Drainage Service Department

Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Auditing report for

Contract No.DC/2009/22

Drainage Improvement in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1

June 2014

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This is the forty monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report for the drainage improvement works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po under Drainage Services Department Contract No. DC/2009/22 entitled "Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1". This report concludes the impact monitoring for the activities undertaken during the period from 1st June 2014 to 30th June 2014. The major site activities in this reporting period were mainly minor rectification of defects at pump station, minor rectification works along Ting Kok Raod and Reinstatement in Tung Tsz Nursery.

The Environmental Team (ET) is responsible for the EM&A works required in the EM&A manual (revision 3). Site inspections were carried out on weekly basis to investigate and audit the equipment and work methodologies with respect to pollution control and environmental mitigation. The weekly inspections records and photos taken were kept.

In general, waste management was satisfactory during the reporting period.

Impact monitoring for construction noise was conducted in the reporting period. No exceedance of A/L level was reported.

Furthermore, impact monitoring for water quality was conducted. Total 12 abnormal incidents of water quality criteria were recorded in this reporting month. During the reporting period, no construction activities were conducted near the Wai Ha River. Proper mitigation measures were implemented by contractor to avoid site water releasing to the Wai Ha river and no particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination. The exceedances of Turbidity and SS were believed to be mainly attributed by natural fluctuation and adverse weather. And, since the recorded levels of Turbidity and SS at control station had also exceeded its baseline action or limit level, the exceedances recorded at W2 were unlikely to be related to the Project.

No exceedance of A/L level was reported for the monitoring of hydrological characteristics in the reporting period.

The ECA was handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012. And, the monitoring for Pavetta hongkongensis was completed.

Visual and landscape monitoring has been conducted for the project. Details of the observations are referred to sections 7.

There was no complaint, notification of any summons and successful prosecutions against the project received during the reporting period.

Site works proposed to be carried out in the upcoming month at Area A & B are refer to section 2.2.

It is expected that noise, air and water quality impacts will be resulted from the works. ET has reminded the contractor to provide environmental pollution control measures wherever necessary and to keep a good environmental management at site practice. The recommended mitigation measures proposed for the project as well as implementation status are refer to section 12.3.

The ET will continue to implement the environmental monitoring & audit programme in accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3) and Environmental Permit requirement.

1 Introduction

This is the forty monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report for the drainage improvement works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po under Drainage Services Department Contract No. DC/2009/22 entitled "Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1". The site layout plan is shown in **Appendix A**. The Environmental Team, Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited was appointed by Kwan Lee – Kuly Joint Venture to prepare the report. The report is to be submitted to the Contractor, the Engineer and the IEC.

This report presents the results of the environmental monitoring of the project activities conducted within the reporting period from 1st June 2014 to 30th June 2014. This report included the noise monitoring, water quality monitoring, hydrological characteristics monitoring, visual and landscape monitoring, and regular site inspections once per week for verification of implementation of the mitigation measures as recommended in the Environmental Permit (EP-303/2008) (EP), EM&A Manual (revision 3) and the Contractor's Environmental Management Plan (EMP).

2 Construction Stage

2.1 Construction activities in the reporting period

Major activities in the reporting period included the followings:

Area A.:

- Minor rectification of defects at pump station
- Minor rectification works along Ting Kok Road

Area B.:

Reinstatement in Tung Tsz Nursery

2.2 Construction activities for the coming month

Proposed key construction works in the coming months will include:

Area A (Pumping Station)

- 1. Minor rectification of defects at pump station
- 2. Minor rectification works along Ting Kok Road

Area B (Tung Tsz Nursery)

1. Reinstatement in Tung Tsz Nursery

2.3 Environmental Status

Appendix A shows the drawing of the project area.

Locations of the monitoring and control stations with environmental sensitive receivers are presented in Section 3.3, 4.3, and 5.3 for noise, water quality, and hydrological characteristics respectively.

3 Noise Monitoring

3.1 Monitoring Parameters and Methodology

The construction noise level was measured in terms of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L_{eq}). $L_{eq~(30 minutes)}$ was used as the monitoring parameter for the impact monitoring in the time period between 0700 to 1900 hours on normal weekdays. For all other time period, $L_{eq~(5 minutes)}$ was employed for comparison with the Noise Control Ordinance (NCO) criteria.

Noise measurement results obtained from each monitoring location were recorded in the Construction Noise Monitoring Data Sheet (**Appendix D**) immediately after the measurement. As supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results L_{10} and L_{90} were also be recorded for reference.

In case of non-compliance with the construction noise criteria, more frequent monitoring, as specified in the Action plan in Table 3.5.2, shall be carried out. This additional monitoring shall be carried out until the recorded noise levels are rectified or proved to be irrelevant to the construction activities.

3.2 Monitoring Equipment

The sound level meters and calibrators comply with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651:1979 (Type 1) and 804:1985 (Type 1) specifications as referred to in the Technical Memorandum (TM) to the Noise Control Ordinance was deployed as monitoring equipment for noise measurement.

Noise measurement was not be made in the presence of fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5ms⁻¹ or wind with gust exceeding 10ms⁻¹. Thus wind speed was checked by the portable wind speed indicator capable of measuring the wind speed in m/s. Table 3.2.1 summarizes the equipment list for noise monitoring

Table 3.2.1 Equipment List for Noise Monitoring

Equipment	Manufacturer & Model No.	Precision Grade	Qty
Integrated sound	Svantek 955	IEC 61672 Type 1	1
level meter		IEC 1260 Type 1	
Windscreen	Microtech gefell model W2	N/A	1
Acoustical	Svantek SV30A	IEC 942 Type 1	1
calibrator			
Wind speed	Kestrel K1000	N/A	1
indicator			

Remarks: Calibration details of the sound level meter is given in **Appendix C** for reference

3.3 Monitoring Locations

According to the Environmental Monitoring and Audit manual, impact noise monitoring for contract 1 was undertaken at two locations during the construction phase of the project. The proposed monitoring locations are summarized in Table 3.3.1. Figure 3.3.1 shows the Noise Monitoring Locations.

Noise measurement at each monitoring location was taken at a point 1m from the exterior of the selected premises and at a height of 1.2m above ground with no disturbance to the dweller and least obstructed view.

Table 3.3.1 Noise Monitoring Locations during Construction Phase

Noise	Monitoring	Location
Station		Location
M1		14, Shuen Wan Chim Uk
A T 1		Joint Village Office for Villages in Shuen Wan,
AL1		Tai Po

In accordance with the requirements in the EM&A manual (revision 3), weekly impact monitoring was conducted. For the time period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays, and noise parameter of $L_{eq~(30minutes)}$ was measured. As if the construction works were carried out during restricted period (i.e. 1900-2300, 2300-0700 of next day and Sundays / general holiday), impact monitoring that comprises 3 consecutive $L_{eq~(5minutes)}$ would be carried out.

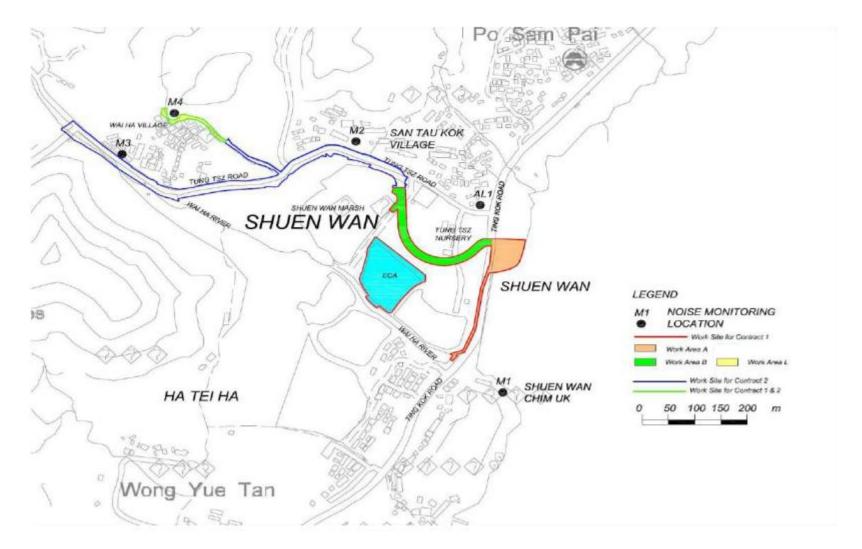


Figure 3.3.1 Impact noise monitoring locations

3.4 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Relevant details of the noise monitoring results are presented in Table 3.4.1. The results of M1 ranged between 60.5dB (A) and 64.5dB (A), and AL1 ranged between 65.4dB (A) and 67.4dB (A), were within the limit levels and therefore, no exceedance was found.

	Table 3.4.1 Noise Monitoring Results for the reporting period						
Location	Parameter	Date*	Time	L _{Aeq} dB(A)	Limit dB(A)	Exceedance	Weather
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	4-June-14	9:25	64.4	75	N	Sunny
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	11-June-14	12:20	64.5	75	N	Cloudy
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	18-June-14	11:20	60.5	75	N	Cloudy
M1	L _{eq 30mins}	25-June-14	13:35	61.5	75	N	Cloudy
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	4-June-14	10:05	67.4	75	N	Sunny
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	11-June-14	13:00	67.4	75	N	Cloudy
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	18-June-14	12:00	65.8	75	N	Cloudy
AL1	L _{eq 30mins}	25-June-14	14:10	65.4	75	N	Cloudy

Remarks: Raw datasheet for noise monitoring are attached in **Appendix D** for reference.

3.5 Action and Limit level for Construction Noise

The Action and Limit (A/L) levels for construction noise are defined in Table 3.5.1. Should non-compliance of the criteria occur, action in accordance with the Action Plan in Table 3.5.2 should be carried out.

There was no exceedance recorded in the reporting period.

Table 3.5.1 Action and Limit Levels for Construction noise

Time Period	Action Level	Limit Level	
0700 - 1900 hours on	When one documented	75dB(A)	
normal weekdays	complaint is received	/Jub(A)	
Remarks: If works are to be carried out during restricted			
conditions stipulated in the construction noise permit issued by			
Noise Contro	Noise Control Authority have to be followed.		

3.6 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Noise monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 2^{nd} , 9^{th} , 16^{th} , 23^{rd} and 30^{th} of July 2014.

Table 3.5.2 Event / Action Plan for Construction Noise

EVENT	ET Leader	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR
Action	1. Notify IEC	1. Review the	1. Confirm	1. Submit
Level	and	analysed	receipt of	noise
	Contractor.	results	notification	mitigation
	2. Carry out	submitted	of	proposals to
	investigation.	by the ET.	f	IEC.
	3. Report the	2. Review the	ailure in	2. Implement
	results of	proposed	writing.	noise
	investigation	remedial	2. Notify	mitigation
	to the IEC,	measures by	Contractor.	proposals.
	ER and	the	3. Require	
	Contractor.	Contractor	Contractor	
	4. Discuss with	and advise	to propose	
	the	the ER	remedial	
	Contractor	accordingly.	measures	
	and formulate	3. Supervise	for the	
	remedial	the	analysed	
	measures.	implementat	noise	
	5. Increase	ion of	problem;	
	monitoring	remedial	4. Check	
	frequency to	measures.	remedial	
	check		measures	

Limit	1. Notify IEC,	1. Discuss	1. Confirm	1. Take
Level	ER, EPD and	amongst	receipt of	immediate
	Contractor.	ER, ET, and	notification	action to
	2. Identify	Contractor	of	avoid
	source.	on the	f	2. Submit
	3. Repeat	potential	ailure in	proposals
	measurement	remedial	writing.	for remedial
	s to confirm	actions.	2. Notify	actions to
	findings.	2. Review	Contractor.	IEC within
	4. Increase	Contractor'	3. Require	3 working
	monitoring	s' remedial	Contrac	days of
	frequency.	actions	tor to	notification.
	5. Carry out	whenever	propose	3. Implement
	analysis	necessary to	remedial	the
	of	assure their	measures	agreed
	Contractor's	effectivenes	for the	proposals.
	working	s and	analysed	4. Resubmit
	procedures to	advis	noise	proposals if
	determine	e the	problem.	problem still
	possible	3. Supervise	4. Check	not under
	mitigation to	the	remedial	control.
	be	implementat	measures	5. Stop the
	implemented.	ion of	properly	relevant
	6. Inform IEC,	remedial	implemente	portion of
	ER and EPD	measures.	d.	works as
	the causes		5. If	determined
	and actions		exceedance	by the
	taken for the			ER until the
	exceedances.			exceedance
	7. Assess			is abated.
	effectiveness			
	of			
	Contractor's			
	remedial			
	actions and			
	keep IEC,			
	EDD and ED			

4 Water Monitoring

4.1 Water Quality Monitoring Parameters and Methodology

Turbidity in Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU), and Dissolved Oxygen (DO) in mg/L, temperature, and pH measurements were in-situ measurements and suspended solids measurements were performed by a HOKLAS accredited laboratory using recommended reference method APHA 2540D.

4.2 Monitoring Equipment

Turbidity, DO, Salinity, pH and temperature was measured by an instrument complied with the following requirements:

The instrument is a portable as well as weatherproof multimeter complete with cable and uses a DC power source. It is capable of measuring:

- A turbidity between 0-800NTU;
- A dissolved Oxygen level in the range of 0-20mg/L and 0-200% saturation;
- A temperature of 0-50°C;
- Salinity in the range of 0-40ppt;
- pH in the range of 0-14.

The measurements were performed by a portable and weatherproof multi-meter, model TOA-DKK WQC-24. The equipment was calibrated and verified by certified laboratory every 3 months to ensure they perform to the same level of accuracy as stated in the manufacturer's specification. Detailed calibration records of the multi-meter were shown in **Appendix C** for reference

Suspended solids were determined by the water samples collected from the monitoring locations for further analysis in accredited HOKLAS laboratory. Water samples were contained by polythene bottles, packed in ice (cooled in 4°C without frozen) and delivered to the laboratory for analysis as soon as possible after collection.

4.3 Monitoring Locations

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), monitoring stations for contract 1 were established at two locations, which are summarized in Table 4.3.1.

Table 4.3.1 – Water Quality Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Location	Coordinates
W1	Between the Shuen Wan Marsh	E:839301
W I	and ECA	N:836386
W2	Between Tolo Harbour and	E:839542
VV Z	Proposed Penstock	N:836184

As illustrated in Figure 4.3.1, W1 served as the control station while W2 was the monitoring location of water quality.

According to the approved proposal of revision for Action/Limit Level Criteria of Water Quality Monitoring, two reference points (C1 & C2) were added.

Should the water quality parameters monitoring results at the monitoring station W2 exceed the water quality criteria, the water quality monitoring data of two reference points (C1 and C2) will be used as the supplementary information. The monitoring data of C1 should be used for comparison with the monitoring data of W2 that taken at flood tide; and the monitoring data of C2 should be used for comparison with the monitoring data of W2 that taken at ebb tide. The comparison of water quality between W2 and C1 at flood tide and between W2 and C2 at ebb tide is to prove whether influence of water quality is caused by the construction activities. The details of C1 and C2 are referred to the previous submission.

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), measurements shall be taken at 3 water depths, namely, 1m below water surface, mid-depth and 1m above river bed, except where the water depth less than 6m, the mid-depth station may be omitted. Should the water depth be less than 3m, only the mid-depth station will be monitored.

As the depth of water was less than 3m, water samples were collected at mid-depth of each proposed monitoring stations for measurements and sample collection.

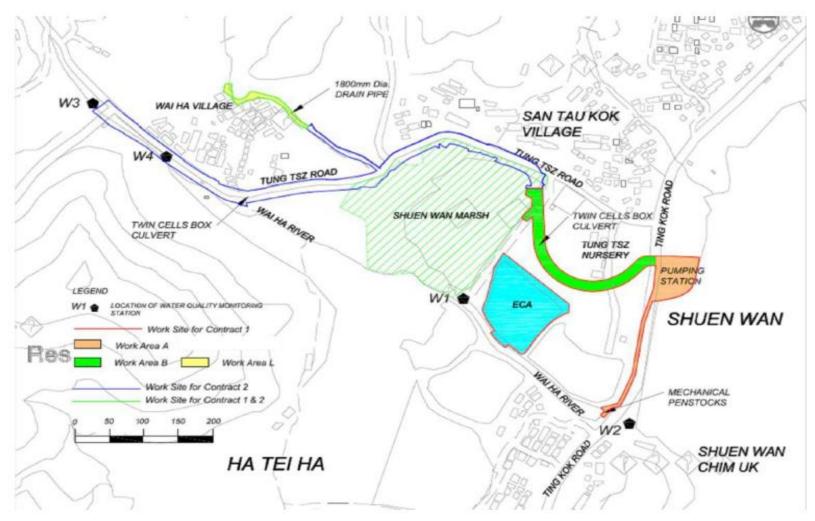


Figure 4.3.1 Water Quality Monitoring Locations

4.4 Monitoring Frequency

Impact water quality monitoring for each monitoring station were performed at mid-flood or mid-ebb tides for 3 days per week during the course of the construction river works.

Monitoring was carried out on 4th, 6th, 9th, 11th, 13th, 16th, 18th, 20th, 23rd, 25th, 27th and 30th of June 2014.

4.5 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Water quality monitoring was carried out twelve times in this reporting month. Detailed on-site measurements are shown in **Appendix E**. Table 4.5.1 presents consolidated results throughout the reporting month.

There were 12 abnormal incidents of water quality limits (Turbidity) were recorded in this reporting month according to the established action and limit levels. ET has arranged site investigations for the abnormal incidents. No construction activities were carried out at the river bed. During the reporting period, no construction activities were conducted near the Wai Ha River. Proper mitigation measures were implemented by contractor to avoid site water releasing to the Wai Ha river and no particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination. The exceedances of Turbidity and SS were believed to be mainly attributed by natural fluctuation and adverse weather. And, since the recorded levels of Turbidity and SS at control station had also exceeded its baseline action or limit level, the exceedances recorded at W2 were unlikely to be related to the Project.

The water condition of Wai Ha River is presented in photo attached in **Appendix M.**

Table 4.5.1 Summary of Water Quality Monitoring Results of this reporting month

	Average of N	Average of Monitoring Results				
	Temperature	Turbidity (NTU)	рН	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Dissolved Oxygen (%)	Suspended Solids (mg/L)
W1	28.5	5.6	7.16	6.65	85.2	3.1
W2	27.4	8.1	7.95	7.71	81.3	11.1
C1	27.4	3.7	7.97	7.86	83.0	5.6
C2	28.4	6.9	7.25	6.93	88.9	3.6

Table 4.5.2 Interpretations of abnormal incidents recorded in the reporting month

Date	Tide	Parameter	Interpretations
4/6/2014	Mid-ebb	Turbidity	
6/6/2014	Mid-ebb	Turbidity	
0/0/2014	Mid-ebb	SS	
9/6/2014	Mid-ebb	Turbidity	
9/0/2014	Mid-edd	SS	
11/6/2014	Mid-ebb	Turbidity	
13/6/2014	Mid alala	Turbidity	
13/6/2014	Mid-ebb	SS	
16/6/2014	Mid-ebb	Turbidity	Exceedance was caused by natural fluctuation
18/6/2014	Mid-ebb	Turbidity	and adverse weather
18/0/2014	Mid-ebb	SS	
20/6/2014	Mid-Flood	Turbidity	
23/6/2014	Mid-ebb	Turbidity	
25/6/2014	Mid alala	Turbidity	
25/6/2014	Mid-ebb	SS	
27/6/2014	M: 4 -1-1-	Turbidity	
27/6/2014	Mid-ebb	SS	
30/6/2014	Mid-ebb	Turbidity	

4.6 Action and limit level for Water Quality

Based on the criteria stipulated in EM&A manual (revision 3) and baseline water quality monitoring data obtained, the A/L levels are shown in Table 4.6.1, Table 4.6.2. The A/L levels for W1 were ignored since W1 functions as the control station for contract 1. If the water quality monitoring results at any impact stations exceeded the criteria, the actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan in Table 4.6.3 should be taken.

Table 4.6.1 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality at All Monitoring Stations

Parameters	Action	Limit		
DO in mg/L	5 percentile of baseline data	4 mg/L		
рН	N/A	6.0 – 9.0		
SS in mg/L	95 percentile of baseline data or 120% of upstream control	99 percentile of baseline data or 130% of upstream control		
	station's SS	station's SS		
Turbidity in	95 percentile of baseline data or	99 percentile of baseline data or		
Turbidity in NTU	120% of upstream control	130% of upstream control		
NIU	station's Turbidity	station's Turbidity		

Table 4.6.2 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality at All Monitoring Stations

	Monitor	nitoring Stations (Flood Tide) M			Monitoring Stations (Ebb Tide)			
Parameters	W	/1	W2		W1		W2	
Farameters	Action	Limit	Action	Limit	Action	Limit	Action	Limit
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level
DO (mg/L)	8.07	8.07	7.81	7.69	7.12	7.02	6.77	6.31
pН	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0	N/A	6.0-9.0
SS (mg/L)	7.7	8.1	7.7	8.6	10.5	10.9	9.4	9.9
Turbidity	4.9	5.3	1.7	1.8	4.2	4.7	3.0	3.5
(NTU)	7.7	3.3	1./	1.0	7.2	7./	3.0	3.3

Remarks:

For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limits

For SS and turbidity, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is higher than the limits.

Table 4.6.3 Event and action Plan for Water Quality

Event	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
ACTION LE	VEL			,
Action	1. Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1. Discuss	1. Inform
level being	measurement	mitigation	proposed	Engineer and
exceeded	s to confirm	measures	mitigation	confirm in
by one	findings;	with ET,	measures	writing
sampling	2. Identify	Engineer	with IEC,	notification
day	reasons for	and	ET and	of the
	non-complian	Contractor;	Contractor	non-complian
	ce and	2. Review	;	ce;
	source(s) of	proposals on	2. Make	2. Rectify
	impact;	mitigation	agreement	unacceptable
	3. Inform IEC,	measures	on	practice;
	Contractor	submitted	mitigation	3. Check all
	and Engineer;	by	measures	plant and
	4. Check	Contractor	to be	equipment;
	monitoring	and advise	implement	4. Consider
	data, all plant,	the Engineer	ed;	changes in
	equipment	accordingly;	3. Assess	working
	and	3. Assess	effectivene	methods;
	Contractor's	effectivenes	ss of	5. Discuss with
	working	s of	implement	ET, IEC and
	methods;	implemente	ed	Engineer and
	5. Discuss	d mitigation	mitigation	propose
	mitigation	measures.	measures.	mitigation
	measures			measures to
	with IEC,			IEC and
	Engineer and			Engineer
	Contractor;			within three
	6. Ensure			working
	mitigation			days;
	measures are			6. Implement
	implemented.			agreed
				mitigation
	Repeat			measures.
	measurement on			
	next day of			

	exceedance.			
Action	1. Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1. Discuss	1. Inform
level being	measurement	mitigation	proposed	Engineer and
exceeded	s to confirm	measures	mitigation	confirm in
by more	findings;	with ET,	measures	writing
than two	2. Identify	Engineer	with IEC,	notification
consecutive	reasons for	and	ET and	of the
sampling	non-complian	Contractor;	Contractor	non-complian
days	ce and	2. Review	;	ce;
	source(s) of	proposals on	2. Make	2. Rectify
	impact;	mitigation	agreement	unacceptable
	3. Inform IEC,	measures	on	practice;
	Contractor	submitted	mitigation 3	3. Check all
	and Engineer;	by	measures	plant and
	4. Check	Contractor	to be	equipment;
	monitoring	and advise	implement 4	4. Consider
	data, all plant,	the Engineer	ed;	changes in
	equipment	accordingly;	3. Assess	working
	and	3. Assess	effectivene	methods;
	Contractor's	effectivenes	ss of	5. Discuss with
	working	s of	implement	ET, IEC and
	methods;	implemente	ed	Engineer and
	5. Discuss	d mitigation	mitigation	propose
	mitigation	measures.	measures.	mitigation
	measures			measures to
	with IEC,			IEC and
	Engineer and			Engineer
	Contractor;			within three
	6. Ensure			working
	mitigation			days;
	measures are			6. Implement
	implemented.			agreed
	7. Prepare to			mitigation
	increase the			measures.
	monitoring			
	frequency to			
	daily;			

	8. Repeat			
	measurement			
	on next day			
	of exeedance.			
LIMIT LI	EVEL			
Limit level	1. Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1. Discuss	1. Inform
being	measurements	mitigation	proposed	Engineer and
exceeded	to confirm	measures	mitigation	confirm in
by one	findings;	with ET,	measures	writing
sampling	2. Identify reasons	Engineer	with IEC,	notification
day	for	and	ET and	of the
	non-complianc	Contractor;	Contractor	non-complian
	e and source(s)	2. Review	;	ce;
	of impact;	proposals on	2. Request	2. Rectify
	3. Inform EPD,	mitigation	Contractor	unacceptable
	IEC,	measures	to	practice;
	Contractor and	submitted	critically	3. Check all
	Engineer;	by	review the	plant and
	4. Check	Contractor	working	equipment;
	monitoring	and advise	methods;	4. Consider
	data, all plant,	•		changes in
	equipment and	accordingly;	agreement	working
	Contractor's	3. Assess	on	methods;
	working	effectivenes		5. Discuss with
	methods;	s of	measures	ET, IEC and
	5. Discuss	implemente	to be	
	mitigation	d mitigation	1	
	measures with		ed;	mitigation
	IEC, Engineer		4. Assess	measures to
	and		effectivene	
	Contractor;		ss of	
	6. Ensure		implement	
	mitigation		ed	working
	measures are		mitigation	days;
	implemented;		measures.	6. Implement
	7. Increase the			agreed
	monitoring			mitigation

	frequency to			measures.
	daily until no			
	exceedance of			
	Limit level.			
Limit level	1. Repeat in-situ			. Inform
being	measurements	mitigation	proposed	Engineer and
exceeded	to confirm	measures	mitigation	confirm in
by more	findings;	with ET,		writing
than two	2. Identify reasons	Engineer	with IEC,	notification
consecutive	for	and	ET and	of the
sampling	non-compliance		Contractor	non-complian
days	and source(s) of		;	ce;
	impact;	proposals on	-	. Rectify
	3. Inform EPD,	mitigation	Contractor	unacceptable
	IEC, Contractor	measures	to	practice;
	and Engineer;	submitted		. Check all
	4. Check	by	review the	plant and
	monitoring	Contractor	working	equipment;
	data, all plant,	and advise	·	. Consider
	equipment and	the Engineer		changes in
	Contractor's	accordingly;	agreement	working
	working	3. Assess	on	methods;
	methods;	effectivenes	mitigation 5.	. Discuss with
	5. Discuss	s of	measures	ET, IEC and
	mitigation	implemente	to be	Engineer and
	measures with	C	-	propose
	IEC, Engineer	measures.	ed;	mitigation
	and Contractor;		4. Assess	measures to
	6. Ensure		effectivene	IEC and
	mitigation		ss of	Engineer
	measures are		implement	within three
	implemented.		ed	working
	7. Increase the		mitigation	days;
	monitoring		measures; 6.	1
	frequency to		5. Consider	agreed
	daily until no		and if	mitigation
	exceedance of		necessary	measures;

Limit level for	instruct	7.	As	directed
two consecutive	Contractor		by	the
days.	to slow		Engi	neer,
	down or to		slow	down or
	stop all or		stop	all or
	part of the		part	of the
	constructio		const	truction
	n activities		activ	ities
	until no		until	no
	exceedanc		exce	edance
	e of Limit		of	Limit
	Level.		level	

4.7 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Water quality monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 2^{nd} , 4^{th} , 7^{th} , 9^{th} , 11^{th} , 14^{th} , 16^{th} , 18^{th} , 21^{st} , 23^{rd} , 25^{th} , 28^{th} and 30^{th} of July 2014.

5 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring

5.1 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Parameters and Methodology

Impact monitoring of hydrological characteristics was undertaken to establish hydrological characteristics of sections of Wai Ha River adjacent to Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po.

The hydrological characteristics of sections of Wai Ha River were measured by water flow rate and depth.

5.2 Monitoring Equipment

Monitoring performed by a portable echo-sounder, model Greyline Stingray. The equipment was calibrated and verified by certified laboratory or manufacturer every year to ensure they perform to the same level of accuracy as stated in the manufacturer's specification.

Calibration Certificate of the multi-meter is given in **Appendix C**.

5.3 Monitoring Locations

In accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3), monitoring stations for contract 1 were established at two locations and summarized in Table 5.3.1.

Table 5.3.1 – Water Quality Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Location	Coordinates
H1	Between the Shuen Wan Marsh	E:839301
	and ECA	N:836386
H2	Route to Sam Kung Temple	E:839163
		N:836433

As illustrated in Figure 5.3.1, H2 served as the control station while H1 was the monitoring location of hydrological characteristics.

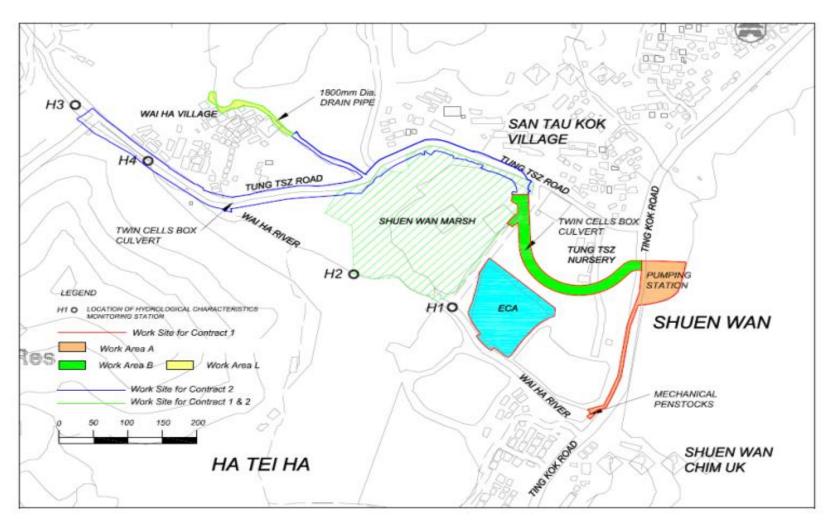


Figure 5.3.1 Hydrological Characteristics Monitoring Locations

5.4 Monitoring Frequency

Hydrological characteristics monitoring for each monitoring station were performed at mid-flood and mid-ebb tides for once per week during the course of the construction river works.

Monitoring was carried out on 6th, 13th, 20th and 27th of June 2014.

5.5 Monitoring Results and Interpretation

Hydrological characteristics monitoring was carried out four times in this reporting period. The monitoring results are summarized in Table 5.5. All results were within the action and limit levels, therefore, no exceedance was found.

Table 5.5 Summary of Water Quality Monitoring Results

	Average of Monitoring	Average of Monitoring Results				
	Water Depth (m)	Water Depth (m) Water Flow Rate (m ³ /s)				
H1(Flood)	~0.520	~0.131				
H1(Ebb)	~0.320	~0.326				
H2(Flood)	~0.480	~0.754				
H2(Ebb)	~0.260	~0.942				

Details of the monitoring data were presented in **Appendix F**.

5.6 Action and limit level for Hydrological Characteristics

The Action and Limit levels for all monitoring stations are summarized in Table 5.6.1, which would be applied for compliance assessment of hydrological characteristics for this project. If the hydrological characteristics monitoring results at any impact stations exceeded the criteria, the actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan in Table 5.6.2 should be taken.

Table 5.6.1 Action and Limit Levels for Hydrological Characteristics at All Monitoring Stations

Parameters	Action	Limit
Water Depth at	0.08	0.06
Mid-flood (m)	0.08	0.00
Water Depth at	0.08	0.06
Mid-ebb (m)	0.08	0.00
Water Flow	120% of control station's	140% of control station's water
Water Flow Rate (m ³ /s)	water flow rate on the same	flow rate on the same day of
Rate (III /8)	day of measurement	measurement

Table 5.6.2 Event and action Plan for Hydrological Characteristics

Event ET	Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
ACTION LEVEI				
	Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and source(s) of impact; Inform IEC, Contractor and Engineer; Check monitoring data, Contractor's working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, Engineer and Contractor; Ensure mitigation	1. Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor;	1. Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and Contractor; 2. Make agreement on mitigation measures	1. Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the non-complian ce; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check working methods and any excavation works or dewatering processes; 4. Consider changes in working methods and plans;
Action 1. level being exceeded by more 2. than two consecutive	IEC, Engineer and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance. Repeat in-situ measurements to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance	1. Discuss mitigation measures with ET, Engineer and Contractor;	1. Discuss proposed mitigation measures with IEC, ET and	working methods and plans; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and Engineer and propose mitigation measures to IEC and Engineer within three working days; 6. Implement agreed mitigation measures. 1. Inform Engineer and confirm in writing notification of the
sampling days 3.	and source(s) of impact; Inform IEC,	2. Review proposals on mitigation	Contractor; 2. Make agreement	non-complian ce; 2. Rectify

		Contractor and	measures	on	unacceptable
		Engineer;	submitted by	mitigation	practice;
	4.	Check monitoring	Contractor	measures	3. Check
		data, Contractor's	and advise the	to be	working
		working methods	Engineer	implemente	•
		and any	accordingly;	d;	any
		excavation works		3. Assess	excavation
		or dewatering	effectiveness	effectivene	works or
		processes;	of	ss of	
	5.	Discuss	implemented	implemente	U
		mitigation	mitigation	d	4. Consider
		measures with	measures.	mitigation	changes in
		IEC, Engineer		measures.	working
		and Contractor;			methods and
	6.	Ensure mitigation			plans;
		measures are			5. Discuss with
		implemented.			ET, IEC and
	7.	Prepare to			Engineer and
	, .	increase the			propose
		monitoring			mitigation
		frequency to			measures to
		daily;			IEC and
	8.	Repeat			Engineer
	0.	measurement on			within three
		next day of			working days;
		exeedance.			6. Implement
		execuance.			agreed
					mitigation
					measures.
LIMIT LI	EVF	EL			measures.
Limit level		Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1. Discuss	1. Inform
being		measurements to	mitigation	proposed	Engineer and
exceeded		confirm findings;	measures with		confirm in
by one	2.	Identify reasons			writing
sampling		for	and	with IEC,	notification of
day		non-compliance	Contractor;	ET and	
day		and source(s) of	,	Contractor;	non-compliance
		impact;	proposals on		:
	3.	Inform AFCD,	mitigation	Contractor	2. Rectify
	٥.	IEC, Contractor	measures	to critically	<u> </u>
		and Engineer;	submitted by	review the	
	4.	Check monitoring	Contractor	working	3. Check working
	١.	data, and	and advise the	methods;	methods and
		Contractor's	Engineer	3. Make	any excavation
		working methods	_	agreement	works or
		and any	3. Assess	on	dewatering
		excavation works	effectiveness	mitigation	processes;
		or dewatering	of	measures	4. Consider
		processes;	implemented	to be	
	5.	Discuss	mitigation	implemente	C
	J.	Discuss	muganon	mpiemente	WOIKING

		mitigation	measures.		d;		methods	and
		measures with		4.	Assess		plans;	
		IEC, Engineer			effectivene	5.	Discuss	with
		and Contractor;			ss of		ET, IEC	and
	6.	Ensure mitigation			implemente		Engineer	and
		measures are			d		propose	
		implemented;			mitigation		mitigation	
	7.	Increase the			measures.		measures to) IEC
		monitoring					and Eng	gineer
		frequency to daily					within	three
		until no					working da	ys;
		exceedance of				6.	Implement	
		Limit level.					agreed	
							mitigation	
							measures.	
Limit level	1.	Repeat in-situ	1. Discuss	1.	Discuss	1.	Inform	
being		measurements to	mitigation		proposed		Engineer	and
exceeded		confirm findings;	measures with		mitigation		confirm	in
by more	2.	Identify reasons	ET, Engineer		measures		writing	
than two		for	and		with IEC,		notification	n of
consecutive		non-compliance	Contractor;		ET and		the	
sampling		and source(s) of			Contractor;		non-compl	iance
days		impact;	proposals on	2.	Request		;	
	3.	Inform AFCD,	mitigation			2.	Rectify	
		IEC, Contractor	measures		to critically		unacceptab	ole
		and Engineer;	submitted by		review the		practice;	
	4.	Check monitoring	Contractor		C	3.	Check wo	_
		data, and	and advise the		methods;		methods	and
		Contractor's	Engineer	3.	Make		any excav	
		working methods	accordingly;		agreement		works	or
		and any	3. Assess		on mitigation		dewatering	5
		excavation works	effectiveness of		mitigation	4.	processes;	
		or dewatering					Consider changes	in
	5.	processes; Discuss mitigation	implemented mitigation		to be implement		working	in
	٥.	measures with	measures.		ed;		methods	and
		IEC, Engineer and	measures.	4.	Assess		plans;	and
		Contractor;		٦.	effectivene	5	Discuss	with
	6	Ensure mitigation			ss of		ET, IEC	and
	0.	measures are			implement		Engineer	and
		implemented.			ed		propose	unu
	7.	Increase the			mitigation		mitigation	
		monitoring			measures;		measures	to
		frequency to daily		5.	Consider		IEC	and
		until no			and if		Engineer v	vithin
		exceedance of			necessary		three wo	rking
		Limit level for two			instruct		days;	
		consecutive days.			Contractor	6.	Implement	
					to slow		agreed	
					down or to		mitigation	

stop all or	measures;
part of the 7.	As directed by
constructio	the Engineer,
n activities	slow down or
until no	stop all or part
exceedance	of the
of Limit	construction
Level.	activities until
	no exceedance
	of Limit level.

5.7 Monitoring Schedule for the next reporting period

Hydrological characteristics monitoring schedule is proposed to be carried out on 4^{th} , 11^{th} , 18^{th} and 25^{th} of July 2014.

6 Ecological Monitoring of ECA

6.1 Ecological Monitoring of ECA

6.1.1 Scope of Monitoring

The ECA was formally handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012. The wire mesh fences and gate at the northwestern part of the ECA were fixed and reinstated by the Main Contractor. No site visit and ecological monitoring by the Wetland Specialist from the Main Contractor and the Ecologist from the IEC respectively were carried out in November 2012. The post-establishment phase monitoring and management of the ECA have commenced and to be undertaken by the AFCD in accordance with the monitoring and management items stipulated in the latest approved EM&A Manual of the Project

6.2 Monitoring Results

According to Table 6.17 of the EM&A Manual, ecological monitoring of the ECA will be carried out by qualified ecologists during the 1-year wetland establishment period of the ECA before handing over to AFCD for their post establishment monitoring. Establishment phase of the ECA began in September 2011, ecological monitoring programme was conducted and monitoring data was presented in respective monthly EM&A reports. Ecological monitoring programme ended in September 2012 and hence there will be no ECA report attached in EM&A reports.

6.2.1 Description of monitoring of transplanted Pavetta hongkongensis in Ecological Compensatory Area

According to the latest Transplantation Proposal, monitoring of the transplanted individual of *Pavetta hongkongensis* will cover a period of 12 months after the transplanting exercise. The monitoring will be conducted once a week in the first 3 months and once in each subsequent month in the remaining monitoring period. Health condition and growth of each transplanted individuals will be assessed and photographic records will be undertaken for each inspection.

6.2.2 Description of transplanted Pavetta hongkongensis and remarks

The monitoring of the transplanted individual of Pavetta hongkongensis has been covered a period of 12 months. Therefore, the monitoring for Pavetta hongkongensis was not carried out in this reporting period.

7 Landscape and Visual

7.1 Introduction

The Landscape and Visual Monitoring of the Project is conducted to fulfill Clauses 5.2 and 5.4 of EP-303/2008 and the monitoring requirements in accordance with Section 7 of the approved updated EM&A Manual (approved by EPD on 31st May 2012) of the Project. A Baseline Review on updating the landscape and visual condition, and the mitigation measures of the Project (including Contracts 1 and 2 of the Project) was undertaken before the commencement of the Project. The review findings were updated in the Baseline Environmental Monitoring Report submitted to the EPD on 14th February

2011.

This monthly monitoring report will detail the scope of landscape and visual monitoring work, monitoring findings and observations, and any recommendations and advice on proper implementation of the landscape mitigation measures in the works areas under Contract 1 of the Project.

7.2 Scope of Monitoring

7.2.1 Monitoring Objectives

Landscape and Visual Monitoring of the Project should be conducted in a bi-weekly basis for checking the design, implementation and maintenance of the landscape and visual mitigation measures throughout the construction phase and in a quarterly basis during operational phase of the Project. Observations of any potential conflicts between the proposed mitigation measures and the project works carried out by the Contractors should be recorded. Recommendation and advice on proper implementation of the landscape mitigation measures should be provided to the Contractor for minimizing any potential impacts on the landscape and visual elements.

7.2.2 Monitoring during Construction Phase

The following landscape and visual mitigation measure should be implemented during the construction phase of the project to minimize the potential impacts:

- Visual Screen Use of hoardings as visual screens for the construction in the works areas;
- Contaminant/ Sediment Control Use of temporary barriers, covers and drainage provision around the construction works as contaminant/ sediment control to prevent the contaminants and sediments from entering the sensitive water-based habitats;
- Pollution Control Implementation of pollution control measures to minimize any adverse environmental impacts to the surrounding habitats;
- Liaison with Nursery Liaison with the nursery operator as necessary to minimize any adverse impact to the daily operation and plant holding capacity of the nursery;
- Existing Trees within Works Area Maintenance and protection of the existing trees, especially their crowns, trunks and roots, within work sites; and
- Construction Light Provision of construction light should be controlled at night to avoid excessive glare to the surrounding villages and to Plover Cove.

7.2.3 Monitoring during Operational Phase

The following landscape and visual mitigation measure should be implemented during the operational phase of the project to minimize the potential impacts:

- Viewing area formation by planting with shrubs, grasses and benches along the area;
- Architectural design of the pump house will help it fit into the existing suburban, natural to semi-natural surroundings;
- Landscape design of pump house by providing sufficient planting around its boundary fence;
- Enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road with shrubs/ trees of suitable species to help protect the stream and marshes;
- Construction of box culvert should be with at least 1.0m soil depth for enhancement planting;
- Transplanting of existing affected trees to adjacent locations should be carried out;
- Preparation for transplanting is needed to allow sufficient time for root pruning and rootball preparation prior to transplanting; and

• Reinstatement of affected area should be carried out to check that the works areas are properly reinstated.

7.3 Landscape and Visual Monitoring Results

7.3.1 Monitoring Date(s)

This monthly Landscape and Visual Monitoring (June 2014) was conducted to cover only Areas A, B and C of Contract 1 of the Project. The bi-weekly monitoring was conducted on 13th and 24th June 2014.

Area C (i.e. Ecological Compensatory Area (ECA)) was formally handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012 for management and maintenance. No access into the ECA is allowed after the handover.

All photos stated in this section are recorded in **Appendix G**.

The bi-weekly monitoring for Contract 2 was also undertaken on 13th and 24th June 2014. The monitoring findings and recommendation will be submitted in a separate Monthly EM&A Report under Contract DC/2010/02.

7.3.2 Visual Screen

No follow-up action by the Contractor is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for May 2014*.

Observation

Temporary construction hoardings have been erected around Wai Ha River estuary since the building of an automatic mechanical penstock at the area (**Photo 1**). Since February 2014, the construction hoardings surrounding Area A (i.e. the proposed pump house station) have been replaced by the built boundary walls along the western and part of the northern sides of Area A (**Photo 2**), with chain-link fence erected along the rest of the boundary sides of Area A. As observed since May 2014, all the planting works and major

civil works were completed. The site office located at the northern part of Area A was also removed. As informed by the Main Contractor, the pumping house area of Area A was handed over to DSD in early June 2014.

Construction of the proposed roadside planters along Ting Kok Road was commenced in March 2014. The temporary construction barriers erected around the built planters were removed as observed since late May 2014 and no planting was carried out as observed in June 2014 (**Photo 3**).

The temporary hoardings established for demarcating the construction site boundary of Phases 1 and 2 construction works area of Area B in Tung Tsz Nursery have been removed since January 2014. The reinstatement works in the nursery have been under progress (see **Photo 4** for the reinstatement work in Phase 2 construction works area as observed on 24th June 2014). However, both areas were demarcated with loosened barrier tapes (**Photo 5**). The open section and other reinstated access path connecting between Phases 1 and 2 works areas have been maintained during the current reinstatement work period, providing an access path for the daily operation of the nursery (**Photo 6**). Since November 2013, the hoarding along the eastern boundary of Phase 2 in Area B (i.e. the section next to Ting Kok Road) was permanently reinstated with the original chain-link fence. Canvas sheets were put on the reinstated fence to screen off the existing construction site from the pedestrian path (**Photo 7**).

The gate of the adjacent housing area near the previous main entrance of Area C has been reinstated at its original location by the Contractor since November 2012.

Recommendation

No specific recommendation is required.

7.3.3 Contaminant/ Sediment Control

No follow-up action by the Contractor is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for May 2014*.

Observation

Area A

The wheel washing facility at the entrance of Area A was removed as the major earthwork was completed and most of the ground surface in Area A has been turned into concrete road.

No groundwater or used water was pumped from the built box culvert in June 2014. As mentioned above, all major civil works at Area A were completed and the pumping house area of Area A was handed over to DSD in early June 2014 according to the information provided by the Main Contractor.

Area B

The major excavation and construction works in Area B were completed, leaving minor excavation and reinstatement work for irrigation pipes, lamp posts and nursery beds in both Phases 1 and 2 within Tung Tsz Nursery. The wheel washing facility at the entrance of the access road leading towards the works area at northwestern part of Tung Tsz Nursery was removed. Reinstatement of the nursery ground in Phase 2 construction works area was observed during the inspection on 24th June 2014 (**Photo 4**), and no significant discharge of groundwater or used water from Area B was noted during the inspection in June 2014.

Area C

Area C was formally handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012 for management and maintenance. The pond of the ECA has connected with the Wai Ha River directly. No water resulting from normal wetland maintenance practice was pumped out from the ECA.

Recommendation

The Contractor should regularly check the condition and locations of the drainage pipes and ensure that all used water should be appropriately filtered and discharged to the manholes/other discharge points agreed by the Engineer and EPD.

7.3.4 Pollution Control

No follow-up action by the Contractor is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for May 2014* since almost all major construction works and planting work in Areas A, B and C were completed.

Observation

Area A

The wheel washing facilities at the entrance of Area A was removed as the major earthwork was completed and most of the ground surface in Area A has been turned into concrete road. No groundwater or used water was pumped from the excavated sites or built box culvert in June 2014 since all major civil works at Area A were completed and the site office was also removed.

No direct discharge of water into the adjacent Wai Ha River was observed from the works area for building the automatic mechanical penstock at Wai Ha River estuary as the construction work at the estuary was completed.

Area B

The major excavation and construction works in Area B were almost completed, leaving minor excavation and reinstatement work for irrigation pipes and nursery beds in both Phases 1 and 2 within Tung Tsz Nursery. The wheel washing facility at the entrance of the access road leading towards the works area at northwestern part of Tung Tsz Nursery was removed. No significant discharge of groundwater or used water from Area B was noted during the inspection in June 2014.

Area C

Area C was formally handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012 for management and maintenance. The pond of the ECA has been connected to Wai Ha River directly as following the scheme design of Habitat Compensatory Plan. No direct discharge of turbid water into the adjacent Wai Ha River was observed through the fence of Tung Tsz Nursery (**Photo 8**).

Recommendation

The Contractor should regularly check the condition and locations of the drainage pipes and ensure that all used water should be appropriately filtered and discharged to the manholes/other discharge points agreed by the Engineer and EPD. This is to avoid any potential contamination to the vegetation in Shuen Wan marsh and other vegetated/marinated areas adjacent to the active works area.

7.3.5 Liaison with Nursery

Active construction works within Tung Tsz Nursery has been extended to the east of the nursery in connection with Ting Kok Road since May 2012. As mentioned above in Section 3.2, all temporary hoardings established for demarcating the construction site boundary in Tung Tsz Nursery have been removed in January 2014 and replaced by barrier tapes.

The works practice and maintenance of trees within the nursery generally follow the recommendation as stated in *Monthly EM&A Report for May 2014*. Any observed issues related to the liaison with the nursery are highlighted in this section.

Observation

The temporary hoardings were erected from northwest to southwest parts of Tung Tsz Nursery in Area B in April 2011, while those boundary hoardings around Phase 2 construction works were erected in May 2012. As mentioned above in Section 3.2, these temporary hoardings have been removed in January 2014, and the site boundary was subsequently demarcated with barrier tapes. In addition, the hoarding along the eastern boundary of Phase 2 in Area B was permanently reinstated with the original chain-link fence, which was further screened by canvas sheets (**Photo 7**).

Major excavation works have been completed in Phases 1 and 2. The reinstatement works for the original access paths, ground of the nursery beds and basic nursery utility (such as irrigation pipes and lamp posts) were still in progress in both Phases 1 and 2 areas. Reinstatement of the nursery ground was noted in Phase 2 as observed in June 2014

(**Photo 4**).

Regular monitoring for all transplanted and retained trees within the nursery was conducted on a bi-weekly basis. The dead, transplanted tree *Grevillea robusta* (U58) was already removed by the Contractor. Its dry stump and the entire planter were removed in October 2013 and February 2014 respectively.

As reported in the previous *Monthly EM&A Reports*, the retained tree U68 (*Gmelina arborea*) was found fallen after the severe typhoon in July 2012, with its leaning trunk being pruned and removed in August 2012 (as reported in *Monthly EM&A Report for August 2012*). Regular removal of generated watersprouts was sometimes noted throughout the monitoring period. The entire planter was finally removed in March 2014 and reported in the submitted *Monthly EM&A Report*.

As observed on 13th June 2014, a total of eight mature trees (including *Celtis sinensis* and *Melaleuca cajuputi* subsp. *cumingiana*) of around 8-10m were transplanted to Phase 1 construction works area. Based on the information provided by the Main Contractor, these trees were transplanted from other LCSD-related project and Tung Tsz Nursery was selected as the receptor site for these trees

Recommendation

The works area and the construction works should be properly managed and implemented without influencing the daily operation of the nursery (i.e. provide enough access paths and works area for the nursery operation).

All transplanted trees should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days during the dry season) by the appointed landscape contractor. Meanwhile, the Contractor should prevent forming waterlogged areas or leakage of used water from the active construction works area into the Nursery. This is to prevent causing any nuisance to the nursery's daily operation. In addition, the Contractor is recommended to replace or remove the broken bamboo stakes for the transplanted trees, as well as removal the climbers and weedy plants found in the tree canopies and planters of these transplanted trees prior to handing over the site back to the Nursery Operator.

The appointed landscape contractor and the Contractor should closely monitor the health conditions of all transplanted/relocated and retained trees throughout the construction period of the Project.

Any reinstatement work nearby the recently transplanted trees from LCSD-related project should be carefully programmed. The on-site workers and operator of any movable heavy machinery should avoid damaging these tree parts during the re-instatement work. If necessary, a buffer zone is recommended to separate the reinstatement work areas from these transplanted trees.

7.3.6 Existing Trees within Works Areas

Maintenance of the existing trees within the works areas generally follows the recommendations as stated in *Monthly EM&A Report for May 2014*, except that the surplus soil and tied strings on the trees have not yet removed and the broken planters have not yet repaired. The observations recorded in June 2014 are highlighted in the following sections.

<u>Observatio</u>n

Area A

Construction of the slanting component of the proposed green roof and pumping house was completed by end of January 2014. The proposed green roof on the pumping house was vegetated with herbaceous ground cover *Arachis duranensis* in accordance with the approved Landscape Plan.

As observed in June 2014, the planted ground cover *Arachis duranensis* on the green roof was in fair condition (**Photo 9**) but the growth of those planted on the slanting component of the proposed green roof was generally slower (**Photo 10**). Other planted vegetation, including *Ficus pumila* and *Parthenocissus dalzielii* on the ground for vertical greening, ground cover *Iris tectorum*, shrubs *Ficus microcarpa* (Golden Leaf) and trees *Cinnamomum burmannii*), were also in fair condition (**Photos 11-12**).

As observed in June 2014, the existing retained, relocated and compensatory trees in Area A were generally protected within the built planting areas or fenced outside the boundary fence.

The tree to be transplanted E16 (*Bombax ceiba*) was relocated to the southern side of Area A next to the site hoarding in July 2012. The tree was in fair condition with regeneration of healthy leaves as observed in June 2014 (**Photo 13**). However, it was separated outside the proposed chain-link fence along the boundary sides of Area A. Soil grade change was observed around the trunk base and minor exposed roots were found in January 2014. The stability of the tree may be affected. Though this tree is fenced outside the chain-link fence, the condition and stability of this tree should be regularly monitored throughout the construction period.

The relocated tree E38 (*Melaleuca cajuputi* subsp. *cumingiana*) was found dead after its relocation in August 2013, and it was removed by the Contractor in November 2013 (reported in *Monthly EM&A Report for November 2013*). A planter was built at the same location in accordance with the approved Landscape Plan. The four newly planted *Cinnamomum burmannii* and the ground cover *Iris tectorum* appeared in fair condition (**Photo 14**).

Two trees (*Melaleuca cajuputi* subsp. *cumingiana*) have been found in the northeastern part of Area A since February 2013 and they have remained in fair condition.

Damaged tree trunk on E55 (*Macaranga tanarius* var. *tomentosa*) has been reported in the submitted *Monthly EM&A Reports* since May 2013. The wound on the trunk of E55 has been burlapped since May 2013. The upper section of the tree trunk was broken in June 2013. The tree was suspected to be a dead specimen with no sign of vigor. It was separated outside the proposed chain-link fence along the boundary sides of Area A (**Photo 15**).

As reported in the previously *Monthly EM&A Reports*, a retained tree T253 (*Bridelia tomentosa*) was in poor condition, with dead scaffold limbs and dry, peeled bark. The whole tree was removed as observed on 13th June 2014 (**Photo 16**).

No other significant damages on the crowns, trunks and roots of the remaining trees resulting from the construction machinery were observed during the monitoring in June 2014 in Area A. A number of new trees (including one *Bridelia tomentosa*, two *Bombax ceiba*, eight *Macaranga tanarius* var. *tomentosa* and nine *Melaleuca cajuputi* subsp. *cumingiana*) have been planted along the eastern and southern parts, and at southwestern corner since January 2014. The four newly replaced trees of *Melaleuca cajuputi* subsp. *cumingiana* (tree tags as "E19", "E20", "E22" and "E38") were in fair condition at the southeastern corner of Area A (**Photo 17**). All these trees were tagged, and planted for compensation of the tree loss due to the influence of severe typhoons and poor tree condition. Some newly planted trees *Macaranga tanarius* var. *tomentosa* at the eastern side of Area A were not in satisfactory health condition (**Photo 18**).

Area B

As highlighted in the Section "Liaison with Nursery", the transplanted tree *Grevillea robusta* (U58) was removed in October 2013 as it was certified as dead specimen. The entire planter of this removed tree was removed since February 2014. Similarly, U68 (*Gmelina arborea*), which was fallen after typhoon in July 2012, and its planter were all removed in March 2014.

The relocated tree U37 was certified as a dead specimen (**Photo 19**). No significant stockpiling of excavated soil was observed close to the relocated trees along both sides of Phase 1 works area.

Half of the planter of U47 (*Terminalia catappa*) has been broken since August 2013, and some of its roots and planter soil were exposed in the air. As inspected in June 2014, the planter was still not yet repaired (**Photos 20-21**). The condition and stability of this tree have been closely monitored. In addition to U47, the planters of U54 (*Terminalia catappa*) and another two untagged *Terminalia catappa* to the southeast of U54 (**Photos 22-24**), as well as the relocated tree U69 (*Alstonia scholaris*) were also broken and still not yet repaired (**Photo 25-26**). Exposed roots and planter soil were observed. Leaning tree trunk was also observed on U69, probably due to the lack of intact planting soil to be supported within the broken planter. On the other hand, excavated soil was still piled around the

planter and on the root flare of U51 (Terminalia catappa) (Photo 27).

U55 (*Pterocarpus indicus*) has been transplanted to its final receptor site in 2011 and pest control was applied on this tree in early 2013 due to the sign of termite infestation. Its health condition has been improved (**Photo 28**). The long branches with decayed wood and wounds were still observed in the canopy.

Sign of suspected termite infestation was previously observed at the lower trunk of the retained tree U67 (*Cassia fistula*). It has been in fair health and structural condition as observed in June 2014.

For the retained tree A40 (*Terminalia catappa*) at the entrance of Phase 2 construction areas, the southern excavated area was refilled but the northern excavated area close to its planter has not yet backfilled with soil, and some of the tree roots growing underneath the tree planter are still under a risk of being damaged by any future minor civil works (**Photos 29-30**). The tree trunk was not guyed to the nearby tree planter as observed in June 2014. The tree may have a risk of leaning if its underground roots are further damaged or the ground is not backfilled soon.

The trunk of the transplanted tree U53 (*Terminalia catappa*) was still tied tightly by strings and a hessian wrapping which was left after the transplantation of the tree (**Photo 31**). Wounds were found under the wrapping and watersprouts were observed developed on the trunk. As the strings were tied tightly on the trunk, they may girdle the tree and hence affect the tree health and its structure. Similar hessian wrapping and tied strings were also found on the relocated trees U57, A22, A42 and A41 (**Photos 32-33**).

Many relocated trees in Phases 1 and 2 works areas within the Nursery were in fairly poor to fair condition due to the poor transplantation skills and poor site condition. Proper tree protection (e.g. guying and temporary TPZ), removal of surplus soils and construction materials (esp. those related to the reinstatement of irrigation system next to trees U62 and A22) and removal of climbers and weedy herbs in the planters of the relocated trees should be implemented as proper maintenance of the existing trees.

As observed on 13th June 2014, scaffold branches and dead branches of a number of

relocated trees (including U51, U54, U48, two untagged *Terminalia catappa* next to U54, A40) in Phase 1 construction works area were pruned by the nursery workers or landscape contractor appointed by other LCSD-related project (e.g. **Photos 34-35**).

As mentioned in Section 3.5.7, a total of eight mature trees of *Celtis sinensis* and *Melaleuca cajuputi* subsp. *cumingiana*) were transplanted to Phase 1 construction works area from other LCSD-related project (**Photos 36-37**).

The remaining trees, including retained and transplanted specimens, within the nursery were maintained generally in fair condition, with no significant damage on tree crowns, trunks and roots observed during the monitoring in June 2014. The soil ground to the northwest of Tung Tsz Nursery has been hydroseeded (**Photo 38**).

Area C

Area C was formally handed over to AFCD on 16th October 2012 for management and maintenance. The area was fenced off and no access was allowed.

Recommendations

Area A

Maintenance of proper TPZs covering the tree driplines with no temporarily stored construction materials, excessive stockpiled soil and waterlogged condition around the tree trunk flares were the major tree management issues in Areas A and B during the active construction period. Even only minor construction work and reinstatement work are left in this period, the Contractor is still advised to continue notifying the on-site workers not to stockpile soil/construction materials or place construction equipment within and close to the TPZs or lower trunks/trunk flares of retained/ relocated/ new trees. Any temporarily stored construction materials/ equipment and excessive water around the trunk flares should be removed or drained immediately. The Contractor should remind the operators of the construction machines and on-site workers to be aware of the presence of these relocated, retained or newly planted trees nearby their works (e.g. for the case of the retained trees in the eastern and southern parts of Area A), and prevent accidental damage on these trees as far as practical. Meanwhile, the Contractor and sub-contractor should

carefully design the civil works. Common civil works, such as excavation and sheet piling works, should be programmed and designed carefully by taking tree buffer zone into consideration. The works should avoid affecting the tree canopy, trunk and underground root zone with regard to tree dripline as far as possible.

The Contractor should continue the maintenance of proper tagging system for all trees within and outside the hoarded/fenced site in order to facilitate the monitoring of their existing condition. In addition, the Contractor should maintain regular monitoring of the tree protection system and condition of the retained and transplanted trees.

All retained trees or trees to be transplanted should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days) by the landscape contractor or on-site workers. The Contractor should conduct regular inspection on the health condition and protection measures of each existing trees within the Area A. In particular, regular watering should be applied on those relocated trees with regard to their poor health condition. If these trees or other transplanted/ relocated trees are found to be dead specimens in the wet season, the Contractor should replace these specimens. In addition, the appointed landscape construction should provide regular watering on all newly planted trees, shrubs, climbers and ground cover throughout the maintenance period.

With regard to the soil erosion incident on the slanting component of the pumping house after the heavy rainstorm in late-March 2014, the Contractor is advised to implement soil erosion prevention measure on the pumping house so as to minimize the influence on the planted vegetation in the coming wet season.

Area B

All transplanted trees should be watered regularly (e.g. at least every two days during the dry season) by the landscape contractor. This is a necessary maintenance practice to improve the survival rates and growth for trees showing poor health condition as a result of the transplantation shock. Regular check of the tree health should be conducted. Proper protective measures such as guying and TPZs are recommended especially for the newly transplanted/ relocated trees. Waterlogged areas should be avoided and all used water/ temporary storage of construction materials or surplus soil around the tree trunk flares and

close to the tree root zones should be drained out or removed immediately. To prevent accidental drainage of used water into the tree root zones of the relocated trees, the Contractor is recommended to establish a proper separation (e.g. sandbags barriers or wooden plates) between the trees and the ground of the active construction works. If in such circumstance that there is direct conflict between certain tree parts of the retained, transplanted or relocated tree(s) and the construction works/ machinery, the pruning works should be carried out in accordance with any local, national or international standards related to tree remedial works.

Any reinstatement work nearby the recently transplanted trees from LCSD-related project should be carefully programmed. The on-site workers and operator of any movable heavy machinery should avoid damaging these tree parts during the re-instatement work. If necessary, a buffer zone is recommended to separate the reinstatement work areas from these transplanted trees.

The Contractor is advised checking the condition of the orange construction nets in Area B, in which some of these nets are still used to demarcate the tree protection zone, and repair the damaged nets as soon as possible. The site workers should not remove the tree protection zone during the construction phase, and all site workers should be reminded to protect the existing/ relocated trees with appropriate tree protection measures.

Regular inspection of the tree health of a number of trees (i.e. U47, U55, U67 and A40) should be undertaken to update their health condition and any deterioration of tree defects. The Contractor is advised checking the condition of all bamboo stakes used for staking transplanted trees, and replace any damaged stakes as soon as possible. If these trees or other transplanted/relocated trees are found to be dead specimens in the wet season after the assessment by the arborist of the appointed landscape contractor, the Contractor should replace these specimens. In addition, the Contractor should backfilled the excavated hole (such as that under A40) as soon as possible to prevent its further leaning due to the limited support from the ground. If practical, the Contractor is advised to replant any leaning trees, resulting from the less support of soil due to excavation works, back to upright position by end of the construction period.

The Contractor is recommended to remove all the wrapping and strings tied on the

transplanted tree, especially for U53, U57, A22, A42 and A41, in order to prevent them from girdling the tree and influencing the tree health and structure.

The Contractor is advised repairing the broken planters of the trees U47, U54 and two nearby untagged *Terminalia catappa* and U69, and avoiding the stockpile of soil close to the trunk flare of U51.

All tree tags on the trees should be managed properly by the Contractor throughout the construction and establishment phases.

The Contractor is advised to programme the remaining reinstatement works appropriately in Phases I and 2 of Area B. The Contractor should establish a buffer zone and tree protection zone between the civil works and the relocated/ retained trees wherever practical.

Area C

As Area C was handed over to AFCD for management and maintenance, no further recommendation is given.

7.3.7 Construction Lights

No follow-up action on maintenance of construction light is required as from the *Monthly EM&A Report for May 2014*.

Observation

No construction light impact to the surrounding villages and to Plover Cove as all construction activities and construction sites are halted at 1800. No construction light at night is provided by the Contractor.

<u>Recommendation</u>

No specific recommendation is required.

7.4 Audit Schedule

The next bi-weekly Landscape & Visual Monitoring in July 2014 is scheduled to be conducted in the weeks of 7^{th} and 21^{st} July 2014.

8 Action taken in Event of Exceedance

If the measurements (Noise, Water, Hydrological Characteristics, and Ecology) exceed the action / limit level, exceedance details will be reported and follow-up actions will be taken by relevant parties involved.

During the reporting month there was no exceedance for noise, hydrological characteristics, and ecological measurements recorded; therefore, no actions were taken.

There were 12 abnormal incidents of water quality limits (Turbidity) were recorded in this reporting month according to the established action and limit levels. ET has arranged site investigations for the abnormal incidents. No construction activities were carried out at the river bed. During the reporting period, construction of intake structure was conducted near Wai Ha River. Proper mitigation measures were implemented by contractor to avoid site water release to the Wai Ha river and no particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination. The exceedances of Turbidity and SS were believed to be mainly attributed by adverse weather and natural fluctuation and adverse—since the recorded levels of Turbidity and SS at control station had also exceeded its baseline action or limit level, the exceedances recorded at W2 were unlikely to be related to the Project.

The water condition of Wai Ha River is presented in photo attached in **Appendix M**.

9 Construction waste disposal

It is the contractor's responsibility to ensure that all wastes produced during the construction phase for the drainage improvement works are handled, stored and disposed of in accordance with good waste management practices and EPD's regulation and requirement. Waste materials generated during construction activities, such as construction and demolition (C&D) material, chemical wastes and general refuse, are recommended to be audited at regular intervals to ensure that proper storage, transportation and disposal practices are being implemented.

Table 9.1 is a summary of figures of the construction wastes disposal provided by Contractor.

Table 9.1 Summary of Construction Waste Disposal

	Ac	Actual Quantities of Inert C & D Materials Generated Monthly					Actual Quantities of C & D Wastes Generated Monthly				
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/cardboard packaging	Plastics	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)
Year2011	11.12	0.00	9.703	0.665	0.750	0.556	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.165
Year 2012	11.12	0.00	9.884	1.185	0.05	0.00	2.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.192
Jan 13	0.290	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.05	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Feb 13	0.190	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.035
Mar 13	1.14	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Apr 13	1.540	0.00	1.52	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
May 13	0.85	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Jun 13	0.36	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Jul 13	0.255	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.015	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Aug 13	0.08	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sep 13	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
Oct 13	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
Nov-13	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Dec-13	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
Jan-14	0.06	0.00 0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01 0.00
Feb-14	0.00	0.00	0.0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mar-14	0.00	0.00	0.0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Apr-14 May-14	0.00	0.00	0.0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Jun-14	0.00	0.00	0.0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	27.162	0.00	24.327	1.85	0.985	0.566	2.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48
Total	27.102								0.00	0.00	0.40
	Forecast of Total Quantities of C & D Materials to be Generated from the Contract										
	Total Quantity Generated	Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	ivietais	Paper/cardboard packaging	Plastics (see note3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	(in'000m3)	((in'000kg)		(in'000kg)	(in'000kg)
	0.04	0	0.04	0.0	0.00	0.00	0	0.01	0.00	0.1	0.02

Notes (1) The Performance targets are given in PS Clause 26.23 (14)

- (2) The waste flow table shall also include C & D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for used at the sites
- (3) Plastics refer to plastics bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging materials.

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(4) The summary table shall be submitted to the Engineer's Representative monthly together with the Waste Flow Table for review and monitoring in accordance with the PS Clause 25.20A(4)

10 Status of Permits and Licenses obtained

Table 10.1 is the updated status of environmental related permits/ license obtained for the construction activities.

Table 10.1 Status of Permits and Licenses Obtained

Description	License / Permit No.#	Date of Issue	Site	Date of expiry	Status
Environmental Permit	EP-303/2008	2008/2/25	Area A, B & C	not applicable	Valid
Discharge License	WT00006448-2010	2010/6/15	Area A, B & C	30/6/2015	Valid
Registration as a Chemical Waste Producer	316597	2010/4/26	Area A, B & C	not applicable	Valid
Waste Disposal	7010348	2010/3/2	Area A, B & C	not applicable	Valid

11 Compliant Log

There was no formal complaint received during the reporting period. Therefore, follow up actions for the environmental complaint is not required.

Table 11.1 Summary of Formal Complaints received

	Noise	Water	Ecology	Others
Year 2011	0	0	0	0
Year 2012	0	0	0	0
Year 2013	0	0	0	0
January 2014	0	0	0	0
February 2014	0	0	0	0
March 2014	0	0	0	0
April 2014	0	0	0	0
May 2014	0	0	0	0
June 2014	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0

12 Site Environmental Audits

12.1 Site Inspection

Site inspections were undertaken weekly to inspect the construction activities in active site areas to ensure that appropriate environmental protection and pollution control mitigation measures are properly implemented.

Within this reporting period, site inspections were conducted on 6th, 13th, 20th, and 25th of June 2014. A detailed checklist of each site inspection together with comments and relevant photos have been filed and kept. The findings from inspection were summarized in Table 12.1.

Table 12.1 Summary results of site inspections findings

Date	Findings	Identification	Advice from ET	Action taken	Closing date
	No major				
N/A	environmental	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	deficiencies				

Date	Findings	Identification	Advice from ET	Action taken	Closing date
	were observed				
	during this				
	reporting				
	period.				

12.2 Compliance with legal and Contractual requirement

There was no non-compliance recorded for the month of June 2014.

12.3 Implementation status and effectiveness of the mitigation measures

Contractor has implemented mitigation measures to address those problems as advised by ER and ET. Some of the measures taken by the contractor were considered as effective to minimize negative impact to the environment. Ongoing investigation will be carried out to observe performance and effectiveness of those measures. Outstanding environmental items will be inspected in next month.

As there were some ongoing follow up practices, contractor was reminded to regularly review and rectify the discrepancy once found and maintain good site condition. The contractor implemented various environmental mitigation measures as recommended in the Environmental Permit and Final Mitigation Measures Report.

The recommend mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3) are presented in **Appendix H** (**A**).

The implemented statues of mitigation measures are presented in **Appendix H (B)**

13 Future Key issues and recommendations

According to the forecasted site activities, key environmental issued to be considered should at least include:

- Site water control and relevant protective measures.
- Control and disposal for construction wastes generated from works.

- Routine water spraying for dust control.

Tree protective measure for tree planting and transplanting, should be implemented, such as tree protection zone and regular watering.

14 Conclusions

Rectification of defects at pump station, minor rectification works along Ting Kok Raod and Reinstatement in Tung Tsz Nursery were major site activities being carried out within this reporting period.

Regular site meetings and inspection audits led by the seniors for discussing site environmental matters were held among Project Proponent, Contractor and the ET on weekly basis. Also monthly site meeting and inspection audits with the above parties and IEC were carried out on 25th of June 2014.

For noise level monitoring, all results were within the established A/L limits.

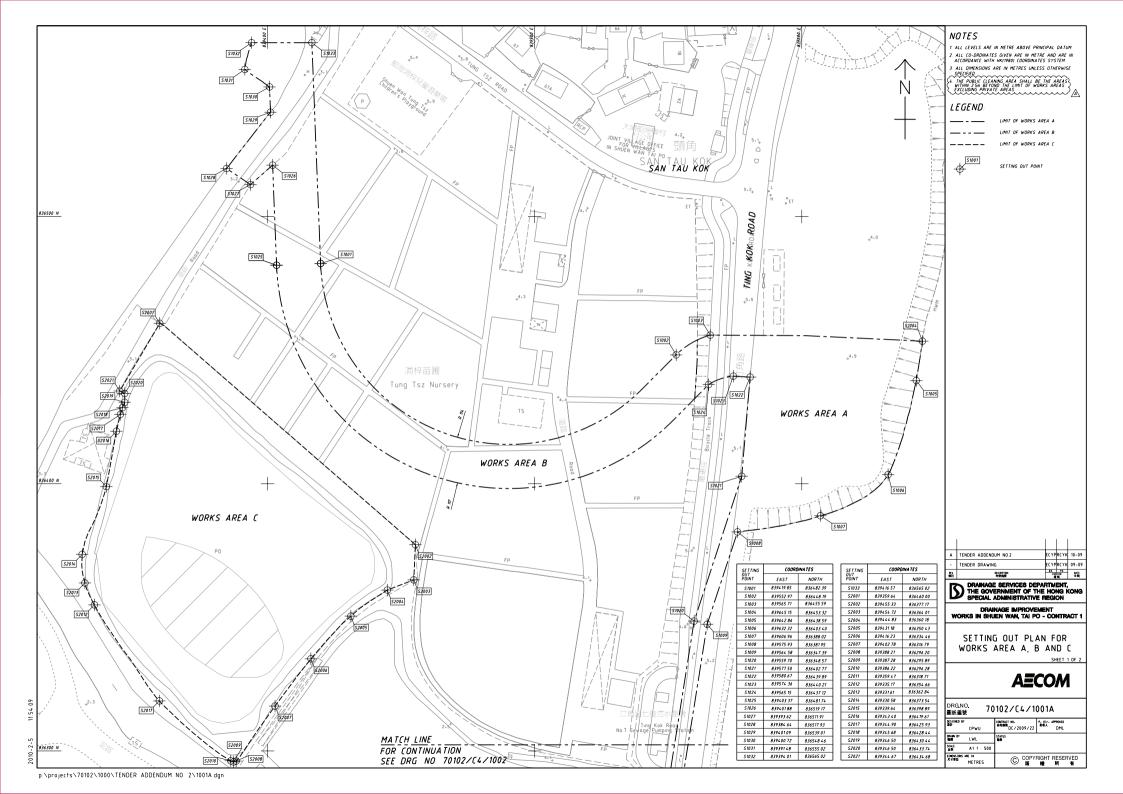
For water quality monitoring, total 12 abnormal incidents of water quality criteria were recorded in this reporting month. During the reporting period, no construction activities were conducted near the Wai Ha River. Proper mitigation measures were implemented by contractor to avoid site water releasing to the Wai Ha river and no particular observation of defective site activities were found causing water contamination. The exceedances of Turbidity and SS were believed to be mainly attributed by natural fluctuation and adverse weather And, since the recorded levels of Turbidity and SS at control station had also exceeded its baseline action or limit level, the exceedances recorded at W2 were unlikely to be related to the Project.

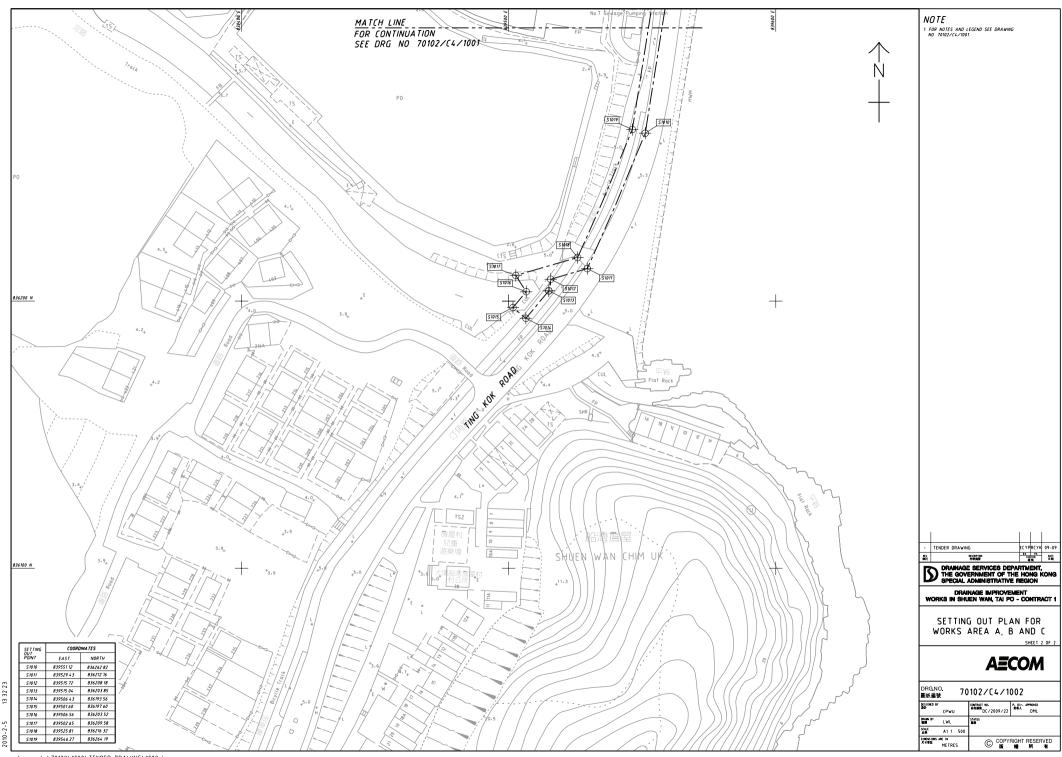
Also, there were not any notifications of summons recorded during the reporting period. Furthermore, there were not any formal prosecution and complaints recorded.

ET has reminded the contractor to provide environmental pollution control measures wherever necessary, and to keep a good environmental management at site practice.

The ET will continue to implement the environmental monitoring & audit programme in accordance with the EM&A Manual (revision 3) and Environmental Permit requirements.

Appendix A: Site Location Plan **Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited**







Post	Name	Contact No.	Contact Fax	e-mail
Project Manager	Mr. W. K. Chan	6821 1136	2674 6688	dc200922jv_pmcwk @yahoo.com.hk
Site Agent	Mr. K. M. Ma	9552 1734	2674 6688	dc200922jv_suba@ya hoo.com.hk
Environmental Officer	Mr. W. K. Chan	N/A	2674 6688	dc200922jv_pmcwk @yahoo.com.hk
Environmental Supervisor	Mr. Anthony Chan	9179 2092	2674 6688	anthony277@hotmail.
Asia Ecological Consultants Ltd. (Wetland Specialist)	Dr. Mike Leven	2486 2885	2471 8389	mrleven@asiaecol.co m.hk
Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited (Environmental Team)	Mr. Johnny Lee	2889 0569	2856 2010	johnnylee@epsl.com. hk





Certificate No. 39008

Page 1 of 5 Pages

Customer: Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address: Flat A, 19/F., Chai Wan Industrial Centre Building, 21 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, HK.

Order No.: Q33560

Date of receipt

11-Dec-13

Item Tested

Description: Sound Level Meter

Manufacturer: SVAN

Model : 955

Serial No.

: 27302

Test Conditions

Date of Test: 16-Dec-13 **Ambient Temperature**:

(23 ± 3)°C

Supply Voltage : --

Relative Humidity: (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: Z01, IEC 61672, IEC 1260.

Test Results

All results were within the IEC 61672 Type1, IEC 1260 Class1 and manufacturer's specification.

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

Equipment No. Description

Cert. No.

Traceable to

S017

Multi-Function Generator

C127181

SCL-HKSAR

S205

Ref. Sound Level Calibrator

PHCO40002

SCL-HKSAR

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI).

The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by

thy Cheuk

Approved by :

17-Dec-13

Date:

Steve Kwan

This Certificate is issued by: Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

ng Calibration Ltd.

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong.

Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646



Certificate No. 39008

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Results:

1. Self-generated noise: 0.3 dBA (Mfr's Spec (Electrical) ≤14 dBA)

2. Acoustical signal test

2. Acoustica	ii signai test				
	UUT Setting				
	Frequency	Time	1/1	Applied	UUT
Range (dB)	Weighting	Weighting	Octave	Value (dB)	Reading (dB)
			Filter		
25-114.9	Α	F	OFF	94.0	93.8
		S	OFF		93.8
	С	F	OFF		93.8
	A	F	OFF	114.0	113.9
		s	OFF		113.9
	С	F	OFF		113.9
	A	F	ON	94.0	93.8
	Α	F	ON	114.0	113.9
45-137.9	A	F	OFF	94.0	93.8
		s	OFF	[93.8
	C	F	OFF		93.8
	A	F	OFF	114.0	113.9
	1	s	OFF]	113.9
	С	F	OFF		113.9
	A	F	ON	94.0	93.8
	Α	F	ON	114.0	113.9

Mfr's Spec. : ± 0.7 dB Uncertainty : ± 0.1 dB

3 Electrical signal tests of frequency weightings (A weighting)

Frequency	Attenuation (dB)	IEC 61672 Type 1 Spec.
31.5 Hz	-39.8	- 39.4 dB, ± 2 dB
63 Hz	-26.5	- 26.2 dB, ± 1.5 dB
125 Hz	-16.4	- 16.1 dB, ± 1.5 dB
250 Hz	-8.9	- 8.6 dB, ± 1 dB
500 Hz	-3.4	- 3.2 dB, ± 1.4 dB
1 kHz	0.0 (Ref)	$0 \text{ dB}, \pm 1.1 \text{ dB}$
2 kHz	+1.4	+ 1.2 dB, ± 1.6 dB
4 kHz	+1.3	+ 1.0 dB, ± 1.6 dB
8 kHz	-0.8	$-1.1 \text{ dB}, +2.1 \text{ dB} \sim -3.1 \text{ dB}$
16 kHz	-6.7	$-6.6 \text{ dB}, +3.5 \text{ dB} \sim -17.0 \text{ dB}$

Uncertainty: $\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$



Certificate No. 39008

Page 3 of 5 Pages

4. Frequency & Time weightings at 1 kHz

4.1 Frequency Weighting (Fast)

UUT	Applied	UUT	Difference	IEC 61672
Setting	Value (dB)	Reading (dB)	(dB)	Type 1 Spec.
A	94.0	93.8 (Ref.)		$\pm 0.4 dB$
С	94.0	93.8	0.0	

4.2 Time Weighting (A-weighted)

UUT Setting	Applied Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	Difference (dB)	IEC 61672 Type 1 Spec.
Fast	94.0	93.8 (Ref.)	(d <i>B</i>)	± 0.3 dB
Slow	94.0	93.8	0.0	
Time-averaging	94.0	93.8	0.0	

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

5. Level linearity on the reference level range

	Applied			
UUT Range	Value (dB)	UUT Reading (dB)	Difference (dB)	IEC 61672 Type 1 Spec.
140 dB	134.0	113.8	0.0	± 1.1 dB
(Ref Level)	129.0	128.8	0.0	
	124.0	123.8	0.0	
!	119.0	118.8	0.0	
	114.0	113.8	0.0	
	109.0	108.8	0.0	
	104.0	103.8	0.0	
	99.0	98.8	0.0	
	94.0	93.8 (Ref)		
	89.0	88.8	0.0	
	84.0	83.8	0.0	
	79.0	78.8	0.0	
	74.0	73.8	0.0	
	69.0	68.8	0.0	
	64.0	63.8	0.0	
	59.0	58.8	0.0	
	54.0	53.8	0.0	
	49.0	48.8	0.1	
	44.0	43.8	0.1	

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

Certificate No. 39008

Page 4 of 5 Pages

6. Toneburst response (4kHz)

UUT	Tone Burst	UUT	Difference	IEC 61672
Setting	Duration(ms)	Reading(dB)	(dB)	Type 1 Spec.
Fast	Steady	137.0(Ref)		
	200	136.0	-1.0	-1.0 ± 0.8 dB
	2	118.9	-18.1	-18.0 , $+1.3$ dB ~ -1.8 dB
	0.25	109.8	-27.2	-27.0, +1.3 dB ~ -3.3 dB
Slow	Steady	137.0(Ref)		
	200	129.4	-7.5	-7.4 ± 0.8 dB
	2	109.8	-27.1	-27.0, +1.3 dB ~ -3.3 dB
Time	Steady	137.0(Ref)		
averaging	200	130.0	-7.0	-7.0±0.8dB
	2	110.8	-26.2	-27.0, +1.3 dB ~ -1.8 dB
	0.25	102.0	-35.0	-36.0, +1.3 dB ~ -3.3 dB

Uncertainty: $\pm 0.1 dB$

7. Peak C sound level (140 dB Range, C-weighted, Fast)

Freq(Hz)	Signal Type	Indication of overload	UUT reading (dB)	Difference (dB)	IEC 61672 Type 1 Spec.
8000	Steady		132.0		$3.2 \pm 2.4 \text{ dB}$
	Complete-cycle	No	135.0	3.0 dB	
500	Steady		132.0		$2.4 \pm 1.4 \text{ dB}$
	+ve half-cycle	No	129.2	2.8 dB	
	-ve half-cycle	No	129.4	2.6 dB	

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB



Certificate No. 39008

Page 5 of 5 Pages

8. Overload indication (140 dB range, A-weighted, Time-average, 4kHz)

UUT Reading	at overload (dB)		
+ ve one half cycle	- ve one half cycle	Difference (dB)	IEC 61672 Type 1 Spec.
137.0	138.3	1.3	< 1.8 dB

The overload indicator latched on until reset

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 dB

9. Filter Characteristics

9.1 1/1 – Octave Filter

Frequency	Attenuation (dB)	IEC 1260 Class 1 (dB)	
125 Hz	-74.2	<- 61	
250 Hz	-69.0	<- 42	
500 Hz	-36.5	<- 17.5	
707 Hz	-4.5	- 2~- 5	
1 kHz (Ref)			
1.414 kHz	-3.1	- 2 ~ - 5	
2 kHz	-50.0	<- 17.5	
4 kHz	-84.2	<- 42	
8 kHz	-90.0	<- 61	

Uncertainty: ± 0.25 dB

Remarks: 1. UUT: Unit-Under-Test

2. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.

3. Atmospheric Pressure: 1010 hPa.

4. Preamplifier model: SV 12L, S/N: 25732

5. Firmware Version: 6.12.4 6. Power Supply Check: OK

7. The UUT was adjusted with the supplied sound calibrator at the reference sound pressure level before the calibration.

----- END -----



ISO9001 certified

Sound Level Calibrator

Type: SV30A Serial No: 32538

Calibration Chart

Sound pressure level (94dB):

93.89 dB (THD: 0.17 %)

Sound pressure level (114dB): 113.93 dB (THD: 0.27 %)

Frequency: 1000 Hz

Short term level stability: 0.05 dB

Frequency stability:

0.01 %

Measurement conditions

Temperature:

25 °C Relative humidity: 40 % Ambient pressure: 1003 hPa

Reference conditions

Temperature: Relative humidity:

23.0 °C 50 % 1013.2 hPa

Ambient pressure:

CONFORMITY & TEST DECLARATION

The stated level is valid at reference conditions. Measured according to IEC 60942:2003. The stated level is relative to 20 μPa .

The level is traceable to GUM (Central Office of Measures, Poland) with a calculated uncertainty less then $\pm 0.15 \text{ dB } (2*\text{sd}).$

Calibration specialist:

Date:

2013-08-01



ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd 11/F, Chung Shun Knitting Centre 1-3 Wing Yip Street Kwai Chung, N.T., Hong Kong T: +852 2610 1044

F: +852 2610 2021 www.alsglobal.com

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

CONTACT:

MR ALLEN CHAN

CLIENT: ADDRESS: ENVIRONMENTAL PIONEERS & SOLUTIONS LIMITED FLAT A, 19/F, CHAI WAN INDUSTRIAL BUILDING,

20 LEE CHUNG STREET,

CHAI WAN, HONG KONG **WORK ORDER:**

HK1413368

LABORATORY:

HONG KONG

DATE RECEIVED: DATE OF ISSUE:

02/05/2014 16/05/2014

COMMENTS

The performance of the equipment stated in this report is checked with independent reference material and results compared against a calibrated secondary source.

The "Tolerance Limit" quoted is the acceptance criteria applicable for similar equipment used by the ALS Hong Kong laboratory or quoted from relevant international standards.

The "Next Calibration Date" is recommended according to best practice principals as practised by the ALS Hong Kong laboratory or quoted from relevant international standards.

Scope of Test:

Conductivity, Dissolved Oxygen, pH, Temperature and Turbidity

Equipment Type:

Multimeter

Brand Name:

WMS

Model No.:

WMS-24

Serial No.:

682337

Equipment No.:

Date of Calibration: 05 May, 2014

NOTES

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this batch number.

Results apply to sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

Mr. Fung Lim Chee, Richard General Manager -

Greater China & Hong Kong

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

Work Order:

HK1413368

Date of Issue:

16/05/2014

Client:

ENVIRONMENTAL PIONEERS & SOLUTIONS LIMITED



Description: Brand Name:

Model No.:

WMS WMS-24

Serial No.:

682337

Equipment No.:

Date of Calibration:

05 May, 2014

Date of next Calibration:

05 August, 2014

Parameters:

Conductivity

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 2510B

territoria de la controla del la controla de la controla del la controla de la co				
Expected Reading (uS/cm)	Displayed Reading (uS/cm)	Tolerance (%)		
146.9	141	-4.0		
6667	6620	-0.7		
12890	11800	-8.5		
58670	53900	-8.1		
	Tolerance Limit (%)	±10		

Dissolved Oxygen

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 45000: G

	Medica Men / Man (Master Cartion /) 150001 C				
	Expected Reading (mg/L)	Displayed Reading (mg/L)	Tolerance (mg/L)		
	3.81	3.89	+0.08		
1	5.87	5.84	-0.03		
-	8.30	8.42	+0.12		
		Tolerance Limit (mg/L)	±0.2		

pH Value

Method Ref: APHA 21st Ed. 4500H:B

Expected Reading (pH Unit)	Displayed Reading (pH Unit)	Tolerance (pH unit)
4.0	4.15	+0.15
7.0	7.15	+0.15
10.0	9.94	-0.06
	Tolerance Limit (pH unit)	±0.2

Temperature

Method Ref: Section 6 of International Accreditation New Zealand Technical

Guide No. 3 Second edition March 2008: Working Thermometer Calibration Procedure.

Expected Reading (°C)	Displayed Reading (°C)	Tolerance (°C)
10.0	9.7	-0.3
22.0	22.6	+0.6
38.8	39.0	+0.2
	Tolerance Limit (°C)	±2

Turbidity

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 2130B

Expected Reading (NTU)	Displayed Reading (NTU)	Tolerance (%)
0	0	
4	4.1	+2.5
40	42.2	+5.5
80	81.7	+2.1
400	366.2	-8.5
800	725.9	-9.3
	- 1	7.10
	Tolerance Limit (%)	±10

Remark: "Displayed Reading" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.

> Mr. Fung Lim Chee, Richard General Manager -

Greater China & Hong Kong

ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd **ALS Environmental**



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 38909 Page 1 of 2 Pages

Customer: Environmental Pioneers and Solutions Limited

Address : Flat A, 19/F., Chai Wan Industrial Centre Building, 20 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, HK.

Order No.: Q33517

Date of receipt

6-Dec-13

Item Tested

Description: Protable Level-Velocity Logger

Manufacturer: Greyline

Model : Stingray Serial No.

: 45525

Test Conditions

Date of Test: 2-Jan-14 **Ambient Temperature:**

 $(23 \pm 3)^{\circ}C$

Supply Voltage

Relative Humidity: (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: V12, T03, M07.

Test Results

All results were within the tolerance(s).

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

Equipment No.	<u>Description</u>	Cert. No.	Traceable to
S179	Std. Tape	35142	NIM-PRC
S136A	Stop Watch	37007	SCL-HKSAR

S214A Std. Thermo-Hygrometer 35472 SCS-SWISS, NIM-PRC

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI).

The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Approved by:

2-Jan-14

Date:

This Certificate is issued by: Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong.

Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646

Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 38909

Page 2 of 2 Pages

Results:

1. Flow Rate

Applied Value (Ft/s)	UUT Reading (Ft/s)	Tolerance	Uncertainty
2.06	2.0	± 5 % f.s	± 1 %

2. Level

Applied Value (Ft)	UUT Reading (Ft)	Tolerance	Uncertainty
1.00	1.0	± 5 % f.s.	± 0.1 %
2.00	2.0		
3.00	3.0		
4.00	4.0		

3. Temperature

Applied Value (°C)	UUT Reading (°€)	Tolerance	Uncertainty
22.5	22	± 2 ℃	± 0.2 ℃

Remarks: 1. UUT: Unit-Under-Test

2. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.

3. Sensor Used: Model: QZ02L-UT-01-PS

S/N: 10D18289

----- END -----



Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitorin	g	4/6/2014	4/6/2014
Weather Condition	n	Sunny	Sunny
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	9:25	10:05
Measurement Tin	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	l .	SVA	N 955
Wind Speed (m/s)	0.2	0.2
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	64.4	67.4
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	66.1	68.7
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	48.7	51.8
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		Background NoiseTraffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

Name Signature Date

Perpared by: <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>4/6/2014</u>

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitorin	g	11/6/2014	11/6/2014
Weather Condition	on	Cloudy	Cloudy
Measurement St	art Time (hh:mm)	12:20	13:00
Measurement Tir	me Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/I	N	SVAI	N 955
Wind Speed (m/s	s)	0.2	0.2
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	64.5	67.4
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	66.7	68.7
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	50.1	60.8
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

Name Signature Date

Perpared by: <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>11/6/2014</u>

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitorin	g	18/6/2014	18/6/2014
Weather Condition	on	Cloudy	Cloudy
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	11:20	12:00
Measurement Tin	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	N	SVAI	N 955
Wind Speed (m/s	s)	0.2	0.2
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	60.5	65.8
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	62.4	66.7
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	49.3	53.6
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

Name Signature Date

Perpared by: <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>18/6/2014</u>

Noise Monitoring Data Sheet

Monitoring Location		M1	AL1
Monitoring Method		Façade	Façade
Date of Monitorin	g	25/6/2014	25/6/2014
Weather Condition	n	Cloudy	Cloudy
Measurement Sta	art Time (hh:mm)	13:35	14:10
Measurement Tin	ne Length (mins)	30 r	nins
SLM Model & S/N	l .	SVA	N 955
Wind Speed (m/s)	0.2	0.2
	L _{eq} (dB(A))	61.5	65.4
Measurement Results	L ₁₀ (dB(A))	63.8	67.8
	L ₉₀ (dB(A))	53.1	58.9
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities	The measured noise level was dominated by the background noise in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring location due to its large distance from the construction activities
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		– Background Noise – Traffic Noise	– Background Noise – Traffic Noise

Name Signature Date

Perpared by: <u>Lau Kai Chung</u> <u>25/6/2014</u>



Date of Sampling: 4/6/2014

Weather: Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	15:35	16:00	16:00
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.10	8.16	7.10
Temperature (°C)	26.1	27.5	26
Turbidity (NTU)	4.10	4.1	3.70
DO (mg/L)	7.00	7.35	6.90
DO Saturation (%)	86%	78%	84%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	2.2	2.0

Remark or Observation:			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	4/6/2014

Date of Sampling: 6/6/2014

Weather: Rainy

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	16:59	16:00	17:17
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.40	7.91	7.50
Temperature (°C)	27.6	27.6	27.8
Turbidity (NTU)	6.5	48.4	3.2
DO (mg/L)	6.20	8.41	6.50
DO Saturation (%)	78%	98%	82%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	44.0	2.0

Remark or Observation:	Turbid water was observed due to adverse weather		
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	Name	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
	<u>Name</u>	<u>oignature</u>	<u> Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	6/6/2014

Date of Sampling: 9/6/2014

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	9:43	10:40	16:38
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.00	7.45	7.20
Temperature (°C)	27.6	26.7	28.2
Turbidity (NTU)	4.4	5.8	3.00
DO (mg/L)	7.20	7.52	7.70
DO Saturation (%)	90%	80%	97%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	13.0	2.0

Remark or Observation:			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	9/6/2014
i repared by .	Lau kai ciluliy	Lau kai Ciluliy	3/0/2014

Date of Sampling : _____ 11/6/2014

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	11:06	12:20	11:26
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.40	8.18	7.30
Temperature (°C)	27.5	27.1	27.5
Turbidity (NTU)	2.40	4.4	1.90
DO (mg/L)	6.50	7.91	7.20
DO Saturation (%)	80%	88%	89%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	7.6	3.0

Remark or Observation:			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By : _	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	11/6/2014

Date of Sampling: 13/6/2014

Weather: Sunny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	12:34	14:00	17:37
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.30	7.86	6.90
Temperature (°C)	27.2	27.5	27.5
Turbidity (NTU)	4.2	4.1	3.0
DO (mg/L)	7.10	7.61	7.40
DO Saturation (%)	89%	78%	93%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	13.0	2.0

Remark of Observation .			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	13/6/2014

Date of Sampling : _____16/6/2014

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	14:53	16:00	15:16
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.10	8.13	7.40
Temperature (°C)	29.1	26.8	29.5
Turbidity (NTU)	11.6	4.8	5.2
DO (mg/L)	6.70	7.17	6.50
DO Saturation (%)	87%	73%	84%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	5.0	2.0

Remark or Observation:			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	16/6/2014

Date of Sampling: 18/6/2014

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	16:34	16:00	
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	16:49
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.60	7.81	8.00
Temperature (°C)	28.6	27.4	28.7
Turbidity (NTU)	4.6	3.8	1.9
DO (mg/L)	6.30	8.34	6.70
DO Saturation (%)	81%	83%	86%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	6.0	4.6	6.0

Remark or Observation:			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	18/6/2014

Date of Sampling: 20/6/2014

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C1
Time (hhmm)	12:21	13:25	13:30
Tide Mode		Mid-flood	
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.20	7.88	7.97
Temperature (°C)	29.1	27.5	27.4
Turbidity (NTU)	3.9	3.9	3.7
DO (mg/L)	6.90	7.83	7.86
DO Saturation (%)	83%	85%	83%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	2.0	4.2	5.6

Remark or Observation:			
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	Name	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	20/6/2014

Date of Sampling: 23/6/2014

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	9:59	11:00	10:33
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.10	8.14	7.00
Temperature (°C)	30.7	27.5	30.5
Turbidity (NTU)	6.3	4.3	6.8
DO (mg/L)	7.00	7.25	6.6
DO Saturation (%)	84%	75%	79%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	6.0	5.4	5.0

Remark or Observation:			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	23/6/2014
Frepared by	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	23/0/2014

Date of Sampling: 25/6/2014

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	11:11	12:35	16:25
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.20	8.33	7.20
Temperature (°C)	26.1	27.5	26.8
Turbidity (NTU)	7.4	4.9	7.8
DO (mg/L)	6.80	7.97	7.1
DO Saturation (%)	84%	83%	88%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	3.0	8.6	7.0

Remark or Observation:			
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	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Prepared By :	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	25/6/2014

Date of Sampling: 27/6/2014

Weather: Suuny

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	12:46	9:10	13:02
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	7.10	7.68	7.30
Temperature (°C)	32.8	27.7	31.8
Turbidity (NTU)	5.7	4.6	13.8
DO (mg/L)	6.50	7.85	7.20
DO Saturation (%)	94%	80%	98%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	5.0	23.0	7.0

Remark or Observation:			
_			
_			
_			
_			
	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Propored By :	Lou kai ahung	l ou kai ahung	27/6/2014
Prepared By : _	Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	21/0/2014

Date of Sampling : 30/6/2014

Monitoring Location	W1	W2	C2
Time (hhmm)	14:10	14:00	14:39
Tide Mode	Mid	-ebb	N/A
Water Depth (m)	<1	<1	<1
pH value	6.40	7.83	6.90
Temperature (°C)	28.3	27.9	28.6
Turbidity (NTU)	4.1	4.0	2.9
DO (mg/L)	6.40	7.28	6.80
DO Saturation (%)	95%	75%	98%
Suspended Solids (mg/L)	3.0	2.8	2.0

<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Lau kai chung	Lau kai chung	30/6/2014
	<u>Name</u> Lau kai chung	



Location	Position	Tide	Date	Time	Weather	Water Depth	Water Flow	Water Flow
						(m)	(m/s)	(m^3/s)
H1	Mid	Flood	6-Jun-2014	10:25	Rainy	0.6	0.24	0.300
H1	Mid	Flood	13-Jun-2014					0.000
H1	Mid	Flood	20-Jun-2014	12:45	Cloudy	0.48	0.12	0.150
H1	Mid	Flood	27-Jun-2014	14:15	Sunny	0.48	0.06	0.075
H2	Mid	Flood	6-Jun-2014	11:00	Rainy	0.6	0.24	1.507
H2	Mid	Flood	13-Jun-2014					0.000
H2	Mid	Flood	20-Jun-2014	13:00	Cloudy	0.48	0.12	0.754
H2	Mid	Flood	27-Jun-2014	14:45	Sunny	0.36	0.12	0.754
H1	Mid	Ebb	6-Jun-2014	15:15	Rainy	0.36	0.06	0.075
H1	Mid	Ebb	13-Jun-2014	13:20	Sunny	0.24	0.12	0.150
H1	Mid	Ebb	20-Jun-2014					0.000
H1	Mid	Ebb	27-Jun-2014	8:25	Sunny	0.36	0.12	0.150
H2	Mid	Ebb	6-Jun-2014	15:45	Rainy	0.3	0.24	1.507
H2	Mid	Ebb	13-Jun-2014	13:50	Sunny	0.24	0.12	0.754
H2	Mid	Ebb	20-Jun-2014					0.000
H2	Mid	Ebb	27-Jun-2014	8:55	Sunny	0.24	0.24	1.507

^{*}Only one mid-tide is within working hours on 13^{th} and 20^{th} June 2014.





Photo 1 – Temporary construction hoardings have been established around the works area at Wai Ha River estuary and the work was completed.



Photo 2 – The proposed boundary wall along the western boundary of Area A.



Photo 3 – The roadside planters along Ting Kok Road were constructed but no shrub planting has been carried out.



Photo 4 – The reinstatement work of the nursery ground in Phase 2 of Area B was under progress.



Photo 5 – The boundary of Phase 1 of Area B was loosely demarcated with barrier tape.



Photo 6 – An open access path has been maintained during the current reinstatement work period.



Photo 7 – Chain-link fence was reinstated at the eastern end of Phase 2 works area and covered by canvas sheets.



Photo 8 – No discharge of muddy water was observed in Area C.



Photo 9 – The planted ground cover *Arachis duranensis* on the green roof of the pump house was in fair condition.



Photo 10 – The growth of the ground cover planted on the slanting component of the green roof was generally slower.



Photo 11 – The planted shrubs *Ficus microcarpa* (Golden Leaf) were in fair condition.



Photo 12 – The planted ground cover *Iris tectorum* were in fair condition.



Photo 13 – The tree E16 (*Bombax ceiba*) was relocated to the southern side of Area A and now outside the boundary fence.



Photo 14 – The planted trees *Cinnamomum burmannii* and ground cover *Iris tectorum* were in fair condition.



Photo 15 – Tree E55 (*Macaranga tanarius* var. *tomentosa*) was suspected to be a dead specimen with no sign of vigor.



Photo 16 – A retained tree T253 (*Bridelia tomentosa*) of poor condition was removed as observed on 13th June 2014.



Photo 17 – The four newly replaced trees *Melaleuca cajuputi* subsp. *cumingiana* at the southeastern corner were in fair condition.



Photo 18 – Some newly planted trees *Macaranga tanarius* var. *tomentosa* at the eastern side of Area A were not in satisfactory condition.



Photo 19 – Dead tree U37.



Photo 20 – Half of the planter of U47 (*Terminalia catappa*) has been broken since August 2013.



Photo 21 – Close-up view of the broken planter of U47.



Photo 22 – The planter of an untagged *Terminalia catappa* next to U54 was broken, with exposed roots and soil.



Photo 23 – The planter of U54 (*Terminalia catappa*) was broken and the exposed roots and soil was observed.



Photo 24 – The planter of another untagged *Terminalia catappa* next to U54 was broken, with exposed roots and soil.



Photo 25 – The planter of U69 (*Alstonia scholaris*) was broken and the exposed roots and soil were observed.



Photo 26 – Close-up view of the broken planter of U69.



Photo 27 – The piled soil around the planter and on the root flare of U51 (*Terminalia catappa*) was not yet removed.



Photo 28 – The relocated tree U55 (*Pterocarpus indicus*) was in fair condition.



Photo 29 – The condition of the retained tree A40 (*Terminalia catappa*) was in fair condition only, with the risk of leaning tree trunk.



Photo 30 – The northern excavated area close to the planter of the retained tree A40 was not yet refilled.



Photo 31 – Close-up view of the hessian wrapping and tied string (as indicated) on the trunk of U53. The wrapping was not yet removed.



Photo 32 – Hessian wrapping was found on the scaffold limb of the relocated tree A22.



Photo 33 – Close-up view of the tied string on the relocated tree.



Photo 34 – The watersprouts at the base and scaffold branches of U48 were pruned.



Photo 35 – The scaffold limbs along the trunk of an untagged *Terminalia catappa* were pruned.



Photo 36 – Two trees were newly transplanted next to the main gate of Phase 1 works area by other party.



Photo 37 – Six trees of *Celtis sinensis* were transplanted to Phase 1 works area by other party.



Photo 38 – The soil ground to the northwest of Tung Tsz Nursery has been hydroseeded.

Appendix H:	
Λ)	
The recommended mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3)	
3)	

Implementation status of environmental protection and mitigation measures

Contract No. DC/2009/22 – Drainage Improvement in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1 $\,$

A) The recommended mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3)

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures Noise Impact	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	•	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
S 3.30	2.18	Good Site Practice:	To minimize construction	Contractor	Works areas	Construction	EIAO-TM
		 Only well-maintained plant shall be operated on-site and plant shall be serviced regularly during the construction program Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment shall be utilized and shall be properly maintained during the construction program Mobile plant, if any, shall be sited as far from NSRs as possible 	noise impacts			phase	NCO

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		trucks) that may be in intermittent					
		use shall be shut down between					
		work periods or shall be throttled					
		down to a minimum					
		Plant known to emit noise					
		strongly in one direction shall,					
		wherever possible, be orientated so					
		that the noise is directed away from					
		the nearby NSRs					
		Material stockpiles and other					
		structures shall be effectively					
		utilized, wherever practicable, in					
		screening noise from on-site					
		construction activities.					
S 3.31 -	2.19	Use of quieter PME	To minimize construction	Contractor	Works areas	Construction	EIAO-TM
3.32			noise impacts			phase	NCO
S 3.33 –	2.20-2.	Use of temporary noise barrier	To minimize construction	Contractor	Works areas as	Construction	EIAO-TM
3.34	21		noise impacts		shown in Figure	phase	NCO

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
3.36-3.3	2.23-2.				3.5		
8	24						
S 3.35	2.22	Use of alternative quieter	To minimize construction	Contractor	Part of the works	Construction	EIAO-TM
and		construction method (the Low	noise impacts		area for pipe	phase	NCO
Table		Impact Method)			laying in Wai Ha		
3.6					(refer to Figure		
					3.5)		
3.36	2.23-2.	Use of noise enclosure	To minimize construction	Contractor	Part of the works	Construction	EIAO-TM
-3.38	24		noise impacts		area for pipe	phase	NCO
					laying in Wai Ha		
					(refer to Figure		
					3.5)		
В		Air Quality Impact					
S4.16	3.5	Implementation of mitigation	To minimize construction	Contractor	Construction	Construction	EIAO-TM
		measures stipulated in the Air	dust impacts		Sites	Phase	
		Pollution Control (Construction Dust)					
		Regulation and good site practices					
		including but not limited to the					
		following:					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		 Use of regular watering to reduce 					
		dust emissions from exposed site					
		surfaces and unpaved road, with					
		complete coverage, particularly					
		during dry weather;					
		 Use of frequent watering for 					
		particularly dusty static construction					
		areas and areas close to ASRs;					
		 Tarpaulin covering of all dusty 					
		vehicle loads transported to, from					
		and between site location;					
		Establishment and use of vehicle					
		wheel and body washing facilities at					
		the exit points of the site;					
		Routing of vehicles and					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		positioning of construction plant					
		should be at the maximum possible					
		distance from ASRs.					
		 Stockpiled excavated materials 					
		should be covered with tarpaulin,					
		and should be removed off-site					
		within 24 hours to avoid any odour					
		nuisance arising.					
С	1	Water Quality Impact					1
S5.29	4.5	Construction Site Run-off and	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	ProPECC PN 1/94
		Drainage:	impacts			phase	Construction Site
							Drainage
		 Before commencing any site 					
		formation work, all sewer and					
		drainage connections shall be					
		sealed to prevent debris, soil, sand					
		etc. from entering public					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		sewers/drains.					
		 Temporary ditches shall be 					
		provided to facilitate run-off					
		discharge into appropriate					
		watercourses, via a silt retention					
		pond. No site run-off shall enter the					
		fishponds at Shuen Wan.					
		 Sand/silt removal facilities such 					
		as sand traps, silt traps and					
		sediment basins shall be provided to					
		remove sand/silt particles from					
		runoff to meet the requirements of					
		the Technical Memorandum					
		standard under the Water Pollution					
		Control Ordinance. The design of					
		silt removal facilities shall be based					
		on the guidelines provided in					
		ProPECC PN 1/94. All drainage					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		facilities and erosion and sediment					
		control structures shall be inspected					
		monthly and maintained to ensure					
		proper and efficient operation at all					
		times and particularly during					
		rainstorms.					
		Water pumped out from					
		excavated pits shall be discharged					
		into silt removal facilities.					
		During rainstorms, exposed					
		slope/soil surfaces shall be covered					
		by a tarpaulin or other means.					
		Other measures that need to be					
		implemented before, during, and					
		after rainstorms as summarized in					
		ProPECC PN 1/94 shall be followed.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		 Exposed soil areas shall be 					
		minimized to reduce potential for					
		increased siltation and					
		contamination of runoff.					
		■ Earthwork final surfaces shall be					
		well compacted and subsequent					
		permanent work or surface					
		protection shall be immediately					
		performed to reduce the potential of					
		soil erosion.					
		Open stockpiles of construction					
		materials or construction wastes					
		on-site shall be covered with					
		tarpaulin or similar fabric during					
		rainstorms.					
S5.30	4.7	Further precautionary measures	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works areas near	Rainy seasons	EIAO-TM
		during rainy season:	impacts to the designated		the Conservation	during	Water Pollution
			Conservation Area		Area	construction	Control Ordinance

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measure?	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?
		■ For the construction of the box culvert next to the existing channel of the Wai Ha River, sand bags should be deployed around the boundary of the works trench to prevent muddy water ingress into the adjacent CA or Wai Ha River. Sand bags should also be used to surround the excavated trench. Generally, the sand bags will be			phase	(WPCO)
		placed up to a height of 300mm to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water level during rainstorm event. With sand bags in place, surface runoff will be intercepted and flow to Wai Ha River or collected by the existing drainage system as usual. For the construction of the box				

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		culvert in the extreme northeast corner of Shuen Wan Marsh					
		Conservation Area sand bags					
		should be deployed along the limit					
		of the works area to prevent muddy water ingress into the CA. Sand					
		bags should be placed to a height					
		of at least 300mm from ground level and +2.5 mPD (whichever is					
		greater) to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water					
		level during rainstorm events.					
		Unpolluted surface runoff within the					
		works area should then be					
		collected and directed into the					
		existing drainage system.					
		■ Sheet-piles, which would be					
		installed around the works trench					
		near the Conservation Area, would					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		be extended above ground level for					
		about 2m to serve as hoardings to					
		isolate the works site.					
		Tarpulin sheets would be used to					
		cover the excavation areas during					
		heavy rainstorms. This would					
		prevent the ingress of rainwater into					
		the trench minimising the risk of					
		muddy water getting into Wai Ha					
		River and the adjacent Conservation					
		Area.					
		 Any concrete washing water 					
		would be contained inside the works					
		site surrounded by the extended					
		sheet piles. A pump sump at the					
		bottom of the trench would be					
		provided to pump any excess water					
		during concrete washing.					
		3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		Stockpiling the excavated					
		materials adjacent to the					
		Conservation Area would not be					
		allowed. The excavated materials					
		would be either removed off site					
		immediately after excavation, or					
		stockpile at location(s) away from					
		the Conservation Area. The					
		stockpile locations shall be					
		approved by the site engineer.					
S5.31-S	4.8-4.9	General Construction Activities:	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
5.32		Debris and refuse generated	impacts			phase	WPCO
		on-site should be collected, handled					
		and disposed of properly to avoid					
		entering the Wa Ha River and fish					
		ponds at Shuen Wan. Stockpiles					
		of cement and other construction					
		materials should be kept covered					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		when not being used.					
		Oils and fuels should only be					
		used and stored in designated areas					
		which have pollution prevention					
		facilities. To prevent spillage of					
		fuels and solvents to nearby water					
		bodies, all fuel tanks and storage					
		areas should be provided with locks					
		and be sited on sealed areas, within					
		bunds of a capacity equal to 110%					
		of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained					
		of rainwater after a rain event.					
S5.33	4.10	Sewage from Construction	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
		workforce:	impacts			phase	WPCO
		 Temporary sanitary facilities, 					
		such as portable chemical toilets,					
		should be employed on-site. A					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		licensed contractor would be					
		responsible for appropriate disposal					
		and maintenance of these facilities.					
S5.34	4.11	River Channel Excavation Works:	To minimize water quality	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
			impacts			phase	WPCO
		The excavation works within the					
		upstream end of the existing river					
		channel of the Wai Ha River for the					
		construction of the proposed box					
		culvert shall be carried out in dry					
		condition. Containment					
		measures such as bunds and					
		barriers shall be used within the					
		affected length of the river channel					
		and the excavation works restricted					
		to within an enclosed dry section of					
		the channel. The excavation works					
		within Wai Ha River shall be					
		restricted to the period from October					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		to April.					
D		Waste Management Implications					1
S6.20 -	5.5	Good site practices:	To reduce waste	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	ETWB TCW
6.22			management impacts			phase	No.19/2005
		 Nomination of approved 					ETWB TCW
		personnel, such as a site manager,					No.31/2004
		to be responsible for good site					
		practices and making arrangements					
		for collection of all wastes generated					
		at the site and effective disposal to					
		an appropriate facility.					
		 Training of site personnel in 					
		proper waste management and					
		chemical waste handling					
		procedures.					
		 Provision of sufficient waste 					
		disposal points and regular					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		collection for disposal.					
		 Appropriate measures to 					
		minimise windblown litter and dust					
		during transportation of waste by					
		either covering trucks or by					
		transporting wastes in enclosed					
		containers.					
		Separation of chemical waste for					
		special handling and appropriate					
		treatment at the Chemical Waste					
		Treatment Facility.					
		Regular cleaning and					
		maintenance programme for					
		drainage systems, sumps and oil					
		interceptors.					
		A Waste Management Plan					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		should be prepared and submitted to					
		the Engineer for approval. One					
		may make reference to ETWB TCW					
		No. 15/2003 for details.					
		A recording system for the					
		amount of wastes generated,					
		recycled and disposed (including the					
		disposal sites) should be proposed.					
S6.23-	5.7	Waste reduction measures:	To achieve waste reduction	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
6.24						phase	
		 Segregation and storage of 					
		different types of waste in different					
		containers, skips or stockpiles to					
		enhance reuse or recycling of					
		materials and their proper disposal.					
		■ To encourage collection of					
		aluminium cans by individual					
		collectors, separate labelled bins					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		shall be provided to segregate this					
		waste from other general refuse					
		generated by the work force.					
		Any unused chemicals or those					
		with remaining functional capacity					
		shall be recycled.					
		Maximising the use of reusable					
		steel formwork to reduce the amount					
		of C&D material.					
		Proper storage and site practices					
		to minimise the potential for damage					
		or contamination of construction					
		materials.					
		Plan and stock construction					
		materials carefully to minimise					
		amount of waste generated and					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		avoid unnecessary generation of					
		waste.					
S6.25-		Construction & Demolition (C&D)	To minimize off-site disposal	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
6.26		Material:	of C&D material			phase	
		Excavated material with suitable	To minimize environmental				
		characteristics/size should be	impacts during the handling				
		reused on-site as fill material as far	of C&D material				
		as practicable, such as for					
		backfilling of the box culvert and					
		drainage pipe works.					
		Suitable areas should be					
		designated within the works site					
		boundaries for temporary stockpiling					
		of C&D material.					
		■ Within stockpile areas, the					
		following measures should be taken					
		to control potential environmental					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		impacts or nuisance:					
		- covering material during					
		heavy rainfall;					
		- locating stockpiles to minimize					
		potential visual impacts; and					
		- minimizing land intake of					
		stockpile areas as far as possible.					
		■ When disposing C&D material at					
		a public filling area, the material					
		shall only consist of soil, rock,					
		concrete, brick, cement					
		plaster/mortar, inert building debris,					
		aggregates and asphalt. The					
		material shall be free from marine					
		mud, household refuse, plastic,					
		metals, industrial and chemical					
		waste, animal and vegetable matter,					
		and other material considered to be					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		unsuitable by the Filling Supervisor.					
S6.27		Chemical waste:	To minimize environmental	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
		Contractor should register with	impacts during the handling,			phase	Waste Disposal
		the EPD as a Chemical Waste	transportation and disposal				(Chemical Waste)
		Producer and to follow the	of chemical waste				(General) Regulation
		guidelines stated in the Code of					
		Practice on the Packaging,					
		Labelling and Storage of Chemical					
		Wastes.					
		 Good quality containers 					
		compatible with the chemical					
		wastes should be used, and					
		incompatible chemicals should be					
		stored separately.					
		 Appropriate labels should be 					
		securely attached on each chemical					
		waste container indicating the					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		corresponding chemical					
		characteristics of the chemical					
		waste, such as explosives,					
		flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic,					
		harmful, corrosive, etc.					
		The Contractor should use a					
		licensed collector to transport and					
		dispose of the chemical wastes					
		generated at the Chemical Waste					
		Treatment Centre at Tsing Yi, or					
		other licenced facility, in accordance					
		with the Waste Disposal (Chemical					
		Waste) (General) Regulation.					
S6.28		General refuse:	To minimize environmental	Contractor	Works sites	Construction	EIAO-TM
		It should be stored in enclosed	impacts during the handling			phase	
		bins or compaction units separate	and transportation of general				
		from C&D material.	refuse				
		A reputable waste collector					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		should be employed by the					
		contractor to remove general refuse					
		from the site, separately from C&D					
		material.					
		An enclosed and covered area					
		is preferred to reduce the					
		occurrence of 'wind blown' light					
		material.					
E		Ecological Impact	l		I		
S. 7.95	6.6	Sheet-pilings, which will be	To minimize the impacts on	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		installed around the trench of	the stream and natural river			Phase	
		excavation, should be extended	bank				
		above ground level for ~2m to act as					
		hoarding to isolate the works site.					
		The trenching works for the					
		construction of the proposed box					
		culvert should be carried out in					
		phases, with a trench length of not					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		more than 120m in each phase.					
		The trench should be backfilled and					
		compacted with suitable materials					
		upon completion of each phase of					
		the construction works.					
S7.117	6.6	The construction of intercept	To minimize the impacts on	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		point of twin cell box culvert at the	the stream and natural river			Phase	
		upstream of Wai Ha River should be	bank				
		confined to only one side of the river					
		bank.					
		■ To restore and enhance the					
		ecological value of the stream, the					
		affected river bank should be					
		reinstated to its original condition or					
		lined with rock-filled gabion.					
		Planting pits should be provided					
		in the gabion bank to allow the					
		re-establishment of riparian					
		vegetation.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		■ The existing natural riverbed and					
		substrates should be retained and					
		the natural pool-riffle sequence					
		should be re-created in the new					
		channel bed.					
S 7.118	6.7	 All works carried out within the 	To minimise sedimentation/	Contractor	Whole Site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		the river channel of Wai Ha River	water quality impacts			Phase	
		should be carried out from October					
		to April, with construction carried out					
		by land-based plant.					
		Works within river/stream					
		channels should be restricted to an					
		enclosed dry section of the river,					
		with containment measures such as					
		bunds and barriers used within the					
		river to minimize the impacts upon					
		the downstream water body.					

EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
		Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
						achieve?
	Site runoff should be directed					
	towards regularly cleaned and					
	maintained silt traps and oil/grease					
	separators to minimize the risk of					
	sedimentation and pollution of river					
	water.					
	The silt and oil/grease separators					
	should be appropriately designed for					
	the local drainage and ground					
	conditions.					
	■ To minimize leakage and loss of					
	sediments during excavation in					
	narrow channels, tightly sealed					
	closed grab excavators should be					
	deployed where material to be					
	handled is wet.					
6.8	■ The construction of the	To protect plant species of	Contractor/	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
	proposed box-culvert would have the	conservation interest	qualified		Phase	
	potential to directly impact a few		botanist/horticu			
	Ref.	Ref. Measures Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. The construction of the proposed box-culvert would have the	Ref. Measures Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. To protect plant species of proposed box-culvert would have the	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & implement the measure? Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. To protect plant species of contractor/ qualified	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & implement the measure? I Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. I The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. To protect plant species of proposed box-culvert would have the conservation interest qualified	Ref. Measures Recommended Measure & Implement the measure? Implement the measure? I Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. I The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet. To protect plant species of proposed box-culvert would have the conservation interest qualified Construction Phase

Main Concern to Address measure? measure? measure? measure? individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. • A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. • Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should	EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should		Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should				Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should								achieve?
Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			individual of a plant species of		lturalist			
The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			conservation interest (Hong Kong					
transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis).					
habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			The affected individuals should be					
phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			transplanted to a suitable nearby					
 A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should 			habitats prior to the construction					
the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			phase.					
interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			A detailed vegetation survey of					
suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			the affected species of conservation					
to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			interest should be conducted by a					
order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			suitably qualified botanist/ecologist					
transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			to identify the affected individuals in					
■ Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			order to provide details for					
supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			transplantation scheme.					
botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should			■ Transplantation should be					
transplantation methodology should			supervised by a suitably qualified					
			botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed					
be formulated during the detailed			transplantation methodology should					
			be formulated during the detailed					
design stage of this Project.			design stage of this Project.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
S 7.120	6.9	Noise mitigation measures such	To minimise disturbance	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		as the use of quieter construction	impacts.			Phase	
		plant and temporary noise barriers					
		should be implemented to minimize					
		disturbance to habitats adjacent to					
		the works areas.					
		■ Temporary noise barriers should					
		be used during the construction of					
		the box-culvert along Tung Tsz					
		Road, the floodwater pumping					
		station, the mechanical gate, and					
		drainage pipe to minimize potential					
		construction phase disturbance to					
		ardeids and avifauna foraging in					
		marsh habitat.					
		Noise generating construction					
		works near the Shuen Wan Egretry					
		SSSI should be avoided as far as					
		practicable during the breeding					
		season (March to June) of the					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		ardeids.					
		Works near the SSSI (i.e.					
		installation of mechanical gate)					
	should be restricted to be executed						
	outside the breeding season by						
		provision of special conditions in the					
	contract document.						
		Hoardings with minimum height					
		of 2m should be set up along the					
		south side of the proposed box					
		culvert works area adjacent to the					
		marsh, extending at least 20m at					
		both ends, throughout the					
		construction period.					
S 7.121	6.10	Placement of equipment or	To minimise disturbance to	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		stockpile in designated works areas	habitats.			Phase	
		and access routes selected on					
		existing disturbed land to minimise					
		disturbance to natural or					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		moderate-high ecological value					
		habitats.					
S 7.121	6.10	 Construction activities should be 	To minimise disturbance to	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		restricted to work areas that would	natural habitats outside			Phase	
		be clearly demarcated. The work	works area.				
		areas should be reinstated after					
		completion of the works.					
S 7.121	6.10	 Waste skips should be provided 	To minimise disturbance to	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		to collect general refuse and	habitats.			Phase	
		construction wastes. The wastes					
		would be disposed of timely and					
		properly off-site.					
S 7.121	6.10	General drainage arrangements	To minimise sedimentation/	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		should include sediment and oil	water quality impacts			Phase	
		traps to collect and control					
		construction site run-off.					
S 7.121	6.10	Open burning on works sites is	To prevent accidental	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		illegal, and should be strictly	hill-fires.			Phase	
		prohibited.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
S 7.122	6.11	 De-silting should be limited to the 	To minimise sedimentation/	Maintenance	Whole site	Operation	EIAO-TM
		dry season.	water quality impacts	parties of the		Phase	
				channel			
S 7.122	6.11	 Waste material produced during 	To minimise sedimentation/	Maintenance	Whole site	Operation	EIAO-TM
		de-silting should be disposed of in a	water quality impacts	parties of the		Phase	
		timely and appropriate manner.		channel			
S 7.123	6.12	 Planting of trees should be 	To compensate the loss of	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
		provided within the project area to	vegetation			Phase	
		compensate for the unavoidable					
		loss of approximately 0.08ha					
		secondary woodland habitat due to					
		the Project.					
		Planting of trees and other					
		vegetation within project area along					
		the banks of Wai Ha River and Tung					
		Tsz Road should be carried out to					
		provide compensation for					
		unavoidable tree-felling and loss of					
		riparian vegetation resulting from the					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		Project.					
		The compensatory planting					
		should make use of native plant					
		species with flowers/fruits attractive					
		to wildlife.					
S 7.124	6.13	Compensation would be required	To compensate the loss of	Contractor /	The recreational	Construction	EIAO-TM
		for the loss of a small area of marsh	marsh habitat and enhance	qualified	fish pond located	Phase	
		habitat (about 0.30ha) within the CA	the quality compensatory	ecologist	to the southwest		
		resulting from the construction of the	habitat		of the existing		
		box-culvert.			Tung Tsz Nursery		
		An existing low ecological value					
		recreational fishpond on government					
		land adjacent to the marsh would be					
		used as a proposed area (about					
		0.8ha) for the compensation for the					
		marsh as well as secondary					
		woodland habitats loss (0.08ha).					
		■ The pond should be enhanced					
		by removing boardwalks around the					

EIA Ref.			Objectives of the	Who to		When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
		existing pond, and restoring					
		vegetation along the pond bunds,					
		and it would be re-profiled to provide					
		areas of shallow water					
		(approximately 15-50cm deep),					
		creating a suitable foraging habitat					
		for avifauna, particularly ardeids and					
		other waders.					
		Screen planting of shrubs and					
		trees along the south-eastern bund					
		of the pond should be implemented					
		to minimise disturbance to avifauna					
		and other wildlife from the adjacent					
		recreational fishpond. The enhanced					
		pond is expected to provide a					
		moderate-high ecological value					
		wetland habitat.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	What requirements
	Ref.	Measures	Recommended Measure &	implement the	measure	implement the	or standards for the
			Main Concern to Address	measure?		measure?	measure to
							achieve?
F		Landscape and Visual					
Table 8.4	7.6	Visual screen, contaminant/ liaison with nursery, protection of existing trees with works area and construction light are used or practiced to mitigate the impacts during construction phase.	To mitigate the landscape	Contractor	Whole site	Construction	EIAO-TM
Table 8.4	7.7	Viewing area formation, architectural design for pump house, landscape design for pump house, enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road, sufficient soil depth for enhancement planting, transplanting of trees to adjacent locations, preparation for transplanting and reinstatement of affected area are practiced to mitigate the impacts during operational phase.	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the operational phase.	Contractor		Detail Design / Operational Phase	EIAO-TM

Appendix H:
\mathbf{A})
The recommend mitigation measures of EM&A manual (revision 3)
\mathbf{B})
Implementation status of environmental protection and mitigation measures

Contract No. DC/2009/22 – Drainage Improvement in Shuen Wan, Tai Po – Contract 1 $\,$

B) Implementation status of environmental protection and mitigation

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
	Use well maintained construction plant					Implemented
	Shut down plants between work periods	To minimize construction noise impact				Implemented
2.18	Install silencers on construction equipment		Works areas	Construction phase	EIAO-TM NCO	Implemented
	Locate mobile plant far away from NSRs					Implemented
	Quiet plants should be used					Implemented
2.19	Use of quieter PME					Not applicable
2.20 - 2.21	Use of temporary noise barrier		Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable
2.22	Use of alternative quieter construction method		Part of the Works Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable
2.23 – 2.24	Use of noise enclosure		Pipe laying in Wai Ha			Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
	Implement regular watering and vehicle washing facilities					Implemented
3.5	Cover excavated or stockpile of dusty material by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water	To minimize construction dust impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
	Use tarpaulin to cover dusty materials on vehicles					Implemented
4.5	Provide silt trap and oil interceptor to remove the oil, lubricants, grease, silt, grit and debris from the wastewater before pumped to the public storm water drainage system					Implemented
4.5	During rainstorms, exposed slope/soil surfaces shall be covered by a tarpaulin or other means. Others measures that need to be implemented before, during, and after rainstorms as summarized in ProPECC PN 1/94 shall be followed	To minimize water quality impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM WPCO	Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
4.10	Provide site toilet facilities	To minimize water quality impact	Construction Site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM WPCO	Implemented
4.7	Further precautionary measures during rainy season: For the construction of the box culvert next to the existing channel of the Wai Ha River, sand bags should be deployed around the boundary of the works trench to prevent muddy water ingress into the adjacent CA or Wai Ha River. Sand bags should also be used to surround the excavated trench. Generally, the sand bags will be placed up to a height of 300mm to provide adequate allowance for the built-up water level during rainstorm event. With sand bags in place, surface runoff will be intercepted and flow to Wai Ha River or collected by the existing drainage system as usual. For the construction of the box culvert in the extreme northeast corner of Shuen Wan Marsh Conservation Area sand bags should be deployed along the limit of the works area to prevent muddy water ingress into the CA. Sand bags should be placed to a height of at least 300mm from round level and +2.5 mPD (whichever is greater) to provide adequate allowance	To minimize water quality impact to the designated Conservation Area	Works areas near the Conservation Area	Rainy seasons during construction	EIAO-TM WPCO	Not applicable

EM&A	Recommended	Objectives of the	Location of the	When to implement	What requirements	Implementation status
Ref.	Mitigation Measures	Recommended	measure	the measure?	or standards for the	
		Measure & main			measure to achieve?	
		concern to Address				
	for the built-up water level during rainstorm events. Unpolluted surface runoff within the works area should then be collected and directed into the existing drainage system.					
	Sheet-piles, which would be installed around the works trench near the Conservation Area, would be extended above ground level for about 2m to serve as hoardings to isolate the works site.					
	Tarpulin sheets would be used to cover the excavation areas during heavy rainstorms. This would prevent the ingress of rainwater into the trench minimising the risk of muddy water getting into Wai Ha River and the adjacent Conservation Area.					
	Any concrete washing water would be contained inside the works site surrounded by the extended sheet piles. A pump sump at the bottom of the trench would be provided to pump any excess water during concrete					
5.9	Reuse excavated material as much as possible					Implemented
5.9	Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity shall be recycled.	To achieve waste reduction	Works areas	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Not applicable
	Recycle scrap metals or abandoned equipment					Implemented

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
5.5	A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed should be proposed Adopt a trip ticket system for the disposal of C&D materials All general refuse should be segregated and	To reduce waste management impacts	Works areas	Construction phase	ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 ETWB TCW	Implemented Implemented Implemented
5.11	stored in enclosed bins or compaction units Contractor should be a required to register with the EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer and to follow the guidelines states in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.				NO. 31/2004	Implemented
5.10	Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and Incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste, such as explosives, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, corrosive, etc.	To minimize the environmental impacts associated with the handling, transportation and disposal of chemical waste.	Work site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste)(General) Regulation	Not applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
5.5	A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed should be proposed	To reduce waste management impacts	Works areas	Construction phase	ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 ETWB TCW NO. 31/2004	Implemented
6.6	Sheet-pilings, which will be installed around the trench of excavation, should be extended above ground level for ~2m to act as hoarding to isolate the works site. The trenching works for the construction of the proposed box culvert should be carried out in phases, with a trench length of not more than 120m in each phase. The trench should be backfilled and compacted with suitable materials upon completion of each phase of the construction works.	To minimize the impacts on the steam and natural river bank.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
6.6	The construction of intercept oint of twin cell box culvert at the upstream of Wai Ha River should be confined to only one side of the river bank. To restore and enhance the ecological value of the stream, the affected river bank should be reinstated to its original condition or lined with rock-filled gabion. Planting pits should be provided in the gabion bank to allow the re-establishment of riparian vegetation.	To minimize the impacts on the steam and natural river bank.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
	The existing natural riverbed and substrates should be retained and the natural pool-riffle sequence should be re-created in the new channel bed.					
6.7	All works carried out within the river channel of Wai Ha River should be carried out from October to April, with construction carried out by land-based plant. Works within river/stream channels should be restricted to an enclosed dry section of the river, with containment measures such as bunds and barriers used within the river to minimize the impacts upon the downstream water body. Site runoff should be directed towards regularly cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil/grease separators to minimize the risk of sedimentation and pollution of river water. The silt and oil/grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. To minimize leakage and loss of sediments during excavation in narrow channels, tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet.	To minimize sedimentation/ water quality impacts	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
6.8	The construction of the proposed box-culvert would have the potential to directly impact a few individual of a plant species of conservation interest (Hong Kong Pavetta, Pavetta hongkongensis). The affected individuals should be transplanted to a suitable nearby habitats prior to the construction phase. A detailed vegetation survey of the affected species of conservation interest should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/ecologist to identify the affected individuals in order to provide details for transplantation scheme. Transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturalist. A detailed transplantation methodology should be formulated during the detailed design stage of this Project.	To protect plant species of conservation interest	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable
6.9	Placement of equipment or stockpile in designated works areas and access routes selected on existing disturbed land to minimize disturbance to natural or moderate-high ecological value habitats.	To minimise disturbance to habitats.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	No applicable
6.13	General drainage arrangements should include sediment and oil traps to collect and control construction site run-off.	To minimise sedimentation/ water quality impacts	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented

EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & main concern to Address	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
6.13	Construction activities should be restricted to work areas that would be clearly demarcated. The work areas should be reinstated after completion of the works.	To minimise disturbance to natural habitats outside works area.	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
6.13	Placement of equipment or stockpile in designated works areas and access routes selected on existing disturbed land to minimize disturbance to natural or moderate-high ecological value habitats.	To minimise disturbance to natural habitats	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
7.6	Visual screen, contaminant/ liaison with nursery, protection of existing trees with works area and construction light are used or practiced to mitigate the impacts during construction phase	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the Construction phase	Whole site	Construction phase	EIAO-TM	Implemented
7.7	Viewing area formation, architectural design for pump house, landscape design for pump hose, enhancement planting along Tung Tsz Road, sufficient soil depth for enhancement planting, transplanting of trees to adjacent locations preparation for transplanting and reinstatement of affected area are practiced to mitigate the impacts during operational phase.	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts during the operational phase	Whole site	Detail Design / Operational Phase	EIAO-TM	Not Applicable

Appendix I: Construction Pogramme **Environmental Pioneers & Solutions Limited** Contract No.: DC/2009/22
Contract Title: Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po - Contract 1

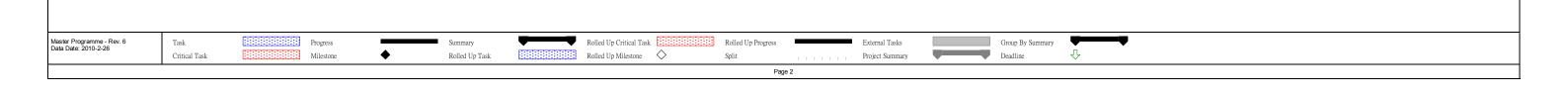
<u>Master Programme (Rev. 6)</u>

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	ID ID n	io. in Rev. ID no. in Rev.	ID no. in Rev	v. ID no. in Rev.	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Predecessors			3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	2011	2nd Quarter 3rd	Quarter 4th Quarter		2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter
Total	1	1 1	1 :	1 1	Preliminary Works (Area I - Pak Shek Kok)	175 days	Fri 26/2/10	Thu 19/8/10]	Jan Feb Mar Apr May Ju	ın Jul Aug Se	ep Oct Nov I	Dec Jan Feb Mar	Apr May Jun Jul	Aug Sep Oct Nov I	Dec Jan Feb Mar	Apr May Jun	Jul Aug S
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70 70 70 69 68 Construction of Pipe & Tide Level Monitoring Chambers 90 days Thu 22/1/2 Thu 10/5/1/2 69 71 71 71 71 70 69 Outfall Structure 110 days Fit 11/5/1/2 The 28/8/1/2 70 125 72 73 73 72 71 Esternal Misc. Worst 200 days Sun 22/1/2 Fit 28/8/1/2 47 88 and 7 72 8 Bandary Wall & Fencing 160 days Sun 22/1/2 Wed 21/5/1/2 47 76, 79 75 75 74 73 3 3nos. of Plow Measurment chambers and Pipes 60 days Sun 22/1/2 Wed 21/5/1/2 47 76, 79 76 76 75 74 Surface Deninage System & Catchpits 60 days Sun 22/1/2 Fit 28/8/1/2 47 76, 79 77 77 77 77 76 76 76 Concrete Pavement 20 days Mon 21/1/2 Sun 20/5/1/2 50 78 80 78 79 79 79 78 225mm disc. Sever Across Ting Kok Road and Cornection to Existing Manholes 120 days Fit 29/7/2 Thu 25/8/1/2 79 9 125 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80		68 68	0	., 00						69							little (France)	1	:
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81 Task Summary Rolled Up Critical Task Rolled Up Progress External Tasks Group By Summary Rolled Up Progress External Tasks Group By Summary Rolled Up Progress External Tasks Group By Summary Rolled Up Task Rolled Up Task Rolled Up Milestone Rolled Up M	79	79 79	9 7	8						80							-		alib Terrer
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Critical Task Section Milestone Rolled Up Task Section Rolled Up Milestone Split Project Summary Deadline	*											1	11	1	1	1	i .	i	
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	vata Date: 20°	10-2-26		Γask						2010		Ω							
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Contract No.: DC/2009/22
Contract Title: Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po - Contract 1

<u>Master Programme (Rev. 6)</u>

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ID no. in Rev.	ID no. in Rev.	. ID no. in l	Rev. ID no. in Re	ev. Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Predecessors	Successors 2010 2011 2012	
5	4	3	2						1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 2nd Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 2nd Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 3rd Quarter 3rd Quarter 3rd Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Qu	Quarter 3rd
82	82		80 79	Twin Cell Box Culvert	915 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 28/8/12		Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr	May Jun Jul
83		R	81 80	Liaison with LCSD	15 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 12/3/10	2	84 [5]	- :
84		1	82 81	Determination of Box Culvert Alignment	30 days	Sat 13/3/10	Sun 11/4/10	83	85	1
85			83 82	Record Survey	30 days	Mon 12/4/10	Tue 11/5/10	84	86 (525)	
86		5	84 83	Condition Survey of Existing Structure	15 days	Wed 12/5/10	Wed 26/5/10	85	87	1
87	,	7	85 84	Submission of Method Statement to LCSD	60 days	Thu 27/5/10	Sun 25/7/10	86	01	
88		2	86 85	Design of Temporary Traffic Arrangement	60 days	Fri 26/2/10	Mon 26/4/10	2	89,90	
89			87 86	Submission of TTA to TMLG for Approval	90 days	Tue 27/4/10	Sun 25/7/10	88	90F	
90			88 87	Excavation Permit	120 days	Tue 27/4/10	Tue 24/8/10	88,89FF	0.00	
91	, ,,,	1	89 88	Temporary Removal of Structure and Facilities / Reprovision	15 days	Mon 26/7/10	Mon 9/8/10	87	77 00	
92)	09 00	Provision of Temporary Irrigation Pipes	20 days	Tue 10/8/10	Sun 29/8/10	91	94 12:0	
93		1	91 89	Box Culvert at Chainage 0 - 25	150 days	Wed 1/2/12	Fri 29/6/12	00	100	
94		1	92 90	Box Culvert at Chainage 0 - 25 Box Culvert at Chainage 25 - 75	100 days	Fri 24/9/10	Sat 1/1/11	31FS-30 days,30,92	06	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
95			93 91	Box Culvert at Chainage 25 - 75 Box Culvert at Chainage 75 - 125	100 days	Sun 2/1/11	Mon 11/4/11	94	Acceptable Control Con	:
		,	94 92	Box Culvert at Chainage 125 - 175	100 days	Tue 12/4/11	Wed 20/7/11	95	70 m	:
96	90	7	95 93	Box Culvert at Chainage 125 - 175 Box Culvert at Chainage 175 - 225	100 days	Thu 21/7/11	Fri 28/10/11	95	97	:
98	97		96 94	Box Culvert at Chainage 173 - 223 Box Culvert at Chainage 225 - 275	95 days	Sat 29/10/11	Tue 31/1/12	90	90	:
90	98	,	97 95					00 21FC 20 1 20	99	:
) 100	,		Box Culvert at Chainae 275 - 300	450 days	Fri 24/9/10	Sat 17/12/11	90,31FS-30 days,30	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	
			98 96	Box Culvert at Chainage 300 - 350 (Including Outfall & Desilting Chamber)	150 days	Sun 18/12/11	Tue 15/5/12		101	
101			99	1200mm dia. Drainage Pipe	40 days	Wed 16/5/12	Sun 24/6/12	100		
102	2 102	2	100 97	Reinstallation and Reinstatement of Existing Structure, Facilities and Trees	60 days	Sat 30/6/12	Tue 28/8/12	93,101	125	EE
			100		2.7					
104			102 99	Dia. 2100mm Drainage Pipe	915 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 28/8/12			
105			103 100	Record Survey	15 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 12/3/10	2		
106			104 101	Site Investigation (Trial Pit)	50 days	Sat 13/3/10	Sat 1/5/10	105	107	1
107			105 102	Design of Temporary Traffic Arrangement	40 days	Sun 2/5/10	Thu 10/6/10	106	108,109	
108			106 103	Submission of TTA to TMLG for Approval	60 days	Fri 11/6/10	Mon 9/8/10	107	110,109FF	
109			107 104	Excavation Permit	90 days	Fri 11/6/10	Wed 8/9/10	107,108FF	114	
110			108	Liaison with HyD / LCSD for Planter Removal	25 days	Tue 10/8/10	Fri 3/9/10	108	114	1
. 111			109 105	E&M Design of Penstocks	180 days	Fri 26/2/10	Tue 24/8/10	17	112	
! 112			110 106	Submission for Approval	60 days	Wed 25/8/10	Sat 23/10/10	111	113	
113	113	3	111 107	Fabrication & Delivery of Penstocks	240 days	Sun 24/10/10	Mon 20/6/11	112	120	
114	114	1	112 108	MH 04 to MH 05	180 days	Thu 9/9/10	Mon 7/3/11	109,139,110	115	
115	115	5	113 109	MH 03 to MH 04	90 days	Tue 8/3/11	Sun 5/6/11	114	116,119	
116	116	5	114 110	Intake to MH 03	150 days	Mon 6/6/11	Wed 2/11/11	115	120FS-30 days,121FS-30 days,117	1
117	117	7	115 115	Reinstatement of Existing Planter	50 days	Thu 3/11/11	Thu 22/12/11	116		1
118	118	3	116 111	MH 05 to MH 06	60 days	Wed 14/9/11	Sat 12/11/11	47SS+80 days		1
119	119)		Temporary Drainage Management Plan	90 days	Mon 6/6/11	Sat 3/9/11	115	120	1
120	120)	118 112	Intake (As required in Dry Season)	150 days	Tue 4/10/11	Thu 1/3/12	116FS-30 days,113,119	123	1
121	121		119 113	Modification of Existing Outlet Structure of Wai Ha River	150 days	Tue 4/10/11	Thu 1/3/12	116FS-30 days	122FF	1
! 122	122	2	120 114	Installation of 4 nos of Mechanical Penstocks	30 days	Wed 1/2/12	Thu 1/3/12	121FF	123	1
123	123	3	121	E & M Works	120 days	Fri 2/3/12	Fri 29/6/12	122,120	124	annonen j
124	124	1	122	Misc. Works & Reinstatement	60 days	Sat 30/6/12	Tue 28/8/12	123	125	1
125	125		123 116	Completion of Section I	0 days	Tue 28/8/12	Tue 28/8/12	78,124,102,51,58,65,71,80		-
,										- :
127	1 127	7	125 118	Time for Completion of Section II	365 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 25/2/11		professional de la	
128	128		126 119	Section II (Area C - Ecological Compensation Area at Shuen Wan)	365 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 25/2/11			1
129			127 120	Commencement of Works	0 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 26/2/10		131,132,133	;
130			128 121	Preliminary Works	45 days	Fri 26/2/10	Sun 11/4/10			;
131			129 122	Site Clearance	10 days	Fri 26/2/10	Sun 7/3/10	129	134	
132			130 123	Hoarding Erection	15 days	Fri 26/2/10	Fri 12/3/10	129	136	;
133			131 124	Pumping Water out of Pond	10 days	Fri 26/2/10	Sun 7/3/10	129	135	
134			132 125	Check actual Tidal against Predicted Tidal Level	15 days	Mon 8/3/10	Mon 22/3/10	131	136FS-10 days 13-	1
			133 126	Survey Existing Pond Bed	5 days	Mon 8/3/10	Fri 12/3/10	133	136	
135			134 127	Design of of Ecological Compensation Area	30 days	Sat 13/3/10	Sun 11/4/10	135,134FS-10 days,132	138	
130	, 130	1	1.54 127	Design of of Ecological Compensation Affa	JU uays	- Jan 13/3/10	Jun 11/4/10	155,1571 G-10 uays,152		1
	3 138	1	136 129	Submission of Design of Ecological Compensation Area to EPD for Approval	0 days	Sun 11/4/10	Sun 11/4/10	136	139	
									139 140,114,30,31,37,141,142	
			137 130	Refer to Permit Requirement plus 15 weeks for Approval and Commencement of Works	105 days	Mon 12/4/10	Sun 25/7/10	138		1
140			138 131	Fill of Pond to Designed Level	165 days	Mon 26/7/10	Thu 6/1/11	139	143FS-60 days	1
141			139 132	Transplanting	90 days	Mon 26/7/10	Sat 23/10/10	139		
				Temporary Drainage Management Plan	90 days	Mon 26/7/10	Sat 23/10/10	139	145	1
143			141 133	Planting Works at Upper Level	60 days	Mon 8/11/10	Thu 6/1/11	140FS-60 days	144	
144			142 134	Planting Works at Lower Level	30 days	Fri 7/1/11	Sat 5/2/11	143	145	
145			143 135	Setting up Water Circulation System	20 days	Sun 6/2/11	Fri 25/2/11	144,142	146	
146	146	5	144 136	Completion of Section II	0 days	Fri 25/2/11	Fri 25/2/11	145	250	





Contract No.: DC/2009/22 Contract Title: Drainage Improvement Works in Shuen Wan, Tai Po - Contract 1 Sub-Programme for Outstanding Works Task Name Start Duration Finish 2014 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Outstanding Works at Shuen Wan 90 days Apr 7 '14 Jul 5 '14 2 3 90 days Apr 7 '14 Area A Jul 5 '14 Minor rectification of Defects at Pump station 90 days Apr 7'14 4 Jul 5'14 5 Minor rectification works along Ting Kok Road 60 days Apr 7'14 Jun 5 '14 6 7 Area B 90 days Apr 7 '14 Jul 5 '14 8 Reinstatement Works 90 days Apr 7'14 Jul 5 '14 9 Apr 7 '14 Apr 7'14 10 Area C 0 days Completed and handed over to DLO for Maintenance 0 days Apr 7'14 Apr 7 '14 11 4/7 Task Rolled Up Task External Tasks Critical Task Rolled Up Critical Task Project Summary Rolled Up Milestone Progress Group By Summary Milestone Rolled Up Progress Deadline Summary Split Page 1



