

Contract No. EP/SP/66/12 Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1 Monthly EM&A Report No.62



# Monthly EM&A Report No.62 (Period from 1 August to 31 August 2023)

(Clause 3.3, Further Environmental Permit FEP-01/429/2012/A)

# Document No.

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# **Revision History**

Rev.	DESCRIPTION OF MODIFICATION	DATE
A	First Submission	14 September 2023

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### Introduction

- A1. The Project, Integrated Waste Management Facility (IWMF), is a Designated Project under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (Cap. 499) (EIAO) and is currently governed by a Further Environmental Permit (FEP No. FEP-01/429/2012/A) for the construction and operation of the Project.
- A2. In accordance with the Updated Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Manual for the Project, EM&A works for marine water quality, noise, waste management and ecology should be carried out by Environmental Team (ET), Acuity Sustainability Consulting Limited (ASCL), during the construction phase of the Project.
- A3. This is the 62<sup>nd</sup> Monthly EM&A Report, prepared by ASCL, for the Project summarizing the monitoring results and audit findings of the EM&A programme at and around Shek Kwu Chau (SKC) during the reporting period from 1 August to 31 August 2023.

# Summary of Main Works Undertaken & Key Mitigation Measures Implemented

- A4. Key activities carried out in this reporting period for the Project included the following:
  - Reclamation Area:
    - Installation of Instrumentation
    - Site Investigation works for foundation
    - Foundation works (including Driven H Pile and Socketed H Pile)
    - Pile cap construction
    - Structural steel work
    - Superstructure construction
  - Seawall Portion:
    - Caisson extension works, from +3mPD to +6mPD, at Seawall A and B
    - Construction of wave wall along the vertical seawall above +3mPD
- A5. The key environmental mitigation measures implemented for the Project in this reporting period associated with the construction activities include:
  - Reduction of noise from equipment and machinery on-site;
  - Sorting, recycling, storage and disposal of general refuse and construction waste;
  - Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage on-site;
  - Confirmation of the absence of silt content in the rock filling material and the filling work is properly conducted;
  - Dust suppression measures for exposed earth surface and stockpile of dusty material; and
  - Site runoff control measure during rainstorm.

# Summary of Exceedance & Investigation & Follow-up

- A6. The EM&A works for construction waste, noise monitoring and White-Bellied Sea Eagle (WBSE) were conducted during the reporting period in accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual.
- A7. No exceedance of the Action or Limit Levels in relation to noise, construction waste and WBSE was recorded in the reporting month.
- A8. Weekly site inspections of the construction work by ET were carried out on 02, 08, 15, 22 and 29 August 2023 to audit the mitigation measures implementation status. Monthly joint site inspection was carried out on 15 August 2023 by ET and IEC. Observations were recorded in the site inspection checklists and provided to the contractors together with the appropriate follow-up actions where necessary.

#### **Complaint Handling and Prosecution**

- A9. No project-related environmental complaint was received during the reporting period.
- A10. Neither notifications of summons nor prosecution was received for the Project.

## **Reporting Change**

A11. There was no change to be reported that may affect the on-going EM&A programme.

#### **Summary of Upcoming Key Issues and Key Mitigation Measures**

- A12. Key activities anticipated in the next reporting period for the Project will include the following:
  - Reclamation Area:
    - Installation of Instrumentation
    - Site Investigation works for foundation
    - Foundation works (including Driven H Pile and Socketed H Pile)
    - Pile cap construction
    - Structural steel work
    - Superstructure construction
  - Seawall Portion:
    - Caisson extension works, from +3mPD to +6mPD, at Seawall A and B
    - Construction of wave wall along the vertical seawall above +3mPD
- A13. The key environmental mitigation measures for the Project in the coming reporting period associated with the construction activities will include:
  - Reduction of noise from equipment and machinery on-site;
  - Sorting, recycling, storage and disposal of general refuse and construction waste;

- Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage on-site, especially under heavy rains and adverse weather;
- Dust control of exposed soil surface and stockpile of dusty material at reclaimed area;
- Dust suppression measures for exposed earth surface and stockpile of dusty material;
- Site runoff control measure during construction works; and
- Dust and noise control of foundation works.

#### 1. BASIC PROJECT INFORMATION

#### 1.1 Background

- 1.1.1 The Government of Hong Kong SAR will develop the Integrated Waste Management Facilities (IWMF) Phase 1 (hereafter "the Project") with incineration to achieve substantial bulk reduction of unavoidable municipal solid waste (MSW) and to recover energy from the incineration process. The IWMF will be on an artificial island to be formed by reclamation at the south-western coast of Shek Kwu Chau. Keppel Seghers Zhen Hua Joint Venture (KSZHJV) was awarded the contract under Contract No. EP/SP/66/12 Integrated Waste Management Facilities Phase 1 to construct and operate the Project.
- 1.1.2 An environmental impact assessment (EIA) study for the Project has been conducted and the EIA Report was approved under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance on 17 January 2012. An Environmental Permit (EP) (EP No.: EP-429/2012) was granted to EPD on 19 January 2012 for the construction and operation of the Project. Subsequently, the EP was amended (EP No.: EP-429/2012/A) and a further EP (FEP) (EP No.: FEP-01/429/2012/A) was granted to the Keppel Seghers Zhen Hua Joint Venture (KSZHJV) on 27 December 2017.
- 1.1.3 A further EP (FEP) (EP No.: FEP-02/429/2012/A) on Submarine Cable for the Development of the Project was granted to CLP Power Hong Kong Limited (CLP) on 17 January 2020.
- 1.1.4 The key design and construction elements of the Project include the Design and the Works including but not limited to the design, engineering procurement, construction, testing and commissioning of the Facility including:
  - Ground Treatment works;
  - Seawall and Breakwater construction;
  - Non-dredged Reclamation;
  - Other Marine works and Harbour and Port Facilities;
  - Site formation;
  - Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Treatment Processes;
  - Energy Recovery for Power Generation and Surplus Electricity export;
  - Wastewater treatment process;
  - Desalination and water treatment process;
  - Civil works;
  - Building and Structural works;
  - Electrical and Mechanical works;
  - Building Services;
  - Architectural and Landscaping works; and
  - All other design and works required for the operation and maintenance of the Facility according to the Contract requirements.

1.1.5 The location of the IWMF near Shek Kwu Chau (SKC) and general layout of IWMF are shown in **Figure 1.1** and **Figure 1.2** respectively.

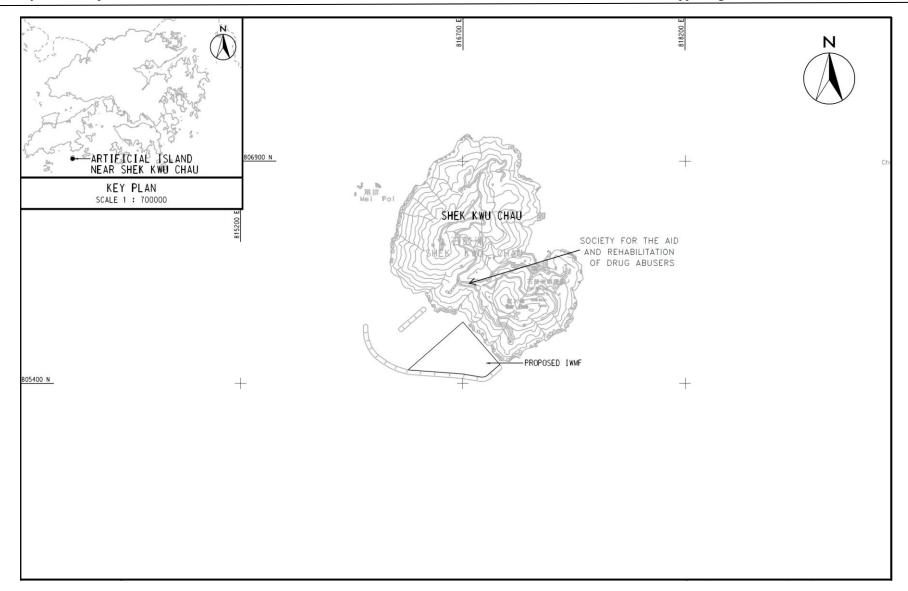


Figure 1.1 Location of the IWMF at the Artificial Island near SKC

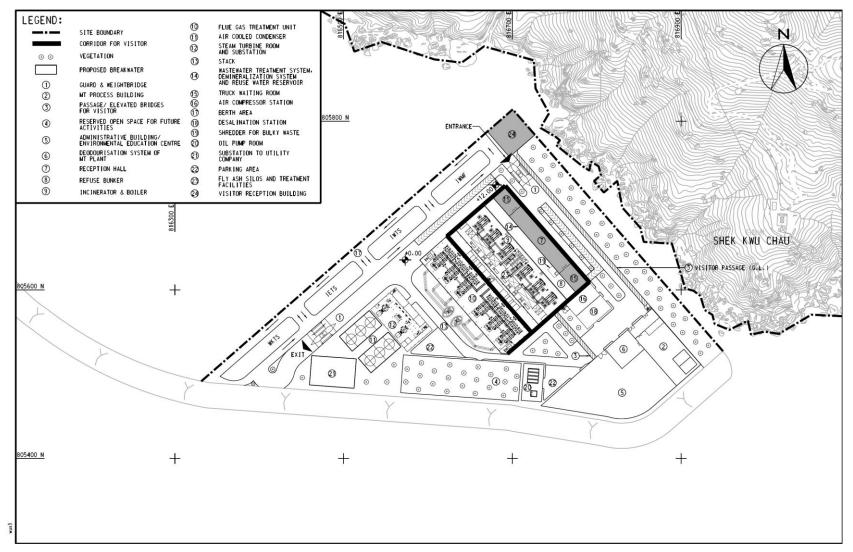
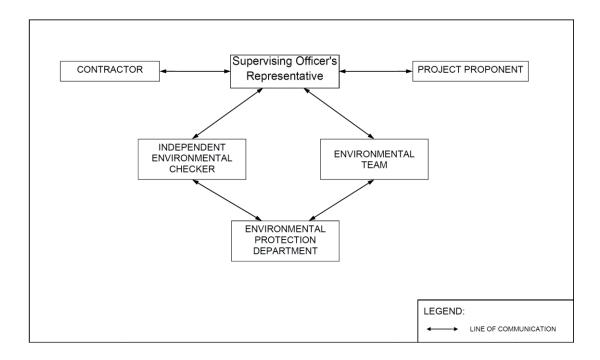


Figure 1.2 General Layout of the IWMF at the Artificial Island near SKC

- 1.2 The Reporting Scope
- 1.2.1 This is the 62<sup>nd</sup> Monthly EM&A Report for the Project which summarizes the key findings of the EM&A programme during the reporting period from 1 August 2023 to 31 August 2023.
- 1.3 Project Organization
- 1.3.1 The Project Organization structure for Construction Phase is presented in **Figure 1.3**.



**Figure 1.3 Project Organization Chart** 

1.3.2 Contact details of the key personnel are presented in **Table 1.1** below:

**Table 1.1 Contact Details of Key Personnel** 

Party	Position	Name	Telephone no.
Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture	Project Manager	Peter Chung	2192-0603
Acuity Sustainability Consulting Limited	Environmental Team Leader	F.C. Tsang	2698-6833
ERM-Hong Kong, Limited	Independent Environmental Checker	Mandy To	2271-3000

# 1.4 Summary of Construction Works

1.4.1 Details of the major construction activities undertaken in this reporting period are shown in **Table 1.2** and **Figure 1.4** below. The construction programme is presented in **Appendix A**.

**Table 1.2 Summary of the Construction Activities Undertaken during the Reporting Month** 

Location of works	Construction activities undertaken	Remarks on progress
Reclamation area	Installation of Instrumentation	On-going
	Site Investigation works for foundation	On-going
	Foundation works (including Driven H Pile and Socketed H Pile)	On-going
	Pile cap construction	On-going
	Structural steel work	On-going
	Superstructure construction	On-going
Seawall portion	• Caisson extension works, from +3mPD	On-going
	to +6mPD, at Seawall A and B	
	• Construction of wave wall along the vertical seawall above +3mPD	On-going

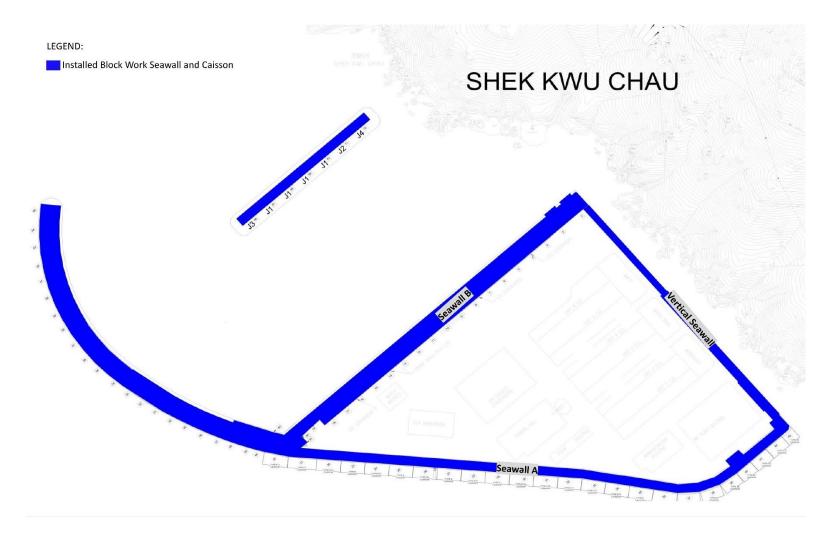


Figure 1.4 Location of Major Construction Activities Undertaken during the Reporting Month

# 1.5 Summary of Environmental Status

1.5.1 A summary of the valid permits, licences, and /or notifications on environmental protection for this Project is presented in **Table 1.3** 

Table 1.3 Summary of the Status of Valid Environmental Licence, Notification, Permit and Documentations

Permit/ Licences/ Notification	Reference	Validity Period	Remarks
Variation of	EP-429/2012/A	Throughout	
<b>Environmental Permit</b>		the Contract	
Further	FEP-01/429/2012/A	Throughout	
<b>Environmental Permit</b>		the Contract	
Notification of	Ref No.: 428778	15/12/2017 -	
Construction Works		22/09/2024	
under the Air			
Pollution Control			
(Construction Dust)			
Regulation (Form			
NA)			
Wastewater Discharge	WT00039438-2021	15/02/2022 —	
Licence		28/02/2027	
Chemical Waste	WPN0017-933-K3301-	Throughout	
Producer Registration	01	the Contract	
	WPN5213-961-K3301-	Throughout	
	02	the Contract	
	WPN5296-839-K3301-	Throughout	
	03	the Contract	
Construction Noise	GW-RS0611-23	27/07/2023—	Portion 1, 1A & 1B
Permit (24 hours)		26/01/2024	
Billing Account for	A/C No.:7029768	Throughout	
Disposal of		the Contract	
Construction Waste			

1.5.2 The status for all environmental aspects is presented in **Table 1.4**.

Table 1.4 Summary of Status for Key Environmental Aspects under the Updated EM&A Manual

Parameters	Status
Water Quality	
Baseline Monitoring under Updated EM&A Manual and Detailed Plan on DCM	The baseline water quality monitoring result has been reported in Baseline Monitoring Report and submitted to EPD under FEP Condition 3.4
Impact Monitoring	As confirmed with Contractor and Project Supervising Officer, no marine construction work will be carried out from March to December 2023 tentatively. An updated EM&A arrangement to propose the temporary suspension of water quality and line-transect monitoring from March to December 2023 was submitted to EPD on 21 March 2023. EPD advised no comment on the updated EM&A arrangement on 29 March 2023. The water quality and line-transect monitoring were then temporarily suspended from 30 March 2023 onward. A two-week advance notice will be made by the Contractor prior to resumption of marine construction works. The water quality monitoring and line-transection monitoring will be resumed upon the resumption of marine construction works. ET will notify the resumption of marine construction works with updated EM&A schedule within one day after receiving the notification from contractor
Post DCM Monitoring	All DCM was completed on 14 October 2020, regular DCM monitoring for further 4 weeks (i.e form 16 October 2020 to 14 November 2020) was completed according to the approved Detailed Plan on Deep Cement Mixing
Initial Intensive DCM Monitoring	Conducted from 11 February 2019 to 10 March 2019, had not been resumed since there was no DCM related parameter exceeding the AL/LL.
Baseline Water Quality of wet season	Completed over 13 August 2018 to 7 September 2018
Noise	
Baseline Monitoring	The baseline noise monitoring result has been reported in Baseline Monitoring Report and submitted to EPD under FEP Condition 3.4
Impact Monitoring	On-going
Waste Management	
Mitigation Measures in Waste Monitoring Plan	On-going
Coral	
Pre-translocation Survey and Coral Mapping	The Coral Translocation Plan was submitted and approved by EPD under EP Condition 2.12
Coral Translocation	Completed on 28 March 2018
Post-Translocation Coral Monitoring	Survey affected by missing of translocated and tagged coral colonies after typhoons in September 2018, completed on 28 March 2019.
Pre-construction Coral Survey and Tagging	Completed on 26 June 2018
Tagged Coral Monitoring	Survey obstructed due to missing of tagged coral colonies after typhoons in September 2018
Coral Survey and Re-	Re-tagging at Indirect Impact Site was conducted on 23

Parameters	Status
tagging	November and Re-tagging at Control Site was conducted on 3
	December 2018.
Post Re-tagging Coral	On-going
Monitoring	
Marine Mammal	
Vessel-based Line-transect	The baseline marine mammal monitoring result has been
Survey Baseline	reported in Baseline Monitoring Report and submitted to EPD
Monitoring	under FEP Condition 3.4
Vessel-based Line-transect	Temporarily suspended since 30 March 2023, as no marine
Survey Impact Monitoring	construction works as defined in the approved EIA report
	(AEIAR-163/2012) and the Updated EM&A Manual was
	conducted in this reporting month.
Land-based Theodolite	30 days of theodolite surveys were started on 21 Feb 2019 and
Tracking	completed in May 2019.
Passive Acoustic	30 days of PAM surveys were started on 1 May 2019 and
Monitoring	completed by the end of May 2019.
White-bellied Sea Eagle	TI 1 1' WDOE '. ' 1, 1 1 , 1 '
Baseline Monitoring	The baseline WBSE monitoring result has been reported in
	Baseline Monitoring Report and submitted to EPD under FEP Condition 3.4
Impact Monitoring	On-going, since chick was observed during monitoring event on
Impact Wontoring	28 March 2023, the frequency of impact monitoring will
	changed to 7-day consecutive monitoring.
Environmental Audit	onninged to y day consciously monitoring.
i waya vamulala Auul	
	On-going
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality,	On-going
Site Inspection covering	On-going
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality,	On-going
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water	On-going
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological	On-going
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries,	On-going  Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021,
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching Plan (MMWP)	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching Plan (MMWP)  Mitigation Measures in	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021,
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching Plan (MMWP)  Mitigation Measures in Detailed Monitoring	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching Plan (MMWP)  Mitigation Measures in Detailed Monitoring Programme on Finless	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access
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Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching Plan (MMWP)  Mitigation Measures in Detailed Monitoring Programme on Finless	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching Plan (MMWP)  Mitigation Measures in Detailed Monitoring Programme on Finless Porpoise (DMPFP)	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching Plan (MMWP)  Mitigation Measures in Detailed Monitoring Programme on Finless Porpoise (DMPFP)	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching Plan (MMWP)  Mitigation Measures in Detailed Monitoring Programme on Finless Porpoise (DMPFP)  Mitigation Measures in Vessel Travel Details	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  On-going
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching Plan (MMWP)  Mitigation Measures in Detailed Monitoring Programme on Finless Porpoise (DMPFP)  Mitigation Measures in Vessel Travel Details Daily Site Audit and	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.
Site Inspection covering Measures of Air Quality, Noise Impact, Water Quality, Waste, Ecological Quality, Fisheries, Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures in Marine Mammal Watching Plan (MMWP)  Mitigation Measures in Detailed Monitoring Programme on Finless Porpoise (DMPFP)  Mitigation Measures in Vessel Travel Details	Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.  On-going

1.5.3 Other than the EM&A work by ET, environmental briefings, trainings and regular environmental management meetings were conducted, in order to enhance environmental awareness and closely monitor the environmental performance of the contractors.

1.5.4 The EM&A programme has been implemented in accordance with the recommendations presented in the approved EIA Report and the Updated EM&A Manual. A summary of implementation status of the environmental mitigation measures for the construction phase of the Project during the reporting period is provided in **Appendix B**.

# 2. MARINE WATER QUALITY MONITORING

- 2.1 Water Quality Requirements
- 2.1.1 To ensure no adverse water quality impact, water quality monitoring is recommended to be carried out at the nearby water sensitive receivers (WSRs) during construction phase including proposed reclamation, breakwater construction, etc.
- 2.1.2 In accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual, impact water quality monitoring were conducted 3 days per week at mid-flood and mid-ebb tide to obtain impact water quality levels at the eleven monitoring stations during general water quality monitoring for the reporting period.
- 2.2 Water Quality Parameters, Time, Frequency
- 2.2.1 Dissolved Oxygen (DO), Turbidity, Suspended Solids (SS), Salinity and pH have been undertaken at the eleven monitoring stations during general water quality monitoring.
- 2.2.2 DO, temperature, salinity, turbidity and pH have been measured in-situ and the SS, has been assayed in a HOKLAS laboratory.
- 2.2.3 In associate with the water quality parameters, other relevant data were also measured, such as monitoring location/position, time, water depth, sampling depth, tidal stages, weather conditions and any special phenomena or work underway nearby were also recorded. The monitoring schedule is provided in **Appendix C**.
- 2.2.4 Impact water quality monitoring was conducted 3 days per week in the reporting period. All parameters were monitored during mid-flood and mid-ebb tides at three water depths for general water quality monitoring. The interval between two sets of monitoring has not been less than 36 hours.
- 2.2.5 **Table 2.1** summarizes the monitoring parameters, frequency and duration of the impact water quality monitoring during construction phase.

Table 2.1 Water Quality Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

Parameter, unit	Frequency	No. of Depths
<ul> <li>Water Depth (m)</li> <li>Temperature (°C)</li> <li>Salinity (ppt)</li> <li>pH (pH unit)</li> <li>Dissolved Oxygen (DO) (mg/L and % of saturation)</li> <li>Turbidity (NTU)</li> <li>Suspended Solids (SS), mg/L</li> </ul>	General water quality monitoring: 3 days per week, at mid-flood and mid-ebb tides	3 water depths: 1m below sea surface, mid-depth and 1m above sea bed.  If the water depth is less than 3m, mid-depth sampling only.  If water depth less than 6m, mid-depth may be omitted.

- 2.3 Water Quality Monitoring Locations
- 2.3.1 Impact water quality monitoring was conducted at eleven monitoring locations (B1-B4, H1, C1, C2, F1, CR1, CR2 & M1) during general water quality monitoring in the reporting period as shown in **Figure 2.1**. As per the relocation proposal verified by IEC and approved by EPD, the monitoring location C1, C2, S2, F1 are relocated at C1A, C2A, S2A, F1A as equivalent points respectively to clear up the concerns from stakeholders.

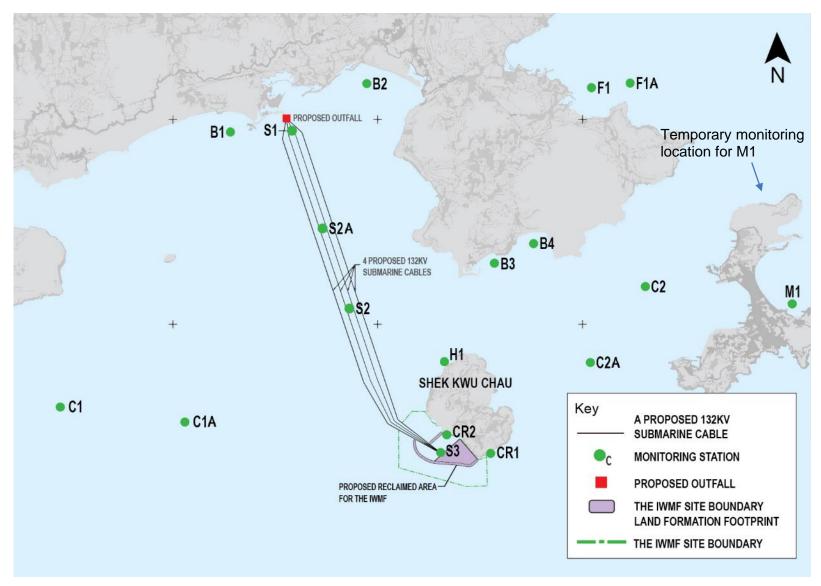


Figure 2.1 Water monitoring locations at Artificial Island near SKC

- 2.3.2 B1 to B4 are located at 4 beaches respectively at the southern shore of Lantau Island. Monitoring station H1 is located at the horseshoe crab habitat at northern SKC, while CR1 and CR2 are located at the coral communities at southwestern shore of SKC. Monitoring station F1 is located at the Cheung Sha Wan Fish Culture Zone while monitoring station M1 is located at Tung Wan at Cheung Chau. Monitoring station F1A is relocated for F1 at the Cheung Sha Wan Fish Culture Zone. S1, S2 and S3 are located at the northern landing site, midway and southern landing site of the proposed submarine cable, respectively. S2A is the relocated monitoring station of S2 which represents the midway landing site of the proposed submarine cable. S1, S2/S2A and S3 are required for monitoring due to the laying of submarine cable. Control stations C1 and C2 at far field locations are for comparison. Control stations C1A and C2A are relocated for C1 and C2 respectively as equivalent far field locations for comparison.
- 2.3.3 Fourteen monitoring stations are listed in **Table 2.2**.

**Table 2.2 – Locations of Marine Water Quality Stations** 

Monitoring station	Description	Easting	Northing
B1	Beach – Cheung Sha Lower	813342	810316
B2	Beach – Pui O	815340	811025
В3	Beach - Yi Long Wan	817210	808395
B4	Beach – Tai Long Wan	817784	808682
H1	Horseshoe Crab – Shek Kwu Chau	816477	806953
C1	Control Station (note i)	810850	806288
C1A	Relocated Control Station	812823	806300
C2	Control Station (note ii)	819421	808053
C2A	Relocated Control Station	818869	806808
F1	Cheung Sha Wan Fish Culture Zone (note iii)	818631	810966
F1A	Cheung Sha Wan Fish Culture Zone	819109	810924
S1	Submarine Cable Landing Site	814245	810335
S2	Submarine Cable (note iv)	815076	807747
S2A	Submarine Cable	814808	808515
S3	Submarine Cable Landing Site	816420	805621
CR1	Coral	817144	805597
CR2	Coral	816512	805882
M1	Tung Wan	821572	807799

#### Note:

- i. Relocated to C1A in Mar 2019
- ii. Relocated to C2A in Mar 2019
- iii. Relocated to S2A in Mar 2019
- iv. Relocated to F1A in Mar 2019

# 2.4 Impact Monitoring Methodology

- 2.4.1 General water quality monitoring was conducted three days per week, at mid-flood and mid-ebb tides, at the designated water quality monitoring stations during the reporting period.
- 2.4.2 The interval between 2 sets of monitoring was not less than 36 hours. Sampling was collected at three water depths, namely, 1m below water surface, mid-depth and 1m above seabed, except where the water depth is less than 6m, the mid-depth was omitted. If the water depth was less than 3m, only the mid-depth station was monitored.
- 2.4.3 Duplicate in-situ measurements and water sampling were carried out in each sampling event. The monitoring probes were retrieved out of water after the first measurement and then redeployed for the second measurement. When the difference in value between the first and second readings of DO or turbidity is more than 25% of the value of the first reading, the reading would be discarded and further readings would be taken.

#### <u>In-situ Measurement</u>

2.4.4 Levels of DO, pH, temperature, turbidity and salinity would be measured in-situ by portable and weatherproof measuring instrument, e.g. YSI ProDSS and Horiba U-53 Multiparameter complete with cable and sensor. (Refer http://www.ysi.com/ProDSS for YSI ProDSS technical specification https://static.horiba.com/fileadmin/Horiba/Products/Process and Environmental/Wat er\_Pollution/Instruction\_Manuals/U-50/U-50\_SS\_E.pdf for Horiba U-53 technical specification). Water current velocity and water current direction would be measured by portable and weatherproof current meter, e.g. SonTek Hydrosurveyor (Refer to https://www.sontek.com/hydrosurveyor for SonTek Hydrosurveyor M9 technical specification). Parameters measured by in-situ measurement is tabulated in **Table 2.3** 

Table 2.3 – Parameters Measured by In-situ Measurement

Parameter	Resolution	Range
Temperature	0.1 °C	-5-70 °C
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	0.01 mg/L	0-50.0 mg/L
Turbidity	0.1 NTU	0-1000 NTU
рН	pH 0.01	рН 0-14
Salinity	0.01 ppt	0-40 ppt
Water Current Velocity	0.001m/s	±20m/s
Water Current Direction	±1°	±2°

#### **Laboratory Analysis**

2.4.5 Analysis of SS shall be carried out in a HOKLAS accredited laboratory. Sufficient water samples shall be collected at the monitoring stations for carrying out the laboratory determinations. The determination work shall be started within 24 hours after collection of the water samples. Analytical methods and detection limits for SS is presented in **Table 2.4**.

Table 2.4 – Analytical Methods Applied to Water Quality Samples

Parameter	Analytical method	<b>Detection Level</b>	
Suspended Solids, SS	APHA 2540 D <sup>i</sup>	1 mg/L	

Footnote:

 "APHA 2540 D" stands for American Public Health Association Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 23<sup>rd</sup> Edition.

#### Field Log

- 2.4.6 Other relevant data was recorded, such as: monitoring location / position, time, water depth, weather conditions and any special phenomena underway near the monitoring station.
- 2.5 Monitoring Equipment
- 2.5.1 Equipment used in the impact water quality monitoring programme is summarized in **Table 2.5** below.

**Table 2.5 Impact Water Quality Monitoring Equipment** 

Monitored Parameter	Equipment	Brand and Model
DO, Temperature, Salinity,	Multi-functional Meter	Horiba U-53
pH and Turbidity		YSI ProDSS Multi Parameter
Coordinates	Positioning Equipment	Garmin GPSMAP 78s
Water depth	Water Depth Detector	Hummingbird 160 Portable
SS	Water Sampler	Wildco 2 L Water Sampler
		with messenger

#### 2.5.2 Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Measuring Equipment

The instrument is a portable and weatherproof DO probe mounted on the multifunctional meter complete with cable and sensor and is powered by a DC supply source. The equipment was capable of measuring:

- A DO level in the range of 0 50 mg/L; and
- Temperature of -5 70 degree Celsius.

#### 2.5.3 Turbidity Measurement Instrument

The instrument is a portable and weatherproof turbidity-measuring probe mounted on the multi-functional meter and is powered by a DC supply source. The instrument is equipped with a photoelectric sensor which is capable of measuring turbidity between  $0-1000\ NTU$ .

## 2.5.4 pH Measurement Instrument

The probe consists of a potentiometer, a glass electrode, a reference electrode and a temperature-compensating device mounted on the multi-functional meter. It is readable to 0.1 pH in a range of 0 to 14. Standard buffer solutions of at least pH 7 and pH 10 were used for calibration of the instrument before and after use.

# 2.5.5 Salinity Measurement Instrument

A portable salinometer mounted on the multi-functional meter capable of measuring salinity in the range of 0-40 parts per thousand (ppt) was provided for measuring salinity of the water at each monitoring location.

#### 2.5.6 Sampler

The water sampler comprises a transparent PVC cylinder, with a capacity of not less than 2 litres, which can be effectively sealed with latex cups at both ends. The sampler has a positive latching system to keep it open and prevent premature closure until released by a messenger when the sampler is at the selected water depth.

#### 2.5.7 Sample Containers and Storage

Water samples for SS were stored in high density polythene bottles with no preservative added, packed in ice (cooled to 4°C without being frozen) and delivered to the laboratory and analysed as soon as possible after collection. Sufficient volume of samples was collected to achieve the detection limit stated in **Table 2.4**.

#### 2.5.8 Water Depth Detector

A portable, battery-operated echo sounder was used for the determination of water depth at each designated monitoring station. This unit could either be hand-held or affixed to the bottom of the work boat, if the same vessel is to be used throughout the monitoring programme.

#### 2.5.9 Monitoring Position Equipment

Hand-held digital Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) with way point bearing indication and Radio Technical Commission for maritime (RTCM) Type 16 error message 'screen pop-up' facilities (for real-time auto-display of error messages and DGPS corrections from the Hong Kong Hydrographic Office) was provided and used to ensure that the water sampling locations were correct during the water quality monitoring work.

#### 2.6 Maintenance and Calibration

- 2.6.1 The multi-functional meters were checked and calibrated before use. Multi-functional meters were certified by a laboratory accredited under HOKLAS or any other international accreditation scheme, and subsequently re-calibrated at three monthly intervals throughout all stages of the water quality monitoring. Responses of sensors and electrodes were checked with certified standard solutions before each use. Wet bulb calibration for a DO meter was carried out before commencement of monitoring and after completion of all measurements each day. Calibration was not conducted at each monitoring location as daily calibration is adequate for the type of DO meter employed.
- 2.6.2 Sufficient stocks of spare parts were provided and maintained for replacements when necessary. Backup monitoring equipment was prepared for uninterrupted monitoring during equipment maintenance or calibration during monitoring.

#### 2.7 Action and Limit Levels

2.7.1 The Action and Limit Levels have been set based on the derivation criteria specified in the Updated EM&A Manual and Detailed DCM Plan, as shown in **Table 2.6** below.

Table 2.6 Criteria of Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality

Parameters	Action	Limit
Construction Pha	ase Impact Monitoring	
DO in mg/L	≤ 5 %-ile of baseline data	≤ 4
SS in mg/L	≥ 95 %-ile of baseline data or 120% of control station's SS at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher	≥ 99 %-ile of baseline data or 130% of control station's SS at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher
Turbidity in NTU	≥ 95 %-ile of baseline data or 120% of control station's turbidity at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher	≥ 99 %-ile of baseline data or 130% of control station's turbidity at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher
Temperature in °C	1.8°C above the temperature recorded at representative control station at the same tide of the same day	2°C above the temperature recorded at representative control station at the same tide of the same day

2.7.2 Based on the baseline monitoring data and the derivation criteria specified above, the Action/Limit Levels have been derived and are presented in **Table 2.7** and **Table 2.8** for both dry seasons (October – March) and wet seasons (April – September).

**Table 2.7 Derived Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality Monitoring (Dry Season)** 

Parameters	Action	Limit
Construction Pha	ase Impact Monitoring	
DO in mg/L	≤ 7.13	≤ 4
SS in mg/L	≥ 8 or 120% of control station's SS at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher	≥ 10 or 130% of control station's SS at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher
Turbidity in NTU	≥ 5.6 or 120% of control station's turbidity at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher	≥ 12.8 or 130% of control station's turbidity at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher
Temperature in °C	1.8°C above the temperature recorded at representative control station at the same tide of the same day	2°C above the temperature recorded at representative control station at the same tide of the same day

Notes:

i. "Depth-averaged" is calculated by taking the arithmetic means of reading of all three depths.

ii. For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limits.

iii. For turbidity, SS and Salinity, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is higher than the limits.

**Table 2.8 Derived Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality (Wet Season)** 

Parameters	Action	Limit
<b>Construction Pha</b>	ase Impact Monitoring	
DO in mg/L	≤ 5.28	≤ 4
SS in mg/L	≥ 12 or 120% of control station's SS at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher	≥ 14 or 130% of control station's SS at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher
Turbidity in NTU	≥ 4.0 or 120% of control station's turbidity at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher	≥ 4.3 or 130% of control station's turbidity at the same tide of the same day of measurement, whichever is higher
Temperature in °C	1.8°C above the temperature recorded at representative control station at the same tide of the same day	2°C above the temperature recorded at representative control station at the same tide of the same day

#### Notes:

- i. "Depth-averaged" is calculated by taking the arithmetic means of reading of all three depths.
- ii. For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limits.
- iii. For turbidity, SS and Salinity, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is higher than
- 2.7.3 If exceedances were found during water quality monitoring, the actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan shall be carried out according to **Appendix D**.
- 2.8 Monitoring Results and Observations
- 2.8.1 As confirmed by the Contractor on 14 October 2020, all DCM works was completed on 14 October 2020, the post DCM water quality monitoring was completed for further 4 weeks (i.e. from 16 October 2020 to 14 November 2020) according to the approved Detailed Plan on Deep Cement Mixing. As all DCM work and post DCM water quality monitoring were completed, no water quality monitoring was conducted at S1, S2A and S3 from 14 November 2020 onward. As no marine construction work will be carried out from March to December 2023 and EPD had no comment on temporary suspension of water quality monitoring on 29 March 2023, the water quality was then temporarily suspended from 30 March 2023 onward.

#### 3. Noise Monitoring

- 3.1 Monitoring Requirements
- 3.1.1 To ensure no adverse noise impact, noise monitoring is recommended to be carried out at the nearby noise sensitive receivers (NSRs) during construction phase.
- 3.1.2 In accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual, baseline noise level at the noise monitoring stations was established as presented in the Baseline Monitoring Report. Impact noise monitoring was conducted once per week in the form of 30-minutes measurements Leq, L10 and L90 levels recorded at each monitoring station between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays.
- 3.1.3 In accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual, additional weekly impact monitoring should be carried out during respective restricted hours period (1900 0700 hours) if the construction works were conducted at evening and night time. Additional weekly noise monitoring was conducted once per week in the form of 5-minutes measurements Leq, L10 and L90 levels recorded at each monitoring station between 1900 and 0700 hours as well as public holidays and Sundays.
- 3.2 Noise Monitoring Parameters, Time, Frequency
- 3.2.1 Impact noise monitoring was conducted weekly in the reporting period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays. Additional impact noise monitoring was conducted weekly in the reporting period between 1900-0700 hours on all days as well as public holidays and Sundays.
- 3.2.2 Construction noise level measured in terms of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level ( $L_{Aeq}$ ).  $L_{eq\ 30min}$  was used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays.  $L_{eq\ 5min}$  was used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 1900 and 0700 hours as well as public holidays and Sundays. **Table 3.1** summarizes the monitoring parameters, frequency and duration of the impact noise monitoring and additional impact noise monitoring. The monitoring schedule is provided in **Appendix C**.

Table 3.1 Noise Monitoring Parameters, Time, Frequency and Duration

<b>Monitoring Station</b>	Time	Duration	Parameters
	Day time: 0700-1900 hrs (during normal weekdays)	Once per week $L_{\text{eq 5min}}/L_{\text{eq 30min}}$ (average of 6 consecutive $L_{\text{eq 5min}}$ )	L <sub>eq</sub> , L <sub>10</sub> & L <sub>90</sub>
M1/ N_S1, M2/ N_S2, M3/ N_S3	Evening time: 1900-2300 hrs (including normal weekdays, also public holidays and Sundays)	Once per week $L_{eq 5min}$ (3 sets of $L_{eq 5min}$ )	L <sub>eq</sub> , L <sub>10</sub> & L <sub>90</sub>
	Night time: 2300-0700 hrs (including normal weekdays, also public holidays and Sundays)	Once per week Leq 5min (3 sets of Leq 5min)	L <sub>eq</sub> , L <sub>10</sub> & L <sub>90</sub>

# 3.3 Noise Monitoring Locations

3.3.1 Three noise monitoring locations for impact monitoring and additional impact monitoring at the nearby sensitive receivers are shown in **Figure 3.1.** 

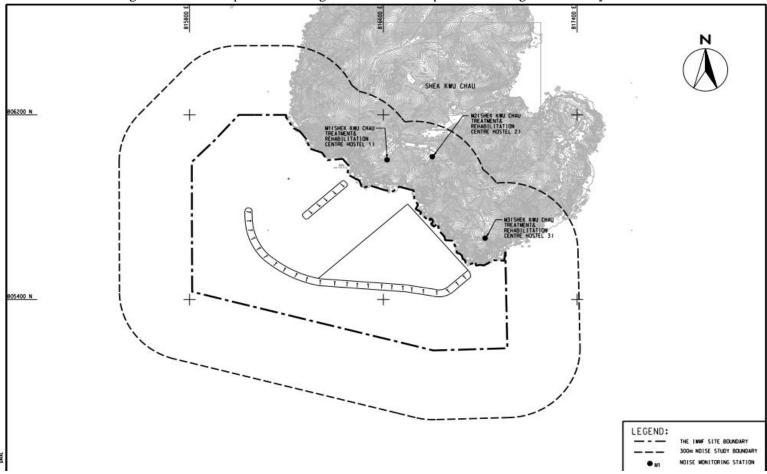


Figure 3.1 Noise monitoring locations at SKC

- 3.3.2 M1, M2 and M3 are Shek Kwu Chau Treatment and Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 1, 2 and 3 respectively of The Society for the Aid and Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers (SARDA) located at southern part of Shek Kwu Chau.
- 3.3.3 Measurements at M1 & M3 were conducted at a point 1m from the exterior of the sensitive receivers building façade and at a position 1.2m above the ground. Measurement setup at M3 has been varying with minor adjustment to minimize the disturbance to the users of Treatment Centre. Measurement at M2 was conducted at a point 1m from building façade of the ceiling of 1st floor level for avoidance of mutual disturbance with users of Treatment Centre. The minor adjustment of monitoring locations, which were in favour to mutual convenience with the users of Treatment Centre, were found with no effect on monitoring result based on on-site observation and experience from the Baseline monitoring of the Project. The noise monitoring stations are summarized in **Table 3.2** below.

**Table 3.2 Noise Monitoring Location** 

Station	NSR ID in EIA Report	Noise Monitoring Location	Type of sensitive receiver(s)	Measurement Type
M1	N_S1	Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 1	Residential	Façade
M2	N_S2	Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 2	Residential	Façade
M3	N_S3	Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 3	Residential	Façade

- 3.4 Impact Monitoring Methodology
- 3.4.1 At each designated monitoring location, measurements of six 5-minute A-weighted equivalent sound pressure level ["Leq 5min"] was carried out between 0700 and 1900 hours for daytime measurements on a normal weekdays (excluding Sunday or general holiday). The measured six impact noise levels at each monitoring location shall then be averaged in logarithmic scale and expressed in terms of the 30-minute A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (Leq 30min) for the time period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays.
- 3.4.2 At each designated monitoring location, measurements of three 5-minute A-weighted equivalent sound pressure level [" $L_{eq\ 5min}$ "] was carried out between 1900 and 0700 hours for evening time and night time measurements.
- 3.4.3 The monitoring procedures are as follows:
  - The microphone head of the sound level meter was normally positioned 1 m exterior of the noise sensitive façade and lowered sufficiently so that the building's external wall acts as a reflecting surface.
  - If there is a problem with the access to the normal monitoring position, an alternative may be chosen and appropriate correction would be applied according to acoustic principle when necessary. For reference, +3 dB(A) correction would be made for free-field measurements.
  - The battery condition was checked to ensure good functioning of the meter.
  - Parameters such as frequency weighting, the time weighting and the measurement time were set as follows:
    - Frequency weight: A
    - Time weighting: Fast
    - Measurement time: 5 minutes

- Prior to and after noise measurement, the meter was calibrated using the calibrator for 94.0 dB at 1000Hz. If the difference in the calibration level before and after measurement is more than 1.0 dB, the measurement was considered invalid and repeat of noise measurement was required after re-calibration or repair of the equipment.
- Noise monitoring was carried out for 30 minutes by sound level meter. At the end of the monitoring period, noise levels in terms of L<sub>eq</sub>, L<sub>10</sub> and L<sub>90</sub> were recorded. In addition, site conditions and noise sources were recorded when the equipment was checked and inspected.
- All the monitoring data within the sound level meter system was downloaded through the computer software.

## 3.5 Monitoring Equipment

- 3.5.1 Integrated sound level meter was used for the noise monitoring. The meter shall comply with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications.
- 3.5.2 Equipment used in the impact noise monitoring programme is summarized in **Table** 3.3 below. Calibration certificates for the noise monitoring equipment are attached in **Appendix E**.

**Table 3.3 Impact Noise Monitoring Equipment** 

Equipment	Brand and Model
Sound Level Meter	SVANTEK 971
Sound Calibrator	RION NC-75

#### 3.6 Maintenance and Calibration

- 3.6.1 The maintenance and calibration procedures were as follows:
  - The microphone head of the sound level meter and calibrator were cleaned with a soft cloth at quarterly intervals.
  - The sound level meter and calibrator were checked and calibrated at yearly intervals
  - Immediately prior to and following each noise measurement, the accuracy of the sound level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements may be accepted as valid only if the calibration levels from before and after the noise measurement agree to within 1.0dB.

# 3.7 Action and Limit Levels

3.7.1 The Action/Limit Levels in line with the criteria of Practice Note for Professional Persons (ProPECC PN 2/93) "Noise from Construction Activities – Non-statutory Controls" and Technical Memorandum on Environmental Impact Assessment Process issued by HKSAR Environmental Protection Department ["EPD"] under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance, Cap 499, S.16 is presented in **Table 3.4**.

Table 3.4 Action and Limit Levels for Noise per Updated EM&A Manual

Time Period	Action	Limit (dB(A))
0700-1900 hrs on normal	When one documented	75 dB(A)
weekdays		

Notes: If works are to be carried out during restricted hours, the conditions stipulated in the Construction Noise Permit (CNP) issued by the Noise Control Authority have to be followed.

- 3.7.2 If exceedances were found during noise monitoring, actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan shall be carried out according to **Appendix F**.
- 3.8 Monitoring Results and Observations
- 3.8.1 Impact monitoring for noise impact for daytime was carried out on 01, 07, 14, 21 and 28 August 2023. Impact monitoring for noise impact for evening time and night time was carried out on 01&02, 07&08, 14&15, 21&22 and 28&29 August 2023. The impact noise levels at Noise Monitoring Stations at SKC (i.e. M1/N\_S1 to M3/N\_S3) are summarized in **Table 3.6**, **Table 3.7** and **Table 3.8** respectively. Details of noise monitoring results are presented in **Appendix G**.
- 3.8.2 Major construction activity, major noise source and extreme weather which might affect the results were recorded during the impact monitoring.
- 3.8.3 According to our field observations, the major noise source identified at the noise monitoring station in the reporting month are summarised in **Table 3.5**. Sound from the intermittent piling work was the noticeable noise source for monitoring stations M1, M2 and M3. Air conditioning units were also observed nearby monitoring stations M3.

**Table 3.5 Summary of Field Observation** 

Monitoring Station	Major Noise Source
M1	Sound from the intermittent piling work
M2	Sound from the intermittent piling work
M3	Sound from the intermittent piling work, air-conditioner

3.8.4 No data from impact monitoring during daytime has exceeded the stipulated limit level at 75 dB(A).

Table 3.6 Summary of Impact Noise Monitoring Results during Day Time (0700 – 1900 hours)

Location	Measured Noise Level in dB(A)		
	Range of L <sub>eq 30min</sub>	Range of L <sub>10 30min</sub>	Range of L <sub>90 30min</sub>
M1	57.1 – 62.2	58.3 – 65.5	54.3 – 56.3
M2	57.2 – 62.1	57.3 – 64.1	52.5 – 55.3
M3	55.8 – 63.3	57.7 – 66.5	53.0 – 58.6

- 3.8.5 Applicable mitigation measures for construction works are fully implemented as shown in **Appendix B**, where double-glazed windows and air conditioning system were also installed and confirmed operable for the NSRs (N\_S1, N\_S2 & N\_S3).
- 3.8.6 During the noise monitoring event, frontline staff of ET had inquired the treatment centre users on any noise disturbance from the construction activities at evening and night time, where no complaint and adverse opinions was received.
- 3.8.7 Where site inspection and auditing on Contractor's record have shown that the conditions stipulated in the Construction Noise Permit (CNP) issued by the Noise Control Authority for construction works during restricted hours were followed, no inappropriate practice was spotted during evening time and night time construction works. Thus, the stipulated requirement on noise impact control during night time and evening time was achieved.

Table 3.7 Summary of Additional Impact Noise Monitoring Results during Evening Time (1900 – 2300 hours)

Location	Measured Noise Level in dB(A)		
	Range of Leq 5min	Range of L <sub>10 5min</sub>	Range of L <sub>90 5min</sub>
M1	47.7 – 55.5	48.7 – 56.9	46.5 – 53.4
M2	53.7 – 56.7	54.2 – 57.7	52.6 – 55.9
M3	47.0 – 57.8	48.4 – 59.3	44.4 – 57.3

Table 3.8 Summary of Additional Impact Noise Monitoring Results during Night Time  $(2300-0700\ hours)$ 

Location	Measured Noise Level in dB(A)								
	Range of Leq 5min	Range of L <sub>10 5min</sub>	Range of L <sub>90 5min</sub>						
M1	47.8 – 51.8	49.0 – 52.3	46.5 – 51.0						
M2	49.5 – 54.6	50.1 – 55.2	48.7 – 53.8						
M3	44.3 – 52.7	45.3 – 54.6	40.2 – 51.1						

#### 4. WASTE

- 4.1 The waste generated from this Project includes inert construction and demolition (C&D) materials, and non-inert C&D materials. Non-inert C&D materials are made up of general refuse, vegetative wastes and recyclable wastes such as plastics and paper/cardboard packaging waste. Steel materials generated from the project are also grouped into non-inert C&D materials as the materials were not disposed of with other inert C&D materials.
- 4.2 As advised by the Contractor, about 4,420.0m³ C&D materials were generated on site in the reporting month, of which 4,420.0m³ of the materials were reused in other projects. No metal was generated and collected by registered recycling collector. No paper was collected by the registered recycling collector. No plastic waste was collected by registered recycling collector. No chemical waste was collected by the licensed chemical waste collector. 156.0 m³ of other types of wastes (e.g. general refuse) was disposed of at designated landfill. No fill sand, public fill or fill rock was imported during the reporting period.
- 4.3 Chemical waste generated from land-based construction activities was stored in the chemical waste cabinet for temporary storage.
- 4.4 With reference to relevant handling records and trip tickets of this Project, the quantities of different types of waste generated in the reporting month are summarised in **Table 4.1**. Details of cumulative waste management data are presented as a waste flow table in **Appendix H**.
- 4.5 The Contractor is advised to sort and store any solid and liquid waste on-site properly prior to disposal.

Table 4.1 Quantities of Waste Generated from the Project during August 2023

Reporting Month	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly						Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly							
		Quantity Broken	Reused in	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill			Paper /	Plastics			Others,	
			the Contract			Sand	Public Fill	Rock	Metals	cardboard packaging	(see Note	Chemical Waste		e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)
	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )		(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )		(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )
Aug 2023	4.4200	0	0	4.4200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.1560

Notes:

- (1) Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates.
- (2) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials.
- (3) Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5m³ by volume.
- (4) Use the conversion factor: rock density =  $2 \text{ T/m}^3$ .

#### 5. CORAL

#### 5.1 Coral Monitoring Requirements

- 5.1.1 To monitor the health condition of corals during different phases, corals located within areas likely to be affected by the Project, corals located at control sites (areas unlikely to be affected by the Project), the trans-located coral colonies as well as the tagged natural coral colonies at the recipient site were chosen, in order to identify any adverse indirect impact from the marine works. The size, percentage cover and health condition of corals (i.e. any sign of abnormal appearance, such as layer of mucus, bleaching, partial mortality etc.) at representative transects should be recorded during each monitoring.
- 5.2 Coral Monitoring Parameters, Time, Frequency
- 5.2.1 Rapid Ecological Assessment (REA) survey was conducted on 26 June 2018 at the suggested control site and indirect impact site within two weeks before commencement of the construction work which was 29 June 2018. 10 selected hard coral colonies with the similar species were tagged at both control and indirect impact sites. Following coral translocation in the recipient site R3, 16 coral colonies attached to rocks less than 50 cm in diameter were translocated and tagged, as well as 10 selected natural coral colonies, at the recipient site. One additional REA survey was conducted in December 2018 to further assess the seabed condition at Indirect Impact Site after Typhoon Mangkhut.
- 5.2.2 Tagged coral colonies at the suggested control site and indirect impact site are being monitored weekly for the first month and followed by monthly monitoring for two months. Quarterly monitoring will be carried out after the first three-month of monthly monitoring until the completion of marine works and bi-annual monitoring will be carried out after the completion of marine works. The selected Control Site is located at Yuen Kong Chau of Soko Islands about 7 km away from the project area. Tagged coral colonies at the proposed recipient site are being monitored quarterly for one year. The selected recipient site R3 is located at the opposite side of the Project area at about 2 km away. The detailed survey of the Control Site and Impact Site were conducted before the commencement of the Construction Phase.
- 5.2.3 Monitoring recorded the following parameters (using the same methodology adopted during the pre-translocation survey); the size, presence, health conditions (percentage of mortality/bleaching) and percentage of sediment of each tagged coral colony. The general environmental conditions including weather, sea, and tidal conditions of impact site, control site and recipient site were monitored.
- 5.2.4 **Table 5.1** summarizes the monitoring locations, time and frequency of the tagged coral colonies monitoring. The monitoring schedule is provided in **Appendix C**.

Table 5.1 Tagged Coral Monitoring Locations, Time and Frequency

<b>Monitoring Location</b>	Monitoring Month/Year	Frequency	No. of Monitoring Survey
	1st Month	Weekly Survey	4
	2 <sup>nd</sup> to 3 <sup>rd</sup> Months	Monthly Survey	2
	4 <sup>th</sup> Month (postponed	Re-tagging of Cora	al Colonies in Indirect
	to 5th month due to	Impact Site after Ty	phoon Mangkhut
	diver accident in Shek		
	Kwu Chau in October		
	2018)		
	4 <sup>th</sup> Month (postponed		al Colonies in Control
	to 5 <sup>th</sup> month due to	Site after Typhoon N	Mangkhut
	diver accident in Shek		
	Kwu Chau in October		
	2018 and further		
	postpone to 6 <sup>th</sup> month due to adverse		
	weather)		
	5 <sup>th</sup> Month (postponed	Post Re-tagging	1
	to 6 <sup>th</sup> month due to	Monthly Survey	
	diver accident in Shek	Wilding Burvey	
	Kwu Chau and further		
40 1 11 1	postponed to 7 <sup>th</sup>		
10 selected hard coral colonies at control site /	month due to delay of		
indirect impact site	re-tagging activities at		
maneet impact site	both Indirect Impact		
	Site and Control Site)		
	7 <sup>th</sup> to 68 <sup>th</sup> Months	Quarterly Survey	20
	(postponed to 8 <sup>th</sup> to		
	57 <sup>th</sup> month due to		
	diver accident in Shek		
	Kwu Chau in October		
	2018) 69 <sup>th</sup> to 76 <sup>th</sup> Months	Di ampualle	2
		Bi-annually	2
	(The marine construction work is	Survey	
	anticipated to be		
	completed by		
	February 2024, the		
	frequency of		
	monitoring will be		
	changed to bi-annual		
	with reference to the		
	Updated EM&A		
	Mannual (Rev.E) )		
16 translocated hard			
coral colonies and 10	1 St 37	O	4
selected natural hard coral colonies at	1 <sup>st</sup> Year	Quarterly Survey	4
recipient site R3			

### 5.3 Coral Monitoring Locations

5.3.1 Location of the ten tagged coral colonies at each of the proposed indirect impact site (re-tagging after typhoon Mangkhut), control site (baseline) and recipient site R3 (translocation) are shown in **Figure 5.1**, **Figure 5.2** and **Figure 5.3** respectively:

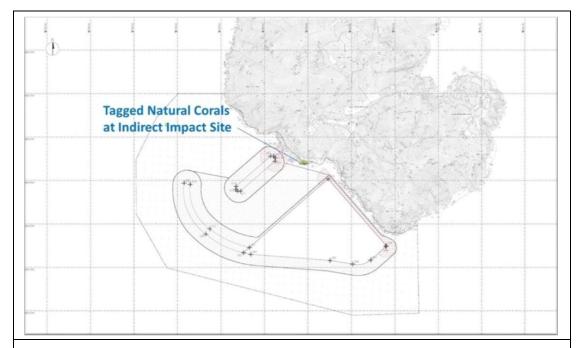


Figure 5.1 Tagged Natural Corals at Indirect Impact Site Near SKC for re-tagging after typhoon Mangkhut



Figure 5.2 Tagged Natural Corals at Control Site Near Yuen Kong Chau for retagging after typhoon Mangkhut



Figure 5.3 Tagged Translocation Corals at Recipient Site R3 near SKC

5.3.2 The GPS coordinates of the tagged coral colonies, retagged coral colonies and recipient site were shown in **Table 5.2**, **Table 5.3** and **Table 5.4** respectively.

Table 5.2 Tagged Natural Corals during Baseline and Re-tagged Natural Corals after Typhoon Manghkut at Control Site near Yuen Long Chau

Coral #	GPS Coo	ordinates
1	N22°09'45.96"	E113°54'57.81"
2R	N22°11'29.12"	E113°59'09.01"
3	N22°09'45.81"	E113°54'57.78"
4	N22°09'45.70"	E113°54'57.95"
5R	N22°11'29.10"	E113°59'09.18"
6	N22°09'45.75"	E113°54'58.02"
7R	N22°11'29.17"	E113°59'08.86"
7	N22°09'45.65"	E113°54'57.94"
8	N22°09'45.53"	E113°54'57.90"
9	N22°09'46.23"	E113°54'54.70"
10R	N22°11'29.18"	E113°59'08.91"

Notes:

i. The re-tagged corals were marked as #R.

Table 5.3 Re-tagged Natural Corals after Typhoon Manghkut at Indirect Impact Site near SKC

Coral # note i	GPS Coordinates	
11R	N22°11'29.14"	E113°59'08.92"
12R	N22°11'29.12"	E113°59'09.01"
13R	N22°11'29.11"	E113°59'09.07"
14R	N22°11'29.13"	E113°59'09.12"
15R	N22°11'29.10"	E113°59'09.18"
16R	N22°11'29.07"	E113°59'09.23"
17R	N22°11'29.17"	E113°59'08.86"
18R	N22°11'29.14"	E113°59'08.94"
19R	N22°11'29.20"	E113°59'08.81"
20R	N22°11'29.18"	E113°59'08.91"

### Notes:

Table 5.4 GPS Coordinates of Recipient Site R3

Site	GPS Coordinates	
R3	N22°11'43.69"	E113°28.99"

### 5.4 Impact Monitoring Methodology

- 5.4.1 Health status of coral was assessed by the following criteria:
  - Hard coral: Percentage of surface area exhibiting partial mortality and blanched/bleached area of each coral colony and degree of sedimentation.

### 5.5 Action and Limit Levels

5.5.1 Monitoring result was reviewed and compared against the below Action Level and Limit Level (AL/LL) as set with the below **Table 5.5** and **Table 5.6**.

i. The re-tagged corals were marked as #R.

Table 5.5 Action and Limit Levels for Construction Phase Coral Monitoring

Parameter	Action Level	Limit Level
Mortality	a 15% increase in the percentage of partial mortality on the corals occurs at more than 20% of the tagged indirect impact site coral colonies that is not	If during Impact Monitoring a 25% increase in the percentage of partial mortality on the corals occurs at more than 20% of the tagged indirect impact site coral colonies that is not recorded on the tagged corals at the control site, then the Limit Level is exceeded.

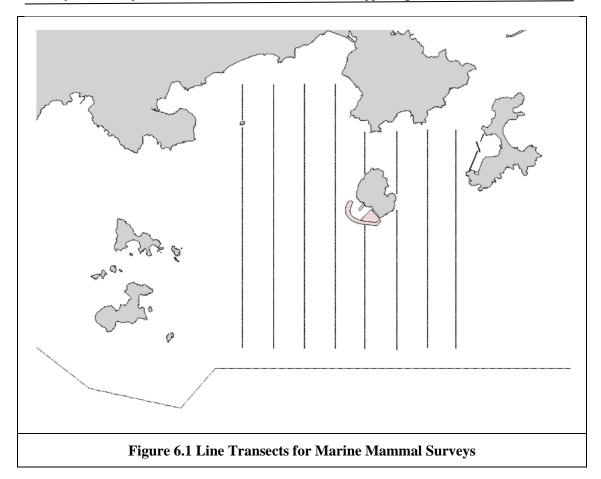
Table 5.6 Action and Limit Levels for Post-Translocation Coral Monitoring

Parameter	Action Level	Limit Level
Mortality	Monitoring a 15% increase in the percentage of partial mortality on the corals occurs at more than 20% of the translocated coral colonies	mortality on the corals occurs at more than 20% of the translocated coral colonies that is not recorded on the original corals in the recipient site,

- 5.5.2 If exceedance was found during coral monitoring. The actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan should be carried out according to **Appendix I.**
- 5.6 Monitoring Results and Observations
- 5.6.1 No coral monitoring survey had been done during the reporting period and the 19<sup>th</sup> quarterly coral monitoring during construction phase at both Indirect Impact Site and Control Site would be scheduled in September 2023.

### 6. MARINE MAMMAL

- 6.1 Monitoring Requirements
- 6.1.1 The marine mammal monitoring programme would focus on Finless Porpoise, as the study area near Shek Kwu Chau has been identified as a hotspot for this species, while the Chinese White Dolphins rarely occurred there in the past.
- 6.1.2 The monitoring will verify the predicted impacts on marine mammals and examine whether the mitigation measures recommended in the EIA report have been effectively implemented to protect marine mammals from negative impacts from construction activities.
- 6.1.3 The Vessel-based Line-transect Survey, the Passive Acoustic Monitoring and the Land-based Theodolite Tracking will be conducted to provide systematic, quantitative measurements of occurrence, encounter rate, habitat use, movement and behavioural patterns of marine mammals within or near the Project Area during construction and operational phases.
- 6.1.4 The mammal monitoring works during construction consist of the following three survey methods:
  - Vessel-based Line-transect Survey to monitor the occurrence of Finless Porpoises (and Chinese White Dolphins) in the study area during construction works, by comparing with the findings of the pre-construction marine mammal monitoring;
  - Passive Acoustic Monitoring to study the usage of the Project Area and two
    control sites in South Lantau Waters by Finless Porpoise during construction works,
    in reference with the baseline findings of the pre-construction marine mammal
    monitoring; and
  - Land-based Theodolite Tracking to study the movement and behavioral pattern of Finless Porpoise within and around the Project Area during construction works.
- 6.1.5 The marine mammal observation works of Marine Mammal Exclusion Zone (MMEZ) and Marine Mammal Watching as two of the specific mitigation measures recommended in the approved EIA report shall be fully and properly implemented for the Project to minimize disturbance on Finless Porpoise during construction and operational phases.
- 6.2 Survey Methods
- 6.2.1 Vessel-based Line-transect Survey
- 6.2.1.1 For the vessel-based marine mammal surveys, the monitoring team adopted the standard line-transect method (Buckland et al. 2001) as same as that adopted during the EIA study and pre-construction phase monitoring to allow fair comparison of marine mammal monitoring results.
- 6.2.1.2 Eight transect lines are set at Southeast Lantau survey area, including Shek Kwu Chau, waters between Shek Kwu Chau and the Soko Islands, inshore waters of Lantau Island (e.g. Pui O Wan) as well as southwest corner of Cheung Chau as shown in **Figure 6.1** below:



6.2.1.3 The surveys should cover all 4 seasons in order to take natural fluctuation and seasonal variations into account for data analysis of distribution, encounter rate, density and habitat use of both porpoises and dolphins (if any). In comparison to the baseline monitoring results, results from the analysed construction phase monitoring data would allow the detection of any changes of their usage of habitat, in response to the scheduled construction works. The monitoring surveys shall be conducted throughout the construction phase involving marine construction work with the frequency shown in **Table 6.1** below:

Table 6.1 Vessel-based Line-transect Survey Frequency

Season	Months	Frequency
Peak Season	December, January, February,	Twice per month
	March, April & May	
Non-peak Season	June, July, August, September,	Once per month
	October & November	_

6.2.1.4 For each vessel survey, a 15-m inboard vessel with an open upper deck (about 4.5 m above water surface) would be used to make observations from the flying bridge area. Two experienced marine mammal observers (a data recorder and a primary observer) would make up the on-effort survey team, and the survey vessel would transit different transect lines at a constant speed of 13-15 km per hour. The data recorder shall search with unaided eyes and fill out the datasheets, while the primary observer shall search for dolphins and porpoises continuously through 7 x 50 marine binoculars. Both observers shall search the sea ahead of the vessel, between 270° and 90° (in relation to the bow, which is defined as 0°). Two additional experienced observers shall be available on the boat to work in shift (i.e. rotate every 30 minutes) in order to minimize fatigue of the survey team members. All observers shall be

experienced in small cetacean survey techniques and identifying local cetacean species with extensive training by marine mammal specialist of the ET.

- 6.2.1.5 During on-effort survey periods, the survey team shall record effort data including time, position (latitude and longitude), weather conditions (Beaufort sea state and visibility), and distance travelled in each series (a continuous period of search effort) with the assistance of a handheld GPS (Garmin eTrex Legend). Data including time, position and vessel speed would also be automatically and continuously logged by handheld GPS throughout the entire survey for subsequent review.
- 6.2.1.6 When porpoises or dolphins are sighted, the survey team shall end the survey effort, and immediately record the initial sighting distance and angle of the porpoise or dolphin group from the survey vessel, as well as the sighting time and position. Then the research vessel shall be diverted from its course to approach the animals for species identification, group size estimation, assessment of group composition, behavioural observations, and collection of identification photos (feasible only for Chinese White Dolphin). The perpendicular distance (PSD) of the porpoise or dolphin group to the transect line would then be calculated from the initial sighting distance and angle, which shall be used in the line-transect analysis for density and abundance estimation.
- 6.2.1.7 The line-transect survey data shall be integrated with a Geographic Information System (GIS) to visualize and interpret different spatial and temporal patterns of porpoise and dolphin distribution using their sighting positions collected from vessel surveys. Location data of porpoise and dolphin groups would be plotted on map layers of Hong Kong using a desktop GIS (e.g. ArcView© 3.1) to examine their distribution patterns in details. The encounter rate could be used as an indicator to determine areas or time periods of importance to porpoises within the study area. For encounter rate analysis of finless porpoises, only survey data collected under Beaufort 2 or below condition would be used for encounter rate analysis.
- 6.2.1.8 To take into account of the variations of survey effort across different sections within survey area, the quantitative grid analysis of habitat use would be conducted to examine finless porpoise usage among 1-km² grids within the Southeast Lantau survey area. For the grid analysis, SPSE (sighting density) and DPSE (porpoise density) values would be deduced for evaluation on level of porpoise usage. First, positions of on-effort porpoise sightings from the study period are plotted onto 68 grids (1 km x 1 km each) within the survey area. Sighting density grids and porpoise density grids shall then be normalized with the amount of survey effort conducted within each grid. The total amount of survey effort spent on each grid shall be calculated by examining the survey coverage on each line-transect survey to determine how many times the grid had been surveyed during study period. With the amount of survey effort calculated for each grid, the sighting density and porpoise density of each grid shall be further normalized (i.e. divided by the unit of survey effort).
- 6.2.1.9 The newly-derived unit for sighting density was termed SPSE, representing the number of on-effort sightings per 100 units of survey effort. In addition, the derived unit for actual porpoise density was termed DPSE, representing the number of dolphins/porpoise per 100 units of survey effort. Among the 1-km² grids that were partially covered by land, the percentage of sea area was calculated using GIS tools, and their SPSE and DPSE values were adjusted accordingly. The following formulae shall be used to estimate SPSE and DPSE in each 1-km² grid within the study area:

$$SPSE = ((S / E) \times 100) / SA\%$$
  
 $DPSE = ((D / E) \times 100) / SA\%$ 

where S = total number of on-effort sightings

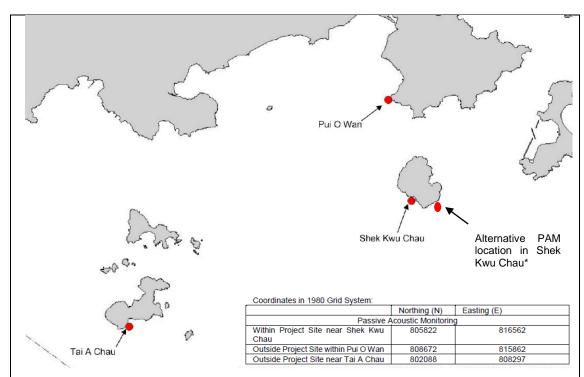
D = total number of dolphins/porpoises from on-effort sightings

E = total number of units of survey effort

SA% = percentage of sea area

### 6.2.2 Passive Acoustic Monitoring (PAM)

The PAM aims to study the usage of an area by Finless Porpoise by using an array of automated static porpoise detectors (e.g. C-POD) which would be deployed at different locations to detect the unique ultra-high frequency sounds produced by Finless Porpoise. During the construction period, the PAM survey will be conducted including placement of two passive porpoise detectors outside the Project Area as control site (i.e. within Pui O Wan and to the south of Tai A Chau) and one porpoise detector within the Project Area (i.e. near Shek Kwu Chau) as shown in **Figure 6.2** below.



Note\*: The alternative PAM device adjacent to the Project site was deployed from 5 Mar to 11 Apr 2019, which contained a full 37 days acoustic monitoring data set. After the confirmation of loss of the original PAM within the Project site, this data set was proposed to replace that of the original one, as consulted with AFCD accordingly.

Figure 6.2 Locations of Passive Acoustic Monitoring

6.2.3 These three detectors will be deployed on-site to carry out 24-hours monitoring for a period listed as **Table 6.2** below during the construction phase.

**Table 6.2 PAM Deployment Period** 

Season	Months	Deployment Period
Peak Season	December, January, February,	At least 30 days during the peak
	March, April or May	months of porpoise occurrence
		in South Lantau waters

- 6.2.3.1 The automated static porpoise detectors shall detect the presence and number of finless porpoise and Chinese White Dolphins respectively over the deployment period, with the false signal such as boat sonar and sediment transport noise distinguished and filtered out. The detectors shall be deployed and retrieved by professional dive team on the seabed of the three selected location shown in **Figure 6.2**. During each deployment, the C-POD unit serial numbers as well as the time and date of deployments shall be recorded. Information including the GPS positions and water depth at each of the deployment locations shall also be obtained.
- 6.2.3.2 The diel patterns (i.e. 24-hour activity pattern) of finless porpoise occurrence among the three sites at Shek Kwu Chau, Tai A Chau and Pui O Wan shall be analyzed. Peaks and troughs of finless porpoise occurrence per hour of day would be identified and compared with the results obtained from pre-construction monitoring.
- 6.2.4 Land-based Theodolite Tracking
- 6.2.4.1 The Land-based Theodolite Tracking study would use the same station as in the AFCD monitoring study (same as the baseline monitoring location), which is situated at the southwest side of Shek Kwu Chau (GPS position: 22°11.47' N and 113°59.33' E) as shown in below **Figure 6.3**. The station was selected based on its height above sea level (at least 20 metres), close proximity to shore, and relatively unobstructed views of the entire Project Area to the southwest of Shek Kwu Chau. The height of the Shek Kwu Chau Station established by the HKCRP team is 74.6 m high at mean low water, and only a few hundred metres to the IWMF reclamation site, which is ideal for the purpose for the present behavioural and movement monitoring of finless porpoises as well during construction phase considering there as an un-obstructed vantage point at a height above the Project Site.

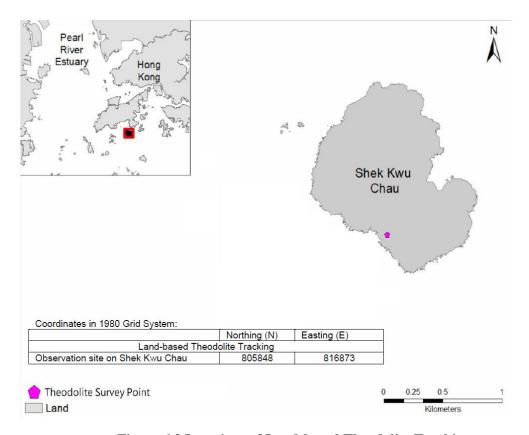


Figure 6.3 Locations of Land-based Theodolite Tracking

During the construction phase, Land-based Theodolite Tracking will be carried out for approximately six hours of tracking for each day of field work for a period listed as **Table 6.3** below, preferably at the initial stage of the construction period (i.e. December 2018 to May 2019).

Table 6.3 Land-based Theodolite Tracking Survey Period

Season	Months	Survey Period
Peak Season	December, January, February,	30 days during the peak months
	March, April or May	of porpoise occurrence in South
		Lantau waters

6.2.4.2 The monitoring period for land-based theodolite tracking will be proposed to be overlapped with the PAM. The monitoring team consists of one experienced theodolite operator and at least two field observers for assistance. To conduct theodolite tracking, the observers will search systematically for Finless Porpoise using the unaided eye and 7 x 50 handheld binoculars on each survey day throughout the study area. When an individual or group of porpoises is located, a theodolite tracking session will be initiated and focal follow methods will be used to track the porpoise(s). Behavioural state data (i.e. resting, milling, travelling, feeding and socializing) shall also be recorded every 5 minutes for the focal individual or group. Positions of porpoises and boats shall be measured using a digital theodolite connected to a laptop computer. This tracking survey was conducted during the peak season between December 2018 and May 2019 for 30 surveys spanning across 15-16 weeks during the peak season to provide good temporal coverage during the initial stage of the construction period.

### 6.3 Specific Mitigation Measures

### 6.3.1 Monitored exclusion zones

- 6.3.1.1 A MMEZ with 250 m distance from silt curtain shall be established during the above situation. If 3 or more construction vessels are required with MMO's duty and operating in close proximity, for the purpose of avoiding accidental entrance to the works area by Marine Mammal, a cluster MMEZ plan will be implemented to form a MMEZ with 250 m distance from the boundary of a work area as indicated in Figure 1 for reference. A team of MMO (i.e. at least two MMOs per day/night shift teams) would be arranged at the out-lying construction vessels to form the cluster MMEZ. The MMEZ serves as a monitoring approach to provide appropriate and immediate actions once finless porpoise or Chinese White Dolphin is sighted within the MMEZ. All MMEZ will be monitored by competent Marine Mammal Observers (MMOs) to be provided by the Environmental Team for the IWMF and trained by the Marine Mammal Monitoring Specialist of the ET who is independent from KSZHJV. The marine mammal observer(s) shall be independent of the construction contractor and shall form part of the Environmental Team and have the power to call-off construction activities.
- 6.3.1.2 According to the Condition 2.25 of the FEP, MMEZ should be implemented during the installation/re-installation/relocation process of floating type silt curtains in order to avoid the accidental entrance and entrapment of marine mammals within the silt curtains. Also, marine construction works expected to produce underwater acoustic disturbance as per Condition 2.27 of the FEP, especially within December and May, would require the implementation of MMEZ, which currently all those specific construction activities have been replaced by less acoustically disturbing construction methods such as Deep Cement Mixing (DCM) and Precast Concrete

Blocks Installation as discussed in Section 5.3 of the Detailed Monitoring Programme on Finless Porpoise, however, MMEZ would also be implemented for precautionary purpose for DCM works.

6.3.1.3 A MMEZ with 250 m distance from the boundary of a work area shall be established during the above situation. A typical MMEZ is indicated in **Figure 6.4** for reference. The MMEZ serves as a monitoring approach to provide appropriate and immediate actions once finless porpoise or Chinese White Dolphin is sighted within the MMEZ. All MMEZ will be monitored by competent Marine Mammal Observers (MMOs) to be provided by the Environmental Team (ET) for the IWMF and trained by the Marine Mammal Monitoring Specialist of the ET who is independent from KSZHJV.

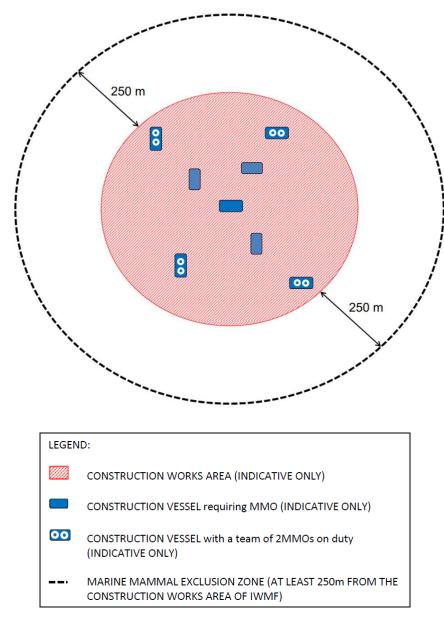


Figure 6.4 Illustration of Typical MMEZ

- 6.3.1.4 Prior to the commencement of construction activity, our MMOs shall ensure the boundary of a marine work area and setting up of the MMEZ for the work area and get access to the monitoring location on a barge or a lookout point where there is no obstructed views for monitoring the MMEZ during the construction activity. The MMEZ shall be scanned thoroughly by a MMO for any presence of marine mammal e.g. finless porpoise for an initial period of 30 minutes. Construction activity shall only be commenced after the MMO has confirmed that the MMEZ is clear of the marine mammal for the initial period of 30 minutes. The MMO shall then inform the construction superintendent through mobile phone or handheld transceivers to certify the commencement of construction activity. The MMEZ monitoring shall be carried on throughout the period for all active construction activities requiring implementation of MMEZ.
- 6.3.1.5 When any mammal marine, e.g. Finless Porpoise, is detected by the MMO within the MMEZ during construction, the MMO shall inform the construction superintendent immediately through mobile phone or handheld transceivers to cease construction activity within the MMEZ. Construction activity shall not be recommenced until the MMO confirms that the MMEZ is continuously clear of marine mammal for a period of 30 minutes. The MMO shall then inform the construction superintendent through mobile phone or handheld transceivers to certify the re-commencement of construction activity.
- 6.3.1.6 As there could be a number of Contractors working at the same time within a work area for the IWMF project, a full contact list of MMEZ monitoring team members of the ET and the relevant responsible construction superintendents of the Contractor at the site shall be prepared, updated regularly and circulated to all parties involved in the MMEZ monitoring. With a full contact list, our MMOs shall be able to find out the contacts of corresponding persons in case of marine mammal sighting within and near the MMEZ or emergent occurrence of any unpredictable impact on marine mammal.
- 6.3.1.7 If a marine mammal is still observed in close vicinity but outside the MMEZ, the MMO shall inform the construction superintendent about the presence of marine mammal. The MMO shall remain in position and closely observe the movement of the marine mammal as well as searching for the appearance of any other marine mammal within the MMEZ. No matter the marine mammal is observed within or in close vicinity but outside the MMEZ, the construction superintendent or relevant persons shall inform all vessel captains involved in construction activities around the MMEZ to pay special attention of the presence of the marine mammal in order to reduce chance of collision with them. In case of injury or live-stranded marine mammal being found within the MMEZ, the marine mammal observer shall immediately inform the construction superintendent to suspend construction activities within the works area and contact AFCD through "1823" marine mammal stranding hotline.
- 6.3.2 Marine mammal watching plan
- 6.3.2.1 Upon the completion of silt curtain installation/re-installation/relocation, the marine works would be conducted within an enclosed environment within the silt curtain. Subsequently, Visual Inspection of the Waters Surrounded by Silt Curtains (Section 2.1, MMWP) and Regular Inspection of Deployed Silt Curtain (Section 2.2, MMWP) inspection under Marine Mammal Watching Plan would be implemented (where applicable, Marine Mammal Exclusion Zone shall be conducted at the meantime).

- 6.3.2.2 Before commencement of dredging/sand blanket laying work at each designated area, a trained MMO shall check whether position frame silt curtains are ready, well prepared and operated without any obvious damage. Also, the MMO shall confirm the presence of the relevant frontline staff of the main contractor or its subcontractors and engineers on board to ensure the effective communication, coordination and implementation of the response plan in relation to any incidents involving marine mammals within the waters surrounded by the position frame type silt curtains and the work areas. Also, there are lookout points at an elevated level on each barge, clear and safe access at the edges of the derrick lighter/ flag-top barge for inspection during dredging/sand blanket laying works, provision of sufficient lighting is required if working at night.
- 6.3.2.3 During the operation, the inspection will be conducted daily. The MMO will walk along the edge of derrick lighter (DL) and flag-top barge (FB) along the position frame silt curtain or proper location without obstacles where appropriate to inspect the position frame silt curtain with naked eyes, the MMO will check that the position frame silt curtains are maintained in the correct positions with no obvious defects / entanglement and there is no observable muddy water passing through the position frame silt curtain system. Any floating refuse trapped by the silt curtain shall be removed as part of the regular inspection. For night inspection, spotlight will be used to provide sufficient brightness to assist the inspection in dark condition.
- For the re-deployment of the localized silt curtains (frame-type, cage-type or 6.3.2.4 enclosed floating-type silt curtains), MMO will conduct visual inspection to confirm that there is no presence of marine mammal within the localized silt curtains (frametype, cage-type or enclosed floating-type silt curtains). Visual inspection will be conducted every hour by MMO for confirming that there is no marine mammal observed in the surrounding area of the deployed silt curtain during re-deployment of localized silt curtains (frame-type, cage-type or enclosed floating-type silt curtains). The duration will be subject to various conditions, e.g. weather or angle of observation. The works can only commence after confirming that the surrounding waters of the localized silt curtains do not contain any marine mammal. Thereafter, frontline staff, i.e. foremen, site agent, superintendents and engineers will assist our MMO in implementing the plan from the active work fronts within the waters surrounded by the silt curtains throughout the work period. The MMO will conduct regular check to observe the presence of any marine mammal around the localized silt curtain or being trapped by the localized silt curtain daily. The MMOs will also check if the localized silt curtains are in correct positions.
- 6.3.2.5 The MMO shall fill up our Marine Mammal Sighting Record Sheet. After inspection, those records should be kept properly and submitted to the project team. In case there is any marine mammal being found, the MMO should carry out the response actions and communicate with relevant parties to stop and then resume work after the discovered marine mammal leaves. After lifting up and mobilization of silt curtain, the MMO will repeat the procedures of regular and visual inspection until the end of the construction works.
- 6.3.2.6 Each lookout point will have an unobstructed view to waters around the DL and FB. The MMO will move around the DL and FB to establish a clear and unobstructed view as much as they can without compromising the safety concern. When appropriate, the lookout point can be replaced by a proper location if unobstructed view can be assured.

- 6.3.2.7 Installation of caisson No.19 was completed on 18 March 2021, which the reclamation area had been totally enclosed by permanent structure. Floating type silt curtain at marine access was removed on 18 March 2021. No enclosed area shall be formed by deployment of silt curtain for the remaining works programme.
- 6.4 Results and Observations
- 6.4.1 Vessel-based Line-transect Survey
- 6.4.1.1 As confirmed with Contractor and Project Supervising Officer, no marine construction work will be carried out from March to December 2023 tentatively. An updated EM&A arrangement to propose the temporary suspension of line transect monitoring from March to December 2023 was submitted to EPD on 21 March 2023 and EPD had no comment on the updated EM&A arrangement on 29 March 2023. The line transect monitoring was then temporarily suspended from 30 March 2023 onward.
- 6.4.2 PAM and Land-based Theodolite Tracking
- 6.4.2.1 30 days of PAM surveys were started on 1 May 2019 and completed in the end of May 2019. Multiple PAM systems were deployed at three sites. The PAM system located at the IWMF was lost, however, an alternative data set had been identified. The PAM systems at the two control sites Tai A Chau and Pui O were recovered on 3 August 2019. A summary of marine mammal detections showed that porpoise were recorded every day of deployment at each site, but at varying frequencies. The detailed theodolite result was presented in 17<sup>th</sup> Monthly EM&A report (November 2019) while detailed PAM result was presented in 18<sup>th</sup> Monthly EM&A report (December 2019).
- For the baseline study, the Detection Positive Minutes (DPM) for each site was 6.4.2.2 11,160 (Shek Kwu Chau), 16,089 (Tai A Chau) and 3645 (Pui O Wan), totalling 30,894 DPM across all three sites, compared to DPMs of 4740 (Shek Kwu Chau), 7725 (Tai A Chau) and 23,986 (Pui O Wan), totalling 36,451 DPM, for the impact phase study. As the impact phase study was longer than the baseline study, it is not appropriate to directly compare total counts of DPM. However, the DPM rate (the average number of detections per day) for each site can be more directly compared. During the baseline study, Shek Kwu Chau averaged 338.2 DPM per day compared with 124.8 DPM per day during the impact phase study. This showed a decrease in the daily average of porpoise detection at Shek Kwu Chau. During the baseline study, Tai A Chau averaged 487.6 DPM per day compared with 179.7 DPM per day, during the impact phase study. This showed a decrease in the daily average of porpoise detection at Tai A Chau. During the baseline study, Pui O Wan averaged 98.5 DPM per day compared with 557.8 DPM per day during the impact phase study. This showed a significant increase in the daily average of porpoise detections at Pui O Wan.
- 6.4.2.3 Overall, the PAM study showed that porpoise continue to consistently utilise the Shek Kwu Chau habitat immediately adjacent to the IWMF construction activities, although to a lesser degree than that prior to construction activities. In addition, the Pui O Wan site, which is 2.5 km away from the IWMF construction area, was also consistently utilised during the impact phase PAM study. A continued assessment of fine scale habitat use, particularly through PAM which yielded large quantities of data, would allow a more comprehensive assessment of the EIA predictions.

- 6.4.2.4 Theodolite surveys were completed in May 2019. In total, 34 days of theodolite tracking were completed between February and May 2019, comprising 167 hours and 49 minutes of observation. No Chinese white dolphin was observed and only one finless was recorded. The finless porpoise encounter rate was calculated as 0.006 finless porpoise per hour, in all weather conditions.
- 6.4.2.5 A total of 2620 vessels of ten different types were observed and tracked within or in the proximity of the IWMF construction site. These comprised fishing boats (236), speed boats (29), container boats (155), government boats (22), high speed ferries (53), others (13) and IWMF-Related construction platforms (974), tug boats (240), transportation boats (363), construction boats (531) and approximately 8 buoys were present marking the site boundary.
- 6.4.2.6 The baseline theodolite tracking was conducted immediately prior to and during the site preparation activities of the site. The baseline data records a decrease in porpoise sightings as site preparation activities commenced and notes that the decrease was most likely due to the onset of site preparation activities. The impact theodolite tracking conducted for this study records a marked increase in the number of Project related vessels and platforms and, in agreement with baseline conclusions, shows a concomitant decrease in finless porpoise sightings.
- 6.4.3 Specific Mitigation Measures
- 6.4.3.1 Trainings for the MMO were provided by the ET prior to the monitoring of the Marine Mammal Exclusion Zone (MMEZ) for installation/ re-installation/ relocation process of silt curtains, with a cumulative total of 98 individuals being trained and the training records kept by the ET.

### 7. WHITE-BELLIED SEA EAGLE

### 7.1 Monitoring Requirement

- 7.1.1 On Shek Kwu Chau Island, a nest of WBSE is located about 60 m above ground within a hillside shrubland habitat, 130 m in-land from shore, about 550 m away from the proposed reclaimed land, with no human access. 3 phases monitoring programme will be comprised of pre-construction phase, construction phase and operation phase.
- 7.1.2 The Pre-Construction WBSE monitoring was started on 30 January 2018 and the location of WBSE nest was confirmed on 21 February 2018 and it is located at the western part of SKC Island (**Figure 7.1**). Two adults and two chicks were also recorded on 5 March 2018 survey till the end of the Pre-construction monitoring on 15 May 2018. Construction Phase monitoring were carried out followed by the commencement of the Construction Phase on 28 June 2018.

### 7.2 WBSE Monitoring Parameters, Time, Frequency

- 7.2.1 The objective of the construction phase monitoring should be to verify the utilisation of the area by WBSE, their responses to construction disturbance, as well as the effectiveness of the proposed mitigation measures. Throughout the construction phase, field surveys should be conducted twice per month during their core breeding season (from December to May), and once per month outside their core breeding season (from June to November). The monitoring frequency should be increased to weekly during the incubation period of each year. In order to confirm their foraging ground near the construction site, it is necessary to conduct daily monitoring during the first week of nestling period in each year.
- 7.2.2 Since the location of the WBSE nest was located at the southwest of SKC within the hillside shrubland, it is impossible to observe the eggs during incubation period. Therefore, monitoring with increased frequency during incubation period will be continued until chick was seen in the nest. Daily monitoring of 7-day consecutive monitoring will be carried out once any chick is recorded during the monitoring day. The monitoring schedule during the reporting period is provided in **Appendix C**.

### 7.3 Monitoring Location

7.3.1 Since there are no suitable land footings along the coast of SKC, only boat surveys were conducted. On Shek Kwu Chau Island, a nest of WBSE is located about 60 m above ground within a hillside shrubland habitat, 130 m in-land from shore, about 550 m away from the proposed reclaimed land, with no human access.

### 7.4 Monitoring Methodology

- 7.4.1 Information to be collected included feeding, perching/roosting, preening, soaring, flying, nesting and territorial guarding and the time spent on each activity. The responses and reactions to any disturbance to the WBSEs were also recorded and examined in conjunction with the construction noise and/or other events in the vicinity. Other disturbances such as weather condition, or invasion by other fauna species were also recorded.
- 7.4.2 Binocular, scope, camera, lens and GPS device used are summarized as **Table 7.1** below:

Table 7.1 List of Equipment Used during Construction Phase Monitoring

Equipment	Quantity
Swarovski EL 8.5 x 42 Binocular	1
Swarovski EL Range 8 x 42 Binocular	1
Swarovski ATX 25-60 x 85 Spotting Scope	1
Canon 1Dx Mark II Camera	1
Canon EF300mm F2.8 Lens with Canon 2x Teleconverter	1
Canon PowerShot G7X Camera	1
Garmin GPSMAP 64S	1

7.4.3 If event such as absence of White-bellied Sea Eagle during a whole day of monitoring was found during WBSE monitoring, the actions in accordance with the Event and Action Plan should be carried out according to **Appendix J.** 

#### 7.5 Results and Observations

7.5.1 To verify the utilization of the area by WBSE, their responses to construction disturbance, as well as the effectiveness of the proposed mitigation measures. Since there is no landing point long the western part of SKC, boat survey were used for the monitoring survey. The WBSE, monitoring survey was carried out in the morning. The weather condition of monitoring survey was shown in **Table 7.2**.

Table 7.2 Weather Conditions during the WBSE Monitoring

Date	Condition	Temperature (°C)
28 August 2023	<ul><li>East to southeast wind force 3 to 4</li><li>Sunny intervals and a few showers</li></ul>	32

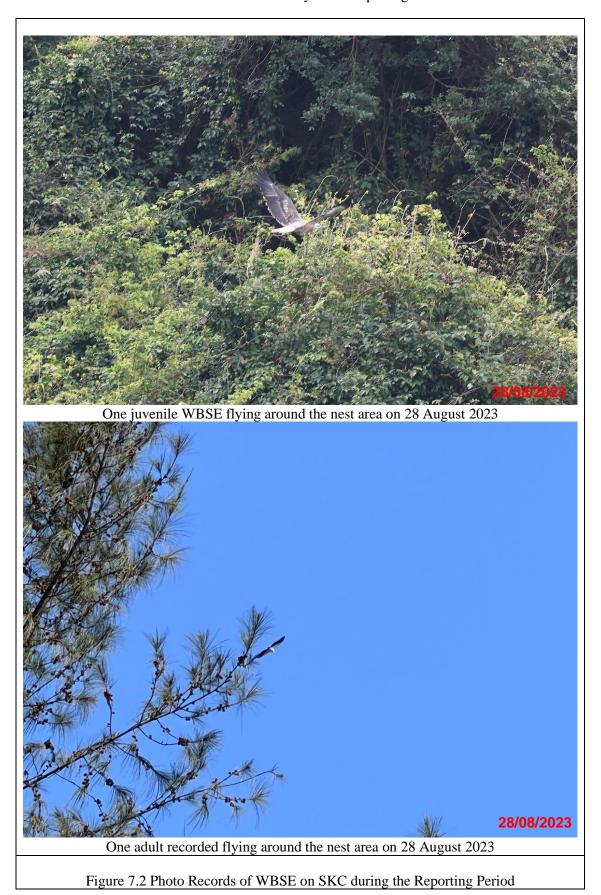
- 7.5.2 The August 2023 construction phase monitoring was conducted on 28 August 2023. During the whole monitoring survey period, the two adult WBSEs and one juvenile were recorded. No abnormal behaviour of the recorded for both adults and juvenile during the August 2023 construction phase monitoring.
- 7.5.3 The juvenile recorded in 2022 has not been observed since monitoring event in September 2022, it is suggested that the juvenile left the nest at SKC and nesting in other area outside our monitoring boundary.
- 7.5.4 All construction works during the monitoring period did not show any effect to the WBSE.
- 7.5.5 Any disturbances from anthropogenic activities on the island were not recorded during the monitoring survey. However, there were fishing boats moving close the shore were recorded. Since the nesting tree is about 160m away from the shore and it is not accessible, fishing boat activities didn't show any direct disturbance to the WBSE nest. No invasion of other fauna species was recorded.
- 7.5.6 There was no sign of using the construction site as a foraging ground.
- 7.5.7 Once per month construction phase monitoring will be continued in September 2023 during the non-breeding season (between June to November) in order to monitor the

incubation period, utilization of the area by WBSE and their responses to construction disturbance.



Figure 7.1 Location of WBSE Nest on SKC

### 7.5.8 Photo record of WBSE from the survey in this reporting month is shown below:



# 8. SUMMARY OF MONITORING EXCEEDANCE, COMPLAINTS, NOTIFICATION OF SUMMONS AND PROSECUTIONS

8.1 The Environmental Complaint Handling Procedure is shown in **Figure 8.1**.

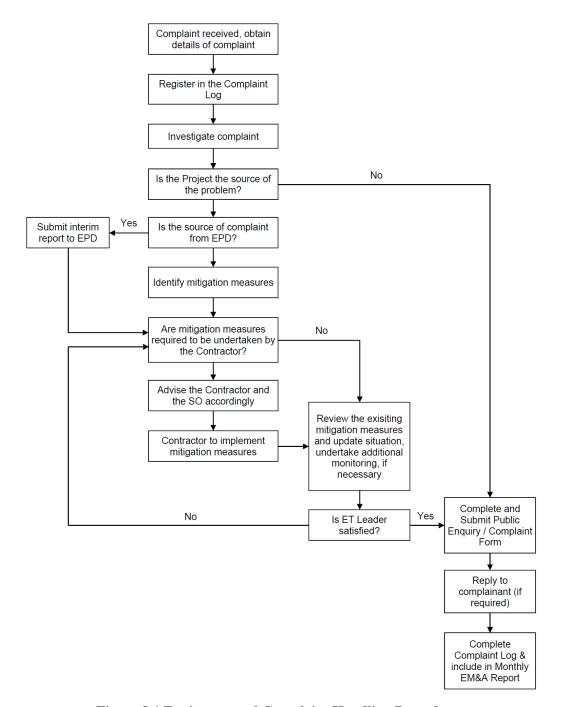


Figure 8.1 Environmental Complaint Handling Procedures

- 8.2 No exceedance of the Action and Limit Levels of the regular WBSE monitoring and noise monitoring was recorded during the reporting period as shown in **Appendix K**.
- 8.3 No notification of summons and prosecution was received in the reporting period.
- 8.4 Statistics on complaints, notifications of summons and successful prosecutions are summarized in **Appendix L**.

### 9. EM&A SITE INSPECTION

9.1 Site inspections were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the implementation of proper environmental pollution control and mitigation measures under the Contract. In the reporting period, site inspections were carried out on 02, 08, 15, 22 and 29 August 2023 at the site portions listed in **Table 9.1** below.

**Table 9.1 Site Inspection Record** 

Date	Inspected Site Portion	Time
02 August 2023	Portion 1, 1A & 1B (near SKC)	10:15 AM – 11:15 AM
08 August 2023	Portion 1, 1A & 1B (near SKC)	10:20 AM – 11:15 AM
15 August 2023	Portion 1, 1A & 1B (near SKC)	10:30 AM – 11:20 AM
22 August 2023	Portion 1, 1A & 1B (near SKC)	10:30 AM – 11:20 AM
29 August 2023	Portion 1, 1A & 1B (near SKC)	10:25 AM – 11:15 AM

- 9.2 One joint site inspection with IEC was carried out on 15 August 2023.
- 9.3 Environmental deficiencies were observed during weekly site inspection. Key observations during the site inspections of the reporting period are summarized in **Table 9.2**.

**Table 9.2 Site Observations** 

Date	Environmental Observations	Follow-up Status
02 August 2023 (Site inspection)	Observation(s) and Recommendation(s)  1. Near concrete batching plant, oil stain on ground was observed.  2. The faded NRMM label for excavator (HCMJAE91H00060965) should be replaced.	Near concrete batching plant, oil stain on ground had been removed and treated as chemical waste.      The faded NRMM label for excavator (HCMJAE91H00060965) had been replaced.
08 August 2023 (Site inspection)	Observation(s) and Recommendation(s)  1. Near concrete batching barge and work area of 偉豐怡, oil drum or chemicals should be placed on drip tray.  2. NRMM label for CC25 is missing.	<ol> <li>Near concrete batching barge and work area of 偉豐怡, oil drum or chemicals had been removed and placed on drip tray.</li> <li>NRMM label for CC25 had been renewed.</li> </ol>
15 August 2023 (Site inspection)	<ol> <li>Observation(s) and Recommendation(s)</li> <li>NRMM label was found missing at CC17 and generator at concrete batching plant.</li> <li>At Bay 8, geotextile should be well deployed along vertical seawall.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>NRMM label at CC17 and generator located at concrete batching plant had been renewed.</li> <li>At Bay 8, geotextile had been repaired and well deployed along vertical seawall.</li> </ol>

Date	Environmental Observations	Follow-up Status
22 August 2023	Observation(s) and Recommendation(s)  1. At land based concrete batching plant, stockpile of dusty material should be covered with impervious sheeting.	At land based concrete batching plant, stockpile of dusty material had been covered with impervious sheeting.
(Site inspection)	<ol> <li>At storage area of (岩土 H-pile), oil drums should be placed on drip tray.</li> <li>At Bay 8, broken sandbags should be replaced.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>At storage area of (岩土 H-pile), oil drums had been placed on drip tray.</li> <li>At Bay 8, broken sandbags had been replaced.</li> </ol>
29 August 2023 (Site inspection)	Observation(s) and Recommendation(s)  1. At work area of 岩土, oil drums should be placed on drip tray. Drip tray should be maintained in good condition.  2. The faded NRMM label for generator (3956959) should be replaced.	<ol> <li>At work area of 岩土, oil drums had been placed on drip tray. Drip tray had been maintained in good condition.</li> <li>The faded NRMM label for generator (3956959) had been replaced.</li> </ol>

- 9.4 The Contractor had rectified all the observations identified during environmental site inspections in the reporting period.
- 9.5 According to the EIA Study Report, Environmental Permit, contract documents and Updated EM&A Manual, the mitigation measures detailed in the documents are implemented as much as practical during the reporting period. An updated Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures (EMIS) is provided in **Appendix B**.

### 10. FUTURE KEY ISSUES

- 10.1 Works to be undertaken in the next reporting month are:
  - Reclamation Area:
    - Installation of Instrumentation
    - Site Investigation works for foundation
    - Foundation works (including Driven H Pile and Socketed H Pile)
    - Pile cap construction
    - Structural steel work
    - Superstructure construction
  - Seawall Portion:
    - Caisson extension works, from +3mPD to +6mPD, at Seawall A and B
    - Construction of wave wall along the vertical seawall
- 10.2 Potential environmental impacts arising from the above construction activities are mainly associated with construction noise, waste management and ecology.
- 10.3 The key environmental mitigation measures for the Project in the coming reporting period expected to be associated with the construction activities include:
  - Reduction of noise from equipment and machinery on-site;
  - Sorting, recycling, storage and disposal of general refuse and construction waste;
  - Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage on-site, especially under heavy rains and adverse weather;
  - Dust control of exposed soil surface and stockpile of dusty material at reclaimed area;
  - Dust suppression measures for exposed earth surface and stockpile of dusty material;
  - Site runoff control measure during construction works; and
  - Dust and noise control of foundation works.
- 10.4 The tentative schedule of regular construction noise and ecology monitoring in the next reporting period is presented in **Appendix M**. The regular construction noise and ecology monitoring will be conducted at the same monitoring locations in the next reporting period.

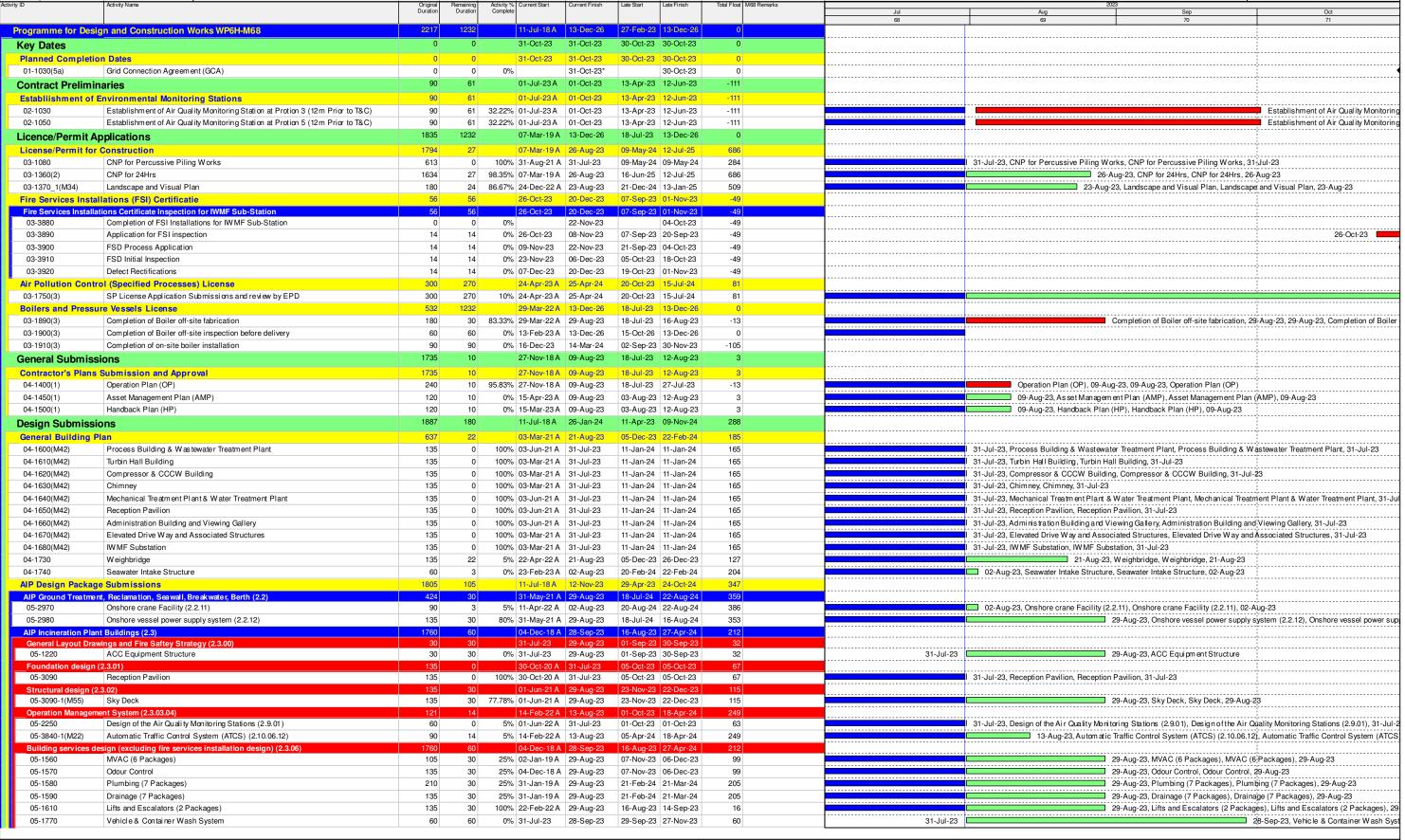
### 11. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 11.1 This 62<sup>nd</sup> monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report presents the EM&A works undertaken during the period from 1 August to 31 August 2023, in accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual and the requirement under EP-429/2012/A and FEP-01/429/2012/A.
- 11.2 Construction noise, construction waste and WBSE monitoring were carried out in the reporting period. No project-related exceedance of the Action and Limit Level was recorded from 1 August to 31 August 2023.
- 11.3 Weekly environmental site inspections were conducted during the reporting period. Environmental deficiencies were observed during site inspection and were rectified.
- 11.4 According to the environmental site inspections performed in the reporting month, the Contractor was reminded to pay attention on the proper storage of the chemicals for preventing accidental spillage of chemicals, proper deployment of geotextile for preventing site runoff, proper storage of general waste to maintain the site tidiness and replacing the faded NRMMs label.
- 11.5 No environmental complaint was received in the reporting period.
- 11.6 No notification of summon or prosecution was received since commencement of the Contract.
- 11.7 The ET will keep track of the construction works to confirm compliance of environmental requirements and the proper implementation of all necessary mitigation measures.

Contract No. EP/SP/66, Integrated Waste Manag	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix A	Master Programme	







# 3-Month Rolling Programme (July 2023)

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Remaining Work

Actual Milestone

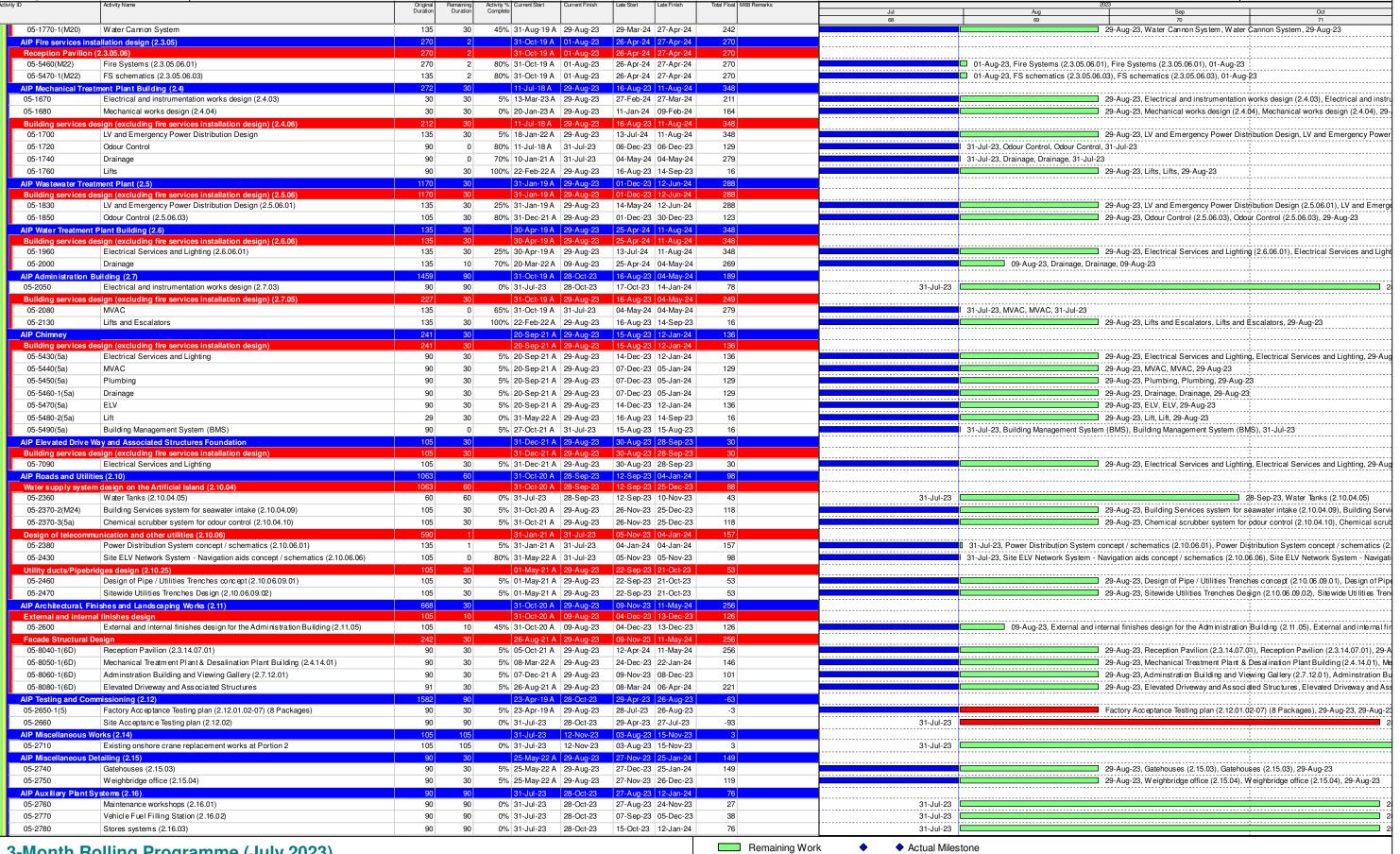
Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

Milestone







# 3-Month Rolling Programme (July 2023)

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Remaining Work

Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

Milestone





		Original Duration	Duration	Complete	te					Jul 68	Aug 69	Sep 70	Oct 71
IP O&M Packages		258	0		06-Jun-	22 A 31-Jul-23	23-May-24	24-Oct-24	452				''
5-8010(6E)	Warehouse (O&M Scope)	185	0	5%	6 04-Jul-2	2 A 31-Jul-23	23-May-24	23-May-24	298		l 31-Jul-23, Warehouse (O&M Scope),	Warehouse (O&M Scope), 31-Jul-23	
5-8030(6E)	Ash & Residues Container (O&M Scope)	160				22 A 31-Jul-23	24-Oct-24	24-Oct-24	452		31-Jul-23, Ash & Residues Container	(O&M Scope), Ash & Residues Container (C	0&M Scope), 31-Jul-23
5-8040(6E)	Bicar Debagging Station (O&M Scope)	105	-	5%	-	22 A 31-Jul-23	21-Sep-24		419		l 31-Jul-23, Bicar Debagging Station (C	0&M Scope), Bicar Debagging Station (O&M	Scope), 31-Jul-23
	ge Submissions	1887				18 A 26-Jan-24	11-Apr-23		288				
	ayout Design (2.1)	1078	30			20 A 29-Aug-23			434				
ISW treatment pro 05-5090	cess design for incineration (2.1.13) Incineration System (2.1.13.01) (2 Packages)	1078 105	0			20 A 14-Aug-23 20 A 31-Jul-23	22-Oct-24 05-Nov-24		449 464		31- Jul-23 Incineration System (2.1.13	3.01) (2 Packages), Incineration System (2.1	19 01) (2 Packages) 31- Jul-23
05-5100	Heat Recovery Boiler (2.1.13.02) (2 Packages)	105	0		<u> </u>	20 A 31-Jul-23	05-Nov-24		464			13.02) (2 Packages), Heat Recovery Boiler (2	
05-5120	Leachate Collection and Treatment (2.1.13.05) (2 Packages)	256	15			22 A 14-Aug-23	22-Oct-24		449			nate Collection and Treatment (2.1.13.05) (2 F	<del> </del>
05-5140	Overall Plan Water Scheme (2.1.13.07)	105	-			21 A 31-Jul-23	05-Nov-24		464			e (2.1.13.07), Overall Plan Water Scheme (2	
05-5150	Boiler Feed Water System (21.13.03) (2 Packages)	105				20 A 31-Jul-23	05-Nov-24		464			(2.1.13.03) (2 Packages). Boiler Feed Wate	
	cess design for mechanical treatment (2.1.14)	105			02-Oct-2	20 A 31-Jul-23	19-Sep-23	19-Sep-23	51				
05-3510	Water Treatment Plant and Boiler Water Treatment (Demin Unit) Plant	105	0	5%	6 02-Oct-2	20 A 31-Jul-23	19-Sep-23	19-Sep-23	51		l 31-Jul-23, Water Treatment Plant and	Boiler Water Treatment (Demin Unit) Plant,	Water Treatment Plant and Boiler W
/aste heatre cover	y and Power generation system (2.1.15)	105	30		30-Sep-	21 A 29-Aug-23	26-Oct-23	24-Nov-23	87				
05-5240	Compressed Air Plants	105	30	25%	6 30-Sep-	21 A 29-Aug-23	26-Oct-23	24-Nov-23	87			29-Aug-23, Compressed Air Plants, Com	pressed Air Plants, 29-Aug-23
	nt design for MSW and Ash and Residues (21.17)	105				21 A 31-Jul-23	26-Dec-23		194				
05-4390	Weighbridge Systems	105			-	21 A 31-Jul-23	26-Dec-23		149		l 31-Jul-23, Weighbridge Systems, We		
05-4410	Mechanical Shredder	105				21 A 31-Jul-23	09-Feb-24		194		l 31-Jul-23, Mechanical Shredder, Med	hanical Shredder, 31-Jul-23	
OA Ground Treatm 5-3430-2(M37)	ent, Reclamation, Seawall, Breakwater, Berth (2.2)	816				19 A 19-Aug-23 20 A 09-Aug-23			309		00 Aug 22 Contachnics	Laterpretative Report (2.2.02.02) Contrologic	and Interpretative Report (2.2.02.02)
5-3430-2(M37) 5-3450	Geotechnical Interpretative Report (2.2.02.02) Seawall design (2.2.20)	105				20 A 09-Aug-23 19 A 19-Aug-23	21-Mar-24 01-Nov-23		93			I Interpretative Report (2.2.02.02), Geotechnic , Seawall design (2.2.20), Seawall design (2.	
5-3450 5-3470	Berth design (2.2.22)	60				-	01-Nov-23 04-Jun-24		309				
	ant Buildings (2.3)	1827				19 A 19-Aug-23 18 A 27-Nov-23			256		19-Aug-23	, Berth design (2.2.22), Berth design (2.2.22)	, 19-Aug-23
	umentation works design (2.3.15)	1645	90			18 A 28-Oct-23	11-Apr-23		258				
2.3.15.01	aniemation works acough (2.3.10)	105				21 A 29-Aug-23	26-Oct-23		87				
05-3360	11kV/380V Power Transformers Design (2.3.15.01)	105	30	80%	6 05-Nov-	21 A 29-Aug-23	26-Oct-23	24-Nov-23	87			29-Aug-23, 11kV/380V Power Transforme	ers Design (2.3.15.01), 11kV/380V Po
E&IC Package 1 (F	Process Island) (2.3.15.02)	105	0		22-Sep-	20 A 31-Jul-23	25-Oct-23	29-Jan-24	183				
05-3390-10(M55)	Electrical Works - MCC Panels (2.3.15.02.01)	105	0	80%	6 22-Sep-	20 A 31-Jul-23	19-Nov-23	19-Nov-23	112		l 31-Jul-23, Electrical Works - MCC Pa	anels (2.3.15.02.01), Electrical Works - MCC	Panels (2.3.15.02.01), 31-Jul-23
05-3390-11 (M55)	Electrical Works - Process Island Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS) (2.3.15.02.03)	105	0	80%	6 27-Nov-	20 A 31-Jul-23	25-Oct-23	25-Oct-23	87		l 31-Jul-23, Electrical Works - Process	s Island Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS	) (2.3.15.02.03), Electrical Works - F
05-7400-1(M55)	Electrical works CEMS and Process Analysers (2.3.15.02.07)	105	0	5%	6 12-Jul-2	1 A 31-Jul-23	29-Jan-24	29-Jan-24	183		l 31-Jul-23, Electrical works CEMS an	d Process Analysers (23.15.02.07), Electric	al works CEMS and Process Analys
&IC Package 2 (F	Power Island) (2.3.15.03)	773			16-Sep-	19 A 09-Aug-23	16-Aug-23	12-Jul-24	338				
05-3390-13(M55)1	0 Electrical Works Design (2.3.15.03.01 to 04)	105	10	80%	6 23-Dec-	20 A 09-Aug-23	03-Jul-24	12-Jul-24	338		09-Aug-23, Electrical W	orks Design (2.3.15.03.01 to 04), Electrical V	V orks Design (2.3.15.03.01 to 04), 09
05-3390-4(M46)	Generator Related Equipment (2.3.15.03.08)	105			6 29-Jun-	21 A 31-Jul-23	24-Nov-23		117			ent (2.3.15.03.08), Generator Related Equipm	
05-3390-7(M55)	Instrumentation works design(2.3.15.03.05 &2.3.15.03.06)	105	0	80%		21 A 31-Jul-23	16-Aug-23	-	17		31-Jul-23, Instrumentation works desi	gn(2.3.15.03.05 &2.3.15.03.06), Instrumentat	ion works design(2.3.15.03.05 &2.3.1
	esign SCADA & PLC Control System (2.3.15.03.07)	530				19 A 31-Jul-23	26-Sep-23		123				
05-3390-1(M46)	Hardware Design (2.3.15.03.07.01)	105				19 A 31-Jul-23	30-Nov-23		123			3.07.01), Hardware Design (2.3.15.03.07.01),	
05-3390-2(M46)	Software Design (2.3.15.03.07.02)	105				21 A 31-Jul-23	26-Sep-23		58		1 31-Jul-23, Software Design (2.3.15.03	.07.02), Software Design (2.3.15.03.07.02), 3	⊓;Jul-23 ¦
Operation Manage 05-3390-6(M46)	ment System (2.3.15.04)  OMS/SCADA/DCS - System Networks Details (2.3.15.04.02)	1645 105				18 A 28-Oct-23 21 A 31-Jul-23	11-Apr-23 01-Oct-23		109 63		1 21 Jul 22 OMS/SCADA/DCS Syste	m Networks Details (2.3.15.04.02), OMS/SC	ADA/DCS System Networks Details
05-3390-7(M46)	Software Standard Component	105				20 A 29-Aug-23	01-Oct-23		93		31-001-23, ONIG/30ADA/DC3 - 3yste	29-Aug-23, Software Standard Compone	
05-4490	Design of the Air Quality Monitoring Stations (2.9.03)	60				23 A 02-Aug-23	11-Apr-23		-111		Design of the Air Quality Monitorin	g Stations (2.9.03), 02-Aug-23, 02-Aug-23, D	
05-7400(6E)	Automatic License Plate and Container Recognition System (ALPCRS)	90	0			18 A 31-Jul-23	14-Feb-24	- 1	199			nd Container Recognition System (ALPCRS	
2.3.15.04.03	Automatic Electise Frate and Container Free Cognition Cystem (AEF Orlo)	410	-	4370		21 A 28-Oct-23	02-Sep-23		33		or-sur-25, Automatic Elerise France	a curamer newymilar cyslem (All Cho	, Automatic License i late and Conta
2.3.15.04.03		105				21 A 31-Jul-23	01-Oct-23		63				
05-3390-8(M46)	OMS/SCADA/DCS - OLM Panel Design for Power Island (2.3.15.04.03.01.02)	105	0	80%		21 A 31-Jul-23	01-Oct-23		63		I 31-Jul-23, OMS/SCADA/DCS - OLM I	Panel Design for Power Island (2.3.15.04.03.	01.02), OMS/SCADA/DCS - OLM Pa
2.3.15.04.03.02		105	90		02-Aug-	22 A 28-Oct-23	02-Sep-23	30-Nov-23	33				
05-3390-13(M58	OMS/SCADA/DCS - Panel Design for Power Island and Plant Commom (2.3.15.04.0	105	90	80%	6 02-Aug-	22 A 28-Oct-23	02-Sep-23	30-Nov-23	33				1
2.3.15.04.03.03		105	0		19-Apr-	22 A 31-Jul-23	30-Nov-23	30-Nov-23	123				
05-3390-14(M55	OMS/SCADA/DCS - Server Panel Design (2.3.15.04.03.03)	105				22 A 31-Jul-23	30-Nov-23		123		l 31-Jul-23, OMS/SCADA/DCS - Serve	r Panel Design (2.3.15.04.03.03), OMS/SCA	DA/DCS - Server Panel Design (2.3.
2.3.15.04.06		105				21 A 29-Aug-23	01-Nov-23		93				- <del>}</del>
05-3390-9(6D)	Process Related 3rd Party System (2.3.15.04.06.01.01)	105				21 A 31-Jul-23	30-Nov-23		123			System (2.3.15.04.06.01.01), Process Relate	
05-3420(M58)	3rd Party System for Power Island & Communication Data Tables for Process Vol 1;	105				21 A 29-Aug-23	01-Nov-23		93			29-Aug-23, 3rd Party System for Power I	sland & Communication Data Tables
.3.15.05	Waste Come Finational Description (00.4505.00)	105				1 A 31-Jul-23	25-Sep-23	_	284		Ot lul 00 Wasta Orana Francis 15		ideal Description (0.045.05.05)
05-3390-17(M55)	Waste Crane Functional Description (2.3.15.05.08)	105				11 A 31-Jul-23	09-May-24	-	284			escription (2.3.15.05.08), Waste Crane Function Works Design, Compressed Air Blants	
05-3390-3(M55)	Electrical and Instrumentation Works Design - Compressed Air Plants (2.3.15.05.03)	105				21 A 31-Jul-23	25-Sep-23	· ·	57		+	tion Works Design - Compressed Air Plants	
05-3390-5(M55) 2.3.15.07	Electrical and Instrumentation Works - Ash Crane (2.3.15.05.05)	105 105			_	21 A 31-Jul-23	09-May-24 02-Sep-23		284		or-Jui-23, ⊑iectrical and instrumentat	ion Works - Ash Crane (2.3.15.05.05), Elect	irqaranu misuumentation works - As
.3.15.07 05-3390-20(M55)	SCADA & PLC Control System - Software Design (2.3.15.07.02)	105				21 A 28-Oct-23 21 A 28-Oct-23	02-Sep-23 02-Sep-23		33				<u></u>
.3.15.08	55.15.14. Lo como royotani Gonardio Design (E.G.13.01.02)	105		370		22 A 28-Oct-23	02-Sep-23		33				
	Operation Management System (2.3.15.08)	105		80%	_	22 A 28-Oct-23	02-Sep-23		33				
echanical works of		1108			_	20 A 12-Nov-23	16-Aug-23		179				
lant and Equipm		1108			_	20 A 12-Nov-23	18-Aug-23		179				
05-3390-4(M55)	Electrical and Instrumentation Works - Waste Crane and Grapple System (2.3.15.05	105		70%		20 A 31-Jul-23	09-May-24		284		31-Jul-23, Electrical and Instrumentat	ion Works - Waste Crane and Grapple Syste	emi (2.3.15.05.04), Electrical and Ins
05 0500	Weighbridge Systems	105	30	5%	6 30-Mar-	22 A 29-Aug-23	27-Nov-23	26-Dec-23	119			29-Aug-23, Weighbridge Systems, Weig	hbridge Systems, 29-Aug-23
05-3580	Leachate collection and treatment	105	105	0%	6 31-Jul-2	3* 12-Nov-23	18-Aug-23	30-Nov-23	18	31-Jul-23*			1
	Leadhate conection and treatment						-						
05-3580 05-3650 05-3830	Compressed Air Plants	105	0	5%	6 31-Oct-2	20 A 31-Jul-23	25-Oct-23	25-Oct-23	87		31-Jul-23, Compressed Air Plants, Compressed Air Plants, Compressed Air Plants	om pressed Air Plants, 31-Jul-23	
05-3650 05-3830		105 197		5%		20 A 31-Jul-23 21 A 31-Jul-23	25-Oct-23 16-Aug-23		117		1 31-Jul-23, Compressed Air Plants, Co	om pressed Air Plants, 31-Jul-23	

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Actual Work Critical Remaining Work ♦ Milestone





	Activity Name	Original	Remaining	Activity % Current Start	Current Finish	Late Start	Late Finish	Total Float M68 Remarks		2023
		Original Duration	Remaining Duration	Complete					Jul 68	Aug Sep Oct 99 70 71
05-4360	Compressed Air Plantarea	105	0	45% 31-May-21 A	31-Jul-23	17-Aug-23	17-Aug-23	18		31-Jul-23, Compressed Air Plant area, Compressed Air Plant area, 31-Jul-23
05-4370	Pipebridge B (Between CCCW Area & Turbine Hall)	105	0	5% 28-Feb-21 A	31-Jul-23	18-Sep-23	18-Sep-23	50		31-Jul-23, Pipebridge B (Between CCCW Area & Turbine Hall), Pipebridge B (Between CCCW Area & Turbine
05-4380	Pipebridge C (Between Turbine Hall & ACC Equipment Yard)	105	0	5% 28-Feb-21 A	31-Jul-23	03-Sep-23	03-Sep-23	35		31-Jul-23, Pipebridge C (Between Turbine Hall & ACC Equipment Yard), Pipebridge C (Between Turbine Hall 8
05-4950	Turbine Hall	105	0	80% 31-May-21 A	31-Jul-23	16-Aug-23	16-Aug-23	17		31-Jul-23, Turbine Hall, Turbine Hall, 31-Jul-23
05-4960	ACC Equipment Yard	105	0	65% 31-May-21 A	31-Jul-23	30-Sep-23	30-Sep-23	62		31-Jul-23, ACC Equipment Yard, ACC Equipment Yard, 31-Jul-23
05-4970	CCCW Area	105	0	65% 31-May-21 A	31-Jul-23	24-Nov-23	24-Nov-23	117		31-Jul-23, CCCW Area, CCCW Area, 31-Jul-23
Process steel stru	ucture support (For egipment, piping & duct, cable tray etc)	105	0	29-May-21 A	31-Jul-23	18-Sep-23	16-Oct-23	78		
05-3540	Pipe Rack C1, C2, C3, D1 & D2 (Prefab.3)	105	0	· ·	_	16-Oct-23	16-Oct-23	78		31-Jul-23, Pipe Rack C1, C2, C3, D1 & D2 (Prefab.3), Pipe Rack C1, C2, C3, D1 & D2 (Prefab.3), 31-Jul-23
05-3560	Pipebridge B (Between CCCW Area & Turbine Hall)	105	0	5% 29-May-21 A	31-Jul-23	18-Sep-23	18-Sep-23	50		31-Jul-23, Pipebridge B (Between CCCW Area & Turbine Hall), Pipebridge B (Between CCCW Area & Turbine
05-3570	Pipebridge C (Between Turbine Hall & ACC Equipment Yard)	105	0	5% 10-Jun-21 A	31-Jul-23	10-Oct-23	10-Oct-23	72		31-Jul-23, Pipebridge C (Between Turbine Hall & ACC Equipment Yard), Pipebridge C (Between Turbine Hall &
Equipment and p	iping insulation	135	60	31-Dec-21 A	28-Sep-23	26-Oct-23	23-Jan-24	117		
05-4550	Steam Turbine Generator (STG) and Pressure Reducing and Desuperheating Station	105	0	5% 30-Jan-22 A	31-Jul-23	23-Jan-24	23-Jan-24	177		31-Jul-23, Steam Turbine Generator (STG) and Pressure Reducing and Desuperhealing Station (PRDS), Stear
05-4560	Air cooled condenser	105	0	5% 31-Dec-21 A	31-Jul-23	14-Dec-23	14-Dec-23	137		31-Jul-23, Air cooled condenser, Air cooled condenser, 31-Jul-23
05-4570	Closed Circuit Cooling Water System	105	60	5% 31-Dec-21 A	28-Sep-23	26-Oct-23	24-Dec-23	87		28-Sep-23, Closed Circuit C
DA Fire services	installation design (2.3.17)	60	15	22-Sep-22 A	14-Aug-23	14-Jan-24	28-Jan-24	167		
05-3660	Fire Systems (same package with 05-3680)	60	15	5% 22-Sep-22 A	14-Aug-23	14-Jan-24	28-Jan-24	167		14-Aug-23, Fire Systems (same package with 05-3680), Fire Systems (same package with
5-3680	FS schematics (same package with 05-3660)	60	15	5% 22-Sep-22 A	14-Aug-23	14-Jan-24	28-Jan-24	167		14-Aug-23, FS schematics (same package with 05-3660), FS schematics (same package
uilding services	design (excluding fire services installation design) (2.3.18)	120	120	31-Jul-23	27-Nov-23	16-Aug-23	13-Dec-23	16		
05-3690	Electrical Services and Lighting (7 Packages)	60	60	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	17-Aug-23	15-Oct-23	17	31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23, Electrical Servi
05-3740	ELV (7 Packages)	60	60	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	17-Aug-23	15-Oct-23	17	31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23, ELV (7 Package
05-3750	Lifts and Escalators	90	90	0% 30-Aug-23	27-Nov-23	15-Sep-23	13-Dec-23	16		30-Aug-23
05-3770	Building Management System (BMS)	60	60	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	16-Aug-23	14-Oct-23	16	31-Jul-23	
General Layout Dr	awings and Fire Saftey Strategy (2.3.25)	639	60	29-Dec-21 A	28-Sep-23	02-Aug-23	09-Aug-24	316		
05-3300	ACC Equipment Structure	60	30	50% 15-Dec-22 A	29-Aug-23	11-Jul-24	09-Aug-24	346		29-Aug-23, ACC Equipment Structure, ACÇ Equipment Structure, 29-
05-3310	Turbine Hall Building	105	0	25% 29-Dec-21 A	31-Jul-23	28-Mar-24	28-Mar-24	242		31-Jul-23, Turbine Hall Building, Turbine Hall Building, 31-Jul-23
05-6110(M46)	Gate House and miscellaneous	60	60	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	02-Aug-23	30-Sep-23	2	31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23, Gate House and
A Mechanical Tr	eatment Plant Building (2.4)	242	120	20-Sep-22 A	27-Nov-23	16-Aug-23	11-Aug-24	258		
5-5180	Structural design (2.4.14)	60	15	5% 23-Feb-23 A	14-Aug-23	14-Nov-23	28-Nov-23	106		14-Aug-23, Structural design (2.4.14), Structural design (2.4.14), 14-Aug-23
5-5210	Fire services installation design (2.6.17)	60	60	5% 21-Apr-23 A	28-Sep-23	29-Jan-24	28-Mar-24	182		28-Sep-23, Fire services in:
uilding services	design (excluding fire services installation design) (2.4.18)	212	120	20-Sep-22 A	27-Nov-23	16-Aug-23	11-Aug-24	258		
05-3850	LV and Emergency Power Distribution Design	90	90	5% 20-Sep-22 A	28-Oct-23	14-May-24	11-Aug-24	288		
05-3860	MVAC	90	90	5% 14-Feb-23 A	28-Oct-23	07-Dec-23	05-Mar-24	129		
05-3870	Odour Control	90	14	5% 16-Apr-23 A	13-Aug-23	15-Nov-23	28-Nov-23	107		13-Aug-23, Odour Control, Odour Control, 13-Aug-23
05-3880	Plumbing	60	30	5% 20-Sep-22 A	29-Aug-23	01-Oct-23	30-Oct-23	62		29-Aug-23, Plumbing, Plumbing, 29-Aug-23
05-3890	Drainage	60	60	5% 24-Apr-23 A	28-Sep-23	06-Mar-24	04-May-24	219		2/8-Sep-23, Drainage, Drain
05-3900	Lighting and small power	90	90	5% 20-Sep-22 A	28-Oct-23	14-May-24	11-Aug-24	288		
05-3910	Lifts and Escalators	90	90	0% 30-Aug-23	27-Nov-23	15-Sep-23	13-Dec-23	16		30-Aug-23
05-3910-1	Building Management System (BMS)	60	60	5% 20-Sep-22 A	28-Sep-23	16-Aug-23	14-Oct-23	16		28-Sep-23, Building Manag
DA Wastewater Tr	eatment Plant (2.5)	499	90			11-Dec-23	09-Nov-24	378		
5-3950	Electrical and instrumentation works design (2.5.15)	60	15	5% 19-Sep-22 A	14-Aug-23		25-Dec-23	133		14-Aug-23, Electrical and instrumentation works design (2.5.15), Electrical and instrument
5-3960	Mechanical works design (2.5.16) (5 Packages)	232	0	5% 31-May-22 A	31-Jul-23	25-Dec-23	25-Dec-23	148		31-Jul-23, Mechanical works design (2.5.16) (5 Packages), Mechanical works design (2.5.16) (5 Packages), 3
5-3970	Fire services installation design (2.6.17) (2 Packages)	60	30	5% 21-Apr-23 A	29-Aug-23	28-May-24	26-Jun-24	302		29-Aug-23, Fire services installation design (2.6.17) (2 Packages), Fi
Building services	design (excluding fire services installation design) (2.5.18)	155	90			29-Feb-24		378	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	;
05-3980	LV and Emergency Power Distribution Design for IWMF Waste Water Treatment Pla	90	90	5% 20-Sep-22 A	28-Oct-23	15-Mar-24	12-Jun-24	228		
05-3990	MVAC	90	30	5% 09-Mar-23 A	29-Aug-23	29-Feb-24	29-Mar-24	213		29-Aug-23, MVAC, MVAC, 29-Aug-23
05-4010	Plumbing	90	30		-		10-Sep-24	378		29-Aug-23, Plumbing, Plumbing, 29-Aug-23
05-4020	Drainage	105		· ·			10-Sep-24	378		29-Aug-23, Drainage, Drainage, 29-Aug-23
05-4030	ELV	90				11-Oct-24	· ·	438		29-Aug-23, ELV, ELV, 29-Aug-23
	nt Plant Building (2.6)	513			_			348		
5-4070	Structural design (2.6.14)	60				_	05-Dec-23	98		29-Aug-23, Structural design (2.6.14), Structural design (2.6.14), 29-A
5-4090	Mechanical works design (2.6.16)	90	30			_	04-Feb-24	159		29-Aug-23, Mechanical works design (2.6.16), Mechanical works design
5-4100	Fire services installation design (2.6.17)	60			-		28-Mar-24	212		29-Aug-23, Fire services installation design (2.6.17), Fire services ins
	design (excluding fire services installation design) (2.6.18)	455						348		25 / 10g 25, 1 10 55 115 55 115 111 110 110 110 110
5-4110	Electrical Services and Lighting	90					11-Aug-24 11-Aug-24	348		29-Aug-23, Electrical Services and Lighting, Electrical Services and Lighting
5-4120	MVAC	90	30	0% 29-Jun-22 A	_		05-Mar-24	189		29-Aug-23, MVAC, MVAC, 29-Aug-23
5-4140	Plumbing	60	30			03-1 eb-24 01-Oct-23		62		29-Aug-23, NVAC, NVAC, 29-Aug-23
5-4150	Drainage	60	30	· '	-		04-May-24	249		29-Aug-23, Prainting, Prainting, 29-Aug-25
5-4160	ELV	90	30	5% 20-Sep-22 A	-		11-Aug-24	348		29-Aug-23, Drainage, Drainage, 29-Aug-23
	rumentation works design (2.6.15)	238				05-Mar-24	-	219		23"Nuy"20, LLV, LLV, 23"NUY"20
ectrical and inst 5-4080	Water Treatment Plant (WTP) - Variable Speed Drive (2.6.15.01)	238					05-Mar-24 05-Mar-24	219		31-Jul-23, Water Treatment Plant (WTP) - Variable Speed Drive (2.6.15.01), Water Treatment Plant (WTP) - Variable Speed Drive (2.6.15.01), Water Treatment Plant (WTP) - Variable Speed Drive (2.6.15.01), Water Treatment Plant (WTP)
	water freatment Plant (WTP) - variable Speed Drive (2.5.15.01)  Building (2.7)	242					11-Aug-24	258		• Orbour 20, water inequirent riant (wirr) - variable opeed Drive (2.0.13.01), water frequirent Plant (WIP) - Vi
A Administration -4190	Structural design (2.7.12)	105					15-Oct-23	47		29-Aug-23, Structural design (2.7.12), Structural design (2.7.12), 29-A
-4190 -4210	9 1	60	30		-	28-Feb-24		212		<u> </u>
	Fire services installation design (2.7.14)						28-Mar-24	258		29-Aug-23, Fire services installation design (2.7.14), Fire services ins
illding services 5-4220	design (excluding fire services installation design) (2.7.15)  Electrical Services and Lighting	212 90				<del></del>	11-Aug-24 12-Jun-24	258		29-Aug-23, Electrical Services and Lighting, Electrical Services and L
	MVAC	90			-			249		<u></u>
05-4230 05-4250		90			-		04-May-24 11-Aug-24	348		29-Aug-23, MVAC, MVAC, 29-Aug-23 29-Aug-23, Plumbing, Plumbing, 29-Aug-23
	Plumbing	90	30	. 5% LU5-IVIAV-23 A	⊥ 29-AUG-23	1.31111-24	11-AU0-24	.148		

# 3-Month Rolling Programme (July 2023)

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Remaining Work Actual Milestone Actual Work Critical Milestone Critical Remaining Work ♦ Milestone





	Activity Name	Original Duration	Duration	Complete				Jul	Aug	Sep 70	Oct
05-4260	Drainage	90	30	5% 05-May-23 A	29-Aua-23	13-Jul-24 11-Aug-24	348	68	69	29-Aug-23, Drainage, Drainage, 29-Aug-23;	/1
5-4270	ELV	90	30	5% 20-Sep-22 A	-	14-May-24 12-Jun-24	288			29-Aug-23, ELV, ELV, 29-Aug-23	
5-4280	Lifts and Escalators	90	90	0% 30-Aug-23	-	15-Sep-23 13-Dec-23	16		30-Aug-23	·	
5-4280-1	Building Management System (BMS)	90	30	0% 29-Oct-22 A		15-Sep-23 14-Oct-23	46			29-Aug-23, Building Management System (E	BMS). Building Management Sys
OA IWMF Substati		274	30		_	06-Jul-23 10-Sep-24					
5-4340	Fire services installation design (2.8.17)	60	0			06-Jul-23 06-Jul-23	-24		Fire services installation design (2.8.17	, 31-Jul-23, 31-Jul-23, Fire services installati	on design (2.8.17)
uilding services o	design (excluding fire services installation design) (2.8.18)	151	30	25-Oct-21 A	29-Aug-23	05-Apr-24 10-Sep-24	378			·	
05-4990	Electrical Services and Lighting	90	30	5% 22-Apr-22 A	29-Aug-23	13-Jun-24 12-Jul-24	318			29-Aug-23, Electrical Services and Lighting	Electrical Services and Lighting
05-5000	MVAC	90	30	5% 19-Nov-21 A	29-Aug-23	05-Apr-24 04-May-24	249			29-Aug-23, MVAC, MVAC, 29-Aug-23	
05-5010	Plumbing	90	30	5% 08-Dec-22 A	29-Aug-23	13-Jul-24 11-Aug-24	348			29-Aug-23, Plumbing, Plumbing, 29-Aug-23	
05-5020	Drainage	90	30	0% 10-Nov-22 A	29-Aug-23	13-Jul-24 11-Aug-24	348			29-Aug-23, Drainage, Drainage, 29-Aug-23	
05-5030	ELV	90	30	45% 25-Oct-21 A	-	13-Jun-24 12-Jul-24	318			29-Aug-23, ELV, ELV, 29-Aug-23	
05-5030-1	Building Management System (BMS)	90	30	5% 25-Oct-21 A	-	12-Aug-24 10-Sep-24	378			29-Aug-23, Building Management System (E	BMS). Building Management Sv
	umentation works design (2.8.15)	90	0		_	06-Jul-23 06-Jul-23	-24				
.8.15.06		90	0	16-Oct-21 A	31-Jul-23	06-Jul-23 06-Jul-23	-24				
05-4320	Electrical and instrumentation works design (2.8.15.06.01 to 40)	90	0	25% 16-Oct-21 A	31-Jul-23	06-Jul-23 06-Jul-23	-24		Electrical and instrumentation works de	sign (2.8.15.06.01 to 40), 31-Jul-23, 31-Jul-2	, Electrical and instrumentation
A Air Cool Conde	ensers Equipment (2.3.06)	60	60	31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	16-Aug-23 14-Oct-23	16			;	
uilding services o	design (excluding fire services installation design) (2.3.06)	60	60	31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	16-Aug-23 14-Oct-23	16			!	
5-5540	Building Management System (BMS)	60	60	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	16-Aug-23 14-Oct-23	16	31-Jul-23	3	2/8	-Sep-23, Building Management
A Chimney		516	120	14-Mar-22 A	27-Nov-23	17-Jun-23 13-Dec-23	16			i	
-5370	Structural Design	90	0	80% 14-Mar-22 A	31-Jul-23	17-Jun-23 17-Jun-23	-43		Structural Design, 31-Jul-23, 31-Jul-23	Structural Design	
-5540-2(6D)	Fire services installation design	60	60	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	17-Jul-23 14-Sep-23	-14	31-Jul-23	3	28	-Sep-23, Fire services installat
uilding services o	design (excluding fire services installation design)	120	120	31-Jul-23	27-Nov-23	16-Aug-23 13-Dec-23	16				
5-6050-1(5a)	Lift	90	90	0% 30-Aug-23	27-Nov-23	15-Sep-23 13-Dec-23	16		30-Aug-23		
5-6060-1(5a)	Building Management System (BMS)	60	60	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	16-Aug-23 14-Oct-23	16	31-Jul-23		28	-Sep-23, Building Management
A Elevated Drive	Way and Associated Structures Foundation	212	120	06-Jan-22 A	27-Nov-23	03-Jun-23 14-Jan-24	48				
-5380	Structural Design	90	0	80% 06-Jan-22 A	31-Jul-23	31-Aug-23 31-Aug-23	32		31-Jul-23, Structural Design, Structural	Design, 31-Jul-23	
-5540-3(6D)	Fire services installation design	60	30	50% 24-Apr-23 A	29-Aug-23	03-Jun-23 02-Jul-23	-58			Fire services installation design, 29-Aug-23,	, 29-Aug-23, Fire services insta
uilding services o	design (excluding fire services installation design)	120	120	31-Jul-23	27-Nov-23	16-Aug-23 14-Jan-24	48			1	
5-5560	Building Management System (BMS)	90	90	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Oct-23	16-Aug-23 13-Nov-23	16	31-Jul-23			
5-7240	Electrical Services and Lighting	90	90	0% 30-Aug-23	27-Nov-23	29-Sep-23 27-Dec-23	30		30-Aug-23		
5-7250	MVAC	105	105	0% 31-Jul-23	12-Nov-23	30-Sep-23 12-Jan-24	61	31-Jul-23	3		
5-7260	Plumbing	105	105	0% 31-Jul-23	12-Nov-23	02-Oct-23 14-Jan-24	63	31-Jul-23			
5-7270	Drainage	105	105	0% 31-Jul-23	12-Nov-23	02-Oct-23 14-Jan-24	63	31-Jul-23			
05-7280	ELV	105	105	0% 31-Jul-23	12-Nov-23	14-Sep-23 27-Dec-23	45	31-Jul-23	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
A Reception Pav	ilion	182	90	09-Apr-21 A	28-Oct-23	19-Jun-23 27-Apr-24	182				
5-3280	Foundation Design	90	30	5% 09-Apr-21 A	29-Aug-23	06-Sep-23 05-Oct-23	37			29-Aug-23, Foundation Design, Foundation I	Design, 29-Aug-23
5-5390	Structural Design	60	30	5% 03-Mar-23 A	29-Aug-23	02-Aug-23 31-Aug-23	2			29-Aug-23, Structural Design, Structural De	sign, 29-Aug-23
5-5540-4(6D)	Fire services installation design	60	30	50% 24-Apr-23 A	29-Aug-23	29-Mar-24 27-Apr-24	242			29-Aug-23, Fire services installation design,	Fire services installation desig
uilding services o	design (excluding fire services installation design)	90	90	31-Jul-23	28-Oct-23	19-Jun-23 16-Sep-23	-42			;	
05-2130-1	Building Management System (BMS)	60	60	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	19-Jul-23 16-Sep-23	-12	31-Jul-23	3	28	-Sep-23, Building Management
05-7330	ELV	90	90	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Oct-23	19-Jun-23 16-Sep-23	-42	31-Jul-23	3		
A CCCW Building		182	90	21-Jun-22 A	28-Oct-23	15-Sep-23 12-Jul-24	258				
5-5540-5(6D)	Fire services installation design	60	30	50% 08-Dec-22 A	29-Aug-23	28-Feb-24 28-Mar-24	212			29-Aug-23, Fire services installation design	Fire services installation design
uilding services o	design (excluding fire services installation design)	182	90	21-Jun-22 A	28-Oct-23	15-Sep-23 12-Jul-24	258				
5-2130-2	Building Management System (BMS)	60	60	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Sep-23	15-Sep-23 13-Nov-23	46	31-Jul-23		28	-Sep-23, Building Management
5-7340	Electrical Services and Lighting	90	90	5% 21-Jun-22 A	28-Oct-23	14-Apr-24 12-Jul-24	258			·	
A Roadsand Util	ities (2.10)	697	120	13-Jan-21 A	27-Nov-23	21-Jul-23 08-Apr-24	133				
ewerage design o	n the Artificial I sland (2.10.14)	122	30			31-Jan-24 19-Mar-24	203				
5-4440-1(M55)	Ship-to-shore Sewage Transfer System for IWMF Vessels (Caisson 13)	90	4	45% 13-Jan-22 A	03-Aug-23	31-Jan-24 03-Feb-24	184		03-Aug-23, Ship-to-shore Sewage	Transfer System for IWMF Vessels (Caisson	13), Ship-to-shore Sewage Tra
5-4440-2(M55)	Ship-to-shore Sewage Transfer System for Passenger Ferry	90	30	45% 13-Jan-21 A	29-Aug-23	19-Feb-24 19-Mar-24	203			29-Aug-23, Ship-to-shore Sewage Transfer	System for Passenger Ferry, Sh
ainage system de	esign on the Artificial Island (2.10.15)	667	90	31-Dec-21 A	28-Oct-23	28-Oct-23 25-Jan-24	89			!	
5-5310	Surface water Drainage System	90	90	0% 31-Jul-23	28-Oct-23	28-Oct-23 25-Jan-24	89	31-Jul-23	3		
5-5320	First Flush Drainage System concept	105	0	100% 31-Dec-21 A	31-Jul-23	25-Jan-24 25-Jan-24	179		31-Jul-23, First Flush Drainage System	concept, First Flush Drainage System conce	pt, 31-Jul-23
iter supply syste	m design on the Artificial Island (2.10.16)	105	75	04-Apr-22 A	13-Oct-23	25-Jan-24 08-Apr-24	178				
5-5300-1(M24)	E&M system for seawater intake (2.10.16.07)	105	75	5% 04-Apr-22 A	13-Oct-23	25-Jan-24 08-Apr-24	178				13-Oct-23, E
sign of telecom	nunication and other utilities (2.10.18)	425	60	10-May-22 A	28-Sep-23	21-Jul-23 04-Jan-24	98				
-3400 (M21)	Computerised Maintenance Management System (CMMS) (2.10.18.10)	90	3	80% 24-May-22 A	02-Aug-23	31-Jul-23 02-Aug-23	0		Computerised Maintenance Manage	ment System (CMMS) (2.10.18.10), 02-Aug-2	3, 02-Aug-23, Computerised M
-3410 (M21)	Information and Document Management System (IDMS) (2.10.18.11)	105	60	45% 10-May-22 A	28-Sep-23	02-Oct-23 30-Nov-23	63			28	-Sep-23, Information and Docu
5-4610	Site ELV Network System - Communications System concept / schematics	75	30	5% 16-Aug-22 A	29-Aug-23	06-Dec-23 04-Jan-24	128			29-Aug-23, Site ELV Network System - Com	munications System concept
5-4620	Site ELV Network System - Security Systems concept / schematics	75	30	5% 14-Jun-22 A	29-Aug-23	06-Dec-23 04-Jan-24	128			29-Aug-23, Site ELV Network System - Sec	urity Systems concept / schem
5-4640	Microwave transmission of FS direct link	105	3	70% 22-Aug-22 A	02-Aug-23	02-Jan-24 04-Jan-24	155		02-Aug-23, Microwave transmission	of FS direct link, Microwave transmission of	FS direct link, 02-Aug-23
5-4650	Fuel Handling System concept / schematics	60	60		28-Sep-23	21-Jul-23 18-Sep-23	-10	31-Jul-23			Sep-23, Fuel Handling Syster
	ridges design (2.10.26)	90	90			22-Oct-23 19-Jan-24	53	5.00.20		!	, , ,
5-5040	Design of Pipe / Utilities Trenches concept	90	90	0% 30-Aug-23		22-Oct-23 19-Jan-24	53		30-Aug-23		
5-5050	Sitewide Utilities Trenches Design	90	90	0% 30-Aug-23		22-Oct-23 19-Jan-24	53		30-Aug-23		
3-3030				-							
	Finishes and Landscaping Works (2.11)	457	60	15-Jun-21 A	28-Sep-23	28-Jun-23 16-Aug-24	323			1	

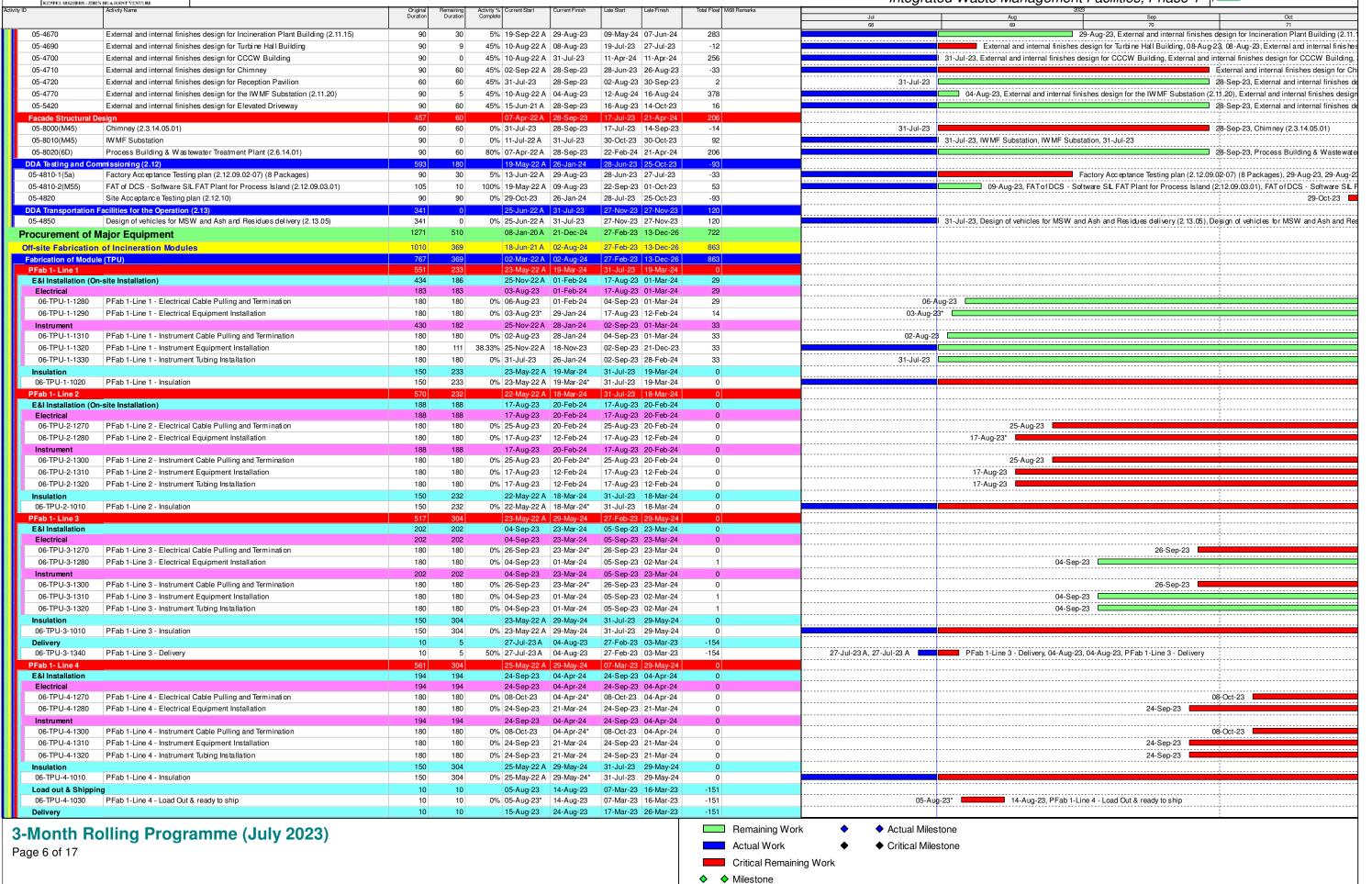
# **3-Month Rolling Programme (July 2023)**

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Actual Milestone Remaining Work Actual Work Critical Milestone Critical Remaining Work ♦ Milestone

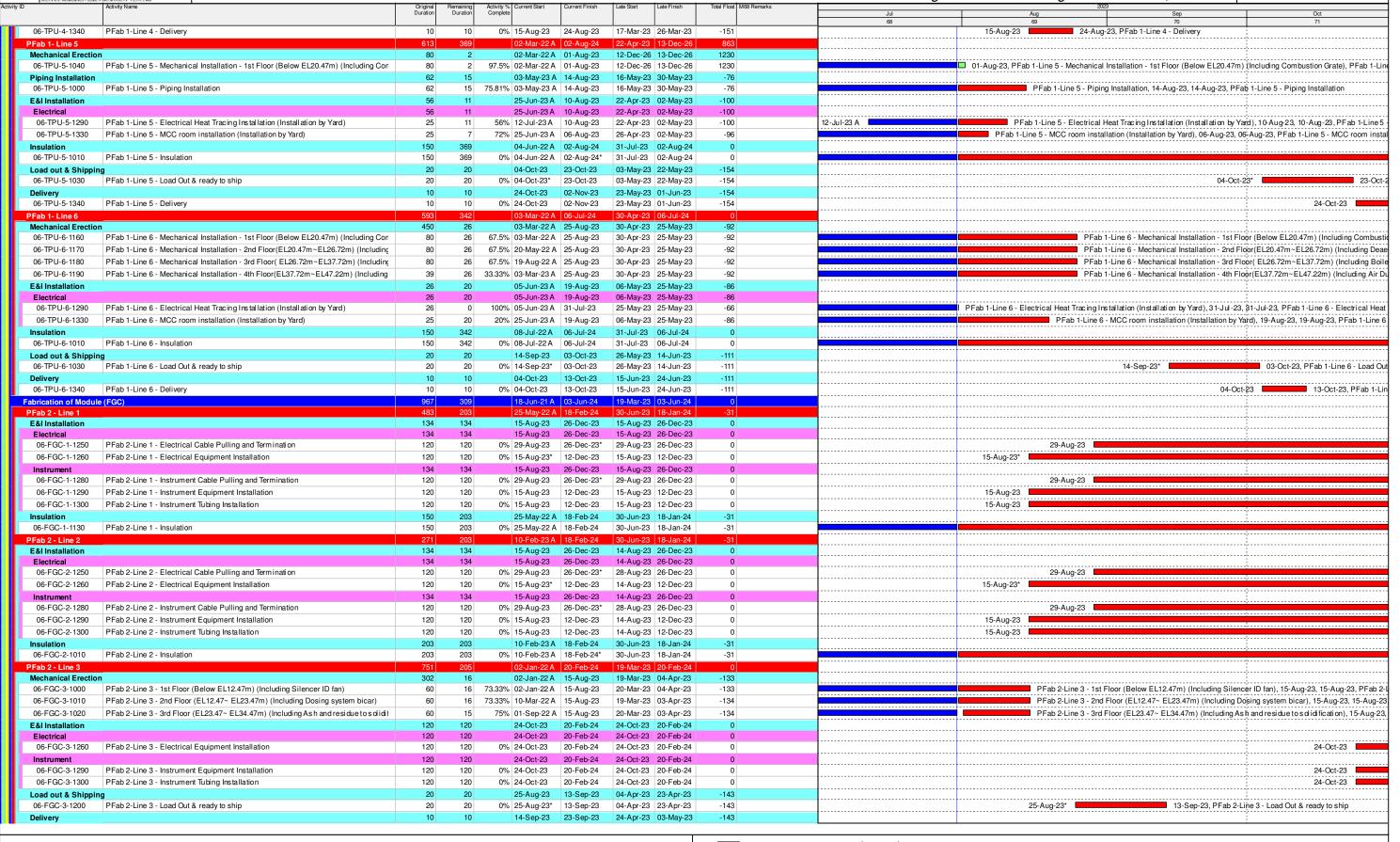












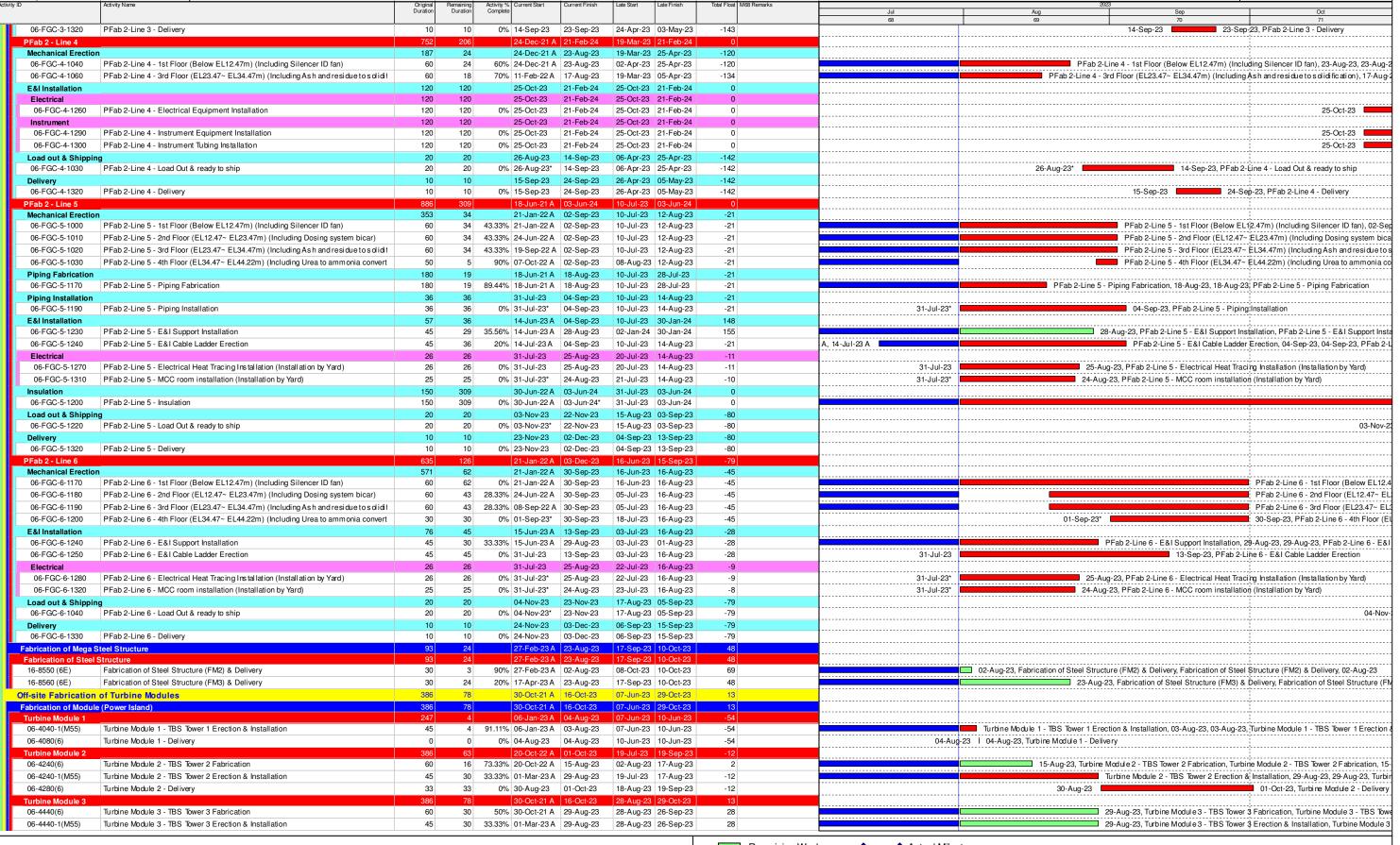
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# 3-Month Rolling Programme (July 2023)

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Remaining Work

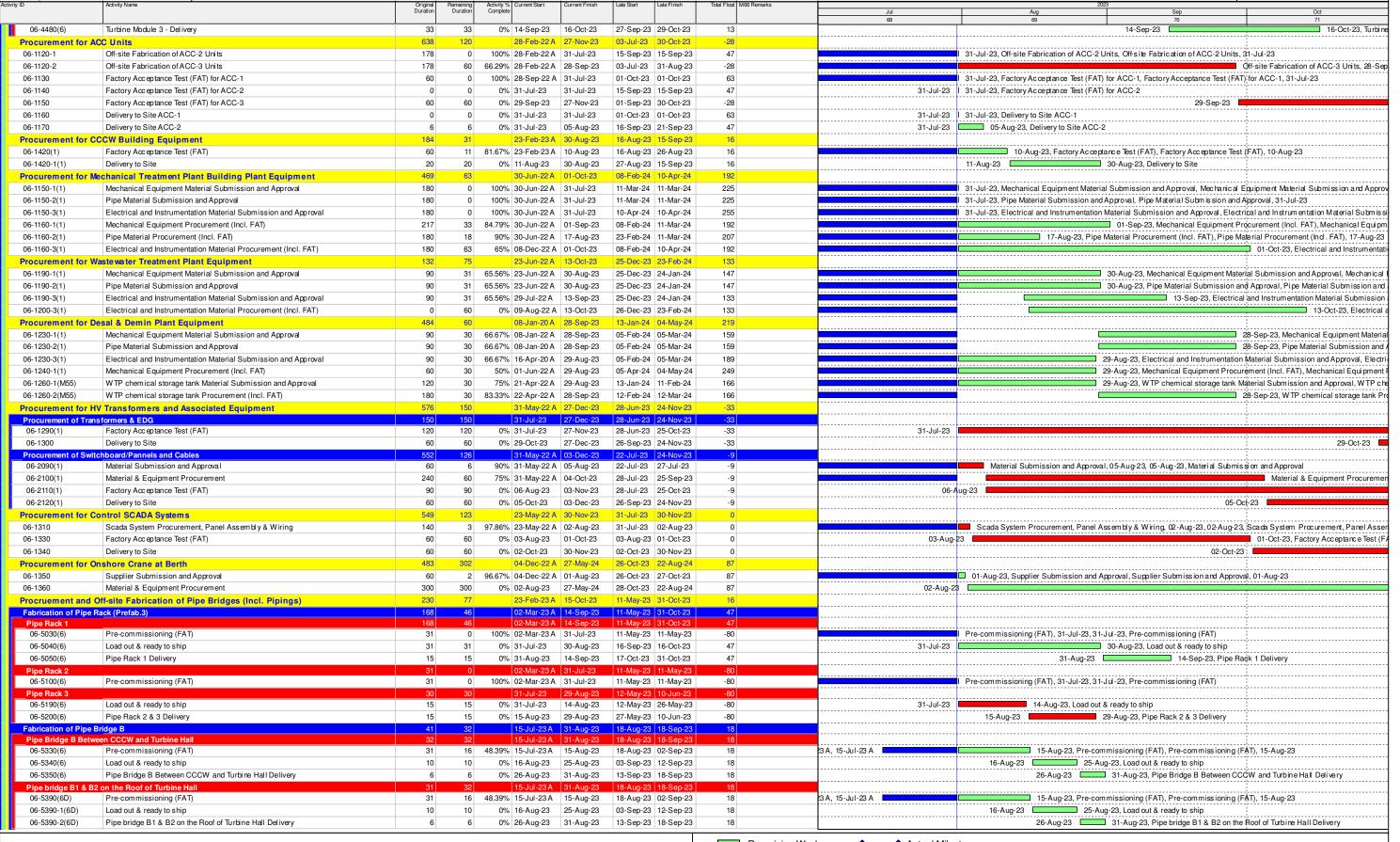
Actual Work

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# **3-Month Rolling Programme (July 2023)**

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Remaining Work

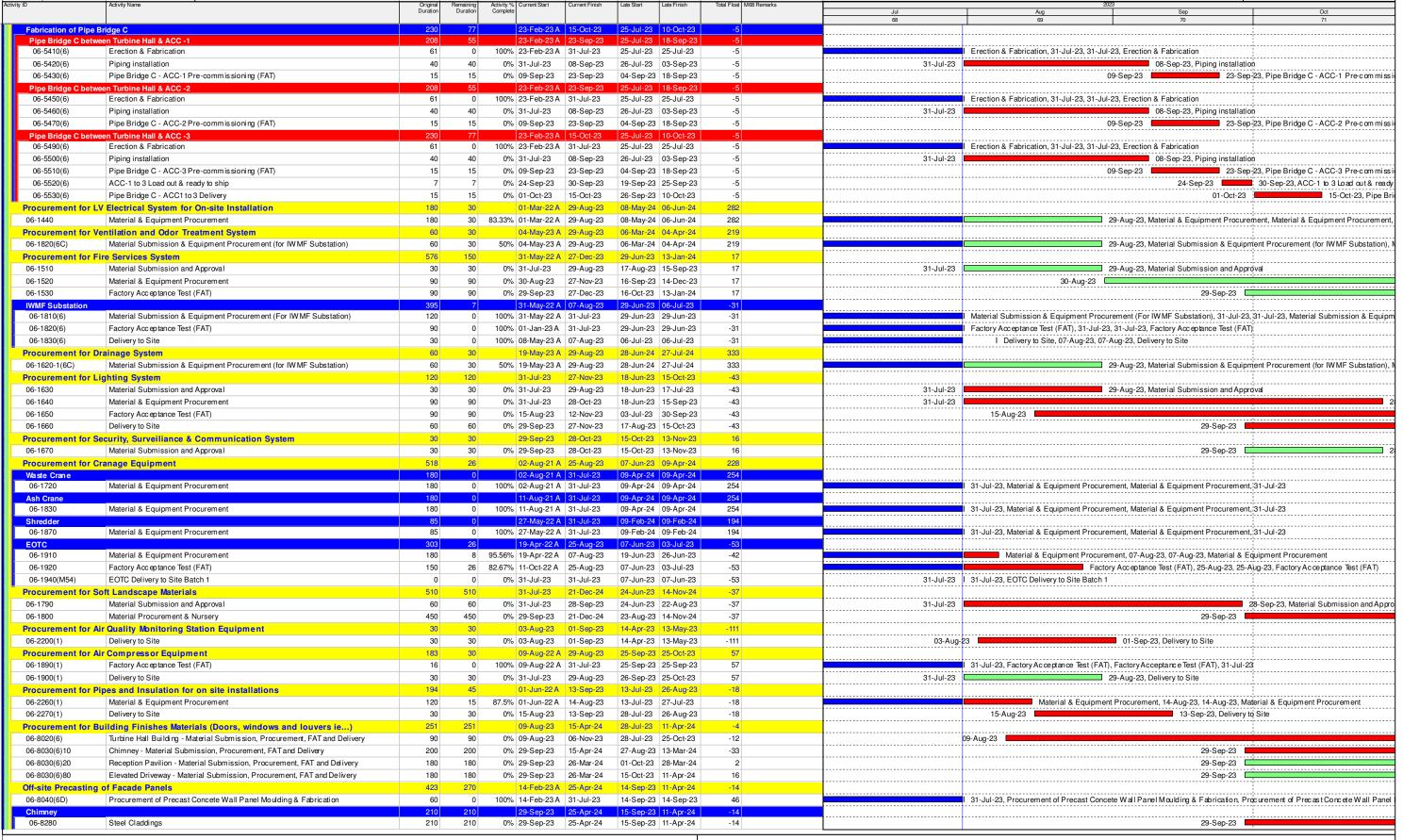
Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

Milestone







## **3-Month Rolling Programme (July 2023)**

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Remaining Work

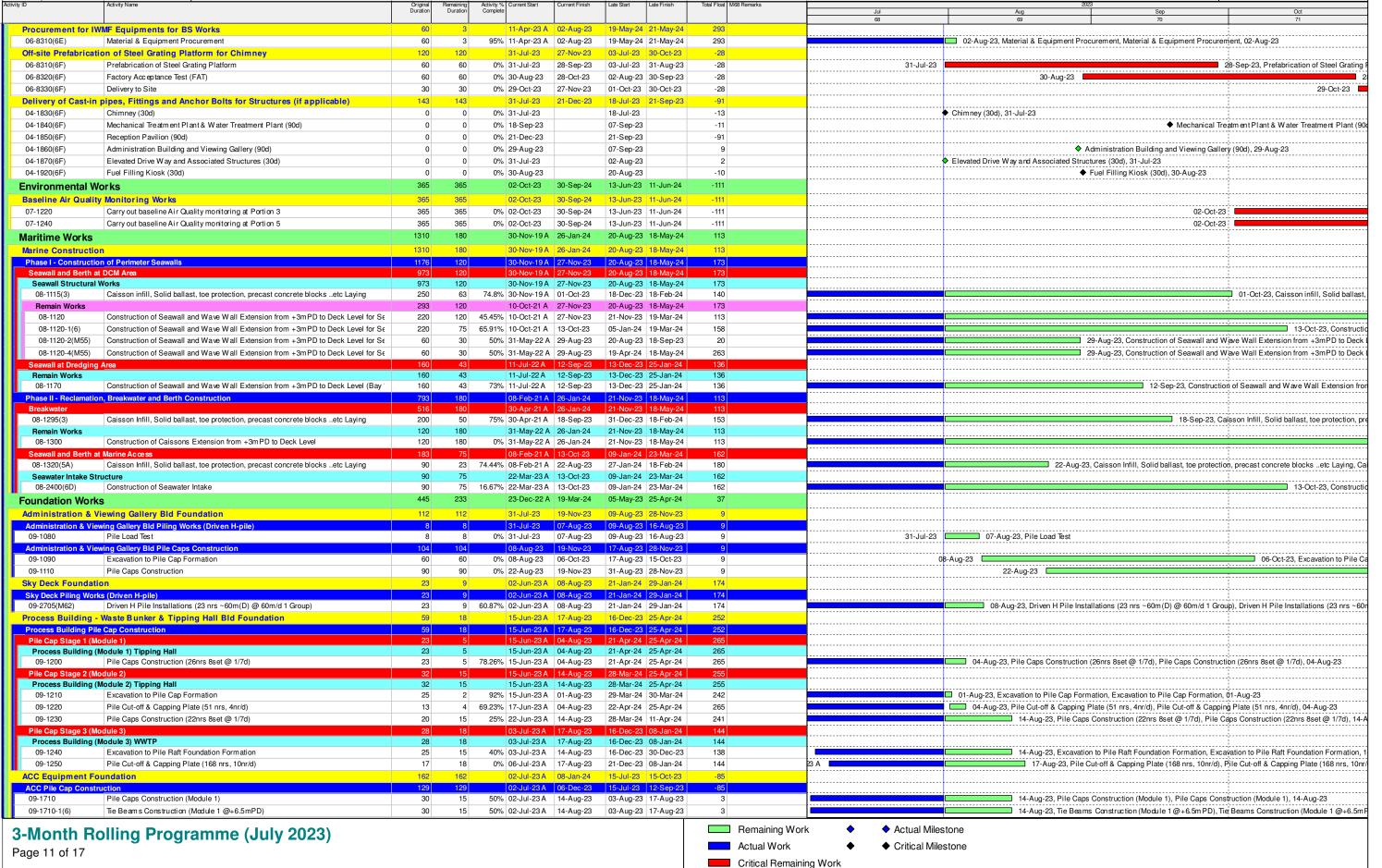
Actual Work

Critical Remaining Work

Milestone

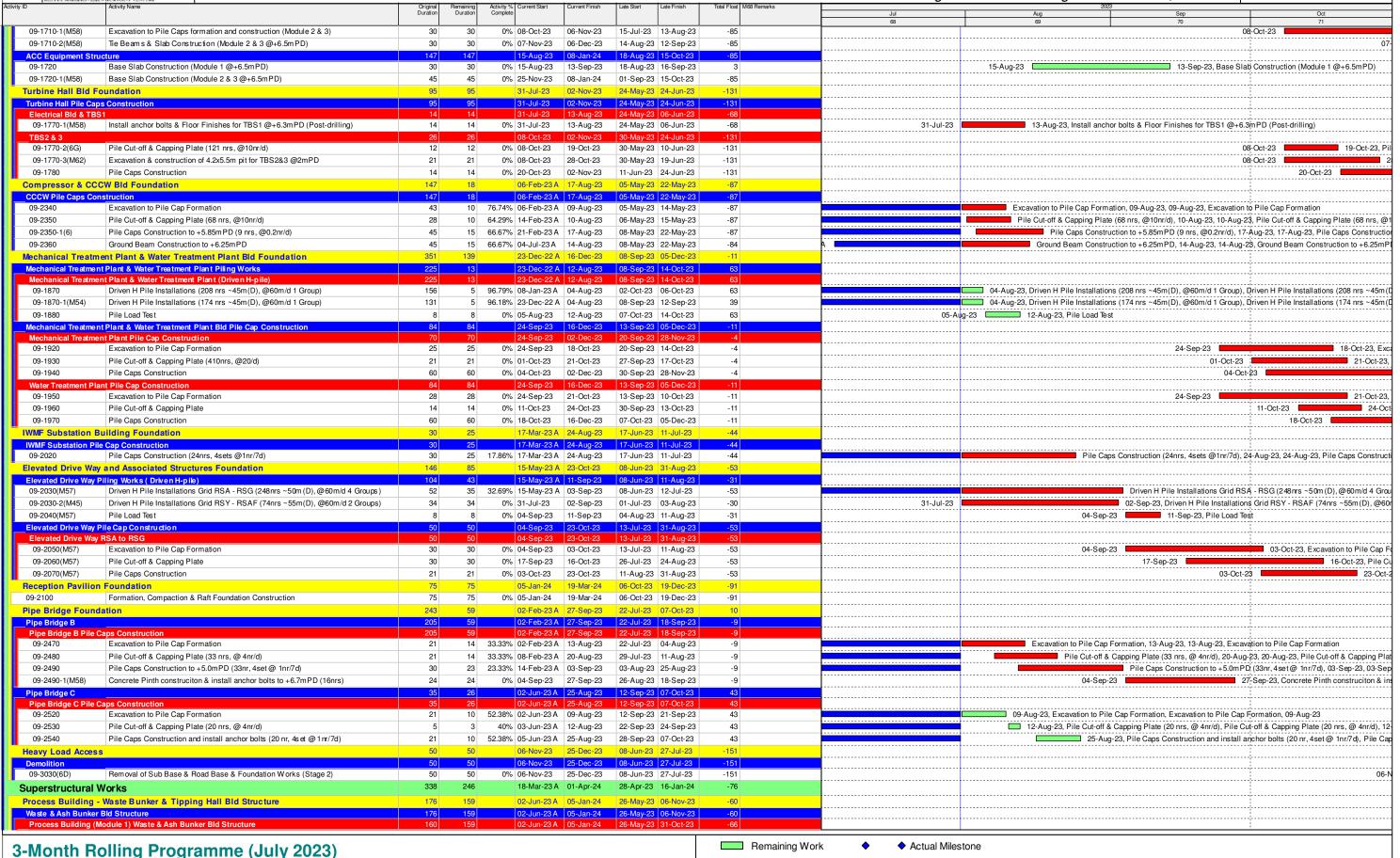












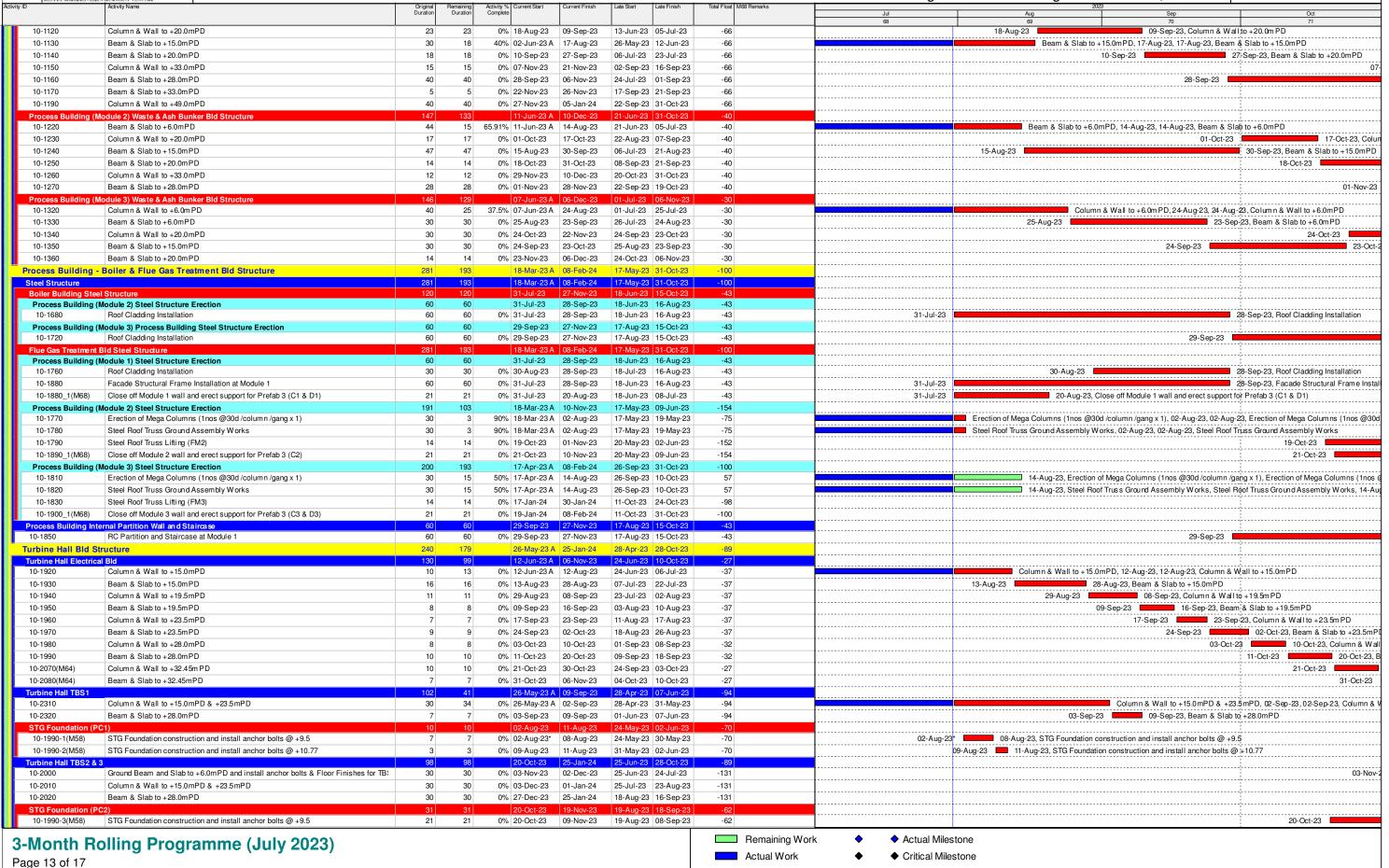
## 3-Month Rolling Programme (July 2023)

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◆ Critical Milestone Actual Work Critical Remaining Work ♦ Milestone



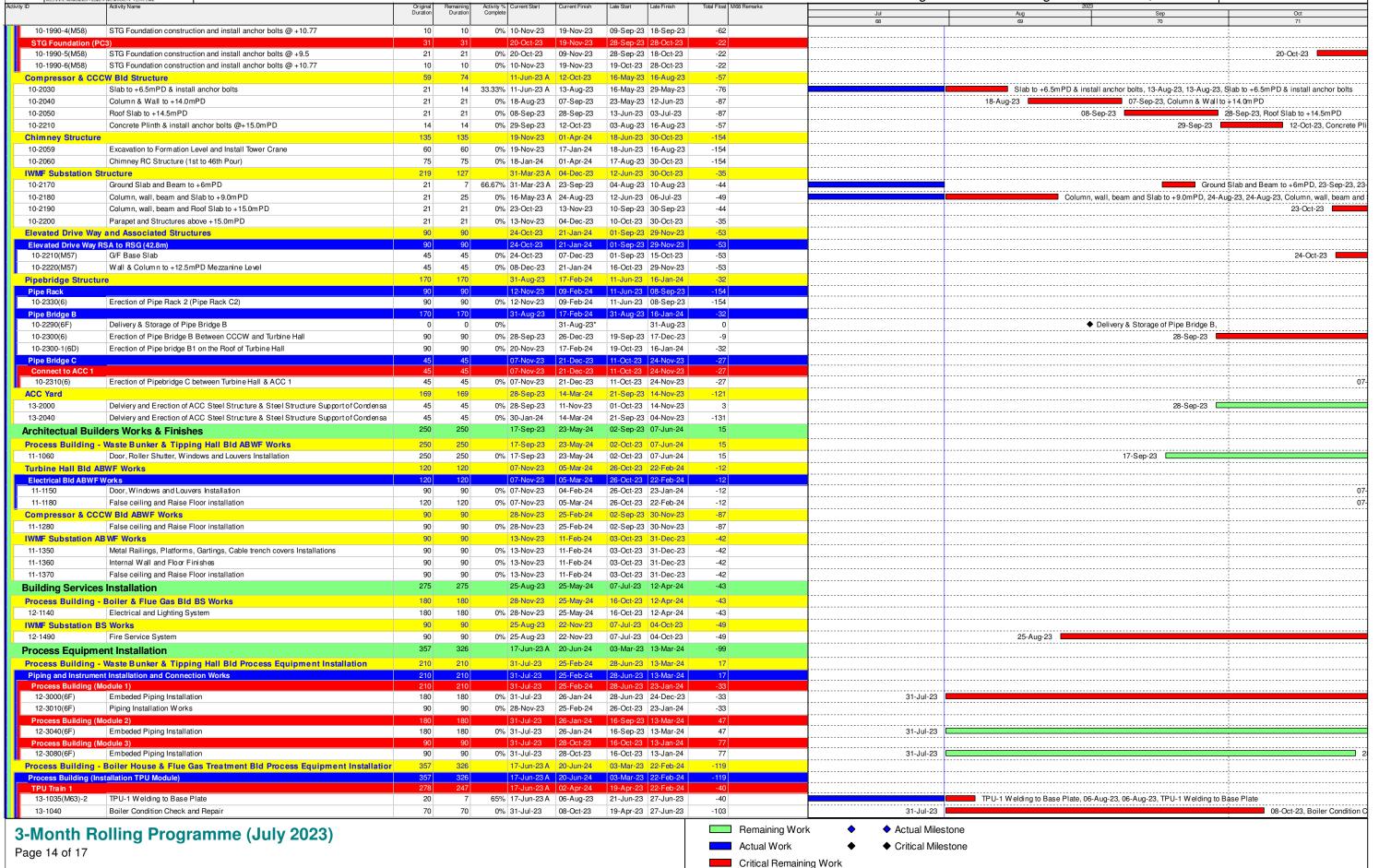




Critical Remaining Work

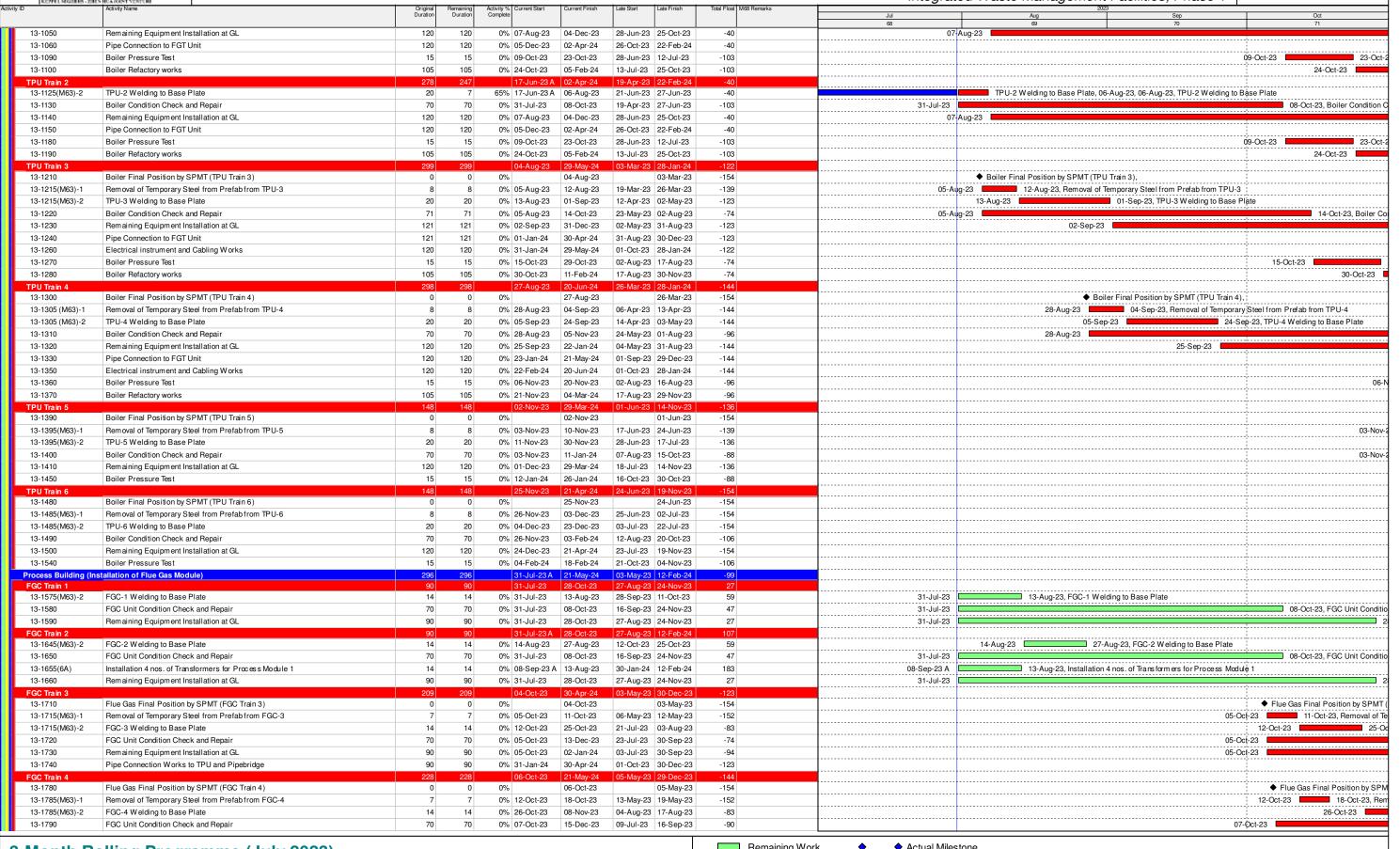














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Remaining Work

Actual Work

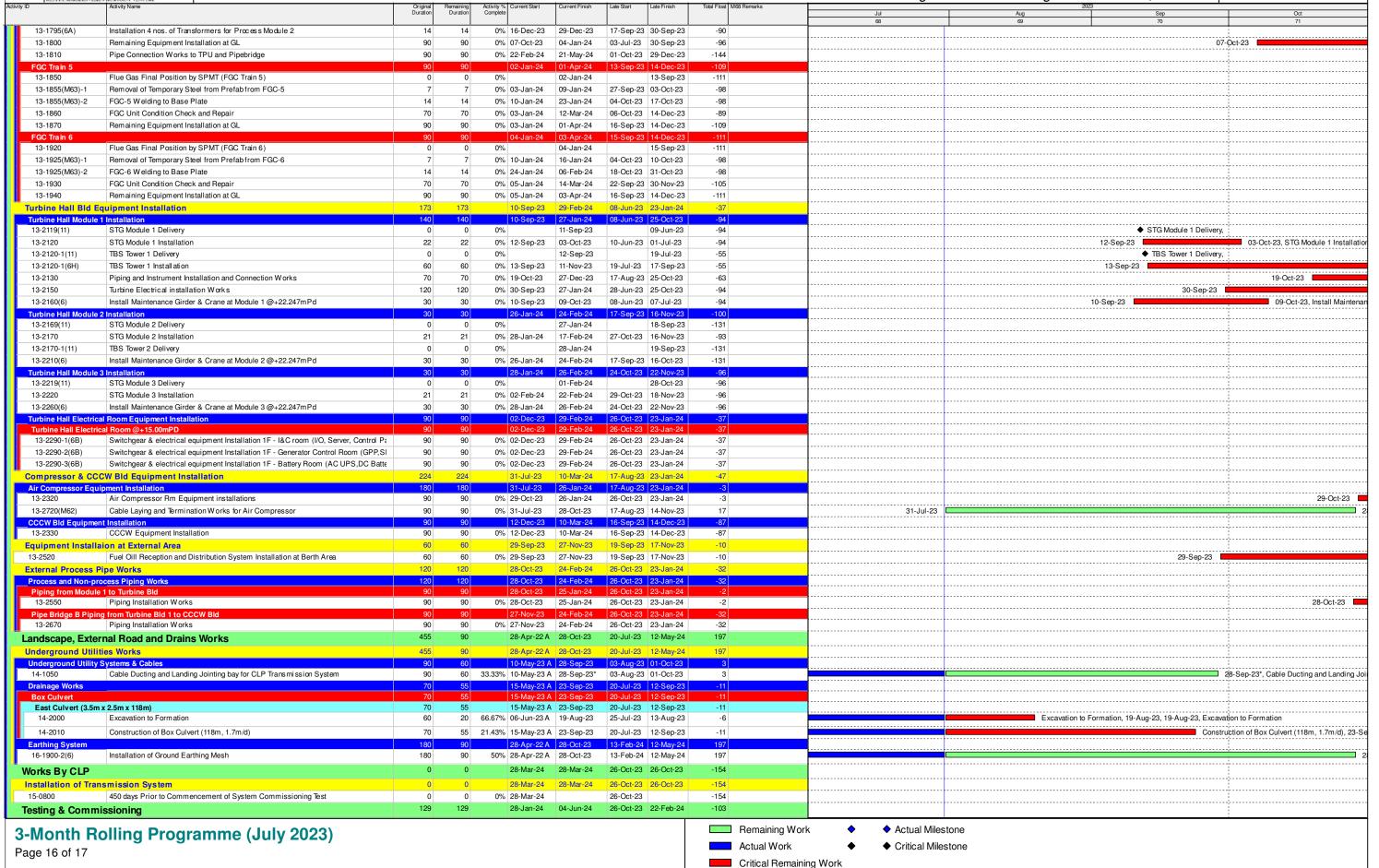
Actual Milestone

Critical Remaining Work

Milestone











Activity ID	Activity Name	Original	Remaining	Activity 9	6 Current Start	Current Finish	Late Start	Late Finish	Total Float M68 Remarks		2	023	
		Duration	Duration	Complete	e					Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct
										68	69	70	71
SAT & System	Commissioning Tests	129	129		28-Jan-24	04-Jun-24	26-Oct-23	22-Feb-24	-103				
11 kV Electrical S	ystem_T&C	30	30		28-Jan-24	26-Feb-24	26-Oct-23	24-Nov-23	-94				
Module 1		30	30		28-Jan-24	26-Feb-24	26-Oct-23	24-Nov-23	-94				
16-1850(1)	Systemwise Construction Completion Inspection	30	30	0%	6 28-Jan-24	26-Feb-24	26-Oct-23	24-Nov-23	-94				
Incineration Pro	cessing T&C	120	120		06-Feb-24	04-Jun-24	26-Oct-23	22-Feb-24	-103				1
Module 1 & Equ	ipments (Train 1 & 2)	120	120		06-Feb-24	04-Jun-24	26-Oct-23	22-Feb-24	-103				
16-1540	Systemwise Construction Completion Inspection	120	120	0%	6 06-Feb-24	04-Jun-24	26-Oct-23	22-Feb-24	-103				

**3-Month Rolling Programme (July 2023)** 

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Contract No. EP/SP/66/12	
Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase	1

Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture

# Appendix B Summary of Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation

#### Appendix B

Table B.1 Implementation Schedule for Air Quality Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

				Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation		
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks		
S3b.8.1	<ul> <li>Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation &amp; Good Site Practices</li> <li>Use of regular watering, with complete coverage, to reduce dust emissions from exposed site surfaces and unpaved roads, particularly during dry weather.</li> <li>Use of frequent watering for particularly dusty construction areas and areas close to ASRs.</li> <li>Side enclosure and covering of any aggregate or dusty material storage piles to reduce emissions. Where this is not practicable owing to frequent usage, watering shall be applied to aggregate fines.</li> <li>Open stockpiles shall be avoided or covered. Where possible, prevent placing dusty material storage piles near ASRs.</li> <li>Tarpaulin covering of all dusty vehicle loads transported to, from and between site locations.</li> <li>Establishment and use of vehicle wheel and body washing facilities at the exit points of the site.</li> <li>Provision of wind shield and dust extraction units or similar dust mitigation measures at the loading</li> </ul>	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		*			Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	N/A for dust contro		

				Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	points, and use of water sprinklers at the loading area where dust generation is likely during the loading process of loose material, particularly in dry seasons/ periods.  Imposition of speed controls for vehicles on unpaved site roads. Ten kilometers per hour is the recommended limit.  Where possible, routing of vehicles and positioning of construction plant should be at the maximum possible distance from ASRs  Instigation of an environmental monitoring and auditing program to monitor the construction process in order to enforce controls and modify method of work if dusty conditions arise.								
S3b.6.3	Deodorizers with 95% odour removal efficiency would be installed for the air ventilated from the mechanical treatment plant before discharge to the atmosphere	Waste reception halls, the waste storage area, the mechanical treatment plant / During design & operation phase	IWMF Operator	<b>~</b>		<b>✓</b>		EIAO-TM	N/A
S3b.8.2	Air Pollution Control and Stack Monitoring	IWMF stack emissions / During	IWMF Operator	<b>√</b>		<b>✓</b>		EIAO-TM, Supporting Document for	N/A

	Environmental Protection	Location /		Imple	ementa	ation S	Stages*	* Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection  Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	<ul> <li>Air pollution control and stack monitoring system will be installed for the IWMF to ensure that the emissions from the IWMF stack will meet the proposed target emission limits.</li> <li>Voluntary Enhancement Measures in Flue Gas Cleaning and Emission Monitoring:         <ol> <li>Two-stage bag filter system with reagent recirculation;</li> <li>In addition to SCR, provide SNCR for removal of NOx; tighten emission limit for half-hourly and daily NOx to 160 mg/m³ and 80 mg/m₃ respectively;</li> <li>Well-mixed feed waste: to minimize the fluctuation of pollutant loading on the flue gas treatment system;</li> <li>Two more AQMSs would be set up at South Lantau and Shek Kwu Chau respectively;</li> <li>Limit levels will be set under the IWMF DBO contract to require that waste feed shall cease if any of the air pollutant has exceeded 95% of the emission concentration limit as stipulated in the Special Process license;</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	design & operation phase						Application for Variation of Environmental Permit (EP-429/2012)	

				Imple	ementa	tion S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	<ol> <li>Each incineration chamber shall be fitted with auxiliary burners to ensure complete burn out of the combustion gases.</li> </ol>								
-	Treated Fly Ash and Air Pollution Control Residues:  During testing and commissioning, the Contractor shall sample and test every container of treated fly ash and air pollution control residues for conformance to the Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria shown in Table 2 of the Environmental Permit. If a test result confirms that any one of the samples does not conform to the limits and the criteria, the Contractor shall be required to sample and test every container of treated fly ash and air pollution control residues for conformance to the Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria for the next six months.  During the first six months of operation, if the requirements in (a) could be fully conformed with, the Contractor shall sample and test every shipload of treated fly ash and air pollution control residues for conformance to the Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria shown in Table 2	IWMF stack emissions / During design & operation phase	IWMF Operator			✓		Supporting Document for Application for Variation of Environmental Permit (EP- 429/2012)	N/A

				Imple	ementa	ation S	stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	of the Environmental Permit. The								
	Contractor shall take two samples								
	from each shipload for testing and								
	the Contractor shall not dispose of								
	any of that shipload of treated fly ash								
	and air pollution control residues until								
	the test results confirm that the two								
	samples conform to the limits and the								
	criteria. If a test result confirms that								
	any one of the two samples does not								
	conform to the limits and the criteria,								
	the Contractor shall be required to								
	sample and test every shipload of								
	treated fly ash and air pollution								
	control residues for conformance to								
	the Incineration Residue Pollution								
	Control Limits and leachability								
	criteria for the next six months. The								
	Contractor shall make due allowance								
	in the Design and the Operation for								
	the time to sample and test treated fly								
	ash and air pollution control residues								
	before disposal.								
	<ul> <li>Provided that there is no non-</li> </ul>								
	conformance to the Incineration								
	Residue Pollution Control Limits and								
	leachability criteria shown in Table 2								
	of the Environmental Permit								
	throughout a continuous sixmonth								
	period in the Operation Period, the								
	testing frequency shall be reduced to								
	monthly interval. Two samples from								
	one shipload of treated fly ash and air								

				Impl	ementa	ation S	stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	pollution control residues shall be collected and tested for conformance to the Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria. The Contractor shall not dispose of any of the treated fly ash and air pollution control residues in the shipload which the samples are taken until the test results confirm that the samples conform to the limits and the criteria. If the test result confirm that any one of the samples does not conform to the limits and the criteria, the Contractor shall be required to sample and test every shipload of treated fly ash and air pollution control residues for conformance to the Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria shown in Table 2 of the Environmental Permit for the next six months.								
	During testing and commissioning, the Contractor shall sample and test every container of bottom ash for conformance to the leachability criteria shown in Table 2 of the Environmental Permit. If a test result confirms that any one of the samples does not conform to the criteria, the Contractor shall be required to sample and test every	IWMF stack emissions / During design & operation phase	IWMF Operator	<b>✓</b>		<b>\</b>		Supporting Document for Application for Variation of Environmental Permit (EP- 429/2012)	N/A

				Imple	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	container of bottom ash for								
	conformance to the leachability								
	criteria for the next six months.								
	During the first six months of								
	operation, if the requirements in (d)								
	could be fully conformed with, the								
	Contractor shall sample and test one shipload of bottom ash each								
	month for conformance to the								
	leachability criteria shown in Table 2								
	of the Environmental Permit. The								
	Contractor shall take two samples								
	from the shipload for testing and the								
	Contractor shall not dispose of any								
	of that shipload of bottom ash until								
	the test results confirm that the two								
	samples conform to the criteria. If a								
	test result confirms that any one of								
	the two samples does not conform								
	to the criteria, the Contractor shall								
	be required to sample and test each								
	shipload of bottom ash for								
	conformance to the leachability								
	criteria for the next six months. The								
	Contractor shall make due allowance in the Design and the								
	Operation for the time to sample and								
	test bottom ash before disposal.								
	<ul> <li>Provided that there is no non-</li> </ul>								
	conformance to the leachability								
	criteria shown in Table 2 of the								
	Environmental Permit throughout a								
	continuous six month period in the								

	Fundamental Bustostian			Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
	Operation Period, the Contractor shall be allowed to take two samples from any one shipload of bottom ash once every six months for conformance to the leachability criteria. The Contractor shall not dispose of any of the bottom ash in the shipload which the samples are taken until the test results confirm that the samples conform to the criteria. If the test result confirm that any one of the samples does not conform to the criteria, the Contractor shall be required to sample and test one shipload of bottom ash each month for conformance to the leachability criteria shown in Table 2 of the Environmental Permit for the next six months as stipulated above.								

<sup>\*</sup> Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1

Table B.2 Implementation Schedule for Noise Impact Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

S4b.8 Good site pr source and working me	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Location / Timing	-	lementa Agent	tion	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation	Implementation Status
source and working me	use of quiet plant and	Work Sites /	בחח							and Guidelines	and Remarks
S4b.6 All the ventila	ethods, whenever practicable.	Construction Period	EPD contra		its		<b>√</b>			EIAO-TM	Implemented
treatment.  (i) Stack of (ii) Ventilati Enclosure ar acoustic treatinstalled in the Other than acoustic treating of the incite the detailed following gominimize the NSRs.  (i) The exist and any be loce NSRs; as	tion fans installed in the below ed with silencers or acoustics the incinerator on systems within the IWMF and discharge silencer or other atment equipment should be ne air-cooled chillers  provision of silencer or other atment equipment for the stack nerator and ventilation system, design should incorporate the bod practice in order to be nuisance on the neighboring maust of the ventilation system opening of the building should atted facing away from any and or other acoustic treatment		EPD contra	and ctors	its	*		<b>✓</b>		EIAO-TM	N/A

	English and A Broad at the	Leastion /		Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	
EIA Re	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	C	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
-	Voluntary Enhancement Measure     Provision of air-conditioner and double glazed windows to nearby NSR at Shek Kwu Chau (i.e. SARDA) as precautionary measures.		Design team, contractor, IWMF operator	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>			Supporting Document for Application for Variation of Environmental Permit (EP- 429/2012)	Implemented

<sup>\*</sup> Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1

Table B.3 Implementation Schedule for Water Quality Measures for the Artificial Island near SKC

				Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*		
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
S5b.8.1.1	Drainage and Construction Site Runoff The site practices outlined in ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage" should be followed as far as practicable in order to minimise surface runoff and the chance of erosion. These practices include the following items:	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		<b>✓</b>			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO	Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by the Contractor
	At the start of site establishment, perimeter cut-off drains to direct off-site water around the site should be constructed with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentation control facilities implemented								
	Channels (both temporary and permanent drainage pipes and culverts), earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct storm water to silt removal facilities. The design of the temporary on-site drainage system will be undertaken by the contractor prior to the commencement of construction.								
	Boundaries of earthworks should be surrounded by dykes or embankments for flood protection, as necessary.								
	<ul> <li>Sand/silt removal facilities such as sand/silt traps and sediment basins should be provided to remove sand/silt particles from runoff to meet the requirements of the TM-DSS. The</li> </ul>								

				Imple	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC PN 1/94, which states that the retention time for silt/sand traps should be 5 minutes under maximum flow conditions. The detailed design of the sand/silt traps shall be undertaken by the contractor prior to the commencement of construction.								
	<ul> <li>Water pumped out from foundation piles must be discharged into silt removal facilities.</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>Measures should be taken to minimize the ingress of site runoff and drainage into excavations. Drainage water pumped out from excavations should be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities.</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>During rainstorms, exposed slope/soil surfaces should be covered by a tarpaulin or other means, as far as practicable. Other measures that need to be implemented before, during and after rainstorms are summarized in ProPECC PN 1/94.</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>Exposed soil areas should be minimized to reduce potential for increased siltation and contamination of runoff.</li> </ul>								

	English and a Book at the			Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	and Remarks
•	Earthwork final surfaces should be well compacted and subsequent permanent work or surface protection should be immediately performed.								
•	Open stockpiles of construction materials or construction wastes on-site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms.								
Cooping system	General Construction Activities  Construction solid waste should be collected, handled and disposed of roperly to avoid entering to the earby watercourses and public drainage system. Rubbish and litter from construction sites should also be collected to prevent spreading of rubbish and litter om the site area.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		<b>&gt;</b>			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO	Implemented
lt Co	is recommended to clean the onstruction sites on a regular basis.								

				Impl	ementa	ation St	ages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	and Remarks
	There is a need to apply to EPD for a discharge license for discharge of effluent from the construction site under the WPCO. The discharge quality must meet the requirements specified in the discharge license. All the run-off and wastewater generated from the works areas should be treated so that it satisfies all the standards listed in the TM-DSS. The beneficial uses of the treated effluent for other on-site activities such as dust suppression and general cleaning etc., can minimize water consumption and reduce the effluent discharge volume. If monitoring of the treated effluent quality from the works areas is required during the construction phase of the Project, the monitoring should be carried out in accordance with the relevant WPCO license which is under the ambit of regional office of EPD.	During the construction period	Contractor					EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO	Implemented  Discharge License was issued on 15/02/2022
S5b.8.1.4	Accidental Spillage Contractor must register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be produced from construction activities. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation should be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		<b>~</b>			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO; WDO	Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by the Contractor
S5b.8.1.5	Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential for leakage and spillage should only be undertaken within the areas which	During the construction	Contractor		<b>√</b>			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO; WDO	Implemented

				Impl	ementa	ation Stages*	Relevant
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	O Dec	Legislation Implementation Status and Remarks Guidelines
	appropriately equipped to control these discharges.						
S5b.8.1.6	Oils and fuels should only be used and stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. All fuel tanks and storage areas should be sited on sealed areas in order to prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to the nearby watercourses. All waste oils and fuels should be collected in designated tanks prior to disposal.	During the construction	Contractor		<b>✓</b>		ProPECC PN Measures but rectified by the 1/94; WPCO; WDO
S5b.8.1.7	•	During the construction	Contractor		<b>V</b>		ProPECC PN Measures but rectified by the 1/94; WPCO; WDO
	<ul> <li>Suitable containers should be used to hold the chemical wastes to avoid leakage or spillage during storage, handling and transport.</li> <li>Chemical waste containers should be suitably labelled, to notify and warn the personnel who are handling the wastes, to avoid accidents.</li> <li>Storage area should be selected at a safe location on site and adequate space should be allocated to the storage area.</li> </ul>						

				Impl	ementa	ation St	ages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
S5b.8.1.8	Sewage Effluent  Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets, should be employed on-site where necessary to handle sewage from the workforce. A licensed contractor would be responsible. For appropriate disposal and maintenance of these facilities.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		✓			EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO	Implemented
S5b.8.1.9			Contractor		✓			EIAO-TM; WPCO, Supporting Document for Application of Environmental Permit (EP- 429/2012) Further Environmental Permit No. FEP- 01/429/2012/A	N/A

				Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	of the North Western seawall, away from the identified coral communities and will be shielded by silt curtains systems to control sediment plume dispersion.								
	<ul> <li>The silt curtain system at marine access opening should be closed as soon as the barges passes through the marine access opening in order to minimize the period of curtain opening. Filling should only be carried out behind the silt curtain when the silt curtain is completely closed.</li> </ul>								
	• To enhance the effectiveness of the silt curtain at the marine access, the northern breakwater would be built before the commencement of the reclamation to reduce the current velocity towards the marine access opening.								
	<ul> <li>The silt curtain system at marine access opening should be regularly checked and maintained to ensure proper functioning.</li> </ul>								
	• Where public fill is proposed for filling below +2.5mPD, the fine content in the public fill will be controlled to 25% which is in line with the CEDD's General Specification;								
	• The filling for reclamation should be carried out behind the seawall. The filling material should only consist of public fill, rock and sand. The filling composition and filling rates at each filling area should follow those delineated in Table 1 of the FEP-01/429/2012/. The filling above high watermark is not restricted;								

				Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	No dredging should be carried out within 16m to the nearest non-translocatable coral community;								
	Daily site audit including full-time on-site monitoring by the ET is recommended during the dredging for anti-scouring protection layer for checking the compliance with the permitted no. of grab;								
	<ul> <li>Closed grab dredger should be used to minimize the loss of sediment during the raising of the loaded grabs through the water column;</li> </ul>								
	Frame-type silt curtains should be deployed around the dredging operations;								
	Floating-type silt curtains should be used to surround the circular cell during the sheetpiling work;								
	The descent speed of grabs should be controlled to minimize the seabed impact speed;								
	Barges should be loaded carefully to avoid splashing of material;								
	All barges used for the transport of dredged materials should be fitted with tight bottom seals in order to prevent leakage of material during loading and transport;								
	All barges should be filled to a level which ensures that material does not spill over during loading and transport to the disposal site and that adequate freeboard is								

				Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	maintained to ensure that the decks are not washed by wave action.								
	No DCM works should be carried out within 100m to the nearest non-translocatable coral colony / colonies.								
	Silt curtains should be employed to enclose DCM field trial and any full scale DCM work to minimize the potential impacts on water aspect.								
	<ul> <li>A sand blanket is to be placed on top of the marine deposit using tremie pipes prior to the DCM ground treatment to avoid seabed sediment disturbance.</li> </ul>								
S5b.8.2.3	Operational Phase Discharges  A pipeline drainage system will serve the development area collecting surface runoff from paved areas, roof, etc. Sustainable drainage principle would be adopted in the drainage system design to minimize peak surface runoff, maximize permeable surface and maximize beneficial use of rainwater.	Within IWMF site / During the operational phase	IWMF Operator	<b>*</b>		•		WPCO	N/A
S5b.8.2.4	Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system of any potentially contaminated areas (such as truck parking area and maintenance workshop) and regularly cleaned to prevent the release of oil products into the storm water drainage system in case of accidental spillages. Accidental spillage should be cleaned up as soon as practicable and all waste oils and fuels should be collected and handled in	site / During the operational	IWMF Operator	<b>*</b>		~		WPCO; WDO	N/A

		Environmental Protection Implementation Stage		tages*	Relevant				
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance.								
S5b.8.2.5	Refuse Entrapment  Collection and removal of floating refuse should be performed at regular intervals for keeping the water within the Project site boundary and the neighboring water free from rubbish.	Within the Project site / During the operational phase	IWMF Operator			<b>√</b>		WPCO	N/A
S5b.8.2.6		Transportat ion of Incineration Ash / During the operational phase	IWMF Operator			<b>V</b>			N/A

<sup>\*</sup> Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Table B.4 Implementation Schedule for Waste Management Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

Table B.4	Implementation Schedule for Waste M				ementa			Relevant	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
6b.5.1.2	Good Site Practices  Adverse environmental impacts in relation to waste management are not expected, provided that good site practices are strictly followed. Recommendations for good site practices during the construction activities would include:  Obtain relevant waste disposal permits from appropriate authorities, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354) and subsidiary Regulations and the Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 28);  Provide staff training for proper waste management and chemical handling procedures;  Provide sufficient waste disposal points and regular waste collection;  Provide appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and  Carry out regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors;  Separate chemical wastes for special handling and disposed of to licensed facility for treatment; and  Employ licensed waste collector to collect waste.	Work Site/ During Construction Period	Contractor					ETWB TCW	Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by the Contractor

				Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
6b.5.1.3	Waste Reduction Measures  Good management and control can prevent the generation of a significant amount of waste. Waste reduction is best achieved at the planning and design stage, as well as by ensuring the implementation of good site practices.  Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include:  Design foundation works that could minimize the amount of excavated material to be generated.  Provide training to workers on the importance of site cleanliness and appropriate waste management procedures, including waste reduction, reuse and recycling;  Sort out demolition debris and excavated materials from demolition works to recover reusable/recyclable portions (i.e. soil, broken concrete, metal etc.);  Segregate and store different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal;  Encourage the collection of aluminum cans by providing separate labelled bins to enable this waste to be segregated from other general refuse generated by the work force;  Proper storage and site practices to minimize the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; and	Construction	Contractor						Implemented.  N/A for demolition items

	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			Impl	ementa	ation Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	O Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	<ul> <li>Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimize amount of waste to be generated and to avoid unnecessary generation of waste.</li> </ul>							
6b.5.1.7	Dredged Sediment – Application of Dumping Permit  The project proponent should agree in advance with MFC of CEDD on the site allocation. The project proponent or contractor for the dredging works shall then apply for the site allocations of marine sediment disposal based on the prior agreement with MFC/CEDD. The project proponent or contractor should also be responsible for the application of all necessary permits from relevant authorities, including the dumping permit as required under DASO from EPD, for the disposal of dredged sediment prior to the commencement of the dredging works.	Reclamation site / Construction	EPD and its contractor				DASO ETWB TCW 34/2002	Implemented
6b.5.1.8	Dredged Sediment – Sediment Quality Report  The project proponent or contractor will need to satisfy the appropriate authorities that the quality of the marine sediment to be dredged has been identified according to the requirements of ETWB TCW 34/2002. This should be completed well before the dredging works and would include at least the submission of a formal Sediment Quality Report under Tier I of ETWB TCW No. 34/2002 to DEP for approval. Subject to advice from DEP, it is possible that further marine SI in		EPD and its contractor	✓			DASO ETWB TCW 34/2002	Implemented

	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			Impl	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	accordance with ETWB TCW 34/2002 might be necessary for the application of dumping permit under DASO. In such case, a sediment sampling and testing proposal shall be submitted to and approved by DEP before the additional marine SI works.								
6b.5.1.9	Dredged Sediment – Sediment Transportation  The barge transporting the sediments to the designated disposal sites should be equipped with tight fitting seals to prevent leakage and should not be filled to a level that would cause overflow of materials or laden water during loading or transportation. In addition, monitoring of the barge loading shall be conducted to ensure that loss of material does not take place during transportation. Transport barges or vessels shall be equipped with automatic self-monitoring devices as specified by the DEP.	Seawall and Reclamation site / Construction Period	EPD and its contractor		•			DASO ETWB TCW 34/2002	Implemented
6b.5.1.10		Construction	Contractor	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>			ETWB TCW No. 19/2005	Implemented

EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures		Implementation Agent	Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
		Location / Timing		Des	С	0	Dec		
	(EMP), should be prepared in accordance with ETWB TCW No.19/2005;								
	A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed (including the disposal sites) should be adopted for easy tracking; and								
	• In order to monitor the disposal of C&D materials at public filling facilities and landfills and to control fly-tipping, a tripticket system should be adopted (refer to ETWB TCW No. 31/2004).								
6b.5.1.1 1 – 6b.5.1.12	The Contactor should prepare and implement an EMP in accordance with ETWB TCW No.19/2005, which describes the arrangements for avoidance, reuse, recovery, recycling, storage, collection, treatment and disposal of different categories of waste to be generated from construction activities. Such a management plan should incorporate site specific factors, such as the designation of areas for segregation and temporary storage of reusable and recyclable materials. The EMP should be submitted to the Engineer for approval. The  Contractor should implement waste management practices in the EMP throughout the construction stage of the Project. The EMP should be reviewed regularly and updated by the Contractor, preferably on a monthly basis.	During Design & Construction	Contractor		<b>✓</b>			ETWB TCW No. 19/2005	Implemented

EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			Impl	Implementation S			Relevant	
		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	All surplus C&D materials arising from or in connection with construction works should become the property of the Contractor when it is removed unless otherwise stated. The Contractor would be responsible for devising a system to work for on-site sorting of C&D materials and promptly removing all sorted and process materials arising from the construction activities to minimize temporary stockpiling on-site. The system should be included in the EMP identifying the source of generation, estimated quantity, arrangement for on-site sorting, collection, temporary storage areas and frequency of collection by recycling Contractors or frequency of removal off-site.								
6b.5.1.13	Chemical Wastes  Should chemical wastes be produced at the construction site, the Contractor would be required to register with EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste (such as explosive, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, or corrosive). The Contractor should employ a	Work Site/ During Construction Period	Contractor		•			Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	Implemented.

EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures				ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	
		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	licensed collector to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes, to either the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre at Tsing Yi, or another licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.								
6b.5.1.14	General Refuse  General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D materials. A licensed waste collector should be employed by the Contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D materials. Preferably an enclosed and covered area should be provided to reduce the occurrence of 'wind blown' light material.	Work Site/ During Construction Period	Contractor		<b>✓</b>				Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by the Contractor
6b.5.1.1 6 – 6b.5.1.33	Biogas Generation  The Contractor shall review the data and analysis results, and the data from further Site Investigation, if any. Subject to the review findings, the following gas protection measures may be considered if necessary:  - gas monitoring after reclamation;  - passive ventilation;  - gas impermeable membrane;  - ventilation with "at risk" rooms;  - protection of utilities or below ground services;	Reclamation site (if dredging at the reclamation site is not required) / Design & Construction Period	Designer and/or contractor	•	<b>✓</b>			EPD/TR8/97	N/A

	Engine mantal Bratastics			Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation Implementation Status and and Remarks Guidelines
6b.5.2.1	Precautions during construction works;     precautions prior to entry of belowground services     Good Site Practices  It is recommended that the following good operational practices should be adopted to minimise waste management impacts:      Obtain the necessary waste disposal permits from the appropriate authorities, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354) and Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation;     Nomination of an approved person to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and	IWMF Site/During Operation	Agent  IWMF Operator			<b>✓</b>		
	<ul> <li>effective disposal to an appropriate facility of all wastes generated at the site;</li> <li>Use of a waste haulier licensed to collect specific category of waste;</li> <li>A trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental Team to monitor the disposal of solid wastes at landfills, and to control fly tipping. Reference should be made to ETWB TCW No. 31/2004.</li> </ul>							

	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			Imple	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Relevant	
EIA Ref		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks	
	<ul> <li>Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures;</li> <li>Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at a licensed facility;</li> <li>Routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors;</li> <li>Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal;</li> <li>Adoption of appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and</li> <li>Implementation of a recording system for the amount of wastes generated, and disposed of (including recycled the disposal sites).</li> </ul>									
6b.5.2.2	Waste Reduction Measures     Good management and control can prevent the generation of significant amounts of waste. It is recommended that the following good operational practices should be adopted to ensure waste reduction:     Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal;	IWMF Site/ During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			<b>✓</b>			mplemented	

				Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	<ul> <li>Encourage collection of aluminum cans, plastic bottles and packaging material (e.g. carton boxes) and office paper by individual collectors.         Separate labelled bins should be provided to help segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the work force; and</li> <li>Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be reused as far as practicable.</li> </ul>								
6b.5.2.3	Storage, Handling, Treatment, Collection and Disposal of Incineration By-Products  The following measures are recommended for the storage, handling and collection of the incineration by-products:	IWMF Site/ During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			<b>✓</b>		Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits	N/A
	Ash should be stored in storage silos;								
	<ul> <li>Ash should be handled and conveyed in closed systems fully segregatedfrom the ambient environment;</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>Ash should be wetted with water to control fugitive dust, where necessary;</li> </ul>								
	All fly ash and APC residues should be treated, e.g. by cement solidification or chemical stabilization, for compliance with the proposed Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria prior to disposal;								

	Cavino amonto I Duoto eti se	Location /	on / Implementation	Impl	ementa	ation \$	Stages*	Relevant
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation Implementation Status and and Remarks Guidelines
	The ash should be transported in covered trucks or containers to the designated landfill site.							
	The Contractor should provide EPD with chemical analysis results of the bottom ash, and treated fly ash and APC residues to confirm that the ash/residue can comply with the proposed Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits before disposal.							
6b.6.3.1	<ul> <li>Fuel Oil Tank Construction and Test</li> <li>The fuel tank to be installed should be of specified durability.</li> <li>Double skin tanks are preferred.</li> <li>Underground fuel storage tank should be placed within a concrete pit.         <ul> <li>The concrete pit shall be accessible to allow regular tank integrity tests to be carried out at regular intervals.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Tank integrity tests should be conducted by an independent qualified surveyor or structural engineer.</li> <li>Any potential problems identified in the test should be rectified as soon</li> </ul>	Fuel Oil Storage Tank/ During Design, Construction and Operation Periods	IWMF Contractor		<b>✓</b>	<b>\</b>		N/A

	Fandana and Bastonia			Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation Implementation Status and and Remarks Guidelines
6b.6.3.1	<ul> <li>Fuel Oil Pipeline Construction and Test</li> <li>Installation of aboveground fuel oil pipelines is preferable; if underground pipelines are unavoidable, concrete lined trenches should be constructed to contain the pipelines.</li> <li>Double skin pipelines are preferred.</li> <li>Distance between the fuel oil refuelling points and the fuel oil storage tank shall be minimized.</li> <li>Integrity tests for the pipelines should be conducted by an independent qualified surveyor or structural engineer at regular intervals.</li> <li>Any potential problems identified in the test should be rectified as soon as possible.</li> </ul>	Design, Construction and	IWMF Contractor	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓		N/A
6b.6.3.1	<ul> <li>Installation of leak detection device at storage tank and pipelines.</li> <li>Installation and use of pressure gauges (e.g. at the two ends of a filling line) in fuel filling, which allows unexpected pressure drop or difference and sign of leakage to be detected.</li> </ul>	Operation	IWMF Contractor	*	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>		N/A
6b.6.3.1	Fuel Oil Storage Tank Refuelling	Fuel Oil Refuelling Point/	IWMF Operator			<b>√</b>		N/A

				Imple	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation Implementation Status and Remarks Guidelines
	<ul> <li>Storage tank refuelling (from road tanker) should only be conducted by authorized staff of the oil company using the company's standard procedures.</li> </ul>	During Operation Period						
6b.6.3.1	Fuel Oil Spillage Response  An Oil Spill Response Plan should be prepared by the operator to document the appropriate response procedures for oil spillage incidents in detail. General procedures to be taken in case of fuel oil spillage are presented below.		IWMF Operator			<b>✓</b>		N/A
	• Training							
	- Training on oil spill response actions should be given to relevant staff. The training shall cover the followings:							
	<ul> <li>Tools &amp; resources to combat oil spillage and fire, e.g. locations of oil spill handling equipment and fire fighting equipment;</li> <li>General methods to deal with oil spillage and fire incidents;</li> <li>Procedures for emergency drills in the event of oil spills and fire; and</li> <li>Regular drills shall be carried out.</li> </ul>							
	Communication							
	-Establish communication channel with the Fire Services Department (FSD) and EPD to report any oil spillage incident							

	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			Imple	ementa	ation \$	Stages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	so that necessary assistance from relevant department can be quickly sought.								
	Response Procedures								
	-Any fuel oil spillage within the IWMF site should be immediately reported to the Plant Manager with necessary details including location, source, possible cause and extent of the spillage.								
	<ul> <li>-Plant Manager should immediately attend to the spillage and initiate any appropriate action to confine and clean up the spillage. The response procedures shall include the following:</li> <li>&gt;Identify and isolate the source of spillage as soon as possible.</li> <li>&gt;Contain the oil spillage and avoid infiltration into soil/ groundwater and discharge to storm water channels.</li> <li>&gt;Remove the oil spillage.</li> </ul>								
	➤Clean up the contaminated area.								
	<ul> <li>If the oil spillage occurs during storage tank refuelling, the refuelling operation should immediately be stopped.</li> <li>Recovered contaminated fuel oil and the associated material to remove the spilled oil should be</li> </ul>								
	considered as chemical waste. The handling and disposal								24

	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures			Implementation Stages*				Relevant	
EIA Ref		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	procedures for chemical wastes are discussed in the following paragraphs.								
6b.6.3.2	<ul> <li>Chemicals and Chemical Wastes Handling &amp; Storage</li> <li>Chemicals and chemical wastes should only be stored in suitable containers in purpose-built areas.</li> <li>The storage of chemical wastes should comply with the requirements of the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.</li> <li>The storage areas for chemicals and chemical wastes shall have an impermeable floor or surface. The impermeable floor/ surface shall possess the following properties:         <ul> <li>Not liable to chemically react with the materials and their containers to be stored.</li> <li>Able to withstand normal loading and physical damage caused by container handling</li> <li>The integrity and condition of the impermeable floor or surface should be inspected at regular intervals to ensure that it is satisfactorily maintained</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	and Chemical Wastes Storage Area / During Operation	IWMF Operator						N/A
	<ul> <li>For liquid chemicals and chemical wastes storage, the</li> </ul>								

	Measures			Imple	ementa	ation S	stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	storage area should be bunded to contain at least 110% of the storage capacity of the largest containers or 20% of the total quantity of the chemicals/chemical wastes stored, whichever is the greater.								
	Storage containers shall be checked at regular intervals for their structural integrity and to ensure that the caps or fill points are tightly closed.								
	Chemical handling shall be conducted by trained workers under supervision.								
6b.6.3.2	Chemicals and Chemical Wastes Spillage Response  A Chemicals and/ or Chemical Wastes Spillage Response Plan shall be prepared by the operator to document in detail the appropriate response procedures for chemicals or chemical wastes spillage incidents. General procedures to be undertaken in case of chemicals/ chemical waste spillages are presented below.  • Training	IWMF Site/ During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			<b>V</b>			N/A
	<ul> <li>Training on spill response actions should be given to relevant staff.</li> <li>The training shall cover the followings:</li> </ul>								

	Environmental Protection			Impl	ementa	ation \$	Stages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	Tools & resources to handle spillage, e.g. locations of spill handling equipment;								
	General methods to deal with spillage; and								
	Procedures for emergency drills in the event of spills.								
	Communication								
	<ul> <li>Establish communication channel with FSD and EPD to report the spillage incident so that necessary assistance from relevant department can be quickly sought.</li> </ul>								
	Response Procedures								
	<ul> <li>Any spillage within the IWMF site should be reported to the Plant Manager.</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>Plant Manager shall attend to the spillage and initiate any appropriate actions needed to confine and clean up the spillage. The response procedures shall include the followings:</li> </ul>								
	Identify and isolate the source of spillage as soon as possible;								
	Contain the spillage and avoid infiltration into soil/								

	Empire annountal Brotostics			Imple	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation I and Guidelines	mplementation Status and Remarks
	groundwater and discharge to storm water channels (in case the spillage occurs at locations out of the designated storage areas);								
	Remove the spillage; the removal method/ procedures documented in the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) of the chemicals spilled should be observed;								
	Clean up the contaminated area (in case the spillage occurs at locations out of the designated storage areas); and								
	The waste arising from the cleanup operation should be considered as chemical wastes.								
6b.6.3.3	Preventive Measures for Incineration By- products Handling  The recommended measures listed below can minimize the potential contamination to the surrounding environment due to the incineration by-products:  • Ash should be stored in storage silos;  • Ash should be handled and conveyed in closed systems fully segregated	Storage, Handling & Collection of Incineration Ash at IWMF/ During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			<b>✓</b>		N/A	

	Environmental Brotestian			Impl	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	from the ambient environment;								
	<ul> <li>Ash should be wetted with water to control fugitive dust, where necessary;</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>All fly ash and APC residues should be treated, e.g. by cement solidification or chemical stabilization, for compliance with the proposed Incineration Residue Pollution Control Limits and leachability criteria prior to disposal;</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>The ash should be transported in covered trucks or containers to the designated landfill site.</li> </ul>								
6b.6.3.4 -6b.6.3.6	Incident Record  After any spillage, an incident report should be prepared by the Plant Manager. The incident report should contain details of the incident including the cause of the incident, the material spilled and estimated spillage amount, and also the response actions undertaken. The incident record should be kept carefully and able to be retrieved when necessary.  The incident report should provide sufficient details for the evaluation of any environmental impacts due to the spillage and assessment of the effectiveness of measures taken.	IWMF Site/ During Operation Period	IWMF Operator			<b>\</b>		Guidance Manual for Use of Risk-based Remediation Goals for Contaminated Land Management and the Guidance Note for Contaminated Land And Remediation.	I/A

		Implementation Stage		tages*	Relevant				
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	In case any spillage or accidents results in significant land contamination, EPD should be informed immediately and the IWMF operator should be responsible for the cleanup of the affected area. The responses procedures described in Section 6b.6.3.1 and Section 6b.6.3.2 of EIA report should be followed accordingly together with the land contamination assessment and remediation guidelines stipulated in the Guidance Manual for Use of Risk-based Remediation Goals for Contaminated Land Management and the Guidance Note for Contaminated Land and Remediation.								

<sup>\*</sup> Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Table B.5 Implementation Schedule for Ecological Quality Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

	Environmental Protection			Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
7b.8.2.1	Measures to avoid direct loss of intertidal habitat     The site boundary has been proposed to avoid direct contact with the intertidal natural rocky shore of Shek Kwu Chau. It avoids direct loss of intertidal communities and the existing natural rocky shore habitat, where Reef Egret and White-bellied Sea Eagle have been recorded within and in the vicinity of this habitat.	IWMF site	Design team	<b>\</b>				EIAO-TM	N/A
7b.8.2.2	Measures to minimise loss of coastal subtidal habitat  • Extensive coral colonies were recorded at the coastal hard bottom habitat at Shek Kwu Chau. To avoid and minimise the extensive direct impact on the coral colonies, the proposed reclamation area has been moved further offshore to minimise loss of subtial habitat near shore.	IWMF site	Design team	<b>\</b>				EIAO-TM	N/A
7b.8.2.3	Zero Discharge Scheme  The design scheme of the Project has avoided discharge of wastewater into the marine environment.  A zero discharge scheme would be adopted during the operation of the Project.  An on-site wastewater treatment plant would be	IWMF site	Design team, IWMF operator	<b>~</b>		<b>✓</b>		WPCO	N/A

	Environmental Protection				Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent		Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	provided to treat the wastewater generated from the IWMF (mainly human sewage). The treated effluent would be re-used in the incineration plant and mechanical treatment plant, or for onsite washdown and landscape.									
7b.8.2.4	Measures to avoid loss of plant species of conservation importance  Landing portal construction works would not cause direct lost to the recorded individual of protected plant species,  Aquilaria sinensis, at the coastal shrubland habitat at Cheung Sha. As a precautionary measure, the plant should be tagged with eyecatching tape and fenced off prior to works, in order to avoid any damage by workers.	Cheung Sha landing portal	Design Contractor	team,	<b>\</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>*</b>	EIAO-TM	N/A
7b.8.3.1 - 7b.8.3.1 5	Measures to minimise water quality impact     Measures for water quality as recommended in <b>Section 5b</b> of the EIA Report should be implemented.	Work site	Design contractor, operator	team, IWMF	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	EIAO-TM; ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO	Implemented
7b.8.3.1 6 - 7b.8.3.3 0	Measures to minimise disturbance on Finless Porpoise  Minimisation of Habitat Loss for Finless Porpoise	IWMF site, work site, marine traffic route	Design contractor, operator	team, IWMF	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	EIAO-TM, Supporting Document for Application for Variation of the Environmental	Implemented for avoidance of construction works that may produce underwater acoustic disturbance, Vessel Travel Route implementation, training of staff; N/A for others

	Environmental Protection			Imple	ementa	ation \$	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
		Timing	Agent						and Remarks
	construction of cofferdam surrounding the reclamation area (Phase 1); - sheet piling works for								
	construction of the shorter section of breakwater (Phase 1);								

	Environmental Protection			Impl	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	<ul> <li>sheet piling works for construction of the remaining section of breakwater (Phase 3) and</li> <li>bored piling works for berth area (Phase 3)</li> </ul>								
	Such works should be restricted within June to November. This approach would not only avoid the peak season for Finless Porpoise occurrence, the magnitude of impacts arise from acoustic disturbance would also be minimised.								
	Since the DCM ground treatment and the installation of precast seawalls and breakwaters should generate no underwater acoustic disturbance to Finless Porpoise, no specific mitigation measures are required.								
	Opt for quieter construction methods and plants								
	Considering the sensitivity of marine mammals to underwater acoustic disturbance, instead of the previously proposed conventional breakwater and reclamation peripheral structure, which requires poisy piling works the								

	Environmental Protection			Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	breakwater and reclamation peripheral structure is proposed. A quieter sheet piling method using vibratory hammer or hydraulic impact hammer, should be adopted for the installation of circular cells for cellular cofferdam and northern breakwater during Phase 1, and southern breakwater Phase 3;  Non-percussive bore piling method								
	would be adopted for the installation of tubular piles for the berth construction during Phase 3.								
	Monitored exclusion zones								
	During the installation/re- installation/relocation process of floating type silt curtains, in order to avoid the accidental entrance and entrapment of marine mammals within								
	the silt curtains, a monitored exclusion zone of 250 m radius from silt curtain should be implemented. The exclusion zone should be closely monitored by an experienced marine								
	mammal observer at least 30 minutes before the start of installation/re-installation/relocation process. If a marine mammal is noted within the								
	exclusion zone, all marine works should stop immediately and remain idle for 30 minutes, or until the								

	Environmental Protection			Impl	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	exclusion zone is free from marine mammals.								
	The experienced marine mammal observer should be well trained to detect marine mammals. Binoculars should be used to search the exclusion zone from an elevated platform with unobstructed visibility. The observer should also be independent from the project proponent and has the power to call-off construction activities.								
	In addition, as marine mammals cannot be effectively monitored within the proposed monitored exclusion zone at night, or during adverse weather conditions (i.e. Beaufort 5 or above, visibility of 300 meters or below), marine works should be avoided under weather conditions with low visibility.								
	Marine mammal watching plan								
	Upon the completion of the installation/re- installation/relocation of floating type silt curtain, all marine works would be conducted within a fully enclosed environment within the silt curtain, hence exclusion zone monitoring would no longer								

	Environmental Protection			Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	be required. Subsequently, a marine mammal watching plan should be implemented.								
	The plan should include regular inspection of silt curtains, and visual inspection of the waters surrounded by the curtains. Special attention should be paid to Phase 2 (reclamation) where the floating type still curtain would be opened occasionally for vessel access, leaving a temporary 50 m opening.  An action plan should be devised to cope with any unpredicted incidents such as the case when marine mammals are found within the waters surrounded by the silt curtains.								
	Small openings at silt curtains								
	The openings for vessel access at the silt curtains should be as small as possible to minimise the risk of accidental entrance.								
	Adoption of regular travel route								
	During construction and operation, captains of all vessels should adopt regular travel route, in order to minimize the chance of vessel collision with								

	Environmental Protection			Impl	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	marine mammals, which may otherwise result in damage to health or mortality. The regular travel route should avoid areas with high sighting density of Finless Porpoise as much as possible.								
	Vessel speed limit								
	<ul> <li>The frequent vessel traffic in the vicinity of works area may increase the chance of mammal mammals being killed or seriously injured by vessel collision. A speed limit of ten knots should be strictly enforced within areas with high density of Finless Porpoise.</li> <li>Passive acoustic monitoring and land-based theodolite monitoring surveys should be adopted to verify the predicted impacts and effectiveness of the proposed mitigation measures.</li> </ul>								
	Training of Staff								
	<ul> <li>Staff, including captains of vessels, should be aware of the guidelines for safe vessel operations in the presence of cetaceans during construction and operation phases. Adequate trainings should be provided</li> </ul>								

	Environmental Protection				Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent		Des	s C O Dec		Legislation and Guidelines	and Remarks	
7b.8.3.3 1 - 7b.8.3.3 4	Measures to minimise impact on corals  Coral translocation	IWMF site	Design contractor, operator	team, IWMF	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	EIAO-TM	Implemented, tagged coral found missing after hitting by typhoons
	Coral communities within and in proximity to the proposed dredging sites would be disturbed by the Project due to the dredging operations. In order to minimise direct loss of coral communities, translocation of corals that are attached to movable rocks with diameter less than 50 cm are recommended. In order to avoid disturbance to corals during the spawning period, the spawning season of corals (June to August) should be avoided; and that translocation should be carried out during the winter season (November-March).									Re-tagging of 10 coral colonies at indirect impact site and control site were conducted in November and December 2018 respectively.
	The REA survey results suggest that the 198 directly affected coral colonies were attached to movable rocks (less than 50 cm in diameter). It is technically feasible to translocate them to avoid direct loss.									
	Prior to coral translocation, a more detailed baseline survey, including a coral mapping survey, is recommended to further confirm the									

	Environmental Protection			Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	exact number and location of coral colonies within the potentially affected area. A more detailed coral translocation plan, including selection of suitable recipient site, plan for coral translocation, and event / action plan for coral monitoring should be submitted upon approval of this Project, prior to commencement of construction works. Advice from relevant governmental departments (i.e. AFCD) and professionals would be sought after, in order to identify a desirable location for the relocation of coral communities. Post-translocation monitoring on the translocated corals should also be considered.								
	Coral monitoring programme								
	<ul> <li>A coral monitoring programme is recommended to assess any adverse and unacceptable impacts to the coral communities at the coasts of Shek Kwu Chau during construction of the Project.</li> </ul>								
	Phasing of Works								
	To minimize environmental impacts, the proposed phasing of construction works has been carefully designed to								

	Environmental Protection				ement	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent		С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	reduce the amount of concurrent works, hence minimize SS elevation and the associated impacts on corals.								
7b.8.3.3 5 - 7b.8.3.4 1	Specific measures to minimize disturbance on breeding White-bellied Sea Eagle  Avoidance of noisy works during the breeding season of White-bellied Sea Eagle  • To minimize potential noise disturbance from construction activities on WBSE, noisy construction works should be scheduled outside their breeding season (December to May) to minimise potential degradation in breeding ground quality and breeding activities, including:  - sheet piling works for construction of cofferdam surrounding the reclamation area (Phase 1); - sheet piling works for construction of the shorter section of breakwater (Phase 1); - sheet piling works for construction of the remaining section of breakwater (Phase 3); and - bored piling works for berth area (Phase 3).		Design Team, Contractor, IWMF operator		<b>✓</b>			EIAO-TM	Implemented

	Environmental Protection			Impl	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	Opt for quieter construction methods and plants								
	To minimise potential construction noise disturbance on WBSE, quieter construction methods and plants should be adopted. The recommended noise mitigation measures in the Noise chapter (Section 4b.8 of the EIA Report) should be implemented to minimise potential noise disturbance to acceptable levels.								
	Restriction on vessel access near the nest of White-bellied Sea Eagle								
	During construction and operation, in order to minimize disturbance on the existing WBSE nest, a pre-defined practical route to restrict vessel access near the nest should be adopted to keep vessels and boats as far away from the nest as possible.								
	White-bellied Sea Eagle monitoring programme								
	A WBSE monitoring programme is recommended to assess any adverse and unacceptable impacts to the breeding activities of WBSE during construction and operation of the								

	Environmental Protection	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures			Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
	Project. Monitoring surveys for WBSE would include pre-construction phase (twice per month for duration of three months during their breeding season -between December and May, immediately before the commencement of works), construction phase, and operation phase (two years after the completion of construction works).  • Surveys should be conducted twice per month during their breeding season (from December to May); and once per month outside breeding season (June to November). More details on monitoring for WBSE are presented in								
	the EM&A Manual.  Education of staff								
	Staff, including captains of all vessels during construction and operation phases, should be aware of the ecological importance of WBSE.  Awareness should be raised among staff to minimise any intentional or unintentional disturbance to the nest.								
	Minimisation of Glare Disturbance								

	Environmental Protection			Imp	lement	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status	
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Implementation D Agent		Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	and Remarks	
	To minimise glare disturbance on WBSE, which may cause disorientation of birds by interfering with their magnetic compass, and disruption in behavioural patterns such as reproduction, fat storage and foraging pattern, any un-necessary outdoor lighting should be avoided, and in-ward and down-ward pointing of lights should be adopted.									
-	<ul> <li>Construction of Seawall/Breakwaters</li> <li>To widen the open channel between the Artificial Island and Shek Kwu Chau.</li> <li>To design the precast concrete seawall with environmental friendly features.</li> </ul>	IWMF site	Design team, contractor, IWM operator	F	<b>✓</b>			Supporting Document for Application for Variation of Environmental Permit (EP- 429/2012)	N/A	
7b.8.3.42	Opt for Quieter Construction Methods and Plants  • Quieter construction methods and plants should be used to minimise disturbance to the nearby terrestrial habitat and the associated wildlife.	Work site	Design team, contractor, IWM operator		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	EIAO-TM	Implemented	
7b.8.3.43	Measures to minimize impacts from artificial lighting     Unnecessary lighting should be avoided, and shielding of lights should be provided to minimize disturbance from light pollution on fauna groups.	IWMF site	Design tean contractor, IWM operator		<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>		EIAO-TM	Implemented	

	Environmental Protection			Impl	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant		
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks	
7b.8.3.4 4 - 7b.8.3.4 5	<ul> <li>Measures to minimize accidental spillage</li> <li>Regular maintenance of vessels, vehicles and equipment that may cause leakage and spillage should only be undertaken within predesignated areas, which are appropriately equipped to control the associated discharges.</li> <li>Oils, fuels and chemicals should be contained in suitable containers, and only be used and stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. All fuel tanks and storage areas should be sited on sealed areas in order to prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to the nearby watercourses. All waste oils and fuels should be collected in designated tanks prior to disposal.</li> </ul>	Work site	Contractor, IWMF operator		<b>✓</b>	•	•	EIAO-TM	Deficiency of Mitigation Measures but rectified by the Contractor.	
7b.8.3.46	<ul> <li>Measures to minimise sewage effluent</li> <li>Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets, should be employed on-site where necessary to handle sewage from the workforce.</li> </ul>	Work site	Contractor		<b>√</b>			EIAO-TM	N/A	
7b.8.3.47	Measures to minimise drainage and construction runoff	Work site	Contractor		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	EIAO-TM	N/A	

	Environmental Protection	Loostian /		Impl	ement	ation S	tages*	Relevant	
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	C O Dec		Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks	
	<ul> <li>Potential ecological impacts resulted from potential degradation of water quality due to unmitigated surface runoff could be minimised via the detailed mitigation measures in Section 5b.8 of the EIA Report. The following presents some of the mitigation measures:         <ul> <li>On-site drainage system with implemented sedimentation control facilities.</li> <li>Channels, earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct storm water to silt removal facilities.</li> <li>Provision of embankment at boundaries of earthworks for flood protection.</li> <li>Water pumped out from foundation piles must be discharged into silt removal facilities.</li> <li>During rainstorms, exposed slope/soil surfaces should be covered by tarpaulin or other means, as far as practicable.</li> <li>Exposed soil surface should be minimized to reduce siltation and runoff.</li> <li>Earthwork final surfaces should be well compacted. Subsequent permanent surface protection should be immediately performed.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>								

	Environmental Protection		Implementation Agent	Impl	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing		Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	- Open stockpiles of construction materials, and construction wastes onsite should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms.								
7b.8.3.48	Measures to minimise impacts from general construction activities	Work site	Contractor		<b>√</b>			EIAO-TM	Implemented
	To avoid the entering of construction solid waste into the nearby habitats, construction solid waste should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering to the nearby habitats. It is recommended to clean the construction sites on a regular basis.								
7b.8.3.49	Pest Control Good waste management practices should be adopted at the IWMF in order to minimise the risk of introduction of pest to the island:	IWMF site	IWMF operator			<b>√</b>			N/A
	<ul> <li>Transportation of wastes in enclosed containers</li> <li>Waste storage area should be well maintained and cleaned</li> <li>Waste should only be disposed of at designated areas</li> <li>Timely removal of the newly arrived waste</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>Removal of items that are capable of retaining water</li> </ul>								

	Environmental Protection		Implementation Agent	Impl	ement	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures	Location / Timing		Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
7b.8.3.50	Measures  - Rapid clean up of any waste spillages - Maintenance of a tidy and clean site environment - Regular application of pest control - Education of staff the importance of site cleanliness	IWMF site	IWMF operator			<b>✓</b>			
	phase. All maintenance dredging works should be carried out with the implementation of silt curtain to control the dispersion of SS. The production rate should comply with the permit								
	dredging rate and number of grab per hour.								

	Environmental Protection	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Impl	ement	ation	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation  Measures			Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
7b.8.4. 1 – 7b.8.4. 8	Compensation of loss of important habitat of Finless Porpoise  Designation of Marine Park  The Project Proponent has made a firm commitment to seek to designate a marine park of approximately 700 ha in the waters between Soko Islands and Shek Kwu Chau, in accordance with the statutory process stipulated in the Marine Parks Ordinance, as a compensation measure for the habitat loss arising from the construction of the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC.  The Project Proponent shall seek to complete the designation by 2018 to tie in with the operation of the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC.  A further study should be carried out to review relevant previous studies and collate available information on the ecological characters of the proposed area for marine park designation; and review available survey data for Finless Porpoise, water quality, fisheries, marine traffic and planned development projects in the vicinity. Based on the findings, ecological	between Shek Kwu Chau and Soko Islands	Project Proponent					EIAO-TM	N/A

	Environmental Protection		Implementation Agent	Imple	ementa	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing		Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	marine park designation should be established, and the extent and location of the proposed marine park be determined. The adequacy of enhancement measures should also be reviewed.								
	In addition, a management plan for the proposed marine park should be proposed, covering information on the responsible departments for operation and management (O&M) of the marine park, as well as the O&M duties of each of the departments involved.  Consultation with relevant government departments and stakeholders should be conducted under the study. The study should be submitted to Director of Environmental Protection (DEP) for approval before the commencement of construction works.								
	• The Project Proponent should provide assistance to AFCD during the process of the marine park designation								
7b.8.5. 1 – 7b.8.5. 4	Additional Enhancement or Precautionary Measures Deployment of Artificial Reefs  • Deployment of artificial reefs (ARs) is an enhancement measure for the	Within the proposed marine park under this study	Project Proponent	<b>&gt;</b>		<b>✓</b>		EIAO-TM	N/A

	Environmental Protection		Implementation Agent	Impl	ement	ation S	Stages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing		Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
	marine habitats. ARs are proposed to be deployed within the proposed marine park under this Project. The exact location, dimension and type of ARs to be deployed are to be further investigated along with the further study of the proposed marine park under this Project. The proposed ARs would be deployed at the same time as the complete designation of marine park.  Release of Fish Fry at Artificial Reefs and Marine Park								
	• Release of fish fry at the proposed ARs, as well as the proposed marine park under this study, should enhance the fish resources in the nearby waters, and subsequently food sources for Finless Porpoise. The proposed ARs with various micro-habitats would have the potential to provide shelter and nursery ground for the released fish fry. The frequency and quantity of fry to be released should be agreed by AFCD.								

<sup>\*</sup> Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Table B.6 Implementation Schedule for Fisheries Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

				Imple	ementa	tion S	tages*	* Relevant	Implementation	
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	•	Implementation Agent			0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
8b.8.1.2	Measure to minimize loss of and disturbance on fisheries resources	IWMF site	Design contractor	team,	<b>✓</b>	✓		<b>✓</b>	EIAO-TM	N/A
	<ul> <li>Alteration to the phasing of works, construction method, and layout plan of the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC has been made. The total fishing ground to be permanently lost due to the project has been significantly reduced from ~50 ha to ~31 ha. By adopting the current circular cells instead of the conventional seawall construction method, SS elevation would be greatly reduced, minimizing adverse impact on the health of fisheries resources.</li> </ul>									
8b.8.1.3	Measure to minimize impingement and entrainment	IWMF site	Design contractor, operator	team, IWMF	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>√</b>		EIAO-TM	N/A
	<ul> <li>Provision of a screen at the water intake point for desalination plant would be essential to minimize the risk of impingement and entrainment of fisheries resources (including fish, larvae and egg) through the intake point.</li> </ul>									

						Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Implementation Timing Agent			Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks	
8b.8.1.4- 8b.8.1.6	Measures to control water quality     No wastewater effluent, anti-fouling agent, heavy metals and other contaminants would be released during operation phase of the Project.      Mitigation measures recommended in the	Work	site, IWMF	Design contractor, operator	team, IWMF	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	`	EIAO-TM	Implemented
	water quality impact assessment during construction and operation would serve to protect fisheries resources from indirect impacts resulted from the Project										
8b.8.1.7 - 8b.8.1.8	Additional Enhancement / Precautionary  Measures  Artificial Reefs (ARs) are proposed to be deployed within the proposed marine park under this Project as an enhancement measure for the marine habitats. This enhancement feature would bring positive impacts to the previously identified important spawning and nursery ground for fisheries resources.	Within propos marine in the betwee Islands Shek Chau	ed park waters en Soko	Project Pro	ponent	~		<b>✓</b>		EIAO-TM	N/A
	<ul> <li>Release of Fish Fry at Artificial Reefs</li> <li>Release of fish fry has been proposed under this Project. The proposed deployment of ARs within the proposed marine park would provide shelter and nursery ground for the released fish fry. The frequency and quantity of fry to be released should be agreed by AFCD.</li> </ul>										

<sup>\*</sup> Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1

Table B.7 Implementation Schedule for Landscape and Visual Measures for the IWMF at the artificial island near SKC

		<u> </u>			ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
S10b.10 MLVC- 01	Grass-hydroseeded bare soil surface and stock pile area	Work site / During construction phase	Contractor		<b>✓</b>				N/A
S10b.10 MLVC-02	<ol> <li>Landscape Design</li> <li>Early planting using fast grow trees and tall shrubs at strategic locations within site as buffer to block view corridors to the site from the VSRs, and to locally screen haul roads, excavation works and site preparation works.</li> <li>Use of tree species of dense tree crown to serve as visual barrier.</li> <li>Hard and soft landscape treatment (e.g. trees and shrubs) of open areas within development to provide a background for the outdoor containers from open view, shade and shelter, and a green appearance from surrounding viewpoints.</li> <li>Planting strip along the periphery of the project site.</li> <li>Selected tree species suitable for the coastal condition.</li> </ol>	Work site / During design & construction phases	Contractor	•	<b>✓</b>				N/A

			Implementation Stage				tages*	Relevant	Implementation
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	Status and Remarks
S10b.10 MLVC-03	<ul> <li>Adoption of Natural Features of the Existing Shoreline</li> <li>1) Use of boulders in different sizes and with the similar textures of the existing rocky shores for the construction of breakwater and artificial shoreline in order to blend into the existing natural shoreline.</li> </ul>	Work site / During construction phase	Contractor		<b>~</b>				N/A
	2) Use of cellular cofferdam together with the natural boulders to form a curvature shoreline for the reclamation area to echo with the natural shoreline of SKC.								
S10b.10 MLVC-04	Greening Design (Rooftop & Vertical Greening)  1) Implementation of rooftop and vertical greening (vertical building envelope) along the periphery of each building block to increase the amenity value of the work, moderate temperature extremes and enhance building energy performance. The greening appearance of the building shall enhance its visual harmony with the natural surroundings as well as reduce the apparent visual mass of the structure.	& construction phases	Contractor	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>				N/A
	<ol> <li>Sufficient space between concrete enclosure and stack to minimize heat transfer.</li> </ol>								
	3) Introduction of landscape decks at the stack to further enhance the overall natural and green concept unique for this site.								

				Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation		
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec		Status and Remarks		
S10b.10 MVC-01	Visual Mitigation and Aesthetic Design	Structures in IWMF /	/	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				N/A		
MVC-01	Use of natural materials with recessive color to minimize the bulkiness of the building.	During design & constructio n phases									
	<ol> <li>Adoption of innovative aesthetic design to the chimney to minimize or visually mitigate the massing of the chimney so as to reduce its visual impact to the surroundings.</li> </ol>		n phases								
	3) Color of the chimney in a gradual changing manner to match with the color of the sky.										
	<ol> <li>Provision of observation deck for public enjoyment at the top of the chimney to diminish the feeling of chimney.</li> </ol>	3									
	5) Provision of sky gardens between the two stacks to allow additional greening for enhancing the aesthetic quality.  Maintenance access (elevator and staircase) from the ground floor to the sky gardens will be provided to allow maintenance of the sky gardens.										
	Integration of the visitor's walkway with different material façade design of incinerator plant to enhance the aesthetic quality.										
S10b.10 MVC-02	Control of the security floodlight for construction areas at night to avoid excessive glare to the surrounding receiver.	Work site / During construction phase	Contractor		<b>✓</b>				Implemented		

				Imple	ementa	ation S	tages*	Relevant	Implementation Status and Remarks
EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	Legislation and Guidelines	
S10b.10 MVC-03	Optimization of the construction sequence and construction programme to minimize the duration of impact.	Work site / During design & construction phases	Contractor	<b>*</b>	<b>√</b>				Implemented
S10b.10 MVC-04	Storage of the backfilling materials for site formation & construction materials / wastes on site at a maximum height of 2m, covered with an impermeable material of visually unobtrusive material (in earth tone).	Work site / During construction phase	Contractor		<b>√</b>				N/A
S10b.10 MVC-05	Reduction of the number of construction traffic at the site to practical minimum.	Work site / During construction phase	Contractor		✓				Implemented
S10b.10 MLVO-01	Planting Maintenance  Provision of proper planting maintenance and replacement of defective plant species on the new planting areas to enhance aesthetic and landscape quality.	Project site / During Operation phase	Contractor			<b>√</b>			N/A
S10b.10 MVO-01	Environmental Education Centre  Development of an Environmental Education Center, in which regular exhibitions and lectures to promote environmental awareness and waste reduction concept would be provided, as a part of the IWMF for the general public to alleviate negative public perceptions of the development.	Project site / During Operation phase	Contractor			<b>✓</b>			N/A
S10b.10 MVO-02	Control of Light  Control the numbers of lights and their intensity to a level that is good enough to meet the safety requirements at night but not excessive.	Project site / During Operation phase	Contractor			<b>✓</b>			N/A

EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementa  Des C	otion Stages* O Dec	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines	Implementation Status and Remarks
S10b.10 MVO-03	Control of Operation Time	Project site / During	Contractor		✓		N/A
	Minimization of the frequency of waste	Operation					
	transportation to practical minimum (e.g. limit the reception of MSW from 8 am to 8 pm)	phase					

<sup>\*</sup> Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Contract No. EP/SP/66 Integrated Waste Mana	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix C	Impact Monitoring Schedul	e of the Reporting
	Month	

			Impart Manitorine Schodule for INVAS			
			Impact Monitoring Schedule for IWMF  Aug-23			
Sun	Mon	Tue		Thu	Fri	Sat
		1 Impact	2 Impact	3	4	5
		Impact Daytime & Evening Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3	Impact Night time Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3			
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Impact Daytime & Evening Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3	Impact Night time Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Impact Daytime & Evening Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3	Impact Night time Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3				
	Daytime & Evening Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3	Night time Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3				
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	Impact Daytime & Evening Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3	Impact Night time Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3				
	Daytime & Evening Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3	Night time Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3				
27	28	29	30	31		
	Impact	Impact Night time Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3				
	Impact Daytime & Evening Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3 Ecology monitoring for WBSE	Night time Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3				

Remarks:

1. Daytime Noise Monitoring (07:00-1900), Evening Time Noise Monitoring (1900-2300), Night Time Noise Monitoring (2300-0700)

2. Water Quality Monitoring for \$1,52 and \$3 will only conduct during DCM works, refer to Detailed DCM Plan

3. No marine construction work is tentatively scheduled to be carried out in August 2023

Contract No. EP/SP/66/Integrated Waste Manag	gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix D	Event / Action Plan for Wa	ater Quality Exceedance

Event		Act	ion	
	ET	IEC	SO	Contractor
Action level being exceeded by one sampling day	Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; Identify source(s) of impact; Inform IEC and Contractor; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC and Contractor; Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the SO accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	Discuss with IEC on the proposed mitigation measures; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	Inform the SO and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check all plant and equipment; Consider changes of working methods; Discuss with ET and IEC and propose mitigation measures to IEC and SO within 3 working days; Implement the agreed mitigation measures. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)
Action level being exceeded by more than one consecutive sampling days	Identify source(s) of impact; Inform IEC and Contractor; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; Prepare to increase the monitoring frequency to daily; Repeat measurement on next working day of exceedance. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after Action Level being exceeded by two consecutive sampling days)	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the SO accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after Action Level being exceeded by two consecutive sampling days)	Discuss with IEC on the proposed mitigation measures; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after Action Level being exceeded by two consecutive sampling days)	Inform the SO and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check all plant and equipment; Consider changes of working methods; Discuss with ET and IEC and propose mitigation measures to IEC and SO within 3 working days; Implement the agreed mitigation measures. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after Action Level being exceeded by two consecutive sampling days)

Event		Ac	tion	
	ET	IEC	SO	Contractor
Limit level	Inform the SO and confirm	Discuss with ET and	Discuss with IEC, ET and	Inform the SO and confirm
being exceeded	notification of the non-	Contractor on the mitigation	Contractor on the proposed	notification of the non-
by one	compliance in writing;	measures;	mitigation measures;	compliance in writing;
sampling day	Rectify unacceptable practice;	Review proposals on	Request Contractor to	Rectify unacceptable practice;
	Check all plant and	mitigation measures submitted	critically review the working	Check all plant and
	equipment;	by Contractor and advise the	methods;	equipment;
	Consider changes of working	SO accordingly;	Make agreement on the	Consider changes of working
	methods;	Assess the effectiveness of	mitigation measures to be	methods;
	Discuss with Contractor, IEC	the implemented mitigation	implemented.	Discuss with ET, IEC and SO
	and SO and propose	measures.	Assess the effectiveness of	and propose mitigation
	mitigation measures to IEC	(The above actions should be	the implemented measures.	measures to IEC and SO
	and SO within 3 working days;	taken within 1 working day	(The above actions should be	within 3 working days;
	Implement the agreed	after the exceedance is	taken within 1 working day	Implement the agreed
	mitigation measures.	identified)	after the exceedance is	mitigation measures.
	(The above actions should be		identified)	(The above actions should be
	taken within 1 working day			taken within 1 working day
	after the exceedance is			after the exceedance is
	identified)			identified)

Event		Act	tion	
	ET	IEC	SO	Contractor
Limit level	Identify source(s) of impact;	Discuss with ET and	Discuss with IEC, ET and	Inform the SO and confirm
being exceeded	Inform IEC, Contractor and	Contractor on the mitigation	Contractor on the proposed	notification of the non-
by more than	EPD;	measures;	mitigation measures;	compliance in writing;
one	Check monitoring data, all	Review proposals on	Request Contractor to	Rectify unacceptable practice;
consecutive	plant, equipment and	mitigation measures submitted	critically review the working	Check all plant and
sampling days	Contractor's working methods.	by Contractor and advise the	methods;	equipment;
	Discuss mitigation measures	SO accordingly;	Make agreement on the	Consider changes of working
	with IEC, SO and Contractor.	Assess the effectiveness of	mitigation measures to be	methods;
	Ensure mitigation measures	the implemented mitigation	implemented.	Discuss with ET, IEC and SO
	are implemented;	measures.	Assess the effectiveness of	and propose mitigation
	Increase the monitoring	(The above actions should be	the implemented measures.	measures to IEC and SO
	frequency to daily until no	taken within 1 working day	Consider and instruct, if	within 3 working days;
	exceedance of Limit level for	after Limit Level being	necessary, the Contractor to	Implement the agreed
	two consecutive days.	exceeded by two consecutive	slow down or to stop all or part	mitigation measures;
	(The above actions should be	sampling days)	of the marine work until no	As directed by the SOR, to
	taken within 1 working day		exceedance of Limit level.	slow down or to stop all or part
	after Limit Level being		(The above actions should be	of the marine work or
	exceeded by two consecutive		taken within 1 working day	construction activities.
	sampling days)		after Limit Level being	(The above actions should be
			exceeded by two consecutive	taken within 1 working day
			sampling days)	after Limit Level being exceeded by two consecutive
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				sampling days)

Contract No. EP/SP/66 Integrated Waste Mana	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix E	Noise Monitoring Equipment Certificate	nt Calibration



#### FACTORY CALIBRATION DATA OF THE SVAN 971 No. C119577

with preamplifier SVANTEK type SV 18 No. C122487 and with microphone ACO type 7052E No. 85197

#### 1. CALIBRATION (acoustical)

LEVEL METER function; Range: Low; Reference frequency: 1000Hz; Sound Pressure Level: 114.03 dB.

Characteristic	Correct value [dB]	Indication [dB]	Error [dB]
Z	114.03	114.05	0.02
A	114.03	114.05	0.02
С	114.03	114.05	0.02

Calibration measured with the microphone ACO type 7052E No. 85197. Calibration factor: 0.74 dB.

#### 2. LINEARITY TEST\* (electrical)

LEVEL METER function: Range: Low: Characteristic: A: f en= 31.5 Hz

DE TEE METETE TUNCTION, TEMESO.	Don, chui	me terrotte.	A, A 300 0 A					
Nominal result LEQ [dB]	24.0	25.0	26.0	28.0	30.0	40.0	60.0	83.0
Error [dB]	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: Low; Characteristic: A; f sin= 1000 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	24.0	25.0	26.0	28.0	30.0	40.0	60.0	80.0	100.0	123.0
Error [dB]	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0

LEVEL METER function: Range: Low: Characteristic: A: f sin= 8000 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	24.0	25.0	26.0	28.0	30.0	40.0	60.0	80.0	100.0	122.0
Error [dB]	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: High; Characteristic: A; f sin= 31.5 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	34.0	35.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	60.0	80.0	97.0
Error [dB]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: High; Characteristic: A; f sin= 1000 Hz

LEVEL METER IMICHOII, Range.	riigii, Ciiai	acteristic.	A, I sin IO	311 00						
Nominal result LEQ [dB]	34.0	35.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	60.0	80.0	100.0	120.0	137.0
Error [dB]	-0.0	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: High; Characteristic: A; f sin= 8000 Hz

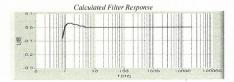
Nominal result LEQ [dB]	34.0	35.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	60.0	80.0	100.0	120.0	136.0
Error [dB]	-0.0	-0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.0

1/3 OCTAVE (1kHz); Range: Low; f sin= 1000 Hz

Nominal result [dB]	25.0	30.0	40.0	60.0	80.0	100.0	120.0	123.0
Error [dB]	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0

#### 4. FREQUENCY RESPONSE' (electrical)

LEVEL METER function; Characteristic: Z; Range: Low; Input signal =120 dB;



Measured Filter Response with Preamplifier SV18

f [Hz]	L [dB]	f [Hz]	L [dB]	f [Hz]	L [dB]
10	-0.1	63	0.0	4000	0.0
12.5	-0.0	125	0.0	8000	0.0
16	0.0	250	0.0	16000	0.0
20	0.0	500	0.0	20000	0.0
25	0.0	1000	0.0		
31.5	0.0	2000	0.0		

All frequencies are nominal center values for the 1/3 octave bands

#### 5. INTERNAL NOISE LEVEL\* (electrical - compensated)

LEVEL METER function: Range: Low: (Back-light - off) : Calibration factor: 0dB

		ora) , carrorati	on meter. our
Characteristic	Z	A	С
Level [dB]	≤20	≤12	<12

<sup>\*</sup> measured with preamplifier SVANTEK type SV 18 No. C122487.

### 6. INTERNAL NOISE LEVEL (acoustical - compensated)

LEVEL METER function: Characteristic: A: (Backlight - off)

Range	Low	High
Indication [dB]	≤15	20.5

Noise measured in special chamber, with reference microphone G.R.A.S type 40AN No. 73421

#### ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Temperature	Relative humidity	Ambient pressure
23 °C	42%	1008 hPa

#### TEST EQUIPMENT

Item	Manufacturer	Model	Serial no.	Description
1.	SVANTEK	SVAN 401	100	Signal generator
2.	SVANTEK	SVAN 912A	4369	Sound & Vibration Analyser
3.	RIGOL	DM3068	DM30155100773	Digital multimeter
4.	SVANTEK	SV33B	93171	Acoustic calibrator
5.	SVANTEK	ST02	-	Microphone equivalent electrical impedance (18pF)

#### CONFORMITY & TEST DECLARATION

- 1. Herewith Svantek company declares that this instrument has been calibrated and tested in compliance with the internal ISO9001 procedures and meets all specification given in the Manual(s) or respectively surpass them.
- The acoustic calibration was performed using the Sound Calibrator and is traceable to the GUM (Central Office of Measures) reference standard-sound level calibrator type 4231 No 2292773.
- 3. The information appearing on this sheet has been compiled specifically for this instrument. This form is produced with advanced equipment & procedures which permit comprehensive quality assurance verification of all data supplied herein.
- 4. This calibration sheet shall not be reproduced except in full, without written permission of the SVANTEK Ltd.

Calibration specialist: Cezary Dardziński

Test date: 2022-10-11



## FACTORY CALIBRATION DATA OF THE SV N 971 No. C132260

with preamplifier SVANTEK type SV 18 No. C132221 and with microphone ACO type 7052E No. 82767

#### 1. CALIBRATION (acoustical)

LEVEL METER function; Range: Low; Reference frequency: 1000Hz; Sound Pressure Level: 114.03 dB

Characteristic	Correct value [dB]	Indication [dB]	Error [dB]
Z	114.03	114.05	0.02
A	114.03	114.05	0.02
С	114.03	114.05	0.02

Calibration measured with the microphone ACO type 7052E No. 82767. Calibration factor: 0.68 dB.

### 2. LINEARITY TEST\* (electrical)

LEVEL METER function; Range: Low; Characteristic: A;  $f_{sin}$ = 31.5 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	24.0	25.0	26.0	28.0	30.0	40.0
Error [dB]	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: Low; Characteristic: A;  $f_{sin}$ = 1000 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	24.0	25.0	26.0	28.0	30.0	40.0	
Error [dB]	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	-0.0 80.0 100.0 123.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: Low; Characteristic: A;  $f_{sin}$ = 8000 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	24.0	25.0	26.0	28.0	30.0	40.0	60
Error [dB]	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0	-0.0 80.0 100.0 122.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: High; Characteristic: A;  $f_{sin}$ = 31.5 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	34.0	35.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	60.0	0.0
Error [dB]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	80.0 97

LEVEL METER function; Range: High; Characteristic: A;  $f_{\text{sin}}$ = 1000 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	34.0	35.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	60.0	1 80
Error [dB]	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.0 100.0 120.0 120.0
LEVEL METER function: Range	High: Char	actoristic	A . F = 90	00.11			-0.0 -0.0 -0.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: High; Characteristic: A;  $f_{\text{sin}}$ = 8000 Hz

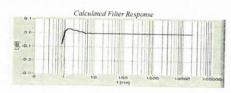
34.0	35.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	60.0	80.0
0.1	0,0	0.1	0.0			-0.0 100.0 120.0 136.0
	0.1			20.0	20.0 40.0	30.0 40.0 00.0

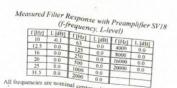
1/3 OCTAVE (1kHz); Range: Low; f sin= 1000 Hz

Nominal result [dB]	25.0	30.0	40.0	60,0	80.0	100.0	120
Error [dB]	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	0.0	120.0 123.0

#### 4. FREQUENCY RESPONSE\* (electrical)

LEVEL METER function; Characteristic: Z; Range: Low; Input signal =120 dB;





## 5. INTERNAL NOISE LEVEL (electrical - compensated)

LEVEL METER function; Range: Low; (Back-light - off); Calibration factor: 0dB

VEL METER function; Ra	7	A	C
haracteristic	L	<12	≤12
evel [dB]	<20	512	

<sup>\*</sup>measured with preamplifier SVANTEK type SV 18 No. C132221.

## 6. INTERNAL NOISE LEVEL (acoustical - compensated)

LEVEL METER function; Characteristic: A; (Backlight - off)

EVEL METER function; Cha	Low	High
Range	<15	20.4

Noise measured in special chamber, with reference microphone G.R.A.S type 40AN No. 73421

### ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

	Relative humidity	Ambient pressur
Temperature	Relative number	1012 hPa
21 °C	43%	1012 111 11

#### TEST EQUIPMENT

			TEST EQUI	PMENT Description
	Manufacturer	Model	Serial no.	Signal generator
Item		SVAN 401	100	Sound & Vibration Analyser
	SVANTEK	SVAN 912A		
	SVANTEK	DM3068		
	RIGOL	SV33B	93171	Acoustic calibrator Microphone equivalent electrical impedance (18pF)
i	SVANTEK	ST02	-	Wiletophicite 4-4
5	SVANTEK			

- 1. Herewith Svantek company declares that this instrument has been calibrated and tested in compliance with the internal ISO9001 procedures and meets all specification given in the Manual(s) or respectively surpass them.

  2. The acoustic calibration was performed using the Sound Calibrator and is traceable to the GUM (Central Office of Measures) reference standard sound level calibration was performed using the Sound Calibrator and is traceable to the GUM (Central Office of Measures) reference standard sound level calibrator type 4231 No 2292773.

  3. The information appearing on this sheet has been compiled specifically for this instrument. This form is produced with advanced equipment & procedures which permit comprehensive quality assurance verification of all data supplied herein.

  4. This calibration sheet shall not be reproduced except in full, without written permission of the SVANTEK Ltd.

Calibration specialist: Cezary Dardziński .....

Test date: 2022-10-27



# FACTORY CALIBRATION DATA OF THE SVAN 971 No. C132261

with preamplifier SVANTEK type SV 18 No. C132231 and with microphone ACO type 7052E No. 85231

#### 1. CALIBRATION (acoustical)

LEVEL METER function; Range: Low; Reference frequency: 1000Hz; Sound Pressure Level: 114.07

Error [dB]	Indication [dB]	Correct value [dB]	Characteristic
0.00	114.07	114.07	Z
0.00	114.07	114.07	A
0.00	114.07	114.07	С

Calibration measured with the microphone ACO type 7052E No. 85231. Calibration factor: 0.95 dB.

#### 2. LINEARITY TEST\* (electrical)

LEVEL METER function; Range: Low; Characteristic: A;  $f_{sin}$ = 31.5 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	24.0	25.0	26.0	28.0	30.0	40.0
Error [dB]	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: Low; Characteristic: A;  $f_{\text{sin}}$ = 1000 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	24.0	25.0	26.0	28.0	30.0	40.0	60
Error [dB]	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0 80.0
LEVEL METER function; Range	: Low; Char	acteristic:	A; f sin= 80	000 Hz			0.0 100.0 123.0 0.0 0.0

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	24.0	25.0	26.0	28.0	30.0	40.0	60.6	
Error [dB]	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.0	-0.0	60.0	
							0.0 100.0	122.0
							0.0	-0.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: High; Characteristic: A;  $f_{sin}$ = 31.5 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	34.0	35.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	60.0	80.0
Error [dB]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0.0	97.0
	The state of the s						0.0

LEVEL METER function; Range: High; Characteristic: A;  $f_{sin}$ = 1000 Hz

Nominal result LEQ [dB]	34.0	35.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	60.0	80.0
Error [dB]	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.0	-0.0 100.0
LEVEL METER function; Range	: High; Cha	racteristic:	A; f sin= 80	000 Hz			-0.0 120.0 137.0 -0.0 -0.0
Naminal and LIFO LIDI	240	250		1			

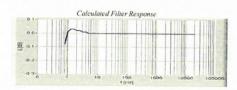
Nominal result LEQ [dB]	34.0	35.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	60.0	80.0
Error [dB]	-0.0	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	0.0 100.0
							0.0 120.0 136.0
1/3 OCTAVE (ILHz): Range: Lo	6 - 100	0.11					-0.0 0.0

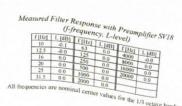
1/3 OCTAVE (1kHz); Range: Low; f<sub>sin</sub>= 1000 Hz

Nominal result [dB]	25.0	30.0	40.0	60.0	80.0	100.0	120.0
Error [dB]	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 123.0
						-	0.0

#### 4. FREQUENCY RESPONSE\* (electrical)

LEVEL METER function; Characteristic: Z; Range: Low; Input signal =120 dB;





## 5. INTERNAL NOISE LEVEL (electrical - compensated)

5. INTERNAL NOISE	off Calibration	on factor: 0dB
TETER function; Range	e: Low; (Back-light – off) : Calibration	C
LEVEL METER Inferior	Z A	≤12
Characteristic	≤20 ≤12	
Level [dB]		

 $<sup>^{\</sup>bullet}$  measured with preamplifier SVANTEK type SV 18 No. C132231.

## 6. INTERNAL NOISE LEVEL (acoustical - compensated)

INTERNAL NOISE	A: (Backli	ght - off)
LEVEL METER function; Cl	Low	High
Range	≤15	20.9
Indication [dB]		·hone

Noise measured in special chamber, with reference microphone G.R.A.S type 40AN No. 73421

## ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

	Relative humidity	Ambient pressure
Temperature		1011 hPa
Temperari	47%	
22 °C		

	TEST EQUI	PMENT Description
Item         Manufacturer           1.         SVANTEK           2.         SVANTEK           3.         RIGOL           4.         SVANTEK           5.         SVANTEK	SVAN 401 100 SVAN 912A 4369	Signal generator Sound & Vibration Analyser Digital multimeter Acoustic calibrator Microphone equivalent electrical impedance (18pF)

- 1. Herewith Syantek company declares that this instrument has been calibrated and tested in compliance with the internal ISO9001 procedures and meets all specification given in the Manual(s) or respectively surpass them.

  2. The acoustic calibration was performed using the Sound Calibrator and is traceable to the GUM (Central Office of Measures) reference standard—sound level calibrator type 4231 No 2292773.

  3. The information appearing on this sheet has been compiled specifically for this instrument. This form is produced with advanced equipment & procedures which permit comprehensive quality assurance verification of all data supplied herein.

  4. This calibration sheet shall not be reproduced except in full, without written permission of the SVANTEK Ltd.

Calibration specialist: Cezary Dardziński ......

Certificate No. D224645E



## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Product : SOUND CALIBRATOR

Type : NC-75 Serial number : 35124528

Manufacturer : RION CO., LTD.

Calibration quantities : Sound pressure level (with reference standard microphone)

Calibration method : Measured by specified secondary standard microphone

according to JCSS calibration procedure specified by RION.

Ambient conditions : Temperature 23.9 °C, Relative humidity 49 %,

Static pressure 100.6 kPa

Calibration date : 02/11/2022 (DD/MM/YYYY)

Calibration location : 3-20-41 Higashimotomachi, Kokubunji, Tokyo 185-8533, Japan

RION CO., LTD. Calibration Room

We hereby certify that the results of this calibration were as follows.

Issue date: 09/11/2022 (DD/MM/YYYY)

Junichi Kawamura Manager Quality Assurance Section,

Quality Assurance Department, Environmental Instrument Division,

RION CO., LTD.

3-20-41 Higashimotomachi, Kokubunji,

Tokyo 185-8533, Japan

This certificate is based on article 144 of the Measurement Law and indicates the result of calibration in accordance with measurement standards traceable to Primary Measurement Standards (National Standards) which realizes the physical units of measurement according to the International System of Units (SI).

The accreditation symbol is attestation of which the result of calibration is traceable to Primary Measurement Standards (National Standards).

The certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the issuing laboratory.

The calibration laboratory who issued this calibration certificate conforms to ISO/IEC 17025:2017.

This calibration certificate was issued by the calibration laboratory accredited by IAJapan who is a signatory to the Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA) of International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC) and Asia Pacific Accreditation Cooperation (APAC). This (These) calibration result(s) may be accepted internationally through ILAC/APAC MRA.



Certificate No. D224645E

## CALIBRATION RESULT

1. Sound pressure level (with reference standard microphone)

Measured	Expanded
value	uncertainty *1
93.99 dB	0.09 dB

Specified secondary standard microphone:

Type

: 4160

Serial number : 2973341

Reference Sound pressure: 2×10<sup>-5</sup> Pa

\*1 Defines an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

Coverage factor k=2

Calibration result is the calibration value in ambient conditions during calibration.

## BE OUT OF JCSS CALIBRATION

#### 1. Frequency

Measured value	Measurement uncertainty (k=2)
1000.0 Hz	$2.7 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{Hz}$

Working measurement standard universal counter:

Type

: 53132A

Serial number : MY40005574

(JCSS Calibration Certificate No. 2208001889940)

#### 2. Total distortion

Measured	
value	
0.2 %	

Working measurement standard distortion meter:

Type

: VA-2230A

Serial number : 11076061

(A2LA Calibration Certificate No. 1502-03109)

- closing -



Contract No. EP/SP/66/ Integrated Waste Manag	12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix F	Event / Action Plan for No	oise Exceedance

F	Actions to be taken by	Actions to be taken by	Actions to be taken by	Actions to be taken by
Event	Environmental Team as	Independent Environmental	Supervising Officer's	Contractor as
	immediate as practicable	Checker as immediate as	Representative as immediate	immediate as
	1. 1	practicable	as practicable	practicable
Action Level being exceeded	to the IEC, SO and Contractor; 4. Discuss with the IEC and	<ol> <li>Review the investigation results submitted by the ET;</li> <li>Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the SO accordingly;</li> <li>Advise the SO on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified).</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing;</li> <li>Notify Contractor;</li> <li>In consolidation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented;</li> <li>Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.         (The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified).     </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC and SO;</li> <li>Implement noise mitigation proposals. (The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>
Limit Level being exceeded	<ol> <li>Inform IEC, SO, Contractor and EPD;</li> <li>Repeat measurements to confirm findings;</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency;</li> <li>Identify source and investigate the cause of exceedance;</li> <li>Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures;</li> <li>Discuss with the IEC, Contractor and SO on remedial measures required;</li> <li>Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and SO informed of the results;</li> <li>If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.         <ul> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Discuss amongst SO, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions;</li> <li>Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the SO accordingly. (The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>3. In consolidation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented;</li> <li>4. Supervise the implementation of</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance;</li> <li>Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC and SO within 3 working days of notification;</li> <li>Implement the agreed proposals;</li> <li>Submit further proposal if problem still not under control;</li> <li>Stop the relevant portion of works as instructed by the SO until the exceedance is abated.         <ul> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

Contract No. EP/SP/66/1 Integrated Waste Manag	12 ement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix G	Noise Monitoring Data	

Location: Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 1 (M1 / N\_S1)

Monitoring date: 01, 07, 14, 21, 28 August 2023 (Daytime)

01&02, 07&08, 14&15, 21&22 and 28&29 August 2023 (Evening & Night

time)

Nil

Parameter: Leq 30min (Daytime), Leq 5min (Evening & Night time)

Noise source other than construction activities from the

Project:

Noise Monitoring Data:

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
01 Aug 2023	13:46	-	14:16	Fine	62.2	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132260)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
01 Ana	19:06	-	19:11		47.7	CVAN 071 (Comic)	Dian NC 75
01 Aug 2023	20:16	-	20:21	Fine	51.5	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132260)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
2023	21:26	-	21:31		50.8	No. C132200)	(10.55124528)
02 4112	1:11	ı	1:16		49.0	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75
02 Aug 2023	3:31	-	3:36	Fine	48.1	No. C132260)	(No.35124528)
2023	5:16	-	5:21		49.1	No. C132200)	(10.55124528)
07 Aug 2023	13:41	1	14:11	Cloudy	61.8	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132260)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
07 4	19:16	-	19:21		55.5	CVAN 071 (Carial	Diam NC 75
07 Aug 2023	20:21	-	20:26	Fine	53.5	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
2023	21:31	-	21:36		52.1	No. C132260)	
00 4	1:16	-	1:21		47.8	CVAN 071 (Carial	Rion NC-75
08 Aug 2023	3:36	1	3:41	Fine	48.2	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132260)	(No.35124528)
2023	5:06	-	5:11		49.2		
14 Aug 2023	13:48	1	14:18	Fine	57.1	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132260)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
1.4.4	19:23	1	19:28		51.1	GVAN 071 (C : 1	D: NO.75
14 Aug	20:18	1	20:23	Fine	51.0	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75
2023	21:13	1	21:18		50.8	No. C132260)	(No.35124528)
15 A	1:18	ı	1:23		48.9	CVAN 071 (Carial	D: NO 75
15 Aug	3:08	1	3:13	Fine	48.4	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75
2023	5:08	-	5:13		49.8	No. C132260)	(No.35124528)
21 Aug 2023	14:47	-	15:17	Fine	60.9	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132260)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
22 4	19:07	-	19:12		52.7	CMANIO71 (Carial	D: NO 75
22 Aug	20:27	-	20:32	Fine	54.0	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75
2023	21:07	1	21:12		55.0	No. C132260)	(No.35124528)
22 4	1:12	-	1:17		50.5	CVAN 071 (Cani-1	Dian NC 75
22 Aug 2023	3:17	ı	3:22	Fine	51.6	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75
2023	5:17	-	5:22		51.8	No. C132260)	(No.35124528)

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
28 Aug 2023	14:00	-	14:30	Sunny	57.8	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132260)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
20 1	19:20 - 19:	19:25		52.3	CV/ANI 071 /C : 1	D: NG 75	
28 Aug 2023	20:25	-	20:30	Fine	51.5	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132260)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
2023	21:30	-	21:35		53.3		
20. 4110	1:15	-	1:20		50.4	CVAN 071 (Comic)	Dion NC 75
29 Aug 2023	3:15	-	3:20	Fine	49.3	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132260)	Rion NC-75
2023	5:20	-	5:25		50.6	1NO. C132200)	(No.35124528)

Location: Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 2 (M2 / N\_S2)

Monitoring date: 01, 07, 14, 21, 28 August 2023 (Daytime)

01&02, 07&08, 14&15, 21&22 and 28&29 August 2023 (Evening & Night

time)

Parameter :  $L_{eq 30min}$  (Daytime),  $L_{eq 5min}$  (Evening & Night time)

Noise source other than construction activities from the Nil

Project:

Noise Monitoring Data:

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)~/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
01 Aug 2023	13:28	1	13:58	Fine	61.9	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C119577)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
01 4	19:08	-	19:13		54.6	CVAN 071 (Carial	Diam NC 75
01 Aug 2023	20:13	-	20:18	Fine	54.7	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C119577)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
2025	21:13	-	21:18		54.9	No. C119377)	(10.55124528)
02 442	1:13	1	1:18		52.6	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75
02 Aug 2023	3:28	1	3:33	Fine	51.5	No. C119577)	(No.35124528)
2025	5:18	-	5:23		54.6	No. C119377)	(10.55124528)
07 Aug 2023	13:53	1	14:23	Cloudy	58.7	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C119577)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
07. 4	19:08	-	19:13		56.5	CMANIO71 (Carial	D: NO 75
07 Aug	20:18	1	20:23	Fine	56.1	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
2023	21:28	-	21:33		55.6	No. C119577)	
00.4	1:13	-	1:18		52.9	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C119577)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
08 Aug 2023	3:38	-	3:43	Fine	51.9		
2023	5:08	1	5:13		52.9	No. C1195//)	
14 Aug 2023	14:00	1	14:30	Fine	57.2	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C119577)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
1.4.4	19:25	-	19:30	53.7	D: NO 75		
14 Aug 2023	20:15	-	20:20	Fine	54.0	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C119577)	Rion NC-75
2023	21:15	-	21:20		54.9	No. C119377)	(No.35124528)
1 <i>5</i> ′ A	1:15	-	1:20		52.1	CMANIO71 (Carial	Rion NC-75
15 Aug 2023	3:05	-	3:10	Fine	49.5	SVAN 971 (Serial	(No.35124528)
2023	5:10	-	5:15		52.0	No. C119577)	(NO.33124328)
21 Aug 2023	14:53	1	15:23	Fine	60.2	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C119577)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
22 4	19:08	-	19:13		54.4	CVAN 071 (Carial	Diam NC 75
22 Aug 2023	20:23	-	20:28	Fine	55.0	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C119577)	Rion NC-75
2023	21:08	-	21:13		56.7	1NO. C119377)	(No.35124528)
22 4~	1:13	-	1:18		52.6	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75
22 Aug 2023	3:18	-	3:23	Fine	52.7	No. C119577)	(No.35124528)
2023	5:18	-	5:23		53.9	1NU. C119377)	(110.55124528)

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
28 Aug 2023	13:43	-	14:13	Sunny	62.1	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C119577)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
20 1	19:13	-	19:18	Fine	54.6	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C119577)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
28 Aug 2023	20:23	-	20:28		54.8		
2023	21:28	-	21:33		56.0		
20. 4110	1:13	-	1:18		53.1	CVAN 071 (Comic)	Dion NC 75
29 Aug 2023	3:18	-	3:23	Fine	51.7	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75
2023	5:18	-	5:23		54.5	No. C119577)	(No.35124528)

Location: Shek Kwu Chau Treatment & Rehabilitation Centre Hostel 3 (M3 / N\_S3)

Monitoring date: 01, 07, 14, 21, 28 August 2023 (Daytime)

01&02, 07&08, 14&15, 21&22 and 28&29 August 2023 (Evening & Night

time)

Parameter: Leq 30min (Daytime), Leq 5min (Evening & Night time)

Noise source other than construction activities from the

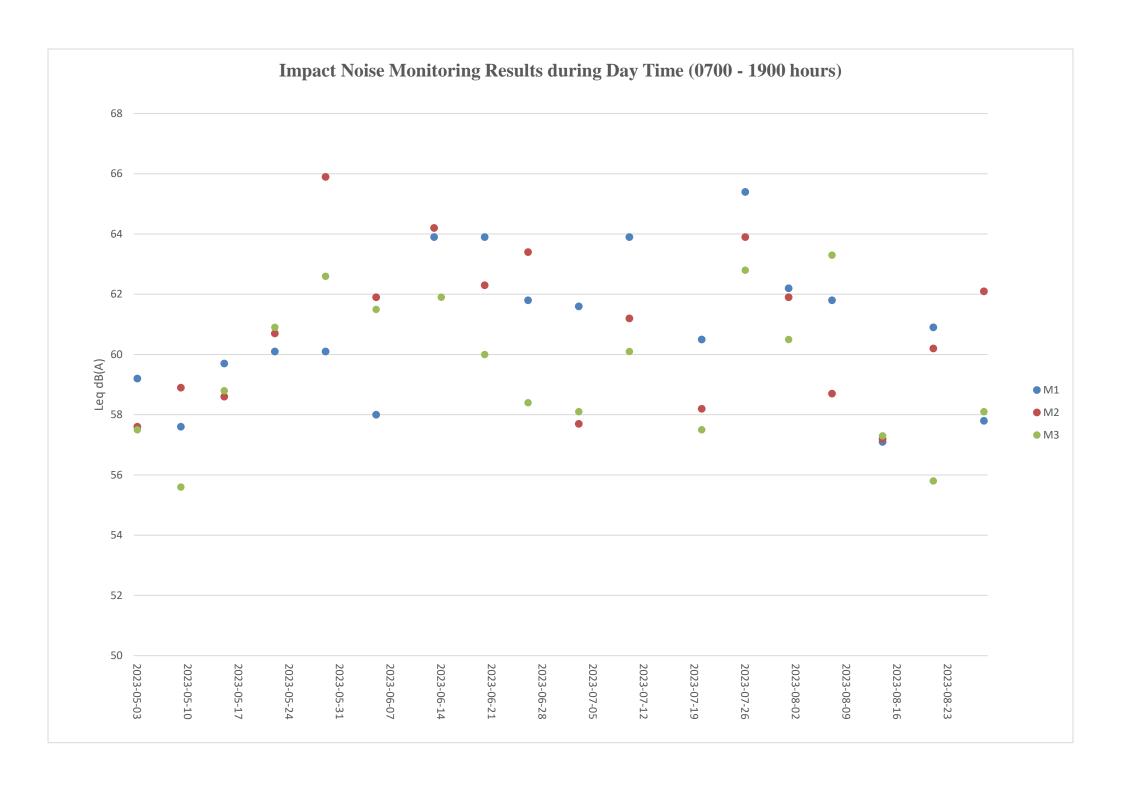
Air-conditioner

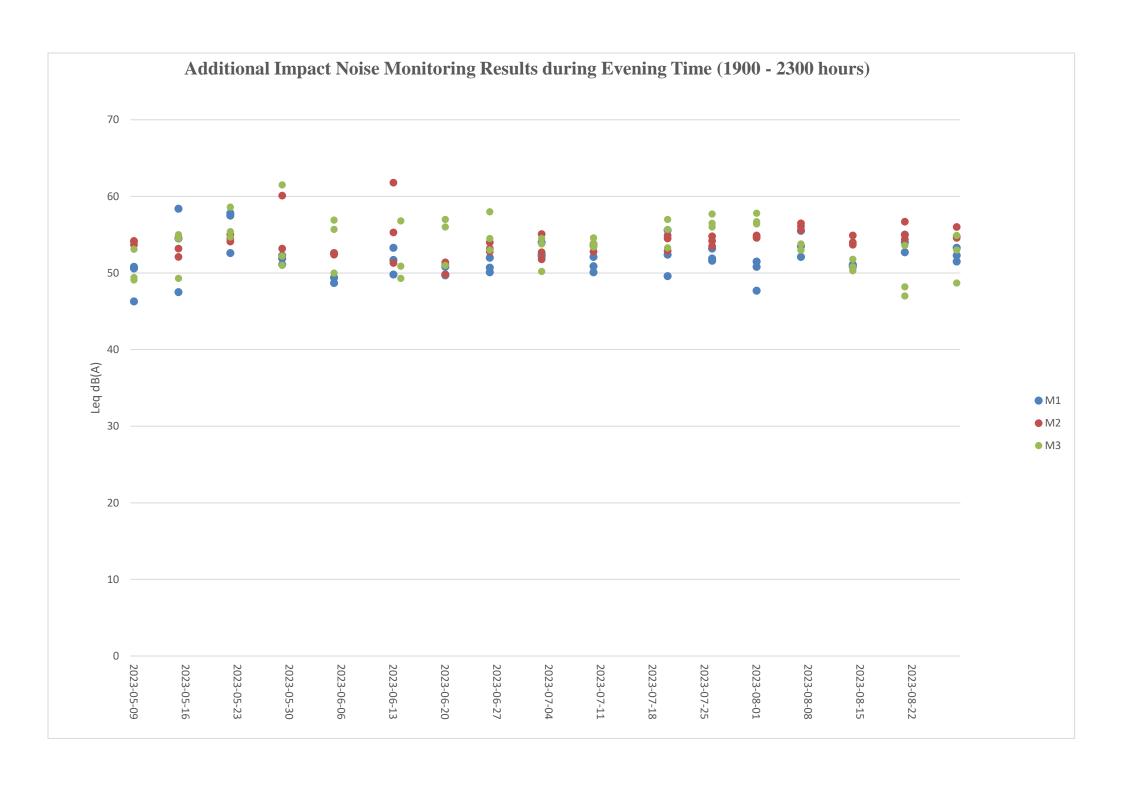
Project:

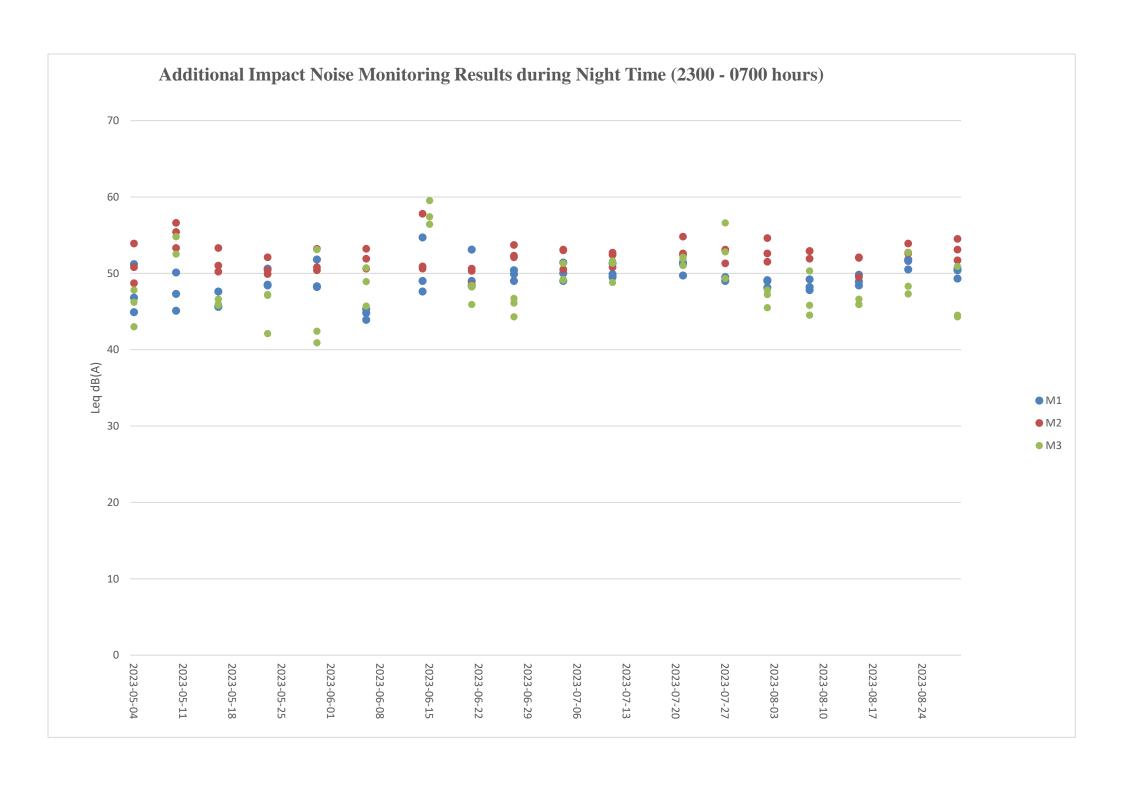
Noise Monitoring data:

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used
01 Aug 2023	13:40	-	14:10	Fine	60.5	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
01 4	19:10	-	19:15		56.7	CVAN 071 (Carial	D: NC 75
01 Aug 2023	20:15	-	20:20	Fine	57.8	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
2023	21:10	-	21:15		56.4	No. C132201)	(N0.55124528)
02 442	1:10	-	1:15		45.5	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75
02 Aug 2023	3:25	-	3:30	Fine	47.2	No. C132261)	(No.35124528)
2023	5:15	-	5:20		47.8	No. C132201)	(N0.55124528)
07 Aug 2023	13:53	-	14:23	Cloudy	63.3	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
07.4	19:08	-	19:13		53.0	CY/ANI 071 (C:-1	D: NO 75
07 Aug 2023	20:18	-	20:23	Fine	53.8	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
2023	21:28	-	21:33		53.0	No. C132261)	
00 4	1:13	-	1:18		50.3	50.3 GWAN 071 (Cariel B)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
09 Aug 2023	3:38	-	3:43	Fine	45.8	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	
2023	5:08	-	5:13		44.5	No. C132201)	
14 Aug 2023	13:45	-	14:15	Fine	57.3	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
1.4. 4	19:20	-	19:25	51.8	D: NO 75		
14 Aug 2023	20:10	-	20:15	Fine	50.3	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
2023	21:25	-	21:30		50.8	No. C132201)	(10.55124528)
15 1	1:25	-	1:30		45.9	CY/ANI 071 (C:-1	Rion NC-75
15 Aug 2023	3:15	-	3:20	Fine	45.9	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	
2023	5:20	-	5:25		46.6	No. C132201)	(No.35124528)
21 Aug 2023	14:43	-	15:13	Fine	55.8	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
22 4	19:08	-	19:13		53.6	CVAN 071 (Carial	D: NC 75
22 Aug 2023	20:28	-	20:33	Fine	47.0	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)
2023	21:13	-	21:18		48.2	1NO. C132201)	(110.55124528)
22 4	1:18	-	1:23		47.3	SVAN 971 (Serial	Rion NC-75
22 Aug 2023	3:23	-	3:28	Fine	48.3	No. C132261)	(No.35124528)
2023	5:28	-	5:33		52.7	190. C132201)	(110.33124320)

Date	Start time		End time	Weather	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq~30min}dB(A)/\\ L_{eq~5min}dB(A) \end{array}$	Sound Level Meter Used	Calibrator Used	
28 Aug 2023	13:59	-	14:29	Sunny	58.1	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)	
20 1	19:19	-	19:24		53.0	CVANIO71 (Cario1	Diam NC 75	
28 Aug 2023	20:24	-	20:29	Fine	54.9	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)	
	21:29	-	21:34		48.7	No. C132201)	(110.33124328)	
20 4110	1:14	-	1:19		44.5	CVAN 071 (Comic)	Dion NC 75	
29 Aug 2023	3:19	-	3:24	Fine	44.3	SVAN 971 (Serial No. C132261)	Rion NC-75 (No.35124528)	
2023	5:19	-	5:24		50.9	INO. C152201)	(110.55124528)	







Contract No. EP/SP/66/ Integrated Waste Manag	12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix H	Waste Flow Table	



## 吉寶西格斯 - 振華聯營公司 **Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture**



#### **Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for** 2018 (year)

Project : In	Project : Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1										Contract No.: EP/SP/66/12					
		Actual	Quantities of	Inert C&D	Materials Ge	nerated Mon	thly		Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly							
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete (see Note 1)	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Sand (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Public fill (see Note 4)	Fill Rock (see Note	Metals (see Note 5)	Paper/ cardboard packaging (see Note 5)	Plastics (see Note 2, 5)	Chemical Waste		Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)		
	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup>	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(	in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	T	(in ,000 kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000 m <sup>3</sup> )		
Jan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Mar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Apr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
May	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Jun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Sub-total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Jul	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Aug	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065		
Sep	0	0	0	0	0	2.9619	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Oct	0	0	0	0	0	3.0771	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0130		
Nov	0	0	0	0	0	6.7871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dec	0	0	0	0	0	59.0709	0	0	0	0	0	0.2000	0.8700	0		
Total	0	0	0	0	0	71.8970	0	0	0	0	0	0.2000	0.8700	0.0195		

Notes:

- Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates. (1)
- Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials.
- Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5m<sup>3</sup> by volume.
- Use the conversion factor: sand density =  $1.6T/m^3$ , public fill density =  $1.8T/m^3$  and rock density =  $2T/m^3$
- Materials recycled.



## 吉寶西格斯 - 振華聯營公司 Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture



Contract No.: EP/SP/66/12

## Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2019 (year)

Project: Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1

r roject . n	oject : integrated waste Management Facilities, Frase 1									Contract No.: EF/SF/00/12							
	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly										Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly						
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete (see Note 1)	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Sand (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Public fill (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Rock (see Note 4)	Metals (see Note 5)	Paper/ cardboard packaging (see Note 5)	Plastics (see Note 2, 5)	Chemical Waste		Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)			
	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup>	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(	$(in,000m^3)$	T	(in ,000 kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000 m <sup>3</sup> )			
Jan	0	0	0	0	0	82.6139	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065			
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	46.7821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Mar	0	0	0	0	0	97.1000	0	0.7552	0	0.2560	0	0	0	0			
Apr	0	0	0	0	0	58.0413	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
May	0	0	0	0	0	14.5625	0	1.4648	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065			
Jun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6.8421	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Sub-total	0	0	0	0	0	299.0998	0	9.0621	0	0.2560	0	0	0	0.0130			
Jul	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.4289	0	0	0	0	8.4000	0.0130			
Aug	0	0	0	0	0	2.5775	0	10.5600	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Sep	0	0	0	0	0	6.1081	0	8.4704	0	0.3530	0	0	0	0.0065			
Oct	0	0	0	0	0	9.8875	0	7.1900	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Nov	0	0	0	0	0	38.3088	0	19.3105	0	0	0	0	0	0.0195			
Dec	0	0	0	0	0	54.3469	0	26.9807	0	0	0	0	0	0.0910			
Total	0	0	0	0	0	410.3286	0	82.0026	0	0.6090	0	0	8.4000	0.1430			

Notes:

- (1) Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates.
- (2) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials.
- (3) Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5m<sup>3</sup> by volume.
- (4) Use the conversion factor: sand density =  $1.6T/m^3$ , public fill density =  $1.8T/m^3$  and rock density =  $2T/m^3$
- (5) Materials recycled.



## 吉寶西格斯 - 振華聯營公司 **Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture**



#### **Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for** 2020 (year)

Project : I	oject : Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1									Contract No.: EP/SP/66/12						
		Actual	Quantities of	Inert C&D	Materials Ger	nerated Mor	nthly		Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly							
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete (see Note 1)	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill (see Note 4)	Sand	Imported Fill Public fill (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Rock (see Note 4)	Metals (see Note 5)	Paper/ cardboard packaging (see Note 5)	Plastics (see Note 2, 5)	Chemical Waste		Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)		
	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup>	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(	$(in,000m^3)$	T	(in ,000 kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000 m <sup>3</sup> )		
Jan	0	0	0	0	0	37.1550	0	25.0812	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065		
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	27.7910	0	18.8300	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065		
Mar	0	0	0	0	0	22.5669	0	26.1586	0	0	0	0	7.2000	0.0065		
Apr	0	0	0	0	0	12.7800	0	10.1825	0	0	0	0	0	0.0195		
May	0	0	0	0	0	16.1138	0	24.3740	0	0.4220	0	0	0	0.0195		
Jun	0	0	0	0	0	31.5177	0	28.3030	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065		
Sub-total	0	0	0	0	0	147.9244	0	132.9293	0	0.4220	0	0	7.2000	0.0650		
Jul	0	0	0	0	0	34.7856	17.0606	35.1800	0	0	0	0	0	0.0195		
Aug	0	0	0	0	0	27.1375	65.5667	27.9335	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Sep	0	0	0	0	0	11.9813	110.1328	43.5435	0	0	0	0	0	0.0195		
Oct	0	0	0	0	0	2.8213	131.6600	22.5415	0	0	0	0	0	0.0130		
Nov	0	0	0	0	0	0	162.1811	44.6475	0	0.4090	0	0	0.4000	0.0130		
Dec	0	0	0	0	0	0	174.9800	57.8380	0	0	0	0	0	0.0130		
Total	0	0	0	0	0	224.6501	661.5812	364.6133	0	0.8310	0	0	7.6000	0.1430		

Notes:

- Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates. (1)
- Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials.
- Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5m<sup>3</sup> by volume.
- Use the conversion factor: sand density =  $1.6T/m^3$ , public fill density =  $1.8T/m^3$  and rock density =  $2T/m^3$
- Materials recycled.



# 吉寶西格斯 - 振華聯營公司 **Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture**



#### **Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for** 2021 (year)

Project : Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1									Con	tract No.: EP	/SP/66/12			
	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly						Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly							
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete (see Note 1)	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Sand (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Public fill (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Rock (see Note 4)	Metals (see Note 5)	Paper/ cardboard packaging (see Note 5)	Plastics (see Note 2, 5)	Chemica	l Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)
	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup>	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )		(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	Т	(in ,000 kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000 m <sup>3</sup> )
Jan	0	0	0	0	0	0	198.1311	36.4775	0	0	0	0	0	0.0065
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	0	143.9511	20.9960	0	0	0	0	0	0.6305
Mar	0	0	0	0	0	0	103.1833	23.4510	0	0	0	0	0	0.0130
Apr	0	0	0	0	0	0	161.2956	27.2810	0	0	0	0	0	0.0130
May	0	0	0	0	0	0	193.3300	20.5265	0	0	0	0	0	0.0715
Jun	0	0	0	0	0	0	141.5728	23.7825	0	0.2440	0	0	0	0.0455
Sub-total	0	0	0	0	0	0	941.4639	152.5145	0	0.2440	0	0	0	0.7800
Jul	0	0	0	0	0	0	105.1083	30.6065	0	0	0	0	0	0.0195
Aug	0	0	0	0	0	0	11.1822	7.5180	0	0	0	0	0	0.0130
Sep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.7575	0	0	0	0	0.6000	0.0390
Oct	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6.8885	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nov	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6.2975	0	0.1610	0	0	0	0.0130
Dec	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.9235	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	1057.7544	215.5060	0	0.4050	0	0	0.6000	0.8645

Notes:

- Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates. (1)
- Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials. (2)
- Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5m<sup>3</sup> by volume.
- Use the conversion factor: sand density =  $1.6T/m^3$ , public fill density =  $1.8T/m^3$  and rock density =  $2T/m^3$ .
- Materials recycled. (5)



# 吉寶西格斯 - 振華聯營公司 **Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture**



(year)

### **Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for** 2022

Project : In	roject : Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1						Contract No.: EP/SP/66/12							
	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly					Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly								
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete (see Note 1)	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects (see Note 4)	Disposed as Public Fill (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Sand (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Public fill (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Rock (see Note 4)	Metals (see Note 5)	Paper/ cardboard packaging (see Note 5)	Plastics (see Note 2, 5)	Chemica	l Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)
	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup>	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )		(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	T	(in ,000 kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000 m <sup>3</sup> )
Jan	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.9389	2.7070	0	0.1550	0	0	0	0.0715
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.2478	4.0290	0	0	0	0.4000	0.2250	0
Mar	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.3422	2.7820	0	0	0	0	0	0.0780
Apr	0	0	0	0	0	0	18.2189	5.8100	0	0.3120	0	0	0	0.1495
May	0.0648	0	0	0	0.0648	0	16.7711	17.2320	0	0	0	0	0	0.0975
Jun	0.0037	0	0	0	0.0037	0.2115	1.1128	14.1470	36.3000	0.3890	0	0	1.7250	0.0975
Sub-total	0.0685	0	0	0	0.0685	0.2115	46.6317	46.7070	36.3000	0.8560	0	0.4000	1.9500	0.4940
Jul	25.7183	0	0	25.7183	0	0.1125	0.8333	17.5210	0	0.6400	0.0060	0	0	0.1235
Aug	13.2494	0	0	13.2494	0	0	0	24.5210	76.0300	1.8870	0	0	0	0.1170
Sep	24.9072	0	0	24.8494	0.0578	0	0	16.2815	72.0600	0.3060	0	0	0	0.1885
Oct	13.3139	0	0	13.3006	0.0133	0	0	11.8665	78.1000	0.5800	0	0	0	0.2405
Nov	26.5583	0	0	26.5583	0	0	0	7.2055	0	0	0	0	0	0.1105
Dec	29.1411	0	0	29.1411	0	0	0	3.5174	0	0	0	0	0	0.2535
Total	132.9567	0	0	132.8171	0.1396	0.3240	47.4650	127.6199	262.4900	4.2690	0.0060	0.4000	1.9500	1.5275

Notes:

- Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates. (1)
- Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials. (2)
- Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5m<sup>3</sup> by volume.
- Use the conversion factor: sand density =  $1.6T/m^3$ , public fill density =  $1.8T/m^3$  and rock density =  $2T/m^3$ .
- Materials recycled. (5)



# 吉寶西格斯 - 振華聯營公司 **Keppel Seghers - Zhen Hua Joint Venture**



#### **Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for** 2023 (year)

Project : In	roject : Integrated Waste Management Facilities, Phase 1								Con	tract No.: EP	P/SP/66/12			
	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly						Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly							
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete (see Note 1)	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects (see Note 4)	Disposed as Public Fill (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Sand (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Public fill (see Note 4)	Imported Fill Rock (see Note 4)	Metals (see Note 5)	Paper/ cardboard packaging (see Note 5)	Plastics (see Note 2, 5)	Chemica	l Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse (see Note 3)
	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	$(in ,000m^3)$	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup>	(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )		(in ,000m <sup>3</sup> )	1	(in ,000 kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000kg)	(in ,000L)	(in ,000 m <sup>3</sup> )
Jan	24.6728	0	0	24.6728	0	0	0	1.3545	0	0.3150	0	0	0	0.1365
Feb	26.7206	0	0	26.7206	0	0	0	1.8990	11.1501	0	0.0007	0	0	0.1235
Mar	22.1089	0	0	22.1089	0	0	0	0.9025	0	0	0	0	0	0.1105
Apr	36.0011	0	0	36.0011	0	0	0	0	0	0.2150	0	0	0	0.1365
May	21.8900	0	0	21.8900	0	0	0	0	0	0.3160	0	0	0	0.1495
Jun	8.8878	0	0	8.8878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.1950
Sub-total	140.2812	0	0	140.2812	0	0	0	4.1560	11.1501	0.8460	0.0007	0	0	0.8515
Jul	2.2233	0	0	2.2233	0	0	0	0	0	0.3870	0	0	0	0.1495
Aug	4.4200	0	0	4.4200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.1560
Sep														
Oct														
Nov														
Dec														
Total	146.9245	0	0	146.9245	0	0	0	4.1560	11.1501	1.2330	0.0007	0	0	1.1570

Notes:

- Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates. (1)
- Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic sheets/ foam from packaging materials. (2)
- Use the conversion factor: 1 full load of dumping truck being equivalent to 6.5m<sup>3</sup> by volume.
- Use the conversion factor: sand density =  $1.6T/m^3$ , public fill density =  $1.8T/m^3$  and rock density =  $2T/m^3$ .
- Materials recycled. (5)

Contract No. EP/SP/66/ Integrated Waste Manaş	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix I	Event / Action Plan for Co	oral Monitoring

Event		Actio	n	
Ī	ET Leader II	EC S	о с	ontractor
Exceedance 3	Check monitoring data Inform the IEC, SO and Contractor of the findings; Increase the monitoring to at least once a month to confirm findings; Propose mitigation measures for consideration	ET and the Contractor;	Discuss with the IEC 1. additional monitoring requirements and any other measures proposed by the 2. ET; Make the agreement on the measures to be 3. implemented.	notification of the non-compliance in writing; Discuss with the ET and the IEC and propose measures to the IEC and the SO;
Limit Level <sup>1</sup> Exceedance	. Undertake Steps 1-4 as in 1. the Action Level Exceedance. If further 2. exceedance of Limit Level, propose enhancement measures for consideration.	ET and the Contractor;	Discuss with the IEC 1. additional monitoring requirements and any other measures proposed by the 2. ET; Make the agreement on the measures to be 3. implemented.	notification of the non-compliance in writing; Discuss with the ET and the IEC and propose measures to the IEC and the SO;

Contract No. EP/SP/66/ Integrated Waste Mana	gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix J	Event / Action Plan for V	White-Bellied Sea Eagle

Event		Action	
	Environmental	Audit Team	Contractor
	Team		
Absence of White-bellied Sea Eagle during a whole day of monitoring.	Inform audit team.  Increase monitoring frequency to daily.	<ul> <li>Inform site engineer and contractor.</li> <li>If the absence remains: <ul> <li>Review construction activities and noise monitoring records of the associated period;</li> <li>Identify potential causes of the absence;</li> <li>Propose remedial measures, such as change of construction method and sequence;</li> <li>Confirm the feasibility of the proposed remedial measures with site engineer and contractor;</li> <li>Discuss with environmental team about the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures.</li> </ul> </li></ul>	Implement the agreed remedial measures.

Contract No. EP/SP/66 Integrated Waste Mana	5/12 agement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix K	Exceedance Report	

## Statistical Summary of Exceedances in the Reporting Period

	Noise (	Day Time)			
Location	Action Level	Limit Level	Total		
M1	0	0	0		
M2	0	0	0		
M3	0	0	0		
Noise (Evening Time)					
Location	Action Level	Limit Level	Total		
M1	0	0	0		
M2	0	0	0		
M3	0	0	0		
·	Noise (1	Night Time)			
Location	Action Level	Limit Level	Total		
M1	0	0	0		
M2	0	0	0		
M3	0	0	0		

Contract No. EP/SP/6 Integrated Waste Man	6/12 agement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix L	Complaint Log	

### Statistical Summary of Environmental Complaints

Reporting	Environmental Complaint Statistics					
Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature			
01 Aug 2023- 31 Aug 2023	0	3	N/A			

### Statistical Summary of Environmental Summons

Reporting	Environmental Summons Statistics					
Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Details			
01 Aug 2023-	0	0	N/A			
31 Aug 2023	U	0	N/A			

### Statistical Summary of Environmental Prosecution

Reporting	Environmental Prosecution Statistics				
Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Details		
01 Aug 2023-	0	0	N/A		
31 Aug 2023	U	U	IVA		

Contract No. EP/SP/66/ Integrated Waste Manag	/12 gement Facilities, Phase 1	Keppel Seghers – Zhen Hua Joint Venture
Appendix P	Impact Monitoring Schedul Month	e of Next Reporting

	Impact Monitoring Schedule for IWMF								
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS	n	Mon	ue	Sep-23 Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat		
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS						1	2		
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS									
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS									
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS									
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS									
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS									
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS									
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS									
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS									
A CONTROL MAN DE LESS		4		6 Impact	7 Impact	8	9		
The Property of the State of th				Daytime & Evening Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3	Night time Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3				
The Property of the State of th									
The Property of the State of th									
The Property of the State of th									
The Property of the State of th									
The Property of the State of th									
The Property of the State of th									
The Property of the State of th		11		12	1/1	15	16		
The Property of the State of th			Impact	Impact		12	10		
Byther S Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  15 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  16 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  17 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  18 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  18 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  18 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  19 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  20 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  21 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  22 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  23 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  24 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  25 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  26 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  27 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  28 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  29 Proving Note Part (N.D. A. V.)  20 Proving			Daytime & Evening Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3	Night time Noise monitoring for M1, M2 & M3					
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3. No marine construction work is tentatively scheduled to be carried out in September 2023