Drainage Service Department

Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Auditing report for

Contract No.DC/2009/22

Drainage Improvement in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1

September 2013

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TABLE OF CONTENT

EX	ECUT	TIVE SUMMARY	V
1	Intr	oduction	1
2	Con	struction Stage	2
	2.1	Construction activities in the reporting period	2
	2.2	Construction activities for the coming month	2
	2.3	Environmental Status	3
3	Nois	se Monitoring	4
	3.1	Monitoring Parameters and Methodology	4
	3.2	Monitoring Equipment	4
	3.3	Monitoring Locations	5
	3.4	Monitoring Results and Interpretation	7
	3.5	Action and Limit level for Construction Noise	7
	3.6	Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period	8
4	Wat	er Monitoring	10
	4.1	Water Quality Monitoring Parameters and Methodology	10
	4.2	Monitoring Equipment	10
	4.3	Monitoring Locations	11
	4.4	Monitoring Frequency	14
	4.5	Monitoring Results and Interpretation	14
	4.6	Action and limit level for Water Quality	15
	4.7	Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period	21
5	Hyd	Irological Characteristics Monitoring	22
	5.1	Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Parameters	and
	Met	hodology	22
	5.2	Monitoring Equipment	
	5.3	Monitoring Locations	22
	5.4	Monitoring Frequency	24
	5.5	Monitoring Results and Interpretation	24
	5.6	Action and limit level for Hydrological Characteristics	24
	5.7	Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period	28
6	Eco	logical Monitoring of ECA	29
	6.1	Ecological Monitoring of ECA	29
	6.2	Monitoring Results	29
7	Lan	dscape and Visual	31
	7.1	Introduction	31
	7.2	Scope of Monitoring	31

	7.3 Landscape and Visual Monitoring Results	33						
	7.4 Audit Schedule	45						
8	Action taken in Event of Exceedance	46						
9	Construction waste disposal47							
10	Status of Permits and Licenses obtained49							
11	Compliant Log	50						
12	Site Environmental Audits	51						
	12.1 Site Inspection	51						
	12.2 Compliance with legal and Contractual requirement	52						
	12.3 Implementation status and effectiveness of the mitigation	n measures						
	52							
13	Future Key issues and recommendations	53						
14	Conclusions	54						
	T OF APPENDIXES							
	pendix A: Site Location							
	pendix B: Key Personal Contact information chart							
App	pendix C: Calibration Certificates for measuring instruments							
App	pendix D: Construction Noise Monitoring Data							
App	pendix E: Water Quality Monitoring Data							
App	pendix F: Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Data							
	pendix G: Landscape and Visual Monitoring Photos							
App	pendix H: Implementation status of environmental protection and	mitigation						
	asures							
App	pendix I: Construction programme							
App	pendix J: Three month rolling programme							
	pendix K: Graphical plots of trends of monitored parameters							
App	pendix L: Ecological monitoring report							
App	pendix M: Photo of Wai Ha River in September 2013							

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This is the thirty first monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report for the drainage improvement works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po under Drainage Services Department Contract No. DC/2009/22 entitled "Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1". This report concludes the impact monitoring for the activities undertaken during the period from 1st September 2013 to 30th September 2013. The major site activities in this reporting period were mainly installation of minor E&M equipment, E&M testing, construction of green roof, construction of road & drain in pumping station, construction of boundary wall and installation of cladding, backfilling and reinstatement and remove sheetpiles.

The Environmental Team (ET) is responsible for the EM&A works required in the EM&A manual (revision 3). Site inspections were carried out on weekly basis to investigate and audit the equipment and work methodologies with respect to pollution control and environmental mitigation. The weekly inspections records and photos taken were kept.

In general, waste management was satisfactory during the reporting period.

Impact monitoring for construction noise was conducted in the reporting period. No exceedance of A/L level was reported.

Furthermore, impact monitoring for water quality was conducted. Total 6 abnormal incidents of water quality criteria were recorded in this reporting month. During the reporting period, construction of intake structure was conducted near the Wai Ha River. Proper mitigation measures were implemented by contractor to avoid site water releasing to the Wai Ha river and no particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination. The exceedances of Turbidity and SS were believed to be mainly attributed by adverse weather and natural fluctuation. And, since the recorded levels of Turbidity and SS at control station had also exceeded its baseline action or limit level, the exceedances recorded at W2 were unlikely to be related to the Project.

No exceedance of A/L level was reported for the monitoring of hydrological characteristics in the reporting period.

The ECA was handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012. And, the monitoring for Pavetta hongkongensis was completed.

Visual and landscape monitoring has been conducted for the project. Details of the observations are referred to sections 7.

There was no complaint, notification of any summons and successful prosecutions against the project received during the reporting period.

Site works proposed to be carried out in the upcoming month at Area A & B are refer to section 2.2.

It is expected that noise, air and water quality impacts will be resulted from the works. ET has reminded the contractor to provide environmental pollution control measures wherever necessary and to keep a good environmental management at site practice. The recommended mitigation measures proposed for the project as well as implementation status are refer to section 12.3.

The ET will continue to implement the environmental monitoring & audit programme in accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3) and Environmental Permit requirement.

1 Introduction

This is the thirty first monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report for the drainage improvement works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po under Drainage Services Department Contract No. DC/2009/22 entitled "Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1". The site layout plan is shown in **Appendix A**. The Environmental Team, Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited was appointed by Kwan Lee – Kuly Joint Venture to prepare the report. The report is to be submitted to the Contractor, the Engineer and the IEC.

This report presents the results of the environmental monitoring of the project activities conducted within the reporting period from 1st September 2013 to 30th September 2013. This report included the noise monitoring, water quality monitoring, hydrological characteristics monitoring, visual and landscape monitoring, and regular site inspections once per week for verification of implementation of the mitigation measures as recommended in the Environmental Permit (EP-303/2008) (EP), EM&A Manual (revision 3) and the Contractor's Environmental Management Plan (EMP).

2 Construction Stage

2.1 Construction activities in the reporting period

Major activities in the reporting period included the followings:

Area A.:

- Installation of E&M equipment
- E&M Testing
- Construction of Green Roof
- Construction of Road & Drain in Pumping Station
- Construction of Boundary Wall
- Installation of Cladding

Area B.:

- Backfilling and reinstatement
- Remove sheetpiles

2.2 Construction activities for the coming month

Proposed key construction works in the coming months will include:

Area A (Pumping Station)

- 1. Green Roof of Pumping Station
- 2. Construction of Boundary Wall & Fencing
- 3. Road in Pumping Station
- 4. Installation of minor E&M equipment
- 5. Planting and landscape soft work
- 6. Installation of Cladding
- 7. Rectification works at Ting Kok Road
- 8. Remaining works at intake structure

Area B (Tung Tsz Nursery)

1. Reinstatement

2.3 Environmental Status

Appendix A shows the drawing of the project area.

Locations of the monitoring and control stations with environmental sensitive receivers are presented in Section 3.3, 4.3, and 5.3 for noise, water quality, and hydrological characteristics respectively.

3 Noise Monitoring

3.1 Monitoring Parameters and Methodology

The construction noise level was measured in terms of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L_{eq}). $L_{eq~(30 minutes)}$ was used as the monitoring parameter for the impact monitoring in the time period between 0700 to 1900 hours on normal weekdays. For all other time period, $L_{eq~(5 minutes)}$ was employed for comparison with the Noise Control Ordinance (NCO) criteria.

Noise measurement results obtained from each monitoring location were recorded in the Construction Noise Monitoring Data Sheet (**Appendix D**) immediately after the measurement. As supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results L_{10} and L_{90} were also be recorded for reference.

In case of non-compliance with the construction noise criteria, more frequent monitoring, as specified in the Action plan in Table 3.5.2, shall be carried out. This additional monitoring shall be carried out until the recorded noise levels are rectified or proved to be irrelevant to the construction activities.

3.2 Monitoring Equipment

The sound level meters and calibrators comply with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651:1979 (Type 1) and 804:1985 (Type 1) specifications as referred to in the Technical Memorandum (TM) to the Noise Control Ordinance was deployed as monitoring equipment for noise measurement.

Noise measurement was not be made in the presence of fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5ms⁻¹ or wind with gust exceeding 10ms⁻¹. Thus wind speed was checked by the portable wind speed indicator capable of measuring the wind speed in m/s. Table 3.2.1 summarizes the equipment list for noise monitoring

Table 3.2.1 Equipment List for Noise Monitoring

Equipment	Manufacturer & Model No.	Precision Grade	Qty
Integrated sound	Svantek 955	IEC 61672 Type 1	1
level meter		IEC 1260 Type 1	
Windscreen	Microtech gefell model W2	N/A	1
Acoustical	Svantek SV30A	IEC 942 Type 1	1
calibrator			
Wind speed	Kestrel K1000	N/A	1
indicator			

Remarks: Calibration details of the sound level meter is given in **Appendix C** for reference

3.3 Monitoring Locations

According to the Environmental Monitoring and Audit manual, impact noise monitoring for contract 1 was undertaken at two locations during the construction phase of the project. The proposed monitoring locations are summarized in Table 3.3.1. Figure 3.3.1 shows the Noise Monitoring Locations.

Noise measurement at each monitoring location was taken at a point 1m from the exterior of the selected premises and at a height of 1.2m above ground with no disturbance to the dweller and least obstructed view.

Table 3.3.1 Noise Monitoring Locations during Construction Phase

Noise Station	Monitoring	Location
M1		14, Shuen Wan Chim Uk
AT 1		Joint Village Office for Villages in Shuen Wan,
AL1		Tai Po

In accordance with the requirements in the EM&A manual (revision 3), weekly impact monitoring was conducted. For the time period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays, and noise parameter of $L_{eq~(30minutes)}$ was measured. As if the construction works were carried out during restricted period (i.e. 1900-2300, 2300-0700 of next day and Sundays / general holiday), impact monitoring that comprises 3 consecutive $L_{eq~(5minutes)}$ would be carried out.

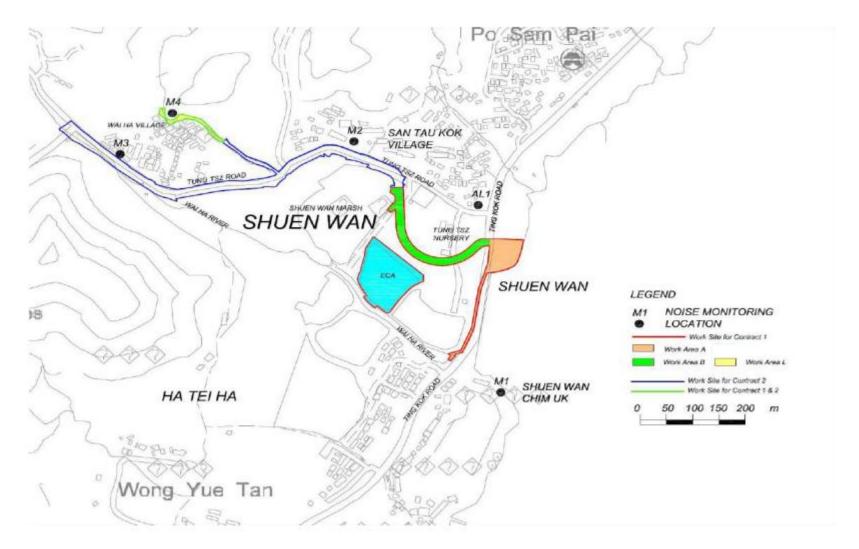


Figure 3.3.1 Impact noise monitoring locations

3.4 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Relevant details of the noise monitoring results are presented in Table 3.4.1. The results of M1 ranged between 64.3dB (A) and 66.8dB (A), and AL1 ranged between 66.1dB (A) and 69.1dB (A), were within the limit levels and therefore, no exceedance was found.

	Table 3.4.1 Noise Monitoring Results for the reporting period						
Location	Parameter	Date*	Time	L _{Aeq} dB(A)	Limit dB(A)	Exceedance	Weather
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	4-Sep-13	13:15	66.5	75	N	Sunny
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	11-Sep-13	11:00	63.5	75	N	Cloudy
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	18-Sep-13	12:40	61.5	75	N	Cloudy
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	25-Sep-13	11:25	60.9	75	N	Sunny
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	4-Sep-13	13:55	64.5	75	N	Sunny
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	11-Sep-13	11:45	70.1	75	N	Cloudy
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	18-Sep-13	13:20	69.9	75	N	Cloudy
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	25-Sep-13	12:10	68.9	75	N	Sunny

Remarks: Raw datasheet for noise monitoring are attached in **Appendix D** for reference.

3.5 Action and Limit level for Construction Noise

The Action and Limit (A/L) levels for construction noise are defined in Table 3.5.1. Should non-compliance of the criteria occur, action in accordance with the Action Plan in Table 3.5.2 should be carried out.

There was no exceedance recorded in the reporting period.

Table 3.5.1 Action and Limit Levels for Construction noise

Time Period	Action Level	Limit Level		
	When one documented complaint is received	75dB(A)		
Remarks: If works are to be carried out during restricted hours,				
conditions st	pise permit issued by the			
Noise Contro	ol Authority have to be followe	d.		

3.6 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Noise monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, and 30th of October 2013.

Table 3.5.2 Event / Action Plan for Construction Noise

EVENT	ET Leader	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR
Action	1. Notify IEC	1. Review the	1. Confirm	1. Submit
Level	and	analysed	receipt of	noise
	Contractor.	results	notification	mitigation
	2. Carry out	submitted	of	proposals to
	investigation.	by the ET.	f	IEC.
	3. Report the	2. Review the	ailure in	2. Implement
	results of	proposed	writing.	noise
	investigation	remedial	2. Notify	mitigation
	to the IEC,	measures by	Contractor.	proposals.
	ER and	the	3. Require	
	Contractor.	Contractor	Contractor	
	4. Discuss with	and advise	to propose	
	the	the ER	remedial	
	Contractor	accordingly.	measures	
	and formulate	3. Supervise	for the	
	remedial	the	analysed	
	measures.	implementat	noise	
	5. Increase	ion of	problem;	
	monitoring	remedial	4. Check	
	frequency to	measures.	remedial	
	check		measures	

Limit	1. Notify IEC,	1. Discuss	1. Confirm	1. Take
Level	ER, EPD and	amongst	receipt of	immediate
	Contractor.	ER, ET, and	notification	action to
	2. Identify	Contractor	of	avoid
	source.	on the	f	2. Submit
	3. Repeat	potential	ailure in	proposals
	measurement	remedial	writing.	for remedial
	s to confirm	actions.	2. Notify	actions to
	findings.	2. Review	Contractor.	IEC within
	4. Increase	Contractor'	3. Require	3 working
	monitoring	s' remedial	Contrac	days of
	frequency.	actions	tor to	notification.
	5. Carry out	whenever	propose	3. Implement
	analysis	necessary to	remedial	the
	of	assure their	measures	agreed
	Contractor's	effectivenes	for the	proposals.
	working	s and	analysed	4. Resubmit
	procedures to	advis	noise	proposals if
	determine	e the	problem.	problem still
	possible	3. Supervise	4. Check	not under
	mitigation to	the	remedial	control.
	be	implementat	measures	5. Stop the
	implemented.	ion of	properly	relevant
	6. Inform IEC,	remedial	implemente	portion of
	ER and EPD	measures.	d.	works as
	the causes		5. If	determined
	and actions		exceedance	by the
	taken for the			ER until the
	exceedances.			exceedance
	7. Assess			is abated.
	effectiveness			
	of			
	Contractor's			
	remedial			
	actions and			
	keep IEC,			
	EDD and ED			

4 Water Monitoring

4.1 Water Quality Monitoring Parameters and Methodology

Turbidity in Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU), and Dissolved Oxygen (DO) in mg/L, temperature, and pH measurements were in-situ measurements and suspended solids measurements were performed by a HOKLAS accredited laboratory using recommended reference method APHA 2540D.

4.2 Monitoring Equipment

Turbidity, DO, Salinity, pH and temperature was measured by an instrument complied with the following requirements:

The instrument is a portable as well as weatherproof multimeter complete with cable and uses a DC power source. It is capable of measuring:

- A turbidity between 0-800NTU;
- A dissolved Oxygen level in the range of 0-20mg/L and 0-200% saturation;
- A temperature of 0-50°C;
- Salinity in the range of 0-40ppt;
- pH in the range of 0-14.

The measurements were performed by a portable and weatherproof multi-meter, model TOA-DKK WQC-24. The equipment was calibrated and verified by certified laboratory every 3 months to ensure they perform to the same level of accuracy as stated in the manufacturer's specification. Detailed calibration records of the multi-meter were shown in **Appendix C** for reference

Suspended solids were determined by the water samples collected from the monitoring locations for further analysis in accredited HOKLAS laboratory. Water samples were contained by polythene bottles, packed in ice (cooled in 4°C without frozen) and delivered to the laboratory for analysis as soon as possible after collection.

4.3 Monitoring Locations

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), monitoring stations for contract 1 were established at two locations, which are summarized in Table 4.3.1.

Table 4.3.1 – Water Quality Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Location	Coordinates
W1	Between the Shuen Wan Marsh	E:839301
W I	and ECA	N:836386
WO	Between Tolo Harbour and	E:839542
W2	Proposed Penstock	N:836184

As illustrated in Figure 4.3.1, W1 served as the control station while W2 was the monitoring location of water quality.

According to the approved proposal of revision for Action/Limit Level Criteria of Water Quality Monitoring, two reference points (C1 & C2) were added.

Should the water quality parameters monitoring results at the monitoring station W2 exceed the water quality criteria, the water quality monitoring data of two reference points (C1 and C2) will be used as the supplementary information. The monitoring data of C1 should be used for comparison with the monitoring data of W2 that taken at flood tide; and the monitoring data of C2 should be used for comparison with the monitoring data of W2 that taken at ebb tide. The comparison of water quality between W2 and C1 at flood tide and between W2 and C2 at ebb tide is to prove whether influence of water quality is caused by the construction activities. The details of C1 and C2 are referred to the previous submission.

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), measurements shall be taken at 3 water depths, namely, 1m below water surface, mid-depth and 1m above river bed, except where the water depth less than 6m, the mid-depth station may be omitted. Should the water depth be less than 3m, only the mid-depth station will be monitored.

As the depth of water was less than 3m, water samples were collected at mid-depth of each proposed monitoring stations for measurements and sample collection.

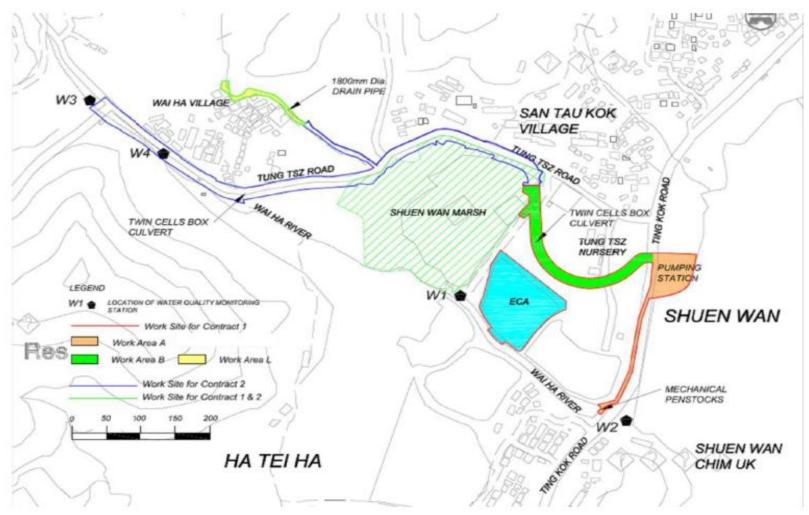


Figure 4.3.1 Water Quality Monitoring Locations

4.4 Monitoring Frequency

Impact water quality monitoring for each monitoring station were performed at mid-flood or mid-ebb tides for 3 days per week during the course of the construction river works.

Monitoring were carried out on 2nd, 4th, 6th, 9th, 11th, 13th, 16th, 18th, 23rd, 25th, 27th and 30th of September 2013.

4.5 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Water quality monitoring was carried out twelve times in this reporting month. Detailed on-site measurements are shown in **Appendix E**. Table 4.5.1 presents consolidated results throughout the reporting month.

There were 6 abnormal incidents of water quality limits (Turbidity) were recorded in this reporting month according to the established action and limit levels. ET has arranged site investigations for the abnormal incidents. No construction activities were carried out at the river bed. During the reporting period, construction of intake structure was conducted near Wai Ha River. Proper mitigation measures were implemented by contractor to avoid site water releasing to the Wai Ha river and no particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination. The exceedances of Turbidity and SS were believed to be mainly attributed by adverse weather and natural fluctuation, since the recorded levels of Turbidity and SS at control station had also exceeded its baseline action or limit level, the exceedances recorded at W2 were unlikely to be related to the Project.

The water condition of Wai Ha River is presented in photo attached in **Appendix M.**

Table 4.5.1 Summary of Water Quality Monitoring Results of this reporting month

	Average of N	Average of Monitoring Results						
	Temperature	Turbidity	рН	Dissolved Oxygen	Dissolved Oxygen	Suspended Solids		
	(°C)	(NTU)	ρΠ	(mg/L)	(%)	(mg/L)		
W1	24.8	15.5	7.88	7.58	93.2	18.3		
W2	28.2	3.0	7.9	7.42	77.5	7.5		
C1	29.9	9.0	8.15	8.1	88.0	12.0		
C2	26.2	23.2	8.22	7.14	86.5	31.0		

Table 4.5.2 Interpretations of abnormal incidents recorded in the reporting month

Date	Tide	Parameter	Interpretations	
4/9/2013	Ebb	Turbidity	Exceedance was caused by natural fluctuation	
11/9/2013	Ebb	Turbidity	Exceedance was caused by natural fluctuation	
16/9/2013	Ebb	Turbidity	Exceedance was caused by adverse weather	
10/9/2013	Edd	SS	Exceedance was caused by adverse weather	
19/0/2012	Turbidity			
18/9/2013	Ebb	SS	Exceedance was caused by natural fluctuation	
22/0/2012	Turbidity		Event day on vive anyoned by advisory vive the	
23/9/2013	Ebb	SS	Exceedance was caused by adverse weather	
25/9/2013	Ebb	Turbidity	Exceedance was caused by natural fluctuation	

4.6 Action and limit level for Water Quality

Based on the criteria stipulated in EM&A manual (revision 3) and baseline water quality monitoring data obtained, the A/L levels are shown in Table 4.6.1, Table 4.6.2. The A/L levels for W1 were ignored since W1 functions as the control station for contract 1. If the water quality monitoring results at any impact stations exceeded the criteria, the actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan in Table 4.6.3 should be taken.

Table 4.6.1 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality at All Monitoring Stations

Parameters	Action	Limit	
DO in mg/L	5 percentile of baseline data	4 mg/L	
pН	N/A	6.0 – 9.0	
SS in mg/L	95 percentile of baseline data or 120% of upstream control station's SS	99 percentile of baseline data or 130% of upstream control station's SS	
Turbidity in NTU	95 percentile of baseline data or 120% of upstream control station's Turbidity	99 percentile of baseline data or 130% of upstream control station's Turbidity	

Table 4.6.2 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality at All Monitoring Stations

	Monitor	ing Statio	ons (Flood	l Tide)	Monitoring Stations (Ebb Tide)				
Parameters	W1		W2		W	/ 1	W2		
	Action	Limit	Action	Limit	Action	Limit	Action	Limit	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	
DO (mg/L)	8.07	8.07	7.81	7.69	7.12	7.02	6.77	6.31	
pН	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0	
SS (mg/L)	7.7	8.1	7.7	8.6	10.5	10.9	9.4	9.9	
Turbidity (NTU)	4.9	5.3	1.7	1.8	4.2	4.7	3.0	3.5	

Remarks:

For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limits

For SS and turbidity, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is higher than the limits.

Table 4.6.3 Event and action Plan for Water Quality

Event	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
ACTION LE	VEL			
Action	1. Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1. Discuss	1. Inform
level being	measurement	mitigation	proposed	Engineer and
exceeded	s to confirm	measures	mitigation	confirm in
by one	findings;	with ET,	measures	writing
sampling	2. Identify	Engineer	with IEC,	notification
day	reasons for	and	ET and	of the
	non-complian	Contractor;	Contractor	non-complian
	ce and	2. Review	;	ce;
	source(s) of	proposals on	2. Make	2. Rectify
	impact;	mitigation	agreement	unacceptable
	3. Inform IEC,	measures	on	practice;
	Contractor	submitted	mitigation	3. Check all
	and Engineer;	by	measures	plant and
	4. Check	Contractor	to be	equipment;
	monitoring	and advise	implement	4. Consider
	data, all plant,	the Engineer	ed;	changes in
	equipment	accordingly;	3. Assess	working
	and	3. Assess	effectivene	methods;
	Contractor's	effectivenes	ss of	5. Discuss with
	working	s of	implement	ET, IEC and
	methods;	implemente	ed	Engineer and
	5. Discuss	d mitigation	mitigation	propose
	mitigation	measures.	measures.	mitigation
	measures			measures to
	with IEC,	,		IEC and
	Engineer and	4		Engineer
	Contractor;			within three
	6. Ensure			working
	mitigation			days;
	measures are			6. Implement
	implemented.			agreed
				mitigation
	Repeat			measures.
	measurement on			
	next day of]		

	exceedance.			
Action	1. Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1. Discuss 1	1. Inform
level being	measurement	mitigation	proposed	Engineer and
exceeded	s to confirm	measures	mitigation	confirm in
by more	findings;	with ET,	measures	writing
than two	2. Identify	Engineer	with IEC,	notification
consecutive	reasons for	and	ET and	of the
sampling	non-complian	Contractor;	Contractor	non-complian
days	ce and	2. Review	;	ce;
	source(s) of	proposals on	2. Make	2. Rectify
	impact;	mitigation	agreement	unacceptable
	3. Inform IEC,	measures	on	practice;
	Contractor	submitted	mitigation 3	3. Check all
	and Engineer;	by	measures	plant and
	4. Check	Contractor	to be	equipment;
	monitoring	and advise	implement 4	4. Consider
	data, all plant,	the Engineer	ed;	changes in
	equipment	accordingly;	3. Assess	working
	and	3. Assess	effectivene	methods;
	Contractor's	effectivenes	ss of 5	5. Discuss with
	working	s of	implement	ET, IEC and
	methods;	implemente	ed	Engineer and
	5. Discuss	d mitigation	mitigation	propose
	mitigation	measures.	measures.	mitigation
	measures			measures to
	with IEC,			IEC and
	Engineer and			Engineer
	Contractor;			within three
	6. Ensure			working
	mitigation			days;
	measures are		$ \epsilon $	6. Implement
	implemented.			agreed
	7. Prepare to			mitigation
	increase the			measures.
	monitoring			
	frequency to			
	daily;			

	8. Repeat			
	measurement			
	on next day			
	of exeedance.			
LIMIT LE	EVEL			
Limit level	1. Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1. Discuss	1. Inform
being	measurements	mitigation	proposed	Engineer and
exceeded	to confirm	measures	mitigation	confirm in
by one	findings;	with ET,	measures	writing
sampling	2. Identify reasons	Engineer	with IEC,	notification
day	for	and	ET and	of the
	non-complianc	Contractor;	Contractor	non-complian
	e and source(s)	2. Review	;	ce;
	of impact;	proposals on	2. Request	2. Rectify
	3. Inform EPD,	mitigation	Contractor	unacceptable
	IEC,	measures	to	practice;
	Contractor and	submitted	critically	3. Check all
	Engineer;	by	review the	plant and
	4. Check	Contractor	working	equipment;
	monitoring	and advise	methods;	4. Consider
	data, all plant,	the Engineer	3. Make	changes in
	equipment and	accordingly;	agreement	working
	Contractor's	3. Assess	on	methods;
	working	effectivenes	mitigation	5. Discuss with
	methods;	s of	measures	ET, IEC and
	5. Discuss	implemente	to be	Engineer and
	mitigation	d mitigation	implement	propose
	measures with	measures.	ed;	mitigation
	IEC, Engineer		4. Assess	measures to
	and		effectivene	IEC and
	Contractor;		ss of	Engineer
	6. Ensure		implement	
	mitigation		ed	working
	measures are		mitigation	days;
	implemented;		measures.	6. Implement
	7. Increase the			agreed
	monitoring			mitigation

	frequency to			measures.
	daily until no			
	exceedance of			
	Limit level.			
Limit level	1. Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1. Discuss 1	. Inform
being	measurements	mitigation	proposed	Engineer and
exceeded	to confirm	measures	mitigation	confirm in
by more	findings;	with ET,	measures	writing
than two	2. Identify reasons	Engineer	with IEC,	notification
consecutive	for	and	ET and	of the
sampling	non-compliance		Contractor	non-complian
days	and source(s) of	2. Review	;	ce;
	impact;	proposals on	2. Request 2	2. Rectify
	3. Inform EPD,	mitigation	Contractor	unacceptable
	IEC, Contractor	measures	to	practice;
	and Engineer;	submitted	critically 3	B. Check all
	4. Check	by	review the	plant and
	monitoring	Contractor	working	equipment;
	data, all plant,	and advise	methods; 4	. Consider
	equipment and	the Engineer	3. Make	changes in
	Contractor's	accordingly;	agreement	working
	working	3. Assess	on	methods;
	methods;	effectivenes	mitigation 5	5. Discuss with
	5. Discuss	s of	measures	ET, IEC and
	mitigation	implemente	to be	Engineer and
	measures with	d mitigation	implement	propose
	IEC, Engineer	measures.	ed;	mitigation
	and Contractor;		4. Assess	measures to
	6. Ensure		effectivene	IEC and
	mitigation		ss of	Engineer
	measures are		implement	within three
	implemented.		ed	working
	7. Increase the		mitigation	days;
	monitoring		measures; 6	5. Implement
	frequency to		5. Consider	agreed
	daily until no		and if	mitigation
	exceedance of		necessary	measures;

Limit level for	instruct	7. A	As d	irected
two consecutive	Contractor	t	y	the
days.	to slow	F	Engine	er,
	down or to	S	low do	own or
	stop all or	S	top a	all or
	part of the	ŗ	art c	of the
	constructio	c	onstru	ction
	n activities	a	ctiviti	es
	until no	υ	ıntil	no
	exceedanc	e	xceed	ance
	e of Limit	C	of	Limit
	Level.	1	evel.	

4.7 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Water quality monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 2^{nd} , 4^{th} , 7^{th} , 9^{th} , 11^{th} , 16^{th} , 18^{th} , 21^{st} , 23^{rd} , 25^{th} , 28^{th} and 30^{th} of October 2013.

5 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring

5.1 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Parameters and Methodology

Impact monitoring of hydrological characteristics was undertaken to establish hydrological characteristics of sections of Wai Ha River adjacent to Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po.

The hydrological characteristics of sections of Wai Ha River were measured by water flow rate and depth.

5.2 Monitoring Equipment

Monitoring performed by a portable echo-sounder, model Greyline Stingray. The equipment was calibrated and verified by certified laboratory or manufacturer every year to ensure they perform to the same level of accuracy as stated in the manufacturer's specification.

Calibration Certificate of the multi-meter is given in **Appendix C**.

5.3 Monitoring Locations

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), monitoring stations for contract 1 were established at two locations and summarized in Table 5.3.1.

Table 5.3.1 – Water Quality Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Location	Coordinates
H1	Between the Shuen Wan Marsh	E:839301
	and ECA	N:836386
H2	Route to Sam Kung Temple	E:839163
		N:836433

As illustrated in Figure 5.3.1, H2 served as the control station while H1 was the monitoring location of hydrological characteristics.

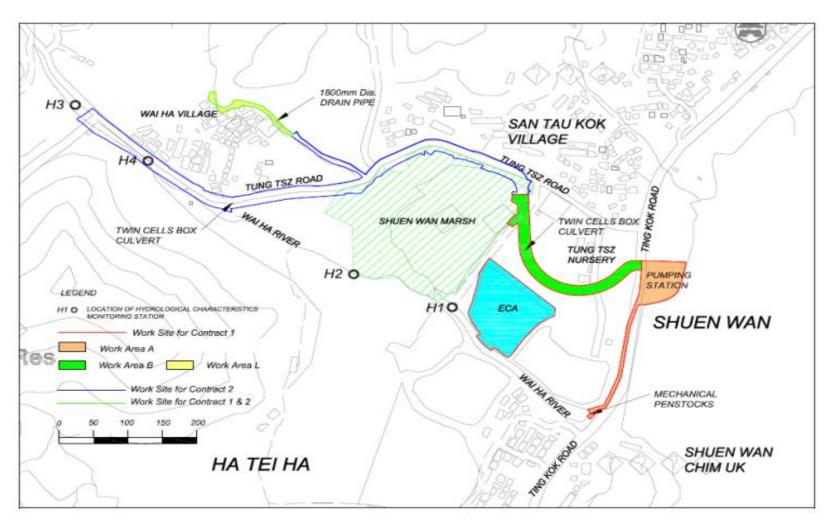


Figure 5.3.1 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Locations

5.4 Monitoring Frequency

Hydrological characteristics monitoring for each monitoring station were performed at mid-flood and mid-ebb tides for once per week during the course of the construction river works.

Monitoring was carried out on 6th, 13th, 18th and 27th of September 2013.

5.5 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Hydrological characteristics monitoring was carried out four times in this reporting period. The monitoring results are summarized in Table 5.5. All results were within the action and limit levels, therefore, no exceedance was found.

Table 5.5 Summary of Water Quality Monitoring Results

	Average of Monitoring	Average of Monitoring Results			
	Water Depth (m)	Water Flow Rate (m ³ /s)			
H1(Flood)	~0.42	~0.094			
H1(Ebb)	~0.20	~0.188			
H2(Flood)	~0.39	~0.659			
H2(Ebb)	~0.26	~0.754			

Details of the monitoring data were presented in **Appendix F**.

5.6 Action and limit level for Hydrological Characteristics

The Action and Limit levels for all monitoring stations are summarized in Table 5.6.1, which would be applied for compliance assessment of hydrological characteristics for this project. If the hydrological characteristics monitoring results at any impact stations exceeded the criteria, the actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan in Table 5.6.2 should be taken.

Table 5.6.1 Action and Limit Levels for Hydrological Characteristics at All Monitoring Stations

Parameters	Action	Limit
Water Depth at	0.08	0.06
Mid-flood (m)	0.08	0.00
Water Depth at	0.08	0.06
Mid-ebb (m)	0.08	0.00
Water Flow	120% of control station's	140% of control station's water
Water Flow Rate (m ³ /s)	water flow rate on the same	flow rate on the same day of
Nate (III /8)	day of measurement	measurement

Table 5.6.2 Event and action Plan for Hydrological Characteristics

Event	ET I	Leader	EC		ER		Cont	ractor
ACTION LE	VEI							
	VEI 1.		1.	Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the Engineer accordingly; Assess effectiveness of implemented mitigation measures.	2.	Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; Make agreement on mitigation measures to be implemente d; Assess effectivene ss of implemente d mitigation measures.	1. 2. 3.	Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-complian ce; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes;
							6.	Implement agreed mitigation measures.
Action level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days	 2. 3. 	Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; Inform IEC,		Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor; Review proposals on mitigation		Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; Make agreement	 2. 	Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-complian ce; Rectify

		Contractor and	measures	on	unacceptable
		Engineer;	submitted by	mitigation	practice;
	4.	Check monitoring	Contractor	measures	3. Check
		data, Contractor's	and advise the	to be	working
		working methods	Engineer	implemente	•
		and any	accordingly;	d;	any
		excavation works		3. Assess	excavation
		or dewatering	effectiveness	effectivene	works or
		processes;	of	ss of	
	5.	Discuss	implemented	implemente	U
		mitigation	mitigation	d	4. Consider
		measures with	measures.	mitigation	changes in
		IEC, Engineer		measures.	working
		and Contractor;			methods and
	6.	Ensure mitigation			plans;
	٠.	measures are			5. Discuss with
		implemented.			ET, IEC and
	7.	Prepare to			Engineer and
	, .	increase the			propose
		monitoring			mitigation
		frequency to			measures to
		daily;			IEC and
	8.	Repeat			Engineer
	0.	measurement on			within three
		next day of			working days;
		exeedance.			6. Implement
		execuance.			agreed
					mitigation
					measures.
LIMIT LI	EVF	EL			measures.
Limit level		Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1. Discuss	1. Inform
being		measurements to	mitigation	proposed	Engineer and
exceeded		confirm findings;	measures with		confirm in
by one	2.	Identify reasons			writing
sampling		for	and	with IEC,	notification of
day		non-compliance	Contractor;	ET and	
day		and source(s) of	,	Contractor;	non-compliance
		impact;	proposals on		:
	3.	Inform AFCD,	mitigation	Contractor	2. Rectify
	٥.	IEC, Contractor	measures	to critically	<u>*</u>
		and Engineer;	submitted by	review the	-
	4.	Check monitoring	Contractor	working	3. Check working
	١.	data, and	and advise the	methods;	methods and
		Contractor's	Engineer	3. Make	any excavation
		working methods	_	agreement	works or
		and any	3. Assess	on	dewatering
		excavation works	effectiveness	mitigation	processes;
		or dewatering	of	measures	4. Consider
		processes;	implemented	to be	
	5.	Discuss	mitigation	implemente	C
	J.	Discuss	mugauon	mpiemente	WOLKING

		mitigation		measures.		d;		methods an	nd
		measures with			4.	Assess		plans;	
		IEC, Engineer				effectivene	5.	Discuss with	th
		and Contractor;				ss of		ET, IEC an	
	6.	Ensure mitigation				implemente		Engineer an	_
	٠.	measures are				d		propose	10
		implemented;				mitigation		mitigation	
	7.	Increase the				measures.		measures to IE	\mathbf{C}
		monitoring						and Engine	er
		frequency to daily						within three	
		until no						working days;	
		exceedance of					6.	. Implement	
		Limit level.						agreed	
								mitigation	
								measures.	
Limit level	1.	Repeat in-situ	1.	Discuss	1.	Discuss	1.	Inform	
being		measurements to		mitigation		proposed		Engineer an	nd
exceeded		confirm findings;		measures with		mitigation		confirm	in
by more	2.	Identify reasons		ET, Engineer		measures		writing	
than two		for		and		with IEC,		notification of	of
consecutive		non-compliance		Contractor;		ET and		the	
sampling		and source(s) of	2.	Review		Contractor;		non-compliance	ce
days		impact;		proposals on	2.	Request		;	
	3.	Inform AFCD,		mitigation		Contractor		Rectify	
		IEC, Contractor		measures		to critically		unacceptable	
		and Engineer;		submitted by		review the		practice;	
	4.	Check monitoring		Contractor		U	3.	Check working	_
		data, and		and advise the		methods;		methods an	
		Contractor's		Engineer	3.	Make		any excavation	
		working methods	2	accordingly;		agreement			or
		and any	3.	Assess		on		dewatering	
		excavation works		effectiveness		mitigation	1	processes;	
		or dewatering		of			4.	Consider	:
	5	processes;		implemented		to be implement		U	in
	٥.	Discuss mitigation measures with		mitigation measures.		ed;		working methods an	ıd
		IEC, Engineer and		measures.	4.	Assess		plans;	Iu
		Contractor;			٦.	effectivene	5	Discuss wit	th
	6.	Ensure mitigation				ss of		ET, IEC an	
	0.	measures are				implement			ıd
		implemented.				ed		propose	14
	7.	Increase the				mitigation		mitigation	
		monitoring				measures;		•	to
		frequency to daily			5.	Consider			ıd
		until no				and if		Engineer with	
		exceedance of				necessary		three working	
		Limit level for two				instruct		days;	
		consecutive days.				Contractor	6.	Implement	
		-				to slow		agreed	
						down or to		mitigation	

	, 11	
	stop all or	measures;
	part of the 7.	As directed by
	constructio	the Engineer,
	n activities	slow down or
	until no	stop all or part
	exceedance	of the
	of Limit	construction
	Level.	activities until
		no exceedance
		of Limit level.

5.7 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Hydrological characteristics monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 4^{th} , 11^{th} , 18^{th} and 25^{th} of October 2013.

6 Ecological Monitoring of ECA

6.1 Ecological Monitoring of ECA

6.1.1 Scope of Monitoring

The ECA was formally handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012. The wire mesh fences and gate at the northwestern part of the ECA were fixed and reinstated by the Main Contractor. No site visit and ecological monitoring by the Wetland Specialist from the Main Contractor and the Ecologist from the IEC respectively were carried out in November 2012. The post-establishment phase monitoring and management of the ECA have commenced and to be undertaken by the AFCD in accordance with the monitoring and management items stipulated in the latest approved EM&A Manual of the Project

6.2 Monitoring Results

According to Table 6.17 of the EM&A Manual, ecological monitoring of the ECA will be carried out by qualified ecologists during the 1-year wetland establishment period of the ECA before handing over to AFCD for their post establishment monitoring. Establishment phase of the ECA began in September 2011, ecological monitoring programme was conducted and monitoring data was presented in respective monthly EM&A reports. Ecological monitoring programme ended in September 2012 and hence there will be no ECA report attached in EM&A reports.

6.2.1 Description of monitoring of transplanted Pavetta hongkongensis in Ecological Compensatory Area

According to the latest Transplantation Proposal, monitoring of the transplanted individual of *Pavetta hongkongensis* will cover a period of 12 months after the transplanting exercise. The monitoring will be conducted once a week in the first 3 months and once in each subsequent month in the remaining monitoring period. Health condition and growth of each transplanted individuals will be assessed and photographic records will be undertaken for each inspection.

6.2.2 Description of transplanted Pavetta hongkongensis and remarks

The monitoring of the transplanted individual of Pavetta hongkongensis has been covered a period of 12 months. Therefore, the monitoring for Pavetta hongkongensis was not carried out in this reporting period.

7 Landscape and Visual

7.1 Introduction

The Landscape and Visual Monitoring of the Project is conducted to fulfill Clauses 5.2 and 5.4 of EP-303/2008 and the monitoring requirements in accordance with Section 7 of the approved updated EM&A Manual (approved by EPD on 31st May 2012) of the Project. A Baseline Review on updating the landscape and visual condition, and the mitigation measures of the Project (including Contracts 1 and 2 of the Project) was undertaken before the commencement of the Project. The review findings were updated in the Baseline Environmental Monitoring Report submitted to the EPD on 14th February 2011.

This monthly monitoring report will detail the scope of landscape and visual monitoring work, monitoring findings and observations, and any recommendations and advice on proper implementation of the landscape mitigation measures in the works areas under Contract 1 of the Project.

7.2 Scope of Monitoring

7.2.1 Monitoring Objectives

Landscape and Visual Monitoring of the Project should be conducted in a bi-weekly basis for checking the design, implementation and maintenance of the landscape and visual mitigation measures throughout the construction phase and in a quarterly basis during operational phase of the Project. Observations of any potential conflicts between the proposed mitigation measures and the project works carried out by the Contractors should be recorded. Recommendation and advice on proper implementation of the landscape mitigation measures should be provided to the Contractor for minimizing any potential impacts on the landscape and visual elements.

7.2.2 Monitoring during Construction Phase

The following landscape and visual mitigation measure should be implemented during

the construction phase of the project to minimize the potential impacts:

- Visual Screen Use of hoardings as visual screens for the construction in the works areas;
- Contaminant/ Sediment Control Use of temporary barriers, covers and drainage provision around the construction works as contaminant/ sediment control to prevent the contaminants and sediments from entering the sensitive water-based habitats;
- Pollution Control Implementation of pollution control measures to minimize any adverse environmental impacts to the surrounding habitats;
- Liaison with Nursery Liaison with the nursery operator as necessary to minimize any adverse impact to the daily operation and plant holding capacity of the nursery;
- Existing Trees within Works Area Maintenance and protection of the existing trees, especially their crowns, trunks and roots, within work sites; and
- Construction Light Provision of construction light should be controlled at night to avoid excessive glare to the surrounding villages and to Plover Cove.

7.2.3 Monitoring during Operational Phase

The following landscape and visual mitigation measure should be implemented during the operational phase of the project to minimize the potential impacts:

- Viewing area formation by planting with shrubs, grasses and benches along the area;
- Architectural design of the pump house will help it fit into the existing suburban, natural to semi-natural surroundings;
- Landscape design of pump house by providing sufficient planting around its boundary fence;
- Enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road with shrubs/ trees of suitable species to help protect the stream and marshes;
- Construction of box culvert should be with at least 1.0m soil depth for enhancement planting;
- Transplanting of existing affected trees to adjacent locations should be carried out:
- Preparation for transplanting is needed to allow sufficient time for root pruning and rootball preparation prior to transplanting; and
- Reinstatement of affected area should be carried out to check that the works areas are properly reinstated.

7.3 Landscape and Visual Monitoring Results

7.3.1 Monitoring Date(s)

This monthly Landscape and Visual Monitoring (September 2013) was conducted to cover only Areas A, B and C of Contract 1 of the Project. The bi-weekly monitoring was conducted on 5th and 19th September 2013.

Area C (i.e. Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA)) was formally handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012 for management and maintenance. No access into the ECA is allowed after the handover.

All photos stated in this section are recorded in **Appendix G**.

The bi-weekly monitoring for Contract 2 was also undertaken on 5th and 19th September 2013. The monitoring findings and recommendation will be submitted in a separate Monthly EM&A Report under Contract DC/2010/02.

7.3.2 Visual Screen

No follow-up action by the Contractor is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2013*.

Observation

Construction hoardings have been erected in Area A along the entire site boundary. Temporary construction hoardings have been erected around Wai Ha River estuary since the building of an automatic mechanical penstock at the area (**Photo 1**). As observed in September 2013, the permanent boundary wall was establishing along the western side of Area A (**Photo 2**), while those along the northern side was also removed. The main entrance of Area A has also been shifted from the southern corner to the northern corner along the western side of the area (**Photo 3**). Since January 2013, the site hoardings along the eastern boundary of Area A have been removed due to the active construction works for the installation of drainage pipe and the associated structure.

A section of temporary hoarding has been erected from northwest to southwest parts (i.e. Phase 1 construction works) of Tung Tsz Nursery in Area B (approximately along the works boundary from Trees U42 to U62). Another section of temporary hoarding has been erected from southwest to eastern parts (i.e. Phase 2 construction works) of the Nursery since May 2012 and connected with Phase I construction works area. An open section with no construction work has been maintained as a major road access inside Tung Tsz Nursery for their daily operations. As observed in September 2013, temporary construction hoardings had been established along the eastern end of Phase 1 with an entrance, while the western end of Phase 2 works area were still aligned with temporary construction barriers (**Photo 4**).

The gate of the adjacent housing area near the previous main entrance of Area C has been reinstated at its original location by the Contractor since November 2012.

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required.

7.3.3 Contaminant/ Sediment Control

No follow-up action by the Contractor is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2013*.

Observation

Area A

Provision of dust control measure (such as wheel washing facilities) has been maintained at the exit point of Area A.

According to the Main Contractor, groundwater or used water from the excavated sites or box culvert were pumped into the silt/sand removal facilities connected with the pollution control system stored in Area B. The filtered water was then drained to the sedimentation tank placed adjacent to the fenced Area C and subsequently discharged into the manhole

adjacent to Area C.

Area B

Dust control measure (such as wheel washing facilities) has been resumed since October 2012. The construction vehicles were washed at the entrance of the access road leading towards the works area at northwestern part of Tung Tsz Nursery. Used water and groundwater from the built box culvert and the construction site within the Nursery were collected and mostly drained directly to the sedimentation tanks placed adjacent to the fenced Area C. The water was further filtered through the silt/sand removal facilities in the tank before discharging into the manhole adjacent to Area C. Since the major excavation and construction works in Area B were almost finished in September 2013, no significant discharge of groundwater or used water from Area B was noted during the inspections in September 2013.

Area C

Area C was formally handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012 for management and maintenance. The pond of the ECA has connected with the Wai Ha River directly. No water resulting from normal wetland maintenance practice was pumped out from the ECA.

Recommendation

The Contractor should regularly check the condition and locations of the drainage pipes and ensure that all used water should be appropriately filtered and discharged to the manholes/other discharge points agreed by the Engineer and EPD.

7.3.4 Pollution Control

All used water for washing vehicular wheel and construction works was filtered and drained to the manholes and drainage points, as following the recommendation stated in *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2013*

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Observation

Area A

Provision of vehicular wheel washing facilities (such as provision of hose for washing the vehicles) was observed at the exit point of Area A to reduce the contamination to the surrounding habitats in Plover Cove. According to the Main Contractor, groundwater or used water from the excavated sites or box culvert were pumped into the silt/sand removal facilitates connected with the pollution control system stored in Area B. The filtered water was then drained to the sedimentation tank placed adjacent to the fenced Area C and subsequently discharged into the manhole adjacent to Area C.

No direct discharge of water into the adjacent Wai Ha River was observed from the works area for building the automatic mechanical penstock at Wai Ha River estuary as only minor civil works were carried out.

Area B

All used water was collected and drained directly to the sedimentation tank placed adjacent to the fenced Area C. This water was further filtered through the silt/sand removal facilities in the tank before discharging into the manhole adjacent to Area C. Since the major excavation and construction works in Area B were almost finished in September 2013, no significant discharge of groundwater or used water from Area B was noted during the inspections in September 2013.

Area C

Area C was formally handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012 for management and maintenance. The pond of the ECA has been connected to Wai Ha River directly as following the scheme design of Habitat Compensatory Plan. No direct discharge of turbid water into the adjacent Wai Ha River was observed through the fence of Tung Tsz Nursery (**Photo 5**).

Recommendation

The Contractor should regularly check the condition and locations of the drainage pipes and ensure that all used water should be appropriately filtered and discharged to the manholes/other discharge points agreed by the Engineer and EPD. This is to avoid any potential contamination to the vegetation in Shuen Wan marsh and other vegetated/marinated areas adjacent to the active works area.

7.3.5 Liaison with Nursery

Active construction works within Tung Tsz Nursery has been extended to the east of the nursery in connection with Ting Kok Road since May 2012. All of these active construction works area were demarcated with construction hoardings.

The transplanted tree Grevillea robusta (U58) was considered to be a dead specimen which has been closely monitored on a bi-weekly basis before.

The works practice and maintenance of trees within the nursery generally follow the recommendation as stated in Monthly EM&A Report for August 2013. Any observed issues related to the liaison with the nursery are highlighted in this section.

Observation

The temporary hoardings have been erected from northwest to southwest parts of Tung Tsz Nursery in Area B since April 2011. Phase 2 construction works have continued and temporary hoardings have been erected since May 2012. The major road access within the Nursery has been maintained to minimize the impact on the nursery's daily operation resulting from the construction works. As mentioned before in Section 3.2.3, temporary construction hoardings had been established along the eastern end of Phase 1 with an entrance, while the western end of Phase 2 works area were still aligned with temporary construction barriers (Photo 4).

Regular monitoring for all transplanted and retained trees within the nursery was conducted on a bi-weekly basis. The transplanted tree Grevillea robusta (U58) was

considered to be a dead specimen as no sign of regenerated leaves was observed along the trunk and the remaining branches (Photo 6). There was still no replacement of the broken bamboo stake, which has been reported in Monthly EM&A Report for July 2013, in September 2013. Given the broken bamboo stake provides no support to the dead tree with a significant wound on the middle tree trunk, there is a potential risk of whole tree failure, with its falling zone covering the assess path used by any visitors/ nursery workers in the Nursery.

As reported in the previous Monthly EM&A Reports, the retained tree U68 (Gmelina arborea) was found fallen after the severe typhoon in July 2012, with its leaning trunk being pruned and removed in August 2012 (as reported in Monthly EM&A Report for August 2012). Regular removal of generated watersprouts has been noted throughout the monitoring period and newly generated watersprouts were still observed in September 2013.

No muddy water was found leaking out through the temporary hoarding into the nursery.

Recommendation

The works area and the construction works should be properly managed and implemented without influencing the daily operation of the nursery (i.e. provide enough access road and works area for the nursery operation).

All transplanted trees should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days during the dry season) by the appointed landscape contractor. Meanwhile, the Contractor should prevent forming waterlogged areas or leakage of used water from the active construction works area into the Nursery. This is to prevent causing any nuisance to the nursery's daily operation.

For Grevillea robusta (U58), the dead specimen should be removed from the site as soon as possible. Prior to the tree removal, any access underneath its tree fall zone should be restricted for the safety concern of the nursery operation.

The appointed landscape contractor and the Contractor should closely monitor the health

conditions of all transplanted/relocated and retained trees throughout the construction period of the Project.

7.3.6 Existing Trees within Works Areas

Maintenance of the existing trees within the works areas generally follows the recommendations as stated in *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2013*, except the observations as highlighted in the following sections.

Observation

Area A

E38 (Melaleuca cajuputi subsp. cumingiana) was found to be relocated by the contractor from the northern corner to the northern part next to the temporary site office in Area A in late August 2013 (Photo 7). As inspected in September 2013, the tree was in very poor health condition with only dry and wilt leaves in its canopy. Due to the poor transplantation skill applied on this tree, the tree bark and cambium layer along the trunk were damaged and the tree bark along the damaged tree trunk appeared very dry and shrunken (Photo 8).

The tree to be transplanted E16 (Bombax ceiba) has been relocated to the southern side of Area A next to the site hoarding since July 2012. The tree was in fair condition in September 2013 (Photo 9).

Two trees (Melaleuca cajuputi subsp. cumingiana) have been found in the northeastern part of Area A since February 2013. New foliage was found regenerated in the canopy of one of them (tree tag named as "T27") as inspected in June 2013. No tree tag was found on another tree and its health condition was fair.

The leaning trunk of E61 (Macaranga tanarius var. tomentosa) has been burlapped and supported by two steel poles since May 2013. Though new leaves have regenerated along the leaning trunk, this tree is still in poor health condition and under physiological stress (Photo 10). Its structural condition is poor.

Damaged tree trunk on E55 (Macaranga tanarius var. tomentosa) was reported in Monthly EM&A Report for April 2013. The wound on the trunk of E55 has been burlapped since May 2013. The upper section of the tree trunk has broken since June 2013. The tree was still in poor condition with most of its foliage as watersprouts only (Photo 11). The tree was located just next to some on-going construction works.

Extensive excavation and site formation works were noted at the eastern part of Area A. The works were carried out next to the retained trees along the eastern side, which the trees were only protected by a few temporary construction barriers established as tree protection zone. Mechanical damage on the tree canopies is possible.

No other significant damages on the crowns, trunks and roots of the remaining trees resulting from the construction machinery were observed during the monitoring in September 2013 in Area A.

Area B

As highlighted in the Section "Liaison with Nursery", the transplanted tree Grevillea robusta (U58) was considered to be a dead specimen as no sign of regenerated leaves was observed along the trunk and the remaining branches (Photo 6). There was still no replacement of the broken bamboo stake.

No recovery signs have been observed on the relocated trees U34, U35 and U37 and they are regarded as dead specimens (Photos 12-14); the dead tree trunks of U34 and U35 have collapsed since August 2013. Temporary storage of construction materials was still observed close to the tree group of U34, U35, U37 and other living trees (e.g. U44) in Area B (Photo 15).

Half of the planter of U47 (Terminalia catappa) was found broken in August 2013, and its roots and planter soil were exposed in the air. As inspected in September 2013, the planter was not yet repaired (Photo 16).

U67 (Cassia fistula) has been retained at its original planter. A sign of suspected termite infestation was observed close to its trunk flare (Photo 17). The tree was still in fair health

and structural condition as observed in September 2013.

U64 (Bauhinia purpurea) has been transplanted to its final receptor site in 2011. The tree appears in generally fair condition, but decayed wood and cracked tree bark have been observed at the western side of the tree trunk in the recent few months (Photos 18-19).

U55 (Pterocarpus indicus) has also been transplanted to its final receptor site in 2011 and pest control was applied on this tree in early 2013 due to the sign of termite infestation. Its health condition has been improved (Photo 20), however, a few long dead branches and twigs were observed. Close monitoring on this tree is still required.

The relocated tree U77 (Terminalia catappa) in Phase 2 of Area B was suspected to be dead as no leaves have been observed in the canopy since its relocation, and loose bark was found along the trunk (Photo 21). U76 and U78 (Terminalia catappa) remained in marginally fair condition with regenerated leaves concentrated and development of watersprouts in the upper canopy. Dieback twigs were still observed in September 2013 and minor tree bark tearing was observed at the trunk flares of these trees (Photos 22-23).

Most of the construction materials piled close to the trunk flare of A43 was removed in July 2013, but surplus soil was still found around the trunk flare (Photo 24).

A temporary shelter was still observed next to the relocated tree U74 (Delonix regia), in which the shelter has been established since April 2013 (Photo 25). No significant damage on the tree trunk and canopy caused by the shelter was observed. No more construction materials were stored close to the trunk flare hole (Photo 26).

For the retained tree A40 (Terminalia catappa) at the entrance of Phase 2 construction areas, the excavated area close to its planter has not yet refilled with soil and some of the tree roots growing underneath the tree planter are still under a risk of being damaged by any future minor civil works (Photo 27). The tree may have a risk of leaning if its underground roots are further damaged.

Many relocated trees in Phases 1 and 2 works area within the Nursery were in fairly poor to fair condition due to the poor transplantation skills and poor site condition (e.g. tree

root zones have been disturbed by used, turbid liquid or grease). Proper tree protection (e.g. guying and temporary TPZ) and removal of surplus soils and construction materials should be implemented to maintain the existing trees.

The remaining trees, including retained and transplanted specimens, within the nursery were maintained generally in fair condition, with no significant damage on tree crowns, trunks and roots observed during the monitoring in September 2013.

Area C

Area C was formally handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012 for management and maintenance. The area was fenced off and no access was allowed.

Recommendations

Area A

Maintenance of proper TPZs with no temporarily stored construction materials, excessive stockpiled soil and waterlogged condition around the tree trunk flares have been the major tree management issues in Areas A and B. The Contractor should continue notifying the on-site workers not to stockpile soil/construction materials or place construction equipment within and close to the TPZs or lower trunk/trunk flare. Any temporarily stored construction materials/ equipment and excessive water around the trunk flares should be removed or drained immediately. The Contractor should remind the operators of the construction machines and on-site workers to be aware of the presence of these relocated and retained trees nearby their works, and prevent the accidental damage on these trees as far as practical. In particular, the Contractor should establish proper tree protection zone around the retained trees at the southern side of Area A in order to minimize the potential mechanical damage from the on-going excavation and site formation works. Meanwhile, the Contractor and sub-contractor should carefully design the civil works. Common civil works, such as excavation and sheet piling works, should be programmed and designed carefully by taking tree buffer zone into consideration. The works should avoid affecting the tree canopy, trunk and underground root zone with regard to tree dripline as far as possible.

The Contractor is advised to check the condition of the orange construction nets in both

Areas A and B, which have been used to demarcate the tree protection zone, and repair the damaged nets as soon as possible.

The Contractor should continue the maintenance of proper tagging system for all trees within and outside the hoarded site in order to facilitate the monitoring of their existing condition. In addition, the Contractor should maintain regular monitoring of the tree protection system and condition of the retained and transplanted trees.

All retained trees or trees to be transplanted should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days) by the landscape contractor or on-site workers. The Contractor should conduct regular inspection on the health condition and protection measures of each existing trees within the Area A. In particular, regular watering should be applied on those relocated trees with regard to their poor health condition. If these trees or other transplanted/ relocated trees are found to be dead specimens in the wet season, the Contractor should replace these specimens.

The recently relocated tree E38 appeared in fairly poor condition after the relocation. Given the tree bark at the middle trunk was heavily damaged during the transplantation, the long-term acceptable physiological condition may not be promised. Close monitoring is regarded as a major maintenance practice for this tree.

Area B

All transplanted trees should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days during the dry season) by the landscape contractor. This is a necessary maintenance practice to improve the survival rates and growth for trees showing poor health condition as a result of the transplantation shock. Regular check of the tree health should be conducted. Proper protective measures such as guying and TPZs are recommended especially for the newly transplanted/ relocated trees. Waterlogged areas (e.g. previously around trunk bases of U76, U77 and U78, and currently around U74) should be avoided and all used water/ temporary storage of construction materials or surplus soil around the tree trunk flares and close to the tree root zones should be drained out or removed immediately. To prevent accidental drainage of used water into the tree root zones of the relocated trees, the Contractor is recommended to establish a proper separation (e.g. sandbags barriers or

wooden plates) between the trees (especially U76, U77 and U78) and the ground of the active construction works. If in such circumstance that there is direct conflict between certain tree parts of the retained, transplanted or relocated tree(s) and the construction works/ machinery, the pruning works should be carried out in accordance with any local, national or international standards related to tree remedial works.

Regular inspection of the tree health of a number of trees (i.e. U55, U64, U67, U74 and A40) should be undertaken to update their health condition and any deterioration of tree defects. The Contractor is advised to check the condition of all bamboo stakes used for staking transplanted trees, and replace any damaged stakes as soon as possible. In particular, the Contractor has to inform the Nursery Operator for the dead transplanted tree U58 and to restrict any access within the tree-falling zone of U58 before any follow-up action to the tree. The landscape contractor appointed by the Contractor should assess the tree stability and consider whether the tree has to be removed immediately. If these trees or other transplanted/ relocated trees are found to be dead specimens in the wet season after the assessment by the arborist of the appointed landscape contractor, the Contractor should replace these specimens.

The Contractor is advised to repair the broken planter of the tree U47 (located in Phase 1 of the works area) as soon as possible.

All tree tags on the trees should be managed properly by the Contractor throughout the construction and establishment phases.

Area C

As Area C was handed over to AFCD for management and maintenance, no further recommendation is given.

7.3.7 Construction Lights

No follow-up action on maintenance of construction light is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2013*.

Observation

No construction light impact to the surrounding villages and to Plover Cove as all construction activities and construction sites are halted at 1800. No construction light at night is provided by the Contractor.

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required.

7.4 Audit Schedule

The next bi-weekly Landscape & Visual Monitoring in October 2013 is scheduled to be conducted in the weeks of 1^{st} , 14^{th} and 28^{th} October 2013.

8 Action taken in Event of Exceedance

If the measurements (Noise, Water, Hydrological Characteristics, and Ecology) exceed the action / limit level, exceedance details will be reported and follow-up actions will be taken by relevant parties involved.

During the reporting month there was no exceedance for noise, hydrological characteristics, and ecological measurements recorded; therefore, no actions were taken.

There were 6 abnormal incidents of water quality limits (Turbidity) were recorded in this reporting month according to the established action and limit levels. ET has arranged site investigations for the abnormal incidents. No construction activities were carried out at the river bed. During the reporting period, construction of intake structure was conducted near Wai Ha River. Proper mitigation measures were implemented by contractor to avoid site water release to the Wai Ha river and no particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination. The exceedances of Turbidity and SS were believed to be mainly attributed by adverse weather and natural fluctuation, since the recorded levels of Turbidity and SS at control station had also exceeded its baseline action or limit level, the exceedances recorded at W2 were unlikely to be related to the Project.

The water condition of Wai Ha River is presented in photo attached in **Appendix M**.

9 Construction waste disposal

It is the contractor's responsibility to ensure that all wastes produced during the construction phase for the drainage improvement works are handled, stored and disposed of in accordance with good waste management practices and EPD's regulation and requirement. Waste materials generated during construction activities, such as construction and demolition (C&D) material, chemical wastes and general refuse, are recommended to be audited at regular intervals to ensure that proper storage, transportation and disposal practices are being implemented.

Table 9.1 is a summary of figures of the construction wastes disposal provided by Contractor.

Table 9.1 Summary of Construction Waste Disposal

	Actual Quantities of Inert C & D Materials Generated Monthly Actual Quantities of C & D Wastes Generated Monthly					d Monthly					
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/cardboar d packaging		Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3	(in'000m3	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)
Year2011	11.758	0.00	9.703	0.665	0.750	0.556	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.165
Year 2012		0.00	9.884	1.185	0.05	0.00	2.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.192
Jan 13	0.290	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.05	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Feb 13	0.190	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.035
Mar 13	1.14	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Apr 13	1.540	0.00	1.52	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
May 13	0.85	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Jun 13	0.33	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Jul 13	0.255	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.015	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Aug 13	0.08	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sep 13	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
Total	27.21	0.00	24.107	1.85	0.895	0.566	2.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.43
			cast of Total	Quantities of C	& D Mater	ials to be Ge	nerated fro	om the Contract			
	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Mictais	Paper/cardboar d packaging	note3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	`)	(in'000m3	(111°000kg	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(m oookg)	
	0.04	0	0.04	0.0	0.00	0.00	0	0.01	0.00	0.1	0.02

Notes (1) The Performance targets are given in PS Clause 26.23 (14)

- (2) The waste flow table shall also include C & D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for used at the sites
- (3) Plastics refer to plastics bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging materials.
- (4) The summary table shall be submitted to the Engineer's Representative monthly together with the Waste Flow Table for review and monitoring in accordance with the PS Clause 25.20A(4)

10 Status of Permits and Licenses obtained

Table 10.1 is the updated status of environmental related permits/ license obtained for the construction activities.

Table 10.1 Status of Permits and Licenses Obtained

Description	License / Permit No.#	Date of Issue	Site	Date of expiry	Status
Environmental Permit	EP-303/2008	2008/2/25	Area A, B & C	not applicable	Valid
Discharge License	WT00006448-2010	2010/6/15	Area A, B & C	30/6/2015	Valid
Registration as a Chemical Waste Producer	316597	2010/4/26	Area A, B & C	not applicable	Valid
Waste Disposal	7010348	2010/3/2	Area A, B & C	not applicable	Valid

11 Compliant Log

There was no formal complaint received during the reporting period. Therefore, follow up actions for the environmental complaint is not required.

Table 11.1 Summary of Formal Complaints received

	Noise	Water	Ecology	Others
Year 2011	0	0	0	0
Year 2012	0	0	0	0
January 2013	0	0	0	0
February 2013	0	0	0	0
March 2013	0	0	0	0
April 2013	0	0	0	0
May 2013	0	0	0	0
June 2013	0	0	0	0
July 2013	0	0	0	0
August 2013	0	0	0	0
September 2013	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0

12 Site Environmental Audits

12.1 Site Inspection

Site inspections were undertaken weekly to inspect the construction activities in active site areas to ensure that appropriate environmental protection and pollution control mitigation measures are properly implemented.

Within this reporting period, site inspections were conducted on 5th, 12th, 19th and 26th of September 2013. A detailed checklist of each site inspection together with comments and relevant photos have been filed and kept. The findings from inspection were summarized in Table 12.1.

Table 12.1 Summary results of site inspections findings

Date	Findings	Identification	Advice from ET	Action taken	Closing date
26 Jun 13 4, 11, 18, 25 & 30 Jul 13 8,15, 22 & 30 Aug 13 5 & 12 Sep 13	Damaged hoarding was observed at Area B.	Observation	Contractor was reminded to replace or repair the hoarding for prevention of muddy water leakage.	Damaged hoarding was repaired by contractor.	19 Sep 13
18, 25 & 30 Jul 13 8, 15, 22 & 30 Aug 13 5 & 12 Sep 13	Construction waste was observed at Area B.	Observation	Contractor was reminded that the construction waste should be stored properly and routine disposal should be implemented.	Construction waste was removed by contractor.	19 Sep 13
25 & 30 Jul 13 8, 15, 22	Damaged tree protective fencing was observed at Area B.	Observation	Contractor was reminded that the damaged tree protective fencing should be replaced	Damaged tree protective fencing was replaced by contractor.	19 Sep 13

Date	Findings	Identification	Advice from ET	Action taken	Closing date	
5 & 12			and provided			
Sep 13			enough space for all			
			the trees.			
	Construction		Contractor was			
30 Jul 13	materials were		reminded that the	Construction		
8, 15, 22	placed inside	Observation	construction	materials were	5 G 12	
& 30 Aug	the tree	Observation	materials should be	removed by	5 Sep 13	
13	protection zone		removed and stored	contractor.		
	at Area A.		properly.			
			Contractor was		N/A	
	Haul road was		advised that routine			
12, 19 &		Observation	water spraying	N/A		
26 Sep 13	Area A.		should be	IV/A		
	rica ri.		implemented for			
			dust suppression.			
	Accumulative		Contractor was			
	construction		reminded to remove			
26 Sep 13	waste was	Observation	the construction	N/A	N/A	
	observed at		waste as soon as			
	Area A.		possible.			

12.2 Compliance with legal and Contractual requirement

There was no non-compliance recorded for the month of September 2013.

12.3 Implementation status and effectiveness of the mitigation measures

Contractor has implemented mitigation measures to address those problems as advised by ER and ET. Some of the measures taken by the contractor were considered as effective to minimize negative impact to the environment. Ongoing investigation will be carried out to observe performance and effectiveness of those measures. Outstanding environmental items will be inspected in next month.

As there were some ongoing follow up practices, contractor was reminded to regularly review and rectify the discrepancy once found and maintain good site condition. The contractor implemented various environmental mitigation measures as recommended in the Environmental Permit and Final Mitigation Measures Report.

The recommend mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3) are presented in **Appendix H** (A).

The implemented statues of mitigation measures are presented in **Appendix H (B)**

13 Future Key issues and recommendations

According to the forecasted site activities, key environmental issued to be considered should at least include:

- Site water control and relevant protective measures.
- Quality of effluent discharge from Area A.
- Control and disposal for construction wastes generated from works.

Tree protective measure for tree planting and transplanting, should be implemented, such as tree protection zone and regular watering.

14 Conclusions

installation of minor E&M equipment, E&M testing, construction of green roof, construction of road & drain in pumping station, construction of boundary wall and installation of cladding, backfilling and reinstatement and remove sheetpiles were major site activities being carried out within this reporting period.

Regular site meetings and inspection audits led by the seniors for discussing site environmental matters were held among Project Proponent, Contractor and the ET on weekly basis. Also monthly site meeting and inspection audits with the above parties and IEC were carried out on 26th of September 2013.

For noise level monitoring, all results were within the established A/L limits.

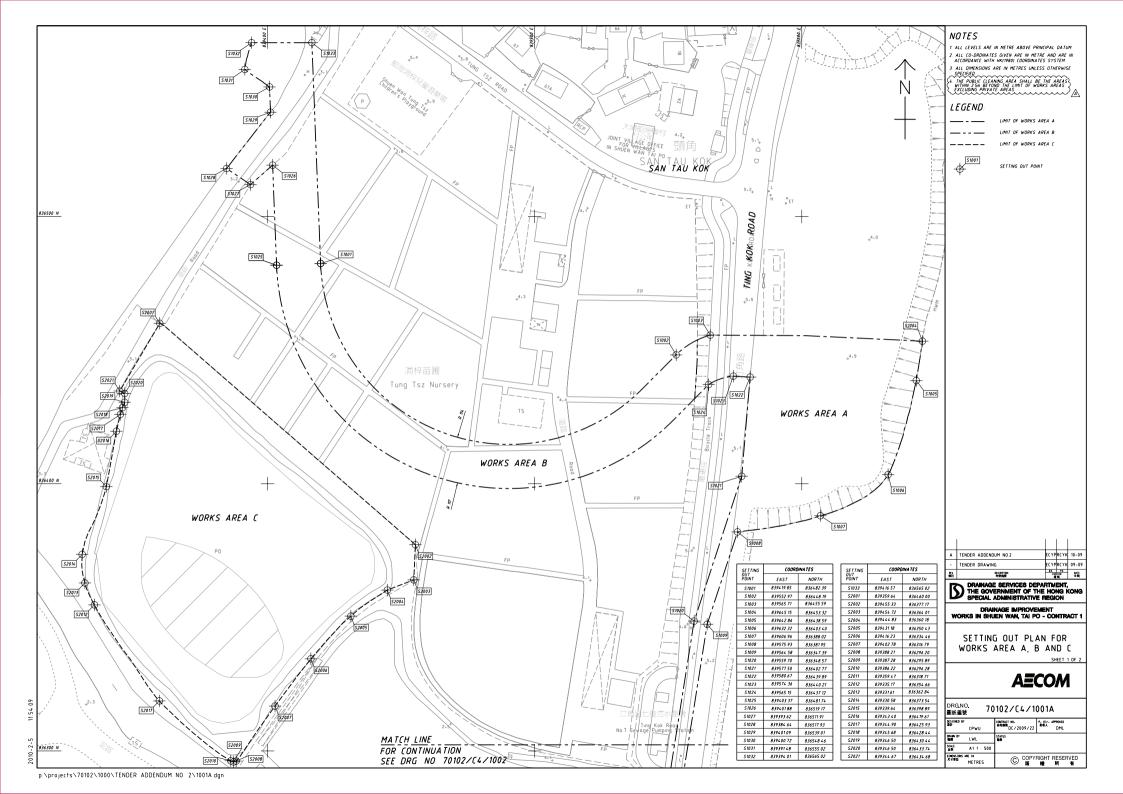
For water quality monitoring, total 6 abnormal incidents of water quality criteria were recorded in this reporting month. During the reporting period, construction of intake structure was conducted near Wai Ha River. Proper mitigation measures were implemented by contractor to avoid site water release to the Wai Ha river and no particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination. The exceedances of Turbidity and SS were believed to be mainly attributed by natural fluctuation. And, since the recorded levels of Turbidity and SS at control station had also exceeded its baseline action or limit level, the exceedances recorded at W2 were unlikely to be related to the Project.

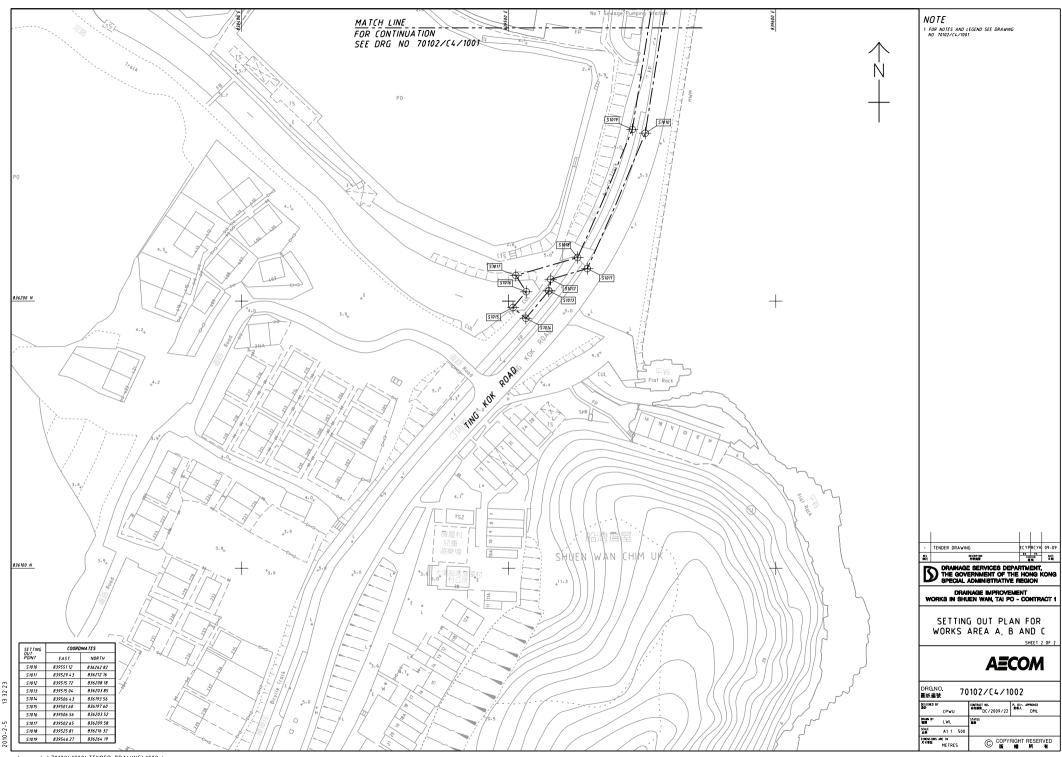
Also, there were not any notifications of summons recorded during the reporting period. Furthermore, there were not any formal prosecution and complaints recorded.

ET has reminded the contractor to provide environmental pollution control measures wherever necessary, and to keep a good environmental management at site practice.

The ET will continue to implement the environmental monitoring & audit programme in accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3) and Environmental Permit requirement.

Appendix A: Site Location Plan **Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited**







Post	Name	Contact No.	Contact Fax	e-mail
Project Manager	Mr. W. K. Chan	6821 1136	2674 6688	dc200922jv_pmcwk @yahoo.com.hk
Site Agent	Mr. K. M. Ma	9552 1734	2674 6688	dc200922jv_suba@ya hoo.com.hk
Environmental Officer	Mr. W. K. Chan	N/A	2674 6688	dc200922jv_pmcwk @yahoo.com.hk
Environmental Supervisor	Mr. Anthony Chan	9179 2092	2674 6688	anthony277@hotmail.
Asia Ecological Consultants Ltd. (Wetland Specialist)	Dr. Mike Leven	2486 2885	2471 8389	mrleven@asiaecol.co m.hk
Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited (Environmental Team)	Mr. Johnny Lee	2889 0569	2856 2010	johnnylee@epsl.com. hk





28553 Certificate No.

1 of 5 Pages Page

Customer: Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address: Flat A, 19/F., Chai Wan Industrial Centre Building, 21 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, HK.

Order No.: Q23300

Date of receipt

11-Dec-12

Item Tested

Description: Sound Level Meter

Manufacturer: SVAN

: 955 Model

Serial No.

: 27302

Test Conditions

Date of Test:

8-Jan-13

Supply Voltage

Ambient Temperature:

 $(23 \pm 3)^{\circ}C$

Relative Humidity: (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: Z01.

Test Results

All results were within the IEC 61672 Type1, IEC 1260 Class1 and manufacturer's specification.

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

Equipment No. Description

Cert. No.

Traceable to

S017

Multi-Function Generator

C127181

SCL-HKSAR

S024

Sound Level Calibrator

28588

NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI).

The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by :

8-Jan-13

This Certificate is issued by:

Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Te Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong.

Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646



Certificate No. 28553

Page 2 of 5 Pages

Results:

1. Self-generated noise: 2.0 dBA (Mfr's Spec (Electrical) ≤14 dBA)

2. Acoustical signal test

2. Acoustica	d signal test		<u></u>			
	UUT S	Setting				
	Frequency	Time	1/1	Applied	U	
Range (dB)	Weighting	Weighting	Octave	Value (dB)	Readin	
,			Filter		Before adjust	After adjust
25-120	A	F	OFF	94.0		93.5
-		S	OFF			93.5
	С	F	OFF			93.5
	A	F	OFF	114.0		113.9
		S	OFF			113.9
	С	F	OFF			113.9
	A	F	ON	94.0		93.5
	A	F	ON	114.0		113.9
45-139	A	F	OFF	94.0	*91.6	93.5
		s	OFF	1		93.5
	С	F	OFF	1		93.5
	A	F	OFF	114.0		113.9
		s	OFF	1		113.9
·	C	F	OFF	1		113.9
	A	F	ON	94.0		93.5
	A	F	ON	114.0		113.9

Mfr's Spec. : $\pm 0.7 \text{ dB}$ Uncertainty : $\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$

3 Electrical signal tests of frequency weightings (A weighting)

Frequency	Attenuation (dB)	IEC 61672 Type 1 Spec.
31.5 Hz	-39.5	- 39.4 dB, ± 2 dB
63 Hz	-26.5	- 26.2 dB, ± 1.5 dB
125 Hz	-16.2	- 16.1 dB, ± 1.5 dB
250 Hz	-8.7	- 8.6 dB, ± 1 dB
500 Hz	-3.3	- 3.2 dB, ± 1.4 dB
1 kHz	0.0 (Ref)	$0 \text{ dB}, \pm 1.1 \text{ dB}$
2 kHz	+1.2	$+ 1.2 \text{ dB}, \pm 1.6 \text{ dB}$
4 kHz	+1.0	+ 1.0 dB, ± 1.6 dB
8 kHz	-1.1	$-1.1 \text{ dB}, +2.1 \text{ dB} \sim -3.1 \text{ dB}$
16 kHz	-6.9	$-6.6 \text{ dB}, +3.5 \text{ dB} \sim -17.0 \text{ dB}$

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB



Certificate No. 28553

Page 3 of 5 Pages

4. Frequency & Time weightings at 1 kHz

4.1 Frequency Weighting (Fast)

					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	UUT	Applied	UUT	Difference	IEC 61672
۱	Setting	Value (dB)	Reading (dB)	(dB)	Type 1 Spec.
f	A	94.0	93.5 (Ref.)		± 0.4 dB
ľ	С	94.0	93.5	0.0	

4.2 Time Weighting (A-weighted)

1.2 Third washing		V VI TITO	TD: CC	IEC (1672
UUT	Applied	UUT	Difference	IEC 61672
Setting	Value (dB)	Reading (dB)	(dB)	Type 1 Spec.
Fast	94.0	93.5 (Ref.)		$\pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$
Slow	94.0	93.5	0.0	
Time-averaging	94.0	93.5	0.0	

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

5. Level linearity on the reference level range

	Applied			
UUT Range	Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	Difference (dB)	IEC 61672 Type 1 Spec.
140 dB	137.0	136.5	0.0	± 1.1 dB
(Ref Level)	136.0	135.5	0.0	_
	135.0	134.5	0.0	
	134.0	133.5	0.0	
	129.0	128.5	0.0	
	124.0	123.5	0.0	
	119.0	118.5	0.0	
	114.0	113.5	0.0	
	109.0	108.5	0.0	
	104.0	103.5	0.0	_
	99.0	98.5	0.0	
	94.0	93.5 (Ref)		
	89.0	88.5	0.0	
	84.0	83.5	_0.0_	
	79.0	78.5	0.0	
	74.0	73.5	0.0	
	69.0	68.5	0.0	
	64.0	63.5	0.0	-
1	59.0	58.5	0.0	
	54.0	53.5	0.0	_
	49.0	48.4	0.1	_
	48.0	47.4	0.1	

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB



Certificate No. 28553

Page 4 of 5 Pages

6. Toneburst response (4kHz)

UUT	Tone Burst	UUT	Difference	IEC 61672
Setting	Duration(ms)	Reading(dB)	(dB)	Type 1 Spec.
Fast	Steady	137.0(Ref)		
	200	136.0	-1.0	-1.0 ± 0.8 dB
	2	118.9	-18.1	-18.0, +1.3 dB ~ -1.8 dB
	0.25	109.9	-27.1	-27.0, +1.3 dB ~ -3.3 dB
Slow	Steady	137.0(Ref)		
	200	129.5	-7.5	-7.4 ± 0.8 dB
	2	109.9	-27.1	-27.0, +1.3 dB ~ -3.3 dB
Time	Steady	137.0(Ref)		<u></u>
averaging	200	130.0	-7.0	-7.0±0.8dB
	2	110.8	-26.2	-27.0 , $+1.3 \text{ dB} \sim -1.8 \text{ dB}$
	0.25	102.0	-35.0	-36.0 , $+1.3 \text{ dB} \sim -3.3 \text{ dB}$

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

7. Peak C sound level (140 dB Range, C-weighted, Fast)

Freq(Hz)	Signal Type	Indication of overload	UUT reading (dB)	Difference (dB)	IEC 61672 Type 1 Spec.
8000	Steady		132.0		$3.2 \pm 2.4 \text{ dB}$
	Complete-cycle	No	135.3	3.3 dB	
500	Steady		132.0		$2.4 \pm 1.4 dB$
	+ve half-cycle	No	129.3	2.7 dB	
	-ve half-cycle	No	129.1	2.9 dB	

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB



Certificate No. 28553

Page 5 of 5 Pages

8. Overload indication (140 dB range, A-weighted, Time-average, 4kHz)

UUT Reading	g at overload (dB)		
+ ve one half cycle	- ve one half cycle	Difference (dB)	IEC 61672 Type 1 Spec.
137.0	138.5	1.5	< 1.8 dB

The overload indicator latched on until reset

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

9. Filter Characteristics

9.1 1/1 – Octave Filter

Frequency	Attenuation (dB)	IEC 1260 Class 1 (dB)
125 Hz	-76.4	<- 61
250 Hz	-70.5	< - 42
500 Hz	-36.3	<- 17.5
707 Hz	-4.3	- 2~- 5
1 kHz (Ref)		
1.414 kHz	-2.1	- 2~- 5
2 kHz	-50.6	< - 17.5
4 kHz	-82.3	<- 42
8 kHz	-82.5	<- 61

Uncertainty: $\pm 0.25 \text{ dB}$

Remarks: 1. UUT: Unit-Under-Test

- 2. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.
- 3. Atmospheric Pressure: 1010 hPa.
- 4. Preamplifier model: SV 12L, S/N: 25732
- 5. Firmware Version: 6.12.4
- 6. Power Supply Check: OK
- 7. The UUT was adjusted with the supplied sound calibrator at the reference sound pressure level before the calibration.
- 8. *Out of specification.

	END	
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28554 Certificate No. 2 Pages Page of

Customer: Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address : Flat A, 19/F., Chai Wan Industrial Centre Building, 21 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, HK.

Order No.: Q23300 Date of receipt 11-Dec-12

Item Tested

Description: Sound Level Calibrator

Manufacturer: Svantek

: SV30A Model Serial No. : 29085

Test Conditions

Date of Test: 3-Jan-13 Supply Voltage

 $(23 \pm 3)^{\circ}C$ **Ambient Temperature:** Relative Humidity: (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: F21, Z02.

Test Results

All results were within the IEC 942 Class1 specification.

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

<u>Description</u>	Cert. No.	Traceable to
Spectrum Analyzer	13535	NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR
Sound Level Calibrator	28588	NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR
Universal Counter	28347	SCL-HKSAR
Sound Level Meter	16338	SCL-HKSAR
	Spectrum Analyzer Sound Level Calibrator Universal Counter	Spectrum Analyzer 13535 Sound Level Calibrator 28588 Universal Counter 28347

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI).

The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by

This Certificate is issued by: Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

Date:

3-Jan-13

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong.

Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 28554

Page 2 of 2 Pages

Results:

1. Level Accuracy

UUT Nominal Value (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	IEC 942 Class 1 Spec.
94	94.03	± 0.3 dB
114	114.02	

Uncertainty: ± 0.2 dB

2. Frequency

UUT Nominal Value	Measured Value	IEC 942 Class 1 Spec.
1 kHz	1.000 kH	+ 2 %

Uncertainty: $\pm 3.6 \times 10^{-6}$

3. Level Stability: 0.0 dB

IEC 942 Class 1 Spec. : \pm 0.1 dB

Uncertainty: ± 0.01 dB

4. Total Harmonic Distortion : < 0.1 %

IEC 942 Class 1 Spec. : < 3 % Uncertainty : ± 2.3 % of reading

Remark: 1. UUT: Unit-Under-Test

- 2. The above measured values are the mean of 3 measurements.
- 3. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.
- 4. Atmospheric Pressure: 1010 hPa.

----- END -----



ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

CONTACT:

MR ALLEN CHAN

CLIENT: ADDRESS:

ENVIRONMENTAL PIONEERS & SOLUTIONS LIMITED FLAT A, 19/F, CHAI WAN INDUSTRIAL BUILDING,

20 LEE CHUNG STREET,

CHAI WAN, HONG KONG WORK ORDER:

HK1319308

LABORATORY:

HONG KONG

DATE RECEIVED: DATE OF ISSUE:

17/07/2013 24/07/2013

COMMENTS

It is certified that the item under calibration/checking has been calibrated/checked by corresponding calibrated equipment in the laboratory.

Maximum Tolerance and calibration frequency stated in the report, unless otherwise stated, the internal aceptance criteria of ALS will be followed.

Scope of Test:

Conductivity, Dissolved Oxygen, pH, Temperature and Turbidity

Equipment Type:

MULTIMETER

Brand Name:

TOA DKK WMS-24

Model No.: Serial No.:

682337

Equipment No.:

Date of Calibration: 24 July, 2013

NOTES

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this batch number. Results apply to sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

ISSUING LABORATORY: HONG KONG

Address

ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd

11/F Chung Shun Knitting Centre

1-3 Wing Yip Street

Kwai Chung HONG KONG Phone:

852-2610 1044

Fax:

852-2610 2021

Email:

hongkong@alsglobal.com

Mr. Fung Lim Chee Richard

General Manager

Greater China & Hong Kong

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Page 1 of 2

ADDRESS 11/F, Chung Shun Knitting Centre, 1-3 Wing Yip Street, Kwai Chung, N.T., Hong Kong | PHONE +852 2610 1044 | FAX +852 2610 2021 ALS TECHNICHEM (HK) PTY LTD An ALS Limited Company

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

Work Order:

HK1319308

Date of Issue:

24/07/2013

Client:

ENVIRONMENTAL PIONEERS & SOLUTIONS LIMITED



Description:

MULTIMETER

Brand Name:

TOA DKK

Model No.: Serial No.: WMS-24 682337

Equipment No.:

--

Date of Calibration:

24 July, 2013

Date of next Calibration:

24 October, 2013

Parameters:

Conductivity

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 2510B

Expected Reading (uS/cm)	Displayed Reading (uS/cm)	Tolerance (%)
146.9	140	-4.7
6667	7100	6.5
12890	13800	7.1
58670	61300	4.5
	Tolerance Limit (±%)	10.0

Dissolved Oxygen

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 45000: G

	Expected Reading (mg/L)	Displayed Reading (mg/L)	Tolerance (mg/L)
	4.92	4.76	-0.16
	6.09	5.93	-0.16
	7.59	7.60	0.01
1			541
		Tolerance Limit (±mg/L)	0.20

pH Value

Method Ref: APHA 21st Ed. 4500H:B

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Expected Reading (pH Unit)	Displayed Reading (pH Unit)	Tolerance (pH unit)
4.0	4.09	0.09
7.0	7.13	0.13
10.0	10.15	0.15
	Tolerance Limit (±pH unit)	0.20

Temperature

Method Ref: Section 6 of International Accreditation New Zealand Technical Guide No. 3 Second edition March 2008: Working Thermometer Calibration Procedure.

 Expected Reading (°C)
 Displayed Reading (°C)
 Tolerance (°C)

 10.5
 10.8
 0.3

 22.0
 22.0
 0.0

 39.5
 39.8
 0.3

 Tolerance Limit (±°C)
 2.0

Turbidity

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 2130B

Expected Reading (NTU)	Displayed Reading (NTU)	Tolerance (%)
0	0.0	
4	4.3	7.5
40	43.2	8.0
80	85.9	7.4
400	422.0	5.5
800	868.1	8.5
	Tolerance Limit (±%)	10.0

Remark: "Displayed Reading" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.

Mr. Fung Lim Chee, Kichard General Manager

Greater China & Hong Kong

ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd

ALS Environmental



Calibration Certificate

27765 Certificate No.

Page

of 2 Pages

Customer: Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address: Flat A, 19/F., Chai Wan Industrial Centre Building, 20 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, HK.

Order No.: Q22905

Date of receipt

9-Nov-12

Item Tested

Description: Protable Level-Velocity Logger

Manufacturer: Greyline

Model

: Stingray

Serial No.

: 45525

Test Conditions

Date of Test: 10-Dec-12

 $(23 \pm 3)^{\circ}C$

Supply Voltage

Relative Humidity: (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Ambient Temperature:

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: V12, T03, M07.

Test Results

All results were within the tolerance(s).

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

Equipment No. Description Cert. No. S179 Std. Tape 20976 S136A Stop Watch 26076

Traceable to

NIM-PRC

SCL-HKSAR

S214A

Std. Thermo-Hygrometer

21518

SCS-SWISS, NIM-PRC

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI). The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by

Approved by:

10-Dec-12

Date:

This Certificate is issued by

Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong

Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646

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Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 27765

Page 2 of 2 Pages

Results:

1. Flow Rate

Applied Value (Ft/s)	UUT Reading (Ft/s)	Tolerance	Uncertainty
1.34	1.4	± 5 % f.s	± 1 %

2. Level

Applied Value (Ft)	UUT Reading (Ft)	Tolerance	Uncertainty
1.00	1.0	± 5 % f.s.	± 0.1 %
2.00	2.0		
3.00	3.0		
4.00	4.0		

3. Temperature

Applied Value (°C)	UUT Reading (°C)	Tolerance	Uncertainty	
23.0	22	± 2 ℃	± 0.2 ℃	

Remarks: 1. UUT: Unit-Under-Test

2. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.

3. Sensor Used: Model: QZ02L-UT-01-PS

S/N: 10D18289

----- END -----



Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitorin	g	4/9/2013	4/9/2013
Weather Condition	on	Cloudy	Cloudy
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	13:15	13:55
Measurement Tir	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	J	SVAN	N 955
Wind Speed (m/s	3)	0.2	0.2
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	66.5	64.5
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	68.1	65.8
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	48.5	51.5
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

Name Signature Date

Perpared by: <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>4/9/2013</u>

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitoring	g	11/9/2013	11/9/2013
Weather Conditio	n	Sunny	Sunny
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	11:00	11:45
Measurement Tin	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	I	SVAN	N 955
Wind Speed (m/s)	0.2	0.2
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	63.5	70.1
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	65.1	72.3
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	50.3	59.8
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	Background NoiseTraffic Noise

Name Signature Date

Perpared by: <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>11/9/2013</u>

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitoring	g	18/9/2013	18/9/2013
Weather Conditio	n	Sunny	Sunny
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	12:40	13:20
Measurement Tin	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	I	SVAN	N 955
Wind Speed (m/s)	0.2	0.2
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	61.5	69.9
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	63.8	70.5
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	48.5	56.7
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	Background NoiseTraffic Noise

Name Signature Date

Perpared by: <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>18/9/2013</u>

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitoring	g	25/9/2013	25/9/2013
Weather Conditio	n	Sunny	Sunny
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	11:25	12:10
Measurement Tin	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	I	SVAN	N 955
Wind Speed (m/s)	0.4	0.4
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	60.9	68.9
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	62.8	69.8
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	47.7	58.7
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	Background NoiseTraffic Noise

Name Signature Date

Perpared by: <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>25/9/2013</u>



Date of Sampling :	2/9/2013	
Weather:	Cloudy	
Weather:	Cloudy	

Monitoring Location	W 1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	10:30	12:05	10:40
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	8.20	8.03	8.80
Temperature (°C)	24.1	28.9	23.8
Turbidity (NTU)	3.3	2.0	2.1
DO (mg/L)	7.40	7.89	6.10
DO Saturation (%)	88%	85%	73%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	6.0	2.0

Remark or Observation :			
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<u>-</u>			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	2/9/2013

Masthay : Cloudy	Date of Sampling :	4/9/2013
weather · Cloudy	Weather:	Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	10:41	13:15	10:57
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	8.40	7.69	8.40
Temperature (°C)	23	26.8	23.2
Turbidity (NTU)	67.2	3.1	69.4
DO (mg/L)	8.80	6.81	8.80
DO Saturation (%)	96%	70%	103%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	56.0	6.0	58.0

Remark or Observation :			
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- -			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By:	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	4/9/2013

Date of Sampling :	6/9/2013
Weather:	Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	14:15	14:20	14:15
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	8.90	7.86	8.70
Temperature (°C)	27.6	27.5	27.9
Turbidity (NTU)	4.30	2.9	13.00
DO (mg/L)	7.50	6.86	7.60
DO Saturation (%)	94%	75%	95%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	3.0	5.8	39.0

Remark or Observation:			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By:	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	6/9/2013

Date of Sampling:	9/9/2013	
Weather:	Sunny	

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	15:30	16:00	15:00
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	8.40	7.89	8.50
Temperature (°C)	29.5	29.6	29.4
Turbidity (NTU)	50.6	2.10	136.5
DO (mg/L)	8.10	7.23	6.10
DO Saturation (%)	109%	78%	81%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	70.0	6.4	180.0

Remark or Observation :			
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-			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	9/9/2013

Date of Sampling : 11/9/2013

Weather: Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	16:20	16:00	10:50
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	8.20	7.86	8.70
Temperature (°C)	25.1	28.5	23.9
Turbidity (NTU)	4.2	3.2	3.5
DO (mg/L)	5.60	6.90	6.00
DO Saturation (%)	68%	70%	71%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	8.0	8.4	6.0

Remark or Observation:			
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<u>.</u>			
			_
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	11/9/2013
sparou by	_aa na ondig		, 6/2010

Date of Sampling :	13/9/2013	
Weather:	Sunny	

Monitoring Location	W 1	W2	C1
Time (hhmm)	9:00	14:00	14:05
Tide Mode		Mid-flood	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.20	8.25	8.15
Temperature (°C)	31.2	30.1	29.9
Turbidity (NTU)	41.1	2.9	9.0
DO (mg/L)	9.40	8.01	8.10
DO Saturation (%)	127%	85%	88%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	47.0	5.8	12.0

Remark or Observation:			
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	Nome	Ciamatura	Doto
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By : _	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	13/9/2013

Date of Sampling:	16/9/2013
Weather:	Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	10:21	10:50	16:45
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	8.00	7.83	7.40
Temperature (°C)	28.9	28.5	28.1
Turbidity (NTU)	2.2	3.0	9.7
DO (mg/L)	8.50	7.68	7.70
DO Saturation (%)	111%	75%	99%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	14.0	21.0

Remark or Observation:			
,			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	16/9/2013

Date of Sampling:	18/9/2013
Weather:	Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	11:00	12:40	11:20
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.50	7.82	8.50
Temperature (°C)	28.3	28.4	28
Turbidity (NTU)	7.4	3.1	6.5
DO (mg/L)	6.50	7.70	7.50
DO Saturation (%)	83%	78%	95%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	12.0	16.0	11.0

Remark or Observation :			
<u>-</u> _			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By : _	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	18/9/2013

Date of Sampling:	23/9/2013
Weather:	Rainy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	14:41	16:00	8:59
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.30	7.88	7.10
Temperature (°C)	7.2	28.1	28.9
Turbidity (NTU)	2.9	4.3	3.6
DO (mg/L)	7.20	7.56	6.90
DO Saturation (%)	82%	78%	74%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	5.0	11.0	6.0

Remark or Observation :			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By : _	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	23/9/2013

Date of Sampling :	25/9/2013
Weather:	Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	16:00	16:00	10:40
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	8.60	7.80	8.30
Temperature (°C)	23.8	29.1	23.7
Turbidity (NTU)	3.3	3.4	1.7
DO (mg/L)	7.10	7.35	7.40
DO Saturation (%)	84%	80%	87%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	3.8	2.0

Remark or Observation :			
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_			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	25/9/2013

27/9/2013
Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	8:45	9:00	09:19
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.30	8.11	7.70
Temperature (°C)	24.3	27.5	25.5
Turbidity (NTU)	1.0	2.90	5.9
DO (mg/L)	6.60	7.60	6.90
DO Saturation (%)	78%	78%	81%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	4.8	12.0

Remark or Observation :			
-			
<u>-</u>			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Propared By :	Lau kai chung	l au kai chung	27/0/2013

Date of Sampling:	30/9/2013
Weather:	Cloudy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	16:00	10:20	10:10
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	6.60	7.75	8.30
Temperature (°C)	25	25.1	25.8
Turbidity (NTU)	6.2	3.3	3.3
DO (mg/L)	8.30	7.48	7.50
DO Saturation (%)	101%	78%	92%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	10.0	1.8	4.0

Remark or Observation:			
_			
_			
_			
_			
	Nama	Cimatura	Data
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	30/9/2013



Location	Position	Position Tide Date Time Weather	Data	Timo	Moothor	Water Depth	Water Flow	Water Flow
Location	Position		Weather	(m)	(m/s)	(m ³ /s)		
H1	Mid	Flood	6-Sep-2013					
H1	Mid	Flood	13-Sep-2013	13:00	Sunny	0.48	0.12	0.150
H1	Mid	Flood	18-Sep-2013	13:00	Sunny	0.36	0.18	0.225
H1	Mid	Flood	27-Sep-2013					
H2	Mid	Flood	6-Sep-2013					
H2	Mid	Flood	13-Sep-2013	13:40	Sunny	0.42	0.24	1.507
H2	Mid	Flood	18-Sep-2013	13:40	Sunny	0.36	0.18	1.130
H2	Mid	Flood	27-Sep-2013					
H1	Mid	Ebb	6-Sep-2013	13:20	Sunny	0.12	0.24	0.300
H1	Mid	Ebb	13-Sep-2013					
H1	Mid	Ebb	18-Sep-2013	11:40	Sunny	0.24	0.12	0.150
H1	Mid	Ebb	27-Sep-2013	8:00	Sunny	0.24	0.24	0.300
H2	Mid	Ebb	6-Sep-2013	14:00	Sunny	0.24	0.18	1.130
H2	Mid	Ebb	13-Sep-2013					
H2	Mid	Ebb	18-Sep-2013	12:15	Sunny	0.18	0.06	0.377
H2	Mid	Ebb	27-Sep-2013	8:40	Sunny	0.36	0.24	1.507





Photo 1 – Temporary hoardings have been established to surround the works area at Wai Ha River estuary.



Photo 2 – The permanent boundary wall has started to be established along the western side of Area A.



Photo 3 – The main entrance of Area A has been shifted from the south to the north along the western side of the area.



Photo 4 – Temporary hoardings has been established at the eastern end of Phase 1 with an entrance, while the western end of Phase 2 works area were still aligned with temporary construction barriers (as shown in the photo).



Photo 5 – No discharge of muddy water was observed in Area C.



Photo 6 – Overall view of the transplanted tree U58, which is considered to be dead.



Photo 7 – Relocated tree E38 was in very poor health condition with only dry and wilt leaves in its canopy.



Photo 8 – The tree bark along the damaged tree trunk of E38 appeared to be very dry and shrunken.



Photo 9 – The relocated tree E16 remained in fair condition in August 2013.



Photo 10 – The wound at the trunk flare of E61 was burlapped and the leaning tree trunk was supported by two steel poles.



Photo 11 – E55 with burlapped broken trunk was still in poor condition.



Photo 12 – The dead trunk of U34 was found collapsed within the Tree Protection Zone.



Photo 13 – The dead trunk of U35 was found collapsed within the Tree Protection Zone.



Photo 14 – No recovery sign of the relocated tree U37 in Area B was observed.



Photo 15 – Temporary storage of construction material was still observed next to the tree groups in Area B.



Photo 16 – Half of the planter of U47 was broken and not yet repaired.



Photo 17 – A sign of suspected termite infestation was observed close to the trunk flare of U67.



Photo 18 – U64 appears in generally fair condition in September 2013.



Photo 19 – Decayed wood and cracked tree bark have been observed at the western side of the tree trunk of U64 in the recent months.



Photo 20 – Improved health condition of the transplanted tree U55.

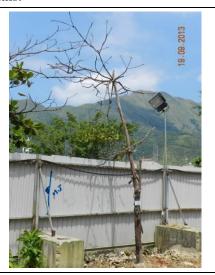


Photo 21 – The relocated tree U77 in Area B was suspected to be a dead specimen.



Photo 22 – U76 remained in marginally fair condition with watersprouts in the canopy.



Photo 23 – U78 remained in marginally fair condition with watersprouts in the canopy.



Photo 24 – Surplus soil was still found around the trunk flare of A43.





Photo 25 – A temporary shelter was still observed next to the relocated tree U74 in Area B.

Photo 26 – No more construction material was stored next to the trunk flare.



Photo 27 – The excavated area close to the retained tree A40 has not yet refilled as inspected in September 2013.

Appendix H:
\mathbf{A})
The recommended mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3)
3)

Implementation status of environmental protection and mitigation measures

Contract No. DC/2009/22 – Drainage Improvement in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1 $\,$

A) The recommended mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3)

EIA Ref	EM&A . Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures Noise Impact	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	•	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
S 3.30	2.18	Good Site Practice:	To minimize construction	Contractor	Works areas	Construction	EIAO-TM
		 Only well-maintained plant shall be operated on-site and plant shall be serviced regularly during the construction program Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment shall be utilized and shall be properly maintained during the construction program Mobile plant, if any, shall be sited 	noise impacts			phase	NCO
		as far from NSRs as possible Machines and plant (such as					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		trucks) that may be in intermittent					
		use shall be shut down between					
		work periods or shall be throttled					
		down to a minimum					
		Plant known to emit noise					
		strongly in one direction shall,					
		wherever possible, be orientated so					
		that the noise is directed away from					
		the nearby NSRs					
		Material stockpiles and other					
		structures shall be effectively					
		utilized, wherever practicable, in					
		screening noise from on-site					
		construction activities.					
S 3.31 -	2.19	Use of quieter PME	To minimize construction	Contractor	Works areas	Construction	EIAO-TM
3.32			noise impacts			phase	NCO
S 3.33 –	2.20-2.	Use of temporary noise barrier	To minimize construction	Contractor	Works areas as	Construction	EIAO-TM
3.34	21		noise impacts		shown in Figure	phase	NCO

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
3.36-3.3	2.23-2.				3.5		
8	24						
S 3.35	2.22	Use of alternative quieter	To minimize construction	Contractor	Part of the works	Construction	EIAO-TM
and		construction method (the Low	noise impacts		area for pipe	phase	NCO
Table		Impact Method)			laying in Wai Ha		
3.6					(refer to Figure		
					3.5)		
3.36	2.23-2.	Use of noise enclosure	To minimize construction	Contractor	Part of the works	Construction	EIAO-TM
-3.38	24		noise impacts		area for pipe	phase	NCO
					laying in Wai Ha		
					(refer to Figure		
					3.5)		
В		Air Quality Impact		•			1
S4.16	3.5	Implementation of mitigation	To minimize construction	Contractor	Construction	Construction	EIAO-TM
		measures stipulated in the Air	dust impacts		Sites	Phase	
		Pollution Control (Construction Dust)					
		Regulation and good site practices					
		including but not limited to the					
		following:					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		 Use of regular watering to reduce 					
		dust emissions from exposed site					
		surfaces and unpaved road, with					
		complete coverage, particularly					
		during dry weather;					
		 Use of frequent watering for 					
		particularly dusty static construction					
		areas and areas close to ASRs;					
		Tarpaulin covering of all dusty					
		vehicle loads transported to, from					
		and between site location;					
		Establishment and use of vehicle					
		wheel and body washing facilities at					
		the exit points of the site;					
		Routing of vehicles and					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		positioning of construction plant					
		should be at the maximum possible					
		distance from ASRs.					
		 Stockpiled excavated materials 					
		should be covered with tarpaulin,					
		and should be removed off-site					
		within 24 hours to avoid any odour					
		nuisance arising.					
С	1	Water Quality Impact					1
S5.29	4.5	Construction Site Run-off and	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	ProPECC PN 1/94
		Drainage:	impacts			phase	Construction Site
							Drainage
		 Before commencing any site 					
		formation work, all sewer and					
		drainage connections shall be					
		sealed to prevent debris, soil, sand					
		etc. from entering public					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		sewers/drains.					
		 Temporary ditches shall be 					
		provided to facilitate run-off					
		discharge into appropriate					
		watercourses, via a silt retention					
		pond. No site run-off shall enter the					
		fishponds at Shuen Wan.					
		 Sand/silt removal facilities such 					
		as sand traps, silt traps and					
		sediment basins shall be provided to					
		remove sand/silt particles from					
		runoff to meet the requirements of					
		the Technical Memorandum					
		standard under the Water Pollution					
		Control Ordinance. The design of					
		silt removal facilities shall be based					
		on the guidelines provided in					
		ProPECC PN 1/94. All drainage					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		facilities and erosion and sediment					
		control structures shall be inspected					
		monthly and maintained to ensure					
		proper and efficient operation at all					
		times and particularly during					
		rainstorms.					
		Water pumped out from					
		excavated pits shall be discharged					
		into silt removal facilities.					
		During rainstorms, exposed					
		slope/soil surfaces shall be covered					
		by a tarpaulin or other means.					
		Other measures that need to be					
		implemented before, during, and					
		after rainstorms as summarized in					
		ProPECC PN 1/94 shall be followed.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		 Exposed soil areas shall be 					
		minimized to reduce potential for					
		increased siltation and					
		contamination of runoff.					
		■ Earthwork final surfaces shall be					
		well compacted and subsequent					
		permanent work or surface					
		protection shall be immediately					
		performed to reduce the potential of					
		soil erosion.					
		Open stockpiles of construction					
		materials or construction wastes					
		on-site shall be covered with					
		tarpaulin or similar fabric during					
		rainstorms.					
S5.30	4.7	Further precautionary measures	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works areas near	Rainy seasons	EIAO-TM
		during rainy season:	impacts to the designated		the Conservation	during	Water Pollution
			Conservation Area		Area	construction	Control Ordinance

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		■ For the construction of the box culvert next to the existing channel of the Wai Ha River, sand bags should be deployed around the boundary of the works trench to prevent muddy water ingress into the adjacent CA or Wai Ha River. Sand bags should also be used to surround the excavated trench. Generally, the sand bags will be			phase	(WPCO)
		placed up to a height of 300mm to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water level during rainstorm event. With sand bags in place, surface runoff will be intercepted and flow to Wai Ha River or collected by the existing drainage system as usual. For the construction of the box				

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		culvert in the extreme northeast corner of Shuen Wan Marsh					
		Conservation Area sand bags					
		should be deployed along the limit					
		of the works area to prevent muddy water ingress into the CA. Sand					
		bags should be placed to a height					
		of at least 300mm from ground level and +2.5 mPD (whichever is					
		greater) to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water					
		level during rainstorm events.					
		Unpolluted surface runoff within the					
		works area should then be					
		collected and directed into the					
		existing drainage system.					
		■ Sheet-piles, which would be					
		installed around the works trench					
		near the Conservation Area, would					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		be extended above ground level for					
		about 2m to serve as hoardings to					
		isolate the works site.					
		Tarpulin sheets would be used to					
		cover the excavation areas during					
		heavy rainstorms. This would					
		prevent the ingress of rainwater into					
		the trench minimising the risk of					
		muddy water getting into Wai Ha					
		River and the adjacent Conservation					
		Area.					
		 Any concrete washing water 					
		would be contained inside the works					
		site surrounded by the extended					
		sheet piles. A pump sump at the					
		bottom of the trench would be					
		provided to pump any excess water					
		during concrete washing.					
		3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		Stockpiling the excavated					
		materials adjacent to the					
		Conservation Area would not be					
		allowed. The excavated materials					
		would be either removed off site					
		immediately after excavation, or					
		stockpile at location(s) away from					
		the Conservation Area. The					
		stockpile locations shall be					
		approved by the site engineer.					
S5.31-S	4.8-4.9	General Construction Activities:	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
5.32		Debris and refuse generated	impacts			phase	WPCO
		on-site should be collected, handled					
		and disposed of properly to avoid					
		entering the Wa Ha River and fish					
		ponds at Shuen Wan. Stockpiles					
		of cement and other construction					
		materials should be kept covered					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		when not being used.					
		Oils and fuels should only be					
		used and stored in designated areas					
		which have pollution prevention					
		facilities. To prevent spillage of					
		fuels and solvents to nearby water					
		bodies, all fuel tanks and storage					
		areas should be provided with locks					
		and be sited on sealed areas, within					
		bunds of a capacity equal to 110%					
		of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained					
		of rainwater after a rain event.					
S5.33	4.10	Sewage from Construction	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
		workforce:	impacts			phase	WPCO
		Temporary sanitary facilities,					
		such as portable chemical toilets,					
		should be employed on-site. A					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		licensed contractor would be					
		responsible for appropriate disposal					
		and maintenance of these facilities.					
S5.34	4.11	River Channel Excavation Works:	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
			impacts			phase	WPCO
		The excavation works within the					
		upstream end of the existing river					
		channel of the Wai Ha River for the					
		construction of the proposed box					
		culvert shall be carried out in dry					
		condition. Containment					
		measures such as bunds and					
		barriers shall be used within the					
		affected length of the river channel					
		and the excavation works restricted					
		to within an enclosed dry section of					
		the channel. The excavation works					
		within Wai Ha River shall be					
		restricted to the period from October					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		to April.					
D		Waste Management Implications					1
S6.20 -	5.5	Good site practices:	To reduce waste	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	ETWB TCW
6.22			management impacts			phase	No.19/2005
		 Nomination of approved 					ETWB TCW
		personnel, such as a site manager,					No.31/2004
		to be responsible for good site					
		practices and making arrangements					
		for collection of all wastes generated					
		at the site and effective disposal to					
		an appropriate facility.					
		 Training of site personnel in 					
		proper waste management and					
		chemical waste handling					
		procedures.					
		 Provision of sufficient waste 					
		disposal points and regular					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		collection for disposal.					
		 Appropriate measures to 					
		minimise windblown litter and dust					
		during transportation of waste by					
		either covering trucks or by					
		transporting wastes in enclosed					
		containers.					
		Separation of chemical waste for					
		special handling and appropriate					
		treatment at the Chemical Waste					
		Treatment Facility.					
		Regular cleaning and					
		maintenance programme for					
		drainage systems, sumps and oil					
		interceptors.					
		A Waste Management Plan					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		should be prepared and submitted to					
		the Engineer for approval. One					
		may make reference to ETWB TCW					
		No. 15/2003 for details.					
		A recording system for the					
		amount of wastes generated,					
		recycled and disposed (including the					
		disposal sites) should be proposed.					
S6.23-	5.7	Waste reduction measures:	To achieve waste reduction	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
6.24						phase	
		 Segregation and storage of 					
		different types of waste in different					
		containers, skips or stockpiles to					
		enhance reuse or recycling of					
		materials and their proper disposal.					
		■ To encourage collection of					
		aluminium cans by individual					
		collectors, separate labelled bins					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		shall be provided to segregate this					
		waste from other general refuse					
		generated by the work force.					
		Any unused chemicals or those					
		with remaining functional capacity					
		shall be recycled.					
		Maximising the use of reusable					
		steel formwork to reduce the amount					
		of C&D material.					
		Proper storage and site practices					
		to minimise the potential for damage					
		or contamination of construction					
		materials.					
		Plan and stock construction					
		materials carefully to minimise					
		amount of waste generated and					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		avoid unnecessary generation of					
		waste.					
S6.25-		Construction & Demolition (C&D)	To minimize off-site disposal	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
6.26		Material:	of C&D material			phase	
		Excavated material with suitable	To minimize environmental				
		characteristics/size should be	impacts during the handling				
		reused on-site as fill material as far	of C&D material				
		as practicable, such as for					
		backfilling of the box culvert and					
		drainage pipe works.					
		Suitable areas should be					
		designated within the works site					
		boundaries for temporary stockpiling					
		of C&D material.					
		■ Within stockpile areas, the					
		following measures should be taken					
		to control potential environmental					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		impacts or nuisance:					
		- covering material during					
		heavy rainfall;					
		- locating stockpiles to minimize					
		potential visual impacts; and					
		- minimizing land intake of					
		stockpile areas as far as possible.					
		■ When disposing C&D material at					
		a public filling area, the material					
		shall only consist of soil, rock,					
		concrete, brick, cement					
		plaster/mortar, inert building debris,					
		aggregates and asphalt. The					
		material shall be free from marine					
		mud, household refuse, plastic,					
		metals, industrial and chemical					
		waste, animal and vegetable matter,					
		and other material considered to be					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		unsuitable by the Filling Supervisor.					
S6.27		Chemical waste:	To minimize environmental	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
		Contractor should register with	impacts during the handling,			phase	Waste Disposal
		the EPD as a Chemical Waste	transportation and disposal				(Chemical Waste)
		Producer and to follow the	of chemical waste				(General) Regulation
		guidelines stated in the Code of					
		Practice on the Packaging,					
		Labelling and Storage of Chemical					
		Wastes.					
		 Good quality containers 					
		compatible with the chemical					
		wastes should be used, and					
		incompatible chemicals should be					
		stored separately.					
		 Appropriate labels should be 					
		securely attached on each chemical					
		waste container indicating the					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		corresponding chemical					
		characteristics of the chemical					
		waste, such as explosives,					
		flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic,					
		harmful, corrosive, etc.					
		The Contractor should use a					
		licensed collector to transport and					
		dispose of the chemical wastes					
		generated at the Chemical Waste					
		Treatment Centre at Tsing Yi, or					
		other licenced facility, in accordance					
		with the Waste Disposal (Chemical					
		Waste) (General) Regulation.					
S6.28		General refuse:	To minimize environmental	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
		It should be stored in enclosed	impacts during the handling			phase	
		bins or compaction units separate	and transportation of general				
		from C&D material.	refuse				
		A reputable waste collector					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		should be employed by the					
		contractor to remove general refuse					
		from the site, separately from C&D					
		material.					
		An enclosed and covered area					
		is preferred to reduce the					
		occurrence of 'wind blown' light					
		material.					
E		Ecological Impact	l		I		
S. 7.95	6.6	Sheet-pilings, which will be	To minimize the impacts on	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		installed around the trench of	the stream and natural river			Phase	
		excavation, should be extended	bank				
		above ground level for ~2m to act as					
		hoarding to isolate the works site.					
		The trenching works for the					
		construction of the proposed box					
		culvert should be carried out in					
		phases, with a trench length of not					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		more than 120m in each phase.					
		The trench should be backfilled and					
		compacted with suitable materials					
		upon completion of each phase of					
		the construction works.					
S7.117	6.6	The construction of intercept	To minimize the impacts on	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		point of twin cell box culvert at the	the stream and natural river			Phase	
		upstream of Wai Ha River should be	bank				
		confined to only one side of the river					
		bank.					
		■ To restore and enhance the					
		ecological value of the stream, the					
		affected river bank should be					
		reinstated to its original condition or					
		lined with rock-filled gabion.					
		Planting pits should be provided					
		in the gabion bank to allow the					
		re-establishment of riparian					
		vegetation.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		■ The existing natural riverbed and					
		substrates should be retained and					
		the natural pool-riffle sequence					
		should be re-created in the new					
		channel bed.					
S 7.118	6.7	 All works carried out within the 	To minimise sedimentation/	Contractor	Whole Site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		the river channel of Wai Ha River	water quality impacts			Phase	
		should be carried out from October					
		to April, with construction carried out					
		by land-based plant.					
		Works within river/stream					
		channels should be restricted to an					
		enclosed dry section of the river,					
		with containment measures such as					
		bunds and barriers used within the					
		river to minimize the impacts upon					
		the downstream water body.					

EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
		Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
						achieve?
	Site runoff should be directed					
	towards regularly cleaned and					
	maintained silt traps and oil/grease					
	separators to minimize the risk of					
	sedimentation and pollution of river					
	water.					
	The silt and oil/grease separators					
	should be appropriately designed for					
	the local drainage and ground					
	conditions.					
	■ To minimize leakage and loss of					
	sediments during excavation in					
	narrow channels, tightly sealed					
	closed grab excavators should be					
	deployed where material to be					
	handled is wet.					
6.8	■ The construction of the	To protect plant species of	Contractor/	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
	proposed box-culvert would have the	conservation interest	qualified		Phase	
	potential to directly impact a few		botanist/horticu			
	Ref.	Ref. Measures Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. The construction of the proposed box-culvert would have the	Ref. Measures Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. To protect plant species of proposed box-culvert would have the	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & implement the measure? Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. To protect plant species of contractor/ qualified	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & implement the measure? I Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. I The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. To protect plant species of proposed box-culvert would have the conservation interest qualified	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & Implement the measure? Implement the measure? I Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. I The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. To protect plant species of proposed box-culvert would have the conservation interest qualified Construction Phase

Main Concern to Address measure? measure? measure? measure? individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. • A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. • Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should	EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should		Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should				Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should								achieve?
Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			individual of a plant species of		lturalist			
The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			conservation interest (Hong Kong					
transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis).					
habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			The affected individuals should be					
phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			transplanted to a suitable nearby					
 A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should 			habitats prior to the construction					
the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			phase.					
interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			A detailed vegetation survey of					
suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			the affected species of conservation					
to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			interest should be conducted by a					
order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			suitably qualified botanist/ecologist					
transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			to identify the affected individuals in					
■ Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			order to provide details for					
supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			transplantation scheme.					
botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			■ Transplantation should be					
transplantation methodology should			supervised by a suitably qualified					
			botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed					
be formulated during the detailed			transplantation methodology should					
			be formulated during the detailed					
design stage of this Project.			design stage of this Project.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
S 7.120	6.9	Noise mitigation measures such	To minimise disturbance	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		as the use of quieter construction	impacts.			Phase	
		plant and temporary noise barriers					
		should be implemented to minimize					
		disturbance to habitats adjacent to					
		the works areas.					
		■ Temporary noise barriers should					
		be used during the construction of					
		the box-culvert along Tung Tsz					
		Road, the floodwater pumping					
		station, the mechanical gate, and					
		drainage pipe to minimize potential					
		construction phase disturbance to					
		ardeids and avifauna foraging in					
		marsh habitat.					
		Noise generating construction					
		works near the Shuen Wan Egretry					
		SSSI should be avoided as far as					
		practicable during the breeding					
		season (March to June) of the					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		ardeids.					
		Works near the SSSI (i.e.					
		installation of mechanical gate)					
		should be restricted to be executed					
		outside the breeding season by					
		provision of special conditions in the					
	contract document.						
		Hoardings with minimum height					
		of 2m should be set up along the					
		south side of the proposed box					
		culvert works area adjacent to the					
		marsh, extending at least 20m at					
		both ends, throughout the					
		construction period.					
S 7.121	6.10	Placement of equipment or	To minimise disturbance to	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		stockpile in designated works areas	habitats.			Phase	
		and access routes selected on					
		existing disturbed land to minimise					
		disturbance to natural or					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		moderate-high ecological value					
		habitats.					
S 7.121	6.10	 Construction activities should be 	To minimise disturbance to	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		restricted to work areas that would	natural habitats outside			Phase	
		be clearly demarcated. The work	works area.				
		areas should be reinstated after					
		completion of the works.					
S 7.121	6.10	 Waste skips should be provided 	To minimise disturbance to	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		to collect general refuse and	habitats.			Phase	
		construction wastes. The wastes					
		would be disposed of timely and					
		properly off-site.					
S 7.121	6.10	General drainage arrangements	To minimise sedimentation/	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		should include sediment and oil	water quality impacts			Phase	
		traps to collect and control					
		construction site run-off.					
S 7.121	6.10	Open burning on works sites is	To prevent accidental	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		illegal, and should be strictly	hill-fires.			Phase	
		prohibited.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
S 7.122	6.11	 De-silting should be limited to the 	To minimise sedimentation/	Maintenance	Whole site	Operation	EIAO-TM
		dry season.	water quality impacts	parties of the		Phase	
				channel			
S 7.122	6.11	 Waste material produced during 	To minimise sedimentation/	Maintenance	Whole site	Operation	EIAO-TM
		de-silting should be disposed of in a	water quality impacts	parties of the		Phase	
		timely and appropriate manner.		channel			
S 7.123	6.12	 Planting of trees should be 	To compensate the loss of	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		provided within the project area to	vegetation			Phase	
		compensate for the unavoidable					
		loss of approximately 0.08ha					
		secondary woodland habitat due to					
		the Project.					
		Planting of trees and other					
		vegetation within project area along					
		the banks of Wai Ha River and Tung					
		Tsz Road should be carried out to					
		provide compensation for					
		unavoidable tree-felling and loss of					
		riparian vegetation resulting from the					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		Project.					
		The compensatory planting					
		should make use of native plant					
		species with flowers/fruits attractive					
		to wildlife.					
S 7.124	6.13	 Compensation would be required 	To compensate the loss of	Contractor /	The recreational	Construction	EIAO-TM
		for the loss of a small area of marsh	marsh habitat and enhance	qualified	fish pond located	Phase	
		habitat (about 0.30ha) within the CA	the quality compensatory	ecologist	to the southwest		
		resulting from the construction of the	habitat		of the existing		
		box-culvert.			Tung Tsz Nursery		
		An existing low ecological value					
		recreational fishpond on government					
		land adjacent to the marsh would be					
		used as a proposed area (about					
		0.8ha) for the compensation for the					
		marsh as well as secondary					
		woodland habitats loss (0.08ha).					
		■ The pond should be enhanced					
		by removing boardwalks around the					

EIA Ref.			Objectives of the	Who to		When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		existing pond, and restoring					
		vegetation along the pond bunds,					
		and it would be re-profiled to provide					
		areas of shallow water					
		(approximately 15-50cm deep),					
		creating a suitable foraging habitat					
		for avifauna, particularly ardeids and					
		other waders.					
		Screen planting of shrubs and					
		trees along the south-eastern bund					
		of the pond should be implemented					
		to minimise disturbance to avifauna					
		and other wildlife from the adjacent					
		recreational fishpond. The enhanced					
		pond is expected to provide a					
		moderate-high ecological value					
		wetland habitat.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
F		Landscape and Visual					
Table 8.4	7.6	Visual screen, contaminant/ liaison with nursery, protection of existing trees with works area and construction light are used or practiced to mitigate the impacts during construction phase.	To mitigate the landscape	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
Table 8.4	7.7	Viewing area formation, architectural design for pump house, landscape design for pump house, enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road, sufficient soil depth for enhancement planting, transplanting of trees to adjacent locations, preparation for transplanting and reinstatement of affected area are practiced to mitigate the impacts during operational phase.	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the operational phase.	Contractor		Detail Design / Operational Phase	EIAO-TM

Appendix H:
\mathbf{A})
The recommend mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3)
\mathbf{B})
Implementation status of environmental protection and mitigation measures

Contract No. DC/2009/22 – Drainage Improvement in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1 $\,$

B) Implementation status of environmental protection and mitigation

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
	Use well maintained construction plant					Implemented
	Shut down plants between work periods					Implemented
2.18	Install silencers on construction equipment	To minimize construction noise impact	Works areas			Implemented
	Locate mobile plant far away from NSRs			Construction phase	EIAO-TM NCO	Implemented
	Quiet plants should be used					Implemented
2.19	Use of quieter PME					Not applicable
2.20 - 2.21	Use of temporary noise barrier		Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable
2.22	Use of alternative quieter construction method	P	Part of the Works Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable
2.23 – 2.24	Use of noise enclosure		Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
	Implement regular watering and vehicle washing facilities		Construction Site			Implemented
3.5	Cover excavated or stockpile of dusty material by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water	To minimize construction dust impact		Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
	Use tarpaulin to cover dusty materials on vehicles					Implemented
4.5	Provide silt trap and oil interceptor to remove the oil, lubricants, grease, silt, grit and debris from the wastewater before pumped to the public storm water drainage system					Implemented
4.5	During rainstorms, exposed slope/soil surfaces shall be covered by a tarpaulin or other means. Others measures that need to be implemented before, during, and after rainstorms as summarized in ProPECC PN 1/94 shall be followed	To minimize water quality impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM WPCO	Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
4.10	Provide site toilet facilities	To minimize water quality impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM WPCO	Implemented
4.7	Further precautionary measures during rainy season: For the construction of the box culvert next to the existing channel of the Wai Ha River, sand bags should be deployed around the boundary of the works trench to prevent muddy water ingress into the adjacent CA or Wai Ha River. Sand bags should also be used to surround the excavated trench. Generally, the sand bags will be placed up to a height of 300mm to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water level during rainstorm event. With sand bags in place, surface runoff will be intercepted and flow to Wai Ha River or collected by the existing drainage system as usual. For the construction of the box culvert in the extreme northeast corner of Shuen Wan Marsh Conservation Area sand bags should be deployed along the limit of the works area to prevent muddy water ingress into the CA. Sand bags should be placed to a height of at least 300mm from round level and +2.5 mPD (whichever is greater) to provide adequate allowance	To minimize water quality impact to the designated Conservation Area	Works areas near the Conservation Area	Rainy seasons during construction	EIAO-TM WPCO	Not applicable

EM&A	Recommended	Objectives of the	Location of the	When to implement	What requirements	Implementation status
Ref.	Mitigation Measures	Recommended	measure	the measure?	or standards for the	
		Measure & main			measure to achieve?	
		concern to Address				
	for the built-up water level during rainstorm events. Unpolluted surface runoff within the works area should then be collected and directed into the existing drainage system.					
	Sheet-piles, which would be installed around the works trench near the Conservation Area, would be extended above ground level for about 2m to serve as hoardings to isolate the works site.					
	Tarpulin sheets would be used to cover the excavation areas during heavy rainstorms. This would prevent the ingress of rainwater into the trench minimising the risk of muddy water getting into Wai Ha River and the adjacent Conservation Area.					
	Any concrete washing water would be contained inside the works site surrounded by the extended sheet piles. A pump sump at the bottom of the trench would be provided to pump any excess water during concrete					
5.9	Reuse excavated material as much as possible					Implemented
5.7	Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity shall be recycled.	To achieve waste reduction	Works areas	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Not applicable
	Recycle scrap metals or abandoned equipment					Implemented

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
5.5	A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed should be proposed Adopt a trip ticket system for the disposal of	To reduce waste management impacts	Works areas	Construction phase	ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 ETWB TCW NO. 31/2004	Implemented Implemented
5.11	C&D materials All general refuse should be segregated and stored in enclosed bins or compaction units					Implemented
5.10	Contractor should be a required to register with the EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer and to follow the guidelines states in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and Incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste, such as explosives, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, corrosive, etc.	To minimize the environmental impacts associated with the handling, transportation and disposal of chemical waste.	Work site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste)(General) Regulation	Implemented Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure When to implement the measure?		What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
5.5	A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed should be proposed	To reduce waste management impacts	Works areas	Construction phase	ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 ETWB TCW NO. 31/2004	Implemented
6.6	Sheet-pilings, which will be installed around the trench of excavation, should be extended above ground level for ~2m to act as hoarding to isolate the works site. The trenching works for the construction of the proposed box culvert should be carried out in phases, with a trench length of not more than 120m in each phase. The trench should be backfilled and compacted with suitable materials upon completion of each phase of the construction works.	To minimize the impacts on the steam and natural river bank.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
6.6	The construction of intercept oint of twin cell box culvert at the upstream of Wai Ha River should be confined to only one side of the river bank. To restore and enhance the ecological value of the stream, the affected river bank should be reinstated to its original condition or lined with rock-filled gabion. Planting pits should be provided in the gabion bank to allow the re-establishment of riparian vegetation.	To minimize the impacts on the steam and natural river bank.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
	The existing natural riverbed and substrates should be retained and the natural pool-riffle sequence should be re-created in the new channel bed.					
6.7	All works carried out within the river channel of Wai Ha River should be carried out from October to April, with construction carried out by land-based plant. Works within river/stream channels should be restricted to an enclosed dry section of the river, with containment measures such as bunds and barriers used within the river to minimize the impacts upon the downstream water body. Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet.	To minimize sedimentation/ water quality impacts	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
6.8	The construction of the proposed box-culvert would have the potential to directly impact a few individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should be formulated during the detailed design stage of this Project.	To protect plant species of conservation interest	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable
6.9	Placement of equipment or stockpile in designated works areas and access routes selected on existing disturbed land to minimize disturbance to natural or moderate-high ecological value habitats.	To minimise disturbance to habitats.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable
6.13	General drainage arrangements should include sediment and oil traps to collect and control construction site run-off.	To minimise sedimentation/ water quality impacts	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
6.13	Construction activities should be restricted to work areas that would be clearly demarcated. The work areas should be reinstated after completion of the works.	To minimise disturbance to natural habitats outside works area.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
6.13	Placement of equipment or stockpile in designated works areas and access routes selected on existing disturbed land to minimize disturbance to natural or moderate-high ecological value habitats.	To minimise disturbance to natural habitats	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
7.6	Visual screen, contaminant/ liaison with nursery, protection of existing trees with works area and construction light are used or practiced to mitigate the impacts during construction phase	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the Construction phase	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
7.7	Viewing area formation, architectural design for pump house, landscape design for pump hose, enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road, sufficient soil depth for enhancement planting, transplanting of trees to adjacent locations preparation for transplanting and reinstatement of affected area are practiced to mitigate the impacts during operational phase.	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the operational phase	Whole site	Detail Design / Operational Phase	EIAO-TM	Not Applicable

Appendix I: Construction Pogramme **Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited** Contract No.: DC/2009/22
Contract Title: Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po - Contract 1

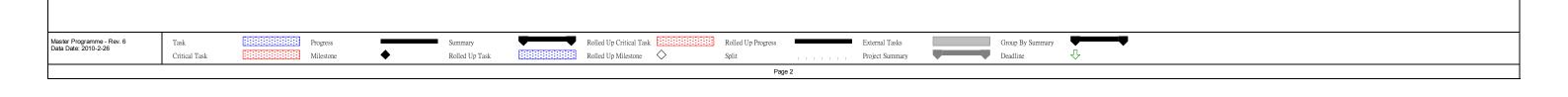
<u>Master Programme (Rev. 6)</u>

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	ID ID n	io. in Rev. ID no. in Rev.	ID no. in Rev	v. ID no. in Rev.	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Predecessors			3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	2011	2nd Quarter 3rd	Quarter 4th Quarter		2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter
Total	1	1 1	1 :	1 1	Preliminary Works (Area I - Pak Shek Kok)	175 days	Fri 26/2/10	Thu 19/8/10]	Jan Feb Mar Apr May Ju	ın Jul Aug Se	ep Oct Nov I	Dec Jan Feb Mar	Apr May Jun Jul	Aug Sep Oct Nov I	Dec Jan Feb Mar	Apr May Jun	Jul Aug S
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No.	34	34 34	4 34	4 34	Piling Works	485 days	Fri 26/2/10	Sat 25/6/11			V.	-			-			1	Ť
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S	60	60 60	0 59	9 58	External Structure	220 days	Sun 22/1/12	Tue 28/8/12									—	1	
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70 70 70 69 68 Construction of Pipe & Tide Level Monitoring Chambers 90 days Thu 22/1/2 Thu 10/5/1/2 69 71 71 71 71 70 69 Outfall Structure 110 days Fit 11/5/1/2 The 28/8/1/2 70 125 72 73 73 72 71 Esternal Misc. Worst 200 days Sun 22/1/2 Fit 28/8/1/2 47 88 and 7 72 8 Bandary Wall & Fencing 160 days Sun 22/1/2 Wed 21/5/1/2 47 76, 79 75 75 74 73 3 3nos. of Plow Measurment chambers and Pipes 60 days Sun 22/1/2 Wed 21/5/1/2 47 76, 79 76 76 75 74 Surface Deninage System & Catchpits 60 days Sun 22/1/2 Fit 28/8/1/2 47 76, 79 77 77 77 77 76 76 76 Concrete Pavement 20 days Mon 21/1/2 Sun 20/5/1/2 50 78 80 78 79 79 79 78 225mm disc. Sever Across Ting Kok Road and Cornection to Existing Manholes 120 days Fit 29/7/2 Thu 25/8/1/2 79 9 125 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80		68 68	0	., 00						69							little (France)	1	:
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81 Task Summary Rolled Up Critical Task Rolled Up Progress External Tasks Group By Summary Rolled Up Progress External Tasks Group By Summary Rolled Up Progress External Tasks Group By Summary Rolled Up Task Rolled Up Task Rolled Up Milestone Rolled Up M	79	79 79	9 7	8						80							-		alib Terrer
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Critical Task Section Milestone Rolled Up Task Section Rolled Up Milestone Split Project Summary Deadline	*											1	11	1	1	1	i .	i	
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Contract No.: DC/2009/22
Contract Title: Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po - Contract 1

<u>Master Programme (Rev. 6)</u>

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ID no. in Rev.	ID no. in Rev.	. ID no. in l	Rev. ID no. in Re	ev. Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Predecessors	Successors 2010 2011 2012	
5	4	3	2						1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 2nd Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 2nd Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 3rd Quarter 3rd Quarter 3rd Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Qu	Quarter 3rd
82	82		80 79	Twin Cell Box Culvert	915 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 28/8/12		Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr	May Jun Jul
83		3	81 80	Liaison with LCSD	15 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 12/3/10	2	84 [5]	- :
84		1	82 81	Determination of Box Culvert Alignment	30 days	Sat 13/3/10	Sun 11/4/10	83	85	1
85			83 82	Record Survey	30 days	Mon 12/4/10	Tue 11/5/10	84	86 (525)	
86		5	84 83	Condition Survey of Existing Structure	15 days	Wed 12/5/10	Wed 26/5/10	85	87	1
87	,	7	85 84	Submission of Method Statement to LCSD	60 days	Thu 27/5/10	Sun 25/7/10	86	01	
88		2	86 85	Design of Temporary Traffic Arrangement	60 days	Fri 26/2/10	Mon 26/4/10	2	89,90	
89			87 86	Submission of TTA to TMLG for Approval	90 days	Tue 27/4/10	Sun 25/7/10	88	90F	
90			88 87	Excavation Permit	120 days	Tue 27/4/10	Tue 24/8/10	88,89FF	0.00	
91	, ,,,	1	89 88	Temporary Removal of Structure and Facilities / Reprovision	15 days	Mon 26/7/10	Mon 9/8/10	87	77 00	
92)	09 00	Provision of Temporary Irrigation Pipes	20 days	Tue 10/8/10	Sun 29/8/10	91	94 12:0	
93		1	91 89	Box Culvert at Chainage 0 - 25	150 days	Wed 1/2/12	Fri 29/6/12	00	100	
94		1	92 90	Box Culvert at Chainage 0 - 25 Box Culvert at Chainage 25 - 75	100 days	Fri 24/9/10	Sat 1/1/11	31FS-30 days,30,92	06	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
95			93 91	Box Culvert at Chainage 25 - 75 Box Culvert at Chainage 75 - 125	100 days	Sun 2/1/11	Mon 11/4/11	94	Acceptable Control Con	:
		,	94 92	Box Culvert at Chainage 125 - 175	100 days	Tue 12/4/11	Wed 20/7/11	95	70 m	:
96	90	7	95 93	Box Culvert at Chainage 125 - 175 Box Culvert at Chainage 175 - 225	100 days	Thu 21/7/11	Fri 28/10/11	95	97	:
98	97		96 94	Box Culvert at Chainage 173 - 223 Box Culvert at Chainage 225 - 275	95 days	Sat 29/10/11	Tue 31/1/12	90	90	:
90	98	,	97 95					00 21FC 20 1 20	99	:
) 100	,		Box Culvert at Chainae 275 - 300	450 days	Fri 24/9/10	Sat 17/12/11	90,31FS-30 days,30	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	
			98 96	Box Culvert at Chainage 300 - 350 (Including Outfall & Desilting Chamber)	150 days	Sun 18/12/11	Tue 15/5/12		101	
101			99	1200mm dia. Drainage Pipe	40 days	Wed 16/5/12	Sun 24/6/12	100		
102	2 102	2	100 97	Reinstallation and Reinstatement of Existing Structure, Facilities and Trees	60 days	Sat 30/6/12	Tue 28/8/12	93,101	125	EE
			100		2.7					
104			102 99	Dia. 2100mm Drainage Pipe	915 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 28/8/12			
105			103 100	Record Survey	15 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 12/3/10	2		
106			104 101	Site Investigation (Trial Pit)	50 days	Sat 13/3/10	Sat 1/5/10	105	107	1
107			105 102	Design of Temporary Traffic Arrangement	40 days	Sun 2/5/10	Thu 10/6/10	106	108,109	
108			106 103	Submission of TTA to TMLG for Approval	60 days	Fri 11/6/10	Mon 9/8/10	107	110,109FF	
109			107 104	Excavation Permit	90 days	Fri 11/6/10	Wed 8/9/10	107,108FF	114	
110			108	Liaison with HyD / LCSD for Planter Removal	25 days	Tue 10/8/10	Fri 3/9/10	108	114	1
. 111			109 105	E&M Design of Penstocks	180 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 24/8/10	17	112	
! 112			110 106	Submission for Approval	60 days	Wed 25/8/10	Sat 23/10/10	111	113	
113	113	3	111 107	Fabrication & Delivery of Penstocks	240 days	Sun 24/10/10	Mon 20/6/11	112	120	
114	114	1	112 108	MH 04 to MH 05	180 days	Thu 9/9/10	Mon 7/3/11	109,139,110	115	
115	115	5	113 109	MH 03 to MH 04	90 days	Tue 8/3/11	Sun 5/6/11	114	116,119	
116	116	5	114 110	Intake to MH 03	150 days	Mon 6/6/11	Wed 2/11/11	115	120FS-30 days,121FS-30 days,117	1
117	117	7	115 115	Reinstatement of Existing Planter	50 days	Thu 3/11/11	Thu 22/12/11	116		1
118	118	3	116 111	MH 05 to MH 06	60 days	Wed 14/9/11	Sat 12/11/11	47SS+80 days		1
119	119)		Temporary Drainage Management Plan	90 days	Mon 6/6/11	Sat 3/9/11	115	120	1
120	120)	118 112	Intake (As required in Dry Season)	150 days	Tue 4/10/11	Thu 1/3/12	116FS-30 days,113,119	123	1
121	121		119 113	Modification of Existing Outlet Structure of Wai Ha River	150 days	Tue 4/10/11	Thu 1/3/12	116FS-30 days	122FF	1
! 122	122	2	120 114	Installation of 4 nos of Mechanical Penstocks	30 days	Wed 1/2/12	Thu 1/3/12	121FF	123	1
123	123	3	121	E & M Works	120 days	Fri 2/3/12	Fri 29/6/12	122,120	124	annonen k
124	124	1	122	Misc. Works & Reinstatement	60 days	Sat 30/6/12	Tue 28/8/12	123	125	1
125	125		123 116	Completion of Section I	0 days	Tue 28/8/12	Tue 28/8/12	78,124,102,51,58,65,71,80		-
,										- :
127	1 127	7	125 118	Time for Completion of Section II	365 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 25/2/11		produceros de la compansión de la compan	
128	128		126 119	Section II (Area C - Ecological Compensation Area at Shuen Wan)	365 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 25/2/11			1
129			127 120	Commencement of Works	0 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 26/2/10		131,132,133	;
130			128 121	Preliminary Works	45 days	Fri 26/2/10	Sun 11/4/10			;
131			129 122	Site Clearance	10 days	Fri 26/2/10	Sun 7/3/10	129	134	- ;
132			130 123	Hoarding Erection	15 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 12/3/10	129	136	;
133			131 124	Pumping Water out of Pond	10 days	Fri 26/2/10	Sun 7/3/10	129	135	
134			132 125	Check actual Tidal against Predicted Tidal Level	15 days	Mon 8/3/10	Mon 22/3/10	131	136FS-10 days 13-	1
			133 126	Survey Existing Pond Bed	5 days	Mon 8/3/10	Fri 12/3/10	133	136	
135			134 127	Design of of Ecological Compensation Area	30 days	Sat 13/3/10	Sun 11/4/10	135,134FS-10 days,132	138	
130	, 130	1	1.54 127	Design of of Ecological Compensation Affa	JU uays	- Jan 13/3/10	Jun 11/4/10	155,1571 G-10 uays,152		1
	3 138	1	136 129	Submission of Design of Ecological Compensation Area to EPD for Approval	0 days	Sun 11/4/10	Sun 11/4/10	136	139	
									139 140,114,30,31,37,141,142	
			137 130	Refer to Permit Requirement plus 15 weeks for Approval and Commencement of Works	105 days	Mon 12/4/10	Sun 25/7/10	138		1
140			138 131	Fill of Pond to Designed Level	165 days	Mon 26/7/10	Thu 6/1/11	139	143FS-60 days	1
141			139 132	Transplanting	90 days	Mon 26/7/10	Sat 23/10/10	139		1
				Temporary Drainage Management Plan	90 days	Mon 26/7/10	Sat 23/10/10	139	145	1
143			141 133	Planting Works at Upper Level	60 days	Mon 8/11/10	Thu 6/1/11	140FS-60 days	144	
144			142 134	Planting Works at Lower Level	30 days	Fri 7/1/11	Sat 5/2/11	143	145	
145			143 135	Setting up Water Circulation System	20 days	Sun 6/2/11	Fri 25/2/11	144,142	146	
146	146	5	144 136	Completion of Section II	0 days	Fri 25/2/11	Fri 25/2/11	145	250	





Contract No.: DC/2009/22 Contract Title: Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po - Contract 1 3 Months Rolling Programme (September 2013 - November 2013) | August 2013 | September 2013 | October 2013 | November 2013 | December 2013 | January 2014 | February 2014 | March 2014 | April 7 | 28/7 | 4/8 | 11/8 | 18/8 | 25/8 | 1/9 | 8/9 | 15/9 | 22/9 | 29/9 | 6/10 | 13/10 | 20/10 | 27/10 | 3/11 | 10/11 | 13/11 | 24/11 | 1/12 | 8/12 | 15/12 | 22/12 | 29/12 | 5/1 | 12/1 | 19/1 | 26/1 | 2/2 | 9/2 | 16/2 | 23/2 | 2/3 | 9/3 | 16/3 | 23/3 | 30/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | 23/3 | Duration Start Finish 150 days Thu 1/8/13 Sat 28/12/13 Pumping Station 80 days Thu 1/8/13 Sat 19/10/13 Complete the remaining man-made slope 30 days Thu 1/8/13 Fri 3 0/8/13 Road and Kerb 40 days Thu 1/8/13 Mon 9/9/13 6 Fencing and Boundary Wall 80 days Thu 1/8/13 Sat 19/10/13 Thu 1/8/13 Mon 9/9/13 Cladding 40 days Green Roof 10 days Tue 10/9/13 Thu 19/9/13 9 Landscape Works 20 days Tue 10/9/13 Sun 29/9/13 Installation of Minor E&M Works eg. Lighting, Lightning System .. 50 days Thu 1/8/13 Thu 19/9/13 12 13 14 15 16 150 days Thu 1/8/13 Sat 28/12/13 Ting Kok Road Resurfacing Existing Bicycle Track 150 days Thu 1/8/13 Sat 28/12/13 Reinstatement of Planter 50 days Thu 1/8/13 Thu 19/9/13 Planting 10 days Fri 20/9/13 Sun 29/9/13 Reinstatement of Manhole 40 days Thu 1/8/13 Mon 9/9/13 17 18 20 Complete the remaining section of Intake Structure 60 days Thu 1/8/13 Sun 29/9/13 Installation of Bar Screen 20 days Mon 30/9/13 Sat 19/10/13

240 days Thu 1/8/13 Fri 28/3/14

50 days Sat 31/8/13 Sat 19/10/13

Sat 31/8/13 Mon 27/1/14

Thu 1/8/13 Thu 19/9/13

Fri 3 0/8/13

Thu 1/8/13

30 days

150 days

50 days

Area B (Tung Tsz Nursery)

Backfilling and reinstatement of Trench

Reinstatement of Existing StormWater Drain

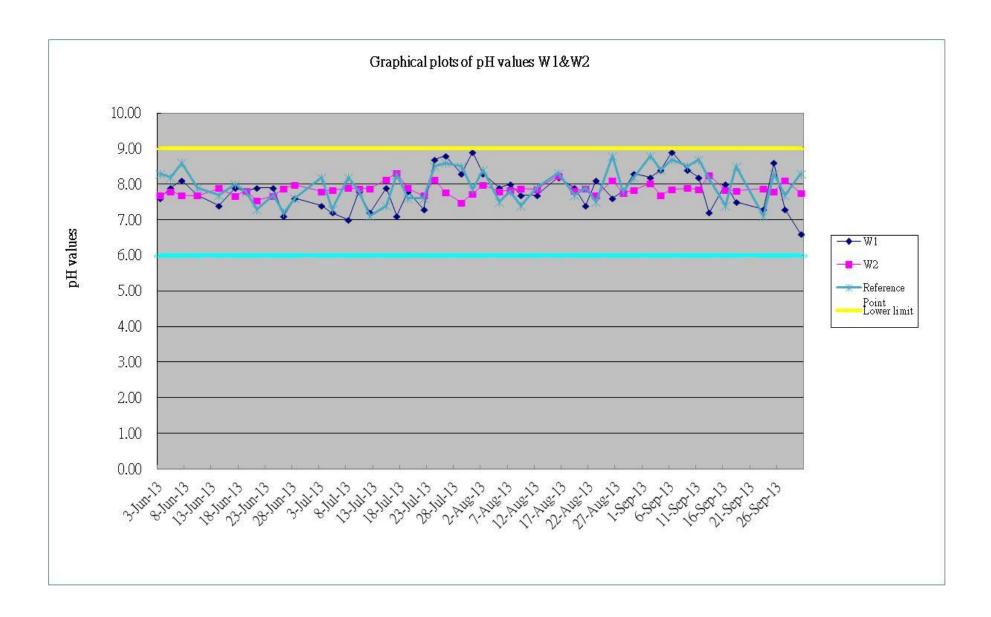
Desilting Works in Constructed Box Culvert

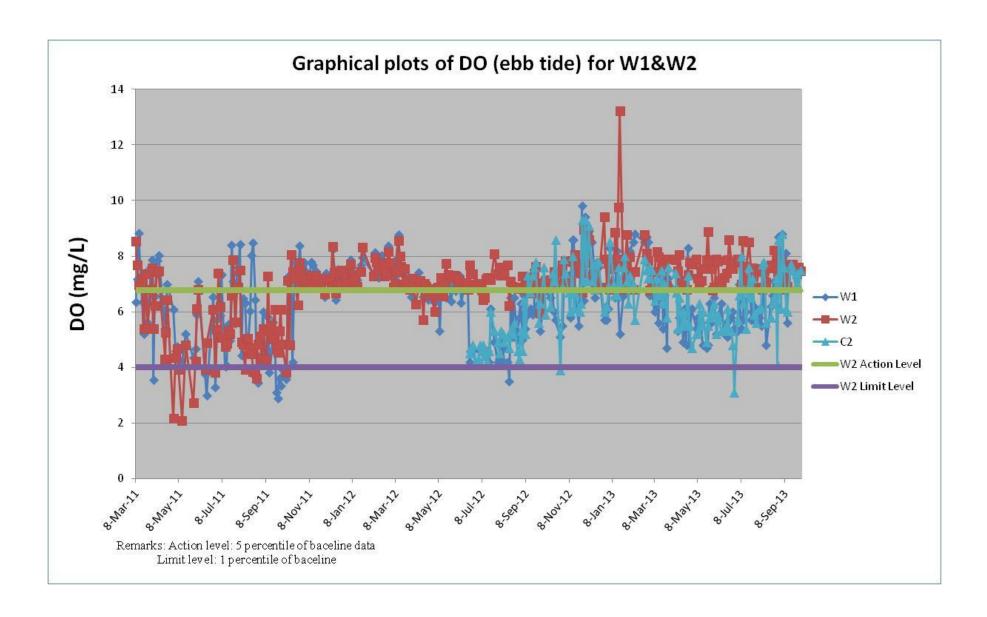
Reinstatement of Footpath, Irrigation System, Removal of Temporary Hoarding

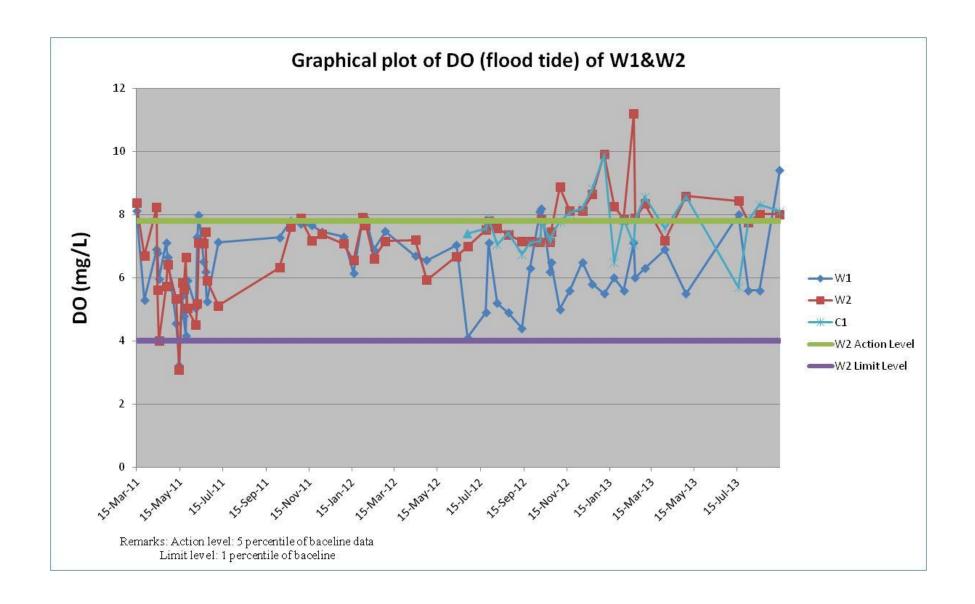
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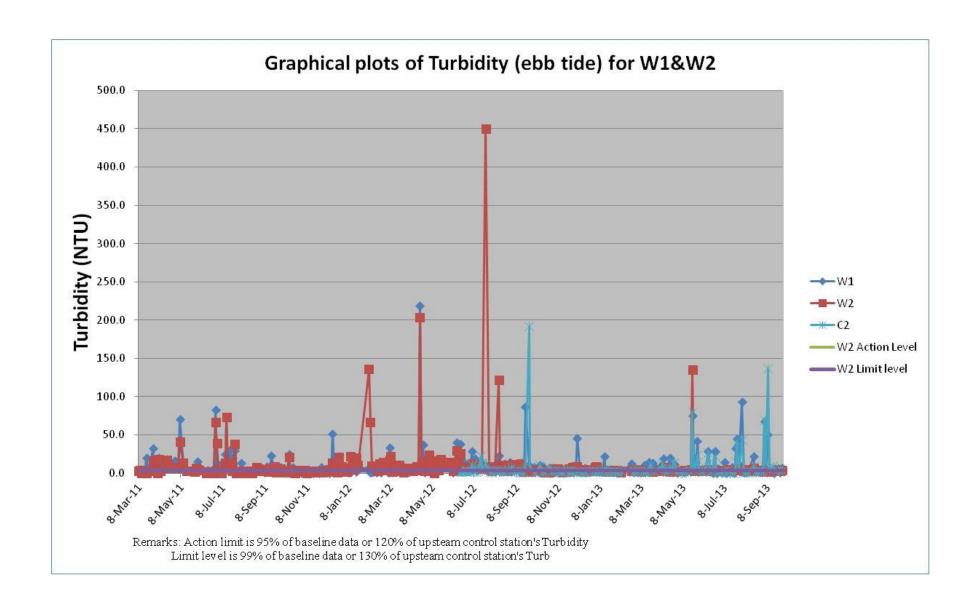
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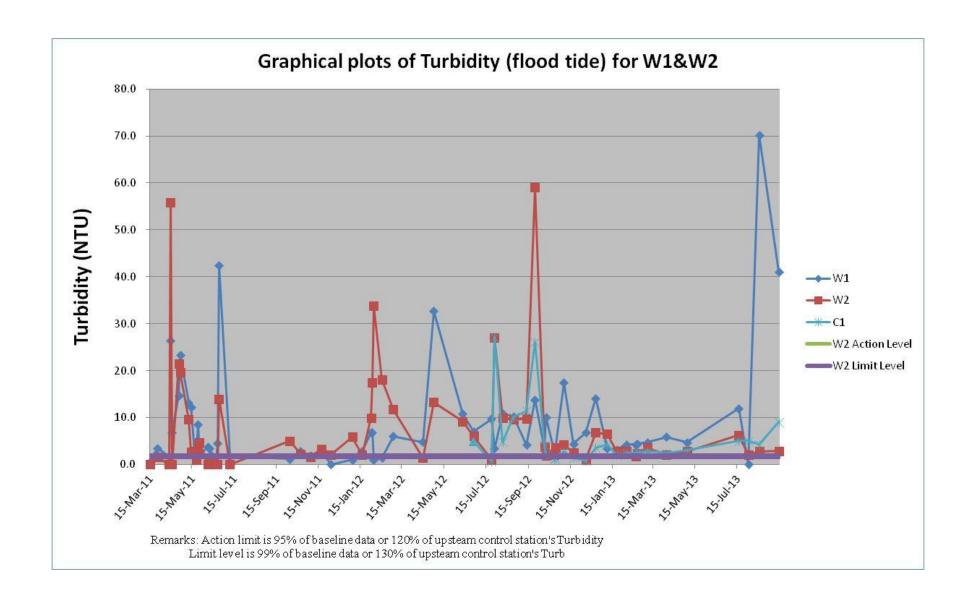


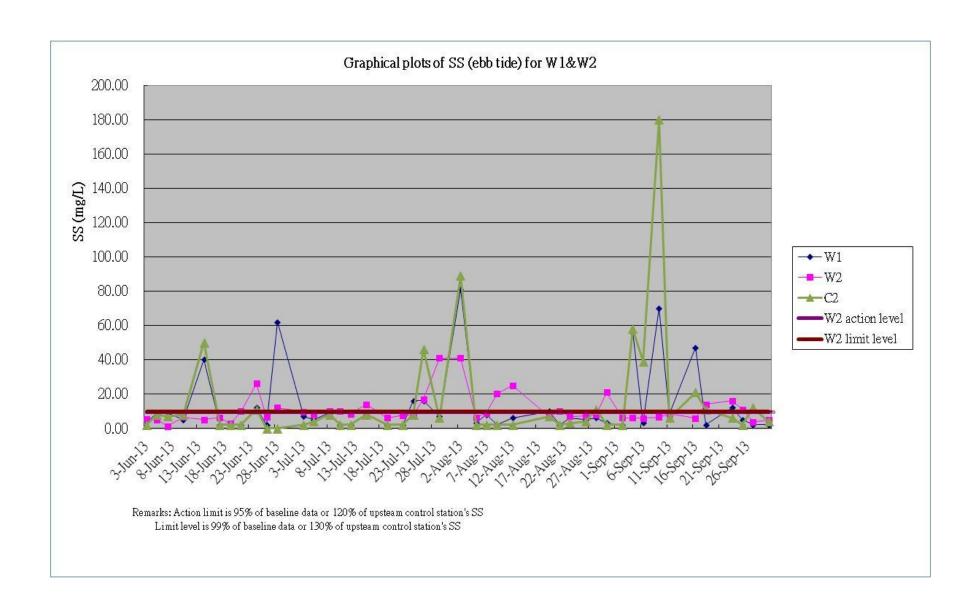


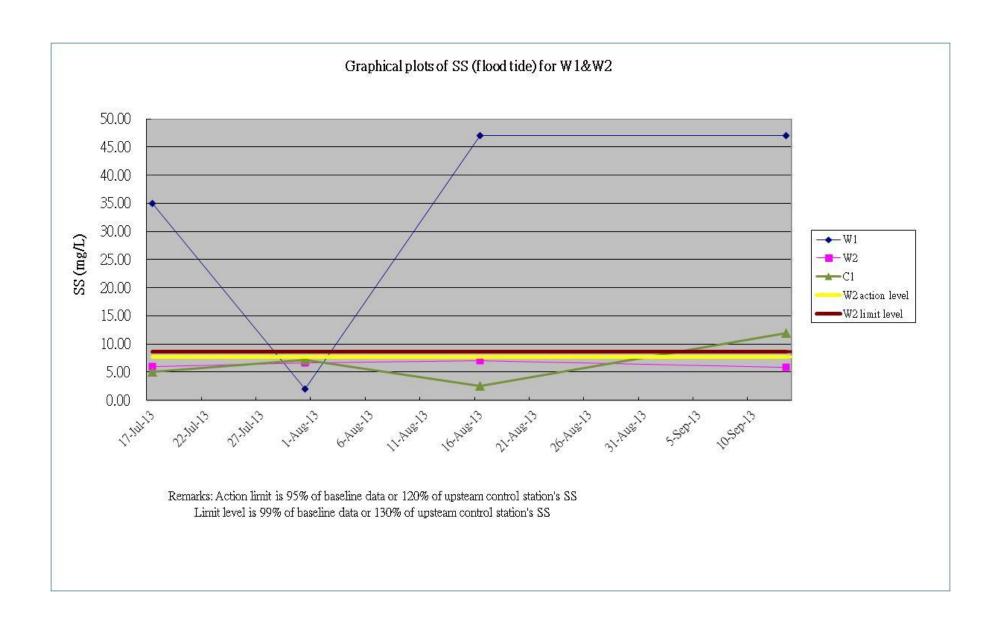


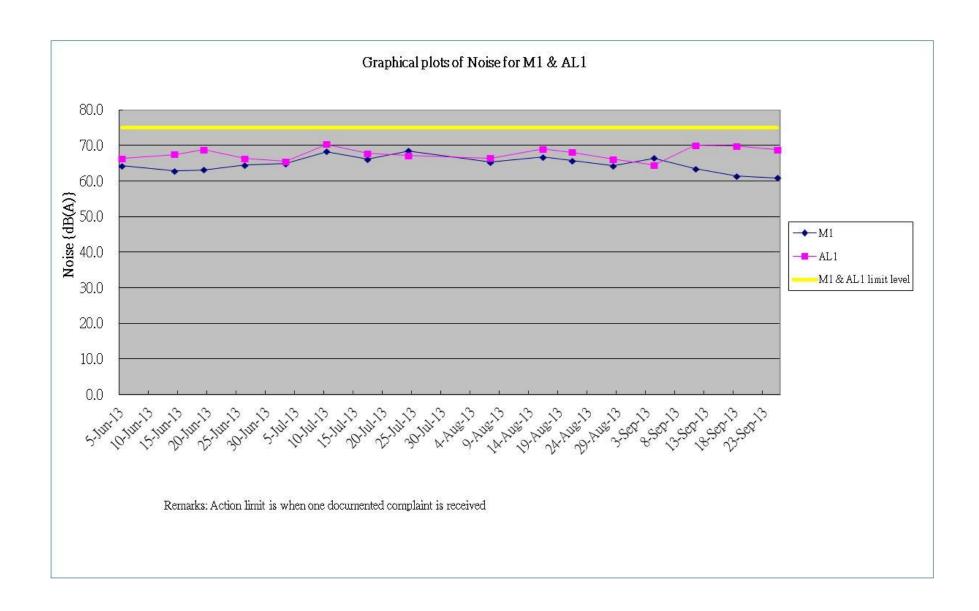


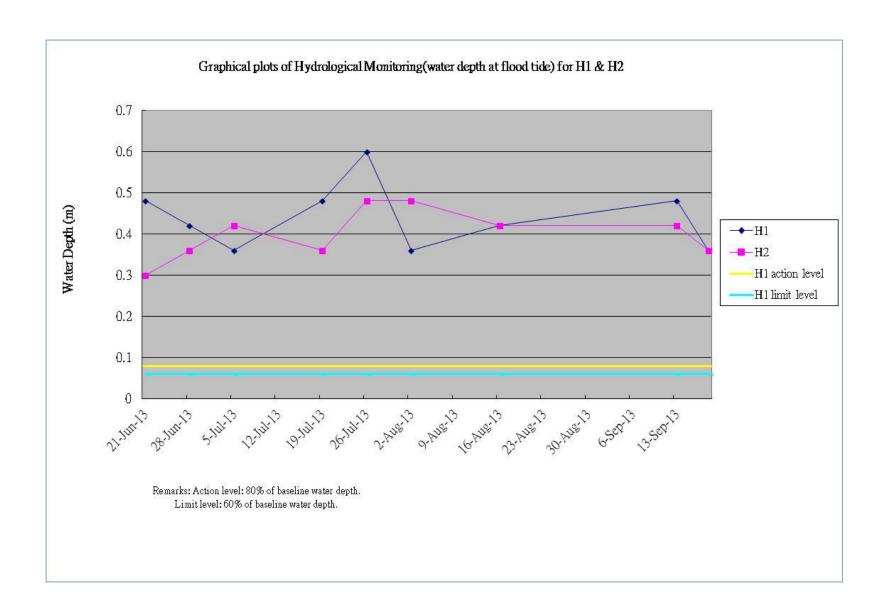


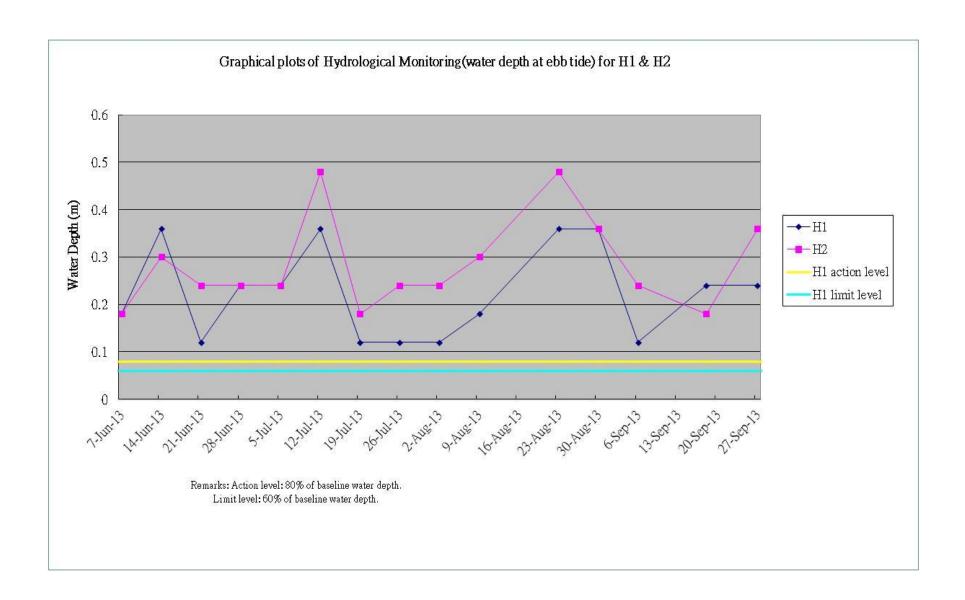


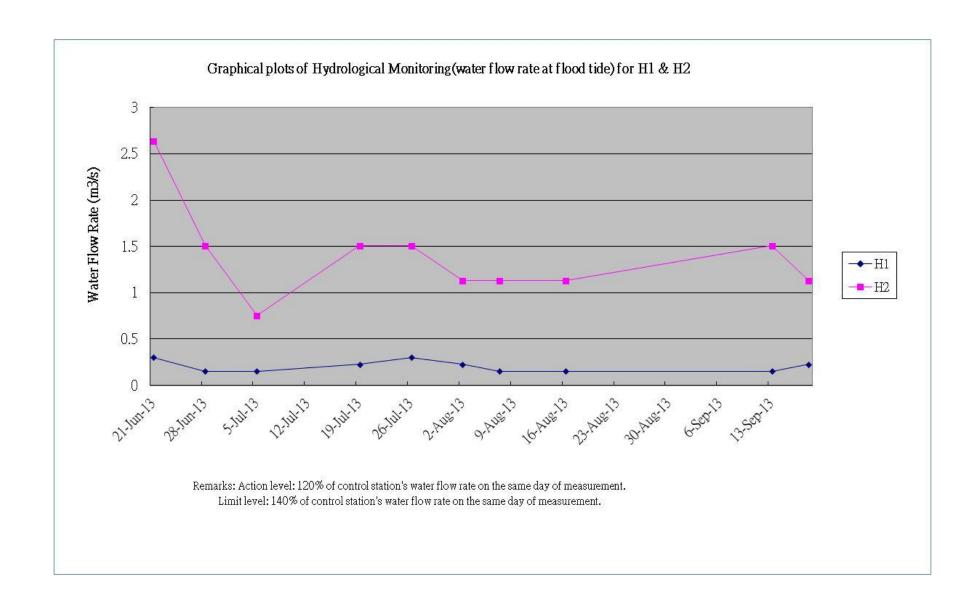


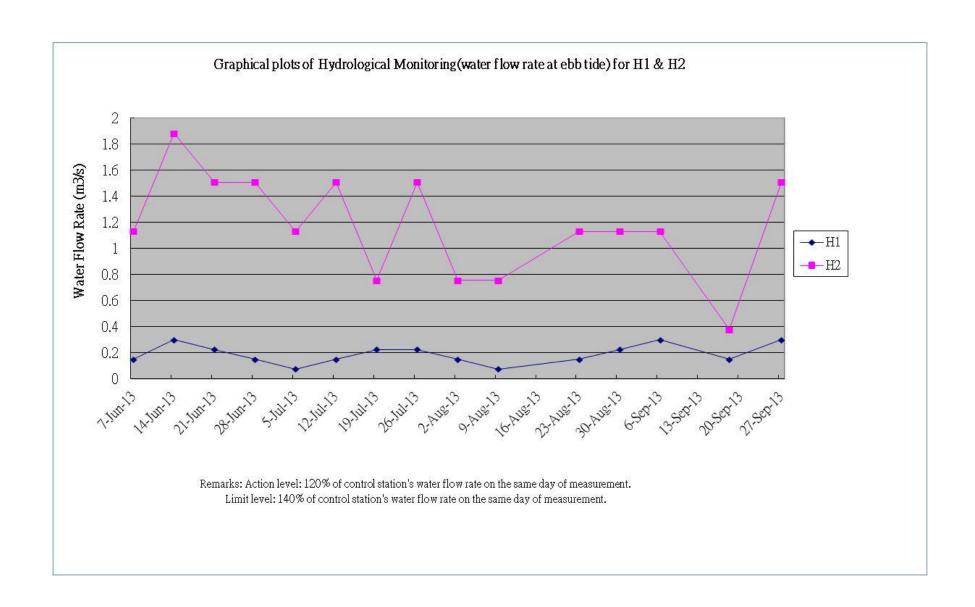














Agreement No. DP/01/2010
Drainage Improvement Works in Shatin and Tai Po:
Ecological Monitoring in area under Contract 1
(Report 16a for September 2013)

Prepared for:

Drainage Services Department

Prepared by: **ENVIRON Hong Kong Limited**

Date: **Oct 2013**

Reference Number: R3348_V1.0



Agreement No. DP/01/2010
Drainage Improvement Works in Shatin and Tai Po:
Ecological Monitoring in area under Contract 1
(Report 16a for September 2013)

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R3348_V1.0 i

Contents

		Page
1.	Introduction	1
2.	Highlights of this report	1
3.	Summary of construction activities for the month	2
4.	Monitoring Methodology	2
1.1	Vegetation survey	2
1.2	Avifauna	3
1.3	Herpetofauna	3
1.4	Butterflies and Odonata	3
1.5	Mammals	3
1.6	Aquatic fauna	3
5.	Monitoring data	4
1.1	Vegetation survey	4
1.2	Avifauna	4
1.3	Herpetofauna	4
1.4	Butterflies	4
1.5	Odonata	5
1.6	Mammal	5
1.7	Aquatic fauna	5
6.	Remedial measures adopted to the adverse condition	5
7.	Record of complains and remedial measures	5
8.	Review of the monitoring results	5
9.	Forecast of works programme and monitoring requirements	6
10.	Comments and summary	6
11	References	7



List of Tables

- Table 1: List of riparian vegetation and coverage (%) recorded from two stream sampling points under Contract 1 (i.e. SEMP 1, 2).
- Table 2: List of vegetation recorded from works area under Contracts 1 and 100 m buffer area in the impact monitoring survey conducted in September 2013. Vegetation species presents in the identified location was indicated by "V".
- Table 3: List of avifauna species and maximum counts recorded from the impact monitoring survey in September 2013 at work area under Contracts 1 and 100 m buffer area.
- Table 4: List of herpetofauna and maximum counts recorded from the impact monitoring survey in September 2013 at work area under Contracts 1 and 100 m buffer area.

List of Figures

- Figure 1: Map showing the ecological monitoring transect and the boundary of assessment area.
- Figure 2: SEMP 1, the first sampling point of Wai Ha River under Contract 1.
- Figure 3: SEMP 2, the second sampling point along Wai Ha River under Contract 1.



R3348_V1.0 iii

1. Introduction

1.1 Project description

The Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan was undertaken to minimize the potential flooding impacts in Sha Tin and Tai Po area. Although the Ecological Impact Assessment in the EIA Report identified that ecological impacts resulting from the proposed drainage improvement works at Shuen Wan were anticipated to be very minor in scale, ecological mitigation and ecological monitoring were recommended in the EM&A Manual (http://env-shuenwan.com/pdf/review_note_em&a_rev.3.pdf) as stipulated under Environment Permit No. EP-303/2008.

- **1.2** Scope of ecological impact monitoring was described in the Particular Specifications and EM & A Manual of the projects. In brief, the monitoring tasks include regular check on the retained and transplanted trees and shrubs, monitoring on fauna groups and aquatic fauna within the works area and any ecologically sensitive area within 100 m of the works boundary.
- **1.3** China-Hong Kong Ecology Consultants Co. was commissioned by ENVIRON Hong Kong Limited to perform the ecological impact monitoring survey for areas under Contract 1 starting from March 2011.
- **1.4** The outline of this ecological monitoring report was as follow:
 - Highlights of this report
 - Summary of construction activities for the month
 - Monitoring methodology
 - Monitoring data
 - Remedial measures adopted to the adverse condition
 - Record of complains and remedial measures
 - Review of monitoring results
 - Forecast of works programme and monitoring requirements
 - Comments and brief summary
- **1.5** This is the report No. 16a ecological monitoring conducted on 26th September 2013 within the works boundary under Contract 1 and area within 100 m from the works boundary.

2. Highlights of this report

- Field survey was conducted on 26th Sep 2013
- Construction activities of Contract 1 was continued since March 2011
- Lower number of species was observed within the works area under Contract 1, in particular stream ecological monitoring point 2 (SEMP 2) due to recent river diversion for Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) construction.
- Habitats in the 100 m buffer area retain its natural condition.



3. Summary of construction activities for the month

Major construction activities carried out in Contract 1 by the contractor during the present monitoring period (Sep 2013) includes:

Area A (Pumping Station)

- Installation of E&M equipment
- E&M Testing
- Construction of Green Roof
- Construction of Road & Drain in Pumping Station
- Construction of Boundary Wall
- Installation of Cladding

Area B (Tung Tsz Nursery)

• Reinstatement in Tung Tsz Nursery

Area C (ECA)

Handovered to AFCD.

4. Monitoring Methodology

Ecological monitoring methods were generally followed those described in the baseline ecological surveys (DC/2009/22). However, sampling area maybe reduced because of habitat change, for instance, deforestation and channel modification due to drainage works, where sampling was not applicable. Moreover, as the Ecological Monitoring for Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA) was completed and the ECA was handover to AFCD on January 2013 already, thus the monitoring survey and photo taking on SEMP 2 was not applicable also. Survey data and evaluation are detailed in the following sections.

4.1 Vegetation survey

Vegetation survey was performed along the designated transects (**Figure 1**) for ecological monitoring as described in the project specifications to monitor the vegetation health which could be adversely influenced by any bad site practice. Qualitative data of plants within the works boundary and wetland vegetation in the 100 m buffer area of Contract 1 adjacent to construction site and wetland was recorded. Riparian vegetation including aquatic and emergent at 4 stream ecological monitoring points (hereinafter referred to as "SEMP") under Contract 1 (i.e. SEPM 1; **Figure 2**) along the affected stream channel and riparian habitat was recorded in terms of species, relative abundance and average heights. Any signs of damages and adverse health problems directly caused the works were recorded and reported.



Nomenclature and protection status of the species followed those documented in the AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net) and Hong Kong Herbarium (2004).

4.2 Avifauna

Bird survey was conducted by following the proposed transects which cover the major ecologically sensitive areas of the Project (**Figure 1**). All bird species were recorded with special attention paid on the species of conservation importance and wetland-dependent species. List of bird species recorded and the relative abundance was provided.

4.3 Herpetofauna

Hepetofauna survey was conducted via direct observation and active searching along the survey transects with a focus in the work areas (**Figure 1**). All reptiles and amphibians encountered or heard were recorded. Nomenclature and conservation status of herpetofauna species follows AFCD website (www.hkbiodiversity.net).

4.4 Butterflies and Odonata

Odonates and butterfly survey of different habitats within the Study Area was conducted along the proposed transect (**Figure 1**). All butterflies and odonata were identified and relative abundance was recorded. Nomenclauture and status of conservation of butterflies follows Lo & Hui (2005) while that of odonata follows AFCD websites (www.hkbiodiversity.net).

4.5 Mammals

As the monitoring site was situated near traffics, plant nursery and residential buildings, mammals were unlikely inhabited at the site except rodents, domestic dogs and cats. Detailed mammal monitoring was not conducted. However, any sighting, tracks and signs of mammals encountered during survey of other faunal groups was recorded. Bat was surveyed by search for potential colony habitat, such as palm trees, which are often used by fruit bats as nesting sites.

4.6 Aquatic fauna

Monitoring of aquatic fauna was carried out mainly by bank-side observation, sometimes with the aid of binoculars, at two stream ecological monitoring points under Contract 1 (i.e. SEMP 1). These points are selected for covering representative sections of Wai Ha River and are shown in **Figure 1**. Netting and fish traps were also deployed at these points to collect supplementary data. Aquatic fauna seen/collected was identified *in situ* to the lowest possible taxon and relative abundance was presented.



5. Monitoring data

5.1 Vegetation survey

The habitats identified in area under Contract 1 are marine, recreational fish pond, river course, wooded area, mangrove, marsh and developed area (including village). Vegetation were found in wooded area, mangrove, marsh, develop area and river bank. During the current monitoring period, some riparian climbers (*Cocculus orbiculatus*) at SEMP 2 was removed due to direct conflict with the construction of ECA. The riparian vegetations were dominated by *Leucaena leucocephala* and *Plantago major* with average coverage ranged from 15% to 40% (**Table 1**). A list of plant species recorded from different habitats within the assessment area under Contract 1 is presented on **Table 2**. A total of 130 species were recorded within the buffer area, while 52 species recorded within the work areas under Contract 1. No protected species were recorded.

5.2 Avifauna

A total of 15 bird species were recorded in the current survey under Contract 1(**Table 3**). In the work area under Contract 1, 4 bird species were recorded in which none are considered to be of conservation concern. A total of 14 bird species were recorded in the 100m buffer area in which one wetland dependent species *Ardeola bacchus* is recognized as being regional conservation concern, though it is common in suitable habitats in Hong Kong. (Viney et al., 2005).

5.3 Herpetofauna

No reptile was recorded within the assessment area. Mating call of Gunter's Frog, was heard from the water of pools, ditches and river bank within the 100m buffer zone. Common Toad was found on both work area and buffer zone of the site. The species recorded belongs to common species in Hong Kong. (**Table 4**).

5.4 Butterflies

A total of 15 butterfly species were recorded during surveys (**Table 5**). Only 3 butterfly species were recorded within the work boundary of Contract 1, while most of the butterfly species were inhibiting outside the proposed construction area in which none of the species are of the conservation concern.



5.5 Odonata

A total of 5 odonata species were recorded during the surveys (**Table 6**). The species Wandering glider (*Pantala flavescens*) was found within the work boundaries under Contract 1, while most of the observed odonata species were largely inhabiting along the river bank in the 100m buffer area.

5.6 Mammal

A few Short-nosed Fruit Bats *Cynopterus sphinx* were observed nesting in a few palm trees at the playground near Ting Kok Nursery Community Garden within Contract 1 boundary. No other mammals or trace of mammals was observed within the assessment area.

5.7 Aquatic fauna

Under Contract 1 (i.e. SEMP 1), a total of 7 fish species, 1 bivalve and 1 snail were recorded and most of them were residing in brackish environments (**Table 7**). Some river works were carried out in SEMP 1 as showed in **Figure 2**. Overall, no protected or rare species were recorded.

6. Remedial measures adopted to the adverse condition

There was no non-compliance event recorded within this reporting month.

7. Record of complains and remedial measures

There was no complaint in relation to environmental issue recorded in this reporting month.

8. Review of the monitoring results

During the present survey period, construction activities were carried out at works area under Contract 1, while 100 m buffer area remains natural. Much of the construction activities are carried out at Tung Tsz Nursery and pumping station under Contract 1. In general, lower numbers of species were recorded within the works area under Contract 1 than that of 100 m buffer area because of the associated constructions and urbanized in nature, and most of the construction activities are restricted in the developed area with low ecological significance. As mitigation measures recommended in the EM&A Manual were properly implemented during the current survey, and hence the residual environmental impacts would be minimized.



9. Forecast of works programme and monitoring requirements

The tentative construction activities undertaken by the contractor in the coming months are as follows:

Area A (Pumping Station)

- Installation of E&M equipment
- E&M Testing
- Construction of Green Roof
- Construction of Road & Drain in Pumping Station
- Construction of Boundary Wall
- Installation of Cladding

Area B (Tung Tsz Nursery)

Reinstatement in Tung Tsz Nursery

Area C (ECA)

Handovered to AFCD

The monitoring programme described in EM&A will strictly follow to verify compliance of environmental requirements and the proper implementation of all necessary mitigation measures.

10. Comments and summary

The bi-monthly ecological impact monitoring under Contracts 1 (excluding the ECA) was conducted in Sep 2013 and relevant flora and fauna data were collected according to project specification and EM & A Manual. As indicated by the low diversity and abundance of species recorded within the work areas, habitats within the work boundary under Contracts 1 offer few ecological opportunities for inhabitation of fauna and flora. Given that the construction activities are restricted in the developed area with proper mitigation measures being implemented, disturbances associated with the current construction activities are largely affecting area with low ecological significance. On the other hand, the natural habitats in the 100 m buffer area are retained at acceptable condition, and hence the 100 m buffer area has not been significantly affected by the construction works.



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Figure

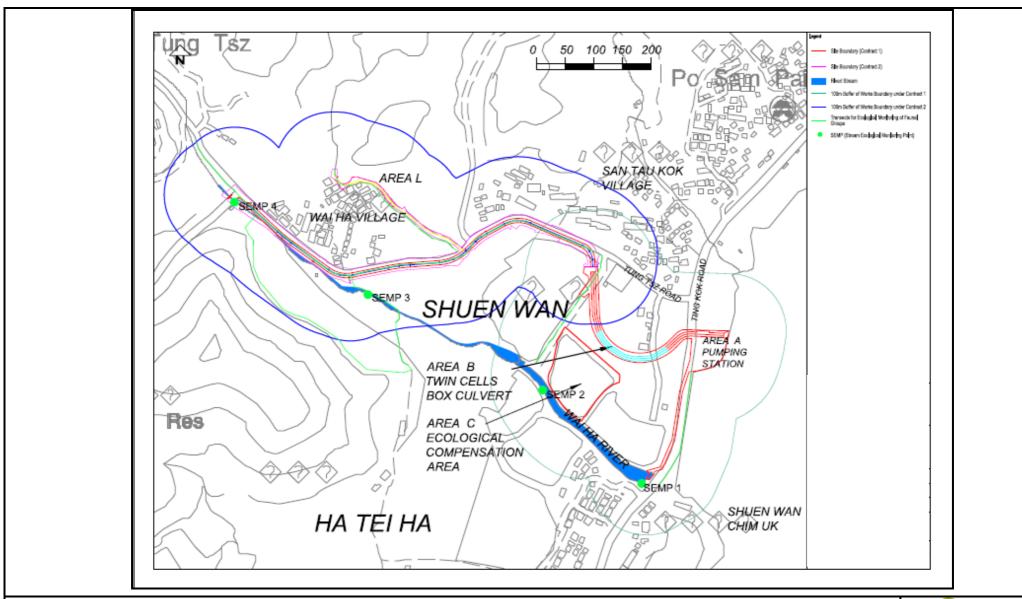


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Title: Map showing the ecological monitoring transect and the boundary of assessment area.	Drawn by:	ML
	Checked by:	TC
Project: Agreement No. DP/01/2010 Drainage Improvement Works in Shatin and Tai Po: Ecological Monitoring in area	Rev.:	1.0
under Contract 1 (September 2013, Report 16a)	Date:	Oct 2013

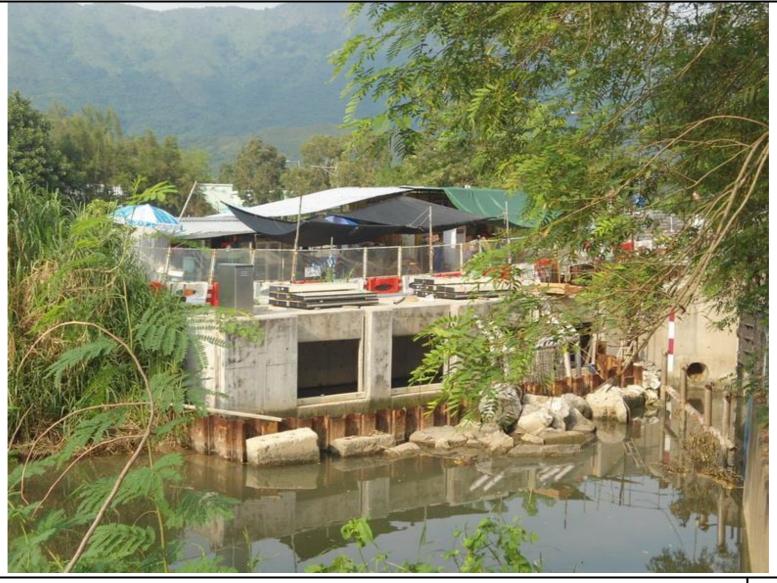


Figure: 2

Title: SEMP 1, the first sampling point of Wai Ha River under Contract 1.

Drawn by: ML

Checked by: TC

Project: Agreement No. DP/01/2010 Drainage Improvement Works in Shatin and Tai Po: Ecological Monitoring in area under Contract 1 (September 2013, Report 16a)

Rev.: 1.0

Date: Oct 2013

Table

Table 1. List of riparian vegetation and coverage (%) recorded from two stream sampling points under Contract 1 (i.e. SEMP 1).

			Sampling point	SEMP 1	
Species	Family	Growth form	Status in Hong Kong	Height (cm)	%
Albizia lebbeck	MIMOSACEAE	Tree	E		
Arundinella nepalensis	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		
Bidens alba	ASTERACEAE	Herb	E	30	10
Celtis sinensis	ULMACEAE	Tree	N		
Eclipta prostrata	ASTERACEAE	Perennial herb	N	30	1
Ficus virens	MORACEAE	Tree	N	100	1
Kandelia obovata	RHIZOPHORACEAE	Shrub or Small Tree	N		
Leucaena leucocephala	MIMOSACEAE	Small Tree	E		
Macaranga tanarius	EUPHORBIACEAE	Tree	N		
Mikania micrantha	ASTERACEAE	Climbing Herb	E	10	1
Pennisetum alopecuroides	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N	250	10
Plantago major	PLANTAGINACEAE	Perennial herb	N	30	15
Bare	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	62

*Key:

E = Exotic

N = Native

n/a = not available

Table 2. List of vegetation recorded from works area under Contracts 1 and 100 m buffer area in the impact monitoring survey conducted in Sep 2013. Vegetation species presents in the identified location was indicated by "V".

Habitat	Species name	Family	Growth form	*Status in Hong Kong	Work Area under Contract 1	100 m buffer area under Contract 1
Stream	Chrysalidocarpus lutescens	ARECACEAE	Shrub Palm	E		V
	Melia azedarach	MELIACEAE	Tree	E		V
	Murraya paniculata	RUTACEAE	Small Tree	E		V
	Lantana camara	VERBENACEAE	Shrub	E		V
	Ficus hispida	MORACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Ficus virens	MORACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Chrysopogon aciculatus	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Microstegium ciliatum	POACEAE	Perennial Procumbent Herb	N		V
	Mucuna birdwoodiana	FABACEAE (PAPILIONACEAE)	Climber: Vine	N		V
	Pistia stratiotes	ARACEAE	Floating Aquatic Herb	N		V
	Cyperus flabelliformis	CYPERACEAE	Herb	Е		V
	Acanthopanax gracilistylus	ARALIACEAE	Shrub	E		V
	Ficus triangularis	MORACEAE	Tree	Е		V
	Spirodela polyrrhiza	LEMNACEAE	Floating Small Herb	N		V
	Glochidion zeylanicum	EUPHORBIACEAE	Shrub or Small Tree	N		V
	Sterculia lanceolata	STERCULIACEAE	Semi-deciduous Tree	N		V
	Albizia lebbeck	MIMOSACEAE	Tree	E		V

Habitat	Species name	Family	Growth form	*Status in Hong Kong	Work Area under Contract 1	100 m buffer area under Contract 1
	Arundinella nepalensis	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Bidens alba	ASTERACEAE	Herb	E		V
	Clerodendrum inerme	VERBENACEAE	Shrub	N		V
	Coculus orbiculatus	MENISPERMACEAE	Climber: Vine	N		V
	Hibiscus tiliaceus	MALVACEAE	Tree or Shrub	N		V
	Leucaena leucocephala	MIMOSACEAE	Small Tree	E		V
	Manilkara zapota	SAPOTACEAE	Tree	E		V
	Sapium discolor	EUPHORBIACEAE	Tree	N		V
Developed area	Pericampylus glaucus	MENISPERMACEAE	Woody Vine	N		V
	Ficus variegata var. chlorocarpa	MORACEAE	Tree or Shrub	N	V	V
	Citrus reticulata Blanco	RUTACEAE	Small Tree	E		V
	Salvia japonica	LAMIACEAE (LABIATAE)	Herb	N		V
	Morus alba	MORACEAE	Tree or Shrub	N		V
	Emilia sonchifolia	ASTERACEAE	Herb	N		V
	Clausena lansium	RUTACEAE	Small Tree	E		V
	Pyrostegia venusta	BIGNONIACEAE	Climber: Vine	E		V
	Psidium guajava	MYRTACEAE	Tree	Е		V
	Catharanthus roseus	APOCYNACEAE	Subshrub	N		V
	Archontophoenix alexandrae	ARECACEAE	Tree Palm	Е		V
	Desmodium heterocarpon	FABACEAE (PAPILIONACEAE)	Shrub	N		V
	Rhinacanthus nasutus	ACANTHACEAE	Herb	E		V
	Acacia confusa	MIMOSACEAE	Tree	E	V	V
	Artocarpus macrocarpon	MORACEAE	Tree	E	V	V
	Averrhoa carambola	OXALIDACEAE	Small Tree	E	V	V

Habitat	Species name	Family	Growth form	*Status in Hong Kong	Work Area under Contract 1	100 m buffer area under Contract 1
	Bauhinia blakeana	CAESALPINIACEAE	Tree or Shrub	N	V	V
	Bauhinia variegata	CAESALPINIACEAE	Tree	E	V	V
	Bridelia tomentosa	EUPHORBIACEAE	Shrub or Small Tree	N	V	V
	Calliandra haematocephala	MIMOSACEAE	Shrub	E	V	V
	Caryota ochlandra	ARECACEAE	Tree palm	Е	V	V
	Cassia spectabilis	CAESALPINIACEAE	Small Tree	Е	V	V
	Casuarina equisetifolia	CASUARINACEAE	Tree	Е	V	V
	Citrus grandis	CASUARINACEAE	Tree	E	V	V
	Cordyline fruticosa	AGAVACEAE	Shrub	Е	V	V
	Cynodon dactylon	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N	V	V
	Dracaena draco	AGAVACEAE	Tree	Е	V	V
	Elaeocapus haminanensis	ELAEOCARPACEAE	Small Tree	Е	V	V
	Eleusine indica	POACEAE	Herb	N	V	V
	Eriobotrya japonica	ROSACEAE	Small Tree	Е	V	V
	Ficus benjamina	MORACEAE	Tree	E	V	V
	Ficus elastica	MORACEAE	Tree	E	V	V
	Ficus simplicissima	MORACEAE	Shrub	N	V	V
	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	MALVACEAE	Shrub	Е	V	V
	Lantana camara	VERBENACEAE	Shrub	Е	V	V
	Litchi chinensis	SAPINDACEAE	Tree	Е	V	V
	Lumnitzera racemosa	COMBRETACEAE	Shrub or Small Tree	N	V	V
	Lygodium japonicum	LYGODIACEAE	Climbing Herb	N	V	V
	Melaleuca quinquenervia	MYRTACEAE	Tree	Е	V	V
	Oxalis corniculata	OXALIDACEAE	Perennial Herb	N	V	V
	Phoenix roebelenii	ARECACEAE	Small Tree Palm	Е	V	V

Habitat	Species name	Family	Growth form	*Status in Hong Kong	Work Area under Contract 1	100 m buffer area under Contract 1
	Polygonum hydropiper	POLYGONACEAE	Herb	N	V	V
	Psychotria serpens	RUBIACEAE	Climber: Vine	N	V	
	Pterocypsela indica	ASTERACEAE	Herb	N	V	V
	Rhapis excelsa	ARECACEAE	Shrub Palm	N	V	V
	Sansevieria trifasciata	AGAVACEAE	Perennial Herb	Е	V	V
	Schefflera actinophylla	ARALIACEAE	Climbing Shrub	Е	V	V
	Schefflera heptaphylla	ARALIACEAE	Tree	N	V	V
	Sesbania cannabina	FABACEAE	Herb	Е	V	V
	Terminalia catappa	COMBRETACEAE	Large Tree	Е	V	V
	Thuja orientalis	CUPRESSACEAE	Tree	Е	V	V
	Tradescantia spathacea	COMMELINACEAE	Herb	Е	V	V
	Youngia japonica	ASTERACEAE	Herb	N	V	V
	Acanthus ilicifolius	ACANTHACEAE	Shrub	N		V
	Acrostichum aureum	ACROSTICHACEAE	Herb	N		V
	Aegiceras corniculatum	MYRSINACEAE	Shrub	N		V
	Alocasia odora	ARACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Avicennia marina	VERBENACEAE	Shrub	N		V
	Digitaria ciliaris	POACEAE	Herb	N		V
	Panicum repens L.	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Pennisetum alopecuroides	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Phragmites anstralis	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Plantago major	PLANTAGINACEAE	Perennial herb	N		V
	Solanum nigrum	SOLANACEAE	Herb	N		V
	Bombax ceiba	BOMBACACEAE	Tree	Е	V	
	Bidens alba	ASTERACEAE	Herb	Е	V	
	Panicum maximum	GRAMINEAE	Herb	Е	V	
	Microstegium ciliatum	POACEAE	Perennial	N	V	

Habitat	Species name	Family	Growth form	*Status in Hong Kong	Work Area under Contract 1	100 m buffer area under Contract 1
			Procumbent Herb			
	Leucaena leucocephala	MIMOSACEAE	Small Tree	Е	V	
Plantation	Bischofia javanica	EUPHORBIACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Scolopia chinensis	FLACOURTIACEAE	Tree or Large Shrub	N		V
	Piper hancei	PIPERACEAE	Climber: Vine	N		V
	Dimocarpus longan	SAPINDACEAE	Tree	Е		V
	Paederia scandens	RUBIACEAE	Climber: Vine	N		V
	Cleistocalyx operculatus	MYRTACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Antidesma bunius	EUPHORBIACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Litsea monopetala	LAURACEAE	Small Tree	N		V
	Microcos paniculata	TILIACEAE	Shrub or Small Tree	N		V
	Maesa perlarius	MYRSINACEAE	Shrub	N		V
	Boehmeria nivea (L.) Gaudich.	URTICACEAE	Subshrub or shrub	E		V
	Mallotus apelta	EUPHORBIACEAE	Shrub or Small Tree	N		V
	Sapindus saponaria	SAPINDACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Aporusa dioica	EUPHORBIACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Wedelia chinensis	ASTERACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Carica papaya	CARICACEAE	Tree	Е		V
	Rubus reflexus	ROSACEAE	Climbing Shrub	N		V
	Brassica rapa	BRASSICACEAE (CRUCIFERAE)	Biennial Herb	E		V
	Mucuna championii Benth.	FABACEAE	Climbing Vine	N		V

Habitat	Species name	Family	Growth form	*Status in Hong Kong	Work Area under Contract 1	100 m buffer area under Contract 1
	Pinus massoniana	PINACEAE	Tree	N		V
Ting Kok Nursery Community Garden	Bauhinia purpurea	CAESALPINIACEAE	Tree	E	V	
	Callistemon viminalis	MYRTACEAE	Tree	Е	V	
	Dillenia indica	DILLENIACEAE	Tree	Е	V	
	Lonicera japonica	CAPRIFOLIACEAE	Climber: Vine	N	V	
	Tabebuia chrysantha	BIGNONIACEAE	Small Tree	E	V	
	Wisteria sinensis	FABACEAE	Climber: Vine	Е	V	
Wooded area	Celtis sinensis	ULMACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Ligustrum sinensis	OLEACEAE	Tree or Shrub	N		V
	Macaranga tanarius	EUPHORBIACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Pandanus tectorius	PANDANACEAE	Shrub or Small Tree	N		V
	Excoecaria agallocha	EUPHORBIACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Kandelia obovata	RHIZOPHORACEAE	Shrub or Small Tree	N		V
	Thespesia populnea	MALVACEAE	Tree or Shrub	N		V
	Zoysia sinica	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
Marsh	Acanthus ilicifolius	ACANTHACEAE	Shrub	N		V
	Acrostichum aureum	ACROSTICHACEAE	Herb	N		V
	Aegiceras corniculatum	MYRSINACEAE	Shrub	N		V
	Alocasia odora	ARACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Avicennia marina	VERBENACEAE	Shrub	N		V
	Digitaria ciliaris	POACEAE	Herb	N		V
	Ficus hispida	MORACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Hibiscus tiliaceus	MALVACEAE	Tree or Shrub	N		V
	Ipomea cairica	CONVOLVULACEAE	Climber: Twining	Е		V

Habitat	Species name	Family	Growth form	*Status in Hong Kong	Work Area under Contract 1	100 m buffer area under Contract 1
			Herb			
	Kandelia obovata	RHIZOPHORACEAE	Shrub or Small Tree	N		V
	Macaranga tanarius	EUPHORBIACEAE	Tree	N		V
	Mikania micrantha	ASTERACEAE	Climbing Herb	Е		V
	Panicum repens L.	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Pennisetum alopecuroides	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Phragmites anstralis	POACEAE	Perennial Herb	N		V
	Plantago major	PLANTAGINACEAE	Perennial herb	N		V
	Polygonum lapathifolium	POLYGONACEAE	Herb	N		V
	Pueraria lobata	FABACEAE	Climber: Vine	N		V
	Schefflera heptaphylla	ARALIACEAE	Tree	N	_	V
	Solanum nigrum	SOLANACEAE	Herb	N		V
	Solanum torvum	SOLANACEAE	Shrub	E		V

*Key:

E = Exotic

N = Native

Table 3. List of avifauna species and maximum counts recorded from the impact monitoring survey in Sep 2013 at work area under Contracts 1 and 100 m buffer area.

Species	Common name	Habitat	Conservation status in Hong Kong	Work area: Contract 1	100m buffer area
Acridotheres cristatellus	Crested Myna			1	2
Ardeola bacchus	Chinese Pond Heron	W	RC		2
Amaurornis phoenicurus	White-breasted Waterhen	W			1
Copsychus saularis	Oriental Magpie Robin			1	1
Dicrurus macrocercus	Black Drongo				2
Egretta garzetta	Little Egret	W			2
Garrulax perspicillatus	Masked Laughing thrush				2
Orthotomus sutorius	Common Tailorbird				2
sser montanus	Eurasian Tree Sparrow				4
Pycnonotus jocosus	Red-whiskered Bulbul				2
Pycnonotus sinensis	Chinese Bulbul				2
Prinia flaviventris	Yellow-bellied Prinia			1	
Streptopelia chinensis	Spotted Dove				3
Sturnus nigricolis	Black-necked Starling				2
Zosterops japonicus	Japanese White-eye			2	3
Total nun	nber of species :		I	4	14

^{*} Key:

W = Wetland dependent spices ; RC = Regional Concern

Table 4. List of herpetofauna and maximum counts recorded from the impact monitoring survey in Sep 2013 at work area under Contracts 2 and 100 m buffer area..

Species	Common name	Conservation status in Hong Kong	Work area: Contract 1	100m Buffer area of Contract 1
Rana guentheri	Gunther's Frog	Common		2@
Bufo melanostictus	Common Toad	Common	1	1

@-Calling heard

Table 5. Relative abundance of butterfly species recorded under Contracts 1 in impact monitoring survey during Sep 2013.

Species	Common name	Conservation status in Hong Kong	Work area: Contract 1	100m Buffer area of Contract 1
Abisara echerius	Plum judy	Very Common		+
Catopsilia pomona	Lemon Emigrant	Common		+
Catopsilia pyranthe	Mottled Emigrant	Common		+
Eurema hecabe	Common Grass Yellow	Very Common	+	++
Lethe confuse	Banded Tree Brown	Common		+
Hypolimnas bolina kezia	Great Egg-fly	Common		+
Mycalesis mineus	Dark-brand Bush	Very Common	+	+
	Brown			
Mycalesis zonata	South China Bush	Common		+
	Brown			
Neptis hylas	Common Sailer	Common		+
Papilio bianor	Chinese Peacock	Common		+
Papilio memnon agenor	Great Mormon	Very Common		+
Papilio polytes polytes	Common Mormon	Common	+	+
Pieris canidia	Indian Cabbage White	Very Common		+
Pseudozjzeeria maha	Pale Grass Blue	Very Common		+
Ypthima baldus	Common Five-ring	Very Common		+

+ : Species exists in the survey area

++ : Species common in the survey area

+++ : Species abundant in the survey area

Table 6. Relative abundance of odonata species recorded under Contracts 1 in impact monitoring survey during Sep 2013.

Species	Common name	Conservation status in Hong Kong	Work area: Contract 1	100m Buffer area of Contract 1
Copera marginipes	Yellow Featherlegs	Abundant		+
Ictinogomphus pertinax	Common Flangetail	Common		+
Orthetrum pruinosum neglectum	Common Red Skimmer	Abundant		+
Pantala flavescens	Wandering Glider	Abundant	+	+
Rhyothemis variegata arria	Variegated Flutterer	Common		+

+ : Species exists in the survey area

++ : Species common in the survey area

+++ : Species abundant in the survey area

Table 7. Relative abundance of aquatic species recorded in Wai Ha River within the 100 m buffer of works boundary under Contracts 1 in the impact monitoring survey during Sep 2013.

Species	Common name	¹ Life-cycle characteristics	² Origin	SEMP 1
Ambassis gymnocephalus	Glassperch	M	N	+
Gerres macracanthus	Longspine Silverbiddy	M	N	+
Mugil cephalus	Flatehead Grey Mullet	M	N	+
Opsariichthys evolans	Minnow	F	N	+
Oreochromis mossambicus	Mozambique Tilapa	F	I	++
Oreochromis niloticus	Nile Tilapa	F	1	++
Tilapia zillii	Redbelly Tilapa	F	I	+
Saccostrea cucullata	Rock Oyster	M	N	+
Cerithidea cingulata	Mud snail	M	N	+
Total number of species:	9			9

Relative abundance:

+ : Species exists in the survey area

++ : Species common in the survey area

+++ : Species abundant in the survey area

¹Life-cycle characteristics:

M = Marine vagrant

F = Freshwater species

²Origin:

N = Native

I = Introduced; / = not available

