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ATAL-DEGREMONT-CHINA HARBOUR JOINT VENTURE

CONTRACT NO. DC/2013/10 - DESIGN, BUILD AND OPERATE SAN WAI SEWAGE TREATMENT WORKS – PHASE 1

> MONTHLY EM&A REPORT NO. 63 (For Construction Phase)

(01 JULY - 30 JULY 2022)

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report is prepared for Contract No. DC/2013/10 - Design, Build and Operate San Wai Sewage Treatment Works – Stage 1 (the Project) (hereafter referred to as "the Contract"). The Contract was awarded to ATAL-DEGREMONT-CHINA HARBOUR JOINT VENTURE (ADCJV) by the Drainage Services Department (DSD) and ETS-Testconsult Limited was appointed as the Environmental Team (ET) by ADCJV to implement the EM&A program in compliance with the EP and the EM&A Manuals.

According to the Section 25 of the Particular Specification (PS) and the Environmental Permit No. EP-464/2013, an EM&A programme should be implemented in accordance with the procedures and requirements in the EM&A Manual of the approved EIA report (Registration No. AEIAR-072/2003). The scope of monitoring works includes air quality, construction noise, water quality and environmental site audit.

Baseline monitoring was completed in April 2017. Action and Limit Levels were established for air quality, noise and water quality parameters based on the baseline monitoring results.

This is 61st Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report for the Contract which summaries findings of the EM&A works conducted during the reporting period from 01 to 30 June 2022. Site inspections were carried out on 02, 10, 16, 23 and 30 June 2022.

Site Activities

As informed by the Contractor, site activities were carried out in this reporting month:

- Construction of Additional Slab
- Construction of Boundary Footing

Environmental Monitoring and Audit Progress

The monthly EM&A programme was undertaken in accordance with the EM&A Manual for this Contract. The summary of the monitoring activities in this reporting month is listed below:

- 24-hour TSP Monitoring: 5 Occasions at 2 designated locations
- 1-hour TSP Monitoring: 15 Occasions at 2 designated locations
- Noise Monitoring (Day-time): 5 Occasions at 2 designated locations
- Water Quality Monitoring: 13 Occasions at 1 designated location

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Air Quality Monitoring

No exceedance of Action and Limit levels was recorded for 1-hr and 24-hr TSP monitoring in the reporting month.

Noise Monitoring

No exceedance of Action and Limit levels for noise monitoring was recorded in the reporting month.

Water Quality Monitoring

According to the summary of water monitoring results, no exceedance of Action and Limit levels was recorded in this reporting month.

Weekly Site Inspections

In general, performance on environmental mitigation measures implemented was found to be satisfactory in this reporting month. The major findings observed during site inspections are presented in the Section 5.0.

Complaint Log

There was no complaint received in relation to the environmental impact during the reporting period.

Notifications of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

There were no notifications of summons or prosecutions received during the reporting period.

Reporting Change

There were no reporting changes during the reporting period.

Future Key Issues

The future key issues to be undertaken in the upcoming month are as follows:

- Chemical and waste management and precautions against leakage;
- Treatment of runoff and wastewater prior to discharge;
- Dust and Noise generated from construction activities; and
- Prevention of odour nuisance

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Basic Project Information

- 1.1.1. This Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report is prepared for Contract No. DC/2013/10 Design, Build and Operate San Wai Sewage Treatment Works Stage 1 (the Project) (hereafter referred to as "the Contract"). The Contract was awarded to ATAL-DEGREMONT-CHINA HARBOUR JOINT VENTURE (ADCJV) by the Drainage Services Department (DSD) and ETS-Testconsult Limited was appointed as the Environmental Team (ET) by ADCJV to implement the EM&A program in compliance with the EP and the EM&A Manuals.
- **1.1.2.** The project involves expansion of the preliminary treatment works at San Wai STW from 164,000 m³/d to 200,000 m³/d Average Dry Weather Flow, upgrading the preliminary treatment level to CEPT and adding centralized disinfection. The site layout plan is shown in **Appendix A**.
- 1.1.3. According to the Section 25 of the Particular Specification (PS) and the Environmental Permit No. EP-464/2013, an EM&A programme should be implemented by an independent Environmental Team (ET) in accordance with the procedures and requirements in the EM&A Manual of the approved EIA report (Registration No. AEIAR-072/2003). These documents are available through the EIA Ordinance Register. The construction works of the Contract commenced on 16 May 2017.
- **1.1.4.** The scope of monitoring works includes air quality, construction noise, water quality and environmental site audit. The EM&A requirements for each parameter described in the following sections include:
 - All monitoring parameters;
 - Monitoring schedules for the reporting month and forthcoming months;
 - Action and Limit levels for all environmental parameters:
 - Event/Action Plans;
 - Environmental mitigation measures, as recommended in the Project EIA study final report; and
 - Environmental requirements in contract documents.
- **1.1.5.** As part of the project EM&A program, baseline monitoring was conducted from 21 March 2017 to 15 April 2017 to determine the ambient environmental conditions before the project commence any major construction works and it had been verified by IEC and endorsed by EPD.
- **1.1.6.** This is the 62nd Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report for the Contract which summaries the audit findings of the EM&A programme during the reporting period from 01 to 31 July 2022.

1.2. Project Organization

1.2.1. The project organization structure and lines of communication with respect to the on-site environmental management structure is shown in **Appendix B**. The key personnel contact names and numbers are summarized in **Table 1.1**.

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Table 1.1 Contact Information of Key Personnel

Party	Position	Name of Key Staff	Tel. No.	E-mail
Supervising Officer (AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.)	Chief Resident Engineer	Mr. C. Y. Hung	5222 6560	cy.hung@swstw- aecom.com
Independent Environmental Checker (ANewR Consulting Limited)	Director	Mr. James Choi	2618 2831	jpschoi@anewr.com
Contractor (ATAL-DEGREMONT- CHINA HARBOUR JOINT VENTURE)	Environmental Supervisor	Mr. Isaac Chan	9688 2349	isaac.chan@c302.che chk.com
Environmental Team (Construction Phase) (ETS-Testconsult Ltd.)	Environmental Team Leader	Mr. C. L. Lau	2946 7791	env@ets- testconsult.com
Environmental Team (Operational Phase) (AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.)	Environmental Team	Ms Lemon Lam	3922 9381	lemon.lam@aecom. com

1.3. Construction Programme

- **1.3.1.** A copy of the Contractor's construction programme is provided in **Appendix C**.
- **1.3.2.** According to the certificate issued by AECOM, the Design and Construction works was substantially completed on 05 March 2021 and the Defects Correction Period was commenced on 06 March 2021. The operational phase EM&A results have been issued as a separate EM&A report and submitted to EPD since June 2021.

1.4. Construction Works Undertaken During the Reporting Period

- **1.4.1.** A summary of the construction activities undertaken during this reporting period is shown below:
 - Backfill and Pavement Construction
 - Landscape and Maintenance Works

2. AIR QUALITY MONITORING

2.1. Monitoring Requirements

2.1.1. 1-hr and 24-hr TSP levels were monitored in the reporting month in accordance with the EM&A Manual. Two air monitoring locations were selected which was shown in **Figure 1**.

2.2. Monitoring Equipment

1-hour TSP Monitoring

1-hour TSP levels were measured by using dust meter which are capable of producing comparable results as the by high volume sampling method, to indicate short event impacts. The dust meter is compliant to the clause 1.2.5 of "General Technical Requirement of Environmental Monitoring" and clause 2.2 of "Generic Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual".

Table 2.1 summarized the dust meter model used during the baseline monitoring. Copies of calibration certificates for dust meters were attached in **Appendix D1**.

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Table 2.1 Air Quality Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model
Dust Meter	SIBATA LD-3B / SIBATA LD-5
High volume sampler (HVS)	Greasby GMW (GS2310)
Calibrator	Tisch TE-5025A

1-hr air quality monitoring (Dust Meter)

Measuring Procedures

The measuring procedures of the dust meter are in accordance with the Manufacturer's instruction Manual as follows:

- Press POWER to ON, check the battery indicator to ensure whether the power supply is enough
 to conduct the TSP monitoring;
- Press TIMER SET to Manual:
- Press START/STOP SWITCH to start the TSP monitoring:
- Press START/STOP SWITCH to stop the TSP monitoring after monitoring complete;
- Record measured COUNT directly from the dust meter and calculate the TSP level by using the
 equation of the certificate.

Maintenance & Calibration (QA/QC)

 Dust meter should be checked at 3-month intervals and calibrated at half-year intervals throughout all stages of air quality monitoring.

24-hr air quality monitoring (HVS)

Instrumentation

High volume sampler, as HVS, (Greasby GMWS2310) complete with appropriate sampling inlets were employed for both 1-hour and 24-hour TSP monitoring. The sampler is composed of a motor, a filter holder, a flow controller and a sampling inlet and its performance specification complies with that required by USEPA standard Title 40, Code of Federation Regulations Chapter 1 (Part 50).

Installation

The installation of HVS refers to the requirement stated in EM&A Manual.

Operation/Analytical Procedures

Operating/analytical procedures for the operation of HVS are as below:

- Prior to the commencement of the dust sampling, the flow rate of the high volume sampler was properly set (between 0.6m³/min and 1.7m³/min.) in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction to within the range recommended in USEPA Standard Title 40, CFR Part 50. The flow rate was indicated on the flow rate chart.
- For TSP sampling, fiberglass filters (Whatman G653) were used.
- The power supply was checked to ensure the sampler worked properly.
- On sampling, the sampler was operated 5 minutes to establish thermal equilibrium before placing any filter media at designated air monitoring station.
- The filter holding frame was then removed by loosening the four nuts and carefully a weighted and conditioned filter was centered with the stamped number upwards, on a supporting screen.
- The filter was aligned on the screen so that the gasket formed an air-tight seal on the outer edges
 of the filter. Then the filter holder frame was tightened to the filter holder with swing bolts. The
 applied pressure should be sufficient to avoid air leakage at the edges.
- The programmable timer will be set for a sampling month of 1 hour or 24 hours. Information was recorded on the record sheet, which included the starting time, the weather condition and the filter number (the initial weight of the filter paper can be found out by using the filter number.).
- After sampling, the filter was transferred from the filter holder of the HVS to a sealed plastic bag and sent to the laboratory for weighting. The elapsed time was also recoded.
- Before weighting, all filters were equilibrated in desiccators for 24 hour with the temperature of 25°C ± 3°C and the relative humidity (RH) <50% ±5%.

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Maintenance & Calibration (QA/QC)

- HVS and their accessories should be maintained in good working condition, such as replacing motor brushes routinely and checking electrical wiring to ensure a continuous power supply.
- HVS should be calibrated at bi-monthly intervals.

Wind Data Monitoring

Wind data (wind speed and wind direction) were directly extracted from Hong Kong Observatory. All wind data during this reporting month are shown in **Appendix G**.

2.3. Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

2.3.1. Table 2.2 summarizes the monitoring parameters, monitoring duration and frequencies of impact air quality monitoring.

Table 2.2 Monitoring Parameters, Duration and Frequencies of Impact Air Quality Monitoring

Parameter	Duration	Frequency
1-hr TSP	1 hr (0800-1900)	Three times per 6 days
24-hr TSP	24 hr	Once per 6 days

2.3.2. In this reporting period, a total of 15 occasions of 1-hour TSP monitoring and 5 events of 24-hour TSP monitoring were undertaken and the schedule was shown in **Table 2.3**

Table 2.3 Time Schedule of Impact Air Quality Monitoring

July 2022							
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	
					1	2	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
10	11	12	13	14 ▼	15	16	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
24	25	26 ▼	27	28	29	30	
31							

Remark: (▼) = Air quality monitoring carried out by ET

2.4. Action and Limit Levels

The criteria for Action and Limit levels have been set out in the contract document of the Project as follows:

Table 2.4 The criteria of Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality

Parameters	Action	Limit		
1-hour TSP Level	For baseline level $\leq 384 \mu g/m^3$, Action level = (baseline level plus*1.3 + Limit Level) / 2	500a/m³		
(μg/m³)	For baseline level >384µg/m³, Action level = Limit Level	- 500 μg/m³		
24-hour TSP	For baseline level < 200 μg/m³, Action level = (baseline level plus*1.3 + Limit Level) / 2	260a/m³		
Level (μg/m³)	For baseline level $\geq 200 \mu g/m^3$, Action level = Limit Level	260 μg/m³		



Following the criteria shown in **Table 2.4**, the Action and Limit levels for 1-hour TSP derived as illustrated in **Table 2.5**.

Table 2.5 Action and Limit Levels for 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP

Air Quality	1-hr TSF	^ο (μg/m³)	24-hr TSP (μg/m³)		
Monitoring Station	Action Level	Limit Level	Action Level	Limit Level	
ASR1a	309	500	260	260	
ASR2b	292	500	228	260	

2.5. Results and Observations

2.5.1. 1-hour and 24-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Monitoring data of both 1-hour and 24-hour TSP monitoring carried out in this reporting month are summarized in **Appendix D2**. Graphical presentation of 1-hour and 24-hour TSP monitoring results for the reporting month is shown in **Appendix D3**. Wind data included wind speed and wind direction was extracted from Hong Kong Observatory during this reporting month and is presented in **Appendix G**.

No exceedance of Action and Limit Level of 1-hr TSP and 24-hour TSP monitoring results was recorded during the reporting month.

2.5.2. Observation

Generally, 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP monitoring results fluctuated well below the Action Level in this reporting period. The major dust source observed near the monitoring stations was mainly from vehicles passing by the container yards and general earth works. It can be concluded that the contractor implemented sufficient dust mitigation measures during this reporting month.

2.6. Event and Action Plan

If the impact monitoring results exceed the Action and Limit Levels, the actions specified in **Table 2.6** shall be carried out.

Table 2.6 Event and Action Plan for Air Quality (Dust) during Construction Phase

EVENT	ACTION							
EVENT	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR				
Action Level being exceeded for one sample	Identify source; Inform IEC and ER; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily.	1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET; 2. Check Contractor's working method.	1. Notify Contractor.	Rectify any unacceptable practice; Amend working methods if appropriate.				
Action Level being exceeded for two or more consecutive samples	Identify source; Inform IEC and ER; Repeat measurements to confirm findings;	Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method;	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial	Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification;				



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EVENT				ACTIO	ON			
EVENT		ET IEC ER			С	ONTRACTOR		
	mo fre da 5. Di IE	crease conitoring equency to illy; scuss with C and contractor on	 4. 	Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the ER		measures are properly implemented.	3.	Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate.
	fel accrete fel ac	medial tions quired; exceedance ntinues, range eeting with C and ER; exceedance ops, cease ditional onitoring.	5.	on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Supervise implementation of remedial measures.				
Limit Level		entify	1.	Check	1.	Confirm	1.	Take
being exceeded for one sample	so 2. Inf	urce; form IEC, ER id EPD;		monitoring data submitted by		receipt of notification of failure in		immediate action to avoid further
	me to fin	epeat easurement confirm ding; crease	2.	ET and Contractor's working method; Discuss with	2. 3.	writing; Notify Contractor; Check monitoring	2.	exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to ER
	fre da 5. As	equency to equency to illy; esess fectiveness		Contractor on the possible mitigation measures;	4.	data and Contractor's working methods; Discuss with	3.	within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed
	rei ac 8. Ke	Contractor's medial tions; eep EPD and R informed of	6.	Review the proposed mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and		IEC and Contractor on potential remedial actions;	4.	proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate.
		e results.		advise the ER accordingly.	4.	Ensure remedial actions properly implemented.		



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3. NOISE MONITORING

3.1. Monitoring Requirements

3.1.1. Noise levels $(L_{eq}, L_{10} \text{ and } L_{90})$ were monitored in the reporting month in accordance with the EM&A Manual.

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3.2. Monitoring Equipment

Sound level meters used for impact noise monitoring were Type 1 sound level meters capable of giving a continuous readout of the noise level reading including equivalent continuous sound pressure level (Leq) and percentile sound pressure level (Lx). They complied with International Electro technical Commission Publications 651:1979 (Type 1) and 804:1985 (Type 1). **Table 3.1** summarized the noise monitoring equipment model used during the baseline monitoring. Copies of calibration certificates for noise meters and calibrators were attached in **Appendix E1**.

Table 3.1 Noise Monitoring Equipment

Noise Monitoring Equipment	Model	
Sound Level Meter	Rion NL-52	
Sound Level Calibrator	Rion NC-73 / Castle GA607	

3.3. Monitoring Duration and Frequency

- **3.3.1.** Impact noise monitoring for the A-weighted levels L_{eq}, L₁₀ and L₉₀ in 30-minute interval was recorded once per 6 days.
- **3.3.2.** In this reporting period, a total of 5 occasions of noise monitoring were undertaken and the schedule was shown in **Table 3.2**

Table 3.2 Time Schedule of Impact Noise Monitoring

	June 2022					
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14 ▼	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26 ▼	27	28	29	30
31						

Remark: (▼) = Noise monitoring carried out by ET

3.4. Monitoring Locations

Two noise monitoring stations, NSR1a (晉榮貨櫃服務有限公司) and NSR2b (永康貨櫃服務有限公司) which shown in **Figure 1**, were required to perform impact noise monitoring during this reporting period.

The impact noise monitoring programme was summarized in **Table 3.3**.

Table 3.3 Noise Monitoring Stations

Noise monitoring station	Type of Measurement
NSR1a	Façade
NSR2b	Façade

3.5. Monitoring Methodology

<u>Instrumentation</u>

Integrating Sound Level Meters were employed for noise monitoring.

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Operation/Analysis Procedures

- The Sound Level Meter was set on a tripod at a height of 1.2m above the ground.
- For free field measurement, the meter was positioned away from any nearby reflective surfaces.
- The battery condition was checked to ensure the correct functioning of the meter.
- Parameters such as frequency weighting, the time weighting and the measurement time were set as follows:

Frequency weighting: ATime weighting: FastTime measurement: 30 mins

- Prior to and after each noise measurement, the meter was calibrated using a Calibrator for 94 dB at 1000HZ. If the difference in the calibration level before and after measurement was more than 1 dB(A), the measurement would be considered invalid and repeat measurement would be required after re-calibration or repair of the equipment.
- During the monitoring period, the L_{eq}, L₁₀ and L₉₀ were recorded. In addition, site conditions and noise sources were recorded on a standard record sheet.
- 3dB(A) correction had been added to the results if noise measurements were free-field.
- Noise monitoring would be cancelled in the presence of fog, rain, storm, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5m/s, or wind gusts exceeding 10m/s.

Maintenance and Calibration (QA/QC)

- The microphone head of the sound level meter and calibrator are cleaned with soft cloth at quarterly intervals.
- The meters are sent to the HOKLAS accredited laboratory or equivalent to check and calibrated at yearly intervals.

3.6. Actions and Limit Level

The Action and Limit Levels were established in Table 3.4 for noise monitoring.

Table 3.4 Action and Limit Levels for Noise Monitoring

Time Period	Action	Limit
0700 –1900 hrs normal weekdays	When one documented complaint is received	75 dB(A)*

Remark: (*)70dB(A) for schools and 65dB(A) for schools during school examination period

3.7. Results and Observations

3.7.1. Results

Monitoring data of noise monitoring carried out in this reporting month are summarized in **Appendix E2**. Graphical presentation of noise monitoring results for the reporting month is shown in **Appendix E3**.

No exceedance of Action and Limit Level of noise monitoring results was recorded during the reporting month.

3.7.2. Observation

The noise monitoring data were found to be lower than the limit level. The major noise source during the monitoring event was the vehicles passing through the container yard entrance and the general earth works inside the construction site.

3.8. Event and Action Plan

If the impact monitoring results exceed the Action and Limit Levels, the actions specified in **Table 3.5** shall be carried out.



Table 3.5 Event/Action Plan for Construction Noise

able 3.5	ACTION			
EVENT	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR
Action level	1. Notify IEC and Contractor; 2. Carry out investigation; 3. Report the results of investigation to the IEC and Contractor; 4. Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; 5. Increase monitoring frequency to check the effectiveness of mitigation measures.	1. Review the analyzed results submitted by the ET; 2. Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	1. Confirm receipt of notification in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analyzed noise problem; 4. Ensure mitigation measures are properly implemented.	 Submit noise mitigation proposal to IEC; Implement noise mitigation proposals.
Limit level	1. Notify IEC, ER, EPD & Contractor; 2. Identify source; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm findings; 4. Increase monitoring frequency; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 6. Inform IEC, ER and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances;	1. Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; 2. Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly; 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	1. Confirm receipt of notification in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analyzed noise problem; 4. Ensure mitigation measures are properly implemented; 5. If exceedances continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the	1. Undertake immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by ER, until the



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7. Assess the effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	stoj por wor exc	ntractor to exceedance is abated. tion of rk until the eedance ibated.
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4. WATER QUALITY MONITORING

4.1. Monitoring Requirements

4.1.1. Water quality was monitored in the reporting month in accordance with the EM&A Manual at one alternative water quality monitoring station, R1b (at Tin Shui Wai Nullah) which shown in **Figure 2**.

4.2. Monitoring Methodology and Equipment

For In-situ Water Quality Measurement

Dissolved Oxygen (DO) measuring equipment

A portable, weatherproof DO-measuring meter with built-in salinity compensation (e.g. YSI 85, YSI Pro 2030 or equivalent) was used in the baseline monitoring. It can be capable for measuring dissolved oxygen level in the range of 0-20 mg/L and 0-200 % saturation.

For Water Sampling and Sample Analysis

Water Sampler

A water sampler comprising a metal bucket was lowered into the water body.

Water Container

The sample container, made by high-density polythene, was rinsed with a portion of the water sample. The water sample was then transferred to the container, labelled with a unique sample ID and sealed with a screw cap. The water samples were stored in a cool box maintained at 4°C. The water samples will then be delivered to Environmental Laboratory of ETS-Testconsult Ltd (HOKLAS Registration No. 022) on the same day for analysis according to the Standard Method APHA 19ed.

The summary of testing methods of testing parameters required was shown in Table 4.1.

Table 4.1 Summary of Testing Procedures for water samples

Parameters	Testing Procedure	Detection Limit
Turbidity	Dissolved Oxygen Meter Measurement	0.1 NTU
Dissolved Oxygen	In house method refer to APHA 19 th ed 2130 B	0.01 mg/L
Total suspended solids	In house method refer to APHA 19 th ed 2540D	0.1 mg/L

4.3. Monitoring Frequency

4.3.1. Water samples were collected 3 times per week in 1 monitoring station. Three parameters including turbidity, dissolved oxygen and total suspended solids would be tested.

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Table 4.2 Monitoring Frequency of Water Quality Monitoring

Parameters	Frequency	No. of sampling stations
Turbidity		
Dissolved Oxygen	3 times per week	1 station
Total suspended solids		

4.3.2. In this reporting period, a total of 13 occasions was plan for water quality monitoring. Only 12 occasions were undertaken due to typhoon signal No. 8 was host on 02/07/2022. The schedule was shown in **Table 4.3**

Table 4.3 Time Schedule of Impact Water Quality Monitoring

	July 2022					
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
					1	2
						•
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		▼		▼		lacksquare
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		lacktriangle		lacksquare		lacktriangle
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
		•		lacksquare		lacksquare
31						

Remark: (▼) = Water quality monitoring carried out by ET, (●) = Schedule cancelled due to typhoon signal No. 8

4.4. Quality Assurance (QA) / Quality Control (QC)

For in-situ measurements, at each measurement / sampling, two consecutive measurements of turbidity and dissolved oxygen (DO) were taken. The probes were retrieved out of the water after the first measurement and then re-deployed for the second measurement. If the difference between the first and second measurement is greater than 25% the reading will be discarded and the measurements will be repeated.

For laboratory analysis of water, test method of all test parameters and the QA/QC samples were carried out in accordance with the requirements of HOKLAS.

For our QA/QC procedure, one QC sample, one duplicate sample and one sample spike of every batch of 20 samples were analyzed.

The calibration certifications of water quality monitoring equipments were shown in **Appendix F1**.

4.5. Actions and Limit Levels

The criteria for Action and Limit Levels have been set out as follows:

Table 4.4 The criteria of Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality

Parameters	Unit	Action Level	Limit Level
Turbidity	NTU	95%ile of baseline data	99%ile of baseline data
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	5%ile of baseline data	1%ile of baseline data
Suspended solids	mg/L	95%ile of baseline data	99%ile of baseline data

Following the criteria shown in **Table 4.4**, the Action and Limit Levels for monitoring parameters derived as illustrated in **Table 4.5**.



Table 4.5 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality

Parameters	Unit	Action	Limit
Turbidity	NTU	19.8	20.5
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	1.84	1.81
Suspended Solid	mg/L	17.0	17.8

4.6. Result and Observation

4.6.1. Result

Monitoring data of water quality monitoring carried out in this reporting month are summarized in **Appendix F2**. Graphical presentation of the monitoring results for the reporting month is shown in **Appendix F3**.

No exceedance of Action and Limit Level of water quality monitoring results was recorded during the reporting month.

4.6.2. Observation

Generally, the turbidity and suspended solids were found to be lower than the action level. Besides, all results of dissolved oxygen measured in this reporting month were higher than the action level.

4.7. Event and Action Plan

If the impact monitoring results of the individual parameters exceed the Action and Limit Levels, the actions specified in **Table 4.6** shall be carried out.

Table 4.6 Event and Action Plan for Water Quality

Ī	able 4.6 EV	Jiii aii	d Action Plan i	<u> </u>	ator Qualit							
	Event					Acti	on					
	Event	E	ET Leader		IEC			ER			Contrac	tor
	Action Level being exceeded by one sampling day	1. 2. 3. 4.	Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and sources of impact; Inform IEC and Contractor; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC and	1. 2.	Discuss	on by and ER /; the ss the	1. 2.		ation to be ed; the ss the	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Inform the and conotification the compliar writing; Rectify unaccept practice; Check a and equit Consider changes working methods Discuss ET and and promitigation measure IEC and Impleme agreed	he ER confirm on of non-nce in table Il plant pment r of confirm of table r
		6.	Contractor; Repeat measurement								mitigation measure	



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Event		Acti	on	
Event	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
	on next day of exceedance.			
Action Level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days	 Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; Identify reasons for non-compliance and sources of impact; Inform IEC and Contractor; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; Prepare to increase the monitoring frequency to daily; Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance. 	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	Discuss with IEC on the proposed mitigation measures; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	 Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check all plant and equipment; Consider changes of working methods; Discuss with ET and IEC and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days; Implement the agreed mitigation measures.

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_		Acti	on	
Event	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
Limit Level being exceeded by one sampling day	1. Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and sources of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and EPD; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, ER and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; 7. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit Level.	1. Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; 2. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; 3. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	1. Discuss with IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; 2. Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; 3. Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; 4. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	1. Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Consider changes of working methods; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and ER and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days; 6. Implement the agreed mitigation measures.
Limit Level being exceeded by more than two consecutive sampling days	1. Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; 2. Identify reasons for non-compliance and sources of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and EPD; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented	Discuss with IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess the	 Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check all plant and equipment; Consider changes of working methods; Discuss with ET, IEC and ER and

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Event		Acti	ion	
Event	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
	5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, ER and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; 7. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit Level for two consecutive days.	mitigation measures.	of the implemented mitigation measures; 5. Consider and instruct, if necessary, the Contractor to slow down or to stop all or part of the marine work until no exceedance of Limit Level.	mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days; 6. Implement the agreed mitigation measures; 7. As directed by the ER, to slow down or to stop all or part of the marine work or construction activities.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INSPECTION AND AUDIT

5.1. Site Inspection

Site Inspections were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the implementation of proper environmental pollution control mitigation measures for the project. During the reporting period, site inspections were carried out on 7, 15, 22 and 29 July 2022.

5.1.1. Observations for the site inspections within this reporting period are summarized in **Table 5.1** and inspection checklists are attached in **Appendix M**.

Table 5.1 Summary of observation of site inspections

Date	Observations/ Reminders	Follow-up Action	Closed Date
07 July 2022			
15 July 2022			
22 July 2022			
29 July 2022			

5.2. Landscape and Visual Audit

- **5.2.1.** Landscape and visual audits were undertaken at least once every two weeks throughout the construction and operation phase by a competent landscape architect. During the reporting period, audits were carried out on 15 and 29 JULY 2022.
- **5.2.2.** Observations and reminders were summarized in the landscape and visual impact assessment checklists which are attached in **Appendix I**.

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5.3. Advice on the Solid and Liquid Waste Management Status

- **5.3.1.** All types of waste arising from the construction work are classified into the following:
 - Construction & Demolition (C&D) Material;
 - Chemical Waste;
 - General Refuse: and
 - Excavated Soil
- 5.3.2. The quantities of waste for disposal in this Reporting Period are summarized in Table 5.2 and Table5.3 and the Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table is shown in Appendix H. Whenever possible, materials were reused on-site as far as practicable.

Table 5.2 Summary of Quantities of Inert C&D Materials

Type of Waste	Quantity	Disposal Location
Reused in this Contract (Inert) (m³)	0	
Reused in other Projects (Inert) (m³)	0	
Disposed as Public Fill (Inert) (m³)	0	Tuen Mun 38 Fill Bank

Table 5.3 Summary of Quantities of C&D Materials

Type of Waste	Quantity	Disposal Location
Recycled Metal (kg)	0	
Recycled Paper / Cardboard Packing (kg)	0	
Recycled Plastic (kg)	0	
Chemical Wastes (kg)	0	
General Refuses (m³)	0	North East New Territories (NENT) Landfill

- 5.3.3. To control over the site performance on waste management, the Contractor shall ensure that all solid and liquid waste management works are in full compliance with the relevant license/permit requirements, such as the effluent discharge license and the chemical waste producer registration. The Contractor is also reminded to implement the recommended environmental mitigation measures according to the EM&A Manual based on actual site conditions.
- 5.4. Discharge License and Results of Effluent Monitoring
- 5.4.1. Effluent quality was monitored in the reporting month in accordance with the EM&A Manual at the discharge point. A discharge license under Water Pollution Control Ordinance was obtained by the Contractor upon commencement of the Project. Self-monitoring would be performed as per the requirement under the discharge license. According to the EM&A Manual, pH, chemical oxygen demand and total suspended solid are required to be analysed at least once every two week.
- **5.4.2.** Since no construction activity in the operation phase. Effluent monitoring was not carry out starting from February 2022.
- 5.5. Environmental Licenses and Permits
- **5.5.1.** The valid environmental licenses and permits during the reporting period are summarized in **Appendix J**.
- 5.6. Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures
- **5.6.1.** The environmental mitigation measures that recommended in the Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual covered the issues of dust, noise, water and waste and they are summarized as following:



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Dust Mitigation Measures

- a. The working area for the uprooting of trees, shrubs, or vegetation or for the removal of boulders, poles, pillars or temporary or permanent structures should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical immediately before, during and immediately after the operation so as to maintain the entire surface wet;
- b. All demolished items (including trees, shrubs, vegetation, boulders, poles, pillars, structures, debris, rubbish and other items arising from site clearance) that may dislodge dust particles should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides within a day of demolition;
- c. Vehicle washing facilities including a high pressure water jet should be provided at every discernible or designated vehicle exit point;
- d. The area where vehicle washing takes place and the section of the road between the washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores;
- e. Where a site boundary adjoins a road, street, service and or other area accessible to the public, hoarding of not less than 2.4m from ground level should be provided along the entire length of that portion of the site boundary except for a site entrance or exit;
- f. Every main haul road (i.e. any course inside a construction site having a vehicle passing rate of higher than 4 in any 30 minutes) should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials, hardcores or metal plates, and kept clear of dusty materials; or sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical so as to maintain the entire road surface wet:
- g. The portion of any road leading only to a construction site that is within 30m of a discernible or designated vehicle entrance or exit should be kept clear of dusty materials;
- h. Immediately before leaving a construction site, every vehicle should be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels;
- i. Where a vehicle leaving a construction site is carrying a load of dusty materials, the load should be covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the vehicle;
- j. The working area of any excavation or earth moving operation should be sprayed with water or a dusty suppression chemical immediately before, during and immediately after the operation so as to maintain the entire surface wet;
- k. Exposed earth shall be properly treated by compaction, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, shotcrete or other suitable surface stabilizer within 6 months after the last construction activity on the construction site or part of the construction site where the exposed earth lies:
- I. Any stockpile of dusty material should be either covered entirely by impervious sheeting; placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides; or sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical so as to maintain the entire surface wet.

Noise Mitigation Measures

- a. Quiet plants should be used in order to reduce the noise impacts to protect the nearby NSRs.
- b. Temporary and Movable Noise Barriers should be used in order to reduce the noise impact to the surrounding sensitive receivers
- c. The contractor should site noisy equipment and activities as far from sensitive receivers as practical.
- d. Idle equipment should be turned off or throttled down.
- e. Construction activities should be planned so that parallel operation of several sets of equipment close to a given receiver is avoided
- f. Construction plant should be properly maintained and operated.

Water Quality Mitigation Measures

- a. Exposed stockpiles should be covered with tarpaulin or impervious sheets before a rainstorm
- b. The exposed soil surfaces should also be properly protected to minimize dust emission;
- c. The stockpiles of materials should be placed in the locations away from the drainage channel so as to avoid releasing materials into the channel;
- d. Wheel washing facilities should be provided at site exits to ensure that earth, mud and debris would not be carried out of the works areas by vehicles;
- Provision of site drainage systems and treatment facilities would be required to minimize the water pollution;



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- f. A discharge license needs to be applied from EPD for discharging effluent from the construction site;
- g. The treated effluent quality is required to meet the requirements specified in the discharge license;
- h. Provision of chemical toilets is required to collect sewage from workforce. The chemical toilets should be cleaned on a regular basis;
- A licensed waste collector should be employed to clean the chemical toilets and temporary storage tank on a regular basis;
- j. Illegal disposal of chemicals should be strictly prohibited;
- k. Registration as a chemical waste producer is required if chemical wastes are generated and need to be disposed of. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation should be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes;
- I. Disposal of chemical wastes should be carried out in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. The Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published under the Waste Disposal Ordinance should be used as a guideline for handing chemical wastes:
- The impact from accidental spillage of chemicals can be effectively controlled through good management practices.
- n. Waste water (generated from the clean-up of a spillage of grit from a skip onto the ground in front of SSSB on 9 November 2020) and flowed into the adjacent stormwater system was stopped and removed before reaching the site boundary.

Waste Management Mitigation Measures

- Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal;
- b. To encourage collection of aluminium cans by individual collectors, separate bins should be provided to segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the workforce;
- c. Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be recycled;
- d. Prior to disposal of C&D waste, it is recommended that wood, steel and other metals be separated
 for re-use and/or recycling and inert waste as fill material to minimize the quantity of waste to be
 disposed of to landfill;
- e. Proper storage and site practices to minimize the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; and
- f. Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimize amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste.
- **5.6.2.** An updated summary of the Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule (EMIS) is presented in **Appendix K**. Most of the necessary mitigation measures were implemented properly. Any deficiencies were noted in the remarks of the schedule.

5.7. Summary of Exceedance of the Environmental Quality Performance Limit

- **5.7.1.** There was no Action and Limit level exceedance of 1-hour and 24-hr TSP monitoring was recorded at station ASR1a and ASR2b during this reporting month.
- **5.7.2.** There was no Action and Limit Level exceedance for noise recorded at station NSR1a and NSR2b during the reporting period.
- **5.7.3.** There was no Action and Limit Level exceedance for water quality monitoring recorded at station R1b during the reporting period.

5.8. Summary of Complaints, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecution

- **5.8.1.** There were no complaints received during the reporting period.
- **5.8.2.** There were no notifications of summons or prosecutions received during the reporting period.
- **5.8.3.** A summary of environmental complaints, notifications of summons and successful prosecutions was given in **Table 5.4**.

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Table 5.4 Summary of Environmental Complaints Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecution

	Cumulative Statistic				
Reporting Period	ing Period Complaints		Successful prosecutions		
The reporting period	0	0	0		
From commencement date of construction to end of reporting month	0	0	0		

6. FUTURE KEY ISSUES

6.1. Construction Programme for the Coming Months

As informed by the Contractor, the major construction activities for June 2022 are included:

- Construction of Additional Slab
- Construction of Boundary Footing
- Backfill and Pavement Construction

6.2. Key Issues for the Coming Month

Key issues to be considered in the coming month include:

- Chemical and waste management and precautions against leakage;
- Treatment of runoff and wastewater prior to discharge:
- Dust and Noise generated from construction activities; and
- Prevention of odour nuisance

Mitigation measures to be required in the coming month:

Air Quality Impact

- To provide adequate water spraying in the worksite;
- To operate and maintain automatic wheel washing facilities properly;
- To provide road sweeping site entrance and public roads outside site entrance;
- To ensure implementation of the dust mitigation measures for the site activities;
- To maintain proper operation of the mist spraying system;
- To provide proper maintenance for vehicles and machines on site; and
- To investigate any other dust sources around the air sensitive receivers

Noise

- To switch off equipment if not in use;
- To operate silent equipment;
- To identify the noise sources inside and outside of the site; and
- To follow up any exceedance caused by the construction work inside the worksite

Water Quality Impact

- To ensure the drainage system was maintained properly;
- To maintain the existing silt trap to ensure good efficiency of wheel wash facilities;
- To avoid stagnant water in the drip trays due to rainfall;
- To avoid any stagnant water or provide insecticide to avoid mosquito breeding

Chemical and Waste Management

- To remove waste from the site regularly;
- To properly store and handle chemical wastes on site;
- To implement trip ticket system for all the imported public fill and general refuse disposal;
- To maintain proper housekeeping;
- To identify C&D material by packaging, labelling, storage, transportation and disposal in accordance with statutory regulations.

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6.3. Environmental Monitoring and Site Inspection Schedule for the Coming Month

6.3.1. The tentative schedule for environmental monitoring and site inspection schedule for July are provided in **Appendix L**.

7. CONCLUSION

7.1. Conclusions

- **7.1.1.** There was no Action and Limit level exceedance of 1-hour and 24-hr TSP monitoring was recorded at station ASR1a and ASR2b during this reporting month.
- **7.1.2.** There was no Action and Limit Level exceedance for noise recorded at station NSR1a and NSR2b during the reporting period.
- **7.1.3.** There was no Action and Limit Level exceedance for water quality monitoring recorded at station R1b during the reporting period.
- **7.1.4.** There were no complaints received during the reporting period.
- **7.1.5.** There were no notifications of summons or prosecutions received during the reporting period.

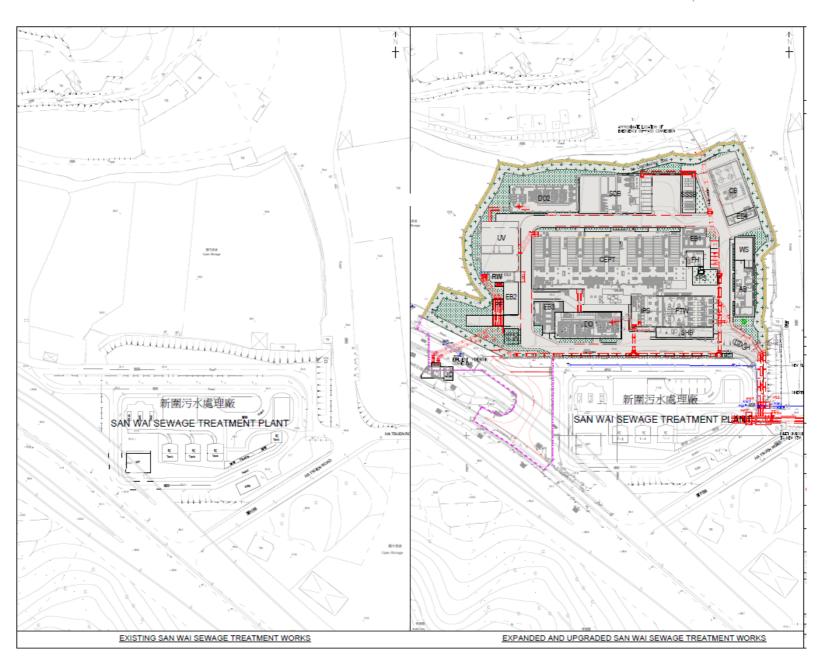
- END OF REPORT -



Appendix A

Location of Works Areas



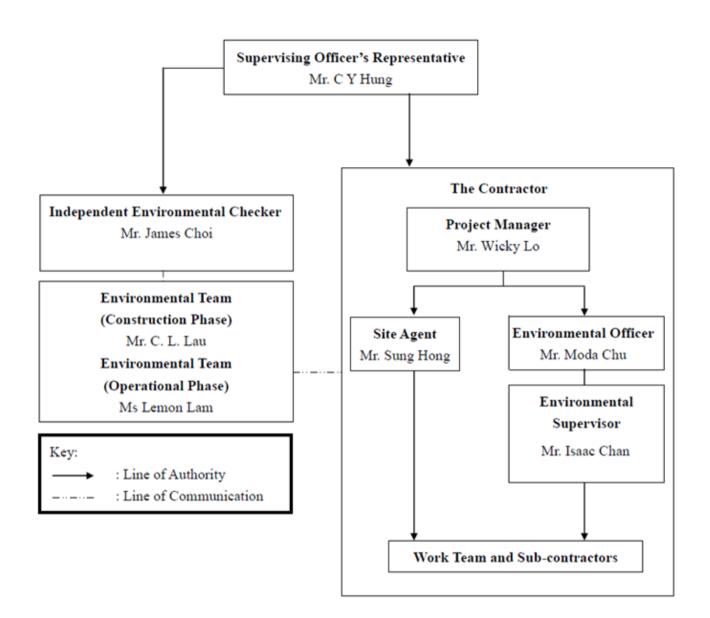




Appendix B

Project Organization Chart







Appendix C

Construction Programme

DATA DATE: 01-Mar-	-22	LAYOUT: SW	Project PHase 1 (6N	M01Mar22)							PAGE 1 OF 1
Activity ID	Activity Name	At Completion Start	Finish			·		2022			
		Duration		Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
SWSTW Phas	se 1 - 6 Month Rolling Programme (Mar 2022 to Aug 2022)	214 01-Mar-22	30-Sep-22			1 1 1	1	1	1	 	1
Existing Junc	tion Chamber	103 01-Mar-22	11-Jun-22				1			 	
JC1000	Bar Screen Installation	28 01-Mar-22	28-Mar-22			Bar Screen Instal	lation			 	
JC1010	Construction of Additional Slab	72 01-Apr-22	11-Jun-22				i	Construc	tion of Additional Sla	ab .	
Emergency A	ccess at P5	127 27-May-22	30-Sep-22				 			 	
EA1000	Construction of Boundary Footing	22 27-May-22	17-Jun-22			!		Cons	truction of Boundary	Footing	
EA1010	Backfill and Pavement Construction	17 18-Jun-22	04-Jul-22				1		Backfill and Pa	vement Construct	ion
EA1020	Landscape and Maintenance Works	88 05-Jul-22	30-Sep-22			1	1	i 1 1		1	<u> </u>

Actual Work

Remaining Work

Critical Remaining Work

Milestone



TASK filter: All Activities

CONTRACT NO. DC/2013/10 DESIGN, BUILD & OPERATE SAN WAI SEWAGE TREATMENT WORKS - PHASE 1 SIX (6) MONTH ROLLING PROGRAMME (01 Mar 2022) C&S WORKS

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
-Mar-22	Six (6) Month Rolling Programme		



Appendix D1

Calibration Certificates for Impact Air Quality Monitoring Equipment



Summary of Calibration Certificates for TSP Monitoring Equipment used in this reporting month

Equip No.	Model	Serial No.	Calib Date	Due Date
ET/EA/001/13	Sibata LD-5	4Y1613	17/06/2022	16/12/2022
ET/EA/001/14	Sibata LD-3B	597340	01/03/2022	31/08/2022
ET/EA/001/15	Sibata LD-3B	597227	13/01/2022	12/07/2022
ET/EA/003/12	Greasby GMW (GS2310)	9998	28/06/2022	27/08/2022
ET/EA/003/25	Greasby GMW (GS2310)	1934	28/06/2022	27/08/2022



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TEST REPORT

Internal Calibration Report of Dust Monitor

Manufacturer

: SIBATA (LD-5)

Date of Calibration:

17 June 2022

Serial No.

4Y1613 (ET/EA/001/13)

Calibration Due Date:

16 December 2022

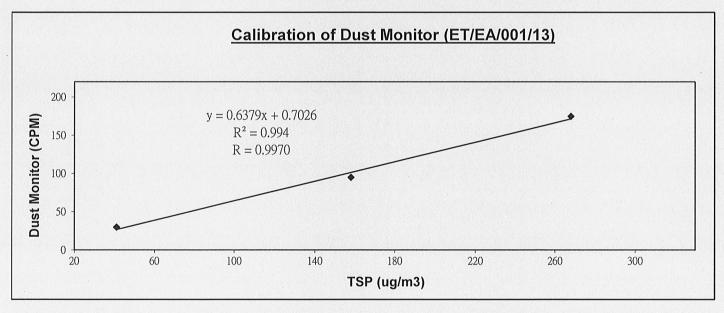
Method

: Parallel measurement (Three-point calibration) by placing the Dust Monitor and High Volume Air Samper together under the same environmental condition

Results

Dust Monitor (CPM)	30	95	175
TSP (ug/m³)	41	158	268

High Volume Air Sampler Serail No.: 1180 Calibration Due Date: 06 July 2022



Acceptance Criteria:

Correlation coefficient (r) of the calibration curve greater than 0.990 after a three-point

calibration

The Dust Trak Monitor complies * / does not comply * with the internal calibration procedures and is deemed acceptable */ unacceptable * for use.

Calibrated by:

CHAN, Ching Fung

(Technician)

Checked by:

LAU, Chi Leung

(Environmental Team Leader)



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Internal Calibration Report of **Dust Monitor**

Manufacturer : SIBATA (LD-3B)

Date of Calibration

01 Mar 2022

Serial No.

597340 (ET/EA/001/14)

Calibration Due Date:

31 Aug 2022

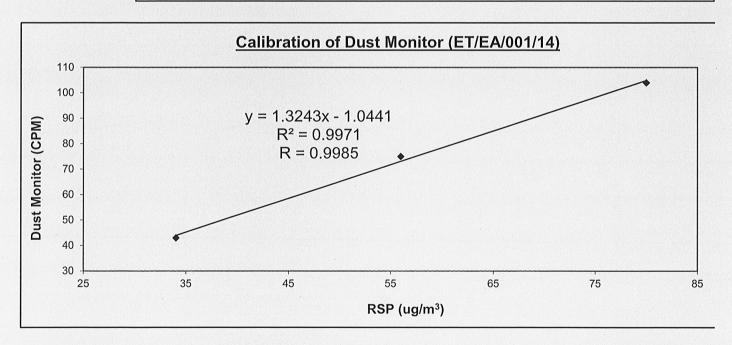
Method

: Parallel measurement (Three-point calibration) by placing the Dust Monitor

and High Volume Air Samper (RSP) together under the same environmental condition

Results

Dust Monitor (CPM)	43	75	104
RSP (ug/m ³)	34	56	80
High Volume Air Sampler, Serail	No · 1180 Calibr	ation Due Date: 10 Mar	2022



Acceptance Criteria:

Correlation coefficient (r) of the calibration curve greater than 0.990 after a three-point

calibration

The Dust Trak Monitor complies * / does not comply * with the internal calibration procedures and is deemed acceptable */ unacceptable * for use.

Calibrated by

Checked by:

LAU, Chi Leung

LI, Lok Yin (Technician)

(Environmental Team Leader)



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Internal Calibration Report of **Dust Monitor**

Manufacturer: SIBATA (LD-3B)

Date of Calibration

13 January 2022

Serial No.

597227 (ET/EA/001/15)

Calibration Due Date:

12 July 2022

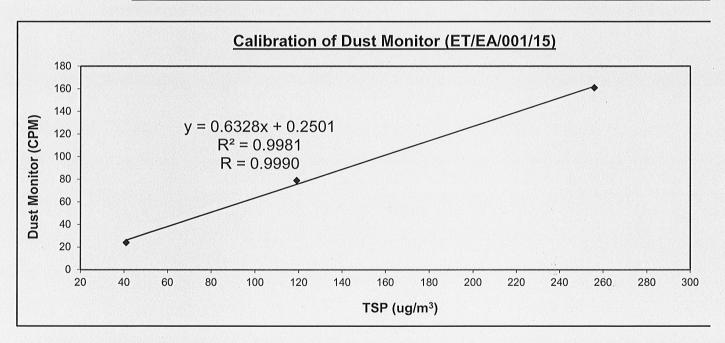
Method

: Parallel measurement (Three-point calibration) by placing the Dust Monitor

and High Volume Air Samper together under the same environmental condition

Results

Dust Monitor (CPM)	24	79	161
TSP (ug/m ³)	41	119	256
High Volume Air Sampler Serail No.: 1180	Calibration	Due Date: 03 Febr	ruary 2022



Acceptance Criteria:

Correlation coefficient (r) of the calibration curve greater than 0.990 after a three-point

calibration

The Dust Trak Monitor complies * / does not comply * with the internal calibration procedures and is deemed acceptable */ unacceptable * for use.

Calibrated by:

LI, Lok Yin

(Technician)

Checked by

LAU, Chi Leung

(Environmental Team Leader)



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TEST REPORT

Calibration Report **High Volume Air Sampler**

Manufacturer

Graseby (Model No. GS2310)

Date of Calibration

28 June 2022

Serial No.

9998 (ET/EA/003/12)

Calibration Due Date : 27 August 2022

Method

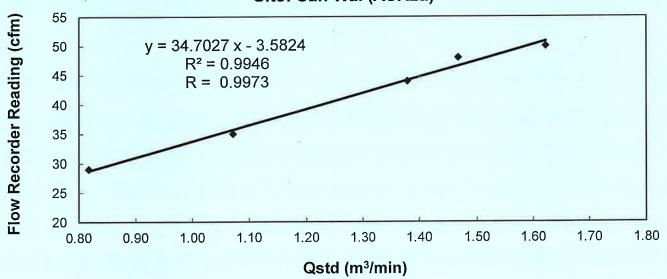
Five-point calibration by using standard calibration kit Tisch TE-5025A refer to the Operations

Manual

Results

Flow recorder reading (cfm)		52	49	42	33	27
Qstd (Actual t	flow rate, m ³ /min)	1.59	1.50	1.33	1.08	0.86
Pressure:	753.81 mm Hg	9	Temp.:	302	K	

Sampler 9998 Calibration Curve Site: San Wai (ASR2a)



Acceptance Criteria: Correlation coefficient (r) of the calibration curve greater than 0.990 after a 5-point calibration.

The high volume sampler complies* / does not comply* with the specified requirements and is deemed acceptable* / unacceptable* for use.

Calibrated by:

CHAN, Ching Fung (Technician)

Checked by

LAU, Chi Leung

(Environmental Team Leader)

- END OF REPORT -



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TEST REPORT

Calibration Report of High Volume Air Sampler

Manufacturer

Graseby (Model No. GS2310)

Date of Calibration

: 28 June 2022

Serial No.

1934 (ET/EA/003/25)

Calibration Due Date :

27 August 2022

Method

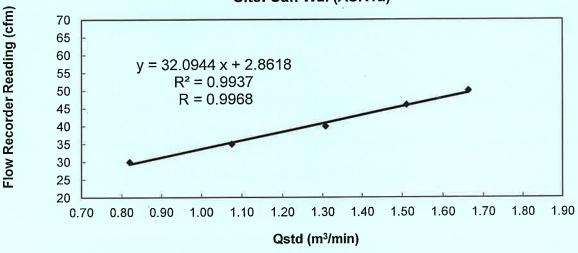
Five-point calibration by using standard calibration kit Tisch TE-5025A refer to the Operations

Manual

Results

Flow recorder reading ((cfm)		55	51	43	37		29
Qstd (Actual flow rate,	m ³ /min)		1.60	1.50	1.27	1.09	0	.79
Pressure:	753.81	mm	Hg	Temp. :		302	K	

Sampler 1934 Calibration Curve Site: San Wai (ASR1a)



Acceptance Criteria: Correlation coefficient (r) of the calibration curve greater than 0.990 after a 5-point calibration.

The high volume sampler complies* / does not comply* with the specified requirements and is deemed acceptable* / unacceptable* for use.

Calibrated by

CHAN, Ching Fung

(Technician)

Approved by

LAU, Chi Leung

(Environmental Team Leader)



Appendix D2

Impact Air Quality Monitoring Results



Summary of Impact 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Air Quality Monitoring Station : ASR1a

Data	\\/ a a 4 la a 11	Temperature	Monitorin	ng Period	1-hr TSP
Date	Weather	(°C)	Start	Finish	(µg/m³)
04/07/2022	Drizzle	28	09:00	10:00	64
04/07/2022	Drizzle	28	10:00	11:00	62
04/07/2022	Drizzle	28	11:00	12:00	66
08/07/2022	Fine	28	13:07	14:07	79
08/07/2022	Fine	28	14:07	15:07	85
08/07/2022	Fine	29	15:07	16:07	84
14/07/2022	Cloudy	32	14:10	15:10	69
14/07/2022	Cloudy	32	15:10	16:10	78
14/07/2022	Cloudy	32	16:10	17:10	63
20/07/2022	Cloudy	33	13:15	14:15	89
20/07/2022	Cloudy	33	14:15	15:15	79
20/07/2022	Cloudy	33	15:15	16:15	74
26/07/2022	Cloudy	29	13:00	14:00	84
26/07/2022	Cloudy	29	14:00	15:00	79
26/07/2022	Cloudy	28	15:00	16:00	73

Min 63 Max 89 Average 78



Air Quality Monitoring Station : ASR2b

Data	\M/a ath a r	Temperature	Monitorin	1-hr TSP	
Date	Weather	(°C)	Start	Finish	(µg/m³)
04/07/2022	Drizzle	28	08:50	09:50	57
04/07/2022	Drizzle	28	09:50	10:50	55
04/07/2022	Drizzle	28	10:50	11:50	55
08/07/2022	Fine	28	13:42	14:42	69
08/07/2022	Fine	28	14:42	15:42	74
08/07/2022	Fine	29	15:42	16:42	74
14/07/2022	Cloudy	32	14:25	15:25	46
14/07/2022	Cloudy	32	15:25	16:25	54
14/07/2022	Cloudy	32	16:25	17:25	49
20/07/2022	Cloudy	33	13:29	14:29	55
20/07/2022	Cloudy	33	14:29	15:29	63
20/07/2022	Cloudy	33	15:29	16:29	58
26/07/2022	Cloudy	29	13:18	14:18	55
26/07/2022	Cloudy	29	14:18	15:18	60
26/07/2022	Cloudy	28	15:18	16:18	49

Min 46 Max 74 Average 59



Summary of Impact 24-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Air Quality Monitoring Station: ASR1a

Sta	rt	Fini	ish	Elapse	e Time	Sampling	Flow Rate	(m³/min.)	Average	Filter Paper	Weight (g)	Conc.	Weather
Date	Time	Date	Time	Initial	Final	Time (hrs)	Initial	Final	(m³/min.)	Initial	Final	(µg/m³)	Condition
04/07/2022	09:30	05/07/2022	09:30	30653.64	30677.64	24	1.0948	1.0948	1.0948	2.4850	2.6206	86	Cloudy
08/07/2022	14:20	09/07/2022	14:20	30677.64	30701.64	24	1.0948	1.0948	1.0948	2.4298	2.5733	91	Cloudy
14/07/2022	14:50	15/07/2022	14:50	30701.64	30725.64	24	1.0948	1.0948	1.0948	2.4008	2.5506	95	Cloudy
20/07/2022	13:50	21/07/2022	13:50	30725.64	30749.64	24	1.0948	1.0948	1.0948	2.4477	2.5864	88	Cloudy
26/07/2022	13:45	27/07/2022	13:45	30749.64	30773.64	24	1.0948	1.0948	1.0948	2.4887	2.6290	89	Cloudy

 Min
 88

 Max
 95

 Average
 91

Air Quality Monitoring Station : ASR2b

Sta	rt	Fini	sh	Elapse	e Time	Sampling	Flow Rate	(m³/min.)	Average	Filter Paper	Weight (g)	Conc.	Weather
Date	Time	Date	Time	Initial	Final	Time (hrs)	Initial	Final	(m³/min.)	Initial	Final	(µg/m³)	Condition
04/07/2022	09:45	05/07/2022	09:45	27398.45	27422.45	24	1.1406	1.1406	1.1406	2.3987	2.5219	75	Cloudy
08/07/2022	14:00	09/07/2022	14:00	27422.45	27446.45	24	1.1406	1.1406	1.1406	2.4339	2.5702	83	Cloudy
14/07/2022	14:40	15/07/2022	14:40	27446.45	27470.45	24	1.1406	1.1406	1.1406	2.4569	2.5883	80	Cloudy
20/07/2022	13:40	21/07/2022	13:40	27470.45	27494.45	24	1.1406	1.1406	1.1406	2.4318	2.5533	74	Cloudy
26/07/2022	13:30	27/07/2022	13:30	27494.45	27518.45	24	1.1406	1.1406	1.1406	2.4227	2.5508	78	Cloudy

 Min
 74

 Max
 80

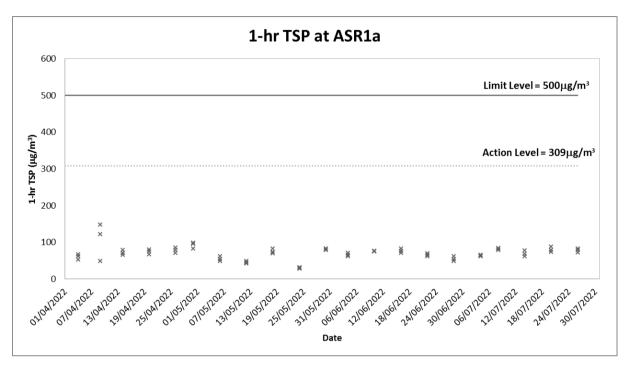
 Average
 77

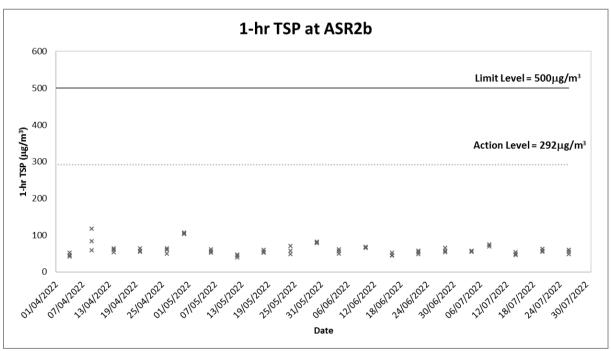


Appendix D3

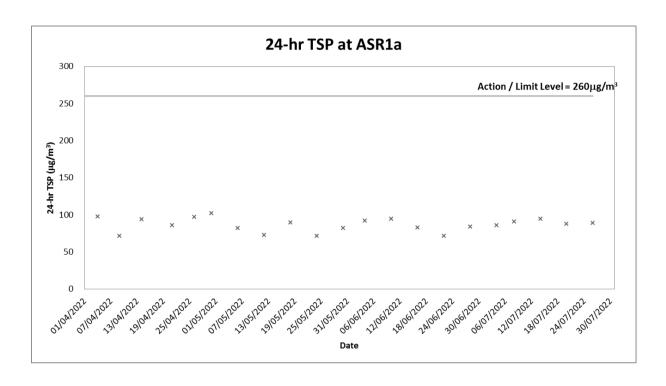
Graphical Plots of Impact Air Quality Monitoring Results

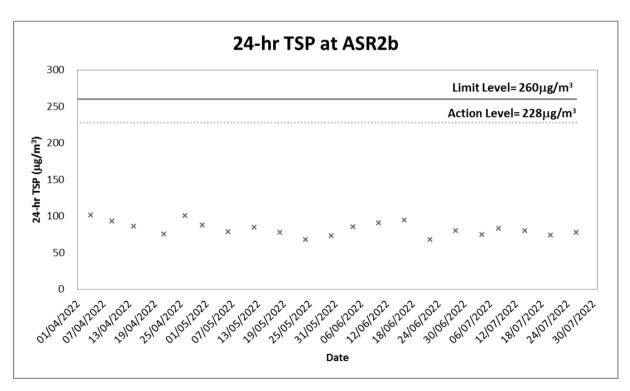














Appendix E1

Calibration Certificates for Impact Noise Monitoring Equipment



Summary of Calibration Certificates for Noise Monitoring Equipment used in this reporting month

Equipment	Equip No.	Serial No.	Calib. Date	Due Date
Acoustic Calibrator (Rion NC-73)	ET/EN/002/01	10196943	03/11/2021	02/11/2022
Sound Level Meter (Rion NL-31)	ET/EN/003/12	00773032	06/01/2022	05/01/2023
Sound Level Meter (Rion NL-52)	ET/EN/003/20	00998504	11/01/2022	10/01/2023



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 110280

Page 1 of 2 Pages

Customer: ETS-Testconsult Limited

Address: 8/F., Block B, Veristrong Industrial Centre, 34-36 Au Pui Wan St., Fotan, Hong Kong.

Order No.: Q14041

Date of receipt

19-Oct-21

Item Tested

Description: Sound Level Calibrator

Manufacturer: Rion : NC-73 Model

I.D.

: ET/EN/002/01

Serial No.

: 10196943

Test Conditions

Date of Test: 3-Nov-21 Supply Voltage : --

Ambient Temperature:

 $(23 \pm 3)^{\circ}C$

Relative Humidity: (50 ± 25) %

Test Specifications

Calibration check.

Ref. Document/Procedure: F21, Z02.

Test Results

All results were within the manufacturer's specification.

The results are shown in the attached page(s).

Main Test equipment used:

Equipment No.	<u>Description</u>	Cert. No.		<u>Traceable to</u>
S014	Spectrum Analyzer	106615		NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR
S240	Sound Level Calibrator	106446		NIM-PRC & SCL-HKSAR
S041	Universal Counter	101743		SCL-HKSAR
S206	Sound Level Meter	106447	ži.	SCL-HKSAR

The values given in this Calibration Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Hong Kong Calibration Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to International System of Units (SI), or by reference to a natural constant. The test results apply to the above Unit-Under-Test only

Calibrated by :

Elva Chong

Approved by :

Date:

3-Nov-21

This Certificate is issued by:

Hong Kong Calibration Ltd.

Unit 8B, 24/F., Well Fung Industrial Centre, No. 58-76, Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong.

Tel: 2425 8801 Fax: 2425 8646 The copyright of this certificate is owned by Hong Kong Calibration Ltd... It may not be reproduced except in full



Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. 110280

Page 2 of 2 Pages

Results:

1. Level Accuracy (at 1 kHz)

UUT Nominal Value	Measured Value	Mfr's Spec.
94.0 dB	93.9 dB	± 1 dB

Uncertainty: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$

2. Frequency Accuracy

UUT Nominal Value	Measured Value	Mfr's Spec.
1 kHz	0.982 kHz	± 2 %

Uncertainty: ± 0.1 %

3. Level Stability: 0.0 dB Uncertainty: ± 0.01 dB

4. Total Harmonic Distortion : < 0.3 %

Mfr's Spec. : < 3 %

Uncertainty: ± 2.3 % of reading

Remarks: 1. UUT: Unit-Under-Test

2. The uncertainty claimed is for a confidence probability of not less than 95%.

3. Atmospheric Pressure: 1 009 hPa

----- END -----



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Form Q/AS/C/01 Issue 1(1/7) [09/21]

Calibration Certificate

Certificate No.

: CSA20120

Information Provided by Customer

: ETS - TESTCONSULT LIMITED

Address

: 8/F., Block B, Veristrong Industrial Centre, 34 - 36 Au Pui Wan Street, Fotan, Shatin, Hong Kong

Information of Unit-under-test (UUT)

	Sound Level Meter	Microphone	Pre-amplifier
Manufacturer	RION	RION	RION
Туре	NL-31	UC-53A	NH-21
Equipment I.D. no.	ET/EN/003/12	÷	
Serial No.	00773032	01291	25043
Adaptors used	-	ŧ	-
Resolution	0.1 dB	-	•

Laboratory Information

Lab Ref No

: Q/CAL/22/0142/I

Procedure

: CQS/001/A

Date of Calibration

6-Jan-2022

Date of Receipt

· 5-Jan-2022

Date of Issue

11-Jan-2022

Calibration Location

: Calibration Laboratory

Calibration Condition

Ambient Temperature : (20±3) °C

Relative Humidity

: (50±20) %

Stabilizing Time

: 30 minutes

Reference equipment

- Multi-function sound calibrator, ET/2801/01
- Signal generator, ET/2503/01

Calibration specification

- To perform the calibration of linearity and frequenny response by multi-function sound calibrator.

Calibration result

- The results are detailed on the subsequent pages.

Remarks

- The calibration results apply to the particular unit-under-test only.
- The values given in this calibration certificate only to the values measureed at the time of test & any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, varifications with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement

Calibrated By:

Tommy TAM (Technician)

Approved By:

CHAN Chi Wai



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Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. : CSA20120

Page :

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Result

Reference Sound Pressure Level: (Unit in: dB)

· Ra	Range / Mode		Reference Level	REF Frequency (kHz)	UUT Reading	Deviation	Expanded Uncertatiny	Coverage Factor
	Self-cal	-	94.0		94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Range	40 to 130	104.0	1	104.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
A Maighting	Mode	Fast	114.0		114.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
A-Weighting	Self-cal	-	94.0	1	94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Range	40 to 130	104.0		104.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Mode	Slow	114.0		114.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Self-cal	-	94.0		94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Range	40 to 130	104.0	1	104.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
C Maiablina	Mode	Fast	114.0		114.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
C-Weighting	Self-cal	-	94.0		94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Range	40 to 130	104.0	1	104.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Mode	Slow	114.0		113.9	-0.1	0.13	2.0

Measurement for other range on reference sound pressure level: (Unit in: dB)

Rai	Range / Mode		Reference Level	REF Frequency (kHz)	UUT Reading	Deviation	Expanded Uncertatiny	Coverage Factor
A-Weighting	Range	20 to 100	94.0	1	94.1	0.1	0.13	2.0
A-vveighting	Mode	Fast				0.1	0.13	2.0
C-Weighting	Range	20 to 100	94.0	4	94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
G-vveighting	Mode	Fast	54.U	·	94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0

Remark:

- The uncertainty quoted is based on 95 % confidence level.
- UUT reading are mean of three measurements.
- Deviation = UUT Reading Reference Level



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Calibration Certificate

Certificate No.

CSA20120

Page

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Result

Acoustic Sensitivity and Frequency Response:

3 Frequency Response A-Weighting (Unit in: dB)

Range Mode		Applied Level	Frequency (Hz)	Reference Level	UUT Reading	Deviation	IEC 61672-1:2002 class 1 Specification
			31.5	54.6	54.7	0.1	-39.4 +/- 2.0
			63	67.8	67.9	0.1	-26.2 +/- 1.5
			125	77.9	78.0	0.1	-16.1 +/- 1.5
		250	85.4	85.5	0.1	-8.6 +/- 1.4	
			500	90.8	90.9	0.1	-3.2 +/- 1.4
40 to 130	Fast	94	1000 (Ref.)	94.0	94.0	0.0	0 +/- 1.1
			2000	95.1	95.0	-0.1	+1.2 +/- 1.6
			4000	94.9	94.1	-0.8	+1.0 +/- 1.6
			8000	92.9	90.4	-2.5	-1.1 (+2.1 ; - 3.1)
			12500	89.7	84.4	-5.3	-4.3 (+3.0 ; -6.0)
			16000	87.5	78.5	-9.0	-6.6 (+3.5 ; -17.0)

4 Frequency Response C-Weighting : (Unit in: dB)

Range	Mode	Applied Level	Frequency (Hz)	Reference Level	UUT Reading	Deviation	IEC 61672-1:2002 class 1 Specification
			31.5	91.0	90.9	-0.1	-3.0 +/- 2.0
			63	93.2	93.3	0.1	-0.8 +/- 1.5
			125	125 93.8 94.0		0.2	-0.2 +/- 1.5
		250	94.0	94.1	0.1	0.0 +/- 1.4	
		94	500	94.0	94.1	0.1	0.0 +/- 1.4
40 to 130	Fast		1000 (Ref.)	94.0	94.0	0.0	0 +/- 1.1
			2000	93.7	93.6	-0.1	-0.2 +/- 1.6
			4000	93.1	92.3	-0.8	-0.8 +/- 1.6
			8000	91.0	88.5	-2.5	-3.0 (+2.1 ; -3.1)
		12500	87.8	82.5	-5.3	-6.2 (+3.0 ; -6.0)	
		16000	85.6	76.7	-8.9	-8.5 (+3.5 ; -17.0)	

Remark:

- Manufacturer specification:

IEC 61672 class 1

- Signal level at 1000 Hz is set as indication of reference sound pressure level.
- The uncertainty quoted is based on 95 % confidence level with coverage factor k=2.0.
- UUT reading are mean of three measurements.
- Deviation = UUT Reading Reference Level
- Expended uncertainty of measurement:

	Range (Hz)	(dB)	Range (Hz)	(dB)
	31.5	0.20	2000	0.13
	63	0.13	4000	0.15
94 dB	125	0.15	8000	0.14
94 05	250	0.12	12500	0.14
	500	0.12	16000	0.14
	1000	0.13		



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Form Q/AS/C/01 Issue 1(1/7) [09/21]

Calibration Certificate

Certificate No.

: CSA20121

: 1 of

Information Provided by Customer

: ETS - TESTCONSULT LIMITED

Address

: 8/F., Block B, Veristrong Industrial Centre, 34 - 36 Au Pui Wan Street, Fotan, Shatin, Hong Kong

Information of Unit-under-test (UUT)

	Sound Level Meter	Microphone	Pre-amplifier
Manufacturer	RION	RION	RION
Туре	NL-52	UC-59	NH-25
Equipment I.D. no.	ET/EN/003/20	-	<u>-</u>
Serial No.	00998504	16103	98718
Adaptors used	-	-	-
Resolution	0.1 dB	-	-

Laboratory Information

Lab Ref No

Q/CAL/22/0143/I

Procedure

: CQS/001/A

Date of Calibration

6-Jan-2022

Date of Receipt

: 5-Jan-2022

Date of Issue

11-Jan-2022

Calibration Location

: Calibration Laboratory

Calibration Condition

Ambient Temperature : (20±3) °C

Relative Humidity

: (50±20) %

Stabilizing Time

: 30 minutes

Reference equipment

- Multi-function sound calibrator, ET/2801/01
- Signal generator, ET/2503/01

Calibration specification

- To perform the calibration of linearity and frequenny response by multi-function sound calibrator.

Calibration result

- The results are detailed on the subsequent pages.

Remarks

- The calibration results apply to the particular unit-under-test only.
- The values given in this calibration certificate only to the values measureed at the time of test & any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, varifications with environmental changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement

Calibrated By:

Tommy TAM (Technician)

Approved By:

CHAN Chi Wai



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Calibration Certificate

Certificate No. : CSA20121

Page: 2 of 3

Result

1 Reference Sound Pressure Level : (Unit in: dB)

Ra	Range / Mode		Reference Level	REF Frequency (kHz)	UUT Reading	Deviation	Expanded Uncertatiny	Coverage Factor
	Self-cal	-	94.0		94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Range	30 to 130	104.0	1	104.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
A 10/2 in latin m	Mode	Fast	114.0		114.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
A-Weighting	Self-cal	-	94.0		94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Range	30 to 130	104.0	1	104.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Mode	Slow	114.0		114.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Self-cal	-	94.0	1 .	94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Range	30 to 130	104.0		104.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
O Majadda a	Mode	Fast	114.0		114.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
C-Weighting	Self-cal	-	94.0		94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Range	30 to 130	104.0	1	104.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Mode	Slow	114.0		114.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Self-cal		94.0		94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Range	30 to 130	104.0	1	104.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
7 10/-1	Mode	Fast	114.0		114.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
Z-Weighting	Self-cal	-	94.0		94.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
	Range	30 to 130	104.0	1	104.0	0.0	0.13	2.0
-	Mode	Slow	114.0		114.0	0.0	0.13	2.0

2 Measurement for other range on reference sound pressure level: (Unit in: dB)

N/A.

Remark:

- The uncertainty quoted is based on 95 % confidence level.
- UUT reading are mean of three measurements.
- Deviation = UUT Reading Reference Level
- Octave filter is OFF during calibration.



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Fo Tan, Hong Kong



Calibration Certificate

Form Q/AS/C/01 Issue 1(3/7) [09/21]

Certificate No.

CSA20121

Page

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Result

Acoustic Sensitivity and Frequency Response:

3 Frequency Response A-Weighting (Unit in: dB)

Range	Mode	Applied Level	Frequency (Hz)	Reference Level	UUT Reading	Deviation	IEC 61672-1:2002 class 1 Specification	
			31.5	54.6	53.3	-1.3	-39.4 +/- 2.0	
			63	67.8	67.5	-0.3	-26.2 +/- 1.5	
			125	77.9	77.8	-0.1	-16.1 +/- 1.5	
		250	85.4	85.4	0.0	-8.6 +/- 1.4		
			500	90.8	90.8	0.0	-3.2 +/- 1.4	
30 to 130	Fast	94	1000 (Ref.)	94.0	94.0	0.0	0 +/- 1.1	
			2000	95.1	94.9	-0.2	+1.2 +/- 1.6	
			4000	94.9	93.9	-1.0	+1.0 +/- 1.6	
			8000	92.9	90.6	-2.3	-1.1 (+2.1 ; - 3.1)	
				12500	89.7	84.6	-5.1	-4.3 (+3.0 ; -6.0)
			16000	87.5	77.0	-10.5	-6.6 (+3.5 ; -17.0)	

Frequency Response C-Weighting: (Unit in: dB)

Range	Mode	Applied Level	Frequency (Hz)	Reference Level	UUT Reading	Deviation	IEC 61672-1:2002 class 1 Specification	
			31.5	91.0	89.6	-1.4	-3.0 +/- 2.0	
			63	93.2	92.8	-0.4	-0.8 +/- 1.5	
			125	93.8	93.8	0.0	-0.2 +/- 1.5	
		250	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0 +/- 1.4		
			500	94.0	94.0 94.1		0.0 +/- 1.4	
30 to 130	Fast	94	1000 (Ref.)	94.0	94.0	0.0	0 +/- 1.1	
			2000	93.7	93.6	-0.1	-0.2 +/- 1.6	
			4000	93.1	92.1	-1.0	-0.8 +/- 1.6	
			8000	91.0	88.7	-2.3	-3.0 (+2.1 ; -3.1)	
			12500	87.8	82.6	-5.2	-6.2 (+3.0 ; -6.0)	
			16000	85.6	75.2	-10.4	-8.5 (+3.5 ; -17.0)	

Frequency Response Z-Weighting : (Unit in: dB)

Range	Mode	Applied Level	Frequency (Hz)	Reference Level	UUT Reading	Deviation	IEC 61672-1:2002 class 1 Specification	
			31.5	94.0	92.5	-1.5	0.0 +/- 2.0	
			63	94.0	93.6	-0.4	0.0 +/- 1.5	
			125	94.0	93.9	-0.1	0.0 +/- 1.5	
			250	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0 +/- 1.4	
			500	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0 +/- 1.4	
30 to 130	Fast	94	1000 (Ref.)	94.0	94.0	0.0	0 +/- 1.1	
			2000	94.0	93.7	-0.3	0.0 +/- 1.6	
			4000	94.0	92.9	-1.1	0.0 +/- 1.6	
			8000	94.0	91.6	-2.4	0.0 (+2.1 ; -3.1)	
		12500	94.0	88.1	-5.9	0.0 (+3.0 ; -6.0)		
		16000	94.0	84.9	-9.1	0.0 (+3.5 ; -17.0)		

Remark:

- Manufacturer specification: IEC 61672 class 1

- Signal level at 1000 Hz is set as indication of reference sound pressure level.
- The uncertainty quoted is based on 95 % confidence level with coverage factor k=2.0.
- UUT reading are mean of three measurements.
- Deviation = UUT Reading Reference Level
- Expended uncertainty of measurement:

	Range (Hz)	(dB)	Range (Hz)	(dB)
	31.5	0.15	2000	0.13
	63	0.15	4000	0.13
	125	0.15	8000	0.14
94 dB	250	0.14	12500	0.14
T	500	0.12	16000	0.14
	1000	0.13		



Appendix E2

Impact Noise Monitoring Results



Day-time Noise Monitoring

Monitoring Station: NSR1a

Date	Weather		Start Time (hh:mm)		Noise	Level at N dB (A)	ISR1a,	Wind Speed
Date	Weather	(°C)		(hh:mm)	Leq (30min)	L10 (30min)	L90 (30min)	(m/s)
04/07/22	Drizzle	28	08:35	09:05	68.8	69.4	64.8	0.2
08/07/22	Fine	28	13:07	13:37	71.0	75.1	63.6	0.4
14/07/22	Cloudy	32	14:45	15:15	69.9	71.1	66.3	0.1
20/07/22	Cloudy	33	13:40	14:10	70.5	72.9	67.8	0.2
26/07/22	Cloudy	29	13:05	13:35	68.1	70.8	65.7	0.3
			Min		68.1	70.8	63.6	
	Max				71.0	75.1	67.8	
			Average	rithmic for normal kdays	69.8	72.3	65.9	

Monitoring Station: NSR2b

Temperature 5		Start Time	End Time	Noise	Wind			
weather	(℃)	(hh:mm) (hh:mm)		Leq (30min)	L10 (30min)	L90 (30min)	Speed (m/s)	
Drizzle	28	08:55	09:25	65.7	67.2	63.4	0.2	
Fine	28	13:42	14:12	68.8	70.1	62.1	0.5	
Cloudy	33	15:30	16:00	65.0	68.7	63.4	0.2	
Cloudy	33	14:30	15:00	67.1	69.3	65.4	0.2	
Cloudy	29	14:30	15:00	65.6	67.4	63.2	0.3	
	Fine Cloudy Cloudy	Weather (°C) Drizzle 28 Fine 28 Cloudy 33 Cloudy 33	Weather (°C) Start Time (hh:mm) Drizzle 28 08:55 Fine 28 13:42 Cloudy 33 15:30 Cloudy 33 14:30	Weather (°C) Start Time (hh:mm) End Time (hh:mm) Drizzle 28 08:55 09:25 Fine 28 13:42 14:12 Cloudy 33 15:30 16:00 Cloudy 33 14:30 15:00	Weather Temperature (°C) Start Time (hh:mm) End Time (hh:mm) Leq (30min) Drizzle 28 08:55 09:25 65.7 Fine 28 13:42 14:12 68.8 Cloudy 33 15:30 16:00 65.0 Cloudy 33 14:30 15:00 67.1	Weather Temperature (°C) Start Time (hh:mm) End Time (hh:mm) Leq (30min) L10 (30min) Drizzle 28 08:55 09:25 65.7 67.2 Fine 28 13:42 14:12 68.8 70.1 Cloudy 33 15:30 16:00 65.0 68.7 Cloudy 33 14:30 15:00 67.1 69.3	Weather (°C) (hh:mm) Led (30min) Led (30m	

(*): 3dB(A) correction was added to the results during the free-field noise measurements

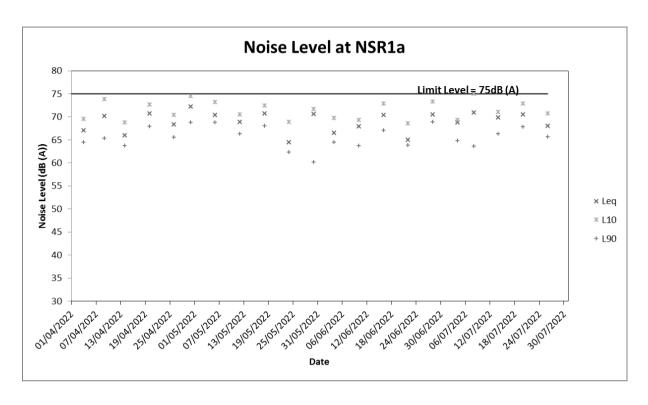
М	in	65.0	67.4	62.1
Ma	ax	8.86	70.1	65.4
Average	rithmic for normal kdays	66.7	68.7	63.6

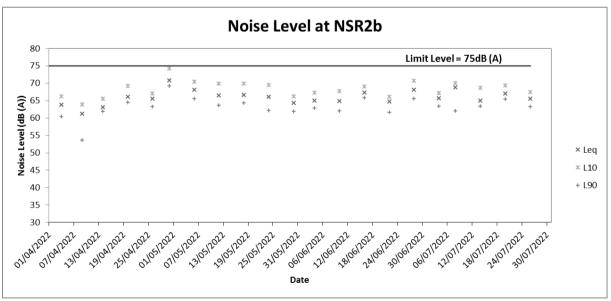


Appendix E3

Graphical Plots of Impact Noise Monitoring Data









Appendix F1

Calibration Certificates for Impact Water Quality Monitoring Equipments



Performance Check / Calibration of Multiparameter Water Quality Meter

Equipment Ref. No.: E7

ET/EW/008/010

Manufacturer

: YSI

Model No.

Pro DSS

Serial No.

18E105421

Date of Calibration:

2/4/2022

Calibration Due Date

1/7/2022

Results

1. Temperature

(Method Reference: Section 6 of internation Accreditation New Zealand Technical Guide no. 3 Second edition March 2008:

Working Thermometer Calibration Procedure)

Reading of Reference Thermometer (°C)	Displayed Reading (°C)	Tolerance (°C)
18.5	18.7	+0.2
25.0	25.3	+0.3
27.6	27.7	+0.1

Tolerance Limit (°C): ± 2.0

2. pH

(Method Reference: APHA 19ed 4500-H⁺ B)

Expected Reading (pH unit)	Displayed Reading (pH unit)	Tolerance (pH unit)
4.00		
6.86		
9.18		3

Tolerance Limit (pH unit): ± 0.10

3. Conductivity

(Method Reference: APHA 19ed 2510 B)

Expected Reading (µS/cm)	Displayed Reading (μS/cm)	Tolerance (%)
146.9	144.6	-1.6
1412	1388	-1.7
12890	12795	-0.7
58760	57673	-1.8

Tolerance Limit (μ S/cm): \pm 10.0%

4. Salinity

(Method Reference: APHA 19ed 2520 B)

Expected Reading (g/L)	Displayed Reading (g/L)	Tolerance (%)
10.0	9.80	-2.0
20.0	19.60	-2.0
30.0	28.90	-3.7

Tolerance Limit (g/L): ± 10.0%



Performance Check /	Calibration of Multiparameter	· Water Quality Meter
Equipment Ref. No. : ET/EW/008/010	Manufacturer	: YSI
Model No. : Pro DSS	Serial No.	: <u>18E105421</u>
Date of Calibration : 2/4/2022	Calibration Due	e Date : 1/7/2022
5. Dissolved Oxygen (Method Reference: APHA 19ed 4500-O (Expected Reading (mg/L) 1.56 4.67 6.01 Tolerance Limit (mg/L): ± 0.20	Displayed Reading (mg/L) 1.59 4.72 6.06	Tolerance (mg/L) +0.03 +0.05 +0.05
6. Turbidity (Method Reference: APHA 19ed 2130 B)	, a	
Expected Reading (NTU)	Displayed Reading (NTU)	Tolerance (%)
10	9.76	-2.4
40	38.59	-3.5
100	98.81 388.02	-1.2 -3.0
The equipment complies # / does not comp	ly [#] with the specified requirements and is deen	med acceptable # / unacceptable " for use.
# Delete as appropriate		
Calibrated by		



Appendix F2

Impact Water Quality Monitoring Results



Impact Water Quality Monitoring

Monitoring Station: R1b

Doto	Sampling	Weather	Sampling	T	urbidity (NTl	J)	Dissolved	d Oxygen (D	O) (mg/L)	Suspend	ded Solid (S	SS) (mg/L)
Date	Duration	Condition	Level	1	2	Ave.	1	2	Ave.	1	2	Ave.
05/07/22	12:10-12:20	Cloudy	Mid-Depth	8.7	7.8	8.3	2.66	2.68	2.67	<5	<5	<5
07/07/22	13:30-13:45	Rainly	Mid-Depth	11.0	12.6	11.8	2.65	2.69	2.67	<5	<5	<5
09/07/22	11:15-11:25	Cloudy	Mid-Depth	12.4	12.2	12.3	2.27	2.25	2.26	<5	<5	<5
12/07/22	12:50-13:00	Fine	Mid-Depth	7.7	6.6	7.2	2.64	2.68	2.66	<5	<5	<5
14/07/22	13:00-13:10	Cloudy	Mid-Depth	4.7	4.8	4.8	2.04	2.07	2.06	<5	<5	<5
16/07/22	12:00-12:10	Fine	Mid-Depth	9.9	9.6	9.8	2.68	2.64	2.66	<5	<5	<5
19/07/22	11:30-11:40	Fine	Mid-Depth	7.6	7.6	7.6	2.34	2.30	2.32	<5	5	<5
21/07/22	11:45-11:55	Fine	Mid-Depth	10.2	9.4	9.8	2.68	2.64	2.66	<5	<5	<5
23/07/22	14:15-14:25	Fine	Mid-Depth	5.5	5.6	5.6	2.07	2.09	2.08	<5	<5	<5
26/07/22	11:20-11:30	Fine	Mid-Depth	13.3	13.4	13.4	2.68	2.64	2.66	<5	<5	<5
28/07/22	12:15-12:25	Fine	Mid-Depth	11.9	11.1	11.5	2.68	2.64	2.66	<5	<5	<5
30/07/22	12:20-12:30	Fine	Mid-Depth	9.2	10.6	9.9	2.64	2.68	2.66	<5	<5	<5
				Min		4.7	M	in	2.04	М	in	<5
			Max 13.4 Max		Max 13.4		ax	2.69	Ma	ax	5	
				Ave	rage	9.3	Ave	rage	2.50	Ave	rage	<5

Remark(s):

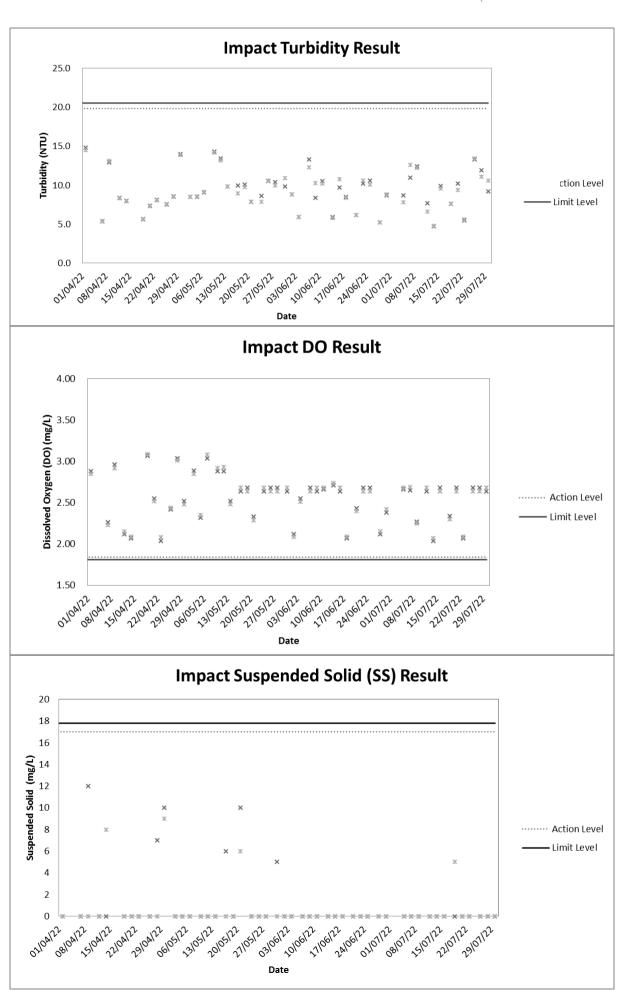
^{1. (#) 200}ml sample was used for Suspended Solids analysis. Practical Quantitation Limit of Suspended Solids reported less than 5 mg/L. The results reported as <5 would be counted as zero for average measurement.



Appendix F3

Graphical Plots of Impact Water Quality Monitoring Data







Appendix G

Weather Condition



Daily Extract of Meteorological Observations, July 2022

Day	Mean	Air Temperature		Mean Dew	Mean	Total	
	Pressure	Absolute	Mean	Absolute	Point (deg. C)	Relative	Rainfall
July	(hPa)	Daily	(deg. C)	Daily Min		Humidity	(mm)
		Max		(deg. C)		(%)	
		(deg. C)					
1	1000.7	29.7	27.2	25.4	24.5	85	63
2	999.1	28.4	26.9	25.6	24.9	89	72.4
3	1001.5	30.3	29	28.2	25.6	82	0
4	1002.2	29.4	28.8	27.9	25.6	83	0.4
5	1004.2	29.7	29	28.4	25.6	82	0.2
6	1005.7	30.3	28.8	28	25	81	0.5
7	1007.3	31.6	28.7	27.2	26.1	86	13.1
8	1007.4	33.8	30	27.7	25.8	79	Trace
9	1005.7	33.3	29.9	28.6	26.2	81	Trace
10	1006.5	34.2	30.5	28.6	26	77	Trace
11	1007.3	35.1	30.9	28.5	25.4	73	0
12	1006.9	35.2	31.1	28.6	25.2	72	0
13	1005.9	35.2	31	28.4	24.8	71	0
14	1005.6	33.1	30.4	28.5	25.2	75	0
15	1006.5	34.3	30.4	28.6	25.7	77	0.2
16	1006	33.3	30.5	28.8	26	77	1.5
17	1005.7	32.6	30.5	28.8	25.8	76	1.2
18	1004.9	32.7	30.4	28.5	26	78	2.7
19	1006.6	33.7	30.8	29.1	25.9	75	Trace
20	1009.8	34.2	30.8	29.2	26.1	76	0.6
21	1012	35.2	30.9	28.1	25.7	74	0.3
22	1010.8	35.6	31.2	28.2	25.2	72	0
23	1008.7	34.9	31.4	29.2	26.1	74	0
24	1007.1	36.1	32	29.5	26	72	0
25	1007.6	35.8	32	29.9	26.6	74	0
26	1007.7	35.2	31.2	29.1	25.1	71	0
27	1007.1	34.2	31	29	24.5	69	0
28	1006.2	35.3	31.2	28.8	25.7	73	0
29	1004.7	35.3	31.7	29.7	26.4	74	0
30	1004.3	31.2	29.5	26.5	25.9	81	2.4
31	1004.3	34	30.8	28.3	25.8	76	0
Mean/Total	1006	33.3	30.3	28.4	25.6	77	158.5

0.0Remark(s):

Trace means rainfall less than 0.05 mm § 1981-2010 Climatological Normal

The meteorological observations extracted from Hong Kong Observatory only shown the daily average and may be varied from the weather condition recorded during monitoring.



Appendix H

Waste Flow Table

San Wai Sewage Treatment Works Phase 1



Name of Department: DSD Year: 2022

Project: Design, Build and Operate San Wai Sewage Treatment Works - Phase 1 Contract No.: DC/2013/10

Waste Flow Table

		Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly							Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly			
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Broken Concrete (see Note ³)	Reused in the Contract (see Note)	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill (see Note ⁴)	Imported Fill (see Note ⁴)	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics (see Note ²)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse	
	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000 kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000 kg)	
Jan	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	33.170	
Feb	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Mar	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.220	
Apr	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
May	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Jun	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Jul	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Aug												
Sep												
Oct												
Nov												
Dec												
Total	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	40.390	

- Notes: (1) The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Site.
 - (2) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials.
 - (3) Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates.
 - (4) Assumption: The densities of subbase, Type A, Type B, Rockfill, Soil, Mix Rock and Soil, Reclaimed Asphalt Pave, Slurry are 2.0 ton/m³; the densities of Building debris and special fill materials are 2.1 ton/m³; the densities of Broken Concrete is 2.4 ton/m³.

Summary Table for Work Processes or Activities Requiring Timber for Temporary Works

Project: Design, Build and Operate San Wai Sewage Treatment Works – Phase 1 Contract No.: DC/2013/10

Item No.	Description of Works Process or Activity [see note (a) below]	Justifications for Using Timber in Temporary Construction Works	Est. Quantities of Timber Used (m ³)		Remarks
1	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
		Total Estimated Quantity of Timber Used	Nil		

Notes: (a) The Contractor shall list out all the work items requiring timber for use in temporary construction works. Several minor work items may be grouped into one for ease of updating.

⁽b) The summary table shall be submitted to the Supervising Officer's Representative monthly together with the Waste Flow Table for review and monitoring in accordance with the PS Clause 1.89(5) (c).



Appendix I

Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment Checklist



Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment Checklist for Site Audit

Inspection Date:15 July 2022Weather: Sunny/ Fine/ Cloudy / RainyTime:15:00 p.m.Wind: Strong/ Breeze/ Light/ Calm

Item	Description	YES	NO	N/A	Actions/ Remarks
1	Construction Phase				1
1.1	Is the detailed tree survey completed prior to construction work?	√ □			
1.2	Are trees to be transplanted removed to their final positions?			√ □	
1.3	Are the transplants and existing trees to be retained properly protected from damage by stout hoarding positioned as directed by a qualified Landscape Architect?			√ □	
1.4	Is regular inspection of the retained and transplanted trees made to ensure the effectiveness of the hoarding?			√ □	
1.5	Are the TPZ clearly demarcated on site and surrounded by strong fences sturdy enough to withstand impacts from the construction activities?			✓□	
1.6	Are warning signs and notices installed at the fences denoting the "tree protection zone" to prohibit the entry of equipment or construction activities?			√ □	
1.7	Are tree labels with clear indication of tree no. and status (e.g. "R", "T" or "F") provided for all the trees on site?			✓□	
1.8	If protective fencings are not practicable, are the tree root systems adequately protected from soil compaction due to passage of vehicles, equipment or machinery?			√ □	
1.9	Are vehicular/foot paths and storage areas designated away from TPZ?			✓□	
1.10	Are the trees properly irrigated and sprayed with water to remove the accumulated construction dust during dry season in order to lessen the chances of decline and to maintain the vigour of trees?			√ □	
1.11	Are the trees free from any sign of distress, such as dieback, leaf loss, or general decline in tree health or appearance or tree damage with symptoms of construction injury?			√ □	Раде



	1	Ī	1		1
1.12	Are the trees free from wire or nail				
	and prohibited to be used as anchor			\checkmark	
	for any site activities?				
1.13	Are cutting, trenching, excavating or				
	raising of soil level within the TPZ			\checkmark	
	prohibited?			• -	
1.14	Is improper pruning of the tree				
1.17	branches/roots prohibited?			\checkmark	
1 15					
1.15	Are the trees free from any tree root			\checkmark	
	damage?				
1.16	Are construction works or operation				
	of machines within the TPZ			\checkmark	
	prohibited?				
1.17	Is the TPZ free from pollution from				
	effluent water, machine petroleum			\checkmark	
	or chemical spillage?				
1.18	Is the excavated topsoil stored and				The site has
	protected on site for reuse for				previously been
	restoration of screen planting				reclaimed from
	works?				
	WOIKS?				ponds. Most of the
					excavated topsoil is
					not desirable for
					reuse due to its
				√ □	inferior quality.
				V	Contractor's
					submitted
					referencing
					documents are
					attached in the
					checklist dated 4
					May, 2018 for
					•
1.10					information.
1.19	Is the progress of the above	_			
	activities reported in the monthly	\checkmark			
	EM&A report?				
2	Operational Phase (12 months perio	d from	commissi	oning o	f the expanded and
	upgraded works)				
2.1	Is a planting reserve, where locates				
	around the site perimeter of				
	approximately 5m wide, provided to	√ □			
	allow a continuous belt of trees to be	• -			
	planted as a visual screen?				
2.2	Is the planting reserve				
2.2	complemented the boundary				
	· ·	\checkmark			
	planting to the existing San Wai STW?				
2.3	Is all new planting maintained for 12				Establishment
	months to ensure proper			\checkmark	period for the trees
	establishment?				not yet started
2.4	Are the trees free from sign of				
	deterioration of tree health and/or	√ □			
	structure?	∨ ⊔			
	Su ucture:				



2.5	Are the trees free from insect pests and disease pathogens?	√ □		
2.6	Are the irrigation systems functioning properly and well maintained?	√ □		
2.7	Are the tree root systems adequately protected from soil compaction due to storage of materials or operation of machinery?	√ □		



Summary/Remarks:

Follow up actions taken by Contractor for previous comments:

1. Keep on horticultural maintenance for the trees, shrubs and groundcovers.

The contractor was reminded to rectify the following:

- 1. Generally, contractor was reminded to keep on carrying out the outstanding planting works.
- 2. Weeding of planting area is required to keep.
- 3. Replacement of the dead plants are required.

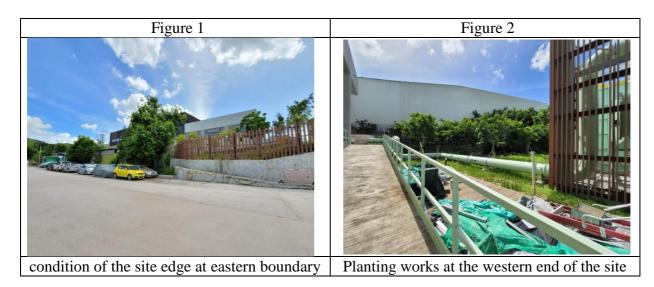
New Observation:

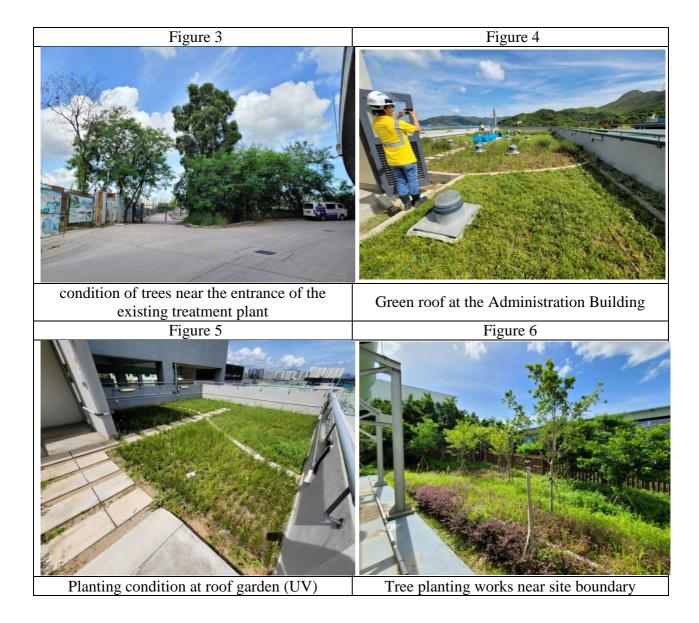
- 1. Planting works are about to be completed.
- 2. Weeding and other maintenance works are found to be carried out.

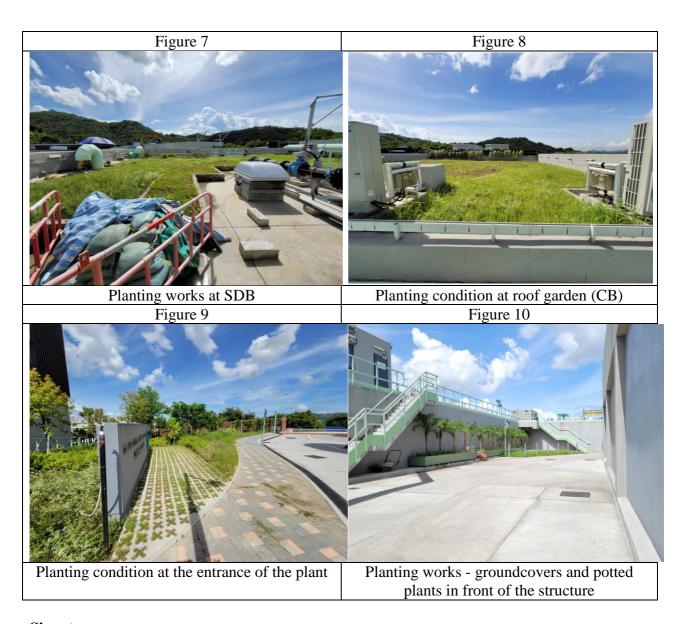
Reminders:

- 1. Contractor is required to carry out the remaining soft landscape works.
- 2. Contractor was reminded to carry out proper maintenance to plantings.

Photo Record:







Signature:

		Signature	Date
Inspected & Recorded by	Registered Landscape Architect	Xylem"	15 July 2022



Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment Checklist for Site Audit

Inspection Date: 29 July 2022 Weather: Sunny/ Fine/ Cloudy / Rainy
Time: 15:00 p.m. Wind: Strong/ Breeze/ Light/ Calm

Item	Description	YES	NO	N/A	Actions/ Remarks
1	Construction Phase		L		
1.1	Is the detailed tree survey completed prior to construction work?	√ □			
1.2	Are trees to be transplanted removed				
1.2	to their final positions?			√ □	
1.3	Are the transplants and existing trees to be retained properly protected from damage by stout hoarding positioned as directed by a qualified Landscape Architect?			√ □	
1.4	Is regular inspection of the retained and transplanted trees made to ensure the effectiveness of the hoarding?			✓□	
1.5	Are the TPZ clearly demarcated on site and surrounded by strong fences sturdy enough to withstand impacts from the construction activities?			✓□	
1.6	Are warning signs and notices installed at the fences denoting the "tree protection zone" to prohibit the entry of equipment or construction activities?			√ □	
1.7	Are tree labels with clear indication of tree no. and status (e.g. "R", "T" or "F") provided for all the trees on site?			✓□	
1.8	If protective fencings are not practicable, are the tree root systems adequately protected from soil compaction due to passage of vehicles, equipment or machinery?			√ □	
1.9	Are vehicular/foot paths and storage areas designated away from TPZ?			√ □	
1.10	Are the trees properly irrigated and sprayed with water to remove the accumulated construction dust during dry season in order to lessen the chances of decline and to maintain the vigour of trees?			√ □	
1.11	Are the trees free from any sign of distress, such as dieback, leaf loss, or general decline in tree health or appearance or tree damage with symptoms of construction injury?			✓□	Page



			T T		1
1.12	Are the trees free from wire or nail				
	and prohibited to be used as anchor			\checkmark	
	for any site activities?				
1.13	Are cutting, trenching, excavating or				
	raising of soil level within the TPZ			\checkmark	
	prohibited?			• -	
1.14	Is improper pruning of the tree				
1.17	branches/roots prohibited?			\checkmark	
1.15					
1.15	Are the trees free from any tree root			\checkmark	
1.1.6	damage?				
1.16	Are construction works or operation			_	
	of machines within the TPZ			\checkmark	
	prohibited?				
1.17	Is the TPZ free from pollution from				
	effluent water, machine petroleum			\checkmark	
	or chemical spillage?				
1.18	Is the excavated topsoil stored and				The site has
	protected on site for reuse for				previously been
	restoration of screen planting				reclaimed from
	works?				ponds. Most of the
	WOIKS:				excavated topsoil is
					not desirable for
					reuse due to its
				\checkmark	inferior quality.
					Contractor's
					submitted
					referencing
					documents are
					attached in the
					checklist dated 4
					May, 2018 for
					information.
1.19	Is the progress of the above				
1.17	activities reported in the monthly	√ □			
	EM&A report?	V 🗆			
2	Operational Phase (12 months perio	d from		ning	the evenended and
<u> </u>	upgraded works)	u mom	COMMISSIO	ning o	i the expanded and
2.1	Is a planting reserve, where locates				
	around the site perimeter of				
	approximately 5m wide, provided to	√ □			
	allow a continuous belt of trees to be	• 🗆			
	planted as a visual screen?				
2.2					
2.2	Is the planting reserve				
	complemented the boundary	\checkmark			
	planting to the existing San Wai STW?				
2.3	Is all new planting maintained for 12				Establishment is
	months to ensure proper	\checkmark			confirmed to be
	establishment?				ended in July, 2022
2.4	Are the trees free from sign of				, ,
	deterioration of tree health and/or	√ □			
	structure?	•]			
			1		1



2.5	Are the trees free from insect pests and disease pathogens?	√ □		
2.6	Are the irrigation systems functioning properly and well maintained?	√ □		
2.7	Are the tree root systems adequately protected from soil compaction due to storage of materials or operation of machinery?	√ □		



Summary/Remarks:

Follow up actions taken by Contractor for previous comments:

1. Planting works are considered to be practically completed.

The contractor was reminded to rectify the following:

- 1. Generally, Planting works are considered to be practically completed.
- 2. Replacement of the dead plants, if required.

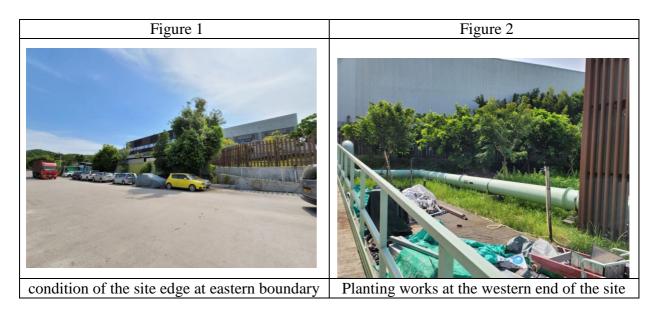
New Observation:

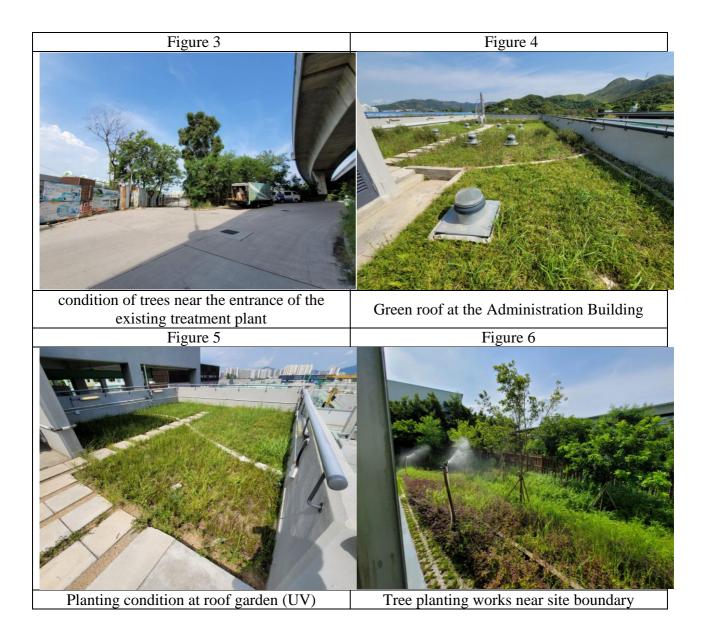
- 1. Planting works are considered to be practically completed.
- 2. Establishment period is confirmed to be ended by the end of July, 2022.

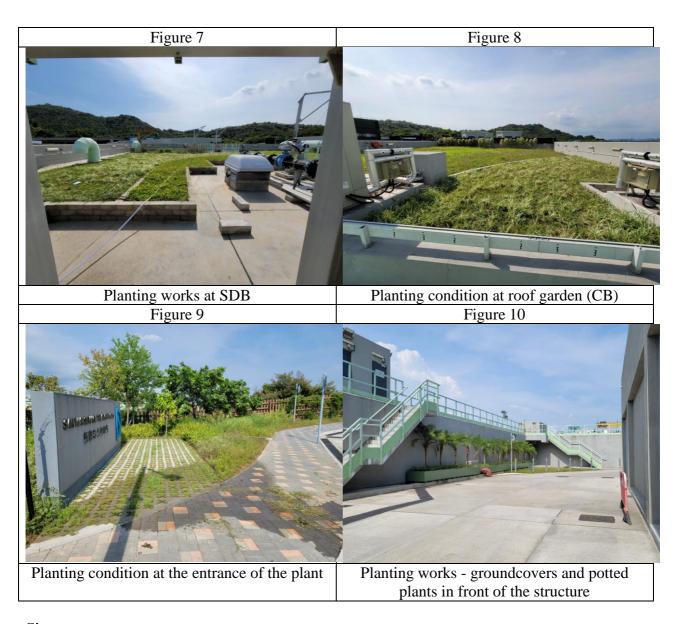
Reminders:

1. Contractor is required to carry out the plant replacement if they are found dead.

Photo Record:







Signature:

		Signature	Date
Inspected & Recorded by	Registered Landscape Architect	Xylem*	29 July 2022



Appendix J

Environmental Licenses and Permits



Item No.	Nature of Permit / License / Notification	Permit / License/ Notification No.	Date of Issue / Effective of Permit / License	Date of Expiry of Permit / License	Remark (Validity for reporting period only)
1	Environmental Permit	EP-464/2013	18/10/2013	NA	Valid
2	Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	7025330	07/07/2016	NA	Valid
3	Form NA notification (for APCO)	405489	26/07/2016	NA	Valid
4	Chemical Waste Producer Registration (for Site)	5218-511-A2823-01	23/01/2017	NA	Valid
5	Wastewater Discharge License (for WPCO)	WT00026754-2017	28/04/2017	NA	Valid
6	Disposal of Special waste at Landfills	16587	27/10/2021	NA	Valid
7	Hong Kong Sludge Treatment Facility Admission Ticket	R-TP-UZ-0102- V07-SAW-CEPT	31/12/2022	NA	Valid



Appendix K

Implementation Schedule for Environmental Mitigation Measures (EMIS)



				Implementa	tion Status	
	Environmental Mitigation Measures	Location	Implemented	Partially implemented	Not implemented	Not Applicable
	Air Quality					
•	The working area for the uprooting of trees, shrubs, or vegetation or for the removal of boulders, poles, pillars or temporary or permanent structures should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical immediately before, during and immediately after the operation so as to maintain the entire surface wet;	Site Area	V			
•	All demolished items (including trees, shrubs, vegetation, boulders, poles, pillars, structures, debris, rubbish and other items arising from site clearance) that may dislodge dust particles should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides within a day of demolition;	Site Area	V			
•	Vehicle washing facilities including a high pressure water jet should be provided at every discernible or designated vehicle exit point;	Site Entrance	$\sqrt{}$			
•	The area where vehicle washing takes place and the section of the road between the washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores;	Site Exit	V			
•	Where a site boundary adjoins a road, street, service and or other area accessible to the public, hoarding of not less than 2.4m from ground level should be provided along the entire length of that portion of the site boundary except for a site entrance or exit;	Site Area	V			
•	Every main haul road (i.e. any course inside a construction site having a vehicle passing rate of higher than 4 in any 30 minutes) should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials, hardcores or metal plates, and kept clear of dusty materials; or sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical so as to maintain the entire road surface wet;	Main Haul Road	V			
•	The portion of any road leading only to a construction site that is within 30m of a discernible or designated vehicle entrance or exit should be kept clear of dusty materials;	Site Entrance and Exit	√			
•	Immediately before leaving a construction site, every vehicle should be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels;	Site Exit	√			
•	Where a vehicle leaving a construction site is carrying a load of dusty materials, the load should be covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the vehicle;		V			
•	The working area of any excavation or earth moving operation should be sprayed with water or a dusty suppression chemical immediately before, during and immediately after the operation so as to maintain the entire surface wet;	Site Area	√			
•	Exposed earth shall be properly treated by compaction, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, shotcrete or other suitable	Site Area	$\sqrt{}$			



	surface stabilizer within 6 months after the last construction activity on the construction site or part of the construction site where the exposed earth lies;				
•	Any stockpile of dusty material should be either covered entirely by impervious sheeting; placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides; or sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical so as to maintain the entire surface wet.	Site Area	V		
	Noise				
•	Quiet plants should be used in order to reduce the noise impacts to protect the nearby NSRs.	Site Area	√		
•	Temporary and Movable Noise Barriers should be used in order to reduce the noise impact to the surrounding sensitive receivers	Site Area	V		
•	Intermittent noisy activities should be scheduled to minimize exposure of nearby NSRs to high levels of construction noise.	Site Area	V		
	Idle equipment should be turned off or throttled down.	Site Area	$\sqrt{}$		
•	Construction activities should be planned so that parallel operation of several sets of equipment close to a given receiver is avoided	Site Area	V		
	Construction plant should be properly maintained and operated.	Site Area	V		
	Water Quality				
•	Exposed stockpiles should be covered with tarpaulin or impervious sheets before a rainstorm occurs;	Site Area	√		
•	The exposed soil surfaces should also be properly protected to minimize dust emission;	Site Area	V		
•	The stockpiles of materials should be placed in the locations away from the drainage channel so as to avoid releasing materials into the channel;	Site Area	V		
•	Wheel washing facilities should be provided at site exits to ensure that earth, mud and debris would not be carried out of the works areas by vehicles;	Site Exit	V		
•	Provision of site drainage systems and treatment facilities would be required to minimize the water pollution;	Site Area	V		
•	A discharge license needs to be applied from EPD for discharging effluent from the construction site;	1	V		
•	The treated effluent quality is required to meet the requirements specified in the discharge license;	1	V		
•	Provision of chemical toilets is required to collect sewage from workforce. The chemical toilets should be cleaned on a regular basis;	Chemical Toilet	√		



A licensed waste collector should be employed to clean the chemical toilets and temporary storage tank on a regular basis; Illegal disposal of chemicals should be strictly prohibited; Registration as a chemical waste producer is required if chemical wastes are generated and need to be disposed of. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation should be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes; Disposal of chemical wastes should be carried out in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. The Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published under the Waste Disposal Ordinance should be used as a guideline for handing chemical wastes; The impact from accidental spillage of chemicals can be effectively controlled through good management practices. Waste Management Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal; To encourage collection of aluminium cans by individual collectors, separate bins should be provided to segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the workforce; Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be Site Area Site Area	
Registration as a chemical waste producer is required if chemical wastes are generated and need to be disposed of. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation should be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes; Disposal of chemical wastes should be carried out in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. The Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published under the Waste Disposal Ordinance should be used as a guideline for handing chemical wastes; The impact from accidental spillage of chemicals can be effectively controlled through good management practices. Waste Management Site Area Site Area Site Area To encourage collection of aluminium cans by individual collectors, separate bins should be provided to segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the workforce;	
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 Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal; To encourage collection of aluminium cans by individual collectors, separate bins should be provided to segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the workforce; 	
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should be provided to segregate this waste from other general refuse generated Site Area by the workforce; Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be	
Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be Site Area	
recycled;	
 Prior to disposal of C&D waste, it is recommended that wood, steel and other metals be separated for re-use and/or recycling and inert waste as fill material to minimize the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill; 	
 Proper storage and site practices to minimize the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; and Site Area 	
Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimize amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste. Site Area √	
Landscape and Visual	
Detailed tree survey should have been completed Site Area √	
Trees should be transplanted to their final positions clear of the construction site	
Erect site hoarding to protect adjacent vegetation from damage Site Area √	



•	Regular inspections of the transplanted trees should be made to ensure the effectiveness of the hoarding	Site Area	V		
•	Any topsoil excavated during the course of the works should be stored and protected on site for reuse for the restoration and screen planting works	Site Area		V	



Appendix L

Environmental Site Inspection Schedule



Contract No. DC/2013/10 Design, Build and Operate San Wai Sewage Treatment Works – Stage 1 Schedule for Environmental Monitoring and Site Inspection July 2022

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
					1	2 WQM
3	24hr-TSP 1hr-TSP x 3 NM	5 WQM	6	7 SI WQM	8 24hr-TSP 1hr-TSP x 3 NM	9 WQM
10	11	12 WQM	13	24hr-TSP 1hr-TSP x 3 NM WQM	15 SI	16 WQM
17	18	19 WQM	24hr-TSP 1hr-TSP x 3 NM	21 WQM	22 SI	23 WQM
24	25	24hr-TSP 1hr-TSP x 3 NM WQM	27	28 WQM	29 SI	30 WQM
31						



Appendix M

Inspection Checklist

it

東業徳動測試顧問有限公司 ETS-TESTCONSULT LIMITED

Envir	onmental Site In	spection Checklist – Sc	an Wai		<i>y</i>	,
Inspection Date:		o Jul 24>~ Inspected By:		:-	June	Lany
Time:	=	1000 14no	Weather Condition:		- FN	u
Partic	ipants:	Noclo Li f	farmen Chim	1		
	Permits/Licenses		3	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
1		ermit, license/ other permit di	enlayed at major site			
1.1	exit and vehicle acces		sprayed at major site	_		F
1.2	Are Construction Noi	se Permits available for inspe	ction?			
1.3	Is wastewater dischar	ge license available for inspec	ction?			
1.4	Are trip tickets for available for inspection	chemical waste and construction?	ction waste disposal			
1.5		/permits for disposal of co vailable for inspection?	nstruction waste or			A A
2	Air Quality			N/A	Yes No	Remarks
2.1	Is open burning avoid	led?				
2.2	Are speed controlled	at 10 km/h on unpaved site ar	reas?			7111
2.3	Are plant and equip from powered plant)?	ment well maintained (i.e. v	vithout black smoke			
2.4	Observed dust source	_				
		☐ Vehicle/ Equipme				
		Loading/ unloading	· ·			
			brives			
2.5		etted with water twice a day?	navary or narmanent			
2.6	structures, are the suppression chemical	ulders, poles, pillars or tempentire surface sprayed with immediately?	h water or a dust	-		
2.7	Is the area involved sheeting or placed in	demolished items covered en an area sheltered on the top a	ntirely by impervious and the 3 sides within			
	a day of demolition?		4 . 104			
2.8	Are wheel washing all site exits if practic	facilities with high pressure valle?	water jet provided at	<u></u>		
2.9	Are the areas of wa	shing facilities and the road d the exit point paved with				
2.10		m tall provided beside roads	s or area with public			
2.11	Are main haul roa hardcores or metal pl	d paved with concrete, bi lates, and kept clear of dusty suppression chemical?	ituminous materials, materials; or sprayed			
2.12	Are construction site	that is within 30m of a discontinuous that is within 30m of a discontinuous that the state of th				
2.13		plant cleaned before they le				
2.14		cks covered by impervious sl	heeting appropriately		Ø O	-



	before leaving the site?				
2.15	Are working areas of any excavation or earth moving operation sprayed with water or a dusty suppression chemical immediately?				
2.16	Is exposed earth properly treated by compaction, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, concrete or other suitable surface stabilizer within 6 months after the last construction activity?	Ø			
2.17	Are stockpile of dusty material covered entirely by impervious sheeting; placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides; or sprayed with water or dust suppression chemical?				
2.18	Are unpaved areas / designated roads watered regularly to avoid dust generation?		d		
2.19	Are dusty materials covered entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water?				
2.20	Is every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry pulverized fuel ash (PFA) covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and 3 sides?		, 🗆		
2.21	Are the approval or exempted NRMM labels painted or securely fixed on site machines or vehicles and displayed at a conspicuous position according to the Air Pollution Control (Non-road Mobile Machinery) (Emission) Regulation?		Ø		
3	Noise	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
3.1	Are idle plant/equipments turned off or throttled down?		$ \sqrt{} $	П	
3.2	Are silenced equipments or quiet plants utilized?				
3.3	Are the silencers or mufflers properly fitted on construction equipments and maintained regularly?				
3.4	Is temporary hoarding installed located on the site boundaries between noisy construction activities and NSRs?				
3.5	Are noise barriers (typically density @14kg/m²) acoustic mat or full enclosure close to noise plants including air compressor, generators and saw etc. provided to protect NSRs?				-
3.6	Do air compressors have valid noise labels?		Ø		
3.7	Are compressor operated with doors closed?				
3.8	QPME used with valid noise labels?		Z .		x
3.9	Are construction activities planned so that parallel operation of several sets of equipment close to a given receiver is avoided?		Ø,		1012 - 1013 - 1013
3.10	Major noise source(s): Construction activities inside of site Construction activities outside of site Others:		7		
4	Water Quality	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
	Construction Activities				
4.1	Before a rainstorm, are exposed stockpiles covered with tarpaulin or		\square		
	impervious sheets?				



4.3	Are site drainage systems and treatment facilities provided to minimize				
4.4	the water pollution? Is the treated effluent quality met the requirements specified in the				
	discharge license?				
4.5	Is the sewage generated from toilets collected using a temporary storage system?		П		
4.6	Are sewage effluent and discharges from on-site kitchen facilities directed to public foul sewers or collected in a temporary storage tank if connection to public foul sewers is not feasible?				
4.7	Is a licensed waste collector employed to clean the chemical toilets and temporary storage tank on a regular basis?				
4.8	Is the storm drainage directed to storm drains via adequately designed sand/ silt removal facilities e.g. sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins?		Ø		
4.9	Are measures taken to prevent the washout of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system?		Ø		-
4.10	Are manholes adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris from getting into the	8			
4.11	drainage system, and prevent storm run-off getting into foul sewers? Is a wheel washing bay provided at every site exit?		Ø		T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
4.12	Is the wheel wash overflow directed to silt removal facilities before				
4.13	being discharged to the storm drain? Is the section of construction road between the wheel washing bay and				
4.13	the public road surfaced with crushed stone or coarse gravel?				
	the paone road barrace with the paone road			-	
4.14	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease				
4.14	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat				
	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system?				
	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel		Yes	No	Remarks
4.15	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste	· 🗖			Remarks
4.15	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management	· 🗖	Yes		Remarks
4.15	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste	N/A			Remarks
4.15 5 5.1	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided?	· 🗖			Remarks
5 5.1 5.2	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical	N/A			Remarks
5 5.1 5.2 5.3	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating	N/A			Remarks
5 5.1 5.2 5.3	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation? Construction Waste Are the temporary stockpiles maintained regularly?	N/A			Remarks
5.1 5.2 5.3	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation? Construction Waste Are the temporary stockpiles maintained regularly? Are the C&D materials sorted and recycled on-site?	N/A			Remarks
5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation? Construction Waste Are the temporary stockpiles maintained regularly?	N/A			Remarks



9.1	Are the portable toilets maintained in a state, which will not deter the workers from utilizing these portable toilets?		\square	Ш	
9	Others	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
8.2	Are the defined boundaries of working areas identified to prevent loss of vegetation?				
8.1	Are potential stagnant pools cleared and mosquito breeding prevented?				
8	General Housekeeping	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
7.1	Number of Environmental Complaint received from dd/mm/yyyy to dd/mm/yyyy?	Ø			
7	Environmental Complaint	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
6.2	Is damage to surrounding areas avoided?				
6.1	Is the work site confined within site boundaries?				
6	Landscape and Visual Impacts	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
5.20	For the demolition material/ waste, is the number of loads for each day recorded as appropriate?				
5.19	Are the records of quantities of wastes generated, recycled and disposed properly kept?		7		
5.18	Is a licensed waste hauler used for waste collection?				
	Records			0.0	
5.17	Are chemicals and waste oil collected and stored for recycling or proper disposal?				
5.16	Is chemical waste or waste oil stored and labeled in English and Chinese properly in designated area?				
5.15	Are proper measures to control oil spillage during maintenance or to control other chemicals spillage? (e.g. provide drip trays) Chemical Waste / Waste Oil				
	the substance that are holding, resist to corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely closed?				
5.14	prevent rainfall entering? Are the containers used for the storage of chemical wastes suitable for				
5.12 5.13	Are the storage areas labeled and separated (if needed)? Do the storage areas have adequate ventilation and be covered to				
5.11	Are the fuel tanks and chemical storage areas provided with locks and sited on sealed areas?				
	Chemical / Fuel Storage Area			5	
5.10	Are surplus insert C&D materials only consist of earth, building debris and broken rock and concrete and free from marine mud, household refuse, plastic, metals, industrial and chemical waste, animal and vegetable matter, and other material considered unsuitable by the public filling supervisor?	◪			
	litter and dust nuisance?				
5.9	Are waste storage area properly cleaned and do not cause windblown				



	e
llow up actions for pervious Site A	kudit:
	NA
servations	
	NA
	I have deal on Duomagad (if any)
rrective Actions – Mitigation Mea	asures Implemented or Proposed (if any):
1 - 10-	
Signature:	Signature:
ET's representative	Contractor's representative
\bigwedge	
1 Dre	145
-01/0	
Name: June Lay	Name: Herry Ams
Date: 07 /07 / 2022	Date: 7/7/2022
, , ,	
Signature:	Signature:
ET Leader	SO's representative
,	
	1/4
4	
Name: C.L.Lan	Name: Will II
Date: 07/07/22	Date: 1/7/2022
	Date: 1/7/7/02

'n



Envir	onmental Site Insp	pection Checklist – San Wai		1	1
Inspec	ction Date:	15 Jul Dow Inspected By	94	Jun	e Can
Time:		9-45 Weather Con	dition:	Fo	ne
Partic	ipants:	Mick Li Hen	men () b	ung	
				<u> </u>	
1	Permits/Licenses		N/A	Yes No	Remarks
1.1	Are Environmental Per exit and vehicle access	mit, license/ other permit displayed at major	site 🗆		V T
1.2	Are Construction Noise	Permits available for inspection?			
1.3		e license available for inspection?			
1.4	Are trip tickets for chavailable for inspection	emical waste and construction waste dispositely?	osal 🗆	□ □ ⁄=	
1.5	Are relevant license/p excavated materials ava	ermits for disposal of construction waste ailable for inspection?	or 🔲		
2	Air Quality		N/A	Yes No	Remarks
2.1	Is open burning avoide	d?			
2.2	Are speed controlled at	10 km/h on unpaved site areas?			
2.3	Are plant and equipm from powered plant)?	ent well maintained (i.e. without black sm	oke 📙		
2.4	Observed dust source(s):			
		☐ Vehicle/ Equipment Movements			
		Loading/unloading of materials			
		Others: Not observed	П		
2.5		ed with water twice a day? ders, poles, pillars or temporary or permar	nent \square		
2.6		ntire surface sprayed with water or a	ione		
2.7	sheeting or placed in a	emolished items covered entirely by imperving area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides with the	ious 🗆 thin		
2.0	a day of demolition?	cilities with high pressure water jet provide	dat 🗍	αп	
2.8	all site exits if practical		u at	-	
2.9		ing facilities and the road section between the exit point paved with concrete, bitumin			
2.10	Are hoarding ≥ 2.4 m access?	tall provided beside roads or area with pu	blic		
2.11		paved with concrete, bituminous mater tes, and kept clear of dusty materials; or spra ppression chemical?			
2.12		hat is within 30m of a discernible or design t kept clear of dusty materials?	ated		
2.13		lant cleaned before they leave the construc	tion \square		
2.14		cs covered by impervious sheeting appropria	ntely \square		



	before leaving the site?				
2.15	Are working areas of any excavation or earth moving operation sprayed with water or a dusty suppression chemical immediately?		ď		
2.16	Is exposed earth properly treated by compaction, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, concrete or other suitable surface stabilizer within 6 months after the last construction activity?	ď			
2.17	Are stockpile of dusty material covered entirely by impervious sheeting; placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides; or sprayed with water or dust suppression chemical?				
2.18	Are unpaved areas / designated roads watered regularly to avoid dust generation?		ď		- V. Hereit
2.19	Are dusty materials covered entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water?	Ø			372
2.20	Is every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry pulverized fuel ash (PFA) covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and 3 sides?		, D	^	
2.21	Are the approval or exempted NRMM labels painted or securely fixed on site machines or vehicles and displayed at a conspicuous position according to the Air Pollution Control (Non-road Mobile Machinery) (Emission) Regulation?				
3	Noise	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
3.1	Are idle plant/equipments turned off or throttled down?		$ \sqrt{} $	П	
3.2	Are silenced equipments or quiet plants utilized?			\Box	
3.3	Are the silencers or mufflers properly fitted on construction equipments and maintained regularly?				
3.4	Is temporary hoarding installed located on the site boundaries between noisy construction activities and NSRs?				
3.5	Are noise barriers (typically density @14kg/m²) acoustic mat or full enclosure close to noise plants including air compressor, generators and saw etc. provided to protect NSRs?		d		
3.6	Do air compressors have valid noise labels?		Ø		7
3.7	Are compressor operated with doors closed?				
3.8	QPME used with valid noise labels?		Ø,		
3.9	Are construction activities planned so that parallel operation of several sets of equipment close to a given receiver is avoided?				
3.10	Major noise source(s): Construction activities inside of site Construction activities outside of site Others:	ŭ	ė.		
4	Water Quality	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
4	Water Quality <u>Construction Activities</u>	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
4 .1	•	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks



			_/	
4.3	Are site drainage systems and treatment facilities provided to minimize the water pollution?			
4.4	Is the treated effluent quality met the requirements specified in the discharge license?			
4.5	Is the sewage generated from toilets collected using a temporary storage system?			
4.6	Are sewage effluent and discharges from on-site kitchen facilities directed to public foul sewers or collected in a temporary storage tank if connection to public foul sewers is not feasible?			
4.7	Is a licensed waste collector employed to clean the chemical toilets and temporary storage tank on a regular basis?			
4.8	Is the storm drainage directed to storm drains via adequately designed sand/ silt removal facilities e.g. sand traps, silt traps and sediment			
4.9	basins? Are measures taken to prevent the washout of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system?			
4.10	Are manholes adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris from getting into the			
4.11 4.12	drainage system, and prevent storm run-off getting into foul sewers? Is a wheel washing bay provided at every site exit? Is the wheel wash overflow directed to silt removal facilities before			
	being discharged to the storm drain?		и п —	
4.13	Is the section of construction road between the wheel washing bay and the public road surfaced with crushed stone or coarse gravel?			
4.14	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system?	2		
4.15	Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works?		·	
5	Waste / Chemical Management	N/A	Yes No R	emarks
	General Waste	~		
5.1	Are sufficient waste disposal points provided?			
5.2	Is waste disposed regularly?	Ш		
5.3	4 3 11		\square	
	Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes?			
5.4	Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation?			
5.4	compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating			
5.4	compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation?			
	compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation? Construction Waste Are the temporary stockpiles maintained regularly? Are the C&D materials sorted and recycled on-site?			
5.5	compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation? Construction Waste Are the temporary stockpiles maintained regularly?			



		_	_/_	
5.9	Are waste storage area properly cleaned and do not cause windblown litter and dust nuisance?			
5.10	Are surplus insert C&D materials only consist of earth, building debris and broken rock and concrete and free from marine mud, household refuse, plastic, metals, industrial and chemical waste, animal and vegetable matter, and other material considered unsuitable by the public filling supervisor?	<u> </u>		,
	Chemical / Fuel Storage Area		-	
5.11	Are the fuel tanks and chemical storage areas provided with locks and sited on sealed areas?			
5.12	Are the storage areas labeled and separated (if needed)?			
5.13	Do the storage areas have adequate ventilation and be covered to prevent rainfall entering?			
5.14	Are the containers used for the storage of chemical wastes suitable for the substance that are holding, resist to corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely closed?			
5.15	Are proper measures to control oil spillage during maintenance or to control other chemicals spillage? (e.g. provide drip trays)		Ø 0 ⁻	
5.16	Chemical Waste / Waste Oil Is chemical waste or waste oil stored and labeled in English and			
5.10	Chinese properly in designated area?			
5.17	Are chemicals and waste oil collected and stored for recycling or proper disposal?			
	Records			
5.18	Is a licensed waste hauler used for waste collection?			
5.19	Are the records of quantities of wastes generated, recycled and disposed properly kept?		D 0	
5.20	For the demolition material/ waste, is the number of loads for each day recorded as appropriate?		Ø □ ¯	
6	Landscape and Visual Impacts	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
6.1	Is the work site confined within site boundaries?			
6.2	Is damage to surrounding areas avoided?			1.02
7	Environmental Complaint	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
7.1	Number of Environmental Complaint received from dd/mm/yyyy to dd/mm/yyyy?			
8	General Housekeeping	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
8.1	Are potential stagnant pools cleared and mosquito breeding prevented?		0	
8.2	Are the defined boundaries of working areas identified to prevent loss of vegetation?			
9	Others	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
9.1	Are the portable toilets maintained in a state, which will not deter the workers from utilizing these portable toilets?	□		



Follow up actions for pervious Sit	e Audit:	
	NA	
Observations		
	NB	
The Anti-un Militarian N	Jacques Implemented or Pr	onosed (if any):
Corrective Actions – Mitigation N	deasures implemented of 110	oposeu (ii any).
2		
Signature:	Signatur	
ET's representative	Contrac	tor's representative

Name:

ET Leader

Signature:

SO's representative

Name: C.L. Lan

Date: 1 t/07/22

Name: Nick I

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Envi	ronmental Site In	spection Checklist – So	an Wai			
Inspe	ction Date:	22 Jul 2002	Inspected By:		June	Lau
Time:		10 >00	Weather Condition	n:	Fo	he
Partic	cipants:	Kha	10 15 , He	rmen	Chenny	
	19	7.4.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1	Permits/Licenses			N/A	Yes No	Remarks
1.1	Are Environmental Perit and vehicle acce	ermit, license/ other permit disss?	splayed at major site			5
1.2	Are Construction No	ise Permits available for inspec	ction?			
1.3	Is wastewater dischar	rge license available for inspec	tion?			
1.4	Are trip tickets for available for inspecti	chemical waste and construction?	tion waste disposal			
1.5		e/permits for disposal of convailable for inspection?	astruction waste or			
2	Air Quality	4		N/A	Yes No	Remarks
2.1	Is open burning avoi	ded?				
2.2	•	at 10 km/h on unpaved site are				
2.3	Are plant and equip from powered plant)	ment well maintained (i.e. w ?	rithout black smoke			
2.4	Observed dust source	e(s):				
		☐ Vehicle/ Equipmer				
		Loading/ unloading	g of materials			
		Others:				
2.5		etted with water twice a day?	orani or normanant			
2.6		oulders, poles, pillars or temp entire surface sprayed with I immediately?				
2.7	sheeting or placed in	demolished items covered ent an area sheltered on the top ar				
2.0	a day of demolition?		votes ist provided at	П	В П	
2.8	all site exits if practic	facilities with high pressure v cable?	valer jet provided at	_		
2.9		shing facilities and the road and the exit point paved with cos?		Ц		
2.10	Are hoarding ≥ 2.4 access?	m tall provided beside roads	or area with public			
2.11	Are main haul roa hardcores or metal p	nd paved with concrete, bit lates, and kept clear of dusty r suppression chemical?				
2.12	Are construction site	that is within 30m of a disce xit kept clear of dusty material				
2.13	Are all vehicles and site?	plant cleaned before they lea	ave the construction			
2.14		icks covered by impervious sh	eeting appropriately			



	before leaving the site?				
2.15	Are working areas of any excavation or earth moving operation sprayed with water or a dusty suppression chemical immediately?		Ø		
2.16	Is exposed earth properly treated by compaction, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, concrete or other suitable surface stabilizer within 6 months after the last construction activity?	d			
2.17	Are stockpile of dusty material covered entirely by impervious sheeting; placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides; or sprayed with water or dust suppression chemical?	Ø			
2.18	Are unpaved areas / designated roads watered regularly to avoid dust generation?				
2.19	Are dusty materials covered entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water?				10 41 - 12
2.20	Is every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry pulverized fuel ash (PFA) covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and 3 sides?				,
2.21	Are the approval or exempted NRMM labels painted or securely fixed on site machines or vehicles and displayed at a conspicuous position according to the Air Pollution Control (Non-road Mobile Machinery) (Emission) Regulation?		Ø		
3	Noise	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
3.1	Are idle plant/equipments turned off or throttled down?	П	\square	П	
3.2	Are silenced equipments or quiet plants utilized?				
3.3	Are the silencers or mufflers properly fitted on construction equipments and maintained regularly?				
3.4	Is temporary hoarding installed located on the site boundaries between noisy construction activities and NSRs?				
3.5	Are noise barriers (typically density @14kg/m²) acoustic mat or full enclosure close to noise plants including air compressor, generators and saw etc. provided to protect NSRs?				
3.6	Do air compressors have valid noise labels?		Ø		
3.7	Are compressor operated with doors closed?				
3.8	QPME used with valid noise labels?		Ø,		
3.9	Are construction activities planned so that parallel operation of several sets of equipment close to a given receiver is avoided?				
3.10	Major noise source(s): Construction activities inside of site Construction activities outside of site Others:		::		k In
4	Water Quality	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
	Construction Activities				
4.1	Before a rainstorm, are exposed stockpiles covered with tarpaulin or impervious sheets?		Ø		3
4.2	Are stockpiles of materials placed in the locations away from the drainage channel?				***



4.3	Are site drainage systems and treatment facilities provided to minimize the water pollution?				
4.4	Is the treated effluent quality met the requirements specified in the discharge license?		Ø		0.
4.5	Is the sewage generated from toilets collected using a temporary storage system?				
4.6	Are sewage effluent and discharges from on-site kitchen facilities directed to public foul sewers or collected in a temporary storage tank if connection to public foul sewers is not feasible?				ш
4.7	Is a licensed waste collector employed to clean the chemical toilets and temporary storage tank on a regular basis?				
4.8	Is the storm drainage directed to storm drains via adequately designed sand/ silt removal facilities e.g. sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins?				
4.9	Are measures taken to prevent the washout of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system?				
4.10	Are manholes adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris from getting into the				
4.11 4.12	drainage system, and prevent storm run-off getting into foul sewers? Is a wheel washing bay provided at every site exit? Is the wheel wash overflow directed to silt removal facilities before				
4.13	being discharged to the storm drain? Is the section of construction road between the wheel washing bay and the public road surfaced with crushed stone or coarse gravel?				-
4.14	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease traps prior to discharge to the storm water system?				
4.15	Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works?				
5					
	Waste / Chemical Management	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
	Waste / Chemical Management General Waste	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
5.1		N/A.	Yes	No	Remarks
5.1 5.2	General Waste	N/A	Yes	No □ □	Remarks
	General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
5.2	General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
5.2 5.3	General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating	N/A		No	Remarks
5.2 5.3	General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation?	N/A		No	Remarks
5.25.35.4	General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation? Construction Waste	N/A		No	Remarks
5.25.35.45.5	General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation? Construction Waste Are the temporary stockpiles maintained regularly?	N/A		No	Remarks



	· ·		/	
5.9	Are waste storage area properly cleaned and do not cause windblown litter and dust nuisance?			
5.10	Are surplus insert C&D materials only consist of earth, building debris and broken rock and concrete and free from marine mud, household refuse, plastic, metals, industrial and chemical waste, animal and vegetable matter, and other material considered unsuitable by the public filling supervisor?	, <u>(</u>		
	Chemical / Fuel Storage Area			
5.11	Are the fuel tanks and chemical storage areas provided with locks and sited on sealed areas?			
5.12	Are the storage areas labeled and separated (if needed)?			
5.13	Do the storage areas have adequate ventilation and be covered to prevent rainfall entering?			
5.14	Are the containers used for the storage of chemical wastes suitable for the substance that are holding, resist to corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely closed?			
5.15	Are proper measures to control oil spillage during maintenance or to control other chemicals spillage? (e.g. provide drip trays)			
	Chemical Waste / Waste Oil		-	
5.16	Is chemical waste or waste oil stored and labeled in English and Chinese properly in designated area?			
5.17	Are chemicals and waste oil collected and stored for recycling or proper disposal?			
	Records		-	
5.18	Is a licensed waste hauler used for waste collection?			
5.19	Are the records of quantities of wastes generated, recycled and disposed properly kept?		D 0_	
5.20	For the demolition material/ waste, is the number of loads for each day recorded as appropriate?			
6	Landscape and Visual Impacts	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
6.1	Is the work site confined within site boundaries?			
6.2	Is damage to surrounding areas avoided?		Ø 0 _	
7	Environmental Complaint	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
7.1	Number of Environmental Complaint received from dd/mm/yyyy to dd/mm/yyyy?			
8	General Housekeeping	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
8.1	Are potential stagnant pools cleared and mosquito breeding prevented?		d 0	
8.2	Are the defined boundaries of working areas identified to prevent loss of vegetation?			
9	Others	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
9.1	Are the portable toilets maintained in a state, which will not deter the workers from utilizing these portable toilets?		Ø 0 _	



Follow up actions for pervious Site	Audit:
Observations	NA
	NA
Corrective Actions - Mitigation Me	easures Implemented or Proposed (if any):
Corrective remains and residence and residen	
Signature:	Signature:
ET's representative	Contractor's representative
Name: Inu Len	Name: Herms Chem
Date: 22/07/22	Date: 21/07/2022
G:	Cianaturas
Signature:	Signature:
ET Leader	SO's representative
Name: C.L. Lan	Name: Nick LI
Date: 22/07/22	Date: 21/07/2022

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Envir	onmental Site Inspection Checklist – San Wai			
Inspec	ction Date: 29 Jul You Inspected By:	5.	111	u / 24
Time:	/4.60 Weather Condition	n:		nu
Partic	ipants: Nock Li, Hermon Che	<u>~</u>		
1	Permits/Licenses	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
1.1	Are Environmental Permit, license/ other permit displayed at major site exit and vehicle access?			10
1.2	Are Construction Noise Permits available for inspection?			
1.3	Is wastewater discharge license available for inspection?			
1.4	Are trip tickets for chemical waste and construction waste disposal available for inspection?			
1.5	Are relevant license/permits for disposal of construction waste or excavated materials available for inspection?			
2	Air Quality	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
2.1	Is open burning avoided?			
2.2	Are speed controlled at 10 km/h on unpaved site areas?			
2.3	Are plant and equipment well maintained (i.e. without black smoke from powered plant)?	15	2 0 -	
2.4	Observed dust source(s): Wind erosion Vehicle/ Equipment Movements Loading/ unloading of materials			
	Others: Not observed			
2.5	Are the work sites wetted with water twice a day?			
2.6	After removal of boulders, poles, pillars or temporary or permanent structures, are the entire surface sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical immediately?			
2.7	Is the area involved demolished items covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides within a day of demolition?			
2.8	Are wheel washing facilities with high pressure water jet provided at all site exits if practicable?			
2.9	Are the areas of washing facilities and the road section between the washing facilities and the exit point paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores?			
2.10	Are hoarding ≥ 2.4 m tall provided beside roads or area with public access?			
2.11	Are main haul road paved with concrete, bituminous materials, hardcores or metal plates, and kept clear of dusty materials; or sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical?			
2.12	Are construction site that is within 30m of a discernible or designated vehicle entrance or exit kept clear of dusty materials?			
2.13	Are all vehicles and plant cleaned before they leave the construction site?			
2.14	Are loaded dump trucks covered by impervious sheeting appropriately			



0.15	before leaving the site?		\rightarrow	r .	
2.15	Are working areas of any excavation or earth moving operation sprayed with water or a dusty suppression chemical immediately?			Ц	
2.16	Is exposed earth properly treated by compaction, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, concrete or other suitable surface stabilizer within 6 months after the last construction activity?	d			
2.17	Are stockpile of dusty material covered entirely by impervious sheeting; placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides; or sprayed with water or dust suppression chemical?				
2.18	Are unpaved areas / designated roads watered regularly to avoid dust generation?				
2.19	Are dusty materials covered entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water?				100000
2.20	Is every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry pulverized fuel ash (PFA) covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and 3 sides?		. П		
2.21	Are the approval or exempted NRMM labels painted or securely fixed on site machines or vehicles and displayed at a conspicuous position according to the Air Pollution Control (Non-road Mobile Machinery) (Emission) Regulation?		Ø	֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֓	
3	Noise	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
3.1	Are idle plant/equipments turned off or throttled down?	П	\square		
3.2	Are silenced equipments or quiet plants utilized?	H	7		
3.3	Are the silencers or mufflers properly fitted on construction equipments and maintained regularly?				
3.4	Is temporary hoarding installed located on the site boundaries between noisy construction activities and NSRs?				
3.5	Are noise barriers (typically density @14kg/m²) acoustic mat or full enclosure close to noise plants including air compressor, generators and saw etc. provided to protect NSRs?				
3.6	Do air compressors have valid noise labels?		Ø		5.
3.7	Are compressor operated with doors closed?				
3.8	QPME used with valid noise labels?		Ø .		
3.9	Are construction activities planned so that parallel operation of several sets of equipment close to a given receiver is avoided?				
3.10	Major noise source(s):			-	
	☐ Construction activities inside of site ☐ Construction activities outside of site ☐ Others:		54		
4	Water Quality	N/A	Yes	No	Remarks
	Construction Activities				
4.1	Before a rainstorm, are exposed stockpiles covered with tarpaulin or impervious sheets?		Ø		
4.2	Are stockpiles of materials placed in the locations away from the drainage channel?				4



4.3	Are site drainage systems and treatment facilities provided to minimize the water pollution?				
4.4	Is the treated effluent quality met the requirements specified in the discharge license?		Ø		
4.5	Is the sewage generated from toilets collected using a temporary storage system?	Ø			
4.6	Are sewage effluent and discharges from on-site kitchen facilities directed to public foul sewers or collected in a temporary storage tank if connection to public foul sewers is not feasible?				. 4
4.7	Is a licensed waste collector employed to clean the chemical toilets and temporary storage tank on a regular basis?				
4.8	Is the storm drainage directed to storm drains via adequately designed sand/ silt removal facilities e.g. sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins?				
4.9	Are measures taken to prevent the washout of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system?				
4.10	Are manholes adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris from getting into the				×
4.11 4.12	drainage system, and prevent storm run-off getting into foul sewers? Is a wheel washing bay provided at every site exit? Is the wheel wash overflow directed to silt removal facilities before				
4.13	being discharged to the storm drain? Is the section of construction road between the wheel washing bay and the public road surfaced with crushed stone or coarse gravel?				1
4.14	Does the surface runoff from bunded areas pass through oil/grease			П	
4.14					
4.14	traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works?				
	traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel	_	Yes	No	Remarks
4.15	traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works?		Yes	No	Remarks
4.15	traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management		Yes	No D	Remarks
4.15	traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste		Yes	No	Remarks
4.15 5 5.1	traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical		Yes	No	Remarks
4.15 5 5.1 5.2	traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or		Yes	No O	Remarks
5.1 5.2 5.3	traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating			No	Remarks
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5 5.1 5.2 5.3	traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation? Construction Waste Are the temporary stockpiles maintained regularly? Are the C&D materials sorted and recycled on-site?			No □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	Remarks
5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	traps prior to discharge to the storm water system? Are sedimentation tanks or package treatment systems provided to treat the large amount of sediment-laden wastewater generated from wheel washing, site runoff and construction works? Waste / Chemical Management General Waste Are sufficient waste disposal points provided? Is waste disposed regularly? Is the general waste generated on-site stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from the construction and chemical wastes? Are separated labeled containers/ areas provided for facilitating recycling and waste segregation? Construction Waste Are the temporary stockpiles maintained regularly?			No O	Remarks



			,	
5.9	Are waste storage area properly cleaned and do not cause windblown litter and dust nuisance?		0 0	
5.10	Are surplus insert C&D materials only consist of earth, building debris and broken rock and concrete and free from marine mud, household refuse, plastic, metals, industrial and chemical waste, animal and vegetable matter, and other material considered unsuitable by the public filling supervisor?			
	Chemical / Fuel Storage Area		-	7
5.11	Are the fuel tanks and chemical storage areas provided with locks and sited on sealed areas?			
5.12	Are the storage areas labeled and separated (if needed)?			
5.13	Do the storage areas have adequate ventilation and be covered to prevent rainfall entering?			
5.14	Are the containers used for the storage of chemical wastes suitable for the substance that are holding, resist to corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely closed?			
5.15	Are proper measures to control oil spillage during maintenance or to control other chemicals spillage? (e.g. provide drip trays)		Ø 0 ⁻	
	Chemical Waste / Waste Oil			
5.16	Is chemical waste or waste oil stored and labeled in English and Chinese properly in designated area?			
5.17	Are chemicals and waste oil collected and stored for recycling or proper disposal?		Z 0 _	
	Records			
5.18	Is a licensed waste hauler used for waste collection?			
5.19	Are the records of quantities of wastes generated, recycled and disposed properly kept?		b 0_	
5.20	For the demolition material/ waste, is the number of loads for each day recorded as appropriate?		□ □ □ -	
6	Landscape and Visual Impacts	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
6.1	Is the work site confined within site boundaries?			
6.2	Is damage to surrounding areas avoided?			
7	Environmental Complaint	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
7.1	Number of Environmental Complaint received from dd/mm/yyyy to dd/mm/yyyy?			
8	General Housekeeping	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
8.1	Are potential stagnant pools cleared and mosquito breeding prevented?			
8.2	Are the defined boundaries of working areas identified to prevent loss of vegetation?			
9	Others	N/A	Yes No	Remarks
9.1	Are the portable toilets maintained in a state, which will not deter the workers from utilizing these portable toilets?			



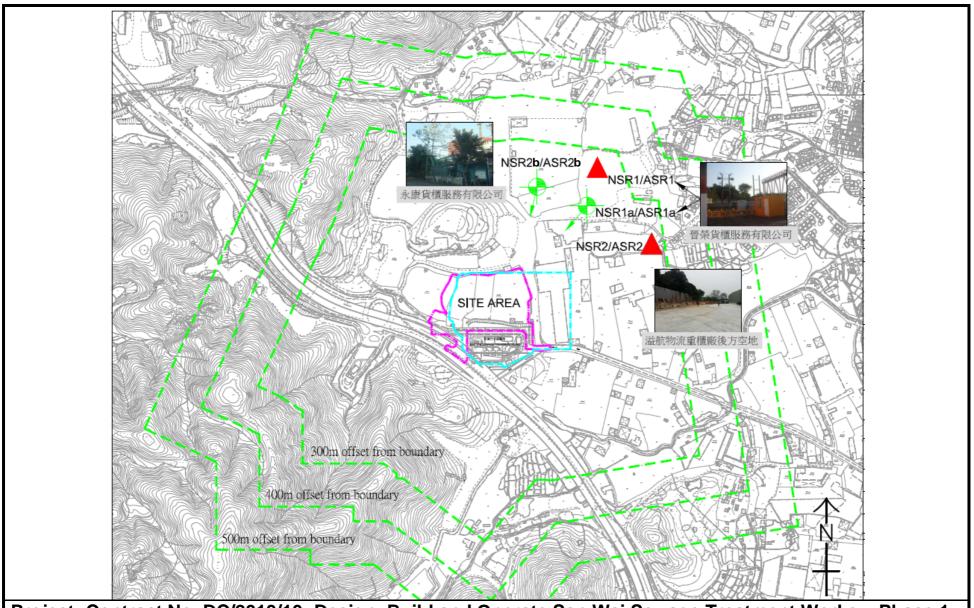
Follow up action	ons for pervious Site Audit:	
Observations	MB	e e
	and the second of the second o	
=		
Corrective Act	ions – Mitigation Measures Impleme	ented or Proposed (if any):
3.		
	34	
Signature		Signature:
	e: resentative	Signature: Contractor's representative
ET's repi	resentative	Contractor's representative
ET's repr	Jue Lan	Name: Horn Closy
ET's repr	resentative	Contractor's representative
ET's repr	Jue Lan	Name: Horn Closy
ET's repr	Jue Len 2917 (2022	Name: Horn Closy
Name: 2	Jue Len 2917/2022	Name: Horn Clony Date: 28/7/2022
Name: Signature ET Leade	Jue Len 2917/2022	Name: Horn Clary Date: 28/7/2002 Signature:



Figure 1

Locations of Air Quality and Noise Monitoring Stations



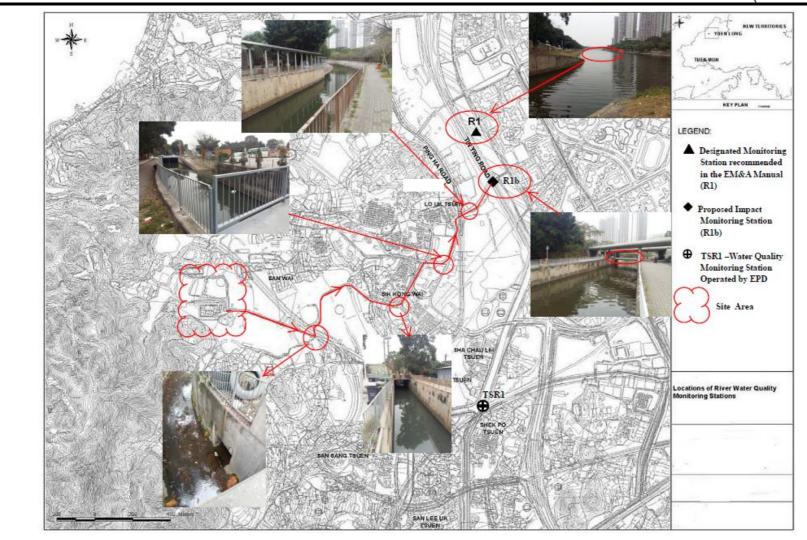


Project: Contract No. DC/2013/10 -Design, Build and Operate San Wai Sewage Treatment Works – Phase 1 Figure 1 Locations of Air Quality and Noise Monitoring Stations



Figure 2 Locations of Water Quality Monitoring Station





Project: Contract No. DC/2013/10 - Design, Build and Operate San Wai Sewage Treatment Works – Phase 1 Figure 2 Locations of Water Quality Monitoring Station