CONTRACT NO: KL/2009/01

SITE FORMATION FOR KAI TAK CRUISE TERMINAL DEVELOPMENT

QUARTERLY ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING & AUDIT REPORT

- SEPTEMBER TO NOVEMBER 2012 -

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December 2012

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We refer to the revised Quarterly EM&A Report for September 2012 to November 2012 that we received through email on 19 December 2012 and are pleased to confirm we have no further comment on the report.

Should you require further information, please feel free to contact us.

Best regards,

Joseph Poon

Independent Environmental Checker

JP/CY/by

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

i. This is the tenth Quarterly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report – September to November 2012 for the Site Formation for Kai Tak Cruise Terminal Development under Contract No. KL/2009/01. Dredging of marine sediment has been commenced since 28 June 2010 while removal and reconstruction of existing seawall has been commenced since 22 November 2010. This report presents the environmental monitoring findings and information recorded during the period from September to November 2012.

Construction Activities in the Reported Period

ii. During the reporting period, the principle work activities are summarized as below:

Table I Principle Work Activities in the Reporting Quarter

	September 2012		October 2012		November 2012
•	Dredging of Marine Sediment;	•	Dredging of marine sediment;	•	Dredging of Marine Sediment;
•	Removal of Existing Seawall;	•	Removal of Existing Seawall;	•	Removal of Existing Seawall;
•	Fabrication and installation of silt curtain for seawall removal;	•	Fabrication and installation of silt curtain for seawall removal;	•	Fabrication and installation of silt curtain for seawall removal;
•	Maintenance of Silt Curtain and Silt Screens;	•	Maintenance of Silt Curtain and Silt Screens;	•	Maintenance of Silt Curtain and Silt Screens;
•	Sorting of inert C&D material from existing seawall;	•	Sorting of inert C&D material from existing seawall;	•	Sorting of inert C&D material from existing seawall;
•	Disposal of surplus fill material off-site; and	•	Disposal of surplus fill material off-site; and	•	Disposal of surplus fill material off-site; and
•	Reconstruction of New Seawall	•	Reconstruction of New Seawall	•	Reconstruction of New Seawall

Noise Monitoring

iii. Due to the non-existence of planned NSRs during the reporting quarter, no noise monitoring was required to be conducted at the planned noise monitoring locations NM1 and NM2.

Water Quality Monitoring

iv. Due to adverse weather conditions (i.e. hoisting of Amber Rainstorm Warnings and Strong Wind Signal No. 3 or above), the following water quality monitoring were cancelled.

Table II Summary of Cancellation of water quality monitoring in the Reporting Quarter

Date	Date Tide Reason for Cancellation	
24-Sep-2012	Mid-Flood	Hoisting of Amber Rainstorm Warning

Water quality monitoring was conducted at 6 designated monitoring stations namely WSD9, WSD10, WSD15, WSD17, WSD19 and WSD21. Turbidity exceedances were found on the 5 September 2012 at WSD10 during ebb tide; 28 September 2012 at WSD10 during flood tide; 02 October 2012 at WSD9 during flood tide, WSD10 during flood and ebb tide, WSD15 during ebb tide and WSD19 during ebb tide; 04 October 2012 at WSD15 during flood tide and WSD17 during flood tide; 17 October 2012 at WSD9 during flood tide, WSD15 during flood tide and WSD19 during flood tide; 20 October 2012 at WSD9 during flood and ebb tide, WSD17 during flood tide; 22 October 2012 at WSD10 during flood tide and WSD15 during





ebb tide; 29 October 2012 at WSD9 during flood tide and WSD15 during flood tide; 31 October 2012 at WSD9 during flood and ebb tide and WSD17 during flood tide; 2 November 2012 at WSD10 during flood tide, 3 November 2012 at WSD10 during ebb tide, 12 November 2012 at WSD17 during flood tide; 14 Nov 2012 at WSD9 during flood tide, 29 November 2012 at WSD9 during ebb tide. SS exceedances were found on the 10 September 2012 at WSD10 during ebb tide; 28 September 2012 at WSD17 during flood tide; 2 October 2012 at WSD10 during ebb tide, WSD15 during ebb tide, WSD17 during ebb tide and WSD19 during ebb tide; 4 October 2012 at WSD15 during flood tide and WSD17 during flood tide; 13 October 2012 at WSD15 during flood tide and WSD17 during flood tide; 15 October 2012 at WSD15 during flood tide; 17 October 2012 at WSD15 during flood tide; 20 October 2012 at WSD10 during flood tide and WSD17 during flood tide; 22 October 2012 at WSD10 during flood tide, WSD15 during flood tide and WSD19 during flood tide; 27 October 2012 at WSD10 during flood tide; 29 October 2012 at WSD15 during flood tide; 31 October 2012 at WSD10 during flood and ebb tide, WSD15 during flood tide, WSD17 during flood tide and WSD19 during ebb tide; 2 Nov 2012 at WSD10 during flood tide; 8 Nov 2012 at WSD10 during flood tide; 10 Nov 2012 at WSD21 during ebb tide and WSD 10 during flood tide; 12 Nov 2012 at WSD17 during flood tide; 17 Nov 2012 at WSD17 during flood tide. Investigations found that all exceedances were not related to the Project works.

vi. Supplementary to Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report – Review of Action and Limit Levels (Revision 1.2) was submitted to EPD on 13 October 2011. With respect to the EPD's no comment on the new Action and Limit Levels for water monitoring on 19 October 2011, the new set Action and Limit Levels for turbidity and SS was started to use from 19 October 2011.

Water Quality against the Tidal Movement along Victoria Harbour

- vii. In the recorded exceedance(SS & turbidity), twelve turbidity exceedance and six SS exceedance were the downstream stations from project location, no rising of SS level at other downstream stations. It is concluded that no water quality impact was arising from the Project works.
- viii. In the recorded exceedance(SS & Turbidity), fifteen turbidity exceedance and twenty-four SS exceedance were upstream from project location, no rising of turbidity was observed at downstream stations. It is concluded that no water quality impact was arising from the Project works.

Natural Variation Comparison

- ix. Based on the determination of upper bound of the natural variation levels from the Supplementary to Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report, most SS results in reporting period were well within the upper bound of natural variation levels.
- x. For the SS exceedance recorded on 10 Sep 2012 at WSD10 (Mid-ebb) revealed that no rising of SS level at other downstream stations of WSD17 and WSD15. The rise in SS level might have been caused by localized impact from nearby transferral of filling materials activities or changes around the monitoring station. It is concluded that no adverse water quality impact was arising from the Project works.



- xi. For the SS exceedance recorded on 2 Oct 2012 at WSD10 (Mid-ebb), WSD15 (Mid-ebb) and WSD17(Mid-ebb) revealed that no apparent rise of SS after passing the project site. The rise in SS level might be caused by accumulation of filling materials from nearby transferral of filling materials activities or changes at upstream, as relatively SS concentration were recorded at WSD19, the furthest upstream station.
- xii. For the SS exceedance recorded on 22 Oct 2012 at WSD19 (Mid-flood) revealed that no apparent rise of SS after passing the project site. The rise in SS level might be caused by accumulation of filling materials from nearby transferral of filling materials activities or changes at upstream, as relatively SS concentration were recorded at WSD10 and WSD15, the furthest upstream station.
- xiii. For the SS exceedance recorded on 31 Oct 2012, WSD10 (Mid-ebb) revealed that no apparent rise of SS after passing the project site. The rise in SS level might be caused by accumulation of filling materials from nearby transferral of filling materials activities or changes at upstream, as relatively SS concentration were recorded at WSD19, the furthest upstream station. It definitely concluded that the exceedance was not related to the Project works.
- xiv. For the SS exceedance recorded on 28 Sep 2012 of WSD17 (Mid-flood), 2 Oct 2012 of WSD19 (Mid-ebb), 4 Oct 2012, 13 Oct 2012, 15 Oct 2012, 17 Oct 2012, 20 Oct 2012, 22 Oct 2012 of WSD10 and WSD15, 27 Oct 2012, 29 Oct 2012, 31 Oct 2012 of WSD10 (Mid-flood), WSD15 (Mid-flood), WSD17 (Mid-flood) and WSD19 (Mid-ebb), 2 Nov 2012, 8 Nov 2012, 10 Nov 2012, 12 Nov 2012, 17 Nov 2012 were upstream from project location, no rising of SS was observed at downstream stations.
- xv. It definitely concluded that the exceedances were not related to the Project works.

Water Quality Surveillance System

- xvi. With reference to the upper bound of natural variation levels and water quality surveillance conducting in reporting period, most monitoring stations downstream of project were well within the action level and hence this further supports such exceedances are not caused by dredging activities.
- xvii. Since the investigations found that the exceedances recorded in the reporting quarter were not related to the Project, it was concluded that all necessary steps under Event and Action Plan had been taken. The details of Event and Action Plans and Notification of Exceedance summarizing the finding of investigation, possible causes can be referred to the Monthly EM&A Reports.

Waste Management

xviii. In this reporting quarter, there was marine sediment (Type 1 – Open Sea Disposal) disposed to South Cheung Chau Spoil Disposal Area denoted "KTCT-1" and "KTCT -2". The dredging and disposal of the sediment (Type 1 – Open Sea Disposal (Dedicate Sites) and Type 2 – Confined Marine Disposal) to East Sha Chau Contaminated Mud Disposal Site – Pit IVc was completed in June 2011.



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xix. There were 17,000m³ inert surplus fill materials and 70m³ non-inert C&D material related to dredging works were disposed off site in this reporting quarter.

Complaints, Notifications of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

xx. No complaint, notification of prosecutions or summons was received in the reporting quarter.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Scope of the Report

- 1.1.1. Lam Environmental Services Limited (LES) has been appointed to work as the Environmental Team (ET) for dredging works to implement the Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) programme for the Site Formation for Kai Tak Cruise Terminal Development under Contract No. KL/2009/01. Dredging of marine sediment and removal and reconstruction of existing seawall were commenced on 28 June and 22 November 2010 respectively.
- 1.1.2. This report presents the environmental monitoring and auditing work carried out in accordance to the Section 10.7 under Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Manual.
- 1.1.3. This report documents the finding of EM&A works during the quarter from September to November 2012.

1.2 Structure of the Report

- **Section 1** *Introduction* details the scope and structure of the report.
- **Section 2 Project Background** summarizes background and scope of the Project, site description, project organization and contact details of key personnel during the reporting period.
- **Section 3** *Monitoring Requirements* summarizes all monitoring parameters, monitoring locations, monitoring frequency, duration and action plan.
- **Section 4** *Monitoring Results* summarizes the monitoring results obtained in the reporting period.
- Section 5 Compliance Audit, Review of the Reasons for and the Implication of Non-compliance summarizes the auditing of monitoring results, all exceedances environmental parameters, review the reasons for and the implication of non-compliance.
- Section 6 *Complaints, Notification of summons and Prosecution* summarizes the cumulative statistics on complaints, notification of summons and prosecution
- Section 7 Conclusion

2. PROJECT BACKGROUND

2.1 Background

- 2.1.1. The former Kai Tak Airport located in the south-eastern part of Kowloon Peninsula was the international airport of Hong Kong. The Kai Tak Airport had come into operations since 1920s. The operation of the Kai Tak Airport was ceased and replaced by the new airport at Chek Lap Kok in July 1998. After closure, the disused airport site has been occupied by various temporary uses, including a golf driving range on the runway area.
- 2.1.2. In 2002, the Chief Executive in Council approved the Kai Tak Outline Zoning Plans (No. S/K19/3 and S/K21/3) to provide the statutory framework to proceed with the South East Kowloon Development at the former Kai Tak Airport. However, following the judgment of the Court of Final Appeal in January 2004 regarding the Harbour reclamation, the originally proposed development which involves reclamation has to be reviewed. The Kai Tak Planning Review (KTPR) has resulted with a Preliminary Outline Development Plan (PODP) for Kai Tak in October 2006. Subsequently, the Administration announced in October 2006 a plan to implement a cruise terminal at Kai Tak, as part of the development.
- 2.1.3. Development of the cruise terminal at Kai Tak would require dredging at the existing seawall at the southern tip of the former Kai Tak Airport runway for construction of a quay deck structure for two berths, and dredging the seabed fronting the new quay to provide necessary manoeuvring basin. The general layout of the proposed cruise terminal construction is shown in *Figure 2.1*.
- 2.1.4. The current Project involves a dredging operation exceeding 500,000m³ for construction and operation of the proposed cruise terminal at Kai Tak and is therefore classified as a Designated Project under Item C.12, Part I, Schedule 2 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (EIAO). An Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Study for the Project has been undertaken in accordance with the EIA Study Brief (No. ESB-159/2006) and the Technical Memorandum on Environmental Impact Assessment Process (EIAO-TM).

2.2 Scope of the Project and Site Description

- 2.2.1. The scope of the Project comprises:
 - Dredging of marine sediment of about 700,000m³ from the existing seabed (Stage 1 dredging) in the Harbour area off the southern tip of the former Kai Tak Airport runway to provide the necessary water depth within the manoeuvring area for cruise vessels; and
 - Removal of existing seawall of about 322,300m³ by dredging at the southern tip of the former Kai Tak Airport runway for cruise berth construction.

2.3 Project Organization

2.3.1. Kowloon Development Office of Civil Engineering and Development Department is the overall project controller. For the construction phase of the Project, Project Engineer, Contractor,

Environmental Team and Independent Environmental Checker are appointed to manage and control environmental issues.

2.3.2. The proposed project organization and lines of communication with respect to environmental protection works are shown in <u>Figure 2.2</u>. Key personnel and contact particulars are summarized in *Table 2.2*:

Table 2.2 Contact Details of Key Personnel

Party	Role	Name	Post	Contact No.	Contact Fax
Civil Engineering and Development Department (Kowloon Development Office)	Project Proponent	Ir. KY Shin	Senior Engineer	2301 1461	2301 1277
URS /	Engineer's	Mr. Stephen Cheng	Chief Resident	2148 7638	2148 7277
Scott Wilson Limited	Representative		Engineer		
Penta-Ocean Construction	Contractor	Mr. H. Taguchi	Project Manager	2148 7238	2148 7138
Company Limited		Mr. K. Takae	Site Agent		
		Mr. Perry Yam	Environmental Officer		
Fugro (HK) Limited	Independent Environmental Checker (IEC)	Mr. Joseph Poon	Independent Environmental Checker (IEC)	2450 8238	2450 6138
Lam Environmental Services Limited	Environmental Team Leader	Mr. Raymond Dai	Environmental Team Leader (ETL)	2882 3939	2882 3331

2.4 Principal Work and Activities

2.4.1. During this reporting quarter, the principal work activities are summarized in **Table2.4**.

Table 2.4 Principle Work Activities during the Reporting Quarter

	September 2012		October 2012		November 2012
•	Dredging of marine sediment;	•	Dredging of marine sediment;	•	Dredging of Marine Sediment;
•	Removal of Existing Seawall;	•	Removal of Existing Seawall;	•	Removal of Existing Seawall;
•	Fabrication and installation of silt curtain for seawall removal;	•	Fabrication and installation of silt curtain for seawall removal;	•	Fabrication and installation of silt curtain for seawall removal;
•	Maintenance of Silt Curtain and Silt Screens;	•	Maintenance of Silt Curtain and Silt Screens;	•	Maintenance of Silt Curtain and Silt Screens;
•	Sorting of inert C&D material from existing seawall;	•	Sorting of inert C&D material from existing seawall;	•	Sorting of inert C&D material from existing seawall;
•	Disposal of surplus fill material off-site; and	•	Disposal of surplus fill material off-site; and	•	Disposal of surplus fill material off-site; and
•	Reconstruction of New Seawall	•	Reconstruction of New Seawall	•	Reconstruction of New Seawall

2.4.2. Implementation status of the recommended mitigation measures during this reporting period is presented in *Appendix 2.1*.

3. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

3.1. Noise Monitoring

3.1.1. In accordance with the EIA Report and the approved EM&A Manual, it is anticipated that construction activities, if unmitigated, would not cause any adverse noise impact to the nearest NSRs in the vicinity of the work site. The predicted noise levels at the NSRs would comply with construction noise criteria. These nearest NSRs are designated for construction noise monitoring as listed in *Table 3.1*.

Table 3.1 Noise Monitoring Stations

Station	Description
NM1	Planned Residential Development (R3 site)
NM2	Planned Residential Development (R3 site)

3.1.2. As per S.3.1.1 of the approved EM&A Manual states that "Noise levels shall be monitored to evaluate the construction noise impact if there is any planned noise sensitive receivers (NSRs) occupied within 300m from the works area of this Project during the proposed dredging works". Therefore, the impact monitoring for construction noise shall only be carried out when the planned residential development at the two identified monitoring stations are occupied at a later stage.

3.2. Water Quality Monitoring

- 3.2.1. The EIA Report has identified that suspended solids (SS) would be the most critical water quality parameter during the dredging operations. Water quality monitoring for SS and turbidity is therefore recommended to be carried out at selected WSD flushing water intakes. The impact monitoring should be carried out during the proposed dredging works for cruise terminal construction to ensure the compliance with the water quality standards.
- 3.2.2. It is proposed to monitor the water quality at six WSD flushing water intakes along the seafront of the Victoria Harbour. The proposed water quality monitoring stations are shown in *Table 3.2* and *Figure 3.1*.

Table 3.2 Marine Water Quality Stations for Water Quality Monitoring

Station Ref.	WSD Flushing Water Intake	Easting	Northing
WSD9	Tai Wan	837921.0	818330.0
WSD10	Cha Kwo Ling	841900.9	817700.1
WSD15	Sai Wan Ho	841110.4	816450.1
WSD17	Quarry Bay	839790.3	817032.2
WSD21	Wan Chai	836220.8	815940.1
WSD19	Sheung Wan	833415.0	816771.0

WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS AND FREQUENCY

- 3.2.3. During the period of dredging, monitoring should be undertaken three days per week, at midflood and mid-ebb tides, with sampling / measurement at the designated monitoring stations as shown in *Table 3.2*. The interval between two sets of monitoring should not be less than 36 hours except where there are exceedances of Action and/or Limit Levels, in which case the monitoring frequency will be increased. *Table 3.3* shows the proposed monitoring frequency and water quality parameters. Duplicate in-situ measurements and water sampling should be carried out in each sampling event. For selection of tides for in-situ measurement and water sampling, tidal range of individual flood and ebb tides should not be less than 0.5m.
- 3.2.4. Silt screens in frame type or floating type shall be deployed at these intakes during the dredging period. It is recommended to conduct the monitoring behind the silt screens at the seawater intake culvert at each seawater pumping station to collect information on the water quality condition after passed the silt screen.

Table 3.3 Water Quality Monitoring Frequency and Parameters

Activities	Monitoring Frequency ¹	Parameters ²
During the 4-week baseline monitoring period	Three days per week, at mid-flood and mid-ebb tides	Turbidity (in NTU), Suspended Solids (SS in mg/L)
During dredging works for proposed cruise terminal at Kai Tak	Three days per week, at mid-flood and mid-ebb tides	Turbidity (in NTU), Suspended Solids (SS in mg/L)

Notes:

- 1. For selection of tides for in-situ measurement and water sampling, tidal range of individual flood and ebb tides should be not less than 0.5m.
- 2. Turbidity should be measured in situ whereas SS should be determined by laboratory.
- 3.2.5. Supplementary to Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report Review of Action and Limit Levels (Revision 1.2) was submitted to EPD on 13 October 2011. With respect to the EPD's no comment on the new Action and Limit Levels for water monitoring on 19 October 2011, the new set Action and Limit Levels for turbidity and SS was started to use from 19 October 2011. The established Action and Limit levels can be referred to Appendix 3.1.



4. MONITORING RESULTS

4.1. Water Monitoring Results

4.1.1. A summary of the cancellation of water quality monitoring is presented in **Table 4.1.1**.

Table 4.1.1 Summary of Cancellation of water quality monitoring in the Reporting Quarter

Date	Tide	Reason for Cancellation
24-Sep-2012	Mid-Flood	Hoisting of Amber Rainstorm Warning

- 4.1.2. The water quality monitoring was commenced concurrently with the commencement of dredging works on 28 June 2010. Water quality monitoring was conducted at 6 designated monitoring stations namely WSD9, WSD10, WSD15, WSD17, WSD19 and WSD21 during the reporting quarter.
- 4.1.3. Water monitoring results measured in this reporting period are reviewed and summarized.

 Details of graphical presentation can be referred in <u>Appendix 4.1.</u> The details of exceedances are summarized in **Table 4.1.2**.

Table 4.1.2 Summary of Exceedances Recorded in the Reporting Quarter

			WS	SD9	WS	D10	ws	D15	WS	D17	WS	D19	WS	D21
			Turb	SS										
Pe	eriod	Level	NTU	mg/L										
Mid-flood	Sep-12	AL	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	Oct- 12		5	0	2	0	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0
	Nov-12		1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Mid-ebb	Sep-12	AL	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Oct-12		2	0	1	1	2	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
	Nov-12		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	of AL Excee	dances:	9	0	7	1	5	3	3	4	2	1	0	0
Mid-flood	Sep-12	LL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Oct-12		0	0	0	4	0	5	1	3	0	1	0	0
	Nov-12		0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Mid-ebb	Sep-12	LL	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Oct-12		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	Nov-12		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	Total of LL Exceedances:		0	0	0	9	0	5	1	4	0	2	0	1
T	otal of Excee	dances:		9	1	7	1	3	1	2		5		1

5

4.1.4. Total 27 turbidity and 30 SS exceedances were recorded in the reporting period. Investigation found that the exceedances were located at the upstream station of the Project site or due to localized impact and were not due to the Project work. It concluded that no adverse water quality impact was arising from the Project works. Details of investigations can be referred in Section 5.

4.2. Water Quality Surveillance System

- 4.2.1. Six self water quality surveillance monitoring events for removal of existing seawall were conducted in the reporting period. Turbidity and SS monitoring were conducted at 12 locations as follows and shown in *Figure 4.1*.
 - One sampling point inside the silt curtain (SP1);
 - Four sampling points outside the silt curtain (MP1-MP4);
 - Seven control points (C1-C7)
- 4.2.2. The graphical presentation of the SS levels at SP1, sampling points outside the silt curtain, control points and impact water quality monitoring stations against the distance are shown in *Appendix 4.2*.

4.3. Dredging and Disposal

4.3.1. Implementation of mitigation measures for dredging work and the associated dredging records were checked and the findings are summarized in *Table 4.2.1*.

Table 4.2.1 Compliance with EP Conditions in the Reporting Quarter

EP Condition	Compliance Status and/or Recommendation
2.6	In accordance with the EP requirement
Silt Curtain Deployment	
2.6	Complied with the EP requirement in reporting quarter:
and the seahed Daily Dredging	Maximum daily Dredging Rate was at 600m ³ /day and Maximum hourly Dredging Rate was at 100m ³ /hr.
2.7 Daily Dredging Rate ≤ 4,000m³/d Hourly Dredging Rate ≤ 334m³/hr	Complied with the EP requirement in reporting month: Maximum daily Dredging Rate was at 3,591m³/day and Maximum hourly Dredging Rate was at 324m³/hr.
2.8 Silt Screen Deployment	In accordance with the Silt Screen Deployment Plan for all 6 intakes

- 4.3.2. The daily and hourly dredging rates were checked and reviewed that were below the EP requirements. It was concluded that the dredging was conducted in compliance with the specific EP requirements.
- 4.3.3. The dredging and disposal of the sediment (Type 1 Open Sea Disposal (Dedicate Sites) and Type 2 Confined Marine Disposal) to East Sha Chau Contaminated Mud Disposal Site Pit IVc was completed.
- 4.3.4. There were 17,000m³ inert surplus fill materials and 70m³ non-inert C&D material related to dredging works were disposed off site in this reporting quarter.
- 4.3.5. Details of the marine sediment dumping are summarized in *Table 4.2.2*.

Table 4.2.2 Waste Quantities Related To Dredging Works

Waste Type	Quantity this quarter, m ³ , (Bulk Volume)	Cumulative Quantity- to-Date,m³, (Bulk Volume)	Disposal / Dumping Grounds	
Marine Sediment (Type 1 – Open Sea Disposal)	102,941	527,522	South Cheung Chau Spoil Disposal Area denoted "KTCT-1" and "KTCT -2"	
Marine Sediment (Type 1 – Open Sea Disposal (Dedicated Sites) & Type 2 – Confined Marine Disposal) *	NIL	Completed	East Sha Chau Contaminated Mud Disposal Site – Pit IVc	

^{*} Remarks: The disposal of marine sediment (Type 1 – Open Sea Disposal (Dedicated Sites) and Type 2 – Confined Marine Disposal) was completed.

5. COMPLIANCE AUDIT, REVIEW OF THE REASONS FOR AND THE IMPLICATIONS OF NON-COMPLIANCE

5.0.1. The Event Action Plan for construction noise and water quality is presented in Appendix 5.1.

5.1. Noise Monitoring

5.1.1. Noise monitoring was not necessary in the reporting period due to non-presence of NSR.

5.2. Water Quality Monitoring

- 5.2.1. For the suspended solid, the details of exceedance in the reporting period are as follows:
 - 1 Action Level and 9 Limit Level SS exceedances were recorded at WSD10
 - 3 Action Level and 5 Limit Level SS exceedances were recorded at WSD15
 - 4 Action Level and 4 Limit Level SS exceedances were recorded at WSD17
 - 1 Action Level and 2 Limit Level SS exceedances were recorded at WSD19
 - 1 Limit Level SS exceedances was recorded at WSD21
- 5.2.2. Total 30 SS exceedances were recorded in the reporting period. Silt curtain and silt screens were checked and confirmed in proper condition during the water monitoring. Investigations found that the exceedances were not related to the Project works.
- 5.2.3. For the exceedances, further investigations were conducted to determine the cause of impact in terms of the following areas:
 - Water Quality against the Tidal Movement along Victoria Harbour;
 - Natural Variation Comparison; and
 - Water Quality Surveillance System
- 5.2.4. More details on the investigation are given in Section 5.3 to 5.5.

5.3. Water Quality against the Tidal Movement along Victoria Harbour

- 5.3.1. In order to conclude the cause of an adverse water quality impact, the trend across the 6 monitoring stations is reviewed. Whether the adverse impact is due to project work will be evaluated from the trend of SS level in downstream across the Victoria Harbour after passing the project location. By observing this trend of SS, contribution of the adverse water quality impact from the dredging activities under the project can be evaluated by checking if there is a significant rising up trend in the SS level in the WSD intakes at project downstream.
- 5.3.2. Moreover, a comparison of the monitoring station at project downstream stations with the upstream monitoring stations can also indicate whether the extent of exceedance in SS content recorded at the WSD intakes downstream to the project is likely to be caused by upstream source or not. If the SS values of the upstream and downstream show similar levels, the impact at the project downstream stations shall probably be due to the project upstream streams and the contribution from project work can be eliminated. A review on the tidal movement across the Victoria Harbour is plotted against the SS results and graphical presentation is presented in *Appendix 5.2*.

5.3.3. Investigations on the recorded upstream exceedances revealed that there were no significant rising up trend of SS levels across the Victoria Harbour after passing the project location. For the downstream exceedances, no rising of SS at other downstream stations were recorded, and were due to localized impact. It is concluded that no adverse water quality impact was arising from the Project works.

5.4. Natural Variation Comparison

- 5.4.1. Referring to the ER Letter ref. CEDD/KL/2009/01/M45/130(369767) dated 14 February 2011, a Supplementary to Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report Review Action and Limit Levels (Revision 1.0) has been provided to EPD by ER in February 2011 in according to Sections 4.92 and 10.7 of EM&A Manual. This report in Revision 1.1 has been provided on 26 April 2011 in response to EPD's comments dated 1 April 2011. This report presents the methodology for enlargement baseline database and the review and determination of the Action and Limit Levels in dry and wet seasons.
- 5.4.2. On the basis of this Supplementary to Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report, the maximum SS levels in the establishment of larger baseline database will be applied and acted as the upper bound of natural variation levels for the comparison with SS results in reporting quarter. The upper bound of natural variation levels are shown in **Table 5.4**. The graphic presentation of water quality results with respect to local variation is shown in **Appendix 5.3**.

Table 5.4 Upper Bound of Natural Variation Levels at Water Monitoring Stations

Upper Bound of Natural Variation Levels (mg/L)	WSD9	WSD10	WSD15	WSD17	WSD19	WSD21
Dry Season	12.0	19.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	15.0
Wet Season	15.1	21.2	22.7	17.9	17.1	18.8

- 5.4.3. According to the graphic presentation, most SS results were well within the upper bound of natural variation levels.
- 5.4.4. Based on the graphic presentation and the trend description of the SS levels in <u>Appendix 4.2</u>, conclusion of the water quality surveillance can be draw as follows:
 - One SS result recorded on 10 Oct 2012 was higher than Trigger Level and two SS results recorded on 25 Oct 2012 were equal to Trigger Level. Moreover, SS levels at all control points and downstream WSD intakes were below SP1 and well within the Action level;
 - When the WSD intakes were located at upstream of the Project, it found that SS level
 was occasionally higher than the control points and sampling points near dredging area.
 Thus, uncertain interference of water quality was apparently interfering in the vicinity of
 intakes frequently;
- 5.4.5. With reference to the upper bound of natural variation levels and water quality surveillance conducting in reporting period, it shows no fluctuation over the upper bound most of the time and hence this further supports such exceedance is not caused by dredging activities.

Summary of Investigation

- 5.4.6. To summarize, it was found in this reporting period that:
 - SS exceedances located at upstream of the Project site and no rising SS level in downstream across the Victoria Harbour after passing the project location. For the recorded downstream SS exceedances, no rising of SS was recorded at other downstream stations, and were due to localized impact. It definitely concluded that these exceedances were not related to the Project works.
- 5.4.7. Since the investigations found that the exceedances recorded in the reporting quarter was not related to the Project, it was concluded that all necessary steps under Event and Action Plan had been taken. The details of Event and Action Plans and Notification of Exceedance summarizing the finding of investigation, possible causes can be referred to the Monthly EM&A Reports.

5.5. Site Audit

5.5.1. There was no non-compliance from the site audits in the reporting period. During environmental site inspections conducted during the reporting quarter, no particular finding was obtained on the dredging works during the site inspections.

5.6. Summary of action taken in the event of and follow-up on non-compliance

5.6.1. Since the exceedances recorded were not project-related, follow-up mitigation measures were therefore not required.

6. COMPLAINTS, NOTIFICATION OF SUMMONS AND PROSECUTION

6.0.1. In the reporting quarter, no complaints, notification of summons or prosecution was received in the reporting period. Cumulative statistic on complaints and successful prosecutions are summarized in *Table 6.1*, *Table 6.2* and *Table 6.3* respectively.

Table 6.1 Environmental Complaints Log

Complaint Log No.		Received From and Received By	Nature of Complaint	Date Investigated	Outcome	Date of Reply
NIL	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 Cumulative Statistics on Complaints

Environmental Parameters	Cumulative No. Brought Forward	No. of Complaints This Month	Cumulative No. Project-to-Date
Air	0	0	0
Noise	0	0	0
Water	0	0	0
Waste	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0

Table 6.3 Cumulative Statistics on Successful Prosecutions

Environmental Parameters	Cumulative No. Brought Forward	No. of Successful Prosecutions this month (Offence Date)	Cumulative No. Project-to-Date
Air	0	0	0
Noise	0	0	0
Water	0	0	0
Waste	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0

7. CONCLUSION

- 7.0.1. The EM&A programme was carried out in accordance with the EM&A Manual requirements, minor alterations to the programme proposed were made in response to changing circumstances.
- 7.0.2. Nine action level exceedances and twenty-one limit level exceedances of SS concentration, and twenty-six action level exceedances and one limit level exceedances of turbidity were recorded in the reporting period. Investigations found that the exceedances were either located at the upstream station of the Project site or due to localized impact, and not due to the Project work. It is concluded that no adverse water quality impact was arising from the Project works.
- 7.0.3. Supplementary to Baseline Water Quality Monitoring Report Review of Action and Limit Levels (Revision 1.2) was submitted to EPD on 13 October 2011. With respect to the EPD's no comment on the new Action and Limit Levels for water monitoring on 19 October 2011, the new set Action and Limit Levels for turbidity and SS was started to use from 19 October 2011.
- 7.0.4. Noise monitoring was not necessary in the reporting period due to non-presence of NSR.
- 7.0.5. The construction programmes in reporting quarter are provided in *Appendix 7.1*.

Figure 2.1

General Layout

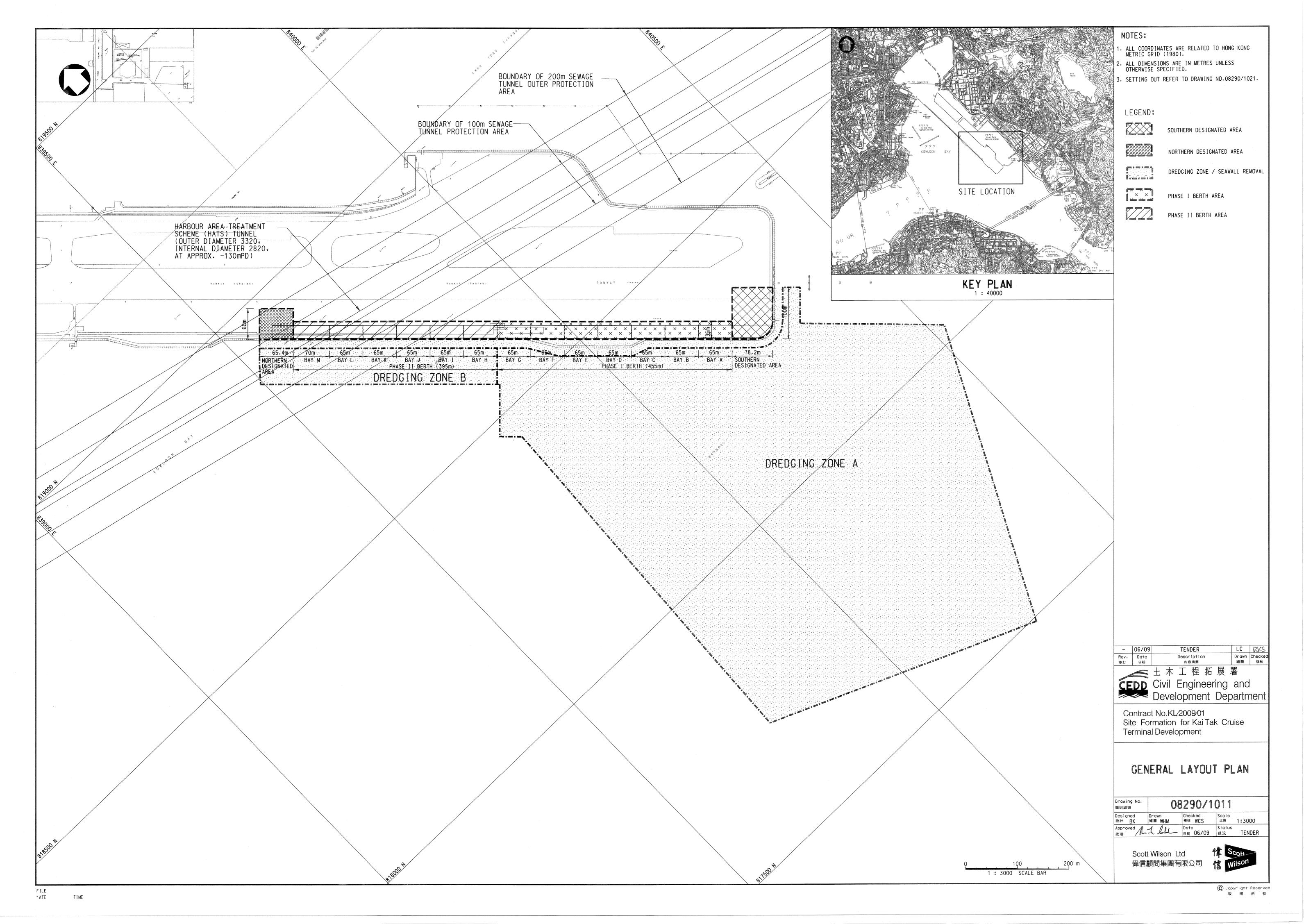


Figure 2.2

Project Organization Chart



Project Organization Chart

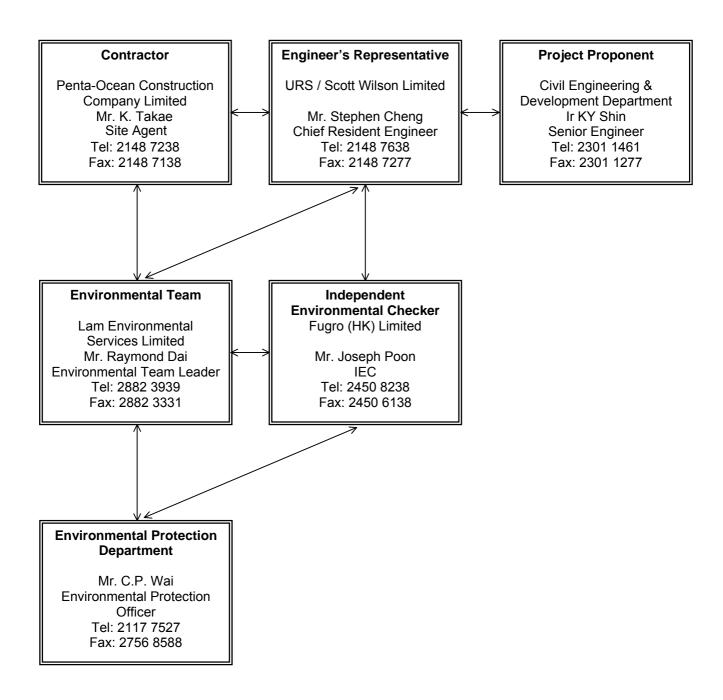
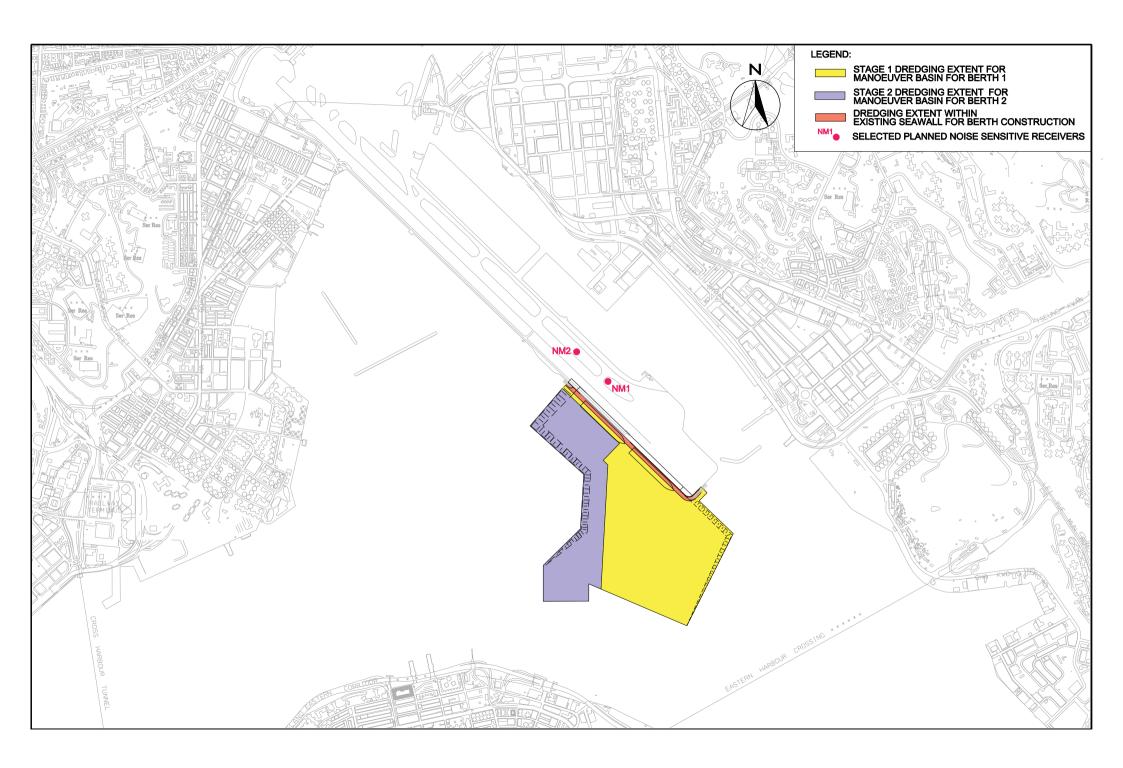


Figure 3.1

Layout of Environmental Monitoring Stations



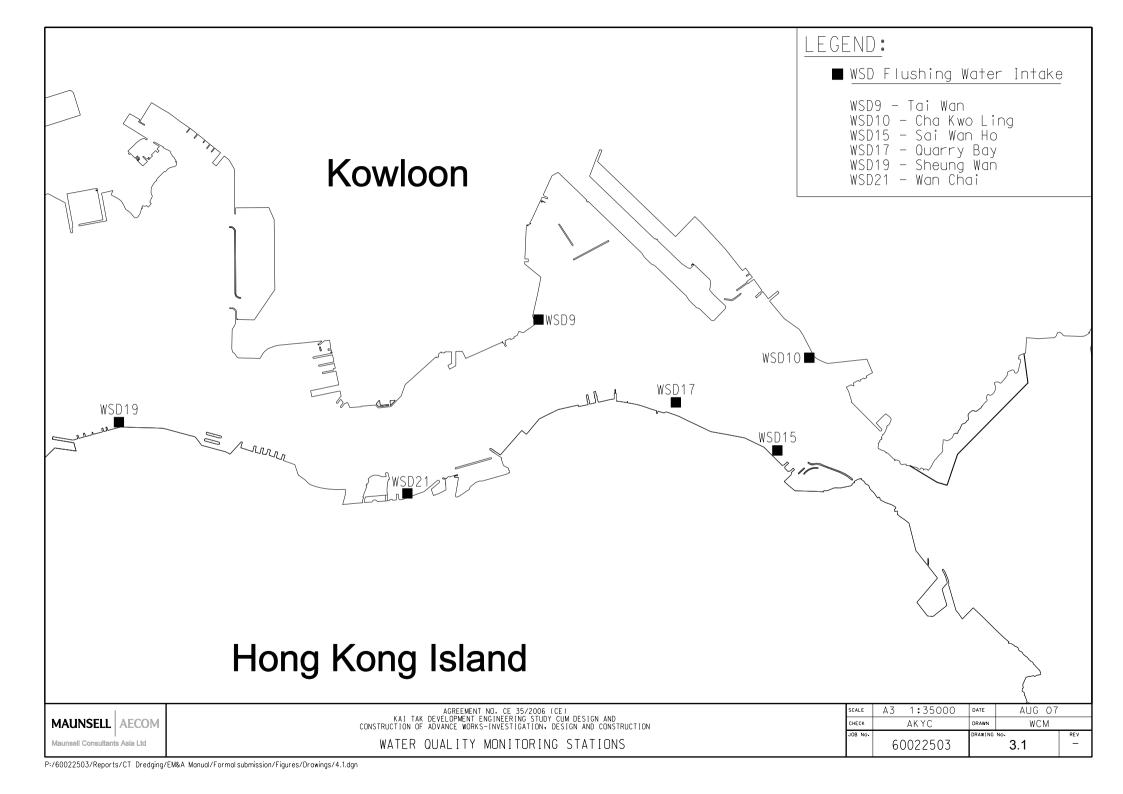


Figure 4.1

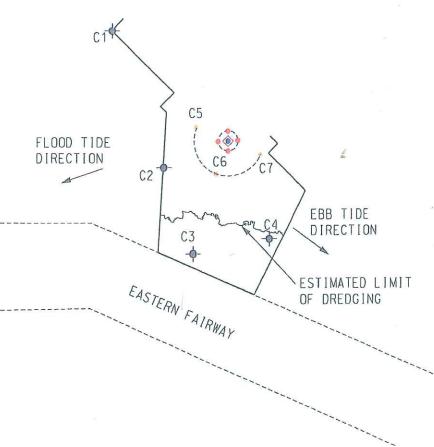
Layout of Monitoring Stations for Water Quality Surveillance System





2. Set A (4 sampling stations), the water quality monitoring works shall be taken at the Control Points (i.e. C1 to C4). Set B (3 sampling stations), the water quality monitoring works shall be taken at approximate 100m outside the silt curtain (i.e. C5 to C7) which the locations shall be changed from time to time to follow the movement of silt curtain.

- 3. The water quality monitoring works shall be carried out during the dredging period.
- 4. The water quality monitoring works shall be carried out at a frequency to be agreed by the Engineer. The date and time of monitoring should be in line with the impact water quality monitoring shedule under the EMBA manual. Each sampling event shall be carried out at 3 depth (i.e. 1m below the surface, mid depth, and 1m above the seabed) of the water column at each location. Duplicate in-situ measurements and water sampling shall be carried out in each sampling event. For selection of tides for in-situ measurement and water sampling, tidal range of individual flood and ebb tides shall not less than 0.5m. The schedule of water quality monitoring shall be reviewed by the Engineer and the Independent Environmental Checker (IEC) depending on whether the water quality monitoring results could indicate any trend of water quality for determination of trigger/action level or whether there is a ad-hoc requirement (e.g. change of working methods, compaints, etc.). The Contractor shall carry out the works according to the revised schedule if instructed by the Engineer.
- 5. As the key parameters, turbidity shall be measured in situ whereas Suspended Solids (SS) shall be determined by laboratory. Analysis of SS level shall be carried out in a HOKLA'S or other international accredited laboratory. Sufficient water samples of not less than 1 liter shall be collected at the monitoring stations for carrying out the laboratory SS determinations.
- Requirements on the monitoring equipments and calibration shall be referred to Paragraph 4.7 "Monitoring Equipment" of the Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual for the Dredging Works for Proposed Cruise Terminal at Kai Tak.
- 7. Laboratory analysis of the sampling data shall be carried out in a HOKLAS or other international accredited laboratory and follow the requirements as stated in Paragraph 4.8 "Laboratory Measurement/Analysis" of the Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual for the Dredging Works for Proposed Cruise Terminal at Kal Tak. Monitoring data together with the report shall be reported to the Engineer and the IEC on monthly basis.
- 8. Other relevant data shall also be recorded including monitoring location/position, time, water depth, sampling depth, water temperature, tidal stages, weather conditions and any special phenomena or work underway nearby.



LEGEND:

- SILT CURTAIN (20m x 20m)
- SAMPLING POINT
 INSIDE SILT CURTAIN
 (CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSED SAMPLING
 POINT TO MONITOR EFFECTIVENESS
 OF SILT CURTAINS)
- SAMPLING POINT AT ABOUT 10m
 OUTSIDE SILT CURTANN
 (CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSED SAMPLING
 POINT TO MONITOR EFFECTIVENESS
 OF SILT CURTANNS)
- SAMPLING POINT
 AS CONTROL POINT (CI TO C4)
 (ADDITIONAL)
- SAMPLING POINT AS CONTROL POINT (C5 TO C7) AT ABOUT 100m AWAY FROM SILT CURTAIN (ADDITIONAL)

ADDITIONAL WATER QUALITY MONITORING STATIONS

COORDINATE	NORTH	EAST	
C1 -	818867.763	839495.740	
C5	818152.875	839775.604	
C3	817702.158	839931.601	
C4	817780.765	840334.093	
C5	acourou.	a clusion	
C6	POSITIONS CHANGE WITH SILT CURTAIN		
C7	WITH SIL	CURIAIN	

--- SITE BOUNDARY

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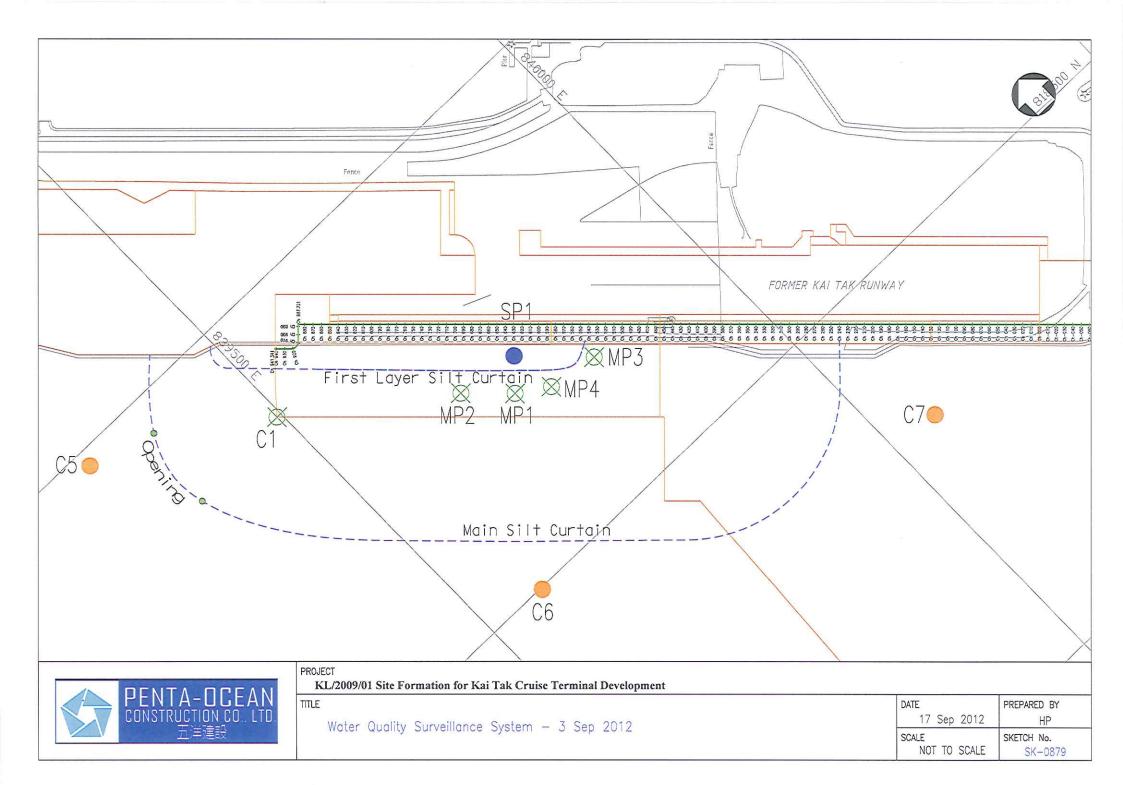
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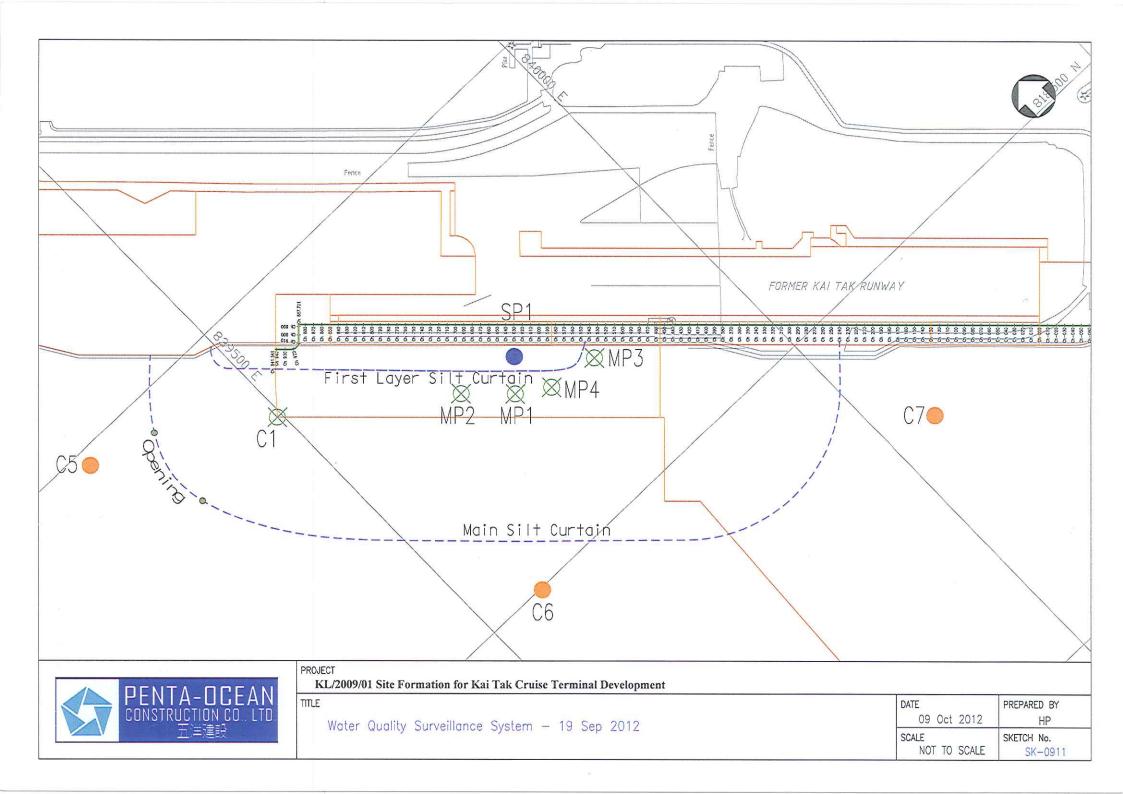
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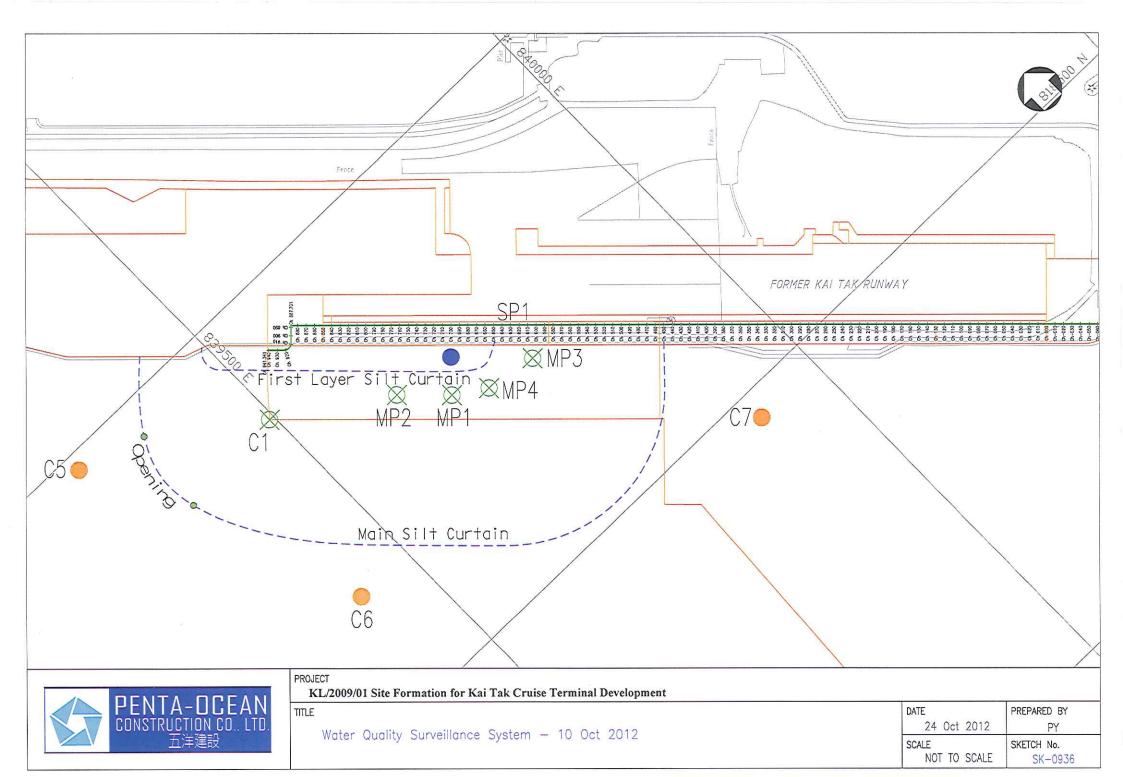
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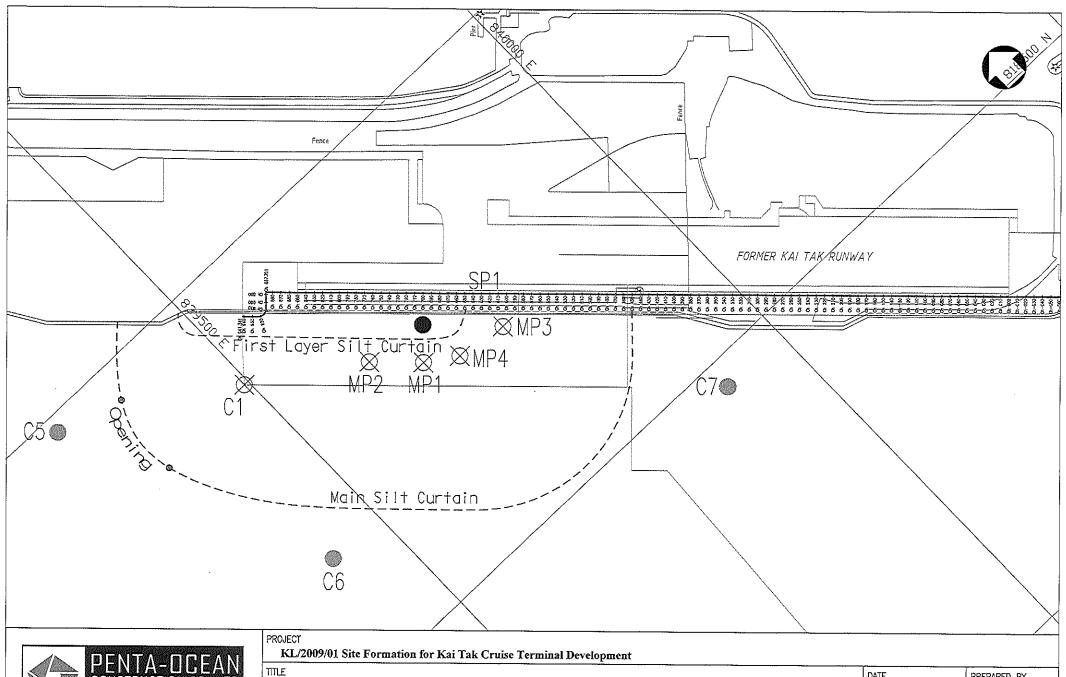
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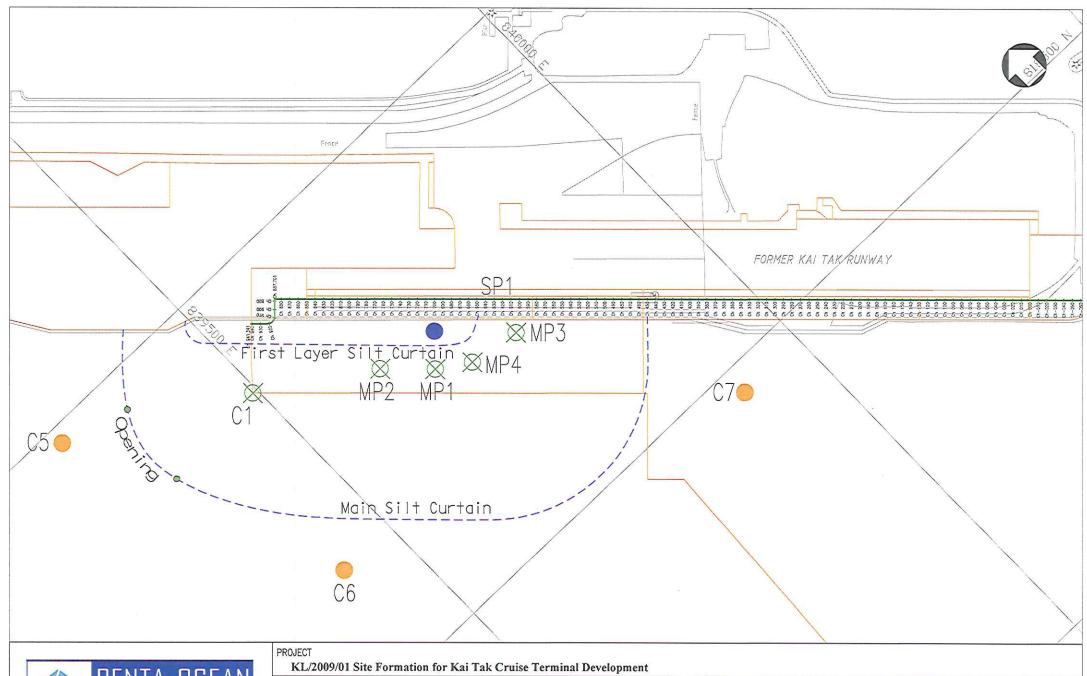






Water Quality Surveillance System — 25 Oct 2012

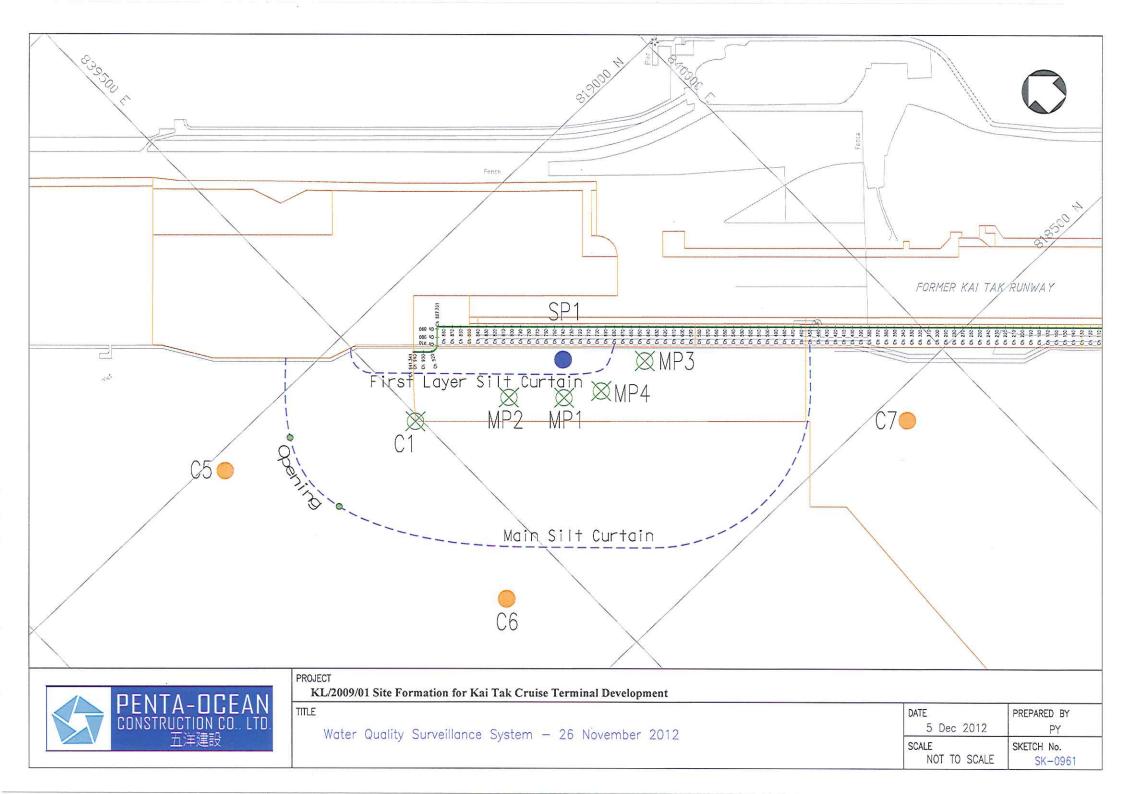
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Water Quality Surveillance System — 12 November 2012

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Appendix 2.1

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S3.6	Requirements of the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation shall be adhered to during the construction period.	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation
S3.6	In order to minimize the potential odour emissions, if any, the dredged sediment placed on barge should be properly covered as far as practicable to minimise the exposed area and hence the potential odour emissions during the transportation of the dredged sediment.	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM
S4.8	 Good Site Practices: Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction program. Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible. Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between works periods or should be throttled down to a minimum. Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs. Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilised, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site 	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	NCO EIAO-TM



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S4.9	If there is any planned NSRs within 300m from the work area occupied during the dredging period, an EM&A programme is recommended to be established according to the predicted occurrence of noisy activities. All the recommended mitigation measures for daytime normal working activities should be incorporated into the EM&A programme for implementation during dredging.	Representative NSRs at the former Kai Tak Airport runway / Upon formal occupation	N/A	Not applicable	NCO EIAO-TM
S5.9	 Dredging will be carried out by closed grab dredger to minimize release of sediment and other contaminants during both capital and maintenance dredging. The maximum production rate for dredging from the seabed to provide necessary manoeuvring area would not be more than 4,000m³ per day (and no more than 2 closed grab dredgers) during capital dredging and 2,000m³ per day (and no more than 1 closed grab dredger) during maintenance dredging. The maximum production rate for dredging at or near the seawall area would not be more than 4,000m³ per day for berth construction. No more than two closed grab dredger would be operated at the same time at or near the seawall for berth construction. 	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM WPCO
S5.9	Silt curtains should be deployed around the closed grab dredgers used for dredging at and near the existing seawall of the former Kai Tak Airport runway for construction of the cruise berth structures.	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM, WPCO



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S5.9	Silt screens should be installed at the WSD flushing water intakes at Cha Kwo Ling, Sai Wan Ho, Quarry Bay, Sheung Wan, Wan Chai and Tai Wan for dredging in the manoeuvring basin of the first berth during the capital dredging.	Seawater intakes in Victoria Harbour/ During the construction of cruise terminal	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM, WPCO
S5.9	Silt screens should be installed at the WSD flushing water intakes at Cha Kwo Ling, Quarry Bay and Tai Wan for dredging in the manoeuvring basin of the second berth during the capital dredging.	Seawater intakes in Victoria Harbour / During the construction of cruise terminal	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM, WPCO
S5.9	If the opening has been introduced at the northern runway, silt screens should also be installed at the WSD flushing water intake at Sai Wan Ho, Sheung Wan and Wan Chai for dredging in the manoeuvring basin of the second berth during the capital dredging.	Seawater intake at Sai Wan Ho, Sheung Wan and Wan Chai / During the construction of cruise terminal	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM, WPCO



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S5.9	Other good site practices that should be undertaken during dredging include: • all vessels should be sized so that adequate clearance is maintained between vessels and the seabed in all tide conditions, to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash; • all barges / dredgers should be fitted with tight fitting seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material; • construction activities should not cause foam, oil, grease, scum, litter or other objectionable matter to be present on the water within the site or dumping grounds; • barges or hoppers should not be filled to a level that will cause the overflow of materials or polluted water during loading or transportation.	Work site and adjacent waters / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO, EIAO-TM, WPCO, WDO
S5.9	Appropriate numbers of portable chemical toilets shall be provided by a licensed contractor to serve the construction workers over the construction site. The Contractor shall also be responsible for waste disposal and maintenance practices.	Work site and adjacent waters / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM, WPCO, WDO



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S5.9	Collection and removal of floating refuse should be performed at regular intervals on a daily basis. The contractor should be responsible for keeping the water within the site boundary and the neighbouring water free from rubbish during the dredging works.	Work site and adjacent waters / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM, WPCO, WDO
S5.9	An environmental monitoring and audit programme should be implemented to verify whether or not impact predictions are representative, and to ensure that all the recommended mitigation measures are implemented properly. If the water quality monitoring data indicate that the proposed dredging works result in unacceptable water quality impacts in the receiving water, appropriate actions should be taken to review the dredging operation and additional measures such as use of frame-type silt curtain, deployment of double silt curtains, slowing down, or rescheduling of works should be implemented as necessary.	6 selected WSD flushing water intakes in Victoria Harbour/ During dredging in construction stage	Environmental Team and verified by Independent Environmental Checker	Implemented	EIAO-TM, WPCO



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S5.9	Silt screens are recommended to be deployed at 6 selected WSD flushing water intakes during the capital dredging. The contractor for capital dredging shall demonstrate and ensure that the design of the silt screen will not affect the normal operation of flushing water intake. The contractor shall obtain consensus from all relevant parties, including WSD and Marine Department on the design of the silt screen at each of the six selected flushing water intake points before installation of the silt screen and commencement of the proposed dredging works. As a mitigation measure to avoid the pollutant and refuse entrapment problems and to ensure that the impact monitoring results are representative, regular maintenance of the silt screens and refuse collection should be performed at the monitoring stations at regular intervals on a daily basis. The Contractor should be responsible for keeping the water behind the silt screen free from floating rubbish and debris during the impact monitoring period.	6 selected WSD flushing water intakes in Victoria Harbour/ During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM, WPCO



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines				
S6.7	Good Site Practices It is not anticipated that adverse waste management related impacts would arise, provided that good site practices are adhered to. Recommendations for good site practices during the dredging activities include:	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM				
	Nomination of an approved person, such as a site manager, to be responsible for good site practices, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site.								
	Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures.								
	Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal.								
	Appropriate measures to minimise windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers.								
	A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed of (including the disposal sites).								
	Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal.								



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S6.7 (cont.)	 Encourage collection of aluminium cans, PET bottles and paper by providing separate labelled bins to enable these wastes to be segregated from other general refuse generated by the workforce. Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity shall be recycled. 	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	EIAO-TM
S6.7	Marine Sediments The dredged marine sediments would be loaded onto barges and transported to the designated disposal sites allocated by the MFC depending on their level of contamination. Sediment classified as Category L would be suitable for Type 1 – Open Sea Disposal. Contaminated sediment would require either Type 1 – Open Sea Disposal (Dedicated Sites) or Type 2 - Confined Marine Disposal and must be dredged and transported with great care in accordance with ETWB TCW No. 34/2002. Subject to the final allocation of the disposal sites by MFC, the dredged contaminated sediment must be effectively isolated from the environment upon final disposal and shall be disposed of at the East Sha Chau Contaminated Mud Pits that are designated for the disposal of contaminated mud in Hong Kong.	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	ETWB TCW No. 34/2002



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S6.7	It will be the responsibility of the Contractor to satisfy the appropriate authorities that the contamination levels of the marine sediment to be dredged have been analysed and recorded. According to the ETWB TCW No. 34/2002, this will involve the submission of a formal Sediment Quality Report to the DEP, prior to the dredging contract being tendered. The contractor for the dredging works shall apply for the allocation of marine sediment disposal sites from all relevant authorities.	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Dumping Permits were issued by EPD	ETWB TCW No. 34/2002
\$6.7	 During transportation and disposal of the dredged marine sediments requiring Type 1 and Type 2 disposal, the following measures shall be taken to minimise potential impacts on water quality: Bottom opening of barges shall be fitted with tight fitting seals to prevent leakage of material. Excess material shall be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of barges and hopper dredgers before the vessel is moved. Monitoring of the barge loading shall be conducted to ensure that loss of material does not take place during transportation. Transport barges or vessels shall be equipped with automatic self-monitoring devices as specified by the DEP. Barges or hopper barges shall not be filled to a level that would cause the overflow of materials or sediment laden water during loading or transportation. 	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	WDO; WPCO



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S6.7	Chemical Wastes After use, chemical wastes (for example, cleaning fluids, solvents, lubrication oil and fuel) should be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Spent chemicals should be collected by a licensed collector for disposal at the CWTF or other licensed facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation; Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes
S6.7	General Refuse General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D material. A reputable waste collector should be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D material. An enclosed and covered area is preferred to reduce the occurrence of 'wind blown' light material.	Work site / During dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging	Implemented	WDO, WPCO



It is recommended that the extent of dredging of the existing seawall should be kept to a minimum in the detailed design of the new cruise terminal to minimize generation of C&D material. Mitigation measures and good site practices should be incorporated in the contract document to control potential environmental impact from handling and transportation of C&D material. The mitigation measures include: During the construction period 33/2002, 31/200-19/2005	EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
 Where it is unavoidable to have transient stockpiles of C&D material within the Project work site pending collection for disposal, the transient stockpiles shall be located away from waterfront or storm drains as far as possible. Open stockpiles of construction materials or construction wastes on-site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric. Skip hoist for material transport should be totally enclosed by impervious sheeting. Every vehicle should be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels before leaving a construction site. The area where vehicle washing takes place and the section of the road between the washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with 	S6.7	It is recommended that the extent of dredging of the existing seawall should be kept to a minimum in the detailed design of the new cruise terminal to minimize generation of C&D material. Mitigation measures and good site practices should be incorporated in the contract document to control potential environmental impact from handling and transportation of C&D material. The mitigation measures include: • Where it is unavoidable to have transient stockpiles of C&D material within the Project work site pending collection for disposal, the transient stockpiles shall be located away from waterfront or storm drains as far as possible. • Open stockpiles of construction materials or construction wastes on-site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric. • Skip hoist for material transport should be totally enclosed by impervious sheeting. • Every vehicle should be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels before leaving a construction site. • The area where vehicle washing takes place and the section of the road between the washing	During the construction	·	Implemented	ETWB TCW No. 33/2002, 31/2004, 19/2005

should be responsible for auditing the results of

the system.



Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation **Relevant Legislation** EIA Ref# Location / Timing **Implementation Agent Implementation Status** Measures and Guidelines S6.7 • The load of dusty materials carried by vehicle Contractor for capital Work site / Implemented ETWB TCW No. (cont.) leaving a construction site should be covered During the dredaina 33/2002. 31/2004. entirely by clean impervious sheeting to ensure construction 19/2005 dust materials do not leak from the vehicle. period · All dusty materials should be sprayed with water prior to any loading, unloading or transfer operation so as to maintain the dusty materials wet. • The height from which excavated materials are dropped should be controlled to a minimum practical height to limit fugitive dust generation from unloading. When delivering inert C&D material to public fill S6.7 Work site / ETWB TCW No. Contractor for capital Not applicable reception facilities, the material shall consist dredging, Engineer, 31/2004 During the entirely of inert construction waste and of size construction **Environmental Team** less than 250mm or other sizes as agreed with period and Independent the Secretary of the Public Fill Committee. In Environmental order to monitor the disposal of the surplus C&D Checker material at the designed public fill reception facility and to control fly tipping, a trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Contractor under the Waste Management Plan certified by the Environmental Team and verified by the Independent Environmental Checker who



EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S7.8	The dredging activities of the proposed cruise terminal should ensure that disturbance to the existing seawall masonry outside the Project boundary should be avoided as far as practicable.	Work site/ During construction of cruise terminal	Contractor for capital dredging as per CEDD's advice	Implemented	Antiquities and Monuments Ordinance EIAO, EIAO-TM Guidance Notes on Assessment of Impact on Sites of Cultural Heritage in Environmental Impact Assessment Studies (GN-CH) Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines (HKPSG)
S7.10, App. 7.1	It is recommended that the dredged spoil should be monitored for the presence of archaeological material. Guidelines for the monitoring brief have been prepared in consultation with the AMO. A qualified marine archaeologist needs to be on standby to provide specialist advice, if required, but the monitoring can be carried out by a member of staff on the dredging barge.	Work site / during dredging in construction stage	Contractor for capital dredging, Environmental Team	Implemented	Antiquities and Monuments Ordinance EIAO, EIAO-TM GN-CH HKPSG Marine Archaeological Investigation Guidelines



Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation **Relevant Legislation** Location / Timing FIA Ref# **Implementation Agent Implementation Status** Measures and Guidelines 8.7 Translocate those existing coral colonies EIAO-TM Alona the Other ET specifically Final Detailed Coral attached on boulders that are manually movable employed for coral section of the Translocation Plan was by a diver underwater (possibly longest former Kai Tak translocation works approved by EPD in dimension of less than 50cm) located within the Airport runway letter ref. (18) in hard substrata sea area within the dredging site that will be EP2/K19/C/19 Pt.5 as far as practicable prior to the commencement directed affected dated 5 June 2009. of the capital dredging activities. The entire by the cruise Form 5 was submitted translocation exercise include the preparation of terminal under CEDD's memo a detailed translocation plan, the preconstruction / ref. (6) in KD 2/31/4 Pt.3 translocation coral survey, the coral translocation, During detailed dated 10 June 2009 and the quarterly post-translocation monitoring design stage regarding minor for one year. Pre-translocation survey would be alteration of the position focused on identifying and mapping of coral of the coral recipient site. colonies that would be directly impacted by the **Coral Translocation** proposed dredging and investigating the Report was submitted in translocation feasibility of these coral colonies. A Scott Wilson letter ref. detailed translocation plan (including pre-08290/325723 dated 2 survev. translocation translocation coral July 2009. methodology and monitoring of transplanted Post-translocation report corals) should be prepared during the detailed shall be referred to the design stage of the Project which, together with submissions by another the ecologist involved in coral translocation, ET specifically employed should be approved by AFCD prior to for coral translocation commencement of the translocation exercises. works. The proposed relocation of the coral colonies

should not affect any private/public marine rights

at the recipient site.





EIA Ref#	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Status	Relevant Legislation and Guidelines
S8.7	New seawalls at the berth structure of the cruise terminal shall be constructed in order to provide large area of hard substrata for settlement and recruitment of intertidal and subtidal assemblages similar to those previously recorded from existing habitats.	The section of the former Kai Tak Airport runway that will be directed affected by the cruise terminal construction / During detailed design stage	To be confirmed at later stage	To be confirmed at later stage	EIAO-TM
9.6	No fisheries-specific mitigation measures would be required.	-	Not applicable	Not applicable	-

Appendix 3.1

Action and Limit Levels

Action and Limit Levels

Action and Limit Levels for Noise Monitoring

Time Period	Action Level	Limit Level
07:00 – 19:00 hours on normal weekdays	When one documented complaint is received from any one of the sensitive receivers	75 dB(A)

Remarks: No noise monitoring was conducted due to no planned noise sensitive receivers (NSRs) occupied within 300m from the works area of this Project during the dredging works.

Action and Limit Levels for Water Monitoring

Parameters	Action L	evel		Limit Le	vel	
Turbidity in NTU		All Seaso	on_		All Seaso	<u>on</u>
	WSD9	5.67	i	WSD9	12.27	
	WSD10	6.26		WSD10	10.47	
	WSD15	8.15		WSD15	14.41	
	WSD17	11.60		WSD17	16.91	
	WSD21	9.11		WSD21	15.38	
	WSD19	13.09		WSD19	15.34	
Suspended Solids		Dry Season	Wet Season		Dry Season	Wet Season
(SS) in mg/L	WSD9	6.9	9.7	WSD9	7.8	10.9
	WSD10	7.7	9.1	WSD10	10.3	12.2
	WSD15	7.8	13.5	WSD15	8.4	14.5
	WSD17	9.5	11.2	WSD17	13.7	16.2
	WSD21	13.3	17.1	WSD21	13.9	17.8
	WSD19	16.3	15.1	WSD19	17.0	15.7

Remarks:

Wet season is the period from April to September.

Dry season is the period from October to March.

Revised Action and Limit Levels for Water Monitoring

Station	Turbidity (NTU)			Suspended Solid (mg/L)			
					Action Level for individual stations		Limit Level for individual stations	
	Dry Season	Wet Season	Dry Season	Wet Season	Dry Season	Wet Season	Dry Season	Wet Season
WSD9	5.6	7.0	10.6	13.4	10.2	12.8	10.8	13.5
WSD10	6.3	8.1	9.4	12.1	10.0	11.2	11.8	13.2
WSD15	7.5	11.9	12.5	19.6	10.8	17.5	11.8	19.1



Lam Environmental Services Limited

Station	Turbidity (N	NTU)			Suspended Solid (mg/L)			
	Action Level for individual stations				Action Level for individual stations		Limit Level for individual stations	
	Dry Season	Wet Season	Dry Season	Wet Season	Dry Season	Wet Season	Dry Season	Wet Season
WSD17	10.0	12.9	15.3	19.7	13.2	14.7	15.3	17.0
WSD19	10.9	13.7	14.7	18.4	14.0	13.3	17.0	16.2
WSD21	8.9	11.6	13.4	17.6	13.3	16.7	14.0	17.5

Remarks

Revised Action and Limit Levels for water monitoring was approved on 19 October 2011.

Appendix 4.1

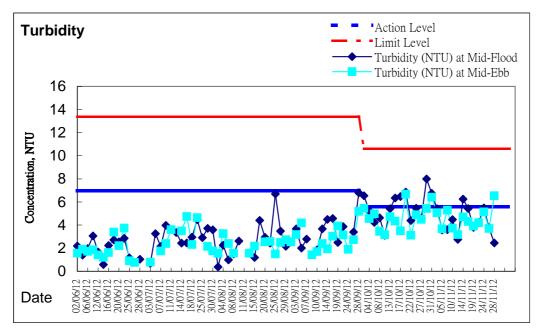
Graphical Presentation of Water Quality Monitoring Results

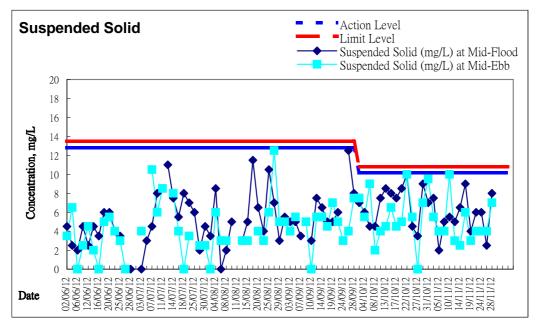
Contract no. KL/2009/01 Site Formation for Kai Tak Cruise Terminal Development Summary of WQM Cancellation in Reporting Quarter

Date	Tide	Reason for Cancellation
24-Sep-12	Mid-flood	Hoisting of Amber Rainstorm Warning



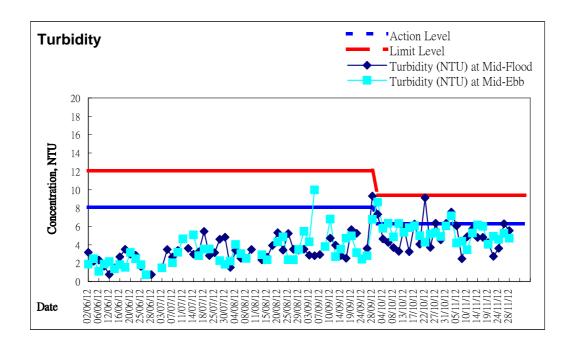
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD9 - Tai Wan

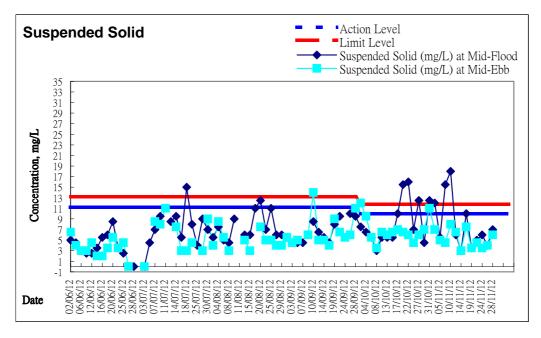




- Two sets of Suspended Solid Action and Limit levels for the dry season (the period from October to March)
- and wet season (the period from April to September).
- New sets Turbidity and SS Action Level and Limit Level for dry and wet season were approved by EPD on 19 Oct 2011

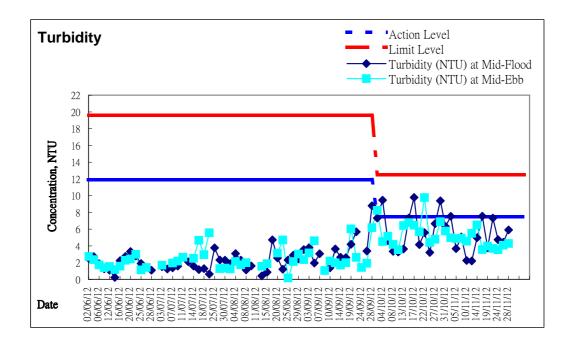
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD10 - Cha Kwo Ling

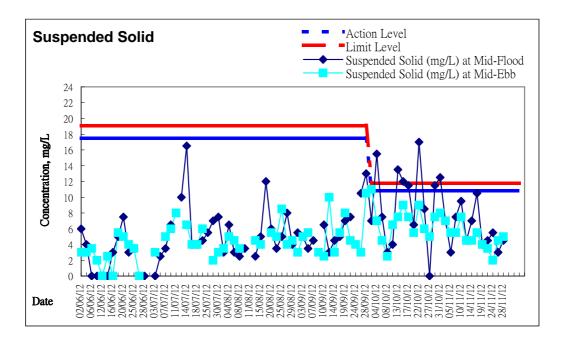




- Two sets of Suspended Solid Action and Limit levels for the dry season (the period from October to March)
- and wet season (the period from April to September).
- New sets Turbidity and SS Action Level and Limit Level for dry and wet season were approved by EPD on 19 Oct 2011

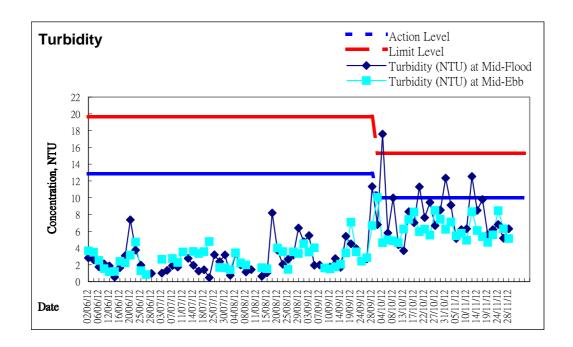
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD15 - Sai Wan Ho

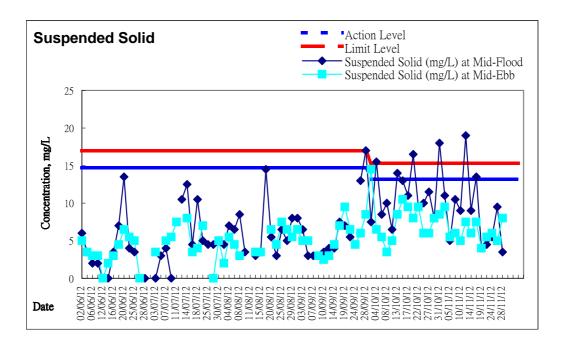




- Two sets of Suspended Solid Action and Limit levels for the dry season (the period from October to March)
- and wet season (the period from April to September).
- New sets Turbidity and SS Action Level and Limit Level for dry and wet season were approved by EPD on 19 Oct 2011

Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD17 - Quarry Bay

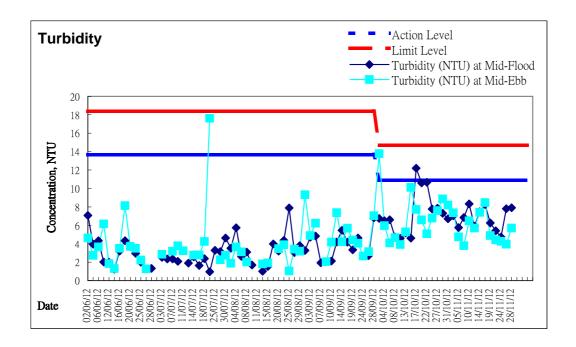


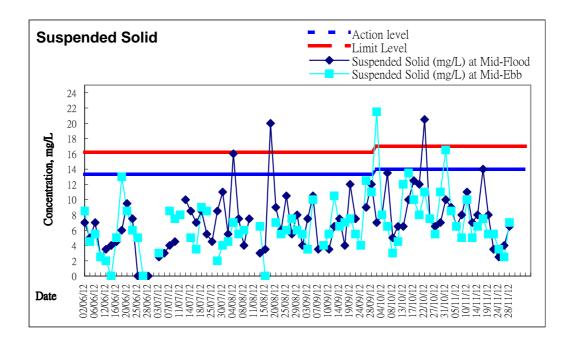


- Two sets of Suspended Solid Action and Limit levels for the dry season (the period from October to March)
- and wet season (the period from April to September).
- New sets Turbidity and SS Action Level and Limit Level for dry and wet season were approved by EPD on 19 Oct 2011



Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD19 - Sheung Wan

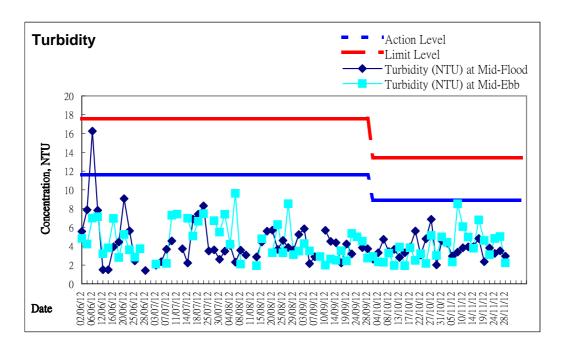


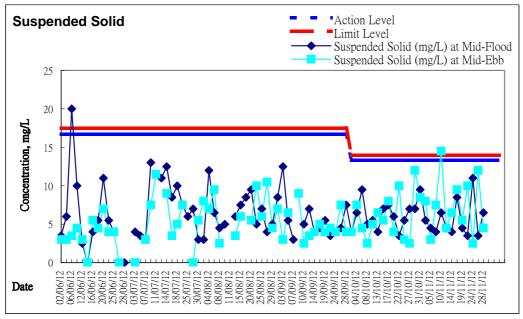


- Two sets of Suspended Solid Action and Limit levels for the dry season (the period from October to March)
- and wet season (the period from April to September).
- New sets Turbidity and SS Action Level and Limit Level for dry and wet season were approved by EPD on 19 Oct 2011



Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD21 - Wan Chai





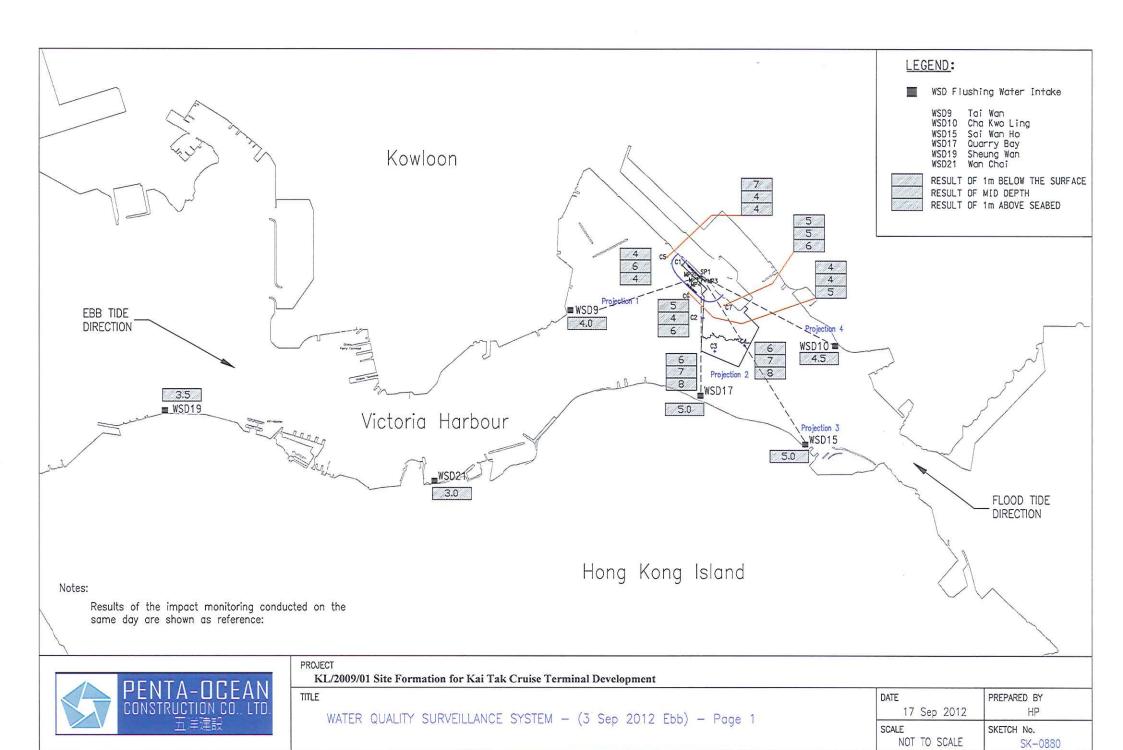
- Two sets of Suspended Solid Action and Limit levels for the dry season (the period from October to March)
- and wet season (the period from April to September).
- New sets Turbidity and SS Action Level and Limit Level for dry and wet season were approved by EPD on 19 Oct 2011

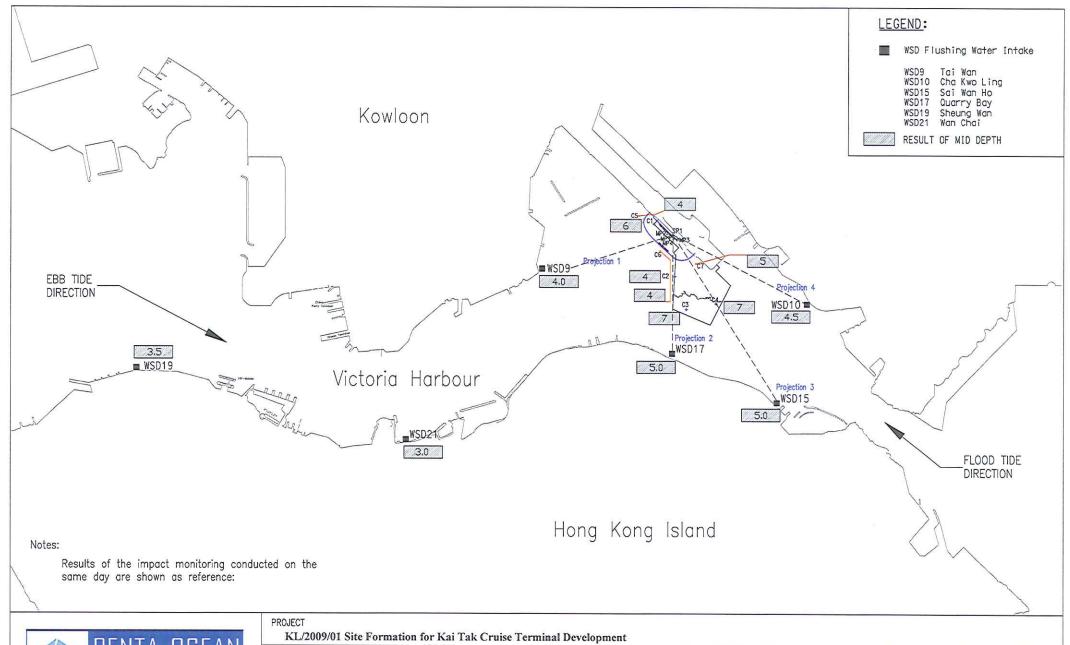
Appendix 4.2

Graphical Presentation of Water Quality Surveillance

Mo	nitoring Location	Turbidity in	Compare to	Suspended	Compare to
		NTU	Trigger Level	Solids in mg/L	Trigger Level
£2	1m below the surface	7.41	N/A	12	N/A
SP1	mid depth	6.53	N/A	12	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.79	N/A	5	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.20	N/A	4	N/A
MP1	mid depth	2.38	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.28	N/A	6	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.48	N/A	5	N/A
MP2	mid depth	2.29	N/A	5	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.85	N/A	6	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.00	N/A	4	N/A
MP3	mid depth	1.49	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.01	N/A	4	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.35	N/A	5	N/A
MP4	mid depth	2.25	N/A	6	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.69	N/A	4	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.45	Lower	4	Lower
C1	mid depth	2.15	Lower	6	Lower
	1m above the seabed	2.39	Lower	4	Lower
	1m below the surface	2.80	Lower	5	Lower
C2	mid depth	2.43	Lower	4	Lower
	1m above the seabed	3.16	Lower	6	Lower
	1m below the surface	4.34	Lower	6	Lower
C3	mid depth	3.97	Lower	7	Lower
	1m above the seabed	2.67	Lower	8	Lower
	1m below the surface	3.83	Lower	6	Lower
C4	mid depth	4.05	Lower	7	Lower
	1m above the seabed	3.45	Lower	8	Lower
	1m below the surface	1.70	N/A	7	N/A
C5	mid depth	2.25	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.54	N/A	4	N/A
	1m below the surface	1.98	N/A	4	N/A
C6	mid depth	1.98	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.24	N/A	5	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.95	N/A	5	N/A
C7	mid depth	2.77	N/A	5	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.11	N/A	6	N/A

Control	Trigger Level for Turbidity in	Trigger Level for SS in mg/L for Wet Season
Point	NTU for All Season	(April - September)
C1	12.3 for Flood Tide	
C2	12.3 for Flood Tide	18.5
C3	16.9	16.3
C4	10.5 for Ebb Tide	



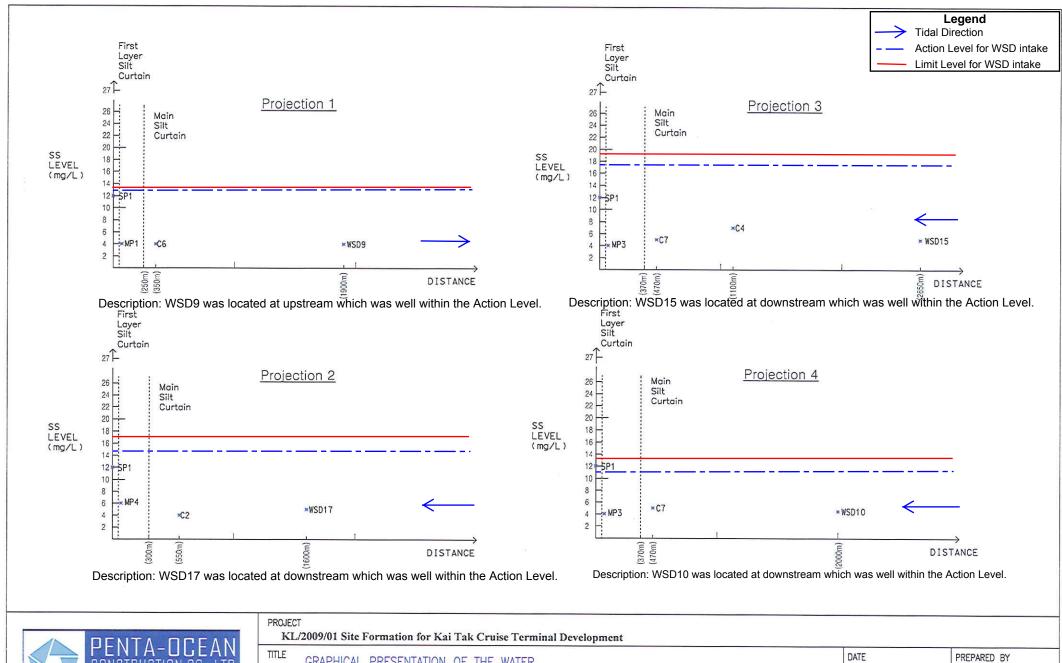




TITLE

WATER QUALITY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM - (3 Sep 2012 Ebb) - Page 2

DATE	PREPARED BY
17 Sep 2012	HP
SCALE	SKETCH No.
NOT TO SCALE	SK-0881

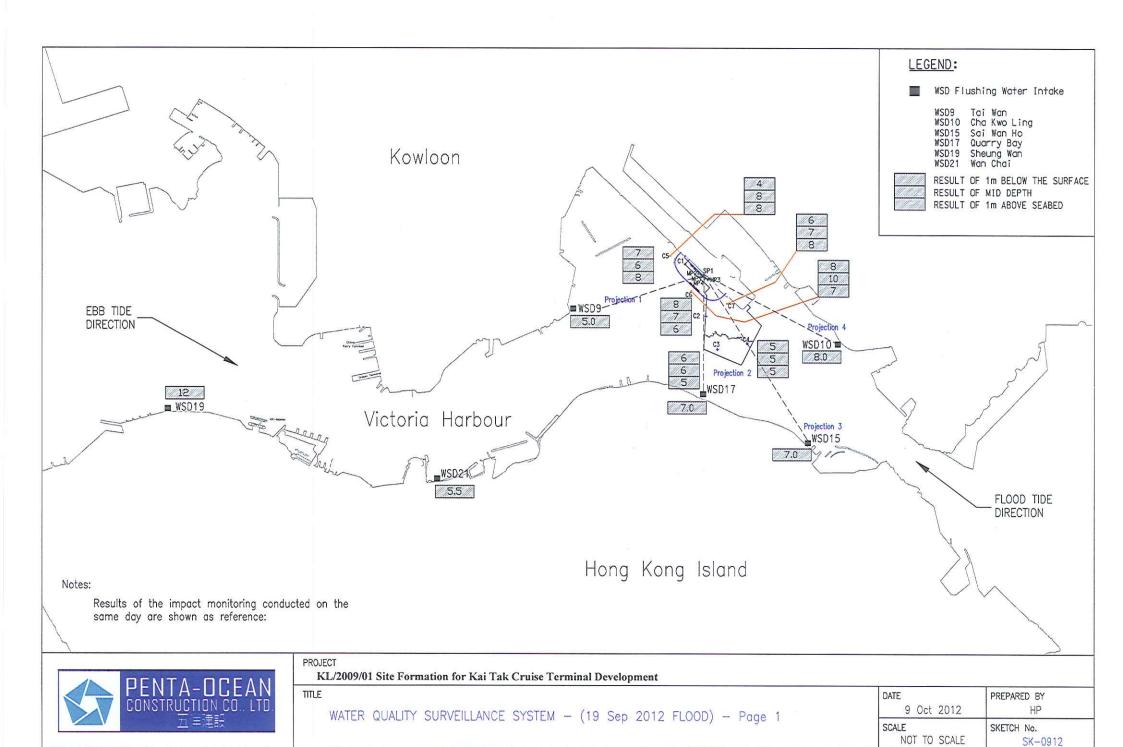


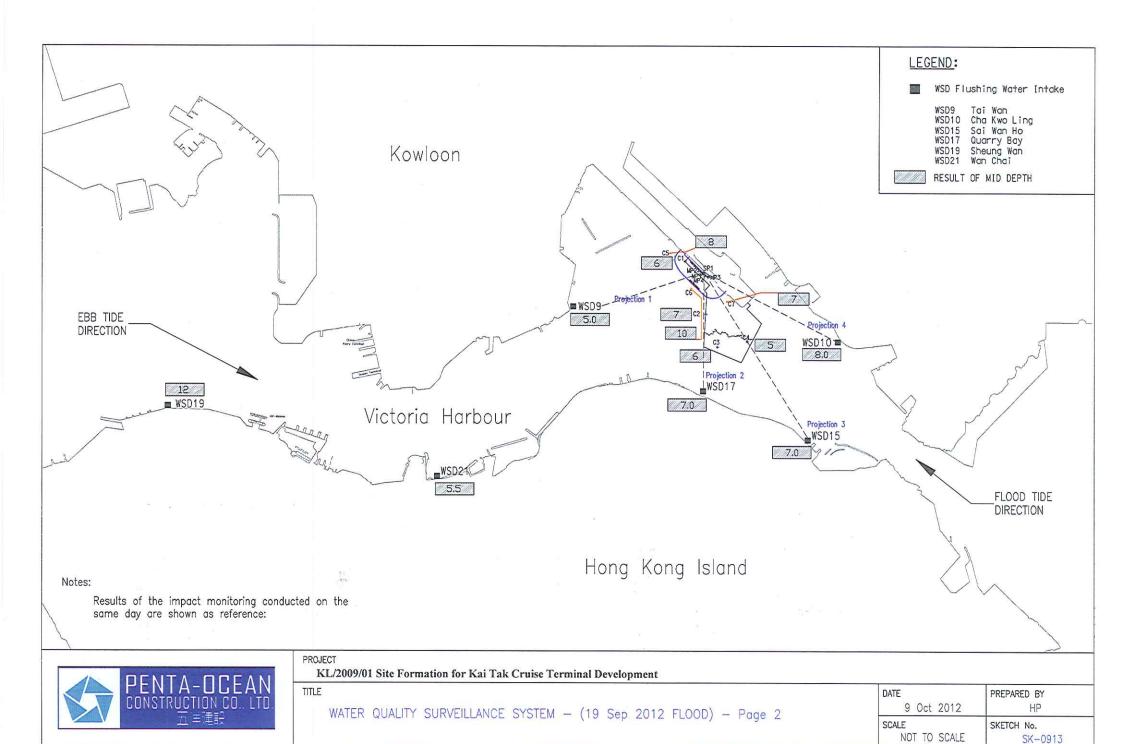
GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION OF THE WATER QUALITY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM MONITORING RESULTS AT MID DEPTH - (3 Sep 2012 Ebb)

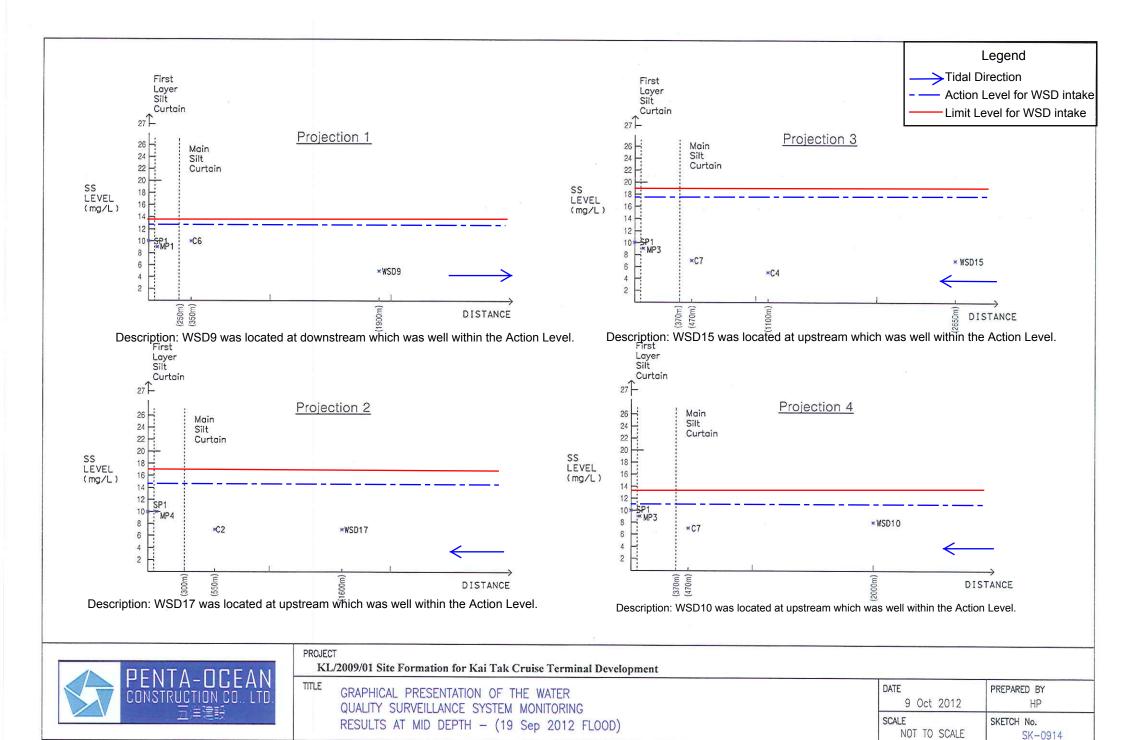
HP 17 Sep 2012 SCALE SKETCH No. NOT TO SCALE SK-0882

Mo	nitoring Location	Turbidity in	Compare to	Suspended	Compare to
IVIO	intornig Location	NTU	Trigger Level	Solids in mg/L	Trigger Level
	1m below the surface	4.65	N/A	10	N/A
SP1	mid depth	4.91	N/A	10	N/A
	1m above the seabed	4.63	N/A	7	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.31	N/A	7	N/A
MP1	mid depth	4.78	N/A	9	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.49	N/A	9	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.08	N/A	6	N/A
MP2	mid depth	3.08	N/A	6	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.47	N/A	6	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.91	N/A	7	N/A
MP3	mid depth	3.63	N/A	9	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.49	N/A	7	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.20	N/A	9	N/A
MP4	mid depth	4.36	N/A	10	N/A
	1m above the seabed	4.21	N/A	9	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.78	Lower	7	Lower
C1	mid depth	2.68	Lower	6	Lower
	1m above the seabed	3.31	Lower	8	Lower
	1m below the surface	3.58	Lower	8	Lower
C2	mid depth	2.98	Lower	7	Lower
	1m above the seabed	3.92	Lower	6	Lower
	1m below the surface	2.17	Lower	6	Lower
C3	mid depth	2.38	Lower	6	Lower
	1m above the seabed	2.17	Lower	5	Lower
	1m below the surface	1.93	Lower	5	Lower
C4	mid depth	1.62	Lower	5	Lower
	Im above the seabed	1.88	Lower	5	Lower
	Im below the surface	3.67	N/A	4	N/A
C5	mid depth	3.84	N/A	8	N/A
	Im above the seabed	2.87	N/A	8	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.88	N/A	8	N/A
C6	mid depth	4.71	N/A	10	N/A
	Im above the seabed	2.62	N/A	7	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.76	N/A	6	N/A
C7	mid depth	2.90	N/A	7	N/A
	Im above the seabed	3.31	N/A	8	N/A

Control	Trigger Level for Turbidity in	Trigger Level for SS in mg/L for Wet Season
Point	NTU for All Season	(April - September)
C1	12.3 for Flood Tide	
C2	12.3 for Flood Tide	10.5
C3	16.9	18.5
C4	10.5 for Ebb Tide	



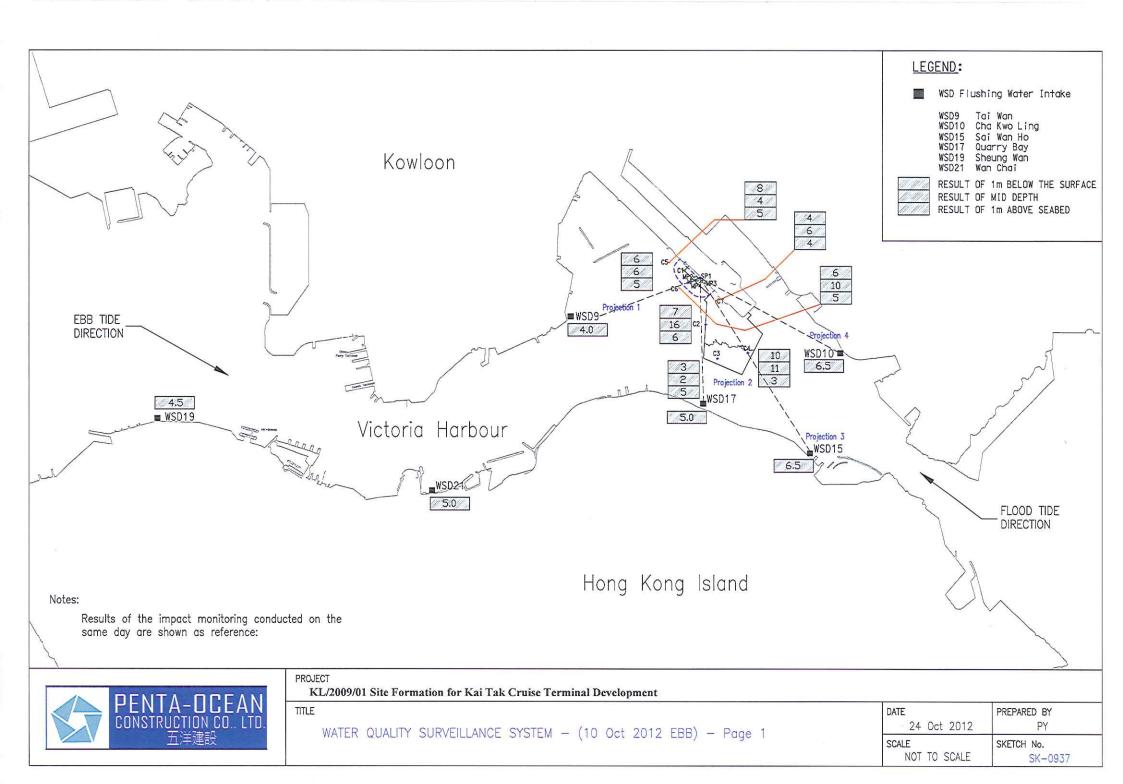


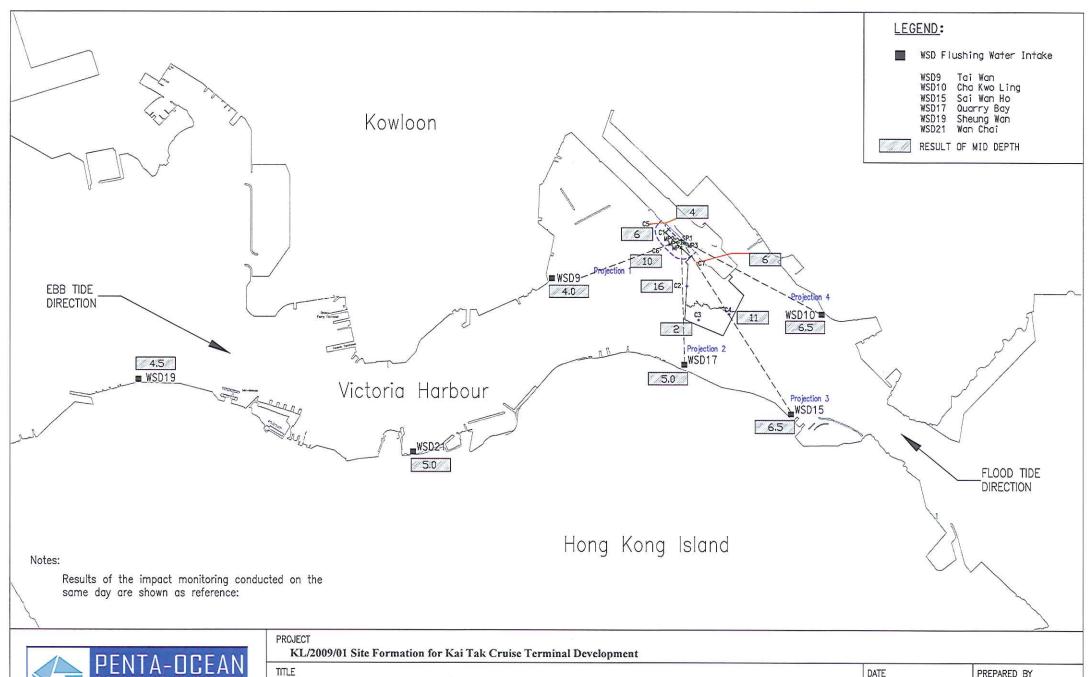


Water Quality Surveillance System Monitoring Results - 10 October 2012 (Ebb Tide)

Mo	nitoring Location	Turbidity in NTU	Compare to Trigger Level	Suspended Solids in mg/L	Compare to Trigger Level
	Im below the surface	28.2	N/A	43	N/A
SP1	mid depth	10.9	N/A	20	N/A
	1m above the seabed	10.8	N/A	32	N/A
	Im below the surface	3.07	N/A	8	N/A
MP1	mid depth	2.87	N/A	11	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.84	N/A	6	N/A
	Im below the surface	2.42	N/A	5	N/A
MP2	mid depth	2.14	N/A	5	N/A
	Im above the seabed	2.40	N/A	3	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.15	N/A	5	N/A
MP3	mid depth	2.25	N/A	5	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.28	N/A	7	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.45	N/A	12	N/A
MP4	mid depth	2.18	N/A	6	N/A
	Im above the seabed	1.95	N/A	7	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.10	Lower	6	Lower
C1	mid depth	1.90	Lower	6	Lower
	Im above the seabed	2.23	Lower	5	Lower
	1m below the surface	2.05	Lower	7	Lower
C2	mid depth	1.72	Lower	16	Higher
	1m above the seabed	1.79	Lower	6	Lower
	1m below the surface	2.71	Lower	3	Lower
C3	mid depth	2.41	Lower	2	Lower
	1m above the seabed	2.32	Lower	5	Lower
	1m below the surface	2.58	Lower	10	Lower
C4	mid depth	2.03	Lower	11	Lower
	1m above the seabed	2.05	Lower	3	Lower
	1m below the surface	2.73	N/A	8	N/A
C5	mid depth	2.08	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.01	N/A	5	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.00	N/A	6	N/A
C6	mid depth	2.02	N/A	10	N/A
	Im above the seabed	2.27	N/A	5	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.06	N/A	4	N/A
C7	mid depth	2.24	N/A	6	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.32	N/A	4	N/A

Control Point	Trigger Level for Turbidity in NTU for All Season	Trigger Level for SS in mg/L for Dry Season (October - March)
C1	12.3 for Flood Tide	
C2	12.3 for Flood Tide	14.0
C3	16.9	14.0
C4	10.5 for Ebb Tide	

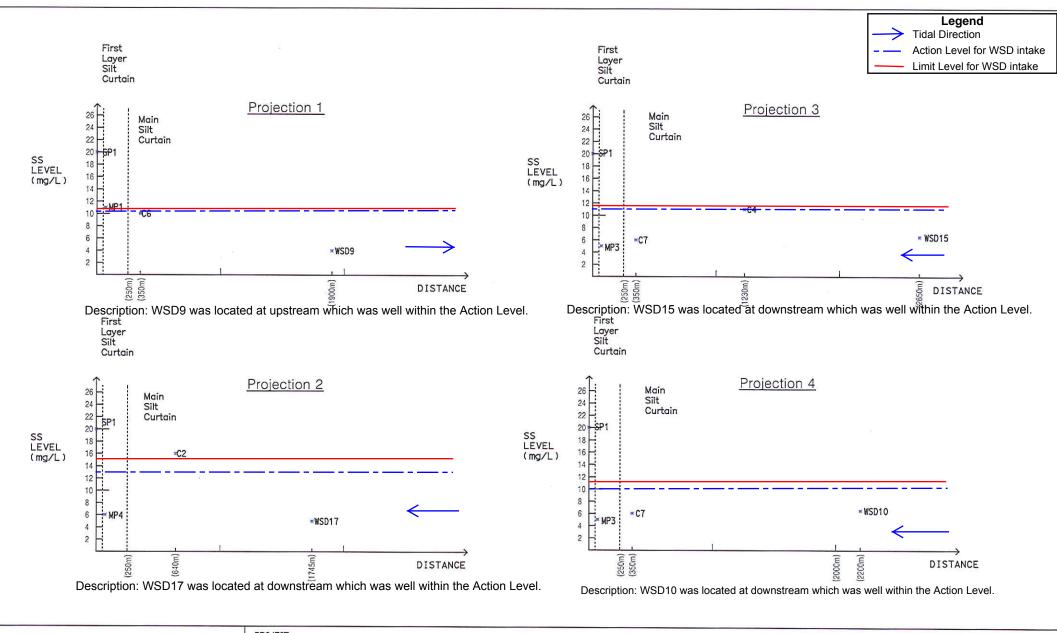






WATER QUALITY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM - (10 Oct 2012 EBB) - Page 2

DATE	PREPARED BY
24 Oct 2012	PY
SCALE	SKETCH No.
NOT TO SCALE	SK-0938





PROJECT

KL/2009/01 Site Formation for Kai Tak Cruise Terminal Development

GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION OF THE WATER
QUALITY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM MONITORING
RESULTS AT MID DEPTH — (10 Oct 2012 EBB)

DATE	PREPARED BY
24 Oct 2012	PY
SCALE	SKETCH No.
NOT TO SCALE	SK-0939

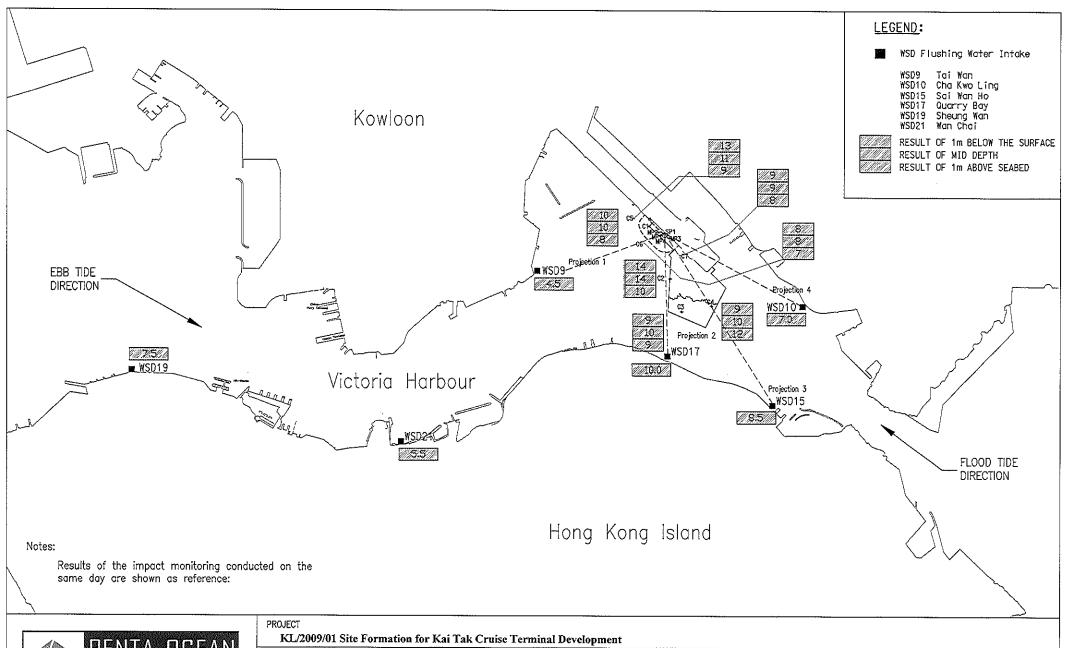
Photograph taken right before sampling at monitoring station C2 shown vessels and marine traffic upstream



Water Quality Surveillance System Monitoring Results - 25 October 2012 (Flood Tide)

Мо	onitoring Location	Turbidity in	Compare to	Suspended	Compare to
		NTU	Trigger Level	Solids in mg/L	Trigger Level
SP1	1m below the surface	10.7	N/A	19	N/A
	mid depth	12.6	N/A	20	N/A
	1m above the seabed	13.6	N/A	8	N/A
MP1	1m below the surface	7.24	N/A	8	N/A
	mid depth	4.56	N/A	10	N/A
	1m above the seabed	5.48	N/A	10	N/A
1.000	1m below the surface	5.95	N/A	11	N/A
MP2	mid depth	4.30	N/A	9	N/A
	1m above the seabed	4.47	N/A	10	N/A
	1m below the surface	4.46	N/A	9	N/A
MP3	mid depth	5.21	N/A	8	N/A
	1m above the seabed	4.69	N/A	10	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.22	N/A	12	N/A
MP4	mid depth	6.38	N/A	13	N/A
	Im above the seabed	7.45	N/A	10	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.53	Lower	10	Lower
C1	mid depth	3.81	Lower	10	Lower
	1m above the seabed	4.46	Lower	8	Lower
	1m below the surface	4.84	Lower	14	Equal
C2	mid depth	4.21	Lower	14	Equal
	1m above the seabed	3.91	Lower	10	Lower
	1m below the surface	5.14	Lower	9	Lower
C3	mid depth	3.53	Lower	10	Lower
	1m above the seabed	3.25	Lower	9	Lower
	1m below the surface	5.13	Lower	9	Lower
C4	mid depth	5.12	Lower	10	Lower
	1m above the seabed	4.93	Lower	12	Lower
	1m below the surface	5.59	N/A	13	N/A
C5	mid depth	6.39	N/A	11	N/A
	1m above the seabed	6.71	N/A	9	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.43	N/A	8	N/A
C6	mid depth	4.27	N/A	8	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.54	N/A	7	N/A
	1m below the surface	5.29	N/A	9	N/A
C7	mid depth	4.71	N/A	9	N/A
	Im above the seabed	4.66	N/A	8	N/A

Control Point	Trigger Level for Turbidity in NTU for All Season	Trigger Level for SS in mg/L for Dry Season (October - March)
C1	12.3 for Flood Tide	
C2	12.3 for Flood Tide	110
C3	16.9	14.0
C4	10.5 for Ebb Tide	1

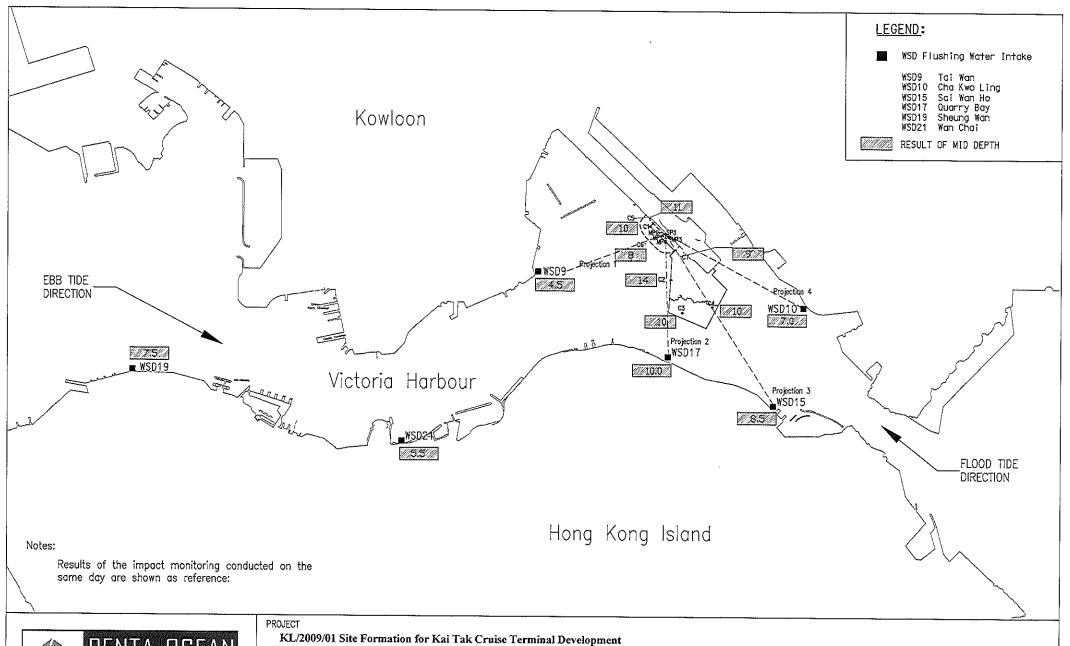




TITLE

WATER QUALITY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM - (25 Oct 2012 FLOOD) - Page 1

DATE 7 Nov 2012	PREPARED BY PH
SCALE NOT TO SCALE	SKETCH No. SK-0943

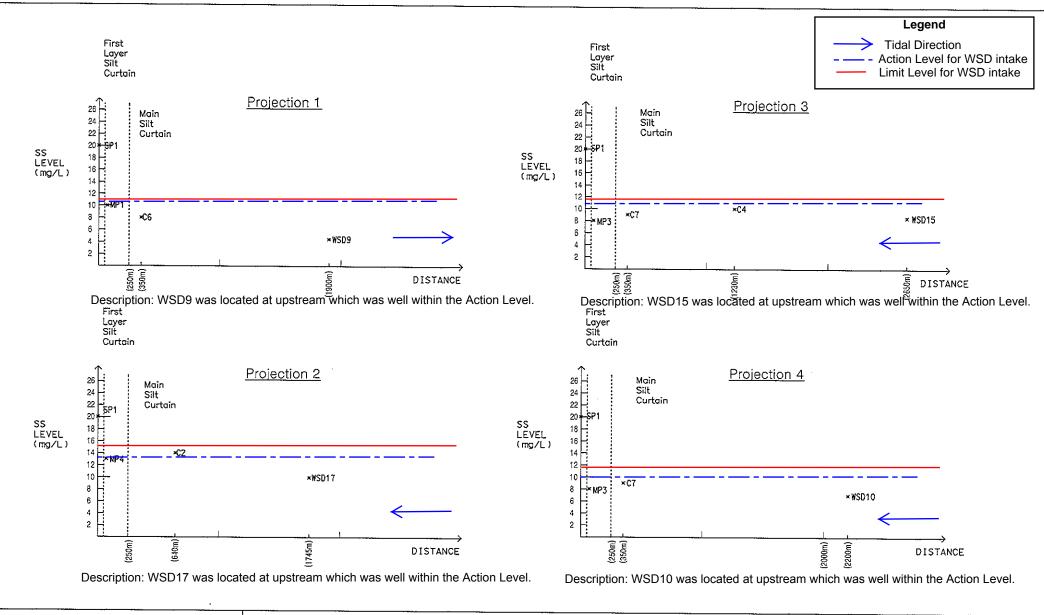


PENTA-DCEAN CONSTRUCTION CO. LTD 五洋運設

TITLE

WATER QUALITY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM - (25 Oct 2012 FLOOD) - Page 2

DATE	PREPARED BY
7 Nov 2012	PH
SCALE	SKETCH No.
NOT TO SCALE	SK-0944





PROJECT

KL/2009/01 Site Formation for Kai Tak Cruise Terminal Development

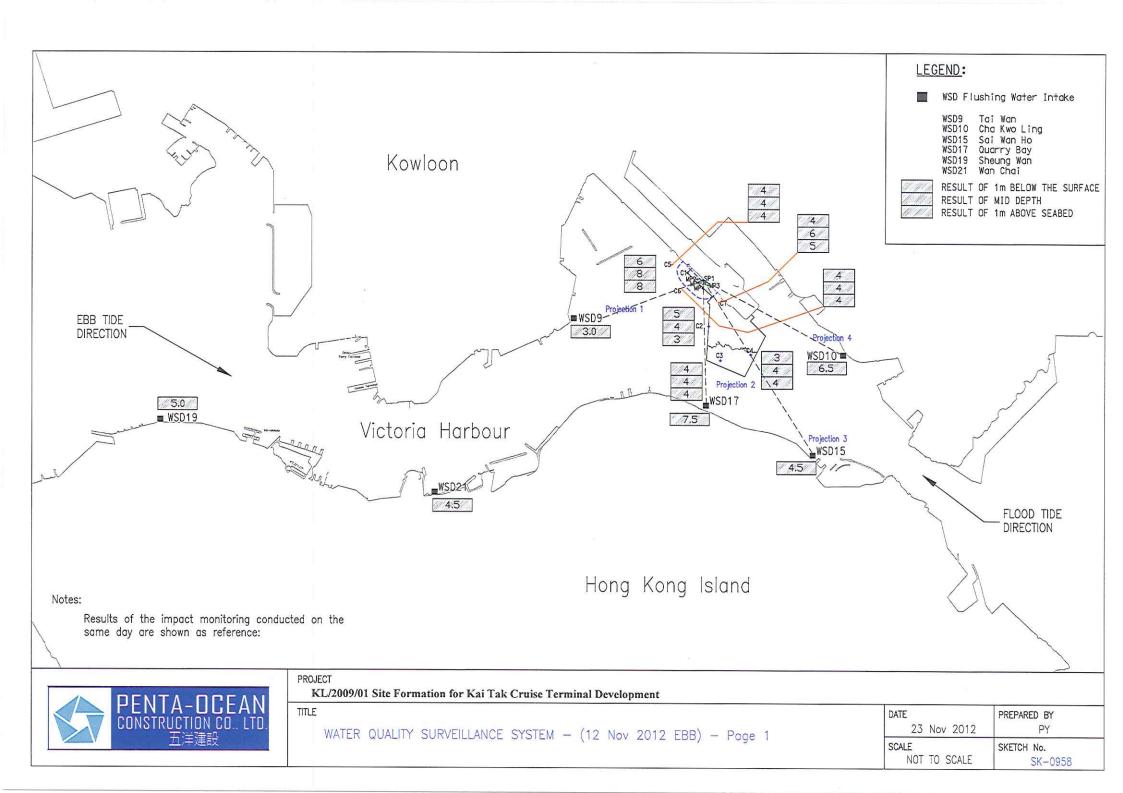
GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION OF THE WATER
QUALITY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM MONITORING
RESULTS AT MID DEPTH — (25 Oct 2012 FLOOD)

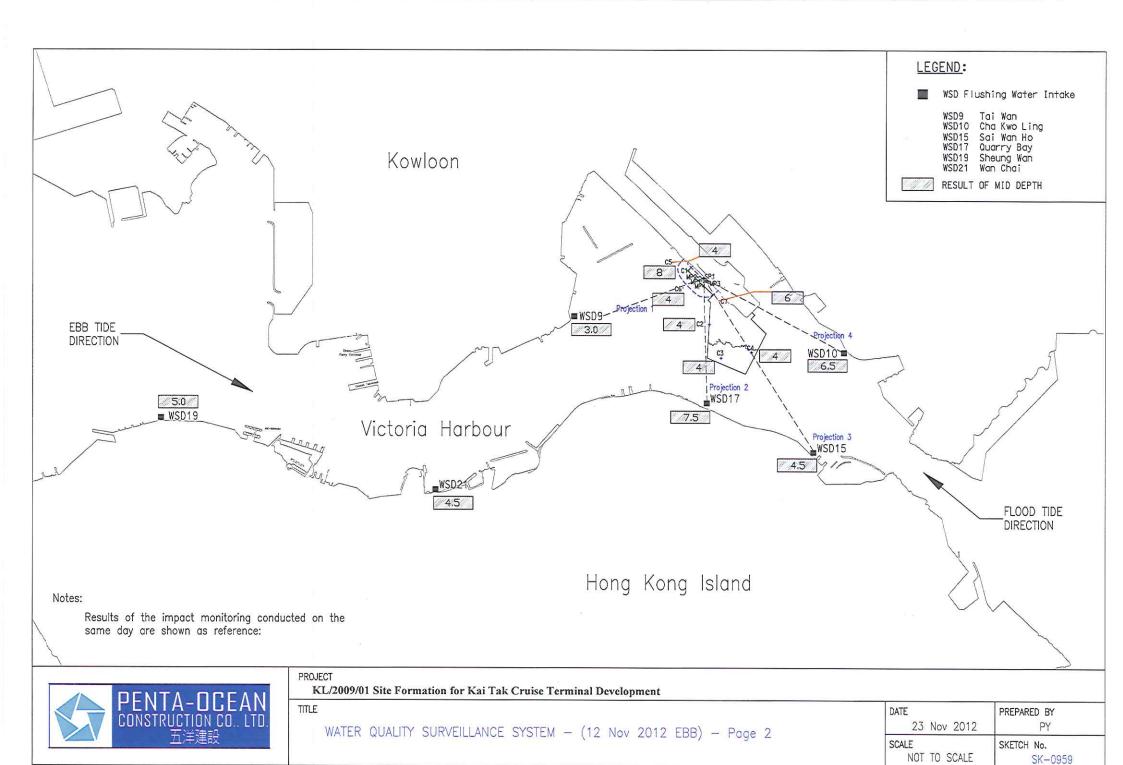
DATE	PREPARED BY
7 Nov 2012	PH
SCALE	SKETCH No.
NOT TO SCALE	SK-0945

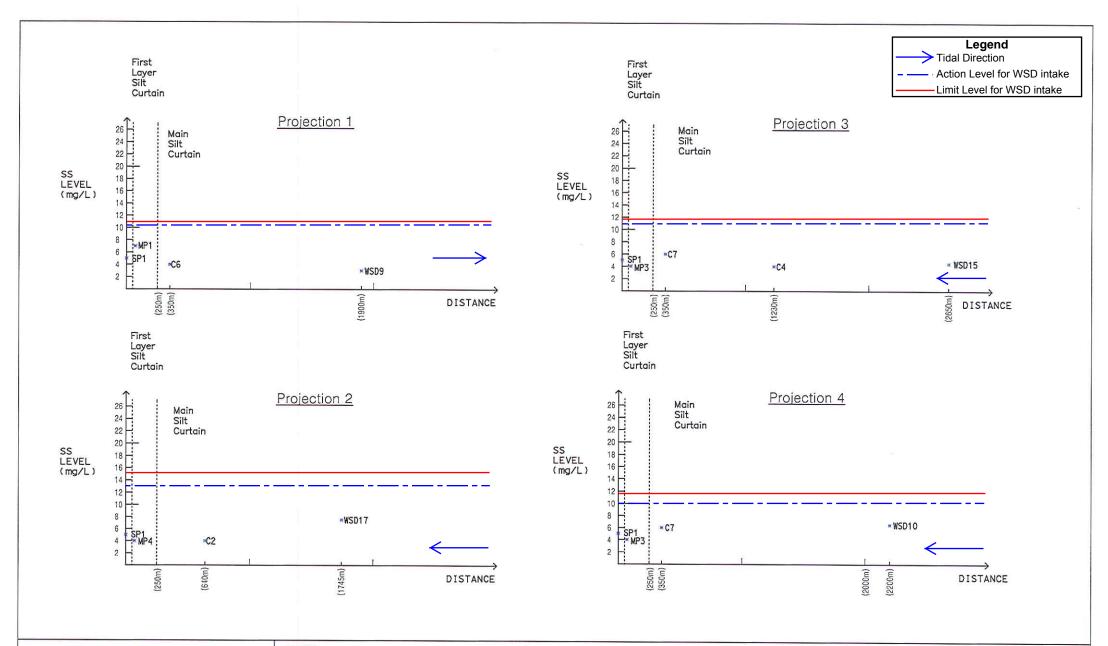
Water Quality Surveillance System Monitoring Results - 12 November 2012 (Ebb Tide)

Mo	nitoring Location	Turbidity in	Compare to	Suspended	Compare to
		NTU	Trigger Level N/A	Solids in mg/L	Trigger Leve N/A
SP1	1m below the surface	4.81		5	
	mid depth	4.20	N/A		N/A
	1m above the seabed	17.1	N/A	12	N/A
MP1	1m below the surface	7.00	N/A	11	N/A
	mid depth	5.80	N/A	7	N/A
	1m above the seabed	6.15	N/A	8	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.71	N/A	5	N/A
MP2	mid depth	3.80	N/A	6	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.65	N/A	4	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.59	N/A	4	N/A
MP3	mid depth	3.72	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.96	N/A	4	N/A
	1m below the surface	5.43	N/A	3	N/A
MP4	mid depth	3.83	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.73	N/A	7	N/A
	1m below the surface	5.78	Lower	6	Lower
C1	mid depth	6.31	Lower	8	Lower
	1m above the seabed	5.98	Lower	8	Lower
	1m below the surface	3.61	Lower	5	Lower
C2	mid depth	3.38	Lower	4	Lower
	1m above the seabed	3.72	Lower	3	Lower
	1m below the surface	3.37	Lower	4	Lower
C3	mid depth	3.71	Lower	4	Lower
	1m above the seabed	3.63	Lower	4	Lower
	1m below the surface	3.34	Lower	3	Lower
C4	mid depth	3.29	Lower	4	Lower
	1m above the seabed	3.16	Lower	4	Lower
	1m below the surface	3.35	N/A	4	N/A
C5	mid depth	3.55	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.37	N/A	4	N/A
	Im below the surface	3.41	N/A	4	N/A
C6	mid depth	3.74	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.31	N/A	4	N/A
	Im below the surface	4.89	N/A	4	N/A
C7	mid depth	4.56	N/A	6	N/A
C1	1m above the seabed	3.85	N/A	5	N/A

Control	Trigger Level for Turbidity in	Trigger Level for SS in mg/L for Dry Season
Point	NTU for All Season	(October - March)
C1	12.3 for Flood Tide	
C2	12.3 for Flood Tide	14.0
C3	16.9	14.0
C4	10.5 for Ebb Tide	









PROJECT

KL/2009/01 Site Formation for Kai Tak Cruise Terminal Development

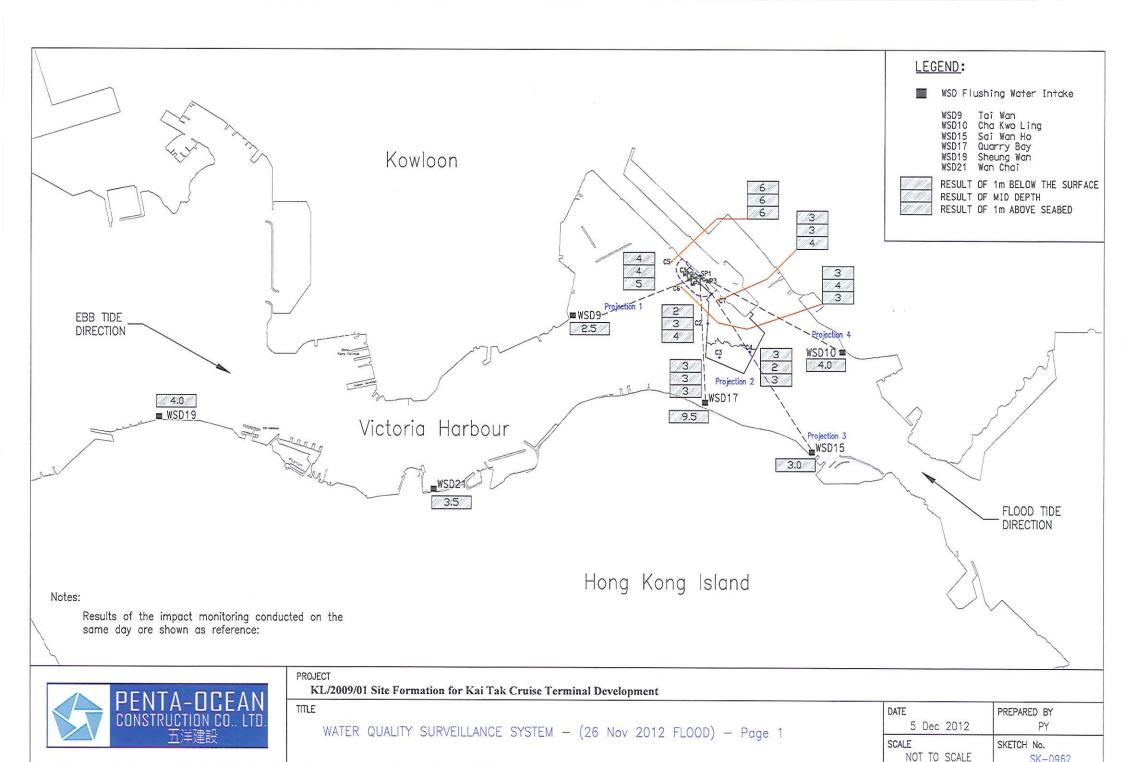
GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION OF THE WATER
QUALITY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM MONITORING
RESULTS AT MID DEPTH — (12 Nov 2012 EBB)

DATE	PREPARED BY
23 Nov 2012	PY
SCALE	SKETCH No.
NOT TO SCALE	SK-0960

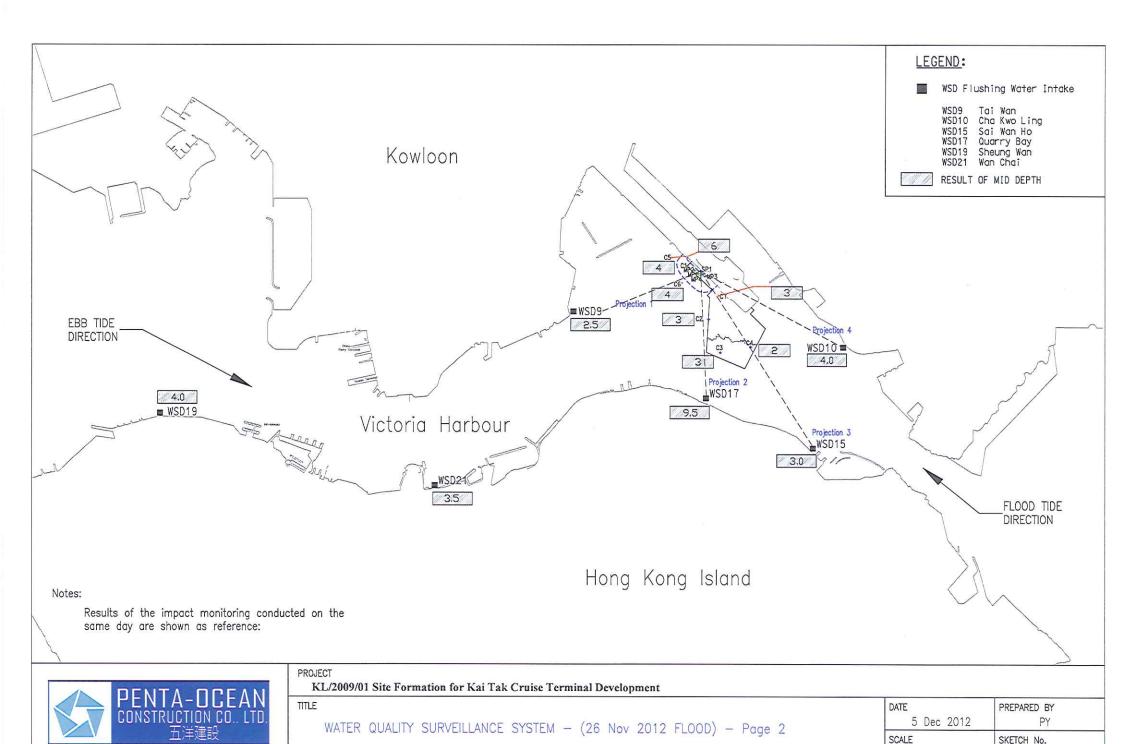
Water Quality Surveillance System Monitoring Results - 26 November 2012 (Flood Tide)

Mo	nitoring Location	Turbidity in NTU	Compare to	Suspended Solids in mg/L	Compare to Trigger Level
	1m below the surface	7.07	N/A	8	N/A
SP1	mid depth	8.82	N/A	9	N/A
	1m above the seabed	6.70	N/A	6	N/A
	1m below the surface	2.96	N/A	4	N/A
MP1	mid depth	2.85	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.42	N/A	3	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.28	N/A	3	N/A
MP2	mid depth	3.01	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.30	N/A	4	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.82	N/A	<2	N/A
MP3	mid depth	3.30	N/A	3	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.91	N/A	4	N/A
	Im below the surface	4.11	N/A	2	N/A
MP4	mid depth	3.69	N/A	3	N/A
	Im above the seabed	3.46	N/A	3	N/A
	1m below the surface	4.08	Lower	Solids in mg/L 8 9 6 4 3 3 4 4 <2 3 4 2 3	Lower
C1	mid depth	4.44	Lower	4	Lower
	Im above the seabed	4.42	Lower	5	Lower
	1m below the surface	2.83	Lower	2	Lower
C2	mid depth	2.86	Lower	3	Lower
	1m above the seabed	2.90	Trigger Level N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/	4	Lower
	1m below the surface	2.53	Lower	3	Lower
C3	mid depth	2.60	Lower	3	Lower
	1m above the seabed	2.85	Lower	3	Lower
	1m below the surface	2.83	Lower	3	Lower
C4	mid depth	2.96	Lower	2	Lower
	1m above the seabed	2.50	Lower	3	Lower
	1m below the surface	4.54	N/A	6	N/A
C5	mid depth	3.53	N/A	6	N/A
	Im above the seabed	4.48	N/A	6	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.11	N/A	3	N/A
C6	mid depth	2.21	N/A	4	N/A
	1m above the seabed	2.33	N/A	3	N/A
	1m below the surface	3.63	N/A	3	N/A
C7	mid depth	2.97	N/A	3	N/A
	1m above the seabed	3.61	N/A	4	N/A

Control	Trigger Level for Turbidity in	Trigger Level for SS in mg/L for Dry Season
Point	NTU for All Season	(October - March)
C1	12.3 for Flood Tide	
C2	12.3 for Flood Tide	14.0
C3	16.9	14.0
C4	10.5 for Ebb Tide	

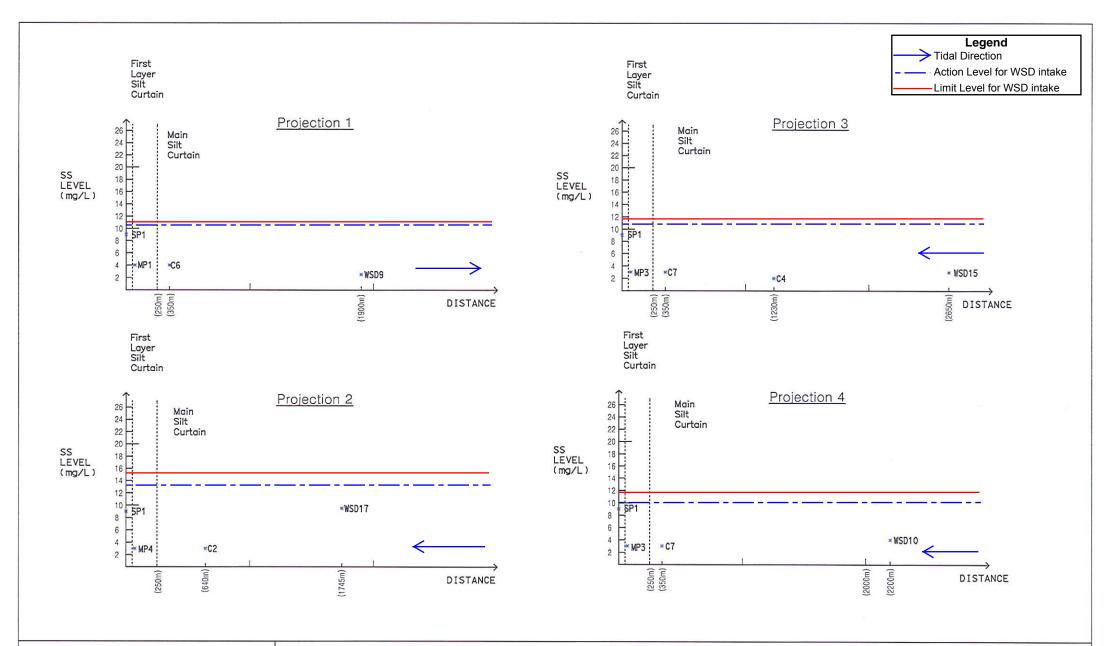


SK-0962



NOT TO SCALE

SK-0963





PROJECT

KL/2009/01 Site Formation for Kai Tak Cruise Terminal Development

TITLE	GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION OF THE WATER
	QUALITY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM MONITORING
	RESULTS AT MID DEPTH - (26 Nov 2012 FLOOD)

DATE	PREPARED BY	
5 Dec 2012	PY	
SCALE	SKETCH No.	
NOT TO SCALE	SK-0964	

Appendix 5.1

Event and Action Plan



Lam Environmental Services Limited

Event and Action Plan for Construction Noise

EVENT	ACTION							
	ET	IC(E)	ER	CONTRACTOR				
Action Level	 Notify IEC and Contractor; Carry out investigation; Report the results of investigation to the IEC, ER and Contractor; Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness. 	1. Review the analysed results submitted by the ET; 2. Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented.	Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC; Implement noise mitigation proposals.				
Limit Level	 Identify source; Inform IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor; Repeat measurements to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency; Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; Inform IEC, ER and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.	1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Submit further proposal if problem still not under control; 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as instructed by the ER until the exceedance is abated.				



Lam Environmental Services Limited

Event and Action Plan for Marine Water Quality

EVENT	ACTION						
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR			
Action level being exceeded by one sampling day	1. Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; 2. Identify source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC and Contractor; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC and Contractor; 6. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified) 7. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance.	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	Discuss with IEC on the proposed mitigation measures; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	1. Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Review the working methods and consider additional measures such as use of frametype silt curtain, deployment of double silt curtains, slowing down, or rescheduling of works; 5. Discuss with ET and IEC and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER; 6. Implement the agreed mitigation measures. 7. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)			
Action level being exceeded by more than one consecutive sampling days	Identify source(s) of impact; Inform IEC and Contractor; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC and Contractor;	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER	Discuss with IEC on the proposed mitigation measures; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess the effectiveness	Inform the Engineer and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check all plant and			

EVENT AND ACTION PLAN



Lam Environmental Services Limited

EVENT	ACTION					
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR		
	5. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; 6. Prepare to increase the monitoring frequency to daily; 7. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified) 8. Repeat measurement on next working day of exceedance.	accordingly; 3. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures. 4. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	of the implemented mitigation measures. 4. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	equipment; 4. Review the working methods and consider additional measures such as use of frametype silt curtain, deployment of double silt curtains, slowing down, or rescheduling of works; 5. Discuss with ET and IEC and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days; 6. Implement the agreed mitigation measures. 7. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)		



Lam Environmental Services Limited

EVENT	ACTION						
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR			
Limit level being exceeded by one sampling day	1. Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; 2. Identify source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, Contractor and EPD; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, ER and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; 7. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit Level. 8. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	Discuss with IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	1. Inform the Engineer and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Review the working methods and consider additional measures such as use of frametype silt curtain, deployment of double silt curtains, slowing down, or rescheduling of works; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and ER and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days; 6. Implement the agreed mitigation measures. 7. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)			

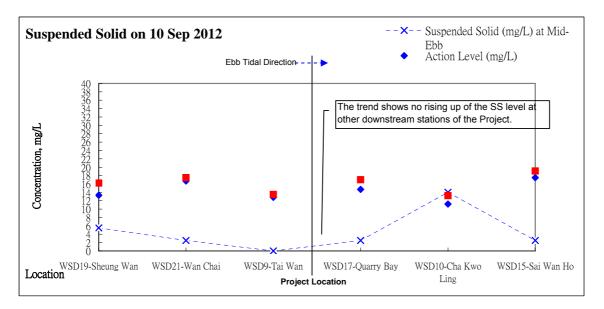


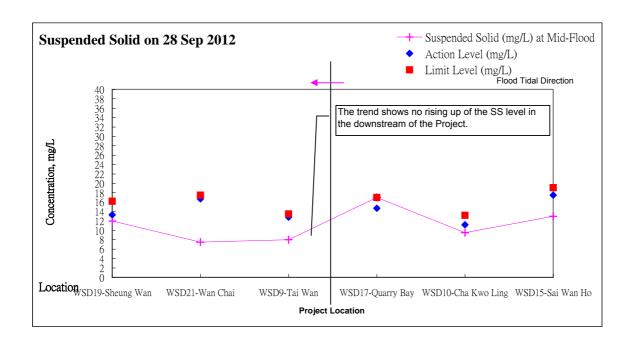
Lam Environmental Services Limited

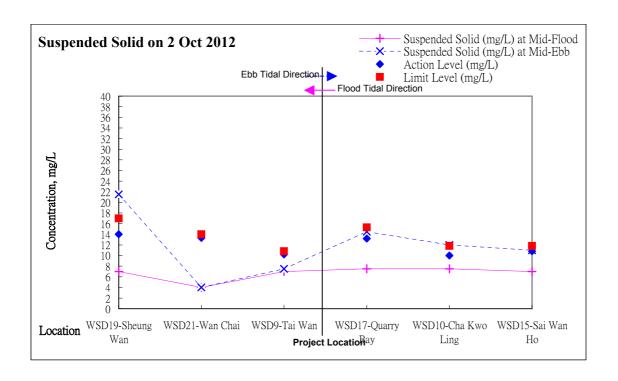
EVENT		ACTION		
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR
Limit level being exceeded by more than one consecutive sampling days	 Identify source(s) of impact; Inform IEC, Contractor and EPD; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, ER and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit level for two consecutive days. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified) 	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	Discuss with IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures; Consider and instruct, if necessary, the Contractor to slow down or to stop all or part of the marine work until no exceedance of Limit level. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)	1. Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment; 4. Review the working methods and consider additional measures such as use of frametype silt curtain, deployment of double silt curtains, slowing down, or rescheduling of works; 5. Discuss with ET, IEC and ER and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days; 6. Implement the agreed mitigation measures; 7. As directed by the Engineer, to slow down or to stop all or part of the marine work or construction activities. 8. (The above actions should be taken within 1 working day after the exceedance is identified)

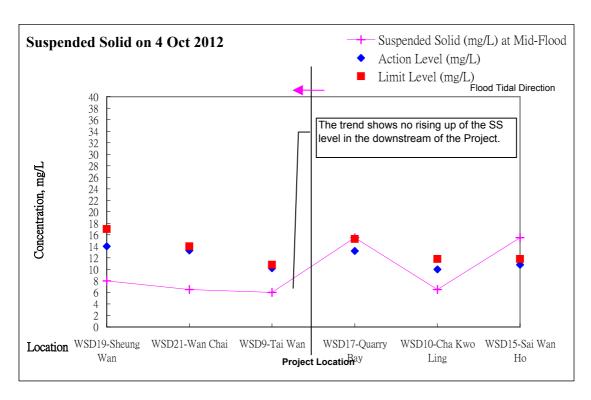
Appendix 5.2

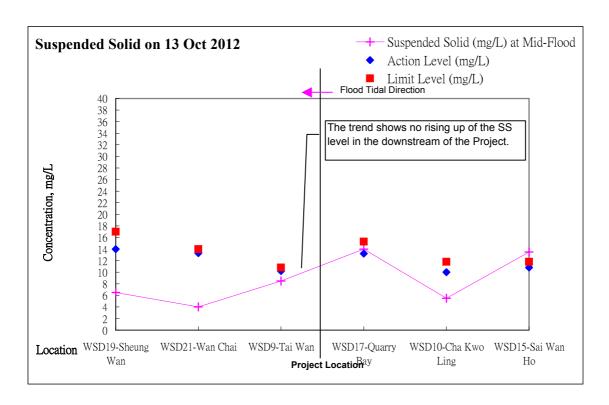
Date	Tide	Station	Parameter	Exceedan ce	Turbidity (NTU) / SS	Possible Cause of Exceedance	Turbidity (NTU) / SS (mg/L) value in the nearest upstream station
5/9/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD10	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	10.0	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD17: 4.03 and WSD15: 4.61
10/9/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD10	SS(mg/L)	LL	14.0	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD17: 2.5 and WSD15: 2.5
28/9/2012	Mid-flood	WSD10	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	9.3	Upstream of the Project	N/A
28/9/2012	Mid-flood	WSD17	SS(mg/L)	AL	17.0	Upstream of the Project	N/A
2/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD9	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	6.5	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD17: 6.8 and WSD21: 2.6
2/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD10	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	7.3	Upstream of the Project	N/A
2/10/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD10	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	LL / AL	12.0mg/L / 8.6 NTU	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	SS - WSD17: 14.5 and WSD15: 11.0 Turbidity - WSD17: 10.0 and WSD15: 8.2
2/10/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD15	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	AL	11.0mg/L / 8.2 NTU	ambient conditions	SS - WSD17: 14.5 and WSD10: 12.0 Turbidity - WSD17: 6.8 and WSD10: 8.6
2/10/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD17	SS(mg/L)	AL	14.5	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD10: 12.0 and WSD15: 11.0
2/10/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD19	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	LL / AL	21.5mg/L / 13.8 NTU	Upstream of the Project	N/A
4/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD15	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	LL / AL	15.5mg/L / 9.5 NTU	Upstream of the Project	N/A
4/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD17	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	LL	15.5mg/L 17.6 NTU	Upstream of the Project	N/A
13/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD15	SS(mg/L)	LL	13.5	Upstream of the Project	N/A
13/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD17	SS(mg/L)	AL	14.0	Upstream of the Project	N/A
15/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD15	SS(mg/L)	LL	12.0	Upstream of the Project	N/A
17/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD9	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	6.5	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD17: 7.0 and WSD21: 3.9
17/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD15	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	AL	11.5mg/L / 9.8NTU	Upstream of the Project	N/A
17/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD19	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	12.2	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD9: 6.5 and WSD21: 3.9
20/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD9	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	6.9	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD17: 11.3 and WSD21: 5.6
20/10/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD9	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	6.7	Upstream of the Project	N/A
20/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD10	SS(mg/L)	LL	15.5	Upstream of the Project	N/A
20/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD17	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	LL / AL	16.5mg/L / 11.3NTU	Upstream of the Project	N/A
22/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD10	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	LL / AL	16mg/L / 9.1NTU	Upstream of the Project	N/A
22/10/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD15	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	9.8	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD17: 6.2 and WSD10: 4.3
22/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD15	SS(mg/L)	LL	17.0	Upstream of the Project	N/A
22/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD19	SS(mg/L)	LL	20.5	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD9: 10.0 and WSD21: 3.5
27/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD10	SS(mg/L)	LL	12.5	Upstream of the Project	N/A
29/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD9	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	8.0	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD17: 8.5 and WSD21: 2.0
29/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD15	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	AL	11.5mg/L / 9.4NTU	Upstream of the Project	N/A
31/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD9	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	6.7	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD17: 12.4 and WSD21: 4.6
31/10/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD9	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	6.4	Upstream of the Project	N/A
31/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD10	SS(mg/L)	LL	12.5	Upstream of the Project	N/A
31/10/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD10	SS(mg/L)	AL	11.0	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD15: 8.0 and WSD17: 8.5
31/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD15	SS(mg/L)	LL	12.5	Upstream of the Project	N/A
31/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD17	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	LL / AL	18mg/L / 12.4NTU	Upstream of the Project	N/A
31/10/2012	Mid-flood	WSD19	SS(mg/L)	AL	16.5	Upstream of the Project	N/A
2/11/2012	Mid-flood	WSD10	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	AL	12.0mg/L / 7.6NTU	Upstream of the Project	N/A
3/11/2012	Mid-ebb	WSD10	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	7.1	Upstream of the Project	N/A
8/11/2012	Mid-flood	WSD10	SS(mg/L)	LL	15.5	Upstream of the Project	N/A
10/11/2012	Mid-flood	WSD21	SS(mg/L)	LL	14.5	Upstream of the Project	N/A
10/11/2012	Mid-flood	WSD10	SS(mg/L)	LL	18.0	Upstream of the Project	N/A
12/11/2012	Mid-flood	WSD17	SS (mg/L) / Turbidity (NTU)	LL / AL	19.0mg/L / 12.6NTU	Upstream of the Project	N/A
14/11/2012	Mid-flood	WSD9	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	6.3	Localized impact or changes in ambient conditions	WSD17: 8.5 and WSD21: 4.0
17/11/2012	Mid-flood	WSD17	SS(mg/L)	AL	13.5	Upstream of the Project	N/A
29/11/2012	mid-ebb	WSD9	Turbidity (NTU)	AL	6.5	Upstream of the Project	N/A

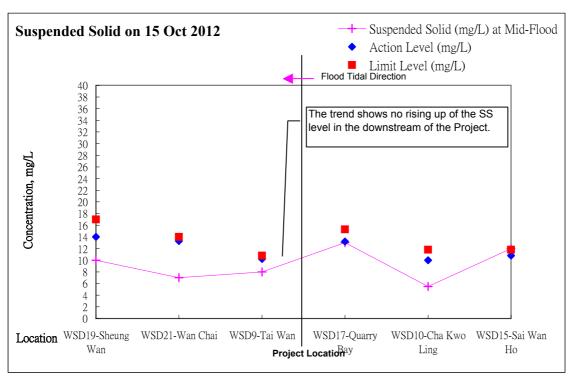


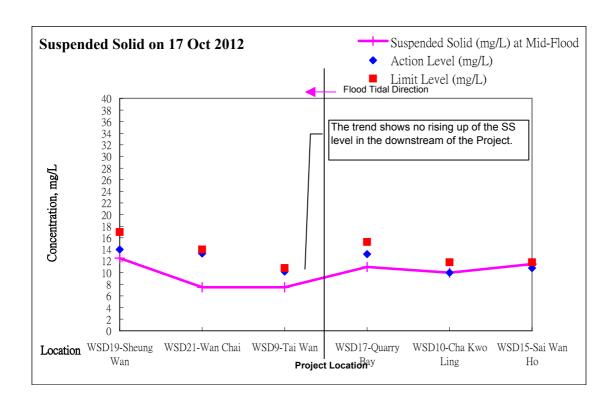


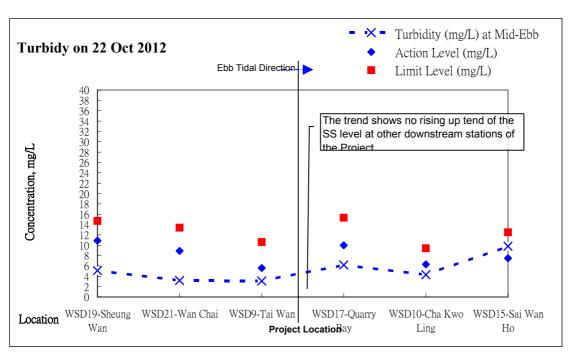


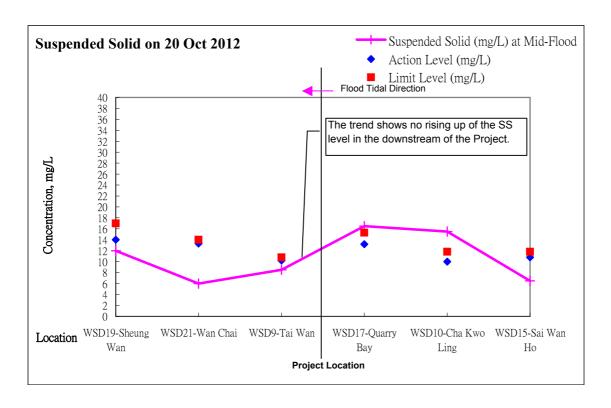


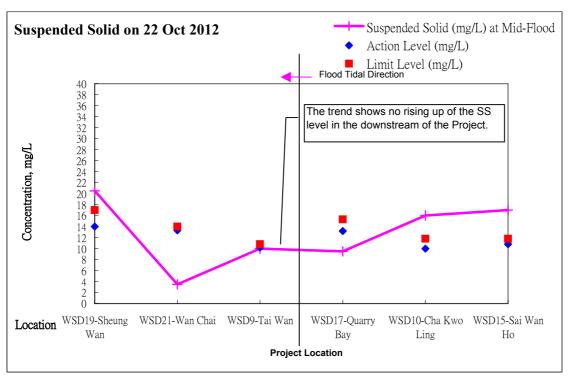


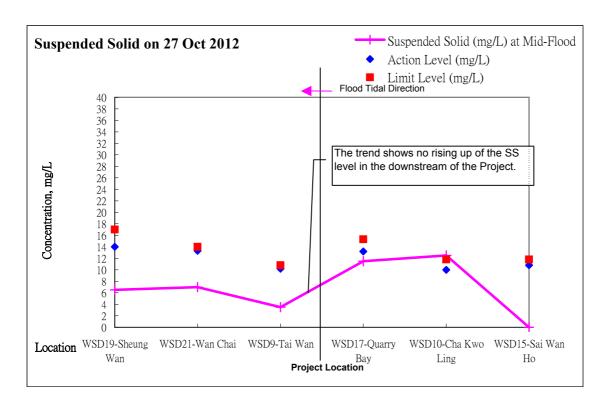


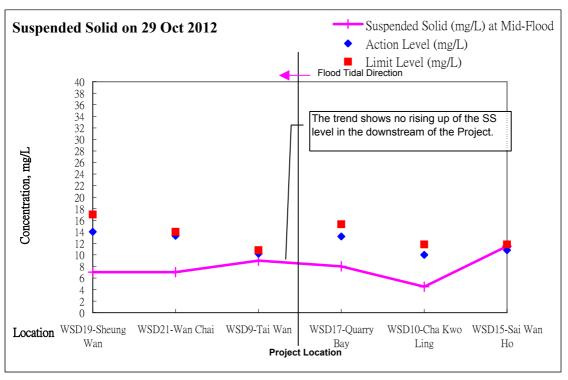


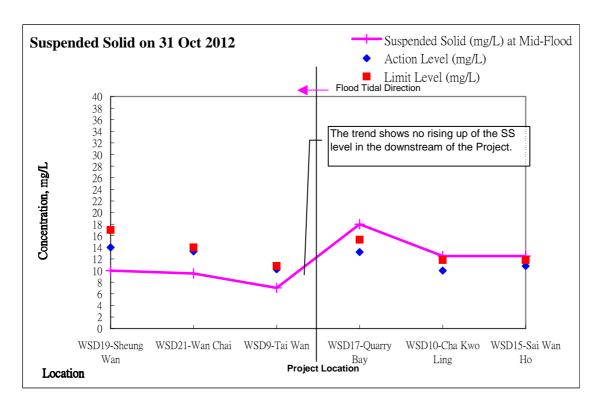


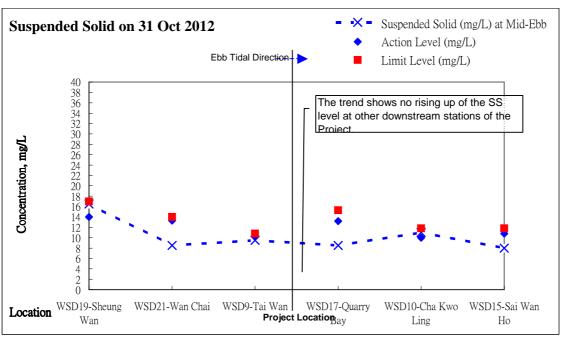




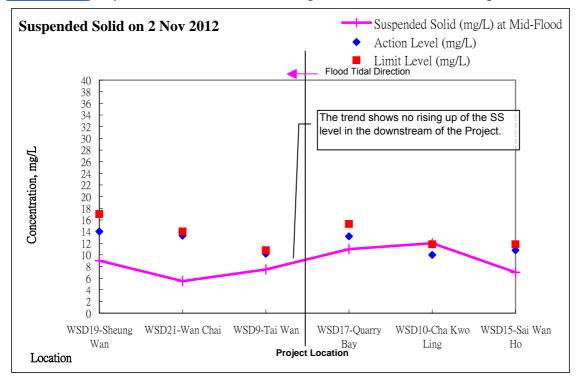


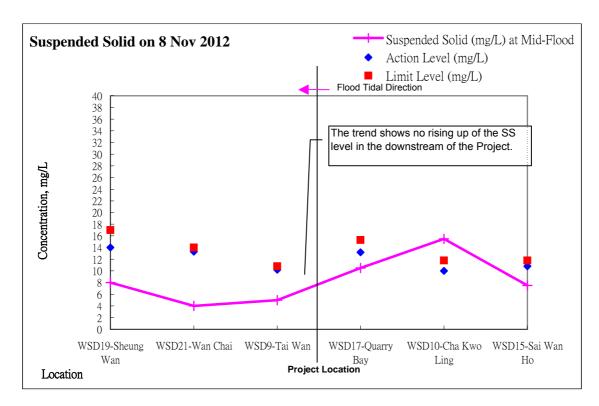




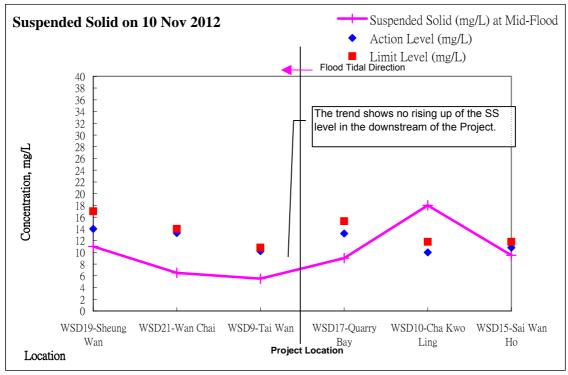


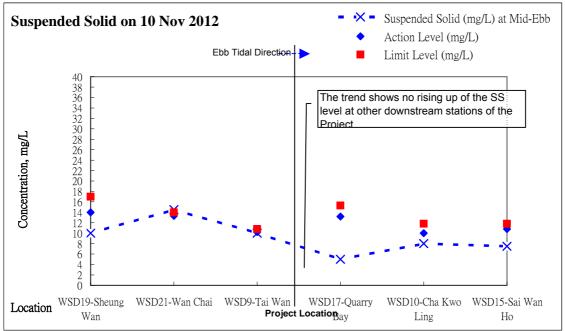




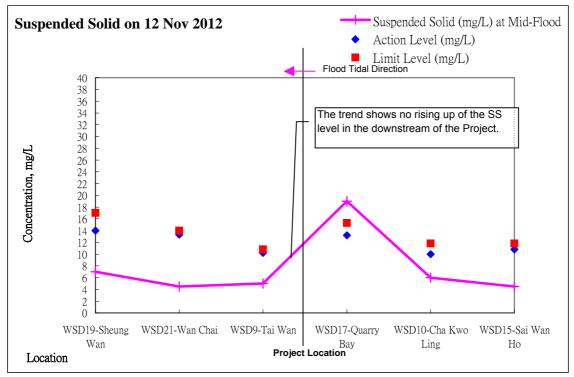


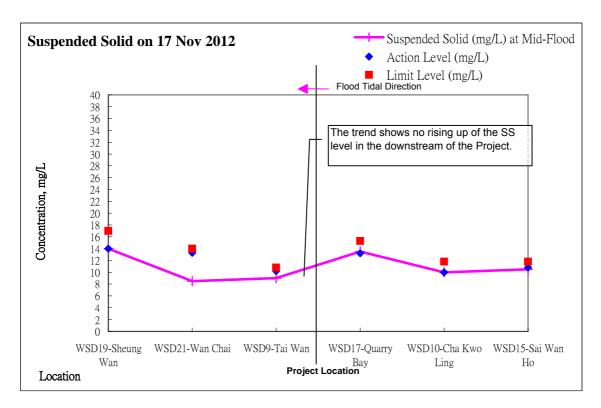










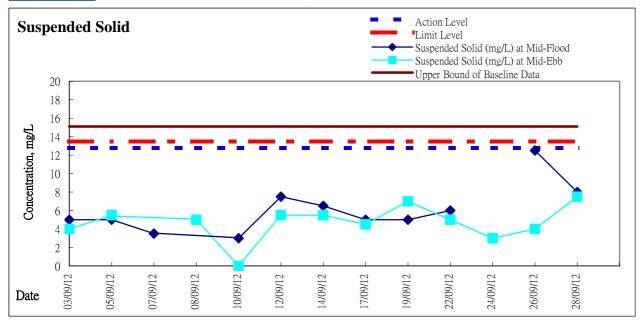


Appendix 5.3

Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result with respect to Local Variation



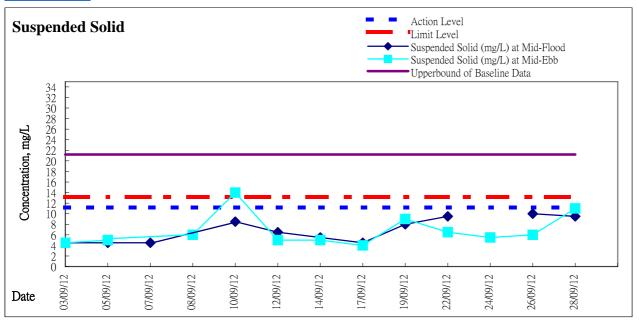
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD9 - Tai Wan with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD9 is located at upstream during the ebb tides while at downstream during flood tides.

am

Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD10 - Cha Kwo Ling with respect to Local Variation

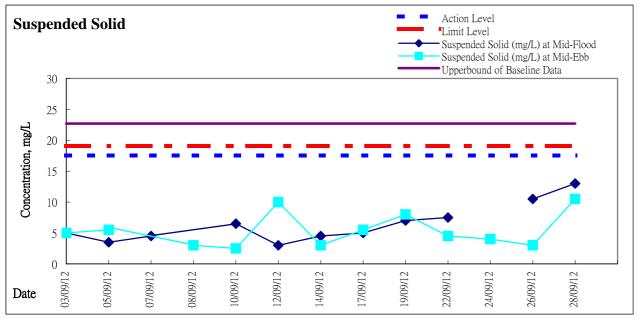


Remarks: WSD10 is located at upstream during the flood tides while at downstream during ebb tides.

Remarks: Due to hoisting of amber rainstorm warning, the water quality monitoring for flood tide on 24 Sep 2012 was cancelled.



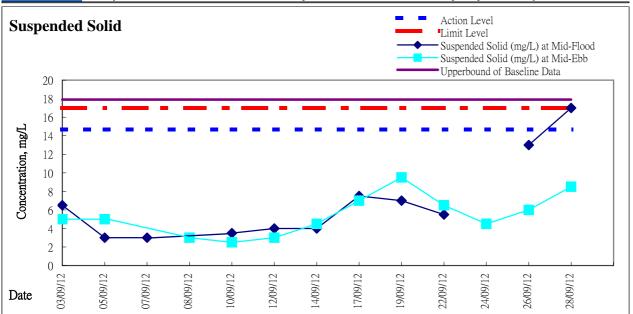
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD15 - Sai Wan Ho with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD15 is located at upstream during the flood tides while at downstream during ebb tides.



Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD17 - Quarry Bay with respect to Local Variation

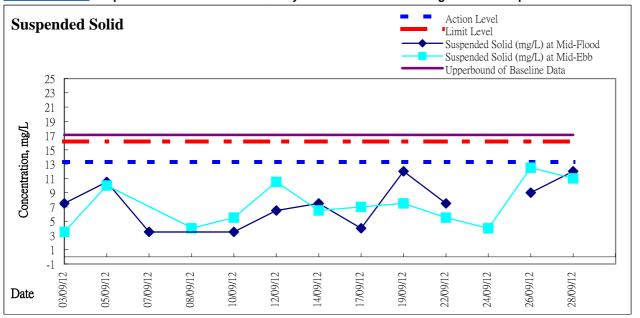


Remarks: WSD17 is located at upstream during the flood tides while at downstream during ebb tides.

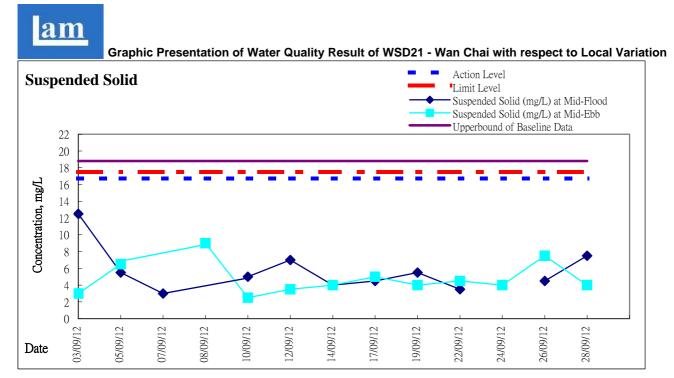
Remarks: Due to hoisting of amber rainstorm warning, the water quality monitoring for flood tide on 24 Sep 2012 was cancelled.

am

Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD19 - Sheung Wan with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD19 is located at upstream during the ebb tides while at downstream during flood tides.

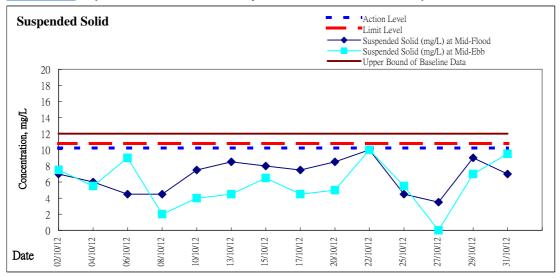


Remarks: WSD21 is located at upstream during the ebb tides while at downstream during flood tides.

Remarks: Due to hoisting of amber rainstorm warning, the water quality monitoring for flood tide on 24 Sep 2012 was cancelled.

am

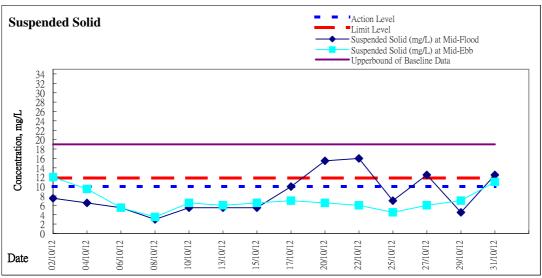
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD9 - Tai Wan with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD9 is located at upstream during the ebb tides while at downstream during flood tides.

am

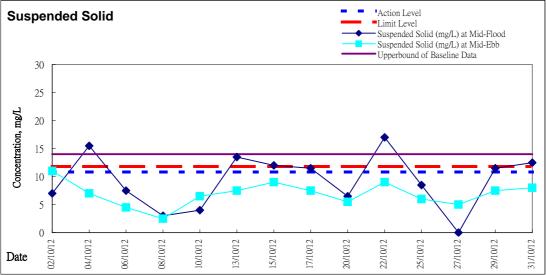
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD10 - Cha Kwo Ling with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD10 is located at upstream during the flood tides while at downstream during ebb tides.



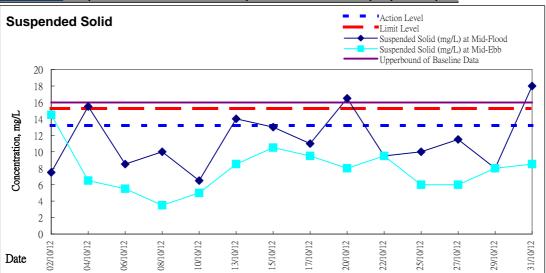
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD15 - Sai Wan Ho with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD15 is located at upstream during the flood tides while at downstream during ebb tides.

am

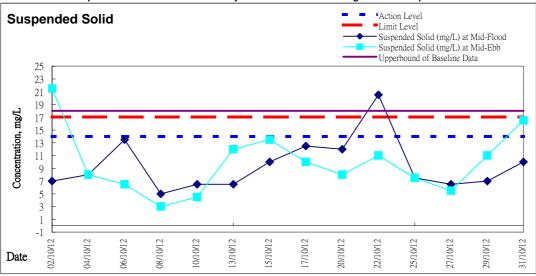
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD17 - Quarry Bay with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD17 is located at upstream during the flood tides while at downstream during ebb tides.



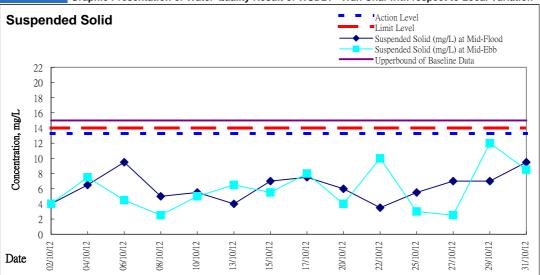
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD19 - Sheung Wan with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD19 is located at upstream during the ebb tides while at downstream during flood tides.

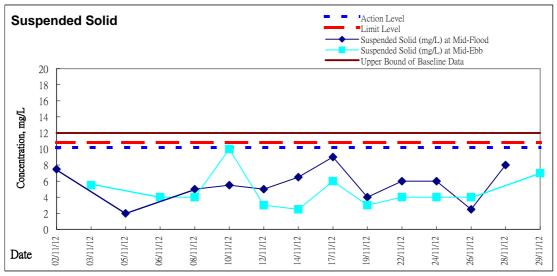
am

Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD21 - Wan Chai with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD21 is located at upstream during the ebb tides while at downstream during flood tides.

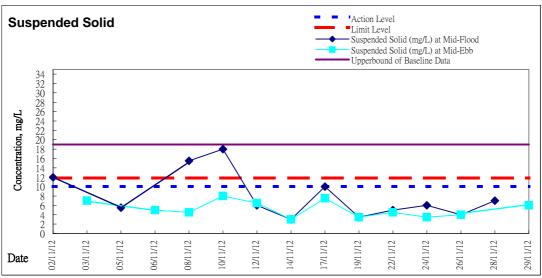
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD9 - Tai Wan with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD9 is located at upstream during the ebb tides while at downstream during flood tides.

am

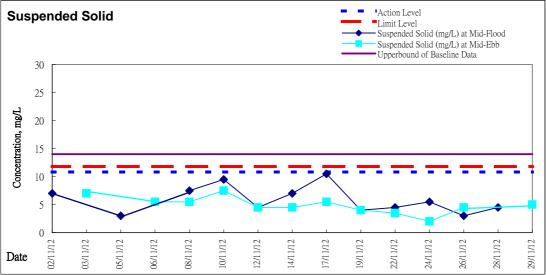
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD10 - Cha Kwo Ling with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD10 is located at upstream during the flood tides while at downstream during ebb tides.



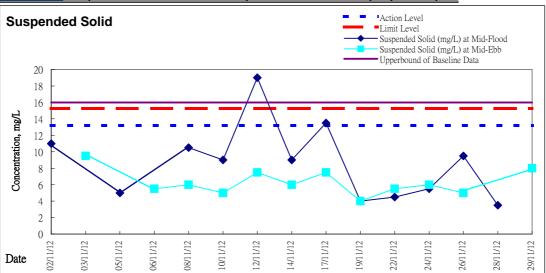
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD15 - Sai Wan Ho with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD15 is located at upstream during the flood tides while at downstream during ebb tides.

am

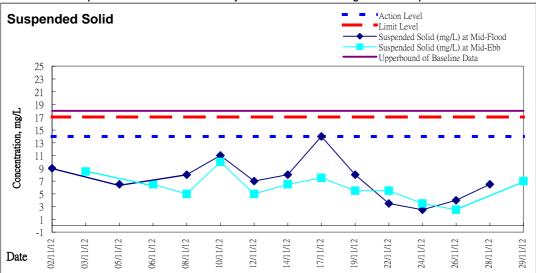
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD17 - Quarry Bay with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD17 is located at upstream during the flood tides while at downstream during ebb tides.



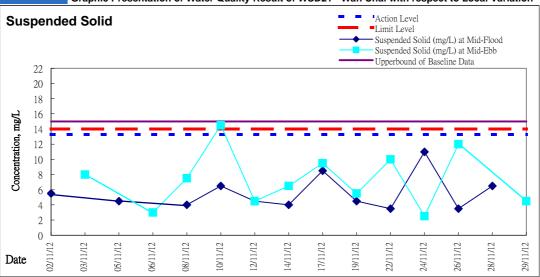
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD19 - Sheung Wan with respect to Local Variation



Remarks: WSD19 is located at upstream during the ebb tides while at downstream during flood tides.

am

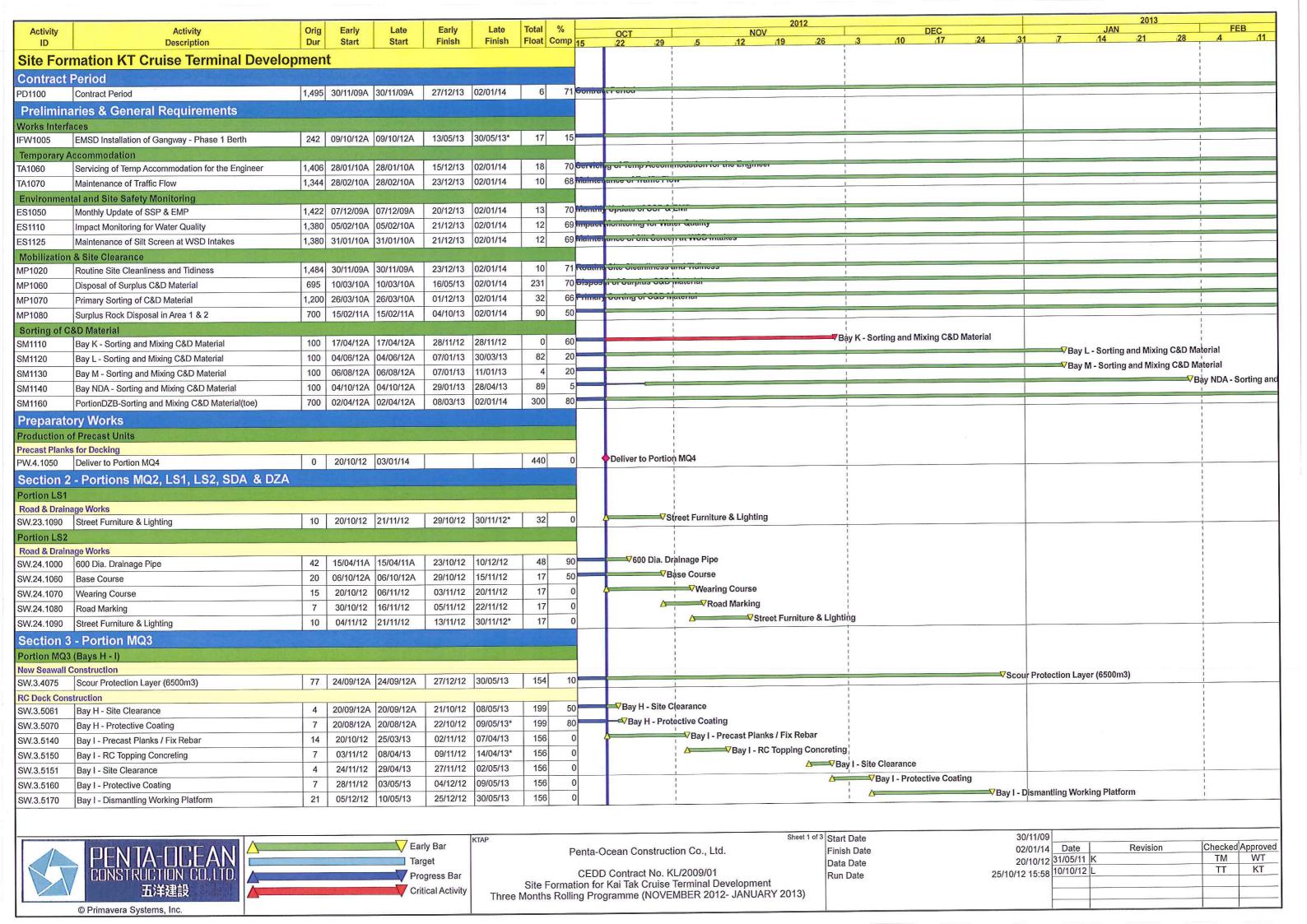
Graphic Presentation of Water Quality Result of WSD21 - Wan Chai with respect to Local Variation

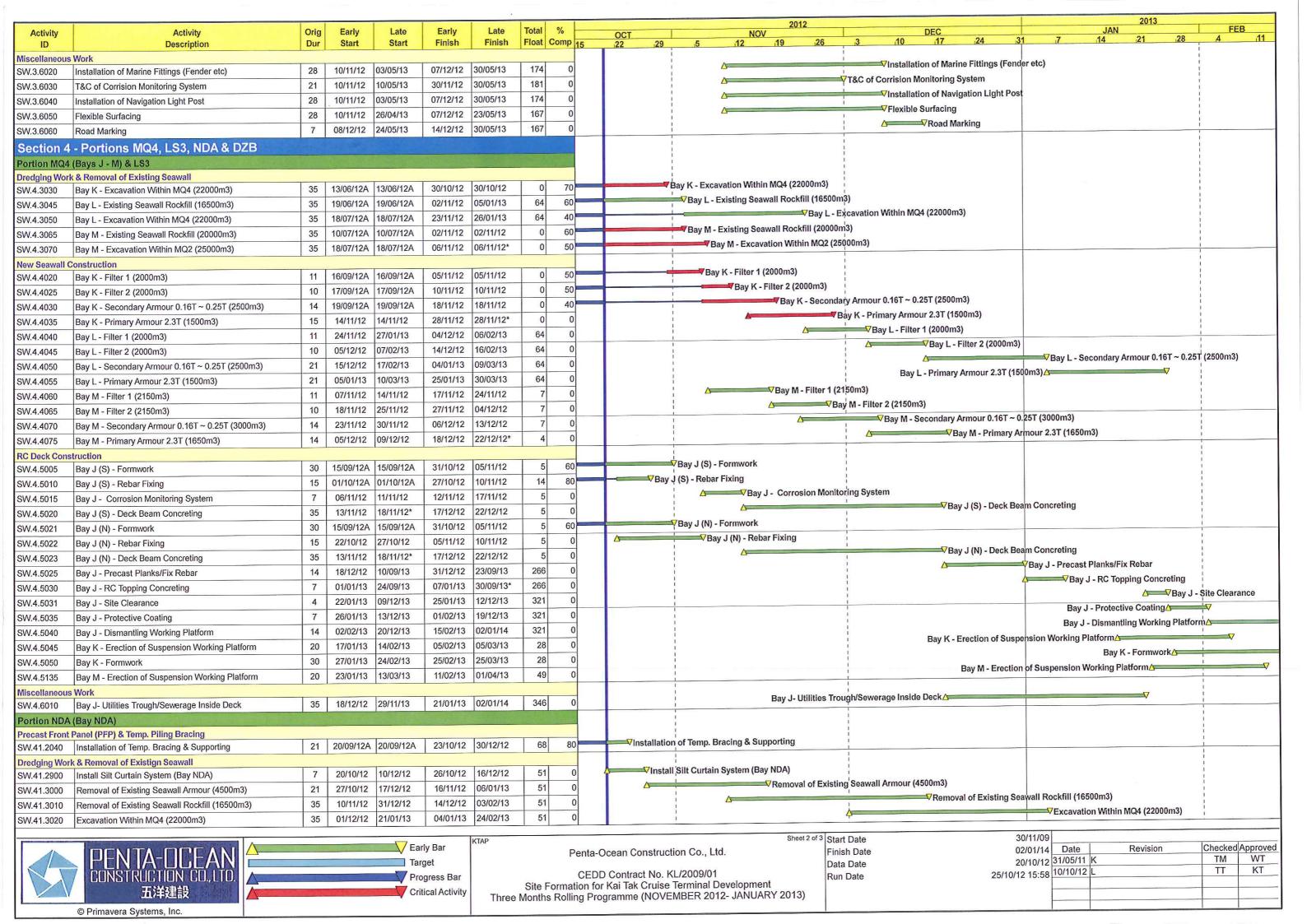


Remarks: WSD21 is located at upstream during the ebb tides while at downstream during flood tides.

Appendix 7.1

Construction Programme for Reporting Quarter





Activity	Activity	Late	Total	0/.		2012										2013								
ID	Activity Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Late Start	Early Finish		Float C			OCT		NOV			DEC		04	JAN 21 28			FEE	FEB		
ID	Description	Dui	Start	Start	1 1111511	1 1111311	1 loat 0	Jimp 1	5	22 29	5	12	19	26	13	10	11/	24	31	1/	14 21	128	4	(11
New Seawall (New Seawall Construction														1									
SW.41.4000	Filter 1 - (2000m3)	11	05/01/13	25/02/13	15/01/13	07/03/13	51	0		Ì					1					Δ	Filter 1 - (I I	
SW.41.4010	Filter 2 - (2000m3)	10	16/01/13	08/03/13	25/01/13	17/03/13	51	0		1					1						Δ		- (2000m3)	
SW.41.4020	Secondary Armour 0.16T - 0.25T (2500m3)	21	26/01/13	18/03/13	15/02/13	07/04/13	51	0		1					1				Secon	dary Armour 0.16	T - 0.25T (2500)	m3) <u>A</u>		
Concrete Bloc	Concrete Block Seawall														1								I I	
SW.41.7000	Filters & Rockfill Under Seawall Blocks	42	05/01/13	26/07/13	15/02/13	05/09/13	202	0		-					1	Filters &	Rockfill U	nder Seav	wall Blo	cks∆				
Section !	Section 5 - Portion CA3, CA5B & WA1A														1								1	
Transplanting and Tree Preservation															1								1	
LS1030	Preservation & Protection of Existing Trees	1,300	03/05/10A	03/05/10A	13/11/13	23/11/13	10	70	TOSUT	ation & Frotection	OI EXISTING	Tices			1				T T					



Early Bar
Target
Progress Bar
Critical Activity

Penta-Ocean Construction Co., Ltd.

CEDD Contract No. KL/2009/01 Site Formation for Kai Tak Cruise Terminal Development Three Months Rolling Programme (NOVEMBER 2012- JANUARY 2013)

Sheet 3 of 3 Start Date Finish Date Data Date Run Date

30/11/09
02/01/14 Date Revision Checked Approved
20/10/12 31/05/11 K TM WT
25/10/12 15:58