# China Resources Construction Company Limited

Contract No. SS M333

# Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium

# Monthly EM&A Report for February 2009

March 2009

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### Introduction

ENSR Asia (HK) Limited (formerly Maunsell Environmental Management Consultants Limited) is the designated Environmental Team (ET) for "Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium" (The Project). This is the forty-ninth monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) report prepared by ENSR Asia (HK) Limited for the Project. The EM&A programme for the Project commenced on 29 October 2004. This report documents the findings of EM&A Works conducted in the month of February 2009 (1 to 28 February 2009).

As informed by the Contractor, construction activities in the reporting period were:

- Construction on grade slab at 1/F;
- Construction for planter wall and pavement at G/F; and
- Soil backfilling to pavement and planter.

A summary of monitoring and audit activities conducted in the reporting period is listed below:

1-hour TSP monitoring15 sessions24-hour TSP monitoring4 sessionsDaytime noise monitoring4 sessionsEnvironmental site inspection4 sessions

#### **Breaches of Action and Limit Levels**

#### Air Quality

All 1-hour and 24-hour TSP monitoring results recorded in the month complied with the Action and Limit Levels.

#### **Construction Noise**

All noise monitoring results recorded in the month complied with the Action and Limit Levels.

#### Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures

In general, the Contractor satisfactorily implemented all the required mitigation measures and was reasonably responsive to the ET's recommendations on any discrepancy observed during the weekly environmental site inspection.

#### **Environmental Complaints, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecutions**

No environmental complaint, notification of summons or successful prosecution was received or made against this Project in the month.

#### **Reporting Changes**

No reporting change was required in the month.

#### **Future Key Issues**

Key issues to be considered in the coming month include:

- Generation of dust from activities on-site;
- Noise impact from operating equipment and machinery on-site;
- Generation of site surface runoffs and wastewater from activities on-site;
- Storage and disposal of general refuse and construction waste from activities on-site;
- Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage.

## 摘要

#### 簡介

安社亞洲(香港)有限公司(前茂盛環境管理顧問有限公司)乃「重置鑽石山火葬場」[下稱(工程項目)]的指定環境小組。本冊是安社爲工程項目製作的第四十九份每月環境監察及審核報告。工程項目的環境監察及審核由二零零四年十月廿九日開始、本報告記錄了二零零九年二月份(二零零九年二月一日至二月二十八日)所進行的環境監察及審核工作。

根據承建商的資料,本月有以下的建築活動:

- 一樓地面混凝土板建設
- 花槽圍牆及行人路之建築工程
- 花槽及行人路回填泥土

本月有下列幾項的監察及審核活動:

一小時總懸浮粒子監察廿四小時總懸浮粒子監察日間噪音監察現境巡查4次4次

#### 違反監察標準

#### 空氣質素

本月所有一小時與廿四小時總懸浮粒子監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。

#### 建築噪音

本月所有噪音監測結果皆符合行動水平和極限水平。

#### 環境影響緩和措施

承建商大致上完成所需的緩和措施,同時已對環境小組在每週的環境巡查中的建議作出合理的回應及跟進。

# 有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控

本月沒有收到有關環境的投訴,傳票及檢控。

#### 報告修訂

本月並沒有修訂報告。

## 預計要注意的事項

下月要注意事項包括:

- 工程活動所產生的塵埃
- 操作中儀器及機器產生的噪音影響
- 工程活動所產生的污水
- 普通廢物與建築廢物的暫貯及棄置
- 化學品的管理及防止意外漏油

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### **Background**

1.1 ENSR Asia (HK) Limited (formerly Maunsell Environmental Management Consultants Limited) (hereinafter called the "ET") was appointed by China Resources Construction Company Limited (CRC) (hereinafter called the "Contractor") to undertake Environmental Monitoring and Audit for "Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium" (hereinafter called the "Project"). Under the requirements of Section 7 of Environmental Permit EP-179/2004/C, EM&A programme as set out in the approved EM&A Manual is required to be implemented. In accordance with the approved EM&A Manual, environmental monitoring of air quality and noise and environmental site inspections are required for the Project.

#### **Scope of Report**

1.2 The EM&A programme for the Project commenced on 29 October 2004. This report presents a summary of the environmental monitoring and audit works, list of activities, and mitigation measures for the Project in February 2009 (from 1 to 28 February 2009).

#### **Project Organisation**

1.3 The organisation of the environmental management team is shown in Figure 1.1. Key personnel contacts are presented in Appendix A.

#### **Environmental Status in the Reporting Month**

- 1.4 The construction programme of the Project is provided in Appendix B. In the month, the following activities took place for the construction of the Project:
  - Construction on grade slab at 1/F;
  - Construction for planter wall and pavement at G/F; and
  - Soil backfilling to pavement and planter.
- 1.5 Layout plan of the Project work site is provided in Figure 1.2.

#### **Summary of EM&A Requirements**

- 1.6 The description and detailed locations of sensitive receivers and monitoring stations for air quality and noise are shown in Figures 2.1 and 3.1 respectively and relevant sections of this Report.
- 1.7 The EM&A programme requires environmental monitoring for air quality and noise and environmental site inspections for air quality, noise, water quality, landscape and visual, and waste management. The EM&A requirements for each parameter described in the following sections include:
  - All monitoring parameters
  - · Action and Limit Levels for all environmental parameters
  - Event and Action Plans
  - Environmental mitigation measures, as recommended in the project final EIA report
  - Environmental requirements in contract documents.
- 1.8 The advice on the implementation status of environmental protection and pollution control/mitigation measures is summarised in Appendix J of the Report.



## 2. AIR QUALITY

## **Monitoring Requirements**

- 2.1 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP levels at two designated monitoring stations were monitored in the month in accordance with the EM&A Manual. Appendix C shows the established Action and Limit Levels for the environmental monitoring works.
- 2.2 The monitoring schedule for the month is shown in Appendix D. Air quality monitoring stations for 24-hour TSP and 1-hour TSP measurements are shown in Figure 2.1.

#### **Monitoring Equipment**

2.3 Portable dust meter was used to carry out 1-hour TSP monitoring. High volume sampler (HVS - Model GMWS-2310 Accu-Vol) completed with the appropriate sampling inlets was installed for 24-hour TSP sampling. The HVS meet all the requirements as specified in the approved EM&A Manual. Table 2.1 summarises the equipment that was used in the dust-monitoring programme.

Table 2.1 Air Quality Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model
Dust Meter (for 1-hour TSP measurement	Laser Dust Monitor – Model LD-3
HVS (for 24-hour TSP measurement)	GMWS 2310 Accy-Vol system
Calibration Kit (for HVS)	TISCH

## Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

2.4 Table 2.2 summarises the monitoring parameters, frequency and duration of the impact air quality monitoring.

Table 2.2 Air Quality Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

Parameter	Duration	Frequency		
1-hour TSP	1 hour	3 times every six days		
24-hour TSP	24 hours	Once every six days		

#### **Monitoring Locations**

2.5 In accordance with the EM&A Manual, two air quality monitoring stations, as shown in Figure 2.1 were selected for 24-hour TSP and 1-hour TSP sampling. Table 2.3 describes the location of the air quality monitoring stations.

Table 2.3 Locations of Air Quality Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Identity / Description	Level
ASR8	Po Leung Kuk Grandmont Primary School	Roof top level of 7-storey building
ASR17	Staff Quarter for Diamond Hill Crematorium	Roof top level of 1-storey building

#### **Monitoring Methodology**

#### 1-hour TSP Monitoring

Monitoring Procedure

2.6 The measuring procedures of 1-hour TSP by a portable dust meter are in accordance with the Manufacturer's Instruction Manual as follows:



- Set POWER to "ON", push BATTERY button, make sure that the meter's indicator is in the range with a red line and allow the instrument to stand for about 3 minutes (Then, the air sampling inlet has been capped).
- Push the knob at MEASURE position.
- Push "O-ADJ" button. (Then meter's indication is 0).
- Push the knob at SENSI ADJ position and set the meter's indication to S value described on the Test Report using the trimmer for SENSI ADJ.
- Pull out the knob and return it to MEASURE position.
- Push "START" button.

#### Maintenance and Calibration

- The 1-hour TSP dust meters are verified at 1-year intervals throughout all stages of the impact air quality monitoring.
- Calibration details for the dust meters are provided in Appendix E.

#### 24-hour TSP Monitoring

#### Installation

- 2.7 The HVSs were installed in the vicinity of the air sensitive receivers. The following criteria were considered in the installation of the HVSs:
  - A horizontal platform with appropriate support to secure the samplers against gusty wind was provided.
  - The distance between the HVS and any obstacles, such as buildings, was at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the HVS.
  - A minimum of 2 meters separation from walls, parapets and penthouses was provided for rooftop sampler.
  - No furnace or incinerator flues were nearby.
  - Airflow around the sampler was unrestricted.
  - Permission was obtained to set up the sampler and to obtain access to the monitoring stations.
  - A secure supply of electricity was obtained to operate the sampler.

## Preparation of Filter papers

- Glass fibre filters, G810 were labelled and sufficient filters that were clean and without pinholes were selected.
- All filters were equilibrated in the conditioning environment for 24 hours before weighing. The conditioning environment temperature was around 25 °C and not variable by more than ±3 °C; the relative humidity (RH) was < 50% and not variable by more than ±5%. A convenient working RH was 40%.
- ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd. is a HOKLAS accredited laboratory which has comprehensive quality assurance and quality control programmes.

#### Monitoring Procedures

- The power supply was checked to ensure the HVSs work properly.
- The filter holder and the area surrounding the filter were cleaned.
- The filter holder was removed by loosening the four bolts and a new filter, with stamped number upward, on a supporting screen was aligned carefully.
- The filter was properly aligned on the screen so that the gasket formed an airtight seal on the outer edges of the filter.
- The swing bolts were fastened to hold the filter holder down to the frame. The pressure applied should be sufficient to avoid air leakage at the edges.
- Then the shelter lid was closed and secured with the aluminum strip.
- The HVSs were warmed-up for about 5 minutes to establish run-temperature conditions.
- A new flowrate record sheet was set into the flow recorder.



- The flow rate of the HVS was checked and adjusted at around 1.1 m<sup>3</sup>/min. The range was between 0.6-1.7 m<sup>3</sup>/min.
- The programmable timer was set for a sampling period of 24 hrs  $\pm$  1 hr, and the starting time, weather condition and the filter number were recorded.
- The initial elapsed time was recorded.
- At the end of sampling, the sampled filter was removed carefully and folded in half length so that only surfaces with collected particulate matter were in contact.
- It was then be placed in a clean plastic envelope and sealed.
- All monitoring information was recorded on a standard data sheet.
- Filters were sent to ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd. for analysis.

#### Maintenance and Calibration

- The HVSs and their accessories were maintained in good working condition, such as replacing motor brushes routinely and checking electrical wiring to ensure a continuous power supply.
- HVSs are calibrated at bi-monthly intervals using GMW-25 Calibration Kit throughout all stages
  of the impact air quality monitoring.
- Calibration details for the HVSs are provided in Appendix E.

#### **Results and Observations**

2.8 Dust monitoring was conducted for both 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP at all designated monitoring stations in the month. Air quality monitoring results and graphical presentations are provided in Appendix F.

#### 1-hour TSP Monitoring

2.9 All measured 1-hour TSP levels complied with the Action and Limit Levels in the month. A summary of 1-hour TSP monitoring results is presented in Table 2.4.

Table 2.4 Summary of Impact 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Monitoring Station	1-hour TSP (μg/m³)	Action Level	Limit Level		o. of edance
	Range	(μg/m³)	(μg/m³)	Action	Limit
ASR8	71.0 – 85.2	408.1	500	Nil	Nil
ASR17	65.9 - 80.4	408.4	500	Nil	Nil

## 24-hour TSP Monitoring

2.10 All measured 24-hour TSP levels complied with the Action and Limit Levels in the month. A summary of 24-hour TSP monitoring results is presented in Table 2.5.

Table 2.5 Summary of Impact 24-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Monitoring Station	24-hour TSP (μg/m³)	Action Level	Limit Level		o. of edance
	Range	(μg/m³)	(μg/m³)	Action	Limit
ASR8	34.5 – 84.7	195.0	260	Nil	Nil
ASR17	26.4 - 87.0	174.1	260	Nil	Nil



#### 3. NOISE

# **Monitoring Requirements**

- 3.1 Noise levels at three designated monitoring stations were monitored in the month in accordance with the EM&A Manual. Appendix C shows the established Action and Limit Levels for the environmental monitoring works.
- 3.2 The monitoring schedule for the month is shown in Appendix D. Noise monitoring stations are shown in Figure 3.1.

#### **Monitoring Equipment**

3.3 Integrating Sound Level Meter was employed for noise monitoring. They were Type 1 sound level meters capable of giving a continuous readout of the noise level readings including equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L<sub>eq</sub>) and percentile sound pressure level (L<sub>x</sub>). They comply with International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651:1979 (Type 1) and 804:1985 (Type 1). Portable electronic wind speed indicator capable of measuring wind speed in m/s was employed to check the wind speed. Table 3.1 details the noise monitoring equipment used.

Table 3.1 Noise Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model
Integrating Sound Level Meter	Rion NL-31
Calibrator	Rion NC-73

#### Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

3.4 Table 3.2 summarises the monitoring parameters, period, frequency and duration of the impact noise monitoring.

Table 3.2 Noise Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

Time Period	Parameters	Duration (min)	Frequency
Daytime (0700 to 1900 on normal weekdays)	L <sub>eq</sub>	30	Once per week

#### **Monitoring Locations**

3.5 In accordance with the EM&A Manual, three noise monitoring stations, as shown in Figure 3.1 were selected for noise monitoring. Table 3.3 describes the location of these monitoring stations.

Table 3.3 Locations of Noise Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Identity / Description	Level
SR3		Roof top level of 7- storey building
SR4	Po Leung Kuk Grandmont Primary School	Roof top level of 7- storey building
SR6	Staff Quarter for Diamond Hill Crematorium	Roof top level of 1- storey building

#### **Monitoring Methodology**

#### **Monitoring Procedures**

- The Sound Level Meter was set on a tripod at a height of 1.2 m above the ground.
- Façade measurements were made at all three monitoring locations.



- The battery condition was checked to ensure the correct functioning of the meter.
- Parameters such as frequency weighting, the time weighting and the measurement time were set as follows:
  - frequency weighting: A
  - time weighting: Fast
  - time measurement: L<sub>eg</sub>(30 minutes) during non-restricted hours i.e. between 07:00 and 19:00 on normal weekdays
- Prior to and after each noise measurement, the meter was calibrated using a Calibrator for 94 dB at 1000 Hz. If the difference in the calibration level before and after measurement was more than 1.0 dB(A), the measurement would be considered invalid and repeat of noise measurement would be required after re-calibration or repair of the equipment.
- The wind speed was frequently checked with a portable wind meter.
- During the monitoring period, the  $L_{eq}$ ,  $L_{10}$  and  $L_{90}$  were recorded. In addition, site conditions and noise sources were recorded on a standard record sheet.
- Noise measurement was paused during periods of high intrusive noise (e.g. dog barking, helicopter noise) if possible. Observations were recorded when intrusive noise was unavoidable.
- Noise monitoring was cancelled in the presence of fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5 m/s, or wind with gusts exceeding 10 m/s.

#### Maintenance and Calibration

- The microphone head of the sound level meter and calibrator is cleaned with soft cloth at quarterly
- The meter and calibrator are sent to the supplier or HOKLAS laboratory to check and calibrate at yearly intervals.
- Calibration details for the sound level meter and calibrator are provided in Appendix E.

#### **Results and Observations**

- 3.6 Noise monitoring was conducted at all designated monitoring stations as scheduled in the month. Noise monitoring results and graphical presentations are provided in Appendix
- 3.7 No construction work was carried out within restricted hours in the reporting month. If construction works are undertaken during the restricted hours, a updated construction noise permit under NCO shall be obtained by the Contractor.
- 3.8 All measured noise levels complied with the Action and Limit Levels in the month. A summary of noise monitoring results is presented in Table 3.4.

Summary of Impact Noise Monitoring Results during 07:00 - 19:00 on Normal Table 3.4 Weekdays

Monitoring Station	Measured Noise Level, dB(A) L <sub>eg (30 min)</sub>	Calculated Construction Noise Level, dB(A)	Limit Level	No. Exceed	
	Average and Range	Average and Range		Action*	Limit
SR3	65	#	70/65 <sup>##</sup>	Nil	Nil
	(64 - 65)	(# - #)			
SR4	64	#	70/65##	Nil	Nil
	(63 - 65)	(# - #)			
SR6	60	#	75	Nil	Nil
	(60 - 60)	(# - #)			

<sup>\* -</sup> Action Level is triggered by receipt of a noise complaint



<sup># -</sup> Measured noise level is less than the baseline noise level

# - reduce to 70dB(A) for schools and 65dB(A) during school examination periods

#### 4. ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INSPECTION

#### **Site Inspections**

Site inspection was carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the timely implementation of proper environmental pollution control and mitigation measures for the Project. In the month, four site inspections were carried out. The summary of weekly environmental site inspection observations and environmental site inspection checklists are attached in Appendix H.

#### **Review of Environmental Monitoring Procedures**

The monitoring works conducted by the Environmental Team were inspected regularly. Observations have been recorded for the monitoring works as follows:

## Air Quality Monitoring

- The monitoring team recorded the observations around the monitoring stations within and outside of the construction site.
- The monitoring team recorded the temperature and general weather condition on the monitoring day.

#### Noise Monitoring

- The monitoring team recorded the observations around the monitoring stations, which might affect the results.
- Major noise sources were identified and recorded.

## **Advice on Waste Management Status**

According to the information provided by the Contractor, actual quantities of inert C&D materials and non-inert C&D wastes generated by activities of the Project in the month are provided in Table 4.1. Trip ticket system was implemented for all offsite waste disposal.

Table 4.1 Summary of Waste Disposal in the Month

Type of Waste I	Material	Disposed Quantity	Destination
Inert C&D mater	ials	69.74 m <sup>3</sup>	Kai Tak Public Fill Barging Point
Non-inert C&D	Metals	Nil	Not Applicable
waste	Paper/cardboard packaging	Nil	Not Applicable
	Plastics	Nil	Not Applicable
	Chemical waste	Nil	Not Applicable
	Wood	Nil	Recycler
	Others, e.g. general refuse	23.03 m <sup>3</sup>	SENT Landfill

#### Status Environmental Licences and Permits

The status of all permits/licences obtained/in-use in the month is summarised in Appendix I.

#### Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures

An updated summary of the Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule (EMIS) is presented in Appendix J.

During the weekly site inspection conducted by the Environmental Team in the month, the following observations and recommendations were made.



#### Water Quality

- Sedimentation tank was removed on site in this site inspection. The Contractor was reminded to provide proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems to reduce SS level in effluent
- Stagnant water was accumulated under the hose reel near EMSD store room. The Contractor was reminded to remove the stagnant water as soon as possible.
- Sands were observed accumulated near the gully near the EVA road next to the EMSD store room. The Contractor was reminded to provide the sandbag for gully protection to prevent the silt runoff to the gully due to rain.

#### Air Quality

- Stockpile of sand was placed next to EVA road near Hall 3 without proper dust mitigation measure. The Contractor was reminded to cover the stockpile or spray the stockpile with water to prevent fugitive dust generation.
- Opened cement bags were placed outdoor without proper dust mitigation measure. The Contractor was reminded that the de-bagging or mixing processes should be carried out in sheltered areas and provides the proper dust mitigation measure for all opened cement bags.
- No proper dust mitigation measure was provided for excavated materials on site. The Contractor was reminded to spray the excavated materials with water during handling.

#### Noise

 No particular observations and recommendations were made during the weekly site inspections in the month.

### Waste or Chemical Management

 C&D wastes were accumulated on site. The Contractor was reminded to remove the C&D wastes more frequently and sorted the C&D wastes properly.

#### Landscape and Visual

 No particular observations and recommendations were made during the weekly site inspections in the month.

#### Others

 No particular observations and recommendations were made during the weekly site inspections in the month.

#### **Summary of Exceedances of Environmental Quality Performance Limit**

The Event and Action Plans for air quality and noise are presented in Appendix K.

No exceedance of Action and Limit Levels for 1-hour and 24-hour TSP and noise was recorded in the month.

# Summary of Environmental Complaints, Notifications of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

Figure 4.1 presents the environmental complaint flow diagram of the Project and Table 4.2 presents the statistics of complaints, notification of summons and successful prosecution since the commencement of the Project.

Table 4.2 Summary of Environmental Complaints and Prosecutions

Complair	nts logged	Summor	ns served	Successful	Prosecution
Feb 2009	Cumulative	Feb 2009	Cumulative	Feb 2009	Cumulative
0	1	0	0	0	0

No environmental complaint, notification of summons and prosecution was received or made against the Project in the month.



#### 5. FUTURE KEY ISSUES

#### **Key Issues and Recommendations for Coming Month**

Key issues to be considered in the coming month include:

- · Generation of dust from activities on-site;
- Noise impact from operating equipment and machinery on-site;
- Generation of site surface runoffs and wastewater from activities on-site;
- Storage and disposal of general refuse and construction waste from activities on-site; and
- Management of chemicals and avoidance of oil spillage.

Recommendations for the coming month include:

- Stagnant water should be avoided through proper design and maintenance of drainage system;
- Drip trays should be maintained properly;
- Provide water spray to haul roads and unpaved areas;
- Provide regular maintenance to wheel wash facilities on-site;
- Cover the stockpiles on-site entirely;
- Store all chemicals on site in the chemical storage area;
- Ensure general refuse are sorted, recycled and disposed properly; and
- Ensure construction wastes are disposed off-site properly and regularly.

#### **Environmental Monitoring and Audit Schedule for the Coming Months**

The tentative schedules for environmental monitoring and audit for the next three months are provided in Appendix D.



## 6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **Conclusions**

Environmental monitoring and audit was performed in February 2009. All monitoring and audit results in the month were checked and reviewed.

All 1-hour and 24-hour TSP monitoring results recorded in the month complied with the Action and Limit Levels.

All noise monitoring results recorded in the month complied with the Action and Limit Levels.

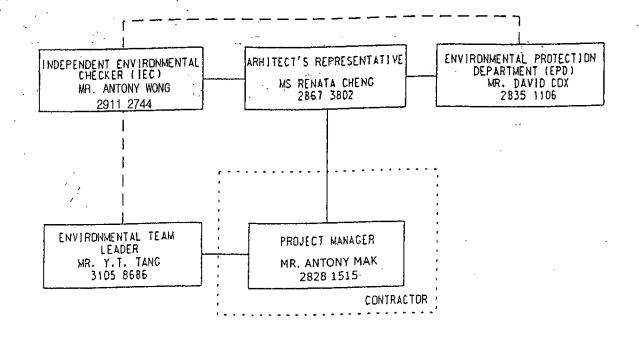
In general, the Contractor satisfactorily implemented all the required mitigation measure and was reasonably responsive to the ET's recommendations on any discrepancy observed during the weekly environmental site inspection.

No environmental complaint, notification summons or successful prosecution was received or made against this Project in the month.

#### Recommendations

According to results of weekly environmental site inspections performed in the month and the construction programme for the coming month, recommendations for air quality, construction noise, water quality and waste and chemical management are detailed in Sections 5.1 and 5.2.



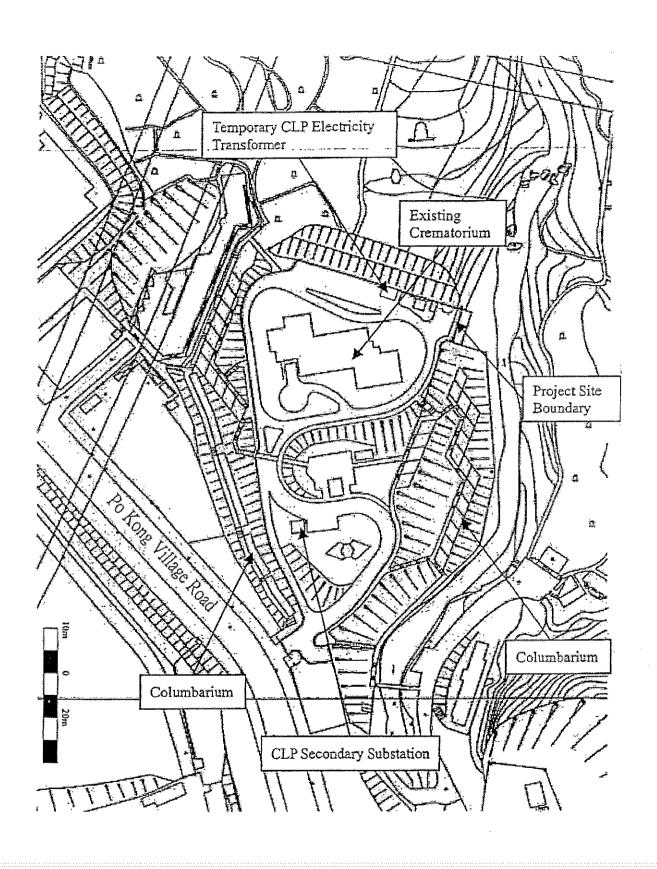


LEGEND:

----- DIRECT COMMUNICATION

- - LIAISON

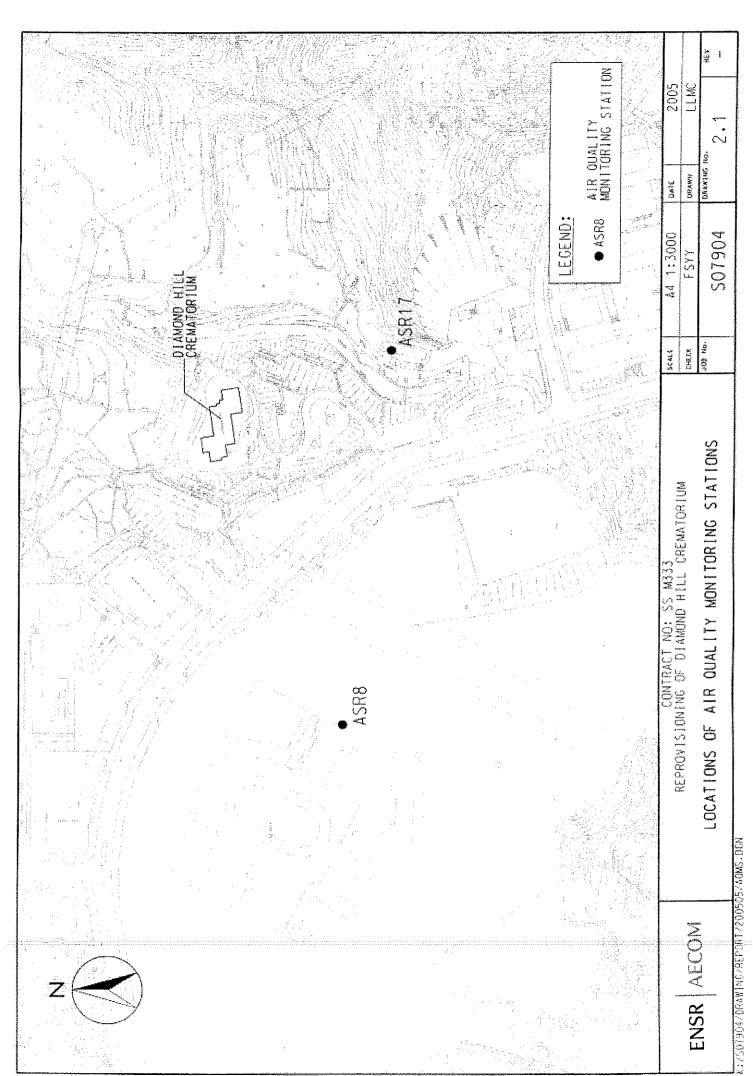
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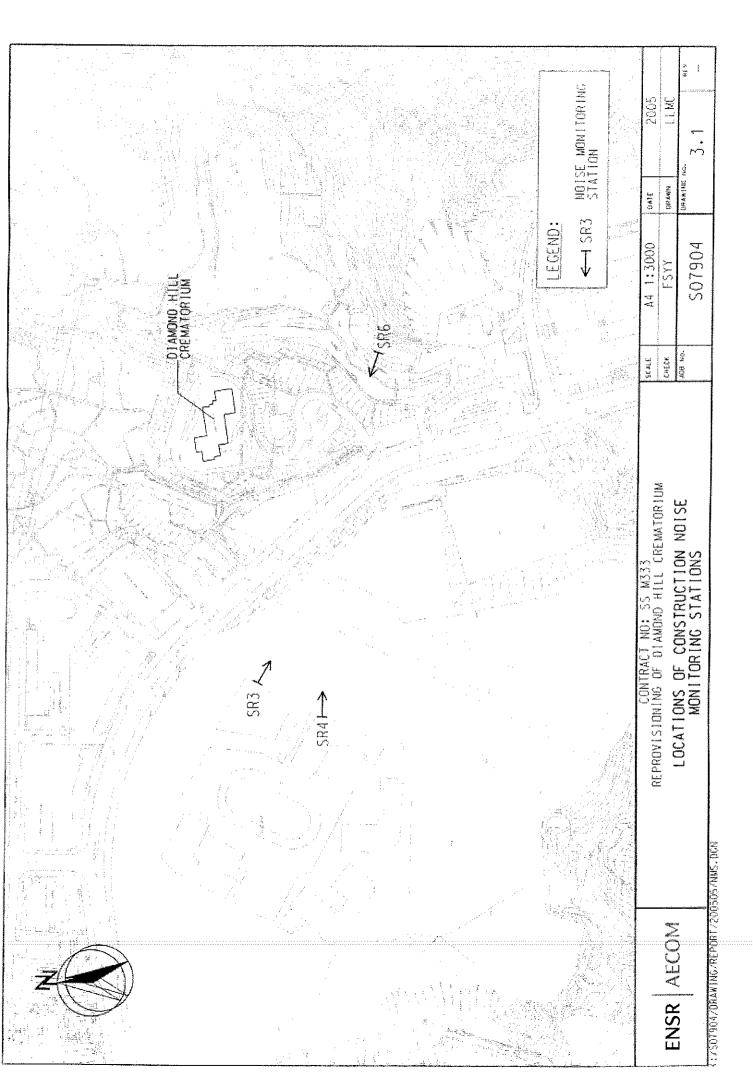


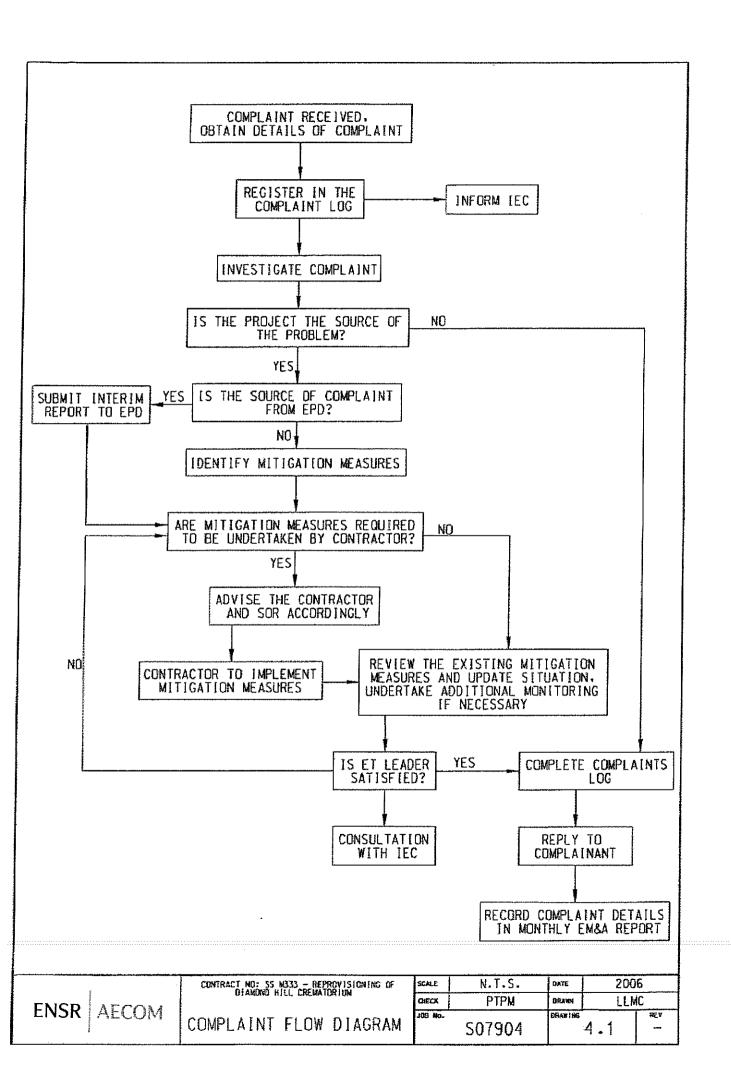
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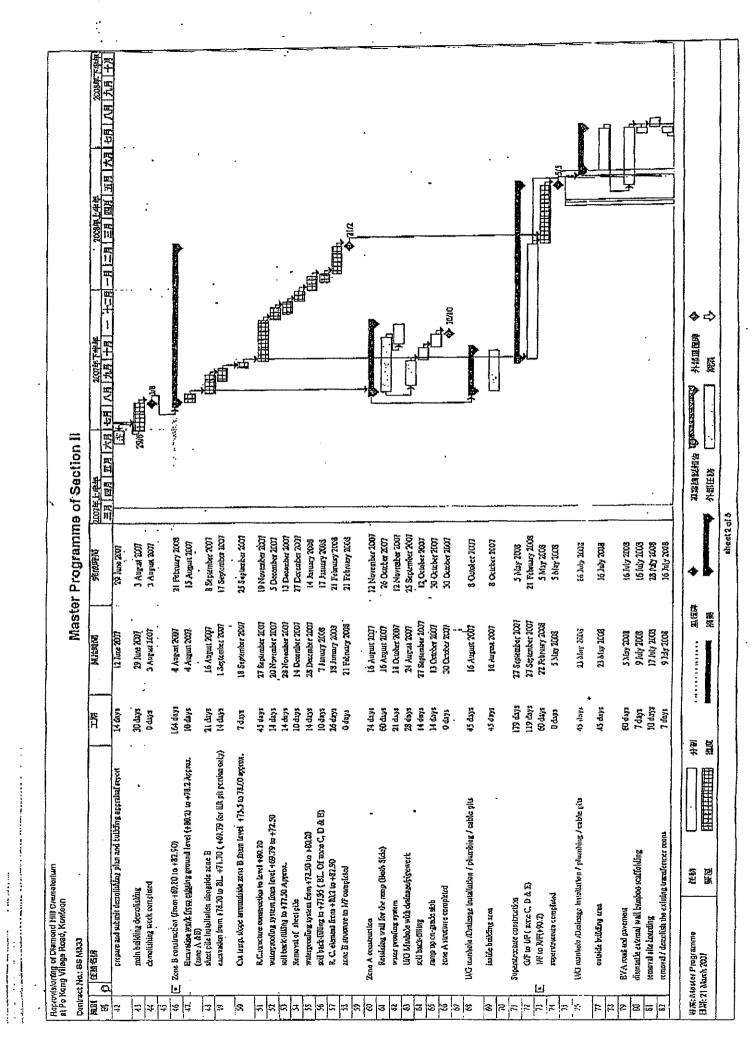
# Appendix A Key Contacts of Environmental Personnel

Party	Name	Telephone No.	Fax No.
<b>Environmental Protection D</b>	epartment		
SEPO	Mr. David Cox	2835 1106	2591 0558
EPO	Ms. Marlene Ho	2835 1186	2591 0558
EPO (ECD)	Mr. Charles Wu	2117 7540	2756 8588
Architect			
Architectural Services Departr	ment		
Project Architect	Ms. Renata Cheng	2867 3802	2524 8194
Independent Environmental	Checker		
Hyder Consulting Limited			
IEC	Mr. Antony Wong	2911 2744	2805 5028
Assistant to IEC	Ms. Winnie Ma	2911 2912	2805 5028
Contractor			
China Resources Construction	n Company Limited		
Project Manager	Mr. Antony Mak	2828 1515	2827 2921
Environmental Team			
ENSR Asia (HK) Limited (form	nerly Maunsell Environr	nental Management	Consultants Ltd)
ET Leader	Mr. Y.T. Tang	3105 8686	2891 0305
Audit Team Leader	Mr. Jackel Law	3105 8686	2891 0305
Monitoring Team Leader	Mr. Fung Yiu Wah	3105 8544	2891 0305

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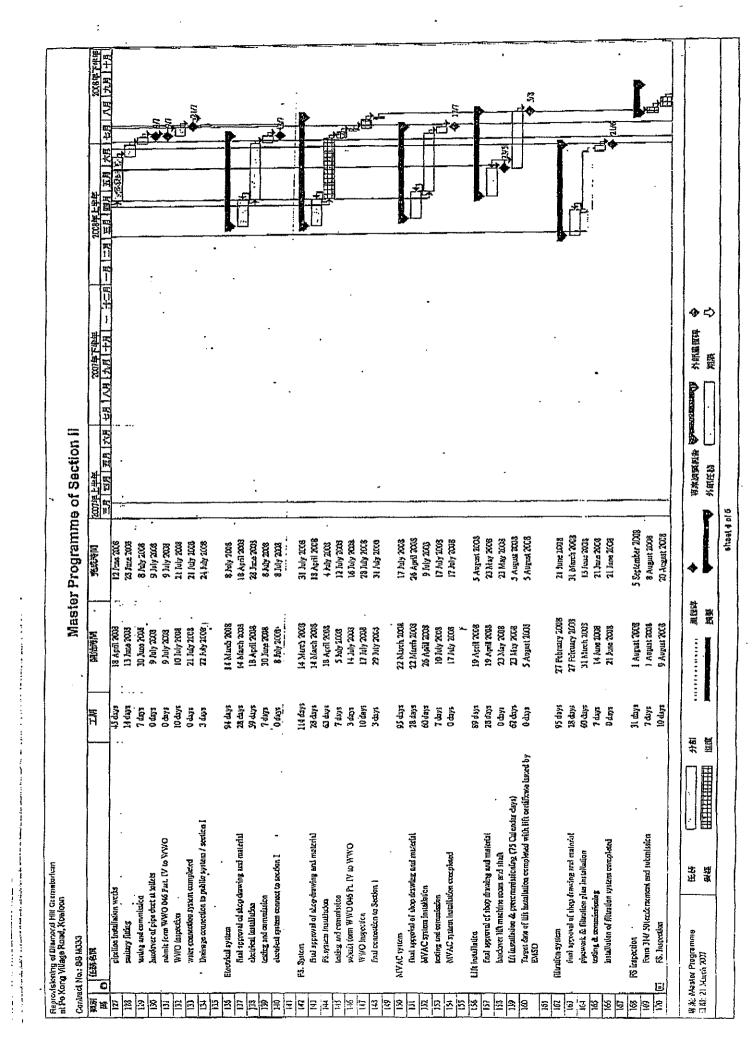
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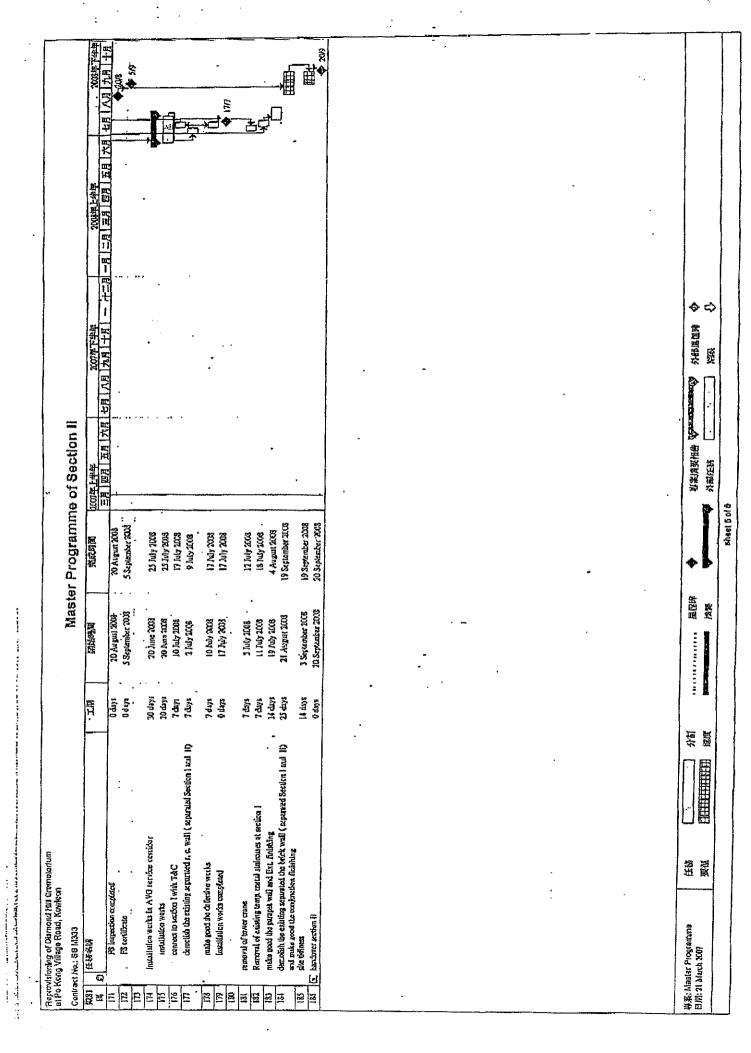
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# Appendix C Environmental Action and Limit Levels

# **Action and Limit Levels for 24-hour TSP**

Monitoring Station	Action Level (ng/m³)	Limit Level (mg/m³)
ASR8	195.0	260
ASR17	174.1	260

# **Action and Limit Levels for 1-hour TSP**

Monitoring Station	Action Level (ng/m³)	Limit Level (mg/m³)
ASR8	408.1	500
ASR17	408.4	500

# Action and Limit Levels ( $L_{eq}$ ) for Construction Noise

Time Period	Action Level Limit Level	Limit Level		
		SR3	SR4	SR6
0700 – 1900 hours on normal weekdays	When one documented complaint is received	70/65*	70/65*	75
0700 – 2300 hours on public holidays including Sundays and	from any one of the sensitive receivers	Subject to requirements stipulated in future Construction Noise Permits		
1900 - 2300 hours on all days				Permits
2300 - 0700 on all days				

<sup>\*</sup>reduce to 70dB(A) for schools and 65dB(A) during school examination periods

# **Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium**

Impact Air Quality and Noise Monitoring and Audit Schedule for February 2009

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
01-Feb	02-Feb	03-Feb	04-Feb	05-Feb	06-Feb	07-Feb
	1-hour TSP Noise Site Environmental Audit				24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP
08-Feb	09-Feb	10-Feb	11-Feb	12-Feb	13-Feb	14-Feb
	Site Environmental Audit			24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise	
15-Feb			18-Feb	19-Feb	20-Feb	21-Feb
	Site Environmental Audit		24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise		
22-Feb	23-Feb	24-Feb	25-Feb	26-Feb	27-Feb	28-Feb
	Site Environmental Audit	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise			

# Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium Tentative Impact Air Quality and Noise Monitoring and Audit Schedule for March 2009

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
01-Mar	02-Mar	03-Mar	04-Mar	05-Mar	06-Mar	07-Mar
	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise				24-hour TSP
	Site Environmental Audit	40 M-	44 14	40 M-	40 M-	44 М
08-Mar	09-Mar	10-Mar	11-Mar	12-Mar	13-Mar	14-Mar
	1-hour TSP Noise Site Environmental Audit				24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP
15-Mar	16-Mar	17-Mar	18-Mar	19-Mar	20-Mar	21-Mar
	Site Environmental Audit			24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise	
22-Mar	23-Mar	24-Mar	25-Mar	26-Mar	27-Mar	28-Mar
	Site Environmental Audit		24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise		
29-Mar	30-Mar	31-Mar	01-Apr	02-Apr	03-Apr	04-Apr
	Site Environmental Audit	24-hour TSP	•			
	one Environmental Audit					

The schedule is subject to change due to unforeseeable circumstances (adverse weather, etc)

# Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium

Tentative Impact Air Quality and Noise Monitoring and Audit Schedule for April 2009

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
29-Mar	30-Mar	31-Mar	01-Apr	02-Apr	03-Apr	04-Apr
		24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise			
	Site Environmental Audit					
05-Apr	06-Apr	07-Apr	08-Apr	09-Apr	10-Apr	11-Apr
	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise		24-hour TSP		
	Site Environmental Audit		45.0	40 4	47 A	40.4
12-Apr	13-Apr	14-Apr	15-Apr	16-Apr	17-Apr	18-Apr
		1-hour TSP Noise			24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP
10.4~		Site Environmental Audit		22 Apr	04 Apr	OF Any
19-Apr	20-Apr	21-Apr	22-Apr	23-Apr	24-Apr	25-Apr
	Site Environmental Audit			24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise	
26-Apr			29-Apr	30-Apr	01-May	02-May
26-Αρι	27-Apr	20-Αμι	29-Apr	30-Apr	UT-May	UZ-IVIAY
			24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise		
	Site Environmental Audit					

The schedule is subject to change due to unforeseeable circumstances (adverse weather, etc)

# Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium

Tentative Impact Air Quality and Noise Monitoring and Audit Schedule for May 2009

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
26-Apr	27-Apr	28-Apr	29-Apr	30-Apr	01-May	02-May
	Site Environmental Audit		24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise		
03-May	04-May	05-May	06-May	07-May	08-May	09-May
	Site Environmental Audit	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP Noise			
10-May		12-May	13-May	14-May	15-May	16-May
	24-hour TSP Site Environmental Audit	1-hour TSP Noise				24-hour TSP
17-May			20-May	21-May	22-May	23-May
	1-hour TSP Noise Site Environmental Audit				24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP
24-May	25-May	26-May	27-May	28-May	29-May	30-May
	Site Environmental Audit		24-hour TSP		1-hour TSP Noise	
31-May			03-Jun	04-Jun	05-Jun	06-Jun
						i

The schedule is subject to change due to unforeseeable circumstances (adverse weather, etc)

Station	Po Leung Kuk Gi	randmont Primar	ry School (ASR8)	Operator:	Shum Ka	Kam Yuen		
Cal. Date:	13-Feb-09			Next Due Date:	13-Ap	13-Apr-09 0716		
Equipment No.:	A-001-69T (GMV	VS 2310 Accy-Vo	ol system )	Serial No.	07			
		***************************************	Ambient	Condition		<u> </u>		
Temperati	ure, Ta (K)	298	Pressure, F	a (mmHg)		754.3		
,			<u></u>					
			Orifice Transfer St	andard Informatio	n			
Seria	Serial No: 843 Slope, mc				Interce	The second secon	-0.0252	
Last Calibr	ation Date:	4-Nov-08		mc x Qstd + bc	= [DH x (Pa/760) x	(298/Ta)] <sup>1/2</sup>		
Next Calib	ration Date:	4-Nov-09		Qstd = {[DH x (l	Pa/760) x (298/Ta)]	<sup>i/2</sup> -bc} / mc		
			Calibration o	f TSP Sampler			, <u> </u>	
		(	Orfice		HV	S Flow Recorder		
Resistance Plate No.	DH (orifice), in. of water	[DH x (Pa/7	760) x (298/Ta)] <sup>1/2</sup>	Qstd (m³/min) X - axis	Flow Recorder Reading (CFM)	Continuous Fl Reading IC (C		
18	10.4		3.21		48.0	47.82		
13	8.1		2.84		42.0	41.84		
10	6.2		2.48	1.24	36.0	35.86		
7	4.0		1.99	1.00	28.0	27.89		
5	2.6		1.61	0.81	22.0	21.	92	
Slope , mw = Correlation Co	ession of Y on X  32.7731  efficient* =  oefficient < 0.990,	0	. <b>.9998</b> librate.	Intercept, bw =	-4.6	632		
			Set Point	Calculation				
From the TSP F	ield Calibration Cu	ırve, take Qstd =	: 1.30m³/min					
	ssion Equation, th							
J. 1	•							
		mv	v x Qstd + bw = IC	x [(Pa/760) x (298/	Ta)] <sup>1/2</sup>			
				na 1112		00.00		
Therefore, Set F	Point; IC = ( mw x	Qstd + bw ) x [( 7	760 / Pa ) x ( Ta / 29	98 )]" <sup>~</sup> =		38.08	racov—id-A	
		<u> </u>						
Remarks:								
						<del></del>	***************************************	
				<u> </u>		ſ	y- a (	
OC Reviewer	~ me -	u	Signature:	loe		Date:	teb o	

	Po Leung Kuk Grandmont Primary School (ASR8)			Operator:	Shum Kam Yuen		
Cal. Date:	17-Dec-08			Mext Due Date:	17-Feb-09		
Equipment No.:	A-001-69T (GMV	/S 2310 Accy-Vo	l system )	Serial No.	07	0716	
agyappa da	there were the second section of the section of the second section of the s	حرار شرخت و در سیم رده بر دوار دری شده کنید سازدند شد شویسیون در	Ambient	l Condition	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-the-day-da-da-da-day-day-da-da-da-day-day-d	Manhy S. Marra Mahausa and Assaha da a mara
Temperate	ure, Ta (K)	294		Pa (mmHg)		764.1	**************************************
- Composition		2.47.3	170030101	a (mining)		) 01. I	
		(	rifice Transfer S	tandard information	)))	<del>(************************************</del>	<del>70,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,</del>
Seria	Serial No: 843 Slope, mc		2.02158	Interco	ept, bc	-0.02524	
Last Calibr	alion Date;	4-Nov-08		mc x Qstd + bc	= [DH x (Pa/760) x	(298/Ta)] <sup>1/2</sup>	***************************************
Next Calibr	ration Date:	4-Nov-09	in the state of th	Qstd = {{DH x (	Pa/760) x (298/Ta)]	112 -bc} / mc	
<del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>	The third was the state of the	g game algenic auc state de la calabote					<del></del>
ege a mas konstrument man man kanada man man samuna sa	Ţ~~~~~			of TSP Sampler			
Resistance Plate		T	fice		HV	Flow Recorder	two the commence of the contract of the contra
No.	DH (orifice), in. of water	(DH x (Pa/76	0) x (298/Ta)] <sup>1/2</sup>	Qstd (m³/min) X - axis	Flow Recorder Reading (CFM)	Continuous Flow Record Reading IC (CFM) Y-ax	
18	10.2	3.22		1.61	48.0	48.46	
13	8.0	2	2.86	1.42	42.0	42.41	)
10	6,2	2	2,51	1,26	36.0	36.3	1
7	3.8	1	.97	0.99	28.0	28,27	
5	2.6	1	.63	0:82	22.0	22.21	1
	uncion of V on V			Internet house	-4,59	174	
By Linear Regre Slope , mw ≃ Correlation Coe If Correlation Co	32.9395	0.99 heck and recalibr	-	Intercept, bw ≈		e a	~
Slope , mw ≃ Correlation Coe	32.9395 fficient* =		ate.	Calculation			
Slope , mw ≃ Correlation Coe	32.9395 fficient* =	heck and recalibr	ate. Set Point (	under the state of			
Slope , mw = Correlation Coe If Correlation Co	32.9395 fficient* = refficient < 0.990, c	heck and recalibr	set Point (30m³/min	under the state of			
Slope , mw = Correlation Coe If Correlation Co	32.9395  fficient* =  refficient < 0.990, c	heck and recalibr ve, take Qstd = 1. "Y" value accordi	Set Point ( 30m³/min ng to	under the state of			

Station	Staff Quarter Fo	r Diamond Hill Ci	rematorium (ASR17	) Operator:	Shum Ka	am Yuen	
Cal. Date:	: 13-Feb-09				13-Apr-09		•
Equipment No.:	A-001-49T (	GMWS 2310 Acc	cy-Vol system)	Serial No.	71	•	
				ned .		·	
			Ambient	Condition			
Temperatu	re, Ta (K)	298	Pressure, f	<sup>o</sup> a (mmHg)		754.3	
<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			****		
			Orifice Transfer S				
Serial		843	Slope, mc	2.02158		ept, bc	-0.02524
Last Calibra		4-Nov-08			= [DH x (Pa/760) x		
Next Calibra	ation Date:	4-Nov-09		Qstd = {[DH x (	Pa/760) x (298/Ta)]	"bc} / mc	
······································		kerpenya-kerpenya-u <del>maapa-a-pa-dag-aranga-pa</del>	Calibration o	f TSP Sampler			***************************************
	, - <u></u>	(	Orfice		HV:	S Flow Recorder	<del></del>
Resistance Plate No.	Plate DH (orifice), in. of water [DH x (Pa/760) x (298/		60) x (298/Ta)] <sup>1/2</sup>	Qstd (m³/min) X - axis	Flow Recorder Reading (CFM)	Continuous Flow Reading IC (CFI	
18	10.4		3.21		52.0	51.80	<del></del>
13	7.9		2.80		44.0	43.83	<del>keen tii ki vii keen siin daanaa saasaa aanaa aanaa</del>
10	5.4		2.32		34.0	33.87	
7	3.8		1.94		28.0	27.89	
5	2.6		1.61	0.81	22.0	21.92	COURT OF COLUMN ASSESSMENT OF THE SECOND OF
By Linear Regree Slope , mw = Correlation Coef *If Correlation Coef	37.6916 ficient* =		<b>9982</b> brate.	Intercept, bw =	-8.8	921	
	<u> </u>		A.B.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>
From the TSP Fie	Id Calibration C	urua taka Oata -	<del></del>	Calculation			
From the Regress		-					
i totti ille rvegress	sion Equation, the	s i value accoi	uing to				
		mw	x Qstd + bw = IC >	( [(Pa/760) x (298/T	ā)] <sup>1/2</sup>		
Therefore, Set Po	int; IC = ( mw x (	Qstd + bw ) x [( 7	60 / Pa ) x ( Ta / 29	8 )] <sup>1/2</sup> =	-	40.26	
hangangangan,							
Remarks:	Wayahan and a same and			and the second s	·		ný <del>ch do do do mos sa se se se se privingo</del> sa se se se
		***************************************		*			and the second s
QC Reviewer: _	be Fu		Signature:	Joe	H	Date:	3b 09

Station	Staff Quarter For	Diamond Hill C	rematorium (ASR1)	7) Operator:	: Shum K	am Yuen	
Cal. Date:	17-Dec-08			Next Due Date:	17-Feb-09		a-was
Equipment No.:	A-001-49T (	3MWS 2310 Acc	cy-Vol system)	Serial No.	71	7175	
gant again an laigh ann an de air ann an de air an an an air	**************************************		4 1 1	**************************************		والمراومة	tanti ya wiliki amadi yi masi kata ya kata aka amani ya alifa.
Tomporatu	vo Yo AA	294		f Condition	7	"20 A A	
Temperatu	ie, ra (K)	294	rressure,	Pa (mmHg)		764.1	
	<del>( -                                   </del>		Orifice Transfer S	tandard Information	on	enterior de la company de la c	<del>den mendele mendele mende</del> mendele me
Serial	No:	843	Slope, mc	2.02158	Interc	epi, bc	-0.0252
Last Calibra	ition Date:	4-Nov-08		mc x Qstd + bc	= [DH x (Pa/760) x	(298/Ta)] <sup>1/2</sup>	<u> Pallar Berlander (parturity) y balanar quity articological (part</u>
Next Calibra	ation Date:	4-Nov-09		Qstd = ([DH x (	( <i>Pa/</i> 760) x (298/Ta)]	<sup>1/2</sup> -bc} / mc	
والمساور والمراجعة والمساور والمساور والمساور والمراجعة والمراجعة والمراجعة والمراجعة والمراجعة والمراجعة	يعو وهند عندسته وو شده و بين و بدار و بدار المراجعة و المراجعة و المراجعة و المراجعة و المراجعة و المراجعة و ا			والمراور وال			
,				of TSP Sampler	<u> </u>	**************************************	****
Resistance Plate	ولور المهلك غرف اليام والمدار أن ي عندي بيام اليام برأة الراح أن المدار المدارك المدارك المدارك المدارك المدارك	T	Orfice		HV	5 Flow Recorder	. Or hand with the comment of the second of the second
No.	DH (orifice), in. of water	[DH x (Pa/7	60) x (298/Ta)] <sup>1/2</sup>	Qstd (m³/min) X • axis	Flow Recorder Reading (CFM)	Continuous Flo Reading IC (Cf	
18	10.4	3,26		1.62	50.0	50,4	7
¹ 13	7.8		2.82		44.0	44,42	
10	5.4		2,35		34.0	34.32	
7	3.8	1.97		0.99	28.0	28.27	
5	2.8		1.69	0.85	22.0	22.2	1
By Linear Regres Slope , mw = Correlation Coeff If Correlation Coe	36.8019		9954 orate.	Intercept, bw =	-8.49	956	w.
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rom the TCD Cial	d Calibration Cur	io tako Oatd - 1		Calculation	- <del>) - , </del>	**************************************	<del></del>
	ion Equation, the						٠
are regressed	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	, raiso assort					
		mw:	x Qstd + bw ≃ IC x	[(Pa/760) x (298/T	a)] <sup>1/2</sup>		
				410			
herefore, Set Poi	nt; IC ≈ ( mw x Qs	std + bw ) x [( 76	0/Pa)x(Ta/298	3 )] <sup>1/2</sup> =		38.98	
*		045-1465-47-4-1744-4-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-	kicandahagantan waran canpanya dalahamin sahiran da	ريما و ما و و در و	**************************************	<	**************************************
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C Reviewer	\ loe	-i x	Sionalure <sup>,</sup>	100	r	100: 18 DE	or at



TISCH ENVIROMENTAL, INC. 145 SOUTH MIAMI AVE. VILLAGE OF CLEVES, OH 45002 513.467.9000 877.263.7610 TOLL FREE 513.467.9009 FAX WWW.TISCH-ENV.COM

# AIR POLLUTION MONITORING EQUIPMENT

# ORIFICE TRANSFER STANDARD CERTIFICATION WORKSHEET TE-5025A

Operator	ov 04, 200 Tisch	8 Rootsmeter Orifice I.	D	9833620 0843	Ta (K) ~ Pa (mm) ~	295 758,19
PLATE OR Run #	VOLUME START (m3)	VOLUME STOP (m3)	DIFF VOLUME (m3)	DIFF TIME (min)	METER DIFF Hg (mm)	ORFICE DIFF H2O (in.)
1 2 3 4 5	АИ АИ АИ АИ	AN AN AN AN	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	1.4030 0.9940 0.8890 0.8460 0.6990	3.2 6.4 7.9 8.8 12.7	2.00 4.00 5.00 5.50 8.00

#### DATA TABULATION

1.0035 0.7152 1.4197		Qa	
0.9993   1.0053   2.0077 0.9972   1.1217   2.2447 0.9960   1.1774   2.3543 0.9908   7.4175   2.0000	0.9958 0.9916 0.9895 0.9884 0.9832	0.7097 .0.9976 1.1130 1.1683 1.4066	0.8821 1.2475 1.3948 1.4629 1.7643
$\frac{100 \text{ ercept}}{100 \text{ coefficient}} \frac{(b)}{(c)} = -0.02524$	Qa slope intercept coefficie	(b)	1,26588 -0,01568 0,99999

## CALCULATIONS

Vstd = Diff. Vol[(Pa-Diff. Hg)/760](298/Ta) Qstd = Vstd/Time

Va = Diff Vol [(Pa-Diff Hg)/Pa] Qa = Va/Time

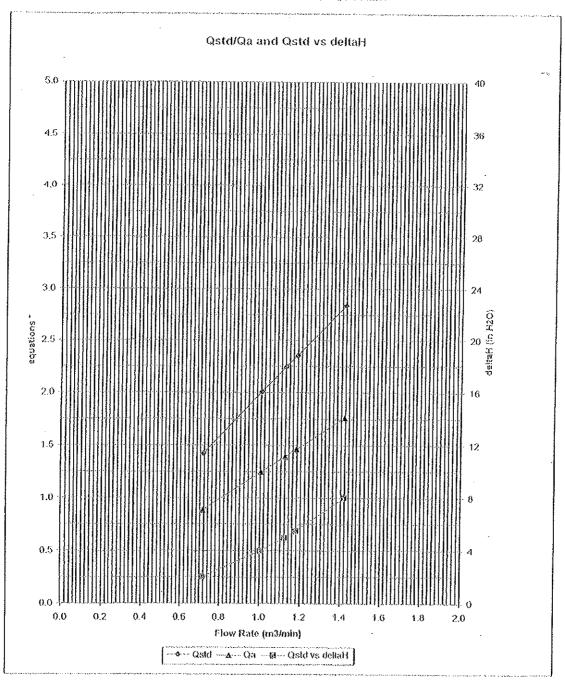
For subsequent flow rate calculations:

Qstd =  $1/m\{ \{SQRT(H2O(Pa/760)(298/Ta))\} - b\}$ Qa =  $1/m\{ \{SQRT(H2O(Ta/Pa)\} - b\}$ 



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#### AIR POLLUTION MONITORING EQUIPMENT



\* y-axis equations:

Ostd series:

$$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Pa}{Pstd}\right) \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta}\right)}$$

Qa series:

√(AH (Ta / Pa))

#0843

# EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION RECORD

Type:		105			
Manufactoror/Brand:		Lasor Duot Mc	pollog		
Model No.:		SIBATA		,	
Equipment No.:	,	1.0-3	Contracting a special second contract.		
	3 45 444	A.006.10a			
Sonsitivity Adjustment Sc	ale Sotting:	763 CPM			
Operator:		Mike Shok (MS)	KM)		
Standard Equipment	tin nie in teen de heeppelijskelijn water oo werd wering g	the second or the second of th	the second of the desire and the second of t	TO DESCRIPTION OF PAGE	hada - Ayoy - than hige galaga as
	has the extension of the first of the first of the first	-e-teregares	and the second s		~·
Equipment	Eupproch & f	<sup>9</sup> 0tashnick TEOM <sup>e</sup>	)		
Venuo;	Cyperport (Pu	l Ying Socondoru	School)	erronaprona constitution	endants' explica
Model No.:	Series 1400Al	g and successful the second	MINNING COLUMNIA		
Serial No:		40AD219099003	of the March Streets of Street and Street an		
	Sensor: 7	2000 143659863	W. detail	;;··· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	e two agents of
Last Calibration Date*;	12 June 2008	COACA LANAGESCONO	K <sub>o</sub> : 1250	() 	******
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Collaration Result	angenesiasi para na mangana	intercologic - a fila tractica (menery), with your wavelers you	e de la la la de de de la calenda en el esta de la decimina de la desarra de la decimina de la decimina de la d En la calenda de la calenda en la calenda	ne a major George de majore care e p	······
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Sensitivity Adjustment Seat	o somud (notoro	Calibration):	. 753 CF	M	
Sondlivity Adjustment Scal	o Solling (Allor C	Salibration);	753 CF	10.00 10.00	
The state of the second			March & Company	174	
Hour Date	. Timo	Amblent	Concontration	Total T	L'Count/
(dd-mm-yy)		Condition	(mg/m²)	Count	Minuto <sup>3</sup>
] ]		Tomp   FUE	Y-exis	Comm	Xeaxic
· Francisco and the rest of the property of the section of the section of	to the first of the first one great agreement a	(°C) (%)	, (77,10		A.MAKIIÇ
	00 - 12:00	31.5 73	0.03363	1345	entropy processing and
2 19.07.00 12:	00 - 19:00	31.5 73	0.03605		22.42
19-07-08 14:	00 - 15:00	31.7 76	0.04118	1412	24.03
1 19-07-00 15:		317 72	A 00000	1647	27.45
Vote: 1. Monitoring data w	ing managard by	Change And P. D. C.	daylar Treak	1107	10.45
COLUMN CONTRACTOR DE LA COLUMN COLUM	CHRIEFT DV 1 ORAF L	lugt Monttor	AIDOCTEOM,		
3. Count/minute was	calculated by (1	otal Count/cot			
		***************************************			
By Linear Flogresolon of Yor >	<				
Slope (K-factor):	0.0015				
Corrolation coefficient:	0.9573	er stratutely was a programme or a large			
		tentralist tem amount and an			
Validity of Calibration Hecord	: 10July 200	9			
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IC Reviewer: Mike Shok	Signatur	a: Jkg	Ph. 18	66 K.	1 00
and the state of t			Dato:	10 CL	(X)・4L

# EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION RECORD

Туро:		Laser Dust Mo	SIN FALL D		
Manufacturor/Brand:		DED ATEA	ilito).		
Model No.:		SIBATA	eterninen rieden sitearion one ina jak		
Equipment No.:		1.0-3	en Sebresariabana escare		
Sarathide Admission A.	al. Outro	A.005.17a			
Somethivity Adjustment Sc	me Soning:	799 CPM			
Operator:		Miko Shek (MS)	KM)		
Standard Equipment	e en als desiral aller by community selecting a high socie	tion about \$1000 and report and an order orderings.	tenteral serves are superstanting	To the second	A franchiscope de veneral e en
Text and the second of the sec	وراور الواد المواد ووالمترجع ومداحو فالمساور والمترجع	Control to the state of the sta	on the district of the second management is a second		
Equipment:	Dinggrands o r	alaghnick TEOM			for any hillship the searce bug!
Venue:	Cahornon Inc	THE PARTY OF THE CARE	Total description of the second section of the	****************	
Model No.:	Opportion of the Control of the Cont	Cand recondent s	School)		
Scrint No:	Charles Inthity	2	The Management and American		CHARLES SHAPE
Second tale	Control:	40AB219099003		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Least Calibration Date*;	Sonsor: 12 12 June 2000	200C113659803	K <sub>a</sub> : <u>1250</u>		Transport
'Remarks: Nocommonand i	Norval for Narchus			- y-V1 ** *** - y****.**	horace of the
	1-2-470 (2) -101/1966	a o comination is 1	year		
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Sensitivity Adjustment Scale	s comed factors	Campranon);	709 CF	M	
conominal valuation of the	a sound (Arter, C	alibration);	799 CF	W	
Hour Dalo	Time		grantega sessionaria proportio de seguina	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(dd-mm-yy)	मामाङ्	Ambigat	Concontration	Total	Count
(,,,,,		Condition	(mg/m³)	Count	Minuto
		Femp (3.14.	Y-6xls	!	X-rosto
1 06.07-08 10:0	77	(%)	The state of the control of the state of the		·
2 00-07-08 11:0	The second of the second of the second	20.9 81	0.01680	704	11.74
1 Company of the comp	The second of the second	89.0 80	0.01740	790	12.90
*** **** *** ***   *** *** *** *** ***	the state of the s	20.6   80	0.01537	669	10.98
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3. Count/minute was	calculated by (To	otal Count/60)			
By Linear Regression of Y or X	•				
Slope (K-factor);					
Correlation coefficient:	0.00)14	And the grant of the control of the			
CONTRACTOR COMBERNIE	0.9276	a nada and analysis of the same and			
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		1	1 or rare Astrony	er melled tog erfold innover,	*
3C Aeviewer: Miko Shak	Signature	э: <u>                                     </u>			
**************************************	zadawana	s	Date:	7 July 200	18



# SOILS & MATERIALS ENGINEERING CO., LTD.

fot : (062) 2673 6660 FAx : (662) 2665 7633



# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

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# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

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# **APPENDIX F: Air Quality Monitoring Results**

### 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at Station ASR8

r					
Date	Starting		Concentra	tion, µg/m3	
	Time	1st	2nd	3rd	Average
02-Feb-09	9:30	73.9	75.2	77.1	75.4
07-Feb-09	9:06	83.3	85.2	81.4	83.3
13-Feb-09	13:54	72.7	74.1	74.8	73.9
19-Feb-09	14:05	71.0	73.2	73.5	72.6
25-Feb-09	14:20	78.6	75.4	76.5	76.8
				Min.	71.0
				Max.	85.2
				Average	76.4

### 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at Station ASR17

The same and the s											
Date	Starting		Concentra	tion, µg/m3							
	Time	1st	2nd	3rd	Average						
02-Feb-09	9:51	73.9	73.6	74.7	74.1						
07-Feb-09	9:22	79.5	77.7	80.4	79.2						
13-Feb-09	14:13	73.5	76.8	72.0	74.1						
19-Feb-09	14:21	70.7	69.0	71.3	70.3						
25-Feb-09	14:35	65.9	67.7	67.0	66.9						
				Min.	65.9						
				Max.	80.4						
				Average	72.9						

Remark: Bold value indicated an Action level exceedance

Bold & Italic value indicated an Limit level exceedance

# **APPENDIX F: Air Quality Monitoring Results**

### 24-hour TSP Monitoring Results at Station ASR8

Date	Filter W	eight (g)	Flow Rate	e (m³/min.) Elapse Time		Sampling	Conc.	Weather	Particulate	Av. flow	Total vol.	
	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Time(hrs.)	(μg/m³)	Condition	weight(g)	(m <sup>3</sup> /min)	(m <sup>3</sup> )
06-Feb-09	3.6044	3.6868	1.33	1.33	8763.5	8787.5	24.0	43.0	Sunny	0.08	1.33	1916.6
12-Feb-09	3.5690	3.6548	1.34	1.34	8787.5	8811.5	24.0	44.4	Sunny	0.09	1.34	1931.0
18-Feb-09	3.6006	3.7642	1.34	1.34	8811.5	8835.5	24.0	84.7	Fine	0.16	1.34	1931.0
24-Feb-09	3.5942	3.6609	1.34	1.34	8835.5	8859.5	24.0	34.5	Cloudy	0.07	1.34	1931.0
							Min	34.5				
							Max	84.7				
							Average	51.7				

### 24-hour TSP Monitoring Results at Station ASR17

Date	Filter W	eight (g)	Flow Rate (m <sup>3</sup> /min.)		Elapse Time		Sampling	Conc.	Weather	Particulate	Av. flow	Total vol.
	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Time(hrs.)	(µg/m³)	Condition	weight(g)	(m³/min)	(m <sup>3</sup> )
06-Feb-09	3.5560	3.6460	1.32	1.32	2273.9	2297.9	24.0	47.2	Sunny	0.09	1.32	1906.6
12-Feb-09	3.5710	3.6224	1.32	1.32	2297.9	2321.9	24.0	27.0	Sunny	0.05	1.32	1906.6
18-Feb-09	3.5963	3.7622	1.32	1.32	2321.9	2345.9	24.0	87.0	Fine	0.17	1.32	1906.6
24-Feb-09	3.5884	3.6388	1.32	1.32	2345.9	2369.9	24.0	26.4	Cloudy	0.05	1.32	1906.6
	·		_	<del>-</del>			Min	26.4		<del>-</del>		

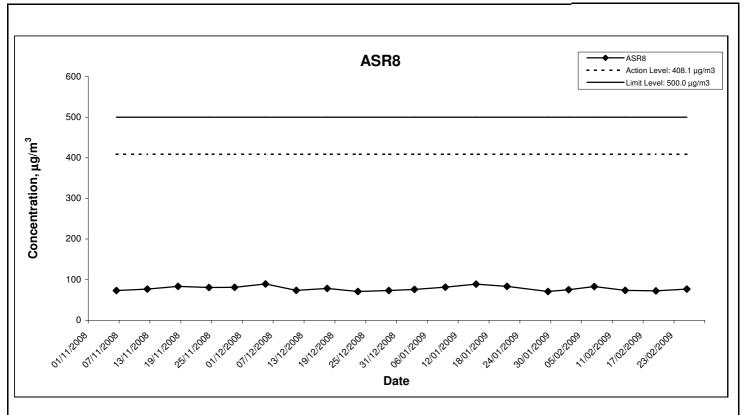
 Min
 26.4

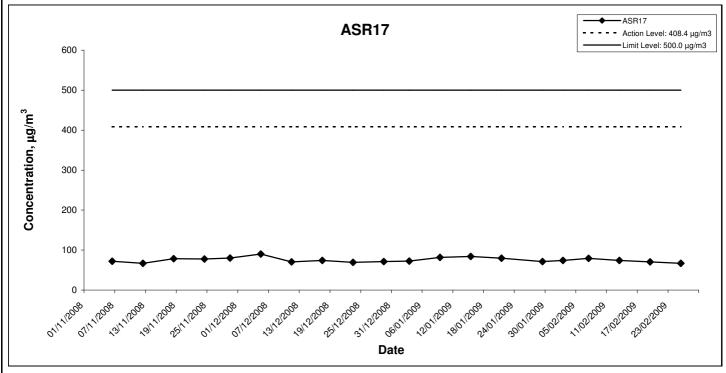
 Max
 87.0

 Average
 46.9

Remark: Bold value indicated an Action level exceedance

Bold & Italic value indicated an Limit level exceedance



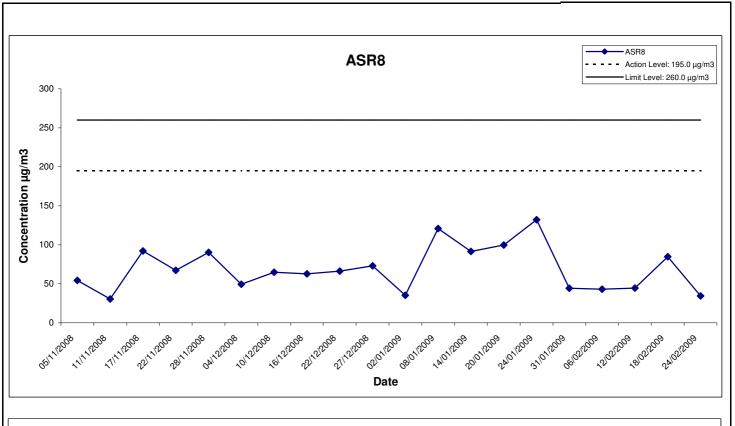


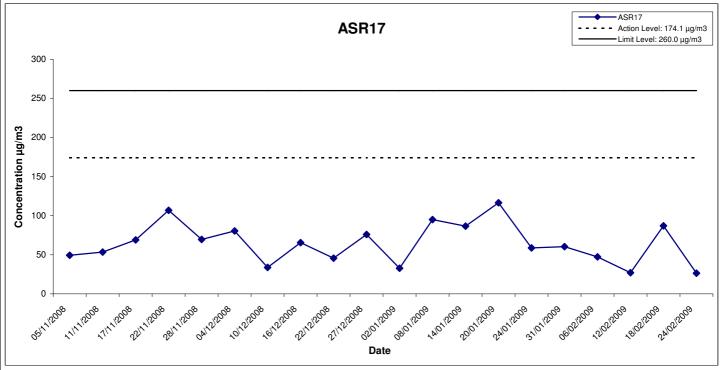
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Contract No. SS M333 Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium

Graphical Presentation of 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results for Location ASR8 and ASR17

SCALE	N.T.S.	DATE	2009				
CHECK	JCHL	DRAWN	PNWY				
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Contract No. SS M333 Reprovisioning of Diamond Hill Crematorium

Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP Monitoring Results for Location ASR8 and ASR17

SCALE	N.T.S.	DATE	2009			
CHECK	JCHL	DRAWN	PNWY			
JOB NO.		APPENDIX		Rev		
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### Appendix G Noise Monitoring Results

Daytime Noise Monitoring Results at Station SR3

Date	Date Weather Condition		Noise Level for 30-min, dB(A) <sup>+</sup> Time L90 L10 Leq				Calculated Construction Noise Level, dB(A)	Limit Level, dB(A)	Exceedance (Y/N)
02-Feb-09	Sunny	10:18	60.4	66.9	64.9	65.1	*Note	70	N
13-Feb-09	Sunny	14:45	57.8	68.3	65.0	65.1	*Note	70	N
19-Feb-09	19-Feb-09 Cloudy 25-Feb-09 Sunny		57.4	67.3	64.7	65.1	*Note	70	N
25-Feb-09			58.6	66.5	64.2	65.1	*Note	70	N
		Min	57.4	66.5	64.2				
		Max	60.4	68.3	65.0				
		Average	58.6	67.3	64.7				

### Daytime Noise Monitoring Results at Station SR4

Date	Weather Condition	Noise Time	Level for L90	30-min, dB(A) <sup>+</sup>		Baseline Noise Level, dB(A)	Calculated Construction Noise	Limit Level, dB(A)	Exceedance (Y/N)
	Ooridition	Tillie	Lau	LIU	Leq	20101; 42(71)	Level. dB(A)	UD(A)	(1/11)
02-Feb-09	Sunny	9:25	59.1	66.0	64.4	65.6	*Note	70	N
13-Feb-09	Sunny	13:59	57.2	67.8	64.8	65.6	*Note	70	N
19-Feb-09	Cloudy	14:10	56.5	66.0	64.3	65.6	*Note	70	N
25-Feb-09	Sunny	14:25	57.4	64.3	62.9	65.6	*Note	70	N
·		Min	56.5	64.3	62.9	_			
		Max	59.1	67.8	64.8				
		Average	57.6	66.0	64.1				

### Daytime Noise Monitoring Results at Station SR6

Date	Weather	Noise Level for 30-min, dB(A) <sup>+</sup>			Baseline Noise	Calculated Construction Noise	Limit Level,	Exceedance	
Baic	Condition	Time	L90	L10	Leq	Level, dB(A)	Level, dB(A)	dB(A)	(Y/N)
02-Feb-09	Sunny	11:03	55.3	61.5	59.9	68.5	*Note	75	N
13-Feb-09	Sunny	14:17	54.9	60.8	59.6	68.5	*Note	75	N
19-Feb-09	Cloudy	15:37	54.4	60.5	59.7	68.5	*Note	75	N
25-Feb-09	Sunny	14:40	56.0	62.5	60.2	68.5	*Note	75	N
	_	Min	54.4	60.5	59.6	_			
		Max	56.0	62.5	60.2				

59.9

61.3

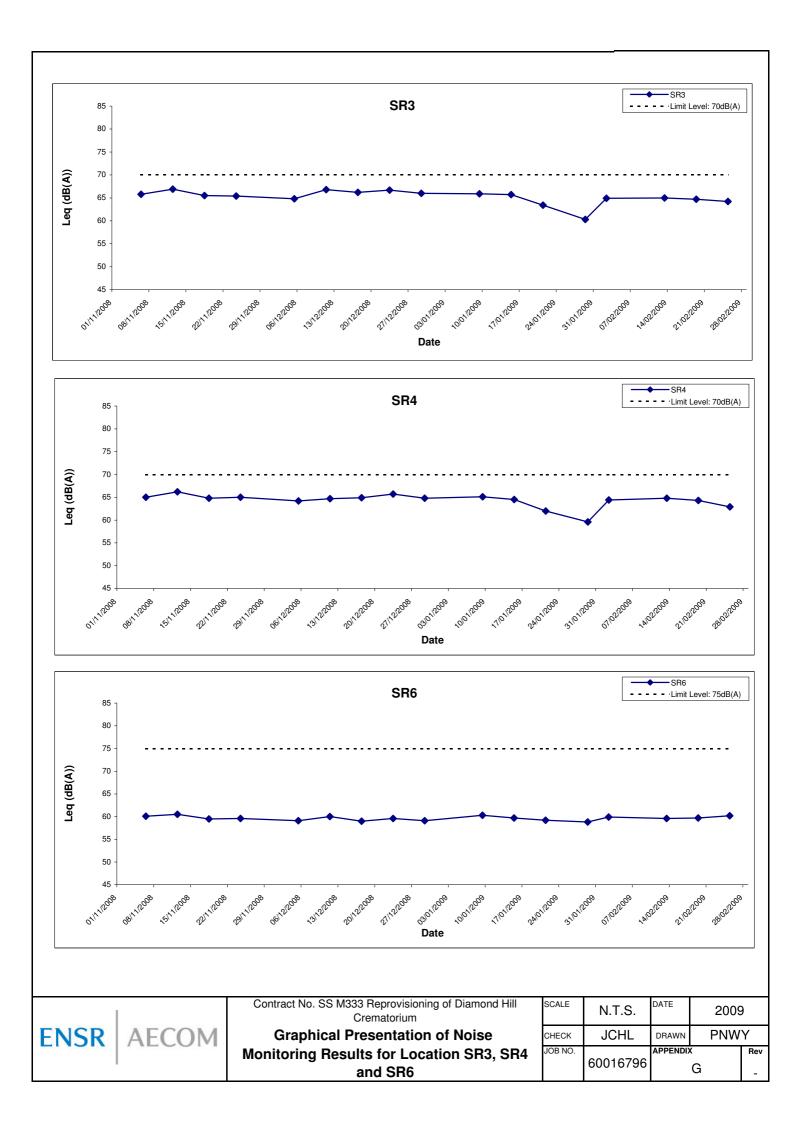
55.2

### + - Façade measurement

Bold & Italic value indicated an Limit level exceedance

Note: Measured noise level is less than the baseline noise level.

Average



#### **Inspection Information**

Date	2 Feb 09
Time	9:30 am

#### Remarks/Observations

#### Water Quality

- 1. Sedimentation tank was removed on site in this site inspection. The Contractor was reminded to provide proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems to reduce SS level in effluent.
- 2. Stagnant water was accumulated under the hose reel near EMSD store room. The Contractor was reminded to remove the stagnant water as soon as possible.

#### Air Quality

3. Stockpile of sand was placed next to EVA road near Hall 3. The Contractor was reminded to cover the stockpile or spray the stockpile with water to prevent fugitive dust generation.

#### Noise

No violation was observed in this site inspection.

#### Waste/Chemical Management

No violation was observed in this site inspection.

#### Others

No violation was observed in this site inspection.

#### Inspection Information

Date	9 Feb 09
Time	9:30 am

#### Remarks/Observations

#### Water Quality

- 1. Sedimentation tank was removed on site in this site inspection. The Contractor was reminded to provide proper desilting facilities in the drainage systems to reduce SS level in effluent.
- 2. Following up the previous audit, stagnant water was cleaned under the hose reel near EMSD store room.

#### Air Quality

- Stockpile of sand was placed next to EVA road near Hall 3 without proper dust mitigation measure.
   The Contractor was reminded to cover the stockpile or spray the stockpile with water to prevent fugitive dust generation.
- 4. Opened cement bags were placed outdoor without proper dust mitigation measure. The Contractor was reminded that the de-bagging or mixing processes should be carried out in sheltered areas and provides the proper dust mitigation measure for all opened cement bags.

#### Noise

No violation was observed in this site inspection.

#### Waste/Chemical Management

5. C&D wastes were accumulated on site. The Contractor was reminded to remove the C&D wastes more frequently and sorted the C&D wastes properly.

#### Others

No violation was observed in this site inspection.



#### **Inspection Information**

Date	16 Feb 09
Time	9:30 am

#### Remarks/Observations

#### Water Quality

1. Sands were observed accumulated near the gully near to the EMSD store room. The Contractor was reminded to provide the sandbag for gully protection to prevent the silt runoff to the gully due to rain.

#### Air Quality

- 2. Following up the previous audit, stockpile of sand was removed next to EVA road near Hall 3 in this site inspection.
- 3. Following up the previous audit, no cement bag was observed outdoor in this site inspection.

#### Noise

No violation was observed in this site inspection.

#### Waste/Chemical Management

4. Following up the previous audit, C&D wastes were removed on site in this site inspection.

#### Others

No violation was observed in this site inspection.

#### **Inspection Information**

Date	23 Feb 09
Time	9:30 am

#### Remarks/Observations

#### Water Quality

Sands were observed accumulated near the gully near the EVA road next to the EMSD store room.
The Contractor was reminded to provide the sandbag for gully protection to prevent the silt runoff to
the gully due to rain.

### Air Quality

2. No proper dust mitigation measure was provided for excavated materials on site. The Contractor was reminded to spray the excavated materials with water during handling.

#### Noise

No violation was observed in this site inspection.

#### Waste/Chemical Management

No violation was observed in this site inspection.

#### Others

No violation was observed in this site inspection.



# Appendix I Status of Environmental Permits/Licenses

Permit No.	Valid Period				Status				
Permit No.	From	То			Siaius				
Environmental Permit & Further Environmental Permit									
EP-179/2004/C	5 Dec 2007	N/A	Reprovisioning Crematorium	of	Diamond	Hill	Valid		
Registration as a Chemical Waste Producer									
5213-288-C3108-	6 Dec	N/A	Reprovisioning	of	Diamond	Hill	Valid		
10	2004		Crematorium						
Water Discharge Li	cense								
RE/C0202/288/2	16 Oct	31 Mar	Reprovisioning	of	Diamond	Hill	Valid		
	2007	2010	Crematorium						
Construction Noise	Construction Noise Permit								
GW-RE0262-08	19 Sep	15 Dec	Reprovisioning	of	Diamond	Hill	Expired		
	2008	2008	Crematorium						

# Appendix J – Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Air Quality Mitigation Measures					
Special air pollution control systems shall be installed and operate to reduce the emissions of air pollutants to acceptable levels	New cremators in New Crematorium	Arch SD	Design, Construction, Demolition and Operation stage	BPM/APCO	<b>V</b>
FEHD shall apply for a Specified Process License under the APCO	New Cremators in the New Crematorium / prior to operation	FEHD	Construction, Demolition and Operation stage	APCO	N/A
The efflux velocity of chimney shall be at least 15 m/s, the design diameter of the chimneys shall be 0.22 m and 0.30 m, the design chimney height shall be 101mP.D. (28.5m above ground), for 170 kg and 250 kg cremators respectively	Chimney of New Crematorium / design and construction stages	Arch SD	Design and Construction stage	BPM/APCO	N/A
If the interior wall of existing cremators and chimney are confirmed dioxins contaminated, special precautions shall be taken avoid fugitive emissions of dioxin contaminated materials	Cremator room and chimney in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Arch SD/Contractor	Demolition stage		N/A
Sufficient water spraying should be applied during the construction work, the fugitive dust generated from general construction dust would be reduced by 90%	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Arch SD, contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	APCO	V
Carry out a confirmatory test of dioxins in the depositions on chimney wall, flue gas ducting and combustion chambers when the existing Crematorium is shut down	Chimney, flue and cremators in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	FEHD, Arch SD	Demolition stage		N/A
If the dioxin level of surface deposition is between 1 and 10 ppb I-TEQ, it is classified as moderately contaminated with dioxins. The demolition work site should be covered up to avoid emission of fugitive dust during demolition	Chimney, flue and cremators in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD 3	Demolition stage		N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
If the dioxin level of surface deposition exceeds 10 ppb I-TEQ, it is classified as severely dioxin-contaminated waste. If it is confirmed that the existing facilities are severely contaminated with dioxins, a special decommissioning method – Containment method – would be adopted	Chimney, flue and cremators in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD 3	Demolition stage		N/A
All the demolition waste would be carefully handled, sealed and treated as chemical waste.  The waste collector shall be responsible for preventing fugitive dust emission when handling the demolition waste	Chimney, flue and cremators in Existing Crematorium / demolition stage	Arch SD, contractor	Demolition stage		V
Employ a registered asbestos contractor to remove asbestos containing material during the demolition of the existing crematorium building	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD, contractor	Demolition stage	APCO	N/A
Submit a formal AIR and Asbestos Abatement plan signed by a registered asbestos consultant to the Authority for approval under APCO 28 days prior to the start of any asbestos abatement work.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD, consultant	Demolition stage	APCO	N/A
When removing asbestos containing materials, enclosure of the work area; containment and sealing for the asbestos containing waste; provision of personal decontamination facility; use of personal respiratory/protection equipment; use of vacuum cleaner equipped with highefficiency air particulate (HEPA) filter for cleaning up the work area; and carry out air quality monitoring during the asbestos abatement work	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD, consultant	Demolition stage	APCO	N/A
Appoint qualified personnel to carry out the asbestos containing material removal work, including a registered asbestos contractor to carry out the work; a registered asbestos supervisor to supervise the work; a registered asbestos laboratory to monitor the air quality, and a registered asbestos consultant to supervise and certify the asbestos abatement work.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / decommissioning	Arch SD, consultant	Demolition stage	APCO	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Erect a site barrier with the height of no less than 2.4m to enclose the construction site Apply frequent water spraying to ensure the surface of the construction site sufficiently wet to reduce fugitive dust due to wind erosion and transportation on unpaved haul road Cover up stockpiles of fill material and dusty material Install a vehicle-cleaning system at the main entrance of the construction site to clean up the vehicles before leaving the site The Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation shall be followed for fugitive dust control	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	APCO, Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	•
No more than 6 cremators (including both the existing and new ones) are in operation during commissioning test of new cremators.  The commissioning test of each new cremator shall be recorded by a log book	Existing and new cremators in Exiting and New Crematorium / text and commissioning	Arch SD/FEHD/ Contractor	Construction stage		N/A
Special air pollution control systems shall be installed and operate to reduce the emissions of air pollutants to acceptable levels	New cremators in New Crematorium / all stages	Arch SD	Design, Construction, Demolition and Operation stage	BPM/APCO	N/A
Conduct baseline and regular 1-hour and 24-hour TSP monitoring.	A8 and A17 / baseline monitoring prior to Phase I & II works and regular monitoring throughout Phase I & II works	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	APCO, EM&A Guidelines for Development Projects in Hong Kong	V
When the demolition material is confirmed to have ACM, monitoring for asbestos fibre would be carried out at the boundary of the construction site for reassurance purposes as per the requirement of future	Construction site boundary / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Asbestos Study Report, AIR and AAP to be submitted under	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
license for asbestos abatement, though it is not expected that asbestos fibre would be liberated from the demolition of the Existing Crematorium building.				APCO, future licence for asbestos abatement (if any)	
Noise Mitigation Measures					
Select quiet plant, which is defined as PME with a sound power level lower than that specified in GW-TM. Examples of quiet plant can be referred to those listed in British Standard BS5228.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	GW-TM	√ 
Where practicable, use movable barriers of 3 to 5 m height with a small cantilevered upper portion and skid footing can be located within a few metres from a stationary plant (e.g. generator, compressor, etc.) and within about 5 m for a mobile equipment (e.g. breaker, excavator, etc.), especially in the vicinity of SR3, SR4 and SR6. The purpose-built noise barriers or screens shall be constructed of appropriate materials with a minimum superficial density of 15kg/m2.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	NCO	N/A
<ul> <li>Only well-maintained plant should be operated on site and plant should be regularly serviced during the construction works</li> <li>Plant that is used intermittently should be turned off or throttled down when not in active use</li> <li>Plant that is known to emit noise strongly in one direction should be oriented to face away from NSRs</li> <li>Silencers, mufflers and enclosures for plant should be used where possible and maintained adequately throughout the works</li> <li>Where possible mobile plant should be sited away from NSRs</li> </ul>	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	NCO	<b>V</b>

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Stockpiles of excavated materials and other structures such as site buildings should be used effectively to screen noise from the works					
Liaise with the school and the Examination Authority to ascertain the dates and times of examination periods during the course of the construction/ demolition works so as to avoid any noisy activities during these periods. Programme of the on-site works should hence be well programmed such that the noisier construction activities would not be coincided with the examination of the schools.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Demolition stage	NCO	1
Conduct regular noise monitoring.	SR 3, SR 4 and SR 6 / Phase I & II works	Contractor	Demolition stage	NCO, EM&A Guidelines for Development Projects in Hong Kong	٧
Land Contamination Mitigation Measures					
Additional site investigations in areas of the site that are currently in use and cannot be readily accessed. These investigations will be carried out once the existing facility has been decommissioned. The additional site investigations are required in the vicinity of the existing CLP secondary substation, and around the cremators and flues inside the crematorium building. Once access to these areas is available, a sampling and analysis plan will be prepared for approval by EPD, additional investigations will take place, and the need for remedial works will be determined. Any remedial works required will be in addition to those described in this current report.	CLP secondary substation and cremator room/ demolition stage (Phase I – CLP secondary substation; Phase II – cremator room)	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94	V
Once the Existing Crematorium has ceased operating during Phase II, confirmatory surface	Locations S1 to S6 specified in the	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
samples will be taken from the samples points S1 to S6 at a depth of 0.1m, and these samples will be analysed for the same suite of determinands (i.e. dioxins, metals and PAH) in order to confirm that no further contamination has occurred. The Remediation Action Plan will be revised on the basis of these results.	CAP/demolition				
The underground fuel storage tank and associated pipework will be removed as part of the site formation works. The base of the excavations will be inspected during and after tank removal by a suitably experienced environmental specialist in order to determine whether there is any visual or olfactory evidence of fuel contamination. If such contamination is suspected, then confirmatory soil sampling will be carried out, and the samples analysed for TPH.	Underground fuel storage tank/during and after tank removal	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	N/A
Summary of remediation works at locations S3 and S5:					
1. Mark out 5m radius around S3 and S5 2. Excavate to depth of 0.5m 3. Transport to landfill site for final disposal4. Take 4 samples from edges of excavation and one sample from base of excavation, analyse for lead and tin 5. If the results exceed Dutch B Levels, extend excavation to a further 5 m radius and 0.5 m depth in the quadrant where the contaminated samples is encountered and repeat steps 3 and 4 6. If the results less than Dutch B Levels, then remediation completed.	Locations S3 and S5 specified in CAP/demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN3/94	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
During removal of the underground fuel storage tank, appropriate precautions should be taken to avoid contamination. All fuel tanks and associated pipework should be emptied prior to any demolition work being undertaken. Any remaining sludge or sediment in the tanks or pipework should be removed and disposed of as chemical waste in accordance with the appropriate regulations for disposal of such material.	Underground fuel storage tank / Phase II demolition	Agent Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	N/A
Should contamination be encountered beneath the fuel tank or the CLP secondary substation, further remedial work will be required. Such potential contamination would consist of either TPH (in the case of the fuel tank) or PCBs (in the case of the CLP secondary substation). As a realistic worst-case estimate, the PCB contaminated soil at CLP secondary substation may require stabilisation with cement prior to disposal to landfill. A realistic worst case estimate is that the volume of TPH contaminated soil at underground storage tank would require landfill disposal.	CLP secondary substation /Phase I demolition and underground fuel tank / Phase II demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	N/A
Health and Safety Precautions during Remedial Works					
The site workers engaged in the remedial works should be provided with adequate personal protective equipment, which should include:  • Protective footwear;  • Gloves; • Dust masks; and • Overalls.  A clean area should be provided, equipped with washing facilities. Eating, drinking and smoking should only be permitted within designated "clean" areas after washing. Excavated material should not be stockpiled, but should immediately be treated/transported to landfill on a daily basis	All areas requiring remedial works in Project site / demolition during Phases I and II	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Avoidance of Impacts on Water Quality during Remedial Works In order to avoid impacts on water quality during remedial works, care will be taken to minimise the mobilisation of sediment during excavation and transport. Measures to be adopted will be based on the recommendations set out in Practice Note for Professional Persons ProPECC PN1/94 "Construction Site Drainage". The results of the site investigation suggest that there is unlikely to be any requirement for dewatering of excavations, since groundwater was not encountered in any of the exploratory holes. The contractor carrying out the remedial works will be required to submit a method statement detailing the measures to be taken to avoid water quality impacts. Typical measures would include;  • Carry out the works during the dry season (i.e. October to March) if possible;  • Use bunds or perimeter drains to prevent run-off water entering excavations;  • Sheet or otherwise cover excavations whenever rainstorms are expected to occur;  • Minimise the requirements for stockpiling of material and ensure any stockpiles are covered;  • Temporary on-wit stockpiling of contaminated materials should be avoided, and all excavated contaminated soils/materials should be disposed of on a daily basis;  • Ensure that any discharges to storm drains pass through an appropriate silt trap.	All areas requiring remedial works in Project site / demolition during Phases I and II	Agent Contractor	Demolition stage	Workshops ProPECC PN 3/94, ProPECC PN1/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	N/A
Waste Disposal Requirements during Remedial Works					
An application for permission to dispose of excavated material should be made to the Facilities Management Group of EPD three months prior to disposal. A "tripticket" system should be implemented. Each load of contaminated soil despatched to landfill should be	All areas requiring remedial works in Project site / demolition during Phases I and II	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94, Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), WBTC No. 21/2002 and	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
accompanied by an admission ticket. Vehicles leaving the site should be adequately sheeted to prevent dispersion of contaminated material during transport. The wheels of vehicles should be cleaned prior to leaving site, to prevent contaminated material leaving site on the wheels of vehicles.				Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	
Compliance Report for Remedial Works				·	
Following completion of remediation works, a Remediation Report should be compiled and submitted, to demonstrate that the remediation works have been carried out in accordance with the Remediation Action Plan. The Remediation Report should include details of the excavation works carried out, records of material taken to landfill, and results of confirmatory testing, and should be submitted to EPD for approval before the commencement of building works.	All areas requiring remedial works in Project site / after completion of remediation works	Agent Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94 and Guidance Notes for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Sites of Petrol Filling Stations, Boatyards and Car Repair / Dismantling Workshops	N/A
Land Contamination Mitigation Measures		_			,
Conduct supplementary site investigation for TPH and PCB in soil samples.	CLP substation / after decommissioning but prior to demolition during Phase I work	Contractor	Demolition stage	CAR, RAP, future sampling and analysis plan	V
Conduct confirmatory testing of PAH, dioxins and metals (the "Dutch List") in soil samples.	S1 to S6 / Phase II work	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	CAR, RAP, future sampling and analysis plan	N/A
If fuel contamination underneath the underground fuel tank is suspected, confirmatory soil sampling will be carried out for analysis of TPH.	Underneath the underground fuel tank / Phase II	Contractor	Demolition stages	CAR, RAP, future sampling and analysis plan	N/A
Conduct confirmatory testing of tin and lead in soil	S3 and S5 / during	Contractor	Construction and	CAR, RAP, future	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
samples to confirm all contaminated soil has been excavated.	Phase II work following excavation at each location		Demolition stages	sampling and analysis plan	
Waste Management Mitigation Measures					
Good Site Practice  Obtain relevant waste disposal permits from the appropriate authorities, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation (Cap. 354) and the Land (Miscellaneous Provision) Ordinance(Cap. 28)  Prepare a Waste Management Plan approved by the Engineers / Supervising Officer of the Project in accordance with Environment, Transport and Works Bureau Technical Circular (Works) (ETWBTC(W)) 15/2003, Waste Management On Construction Sites  Nominate an approved person, such as site manager, to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal of all types of wastes generated on-site to appropriate facility  Use waste haulier authorized or licensed to collect specific category of waste  Establish trip ticket system as contractual requirement (with reference to Works Branch Technical Circular (WBTC) No. 21/2002) for monitoring of public fill and C&D waste at public filling facilities and landfills. Such activities should be monitored by the Environmental Team  Provide training to site staff in terms of proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures  Separate chemical wastes for special handling and dispose them at licensed facility for treatment  Establish routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors  Provide sufficient waste disposal points and regular	Project site/ design, construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Design, Construction and Demolition stages	Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), Waste Disposal(Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation(Cap. 354) Land(Miscellaneou s Provision) Ordinance(Cap. 28) WDO, ETWBTC(W) 15/2003, WBTC No. 21/2002	

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
collection for disposal  • Adopt measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers  • Establish recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed of (including the disposal sites)					
Waste Management Plan The contractor should submit the Waste Management Plan to Engineer/Supervising Officer of the Project for approval. The Waste Management Plan should describe the arrangements for avoidance, reuse, recovery and recycling, storage, collection, treatment and disposal of different categories of waste to be generated from the activities of the Project and indicate the disposal location(s) of all waste. A trip ticket system shall be included in the Waste Management Plan.	Project site / design, construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Design, Construction and Demolition stages	Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354)	1
Waste Reduction Measures • Minimize the damage or contamination of construction material by proper storage and site practices • Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimize amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste • Prior to disposal of C&D waste, wood, steel and other metals should be separated for reuse and / or recycling to minimize the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill • Minimize use of wood and reuse non-timber formwork to reduce the amount of C&D waste • Recycle any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity as far as practicable • As far as practicable, segregate and store different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal • Encourage collection of aluminium cans, plastic bottles and packaging material (e.g. carton boxes) and office paper by individual collectors, separate labeled	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Agent Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	WBTC No. 32/92, 5/98 and 19/99	1

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
bins should be provided to help segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the work force					
Excavated Material Rock and soil generated from excavation should be reused for site formation as far as possible. In addition, excavated material from foundation work can be reused for landscaping as far as practicable to avoid disposal off-site.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stages	WBTC 12/2000	7
Construction and Demolition Material Careful design, planning and good site management can minimize over-ordering and generation of waste materials such as concrete, mortar and cement grouts. Standard formwork should be used as far as practicable, wooden formwork should be replaced by metal ones whenever possible. Alternatives such as plastic fencing and reusable site office structures can also minimize C&D waste generation. The contractor should recycle as much as possible of the C&D material on-site. Public fill and C&D waste should be segregated and stored in different containers or skips to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal. Materials such as concrete and masonry can be crushed and used as fill and steel reinforcing bar can be used by scrap steel mills. Different areas of sites should be designated for such segregation and storage. To maximize landfill life, government policy discourages the disposal of C&D materials with more than 20% inert material by volume (or 30% inert material by weight) at landfill. Inert C&D material (public fill) should be directed to an approved public filling area, where it has the added benefit of offsetting the need for removal of materials from borrow areas for reclamation purposes.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Design, Construction and Demolition stages	WBTC 5/98 and19/99	<b>V</b>
Contaminated Material – Further Contamination	CLP secondary	Contractor	Demolition	ProPECC PN	N/A

Recommende	nded Mitigation Measures		Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Location	Investigation Parameter	Investigation Period	_				
Cremators/ flue/chimney and surrounding areas	Asbestos (building structure)	Phase II					
CLP secondary substation	PCB, TPH (soil samples)	Phase I					
Cremators/ flue/chimney and surrounding areas	Dioxins, heavy metals, PAH (ash waste)	Phase II					
Surface soil around Existing Crematorim	Dioxins, heavy metals, PAH (soil sample)	Phase II					
information on at cremators /	materials requiring						

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Samples of ash/particulate matters should be collected from within the cremators (including the bottom ash), chimney walls, flues and surrounding area of the Existing Crematorium for analysis of dioxin, heavy metals and PAHs by a HOKLAS accredited laboratory. A consultant experienced in the abatement of chemical wastes particularly the handling of DCM, should be appointed in order to assist with the evaluation of the information and prepare an abatement plan for the ash waste. Such a plan shall be submitted to EPD and the Labour Department (LD) to establish an acceptable and safe method for these potentially hazardous wastes. The abatement plan should identify the method of abatement, the performance criteria for the protection of workers and the environment and any emergency procedures and contingency measures required.	Cromator room in	Contractor	Domalition stage	DroDECC DN 2/04	N/A
It must be ensured that the treatment of ash wastes will comply with all routine construction site safety procedures would apply as well as statutory requirements under the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance and Factories and Industrial Undertakings Ordinance. Due to the difficulties in establishing permanent and effective engineering controls, the protection of workers is likely to be at the worker level. A safe system of work must be provided, and training and suitable personal protective equipment as well as hygienic decontamination facilities should be provided. It is recommended that the methods to be adopted by the contractor for disposal of the ash waste should be agreed with LD and EPD.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / before demolition and after decommission	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 3/94	N/A
Sufficient time should be allocated to abate all ash waste with DCM/HMCM/PAHCM. The contractor should ensure the implications of dust				ProPECC PN 3/94 Code of Practice on	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
containing DCM/HMCM on air quality and workers health during the clean up work are mitigated. Since DCM is chemically related to Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB) wastes, the requirements of the Code of Practice on the Handling, Transportation and Disposal of (PCB) Wastes should be referenced when developing the abatement plan.				the Handling, Transportation and Disposal of (PCB) Wastes	
A land contamination site investigation was carried out under this EIA to determine disposal requirements for contaminated soil. Further site investigation on soil around CLP secondary substation is needed when decommissioned, which will be during Phase I of the works. In addition, confirmatory testing on DCM level in locations S1 to S6 will be required to identify the appropriate remediation and disposal requirements during Phase II of the works.	Locations S1 to S6 in CAP / prior to Phase II demolition		Demolition stage		N/A
Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) Further asbestos assessment should be carried out when access to the cremators /flue /chimney is accessible after decommissioning and before demolition. An AMP should be prepared. The AAP should be prepared and submitted to EPD for approval prior to commencement of demolition works in accordance to the APCO. It is preferable to remove all ACM before actual demolition. A registered asbestos removal contractor should be employed to remove all ACM in accordance with the approved AAP which will be prepared in due course in accordance with the Code of Practice (COP) on Asbestos Control for Safe Handling of Low Risk ACM and Asbestos Work Using Full Containment or Mini Containment Method published by EPD. A registered asbestos consultant should also be employed to	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / before demolition and after decommission	Contractor	Demolition stage	Code of Practice (COP) on Asbestos Control for Safe Handling of Low Risk ACM and Asbestos Work Using Full Containment or Mini Containment Method COP on Handling, Transportation and Disposal of Asbestos Waste under the Waste Disposal	N/A

Recommend	led Mitigation Meas	ures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
the contracto on Handling, Waste under	atement works. For the r should observe the Transportation and L the Waste Disposal (aste) (General) Regu	COP Disposal of Asbestos				(Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation APCO	
Dioxin Conta Containing M Polyaromatic (PAHCM) fro Crematorium Proposed Co with DCM/HM	ining Materials (DCM laterials (HMCM) / Hydrocarbon Contain Demolition of the Entamination Classification	) / Heavy Metal ning Materials Existing ation for Ash Waste	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / before demolition and after decommission	Contractor	Demolition	ProPECC PN3/94 USEPA dioxin assessment criterion	N/A
Classificati on of Contamina tion	Dioxin Level in Ash Waste	Heavy Metal Level in Ash Waste					
Low/Non Contaminat ed by DCM / HMCM / PAHCM	< 1 ppb TEQ	< Dutch "B" List					
Moderately/ Severely Contaminat ed HMCM / PAHCM	< 1 ppb TEQ	≥ Dutch "B" List					
Moderately Contaminat ed DCM	≥ 1 and <10 ppb TEQ	Any level					

Recommend	ed Mitigation Meas	ures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Severely Contaminat ed DCM _	≥10 ppb TEQ	Any level					
Low/Non-Con PAHCM from Where the asl DCM/HMCM/I should avoid a demolition. Go measures me All such ash v disposal of at Subject to the investigation, ash waste is f	andling, Treatment a staminated DCM /HM. Demolition of Existin h waste contains low PAHCM, the contract ash waste becoming eneral dust suppress intioned in Section 4 waste can be directly landfill. findings of the further building structures we ound but contaminated in accordance to 7	ng Crematorium  I/non contaminated  Itor airborne during  Iion should be followed.  Per asbestos I/here such ed with asbestos	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	APCO	N/A
Moderately/So Moderately/So from Demolition Crematorium Procedure on disposal of Mo	,	nd d HMCM / PAHCM , treatment and	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures		Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Site Preparation	The contractor should ensure the impacts of dust containing dioxin and/or heavy metals on air quality and workers health during the handling and transportation of the contaminated materials are mitigated. Except the cremators/flue/chimney, all removable items where moderately contaminated DCM or moderately/severely contaminated HMCM / PAHCM is identified should be removed as far as practicable to avoid obstructing the decontamination activities. Preliminary site decontamination of all debris shall be carried out using HEPA vacuum cleaner. The top portion of the chimney above the roof shall be enclosed by a chamber with three layers of polyethene sheets. At the entrance to the cremators /flues /chimney, a 3-chamber decontamination unit shall be constructed for entry and exit from the work area.  The 3-chamber decontamination unit shall comprise a dirty room, a shower room and a clean room of at least 1m x 1m base each with 3 layers of fire retardant polyethene sheet where all workers shall carry out decontamination procedures before leaving the work area. Warning signs in both Chinese and English should be put up in conspicuous areas.					

Recommend	ed Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
	All workers shall wear full protective equipment, disposable protective coverall (such as Tyvek) (with hood and shoe covers), nitrile gloves, rubber boots (or boot covers), and full-face positive pressure respirators equipped with a combination cartridge that filters particulate and removes organic vapour. The organic vapour protection is an added protection against the unlikely exposure to any vapour.  If ACM is identified in building structures where moderately contaminated DCM or moderately/severely contaminated HMCM / PAHCM is found, relevant abatement measures for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented prior to the above site preparation.					
Decontamin ation, demolition and handling	The cremators/flue/chimney shall be removed from top down starting from the chimney. Any ash or residues attached to the cremators/flue/chimney or any other building structures shall be removed by scrubbing and HEPA vacuuming.  Wastes generated from the containment or decontamination unit including the protection clothing of the workers such as the coverall, nitrile glove, rubber boots and materials used for wet wiping shall be disposed of at landfill site.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures		Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
	After completion of removal, decontaminate all surfaces by HEPA vacuum.					
Treatment	If ACM is identified in building structures where moderately contaminated DCM or moderately/severely contaminated HMCM / PAHCM is found, relevant abatement measures for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented prior to the above decontamination, demolition and handling measures.  The ash waste contains dioxin/heavy					
	metals and in its untreated state would be classified as a chemical waste under the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. While the quantity of DCM/HMCM is not expected to be significant, the levels of dioxin and heavy metals would affect the treatment option. Immobilization of the contaminated materials by mixing with cement followed by disposal at landfill (if landfill disposal criteria can be met) would be the most preferable option.					
	Rather than treating the already incinerated ash waste by incineration, the ash waste with moderately contaminated					

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
DCM or moderately/severely contaminated HMCM / PAHCM should be collected and stabilized to meet landfill disposal criteria of the Facilities Management Group (FMG) of EPD. In this case it is envisaged that the process would involve collection and mixing of the ash waste with cement. Pilot mixing and TCLP tests should be carried out to establish the appropriate ratio of cement to ash waste to the satisfaction of EPD. It is envisaged that the pilot tests would involve the mixing of say 5%, 10% and 15% ratios of cement to ash waste and three replicate of 300 mm cube blocks for each ratio. TCLP tests should then be used to establish the correct ratio of cement to ash waste to the satisfaction of EPD.					

Recommended Mitigation Measures		Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Disposal	After immobilization of the ash waste by mixing with cement in the correct ratio as determined by the pilot mixing and TCLP test, the waste materials should be placed inside polyethene lined steel drums for disposal at landfill.  Transparent plastic sheeting of 0.15 mm thickness low-density polyethene or PVC should be employed. The drums should be 16 gauge steel or thicker and fitted with double bung fixed ends adequately sealed and well labelled in new or good condition. The drums should be clearly marked "DANGEROUS CHEMICAL WASTE" in English and Chinese. Prior agreement of the disposal criteria from the FMG of EPD and agreement to disposal from the landfill operator must be obtained.  As a fall back option, if the landfill disposal criteria cannot be met after immobilization of the ash waste, disposal at the CWTC should be considered.  The building structures will be disposal of at landfill.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

Recommende	ed Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
	If ACM is identified in building structures where moderately contaminated DCM or moderately/severely contaminated HMCM / PAHCM is found, relevant disposal measures for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented instead.					
Severely Con Demolition of Procedure for	andling, Treatment and Disposal of taminated DCM from the Existing Crematorium demolition, handling, treatment and everely Contaminated DCM	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A
Item	Procedure					
Site Preparation	Except the cremators/flue/chimney, all removable items where severely contaminated DCM is identified should be removed from the cremator room as far as practicable to avoid obstructing the decontamination activities.  Preliminary site decontamination of all debris shall be carried out using HEPA vacuum cleaner. The walls, floor and ceiling of the cremator room where severely contaminated DCM located shall be lined with 3 layers of fire retardant polyethene sheets. The top portion of the chimney above the roof shall be enclosed by a chamber with three layers of polyethene sheets. At the entrance to the cremators/flues/chimney, a 3-chamber					

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
decontamination unit shall be constructed for entry and exit from the work area. The 3-chamber decontamination unit shall comprise a dirty room, a shower room and a clean room of at least 1m x 1m base each with 3 layers of fire retardant polyethene sheet where all workers shall carry out decontamination procedures before leaving the work area. Warning signs in both Chinese and English should be put up in conspicuous areas.					
Air movers should be installed at the cremator room, and at the bottom of the chimney to exhaust air from the work area. A stand-by air mover shall also be installed with each of the air movers. Sufficient air movement shall be maintained to give a minimum of 6 air changes per hour to the work area, and maintain a negative pressure of 0.05-0.15 inches of water within the work area throughout the entire course of the decommissioning works. A pressure monitor with printout records and audible alarm shall be installed at an easily accessible location to demonstrate that negative pressure is maintained. New pre-filters and HEPA filters shall be used on the air movers.					

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
the air movers should be kept on site for inspection upon request. The appointed contractor shall also check the differential pressure of the air mover to make sure the filter is not blocked. A differential pressure above 0.2 inches of water indicates that the filters would need to be changed.					
Smoke Test: before commencement of the decommissioning work, a smoke test with non-toxic smoke shall be carried out to ensure the air-tightness of the containment. Also check whether there are stagnant air pockets indicated by an aggregate of smoke that cannot effectively be extracted. After a successful test, switch on the air mover to exhaust smoke from the containment and to give a minimum of 6 air changes per hour, and check visually to see that the filters screen out the smoke effectively and if the pressure gauges read normal. If not, the air mover shall be sealed up and returned to the supplier workshop for necessary servicing, and replaced by a tested air mover. The normal reading pressure range for maintaining 6 air changes per hour shall be 1.5-4 mm/0.05-0.15 inches of water or equivalent	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
(negative pressure). The au alarm's integrity should also be che the trigger shall be at <1.5 inches of water (negative pressure Otherwise securely seal up openings before switching off the air mover.	ecked and mm/0.05 e).				
Treatment of Waste/Worke Protection: the contractor's required to register as a Chemical W Producer. All workers shall protective equipment, disposable protective and shoe covers), nitrile gloves, rubb boot covers), and full-face pressure respirators equipper combination cartridge that it particulate and removes on vapour. The organic vapour is an added protection against the exposure to any vapour as necessary measure.	vaste Vaste Wear full tective vith hood er boots (or positive ped with a filters ganic r protection ee unlikely				
If ACM is identified in buildi structures where severely contaminated DCM is found, relevant abatement for building structures described AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented prior to the abatement of the abat	nt measures rribed in the				

Recommend	ed Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Decontamin ation, demolition and handling	The cremators/flue/chimney shall be removed from top down starting from the chimney. Any ash or residues attaching to the cremators/flue/chimney or any other building structures shall be removed by scrubbing and HEPA vacuuming.  The detached sections of the building structures where severely contaminated DCM is located shall be wrapped with 2 layers of fire retardant polyethene sheets. A third layer shall then be wrapped and secured with duct tape. Decontaminate the outer layer of the wrapped flue sections by wet wiping.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A
	Wastes generated from the containment or decontamination unit including the fire retardant polyethene sheets, protection clothing of the workers such as the coverall, nitrile glove, rubber boots and materials used for wet wiping shall be disposed of at landfill site.	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
The quantity of wastewater generated from the decontaminated process will be very small but the contractor should take precautionary measures as to minimize the quantity of contaminated water arising. Nevertheless, if any contaminated wastewater needs to be discharged out of the site, it has to be properly treated to WPCO requirements with prior agreement from EPD on discharge standards.  After completion of removal, decontaminate the surface where severely contaminated DCM was located, including the wrapped incinerator furnace and flue sections left within the containment, by wet wiping and HEP vacuum.  Then spray the innermost layer of the fire retardant polyethene sheet covering the wall, ceiling and floor with PVA. Upon drying, peel off this innermost layer of the polyethene sheet covering the containment and dispose of at landfill site.	A A				

Recommende	ed Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
	Repeat the above decontamination procedure for the second innermost layer of fire retardant polyethene sheet by wet wiping and HEPA vacuuming. After spraying with PVA, peel off this second innermost layer of the polyethene sheet covering the wall, ceiling and floor and dispose of at landfill site. Finally, the last layer of polyethene sheet shall then be taken down after spaying with PVA and be disposed as contaminated wastes.					
Treatment and disposal	If ACM is identified in building structures where severely contaminated DCM is found, relevant abatement measures for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented prior to the above decontamination, demolition and handling measures.  Waste to be disposed to CWTC: all contaminated ash waste with severely contaminated DCM removed and the used HEPA filters shall be sent to	Cremator room in Existing Crematorium / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A
	CWTC in Tsing Yi. The total volume should be confirmed by further site investigation.	domonium			regulation	

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Waste to be Disposed of at Landfill: other wastes including the building structures and its associated panels as well as wastes generated from this decommissioning works are also considered as contaminated waste and shall be disposed of at a designated landfill. Wastes generated from this decommissioning works refer to the polyethene wrapping sheets for the building structures, waste generated from the dismantlement of the containment and decontamination units, and cloth used in wet wrapping, etc. as previously described in this section. They shall be placed into appropriate containers such as drums, jerricans, or heavy duty and leak-proof plastic as a prudent approach. A disposal permit has to be obtained from the Authority. The disposal trip ticket is required to be made available as record after disposal.  If ACM is identified in building structures where severely contaminated DCM is found, relevant disposal measures for building structures described in the AAP (see 7.7.16) should be implemented in prior to the above disposal measures.					

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Dioxin Containing Materials (DCM) / Heavy Metal Containing Materials (HMCM) /Polyaromatic Hydrocarbon Containing Materials ( PAHCM) / Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Containing Materials (TPHCM) / Polychlorinated Biphenyls Containing Materials (PCBCM) from Soil Remediation at the Project Site					
According to the CAR and RAP, less than 100 m3 of soil would require disposal at landfill.  Relevant health and safety procedure, waste disposal requirements and compliance report are as detailed in Figure 6.3. Mitigation measures to avoid fugitive dust emission mentioned in S.4.7.2 should also be observed.	Locations S3 and S5 of CAP / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN3/94 APCO	N/A
In addition, after decommissioning but before demolition of the Existing Crematorium, further investigations during Phase I of the works at the vicinity of CLP secondary substation should also be carried out to determine if additional remediation (in addition to the current RAP) is required. Confirmatory test on levels of DCM, HMCM and PAHCM in locations S1 to S6 during Phase II of the works is also required to determine any further remediation /treatment/disposal. In addition, the ash waste in cremator/chimney/flues should also be collected for the testing of DCM/HMCM/PAHCM during Phase II of the works. The sampling and analysis plan should be prepared and submitted to EPD for approval.	CLP secondary substation / after decommission and before demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	ProPECC PN3/94	N/A
All the aforementioned ACM / DCM / HMCM / PAHCM / TPHCM / PCBCM are classified as chemical waste. In addition to the measures mentioned above, the packaging, labelling and storage practices of chemical waste as stipulated in the following paragraphs should also be applied to these contaminated materials.	Project site / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Chemical Waste All the chemical waste should be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. The Contractor should register as a chemical waste producer. The chemical waste should be stored and collected by an approved contractor for disposal at a licensed facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. Containers used for the storage of chemical waste should:	Project site / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	•
<ul> <li>Be suitable for the substance they are holding, resistant to corrosion, maintained in good condition, and securely closed;</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Have a capacity of less than 450 L unless the specifications have been approved by the EPD; and</li> </ul>					
Display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.					
The storage area for chemical waste should:					
<ul> <li>Be clearly labeled and used solely for the storage of chemical waste;</li> </ul>					
Be enclosed on at least 3 sides;					
<ul> <li>Have an impermeable floor and bunding, of capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20% by volume of the chemical waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest;</li> </ul>					
Have adequate ventilation;					
Be covered to prevent rainfall from entering (water collected within the bund must be tested and disposal as chemical waste if necessary); and					
Be properly arranged so that incompatible					

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
materials are adequately separated.					
<ul> <li>The chemical waste should be disposed of by:</li> <li>A licensed waste collector;</li> <li>A facility licensed to receive chemical waste, such as the CWTC at Tsing Yi, which offers chemical waste collection service and can supply the necessary storage containers; and/or</li> <li>A waste recycling plant as approved by EPD.</li> </ul>	Project site / demolition	Contractor	Demolition stage	Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste)	N/A
				(General) Regulation.	
General Refuse General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separated from C&D and chemical wastes. A reliable waste collector should be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D and chemical wastes, on a daily or every second day basis to minimize odour, pest and litter impacts. The burning of refuse on construction sites is prohibited by law. Aluminum cans are often recovered from the waste stream by individual collectors if they are segregated or easily accessible. Therefore, separately labeled bins for deposit of these cans should be provided if feasible. Similarly, plastic bottles and carton package material generated on-site should be separated for recycling as far as practicable. Site office waste should be reduced through recycling of paper if volumes are large enough to warrant collection. Participation in a local collection scheme should be considered if one is available.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage		•
Conduct supplementary site investigation for asbestos in building structures and for dioxins, metals (the "Dutch List") and PAH in ash/particular	Around existing cremators, chimney and flues	Contractor	Demolition stage	AIR, AMP/AAP to be submitted under	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
matter samples.	inside cremator room / after decommissioning but prior to demolition during Phase II work			APCO, future supplementary site investigation plan	
Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures					
The identification of the landscape and visual impacts will highlight those sources of conflict requiring design solutions or modifications to reduce the impacts and, if possible, blend the development with the surrounding landscape. The proposed landscape mitigation measures will be described and illustrated by means of site plans and photomontage and take into account factors including:	Project site / design, construction and demolition stages	Contractor/FEH D/Arch SD	Construction and Demolition stage	EIAO-TM	N/A
Screen planting					
<ul> <li>Transplanting of mature trees with good amenity value where appropriate</li> </ul>					
Conservation of topsoil for reuse					
<ul> <li>Sensitive alignment of structures to minimise disturbance to surrounding vegetation</li> </ul>					
Reinstatement of areas disturbed during construction					
<ul> <li>The design and finishes / colours of architectural and engineering structures such as terminals and pylons</li> </ul>					
Existing views, views of the development with no mitigation, views with mitigation at day one of operation and after 10 years of operation					
Tree transplanting: The tree survey has identified the trees which will be affected by the development and which could be considered for	Project site / construction and demolition as well	Contractor/Arch SD	Construction and Demolition stage	WBTC 7/2002, WBTC 14/2002, EIAO-TM	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
transplanting prior to commencement of construction work. Felling is considered as a last resort and every effort should be made to transplant the many good trees of high amenity value to either nearby suitable sites within the cemetery or to available space in FEHD's Wo Hop Shek Crematorium pending identification of an alternative site. The feasibility of transplanting will depend on a number of factors such as size, health and species of the tree. Adequate time (a minimum of 4 months) should be allowed for preparing trees for transplanting. Weekly inspection of tree protection measures as well as monitoring of tree transplant operations during both phases should be implemented. Particular care should be taken to save the 9 nos. mature and semi-mature protected tree species and 12 nos. protected shrub and immature tree species identified. To give the protected species the best possible chance of survival it is recommended that they are relocated to sheltered and well maintained planted areas within the cemetery. The following measures for tree transplanting should be adopted:  (a) Appoint a landscape contractor for the establishment and maintenance of the transplanted trees as well as any new tree planting for 12 months upon completion of the works.  (b) Careful co-ordination of Phase I and II works to allow tree transplanting from Phase II site directly to Phase I site.	as operation stages				
Tree protection: Trees to be retained adjacent to works areas will be carefully protected by strong hoarding and if necessary additional protection to individual tree trunks to avoid damage by machinery. The hoarding will also prevent	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Arch SD	Construction and Demolition stage	WBTC 7/2002, WBTC 14/2002, EIAO-TM	N/A

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
contractors from compacting soil around tree roots or dumping materials. Reference should be made to the guidelines for tree protection in the Government publication "Tree Planting and Maintenance in Hong Kong".					
Topsoil conservation: Any topsoil excavated during construction will be carefully saved and stored to one side of the works area for reuse upon completion.	Project site / upon completion of construction works for each phase	Arch SD	Construction and Demolition stage	WBTC 7/2002, WBTC 14/2002, EIAO-TM	N/A
Replanting: Upon completion planting of ornamental trees and shrubs will be provided to the periphery of the new crematorium building to help screen and soften the overall appearance of the structure. In addition, a reprovisioned memorial garden with a lotus pond and ornamental planting will be incorporated in the deck area of the building. Since the majority of the new planting will be on the deck structure the selection of species will be more limited with emphasis on smaller trees and ornamental shrubs to comply with loading restrictions.  Notwithstanding this site constraint on tree selection, a minimum of 1.2m soil depth will be provide for tree planting on the podium / roof structure for healthy establishment of the new tree planting.	Project site / upon completion of construction works for each phase	Arch SD	Construction and Demolition stage	WBTC 7/2002, WBTC 14/2002, EIAO-TM	N/A
Weekly inspections of tree protection measures as well as monitoring of tree transplant operations.	Project site / Phase I & II works	Project Landscape Architect	Construction and Demolition stage	Landscape Master Plan, Tree Planting and Maintenance in Hong Kong	N/A
Water Quality Mitigation Measures					
Construction and Demolition Phases – General To safeguard the water quality of the WSRs potentially affected by the Project works, the	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 1/94	٧

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
contractor should implement appropriate mitigation measures with reference to the <i>Practice</i> Note for Professional Persons, Construction Site  Drainage (ProPECC PN 1/94) published by EPD. Such measures are highlighted as follows.					
Construction and Demolition Phases - Construction and Demolition Run-off and Drainage Exposed soil areas should be minimized to reduce the potential for increased siltation, contamination of run-off and erosion. Any effluent discharge from the Project site is subject to the control of Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO) discharge license and should be treated to meet the discharge standard set out in the relevant license. In addition, no site run-off should enter the stream on the eastern side of the Project site. Run-off impacts associated with the construction and demolition activities can be readily controlled through the use of appropriate mitigation measures, which include:	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 1/94	
<ul> <li>Temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate run-off discharge into appropriate watercourses, via a silt retention pond</li> </ul>					
Boundaries of earthworks should be marked and surrounded by dykes					
Open material storage stockpiles should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric to prevent material washing away					
Exposed soil areas should be minimized to reduce the potential for increased siltation and contamination of run-off					
Earthwork final surfaces should be well compacted and subsequent permanent work should be immediately performed					
Use of sediment traps wherever necessary					

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
Maintenance of drainage systems to prevent flooding and overflow					
All temporary drainage pipes and culverts provided to facilitate run-off discharge should be adequately designed to facilitate rapid discharge of storm flows. All sediment traps should be regularly cleaned and maintained. The temporarily diverted drainage should be reinstated to its original condition, when the construction/demolition work is completed.					V
Sand and silt in wash water from wheel washing facilities should be settled out and removed from discharge into temporary drainage pipes or culverts. A section of the haul road between the wheel washing bay and the public road should be paved with backfall to prevent wash water or other site run-off from entering public road drains.					<b>√</b>
Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system downstream of any significant oil and grease sources. They should be regularly maintained to prevent the release of oil and grease into the storm water drainage system after accidental spillage. The inceptor should have a bypass to prevent flooding during periods of heavy rain, as specified in <i>ProPECC PN</i> 1/94.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 1/94	N/A
Construction and Demolition Phases - General Construction and Demolition Activities All the solid waste and chemical waste generated on site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid affecting the water quality of the nearby WSRs. The proper waste management measures are detailed in S.7.7.5-S.7.7.6.	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 1/94	V
Construction and Demolition Phases - Sewage Generated from On-site Workforce	Project site / construction and	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 1/94	V

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
The sewage from construction work force is expected to be handled by portable chemical toilets if the existing toilets in the Project site are not adequate. Appropriate and adequate portable toilets should be provided by licensed contractors who will be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance of these facilities.	demolition stages				
Construction and Demolition Phases - Soil Remediation Activities Mitigation measures will need to be implemented during the currently identified soil remediation activities. If further land contamination investigation results (at CLP secondary substation during Phase I and at locations S1 to S6 during Phase II) confirm the needs for further soil remediation prior to demolition of the Existing Crematorium, relevant water quality mitigation measures (in addition to the current RAP) will need to be identified and implemented by the contractor. In addition, the mitigation measures recommended for minimizing water quality impacts for construction and demolition run-off and drainage as well as for general construction and demolition activities should also be adopted where applicable.  In order to avoid impacts on water quality during further remedial works, care will be taken to minimise the mobilisation of sediment during excavation and transport. Measures to be adopted will be based on the recommendations set out in <i>Practice Note for Professional Persons ProPECC PN1/94 "Construction Site Drainage"</i> . The results of the site investigation suggest that there is unlikely to be any requirement for dewatering of	Project site / construction and demolition stages	Contractor	Construction and Demolition stage	ProPECC PN 1/94	

Recommended Mitigation Measures	Location and Timing	Who to Implement?	When to Implement?	What Requirements or Standards to Achieve?	Status
excavations, since groundwater was not encountered in any of the exploratory holes.  The contractor carrying out the remedial works will be required to submit a method statement detailing the measures to be taken to avoid water quality impacts. Typical measures would include:  Carry out the works during the dry season (i.e. October to March) if possible  See bunds or perimeter drains to prevent run-off water entering excavations  Sheet or otherwise cover excavations whenever rainstorms are expected to occur  Minimise the requirements for stockpiling of material and ensure any stockpiles are covered  Temporary on-site stockpiling of contaminated materials should be avoided, all excavated contaminated soils/materials should be disposed of on a daily basis  Ensure that any discharges to storm drains pass through an appropriate silt trap					

## Note:

Compliance of mitigation measure Non-compliance of mitigation measures Non-compliance but rectified by the contractor Not applicable ×

N/A

## Appendix K Event and Action Plans

## Table K.1 Event and Action Plan for Air Quality

EVENT	ACTION					
EVENT	ET	IEC	AR	CONTRACTOR		
ACTION LEVEL						
Exceedance for one sample	Identify source, investigate the cause of exceedance and propose remedial measures;     Inform IEC and AR;     Repeat measurement to confirm finding;     Increase monitoring frequency to daily, if ET assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction works.	Check monitoring data submitted by ET;     Check Contractor's working method.	Notify Contractor.	Rectify any unacceptable practice;     Amend working methods if appropriate.		
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	Identify source, investigate the cause of exceedance and propose remedial measures;     Inform IEC and AR;     Repeat measurements to confirm findings;     Increase monitoring frequency to daily, if ET assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction works;     Discuss with IEC and Contractor on remedial actions required;     If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IEC and AR;     If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	Check monitoring data submitted by ET;     Check Contractor's working method;     Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures;     Advise the AR on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures;     Supervise Implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing;     Notify Contractor;     Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within three working days of notification;     Implement the agreed proposals;     Amend proposal if appropriate.		
LIMIT LEVEL						
Exceedance for one sample	Identify source, investigate the cause of exceedance and propose remedial measures;     Inform IEC, AR and EPD;     Repeat measurement to confirm finding;     Increase monitoring frequency to daily, if ET assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction works;     Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, AR and EPD informed of the results.	Check monitoring data submitted by ET;     Check Contractor's working method;     Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures;     Advise the AR on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures;     Supervise implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing;     Notify Contractor;     Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance;     Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within three working days of notification;     Implement the agreed proposals;     Amend proposal if appropriate.		
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	Notify Contractor, IEC, AR and EPD;     Identify source, investigate the cause of exceedance and propose remedial measures;     Repeat measurement to confirm findings;     Increase monitoring frequency to daily, if ET	Discuss amongst AR, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions;     Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the AR accordingly;	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing;     Notify Contractor;     In consultation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial	Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance;     Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within three working days of notification;		

EVENT	ACTION					
EVENI	ET IEC		AR	CONTRACTOR		
	assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction works;  5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented;  6. Arrange meeting with IEC and AR to discuss the remedial actions to be taken;  7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, AR and EPD informed of the results;  8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	measures to be implemented; 4. Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; 5. If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.	Implement the agreed proposals;     Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control;     Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the AR until the exceedance is abated.		

Table K.2 Event and Action Plan for Construction Noise

EVENT	ACTION					
	ET	IEC	AR	CONTRACTOR		
Action Level	<ol> <li>Notify Contractor and IEC;</li> <li>Carry out investigation;</li> <li>Report the results of investigation to the IEC and Contractor;</li> <li>Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures;</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness, if ET assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction work.</li> </ol>	Review the analysed results submitted by the ET;     Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the AR accordingly;     Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing;     Notify Contractor;     Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem;     Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented.	Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC;     Implement noise mitigation proposals.		
Limit Level	<ol> <li>Notify Contractor, IEC, AR and EPD;</li> <li>Identify source;</li> <li>Repeat measurement to confirm findings;</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency, if ET assessment indicates that exceedance is due to contractor's construction work;</li> <li>Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented;</li> <li>Inform IEC, AR and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances;</li> <li>Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, AR and EPD informed of the results;</li> <li>If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Discuss amongst AR, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions;</li> <li>Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the AR accordingly;</li> <li>Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.</li> </ol>	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing;     Notify Contractor;     Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem;     Ensure remedial measures properly implemented;     If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.	Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance;     Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification;     Implement the agreed proposals;     Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control;     Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the AR until the exceedance is abated.		