6	7.6


Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



13/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 15/2/2012

Weather : Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	13:03	12:45	
Tide Mode	mid-flood		
River Condition	Turbid	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.30	7.27	
Salinity (ppt)	0.2	5.8	
Temperature (°C)	20.8	20.4	
Turbidity (NTU)	1.4	18.1	18.1
DO (mg/L)	6.88	6.61	
DO Saturation (%)	77%	74%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.2	6.6	6.6


Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



15/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 17/2/2012

Weather : Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	9:44	9:17	
Tide Mode	Mid-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Normal	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.24	7.38	
Salinity (ppt)	0.3	6.9	
Temperature (°C)	17.1	18.1	
Turbidity (NTU)	1.0	2.4	2.4
DO (mg/L)	8.02	7.77	
DO Saturation (%)	82%	79%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.20	3.40	3.40

Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



17/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 20/2/2012

Weather : Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	12:26	12:04	
Tide Mode	Mid-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.51	7.54	
Salinity (ppt)	0.4	11.1	
Temperature (°C)	17.5	18.1	
Turbidity (NTU)	3.3	9.8	9.8
DO (mg/L)	7.82	7.60	
DO Saturation (%)	83%	80%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.40	23.00	23.00

Remark or Observation : Sea water suck back (flood)

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



20/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 22/2/2012

Weather : Rainy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	13:37	13:00	
Tide Mode	mid-ebb		
River Condition	Turbid	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.34	7.42	
Salinity (ppt)	0.3	9.2	
Temperature (°C)	19.7	19.3	
Turbidity (NTU)	11.2	12.5	12.5
DO (mg/L)	7.43	7.27	
DO Saturation (%)	80%	78%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	6.80	2.40	2.40


Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



22/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 24/2/2012

Weather : Foggy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	13:34	14:08	
Tide Mode	Mid-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.14	7.21	
Salinity (ppt)	0.2	7	
Temperature (°C)	19.6	19.9	
Turbidity (NTU)	0.5	8.9	8.9
DO (mg/L)	7.54	7.38	
DO Saturation (%)	85%	80%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	11.00	18.00	18.00


Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi Hang



24/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 27/2/2012

Weather : Rainy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	15:30	15:45	
Tide Mode	Mid-ebb		
River Condition	Turbid	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.12	8.02	
Salinity (ppt)	1.6	18.7	
Temperature (°C)	14.9	16.3	
Turbidity (NTU)	6.6	14.2	14.2
DO (mg/L)	8.37	8.17	
DO Saturation (%)	86%	82%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	4.00	9.80	9.80


Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi hang



27/2/2012

Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited
Water Quality Monitoring - Summary of On-Site Measurement Results

Date of Sampling : 29/2/2012

Weather : Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	
Time (hhmm)	16:00	15:30	
Tide Mode	Mid-ebb		
River Condition	Normal	Turbid	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	
pH value	7.95	7.16	
Salinity (ppt)	19.3	0.4	
Temperature (°C)	16	17	
Turbidity (NTU)	7.9	3.7	3.7
DO (mg/L)	7.58	7.76	
DO Saturation (%)	76%	79%	
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	1.00	6.00	6.00


Remark or Observation : _____

Name

Signature

Date

Prepared By : Lai Chi hang



29/2/2012

Appendix F: Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Data

Location	Position	Tide	Date**	Time	Weather	Water Depth (m)*	Water Flow (m/s)	Water Flow (m ³ /s)
H1	Mid	Flood	3-Feb-2012	10:40	Cloudy	0.85	0.06	0.075
H1	Mid	Flood	10-Feb-2012	9:45	Cloudy	0.55	0.06	0.075
H1	Mid	Flood	17-Feb-2012	13:30	Sunny	0.60	0.06	0.075
H1	Mid	Flood	24-Feb-2012	9:24	Foggy	0.43	0.06	0.075
H2	Mid	Flood	3-Feb-2012	11:00	Cloudy	0.12	0.12	0.754
H2	Mid	Flood	10-Feb-2012	10:00	Cloudy	0.3	0.06	0.377
H2	Mid	Flood	17-Feb-2012	14:00	Sunny	0.36	0.06	0.377
H2	Mid	Flood	24-Feb-2012	8:30	Foggy	0.12	0.06	0.377
H1	Mid	Ebb	3-Feb-2012					0.000
H1	Mid	Ebb	10-Feb-2012	13:46	Cloudy	0.49	0.06	0.075
H1	Mid	Ebb	17-Feb-2012	9:44	Cloudy	0.36	0.06	0.075
H1	Mid	Ebb	24-Feb-2012	13:34	Foggy	0.43	0.06	0.075
H2	Mid	Ebb	3-Feb-2012					0.000
H2	Mid	Ebb	10-Feb-2012	15:00	Cloudy	0.3	0.06	0.377
H2	Mid	Ebb	17-Feb-2012	10:00	Cloudy	0.36	0.06	0.377
H2	Mid	Ebb	24-Feb-2012	14:30	Foggy	0.24	0.06	0.377

* : Since the water levels were too low for the depth detector to determine, a tape measure was used for estimation.

** : Only one mid-tide is within working hours of construction activity on 3/2/2012

Appendix G: Landscape and Visual Monitoring Photos



Photo 1 – A temporary hoarding was established to surround Area B within Tung Tsz Nursery.



Photo 2 – No polluted water was observed in the pond of the ECA and the adjacent Wai Ha River.



Photo 3 – Overall view of the transplanted tree U58 *Grevillea robusta*, new leaves were observed on the tree branches.

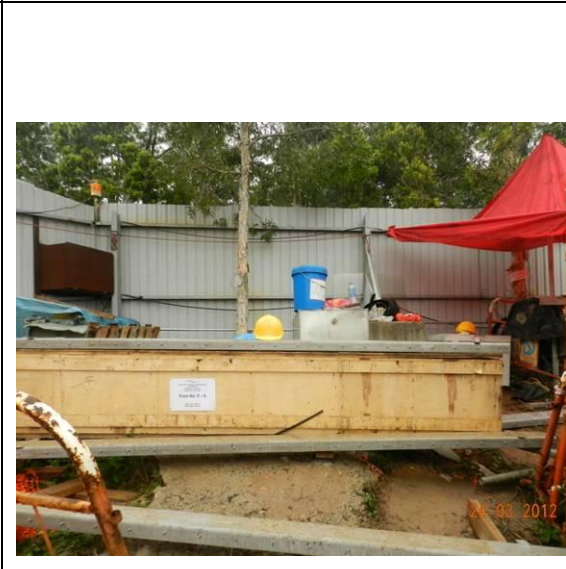


Photo 4 – Temporary stored construction materials were observed within the TPZs in Area A.

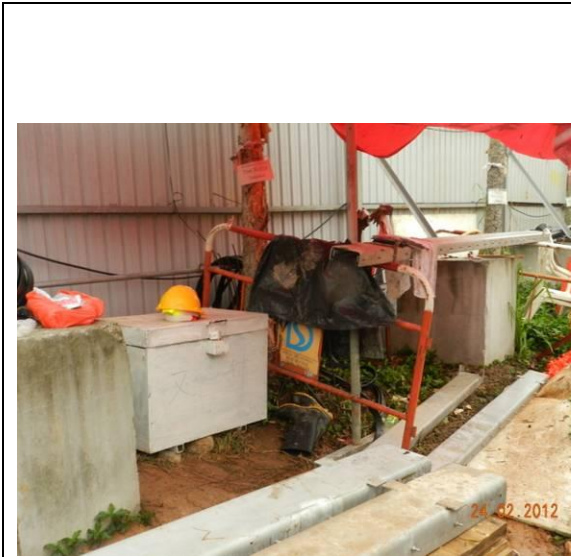


Photo 5 – Temporary stored construction materials were observed within the TPZs in Area A.

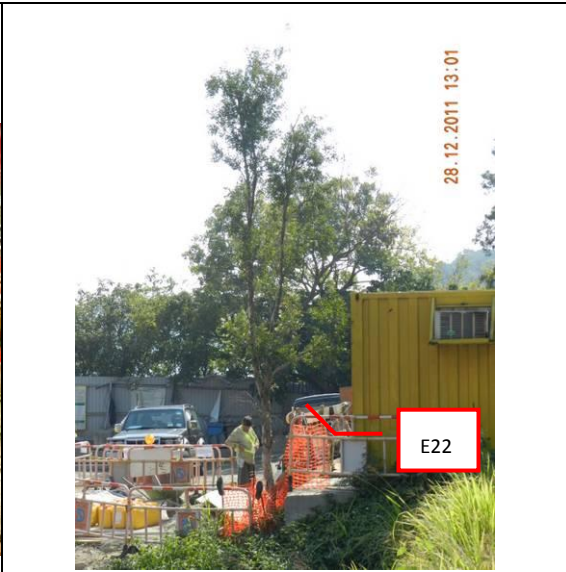


Photo 6 – Original location of E22 at the western part of Area A.



Photo 7 – Original locations of E33 and E34 at the western part of Area A.



Photo 8 – E22 was relocated to the eastern part of Area A.



Photo 9 – Two untagged tree were relocated to the eastern part of Area A.



Photo 10 – Declining health condition of U34 in Area B.



Photo 11 – Declining health condition of U35 in Area B.



Photo 12 – Declining health condition of U37 in Area B.



Photo 13 – Planter of A36 was still found broken in Area B.



Photo 14 – Broken planters of U54 and two untagged trees (as indicated) next to U54 in Area B.



Photo 15 – No sprouts was observed on the remaining tree part of T97 in Area B.



Photo 16 – Fertilizers was applied around the trunk bases of the planted trees in Area C.



Photo 17 – Poor condition of the transplanted tree T152 in Area C.



Photo 18 – Poor condition of the transplanted tree T153 in Area C.



Photo 19 – Poor condition of the transplanted tree T250 in Area C.



Photo 20 – Poor health condition of the transplanted, untagged tree in Area C.



Photo 21 – The protected shrubs *Pavetta hongkongensis* (PH01 and PH02) showed fair health condition in Area C.



Photo 22 – The protected shrub *Pavetta hongkongensis* (PH03) showed fair health condition in Area C.



Photo 23 – Fertilizer was applied around the trunk bases of the protected shrubs *Pavetta hongkongensis* (PH01 and PH02).



Photo 24 – Fertilizer was applied around the trunk base of the protected shrub *Pavetta hongkongensis* (PH03).

Appendix H:

A)

The recommended mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3)

B)

Implementation status of environmental protection and mitigation measures

A) The recommended mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3)

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
A <i>Noise Impact</i>							
S 3.30	2.18	Good Site Practice: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Only well-maintained plant shall be operated on-site and plant shall be serviced regularly during the construction program ▪ Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment shall be utilized and shall be properly maintained during the construction program ▪ Mobile plant, if any, shall be sited as far from NSRs as possible ▪ Machines and plant (such as 	To minimize construction noise impacts	Contractor	Works areas	Construction phase	EIAO-TM NCO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		trucks) that may be in intermittent use shall be shut down between work periods or shall be throttled down to a minimum <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction shall, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs ▪ Material stockpiles and other structures shall be effectively utilized, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities. 					
S 3.31 - 3.32	2.19	Use of quieter PME	To minimize construction noise impacts	Contractor	Works areas	Construction phase	EIAO-TM NCO
S 3.33 – 3.34	2.20-2.21	Use of temporary noise barrier	To minimize construction noise impacts	Contractor	Works areas as shown in Figure	Construction phase	EIAO-TM NCO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
3.36-3.38	2.23-2.24				3.5		
S 3.35 and Table 3.6	2.22	Use of alternative quieter construction method (the Low Impact Method)	To minimize construction noise impacts	Contractor	Part of the works area for pipe laying in Wai Ha (refer to Figure 3.5)	Construction phase	EIAO-TM NCO
3.36-3.38	2.23-2.24	Use of noise enclosure	To minimize construction noise impacts	Contractor	Part of the works area for pipe laying in Wai Ha (refer to Figure 3.5)	Construction phase	EIAO-TM NCO
B Air Quality Impact							
S4.16	3.5	Implementation of mitigation measures stipulated in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation and good site practices including but not limited to the following:	To minimize construction dust impacts	Contractor	Construction Sites	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Use of regular watering to reduce dust emissions from exposed site surfaces and unpaved road, with complete coverage, particularly during dry weather; ▪ Use of frequent watering for particularly dusty static construction areas and areas close to ASRs; ▪ Tarpaulin covering of all dusty vehicle loads transported to, from and between site location; ▪ Establishment and use of vehicle wheel and body washing facilities at the exit points of the site; ▪ Routing of vehicles and 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		positioning of construction plant should be at the maximum possible distance from ASRs. ■ Stockpiled excavated materials should be covered with tarpaulin, and should be removed off-site within 24 hours to avoid any odour nuisance arising.					
C <i>Water Quality Impact</i>							
S5.29	4.5	Construction Site Run-off and Drainage: ■ Before commencing any site formation work, all sewer and drainage connections shall be sealed to prevent debris, soil, sand etc. from entering public	To minimize water quality impacts	Contractor	Works sites	Construction phase	ProPECC PN 1/94 Construction Site Drainage

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<p>sewers/drains.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Temporary ditches shall be provided to facilitate run-off discharge into appropriate watercourses, via a silt retention pond. No site run-off shall enter the fishponds at Shuen Wan. ▪ Sand/silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins shall be provided to remove sand/silt particles from runoff to meet the requirements of the Technical Memorandum standard under the Water Pollution Control Ordinance. The design of silt removal facilities shall be based on the guidelines provided in ProPECC PN 1/94. All drainage 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<p>facilities and erosion and sediment control structures shall be inspected monthly and maintained to ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and particularly during rainstorms.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Water pumped out from excavated pits shall be discharged into silt removal facilities. ▪ During rainstorms, exposed slope/soil surfaces shall be covered by a tarpaulin or other means. <p>Other measures that need to be implemented before, during, and after rainstorms as summarized in ProPECC PN 1/94 shall be followed.</p>					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Exposed soil areas shall be minimized to reduce potential for increased siltation and contamination of runoff. ▪ Earthwork final surfaces shall be well compacted and subsequent permanent work or surface protection shall be immediately performed to reduce the potential of soil erosion. ▪ Open stockpiles of construction materials or construction wastes on-site shall be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms. 					
S5.30	4.7	Further precautionary measures during rainy season:	To minimize water quality impacts to the designated Conservation Area	Contractor	Works areas near the Conservation Area	Rainy seasons during construction	EIAO-TM Water Pollution Control Ordinance

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ For the construction of the box culvert next to the existing channel of the Wai Ha River, sand bags should be deployed around the boundary of the works trench to prevent muddy water ingress into the adjacent CA or Wai Ha River. Sand bags should also be used to surround the excavated trench. Generally, the sand bags will be placed up to a height of 300mm to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water level during rainstorm event. With sand bags in place, surface runoff will be intercepted and flow to Wai Ha River or collected by the existing drainage system as usual. ▪ For the construction of the box 				phase	(WPCO)

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<p>culvert in the extreme northeast corner of Shuen Wan Marsh</p> <p>Conservation Area sand bags should be deployed along the limit of the works area to prevent muddy water ingress into the CA. Sand bags should be placed to a height of at least 300mm from ground level and +2.5 mPD (whichever is greater) to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water level during rainstorm events.</p> <p>Unpolluted surface runoff within the works area should then be collected and directed into the existing drainage system.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sheet-piles, which would be installed around the works trench near the Conservation Area, would 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<p>be extended above ground level for about 2m to serve as hoardings to isolate the works site.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Tarpulin sheets would be used to cover the excavation areas during heavy rainstorms. This would prevent the ingress of rainwater into the trench minimising the risk of muddy water getting into Wai Ha River and the adjacent Conservation Area. ▪ Any concrete washing water would be contained inside the works site surrounded by the extended sheet piles. A pump sump at the bottom of the trench would be provided to pump any excess water during concrete washing. 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Stockpiling the excavated materials adjacent to the Conservation Area would not be allowed. The excavated materials would be either removed off site immediately after excavation, or stockpile at location(s) away from the Conservation Area. The stockpile locations shall be approved by the site engineer. 					
S5.31-S5.32	4.8-4.9	General Construction Activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Debris and refuse generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the Wa Ha River and fish ponds at Shuen Wan. Stockpiles of cement and other construction materials should be kept covered 	To minimize water quality impacts	Contractor	Works sites	Construction phase	EIAO-TM WPCO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		when not being used. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Oils and fuels should only be used and stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. To prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to nearby water bodies, all fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained of rainwater after a rain event. 					
S5.33	4.10	Sewage from Construction workforce: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets, should be employed on-site. A 	To minimize water quality impacts	Contractor	Works sites	Construction phase	EIAO-TM WPCO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		licensed contractor would be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance of these facilities.					
S5.34	4.11	River Channel Excavation Works: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The excavation works within the upstream end of the existing river channel of the Wai Ha River for the construction of the proposed box culvert shall be carried out in dry condition. Containment measures such as bunds and barriers shall be used within the affected length of the river channel and the excavation works restricted to within an enclosed dry section of the channel. The excavation works within Wai Ha River shall be restricted to the period from October 	To minimize water quality impacts	Contractor	Works sites	Construction phase	EIAO-TM WPCO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		to April.					
D Waste Management Implications							
S6.20 – 6.22	5.5	Good site practices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Nomination of approved personnel, such as a site manager, to be responsible for good site practices and making arrangements for collection of all wastes generated at the site and effective disposal to an appropriate facility. ▪ Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures. ▪ Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular 	To reduce waste management impacts	Contractor	Works sites	Construction phase	ETWB TCW No.19/2005 ETWB TCW No.31/2004

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<p>collection for disposal.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Appropriate measures to minimise windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers. ▪ Separation of chemical waste for special handling and appropriate treatment at the Chemical Waste Treatment Facility. ▪ Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors. ▪ A Waste Management Plan 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		should be prepared and submitted to the Engineer for approval. One may make reference to ETWB TCW No. 15/2003 for details. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed (including the disposal sites) should be proposed. 					
S6.23-6.24	5.7	Waste reduction measures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal. ▪ To encourage collection of aluminium cans by individual collectors, separate labelled bins 	To achieve waste reduction	Contractor	Works sites	Construction phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<p>shall be provided to segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the work force.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity shall be recycled. ▪ Maximising the use of reusable steel formwork to reduce the amount of C&D material. ▪ Proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials. ▪ Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		avoid unnecessary generation of waste.					
S6.25-6.26		<p>Construction & Demolition (C&D) Material:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Excavated material with suitable characteristics/size should be reused on-site as fill material as far as practicable, such as for backfilling of the box culvert and drainage pipe works. ▪ Suitable areas should be designated within the works site boundaries for temporary stockpiling of C&D material. ▪ Within stockpile areas, the following measures should be taken to control potential environmental 	<p>To minimize off-site disposal of C&D material</p> <p>To minimize environmental impacts during the handling of C&D material</p>	Contractor	Works sites	Construction phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		impacts or nuisance: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - covering material during heavy rainfall; - locating stockpiles to minimize potential visual impacts; and - minimizing land intake of stockpile areas as far as possible. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ When disposing C&D material at a public filling area, the material shall only consist of soil, rock, concrete, brick, cement plaster/mortar, inert building debris, aggregates and asphalt. The material shall be free from marine mud, household refuse, plastic, metals, industrial and chemical waste, animal and vegetable matter, and other material considered to be 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		unsuitable by the Filling Supervisor.					
S6.27		Chemical waste: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Contractor should register with the EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. ▪ Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. ▪ Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the 	To minimize environmental impacts during the handling, transportation and disposal of chemical waste	Contractor	Works sites	Construction phase	EIAO-TM Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste, such as explosives, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, corrosive, etc. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The Contractor should use a licensed collector to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes generated at the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre at Tsing Yi, or other licenced facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. 					
S6.28		General refuse: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ It should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D material. ▪ A reputable waste collector 	To minimize environmental impacts during the handling and transportation of general refuse	Contractor	Works sites	Construction phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		should be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D material. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ An enclosed and covered area is preferred to reduce the occurrence of 'wind blown' light material. 					
E Ecological Impact							
S. 7.95	6.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sheet-pilings, which will be installed around the trench of excavation, should be extended above ground level for ~2m to act as hoarding to isolate the works site. ▪ The trenching works for the construction of the proposed box culvert should be carried out in phases, with a trench length of not 	To minimize the impacts on the stream and natural river bank	Contractor	Whole site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		more than 120m in each phase. The trench should be backfilled and compacted with suitable materials upon completion of each phase of the construction works.					
S7.117	6.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The construction of intercept point of twin cell box culvert at the upstream of Wai Ha River should be confined to only one side of the river bank. ▪ To restore and enhance the ecological value of the stream, the affected river bank should be reinstated to its original condition or lined with rock-filled gabion. ▪ Planting pits should be provided in the gabion bank to allow the re-establishment of riparian vegetation. 	To minimize the impacts on the stream and natural river bank	Contractor	Whole site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The existing natural riverbed and substrates should be retained and the natural pool-riffle sequence should be re-created in the new channel bed. 					
S 7.118	6.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All works carried out within the the river channel of Wai Ha River should be carried out from October to April, with construction carried out by land-based plant. ▪ Works within river/stream channels should be restricted to an enclosed dry section of the river, with containment measures such as bunds and barriers used within the river to minimize the impacts upon the downstream water body. 	To minimise sedimentation/ water quality impacts	Contractor	Whole Site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. ▪ The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. ▪ To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. 					
S 7.119	6.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The construction of the proposed box-culvert would have the potential to directly impact a few 	To protect plant species of conservation interest	Contractor/ qualified botanist/horticu	Whole site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<p>individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, <i>Pavetta hongkongensis</i>). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. ▪ Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should be formulated during the detailed design stage of this Project. 		Horticulturalist			

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
S 7.120	6.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Noise mitigation measures such as the use of quieter construction plant and temporary noise barriers should be implemented to minimize disturbance to habitats adjacent to the works areas. ▪ Temporary noise barriers should be used during the construction of the box-culvert along Tung Tsz Road, the floodwater pumping station, the mechanical gate, and drainage pipe to minimize potential construction phase disturbance to ardeids and avifauna foraging in marsh habitat. ▪ Noise generating construction works near the Shuen Wan Egrettry SSSI should be avoided as far as practicable during the breeding season (March to June) of the 	To minimise disturbance impacts.	Contractor	Whole site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		ardeids. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Works near the SSSI (i.e. installation of mechanical gate) should be restricted to be executed outside the breeding season by provision of special conditions in the contract document. ▪ Hoardings with minimum height of 2m should be set up along the south side of the proposed box culvert works area adjacent to the marsh, extending at least 20m at both ends, throughout the construction period. 					
S 7.121	6.10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Placement of equipment or stockpile in designated works areas and access routes selected on existing disturbed land to minimise disturbance to natural or 	To minimise disturbance to habitats.	Contractor	Whole site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		moderate-high ecological value habitats.					
S 7.121	6.10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Construction activities should be restricted to work areas that would be clearly demarcated. The work areas should be reinstated after completion of the works. 	To minimise disturbance to natural habitats outside works area.	Contractor	Whole site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM
S 7.121	6.10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Waste skips should be provided to collect general refuse and construction wastes. The wastes would be disposed of timely and properly off-site. 	To minimise disturbance to habitats.	Contractor	Whole site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM
S 7.121	6.10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ General drainage arrangements should include sediment and oil traps to collect and control construction site run-off. 	To minimise sedimentation/ water quality impacts	Contractor	Whole site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM
S 7.121	6.10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Open burning on works sites is illegal, and should be strictly prohibited. 	To prevent accidental hill-fires.	Contractor	Whole site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
S 7.122	6.11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ De-silting should be limited to the dry season. 	To minimise sedimentation/ water quality impacts	Maintenance parties of the channel	Whole site	Operation Phase	EIAO-TM
S 7.122	6.11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Waste material produced during de-silting should be disposed of in a timely and appropriate manner. 	To minimise sedimentation/ water quality impacts	Maintenance parties of the channel	Whole site	Operation Phase	EIAO-TM
S 7.123	6.12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Planting of trees should be provided within the project area to compensate for the unavoidable loss of approximately 0.08ha secondary woodland habitat due to the Project. ▪ Planting of trees and other vegetation within project area along the banks of Wai Ha River and Tung Tsz Road should be carried out to provide compensation for unavoidable tree-felling and loss of riparian vegetation resulting from the 	To compensate the loss of vegetation	Contractor	Whole site	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		Project. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The compensatory planting should make use of native plant species with flowers/fruits attractive to wildlife. 					
S 7.124	6.13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Compensation would be required for the loss of a small area of marsh habitat (about 0.30ha) within the CA resulting from the construction of the box-culvert. ▪ An existing low ecological value recreational fishpond on government land adjacent to the marsh would be used as a proposed area (about 0.8ha) for the compensation for the marsh as well as secondary woodland habitats loss (0.08ha). ▪ The pond should be enhanced by removing boardwalks around the 	To compensate the loss of marsh habitat and enhance the quality compensatory habitat	Contractor / qualified ecologist	The recreational fish pond located to the southwest of the existing Tung Tsz Nursery	Construction Phase	EIAO-TM

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		<p>existing pond, and restoring vegetation along the pond bunds, and it would be re-profiled to provide areas of shallow water (approximately 15-50cm deep), creating a suitable foraging habitat for avifauna, particularly ardeids and other waders.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Screen planting of shrubs and trees along the south-eastern bund of the pond should be implemented to minimise disturbance to avifauna and other wildlife from the adjacent recreational fishpond. The enhanced pond is expected to provide a moderate-high ecological value wetland habitat. 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
F		<i>Landscape and Visual</i>					
Table 8.4	7.6	Visual screen, contaminant/ liaison with nursery, protection of existing trees with works area and construction light are used or practiced to mitigate the impacts during construction phase.	To mitigate the landscape	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
Table 8.4	7.7	Viewing area formation, architectural design for pump house, landscape design for pump house, enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road, sufficient soil depth for enhancement planting, transplanting of trees to adjacent locations, preparation for transplanting and reinstatement of affected area are practiced to mitigate the impacts during operational phase.	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the operational phase.	Contractor	Whole site	Detail Design / Operational Phase	EIAO-TM

B) Implementation status of environmental protection and mitigation

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
2.18	Use well maintained construction plant	To minimize construction noise impact	Works areas	Construction phase	EIAO-TM NCO	Implemented
	Shut down plants between work periods					Implemented
	Install silencers on construction equipment					Implemented
	Locate mobile plant far away from NSRs					Implemented
	Quiet plants should be used					Implemented
2.19	Use of quieter PME					Not applicable
2.20 - 2.21	Use of temporary noise barrier		Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable
2.22	Use of alternative quieter construction method		Part of the Works Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable
2.23 – 2.24	Use of noise enclosure		Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
3.5	Implement regular watering and vehicle washing facilities	To minimize construction dust impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Outstanding
	Cover excavated or stockpile of dusty material by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water					Implemented
	Use tarpaulin to cover dusty materials on vehicles					Implemented
4.5	Provide silt trap and oil interceptor to remove the oil, lubricants, grease, silt, grit and debris from the wastewater before pumped to the public storm water drainage system	To minimize water quality impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM WPCO	Implemented
4.5	During rainstorms, exposed slope/soil surfaces shall be covered by a tarpaulin or other means. Others measures that need to be implemented before, during, and after rainstorms as summarized in ProPECC PN 1/94 shall be followed					Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
4.10	Provide site toilet facilities	To minimize water quality impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM WPCO	Implemented
4.7	<p>Further precautionary measures during rainy season:</p> <p>For the construction of the box culvert next to the existing channel of the Wai Ha River, sand bags should be deployed around the boundary of the works trench to prevent muddy water ingress into the adjacent CA or Wai Ha River. Sand bags should also be used to surround the excavated trench. Generally, the sand bags will be placed up to a height of 300mm to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water level during rainstorm event. With sand bags in place, surface runoff will be intercepted and flow to Wai Ha River or collected by the existing drainage system as usual.</p> <p>For the construction of the box culvert in the extreme northeast corner of Shuen Wan Marsh Conservation Area sand bags should be deployed along the limit of the works area to prevent muddy water ingress into the CA. Sand bags should be placed to a height of at least 300mm from round level and +2.5 mPD (whichever is greater) to provide adequate allowance</p>	To minimize water quality impact to the designated Conservation Area	Works areas near the Conservation Area	Rainy seasons during construction	EIAO-TM WPCO	Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
	<p>for the built-up water level during rainstorm events. Unpolluted surface runoff within the works area should then be collected and directed into the existing drainage system.</p> <p>Sheet-piles, which would be installed around the works trench near the Conservation Area, would be extended above ground level for about 2m to serve as hoardings to isolate the works site.</p> <p>Tarpulin sheets would be used to cover the excavation areas during heavy rainstorms. This would prevent the ingress of rainwater into the trench minimising the risk of muddy water getting into Wai Ha River and the adjacent Conservation Area.</p> <p>Any concrete washing water would be contained inside the works site surrounded by the extended sheet piles. A pump sump at the bottom of the trench would be provided to pump any excess water during concrete</p>					
5.9	Reuse excavated material as much as possible					Implemented
5.7	<p>Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity shall be recycled.</p> <p>Recycle scrap metals or abandoned equipment</p>	To achieve waste reduction	Works areas	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	<p>Not applicable</p> <p>Implemented</p>

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
5.5	A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed should be proposed	To reduce waste management impacts	Works areas	Construction phase	ETWB TCW	Implemented
5.9	Adopt a trip ticket system for the disposal of C&D materials				No. 19/2005	Implemented
5.11	All general refuse should be segregated and stored in enclosed bins or compaction units				ETWB TCW NO. 31/2004	Implemented
5.10	Contractor should be a required to register with the EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer and to follow the guidelines states in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.	To minimize the environmental impacts associated with the handling, transportation and disposal of chemical waste.	Work site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste)(General) Regulation	Implemented
	Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and Incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste, such as explosives, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, corrosive, etc.					Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
5.5	A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed should be proposed	To reduce waste management impacts	Works areas	Construction phase	ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 ETWB TCW NO. 31/2004	Implemented
6.6	<p>Sheet-pilings, which will be installed around the trench of excavation, should be extended above ground level for ~2m to act as hoarding to isolate the works site.</p> <p>The trenching works for the construction of the proposed box culvert should be carried out in phases, with a trench length of not more than 120m in each phase. The trench should be backfilled and compacted with suitable materials upon completion of each phase of the construction works.</p>	To minimize the impacts on the stream and natural river bank.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
6.6	<p>The construction of intercept oint of twin cell box culvert at the upstream of Wai Ha River should be confined to only one side of the river bank.</p> <p>To restore and enhance the ecological value of the stream, the affected river bank should be reinstated to its original condition or lined with rock-filled gabion.</p> <p>Planting pits should be provided in the gabion bank to allow the re-establishment of riparian vegetation.</p>	To minimize the impacts on the stream and natural river bank.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
	<p>The existing natural riverbed and substrates should be retained and the natural pool-riffle sequence should be re-created in the new channel bed.</p>					
6.7	<p>All works carried out within the the river channel of Wai Ha River should be carried out from October to April, with construction carried out by land-based plant.</p> <p>Works within river/stream channels should be restricted to an enclosed dry section of the river, with containment measures such as bunds and barriers used within the river to minimize the impacts upon the downstream water body.</p> <p>Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water.</p> <p>The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions.</p> <p>To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet.</p>	<p>To minimize sedimentation/ water quality impacts</p>	<p>Whole site</p>	<p>Construction phase</p>	<p>EIAO-TM</p>	<p>No applicable</p>

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
6.8	<p>The construction of the proposed box-culvert would have the potential to directly impact a few individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase.</p> <p>A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme.</p> <p>Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should be formulated during the detailed design stage of this Project.</p>	To protect plant species of conservation interest	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable
6.9	Placement of equipment or stockpile in designated works areas and access routes selected on existing disturbed land to minimize disturbance to natural or moderate-high ecological value habitats.	To minimise disturbance to habitats.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable
6.13	General drainage arrangements should include sediment and oil traps to collect and control construction site run-off.	To minimise sedimentation/ water quality impacts	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
6.13	Construction activities should be restricted to work areas that would be clearly demarcated. The work areas should be reinstated after completion of the works.	To minimise disturbance to natural habitats outside works area.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
6.13	Placement of equipment or stockpile in designated works areas and access routes selected on existing disturbed land to minimize disturbance to natural or moderate-high ecological value habitats.	To minimise disturbance to natural habitats	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
7.6	Visual screen, contaminant/ liaison with nursery, protection of existing trees with works area and construction light are used or practiced to mitigate the impacts during construction phase	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the Construction phase	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
7.7	Viewing area formation , architectural design for pump house, landscape design for pump hose, enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road, sufficient soil depth for enhancement planting, transplanting of trees to adjacent locations preparation for transplanting and reinstatement of affected area are practiced to mitigate the impacts during operational phase.	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the operational phase	Whole site	Detail Design / Operational Phase	EIAO-TM	Not Applicable

Appendix I: Construction programme

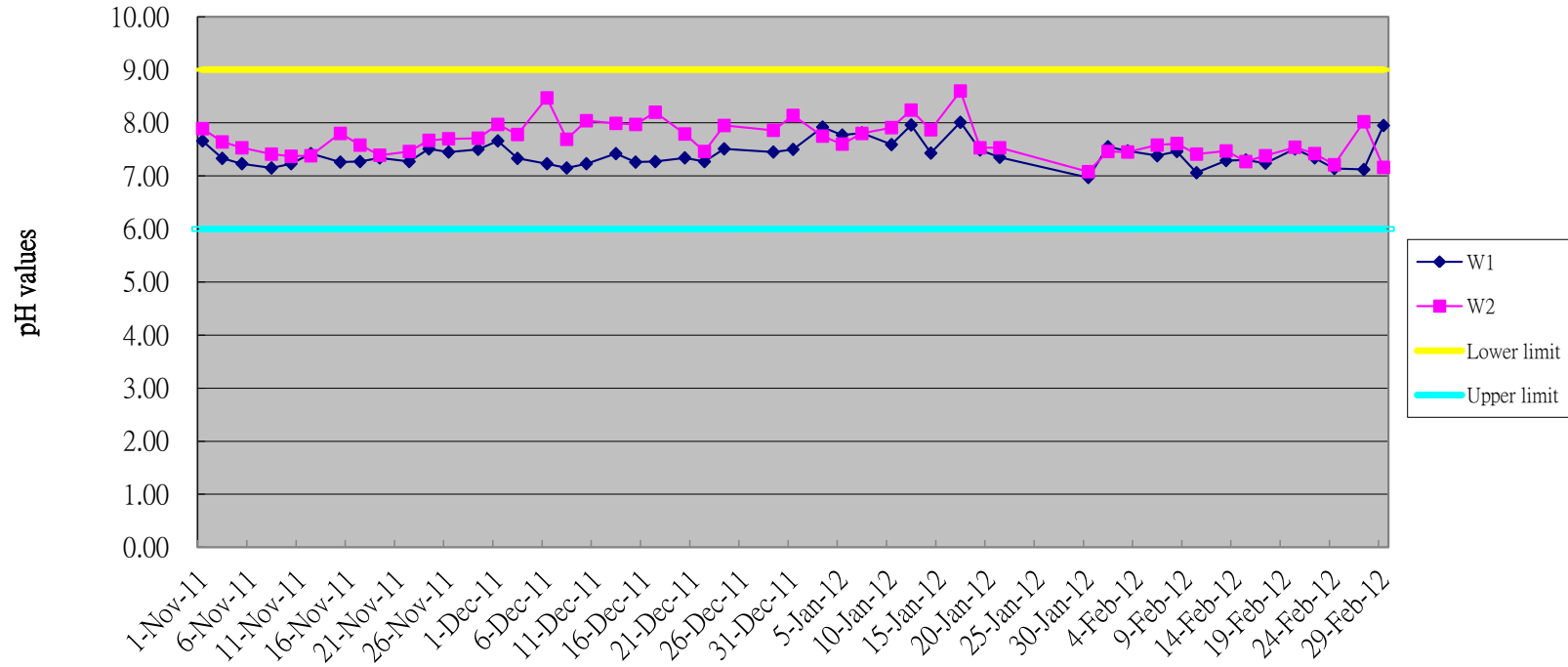
Appendix J: Three month rolling programme

Master Programme (Rev. 6)

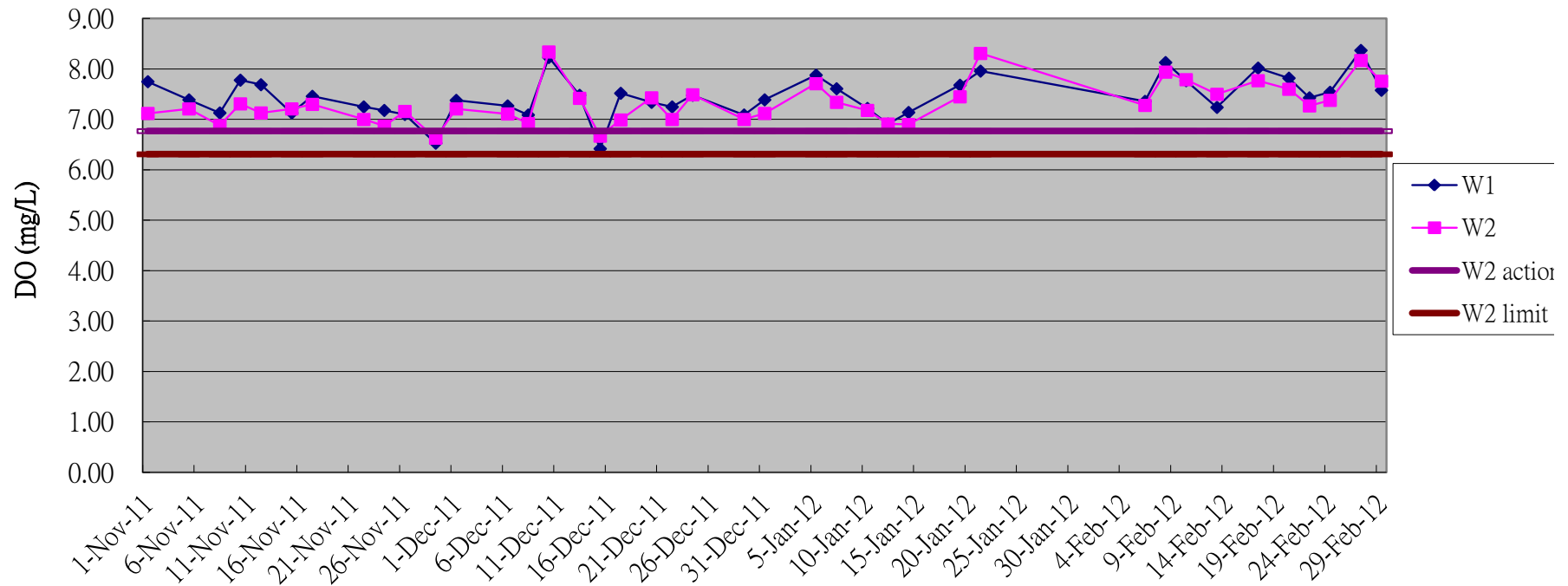
ID	ID no. in Rev. 5	ID no. in Rev. 4	ID no. in Rev. 3	ID no. in Rev. 2	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Predecessors	Successors	2011				2012				2013			
											1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	
15	15	15	15	15	Time for Completion of Section I	915 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 28/8/12														
16	16	16	16	16	Section I (Area A,B - Shuen Wan)	915 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 28/8/12														
33	33	33	33	33	Pumping Station	915 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 28/8/12														
45	45	45	44	43	Main Structure of Pumping Station	815 days	Sun 6/6/10	Tue 28/8/12														
48	48	48	47	46	Roofing	50 days	Sun 22/1/12	Sun 11/3/12	47	49,50												
49	49	49	48	47	Manmade Slope	50 days	Mon 12/3/12	Mon 30/4/12	48	51												
50	50	50	49	48	Internal Finishing Works	70 days	Mon 12/3/12	Sun 20/5/12	48	51												
51	51	51	50	49	External Finishing Works	100 days	Mon 21/5/12	Tue 28/8/12	50,49	125												
53	53	53	52	51	E & M	815 days	Sun 6/6/10	Tue 28/8/12														
57	57	57	56	55	Plumbing & E&M works	150 days	Sun 22/1/12	Tue 19/6/12	56,47	58FS-30 days												
58	58	58	57	56	Final Testing Works	100 days	Mon 21/5/12	Tue 28/8/12	57FS-30 days	125												
60	60	60	59	58	External Structure	220 days	Sun 22/1/12	Tue 28/8/12														
61	61	61	60	59	Pumping Station to Outfall Structure	220 days	Sun 22/1/12	Tue 28/8/12														
63	63	63	62	61	Excavation	30 days	Tue 21/2/12	Wed 21/3/12	62	64												
64	64	64	63	62	Construction of 2nos. of 1500mm dia. Drainage Pipes	50 days	Thu 22/3/12	Thu 10/5/12	63	65												
65	65	65	64	63	2 nos. of Outfall Structures	110 days	Fri 11/5/12	Tue 28/8/12	64	125												
67	67	67	66	65	Tide Level Monitoring Chamber	220 days	Sun 22/1/12	Tue 28/8/12														
69	69	69	68	67	Excavation	30 days	Tue 21/2/12	Wed 21/3/12	68	70												
70	70	70	69	68	Construction of Pipe & Tide Level Monitoring Chambers	50 days	Thu 22/3/12	Thu 10/5/12	69	71												
71	71	71	70	69	Outfall Structure	110 days	Fri 11/5/12	Tue 28/8/12	70	125												
73	73	73	72	71	External Misc. Works	220 days	Sun 22/1/12	Tue 28/8/12														
74	74	74	73	72	Boundary Wall & Fencing	160 days	Sun 22/1/12	Fri 29/6/12	47	78												
75	75	75	74	73	3nos. of Flow Measurement chambers and Pipes	60 days	Sun 22/1/12	Wed 21/3/12	47	76,79												
76	76	76	75	74	Surface Drainage System & Catchpits	60 days	Thu 22/3/12	Sun 20/5/12	75	77												
77	77	77	76	76	Concrete Pavement	20 days	Mon 21/5/12	Sat 9/6/12	76	78												
79	79	79	78	78	225mm dia. Sewer Across Ting Kok Road and Connection to Existing Manholes	120 days	Thu 22/3/12	Thu 19/7/12	75	80												
82	82	82	80	79	Twin Cell Box Culvert	915 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 28/8/12														
93	93	93	91	89	Box Culvert at Chainage 0 - 25	150 days	Wed 1/2/12	Fri 29/6/12	98	102												
100	100	100	98	96	Box Culvert at Chainage 300 - 350 (Including Outfall & Desilting Chamber)	150 days	Sun 18/12/11	Tue 15/5/12	99	101												
101	101	101	99	99	1200mm dia. Drainage Pipe	40 days	Wed 16/5/12	Sun 24/6/12	100	102												
104	104	104	102	99	Dia. 2100mm Drainage Pipe	915 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 28/8/12														
120	120	120	118	112	Intake (As required in Dry Season)	150 days	Tue 4/10/11	Thu 1/3/12	116FS-30 days,113,119	123												
121	121	121	119	113	Modification of Existing Outlet Structure of Wai Ha River	150 days	Tue 4/10/11	Thu 1/3/12	116FS-30 days	122FF												
122	122	122	120	114	Installation of 4 nos of Mechanical Penstocks	30 days	Wed 1/2/12	Thu 1/3/12	121FF	123												
123	123	123	121	121	E & M Works	120 days	Fri 2/3/12	Fri 29/6/12	122,120	124												

Appendix K. Graphical plots of trends of monitored parameter

Graphical plots of pH values W1&W2

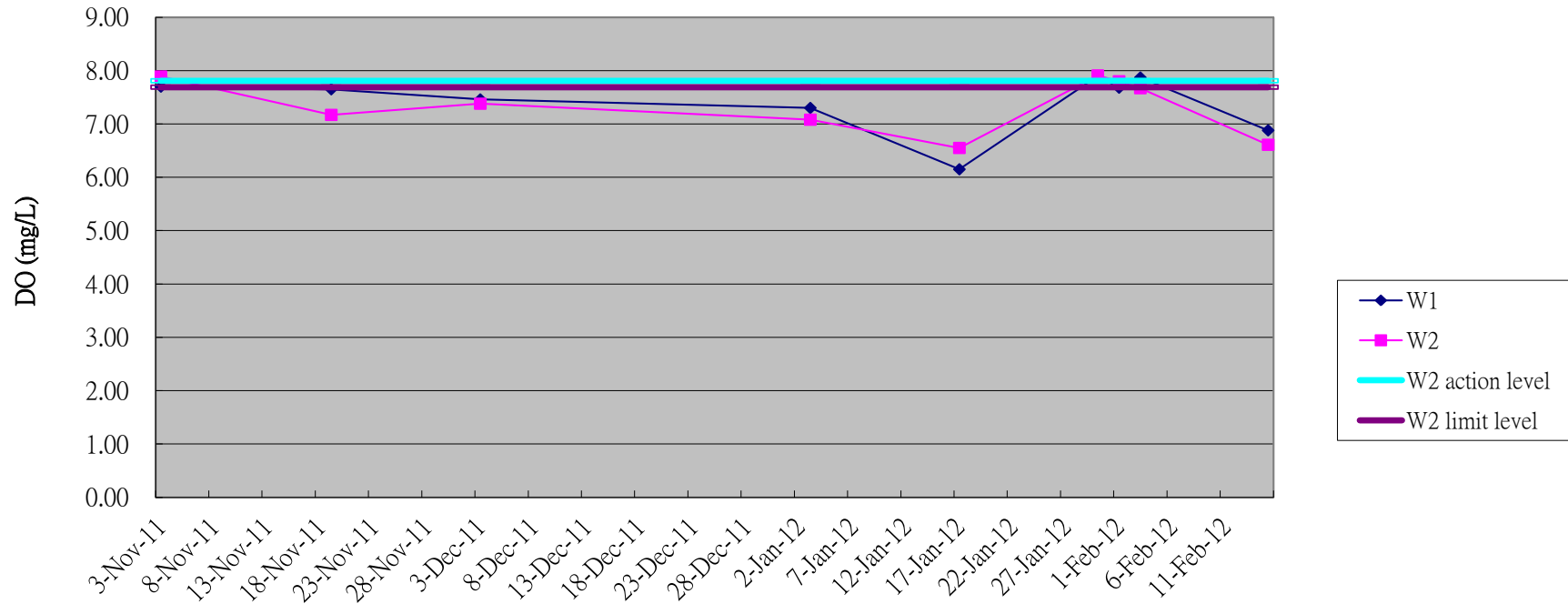


Graphical plots of DO (ebb tide) for W1&W2



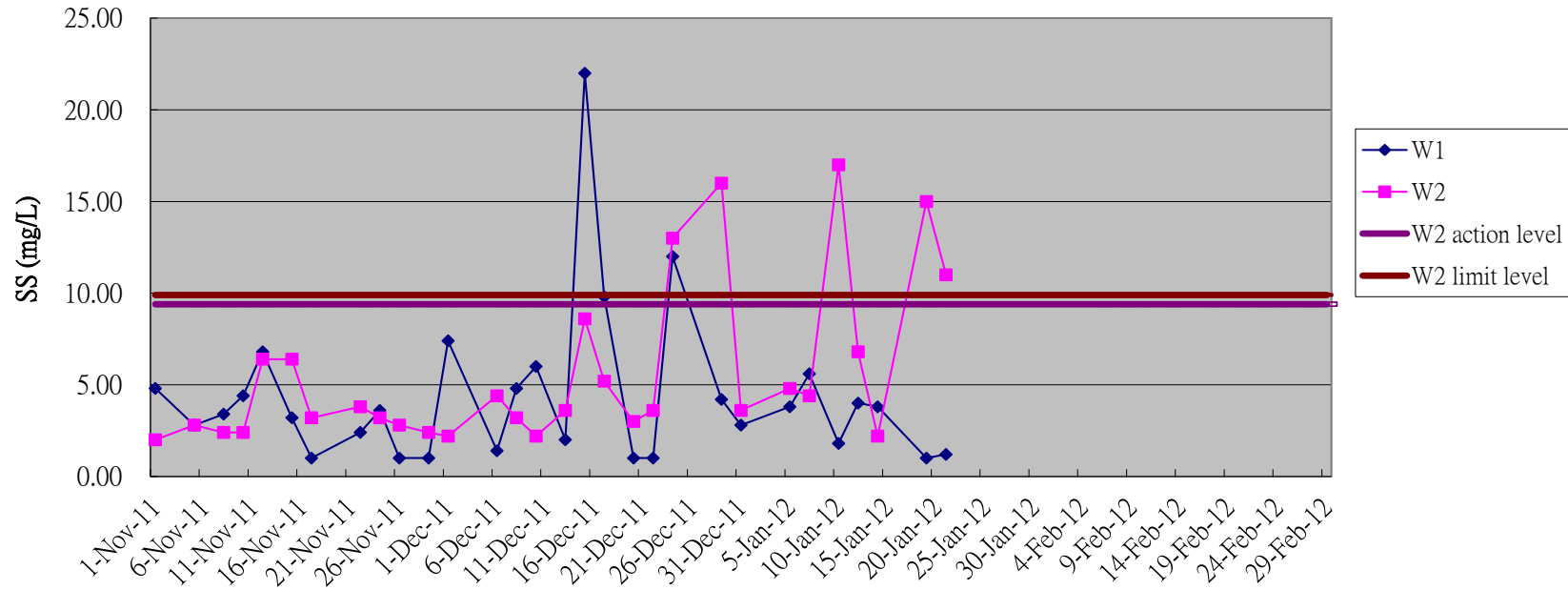
Remarks: Action level: 5 percentile of baceline data
Limit level: 1 percentile of baceline data

Graphical plot of DO (flood tide) of W1&W2



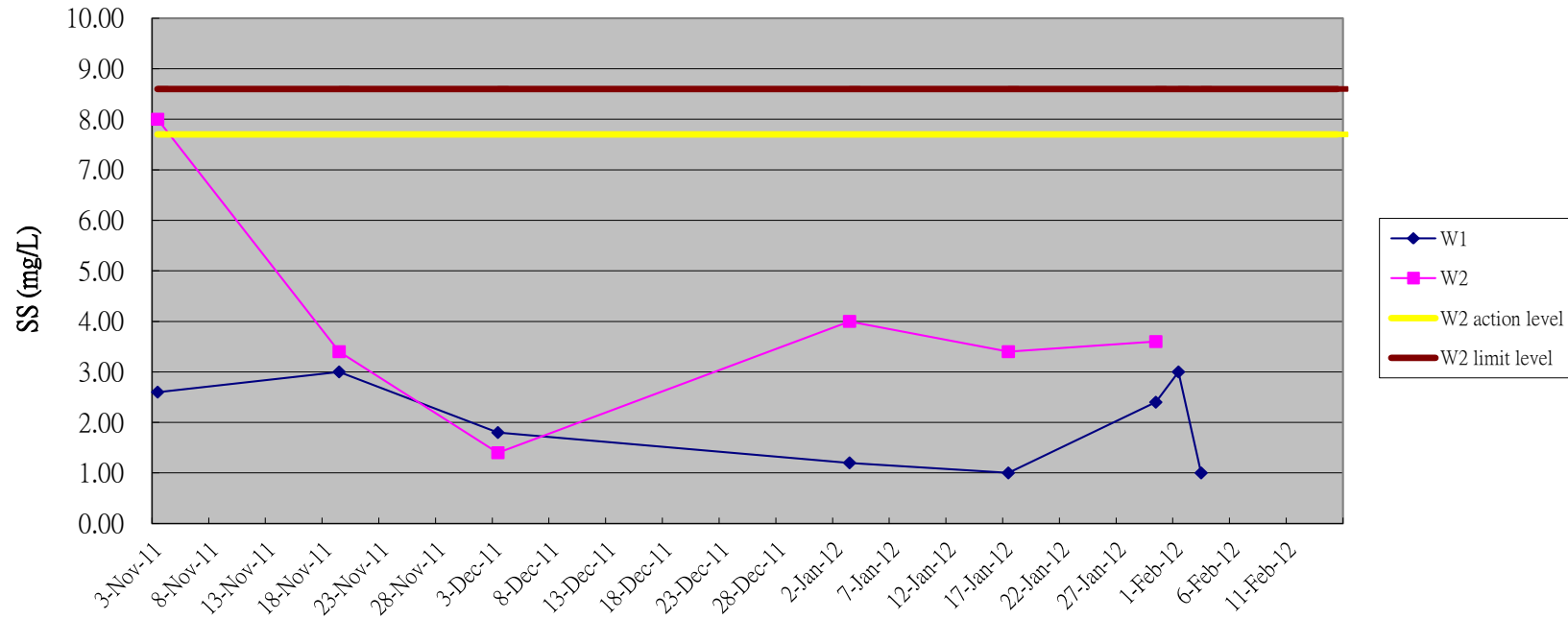
Remarks: Action level: 5 percentile of baceline data
Limit level: 1 percentile of baceline data

Graphical plots of SS (ebb tide) for W1&W2



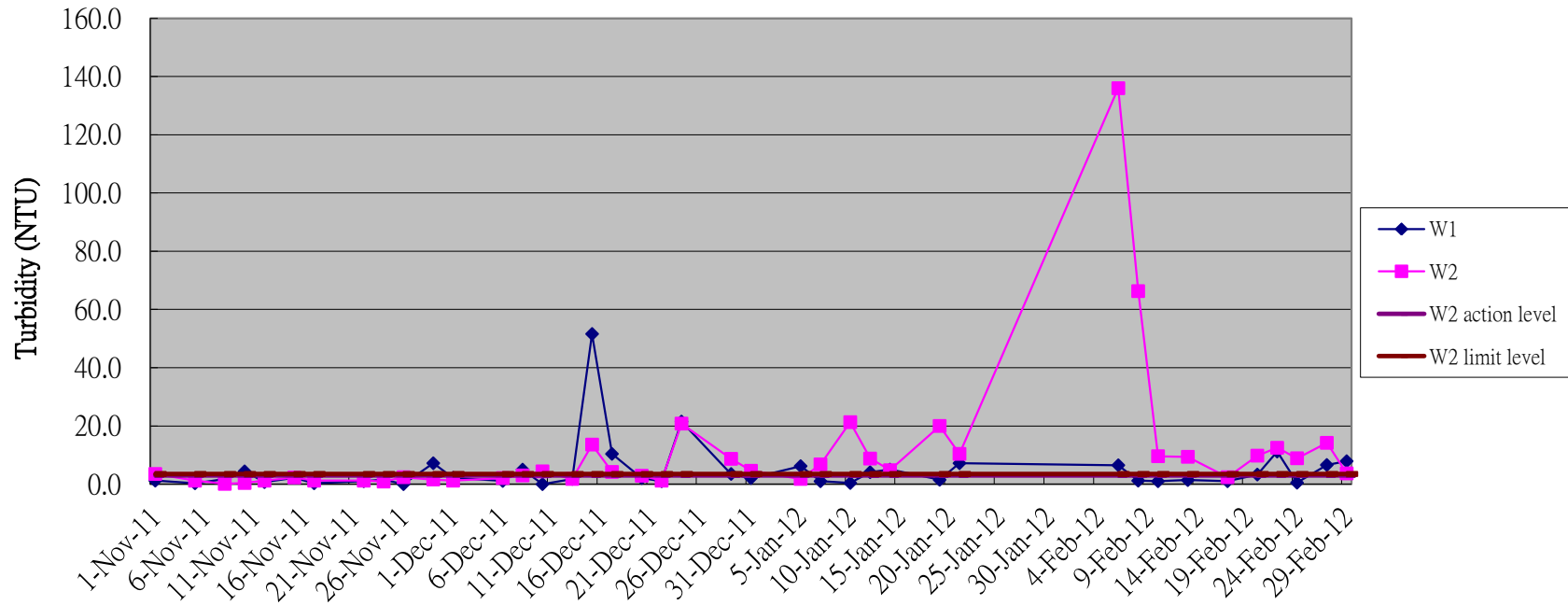
Remarks: Action limit is 95% of baseline data or 120% of upstream control station's SS
 Limit level is 99% of baseline data or 130% of upstream control station's SS

Graphical plots of SS (flood tide) for W1&W2



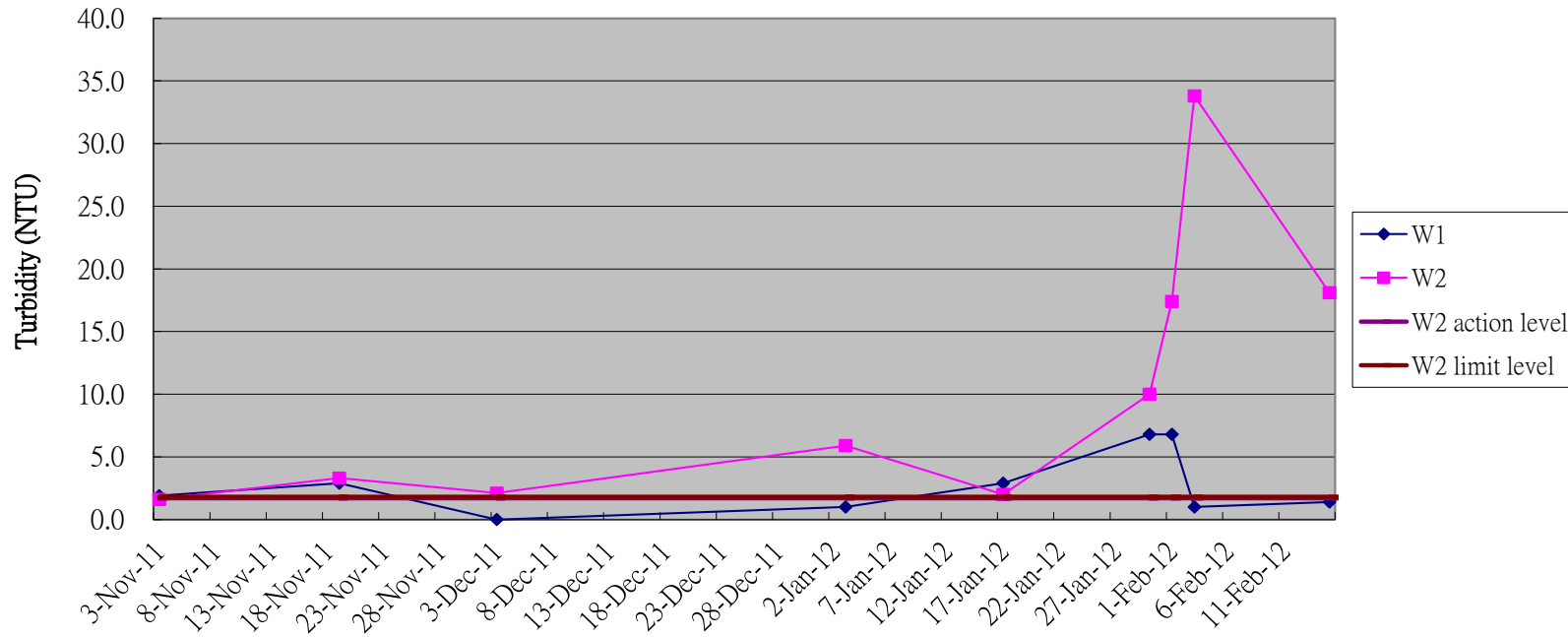
Remarks: Action limit is 95% of baseline data or 120% of upstream control station's SS
Limit level is 99% of baseline data or 130% of upstream control station's SS

Graphical plots of Turbidity (ebb tide) for W1&W2



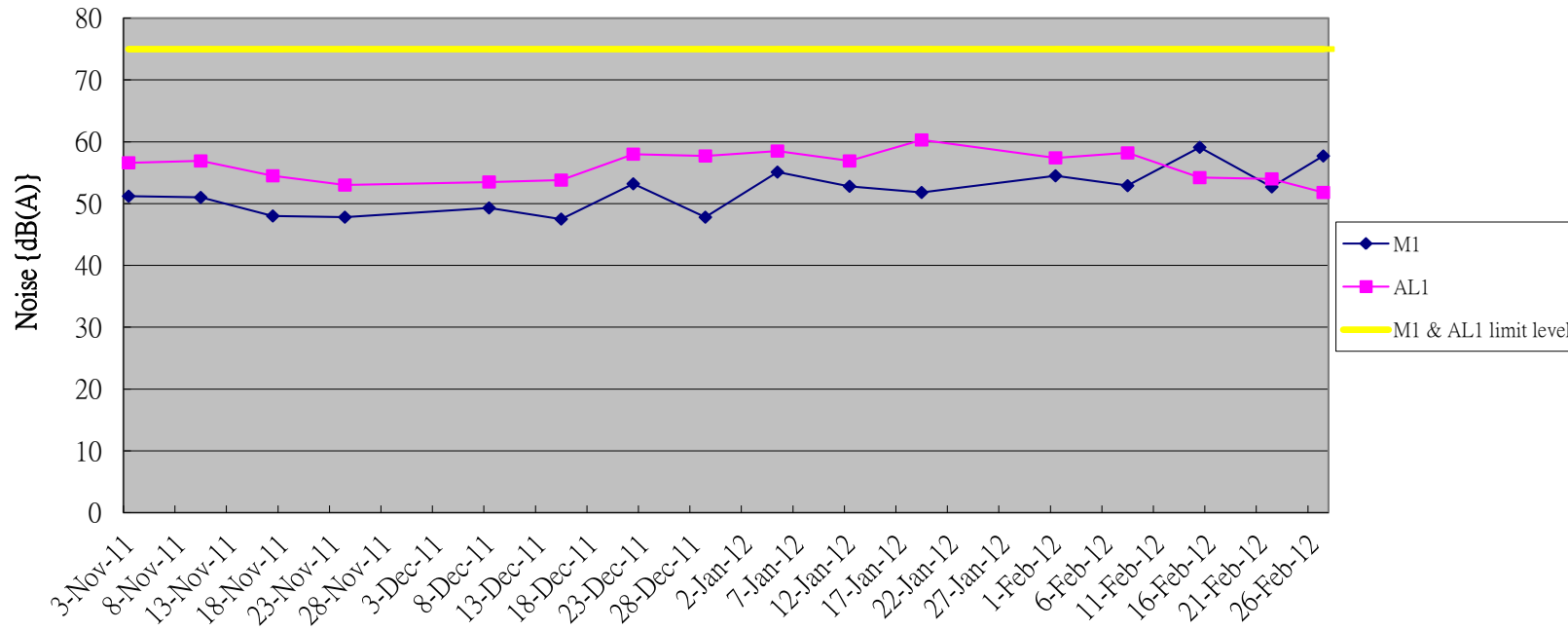
Remarks: Action limit is 95% of baseline data or 120% of upstream control station's Turbidity
 Limit level is 99% of baseline data or 130% of upstream control station's Turbidity

Graphical plots of Turbidity (flood tide) for W1&W2



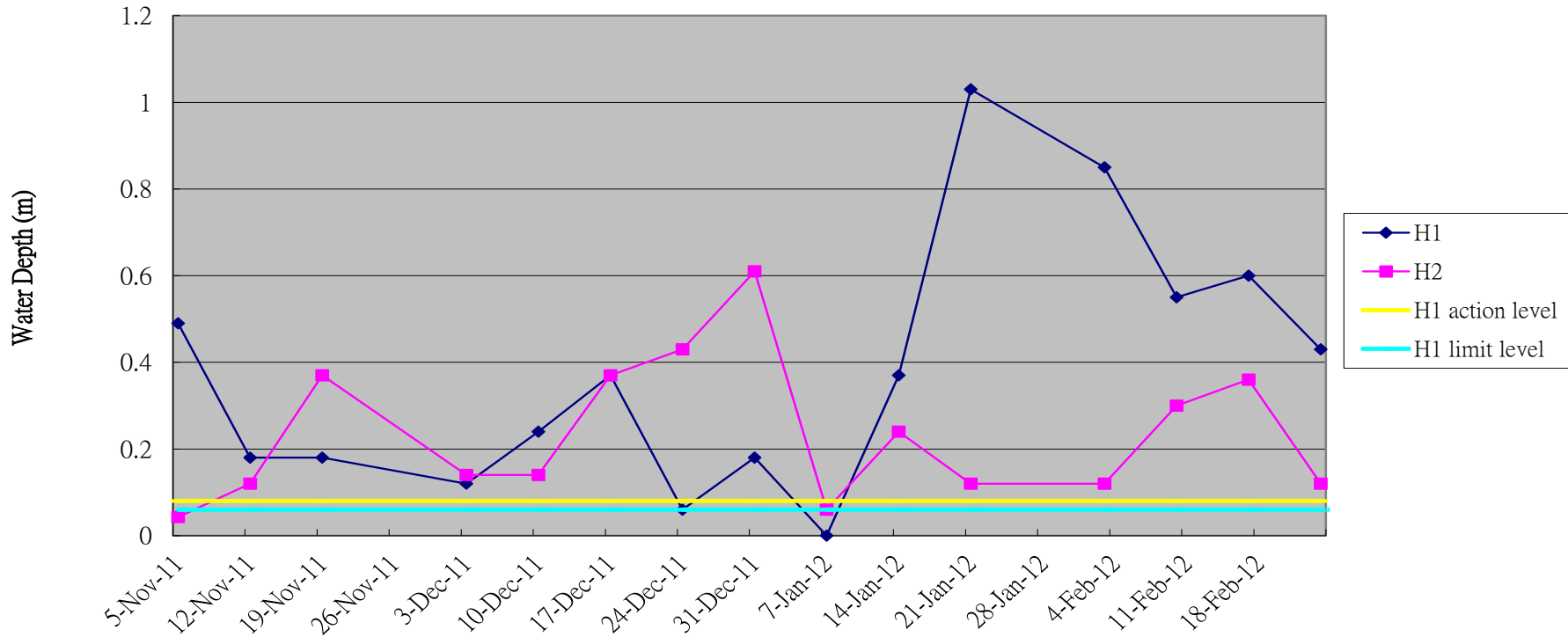
Remarks: Action limit is 95% of baseline data or 120% of upstream control station's Turbidity
 Limit level is 99% of baseline data or 130% of upstream control station's Turbidity

Graphical plots of Noise for M1 & AL1



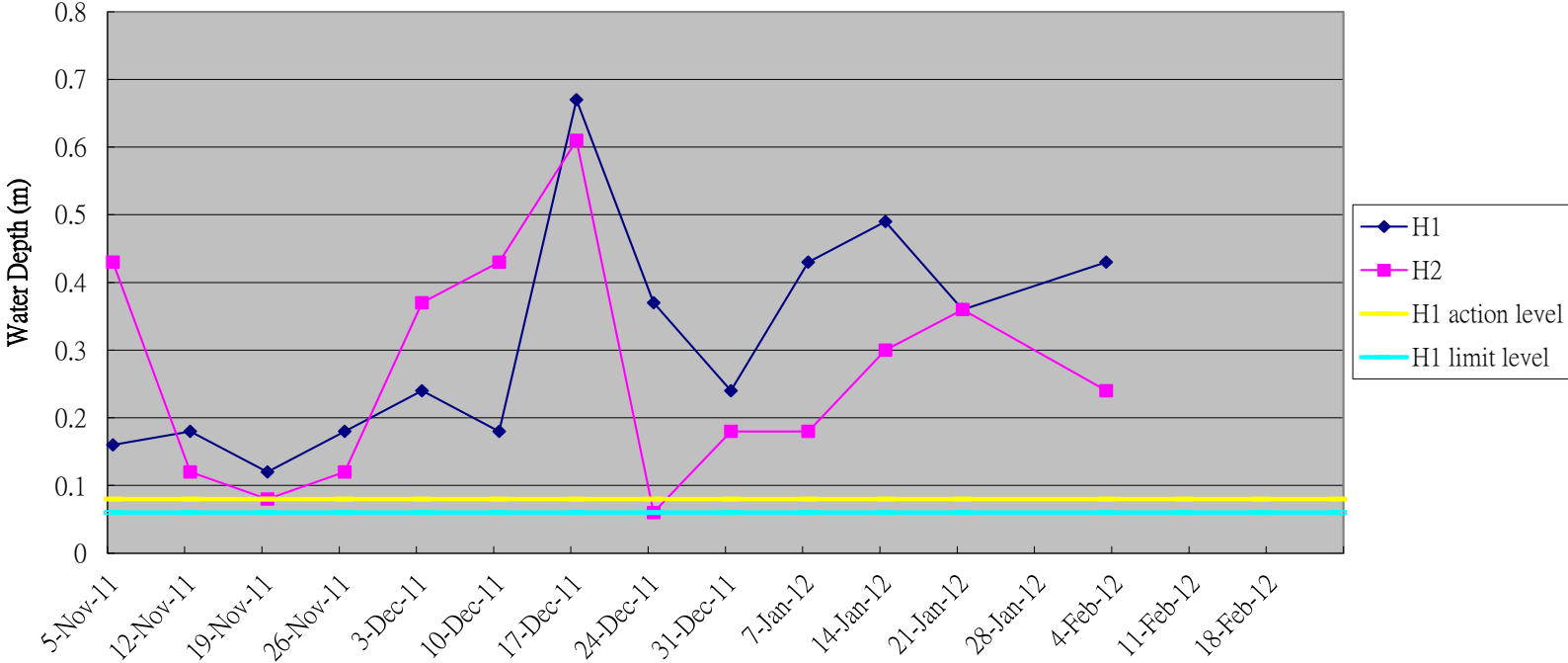
Remarks: Action limit is when one documented complaint is received

Graphical plots of Hydrological Monitoring(water depth at flood tide) for H1 & H2



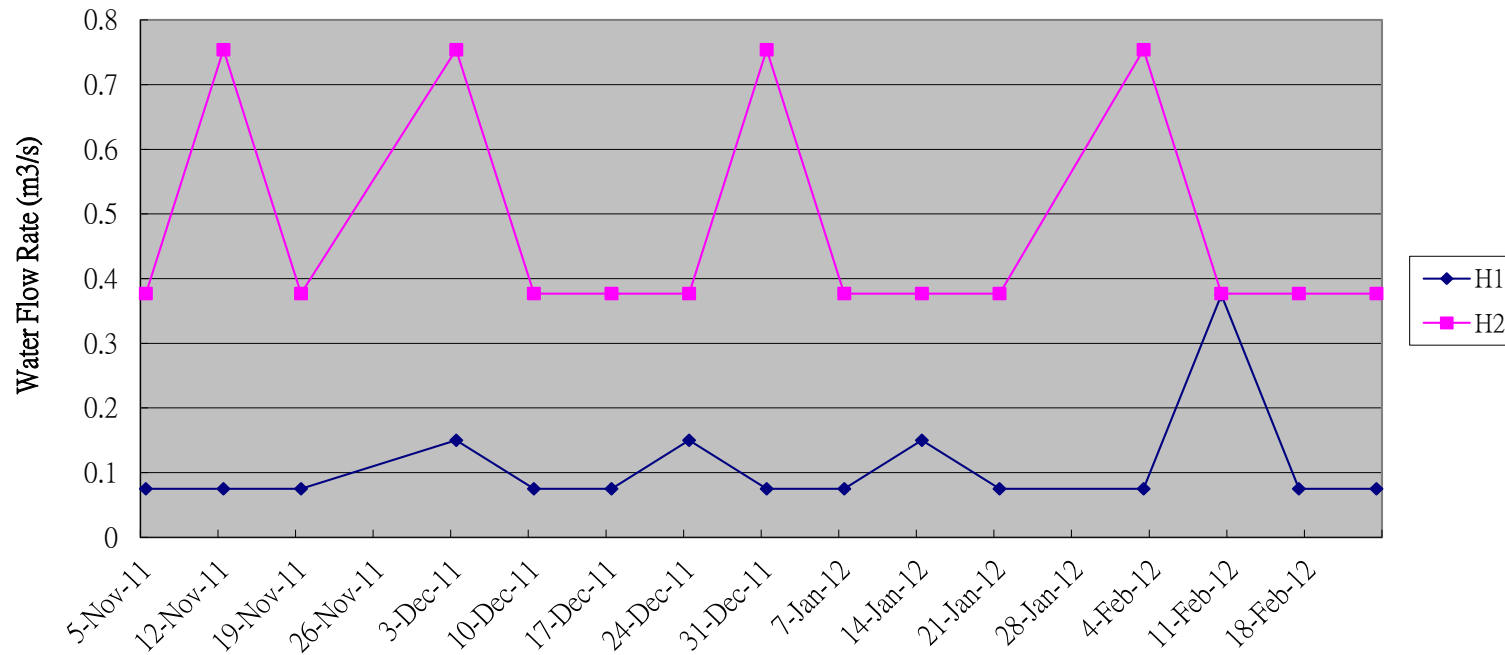
Remarks: Action level: 80% of baseline water depth.
Limit level: 60% of baseline water depth.

Graphical plots of Hydrological Monitoring(water depth at ebb tide) for H1 & H2



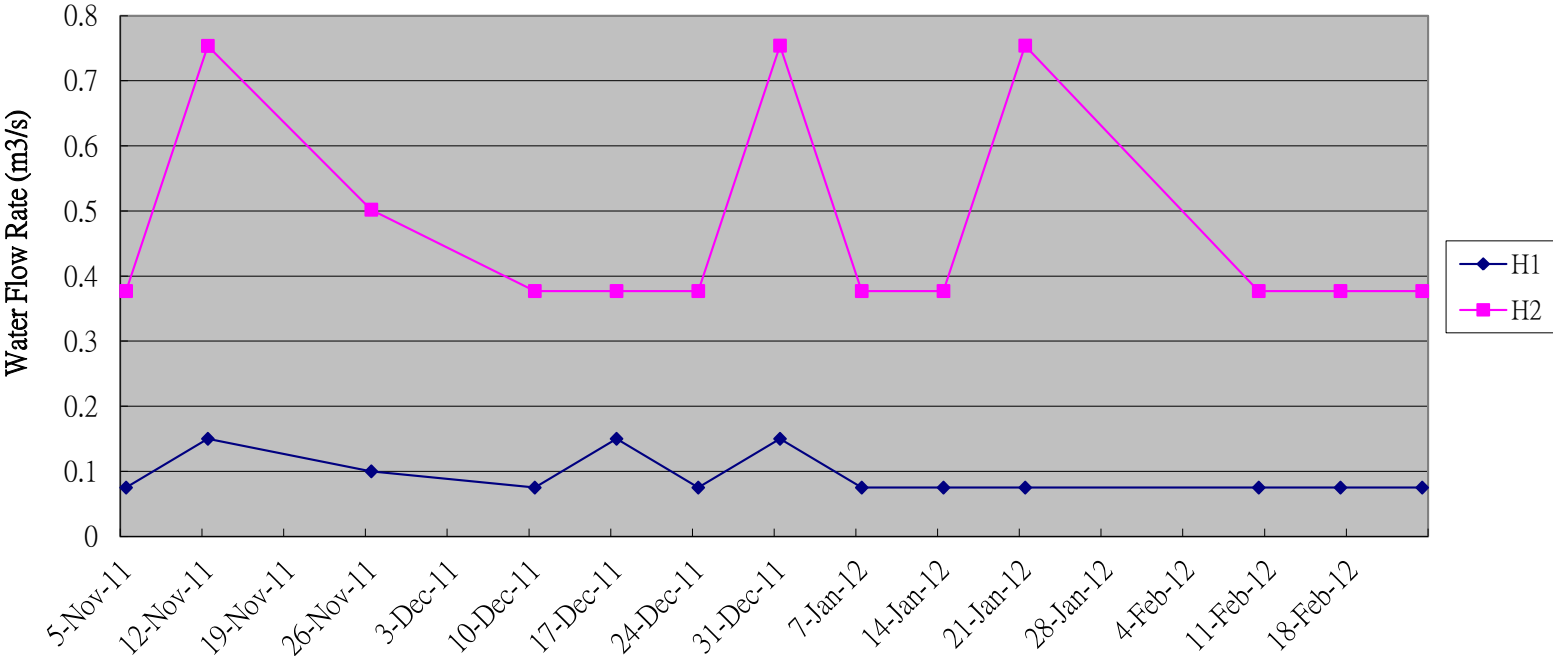
Remarks: Action level: 80% of baseline water depth.
 Limit level: 60% of baseline water depth.

Graphical plots of Hydrological Monitoring(water flow rate at flood tide) for H1 & H2



Remarks: Action level: 120% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement.
Limit level: 140% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement.

Graphical plots of Hydrological Monitoring(water flow rate at ebb tide) for H1 & H2



Remarks: Action level: 120% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement.
Limit level: 140% of control station's water flow rate on the same day of measurement.

Appendix L.

A). List of recorded vegetation and relative abundance in the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) during construction phase in February 2012.

B). List of transplanted trees in the Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) during construction phase in February 2012.

C). Condition of transplanted species *Pavetta hongkongensis* in ECA since 20 th Dec 2011

Appendix L(A). List of recorded vegetations and relative abundance in the ECA during establishment phase in February 2012.

Species	*Status in Hong Kong	Growth form	¹Status in ECA	²Relative abundance	Condition
<i>Bidens bipinnata</i>	E	Herbs	S	+	Fair
<i>Panicum maximum</i>	E	Herbs	S	+	Fair
<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	N	Trees	S	+	Fair
<i>Terminalia catappa</i>	E	Trees	R	+	Fair
<i>Cocculus orbiculatus</i>	N	Climbers	R	+	Fair
<i>Mangifera indica</i>	E	Trees	R	+	Fair
<i>Dimocarpus longan</i>	E	Trees	R	+	Fair
<i>Michelia x alba</i>	E	Trees	R	+	Fair
<i>Oxalis corniculata</i>	N	Herbs	S	+	Fair
<i>Stephania longa</i>	N	Climbers	S	+	Fair
<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	E	Shrubs	S	+	Fair
<i>Amaranthus viridis</i>	N	Herbs	S	+	Fair
<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	N	Herbs	S	+	Fair
<i>Paspalum dialatum</i>	E	Perennial Herb	S	+	Fair
<i>Mikania micrantha</i>	E	Climbing Herb	S	+	Fair
<i>Macaranga tanarius</i>	N	Tree	R	+	Fair
<i>Cassia surattensis</i>	E	Shrub or Small Tree	S	+	Fair
<i>Conyza sumatrensis</i>	E	Herb	S	+	Fair
<i>Sansevieria trifasciata</i> Prain	E	Perennial Herb	S	+	Fair
<i>Alocasia odora</i>	N	Perennial Herb	S	+	Fair
<i>Livistona chinensis</i>	E	Tree Palm	S	+	Fair
<i>c.f. Ulothrix sp.</i>	N	Algae	S	+	Fair
<i>Enteromorpha sp.</i>	N	Algae	S	+	Fair
Total number of species	23				

Key:

¹Status in ECA:

²Relative abundance:

*Status in Hong Kong

E = Exotic

N = Native

R = retained

S = naturally colonized

+ = Present

++ = Common

+++ = Abundant

Appendix L(B). List of trees transplanted from Work Areas of Contract 1 & 2 to ECA during establishment phase in February 2012.

Tree No.	Species Name	*Status in Hong Kong	Growth form	Date of transplantation	Condition	Remarks
T150	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	22/6/2011	Fair	
T151	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	22/6/2011	Fair	
T152	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	22/6/2011	Fair	
T153	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	22/6/2011	Fair	
T154	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T155	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T156	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T157	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T158	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T159	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T160	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T161	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T162	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	E	Tree	14/6/2011	Fair	
T250	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	N	Tree	22/6/2011	Poor	Injured and dried bark
T165	<i>Melaleuca quinquenervia</i>	E	Tree	22/6/2011	Fair	
T168	<i>Melaleuca quinquenervia</i>	E	Tree	Nov 2011	Fair	

Appendix L(C). Condition of transplanted species *Pavetta hongkongensis* in ECA since 20th Dec 2011.

Specimen No.	Species Name	Growth Form	Height (m)	Date of transplantation	Condition	Remarks
PH01	<i>Pavetta hongkongensis</i>	Tree / Shrub	2	20 th Dec 2011	Fair	
PH02	<i>Pavetta hongkongensis</i>	Tree / Shrub	2	20 th Dec 2011	Fair	
PH03	<i>Pavetta hongkongensis</i>	Tree / Shrub	1	20 th Dec 2011	Fair	

Date of weekly monitoring: 4 Jan, 13 Jan, 17 Jan, 28 Jan, 3 Feb, 6 Feb, 15 Feb and 22 Feb, 2012.

Appendix M. Photo of Wai Ha River at February 2012



Photo 1. Wai Ha River at W2



Photo 2. Wai Ha River at W2



Photo3. Wai Ha River at W1



Photo4. Wai Ha River at W1



Photo 5



Photo 6

Photo5 & 6. The barrier was installed to avoid site water release to the river