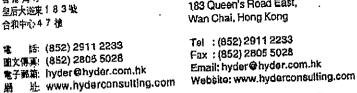
安越工程顧問有限公司

香港海仔







Consulting

Hyder Consulting Limited is incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability. COI Number 126012

11 November 2005

Hyder

Architectural Services Department Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

BY POST & FAX (2524 8194)

Your Ref:

Our-

1148-08/E05-80179

Ref:

For attention of: Mr Michael Mak

Dear Michael

Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium Monthly EM&A Report for October 2005 (Revision 0)

We refer to the emails of 9 and 11 November 2005, which was copied to us, with the enclosure of the draft monthly EM&A Report for October 2005 (Revision 0) from MEMCL.

We have no further comment and hereby verified the captioned EM&A report.

Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned on 2911 2719 or Adi Lee on 2911 2729.

Yours sincerely

Coleman Ng. Independent Environmental Checker HYDER CONSULTING LIMITED

> MEMCL - Mr. Y. T. Tang/Ms Florence Yuen CRCCL - Mr. Eric To

(Fax: 2891 0305) (Fax: 2827 2921)

CNAL

CC



		•	
	,		

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION	II
Scope of Report	1
Environmental Status in the Reporting Month Summary of EM&A Requirements 2. AIR QUALITY Monitoring Requirements Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration Monitoring Locations Monitoring Methodology	1 1
Monitoring Requirements Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration Monitoring Locations Monitoring Methodology	1
Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration Monitoring Locations Monitoring Methodology	2
Monitoring Locations Monitoring Methodology	2
Monitoring Methodology	2
monitoring monitodology minimum	
Results and Observations	4
3. NOISE 5	
Monitoring Requirements	5
Monitoring Equipment	5 :
Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration Monitoring Locations	E
Monitoring Methodology	€
Results and Observations	€
4. ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INSPECTION	7
Site Inspections	
Review of Environmental Monitoring Procedures	7
Advice on Waste Management Status	}
Status Environmental Licences and PermitsImplementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures	
Summary of Exceedances of Environmental Quality Performance Limit	(
Summary of Environmental Complaints, Notifications of Summons and Successful Prosecutions	
5. FUTURE KEY ISSUES	
Key Issues and Recommendations for Coming Month	
Environmental Monitoring and Audit Schedule for the Coming Months	9
6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	9
Conclusions	9

	of Diamond Hill Crematorium Report for October 2005 (Revision 0)	[
List of Tables		[
Table 2.1 Table 2.2 Table 2.3 Table 2.4 Table 2.5 Table 3.1 Table 3.2 Table 3.3 Table 3.4 Table 4.1	Air Quality Monitoring Equipment	
List of Figure	s	ſ
Figure 1.1 Figure 1.2 Figure 2.1 Figure 3.1 Figure 4.1	Project Organisation for Environmental Management Layout of Work Site Locations of Air Quality Monitoring Stations Locations of Construction Noise Monitoring Stations Complaint Flow Diagram	[
Appendices		{
Appendix A Appendix B Appendix C Appendix D Appendix E Appendix F Appendix G Appendix I Appendix I Appendix X	Key Contacts of Environmental Personnel Construction Programme Environmental Action and Limit Levels Environmental Monitoring and Audit Schedules Calibration Details Air Quality Monitoring Results and Graphical Presentation Noise Monitoring Results and Graphical Presentation Summary of Weekly Environmental Site Inspection Observations Status of Environmental Permits/Licences Implementation Schedule of Mitigation Measures Event and Action Plans	

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Introduction

Maunsell Environmental Management Consultants Limited (MEMCL) is the designated Environmental Team (ET) for "Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium" (The Project). This is the twelfth monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) report prepared by MEMCL for the Project. The EM&A programme for the Project commenced on 29 October 2004. This report documents the findings of EM&A Works conducted in the month of October 2005 (1 to 31 October 2005).

As informed by the Contractor, construction activities in the reporting period were:

- Backfilling of soil and compaction;
- · Concrete block laying;
- · Laying blinding layer and mass concrete fill;
- · Laying waterproofing membrane;
- · Steel fixing, erect formwork and concreting for footings; and
- Welding of steel waling and strutting to sheet pile / pipe pile wall.

A summary of monitoring and audit activities conducted in the reporting period is listed below:

1-hour TSP monitoring	18 sessions
24-hour TSP monitoring	5 sessions
Daytime noise monitoring	5 sessions
Environmental site inspection	4 sessions

Breaches of Action and Limit Levels

Air Quality

All 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP monitoring results recorded in the month complied with the Action and Limit Levels.

Construction Noise

All noise monitoring results recorded in the month complied with the Action and Limit Levels.

Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures

In general, the Contractor satisfactorily implemented all the required mitigation measures and was reasonably responsive to the ET's recommendations on any discrepancy observed during the weekly environmental site inspection.

Environmental Complaints, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

No environmental complaint, notification of summons or successful prosecution was received or made against this Project in the month.

Reporting Changes

No reporting change was required in the month.

Future Key Issues

Key issues to be considered in the coming month include:

- Generation of dust from activities on-site;
- Noise impact from operating equipment and machinery on-site;
- Generation of site surface runoffs and wastewater from activities on-site;

Storage and disposal of general refuse and construction waste from activities on-site; Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage. Massay Management of chemicals and avoidance and avoi	Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium Monthly EM&A Report for October 2005 (Revision 0)	{
茂感慰境管理顧問有限公司乃「重置銀石山火葬場」[下稱(工程項目)] 的指定環境小組。本冊是茂感島工程項目製作的第十二份每月環境監察及審核報告。工程項目的環境監察及審核由二零零四年十月廿九日開始。本報告記錄了二零率五年十月份(二零零五年十月一日至十月三十一日)所進行的環境監察及審核工作。 根據承建商的資料,本月有以下的建築活動: - 视上回填及壓緊	Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage.	{
目製作的第十二份每月環境監察及審核報告。工程項目的環境監察及審核由二零零四年十月廿九日開始、本報告記錄了二零零五年十月份仁等零五年十月一日至十月三十一日)所進行的環境監察及審核工作。 根據原建商的資料,本月有以下的鐵築活動:	簡介	l
 ・ 能上回填及艦緊 ・ 銷級記級上層 ・ 銷級設別級上層 ・ 銷級設別表 ・ 約報根固定、交端構成及混凝土澆灌 ・ 把網支腰標件接於楮上 本月有下列幾項的監察及審核活動: 一小時總懸浮粒子監察	目製作的第十二份每月環境監察及審核報告。工程項目的環境監察及審核由二零零四年十月廿九日開始、本報	{
 ・ 銷酿設展表土暦 ・ 銅融防水膜 ・ 網報問定。支架構成及混凝土澆灌 ・ 把鋼支腰樑焊接於格上 本月有下列幾項的監察及審核活動: 一小時總懸浮粒子監察 18次 ・ 出の小時總懸浮粒子監察 5次 環境巡查 4次 遠区監察標準 空氣質素 本月所有一小時與廿四小時總懸浮粒子監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 建築噪音 本月所有中小時與廿四小時總懸浮粒子監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 建築噪音 本月所有噪音監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 環境影響級和措施 承建商大致上完成所需的緩和措施,同時已對環境小組在每週的環境巡查中的建議作出合理的回應及跟進。 有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控 本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括:工程活動所產生的塵埃 -操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 -工程活動所產生的塵埃 -操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 -工程活動所產生的塵埃 -提信動所產生的的污水 - 普通療物與此業廢物的暫貯及棄置 	根據承建商的資料,本月有以下的建築活動:	
一小時總懸浮粒子監察 5次 日間噪音監察 5次 日間噪音監察 4次 違反監察標準 空氣質素 本月所有一小時與廿四小時總懸浮粒子監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 建築噪音 本月所有噪音監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 環境影響緩和措施 承建商大致上完成所需的緩和措施,同時已對環境小組在每週的環境巡查中的建議作出合理的回應及跟進。 有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控 本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括: 一工程活動所產生的塵埃 - 操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 - 工程活動所產生的污水 - 普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置	 鋪設混凝土磚 鋪設混凝土層 鋪設防水膜 鋼根固定,支架構成及混凝土澆灌 	
世四小時總懸浮粒子監察 5次 日間噪音監察 4次 遠反監察標準 空氣質素 本月所有一小時與廿四小時總懸浮粒子監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 建築噪音 本月所有噪音監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 理境影響緩和措施 承建商大致上完成所需的緩和措施,同時已對環境小組在每週的環境巡查中的建議作出合理的回應及跟進。 有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控 本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括: -工程活動所產生的廢埃 -操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 -工程活動所產生的污水 -普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置	本月有下列幾項的監察及審核活動:	
日間噪音監察	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
違反監察標準 空氣質素 本月所有一小時與廿四小時總懸浮粒子監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 建築噪音 本月所有噪音監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 環境影響緩和措施 承建商大致上完成所需的緩和措施,同時已對環境小組在每週的環境巡查中的建議作出合理的回應及跟進。 有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控 本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括:工程活動所產生的塵埃操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響工程活動所產生的學大學	日間噪音監察 5次	
空氣質素 本月所有一小時與廿四小時總懸浮粒子監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 建築噪音 本月所有噪音監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 環境影響緩和措施 承建商大致上完成所需的緩和措施,同時已對環境小組在每週的環境巡查中的建議作出合理的回應及跟進。 有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控 本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意的事項 下月要注意動所產生的塵埃 一提行中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 一工程活動所產生的塵埃 一工程活動所產生的戶水 一普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置		[
本月所有一小時與廿四小時總懸浮粒子監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 建築噪音 本月所有噪音監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 環境影響緩和措施 承建商大致上完成所需的緩和措施,同時已對環境小組在每週的環境巡查中的建議作出合理的回應及跟進。 有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控 本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括: -工程活動所產生的塵埃 - 操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 - 工程活動所產生的磨块 - 工程活動所產生的污水 - 普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置		į
本月所有噪音監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。 環境影響緩和措施 承建商大致上完成所需的緩和措施,同時已對環境小組在每週的環境巡查中的建議作出合理的回應及跟進。 有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控 本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括: 一工程活動所產生的塵埃 一操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 一工程活動所產生的污水 普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置		
承建商大致上完成所需的緩和措施,同時已對環境小組在每週的環境巡查中的建議作出合理的回應及跟進。 有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控 本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括: -工程活動所產生的塵埃 -操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 -工程活動所產生的污水 -普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置		[
有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括: 一工程活動所產生的塵埃 一操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 一工程活動所產生的污水 一普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置	環境影響緩和措施	,
本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。 報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括: -工程活動所產生的塵埃 -操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 -工程活動所產生的污水 -普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置	承建商大致上完成所需的緩和措施,同時已對環境小組在每週的環境巡查中的建議作出合理的回應及跟進。	
報告修訂 本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括: - 工程活動所產生的塵埃 - 操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 - 工程活動所產生的污水 - 普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置	有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控	Ş
本月並沒有修訂報告。 預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括: -工程活動所產生的塵埃 -操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 -工程活動所產生的污水 -普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置	本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。	l
預計要注意的事項 下月要注意事項包括: 一工程活動所產生的塵埃 一操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 一工程活動所產生的污水 一普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置	報告修訂	}
下月要注意事項包括: 一工程活動所產生的塵埃 一操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 一工程活動所產生的污水 一普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置	本月並沒有修訂報告。	
一工程活動所產生的塵埃 一操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 一工程活動所產生的污水 一普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置	預計要注意的事項	[
一操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響 一工程活動所產生的污水 一普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置		ĺ
-普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置	····································	Į
		1
一化学品的官理及的正思外确但	- 化學品的管理及防止意外漏油	Ĺ

1. INTRODUCTION

Background

1.1 Maunsell Environmental Management Consultants Limited (MEMCL) (hereinafter called the "ET") was appointed by China Resources Construction Company Limited (CRC) (hereinafter called the "Contractor") to undertake Environmental Monitoring and Audit for "Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium" (hereinafter called the "Project"). Under the requirements of Section 4 of Environmental Permit EP-179/2004, EM&A programme as set out in the approved EM&A Manual is required to be implemented. In accordance with the approved EM&A Manual, environmental monitoring of air quality and noise and environmental site inspections are required for the Project.

Scope of Report

1.2 The EM&A programme for the Project commenced on 29 October 2004. This report presents a summary of the environmental monitoring and audit works, list of activities, and mitigation measures for the Project in October 2005 (from 1 to 31 October 2005).

Project Organisation

1.3 The organisation of the environmental management team is shown in Figure 1.1. Key personnel contacts are presented in Appendix A.

Environmental Status in the Reporting Month

- 1.4 The construction programme of the Project is provided in Appendix B. In the month, the following activities took place for the construction of the Project:
 - Backfilling of soil and compaction;
 - Concrete block laying;
 - Laying blinding layer and mass concrete fill;
 - Laying waterproofing membrane;
 - Steel fixing, erect formwork and concreting for footings; and
 - Welding of steel waling and strutting to sheet pile / pipe pile wall.
- 1.5 Layout plan of the Project work site is provided in Figure 1.2.

Summary of EM&A Requirements

- 1.6 The description and detailed locations of sensitive receivers and monitoring stations for air quality and noise are shown in Figures 2.1 and 3.1 respectively and relevant sections of this Report.
- 1.7 The EM&A programme require environmental monitoring for air quality and noise and environmental site inspections for air quality, noise, water quality, landscape and visual, and waste management. The EM&A requirements for each parameter described in the following sections include:
 - All monitoring parameters
 - Action and Limit Levels for all environmental parameters
 - Event and Action Plans
 - Environmental mitigation measures, as recommended in the project final EIA report
 - Environmental requirements in contract documents.

1.8 The advice on the implementation status of environmental protection and pollution control/mitigation measures is summarised in Appendix J of the Report.

2. AIR QUALITY

Monitoring Requirements

- 2.1 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP levels at two designated monitoring stations were monitored in the month in accordance with the EM&A Manual. Appendix C shows the established Action and Limit Levels for the environmental monitoring works.
- 2.2 The monitoring schedule for the month is shown in Appendix D. Air quality monitoring stations for 24-hour TSP and 1-hour TSP measurements are shown in Figure 2.1.

Monitoring Equipment

2.3 Portable dust meter was used to carry out 1-hour TSP monitoring. High volume sampler (HVS - Model GMWS-2310 Accu-Vol) completed with the appropriate sampling inlets was installed for 24-hour TSP sampling. The HVS meet all the requirements as specified in the approved EM&A Manual. Table 2.1 summarised the equipment that were used in the dust-monitoring programme.

Table 2.1 Air Quality Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model
Dust Meter (for 1-hour TSP measurement	Laser Dust Monitor – Model LD- 1/LD-3
HVS (for 24-hour TSP measurement)	GMWS 2310 Accy-Vol system
Calibration Kit (for HVS)	GMW 25

Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

2.4 Table 2.2 summarised the monitoring parameters, frequency and duration of impact air quality monitoring.

Table 2.2 Air Quality Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

Parameter	Duration	Frequency
1-hour TSP	1 hour	3 times every six days
24-hour TSP	24 hours	Once every six days

Monitoring Locations

2.5 In accordance with the EM&A Manual, two air quality monitoring stations, as shown in Figure 2.1 were selected for 24-hour TSP and 1-hour TSP sampling. Table 2.3 describes the location of the air quality monitoring stations.

Table 2.3 Locations of Air Quality Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Identity / Description	Level
ASR8	Po Leung Kuk Grandmont Primary School	Roof top level of 7 storey building
ASR17	Staff Quarter for Diamond Hill Crematorium	Roof top level of 1 storey building

Monitoring Methodology

1-hour TSP Monitoring

Monitoring Procedure

- 2.6 The measuring procedures of 1-hour TSP by a portable dust meter are in accordance with the Manufacturer's Instruction Manual as follows:
 - Set POWER to "ON", push BATTERY button, make sure that the meter's indicator is in the range
 with a red line and allow the instrument to stand for about 3 minutes (Then, the air sampling inlet
 has been capped).
 - Push the knob at MEASURE position.
 - Push "O-ADJ" button. (Then meter's indication is 0).
 - Push the knob at SENSI ADJ position and set the meter's indication to S value described on the Test Report using the trimmer for SENSI ADJ.
 - Pull out the knob and return it to MEASURE position.
 - Push "START" button.

Maintenance and Calibration

- The 1-hour TSP dust meters are verified at 1-year intervals throughout all stages of the impact air quality monitoring.
- Calibration details for the dust meters are provided in Appendix E.

24-hour TSP Monitoring

Installation

- 2.7 The HVSs were installed in the vicinity of the air sensitive receivers. The following criteria were considered in the installation of the HVSs:
 - A horizontal platform with appropriate support to secure the samplers against gusty wind was provided.
 - The distance between the HVS and any obstacles, such as buildings, was at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the HVS.
 - A minimum of 2 meters separation from walls, parapets and penthouses was provided for rooftop sampler.
 - No furnace or incinerator flues were nearby.
 - Airflow around the sampler was unrestricted.
 - Permission was obtained to set up the sampler and to obtain access to the monitoring stations.
 - A secure supply of electricity was obtained to operate the sampler.

Preparation of Filter papers

- Glass fibre filters, G810 were labelled and sufficient filters that were clean and without pinholes
 were selected
- All filters were equilibrated in the conditioning environment for 24 hours before weighing. The
 conditioning environment temperature was around 25 °C and not variable by more than ±3 °C;
 the relative humidity (RH) was < 50% and not variable by more than ±5%. A convenient working
 RH was 40%
- ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd. is a HOKLAS accredited laboratory which has comprehensive quality assurance and quality control programmes.

Monitoring Procedures

- The power supply was checked to ensure the HVSs work properly.
- The filter holder and the area surrounding the filter were cleaned.

- The filter holder was removed by loosening the four bolts and a new filter, with stamped number upward, on a supporting screen was aligned carefully.
- The filter was properly aligned on the screen so that the gasket formed an airtight seal on the outer edges of the filter.
- The swing bolts were fastened to hold the filter holder down to the frame. The pressure applied should be sufficient to avoid air leakage at the edges.
- Then the shelter lid was closed and secured with the aluminum strip.
- The HVSs were warmed-up for about 5 minutes to establish run-temperature conditions.
- A new flowrate record sheet was set into the flow recorder.
- The flow rate of the HVS was checked and adjusted at around 1.1 m³/min. The range was between 0.6-1.7 m³/min.
- The programmable timer was set for a sampling period of 24 hrs ± 1 hr, and the starting time, weather condition and the filter number were recorded.
- The initial elapsed time was recorded.
- At the end of sampling, the sampled filter was removed carefully and folded in half length so that only surfaces with collected particulate matter were in contact.
- It was then be placed in a clean plastic envelope and sealed.
- All monitoring information was recorded on a standard data sheet.
- Filters were sent to ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd. for analysis.

Maintenance and Calibration

- The HVSs and their accessories were maintained in good working condition, such as replacing motor brushes routinely and checking electrical wiring to ensure a continuous power supply.
- HVSs are calibrated at bi-monthly intervals using GMW-25 Calibration Kit throughout all stages
 of the impact air quality monitoring.
- Calibration details for the HVSs are provided in Appendix E.

Results and Observations

2.8 Dust monitoring was conducted for both 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP at all designated monitoring stations in the month. Air quality monitoring results and graphical presentations are provided in Appendix F.

1-hour TSP Monitoring

2.9 All measured 1-hour TSP levels complied with the Action and Limit Levels in the month. A summary of 1-hour TSP monitoring results is presented in Table 2.4.

Table 2.4 Summary of Impact 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Monitoring	1-hour TSP (μg/m³)	Action	Limit	No	o. of
Station	Ψ.	Level	Level	Exce	edance
	Range	(μg/m³)	(μg/m³)	Action	Limit
ASR8	85.9 – 151.8	408.1	500.0	′ Nil	Nil
ASR17	85.9 – 152.0	408.4	500.0	Nil	Nil

24-hour TSP Monitoring

2.10 All measured 24-hour TSP levels complied with the Action and Limit Levels in the month. A summary of 24-hour TSP monitoring results is presented in Table 2.5.

Table 2.5 Summary of Impact 24-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Monitoring Station	24-hour TSP (μg/m³)	Action Level	Limit Level		o. of edance
	Range	(μg/m³)	(μg/m³)	Action	Limit
ASR8	52.5 - 79.5	195.0	260.0	Nil	Nil
ASR17	25.9 – 61.6	174.1	260.0	Nil	Nil

3. NOISE

Monitoring Requirements

- 3.1 Noise levels at three designated monitoring stations were monitored in the month in accordance with the EM&A Manual. Appendix C shows the established Action and Limit Levels for the environmental monitoring works.
- 3.2 The monitoring schedule for the month is shown in Appendix D. Noise monitoring stations are shown in Figure 3.1.

Monitoring Equipment

3.3 Integrating Sound Level Meter was employed for noise monitoring. They were Type 1 sound level meters capable of giving a continuous readout of the noise level readings including equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L_{eq}) and percentile sound pressure level (L_x). They comply with International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651:1979 (Type 1) and 804:1985 (Type 1). Portable electronic wind speed indicator capable of measuring wind speed in m/s was employed to check the wind speed. Table 3.1 details the noise monitoring equipment used.

Table 3.1 Noise Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model
Integrating Sound Level Meter	Rion NL-18/31
Calibrator	Rion NC-73

Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

3.4 Table 3.2 summarised the monitoring parameters, period, frequency and duration of impact noise monitoring.

Table 3.2 Noise Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

Time Period	Parameters	Duration (min)	Frequency
Daytime (0700 to 1900	1	30	Once per week
on normal weekdays)	Leq ∟eq	30	Office per week

Monitoring Locations

3.5 In accordance with the EM&A Manual, three noise monitoring stations, as shown in Figure 3.1 were selected for noise monitoring. Table 3.3 describes the location of this monitoring station.

Table 3.3 Locations of Noise Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Identity / Description	Level
SR3	International Christian Quality Music Secondary and Primary School	Roof top level of 7 storey building
SR4	Po Leung Kuk Grandmont Primary School	Roof top level of 7 storey building
SR6	Staff Quarter for Diamond Hill Crematorium	Roof top level of 1 storey building

Monitoring Methodology

Monitoring Procedures

- The Sound Level Meter was set on a tripod at a height of 1.2 m above the ground.
- Facade measurements were made at all three monitoring locations.
- The battery condition was checked to ensure the correct functioning of the meter.
- Parameters such as frequency weighting, the time weighting and the measurement time were set as follows:
 - frequency weighting: A
 - time weighting: Fast
 - time measurement: L_{eq}(30 minutes) during non-restricted hours i.e. between 07:00 and 19:00 on normal weekdays
- Prior to and after each noise measurement, the meter was calibrated using a Calibrator for 94 dB at 1000 Hz. If the difference in the calibration level before and after measurement was more than 1 dB(A), the measurement would be considered invalid and repeat of noise measurement would be required after re-calibration or repair of the equipment.
- The wind speed was frequently checked with a portable wind meter.
- During the monitoring period, the L_{eq}, L₁₀ and L₉₀ were recorded. In addition, site conditions and noise sources were recorded on a standard record sheet.
- Noise measurement was paused during periods of high intrusive noise (e.g. dog barking, helicopter noise) if possible. Observations were recorded when intrusive noise was unavoidable.
- Noise monitoring was cancelled in the presence of fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5 m/s, or wind with gusts exceeding 10 m/s.

Maintenance and Calibration

- The microphone head of the sound level meter and calibrator is cleaned with soft cloth at quarterly intervals.
- The meter and calibrator are sent to the supplier or HOKLAS laboratory to check and calibrate at yearly intervals.
- Calibration details for the sound level meter and calibrator are provided in Appendix E.

Results and Observations

- 3.6 Noise monitoring was conducted at all designated monitoring stations as scheduled in the month. Noise monitoring results and graphical presentations are provided in Appendix G.
- 3.7 All measured noise levels complied with the Action and Limit Levels in the month. A summary of noise monitoring results is presented in Table 3.4.

Summary of Impact Noise Monitoring Results during 07:00 - 19:00 on Normal Table 3.4 Weekdays

Monitoring Station	Measured Noise Level, dB(A) Leg (30 min)	Calculated Construction Noise Level, dB(A)	Limit Level	No. Exceed	
	Average and Range	Average and Range	- <u>-</u> -	Action*	Limit
SR3	66.0 (65.3 – 66.8)	57.8 (51.8– 61.9)	70/65##	Nii	Nil
SR4	65.2 (64.0 – 65.8)	([#] - 52.3)	70/65***	Nil	Nil
SR6	61.7 (59.7 – 63.6)	(# - #)	75	Nil	Nil

^{* -} Action Level is triggered by receipt of a noise complaint

ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INSPECTION 4.

Site Inspections

4.1 Site inspection was carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the timely implementation of proper environmental pollution control and mitigation measures for the Project. In the month, four site inspections were carried out in the month. The summary of weekly environmental site inspections observations and environmental site inspection checklists are attached in Appendix H.

Review of Environmental Monitoring Procedures

The monitoring works conducted by the Environmental Team were inspected regularly. Observations 4.2 have been recorded for the monitoring works as follows:

Air Quality Monitoring

- The monitoring team recorded the observations around the monitoring stations within and outside of the construction site.
- The monitoring team recorded the temperature and general weather condition on the monitoring day.

Noise Monitoring

- The monitoring team recorded the observations around the monitoring stations, which might affect the results.
- Major noise sources were identified and recorded.

Advice on Waste Management Status

The actual quantities of inert C&D materials and non-inert C&D wastes generated by activities of the 4.3 Project in the month are provided in Table 4.1. Trip ticket system was implemented for all offsite waste disposal.

^{# -} Measured noise level is less than the baseline noise level

⁻ reduce to 70dB(A) for schools and 65dB(A) during school examination periods

Table 4.1 Summary of Waste Disposal in the Month

Type of Waste	Material	Disposed Quantity	Destination
Inert C&D mater	ials	69m ³	Kai Tak Public Fill Barging Point
Non-inert C&D	Metals	Nil	Not Applicable
waste	Paper/cardboard packaging	Nil.	Not Applicable
	Plastics	Nil	Not Applicable
	Chemical waste	Nil	Not Applicable
	Others, e.g. general refuse	12m ³	SENT Landfill

Status Environmental Licences and Permits

4.4 The status of all permits/licences obtained/in-use in the month is summarised in Appendix I.

Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures

- 4.5 An updated summary of the Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule (EMIS) is presented in Appendix J.
- 4.6 During the weekly site inspection conducted by the Environmental Team in the month, the following observations and recommendations were made.

Water Quality

 No particular observations and recommendations were made during the weekly site inspections in the month.

Air Quality

- The Contractor was reminded to provide water spray to the unpaved access road more frequently during the dry season. Water sprinkler system was installed along the access road by the next weekly site inspection.
- Some tarpaulin sheets covering the slopes were damaged. The Contractor was reminded to replace them and ensure the slopes are properly covered. Damaged tarpaulin sheets were replaced by the next weekly site inspection.

Noise

 No particular observations and recommendations were made during the weekly site inspections in the month.

Waste or Chemical Management

- The Contractor was reminded to label all oil drums, including empty oil drums on-site. Empty oil drums were labelled by the next weekly site inspection.
- The Contractor was reminded to provide well fitted covers to all refuse containers on-site. Well fitted covers were provided to all refuse containers by the next weekly site inspection.

Landscape and Visual

 No particular observations and recommendations were made during the weekly site inspections in the month.

Others

- Protective cover was not provided to the output tube of the drainage system. The Contractor was reminded to provide the protective cover as soon as possible
- Water was observed dripping from an air conditioner to the ground. The Contractor was reminded to avoid stagnant water on-site.

Summary of Exceedances of Environmental Quality Performance Limit

- 4.7 The Event and Action Plans for air quality and noise are presented in Appendix K.
- 4.8 No exceedance of Action and Limit Levels for 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP and noise levels was recorded in the month.

Summary of Environmental Complaints, Notifications of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

- 4.9 Figure 4.1 presents the environmental complaint flow diagram of the Project.
- 4.10 No environmental complaint, notification of summons and prosecution was received or made against the Project in the month.

5. FUTURE KEY ISSUES

Key Issues and Recommendations for Coming Month

- 5.1 Key issues to be considered in the coming month include:
 - Generation of dust from activities on-site;
 - Noise impact from operating equipment and machinery on-site;
 - · Generation of site surface runoffs and wastewater from activities on-site;
 - Storage and disposal of general refuse and construction waste from activities on-site; and
 - Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage.
- 5.2 Recommendations for the coming month include:
 - · Provide water spray to haul roads and unpaved areas;
 - Cover the stockpiles on-site entirely;
 - · Label all oil drums including empty oil drums on site; and
 - Ensure refuse containers on-site are provided with well-fitted covers.

Environmental Monitoring and Audit Schedule for the Coming Months

5.3 The tentative schedules for environmental monitoring and audit for the next three months are provided in Appendix D.

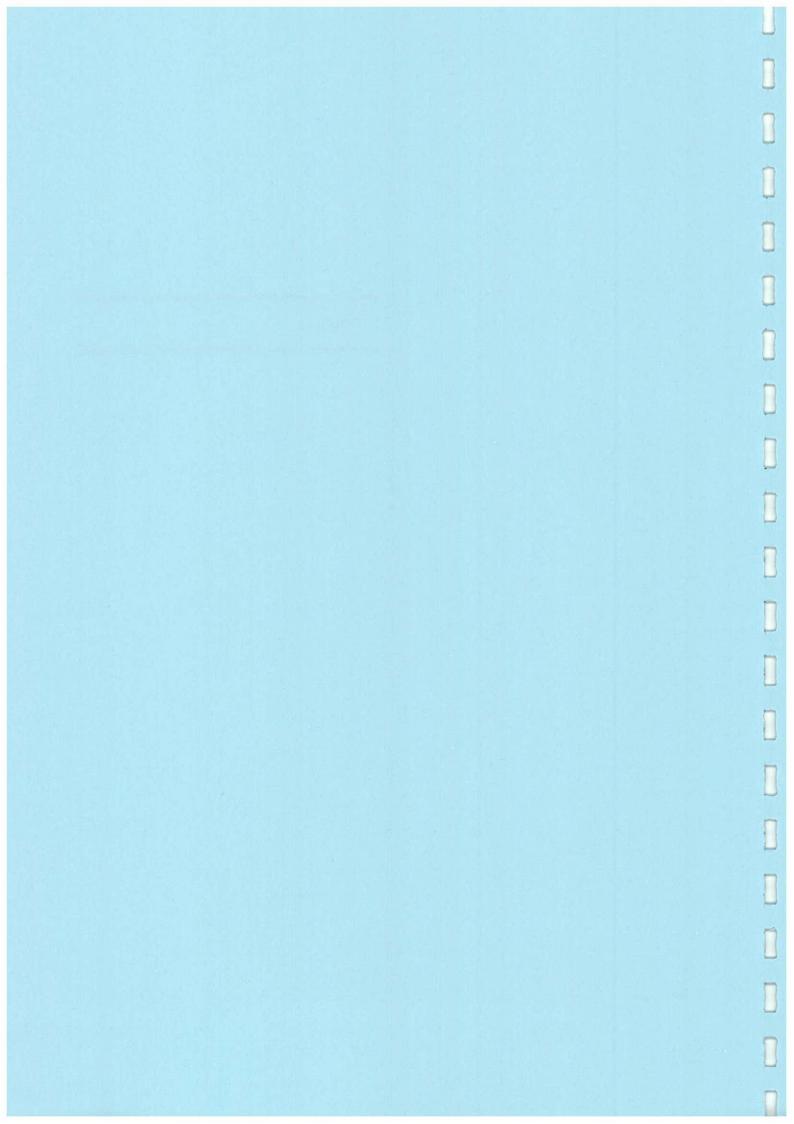
6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Conclusions

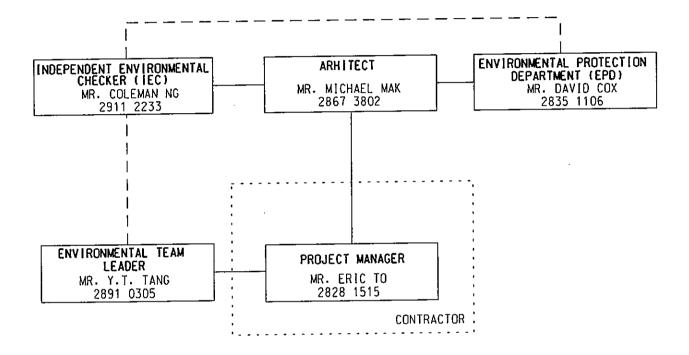
- 6.1 Environmental monitoring and audit was performed in October 2005. All monitoring and audit results in the month were checked and reviewed.
- 6.2 All 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP monitoring results recorded in the month complied with the Action and Limit Levels.
- 6.3 All noise monitoring results recorded in the month complied with the Action and Limit Levels.
- 6.4 In general, the Contractor satisfactorily implemented all the required mitigation measure and was reasonably responsive to the ET's recommendations on any discrepancy observed during the weekly environmental site inspection.

No environmental complaint, notification against this Project in the month.	on summons or succe	ssful prosecution was received or made
Recommendations		
construction programme for the coming	g month, recommend	ations for air quality, construction noise,
904\REPORTS\Monthly\2005\1005\rev_0.doc	10	MARINGELLARCOM
	No environmental complaint, notification against this Project in the month. Recommendations According to results of weekly environstruction programme for the comin water quality and waste and chemical results of the comin water quality and waste and chemical results of the comin water quality and waste and chemical results of the comin water quality and waste and chemical results of the comin water quality and waste and chemical results of the comin water quality and waste and chemical results of the comin water quality and waste and chemical results of the comin water quality and waste and chemical results of the comin water quality and waste and chemical results of the comin water quality and waste and chemical results of the comin waste and chemical results of the coming waste and chemical results of the co	No environmental complaint, notification summons or succe against this Project in the month. Recommendations According to results of weekly environmental site inspec construction programme for the coming month, recommend water quality and waste and chemical management are deta

FIGURES



PROJECT ORGANIZATION FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT



LEGEND:

---- DIRECT COMMUNICATION

- - LIAISON

MAUNSELL AECOM

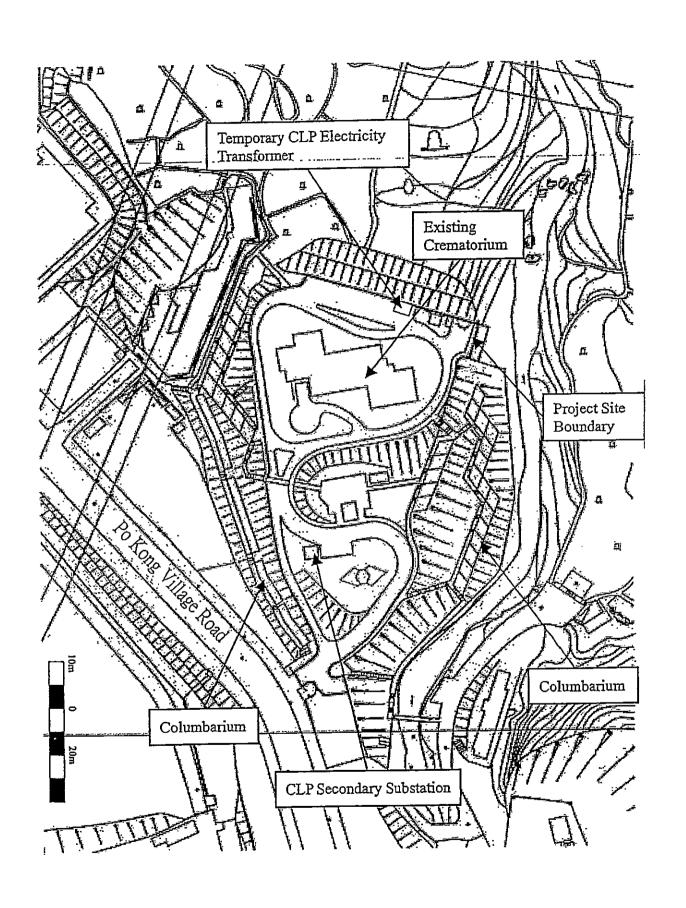
Maunsell Environmental

COMTRACT NO: SS M333 - REPROVISIONING OF DIAMOND HILL CREMATORIUM

PROJECT ORGANIZATION FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

	SCALE	N.T.S.	DATE		200	5
	CHECK	FSYY	DRAWN		LLM	IC
	JOB No.		DRAWING	No.	-	REV
T		S07904	Ì	1.	1	-

Management Consultants Ltd LTY TITOTYME

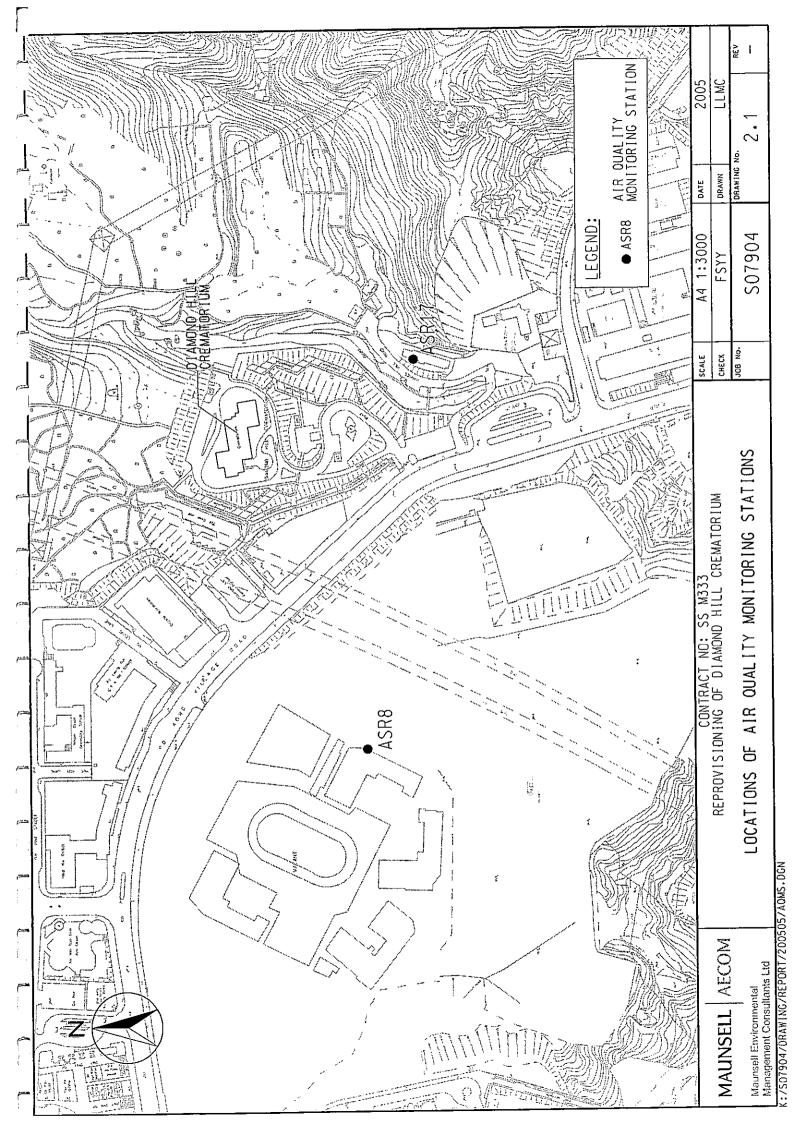


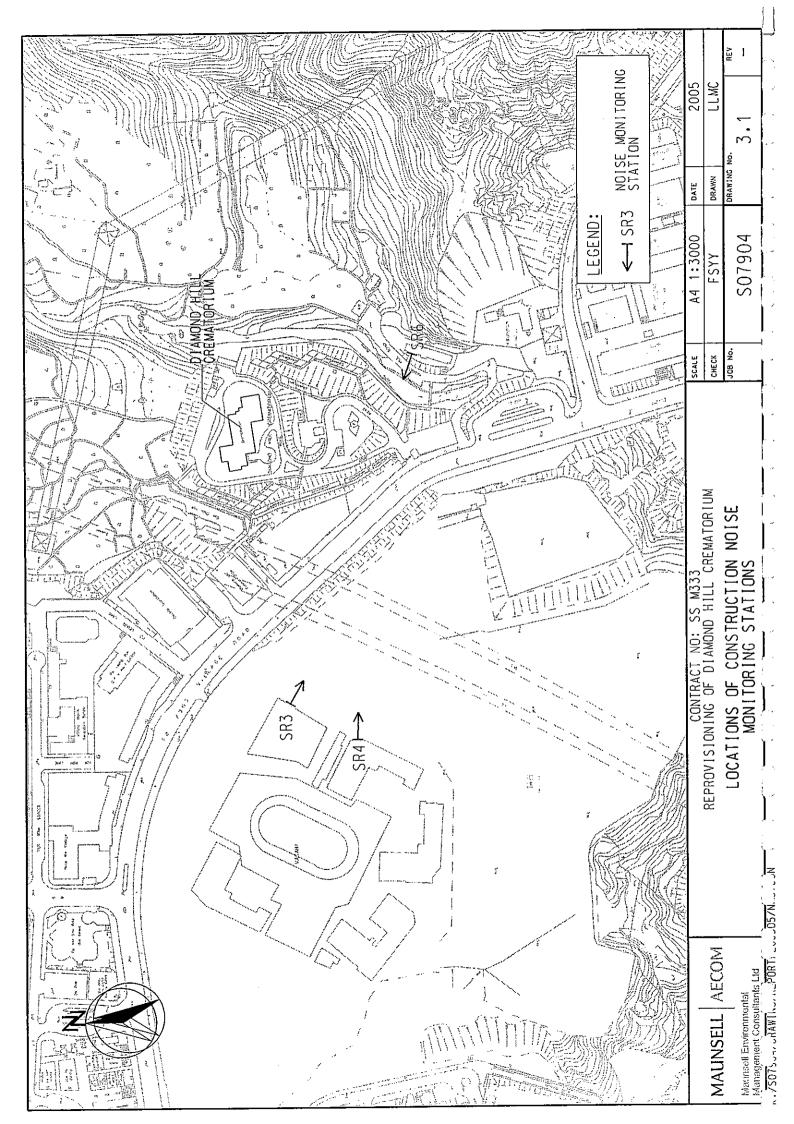
MAUNSELL AECOM

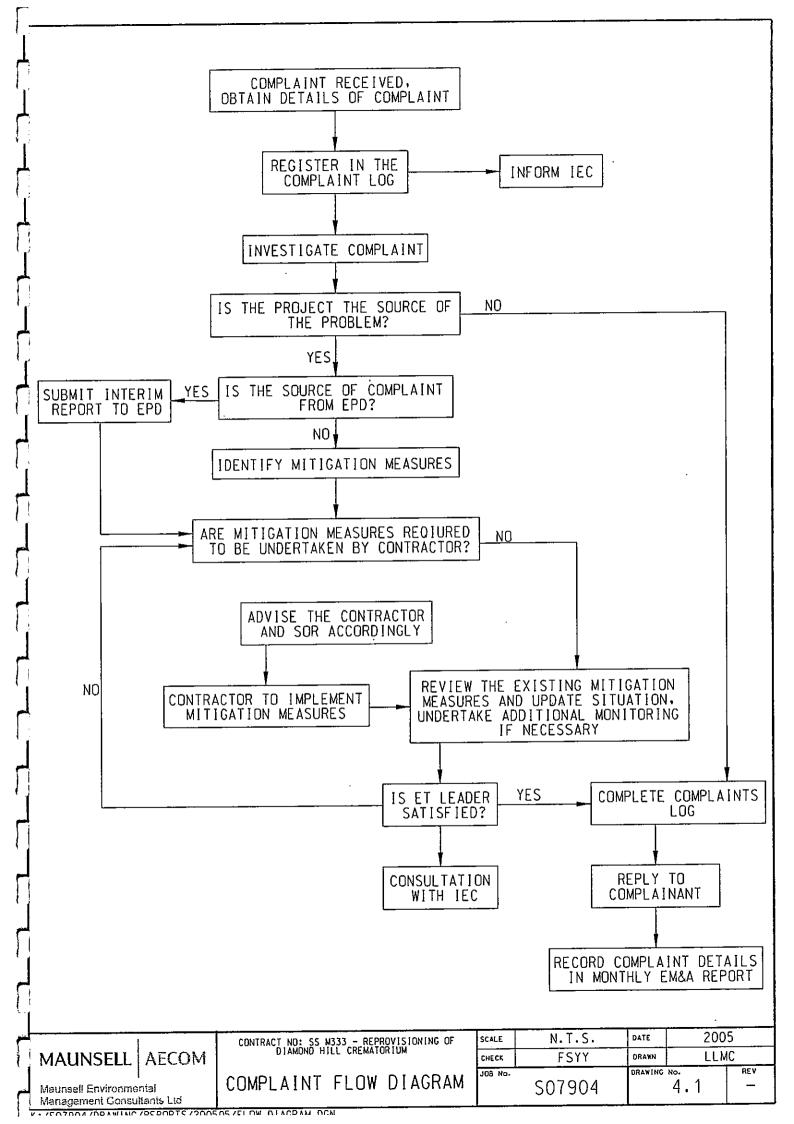
Maunsell Environmental Management Consultants Ltd CONTRACT NO: SS M333 - REPROVISIONING OF DIAMOND HILL CREMATORIUM

LAYOUT OF WORK SITE

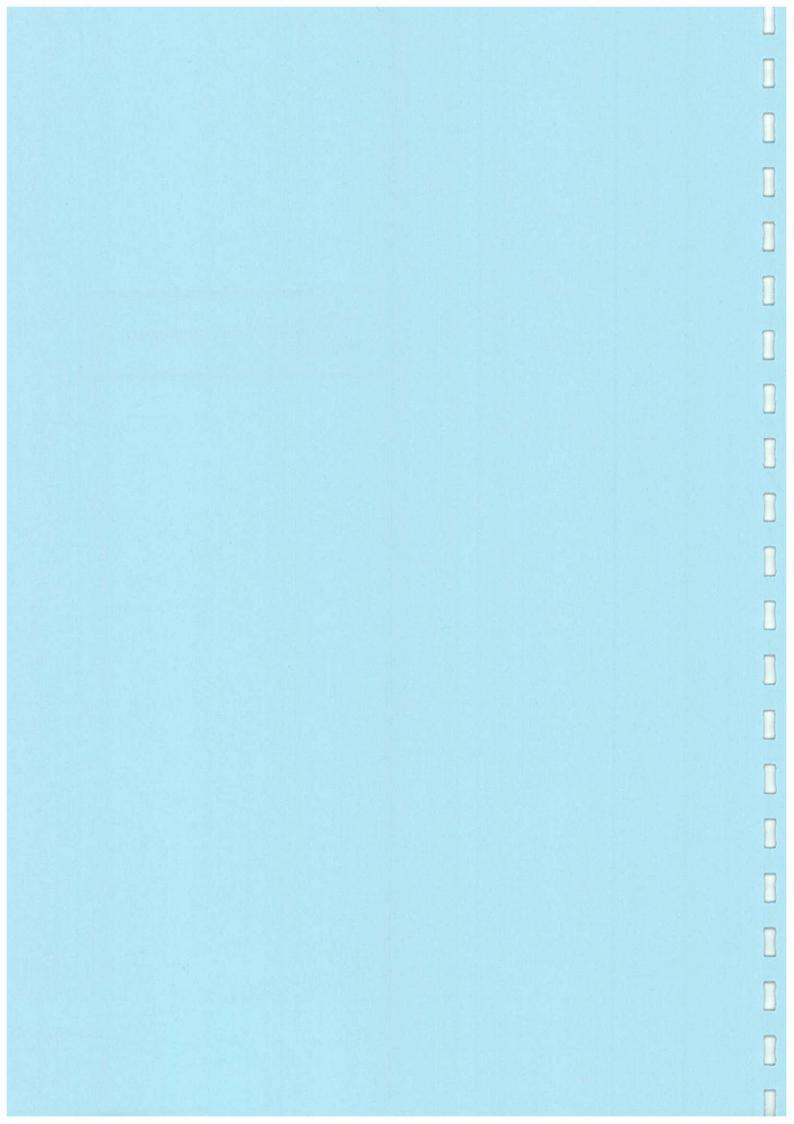
SCALE	N.T.S.	DATE	200	5
CHECK	FSYY	DRAWN	LLM	IC
-0N BOL	S07904	DRAWING	1.2	REV —







APPENDIX A
KEY CONTACTS OF ENVIRONMENTAL
PERSONNEL

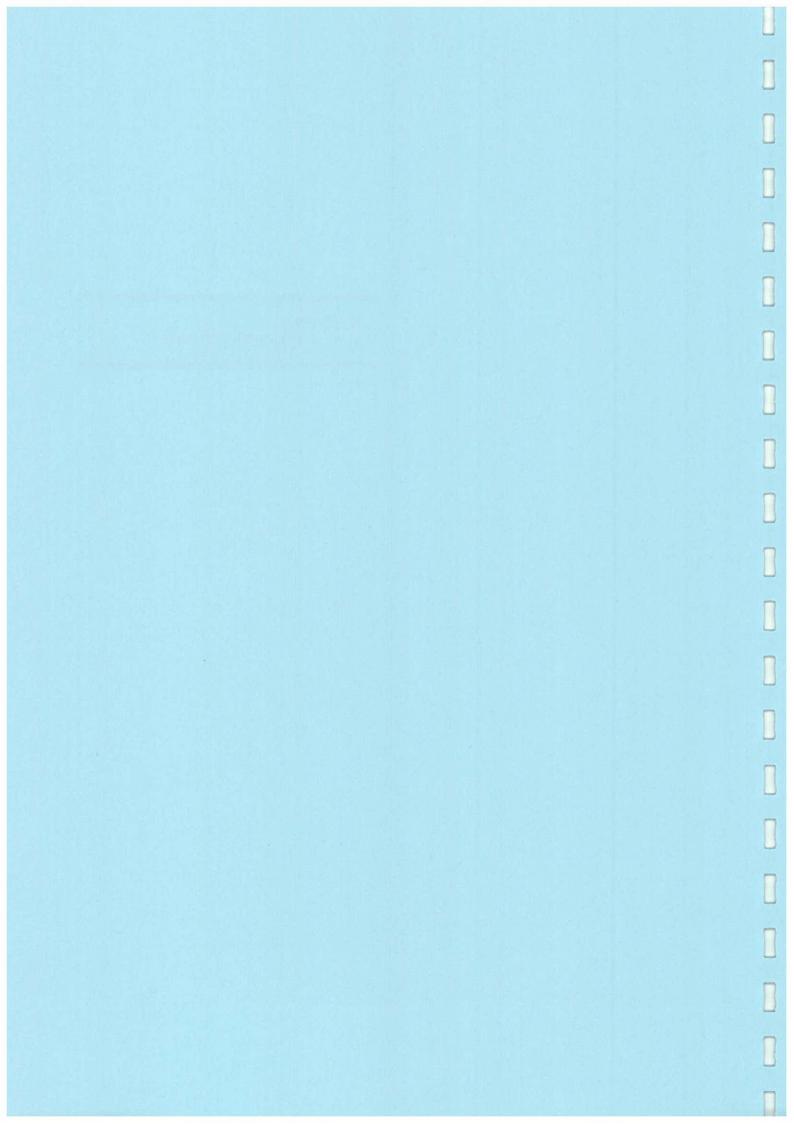


Appendix A Key Contacts of Environmental Personnel

Party	Name	Telephone No.	Fax No.
Environmental Protection De	epartment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SEPO	Mr. David Cox	2835 1106	2591 0558
EPO	Ms. Marlene Ho	2835 1186	2591 0558
EPO (ECD)	Mr. Charles Wu	2117 7540	2756 8588
Architect			
Architectural Services Departs	nent		
Project Architect	Mr. Michael Mak	2867 3802	2524 8194
Assistant Architect	Ms. Catty Chan	2867 3598	2524 8194
Independent Environmental	Checker		
Hyder Consulting Limited			
IEC	Mr. Coleman Ng	2911 2233	2805 5028
Assistant to IEC	Mr. Adi Lee	2911 2233	2805 5028
Contractor			
China Resources Construction	Company Limited		
Project Manager	Mr. Eric To	2828 1515	2827 2921
Environmental Team			
Maunsell Environmental Mana	gement Consultants Li	mited	
ET Leader	Mr. Y.T. Tang	2893 1551	2891 0305
Audit Team Leader	Ms. Florence Yuen	2893 1551	2891 0305
Monitoring Team Leader	Mr. Eddie Yang	2893 1551	2891 0305

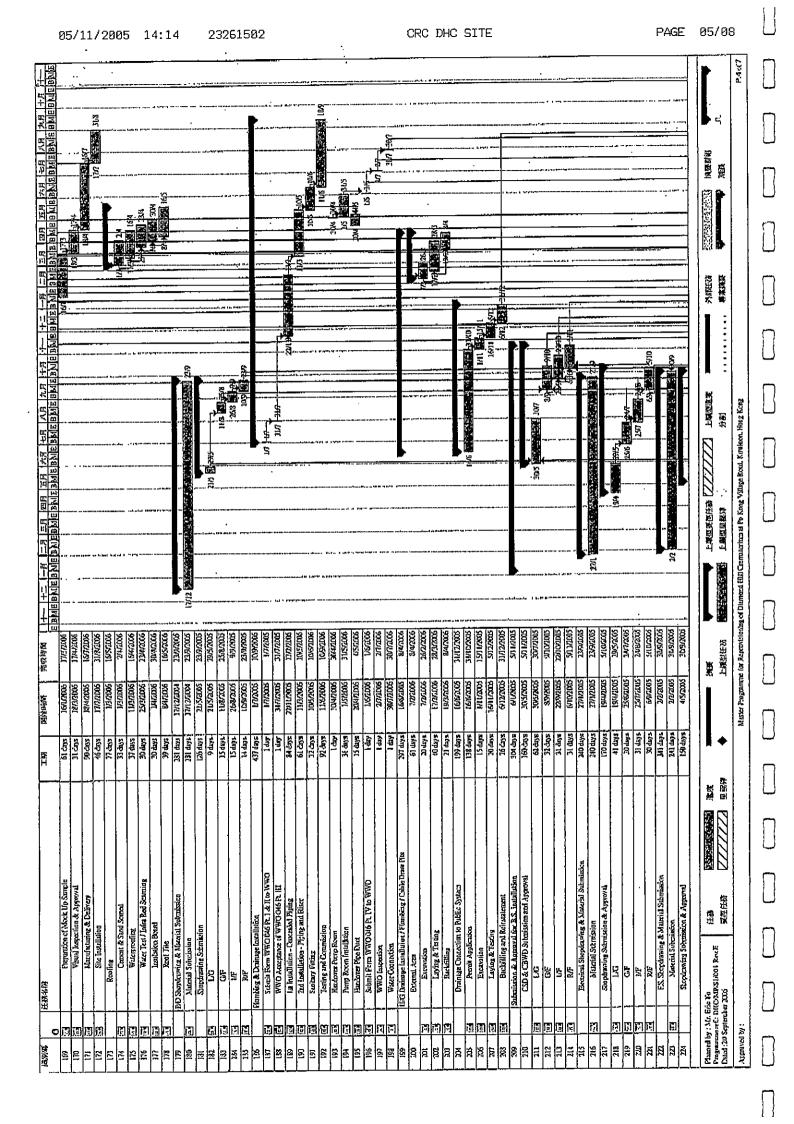
•	·			

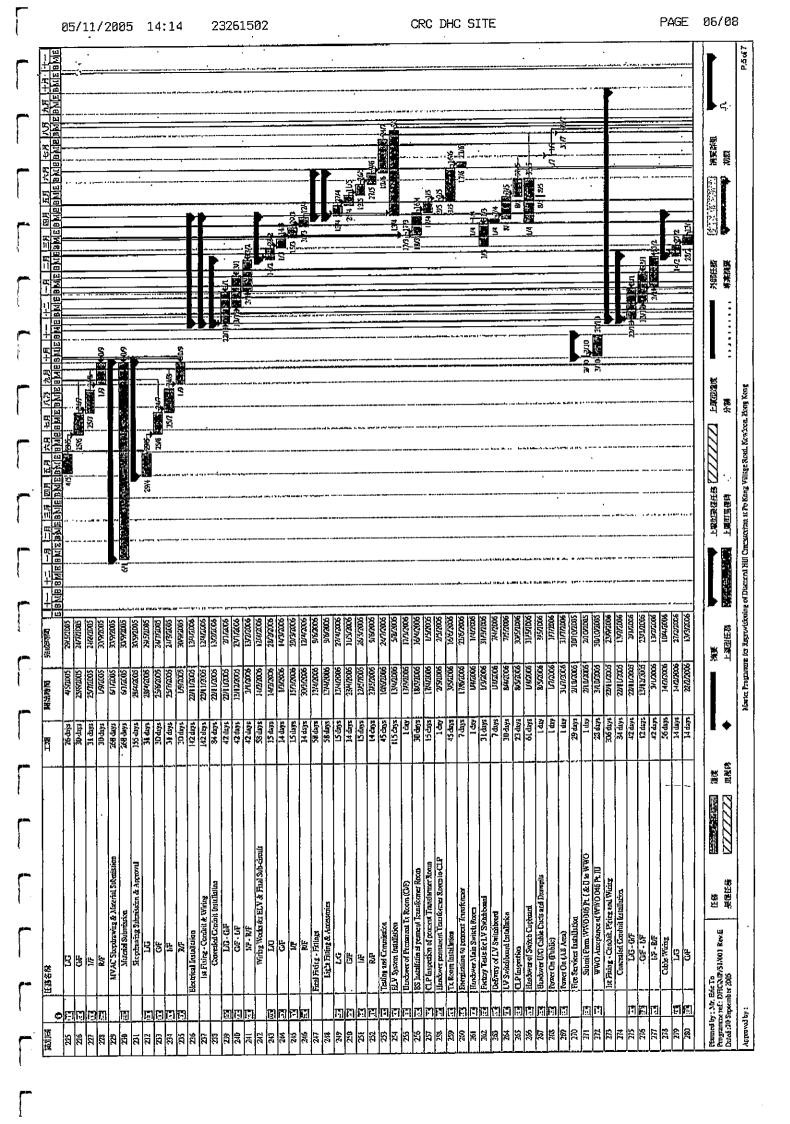
APPENDIX B
CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMME

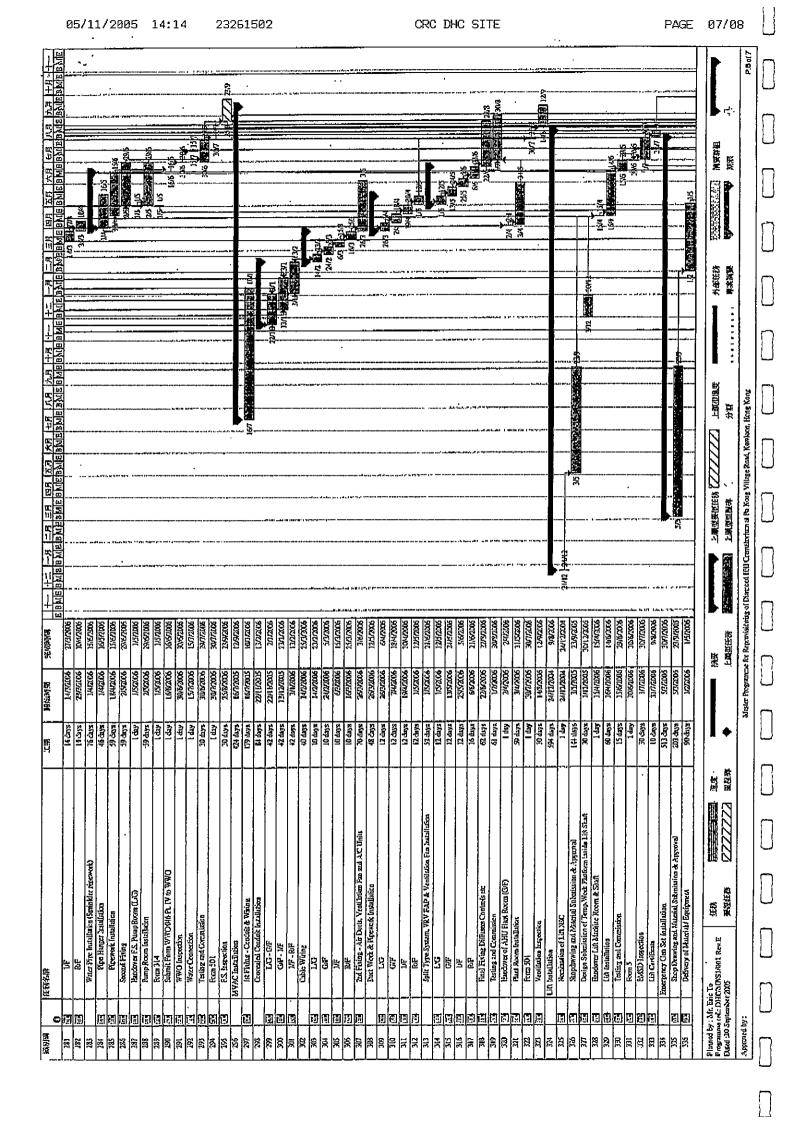


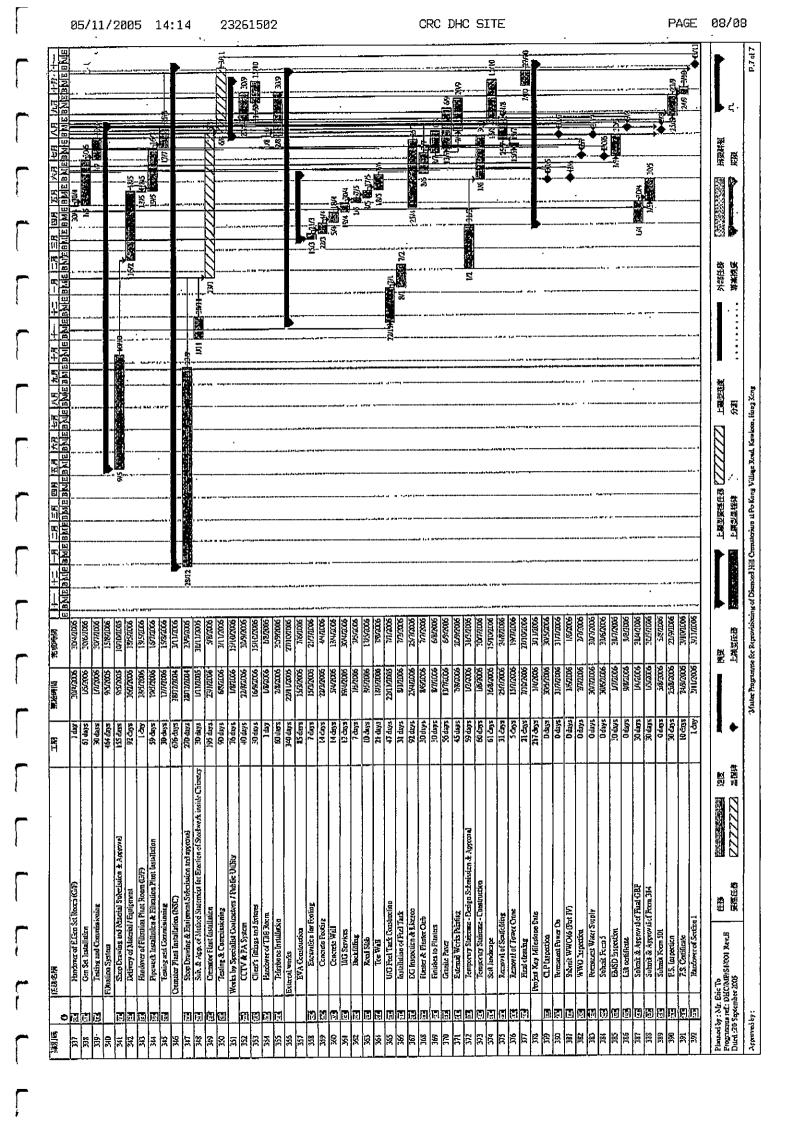
1 14 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 3		4	73 73	MESALE BULEBURES BASE BASE BASE BASE BASE BASE BASE BA
1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Ste Percenta (Sather I)	_ -	29VIOTOON PRI	T-1
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Aktiizalen	4	1000	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Luttu Suritg		13/12/201 In	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The Survey Report	Ļ	S/12/2004	
17 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18	Submit White delingerines Flan	\$7312004	100001145	
1	Approval of WNP		10/12/2004	Internal Control of the Control of t
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Haming Beeticn		Ziazata Ziazata	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Area 6 (Type 3)		THE PROPERTY OF	
Comparison	Section 1 (17)24 (4.1)	MACOUS	SECTION	PLANTAGE AND THE PLANTA
Communication Communicatio	CONTRACTOR Theory	HARMA	200000	
Comparison Com	Revised Urit P&O Drawless from ASD	TENEDOCH	1/2/2005	ZN STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF TH
	Revised (VO PS Promort Dravings dram ASD	KOZUNEL	132222005 1913	728
Column	Revised street Exhlice Layerst from ASD	HOX/IIITT	1322208	
Column	Incoming Outing Cale Dune Disaged Scuting	HOSZERS1	SUZDES	do.
1	Apmoral of Learning Cable Dects / Draw Pit Renting by CLP	2012/2004	วอกระยอ	2002
1 deg 1 de	Submission of CSD (Padimenary)	2/12/2004	MINEON	
United Number Delay 20100001 Part 2010001 Part 2010001 Part 2010001 Part 20100001 Part 2010001 Part	Submission of CSD (Final)	21/11/2005	405305	
December Department Depar	Approved of CSD	22020205	2222305	200 200
Company Comp		29/10/2004	\$10000d	
Other Ministry Othe	- Himmer Head (Delected)	20/(0/2004	Sylliano!	
Compared Compared		29/10/2004	**************************************	
Compared State S		29/10/2004	**************************************	00.65
Column C		15/12/2004	13/17/005	
Control Cont	Relocate Fire State (FEHD)	1512200\$	(4)2/2005	7,617
Compared Compared		МЖИНИ	#(K):77:(2)	180.2
Promest Column	Tech, Real Paring	ISTERIOR	HENZIZIANI SULTUNIO	
Property Colored Col	Houring Eretion	A DAY WATER	- FIFTH AS	
Particle Particle	Seek Up existing through	Anna Line	Strainer	
Process	Lay Wake Payes (Direction)		STOREGE	
Parameter Para	ितप्र ईल्पो के भारतम् मित्रक		COCCO	
Prince Part Part		FUZZXO4.	SALLES	
19 dec. 19 d	Demydight Flashers & Repayed	6122004	#(2500ct	62
Physicist 15 they 2407203 1710000 171000 171000 171000 171000 171000 171000 1710000 171000 171000 171000 1710000 1710000 1710000 171000 171000 171000 171000 1710000 1710000 1710000			2000	120
A	Break Up Existing Percent	7	717700	
Application	Desmint & Calle Docts		Turning	
15 dec 1	Brikiling & Timio (Ara.C.) & C.J.		CONCER	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ArtB		CANADA	
State Stat	Break Up Erty Roal Paving	_[Jackson	
Company Comp	Demolich Eng Turnel & Backfill		CENTRACE	
Fig. 2 F	Contract Limp Pele Forting		CLUSTO	
First & Surface Channel Use of Surface Use of	Censiwa Cable Dast / Draw Pit		822205	2
Column C	Remember Chair & Surface Chaire.		COMPAGE	
Chie Decta 31 days 3	ES Construct New Walkway (1.5m Withb)		24777705	
Chile Decis 33 days 511/2005 602/2005 511/200 131/200	Contract & Lsy UG Services Pipework		19791005	
### Cable Died ***	Draw Mrs. & Cable Dracts		(V2CDBS	
(E.2) 19 days 1572100 1695003 1695003 174200 1695003 17420 177277 1243 125 174200 17420	्रा क्षांत्रस्थितिक शिक्षकां		19/3/2005	C6+ 13-22 3-107
Exposure Notes Substitute Courtee Notes Substitute Courtee Notes Substitute Courtee Notes Substitute Courtee Notes Substitute Subs	Wildermain (E.S.)		1607.005	
The Received Died	Buckfüll & Course Real Stab		24/3/2005	
1	(Landoneron Draw Po & Chile Dies		SOCION	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	33 Cubit Laying by CLP		240000	
## Cube 1048	Tel Cable Technicalism in New Tx Room		5000007	
104	Est Diversion of PCCW Cible		21/1/2005	2777
## Carp Tr Roam (V.O.)	Ed Sed Up Trails Count Point &c Settion 1		7442035	
在3 [23] 15 [BS Installation in New Teap Ta Room (V.O.)		\$00000	
東京部では、	(4.1)			上海处置西任时 [7777] 上原知道技 的有种 的有种性 医最近性 医性性 医性性 医性性 医性性 医性性 医性性性 医性性性 医性性
	東陸在沿	*	(A)	1987年1日 上海型単代等 ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・

Control Cont	1975 1975	5885	氏治名四		だり	建筑线	完成特別	H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	3 元列 六月 七月 八月 九月 15日本1日本7日日本1日日本11日日本11日日	+ 月 + - + - - - - - -	is or as an er as as and the same of the s	!
1975 1975	1975 1975				12D dzys	172/2056	31/5/2006					0 5
The control of the	Compared Compared				50 d273	3/2/2006	31/5/1006	***				/1
19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19				\$0 days	18/3/2006	1562006					1.
The control of the	1975 1975	Г			39 days	44/2JX6	172006				THE CONTRACTOR IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	/2
Column C	1975 1975	П	Ş		273 days	3417200	3007/2006					98
The Present Courts	The first content 1970 1			Zōœ	(Siths)	CHARAC	(D.NALOR					35
The control of the	Comparison Com		,		31 days	2772005	UNGRE	.,				
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	The control of the				20 days	1777/2006	NS2006					1
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	1975 1975			co & Rosscian Centee	IO7 Cays	1662006	ON THE				an management of	4:
1975 1975	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,			and str	87 ctg/s	15.672066	9:30X6					1
The control of the	Note	Γ			22 ctns	90000001	31772006	710			i wir labor li i i i i	4
Comparison of Approximation (Comparison of	State Compared C	₹.	Sleel & Metalwork		374 days	1,900,05	99006					
Continued between Cont	Column C	T	-	benision & Agreeval	etap 16	SOUTH TO	3011703		R C			
Companies Comp	Companies to Authority Products 15 cm 15	Τ	_	of Fabricator Procedure	61 days	HIDZCOS	3007117005					2
	State Stat	T	-	ofrasization & Installation Proposition	22dayz	37107306	21712/2015			的比较级		32
Compared Compared	Compared Compared	٦			191 days	SOUPLE	THEORY				(4) (1) (1)	26
Comparison of State States Control Contr	Comparison of State States Control Contr	7	-		Allegar	Soome	50000		4			15
Compared Compared	Control Cont	Т		200	3D dove	TAZON	3100016		-44			50
Comparison Com	Comparison of			D.77		TOTAL ST	2021 1 1000			100		2
Compared Compared	The control of the			tenistics and Approvid of Koller Statist	01 0275	manin	COTTAIN THE				The second	
Windset Wind	The control of the			stallations	40 days	3,02,000	OCC PARTIES					
Michael Mich	Michael Mich		-	ort.	101 deyr	1,52006	9000000					
Control Cont	Comparison Com	Г	-	12/Ation	242 days	9007072531	35/10/2006					
1962 1962	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Τ		- Filipa	46 days	SATURE	1630206				5. -	
State Control Contro	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1		in a state of the	31 /201	1855006	90000			JIM 60		
15 ct 15 c	1975 1975	7	+		7.07	TAURIUM	10 months			****	22	
1994 1995	1984 1985	T		THE SHITE		- Constant	AND AND A			and the	Company of the Compan	
The control of the	Title 1949 1970 1949 1970			ואַו	91 Ctyl	TOTAL	on and				0.	
1 Act of the part of the par	17-16-16 17-16-16				M CENTS	OWNER	ONE SHAPE				J. 1	
17 days 17 d	13 days 14 100000 15 days 14 1000000 14 1000000 14 1000000 14 100000 14 1000000 14 1000000 14 1000000 14 1000000		_	actile	15 days	N. Brace	STICKION I					
17.2 de juille 19.2000	22 days 1470008 254000	Г	_		rátp 51	REPORCE	15/10/2006				DICK THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	
17.0 ct 17.0	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	}			श्चिक्र	16/2/2026	259/2005	4 47	14 ft 1			
19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	State Stat	Γ	2		372 days	15872035	31777006					
Schoolstein Append States States	Statement State	344	Aberian Wantow	& Corresponde Wordows	331 days	25/2/2005	1772006		.			CF
State Stat	Compared Compared	Т	+	ubmicsion & Acominal	76 days	25,872,005	SYLINDOS		25/4/20	The state of the s		RC
1 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	T	<u> </u>	Pellisera	61 days	SWIFFERINS	8072006			L.		:]
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	T	+	t of the state of	April 192	AUZUD.	35/20006	-,		3		D⊦
Compared Compared	15 cm 15 c	Т		·	2 45	AMONI	105006				120 May 1921	IC
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	٦	+	18	200	JOHN WALL	BATTOCAL			- **		9
Right Righ	Right Righ	╗	+	1	S Compa	STATE STATE	CONTRACTOR OF	. 15			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ï
19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	7	1		Sign to	DITA MAL	O PORTO				SY INC. STATE OF THE STATE OF T	TE
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19			(Urg) result)	5	TAINING TO SERVICE	Catalo				216 2000 2000	:
187,000 187,	155 days 15000000 1500000 15000000 15000000 15000000000 150000000 15000000 150000000000	ន	External Well Partiti	rt.	25.033	SOLUTO	317/1330				The state of the s	
Shakes 1970	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	ž	Mest Louve healt	tion	44 days	376/2006	2020/205					
State to be compared State to be compared	1	25	Glass Cancpy Judna	μζg	365 days	USCALOS	31,822006					
14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Г		tibalskin & Apreval	92 days	52005871	1/12/2005	a . b	<u>*</u>	100		
11 days 177000 217000 171 days 1770000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 1770000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 1770000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 1770000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 1770000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 1770000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 177000 1770000 177000 177000 1770000 1770000 1770000 1770000 177000 1770000 1770000 1770000 1770000 1770000 17700000 17700000 17700000 17700000 177000000 177000000 17700000 177000000 1770000000 177000000 177000000000 177	14 days 14	Τ	 	lock Up Sample	6l days	20002312	31/1/2006	# Y 1				_
14 Public 15 Public	14 Delivery	Π	_	n & Approval	31 4295	9005/2/1	33372005					
Columbia Spidis	Solution Solution			kDkinery	242 days	402006	3842006	4	4 m m	7	\$4555 M	
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	15.52 15.	T	-		142b 68	418/3006	33,79,0206	н				
Control Con	Compared Compared	Т	+	P. C.	334 days	1692036	9007/5/51					
17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Т		tion Colombacton & Americal	(A)	SKRAPAL	50000-1391			101100000000000000000000000000000000000	La di La Di	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	T		at administration of approximation of the state of the st	22 Louis	SOUCHER	SOUTH	- 14 1		<u> </u>		
1 日 1972	Comparison	Ţ	-	Total of Salays	Si dam	Springer	YOUTE !				- 1	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	T	_	1077	1 0	Seminar	2002.51					٠
15 cbs 17 cbs	15 days 12 days 13 days 13 days 13 days 13 days 14 days 15	Т		מול עו דיגוויינו	25 days	TATE COLUMN	11/00/06		and the			
HEAD EXECTED AT THE CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRES	### 1	Т		BACK	15 2mg	1 regions	15.8 OCK		. is w		III	F
在	Traing Sthemistion & Approved	T	+	119	330 April	-	31,8/2/06		. 30"			Ά(
在	在	7	35	rin	SCO COS		POST BIRT			-		ЗE
任	任告 国政会工会主任 法定 上級担談 上級担談 上級担談 中央工会工会 中央工会工会 上級担談 中央工会工会	╗		ing Statisting & Approved	74 GP/3		ONS/INCI					<u>:</u>
1.	東京任務 マスススス 1 単位 上部近任坊 大野近保程牌 、	Plumed by	: Mr. Eic To				100	上路市中省市 一	1111111	交出任公	1	04
Many Barrent de Barrelt and Pharmond Hell Commenced and Bar Know Williams Book Knows Help Series	Maker Programme for Responsibilities of Dismond Will Commissions of Po Norg William Road Kowken, Hong King	Programme Dared 20.5	erac: DHCNR/ST/801 Rev.B	777777	•		上郭亚任功		.,	NEK ************************************	強	/0
	אפער אינונים					4		\$ 100 miles			100 E	-



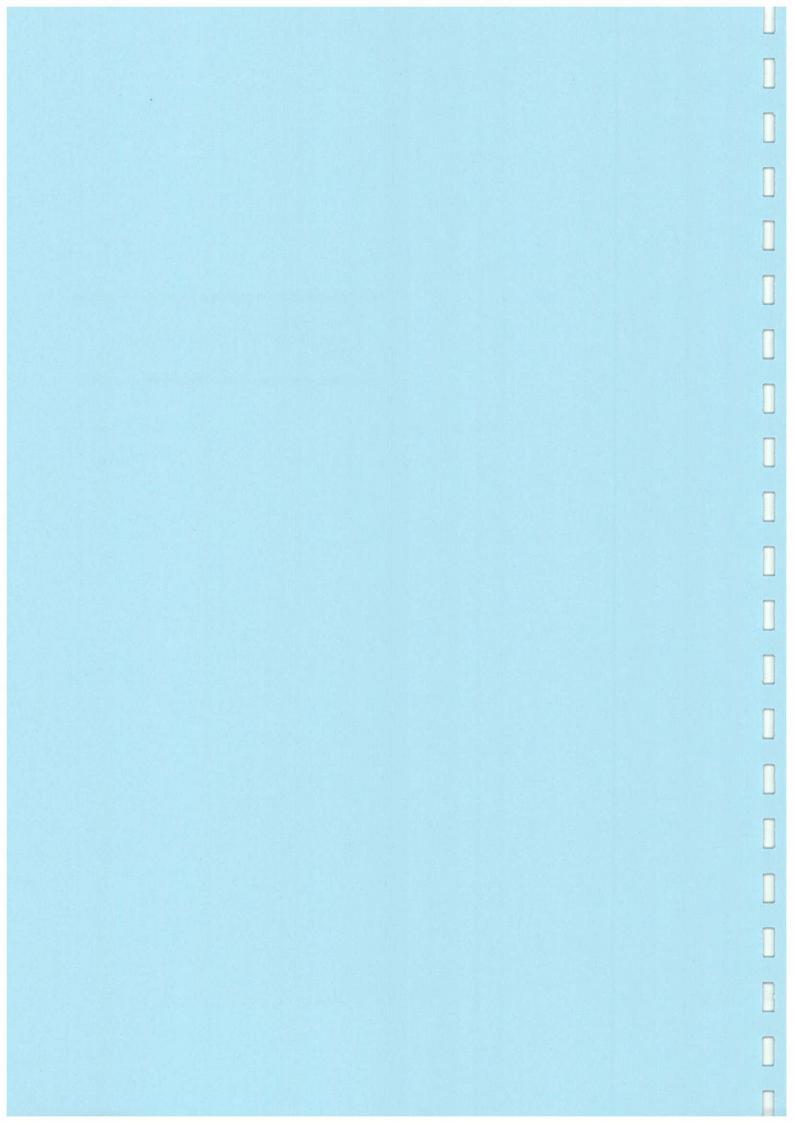






		U
	•	B

APPENDIX C ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION AND LIMIT LEVELS



Appendix C Environmental Action and Limit Levels

Action and Limit Levels for 24-hour TSP

Monitoring Station	Action Level (μg/m³)	Limit Level (µg/m³)
ASR8	195.0	260
ASR17	174.1	260

Action and Limit Levels for 1-hour TSP

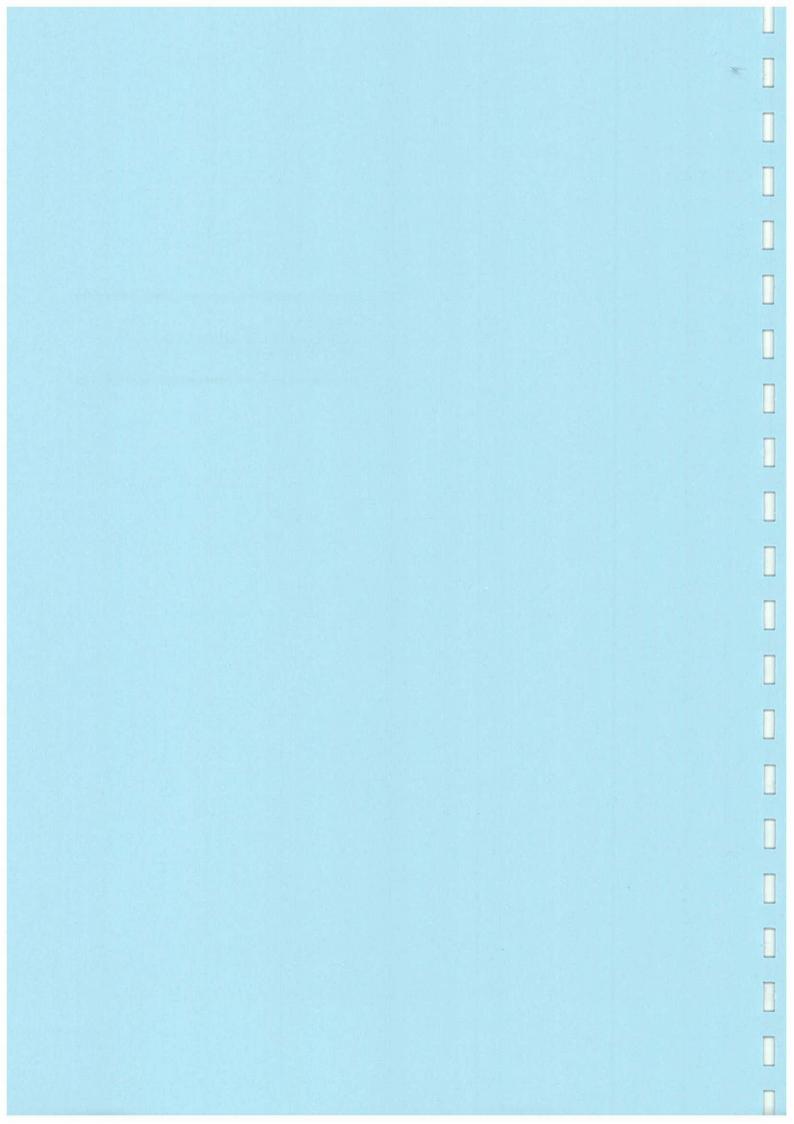
Monitoring Station	Action Level (µg/m³)	Limit Level (μg/m³)
ASR8	408.1	500
ASR17	408.4	500

Action and Limit Levels (L_{eq}) for Construction Noise

Time Period	Action Level	Limit Level					
		SR3	SR4	SR6			
0700 – 1900 hours on normal weekdays	When one documented complaint	70/65*	70/65*	75			
0700 – 2300 hours on public holidays including Sundays and 1900 – 2300 hours on all days	is received from any one of the sensitive receivers	stipulate	to requirem d in future ction Noise				
2300 – 0700 on all days							

^{*}reduce to 70dB(A) for schools and 65dB(A) during school examination periods

APPENDIX D ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDIT SCHEDULES



Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium Impact Air Quality and Noise Monitoring and Audit Schedule for October 2005

Saturday 1-Oct	8-Oct	•	15-Oct		144		22-Oct				29-Oct	24-hour TSP					
Friday	7-Oct	1-hour TSP Noise	14-Oct				21-Oct			•	28-Oct						
Thursday	6-Oct	24-hour TSP	13-Oct		1-hour TSP Noise		20-Oct			Site Environmental Audit	27-Oct			Site Environmental Audit			
Wednesday	5-Oct	disconnections of the state of	12-Oct	24-hour TSP		Site Environmental Audit	19-Oct		1-hour TSP	Noise	26-Oct			<u></u>			adverse weather, etc)
Tuesday	4-Oct		11-0ct				18-Oct	24-hour TSP			25-Oct		1-hour TSP Noise				100
Monday	3-Oct	1-hour TSP	10-Oct				17-Oct				24-Oct	24-hour TSP			31-Oct	1-hour TSP Noise	change due to unforese
Sunday	 2-Oct		toC-6				16-Oct				23-Oct				30-Oct		The schedule is subject to change due to unforeseeable circumstances

Tentative Impact Air Quality and Noise Monitoring and Audit Schedule for November 2005 Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium

Saturday	5-Nov		1-hour TSP		12-Nov					voN-91					26-Nov									
Friday	4-Nov	24-hour TSP			11-Nov		1-hour TSP	Noise		18-Nov					25-Nov									
Thursday	3-Nov		_		voN-01	24-hour TSP				17-Nov		1-hour TSP	Noise		24-Nov									
Wednesday	2-Nov			Site Environmental Audit	voN-6				Site Environmental Audit	16-Nov	24-hour TSP			Site Environmental Audit	23-Nov		1-hour TSP	Noise	Site Environmental Audit	30-Nov				Site Environmental Audit
Tuesday	1-Nov				Nov-8				<u> </u>	15-Nov					22-Nov	24-hour TSP				29-Nov		1-hour TSP	Noise	
Monday					7-Nov					14-Nov					21-Nov					28-Nov	24-hour TSP			
Sunday		:			NoN-9					13-Nov					20-Nov					27-Nov				:

The schedule is subject to change due to unforeseeable circumstances (adverse weather, etc.)

Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium

Tentative Impact Air Quality and Noise Monitoring and Audit Schedule for December 2005

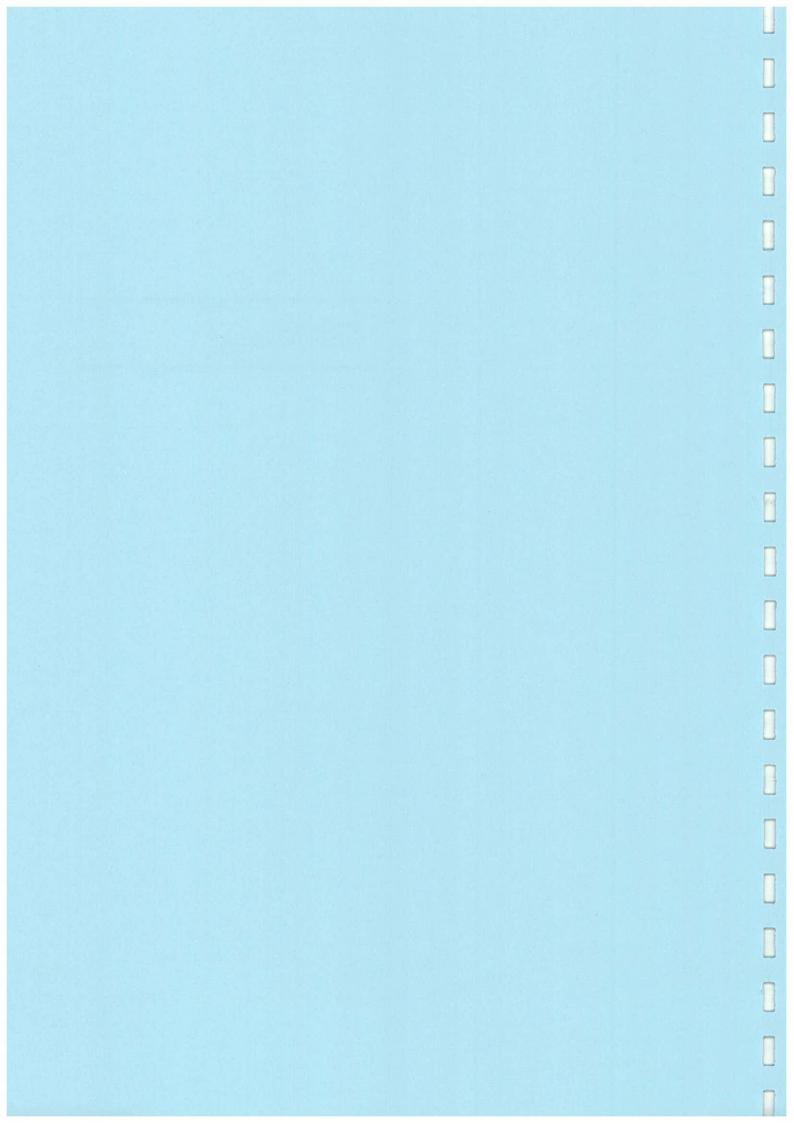
Saturday 3-Dec	24-hour TSP	10-Dec	1-hour TSP		17-Dec					24-Dec				31-Dec				
2-Dec		oaQ-6	24-hour TSP		16-Dec		1-hour TSP	Noise		23-Dec				30-Dec				
Thursday 1-Dec		8-Dec			15-Dec	24-hour TSP				22-Dec	1-hour TSP	Noise		29-Dec		1-hour TSP	מסוסאו	
Wednesday		7-Dec		Site Environmental Audit	14-Dec				Site Environmental Audit	21-Dec	24-hour TSP		Site Environmental Audit	28-Dec	24-hour TSP		Site Environmental Audit	(adverse weather, etc)
Tuesday		6-Dec		3	13-Dec					20-Dec				27-Dec				(ad
Monday		5-Dec	1-hour TSP Noise		12-Dec				•	19-Dec				26-Dec				The schedule is subject to change due to unforeseeable circumstances
Sunday		4-Dec			11-Dec					18-Dec				25-Dec				The schedule is subject to

Tentative Impact Air Quality and Noise Monitoring and Audit Schedule for January 2006 Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium

Jay Saturday	6-Jan 7-Jan					13-Jan 14-Jan	24-hour TSP				20-Jan 21-Jan	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP	Noise		27-Jan 28-Jan		1-hour TSP	ise				
Thursday and Appendix Eriday.	5-Jan				- 07	12-Jan					19-Jan	24-hor				26-Jan	24-hour TSP	1-hor	<u></u>				
Wednesday : S. M.	1 4-Jan		1-hour TSP	Noise		11-Jan			المارية والمارية المارية الماري	Site Elivirolinie ital Audit	18-Jan				Site Environmental Audit	1 25-Jan				Site Environmental Audit	L.		
Tuesday	3-Jan	24-hour TSP				10-Jan		1-hour TSP	Noise		17-Jan					1 24-Jan					31-Jan	-	
Monday	2-Jan						24-hour TSP				16-Jan		1-hour TSP	Noise		23-Jan					30-Jan		
Sunday	1-Jan					8-Jan					15-Jan					22-Jan				-	29-Jan		

The schedule is subject to change due to unforeseeable circumstances (adverse weather, etc)

APPENDIX E CALIBRATION DETAILS



Station F	Po Leuna Kuk Gi	randmont Primar	y School (ASR8)	Operator:	Porky	Chu	
Cal. Date:	13-Oct-05		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Next Due Date:	13-De	ec-05	•
Equipment No.:	A-001-69T			Serial No.	07	16	• _
				-			
			Ambient	Condition			
Temperatur	e, Ta (K)	297	Pressure, F	Pa (mmHg)		768.0	
				111.5			
	·		Orifice Transfer St	2.01571		ept, bc	-0.02096
Equipme		A-003-03	Slope, mc	P	= [DH x (Pa/760) x		1 0.02000
Last Calibra		03-Dec-04		mc x Qsta + bc	– [DH X (Fai760) X Pai760) x (298/Ta)]	(250/14)] ^{1/2} holime	
Next Calibra	tion Date:	02-Dec-05	<u> </u>	Qsta = {[DH X (I	Pai/60) X (2901 a)]	-bcj rinc	
<u></u>			Calibration o	f TSP Sampler		<u> </u>	
			Orfice		HV	S Flow Recorder	
Resistance Plate No.	DH (orifice), in. of water		760) x (298/Ta)] ^{1/2}	Qstd (m³/min) X - axis	Flow Recorder Reading (CFM)	Continuous Flor Reading IC (CF	
18	12.8		3.60	1.80	50.0	50.35	5
13	11.0	 	3.34	1.67	44.0	44.3	 -
	8.5		2.94	1.47	37.0	37.20	 3
10 7	5.5		2.36	1.18	30.0	30.2]
5	3.3	<u> </u>	1.83	0.92	21.0	21.1	
By Linear Regre Slope , mw = Correlation Coef If Correlation Co	31.9442 fficient* =	0	1.9921 librate.	Intercept, bw =	-8.2	2702	-
<u></u>			<u></u>				·
		<u> </u>		Calculation		<u> </u>	
From the TSP Fig From the Regres							
J	•		w x Qstd + bw = IC	v (/Da/760) v /208/	Ta)1 ^{1/2}		
		1117	M X QStd : DH - 10	X [(1 &1 00) X (200)			
Therefore, Set Po	oint; !C = (mw x	Qstd + bw) x [(760 / Pa) x (Ta / 2	98)] ^{1/2} =		33.03	_
				 			
Damadus							
Remarks:					_		
QC Reviewer:	Eddie	Jang	Signature:	Edy		Date: 14 - 16	2005
	C (4\2005\ASR8	13Oct05.xls				
r.iGenera	スパコマン1つU1 3U		_,000,00				

297 A-003-03 03-Dec-04 02-Dec-05	Ambient Pressure, Orifice Transfer S Slope, mc	Operator: Next Due Date: Serial No. Condition Pa (mmHg) tandard Information 2.01571 mc x Qstd + bc Ostd = UDH x f	16-C 07	y Chu Oct-05 716 768.0 ept, bc	
297 A-003-03 03-Dec-04 02-Dec-05	Pressure, Orifice Transfer S Slope, mc	t Condition Pa (mmHg) tandard Information 2.01571 mc x Qstd + bc	on Interc	768.0	
A-003-03 03-Dec-04 02-Dec-05	Pressure, Orifice Transfer S Slope, mc	Pa (mmHg) tandard Informatic 2.01571 mc x Qstd + bc	Interc		
A-003-03 03-Dec-04 02-Dec-05	Pressure, Orifice Transfer S Slope, mc	Pa (mmHg) tandard Informatic 2.01571 mc x Qstd + bc	Interc		
A-003-03 03-Dec-04 02-Dec-05	Orifice Transfer S Slope, mc	tandard Information 2.01571 mc x Qstd + bc	Interc		
A-003-03 03-Dec-04 02-Dec-05	Slope, mc	2.01571 mc x Qstd + bc	Interc	∍pt, bc	4 4 4 4 7 7 7 8
A-003-03 03-Dec-04 02-Dec-05	Slope, mc	2.01571 mc x Qstd + bc	Interc	ept, bc	<u> </u>
03-Dec-04 02-Dec-05		mc x Qstd + bc		ept, bc	
02-Dec-05	Calibration		$= IDH \times (Pa/760) \times$		-0,02096
	Calikentian	$Ostd = IDH \times I$			
	Calibration	Acres Carres	Ра/760) х (298/Та)]	"z-bc) / mc	(-4)16-11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
	Calibratian A				
		of TSP Sampler	è mit es	À #4 19 19 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
	Orfice		HV	S Flow Recorder	
er [DH x (Pa/	760) x (298/Ta)] ^{1/2}	Osto (m³/min) X axis	Flow Recorder Reading (CFM)	Continuous Flow Reading IC (CF)	
	3.64	1.82	52.0	52.36	
:	3.38	1.69	46.0	46.32	
	2.94	1.47	39,0	39.27	
	2.36	1.18	31.0	31.22	
	1.74	0.88	21.0	21.15	<u> </u>
0		Intercept, bw = _	-7.1	254	
	Set Point	Calculation		AND THE PARTY OF T	
Curve, take Qstd =					<u></u>
-					
			412		
mw	$x \cdot Q \text{ std} + bw = IC $	k [(Pa/760) x (298/T	a)]"*		
/ x Qstd + bw) x [(7	760/Pa)x(Ta/29	8)]**2=	_	34.40	
	igo, check and recal in Curve, take Qstd = in the "Y" value accor	3.38 2.94 2.36 1.74 n X 0.9958 990, check and recalibrate. Set Point n Curve, take Qstd = 1.30m³/min n, the *Y" value according to mw x Qstd + bw = IC :	3.38 1.69 2.94 1.47 2.36 1.18 1.74 0.88 Intercept, bw = 0.9958 990, check and recalibrate. Set Point Calculation of Curve, take Qstd = 1.30m³/min of the "Y" value according to	3.38 1.69 46.0 2.94 1.47 39.0 2.36 1.18 31.0 1.74 0.88 21.0 n X 0.9958 090, check and recalibrate. Set Point Calculation 1 Curve, take Qstd = 1.30m³/min 1, the *Y" value according to mw x Qstd + bw = IC x [(Pa/760) x (298/Ta)] ^{1/2}	3.38 1.69 46.0 46.32 2.94 1.47 39.0 39.27 2.36 1.18 31.0 31.22 1.74 0.88 21.0 21.15 Intercept, bw = -7.1254 0.9958 990, check and recalibrate. Set Point Calculation 1 Curve, take Qstd = 1.30m³/min 1, the *Y" value according to mw x Qstd + bw = IC x [(Pa/760) x (298/Ta)] ^{1/2}

Operator:

Staff Quarter For Diamond Hill Crematorium (ASR17)

Station

Porky Chu

Cal. Date:	13-Oct-05			Next Due Date:	13-D	ec-05	_
quipment No.:	A-001-21T			Serial No.	10:	278	_
	·			Condition			
Temperatur	e, Ta (K)	299	Pressure, F	Pa (mmHg)		768.0	
			*****	tandard Informatio			-0.0209
Equipme		A-003-03	Slope, mc	2.01571		ept, bc	-0.0203
Last Calibra		03-Dec-04		mc x Qsta + bc	= [DH x (Pa/760) x Pa/760) x (298/Ta)]	(290/18)]	
Next Calibra	tion Date:	02-Dec-05	 	Usta = { UH X	Pai/00) X (29011a)]	-bc) i nic	
· · · · · ·	<u> </u>	•	Calibration o	f TSP Sampler		-	~-
			Orfice		HV	S Flow Recorder	
Resistance Plate	DU (orifico)			Qstd (m³/min) X	Flow Recorder	Continuous Flo	w Recorder
No.	DH (orifice), in. of water	[DH x (Pa/7	60) x (298/Ta)] ^{1/2}	- axis	Reading (CFM)	Reading IC (CF	
18	12.5		3.55	1.77	50.0	50.18	8
13	10.5	,	3.25	1.62	44.0	44.1	6
10	8.0		2.84	1.42	36.0	36.13	3
7	6.0		2.46	1.23	32.0	32.1	1
5	3.0		1.74	0.87	21.0	21.0	7
By Linear Regre Slope , mw =	ssion of Y on X 31.7763	(Intercept, bw =	-7.2	2199	
Correlation Coef	ficient* =	 0.	9906				
If Correlation Co	efficient < 0.990	, check and recali	brate.	_			
							
	<u> </u>			Calculation		<u></u> .	
		urve, take Qstd =					
From the Regress	sion Equation, th	ne "Y" value accor	ding to				
		mw	x Ostd + bw = IC	x [(Pal760) x (298/	Ta) ^{1/2}		
					/-		
Therefore, Set Po	oint; IC = (mw x	Qstd + bw) x [(7	760 / Pa) x (Ta / 29	98)] ^{1/2} =		33.97	_
						<u></u>	
_							
Remarks:		<u>.</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	M-11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-		
QC Reviewer:	Eddie J.	mg	Signature:	dox)		Date: 4 · / 6	, . 2003
AO LANGMEI. —	- ()	0	oignaturo.	 / 	 ·		
	-	=	Ç.				

Station	Staff Quarter for	Diamond Hill Cr	ematorium (ASR17)	Operator:	Pork	y Chu
Cal. Date:	16-Aug-05	**************************************		Next Due Date:	16-0	Xct-05
Equipment No.:	A-001-21T			Serial No.	10	278
			Ambient	Condition		
Temperatu	re, Ta (K)	299	Pressure, I	Pa (mmHg)		768.0
					No. 2 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	
		•	Orifice Transfer S	landard Informatio	ń	
Equipme	ent No.:	A-003-03	Slope, mc	2.01571		ept, bc -0.02096
Last Calibra	ation Date:	03-Dec-04			= [DH x (Pa/760) x	
Next Calibra	ation Date:	02-Dec-05		Qstd = {[DH x (Pa/760) x (298/Ta)]	^{1/2} -bc) / mc
		*	Calibration o	f TSP Sampler		
-			Office Office	Line opiubiei	HV	S Flow Recorder
Resistance Plate No.	DH (orifice), in. of water		60) x (298/Ta)] ^{1/2}	Qstd (m³/min) X axis	Flow Recorder Reading (CFM)	Continuous Flow Recorder Reading IC (CFM) Y-axis
18	12.2	 	3.51	1.75	50.0	50.18
13	9,5		3.09	1.54	44.0	44.16
10	7.5		2.75	1.37	38.0	38.14
7	5,3		2.31	1.16	31.0	31.11
5	3,0		1.74	0,87	21.0	21.07
By Linear Regree Slope , mw = Correlation Coef If Correlation Coef	33.3278			Intercept, bw =	-7.7	116
				Calculation		
	ld Calibration Cu		1.30m³/min	Calculation		
	old Calibration Cursion Equation, the		1.30m³/min	Calculation	**************************************	
		"Y" value accon	1.30m³/min		`a)] ^{f/2}	

V V P:\General\HV\$\\$07904\ASR17\2005\ASR17_16Aug05.xis

EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION RECORD

Туре:			L	.aser Du	st Monit	or		
	acturer/Brand:		3	SIBATA				
Model			ī	D-1				
	nent No.:			1.005.05	}			
	vity Adjustment	Scale Setting:		510 CPN	/			
Operat	tor:		_£	Eddie Yar	ng (EWN	(Y)		
Standar	rd Equipment						oznam huri	
Equipr	nent:	Rupprecht	t & Pat	ashnick l	FOM [®]			
Venue		Cyberport				hooli		
Model	-	Series 140						-
Serial		Control:		AB21989	9803			
OCHO!	NO.	Sensor:	-	0C14365		K _o : 12500		
Last C	alibration Date*:	18 June 2						
*Pemarl	ks: Recommend	ed interval for ha	ardwar	e calibrat	ion is 1 v	/ear		
			2, 0,170.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Calibra	tion Result							
Oannii	žužė, a Aulie (měmene)	Canla Callina /D	oforá (Calibratio	n)·	510 CP	M	
Sensit	ivity Adjustment ivity Adjustment	Scale Setting (D	for Ca	olihration)		510 CP		
Sensiu	ivity Adjustinent	Scale Setting (A	utoi Oc	andi tation)	! +			
Hour	Date	Time	Colonia de	Amb	ient	Concentration 1	Total	Count
ITOUI	(dd-mm-yy)	10110		Conc		(mg/m ³)	Count ²	Minute ³
	(44) (41)			Temo	R.H.	Y-axis		X-axis
				(°C)	(%)			
1	09-07-05	10:00 - 1	1:00	27.3	90	0.04908	2087	34.78
2	09-07-05		5:00	28.6	85	0.03566	1711	28.52
3	09-07-05	The state of the s	6:00	28.2	84	0.03059	1495	24.92
4	09-07-05	16:00 - 1	7:00	28.3	84	0.02393	1189	19.82
Note:	1. Monitoring o	lata was measu	red by	Rupprec	nt & Pata	ashnick TEOM®		
	Total Count	was logged by	Laser (Dust Mon	itor			
	3. Count/minu	te was calculate	d by (T	otal Cou	nl/60)			
Photo I dan m	Dawsanisa at	EV ne V						
	ar Regression of	1017	013					
	(K-factor): lation coefficient:		311					
Corre	iation coemcient		311		••••		•	
Validit	y of Calibration I	Record: 9 J	uly 200	06				
v Carros,								
Remark	KS:						www.compleyer.com	
]
#								
L				4 ************************************				
					9 8		9/7	1/2005
Q¢ R	teviewer: <u>Eddi</u>	ie Yang	Signa	iture:	(1	Dat	e: <u>'''</u>	
	7				· •	J		

EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION RECORD

Type: Manufa Model I			if.	.aser Du	st mume	OI .		
Model	acturer/Brand:		3m/910810	SIBATA				
MANAGE	No.:		Securities	_D-3				
	nent No.:		7	4,005.07	a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	vity Adjustment	Scale Setting	g: <u> </u>	557 CPN	1			
Operat	tor:			ddie Yaı	ng (EWN	Y)		
Standar	rd Equipment						***************************************	
Equipn	ment:	Ruppr	echt & Pat	ashnick T	ΓΕΟΜ [®]		•	
Venue		Cyber	port (Pui Y	ing Seco	ndary Sc	hool)		
Model			1400AB					
Serial	the state of the s	Contro	ol: 140	AB21989				
	•	Senso		0C14365	9803	K _o : 12500		
Last C	alibration Date*:	<u>18 Jur</u>	ne 2005	447	***	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Remarl	ks: Recommend	ed interval fo	or hardwar	e calibrat	lon is 1 y	ear		
Calibra	tion Result							
C:	ivity Adjustment	Coolo Cottin	a /Refere /	^alihratio	m)·	<i>557</i> CP	M	
Sensit	ivity Adjustment	Scale Settin	g (After Ca	alibration)): 	557 CP		
Hour	Date	Tim	ne	Amb	oient	Concentration	Total	Count
	(dd-mm-yy)		•	Cond	dition	(mg/m³)	Count ²	Minute ³
				Temp (°C)	R.H. (%)	Y-axis		X-axis
1	19-06-05	10:00 -	11:00	29.3	81	0.02866	731	12.18
2	19-06-05	11:00 -	12:00	29.3	80	0.02849	721	12.02
3	19-06-05	12:00 -		29.4	80	0.02709	695	11.58
	19-06-05	15:00 -	16:00	28.9	82	0.02740	707	11.78
4	1 Monitoring c		til inner	anki taur	itor			
Note: By Lines Slope	1. Monitoring of 2. Total Count 3. Count/minuter Regression of (K-factor): lation coefficient:	was logged te was calcu	0.0023 0.9169	otal Cou	nt/60)			
Note: By Line: Slope Correl	2. Total Count 3. Count/minut ar Regression of (K-factor): lation coefficient:	was logged te was calcu Y or X	0.0023 0.9169	otal Cou	nt/60)			
Note: By Line: Slope Correl	2. Total Count 3. Count/minut ar Regression of (K-factor);	was logged te was calcu Y or X	o.0023	otal Cou	nt/60)			
Note: By Line: Slope Correl Validit	2. Total Count 3. Count/minut ar Regression of (K-factor); lation coefficient; by of Calibration I	was logged te was calcu Y or X	0.0023 0.9169	otal Cou	nt/60)			
Note: By Line: Slope Correl	2. Total Count 3. Count/minut ar Regression of (K-factor); lation coefficient; by of Calibration I	was logged te was calcu Y or X	0.0023 0.9169	otal Cou	nt/60)			
Note: By Line: Slope Correl Validit	2. Total Count 3. Count/minut ar Regression of (K-factor): lation coefficient: ty of Calibration I	was logged te was calcu Y or X Record:	0.0023 0.9169 19 June 2	cotal Cou	nt/60)	1		16/200
Note: By Line: Slope Correl Validit	2. Total Count 3. Count/minut ar Regression of (K-factor): lation coefficient: ty of Calibration I	was logged te was calcu Y or X	0.0023 0.9169	cotal Cou	(Sept.)	Date	e:	16/200



綜合試驗有限公司 SOILS & MATERIALS ENGINEERING CO., LTD.

12/F., Leader Centre, 37 Wong Chuk Hang Road, Aberdeen, Hong Kong. 香港黃竹坑道37號利達中心12樓 Tel: (852) 2873 6860 Fax: (852) 2555 7533 Website: www.cigismec.com



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.: 05CA03D4 02-01 Page 2 Item tested Description: Integrating Sound Level Meter; Microphone; Preamp RION Co., Ltd. Manufacturer: RION Co., Ltd. RION Co., Ltd.: Type/Model No.: UC-53A; NH-19 NL-18: Serial/Equipment No.: 00570446 76066; 75883 Adaptors used: Item submitted by Client: Maunsell Environmental Management Consultants Ltd. Request No.: 05CA0304 02-01 Date of request: 01-Mar-2005 Date of test: 04-Mar-2005 Reference equipment used in the calibration Model: Serial No. Expiry Date: Traceable to: Multi function sound calibrator B&K 4226 2288444 11/Jan/2006 NIM 2346941 09/Nov/2005 NIM Measuring amplifier B&K 2610 Signal generator DS 360 33873 09/Nov/2005 NIM Agilent 89038 GB41300350 08/Nov/2005 NIM Audio analyzer Digital multi-meter US36087050 21/Nov/2005 Aglient 34401A SCM **Ambient conditions**

Test specifications

Temperature:

Air pressure:

Relative humidity:

- The Sound Level Meter has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in BS 7580: Part 1: 1997
 and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-152.
- The electrical tests were performed using an electrical signal substituted for the microphone which was removed and replaced by an equivalent capacitance within a tolerance of ±20%.
- The acoustic calibration was performed using an B&K 4226 sound calibrator and corrections was applied for the difference between the free-field and pressure responsess of the Sound Level Meter.

Test results

This is to certify that the Sound Level Meter conforms to BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 for the Type 1 for the conditions under which the test was performed.

Details of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate.

uang Jian Min

(21 ± 1) °C

 $(50 \pm 10) \%$

(1013 ± 15) hPa

Approved Signatory:

Date:

04-Mar-2005

Company Chop:



Comments: The results reported in this certificate refer to the condition of the instrument on the date of calibration and carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument.

Solls & Materials Engineering Co., Ltd.

Form No.CARP152-1/Issue 1/Rev.A/01/12/2002



綜合試驗有限公司





CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Item tested				
Description: Manufacturer: Type/Model No.:	Integrating Sound Rion Co., Ltd. NL-31	Level Meter ,	Preamp. Rion Co., Ltd. NH-21	; Microphone ; Rion Co., Ltd. ; UC-53A
Serial/Equipment No.: Adaptors used:	00320528 -	•	03575 -	; 102439 ,
Item submitted by			and the state of the state of the specific and the state of the state	and the decomposition of the state of the st
Client: Request No.:	Maunsell Environn	nental Management Co	onsultants Ltd.	
Date of request:	19-May-2005			
Date of test:	25-May-2005			
Reference equipment	used in the calibr	ation		
Description: Multi function sound calibrator	Model: B&K 4226	Serial No. 2288444	Expiry Date: 11/Jan/2006	Traceable to:
Westrick sublifier	B&K 2610	2346941	09/Nov/2005	NIM
Signal generator	DS 360	33873	09/Nov/2005	NIM
Audio analyzer	Agilent 89039	G841300390	08/Nov/2005	NIM
Digital multi-moler	Agilent 34401A	US36087050	21/Nov/2005	SCM
Ambient conditions				**************************************
Temperature:	(23 ± 1) °C			
Relative humidity:	(60 ± 10) % (1000 ± 10) hPa			
Air pressure:	(innotatio)is∟a			
Test specifications	•	1 to	a management of the state of the state of the state of	
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me	eler has been calibrat	ed in accordance with t		pecified in BS 7580; Part 1
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibration 2. The electrical tests were also seems to the seems to	eter has been calibration procedure SMTP00	ed in accordance with t 04-CA-152. an electrical signal sut	the requirements as s	
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibratic 2. The electrical tests verplaced by an equival. 3. The acoustic calibratic	eler has been calibrate on procedure SMTPO were performed using valent capacitance with son was performed us	ed in accordance with t 04-CA-152. an electrical signal sut hin a tolerance of ±20°	the requirements as so ostituted for the micro X. ad calibrator and corro	pecified in SS 7580: Part 1
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibration 2. The electrical tests were replaced by an equivalent of the acoustic calibratic between the free-field	eler has been calibrate on procedure SMTPO were performed using valent capacitance with son was performed us	ed in accordance with the particular of the part	the requirements as so distituted for the micro %. ad calibrator and corre vel Meter,	pecified in BS 7580; Part 1 phone which was removed
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibration 2. The electrical tests were replaced by an equivalent the free-field. Test results	eler has been calibration procedure SMTP0X were performed using valent capacitance wition was performed usid and pressure respo	ed in accordance with the MacCA-152. The electrical signal subthin a tolerance of ±20% sing an 8&K 4226 sour insess of the Sound Le	the requirements as so distituted for the micro %. ad calibrator and corre vel Meter.	pecified in BS 7580; Part 1 phone which was removed ections was applied for the
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibration 2. The electrical tests were replaced by an equivalent of the acoustic calibratic between the free-field	eler has been calibration procedure SMTP0X were performed using valent capacitance wition was performed usid and pressure respo	ed in accordance with the MacCA-152. The electrical signal subthin a tolerance of ±20% sing an 8&K 4226 sour insess of the Sound Le	the requirements as so distituted for the micro %. ad calibrator and corre vel Meter.	pecified in BS 7580; Part 1 phone which was removed ections was applied for the
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibratic 2. The electrical tests v replaced by an equival. 3. The acoustic calibrate between the free-field. Test results This is to certify that the Southe test was performed.	eler has been calibration procedure SMTP00 were performed using valent capacitance with tion was performed using the did and pressure respondent to the capacitance with the capa	ed in accordance with the A-CA-152. an electrical signal suthin a tolerance of ±20% sing an B&K 4226 sour insess of the Sound Le	the requirements as so estituted for the micro %. Ad calibrator and corro wel Meter.	pecified in BS 7580; Part 1 phone which was removed ections was applied for the
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibration 2. The electrical tests were placed by an equivalent the free-field test of the second test of	eler has been calibration procedure SMTP00 were performed using valent capacitance with tion was performed using the did and pressure respondent to the capacitance with the capa	ed in accordance with the A-CA-152. an electrical signal suthin a tolerance of ±20% sing an B&K 4226 sour insess of the Sound Le	the requirements as so estituted for the micro %. Ad calibrator and corro wel Meter.	pecified in BS 7580; Part 1 phone which was removed ections was applied for the
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibration 2. The electrical tests were placed by an equivalent of the acoustic calibrate between the free-field. Test results This is to certify that the Southe test was performed. Details of the performed meaning of the performed meaning the second of th	eler has been calibration procedure SMTP00 were performed using valent capacitance with tion was performed using the did and pressure respondent to the capacitance with the capa	ed in accordance with the A-CA-152. an electrical signal suthin a tolerance of ±20% sing an B&K 4226 sour insess of the Sound Le	the requirements as so distituted for the micro X. and calibrator and corre vel Meter. ; 1997 for the Type 1 certificate.	pecified in SS 7580; Part 1 phone which was removed ections was applied for the for the conditions under wh
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibratic 2. The electrical tests v replaced by an equivalent of the acoustic calibrate between the free-field Test results This is to certify that the Southe test was performed. Details of the performed medians of the performed medians at the performed medians.	eler has been calibrate on procedure SMTPOWere performed using valent capacitance wit son was performed usid and pressure responded to the capacitance with	ed in accordance with 194-CA-152. an electrical signal suthin a tolerance of ±20° sing an B&K 4226 sour insess of the Sound Le rms to BS 7580: Part 1 inted on page 2 of this of the Sound Le	the requirements as so stituted for the micro X. X. ad calibrator and correvel Meter. : 1997 for the Type 1 certificate.	pecified in SS 7580; Part 1 phone which was removed ections was applied for the for the conditions under whether the conditions under which was removed as the conditions are conditionally conditions as the conditions are conditionally conditions.
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibratic 2. The electrical tests v replaced by an equivalent of the acoustic calibrate between the free-field Test results This is to certify that the Southe test was performed. Details of the performed medians of the performed medians at the performed medians.	eler has been calibrate on procedure SMTPOWere performed using valent capacitance with son was performed usid and pressure responded to the conformation was performed as a pressure responded to the conformation with the conformation of the confor	ed in accordance with the A-CA-152. an electrical signal suthin a tolerance of ±20° sing an B&K 4226 sour insess of the Sound Learns to BS 7580: Part 1 anted on page 2 of this chate: 25-May-rate refer to the condition	the requirements as so stituted for the micro X. X. ad calibrator and correvel Meter. : 1997 for the Type 1 certificate.	pecified in SS 7580; Part 1 phone which was removed ections was applied for the for the conditions under wh
Test specifications 1. The Sound Level Me and the lab calibratic 2. The electrical tests v replaced by an equiv 3. The acoustic calibratic between the free-fiel Test results This is to certify that the Southe test was performed. Details of the performed med Approved Signatory: The results of the result	eler has been calibration procedure SMTPOM were performed using valent capacitance with son was performed usid and pressure responded to the level Meter conformation was performed assurements are presented in this certificate the long-term stability.	ed in accordance with the A-CA-152. an electrical signal suthin a tolerance of ±20° sing an B&K 4226 sour insess of the Sound Learns to BS 7580: Part 1 anted on page 2 of this chate: 25-May-rate refer to the condition	the requirements as so stituted for the micro X. and calibrator and correvel Meter. 1997 for the Type 1 certificate. 2005 Company on of the instrument of	pecified in SS 7580; Part 1 phone which was removed ections was applied for the for the conditions under whether the conditions under which was removed as the conditions are conditionally conditions as the conditions are conditionally conditions.

by this laboratory in accordance with its terms of accreditation. Such terms of accreditation stipulate that the results shall be traceable to the International System of Units (S.I.) or recognised measurement standards. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full

SOILS & MATERIALS ENGINEERING CO., LTD.

12年, Laader Centre. 97 Wong Chuk Hang Road, Abardson, Hang Kong. 客港其竹坑道37蘇利達中心12樓 Tei: (852) 2873 8860 Fax: (852) 2555 7533 Websita: www.cigismec.com



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.:	05CA0119 01-01		Page:	1	of 2	
ltem tested					<u> </u>	
Description; Manufacturer: Type/Model No.: Serial/Equipment No.: Adaptors used:	Sound Level Calibo RION,Tokyo, Japan NC-73 N.004.09					
item submitted by						
Citent: Request No.: Date of request	Maunsell Consulta 05CAD119 01 19-Jan-2005	nts Asia Ltd.				
Date of test:	19-Jan-2005					
Reference equipment	used in the calibr	ation				
Description: Lab standard microphorte Preamplifier Measuring amplifier Signal generator Digital multi-meter Audio analyzer Universal counter	Modal: B&K 4180 B&K 2673 B&K 2610 DS 369 34401A 8903B 53132A	Serial No. 2341427 2239857 2346941 33873 US36087050 GB41300350 MY40003652	Expiry Date: 10-Nov-2005 09-Nov-2005 09-Nov-2005 08-Nov-2005 22-Nov-2005 08-Nov-2005 12-Nov-2005		Traceable to: NIM NIM NIM NIM SCM NIM NIM	
Ambient conditions						
Temperature: Relative humidity: Air pressure;	23 ± 2 °C 50 ± 15 % 1013 ± 15 hPa					

Test specifications

- The Sound Calibrator has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in IEC 60942 1997 Annex B
 and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-156.
- The calibrator was tested with its axis vertical facing downwards at the specific frequency using equivalent insert voltage technique.
- 3. The results are bounded to the nearest 0.01 dB and 0.1 Hz and have not been corrected for variations from a reference pressure of 1013.25 hectoPascals on the maker's information indicates that the instrument is insensitive to pressure changes.

Toot regula

This is to certify that the sound calibrator conforms to the requirements of annex B of IEC 60942: 1997 for the Class 1 for the conditions under which the test was performed, with sound pressure level 94 dB and frequency 1000 Hz. This does not imply that the sound calibrator meets IEC 60942 under any other conditions.

Datalis of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate.

Approved Signatory:

Date: 19-Jan-2005

Company Chop

The standard(s) and equipment used in the calibration are traceable to national or international recognised standards and are calibrated on a schedule to maintain the required accuracy level.

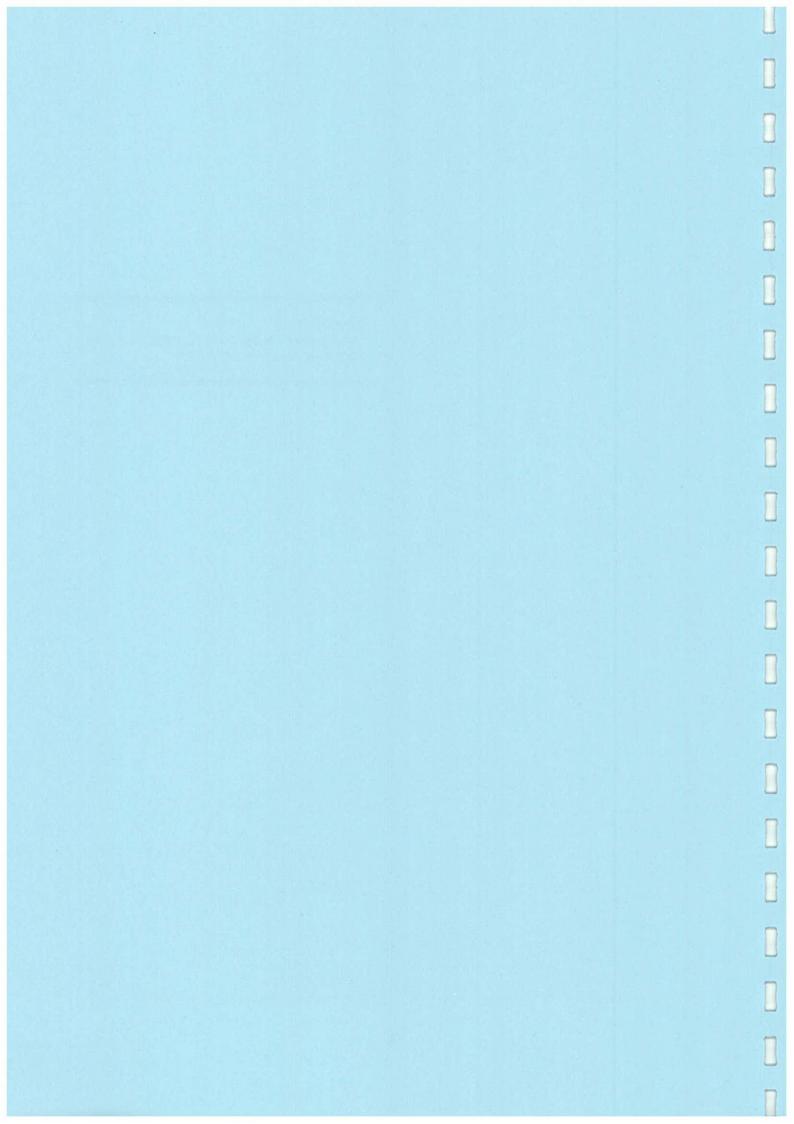
♦ Soila & Materials Engineering Ço., Ltd.

Form No.CARP159-1/Iceue 1/Rev.A01/12/2002

Hong Kong Accreditation Service (HKAS) has accredited this laboratory under the Hong Kong Laboratory Accreditation Scheme (HOKLAS) for specific laboratory activities as listed in the HOKLAS Directory of Accredited Laboratories. The results shown in this certificate were determined by this laboratory in accordance with its terms of accreditation. Such terms of accreditation stipulate that the results shall be traceable to the international System of Units (S.I.) or recognised measurement standards. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full.

Π

APPENDIX F AIR QUALITY MONITORING RESULTS AND GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION



APPENDIX F: Air Quality Monitoring Results

1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at Station ASR8

Date	Starting		Concentra	tion, µg/m3	
	Time	1st	2nd	3rd	Average
3-Oct-05	12:00	146.6	151.8	150.4	149.6
7-Oct-05	7:00	124.9	130.6	131.4	129.0
13-Oct-05	9:20	88.4	85.9	86.5	86.9
19-Oct-05	13:00	119.4	123.0	128.0	123.5
25-Oct-05	7:00	98.7	95.9	97.7	97.4
31-Oct-05	7:00	119.1	120.5	118.8	119.5
				Min.	85.9
	•			Max.	151.8
				Average	117.6

1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at Station ASR17

1-110u1 101	MOTHER	ig Itoouik	at Otatio		
Date	Starting		Concentra	tion, µg/m3	
	Time	1st	2nd	3rd	Average
3-Oct-05	12:00	152.0	143.6	142.1	145.9
7-Oct-05	7:00	116.7	110.6	112.0	113.1
13-Oct-05	7:00	100.2	99.6	98.0	99.3
19-Oct-05	13:00	92.0	86.6	93.7	90.8
25-Oct-05	7:00	85.9	90.5	92.6	89.7
31-Oct-05	7:00	107.1	113.5	114.9	111.8
			-	Min.	85.9
				Max.	152.0
				Average	108.4

Remark:

Bold value indicated an Action level exceedance

Bold & Italic value indicated an Limit level exceedance

APPENDIX F: Air Quality Monitoring Results

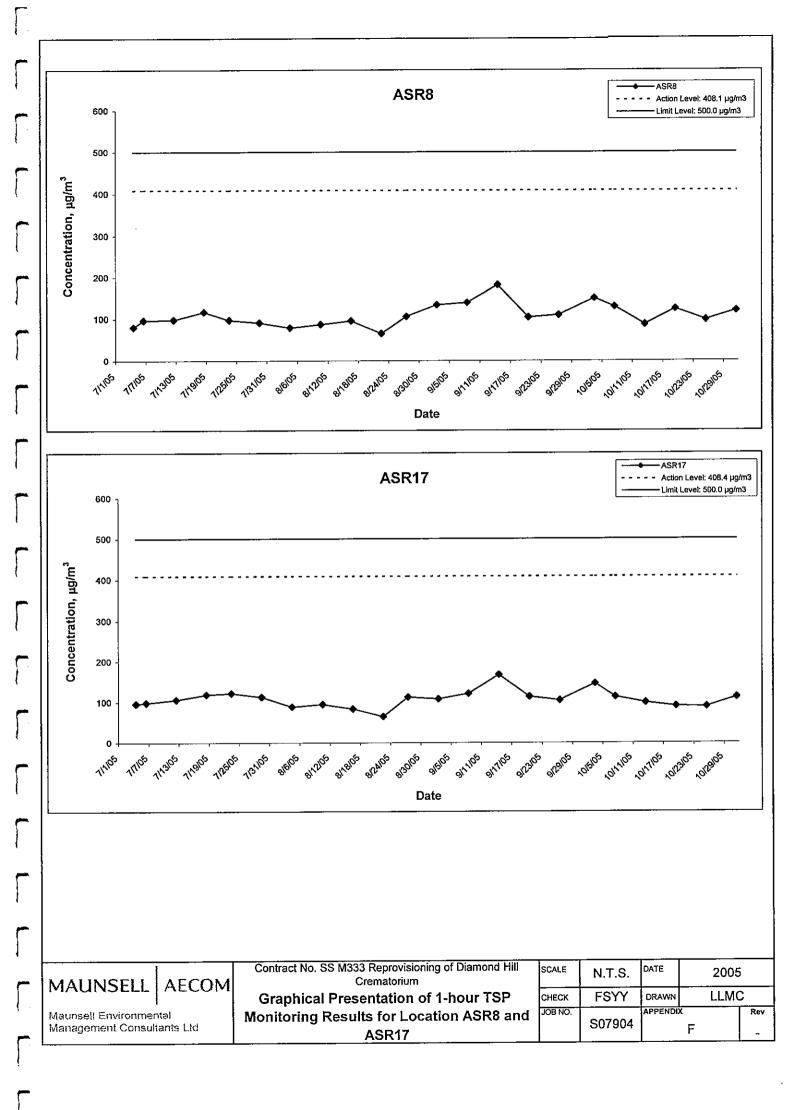
24-hour TSP Monitoring Results at Station ASR8

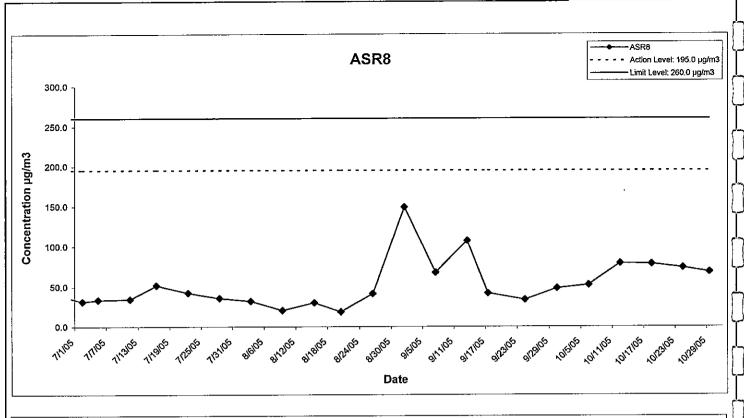
Date	Filter W	Filter Weight (g)	Flow Rate (m³/	(m³/min.)	Elapse	Elapse Time	Sampling	Conc.	Weather	Particulate	Av. flow	Total vol.
	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Time(hrs.)	(µg/m³)	Condition	weight(g)	(m³/min)	(m³)
6-Oct-05	3.6219	3.7233	1.34	1.34	1646.5	1670.5	24.0	52.5	Sunny		1.34	1932.5
12-Oct-05	3.5648	3.7185	1.34	1.34	1670.5	1694.5	24.0	79.5	Sunny	0.15	1.34	1932.5
18-Oct-05	3.5447	3.6967	1.34	1.34	1694.5	1718.5	24.0	78.6	Sunny	0.15	1.34	1933.3
24-Oct-05	3.6241	3.7672	1.34	1.34	1718.5	1742.5	24.0	74.0	Sunny	0.14	1.34	1933.3
29-Oct-05	3.6191	3.7500	1.34	1.34	1742.5	1766.2	23.7	68.6	Sunny	0.13	1.34	1908.3
							Min	52.5		الله عليه والمراجعة الله المراجعة المرا		
							Max	79.5	-			
							Average	9.07				

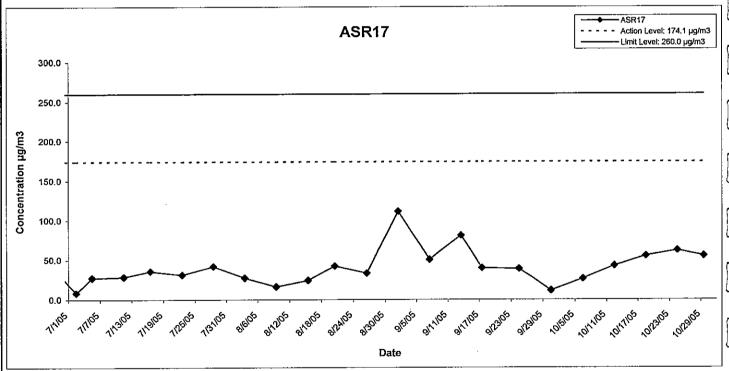
24-hour TSP Monitoring Results at Station ASR17

Date	Filter W	Filter Weight (g)	Flow Rate	• (m³/min.)	Elapse	Elapse Time	Sampling	Conc.	Weather	Particulate		Total vol.
	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Time(hrs.)	(പു/യ)	Condition	weight(g)	(m³/min)	(m³)
6-Oct-05	3.6784	3.7274	1.31	1.31		15763.3	24.0	25.9	Sunny	0.05	1.31	1889.3
12-Oct-05	3.5876	3.6714	1.37	1.37	15763.3	15787.3	24.0	42.4	Sunny	90'0	1.37	1975.7
18-Oct-05	3.5884	3.6963	1.37	1.37	15787.3		24.0	54.6	Sunny	0.11	1.37	1975.7
24-Oct-05	3.5421	3.6616	1.34	1.34	15811.3	15835.4	24.1	61.6	Sunny	0.12	1.34	1939.7
29-Oct-05	3.6316	3.7394	1.37	1.37	15835.4	15859.4	24.0	54.6	Sunny	0.11	1.37	1975.7
							Min	25.9				
							Max	61.6				
							Average	47.8				
						4			1			

Remark: Bold value indicated an Action level exceedance Bold & Italic value indicated an Limit level exceedance

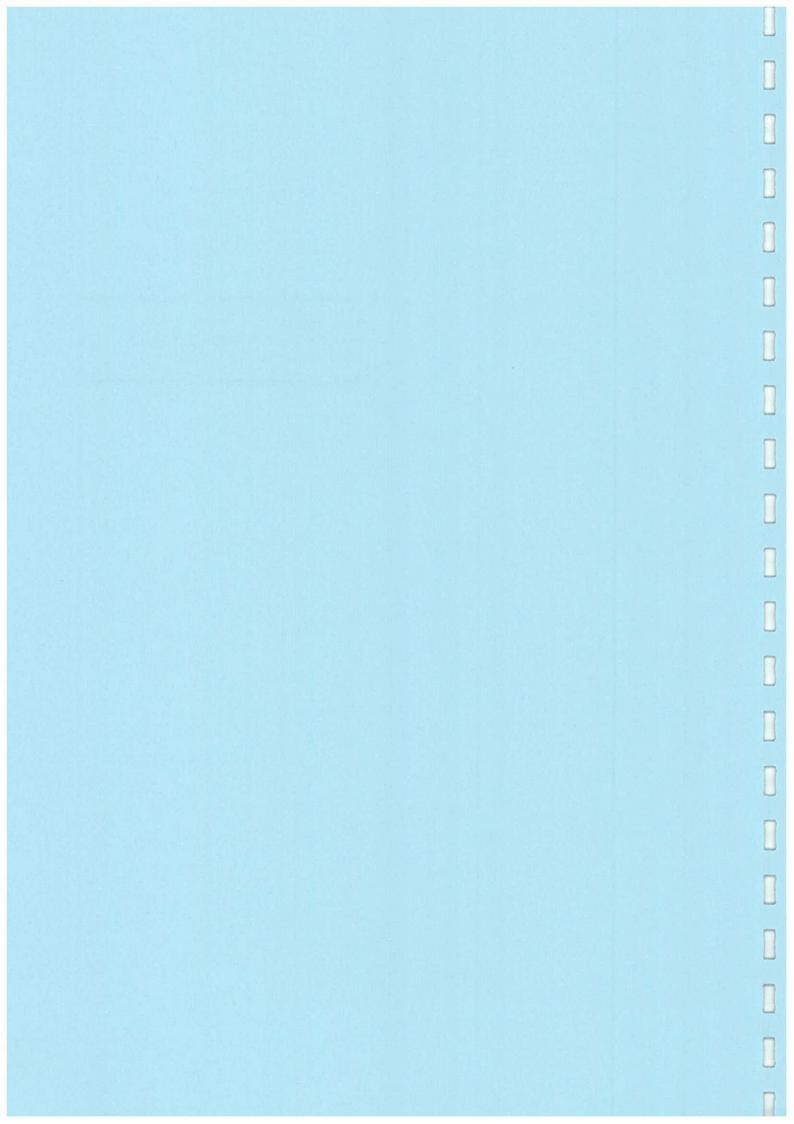






MAUNSELL AECO	O contractions -	SCALE	N.T.S.	DATE	2005	; ,
MAUNICE	Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP	CHECK	FSYY	DRAWN	LLMC	5
Maunsell Environmental	Monitoring Results for Location ASR8 and	JOB NO.	S07904	APPENDIX		Rev
Management Consultants Ltd	ASR17		307904		F	- ۳

APPENDIX G
NOISE MONITORING RESULTS AND
GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION



Appendix G Noise Monitoring Results

Daytime Noise Monitoring Results at Station SR3

	Weather	Noise	Level for	30-min, d	B(A) [†]	Baseline Noise	Calculated Construction Noise	Limît Level,	Exceedance
Date	Condition	Time	L90	L10	Leq	Level, dB(A)	Level, dB(A)	dB(A)	(Y/N)
7-Oct-05	Sunny	9:50	64.0	68.0	66.4	65.1	60.5	70	N
13-Oct-05	Sunny	9:20	63.5	67.5	65.5	65.1	54.9	70	N
19-Oct-05	Sunny	14:15	63.1	68.9	66.2	65.1	59.7	70	N
25-Oct-05	Sunny	9:50	62.5	68.0	66.8	65.1	61.9	70	N
31-Oct-05	Sunny	9:55	62.0	67.4	65.3	65.1	51.8	70	N
	·	Min	62.0	67.4	65.3				
		Max	64.0	68.9	66.8	1			
		Average	63.0	68.0	66.0				

Daytime Noise Monitoring Results at Station SR4

Date	Weather Condition	Noise Level for 30-min, dB(A)*				Baseline Noise	Calculated Construction Noise	Limit Level.	Exceedance
		Time	L90	L10	Leq	Level, dB(A)	Level, dB(A)	dB(A)	(Y/N)
7-Oct-05	Sunny	9:00	62.5	67.7	65.8	65.6	52.3	70 _	N
13-Oct-05	Sunny	8:55	61.8	66.2	64.0	65.6	*Note	70	N N
19-Oct-05	Sunny	13:50	62.8	68.0	65.7	65.6	*Note_	70	N
25-Oct-05	Sunny	9:00	62.5	67.0	65.7	65.6	49.3	70	N .
31-Oct-05	Sunny	9:10	62.0	66.2	64.8	65.6	*Note	70	N
		Min	61.8	66.2	64.0				
		Max	62.8	68.0	65.8	1			
		Average	62.3	67.0	65.2	1			

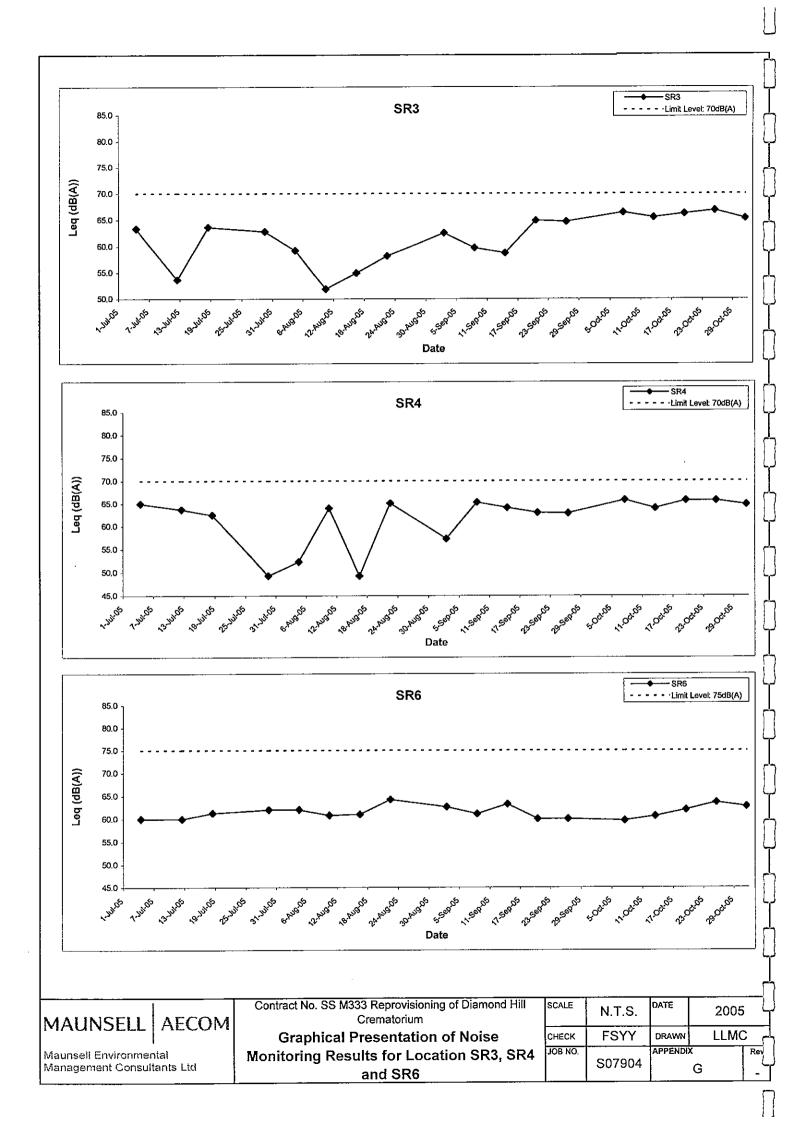
Daytime Noise Monitoring Results at Station SR6

Date	Weather Condition	Noise Level for 30-min, dB(A) ⁺				Baseline Noise	Calculated Construction Noise	Limit Level,	Exceedance
		Time	L90	L10	Leq	Level, dB(A)	Level, dB(A)	dB(A)	(Y/N)
7-Oct-05	Sunny	8:00	58.0	62.0	59.7	68.5	*Note	75	N
13-Oct-05	Sunny	8:00	57.5	63.4	60.6	68.5	*Note	75	N_
19-Oct-05	Sunny	13:00	57.0	65.2	62.0	68.5	*Note	75	N N
25-Oct-05	Sunny	8:00	60.5	66.2	63.6	68.5	*Note	75	N
31-Oct-05	Sunny	8:00	60.0	65.0	62.7	68.5	*Note	75	N
		Min	57.0	62.0	59.7				
		Max	60.5	66.2	63.6				
		Average	58.6	64.4	61.7				

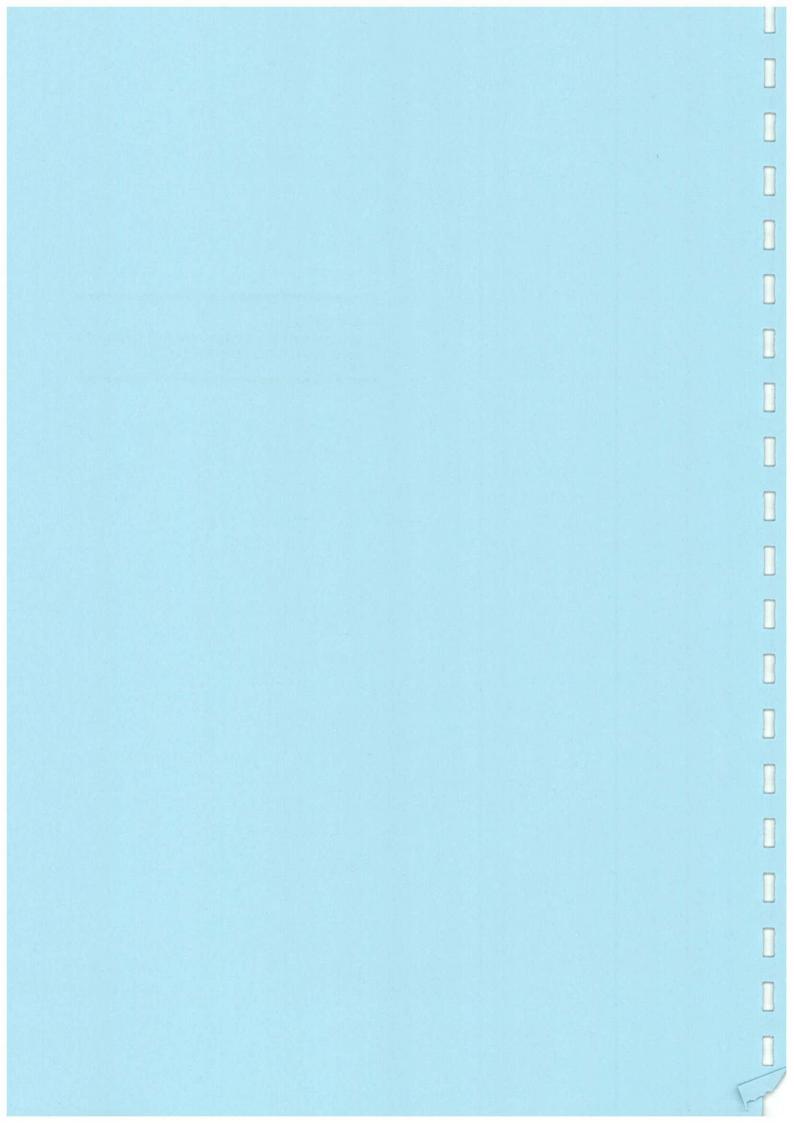
⁺ - Façade measurement

Bold & Italic value indicated an Limit level exceedance

Note: Measured noise level is less than the baseline noise level.



APPENDIX H
SUMMARY OF WEEKLY ENVIRONMENTAL
SITE INSPECTION OBSERVATIONS



Appendix H Summary of Weekly Environmental Site Inspection Observations

Inspection Information

Date	5 October 2005
Time	9:35 – 10:15 a.m.

Remarks/Observations

Water Quality

No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Air Quality

2. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Noise

3. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Waste/Chemical Management

- 4. Following up the previous inspection, oil drums were provided with drip tray.
- The Contractor was reminded to label the oil drums including empty drums.
- 6. The Contractor was reminded to cover the rubbish bin.

Landscape and Visual

7. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Others

8. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Inspection Information

Date	12 October 2005
Time	9:30 – 9:58 a.m.

Remarks/Observations

Water Quality

9. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Air Quality

 The Contractor was reminded to provide watering for the unpaved access road more frequently during dry weather.

Noise

11. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Waste/Chemical Management

- 12. Following up the previous inspection, empty drums were labeled.
- 13. Following up the previous inspection, rubbish bins were covered.

Landscape and Visual

14. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Others

15. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Reprovisioning of Diamond	Hill Crematorium
Weekly Environmental Site	Inspection Record

Inspection Information

Date	20 October 2005
Time	9:15 – 9:45 a.m.

Remarks/Observations

Water Quality

16. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Air Quality

- 17. Following up the previous inspection, sprinkler system was installed beside the haul road. Water spraying was in progress.
- 18. Some tarpaulin sheets which were used for covering the slopes were damaged. The Contractor was reminded to replace them as soon as possible.

Noise

19. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Waste/Chemical Management

20. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Landscape and Visual

21. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Others

22. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Inspection Information

Date	27 October 2005
Time	2:30 – 3:30 p.m.

Remarks/Observations

Water Quality

- 23. The out-put tube of the drainage system haven't provide a protection cover. The Contractor was reminded to setup them as soon as possible.
- 24. The air conditioner at sub-contractor 's site office dropping water to the ground. The Contractor was reminded to repair them as soon as possible.

Air Quality

25. Following up the previous inspection, tarpaulin sheets that were used for covering the slopes was repaired.

Noise

26. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Waste/Chemical Management

27. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

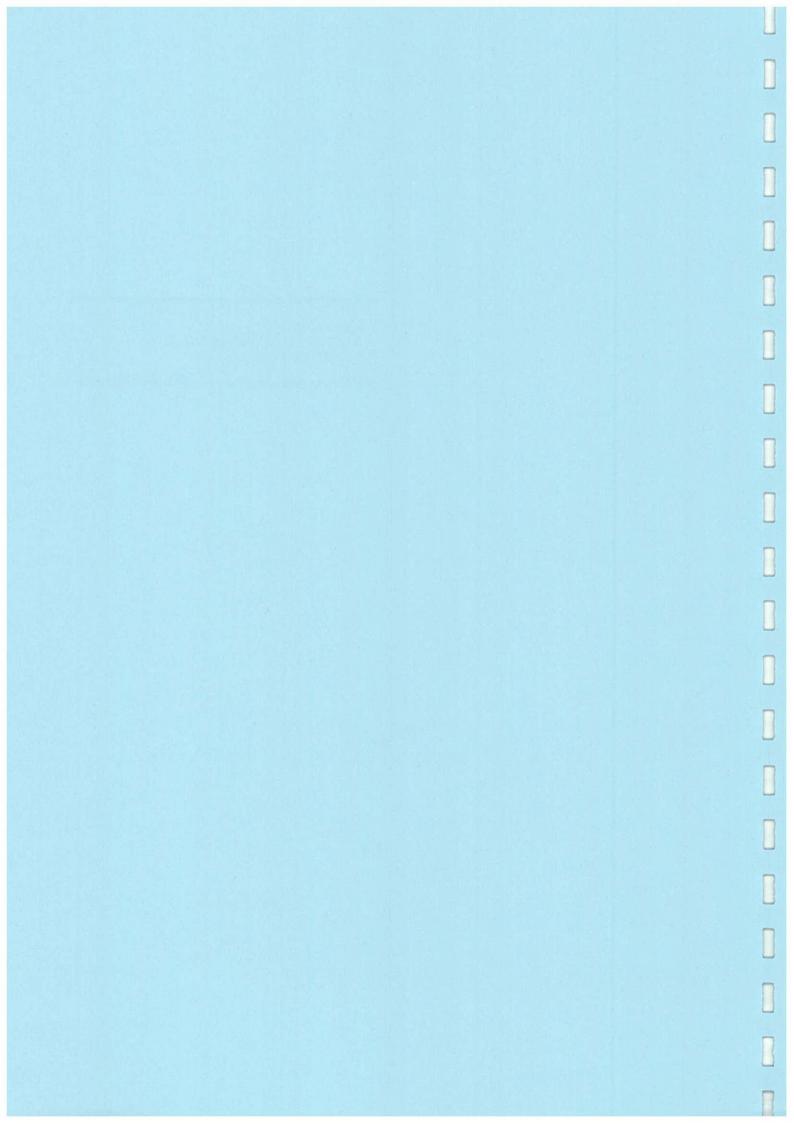
Landscape and Visual

28. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

Others

29. No violation was observed in this site inspection.

APPENDIX I STATUS OF ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS/LICENCES



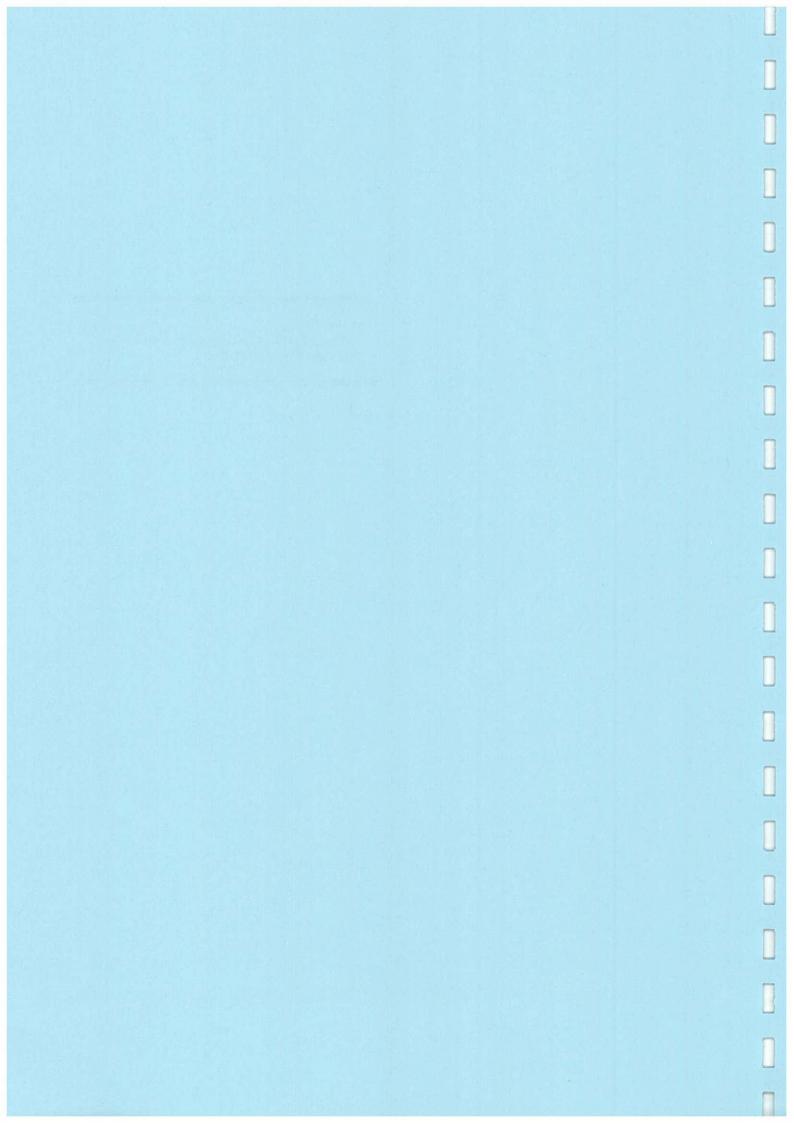
Appendix I

Status of Environmental Permits/Licenses

Dawnii Na	Valid	Period	Section				Status
Permit No.	From	То	Section				
Environmental Per	mit & Furth	er Environn	nental Permit				
EP-179/2004/B	14 Feb 2005	N/A	Reprovisioning Crematorium	of	Diamond	Hill	Valid
Registration as a C	Chemical Wa	ste Produc	er				_
5213-288-C3108- 10	6 Dec 2004	N/A	Reprovisioning Crematorium	of	Diamond	Hill	Valid
Water Discharge L	icense						
RE/C0202/288/1	9 Mar 2005	31 Mar 2010	Reprovisioning Crematorium	of	Diamond	Hill	Valid
Construction Nois	e Permit						
GW-RE0211-05	10 Aug 2005	9 Feb 2006	Reprovisioning Crematorium	of	Diamond	Hill	Valid

\prod

APPENDIX J IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE OF MITIGATION MEASURES



Appendix J – Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Air Quality Mitigation Measures			<u> </u>		
Special air pollution control systems shall be installed and operate to reduce the emissions of iir pollutants to acceptable levels	New cremators in New Crematorium	Arch SD	Design, Construction, Demolition and Operation stage	BPM/APCO	
EHD shall apply for a Specified Process License under the APCO	New Cremators in the New Crematorium / prior to operation	FEHD	Construction, Demolition and Operation stage	APCO	N/A
The efflux velocity of chimney shall be at least 15 m/s, the design diameter of the chimneys shall be 0.22 m and 0.30 m, the design chimney height shall be 101mP.D. (28.5m above ground), for 170 kg and 250 kg cremators respectively	Chimney of New Crematorium / design and construction stages	Arch SD	Design and Construction stage	BPWAPCO	N/A
the interior wall of existing cremators and chimney are confirmed dioxins contaminated, special precautions shall be taken avoid fugitive emissions of dioxin contaminated materials	Cremator room and chimney in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Arch SD/Contractor	Demolition stage		N/A
Sufficient water spraying should be applied during the construction work, the fugitive dust generated from general construction dust would be reduced by 90%	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Arch SD, contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	APCO	•
Carry out a confirmatory test of dioxins in the depositions on chimney wall, flue gas ducting and combustion chambers when the existing Crematorium is shut down	Chimney, flue and cremators in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	FEHD, Arch SD	Demolition stage		N/A
If the dioxin level of surface deposition is between 1 and 10 ppb I-TEQ, it is classified as moderately contaminated with dioxins. The demolition work site should be covered up to avoid emission of fugitive dust during demolition	Chimney, flue and cremators in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD 3	Demolition stage		

Recommended Miligation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
If the dioxin level of surface deposition exceeds 10 ppb I-TEQ, it is classified as severely dioxin-contaminated waste. If it is confirmed that the existing facilities are severely contaminated with dioxins, a special decommissioning method — Containment method — would be adopted	Chimney, flue and cremators in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD 3	Demolition stage		N/A
All the demolition waste would be carefully handled, sealed and treated as chemical waste. The waste collector shall be responsible for preventing fugitive dust emission when handling the demolition waste	Chimney, flue and cremators in Existing Crematorium / demolition stage	Arch SD, contractor	Demolition stage		1
Employ a registered asbestos contractor to remove asbestos containing material during the demolition of the existing crematorium building	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD, contractor	Demolition stage	APCO	N/A
Submit a formal AIR and Asbestos Abatement plan signed by a registered asbestos consultant to the Authority for approval under APCO 28 days prior to the start of any asbestos abatement work.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD, consultant	Demolition stage	APCO	N/A
when removing asbestos containing materials, enclosure of the work area; containment and sealing for the asbestos containing waste; provision of personal decontamination facility; use of personal respiratory/protection equipment; use of vacuum cleaner equipped with highefficiency air particulate (HEPA) filter for cleaning up the work area; and carry out air quality monitoring during the asbestos abatement work	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD, consultant	Demolition stage	APCO -	N/A
Appoint qualified personnel to carry out the asbestos containing material removal work, including a registered asbestos contractor to carry out the work; a registered asbestos supervisor to supervise the work; a registered asbestos laboratory to monitor the air quality, and a registered asbestos consultant to supervise and certify the asbestos abatement work.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD, consultant	Demolition stage	ÄPCO	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Erect a site barrier with the height of no less than 2.4m to enclose the construction site Apply frequent water spraying to ensure the surface of the construction site sufficiently wet to reduce fugitive dust due to wind erosion and transportation on unpaved haul road Cover up stockpiles of fill material and dusty material Install a vehicle-cleaning system at the main entrance of the construction site to clean up the vehicles before leaving the site The Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation shall be followed for fugitive dust control	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	APCO, Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	
No more than 6 cremators (including both the existing and new ones) are in operation during commissioning test of new cremators. The commissioning test of each new cremator shall be recorded by a log book	Existing and new cremators in Exiting and New Crematorium / text and commissioning	Arch SD/FEHD/ Contractor	Construction stage		N/A
Special air pollution control systems shall be installed and operate to reduce the emissions of air pollutants to acceptable levels	New cremators in New Crematorium / all stages	Arch SD	Design, Construction, Demolition and Operation stage	BPWAPCO	N/A
Conduct baseline and regular 1-hour and 24-hour TSP monitoring.	A8 and A17 / baseline monitoring prior to Phase I & II works and regular monitoring throughout Phase I & II works	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	APCO, EM&A Guidelines for Development Projects in Hong Kong	1
When the demolition material is confirmed to have ACM, monitoring for asbestos fibre would be carried out at the boundary of the construction site for reassurance purposes as per the requirement of future	Construction site boundary / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Asbestos Study Report, AIR and AAP to be submitted under	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
license for asbestos abatement, though it is not expected that asbestos fibre would be liberated from the demolition of the Existing Crematorium building.		·		APCO, future licence for asbestos abatement (if any)	
Noise Mitigation Measures		,,,			L,
Select quiet plant, which is defined as PME with a sound power level lower than that specified in GW-TM. Examples of quiet plant can be referred to those listed in British Standard BS5228.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	GW-TM	1
Where practicable, use movable barriers of 3 to 5 m height with a small cantilevered upper portion and skid footing can be located within a few metres from a stationary plant (e.g. generator, compressor, etc.) and within about 5 m for a mobile equipment (e.g. breaker, excavator, etc.), especially in the vicinity of SR3, SR4 and SR6. The purpose-built noise barriers or screens shall be constructed of appropriate materials with a minimum superficial density of 15kg/m2.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	NCO	N/A
Only well-maintained plant should be operated on site and plant should be regularly serviced during the construction works Plant that is used intermittently should be turned off or throttled down when not in active use	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demotition stages	NCO	١
Plant that is known to emit noise strongly in one direction should be oriented to face away from NSRs					:
Silencers, mufflers and enclosures for plant should be used where possible and maintained adequately throughout the works					
Where possible mobile plant should be sited away from NSRs					

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
 Stockpiles of excavated materials and other structures such as site buildings should be used effectively to screen noise from the works 				:	
Liaise with the school and the Examination Authority to ascertain the dates and times of examination periods during the course of the construction demoition works so as to avoid any noisy activities during these periods. Programme of the on-site works should hence be well programmed such that the noisier construction activities would not be coincided with the examination of the schools.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Demolition stage	NCO	1
Conduct regular noise monitoring.	SR 3, SR 4 and SR 6 / Phase I & II works	Contractor	Demolition stage	NCO, EM&A Guidelines for Development Projects in Hong Kong	1
Land Contamination Mitigation Measures Additional site investigations in areas of the site that are currently in use and cannot be readily accessed. These investigations will be carried out once the existing facility has been decommissioned. The additional site investigations are required in the vicinity of the existing CLP secondary substation, and around the cremators and flues inside the crematorium building. Once access to these areas is available, a sampling and analysis plan will be prepared for approval by EPD, additional investigations will take place, and the need for remedial works will be determined. Any remedial works required will be in addition to those described in this current report.	CLP secondary substation and cremator room/ demolition stage (Phase I - CLP secondary substation; Phase II - cremator room)	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94	4
Once the Existing Crematorium has ceased operating during Phase II, confirmatory surface	Locations S1 to S6 specified in the	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
samples will be taken from the samples points S1 to S6 at a depth of 0.1m, and these samples will be analysed for the same suite of determinands (i.e. dioxins, metals and PAH) in order to confirm that no further contamination has occurred. The Remediation Action Plan will be revised on the basis of these results.	CAP/demolition				
The underground fuel storage tank and associated pipework will be removed as part of the site formation works. The base of the excavations will be inspected during and after tank removal by a suitably experienced environmental specialist in order to determine whether there is any visual or olfactory evidence of fuel contamination. If such contamination is suspected, then confirmatory soil sampling will be carried out, and the samples analysed for TPH.	Underground fuel storage tank/during and after tank removal	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	N/A
Summary of remediation works at locations S3 and S5:					
1. Mark out 5m radius around S3 and S5 2. Excavate to depth of 0.5m 3. Transport to landfill site for final disposal4. Take 4 samples from edges of excavation and one sample from base of excavation, analyse for lead and fin 5. If the results exceed Dutch B Levels, extend excavation to a further 5 m radius and 0.5 m depth in the quadrant where the contaminated samples is encountered and repeat steps 3 and 4 6. If the results less than Dutch B Levels, then remediation completed.	Locations S3 and S5 specified in CAP/demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN3/94	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
During removal of the underground fuel storage tank, appropriate precautions should be taken to avoid contamination. All fuel tanks and associated pipework should be emptied prior to any demolition work being undertaken. Any remaining sludge or sediment in the tanks or pipework should be removed and disposed of as chemical waste in accordance with the appropriate regulations for disposal of such material.	Underground fuel storage tank / Phase II demolition	Agent Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	N∕A
Should contamination be encountered beneath the fuel tank or the CLP secondary substation, further remedial work will be required. Such potential contamination would consist of either TPH (in the case of the fuel tank) or PCBs (in the case of the CLP secondary substation). As a realistic worst-case estimate, the PCB contaminated soil at CLP secondary substation may require stabilisation with cement prior to disposal to landfill. A realistic worst case estimate is that the volume of TPH contaminated soil at underground storage tank would require landfill disposal.	CLP secondary substation /Phase I demolition and underground fuel tank / Phase II demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	N/A
Health and Safety Precautions during Remedial Works					
The site workers engaged in the remedial works should be provided with adequate personal protective equipment, which should include: • Protective footwear; • Gloves; • Dust masks; and • Overalls. A clean area should be provided, equipped with washing facilities. Eating, drinking and smoking should only be permitted within designated "clean" areas after washing. Excavated material should not be stockpiled, but should immediately be treated/transported to landfill on a daily basis	All areas requiring remedial works in Project site / demolition during Phases I and II	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
·			i i	Workshops	
Avoidance of Impacts on Water Quality during Remedial Works In order to avoid impacts on water quality during remedial works, care will be taken to minimise the mobilisation of sediment during excavation and transport. Measures to be adopted will be based on the recommendations set out in Practice Note for Professional Persons ProPECC PN1/94 "Construction Site Drainage". The results of the site investigation suggest that there is unlikely to be any requirement for dewatering of excavations, since groundwater was not encountered in any of the exploratory holes. The contractor carrying out the remedial works will be required to submit a method statement detailing the measures to be taken to avoid water quality impacts. Typical measures would include; • Carry out the works during the dry season (i.e. October to March) if possible; • Use bunds or perimeter drains to prevent run-off water entering excavations; • Sheet or otherwise cover excavations whenever rainstorms are expected to occur; • Minimise the requirements for stockpiling of material and ensure any stockpiles are covered; • Temporary on-wit stockpiling of contaminated materials should be avoided, and all excavated contaminated soils/materials should be disposed of on a daily basis; • Ensure that any discharges to storm drains pass through an appropriate sill trap. Waste Disposal Requirements during Remedial	All areas requiring remedial works in Project site / demolision during Phases I and II	Agent Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94, ProPECC PN1/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair I Dismantling Workshops	N/A
Works An application for permission to dispose of excavated material should be made to the Facilities Management Group of EPD three months prior to disposal. A "tripticket" system should be implemented. Each load of contaminated soil despatched to landfill should be	All areas requiring remedial works in Project site / demolition during Phases I and II	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94, Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), WBTC No. 21/2002 and	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
accompanied by an admission ticket. Vehicles leaving the site should be adequately sheeted to prevent dispersion of contaminated material during transport. The wheels of vehicles should be cleaned prior to leaving site, to prevent contaminated material leaving site on the wheels of vehicles.				Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	·
Compliance Report for Remedial Works Following completion of remediation works, a Remediation Report should be compiled and submitted, to demonstrate that the remediation works have been carried out in accordance with the Remediation Action Plan. The Remediation Report should include details of the excavation works carried out, records of material taken to landfill, and results of confirmatory testing, and should be submitted to EPD for approval before the commencement of building works.	All areas requiring remedial works in Project site / after completion of remediation works	Agent Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	N/A
Land Contamination Mitigation Measures Conduct supplementary site investigation for TPH and PCB in soil samples.	CLP substation / after decommissioning but prior to demolition during Phase I work	Contractor	Demolition stage	CAR, RAP, future sampling and analysis plan	1
Conduct confirmatory testing of PAH, dioxins and metals (the "Dutch List") in soil samples.	S1 to S6 / Phase II work	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	CAR, RAP, future sampling and analysis plan	N/A
If fuel contamination underneath the underground fuel tank is suspected, confirmatory soil sampling will be carried out for analysis of TPH.	Underneath the underground fuel tank / Phase II	Contractor	Demolition stages	CAR, RAP, future sampling and analysis plan	N/A
Conduct confirmatory testing of tin and lead in soil	S3 and S5 / during	Contractor	Construction and	CAR, RAP, future	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
samples to confirm all contaminated soil has been excavated.	Phase II work following excavation at each location		Demolition stages	sampling and analysis plan	
Waste Management Mitigation Measures					<u> </u>
Good Site Practice Obtain relevant waste disposal permits from the appropriate authorities, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation (Cap. 354) and the Land (Miscellaneous Provision) Ordinance(Cap. 28) Prepare a Waste Management Plan approved by the Engineers / Supervising Officer of the Project in accordance with Environment, Transport and Works Bureau Technical Circular (Works) (ETWBTC(W)) 15/2003, Waste Management On Construction Sites Nominate an approved person, such as site manager, to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal of all types of wastes generated on-site to appropriate facility Use waste haulier authorized or licensed to collect specific category of waste Establish trip ticket system as contractual requirement (with reference to Works Branch Technical Circular (WBTC) No. 21/2002) for monitoring of public fill and C&D waste at public filling facilities and landfills. Such activities should be monitored by the Environmental Team Provide training to site staff in terms of proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures Separate chemical wastes for special handling and dispose them at licensed facility for treatment Establish troutine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors Provide sufficient waste disposal points and regular	Project site/ design, construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Design, Construction and Demosition stages	Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), Waste Disposal(Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation(Cap. 354) Land(Miscellaneou s Provision) Ordinance(Cap. 28) WDO, ETWBTC(W) 15/2003, WBTC No. 21/2002	1

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
collection for disposal Adopt measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers Establish recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed of (including the disposal sites)					
Waste Management Plan The contractor should submit the Waste Management Plan to Engineer/Supervising Officer of the Project for approval. The Waste Management Plan should describe the arrangements for avoidance, reuse, recovery and recycling, storage, collection, treatment and disposal of different categories of waste to be generated from the activities of the Project and indicate the disposal location(s) of all waste. A trip ticket system shall be included in the Waste Management Plan.	Project site / design, construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Design, Construction and Demolition stages	Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354)	4
Waste Reduction Measures • Minimize the damage or contamination of construction material by proper storage and site practices • Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimize amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste • Prior to disposal of C&D waste, wood, steel and other metals should be separated for reuse and / or recycling to minimize the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill • Minimize use of wood and reuse non-timber formwork to reduce the amount of C&D waste • Recycle any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity as far as practicable • As far as practicable, segregate and store different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal • Encourage collection of aluminium cans, plastic bottles and packaging material (e.g. carlon boxes) and office paper by individual collectors, separate tabeled	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Agent Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	WBTC No. 32/92, 5/98 and 19/99	*

	4	
1	1	

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
bins should be provided to help segregate this waste					
from other general refuse generated by the work force. Excavated Material Rock and soil generated from excavation should be reused for site formation as far as possible. In addition, excavated material from foundation work can be reused for landscaping as far as practicable to avoid disposal off-site.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	WBTC 12/2000	1
as practicable to avoid utspissal ori-rise. Construction and Demolition Material Careful design, planning and good site management can minimize over-ordering and generation of waste materials such as concrete, mortar and cement grouts. Standard formwork should be used as far as practicable, wooden formwork should be used as far as practicable, wooden formwork should be replaced by metal ones whenever possible. Alternatives such as plastic fencing and reusable site office structures can also minimize C&D waste generation. The contractor should recycle as much as possible of the C&D material on-site. Public fill and C&D waste should be segregated and stored in different containers or skips to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal. Materials such as concrete and masonry can be crushed and used as fill and steel reinforcing bar can be used by scrap steel mills. Different areas of sites should be designated for such segregation and storage. To maximize landfill life, government policy discourages the disposal of C&D materials with more than 20% inert material by volume (or 30% inert material by weight) at landfill. Inert C&D material (public fill) should be directed to an approved public filling area, where it has the added benefit of offsetting the need for removal of materials from borrow areas for reclamation purposes.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Design, Construction and Demolition stages	WBTC 5/98 and19/99	
Contaminated Material – Further Contamination	CLP secondary	Contractor	Demolition	ProPECC PN	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures		ures	Location and Timing	Who to implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Location	Investigation Parameter	Investigation Period					
Cremators/ flue/chimney and surrounding areas	Asbestos (building structure)	Phase II					
CLP secondary substation	PCB, TPH (soil samples)	Phase I					
Cremators/ flue/chimney and surrounding areas	Dioxins, heavy metals, PAH (ash waste)	Phase II					
Surface soil around Existing Crematorim	Dioxins, heavy metals, PAH (soil sample)	Phase II					
information on at cremators /	materials requiring						

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Samples of ash/particulate matters should be collected from within the cremators (including the bottom ash), chimney walls, flues and surrounding area of the Existing Crematorium for analysis of dioxin, heavy metals and PAHs by a HOKLAS accredited laboratory. A consultant experienced in the abatement of chemical wastes particularly the handling of DCM, should be appointed in order to assist with the evaluation of the information and prepare an abatement plan for the ash waste. Such a plan shall be submitted to EPD and the Labour Department (LD) to establish an acceptable and safe method for these potentially hazardous wastes. The abatement plan should identify the method of abatement, the performance criteria for the protection of workers and the environment and any emergency procedures and contingency measures required. It must be ensured that the treatment of ash wastes will comply with all routine construction site safety procedures would apply as well as statutory requirements under the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance and Factories and Industrial Undertakings Ordinance. Due to the difficulties in establishing permanent and effective engineering controls, the protection of workers is likely to be at the worker level. A safe system of work must be provided, and training and suitable personal protective equipment as well as hygienic decontamination facilities should be provided. It is recommended that the methods to be adopted by the contractor for disposal of the ash waste should be agreed with LD and EPD.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium I before demolition and after decommission	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94	N/A
Sufficient time should be allocated to abate all ash waste with DCM/HMCM/PAHCM. The contractor should ensure the implications of dust				ProPECC PN 3/94 Code of Practice on	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
containing DCM/HMCM on air quality and workers health during the clean up work are mitigated. Since DCM is chemically related to Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB) wastes, the requirements of the Code of Practice on the Handling, Transportation and Disposal of (PCB) Wastes should be referenced when developing the abatement plan.				the Handling, Transportation and Disposal of (PCB) Wastes	
A land contamination site investigation was carried out under this ElA to determine disposal requirements for contaminated soil. Further site investigation on soil around CLP secondary substation is needed when decommissioned, which will be during Phase I of the works. In addition, confirmatory testing on DCM level in locations S1 to S6 will be required to identify the appropriate remediation and disposal requirements during Phase II of the works.	Locations S1 to S6 in CAP / prior to Phase II demolition		Demolition stage		N/A
Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) Further asbestos assessment should be carried out when access to the cremators iffue Ichimney is accessible after decommissioning and before demolition. An AMP should be prepared. The AAP should be prepared and submitted to EPD for approval prior to commencement of demolition works in accordance to the APCO. It is preferable to remove all ACM before actual demolition. A registered asbestos removal contractor should be employed to remove all ACM in accordance with the approved AAP which will be prepared in due course in accordance with the Code of Practice (COP) on Asbestos Control for Safe Handling of Low Risk ACM and Asbestos Work Using Full Containment or Mini Containment Method published by EPD. A registered asbestos consultant should also be employed to	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / before demolition and after decommission	Contractor	Demolition stage	Code of Practice (COP) on Asbestos Control for Safe Handling of Low Risk ACM and Asbestos Work Using Full Containment or Mini Containment Method COP on Handling, Transportation and Disposal of Asbestos Waste under the Waste Disposal	N/A

1	5

Recommend	ed Mitigation Meas	ures	Location and Timing	Who to implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
the contractor on Handling, Waste under	atement works. For the r should observe the Transportation and D the Waste Disposal aste) (General) Regu	COP Disposal of Asbestos				(Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation APCO	
Dioxin Contai Containing M Polyaromatic (PAHCM) froi Crematorium	ning Materials (DCM aterials (HMCM) / Hydrocarbon Contai m Demolition of the E ntamination Classific ICM) / Heavy Metal ning Materials xisting	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / before demolition and after decommission	Contractor	Demolition	ProPECC PN3/94 USEPA dioxin assessment criterion	N/A
Low/Non Contaminat ed by DCM / HMCM / PAHCM	< 1 ppb TEQ	< Dutch "B" List					
Moderately/ Severely Contaminat ed HMCM / PAHCM	< 1 ppb TEQ	≥ Dutch "B" List					
Moderately Contaminat ed DCM	≥ 1 and <10 ppb TEQ	Any level					

Recommended Mitigation Measures		Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status	
Severely Contaminat ed DCM	≥10 ppb TEQ	Any level					
Demolition, Ha Low/Non-Conf PAHCM from I Where the ast DCM/HMCM/F should avoid a demolition. Ge measures men All such ash w disposal of at Subject to the investigation, ash waste is fe	AHCM, the contract sh waste becoming neral dust suppressitioned in Section 4 aste can be directly	ACM/ ng Crematorium whon contaminated ctor g airborne during sion should be followed. rear asbestos where such ated with asbestos	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	APCO	N/A
Demolition, Ha Moderately Co Moderately/So from Demolitic Crematorium Procedure on disposal of Mo	andling, Treatment in intaminated DCM a inverely Contaminate in of the Existing demolition, handlin iderately Contaminaterately/Severely C	and Disposal of and ed HMCM / PAHCM g, treatment and	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures		Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Site Preparation	The contractor should ensure the impacts of dust containing dioxin and/or heavy metals on air quality and workers health during the handling and transportation of the contaminated materials are mitigated. Except the cremators/flue/chimney, all removable items where moderately contaminated DCM or moderately/severely contaminated HMCM / PAHCM is identified should be removed as far as practicable to avoid obstructing the decontamination activities. Preliminary site decontamination of all debris shall be carried out using HEPA vacuum cleaner. The top portion of the chimney above the roof shall be enclosed by a chamber with three layers of polyethene sheets. At the entrance to the cremators /flues /chimney, a 3-chamber decontamination unit shall be constructed for entry and exit from the work area. The 3-chamber decontamination unit shall comprise a dirty room, a shower room and a clean room of at least 1m x 1m base each with 3 layers of fire retardant polyethene sheet where all workers shall carry out decontamination procedures before leaving the work area. Warning signs in both Chinese and English should be put up in conspicuous areas.					

Recommend	ed Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
	All workers shall wear full protective equipment, disposable protective coverall (such as Tyvek) (with hood and shoe covers), nitritle gloves, rubber boots (or boot covers), and full-face positive pressure respirators equipped with a combination cartridge that filters particulate and removes organic vapour. The organic vapour protection is an added protection against the unlikely exposure to any vapour. If ACM is identified in building structures where moderately contaminated DCM or moderately/severely contaminated HMCM / PAHCM is found, relevant abatement measures for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented prior to the above site preparation.					
Decontamin ation, demolition and handling	The cremators/flue/chimney shall be removed from top down starting from the chimney. Any ash or residues attached to the cremators/flue/chimney or any other building structures shall be removed by scrubbing and HEPA vacuuming. Wastes generated from the containment or decontamination unit including the protection clothing of the workers such as the coverall, nitrile glove, rubber boots and materials used for wet wiping shall be disposed of at landfill site.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

1	9

Recommen	Recommended Mitigation Measures		Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
	After completion of removal, decontaminate all surfaces by HEPA vacuum.					
	If ACM is identified in building structures where moderately contaminated DCM or moderately/severely contaminated HMCM / PAHCM is found, relevant abatement measures for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented prior to the above decontamination, demolition					
Treatment	and handling measures. The ash waste contains dioxin/heavy metals and in its untreated state would be classified as a chemical waste under the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. While the quantity of DCM/HMCM is not expected to be significant, the levels of dioxin and heavy metals would affect the treatment option. Immobilization of the contaminated materials by mixing with cement followed by disposal at landfill (if landfill disposal criteria can be met) would					
	be the most preferable option. Rather than treating the already incinerated ash waste by incineration, the ash waste with moderately contaminated					

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
DCM or moderately/severely contaminated HMCM / PAHCM should be collected and stabilized to meet tandfill disposal criteria of the Facilities Management Group (FMG) of EPD. In this case it is envisaged that the process would involve collection and mixing of the ash waste with cement. Pilot mixing and TCLP tests should be carried out to establish the appropriate ratio of cement to ash waste to the satisfaction of EPD. It is envisaged that the pilot tests would involve the mixing of say 5%, 10% and 15% ratios of cement to ash waste and three replicate of 300 mm cube blocks for each ratio. TCLP tests should then be used to establish the correct ratio of cement to ash waste to the satisfaction of EPD.					

Recommended Mifigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Disposal After immobilization of the ash waste by mixing with cement in the correct ratio as determined by the pilot mixing and TCLP test, the waste materials should be placed inside polyethene lined steel drums for disposal at landfill. Transparent plastic sheeting of 0.15 mm thickness low-density polyethene or PVC should be employed. The drums should be 16 gauge steel or thicker and fitted with double bung fixed ends adequately sealed and well labelled in new or good condition. The drums should be clearly marked "DANGEROUS CHEMICAL WASTE" in English and Chinese. Prior agreement of the disposal criteria from the FMG of EPD and agreement to disposal from the landfil disposal criteria cannot be met after immobilization of the ash waste, disposal at the CWTC should be considered. The building structures will be dispos of at landfill.	demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

Recommend	Recommended Mitigation Measures		Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
	If ACM is identified in building structures where moderately contaminated DCM or moderately/severely contaminated HMCM / PAHCM is found, relevant disposal measures for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented instead.					
Severely Cont Demolition of Procedure for	andling, Treatment and Disposal of laminated DCM from the Existing Crematorium demolition, handling, treatment and everely Contaminated DCM	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A
Item	Procedure					
Site Preparation	Except the cremators/flue/chimney, all removable items where severely contaminated DCM is identified should be removed from the cremator room as far as practicable to avoid obstructing the decontamination activities. Preliminary site decontamination of all debris shall be carried out using HEPA vacuum cleaner. The walls, floor and ceiling of the cremator room where severely contaminated DCM located shall be lined with 3 layers of fire retardant polyethene sheets. The top portion of the chimney above the roof shall be enclosed by a chamber with three layers of polyethene sheets. At the entrance to the cremators/flues/chimney, a 3-chamber					

-	_
"	

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
decontamination unit shall be constructed for entry and exit from the work area. The 3-chamber decontamination unit shall comprise a dirty room, a shower room and a clean room of at least 1m x 1m base each with 3 layers of fire retardant polyeithene sheet where all workers shall carry out decontamination procedures before leaving the work area. Warning signs in both Chinese and English should be put up in conspicuous areas.					
Air movers should be installed at the cremator room, and at the bottom of the chimney to exhaust air from the work area. A stand-by air mover shall also be installed with each of the air movers. Sufficient air movement shall be maintained to give a minimum of 6 air changes per hour to the work area, and maintain a negative pressure of 0.05-0.15 inches of water within the work area throughout the entire course of the decommissioning works. A pressure monitor with printout records and audible alarm shall be installed at an easily accessible location to demonstrate that negative pressure is maintained. New pre-filters and HEPA filters shall be used on the air movers.					

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
the air movers should be kept on site for inspection upon request. The appointed contractor shall also check the differential pressure of the air mover to make sure the filter is not blocked. A differential pressure above 0.2 inches of water indicates that the filters would need to be changed.			Demolition stage	Waste Disposal	N/A
Smoke Test: before commencement of the decommissioning work, a smoke test with non-toxic smoke shall be carried out to ensure the air-tightness of the containment. Also check whether there are stagnant air pockets indicated by an aggregate of smoke that cannot effectively be extracted. After a successful test, switch on the air mover to exhaust smoke from the containment and to give a minimum of 6 air changes per hour, and check visually to see that the filters screen out the smoke effectively and if the pressure gauges read normal. If not, the air mover shall be sealed up and returned to the supplier workshop for necessary servicing, and replaced by a tested air mover. The normal reading pressure range for maintaining 6 air changes per hour shall be 1.5-4 mm/0.05-0.15 inches of water or equivalent	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demosition Stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
(negative pressure). The audible alarm's integrity should also be checked and the trigger shall be at <1.5 mm/0.05 inches of water (negative pressure). Otherwise securely seal up all openings before switching off the air mover. Treatment of Waste/Workers Safety Protection: the contractor shall be required to register as a Chemical Waste Producer. All workers shall wear full protective equipment, disposable protective covers), nitrite gloves, rubber boots (covers), nitrite gloves, rubber boots (covers), nitrite gloves, rubber boots (covers), and full-face positive pressure respirators equipped with a combination cartridge that filters particulate and removes organic vapour. The organic vapour protection is an added protection against the unlikely exposure to any vapour as a					
necessary measure. If ACM is identified in building structures where severely contaminated DCM is found, relevant abatement measure for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented prior to the above site					

Recommende	ed Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Decontamin ation, demolition and handling	The cremators/fitue/chimney shalf be removed from top down starting from the chimney. Any ash or residues attaching to the cremators/flue/chimney or any other building structures shalf be removed by scrubbing and HEPA vacuuming. The detached sections of the building structures where severely contaminated DCM is located shall be wrapped with 2 layers of fire retardant polyethene sheets. A third layer shall then be wrapped and secured with duct tape. Decontaminate the outer layer of the wrapped flue sections by wet wiping.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A
	Wastes generated from the containment or decontamination unit including the fire retardant polyethene sheets, protection clothing of the workers such as the coverall, nitrile glove, rubber boots and materials used for wet wiping shall be disposed of at tandfill site.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
The quantity of wastewater generated from the decontaminated process will be very small but the contractor should take precautionary measures as to minimize the quantity of contaminated water arising. Nevertheless, if any contaminated wastewater needs to be discharged out of the site, it has to be properly treated to WPCO requirements with prior agreement from EPD on discharge standards. After completion of removal, decontaminate the surface where severely contaminated DCM was located, including the wrapped incinerator furnace and flue sections left within the containment, by wet wiping and HEPA vacuum. Then spray the innermost layer of the fire retardant polyethene sheet covering the wall, ceiling and floor with PVA. Upon drying, peel off this innermost layer of the polyethene sheet covering the containment and dispose of at landfill site.			•		

Recommende	d Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
	Repeat the above decontamination procedure for the second innermost layer of fire retardant polyethene sheet by wet wiping and HEPA vacuuming. After spraying with PVA, peel off this second innermost layer of the polyethene sheet sheet covering the wall, ceiling and floor and dispose of at landfill site. Finally, the last layer of polyethene sheet shall then be taken down after spaying with PVA and be disposed as contaminated wastes.					
Treatment	If ACM is identified in building structures where severely contaminated DCM is found, relevant abatement measures for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented prior to the above decontamination, demolition and handling measures. Waste to be disposed to CWTC: all	Cremator room in	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste)	N/A
and disposal	contaminated ash waste with severely contaminated DCM removed and the used HEPA filters shall be sent to CWTC in Tsing YI. The total volume should be confirmed by further site investigation.	Existing Crematorium / demolition			(General) Regulation	

Recommended Miligation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Waste to be Disposed of at Landfill: other wastes including the building structures and its associated panels as well as wastes generated from this decommissioning works are also considered as contaminated waste and shall be disposed of at a designated landfill. Wastes generated from this decommissioning works refer to the polyethene wrapping sheets for the building structures, waste generated from the dismantlement of the containment and decontamination units, and cloth used in wet wrapping, etc. as previously described in this section. They shall be placed into appropriate containers such as drums, jerricans, or heavy duty and leak-proof plastic as a prudent approach. A disposal permit has to be obtained from the Authority. The disposal trip ticket is required to be made available as record after disposal. If ACM is identified in building structures where severely contaminated DCM is found, relevant disposal measures for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented in prior to the above disposal measures.					

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achleve?	Status
Dioxin Containing Materials (DCM) / Heavy Metal Containing Materials (HMCM) //Polyaromatic Hydrocarbon Containing Materials (PAHCM) / Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Containing Materials (TPHCM) / Polychlorinated Biphenyls Containing Materials (TPGBCM) from Soil Remediation at the Project Site					
According to the CAR and RAP, less than 100 m3 of soil would require disposal at landfill. Relevant health and safety procedure, waste disposal requirements and compliance report are as detailed in Figure 6.3. Mitigation measures to avoid fugitive dust emission mentioned in S.4.7.2 should also be observed.	Locations S3 and S5 of CAP / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN3/94 APCO	N/A
In addition, after decommissioning but before demotition of the Existing Crematorium, further investigations during Phase I of the works at the vicinity of CLP secondary substation should also be carried out to determine if additional remediation (in addition to the current RAP) is required. Continnatory test on levels of DCM, HMCM and PAHCM in locations S1 to S6 during Phase II of the works is also required to determine any further remediation. It is also required to determine any further remediation. It is also required to cremator/chimney/flues should also be collected for the testing of DCM/HMCM/PAHCM during Phase II of the works. The sampling and analysis plan should be prepared and submitted to EPD for approval.	CLP secondary substation / after decommission and before demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN3/94	N/A
All the aforementioned ACM / DCM / HMCM / PAHCM / TPHCM / PCBCM are classified as chemical waste. In addition to the measures mentioned above, the packaging, labelling and storage practices of chemical waste as stipulated in the following paragraphs should also be applied to these contaminated materials.	Project site / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Chemical Waste All the chemical waste should be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. The Contractor should register as a chemical waste producer. The chemical waste should be stored and collected by an approved contractor for disposal at a licensed facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. Containers used for the storage of chemical waste should:	Project site / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	1
 Be suitable for the substance they are holding, resistant to corrosion, maintained in good condition, and securely closed; 					
 Have a capacity of less than 450 L unless the specifications have been approved by the EPD; and 					:
 Display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. 					
The storage area for chemical waste should:				1	
 Be clearly labeled and used solely for the storage of chemical waste; 	1				
 Be enclosed on at least 3 sides; 					
 Have an impermeable floor and bunding, of capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20% by volume of the chemical waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest; 					
Have adequate ventilation;			1		
 Be covered to prevent rainfall from entering (water collected within the bund must be tested and disposal as chemical waste if necessary); and 					
Be properly arranged so that incompatible	<u></u>	_		1	

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
materials are adequately separated. The chemical waste should be disposed of by: A licensed waste collector; A facility licensed to receive chemical waste, such as the CWTC at Tsing Yi, which offers chemical waste collection service and can supply the necessary storage containers; and/or A waste recycling plant as approved by EPD.	Project site / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	N/A
General Refuse General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separated from C&D and chemical wastes. A reliable waste collector should be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D and chemical wastes, on a daily or every second day basis to minimize odour, pest and litter impacts. The burning of refuse on construction sites is prohibited by law. Aluminum cans are often recovered from the waste stream by individual collectors if they are segregated or easily accessible. Therefore, separately labeled bins for deposit of these cans should be provided if feasible. Similarly, plastic bottles and carton package material generated on-site should be separated for recycling as far as practicable. Site office waste should be reduced through recycling of paper if volumes are large enough to warrant collection. Participation in a local collection scheme should be considered if one is available.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage		
Conduct supplementary site investigation for asbestos in building structures and for dioxins, metals (the "Dutch List") and PAH in ash/particular	Around existing cremators, chimney and flues	Contractor	Demolition stage	AIR, AMP/AAP to be submitted under	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
matter samples.	inside cremator room / after decommissioning but prior to demolition during Phase II work			APCO, future supplementary site investigation plan	
Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures					
The identification of the landscape and visual impacts will highlight those sources of conflict requiring design solutions or modifications to reduce the impacts and, if possible, blend the development with the surrounding landscape. The proposed landscape mitigation measures will be described and illustrated by means of site plans and photomontage and take into account factors including:	Project site / design, construction and demolition stages	Contractor/FEH D/Arch SD	Construction and Demolition stage	EIAO-TM	N/A
Screen planting					
 Transplanting of mature trees with good amenity value where appropriate 				İ	
 Conservation of topsoil for reuse 		İ			
 Sensitive alignment of structures to minimise disturbance to surrounding vegetation 					
 Reinstatement of areas disturbed during construction 					
 The design and finishes / colours of architectural and engineering structures such as terminals and pylons 					
 Existing views, views of the development with no mitigation, views with mitigation at day one of operation and after 10 years of operation. 			- Constitution and	WBTC 7/2002.	N/A
Tree transplanting: The tree survey has identified the trees which will be affected by the development and which could be considered for	Project site / construction and demolition as well	Contractor/Arch SD	Construction and Demolition stage	WBTC 14/2002, EIAO-TM	

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
transplanting prior to commencement of construction work. Felling is considered as a last resort and every effort should be made to transplant the many good trees of high amenity value to either nearby suitable sites within the cemetery or to available space in FEHD's Wo Hop Shek Crematorium pending identification of an alternative site. The feasibility of transplanting will depend on a number of factors such as size, health and species of the tree. Adequate time (a minimum of 4 months) should be allowed for preparing trees for transplanting. Weekly inspection of tree protection measures as well as monitoring of tree transplant operations during both phases should be implemented. Particular care should be taken to save the 9 nos. mature and semi-mature protected tree species and 12 nos. protected shrub and immature tree species identified. To give the protected species the best possible chance of survival it is recommended that they are relocated to sheltered and well maintained planted areas within the cemetery. The following measures for tree transplanting should be adopted: (a) Appoint a landscape contractor for the establishment and maintenance of the transplanted trees as well as any new tree planting for 12 months upon completion of the works. (b) Careful co-ordination of Phase I and II works to allow tree transplanting from Phase II site.	as operation stages				
Tree protection: Trees to be retained adjacent to works areas will be carefully protected by strong hoarding and if necessary additional protection to individual tree trunks to avoid damage by machinery. The hoarding will also prevent	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Arch SD	Construction and Demolition stage	WBTC 7/2002, WBTC 14/2002, EIAO-TM	N/A

^	_

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
contractors from compacting soil around tree roots or dumping materials. Reference should be made to the guidelines for tree protection in the Government publication "Tree Planting and Maintenance in Hong Kong".					
Topsoil conservation: Any topsoil excavated during construction will be carefully saved and stored to one side of the works area for reuse upon completion.	Project site / upon completion of construction works for each phase	Arch SD	Construction and Demolition stage	WBTC 7/2002, WBTC 14/2002, EIAO-TM	N/A
Replanting: Upon completion planting of ornamental trees and shrubs will be provided to the periphery of the new crematorium building to help screen and soften the overall appearance of the structure. In addition, a reprovisioned memorial garden with a lotus pond and ornamental planting will be incorporated in the deck area of the building. Since the majority of the new planting will be on the deck structure the selection of species will be more limited with emphasis on smaller trees and ornamental shrubs to comply with loading restrictions. Notwithstanding this site constraint on tree selection, a minimum of 1.2m soil depth will be provide for tree planting on the podium / roof structure for healthy establishment of the new tree planting.	Project site / upon completion of construction works for each phase	Arch SD	Construction and Demolition stage	WBTC 7/2002, WBTC 14/2002, EIAO-TM	N/A
Weekly inspections of tree protection measures as well as monitoring of tree transplant operations.	Project site / Phase I & II works	Project Landscape Architect	Construction and Demolition stage	Landscape Master Plan, Tree Planting and Maintenance in Hong Kong	N/A
Water Quality Mitigation Measures					
Construction and Demolition Phases – General To safeguard the water quality of the WSRs potentially affected by the Project works, the	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 1/94	4

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
contractor should implement appropriate mitigation measures with reference to the Practice Note for Professional Persons, Construction Site Drainage (ProPECC PN 1/94) published by EPD, Such measures are highlighted as follows.					
Construction and Demofition Phases - Construction and Demofition Run-off and Drainage Exposed soil areas should be minimized to reduce the potential for increased silitation, contamination of run-off and erosion. Any effluent discharge from the Project site is subject to the control of Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO) discharge license and should be treated to meet the discharge standard set out in the relevant license. In addition, no site run-off should enter the stream on the eastern side of the Project site. Run-off impacts associated with the construction and demolition activities can be readily controlled through the use of appropriate mitigation measures, which include:	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	Propect PN 1/94	1
 Temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate run-off discharge into appropriate watercourses, via a silt retention pond 					
 Boundaries of earthworks should be marked and surrounded by dykes 					
 Open material storage stockpiles should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric to prevent material washing away 					
 Exposed soil areas should be minimized to reduce the potential for increased siltation and contamination of run-off 					
Earthwork final surfaces should be well compacted and subsequent permanent work should be immediately performed Use of sediment traps wherever necessary					

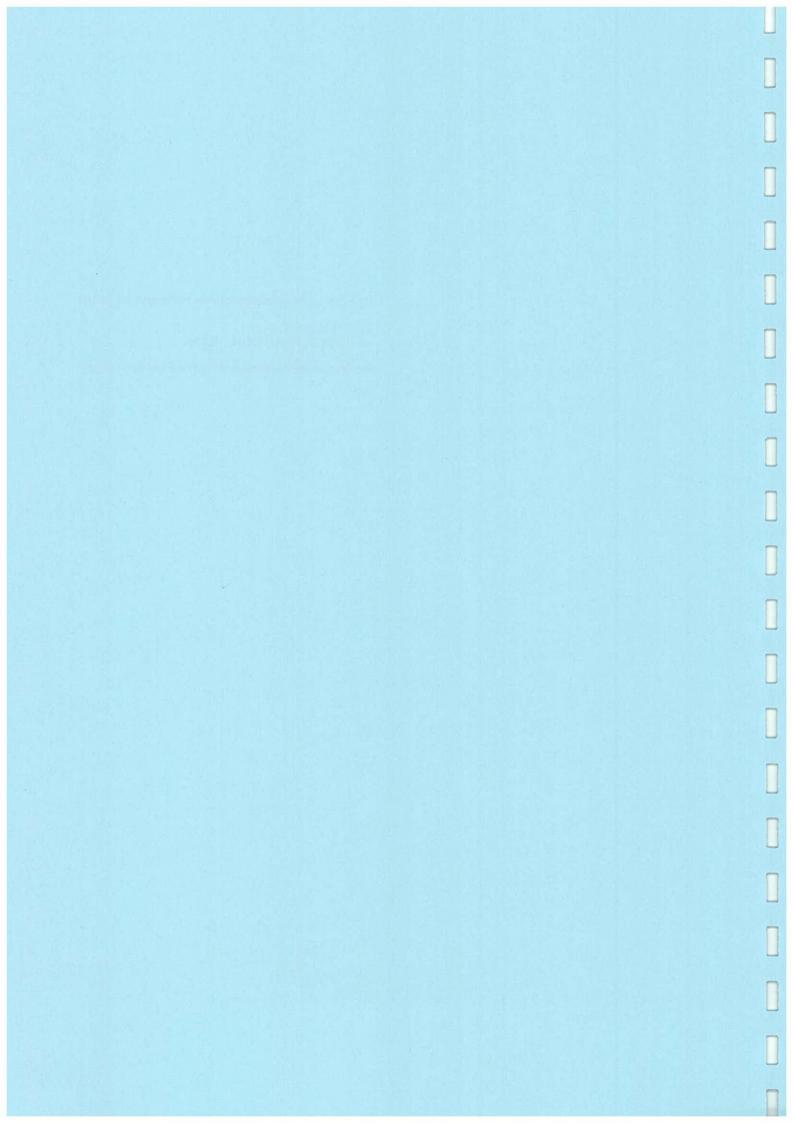
Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Maintenance of drainage systems to prevent flooding and overflow					
All temporary drainage pipes and culverts provided to facilitate run-off discharge should be adequately designed to facilitate rapid discharge of storm flows. All sediment traps should be regularly cleaned and maintained. The temporarily diverted drainage should be reinstated to its original condition, when the construction/demolition work is completed.					1
Sand and sitt in wash water from wheel washing facilities should be settled out and removed from discharge into temporary drainage pipes or culverts. A section of the haul road between the wheel washing bay and the public road should be paved with backfall to prevent wash water or other site run-off from entering public road drains.					4
Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system downstream of any significant oil and grease sources. They should be regularly maintained to prevent the release of oil and grease into the storm water drainage system after accidental spillage. The inceptor should have a bypass to prevent flooding during periods of heavy rain, as specified in <i>ProPECC PN</i> 1/94.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	Propect PN 1/94	N/A
Construction and Demolition Phases - General Construction and Demolition Activities All the solid waste and chemical waste generated on site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid affecting the water quality of the nearby WSRs. The proper waste management measures are detailed in S.7.7.5- S.7.7.6.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 1/94	1
Construction and Demolition Phases - Sewage Generated from On-site Workforce	Project site / construction and	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 1/94	4

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
The sewage from construction work force is expected to be handled by portable chemical toilets if the existing toilets in the Project site are not adequate. Appropriate and adequate portable toilets should be provided by licensed contractors who will be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance of these facilities.	demolition stages				
Construction and Demolition Phases - Soil Remediation Activities Mitigation measures will need to be implemented during the currently identified soil remediation activities. If further land contamination investigation results (at CLP secondary substation during Phase I and at locations S1 to S6 during Phase II) confirm the needs for further soil remediation prior to demolition of the Existing Crematorium, relevant water quality mitigation measures (in addition to the current RAP) will need to be identified and implemented by the contractor. In addition, the mitigation measures recommended for minimizing water quality impacts for construction and demolition run-off and drainage as well as for general construction and demolition activities should also be adopted where applicable. In order to avoid impacts on water quality during further remedial works, care will be taken to minimise the mobilisation of sediment during excavation and transport. Measures to be adopted will be based on the recommendations set out in Practice Note for Professional Persons ProPECC PN1/94 "Construction Site Drainage". The results of the site investigation suggest that there is unlikely to be any requirement for dewatering of	Project site f construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 1/94	*

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
excavations, since groundwater was not encountered in any of the exploratory holes. The contractor carrying out the remedial works will be required to submit a method statement detailing the measures to be taken to avoid water quality impacts. Typical measures would include: Carry out the works during the dry season (i.e. October to March) if possible Use bunds or perimeter drains to prevent run-off water entering excavations Sheet or otherwise cover excavations whenever rainstoms are expected to occur Minimise the requirements for stockpiling of material and ensure any stockpiles are covered Temporary on-site stockpiling of contaminated materials should be avoided, all excavated contaminated soils/materials should be disposed of on a daily basis Ensure that any discharges to storm drains pass through an appropriate sit trap					

Note:
√
×
•
N/A Compliance of mitigation measure Non-compliance of mitigation measures Non-compliance but rectified by the contractor Not applicable

APPENDIX K EVENT AND ACTION PLANS



Appendix K Event and Action Plans

Table K.1 Event and Action Plan for Air Quality

		ACTION		
EVENT	13	IEC	AR	CONTRACTOR
ACTION LEVEL				
Exceedance for one sample	Identify source, investigate the cause of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform IEC and AR; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily, if ET assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction works.	Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method.	 Notify Contractor. 	Rectify any unacceptable practice; Amend working methods if appropriate.
2. Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	1. Identify source, investigate the cause of exceedance and propose remedial measures; 2. Inform IEC and AR; 3. Repeat measurements to confirm findings; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily, if ET assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction works; 5. Discuss with IEC and Contractor on remedial actions required; 6. If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IEC and AR; 7. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the AR on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Supervise Implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within three working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate.
LIMIT LEVEL				
1. Exceedance for one sample	Identify source, investigate the cause of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform IEC, AR and EPD; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily, if ET assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction works; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, AR and EPD informed of the results.	Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the AR on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Supervise implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within three working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Amend proposal if appropriate.
2. Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	Notify Contractor, IEC, AR and EPD; Identify source, investigate the cause of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily, if ET.	Discuss amongst AR, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the AR accordingly;	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Notify Contractor; In consultation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial	Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within three working days of notification;

		ACTION		
EVENT	ET	DEC C	AR	CONTRACTOR
	assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction works; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 6. Arrange meeting with IEC and AR to discuss the remedial actions to be taken; 7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, AR and EPD informed of the results;	3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	measures to be implemented; 4. Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; 5. If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.	3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the AR until the exceedance is abated.
	a If avocadance chare anditional monitoring			

Table K.2 Event and Action Plan for Construction Noise

EVENT			ACTION			
	티		IEC	AR		CONTRACTOR
Action Level	. 4. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	Notify Contractor and IEC; Carry out investigation; Report the results of investigation to the IEC and Contractor; Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness, if ET assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction work.	Review the analysed results submitted by the ET; Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the AR accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	∸ તાલ 4	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Notify Contractor; Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented.	Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC; Implement noise mitigation proposals.
Limit Level	<u>+. 4. γ. φ. γ. φ</u>	Notify Contractor, IEC, AR and EPD; Identify source; Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency, if ET assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction work; Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; Inform IEC, AR and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, AR and EPD informed of the results; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	Discuss amongst AR, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the AR accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	← 6, 6, 7, 6,	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.	1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the AR until the exceedance is abated.