

# **Improvement Dredging for Lamma Power Station Navigation Channel**

Environmental Permit No. EP-535/2017

## EP Condition 2.8

### **Construction and Operation Works Schedule and Location Plans**

March 2023  
(Revised)

### 1. Background and Purpose of this Document

A 'Construction and Operation Works Schedule and Location Plans' was submitted in accordance with EP Condition 2.8 in August 2019. Upon completion of the dredging, it was identified that there remains some residual channel bed roughness left by the dredging works, which necessitates minor re-profiling works to be carried out. Hence the construction schedule needs to be extended to cover the re-profiling works.

This document provides the updated construction schedule, works location plan and proposed equipment for carrying out the re-profiling works.

### 2. Updated Construction Schedule

**Annex A** shows the updated construction schedule with the proposed re-profiling works planned to commence within Q1 2023 and expected to be completed within 6 months. The Project Proponent will notify EPD prior to the actual commencement date for re-profiling works, and will also notify EPD on completion.

### 3. Updated Location Plan

**Annex B** shows the updated location plan for the areas requiring re-profiling (areas in red cover the residual high spots above -16.35 mCD (-16.5 mPD) which need to be re-profiled to meet this target level and areas in pink are required to be re-profiled to meet the design side slope profiles)

### 3. Proposed Equipment

The proposed re-profiling works will deploy a specialised seabed leveller, which will be slowly dragged along the channel bed to level it out. Specifications of the equipment to be deployed are shown in **Annex C**.

Key attributes of the proposed re-profiling works and the specialised seabed leveller include:

- The equipment primarily comprises a blade in contact with the seabed, which is pulled along the high spots by a tug boat.
- The seabed leveller method will rely only on the weight of the blade and no water suction or discharge will be deployed.
- Levelling will focus on the high spot areas and disturbance to the seabed not having high spot will be kept to the minimum if not nil.
- Only one seabed leveller will be used.
- No dredging and thus no disposal of marine sediment is required.
- Travel speed of the seabed leveller will not exceed 10 knots within the Project site boundary.

### 4. Maximum Allowable Levelling Rate

According to published literature<sup>1</sup>, the sediment suspension factor (S) associated with a seabed leveller is 6 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. Using the same approach as adopted in the approved EIA report for calculating the maximum permissible suspended solid release rate during dredging using TSHD (as its nature of disturbance to seabed and potential suspended solids release, which is confined to near the seabed level, is similar for seabed leveller), the calculated maximum allowable levelling rate using a seabed leveller is presented in **Table 1**.

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<sup>1</sup> Joh.G.S. Pennekamp, R.J.C. Epskamp, W.F.Rosenbrand, A. Mullié, G.L.Wessel, T. Arts, and I.K. Deibel (1996) Turbidity Caused by Dredging; Viewed in Perspective, published in Terra et Aqua, Number 64, September 1996

Table 1: Calculated maximum allowable levelling rate for seabed leveller

| Levelling Zone*     | Dry Season |        |         |        | Wet Season |        |        |        |
|---------------------|------------|--------|---------|--------|------------|--------|--------|--------|
|                     | 1          | 2      | 3       | 4      | 1          | 2      | 3      | 4      |
| m <sup>3</sup> /s   | 0.61       | 1.06   | 1.33    | 0.49   | 1.02       | 0.61   | 0.50   | 0.17   |
| m <sup>3</sup> /hr  | 2,190      | 3,822  | 4,776   | 1,758  | 3,684      | 2,190  | 1,806  | 618    |
| m <sup>3</sup> /day | 52,560     | 91,728 | 114,624 | 42,192 | 88,416     | 52,560 | 43,344 | 14,832 |

Note: compliance with the maximum allowable levelling rate shall base on the values in m<sup>3</sup>/hr.

\*Refer to the Updated EM&A Manual Figure 2.1 for the zone boundaries.

## 5. Water Quality Compliance Monitoring

For monitoring the compliance of the seabed leveller during construction phase with respect to compliance with the maximum allowable levelling rate in m<sup>3</sup>/hr for each zone and season as shown in **Table 1**, a system of real-time volume calculation of seabed material disturbed is proposed by the contractor, which primarily involves setting up an algorithm to record and process the following data:

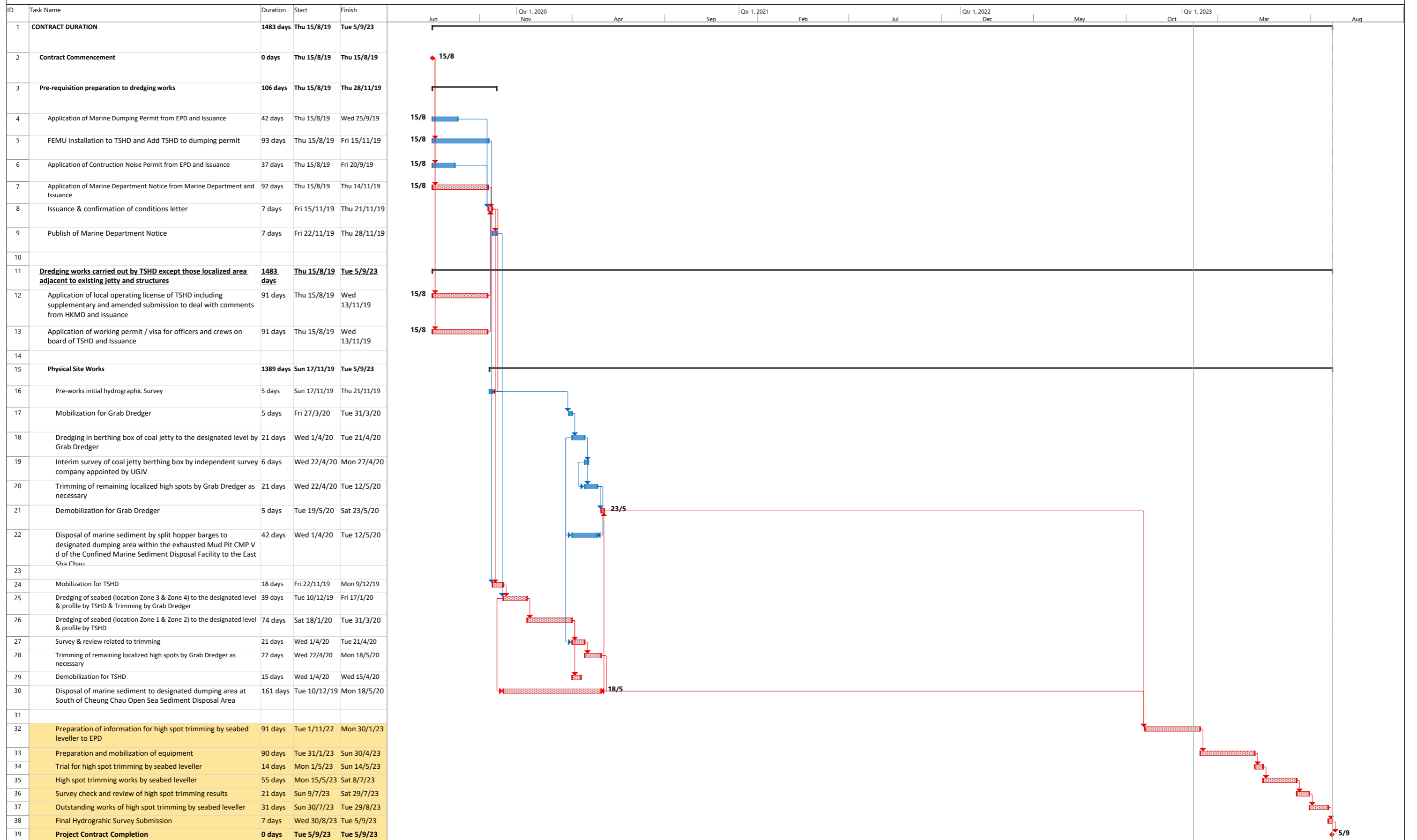
- Time (*time variable*)
- The dimensions of the blade in contact with the seabed (*pre-fixed variable*)
- Depth ( $Z_0$ ) to seabed before levelling
- Depth ( $Z_{max}$ ) of the blade below the waterline (*fixed/adjustable variable*)
- Tide and vessel draft (*pre-determined/pre-programmed variable*)
- GPS (X,Y) track of the seabed leveller (*real-time record*)

Collection of the above data enables mapping of X, Y and  $Z_{max}$  which represents a 3-dimensional 'cutting' volume made by the seabed leveller. The bathymetry before levelling (i.e. the XYZ<sub>0</sub>) is pre-determined before construction via bathymetry survey. The depth difference  $\Delta Z (= Z_0 - Z_{max})$  at that XY position then represents the maximum thickness of seabed material which has been 'cut' (i.e. levelled) at that particular position during the levelling operation. From the sum of XY $\Delta Z$  data (counting only 'cutting' data whereby  $Z_0 < Z_{max}$ ), the total volume of seabed material which has been cut in the area of operations at a particular period in time can be calculated.

An initial period for setting up and calibrating the calculated volume of seabed material disturbed against actual surveyed volumes (pre- and post-seabed levelling within a fixed area) would be carried out by the contractor to ensure the reliability of the real-time volume calculations. Thereafter, the contractor will use the real-time system calculations to provide regular self-checking of the compliance with the maximum allowable levelling rate, and submit the results to the Environmental Team (ET) Leader and Independent Environmental Checker (IEC) for checking.

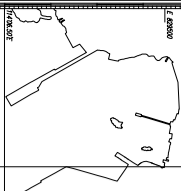
In addition, the regular water quality monitoring and other requirements specified in the Updated EM&A Manual will be carried out by the ET, IEC and contractor where applicable during construction (and post-construction) phase.

**Tender for Contract No. 18/8005**  
**The Hong Kong Electric Co., Ltd.**  
**Lamma Power Station Navigation Channel Improvement 2019**  
**(Master Programme - EPD Submission)**



HKE Master Programme (Rev. T2) Date: 19 January 2023

|       |           |                 |                    |               |                       |             |                    |          |                 |
|-------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------|
| Task  | Milestone | Project Summary | Inactive Milestone | Manual Task   | Manual Summary Rollup | Start-only  | External Tasks     | Deadline | Manual Progress |
| Split | Summary   | Inactive Task   | Inactive Summary   | Duration-only | Manual Summary        | Finish-only | External Milestone | Progress |                 |



Tide Gauge

Lamma Power Station

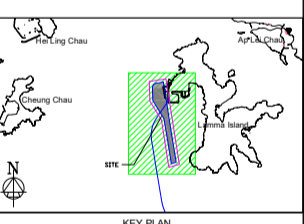
Ha Mei Wan

NOTES :

1. ALL CO-ORDINATES REFER TO HONG KONG GEODETIC DATUM 1980 AND IN METRES.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS IN METRES.
3. ALL LEVELS REFER TO PRINCIPAL DATUM (C.D) AND IN METRES.

LEGEND :

- NAVIGATION CHANNEL
- BOUNDARY
- 20M NAVIGATION CHANNEL
- HI SPOTS (ABOVE -16.35mCD)
- HI SPOTS (ABOVE 5° Slope)



| REV. | DATE | DESCRIPTION | DRAWN/CHECKED | APP. |
|------|------|-------------|---------------|------|
|      |      |             |               |      |

Declaration  
I hereby certify that this Survey has been executed by me or under my direct personal supervision and has been surveyed to the tolerances as specified in the Contract.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_

|              |  |      |             |
|--------------|--|------|-------------|
| JOB NO.      | AL   | DATE | 29 NOV 2022 |
| DRAWN BY     | ANDY LUK   | DATE | 29 NOV 2022 |
| CHECKED BY   |  | DATE |             |
| APPROVED BY  |  | DATE |             |
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| CAD FILE     | Lamma Navigation Channel_20210925_007_14.26 N not without contours.dwg |      |             |
| Contract No. | Project No.  |      |             |

Project  
THE HONG KONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.  
LAMMA POWER STATION  
NAVIGATION CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT 2019

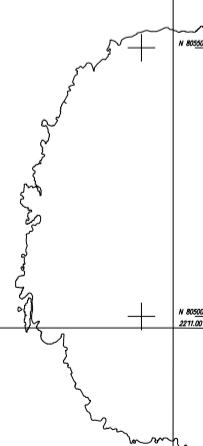
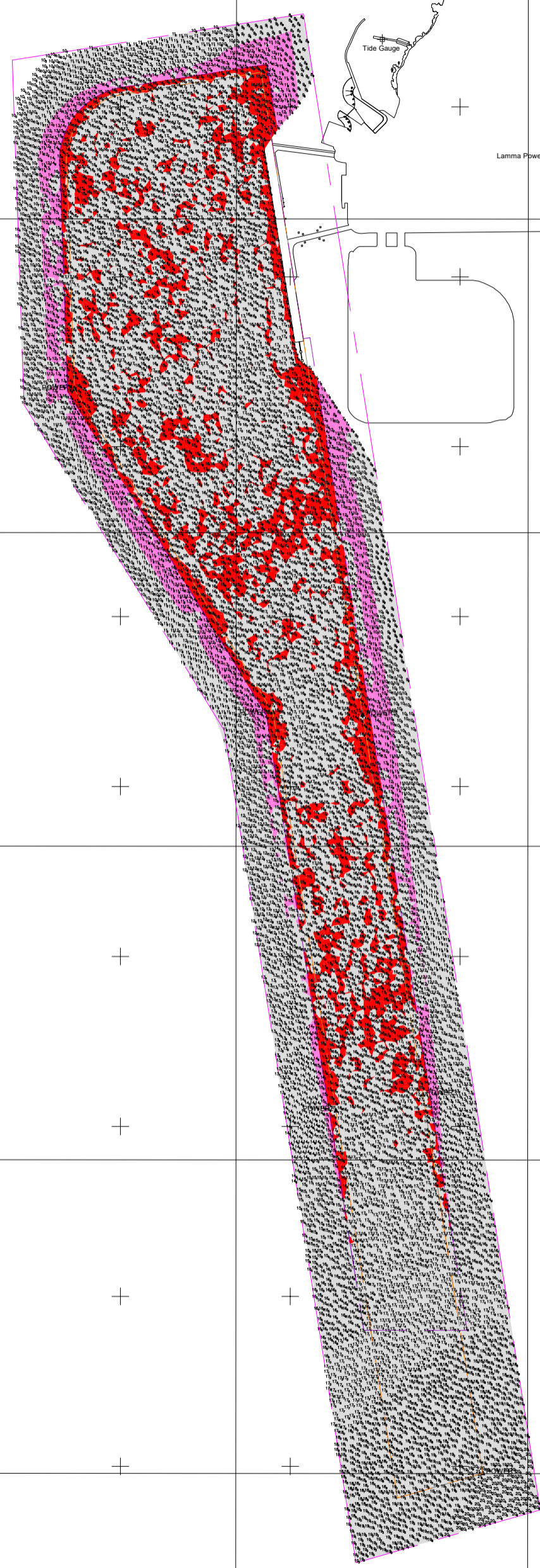
Drawing title  
HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY PLAN  
SHOAL- BIASED SOUNDINGS  
(SURVEYED AT 25 SEP 2021)

Drawing No. LNC / 20210925 / 007      Rev. 0

Client 香港電燈有限公司  
The Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd. Project Division

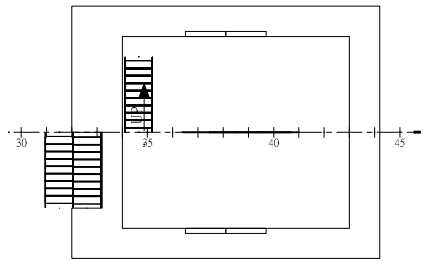
Contractor UOL DREDGING LIMITED

Surveyor WISE

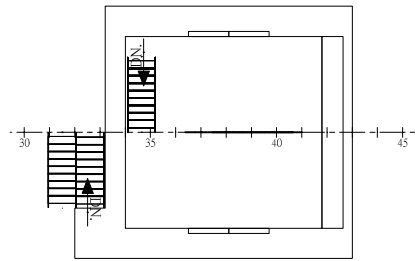




# SBLV 'PT-2401'

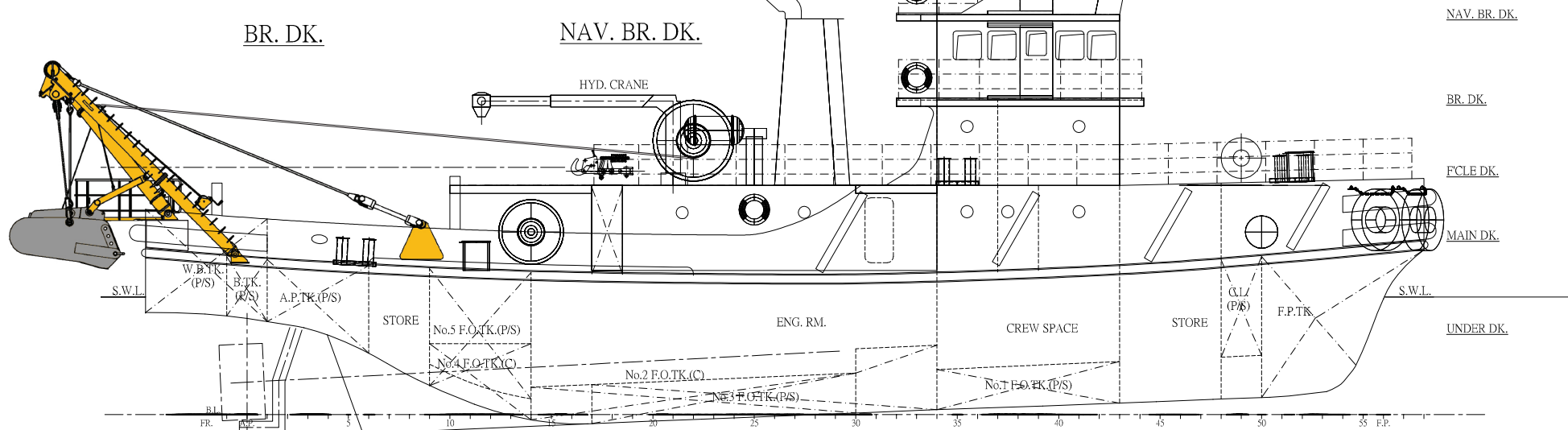


BR. DK.

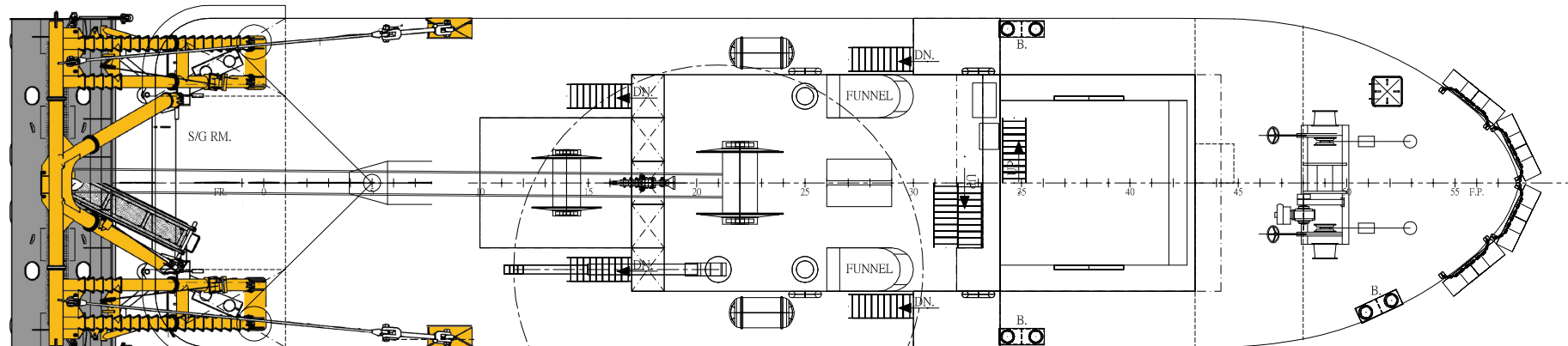


NAV. BR. DK.

| PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS |                          |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| LENGTH O.A.          | 31.50 m                  |
| LENGTH B.P.          | 28.00 m                  |
| BREADTH (MLD.)       | 7.60 m                   |
| DEPTH (MLD.)         | 3.50 m                   |
| DESIGN DRAFT (MLD.)  | 2.90 m                   |
| CLASS                | RINA                     |
| NAVIGATION AREA      | GREATER COASTING SERVICE |
| GROSS TONNAGE        | 268 GT                   |
| MAIN ENGINE          | 1200 PS x 2              |
| CREW                 | 10P                      |



PROFILE



POOP DK.

FCLE DK.