

DRAINAGE SERVICES DEPARTMENT CONTRACT NO. DC/2011/06

REPROVISIONING OF BOUNDARY PATROL ROAD AND ASSOCIATED SECURITY FACILITIES BETWEEN PING YUEN RIVER AND PAK FU SHAN AND DRAINAGE WORKS IN NORTH DISTRICT

EM&A REPORT FOR DRAINAGE WORKS UNDER EP-277/2007/A (OCTOBER 2014)

PREPARED FOR SANG HING CIVIL CONSTRUCTORS CO., LTD.

Quality Index

Date	Reference No.	Prepared By	Approval By
19 November 2014	TCS00599/12/600/R0319v3	36	Ann
		Ben Tam Environmental Consultant	T. W. Tam Environmental Team Leader

Version	Date	Description
1	10 November 2014	First Submission
2	14 November 2014	Amended against the IEC's comments on 13 Nov 2014
3	19 November 2014	Amended against the IEC's comments on 19 Nov 2014

This report has been prepared by Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting with all reasonable skill, care and diligence within the terms of the Agreement with the client, incorporating our General Terms and Conditions of Business and taking account of the resources devoted to it by agreement with the client. We disclaim any responsibility to the client and others in respect of any matters outside the scope of the above. This report is confidential to the client and we accept no responsibility of whatsoever nature to third parties to whom this report, or any part thereof, is made known. Any such party relies upon the report at their own risk.



Ref.: DSDBPRNDEM00_0_0339L.14

21 November 2014

By Post and Fax (2959 6079)

Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting Unit A, 20/F,
Gold King Industrial Building,
New Territories, Hong Kong

Attention: Mr. T.W. Tam

Dear Sir,

Re: Contract No. DC/2011/06

Reprovisioning of Boundary Patrol Road and Associated Security Facilities between Ping Yuen River and Pak Fu Shan and Drainage Works in North District

EM&A report for Drainage Works under EP-277/2007/A (October 2014)

Reference is made to the Environmental Team's submission of the captioned report (Version 3) dated 19 November 2014 received through E-mail on 19 November 2014 for our review and comment.

Please be informed that we have no adverse comment on the captioned submission. We write to verify the captioned submission in accordance with Condition 3.4 in the captioned Environmental Permit.

Thank you for your kind attention and please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned should you have any queries.

Yours sincerely,

Roger Leung

Independent Environmental Checker

hopes.

c.c.

DSD

SHCCCL

Mr. Eric Y.M. Cheng

Mr. Raymond W.M. Yau

by fax: 2827 8700

by fax: 2403 1162

Q:\Projects\DSDBPRNDEM00\02 Project Management\02 Corr\DSDBPRNDEM00_0_0339L.14.doc



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

BREACHES OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY CRITERIA (ACTION/LIMIT LEVELS)

ES01 Monitoring results indicated no exceedance of Action/Limit Levels for air quality and construction noise during the Reporting Period. However, six (6) water quality Limit Level exceedance and three (3) water quality Action Level exceedance occurred at the downstream impact station Wx4. In this Reporting Period, one NOE was issued to relevant parties, and the investigation report was completed and submitted. All the exceedances were considered as not related to the work under Project. Nevertheless, the Contractor was recommended to maintain their mitigation measures for water quality during the Reporting Period.

COMPLAINTS LOG

ES02 No environmental complaint was registered in the Reporting Period. The complaint log is presented as follows:

Denouting Month	Environmental Complaint Statistics			
Reporting Month	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	
May 2012 to September 2014	0	0	NA	
October 2014	0	0	NA	

NOTIFICATIONS OF SUMMONS AND SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTIONS

ES03 No notifications of summons and successful prosecutions were registered during the Reporting Period.

REPORTING CHANGES

Due to the Construction progress at MUP works area, the monitoring location Wx2 for water quality was proposed to be relocate to MUP-Wx4. The water quality monitoring at MUP-Wx4 has been proceeded on 19th September 2014 prior the relocation get approved by EPD.

FUTURE KEY ISSUES

- ES05 Construction dust, noise and water quality continue to be the key environmental issues for construction of the Works during the coming Reporting Period.
- ES06 As predicted in the EIA Report (Register No. in the EP: AEIAR-108/2007), with full implementation of the recommended environmental protection measures, adverse environmental impacts generated from future construction activities under the Works can be eliminated to acceptable levels.
- As dry season is approaching, dust control measures to avoid fugitive dust in the construction site should be properly provided and maintained, as appropriate. In addition, water quality mitigation measures such as prevention of muddy water and other water quality pollutants via site surface water runoff get into public area should be avoided especially. Mitigation measures for water quality should be properly implemented.
- ES08 Furthermore, stockpile and dusty materials should be cover properly to prevent dust nuisance.
- ES09 Construction noise mitigation measures should also be implemented during noisy construction activities.

RECOMMENDATION

- ES10 Temporary noise barrier should be modified in compliance with the Environment Permit and contract specific requirement.
- ES11 If the stream channel section is commenced construction work, general ecology audit should be conducting in accordance with the EM&A Manual Sections 6.3.9 and 6.3.10.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	ENVIR	ONMENTAL IMPLEMENTATION STATUS	1			
2	CONST	RUCTION AND EM&A ACTIVITIES	2			
	CONSTR	UCTION ACTIVITIES	2			
	ENVIRO	NMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES	2			
	EM&A	ACTIVITIES	2			
3	SUMM	ARY OF REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION IMPACT MONITORING	1			
J		ORING PARAMETERS				
		ORING LOCATIONS				
		ORING FREQUENCY				
		DRING EQUIPMENT				
		ORING PROCEDURE				
		NMENTAL QUALITY PERFORMANCE LIMITS				
		AND ACTION PLAN				
		IANAGEMENT AND QUALITY CONTROL				
4						
4		ONMENTAL MONITORING RESULTS				
		ALITY				
		UCTION NOISE				
		QUALITY				
		ROLOGICAL DATA				
		USIONS				
5	WASTI	E MANAGEMENT	13			
6	SITE IN	NSPECTION AND AUDIT	14			
	GENERA	L ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INSPECTION	14			
	ECOLOG	y Audit	14			
7	ENVIR	ONMENTAL COMPLAINT, SUMMONS AND PROSECUTION	15			
8		T FORECAST				
o		IVE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES IN JANUARY 2014				
		VIRONMENTAL ISSUES				
		NMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES FOR THE COMING MONTH				
•						
9		LUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS				
		JSIONS				
	RECOM	MENDATIONS	1			
LIS'	т оғ Тав	BLES				
	BLE 1-1	STATUS OF ENVIRONMENTAL LICENSES AND PERMIT				
	BLE 3-1	SUMMARY OF MONITORING PARAMETERS				
	BLE 3-1	MONITORING LOCATIONS				
	BLE 3-2	SUMMARY OF ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING LOCATIONS				
	BLE 3-4	AIR QUALITY MONITORING EQUIPMENT				
	BLE 3-5	CONSTRUCTION NOISE MONITORING EQUIPMENT				
	BLE 3-6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	BLE 3-7	ACTION AND LIMIT LEVELS FOR AIR QUALITY				
	BLE 3-8	ACTION AND LIMIT LEVELS FOR CONSTRUCTION NOISE				
TAE	BLE 3-9	ACTION AND LIMIT LEVELS FOR ADDITIONAL WATER QUALITY MONITORING				
TAE	BLE 4-1	AIR QUALITY (1-HOUR & 24-HR TSP) MONITORING RESULTS AT MUP-A1 (MUP05)				
	BLE 4-2	CONSTRUCTION NOISE MONITORING RESULTS AT MUP-N1 (MUP05)				
	BLE 4-3	CONSTRUCTION NOISE MONITORING RESULTS AT MUP-NX (MUP05)				
	BLE 4-4	WATER QUALITY MONITORING RESULTS AT WX1 AND WX2 (MUP05)				
	BLE 6-1	OBSERVATIONS OF SITE INSPECTION DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD				
TAE	BLE 7-1	SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINTS				

SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINTS

Contract No. DC/2011/06 – Reprovisioning of Boundary Patrol Road and Associated Security Facilities between Ping Yuen River and Pak Fu Shan and Drainage Works in North District EM&A Report for Drainage Works under EP-277/2007/A (October 2014)



Table 7-2	SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL SUMMONS
Table 7-3	SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROSECUTIONS
TABLE 8-1	KEY ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES FOR THE UP-COMING MONTH
TABLE 8-2	ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES FOR THE UP-COMING MONTH

LIST OF ANNEXES

ANNEX A	LOCATION PLAN FOR THE WORKS UNDER EP-277/2007/A
ANNEX B	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION AND COMMUNICATION LINES
ANNEX C	IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES
ANNEX D	3-MONTH ROLLING CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM
ANNEX E	IMPACT MONITORING SCHEDULE
ANNEX F	MONITORING LOCATIONS
ANNEX G	MONITORING EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES
ANNEX H	EVENT/ACTION PLAN
ANNEX I	24-Hr TSP Data and Graphical Plot of Environmental Monitoring Results
ANNEX J	METEOROLOGICAL
ANNEX K	WASTE FLOW TABLE AND SUMMARY OF WORKS PROCESSES OR ACTIVITIES REQUIRING TIMBER
	FOR TEMPORARY WORKS
ANNEX L	ECOLOGY CHECKLIST



1 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLEMENTATION STATUS

- 1.01 This is the twenty-ninth monthly EM&A report (hereinafter "this Report") for Drainage Works under EP-277/2007/A for the period from *1* to *31 October 2014* (hereinafter "the Reporting Period").
- Location plan for the works under the Contract is shown in Annex A, whereas environmental management organization and communication lines, including contacts of key personnel under the Contract are shown in Annex B.
- 1.03 Status of environmental licenses and permit is summarized in the following *Table 1-1*.

Table 1-1 Status of Environmental Licenses and Permit

Permit Type	Licenses / Permit No.	Date of Issuance by EPD	Expiry Date	Concerned Location	Status
	EP-277/2007	09 July 2007			EP- 277/2007/A to
Environmental Permit	EP-277/2007/A	01 December 2009	N.A	Man Uk Pin	supersede EP-277/2007
Notification pursuant to Section 3(1) of the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (APCO) (Construction Dust) Regulation	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Contract Area (Lin Ma Hang, Man Uk Pin, Ma Wat Wai and Ping Yuen River)	Valid
Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	7015003	07 May 2012	N.A.	Contract Area (Lin Ma Hang, Man Uk Pin, Ma Wat Wai and Ping Yuen River)	Valid
Application for Wastewater Discharge License under Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO)	W5/11363/1	29 August 2012	31 Aug 2017	Man Uk Pin	Valid
Register as a Chemical Waste Producer under Waste Disposal Ordinance	5123-642- S3565-03	3 October 2012	N.A	Contract Area (Lin Ma Hang, Man Uk Pin, Ma Wat Wai and Ping Yuen River)	Valid

- 1.04 Construction program of the Works with fine tuning of construction activities showing the interrelationship with environmental protection/mitigation measures is presented in Implementation Schedule for the recommended mitigation measures attached in *Annex C* of this Report whereas updated 3-Month Construction Program of the Works is shown in *Annex D*.
- 1.05 Implementation Status for the recommended mitigation measures are presented in the monthly site inspection checklists which are endorsed by related parties including representatives of the ER, IEC, Contractor, EO and ET.



2 CONSTRUCTION AND EM&A ACTIVITIES

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

- 2.01 The *Three-Month Rolling Program* was enclosed in *Annex D*. Major construction activities of Mau Uk Pin undertaken in this reporting period are included:
 - Establishment of Transplanted Tree T1107
 - Liaise with lot owner for the access
 - Construction of Gabion Block at the upstream
 - Construction of Box Culvert
 - Installation of temporary noise barrier
 - Underground Utilities Detection

ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES

2.02 Environmental mitigation measures to minimize potential environmental impacts arising from the construction of the Contract have been recommended and summarized in *Annex C*. Those related to the construction activities for the up-coming construction period are summarized in *Table 7-2 Environmental Mitigation Measures for the Coming Month* in *Section 7* of this Report.

EM&A ACTIVITIES

Baseline Monitoring and Environmental Quality Criteria

- 2.03 The baseline monitoring for air quality, construction noise and water quality has been carried out since 17 September 2008, whereas that for ecology has been performed since 16 September 2008 in close accordance with the requirements of the EM&A Manual.
- 2.04 It is agreed amongst the Engineer, IEC, Contractor and ET that the established environmental quality criteria i.e. Action/Limit Levels (hereinafter "the A/L Levels") for air quality, construction noise and water quality as shown in *Tables 2-7* and *Tables 2-8* respectively are to be used in the EM&A for air quality, construction noise and water quality under Drainage Works under EP-277/2007/A.

Environmental Monitoring

2.05 The environmental monitoring during the Reporting Period was conducted in accordance with the environmental monitoring schedule submitted to relevant parties upon agreement with the IEC and ER prior to implementation. They are presented in *Annex E*.



3 SUMMARY OF REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION IMPACT MONITORING

3.01 The requirements for EM&A for Drainage Works under EP-277/2007/A are detailed in *Methodology for Environmental Monitoring and Audit under the Contract* (hereinafter "the Methodology", which has been verified by the IEC on 27 July 2012 and submitted to EPD for approval subsequently. They are summarized as follows.

MONITORING PARAMETERS

3.02 The monitoring parameters required for the Works during construction phase are summarized in *Table 3-*

Table 3-1 Summary of Monitoring Parameters

Environmental Aspect	Parameters
Air Quality	 Hour Total Suspended Particulate (hereinafter '1-Hr TSP'); and 24-Hour Total Suspended Particulate (hereinafter '24-Hr TSP').
Construction Noise	 A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (30min) (hereinafter 'Leq(30min)' during the normal working hours; and A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (5min) (hereinafter 'Leq(5min)' for construction work during the restricted hours.
Water Quality	 In Situ Measurement – temperature, Dissolved Oxygen, Dissolved Oxygen Saturation, pH value, Water Depth, Temperature & Turbidity Laboratory Analysis – Suspended Solids (hereinafter 'SS'),
Ecology (MUP05)	 The stream conditions monitoring (in-situ measurements of DO, pH and turbidity; laboratory testing of SS); and General site audit on ecological mitigation measures implement.

MONITORING LOCATIONS

Designated Locations in the EM&A Manual

- 3.03 Monitoring locations for EM&A under EP-277/2007/A have been identified in the EM&A Manual. They are shown in *Annex F*. According to the EM&A Manual and agreement among the Engineer, IEC, Contractor and ET, the environmental monitoring stations closest to the construction site are to be adopted for the EM&A under the Contract. As sensitive receiver MUP05-2 is the closest location to the Works site, it will most likely be impacted by the construction under the Works. The sensitive receiver MUP05-1 is therefore adopted as environmental monitoring locations for air quality namely MUP-A1 and construction noise namely MUP-N1.
- During the construction period of Works, no ecology monitoring is required in accordance with EM&A Manual. However, general site audit should be undertaken for ecological mitigation measures implement.
- 3.05 *Table 3-2* summarizes all the monitoring locations under the Works.

Table 3-2 Monitoring Locations

Issue	Channel	Sensitive Receiver	Location ID	Detailed Address
Air	MUP05	MUP05-2	MUP-A1	Village house at Man Uk Pin
Noise	MUP05	MUP05-2	MUP-N1	Same village house at Man Uk Pin as MUP-A1 above

Additional Monitoring Locations

In order to monitor the potential construction impacts more effectively, additional environmental monitoring for construction noise and water quality has been recommended by the Engineer and IEC. They are summarized in *Table 3-3* and shown in *Annex F*.



Table 3-3 Summary of Additional Environmental Monitoring Locations

Issue	Channel	Sensitive Receiver	Location ID	Monitoring Time
Construction Noise	MUP05	MUP05-2	MUP-Nx (Village house)	The whole construction period
		1	MUP-Wx1 (Up-Stream Control Station)	The whole construction period
Water	1. H. D. 5	ı	MUP-Wx2 (Impact Monitoring Station)	Before connection of stream diversion
Quality	I MITEO2	-	MUP-Wx3 (Impact Monitoring Station)	After connection of stream diversion
		-	MUP-Wx4 (Impact Monitoring Station)	Relocation for MUP-Wx2 since 19 th September 2014

3.07 The additional monitoring has been commenced since August 2012 upon the IEC's verification of the Methodology.

MONITORING FREQUENCY

3.08 The impact monitoring should be conducted during the construction period to ensure the environmental conditions comply with the environmental quality criteria i.e. A/L Levels. The impact monitoring frequency as stipulated in the EM&A Manual is summarized below.

Air Quality

Parameters: 24-Hour TSP and 1-Hour TSP.

Frequency: Once every 6 days for 24-Hour TSP & three times every 6 days for 1-Hour TSP.

Duration: During the course of construction works

Construction Noise

Parameters: Leq(30 min) in six consecutive Leq(5 min) measurements Frequency: Once a week during 0700-1900 on normal weekdays

Duration: During the course of construction works

Water Quality

Parameters: Duplicate in-situ measurements of water depth, temperature, DO, pH & turbidity; and

laboratory testing of SS. Relevant data will also be measured time of sampling, DO

Saturation, weather conditions and special phenomena.

Depths: All measurements will be carried out at three water depths, namely, 1 m below water

surface, mid-water depth, and 1 m above river bed. If the water depth is less than 6 m, the mid-depth measurement will be omitted. If the depth is less than 3 m, only the mid-

depth measurement will be taken.

Frequency: 3 times a week with an interval of at least 36 hours between two consecutive sampling

davs

Duration: During the construction period of the channel works

MONITORING EQUIPMENT

3.09 The monitoring equipment for air quality, construction noise, stream water quality and ecology are summarized below.

Air Quality

3.10 Air quality monitoring equipment is listed in the following *Table 3-4*.



Table 3-4 Air Quality Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model		
24-Hour TSP			
High Volume Air Sampler (herein after 'HVS')	Grasby Anderson GMWS 2310 HVS		
Calibration Kit	TISCH Model TE-5025A		
1-Hour TSP			
Portable Dust Meter	AM510; Dust Trak Model 8520		

Construction Noise

3.11 Construction noise monitoring equipment is listed in *Table 3-5*.

Table 3-5 Construction Noise Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model
Integrating Sound Level Meter	B&K Type 2238
Calibrator	B&K Type 4231
Portable Wind Speed Indicator	Testo Anemometer

Water Quality

3.12 Monitoring equipment for water quality is listed in *Table 3-6*.

Table 3-6 Water Quality Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model / Description				
In-situ Measurement					
Water Depth Detector	Eagle Sonar or steel ruler				
Water Sampler	Teflon bailer / bucket				
Thermometer & DO meter	YSI Multimeter				
pH meter	Extech pH EC 500				
Turbidimeter	Hach 2100p				
Sample Container and	High density polythene bottles (provided by laboratory) and 'Willow'				
Storage	33-liter plastic cool box				
Laboratory Analysis					
Suspended Solids	HOKLAS accredited Laboratory				

EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION

3.13 The calibrations certificate of all monitoring equipment are used during the impact monitoring program are attached in Annex G and the calibration requirement are described in below:

Air Quality

- 3.14 The calibration of the HVS is performed at a bimonthly interval in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction using the NIST-certified standard calibrator (Tisch Calibration Kit Model No.TE-5025A). The calibration data are properly documented and the associated records are maintained by the ET for future reference.
- 3.15 The 1-Hour TSP meter is calibrated at a year intervals in accordance with the in-house method. Zero response of the equipment is checked before and after each monitoring event.

Noise

3.16 The sound level meters are calibrated using an acoustic calibrator prior to and after spot checking measurements. The meters are calibrated annually by HOKLAS accredited laboratory. Prior to and following each noise measurement, the accuracy of the sound level meter is checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements are considered valid only if the calibration levels before and after the noise measurement agree to within 1.0 dB.



Water Quality

3.17 Once every three months, the in-situ monitoring instruments are calibrated and certified by a laboratory accredited under HOKLAS or any other international accreditation scheme.

MONITORING PROCEDURE

3.18 The monitoring methodology and procedure during the impact monitoring are presented as below:

Air Quality

1-Hour TSP

- Operation of the 1-Hour TSP meter is follow manufacturer's Operation and Service Manual. The 1-Hour TSP monitor, a TSI Dust Track Aerosol Monitor Model 8520, or Sibata LD-3 Laser Dust Meter is a portable, battery-operated laser photometer. The 1-Hour TSP meter provides a real time 1-Hour TSP measurement based on 90° light scattering. The 1-Hour TSP monitor consists of the following:
 - 1) A pump to draw sample aerosol through the optic chamber where TSP is measured;
 - 2) A sheath air system to isolate the aerosol in the chamber to keep the optics clean for maximum reliability; and
 - 3) A built-in data logger compatible with Windows based program to facilitate data collection, analysis and reporting.
- 3.20 The 1-Hour TSP meter using was within the valid period, calibrated by the manufacturer prior to purchasing. Zero response of the instrument was checked before and after each monitoring event.

24 –hour TSP

- 3.21 The equipment used for 24-Hour TSP measurement is the HVS brand named Thermo Andersen, Model GS2310 TSP high volume air sampling system, which complied with EPA Code of Federal Regulation, Annex B to Part 50. The HVS consists of the following:
 - 1) An anodized aluminum shelter;
 - 2) A 8"x10" stainless steel filter holder;
 - 3) A blower motor assembly;
 - 4) A continuous flow/pressure recorder;
 - 5) A motor speed-voltage control/elapsed time indicator;
 - 6) A 6-day mechanical timer, and
 - 7) A power supply of 220v/50 Hz
- 3.22 The HVS is calibrated prior the impact monitoring to following the manufacturer's instruction using the NIST-certified standard calibrator brand named Tisch Calibration Kit Model TE-5028A. Regular HVS operation and maintenance as well as filter paper installation and collection was performed by the ET's competent technicians, whereas laboratory analyses were conducted in a local HOKLAS accredited laboratory, ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd (hereinafter 'ALS'). The analyzed 24-Hour TSP filters were kept in ALS for six months prior to disposal.

Meteorological Information

- 3.23 All relevant data including temperature, pressure, weather conditions, elapsed-time meter reading for the start and stop of the sampler, identification and weight of the filter paper is recorded in detail.
- 3.24 Meteorological information is sourced from the Hong Kong Observatory (Ta Kwu Ling Station). The data included wind direction, wind speed, humidity, rainfall, air pressure and temperature etc that in general is required for evaluating the air quality for air quality monitoring.

Construction Noise

3.25 Sound level meters listed above comply with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications, as recommended in Technical Memorandum



BE issued under the Noise Control Ordinance (NCO).

- 3.26 All noise measurements are performed with the meter set to FAST response and on the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (Leq). Leq(30min) measurements are used as the monitoring parameter for the time period throughout the construction phase.
- 3.27 The sound level meter is set higher than 1.2m above the existing ground. The microphone is pointed to the site with the microphone facing perpendicular to the line of sight. The windshield is fitted for all measurements. As the measurement point at impact locations is set close to the exterior of the building, i.e. no free field noise measurement is performed; free field correction will not be made for monitoring results.
- 3.28 Immediately prior to and following each noise measurement the accuracy of the sound level meter is checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency (94 dB). Measurements are accepted as valid due to the calibration levels from before and after the noise measurement agree to within 1.0 dB.

Water Quality

3.29 Water quality monitoring is conducted at the middle of the water columns (Mid-Depth) due to water columns at all sampling locations are less than 3.0 meters during monitoring.

Water Depth

3.30 Water depths are determined prior to measurement and sampling. A steel ruler with a suitable weight was dropped to the bottom of the water column to measure the water depth which is actually well below 1 meter.

Dissolved Oxygen (DO)

- 3.31 A portable Extech Instrument, ExStikR DO600 DO Meter is used for in-situ DO measurement. The DO meter is capable of measuring DO in the range of 0 20 mg/L and 0 200 % saturation and checked against water saturated ambient air on each monitoring day prior to monitoring.
- 3.32 Although the DO Meter automatically compensates ambient water temperature to a standard temperature of 20°C for ease of comparison of the data under the changing reality, the temperature readings of the DO Meter is recorded.

<u>pH</u>

3.33 A portable Extech Instrument, ExStikTM Models pH EC 500 or a Hanna HI98107 pH Meter is used for in-situ pH measurement. The pH meter is capable of measuring pH in the range of 0 – 14 and readable to 0.1. Standard buffer solutions of pH 7 and pH 10 are used for calibration of the instrument before and after measurement.

<u>Turbidity</u>

A portable Hach 2100p turbidity Meter is used for in-situ turbidity measurement. The turbidity meter is capable of measuring turbidity in the range of 0 - 1000 NTU.

Suspended Solids (SS)

3.35 SS is determined by ALS using HOKLAS accredited analytical methods namely ALS Method EA-025. The Limit of Reporting (hereinafter "LOR") is 2 mg/L.

Water Sampler

3.36 Water samples are collected by the ET using a plastic sampler to avoid metal contamination. Due to water depth for both sampling locations are lesser than 0.5 m, a cleaned plastic beaker is used for sample collection.



3.37 The sampler is rinsed with the sample before collection with the sample to be taken. 1,000mL water sample is collected from depth for laboratory analyses.

Sample Container

3.38 Water samples are contained in screw-cap PE (Poly-Ethylene) bottles as provided by ALS. The PE bottles are pretreated by laboratory in accordance with the corresponding analytical requirements of HOKLAS. Where appropriate, the sampling bottles are rinsed with the water to be contained. Water sample is transferred from the sampler to the sample bottles to 95% bottle capacity to allow possible volume expansion during delivery and storage.

Sample Storage and delivery

3.39 A 'Willow' 33-liter plastic cool box packed with ice is used to preserve the collected water samples prior to arrival at the laboratory. The temperature of the cool box is maintained as close to 4°C as possible without being frozen. Samples are delivered to the laboratory end of sampling day or following day within the maximum storage time requirement.

Chemical Analysis

3.40 ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd (HOKLAS No. 66) is appointed by ET to provide analytical services for this project. The analysis of suspended solids is carried out to follow the APHA Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater 19ed 2540D. The sample preparation and analysis under the QA/QC control is follow the HOKLAS QA/QC requirements and undertaken by the laboratory.

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY PERFORMANCE LIMITS

3.41 Baseline monitoring for air quality and construction noise was carried out during 17 September to 13 October 2008 in close accordance with the requirements stipulated in the EM&A Manual. The A/L Levels of MUP-A1 and MUP-N1 will be adopted for EM&A for air quality and construction noise respectively. They are summarized in *Table 3-7* and *Table 3-8* respectively.

Table 3-7 Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality

Monitoring Station	Action Lev	vel (μg /m³)	Limit Level (μg/m³)		
Womtoring Station	1-Hour TSP	24-Hour TSP	1-Hour TSP	24-Hour TSP	
MUP-A1	307	156	500	260	

Table 3-8 Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise (dB(A))

Time Period	Action Level	Limit Level
0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays	When one documented complaint is received	75* dB(A)

Reduces to 70 dB(A) for schools and 65 dB(A) during the school examination periods.

3.42 Environmental quality criteria for additional water quality monitoring are proposed in *Table 3-9* as follows:

Table 3-9 Action and Limit Levels for Additional Water Quality Monitoring

Water Parameter	Action Level	Limit Level	
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	4.42 mg/L	4.37 mg/L	
Turbidity	120% of the corresponding Levels	130% of the corresponding Levels	
&	of	of	
Suspended Solids (SS)	Up-Stream Control Station	Up-Stream Control Station	

Remark: The Action and Limit Level of DO is referred to the closest monitoring station in the Baseline Report under DSD-DC/2007/08

3.43 The Action and Limit Levels for water quality monitoring at Wx4 adopts the same Action and Limit Level as Wx2



EVENT AND ACTION PLAN

3.44 Event Action Plan for air quality, construction noise and water quality as stipulated in *Annex H* will be triggered in cases of exceedances of A/L Levels.

DATA MANAGEMENT AND QUALITY CONTROL

- 3.45 The impact monitoring data is handled by the ET's systematic data recording and management, which complies with an in-house certified (ISO 9001:2000) Quality Management System. Standard Field Data Sheets (FDS) are used in the EM&A program.
- 3.46 The monitoring data recorded in the equipment e.g. 1-Hour TSP meters and noise meters are downloaded directly at the end of each monitoring day. The downloaded monitoring data are input into a computerized database properly maintained by the ET. The laboratory results are input directly into the computerized database and QA/QC checked by personnel other than those who input the data.
- For monitoring activities which require laboratory analysis, the responsible laboratory, ALS, follows the QA/QC requirements as set out under their HOKLAS scheme for all laboratory testing.



4 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING RESULTS

AIR QUALITY

4.01 As agreed among the Engineer, IEC, Contractor and ET, the construction noise monitoring is performed at MUP-A1 of Channel MUP05.

Monitoring Results

4.02 The air quality monitoring results of 24-Hour and 1-Hour TSP during the Reporting Period are summarized in *Table 4-1*. Detailed 24-Hour TSP monitoring data and the graphic plots of both 24-Hour and 1-Hour TSP are shown in *Annex I*.

Table 4-1 Air Quality (1-Hour & 24-Hr TSP) Monitoring Results at MUP-A1 (MUP05)

Date	24-Hour TSP Monitoring	Date	Start Time	1-Hour TS	P Monitoring μg/m³	g Results,
	Results, μg/m ³		Time	1 st	2 nd	3 rd
4-Oct-14	56	6-Oct-14	10:23	86	83	84
10-Oct-14	99	11-Oct-14	10:31	57	64	68
16-Oct-14	79	17-Oct-14	10:12	134	140	128
22-Oct-14	65	23-Oct-14	10:06	155	160	174
28-Oct-14	83	29-Oct-14	9:47	127	109	107
Average	76	Average			112	
(Range)	(56-99)	(Range)		(57 - 174)		
A/L Levels	156 / 260	A/L Le	vels		307 / 500	

Remark: (#) – Power failure of HVS

Discussions

- 4.03 As shown in *Table 4-1*, no exceedances of A/L Levels were recorded for 1-Hour TSP and 24-Hour TSP during the Reporting Period.
- 4.04 In this Reporting Period, 1 event of power failure of high volume sampler was occurred during 24-hour TSP monitoring on 24 September 2014. The provision of power supply was rectified immediately and the 24-hour TSP monitoring was resumed on 27 September 2014.
- 4.05 Neither Notice of Exceedance (hereinafter "NOE") nor the associated remedial actions were required for air quality during the Reporting Period.

Recommendation

4.06 As dry season is approaching, attention should be drawn to construction dust suppression measures during dusty construction activities under dry and windy conditions.

CONSTRUCTION NOISE

- 4.07 As agreed among the Engineer, IEC, Contractor and ET, the construction noise monitoring is performed at MUP-N1 of Channel MUP05 as recommended in the EM&A Manual.
- 4.08 Additional construction noise monitoring has also been commenced since August 2012 at MUP-Nx upon verification of the Methodology by the IEC prior to implementation.
- 4.09 As the measurement point is set close to the exterior of the building at MUP-N1, no free field correction of +3 dB(A) will be made for monitoring results of MUP-N1.
- 4.10 On the other hand, the measurement point is NOT set close to the exterior of the building at MUP-Nx, free field correction of +3 dB(A) is made for monitoring results of MUP-Nx.



Monitoring Results

4.11 Construction noise monitoring results are summarized in *Table 4-2* and *Table 4-3* below and graphic plots of the monitoring results are shown in *Annex I*.

Table 4-2 Construction Noise Monitoring Results at MUP-N1 (MUP05)

Date	Start Time	1 st Leq5	2 nd Leq5	3 rd Leq5	4 th Leq5	5 th Leq5	6 th Leq5	Leq30 (dB(A))
6-Oct-14	13:33	64.0	65.2	61.8	61.6	61.8	62.9	63
11-Oct-14	13:00	61.4	58.0	59.2	59.7	59.3	57.0	59
17-Oct-14	13:20	57.4	58.7	56.9	56.6	57.6	56.6	57
23-Oct-14	13:45	63.8	59.8	63.7	62.8	61.3	63.4	63
29-Oct-14	13:36	64.8	65.0	63.7	65.1	64.1	63.0	64
Average (Range)	ange) 61 (57 – 64)						

Table 4-3 Construction Noise Monitoring Results at MUP-Nx (MUP05)

Date	Start Time	1 st Leq5	2 nd Leq5	3 rd Leq5	4 th Leq5	5 th Leq5	6 th Leq5	Leq30 (dB(A))	Corrected Leq30 (dB(A))
6-Oct-14	13:00	63.7	64.7	65.4	63.3	62.4	63.5	63.9	67
11-Oct-14	13:34	60.2	60.4	57.2	61.5	57.0	61.1	59.9	63
17-Oct-14	13:54	61.5	57.8	63.2	60.8	60.4	68.3	63.4	66
23-Oct-14	13:10	59.4	60.7	59.9	58.6	60.7	59.6	59.9	63
29-Oct-14	13:00	61.1	61.8	59.7	59.6	60.3	60.3	60.5	64
Average (Range)	65 (63 – 67)							

Discussions

4.12 During the Reporting Period, no environmental complaint against construction noise was registered, indicating no Action Level exceedance was documented. In addition, no exceedance of construction noise Limit Level of 75 dB(A) were recorded. Neither NOE nor the associated remedial actions were required for construction noise during the Reporting Period.

Recommendation

4.13 Attention is drawn to construction noise mitigation measures during noisy construction activities.

WATER QUALITY

- 4.14 Although no water quality monitoring location is designated within the position of construction of the Contract, however environmental water quality monitoring is recommended in the EM&A Manual during construction of the Works.
- 4.15 In order to compliance with EM&A Manual requirements, two additional water monitoring locations MUP-Wx1 (Up-Stream Control Station) and MUP-Wx2 (Downstream Impact Station) is recommended by the Engineer and IEC to commence from August 2012 upon verification of the Methodology prior to implementation.
- 4.16 In this Reporting Period, monitoring location (MUP-Wx4) was proposed to replace the MUP-Wx2. The water quality monitoring at MUP-Wx4 has been proceeded on 19th September 2014 prior the relocation get approved by EPD. Hence, the monitoring data at Wx4 from 19th September 2014 in below will be provided for reference only.



Monitoring Results

4.17 Water quality monitoring results are summarized in *Table 4-4* below and graphically presented in *Annex*

Table 4-4 Water Quality Monitoring Results at Wx1 and Wx4 (MUP05)*

	Monitoring Parameter							
Date	te DO, mg/L Turbidity, NTU pH, pH V			DO, mg/L		H Value	SS, 1	mg/L
	Wx1	Wx4	Wx1	Wx4	Wx1	Wx4	Wx1	Wx4
3-Oct-14	6.44	5.77	5.7	149.0 (#)	8.5	8.2	2.0	71.0 (#)
6-Oct-14	6.96	7.31	9.0	10.5	8.6	8.4	3.0	6.0 (#)
8-Oct-14	7.24	6.88	7.6	8.9	8.5	8.7	5.5	3.5 (#)
11-Oct-14	6.59	6.46	10.8	11.2	8.5	8.7	2.0	2.5 (*)
13-Oct-14	6.72	7.04	11.5	12.7	8.5	8.4	3.5	4.0 (*)
15-Oct-14	6.79	7.25	7.3	8.0	8.4	8.6	3.5	3.0
17-Oct-14	6.53	7.36	11.4	12.8	8.6	8.8	5.0	2.0 (#)
21-Oct-14	6.63	6.81	6.4	5.3	8.9	8.9	5.0	3.0 (#)
23-Oct-14	6.03	6.17	6.5	6.9	6.8	6.6	5.5	5.5
25-Oct-14	5.65	6.02	5.5	5.8	6.4	6.7	2.5	2.5
27-Oct-14	6.00	5.94	3.8	3.9	8.8	7.9	3.5	4.0
29-Oct-14	7.03	6.28	4.9	5.9 ^(*)	7.6	6.8	4.0	4.0
31-Oct-14	6.23	6.59	8.7	8.3	6.6	6.7	2.5	4.0
*Note:								

Remarks:

Discussion

- In view of the water quality monitoring results were provided as reference only, no NOEs was issued to relevant parties. However, during the reporting period six (6) water quality Limit Level exceedance and three (3) water quality Action Level exceedance occurred at the downstream impact station Wx4. Among the exceedances, one significant exceedance of turbidity and SS was recorded on 3rd Oct 2014, one NOE for the Limit Level exceedances on 3rd Oct 2014 were issued to relevant parties. For the rest of the exceedances on 6th, 8th, 11th, 13th, 17th, 21st & 29th Oct 2014 (3.0 mg/L: 6.0 mg/L, 5.5 mg/L: 3.5 mg/L, 2.0 mg/L: 2.5 mg/L, 3.5 mg/L; 4.0 mg/L; 5.9 mg/L), they were considered as minor and not related to the Project, so no NOEs for those minor exceedances were issue. Even though, the Contractor was reminded to maintain their mitigation measures for water quality during the Reporting Period.
- 4.19 As mentioned above, Two (2) Limit level exceedances including parameters turbidity (5.7 mg/L: 149.0 mg/L, 2.0 mg/L: 71.0 mg/L) were recorded at MUP-Wx4 on 3rd October 2014. The Notification on Exceedances (NOEs) was issued to all relevant parties upon the results confirmed. The investigation for the cause of exceedances on 3rd October 2014 was completed and the results are presented as follow:

Exceedance Date: 3rd October 2014

- According to our technician's observation, the water sampling was conducted during the rainy weather condition, therefore the general stream water quality at Wx4 was disturbed by the rains.
- For water mitigation measures, the Contractor has provided tarpaulin sheeting to prevent surface run-off into water body and sedimentation tank was provided in place.
- In view of the subsequent monitoring results, no significant exceedance was recorded and the value of the turbidity and suspended solid were back to normal level. Therefore, it is believed that the value of the turbidity and suspended solid on 3 October 2014 were disturbed by the rainy weather.
- According to the Hong Kong Observatory recording, 23.7 mm of rainfall was recorded on 3 October 2014.
- It is concluded that the exceedances on 3 October 2014 was not due to the work under Project.

^(*) Action Level Exceedance

^(#) Limit Level Exceedance



Recommendation

4.20 Although rainy season (April to October in every year) will be over, full implementation of the required water quality mitigation measures is reminded to avoid adverse water quality impacts on the receiving water bodies.

METEOROLOGICAL DATA

4.21 Meteorological information downloaded from the Hong Kong Observatory Ta Kwu Ling Weather Station was summarized in *Annex J* and used in the EM&A of the Works as appropriate. In addition, no noise impacts monitoring were conducted during raining period.

CONCLUSIONS

- 4.22 Monitoring results for air quality and noise monitoring indicated no exceedances of environmental quality criteria during the Reporting Period. However, one NOE was issued to relevant parties, and the investigation report was completed and submitted.
- 4.23 Nevertheless, fully implementation of the required environmental protection measures are reminded, in particular construction dust suppression measures during dusty construction activities under dry and windy conditions and water quality protection measures during wet season.

5 WASTE MANAGEMENT

- 5.01 Waste management is routinely carried out by the on-site Environmental Officer or Environmental Supervisor.
- 5.02 The quantity of waste for disposal or reuse is summarized in *Monthly Summary of Waste Flow Table* in *Annex K*.
- To ensure satisfactory performance of the waste management, the Contractor is reminded to comply with all relevant regulatory requirements, including those stipulated in the effluent discharge licenses and chemical waste producer registration, as well as the EM&A Manual, etc.
- 5.04 Where possible, construction materials should be reused on-site as far as practicable to reduce the construction waste, which should then be sorted or classified on site for proper recycling and disposal as recommended in the Environmental Management Plan and the associated Waste Management Plan.



6 SITE INSPECTION AND AUDIT

GENERAL ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INSPECTION

- According to the EM&A Manual, the environmental site inspection should be formulated by the ET Leader and regularly conducted jointly by the representatives of the ET, Contractor, ER and IEC. During the Reporting Period, a total of *Four* (4) occasions of the site inspection were conducted on 9, 17, 22 & 30 October 2014.
- No non-compliance with the relevant regulatory requirements was identified. Observations of the regular site inspection and environmental audit during the Reporting Period are summarized in *Table 6-1*.

Table 6-1 Observations of Site Inspection during the Reporting Period

Date	Findings / Deficiencies	Follow-Up Status
9 October 2014	No adverse environmental impacts were observed during the site inspection.	Not required for general reminders. NA
17 October 2014	• Disused cement bag and dusty material were observed on site, the Contractor was reminded to maintain site cleanliness and pay more attention on dust control.	The item was rectified.
22 October 2014	No adverse environmental impacts were observed during the site inspection. However, full implementation of the required environmental mitigation measures is reminded, in particular dust suppression measure during dusty construction activities under dry and windy conditions.	Not required for
30 October 2014	Moreover, the Contractor was reminded to clean the sedimentation tank in regular basis and maintain the efficiency. And mitigation measure to prevent surface runoff should be maintained.	general reminders. NA

6.03 Site inspection checklists completed and endorsed by all related parties on the date of site inspection have been kept by the ET and are available for inspection upon request.

ECOLOGY AUDIT

- According to the related EM&A Manual *Section 6.3.9*, ecology audit should be required to carry out during work at natural stream at MUP05. Ecology inspection has been performed since 20 March 2014, also the ecology checklist is summarized in Ecology Checklist in Annex L.
- In this reporting month, four site visits were carried out on 9, 17, 22 & 30 October 2014. During all site visits, Water in river was generally clear during the audit. The contractor has been reminded to make sure no sediment-loaded water being discharged to the watercourse. Some animals were seen in the river including fish, snails and insects, which indicates that the new river habitat is in process of ecology restoration.



7 ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT, SUMMONS AND PROSECUTION

7.01 No environmental complaint was received during the Reporting Period. Summary of environmental complaint is presented in *Table 7-1* below.

Table 7-1 Summary of Environmental Complaints

Depositing Month	Environmental Complaint Statistics					
Reporting Month	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature			
May 2012 to September 2014	0	0	NA			
October 2014	0	0	NA			

7.02 No summons and prosecution was received during the Reporting Period. Summary of summon and prosecution is presented in *Table 7-2* and *Table 7-3* below.

Table 7-2 **Summary of Environmental Summons**

Donouting Month	Environmental Summons Statistics				
Reporting Month	Frequency	Cumulative	Nature		
May 2012 to September 2014	0	0	NA		
October 2014	0	0	NA		

Table 7-3 Summary of Environmental Prosecutions

Departing Month	Environmental Prosecution Statistics					
Reporting Month	Frequency	Frequency Cumulative				
May 2012 to September 2014	0	0	NA			
October 2014	0	0	NA			



8 IMPACT FORECAST

TENTATIVE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES IN OCTOBER 2014

- 8.01 The construction activities would be undertaken at Man Uk Pin in the coming month is listed below:
 - Pruning and establishment of Transplanted Tree T1107.
 - Underground utilities detection.
 - Construction of box culvert and transition.
 - Construction of gabion channel.
 - Installation of temporary noise barrier

KEY ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

8.02 Key environmental issues to be considered in the up-coming month are summarized in *Table 8-1* below:

Table 8-1 Key Environmental Issues for the Up-Coming Month

Item	Environmental Issue	Description
(a)	Air Quality	Construction activities under the Contract may have the potential of generating adverse construction dust impacts during dusty construction activities under dry and windy conditions.
(b)	Water Quality	Ssurface runoff during heavy storm/rain may pollute the surrounding water bodies with suspended solids or turbidity, and concrete washing may change the alkalinity or acidity or pH value of the water bodies;
(c)	Chemical Waste	Potential adverse water quality impacts and soil contamination may be generated from chemicals used or chemical waste generated during construction of the Contract, e.g., organic solvents, cleaning solutions, waste batteries, oil & grease spillage or leakage from construction equipment and the associated oil containers within site areas;
(d)	Construction Noise	Construction noise impacts may be caused by noisy construction activities;

ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES FOR THE COMING MONTH

8.03 Environmental mitigation measures for construction of the Contract have been compiled in *Annex C*. Attention is drawn to implementation of the environmental mitigation measures for construction activities in the up-coming month as summarized in *Table 8-2* below:

Table 8-2 Environmental Mitigation Measures for the Up-Coming Month

Item	Environmental Issue	Description
(a)	Air Quality	Dust suppression measures, in particular proper watering during dusty construction activities under dry and dusty conditions, should be fully implemented;
(b)	Water Quality	Sedimentation or silt removal facilities of adequate capacity should be used, for proper treatment of any site effluent generated from stockpiles of construction materials/waste or dusty haul roads or excavated surfaces within the site during storm rain, prior to discharge to nearby water bodies in order to remove suspended solids or turbidity;
(c)	Chemical Waste	Proper handling and storage of chemical wastes should be maintained;
(d)	Construction Noise	Implementation of the construction noise mitigation measures during noisy construction works
(e)	Other	Follow-up actions for any defects identified during regular site inspection should be promptly taken to rectify the situation.



9 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

CONCLUSIONS

- 9.01 Monitoring results indicated that no exceedances of A/L Levels for air quality and construction noise during the Reporting Period. However, six (6) water quality Limit Level exceedance and three (3) water quality Action Level exceedance occurred at the downstream impact station Wx4. In this Reporting Period, one NOE was issued to relevant parties, and the investigation report was completed and submitted. All the exceedances were considered as not related to the work under Project. Nevertheless, the Contractor was recommended to maintain their mitigation measures for water quality during the Reporting Period.
- 9.02 Due to the Construction progress at MUP works area, the monitoring location Wx2 for water quality was proposed to be relocated to MUP-Wx4. The water quality monitoring at MUP-Wx4 has been proceeded on 19th September 2014 prior the relocation get approved.
- 9.03 No environmental complaints, notification of summons or successful prosecution were registered during the Reporting Period.
- 9.04 No non-compliance with regulatory requirements was found during the site inspection and environmental audit of the Reporting Period, including the regular joint site inspection by the ER, IEC, ET and Contractor. Defects of minor environmental significance were sometimes observed during the site inspection, they were normally rectified in-situ or within the specified time prior to the next site inspection.

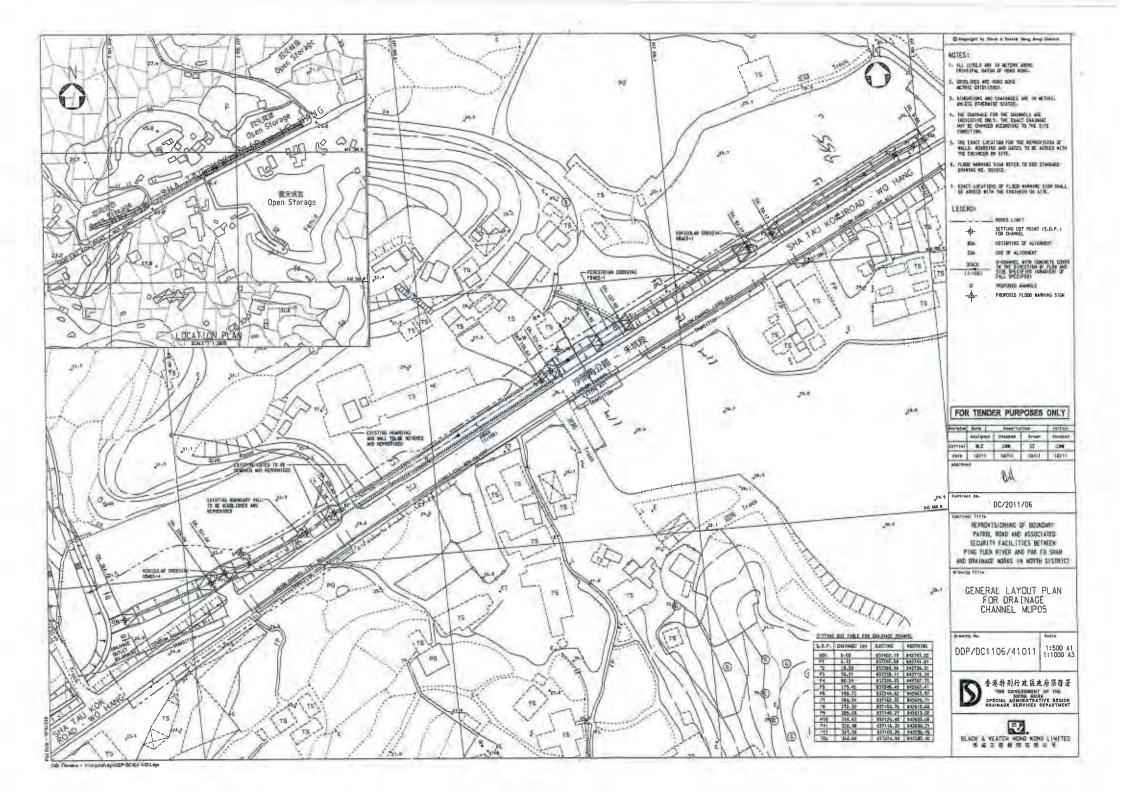
RECOMMENDATIONS

- 9.05 The Contractor is reminded to fully comply with all relevant regulatory environmental requirements, including environmental mitigation measures stipulated in the EM&A Manual.
- As dry season is approaching, dust control measures to avoid fugitive dust in the construction site should be properly provided and maintained, as appropriate. In addition, water quality mitigation measures such as prevention of muddy water and other water quality pollutants via site surface water runoff get into public area should be avoided especially. Mitigation measures for water quality should be properly implemented.
- 9.07 As windy season is approaching, stockpile and dusty materials should be cover properly to prevent dust nuisance.
- 9.08 Moreover, attention is drawn to implementation of the construction noise mitigation measures during noisy construction works. The temporary noise barrier should be modified in compliance with the Environment Permit and contract specific requirement.



Annex A

Location Plan for the Works under EP-277/2007/A





ANNEX B

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION AND COMMUNICATION LINES



Contact Details of Key Personnel

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No.	Fax No.
DSD	Project Proponent / Employer	Mr. Eric Y. M. Cheng	2594 7341	2827 8700
Environ	Independent Environmental Checker	Mr. Roger W. K. Leung	3465 2888	3465 2899
SHCC	Project Manager	Mr. Raymond Yau	2403 1165	2403 1165
SHCC	Site Agent	Mr. Elvin Lam	2640 9286	2640 9286
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	Mr. T. W. Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Miss Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Team Supervisor	Mr. Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079

24-Hour Hotline Telephone Number for the Public to Make Enquiries

24-Hour Hotline: 6770 3827	
Contact Person: Mr. Mocha Mok	

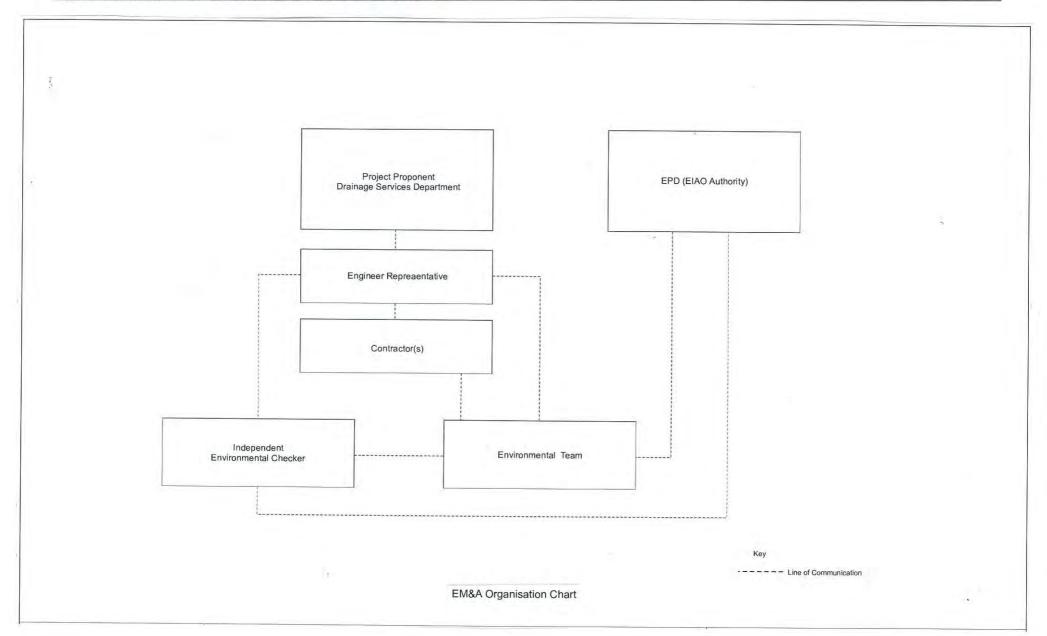
Legends:

DSD (Project Proponent / Engineer) – Drainage Services Department SHCC (Main Contractor) –Sang Hing Civil Constructors Co., Ltd

Environ (IEC) – Environ Hong Kong Limited

AUES (ET) – Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting

Updated EM&A Manual for Advanced Works under EP-430/2011





ANNEX C

IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES

IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE OF THE PROPOSED MITIGATION MEASURES APPENDIX A

Table A1 Implementation Schedule of Air Quality Mitigation Measures

			Objectives of the			Impl	Implementation		
EIA	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Recommended	Location /	Implementation	57 57	Stages*	Relevant	-
Ref	Ref		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	Q	O	Cuidelines	સ ૂ
Air Q	uality - Co	Air Quality - Construction Phase	PATE AND ADDRESS OF THE PATE A	a to the same	A TOTAL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL C		_		
		Construction Dust				-			
3.6.1	2.9.2	In order to comply with Air Pollution Control Ordinance (APCO), the Contractor should undertake	To prevent dust nuisance on ASRs	All works site / during	Construction Contractor		~	Air Pollution Control Ordinance	n ance
		at all times measures to prevent dust nuisance as a results of his activities. The Contractors are required	during construction	construction				Air Pollution	ū
		to follow all the requirements for dust control					***	(Construction	
		Dust) Regulation. Dust suppression measures should						Dust) Regulation	noi
		they should be incorporated in the Contract							
		Specification and implemented to minimize dust missance to within acceptable levels arising from the							
		works. The followings are examples of the dust							•
		suppression measures.							
		(i) The area in which excavation takes place shall							
		be sprayed with water immediately prior to, during and immediately after the excavation to					-		
		minimise dust generation.	-	·					
		(ii) The Contractor shall frequently clean and water the site to minimize fugitive dust emissions.							
						-			_

APA-2

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

Implementation Stages*	Agent D C O Legislation &						
Location /	Timing						
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed						
Recommended Mitigation Measures		(iii) Effective water sprays shall be used during the delivery and handling of aggregate, and other similar materials, when dust is likely to be created and to dampen all stored materials during dry and windy weather.	(iv) Watering of exposed surfaces shall be conducted at least 2 times per day especially during dry and windy weather.	(v) Areas within the site where there is a regular movement of vehicles must be regularly watered as often as necessary for effective suppression of dust or as often as directed by the Engineer.	(vi) Where dusty material are being discharged to vehicle from a conveying system at a fixed transfer point, a three-sided roofed enclosure with a flexible curtain across the entry shall be provided. Exhaust fans shall be provided for this enclosure and vented to a suitable fabric filter system.	(vii) The Contractor shall restrict all motorised vehicles within the site, excluding those on public roads, to a maximum speed of 15 km per hour and confine haulage and delivery vehicles to designated roadways inside the site.	(viii) Wheel washing facilities shall be installed and used by all vehicles leaving the site. No earth
EM&A	Ref						
EIA	Ref	1000			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A	Recommended Witioation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Imnlementation	Manda	Implementation Stages*	Re	Relevant
Ref	Ref		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	a	0 2		Legislation & Guidelines
		facility shall be changed at frequent intervals and sediments shall be removed regularly. The Contractor shall submit details of proposals for the wheel cleaning facility. Such wheel washing facilities shall be usable prior to any earthworks excavating activity on the site. The Contractor shall also provide a hard-surfaced road between any washing facility and the public road. (ix) All vehicle exhausts should be directly vertically upwards or directed away from the ground. (x) Any materials dropped on paved roads will and should be directly the plant of th							
		dust nuisance.							
3.6.2	2.9.3	Odour In the event that excavated materials are found to be odourous, the following measures should be implemented by the Contractor.	To prevent odour nuisance on ASRs during construction	All works site / during construction	Contractor		7	Air] Contro. Envir	Air Pollution Control Ordinance Environmental
		(i) Place odorous excavated material as far away(say, at least 20m) from air sensitive receivers as possible.				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Or	Impact Assessment Ordinance
		(ii) Temporary stockpiles of odorous excavated material should be properly covered with tarpaulin and should be removed off-site as soon as practically possible within 24 hours to							

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories - Package C Investigation, Design and Construction Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Implementation Schedule of Noise Mitigation Measures Table A2

Relevant	Guidelines			Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance	ETWB TCW No. 19/2005								
uc	0												
Implementation Stages*	Ü			7			1 10 1011111						
Imple: St	e												
Implementation	Agent			Construction Contractor								, , , , ,	
Location /	Timing			All works site / during construction									
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed			To protect NSRs from noise during construction									
Recommended Mitigation Measures		n Phase	Level I Mitigation – Use of Quiet Plant	The use of quiet plant is considered to be the most effective ways of alleviating construction noise impact. The Contractor should use quiet plant with	sound power level lower than that stipulated in the TM-GW as the Level 1 mitigation for construction	noise. The quiet plant used in the construction noise calculation is shown in Appendix B. The Contractor can propose other critishle alternative	equipment with similar or lower sound power level.	The use of mini or lower power rating equipment (e.g. mini excavator) should also be considered	where practical. This technique would be feasible and practical at some locations given the limited	space available for using large size construction equipment and the small scale works involved (e.g.	localised bank improvement at LMH01, U-channel and drainage pipes at MUP03 & 04B).		The contractor should take note of ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 on the use of QPME.
EM&A	Ref	Noise - Construction Phase		Table 3.4						•			
EIA	Ref	Noise - C		4.6.2 – 4.6.5									

APA-6

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Imple	Implementation Stages*	no	Relevant
Ref	Ref		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	Q	C	0	Legislation & Guidelines
		Level 2 Mitigation - Use of Temporary Noise Barriers							
4.6.7 4.6.8	Table 3.4	Since most of the NSRs within the Project area are typically low-rise village houses of not more than 3 storeys tall, it would be effective to have noise	To protect NSRs from noise during construction	All works site located at 25m or less from NSRs	Construction Contractor		~		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
		screening structures or temporary noise barriers purposely-built along the site boundary to provide		as shown in Figures 4.4 – 4.6					
		additional protection to NSRs close to the construction site boundary. This could be in the		/ during construction				•	
		form of purposely-built site hoarding constructed							
		from appropriate materials with a minimum superficial density of 7 kg/m ² . Noise barrier should							
		be provided for noisy construction activities that							
		would be undertaken close (about 25m or less) to							
		NSRs. With the exception of NSRs MUP04A-2 and MUP05-6, the noise barrier should have a	ν						
		vertical height of at least 2.5 m or (depending on							
		the height of the NSRs to be protected) a height							
		ensuring that the operating equipment can be shielded from the view of the NSRs. For NSR							
		MUP04A-2, the temporary noise barrier should							
		have a minimum height of 3.5m with a small							
		cantilevered upper portion. For MUP05-6, the							
		temporary noise barrier should have a minimum							
		height of 3m with a small cantilevered upper							
		portion. The temporary noise barrier should have							
		no gaps or opening at joints. The Contractor							
		should regularly inspect and maintain the noise							

APA-7

B&V

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

EM&A Ref	Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Impler St D	Implementation Stages* C O	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
The state of the s	For the construction works which have the potential to exceed the noise standards on nearby NSR and whose line of sight cannot be effectively blocked by the temporary noise barrier, movable (mobile) barriers should be provided. Movable barriers of at least 2.5 m height with a small cantilevered upper portion and skid footing can be located within a few meters of stationary plant (e.g. generator, compressor) and within about 5 m or more of a mobile equipment (e.g. excavator, mobile crane), such that the line of sight to the NSR is blocked by the barriers.					1 E Common	
	Good Site Practices Table 3.4 In general, potential construction noise impact can be minimised or avoided by imposing a combination of the following good site practices as mitigation measures: (a) Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction period. (b) Construction plant should be sited away from NSRs.	To protect NSRs from noise during construction	All works site / during construction	Confractor		7	Bnvironmental Impact Assessment Ordinance

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Legislation & Guidelines						
tion	0	1. 11.2 11.0 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11				.,,	
Implementation Stages*	Ü						
ImJ	2						
Implementation	Agent						
Location/	Timing						
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed				V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V		
Recommended Mitigation Measures)	Machines and plant that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between works periods or should be throttled down to a minimum.	Equipment known to emit sound strongly in one direction should be orientated such that the noise is directed away from nearby NSRs.	Material stockpiles and other structures (such as site offices) should be effectively utilised to shield on-site construction activities.	Stationary equipment should be located within the channel when weather conditions permit (e.g. dry season).	The Contractor shall devise, arrange methods of working and carrying out the works in such manner as to minimise noise impacts on the surrounding environment, and shall provide experienced personnel with suitable training to ensure that these measures are implemented properly.	In the event that new schools are built near the works area, the Contractor should minimize construction noise exposure to the schools (especially during examination periods). The Contractor should liaise with the school and the Examination Authority to
		<u> </u>	0	(e)	9	(g)	(E)
EM&A	Ref						
EIA	Ref						

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA Ref	EM&A Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Stages* D	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		ascertain the exact dates and times of all examination periods during the course of the contract and to avoid noisy activities during these periods.					
4.6.13 - 4.6.14	Table 3.4	To adopt good public relation with the local communities and maintain effective communication channel with the public such as setting up a 24-hour hotline system for enquiry and complaint.	To promote good public relation and maintain effective communication during construction	All works site / during construction	Project Office (Engineer) & Construction Contractor	7	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
4.6.17 & 4.6.18	Table 3.4	Further mitigation by restricting concurrent usage of several equipment at the same time.	To further mitigate construction noise at NSRs MUP04A-2 & MUP04B-2	For works within 20m of NSRs MUP04A-2 & MUP04B-2 / during construction	Contractor	7	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
4.6.19	Table 3.4	The use of purpose built temporary noise barriers would not be practicable for works at LMH01 as the works are small scale, short duration and within village environs with very limited working space. It may also hamper access causing inconvenience to the villagers. The process of installing and dismantling the noise barriers itself would create additional noise nuisance. The use of light-weight mobile barrier is considered more preferable.	To protect NSRs at LMH01 from noise during construction	All works site located at 25m or less from NSRs as shown in Figure 4.6 / during construction	Contractor	~>	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Cuidelines	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
Re	Gui	Envir Impact . Ord	Envir Impact , Ord	Envir Impact
ıtion	0			
Implementation Stages*	C	7	>	>
Im	O			
Implementation	Agent	Contractor	Construction	Contractor
Location /	Timing	Construction works at LMH01 / during construction	Crossing construction at LMH01 / during construction	All works site / during construction
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	To further mitigate construction noise at NSRs for LMH01	To mitigate cumulative noise impact at LMH01	To protect NSRs from noise during construction and to ensure the Contractor will properly implement the mitigation measures
Recommended Mitigation Measures		1	It is recommended that works programme should be scheduled such that only one crossing is constructed at any one time. Bank improvement work can be conducted concurrently.	The Contractor should design, construct, operate and maintain the mitigation measures throughout the construction stage and as required by the Engineer. Before commencement of the works, the Contractor should submit to the Engineer for approval (as part of their method statement) details of the mitigation measures to be employed under the works. The Contractor's proposed mitigation measures should also be certified by the ET Leader and verified by the IEC to ensure the intended noise reduction effectiveness can be achieved.
EM&A	Ref	Table 3.4	Table 3.4	3.8.1
EIA	Ref	4.6.20	4.8.4	4.9.1

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

EM&A Manual 382486/73/Issue 2

Ref Ref Mes Conc	Kecommended	Location/	Implementation	7	Implementation Stages*	Rel	elevant
	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent		0	Gui	Guidelines
Noise - Operational Phase					-	-	
N/A				li			

D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation Not applicable

^{*} N/A

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

Implementation Schedule of Water Quality Mitigation Measures Table A3

Relevant	Guidelines			Water Pollution Control Ordinance	ProPECC PN 1/94 ETWB TCW No. 19/2005
00	0				
Stages*	C			7	7
die	D				
Implementation	Agent			Construction	Confractor
Location /	Timing			All works site / during construction	All works site / during construction
Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed			To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction
T	Recommended intrigation pressures	Water Quality - Construction Phase	General	The contractor shall observe and comply with the Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO) and its subsidiary regulations. The contractor shall carry out the works in such a manner as to minimise adverse impacts on the water quality during execution of the works. In particular the contractor shall arrange his method of working to minimise the effects on the water quality within and outside the site and on the transport routes.	The contractor shall follow the practices, and be responsible for the design, construction, operation and maintenance of all the mitigation measures below and as specified in ProPECC PN 1/94 - Construction Site Drainage. In particular, the contractor shall submit and implement an Erosion Control Plan (as part of the Environmental Management Plan) which shall incorporate details of the mitigation measures recommended below to reduce water quality impacts arising from construction works. The design of the mitigation measures and the Plan shall be submitted by the contractor to the Engineer for approval.
EM&A	Ref	uality - C		4.9.2	4.9.3
EIA	Ref	Water Ç		5.6.2	5.6.3

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Кесоши	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Imple St	Implementation Stages*	
		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	Q	0 o	Guidelines
avoid any	avoid any odour nuisance arising.						
Air Quality - Operational Phase							
N/A							

D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation Not applicable

N/A

APA-13

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A		Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	ldmI S	Implementation Stages*	a	Relevant
Ref	Ref	Kecommended Mitigation Measures	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	D	C	0	Legislation & Guidelines
5.6.4	4.9.4	Site Surface Runoff Proper construction site drainage management measures shall be implemented to control site runoff and drainage, and thereby prevent high sediment loadings from reaching downstream sections of the river and adjacent agricultural land.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction	All works site / during construction	Contractor		7		ProPECC PN 1/94
5.6.5	4.9.5	Turbid water from construction sites must be treated to minimise the solids content before being discharged. Advice on the handling and disposal of site discharge is given in the ProPECC Note PN 1/94 - Construction Site Drainage.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction	All works site / during construction	Contractor		7		ProPECC PN 1/94
5.6.6	4.9.6	In general, surface run-off from construction sites should be discharged into waterbodies via adequately designed sand/silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins. Channels or earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to properly direct stormwater to such silt removal facilities. Perimeter channels at site boundaries should be provided to intercept storm run-off from outside the site so that it will not wash across the site (or into the proposed channel works area). Catchpits and perimeter channels should be constructed in advance of earthworks.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction	All works site / during construction	Contractor		7		ProPECC PN 1/94

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

EM&A	4	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Imple	Implementation Stages*	F (Relevant Legislation &
Жег			Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	<u> </u>	ပ	0	Guidelines
4.9.7 Silt maii be 1 each each thes	E S S E	Silt removal facilities, channels should be maintained and the deposited silt and grit should be removed regularly, at the onset of and after each rainsform to ensure proper functioning of these facilities at all times.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction	All works site / during construction	Contractor		7		ProPECC PN 1/94
M wa wa min	St. Trans. St. Cc. Cc. Ct. as St. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. C	Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into the nearby waterbodies. Open stockpiles susceptible to erosion should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric and provided with containment such as bunds, sand bag barriers or equivalent measures, especially during the wet season (April – September) or when heavy rainstorm is predicted. Runoff to watercourses should be reduced by minimising flat exposed areas of permeable soil, and by forming pits or diversion channels into which runoff can flow to suitable treatment facilities before discharge.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction	All works site / during construction	Contractor		7		ProPECC PN 1/94
7.9.9 TH fail fail fail fail fail fail fail fail	Es de la company	De-watering / Excavation of Streams and Removal of Sediment The use of containment structures such as earth bund or sand bag barriers wrapped with geotextile fabric or similar material or diversion channels is recommended to facilitate a dry or at least confined excavation within watercourses.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction	All works site / during construction	Construction		7		Water Pollution Control Ordinance

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Guidelines	Water Pollution Control Ordinance	Water Pollution Control Ordinance	Water Pollution Control Ordinance
no	0			
Implementation Stages*	O .	7	7	7
Jmp	D			
Implementation	Agent	Contractor	Contractor	Construction
Location /	Timing	MUP05 & LMH01 / during construction	MUP05 & MUP04A / during construction	LMH01 / during construction
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	To minimize adverse water quality impact from excavation works during wet season	Restrict length of excavation work to minimise impacts on downstream water quality and sensitive receivers	To minimize adverse water quality impact on LMH01 during
Recommended Witication Measures		Excavation works at the existing stream section of MUP05 should be programmed to be carried out during periods of low flow (dry season from 1st October to 31st March) to minimise impacts on downstream water quality and sensitive receivers. For the ecologically sensitive stream of LMH01, the restriction period should be further extended for an additional month (i.e. excavation works allowed from 1st November to 31st March) to protect the aquatic fauna from silty runoff due to possible heavy rain during the transitional period of the wet / dry seasons.	In addition, the excavation works should be carried out in sections to reduce the area of exposed surfaces as described below. For MUP05, the first 300m upstream section will have no restriction. For the remaining sections of MUP05 (within existing stream course), the length would be restricted to 300m at any one time. For MUP04A, a 100m restriction should be imposed for the entire stream works area to cater for potential cumulative impact on MUP05.	As for LMH01, given its relatively small scale works but sensitive nature of the stream, it is recommended that only either one portion of bank
EM&A	Ref	4.9.10	4.9.11	4.9.12
EIA	Ref	5.6.10	5.6.11	5.6.12

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location/	Implementation	Implementation Stages*	Relevant Leoislation &
	recommended in the second of t	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	0 C 0	
recor time.	improvement works or one venicular crossing reconstruction should be carried out at any one time.	construction				
St S	After dewatering of the streams, the sediments should be allowed to dry before excavation (yet still maintain a moist state to avoid dust nuisance). This will facilitate excavation of the sediments and also minimise the risk of drained water flowing back into watercourses as the sediment is handled. Where time or weather constraints require handling of wet sediment, care should be taken in the removal of sediment and the storage area should be bunded to prevent silty runoff entering watercourses. Given its small quantity, all excavated sediment should be reused on-site as backfilling material.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction (in particular when excavating and handling sediments)	All works site where sediment removal is required / during construction	Contractor		Water Pollution Control Ordinance
第 6 5 日 3 E E	Excavated sediment will likely be temporarily stored on-site for reuse as backfilling material. This should be stored in a bunded area and covered during wet season or when rainstorm is forecasted to avoid inadvertent release of silts and suspended solids to nearby water bodies.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction (in particular when excavating and handling sediments)	All works site where sediment removal is required / during construction	Contractor	7	Water Pollution Control Ordinance
☆ ☆ ☆ ☆	Regular monitoring of suspended solids and turbidity should be conducted during excavation works. Any exceedance of water quality in the	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction	All works site / during construction	Contraction	7	Water Pollution Control Ordinance

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A		Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stages*	tion	Relevant
Ref	Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	o C	0	Legislation & Guidelines
		nearby water bodies caused by inadvertent release of site runoff should be rectified in accordance with EM&A programme for this Project.						
5.6.17	4.9.17	Runoff should be carefully channelled to prevent concrete-contaminated water from entering watercourses. Adjustment of pH can be achieved by adding a suitable neutralising reagent to wastewater prior to discharge. Re-use of the supernatant from the sediment pits for washing out of concrete lorries should be practised.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction (in particular concreting works)	All works site / during construction	Contractor	7		Water Pollution Control Ordinance
5.6.18	4.9.18	Any exceedance of acceptable range of pH levels in the nearby water bodies caused by inadvertent release of site runoff containing concrete should be monitored and rectified under the EM&A programme for this Project.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction (in particular concreting works)	All works site / during construction	Confractor	7		Water Pollution Control Ordinance
5.6.19	4.9.19	To protect the sensitive stream of Lin Ma Hang, no concrete should be used during bank improvement works at LMH01.	To minimize adverse water quality impact on LMH01 during construction	LMH01 bank improvement works / during construction	Contractor	7		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
5.6.20	4.9.20	Site Workshop or Depot Any contractor generating waste oil or other	To minimize adverse	All works site /	Construction	7		Water Pollution

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

APA-19

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A		Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stages*	ion	Relevant
	Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	D C	0	Legislation & Guidelines
5.6.22	4.9.22	The contractor should prepare an emergency contingency plan (spill action plan) for the Project to contain and remove all accidental spillage of chemicals and hazardous materials on-site including fuels at short notice and to prevent or minimize the quantities of contaminants entering the stream water and affecting the habitats. The contractor should submit the emergency contingency plan to the ET for review & comment and the engineer for approval.	To prevent or minimize the quantities of contaminants entering the stream water and affecting the habitats in case of accidental spillage of chemicals and hazardous materials	All works site / during construction	Contractor	7		Water Pollution Control Ordinance
5.6.24	4.9.24	Sewage arising from the additional Population (Workers) Sewage arising from the additional population of workers on site should be collected in a suitable storage facility, such as portable chemical toilets. An adequate number of portable toilets should be provided for the construction workforce. The portable toilets should be maintained in a state that will not deter the workers from using them. The collected wastewater from sewage facilities and also from eating areas or washing facilities must be disposed of properly, in accordance with the WPCO requirements. Wastewater collected should be discharged into foul sewers and collected by licensed collectors.	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction	All works site / during construction	Contractor			ProPECC PN 1/94 Water Pollution Control Ordinance

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Legislation & Guidelines	ProPECC PN 1/94 Water Pollution Control Ordinance		DSD TC No.2/2004	DSD TC No.2/2004
, Re	Cu	ProPEC Water Contro		Ö Ö	άς
tion	0			>	7
Implementation Stages*	C	7			
Iml	Q				
Implementation	Agent	Construction		DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)	DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)
Location /	Timing	All works site / during construction		All proposed channels / during operation	All proposed channels / during operation
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	To minimize adverse water quality impact during construction		To minimize adverse water quality impact during operation (desilting or maintenance works)	To minimize adverse water quality impact during operation (desilting or maintenance works)
	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Either chemical toilets or other types of sewage treatment facilities without local discharge of wastewater shall be used to handle the foul water effluent arising from the project sites.	Water Quality - Operational Phase	The most important feature of the proposed channels is the prospect of suitable re-vegetation of the gabion side slopes replicating existing riparian vegetation. The vegetation is not expected to be detrimental in any way to the structure. However, seasonal cutting and clearance of vegetation, particularly in advance of the wet season will be required. This mitigation measure has additional benefits of aesthetic and ecological value.	In addition, the use of gabion or rock fill base for the bed of the channel has the benefit of providing uneven surfaces and cavities for sediment to accumulate. Ultimately a sediment layer will build up on the gabion floor, forming a natural layer for development of the benthic community. Removal of the upper layer of this sediment will only be necessary once the layer thickness has built up to around 300 mm thick, and sediment is likely to be washed downstream in heavy storms. A minimum of 75mm thick sediment would be allowed to
EM&A	Ref	4.9.25	Quality - C	4.9.27	4.9.28
EIA	Ref	5.6.25	Water (5.8.1	5.8.2

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Legislation & Guidelines		DSD TC No.2/2004	DSD TC No.2/2004
tion	0		7	>
Implementation Stages*	ပ			
Im	Q			
Implementation	Agent		DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)	DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)
Location /	Timing		All proposed channels / during operation	All proposed channels / during operation
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed		To minimize adverse water quality impact during operation (desilting or maintenance works)	To minimize adverse water quality impact during operation (desilting or maintenance works)
December of Mitterestion Management	Kecommended lyaldgation lyteasures	accumulate at the channel bed to permit recolonizing of benthic communities. Growth of vegetation within the gabion sections will inhibit washout of sediment and sediment removal can be carried out at the same time as vegetation harvesting during the dry season when flows are minimal.	Maintenance of grass species in the channel bottoms is relatively simple and they can be cut prior to the rainy season to prevent washing into River Indus. The recommended vegetation will take up both nutrients and pollutants and should be disposed to landfill. At the same time as grass cutting, excessive sediment may be removed to prevent this being washed into River Indus. As the volume of excess sediment is expected to be minimal, this can be disposed to landfill along with the excess vegetation. The excess sediment should be allowed to drained and dried before disposal.	Before proceeding with any desilting or maintenance works, except for emergency works, the maintenance engineer should check to ascertain if any of the proposed works will be located in or near an environmentally sensitive and/or ecologically important watercourses. In case of doubt, advice from EPD and AFCD or
EM&A	Ref		4.9.31	4.9.33
EIA	Ref		5.8.5	5.8.8

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Legislation & Guidelines		DSD TC No.2/2004	DSD TC No.2/2004
tion	0		7	>
Implementation Stages*	C			
Im	Q			
Implementation	Agent		DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)	DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)
Location /	Timing		All proposed channels / during operation	All proposed channels / during operation
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed		To minimize adverse water quality impact during operation (maintenance works)	To minimize adverse water quality impact during operation (maintenance works) of the gabion channels
December of Mitters of Consession	Kecommended Militgation Measures	other relevant departments should be sought.	If the proposed works will be located inside or near one of the environmentally sensitive and/or ecologically important watercourses, careful consideration should be given to the proposed method of implementation so as to minimize any adverse environmental impact. Depending on the extent of the maintenance works, EPD and AFCD should be notified and/or consulted as appropriate on the proposed method and mitigation measures for executing the works. Their comments on necessary mitigation measures should be seriously considered and incorporated. Any difference in opinion on the right balance between flood protection and ecological conservation should be brought to the attention of the relevant Chief Engineer.	The following considerations should be included in planning for the maintenance works for the proposed gabion channels: (a) Maintenance of the channels should be restricted to annual silt removal when the accumulated silt will adversely affect the hydraulic capacity of the channel (except during emergency situations where flooding
EM&A	Ref		4.9.34	4.9.35
EIA	Ref		5.8.9	5.8.10

APA-23

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Legislation & Guidelines						
ion	0						
Implementation	Stages"						
lwI	Q						-
1	Implementation Agent						
T continu	Timing						
Objectives of the	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed			,	, 11/1/-		
	Recommended Mitigation Measures	risk is imminent). Desilting should be carried out by hand or light machinery during the dry season (October to March) when water flow is low.	vegetation should be limited to manual cutting, to be carried out during dry season and only when unchecked growth of such vegetation is very likely to impede channel flow.	A minimum of 75mm thick sediment should be allowed to accumulate on the channel bed to permit recolonization of benthic communities.		norming stagnant water in any phase of the works and to maintain the integrity of aquatic communities.	Containment structures (such as sand bags barrier) should be provided for the active desilting works area to facilitate a dry or at least confined working area within the watercourses.
δ, Δ	ef t		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(p)		(9)
A RM&A						 ,	
EIA	Ref				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Relevant	Guidelines						7 7 6 6			, 111	
ion	0			- 10-							
Implementation Stages*	С							***	-		
ImJ	Q							***************************************			
Implementation	Agent		*****								
Location /	Timing										
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed									***	
Recommended Mitigation Measures		Where no maintenance access is available for the channel, temporary access to the works site should be carefully planned and located to minimize disturbance caused to the watercourse, adjacent vegetation and	nearby sensitive receivers by construction plants.	plants should be considered to reduce disturbance to the channel bed where fish habitats are located and to the nearby	sensitive receivers. Quiet construction plants should be used.	The use of concrete or the like should be avoided or minimized.	The locations for the disposal of the removed materials should be identified and agreement sought with the relevant	departments before commencement of the maintenance works. Temporary stockpile of	waste materials should be located away from the channel and properly covered. These	waste materials should be disposed of in a timely and appropriate manner.	
		£	(5	9		<u> </u>	≘				
EM&A	Ref	•		-			· • **				
EIA	Ref									-	

D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation Not applicable

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

Table A4 Implementation Schedule of Waste Management Measures

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

EM&A Recommended Mitigation Measures	Recommended Mitigation	n Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Impler St. D	Implementation Stages* C	_ 0	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
5.1.4 Training of construction staff should be undertaken by the contractor about the concept of site recleanliness and appropriate waste management procedures. The contractor should develop and provide toolbox talk for on-site sorting of C&D materials to enhance worker's awareness in handling, sorting, reuse and recycling of C&D materials. Requirements for staff training should be included in the EMP.	en	W/W with	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Contractor		7		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005
S.1.5 Good planning and site management practice should be employed to eliminate over ordering or rec mixing of construction materials to reduce wastage. Proper storage and site practices will minimise the damage or contamination of construction materials.		≽ ŭ ŭ	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Contractor		7		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005
Where waste generation is unavoidable, the potential for recycling or reuse should be rigorously recyclored. If wastes cannot be recycled, disposal croutes described in the EMP should be followed. A recoding system for the amount of waste generated, recycled and disposed (including the disposal sites) should be implemented. In order to monitor the disposal of C&D material and solid wastes at public filling facilities and landfills and to control fly-tipping, a trip-ticket system should be included.		≽ g gip	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Contractor		7		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 31/2004
S.1.7 Regular cleaning and maintenance of the waste waste storage area should be provided. red dis		Ģis ≼	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Construction Contractor		7		Waste Disposal Ordinance

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stages*	tion	Relevant Logislation &
Ref	Ref		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	D C	0	Guidelines
			·					ETWB TCW No. 19/2005
6.5.8	5.1.8	On-site Sorting, Reuse and Recycling All waste materials should be segregated into categories covering:	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Construction	7		Waste Disposal Ordinance
		 excavated materials suitable for reuse on-site; excavated materials suitable for public filling facilities; remaining C&D waste for landfill; chemical waste; and general refuse for landfill. 						ETWB TCW No. 19/2005
6.5.9	5.1.9	Proper segregation and disposal of construction waste should be implemented. Separate containers should be provided for inert and non-inert wastes.	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Construction	7		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005
6.5.10	5.1.10	Sorting is important to recover materials for reuse and recycling. Specific area should be allocated for on-site sorting of C&D materials and to provide a temporary storage area for those sorted materials	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Construction	7		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005, 31/2004

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

				T
Relevant	Legislation & Guidelines		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005	
ıtion	0			
Implementation Stages*	C		>	
Im Im	Q			
Implementation	Agent		Contractor	
Location /	Timing		All work sites / during construction	A II served a second
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed		Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	Monto moderation
Recommended Witigation Measures		such as metals, concrete, timber, plastics, glass, excavated spoils, bricks / tiles and waste papers. If area is limited, all C&D materials should at least be sorted on-site into inert and non-inert component. Non-inert materials (C&D waste) such as bamboo, timber, vegetation, packaging waste and other organic materials should be reused and recycled wherever possible and disposed of to designated landfill only as a last resort. Inert materials (public fill) such as concrete, stone, clay, brick, soil, asphalt and the like should be separated and reuse in this or other projects (subject to approval by the relevant parties in accordance with the ETWB TCW No. 31/2004) before disposed of at a public filling facility operated by Civil Engineering and Development Department (CEDD). Steel and other metals should be recovered from demolition waste stream and recycled.	The reuse of inert materials such as soil, rock and broken concrete should be maximised. Waste should be separated into fine, soft and hard materials. With the use of a crusher coarse material can be crushed to make it suitable for use as fill material where fill is required in the works. This minimises the use of imported material and maximises use of the C&D material produced.	Drive to overcet of montanial faces the site of
EM&A	Ref		5.1.11	5 1 1 2
EIA	Ref		6.5.11	6512

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant Legislation & Guidelines	Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005	Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005, 24/2004 WBTC No. 12/2002	Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005
tion O			
Implementation Stages* C C		7	7
III Q			
Implementation Agent	Contractor	Contractor	Contractor
Location / Timing	during construction	All work sites / during construction	All work sites / during construction
Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	recycling and proper disposal of waste	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste
Recommended Mitigation Measures	potential for it to be reused should be assessed. With the exception of excavated clay most C&D material can easily be reused. Waste separation methods should be followed to ensure that C&D waste is separated at source. Suitable soft materials should be used for landscaping and grading of embankments. Fine material should be separated out and used as topsoil.	The feasibility of using recycled aggregates in lieu of virgin materials should be rigorously considered during the detailed design and construction stages as stipulated in WBTC No. 12/2002 and ETWB TCW No. 24/2004. In general, recycled aggregates are suitable for use as fill materials in earthworks, road sub-base formation, and drainage works. Recycled aggregates can also be used in concrete (up to Grade 35) for mass concrete walls and other minor structures such as planter boxes, toe wall planters and pavement, etc.	Recycled inert C&D material should be used in the works as sub-bases for access roads and footpaths of the proposed channels. Recycled aggregates should be considered for use in concrete as outlined in the above mentioned technical circulars. Some recycled rock material can be reused in the gabions, as rock fill or as stream bed material. This is dependent on size of rock fragments but can be
EM&A Ref		5.1.13	5.1.14
EIA Ref	_	6.5.13	6.5.14

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

EM&A Ref	⋖	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implem Sta	Implementation Stages* C O	Relevant Legislation &
	1	achieved by appropriate use of a crusher.	Concerns to addressed					Candelines
		Site Clearance / Demolition Materials Excavated Materials						
5.1.15	ν,	All C&D materials should be sorted on-site into inert and non-inert components by the contractor. Non inert materials (C&D waste) such as wood, glass and plastic should be reuse and recycle before disposal to a designated landfill as a last resort (currently assume to be the nearby NENT Landfill). Inert materials (public fill) such as soil, rubble, sand, rock, brick and concrete should be separated and where appropriate broken down to size suitable for subsequent filling. Suitable C&D material should be use as pipe bedding or for backfilling of retaining walls, box culvert and formation of channel embankments. Excavated rocks from existing streams should be reuse for rip-rap lining and gabion lining. Inert materials should be reused on-site or in other projects approved by relevant parties in accordance with the ETWB TCW No. 31/2004 before disposed of at public filling facilities. Steel and other metals should be recovered from C&D materials and recycled.	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Contractor		7	Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005, 31/2004
5.1.16	1,0	Excavated sediment from existing stream should be reuse on-site as backfilling material.	Reuse of excavated sediment to minimize offsite disposal	MUP04A / during construction	Construction	7		Waste Disposal Ordinance

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main	Location /	Implementation Agent	Imple	Implementation Stages*	по	Relevant Legislation &
			Concerns to addressed	0		2	,		Guidelines
6.5.17	5.1.17	Good quality reusable topsoil should be stockpiled for later landscaping works. Stockpiles should be less than 2 m in height, formed to a safe angle of repose and hydroseeded or covered with tarpaulin to prevent erosion during the rainy season and to minimise dust generation.	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Contractor		7		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005
6.5.18	5.1.18	Control measures for temporary stockpiles on-site should be taken in order to minimize the noise, generation of dust, pollution of water and visual impact. These measures include:	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Contractor		>		Waste Disposal Ordinance BTWB TCW No. 19/2005
-		 surface of stockpiled soil should be regularly wetted with water especially during dry season; 							
		 disturbance of stockpiled soil should be minimized; 			· <u></u>			.,,	
		 stockpiled soil should be properly covered with tarpaulin especially when heavy rain storms are predicted; 	- 180			, 100			
		 stockpiling areas should be enclosed where space is available; 				72.11			
		 stockpiling location should be away from the water bodies; and 	- Ni						
		an independent surface water drainage system							7.5

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Cuidelines	Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005	Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 WBTC No.	Waste Disposal Ordinance
tion	0			
Implementation Stages*	Ü	7	7	7
Imp	Q			
Implementation	Agent	Contractor	Construction	Construction
Location/	Timing	All work sites / during construction	All work sites / during construction	All work sites / during
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper
Recommended Mitigation Measures	equipped with silt traps should be installed at	the stockpiling area. The identification of final disposal sites for C&D materials generated by the construction works will be considered during the detailed design stage of the Project when the volume and types of C&D materials can be more accurately estimated. The Public Fill Committee of CEDD should be consulted on designated outlets (e.g. public filling area) for public fill, whilst EPD should be	consulted on landfills for C&D waste. Disposal of C&D waste to landfill must not have more than 50% (by weight) inert material. The C&D waste delivered for landfill disposal should contain no free water and the liquid content should not exceed 70% by weight. In order to avoid dust or odour impacts, any vehicle leaving a works area carrying C&D waste or public fill should have their load covered before leaving the construction site.	C&D materials should be disposed of at designated public filling facilities or landfills. Disposal of
EM&A	Ref	5.1.19	5.1.20	5.1.21
EIA	Ref	6.5.19	6.5.20	6.5.21

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stages*	tion	Relevant
Ref	Ref	D	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	D C	0	Guidelines
		these materials for use at other construction projects is subject to the approval of the EPD, Engineer and/or relevant authorities, such as LandsD, PlanD, etc. Furthermore, unauthorized disposal of C&D materials in particular on private agricultural land is prohibited and may be subject to relevant enforcement and regulating actions. The contractor shall refer and strictly follow the tripticket system for the disposal of C&D material as stipulated in the ETWB TCW No. 31/2004.	disposal of waste	construction				ETWB TCW No. 19/2005, 31/2004
6.5.22	5.1.22	Chemical Waste Where the construction processes produce chemical waste, the contractor must register with EPD as a chemical waste producer. Wastes classified as chemical wastes are listed in the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. These wastes are subject to stringent disposal routes. EPD requires information on the particulars of the waste generation processes including the types of waste produced, their location, quantities and generation rates. A norninated contact person must be registered with EPD. An updated list of licensed chemical waste collector can be obtained from EPD.	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of chemical waste	All work sites / during construction	Contractor	7		Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Waste
6.5.23	5.1.23	Storage, handling, transport and disposal of chemical waste should be arranged in accordance with the	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper	All work sites / during	Construction	7		Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General)

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant Logislation &	Guidelines	Regulation, Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Waste	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Waste	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Waste
tion	0			
Implementation Stages*	C		7	>
Imp	a			
Implementation	Agent		Contractor	Contractor
Location /	Timing	construction	All work sites / during construction	Work sites / During construction
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	disposal of chemical waste	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of chemical waste	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of chemical waste
Recommended Mitigation Measures		Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published by BPD, and should be collected by a licensed chemical waste collector.	Suitable containers should be used for specific types of chemical wastes, containers should be properly labelled (English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the Regulations), resistance to corrosion, stored safely and closely secure. Stored volume should not be kept more than 450 liters unless the specification has been approved by the EPD. Storage area should be enclosed by three sides by a wall, partition of fence that is at least 2 m height or height of tallest container with adequate ventilation and space.	Hard standing, impermeable surfaces draining via oil interceptors should be provided in works area compounds. Interceptors should be regularly emptied to prevent release of oils and grease into the surface water drainage system after accidental spillages. The interceptor should have a bypass to prevent flushing during periods of heavy rain. Oil and fuel bunkers should be bunded and/or enclosed on three sides to prevent discharge due to accidental spillages or breaches of tanks. Bunding
EM&A	Ref		5.1.24	5.1.25
EIA	Ref		6.5.24	6.5.25

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA Ref	EM&A Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Stages* D C (tation 1*	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		should be of sufficient capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20% of the total volume of waste, whichever is largest. Waste collected from any grease traps should be collected and disposed of by a licensed contractor.					:	
6.5.26	5.1.26	Lubricants, waste oils and other chemical wastes are likely to be generated during the maintenance of vehicles and mechanical equipment. Used lubricants should be collected and stored in individual containers which are fully labelled in English and Chinese and stored in a designated secure place. If possible, such waste should be sent to oil recycling companies, and the empty oil drums collected by appropriate companies for reuse or refill.	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of chemical waste	All work sites / during construction	Contractor	>		Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Waste
6.5.27	5.1.27	The registered chemical waste producer (i.e. the contractor) has to arrange for the chemical waste to be collected by licensed collectors. The licensed collector should regularly take chemical waste to a licensed chemical waste treatment facility (such as the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre in Tsing Yi). A trip ticket system operates to control the movement of chemical wastes.	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of chemical waste	All work sites / during construction	Construction	->		Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Waste
6.5.28	5.1.28	No lubricants, oils, solvents or paint products should be allowed to discharge into water courses,	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper	All work sites / during	Construction Contractor	7	1	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste)

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

	EM&A Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Stages* D	ation *	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		either by direct discharge, or as contaminants carried in surface water runoff from the construction site.	Concerns to addressed disposal of chemical waste	construction				(General) Regulation, Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Waste
6.5.29	5.1.29	Concrete Waste Dry concrete waste (considered as public fill) should be sorted out from the other wastes and recycled for reuse or sorted out for disposal at designated public filling facilities.	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Confractor	7		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005, 33/2002
6.5.30	5.1.30	Wooden Materials All wooden materials used on-site should be kept separate from other wastes to avoid damage and to facilitate reuse. Timber which cannot be reused should be sorted out from other waste and stored separately from all inert waste before being disposed of to landfill.	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Construction	7		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005, 33/2002
6.5.31	5.1.31	Reusable steel or concrete panel shutters, fencing and hoarding and signboard should be used as a preferred alternative to items made of wood, to minimise wastage of wood. Attention should be paid to WBTC No. 19/2001 - Metallic Site Hoardings and Signboards to reduce the amount of	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	All work sites / during construction	Construction	7		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005, 33/2002

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant Legislation & Guidelines		Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005, 33/2002	Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005
tion			
Implementation Stages* C		7	>
dul a			
Implementation Agent		Contractor	Construction
Location / Timing		All work sites / during construction	All work sites / during construction
Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main Concerns to addressed		Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste
Recommended Mitigation Measures	timber used on construction sites. Metallic alternatives to timber are readily available and should be used rather than new timber. Recast concrete units should be adopted wherever feasible to minimize the use of timber formwork.	Only waste material need be taken to a landfill. It should be separated from recyclable wood and steel materials. As for all waste types these materials should be reused on-site or other approved sites before disposal is considered as an option. Disposal to landfill should only be considered as a final option. Contractors are responsible for storage of re-useable materials on-site.	Municipal Waste General refuse generated on-site should be stored in enclosed bins or skips and collected separately from other construction and chemical wastes and disposed of at designated landfill. A temporary refuse collection point should be set up by the contractor to facilitate the collection of refuse by licensed contractors. The removal of waste from the site should be arranged on a daily or at least on every second day by the contractor to minimise any potential odour impacts, minimise the presence of pests, vermin and other scavengers and prevent unsightly accumulation of waste.
EM&A Ref		5.1.32	5.1.33
EIA Ref		6.5.32	6.5.33

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Legislation & Guidelines	Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005	Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 Air Pollution Control Ordinance		Waste Disposal Ordinance
tion	0				7
Implementation Stages*	C	-	7		
Imp	Q				
Implementation	Agent	Contractor	Contractor		DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)
Location/	Timing	All work sites / during construction	All work sites / during construction		The proposed channels / during operation
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste	Waste reduction, reuse, recycling and proper disposal of waste as well as air pollution control		Proper disposal of wastes during annual routine maintenance
Recommended Mitigation Measures		The recyclable component of the municipal waste generated by the workforce, such as aluminium cans, paper and cleansed plastic containers should be separated from other waste. Provision and collection of recycling bins for different types of recyclable waste should be set up by the contractor. The contractor should also be responsible for arranging recycling companies to collect these materials.	The burning of refuse on-site is prohibited under the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (APCO) (Cap.311).	n Phase	Desilting or maintenance works should be carried out during dry season where flow in the watercourse is low. Non-inert materials such as excess vegetation and garbage should be disposed of to landfill. Inert material such as excess silt should be dried and disposed of public filling facilities, or to landfill if the amount is negligible. The locations for the disposal of the above materials should be identified and agreement
EM&A	Ref	5.1.34	5.1.35	Waste - Operation Phase	
EIA	Ref	6.5.34	6.5.35	Waste -	6.7.2

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Guidelines	
n)	0	
lementatic Stages*	C	
Imp	D	
Implementation	Agent	
Location/	Timing	
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	
Recommended Mitigation Measures		sought with the relevant departments before commencement of the maintenance works.
EM&A	Ref	
EIA	Ref	

D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation Not applicable

N/A

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

Table A5 Implementation Schedule of Ecological Impact Measures

EIA	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stages*	ation *	Relevant
Ref	Ref		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	D C	0	Legislarion & Guidelines
Ecology -	Ecology - Construction Phase	ion Phase						
		ГМНОІ						
7.9.3	6.5.2	Given the ecological importance of Lin Ma Hang Minimize ecolostream, it is proposed that construction works at impacts during LMH01 should be restricted to the dry season construction at period from 1st November – 31st March. The small scale of works should allow all construction to be completed within dry season to ensure that the risk of erosion and sedimentation due to heavy rain on the works areas, as well as disturbance impacts to surrounding areas, will be minimised.	Minimize ecological impacts during construction at LMH01	All works sites at LMH01 / during construction	Contractor			Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
7.9.4	6.5.3	In addition, the breaking of existing shotcrete Minimize ecological banks at LMH01 should be restricted to hand-held impacts during equipment. Concrete should not be used for construction at LMH01 construction of the gabion banks.	Minimize ecological impacts during construction at LMH01	All works sites at LMH01 / during construction	Contractor	7		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
7.9.5	6.5.4	Potential disturbance impacts to surrounding Minimize ecolohabitats and pollution risks (water quality impacts during impacts) to the stream should be minimised by construction at adoption of appropriate site management procedures, as detailed in ETWB TCW No. 5/2005; including among others the location of access to the site and storage of materials, and treatment of construction site waste to prevent	Minimize ecological impacts during construction at LMH01	All works sites at LMH01 / during construction	Contractor	7		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

				11	-
Relevant	Cuidelines			Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
tion	0				
Implementation Stages*	ပ			7	7
ImI	Q				
Implementation	Agent			Contractor	Contractor
Location /	Timing			All works sites at MUP05 / during construction	All works sites at MUP05 / during construction
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed			Minimize ecological impacts during construction at MUP05	Minimize ecological impacts during construction at MUP05
Recommended Mitigation Measures		pollution of the stream. These site management measures are listed in the subsequent section.	MUP05 (natural stream section) Streambed	One of the main benefits of the proposed stream widening measures is that the existing natural stream bed is left undisturbed. Accordingly, works should be carried out in such a way that as much as possible of the natural stream bed should be left undisturbed and that where disturbance is essential this should be minimised in terms of area, magnitude and duration to minimise potential impacts to stream fauna and to ensure refuges for these species during the period of the works. Avoidance of the stream bed can be achieved by conducting the earthworks to widen the stream from the landward side, by not lowering the widened channel to the same level as, or below, the existing channel, and by leaving the existing stream untouched except during the final stage, when the newly formed widened stream bed is joined to the existing stream.	In addition, the widened stream bottom should be floored with natural materials (natural rock and fines of varying sizes) to approximate as closely as possible to the rocky components of a natural stream bottom. Natural materials of a smaller particle size (sand and silt grains) will soon be
EM&A	Ref			6.5.8	6.5.9
EIA	Ref			7.9.9	7.9.10

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Imple	Implementation Stages*	п	Relevant
Ref	Ref		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	Q	ပ	0	Legislation & Guidelines
		deposited naturally.							
7.9.11	6.5.10	In order to minimise potential impacts to stream fauna during excavation of the widened "twostage" channel, this work should be limited to the dry season as far as possible, between 1st October and 31st March. As rainfall is low at this time, erosion is less likely and deposition of sediment downstream of the works should be minimised. This also avoids the time when stream fauna are at the most vulnerable stage in their life cycle (eggs and young larvae). Any essential works outside the dry season should be temporarily isolated from the stream to prevent the risk of pollution or sedimentation affecting the ecological integrity of the stream.	Minimize ecological impacts during construction at MUP05	All works sites at MUP05 / during construction	Contractor		7		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
7.9.12	6.5.11	As required to minmize potential water quality impacts (Section 5.6), excavation works at the stream section of MUP05 should be restricted to 300m length at any one time. No restriction is considered necessary for the first 300m upstream concrete drains section. Excavation works at MUP04A should be restricted to 100m to cater for potential cumulative impact on MUP05.	Minimize ecological impacts during construction at MUP05	All works sites at MUP05 / during construction	Contractor		7		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
7.9.13	6.5.12	Appropriate site management procedures during the construction phase should be adopted, as	Minimize ecological impacts during	All works sites at MUP05 / during	Construction		7		Environmental Impact Assessment

APA-43

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

		Ħ
Relevant Legislation & Guidelines	Ordinance	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
iion O		
Implementation Stages* C		7
Q Q		
Implementation Agent		Contractor
Location / Timing	construction	MUP05 / during construction
Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	MUP05	Mitigate the loss of bankside trees and associated riparian habitats at MUP05
Recommended Mitigation Measures	recommended in BTWB TCW No. 5/2005, to minimise potential disturbance impacts and pollution risks (water quality impacts) to the stream. This should include the location of access to the site and storage of materials, and treatment of construction site waste to prevent pollution of the stream. These site management measures are listed in the subsequent section.	6.5.19 & The loss of bankside trees, and associated riparian Table 6.6 habitats, should be mitigated through transplanting existing trees to suitable locations wherever possible, and through supplemental planting of native trees and bamboos in locations where the project area includes sufficient space adjacent to the stream but outside the channel itself (in addition to retaining in-situ as much trees as possible). The appropriate species of trees and bamboos include. - Celtis tetranda (sinensis) - Ficus microcarpa - Litsea glutinosa - Sapium discolor - Schleffera arboricolar (octophylla)
EM&A Ref		6.5.19 & Table 6.6
EIA Ref		7.9.20, Table 7.29

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

		T	1		
Relevant	Guidelines		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
ion	0				
Implementation Stages*	ပ		7	7	7
Imp	Q			7	
Implementation	Agent		Construction	DSD (or its appointed Detailed Design Enginear) Construction Contractor to implement the approved planting plan	Construction
Location /	Timing		MUP channels / during construction	All works site / during detailed design and construction	All works sites at LMH01 and MUP05 / during construction
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed		Dual purpose of landscape impact mitigation and mitigate the loss of riparian trees at the MUP channels	To ensure the recommended plant species are taken into account in the Landscape Plan	Recommended site management measures to minimize ecological impacts during construction at LMH01 and MUP05
Recommended Mitigation Measures		Bambusa eutuldoides	The proposed landscape compensatory planting of about 740 trees (approximately 1,100 m²) along the MUP channels will serve dual purpose of landscape impact mitigation as well as mitigating the loss of riparian trees.	The Landscape Plan to be submitted prior to commencement of planting or landscaping works should take into account the recommended plant species.	The recommended site management measures are generally good site practices and proper water quality control / waste management measures to be implemented by the contractor for all works near stream courses. These measures include: Construction activities should be restricted to works area that should be clearly demarcated.
EM&A	Ref		6.5.20	6.5.21 Table 6.6 (7.5.11)	6.5.22
EIA	Ref		7.9.21	7.9.22 Table 7.29 (8.11.27)	7.9.23

APA-45

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

				74		
Relevant	Legislation & Guidelines					
tion	0					
Implementation Stages*	C					
Tub.	Ω				_	,
Implementation	Agent					100
Location /	Timing			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed					
Recommended Mitigation Measures		excavation works should be carried out during the dry season where stream flow is low. Where adequate space is available, works should be carefully phased such that only one side of the channel is constructed. Temporary diversion should be provided to ensure continuous water flow to the downstream section.	The proposed works site inside or in the proximity of natural streams should be temporarily isolated, such as using bunds or sandbag barriers (wrapped with geotextile fabric) or other similar techniques, to prevent adverse impacts on the stream water quality.	For the stream section where the existing natural stream bed and bank will be left untouched, no disturbance to the stream bed and bank should be allowed from construction works, equipment or workers. If temporary access track on streambed is unavoidable, this should be kept to the minimum width and length. Temporary stream crossings should be supported on stilts above the stream bed.	Adequate temporary drainage measures including sediment and oil/grease traps should be provided to prevent contaminated site run-off entering the water bodies.	Stockpiling of construction materials, spoils and waste should be properly covered and located away from water bodies to prevent silty runoff and other pollutants from entering
EM&A	Ref			<u> </u>	-	•
EIA	Ref					

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location/	Implementation	Implementation Stages*	lementation Stages*	Relevant
Ref	Ref		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	Q Q	0	Legislation & Guidelines
		the water bodies during rain storms.						
		 Construction effluent, site run-off and sewage should be properly collected, treated and disposed. 						
		 Supervisory staff of the contractor should be assigned to station on site to closely supervise and monitor the construction works. All workers should be regularly briefed to avoid disturbing the flora and fauna near the works area. 				10000-101		
7.9.24	6.5.23	The contractor should provide details of the mitigation measures to be implemented during construction stage as part of their working method statement to the Engineer for approval. This should be reviewed by the Environmental Team Leader.	Minimize ecological impacts during construction at LMH01 and MUP05 and to ensure the contractor will properly implement the mitigation measures	All works sites at LMH01 and MUP05 / during construction	Contractor	7		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
cology -	Ecology - Operation Phase	Phase						
		LMH01				_		
7.9.6	6.5.5	Very little or no management / maintenance of the completed sections of LMH01 are expected. Removal of obstruction should be undertaken only when flooding or safety issues have been identified.	Minimize ecological impacts during operation of LMH01	LMH01 / during operation stage	DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)	180	7	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance

APA-47

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

	O Guidelines	We Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance	السامات السام	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
Implementation Stages*			<u> </u>	
Impler St	Q			
Implementation	Agent	DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)	DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)	DSD (or DSD's maintenance contractor)
Location /	Timing	LMH01 / during operation stage	LMH01 / during operation stage	Streambed, gabion banks and other areas within the operational limits of MUP05 / during operation stage
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Minimize ecological impacts during operation of LMH01	Minimize ecological impacts during operation of LMH01	Minimize ecological impacts during operation of MUP05
Recommended Mitigation Measures		Environmental considerations for maintenance of the proposed gabion channels (see Section 5.8) should be adopted.	Vegetation management should be restricted to the removal of the exotic creeper Mikania micrantha which has previously been found to readily colonise gabion embankments. The establishment of this species would have a detrimental impact on the establishment of natural riparian vegetation. Control of Mikania and other invasive exotic species should be incorporated in the maintenance regime.	Streambed, gabion banks and other areas within the operational limits of the channel Management and maintenance of the streambed and channel sides should be limited to the minimum required to prevent flooding and ensure safety. Accordingly, the stream should be permitted to find (and adjust) its own low flow channel and natural changes in the disposition of silt, sand and rock should be tolerated except where a specific flooding or safety issue is identified (in accordance with the guidance of DSD technical circular.
EM&A	Ket	6.5.6 (4.9.32 – 4.9.35)	6.5.7	6.5.14
EIA	Kei	7.9.7 (5.8.7 – 5.8.10)	7.9.8	7.9.15

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Investigation, Design and Construction

APA-48

B&V

February~2007 [em&a_implementation schedule v2.3 feb07.doc]

D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation Not applicable

APA-49

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Implementation Schedule of Landscape and Visual Impact Measures Table A6

EIA	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stanss*	Relevant
Ref	Ref		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	D C O	Legislation & Guidelines
Landscap	e and Visu	Landscape and Visual Impact Mitigation Measures					
***		LMM1 (Landscape Mitigation Measure 1):					
		Gabions / Gabion Mattress for Riparian Vegetation					
8.11.3 Figures 8.6A-1	7.5.1	Gabion Mattress, a wire mesh cage filled with loose stone - provide flexible structure for bank & bed protection and with the gaps in between	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts arising from	MUPs channels & LMH01 / during	Construction Contractor	7	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
Figures 8.6B-I to III		A sufficient planting medium (compacted clay and topsoil) is needed to cover the gabion / gabion mattress to accommodate roots of the proposed plants. Since the water level for the channel will rise during wet season and drop during dry season, plants that are proposed should be able to adapt the alternate wet and dry condition and must have the ability to regenerate in the next season. These may include but not limited to the following species (which are also species present in the area): Alocais macrorrhiza, Alopecurus aequalis, Bacopa monniera, Colocasia esculenta, Commelina diffusa, Colocasia esculenta, Commelina discendens, Polygonum barbatum, Polygonum chinense, and Ranunculus scleratus. Further suggested species are listed in DSD Practice Note No. 1/2005 "Guidelines on Environmental Considerations for River Channel Design, Section 9.2.2 - Proposed plant list in channel bed and toe-zone".	the proposed works	construction			DSD Practice Note

APA-50

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA Ref	EM&A Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Stages* D C C		Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		Areas to receive Gabion / Gabion Mattress and Riparian Vegetation are as follows: - MUP 03, 04A, 04B & 05: approx. 4,170 m ² - LMH 01: approx. 705 m ²						
8.11.3 Figures 8.6A-1 to V	7.5.1	Existing natural river bed to be retained or widened, using natural substrate (example riprap bedding) & Existing natural riverbank to be retained or reinforced using gabions/ gabion mattress for riparian vegetation. This measure has an emphasis on retaining or widening the existing natural riverbed and retaining or reinforcing the existing natural riverbank. Riprap bedding comprises of a layer of different sized, angular rocks or boulders to simulate the condition of natural pebble or stone stream/ riverbed. The space between the rocks provide good habitat for establishment of the ecosystem for flora and fauna.	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts arising from the proposed works	MUPs channels / during construction	Construction	>	Env. Impp Ordi DSE No.	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance DSD Practice Note No. 1/2005
		Similar to LMM 1, suggested species of plants are those that can adapt to dry and wet conditions are listed in DSD's "Guidelines on Environmental Considerations for River Channel Design, Section 9.2.2 - Proposed plant list for channel bed and toe-zone". Areas for planting are shown as below:						

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant Legislation &		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance DSD Practice Note No. 1/2005	
Re	5	Environmental Impact Assesss Ordinance DSD Practice I No. 1/2005	
ation			
Implementation Stages*		7	
III O			
Implementation Agent		Contractor	
Location / Timing		MUPs channels & LMH01/ during construction	
Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main	Concerns to addressed	To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts (and ecological impact) arising from the proposed works	-
Recommended Mitigation Measures	- MUP 03, 04A, 04B & 05: approx. 14,390 m ² - LMH 01: N/A	LMM3 (Landscape Mitigation Measure 3): Compensatory tree planting along channel side The 1-meter wide verge at one side or both sides of the channel are proposed for compensatory tree planting. Compensatory tree planting is intended to replace trees that cannot be retained or transplanted and will serve dual purpose of landscape impact mitigation as well as mitigating the loss riparian trees in terms of ecological impacts. The species of trees for planting along the channel sides are selected as being appropriate for the habitat of the river bank and are in accordance with DSD's "Guidelines on Bnvironmental Considerations for River Channel Design, Section 9.2.3 - Proposed plants for use along channel side". Plant species which are known to be of high value to wildlife as recommended in the Ecology chapter should also be considered. The areas to receive LMM3 - compensatory tree planting are as follows:	
EM&A Ref		7.5.1 (6.5.19 – 6.5.21, Table 6.6)	
EIA Ref		8.11.3 & Table 8.8, Figures 8.6A-1 to V, Figures 8.6B-1 to III to III to III Table 7.29)	

APA-52

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA Ref	EM&A Ref	Recommen	Recommended Mitigation Measures	feasures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implei St D	Implementation Stages*	е o	Relevant Legislation &
		- MUP03, 04. approx. 1,100	MUP03, 04A, 04B & 05: 740 no. of trees, approx. 1,100 m ²	0 no. of trees,	Concerns to addressed						
		- LMH01: 11	LMH01: 11 no. of trees, approx. $16 \mathrm{m}^2$	ж. 16 m²	-						
,, = 11.1		Proposed Tree	Recommended Size	Approximate Percentage							
		Bischofia javanica	Heavy standard	5%							
		Castanopsis fissa	Heavy standard	10%							
744		Celtis sinensis	Heavy standard	20%							
		Cleistocalyx operculatus	Heavy standard	35%							
		Cinnamomum burmannii	Heavy standard	5%				,			
		Cinnamomum camphora	Heavy standard	5%	T plane				*****	-	
		Liquidambar formosana	Heavy standard	10%					<u> </u>		
		Sapium sebiferum	Heavy standard	10%							
		LMM 4 (Landscape Mitigation Measure 4):	re Mitigation Mea	sure 4):							
		Maintenance access ramps with grasscrete finish and planting with channel bed/ toe zone vegetation	ess ramps with gre vith channel be.	asscrete finish d/toe zone	- 1-10						
8.11.3	7.5.1	Similar to LMM 1 & 2 nlants promosed	1 & 2 plants	ţ	Po mitimoto	Art those / d			-		
Figures		LMM4 are plants that are able to adapt alternate wet and dry conditions and have	s that are able dry conditions	the the	dscape and vis	construction	Contractor		>		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance

APA-53

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

Relevant	Legislation & Guidelines	DSD Practice Note No. 1/2005			Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance DSD Practice Note No. 1/2005
	ıă ¯ T	DSE No.			Envi. Impa Ordii DSD No. 1
ation	0				
Implementation Stages*	ည်း (၁				7
Im	Q				
Implementation	Agent				Contractor
Location /	Timing				MUP05 / during construction
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	the proposed works			To mitigate the landscape and visual impacts arising from the proposed works
Recommended Mitigation Measures		ability to regenerate in the next season. Suggested species are listed in DSD's "Guidelines on Environmental Considerations for River Channel Design, Section 9.2.2 - Proposed plant list in channel bed and toe-zone".	These measures will only apply in MUP areas where grasscrete ramps are implemented in an area of approximately 2,180 m². Mitigation measures could involve the establishing of plant communities from wild grass/flower seed mixes instead of furf.	LMM 5 (Landscape Mitigation Measure 5): Mitigation planting along embankments	These measures will only apply in MUP05 areas (approximately 590 m²) - downstream portion of Ng Tung River, at the existing Wo Keng Shan Road Park. Proposed plants are those that are adapted to the area between the average high water level and top of the embankment as this area is close to water table, the moisture content in soil is relative high during the wet season. These may include but not limited to the following species (some of which are also species present in the area): Ficus hispida, Ficus viriolosa, Ilex pubescens, Ligustrum sinense, Rhododendron simsi, and Schefflera
EM&A	Ref				7.5.1
EIA	Ref	8.6A-I to V		:	8.11.3 Figures 8.6A-I to V

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Investigation, Design and Construction

APA-54

February 2007 [em&a_implementation schedule v2.3 feb07.doc]

	ı				
Relevant	Legislation & Guidelines		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 3/2006		Environmental Impact Assessment
tion	0				
Implementation Stages*	C		7		7
Imp	Q		7		
Implementation	Agent		DSD (or its appointed Detailed Design Engineer) Construction Contractor		Construction Contractor
Location /	Timing		MUP05 / during detailed design and construction		All works sites / during
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	-	To preserve 6 large trees within MUP05		To ensure all the preserved trees are not
Recommended Mitigation Measures	on Environmental	Considerations for River Channel Design, Section 9.2.2 - Proposed plant list for planting at embankment".	The tree vegetation in this (MUP05) area is dominated by the roadside planting (nearly 300 trees) of mainly exotic tree species along Sha Tau Kok Road. Most trees within the site limit are retained but some in some condition it is necessary to fell or transplant the trees. A few large species, such as Chinese Hackberry Tree (Celtis sinensis) (tree nos. T884, T973, T1001, T1028: 4 trees) including one with a climber, Derris trifoliate growing on it at Loi Tong village, Chinese Banyan (Ficus microcarpa) (tree no. T905: 1 tree) and Chinese Tallow Tree (Sapium sebiferum) (tree no. T1002: 1 tree) located within the channel, are native, in good to fair health condition and medium in amenity value, will be retained (preserved) with special treatment using gabion mattress. An indicative sketch showing the special treatment to preserve these existing trees within the channel is shown in Figure 8.71 of the EIA Report.	Measures for Preservation and Protection of Trees	To ensure the preserved trees are not adversely affected during construction, the Contractor pres
EM&A	Net		7.5.2	_	7.5.3
EIA			8.11.14 & E. Figure 8.7i		8.11.18

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

ant	ines	W No.	ntal essment		74711		,	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
Relevant	Cuidelines	Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 3/2006	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance	3/2006					
tion	0				-				
Implementation Stages*	ပ		7		,8		, a ,		-
Iml	a								
 Implementation	Agent		Construction						
Location/	Timing	construction	All works sites / during construction						
Objectives of the Recommended	Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	adversely affected during construction	To ensure the preserved trees are not adversely affected during construction					2.	
Recommended Mitigation Measures		should submit a Tree Preservation and Protection Plan to the ET for review and Engineer for approval before commencing any works on site.	In addition, the Contractor should exercise the greatest care to avoid any damage to the preserved trees and should comply with the following in respect of all the preserved trees:	(i) No nails or other fixings shall be driven into the trees.	(ii) No fencing, services, or signs other than the identification labels or markings shall be attached to any part of the trees.	(iii) No trees shall be used as anchorages for ropes or chains used in guying or pulling or for equipment used for removing stumps, roots or other trees, or for any other purposes.	(iv) No soil, materials, equipment or machinery shall be stockpiled or stored within the tree protection zones.	(v) No site offices, workshops, canteens, containers or similar structures shall be installed within the tree protection zones.	(vi) Excessive water shall be drained away from the tree protection zones to prevent
EM&A	IARI		7.5.4				<u> </u>		,,, ,
EIA	Iau		8.11.19					·= · · · · ·	

APA-56

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C
Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA Ref	EM&A Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implem Star	Implementation Stages* C 0	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines	
***		 (vii) No passage or parking of vehicles and no operation of equipment or machinery shall take place within the tree protection zones unless otherwise agreed by the Engineer. (viii)No stripping of surface vegetation or top layer of soil shall be carried out within the tree protection zones unless otherwise agreed by the Engineer. 							
8.11.20	7.5.5	The Contractor should erect, secure and maintain in good condition temporary protective fencing to protect the preserved trees before commencement of any works within the site. The temporary protective fencing should be erected along or beyond the perimeter of the tree protection zone of each individual tree. If erection of temporary protective fencing is not practicable, temporary hessian armouring (or hessian and plank armouring) should be provided around tree trunks to protect the preserved trees. The Contractor should submit method statements including proposed design details of the temporary protective fencing or armouring to the ET for review and to the Engineer for approval.	To ensure the preserved trees are not adversely affected during construction	All works sites / during construction	Contractor	7		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 3/2006	
8.11.21	7.5.6	Notwithstanding the above measures, the Contractor should also follow all the requirements listed in the General Specification for Civil Engineering Works: Section 26 – Preservation and Protection of Trees.	To ensure the preserved trees are not adversely affected during construction	All works sites / during construction	Construction	7		Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 3/2006	

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)
Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C

Investigation, Design and Construction

APA-57

February~2007 [em&a_implementation schedule v2.3 feb07.doc]

E1A Ref	EM&A Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Stages* D C (Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
8.11.22	7.5.7	To enhance the health and the appearance of the preserved trees, advance tree surgery or pruning works may be necessary. The Contractor should provide detailed proposals and method statements to the ET for review and to the Engineer for approval before commencement of any tree surgery or pruning works. Pruning should be conducted in accordance with good arboriculture and horticultural practices.	To ensure the preserved trees are not adversely affected during construction	All works sites / during construction	Construction	7	Environmental Impact Assessr Ordinance ETWB TCW N 3/2006	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 3/2006
8.11.23	7.5.8	The Contractor should assign a competent member of the site supervisory staff to oversee and supervise tree works related to horticultural operations and preservation of trees within the site, including, but without limitation to, planting, transplanting, tree surgery work, pruning and control of pest and disease affecting trees on the site.	To ensure the preserved trees are not adversely affected during construction	All works sites / during construction	Contractor	7	Environmental Impact Assessme Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 3/2006	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 3/2006
8.11.24	7.5.9	Tree Transplanting Selection criteria for determining tree suitable for transplanting are summarized below: 1. Health - determine if the tree is healthy, free of disease, infestation, is undamaged in any way.	Selection criteria for determining tree suitable for transplanting	All works sites / during construction	Contractor	7	Environmental Impact Assessme Ordinance ETWB TCW No.	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance ETWB TCW No.
1100		2. Species - is the tree of a species worth retaining in some way - if really rare then a more sensible approach would be to revise the					000	

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS) Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

EIA	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location/	Implementation	Imple	Implementation Stages*	m l	Relevant
			Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	2	ပ	0	Guidelines
		alignment. However, no registered tree of tree of							
	700	was found in the Project area. A good specimen							
		even if not rare then it could be a good candidate							
		for transplanting. Invasive species, introduced	,						
		species of no amenity value or very common,						•	
		quick growing species and species that tend not							
		to respond well to transplanting (e.g. many							
		transplanting also.			_				
					7.65				
		3. Size - Large trees, Suumm girth or larger							
		(measured at 1m above ground level), which			_				
		require specialized methods to transplant, have a	-					_	
		lower survival rate than that of smaller trees and							
		are also likely to be considerably damaged to	_						
		their form using conventional transplanting							
		techniques. Budget constraints may be a							
•		consideration in assessing the possibility of very							
•		large trees as only in the case of significant trees							
•		(or old or valuable trees) are the costs likely to be						_	
		an acceptable proposition. The transplanting of				-			
-		large trees is therefore likely to be considered							
		only when all other factors justify the attempt.					<u>-</u>		
		4. Form - Trees of poor shape (even though they		-		_			
	_	may be healthy) and multi-stem trees which are				_			
	<u>-</u> -	difficult to transplant.					7.01		
				-	•	-		_	,
		5. Location - Certain trees may be situated in							
_		positions that are utilically to transplant from due							

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Impact Assessment Impact Assessment Legislation & ETWB TCW No. Guidelines Relevant Environmental Environmental Ordinance Ordinance 3/2006 0 Implementation Stages* Ç > ~ a Implementation Detailed Design Construction Contractor DSD (or its Agent appointed Engineer) MUP channels & (with reference to Plan - see below) LMH01 / during the Landscape All works site / construction during detailed Location / Timing construction design & To compensate for the Concerns to addressed E. E Measures and Main the BIA are taken on board in the landscape Objectives of the Recommended works of the Project recommendations trees to be felled. ensure Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories – Package C Where trees cannot be retained or transplanted and have to be felled, compensatory tree planting structures etc that makes careful excavation and to their location next to surfaces, utilities, planting mixes for screening to mitigate views stage of the Project, it is recommended that a (LMM3) is proposed as shown in Figures 8.6A I-V to 8.6B I-III. In addition, existing retained and new slopes should be planted with suitable tree available information, the approximate numbers of trees to be felled and compensated are As details of the proposed planting cannot be ascertain at the BIA stage, the preliminary design commencement of the planting or landscape and other purposes. Based on the current detailed Landscape Plan be submitted before works of the Project. The Landscape Plan should Ratio 1:6.3 1:11 Recommended Mitigation Measures protection of the root difficult or impossible. Compensatory Tree Planting (LMM3) Compensated 740 nos. 11 nos. Investigation, Design and Construction summarized below. 117 nos. Felled Landscape Plan l no. LMH01 MUPs [able 6.6] EM&A 7.5.10 -61.5.96.5.21, Ref 7.5.11 8.11.25 Figures 8.6A I-8.6B I--7.9.22, EIA Ref 8.11.27 (7.9.20)V to Table 7.29)

B&V

Agreement No. CE 6/2002 (DS)

Drainage Improvement in Northern New Territories -- Package C Investigation, Design and Construction

	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	ldmI }	Implementation Stages*	lon	Relevant
Kei	Kei		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timíng	Agent	Q	ပ	0	Legislation & Guidelines
		include the locations, size, number and species of plantings, design details, implementation programme, maintenance and management schedules, and drawings in scale of 1:1000 showing the landscape and visual mitigation measures. The Landscape Plan should also take into account plant species recommended in the Ecology chapter. The Landscape Plan should be certified by the ET Leader and verified by the IEC as conforming to the information, requirements and recommendations set out in the approved EIA Report before submission to the relevant authorities.			Construction Contractor to follow the approved Plan				
							V - 20		

D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation Not applicable

Implementation Schedule of Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment Table A7

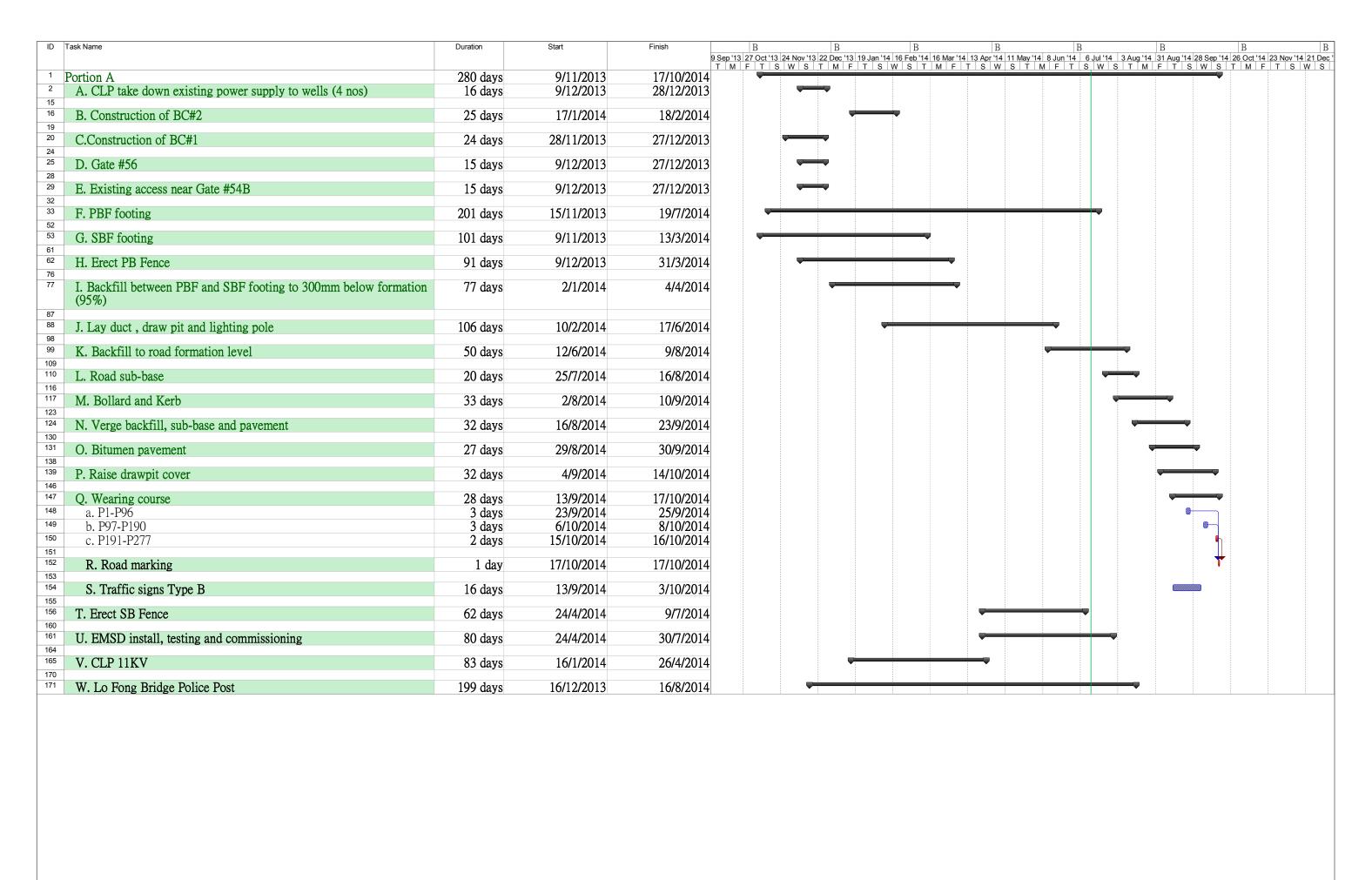
EIA	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Location /	Implementation	Impler Str	Implementation Stages*	Relevant
Ref	Ref		Measures and Main Concerns to addressed	Timing	Agent	Q	o ၁	Cuidelines
Cultural	Heritage	Cultural Heritage - Construction Phase						
Table 9.9 & 9.10	t	The design of the replacement structure should be such that it does not require the removal of / or have contact with any section of the existing wall.	To minimize impacts on cultural heritage resources during construction at LMH01	Terrace wall (AAHB- 855) at LMH01 / during detailed design	DSD (or its appointed Detailed Design Engineer)	7	:	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
Table 9.9 & 9.10	8.2.1	The wall should be provided with protective covering, in the form of heavy duty plastic sheeting, by the contractor.	To minimize impacts on cultural heritage resources during construction at LMH01	Terrace wall (AAHB- 855) at LMH01 / during construction	Construction		7	Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
Cultural	Heritage	Cultural Heritage - Construction Phase						
		N/A						
* D=] N/A N	=Design, C=Co	D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation Not applicable						

D=Design, C=Construction, O=Operation Not applicable



ANNEXD

3-MONTH ROLLING CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM



Project No: DC/2011/06
Programme: Portion A Date: 1-7-2014

Project Summary

Duration-only

Manual Summary

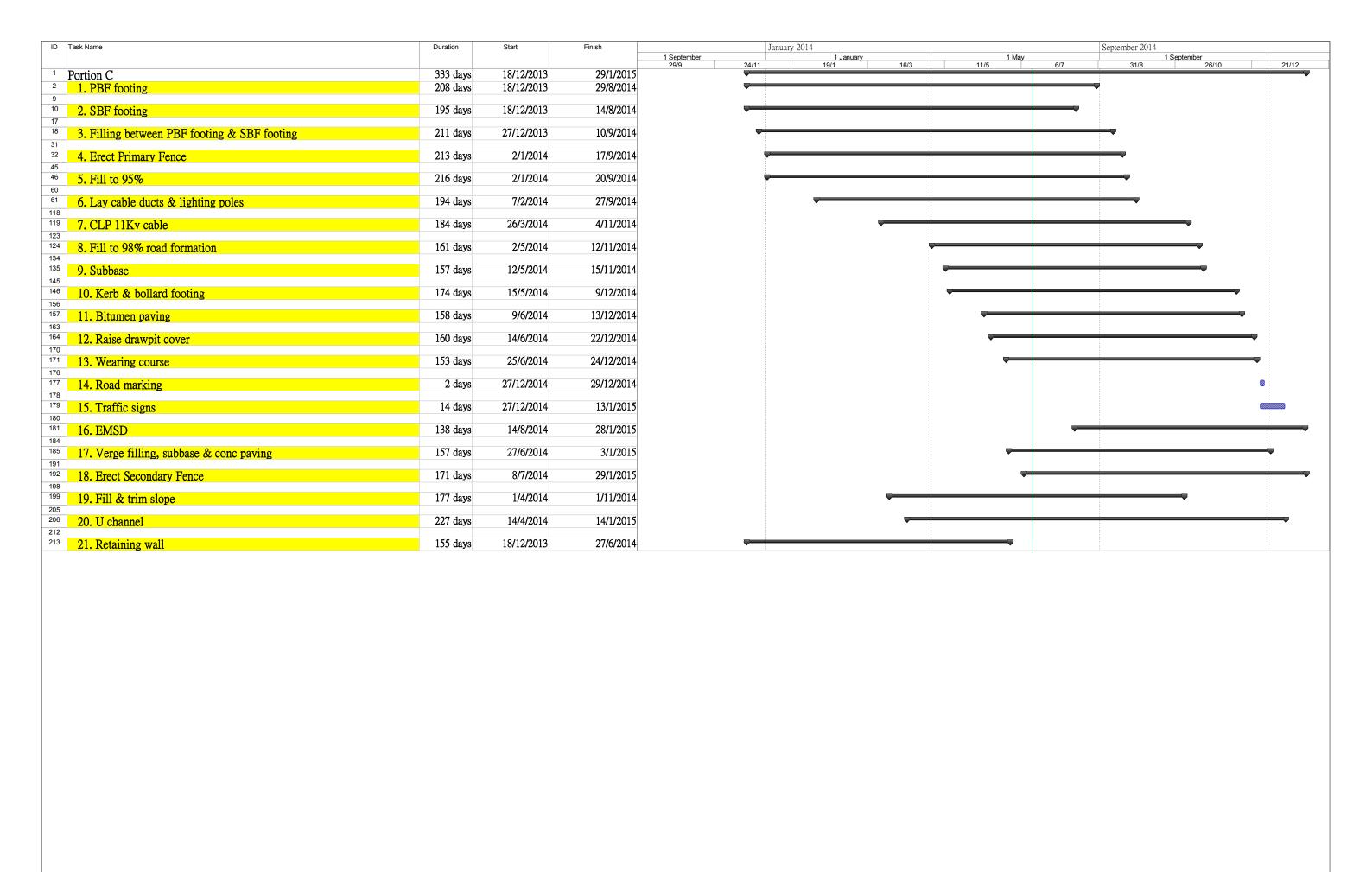
Critical

Progress

Progress

Progress

Amount of the control o



Project No: DC/2011/06
Programme: Portion C
Date: 1-07-2014

progress

Split

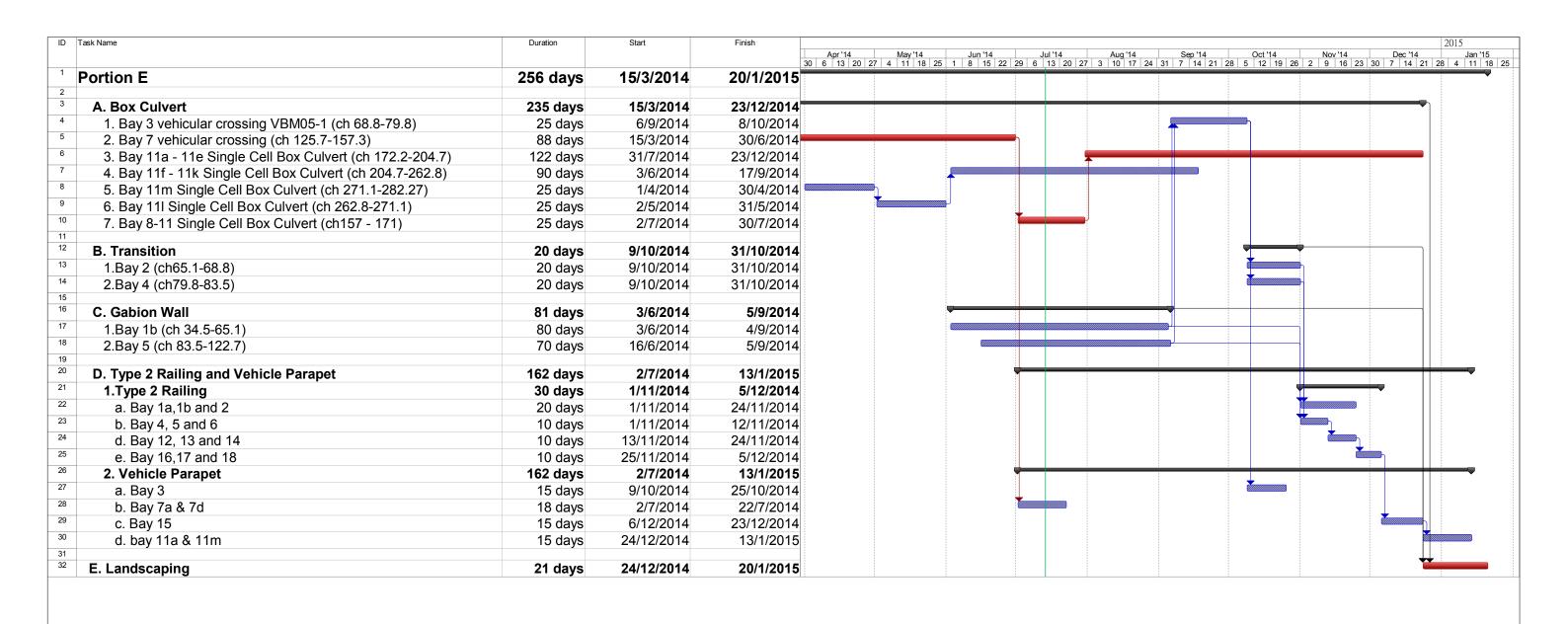
Summary

Project Summary

Proj

Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish ptember 11 Novem	January 2014 mber 1 January	21 February 11 16/2 9/3 30/3 20/4	May 2014 April 1 June	September 20 21 July 11 Sept	tember 1 November	January 201 21 December
Portion D	299 days	3/3/2014	2/3/2015	15/12 5/1 26/1	10/2 9/3 30/3 20/4	11/5 1/6 22/6	13// 3/8 24/8 14/9	5/10 26/10 16/11 7	712 28/12 18/1
1. Possession of Site	1 day	3/3/2014	3/3/2014		<u>_</u>				
		3/3/2014	10/3/2014						
2. Setting out	7 days								
3. Site clearance	14 days	11/3/2014	26/3/2014						
4. Road diversion	97 days	28/7/2014	20/11/2014				▼	-	
A. Construction	5 days	28/7/2014	1/8/2014				₽		
B. Diversion	1 day	2/8/2014	2/8/2014						
C. Reinstate existing road	2 days	25/10/2014	27/10/2014						
D Removal of temporary road diversion	1 day	28/10/2014	28/10/2014					1	
E. Reinstatement of private land	20 days	29/10/2014	20/11/2014						
5. Existing monumental archway	236 days	4/3/2014	12/12/2014		1			-	,
A. Survey	25 days	4/3/2014	1/4/2014						
B. Removal	35 days	2/4/2014	15/5/2014						
C. Reinstatement	30 days	8/11/2014	12/12/2014						
6. Utilities	241 days	27/3/2014	14/1/2015		-				-
A. Public lighting	121 days	27/3/2014	20/8/2014		+				
Locate existing cable alignment at outlet	5 days	27/3/2014	1/4/2014		•				
2) Lay duct and draw pit between inlet and existing	15 days	2/4/2014	19/4/2014						
road at downstream	2 40.40	2/8/2014	5/8/2014						
3) Lay duct under existing road	3 days						1		
4) Extend existing cable duct at outlet	5 days	4/8/2014	8/8/2014						
5) Cable laying and erect new pole by others	30 days	16/7/2014	19/8/2014						
6) Take down existing lighting pole by others	1 day	20/8/2014	20/8/2014						
B. Construct new telephone pit at inlet	3 days	17/12/2014	19/12/2014						
C. WSD	241 days	27/3/2014	14/1/2015						•
1) That pit to locate existing 0/0 water pipeline	5 days	27/3/2014	1/4/2014						
2) Confirm alignment of new pipe by WSD	21 days	2/4/2014	26/4/2014						
3) Lay new pipe	28 days	24/11/2014	27/12/2014					1	
4) Connect by WSD	14 days	29/12/2014	14/1/2015						
7. Outlet aproli	213 days	11/3/2014	22/11/2014						
A. Confirm alignment of outlet	2 days	11/3/2014	12/3/2014 22/11/2014		•				
B. Construct outlet	30 days	20/10/2014	22/11/2014						
8. Box culvert	79 days	16/7/2014	18/10/2014				7		
A. Bay 11 (CH 48.193-53.443) with ex. Lighting poje	21 days	3/9/2014	27/9/2014						
B. Bay 12 (CH 53.443-58.693)	21 days	9/8/2014	2/9/2014						
C. Bay 13 (58.693-62.868)	21 days	16/7/2014	8/8/2014						
D. Bay 19 (84.083-89.723)	21 days	4/8/2014	27/8/2014						
E. Bay 20 (89.723-95.423)	21 days	28/8/2014	22/9/2014						
F. Bay 21 (95.423-99.441)	21 days	23/9/2014	18/10/2014						
9. Rectangular channel	227 days	21/4/2014	21/1/2015		-				
	227 days	17/12/2014	5/1/2015		·				
A. Bay 2 (CH 7-12.244) with ex. Lighting pole B. Bay 3 (CH 12.244-17.293)	14 days 14 days	6/1/2015	21/1/2015						
C. Bay 4 (CH 17.293-22.443)	14 days	22/12/2014	9/1/2015						
D. Bay 5 (CH 22.443.6-27.593)	14 days	5/12/2014	20/12/2014						
D. Bay 5 (CH 22.443.6-27.593) E. Bay 7 (CH 27.593-32.743)	14 days	19/11/2014	4/12/2014					Ţ	
F. Bay 8 (CH 32.743-37.893)	14 days	3/11/2014	18/11/2014						
G. Bay 9 (CH 37.893-43.043)	-	17/10/2014	1/11/2014					*	
,	14 days	29/9/2014						_	
H. Bay 10 (CH 43.043-48.193)	14 days		16/10/2014				J		
I. Bay 14 (CH 58.693-62.868)	14 days	28/6/2014	15/7/2014						
ect No: DC/2011/06 progress Split	Summary	Project	Summary Duration-only	Manua	al Summary	Critical	Critical Split	Progress	
1-07-2014									
	-		Page 1			·		·	

ID Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish			January 2014			May	2014				Septe	ember 2014			Januar	y 2015
					11 November 24/11 15/1	1 January 2 5/1 26	21 Fe	ebruary 9/3 30/3	11 Apri 3 20/4		1 June 1/6 22/6	13/7	21 July 3/8		11 Septeml 14/9 5/	1 Novem		21 Dece	
J. Bay 15 (CH 62.868-67.043)	14 days	12/6/2014	27/6/2014		2011 101			0.0	20/.			1011	0.0	20		 			
⁵⁷ K. Bay 16 (CH 67.043-72.743)	14 days	26/5/2014	11/6/2014																
L. Bay 17 (CH 72.743-78.443)	14 days	9/5/2014	24/5/2014							ا ل									
⁵⁹ M. Bay 18 (CH 78.443-84.083)	14 days	21/4/2014	8/5/2014																
60 61 10 Intaka angan Bay 1 (CH 0.7)																<u>_</u>			
10. Ilitake aproli Bay 1 (Cn 0-7)	20 days	24/11/2014	16/12/2014																
62 63 11. U-channel	59 days	5/12/2014	14/2/2015														-		
11. O-Chamilei																			
A. Day 14 - Day 10	21 days	22/1/2015	14/2/2015	1													$\downarrow \downarrow$		
⁶⁵ B. Bay 2 - Bay 10	21 days	5/12/2014	31/12/2014														:		
66 67 12 Karb	40 days	5/12/2014	2/2/204																
IZ. Neib	48 days		2/2/2015	1													I		₩
⁶⁸ A. Bay 14 - Bay 18	10 days	22/1/2015	2/2/2015														Ш		
⁶⁹ B. Bay 2 - Bay 10	10 days	5/12/2014	16/12/2014																
70																			
⁷¹ 13. Type 2 railing	45 days	17/12/2014	10/2/2015																
⁷² A. Bay 14 - Bay 18	7 days	3/2/2015	10/2/2015																
⁷³ B. Bay 2 - Bay 10	7 days	17/12/2014	24/12/2014														Ě		
74		40101004	0.0.00.1																
⁷⁵ 14. Landscaping	10 days	16/2/2015	2/3/2015																





ANNEX E

IMPACT MONITORING SCHEDULE



IMPACT MONITORING SCHEDULE FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD

	Date	Noise		Quality	Water Quality
			1-Hour TSP	24-Hour TSP	
Wed	1-Oct-14				
Thu	2-Oct-14				
Fri	3-Oct-14				
Sat	4-Oct-14				
Sun	5-Oct-14				
Mon	6-Oct-14				
Tue	7-Oct-14				
Wed	8-Oct-14				
Thu	9-Oct-14				
Fri	10-Oct-14				
Sat	11-Oct-14				
Sun	12-Oct-14				
Mon	13-Oct-14				
Tue	14-Oct-14				
Wed	15-Oct-14				
Thu	16-Oct-14				
Fri	17-Oct-14				
Sat	18-Oct-14				
Sun	19-Oct-14				
Mon	20-Oct-14				
Tue	21-Oct-14				
Wed	22-Oct-14				
Thu	23-Oct-14				
Fri	24-Oct-14				
Sat	25-Oct-14				
Sun	26-Oct-14				
Mon	27-Oct-14				
Tue	28-Oct-14				
Wed	29-Oct-14				
Thu	30-Oct-14				
Fri	31-Oct-14				

Monitoring Day
Sunday or Public Holiday



IMPACT MONITORING SCHEDULE FOR THE NEXT MONITORING PERIOD

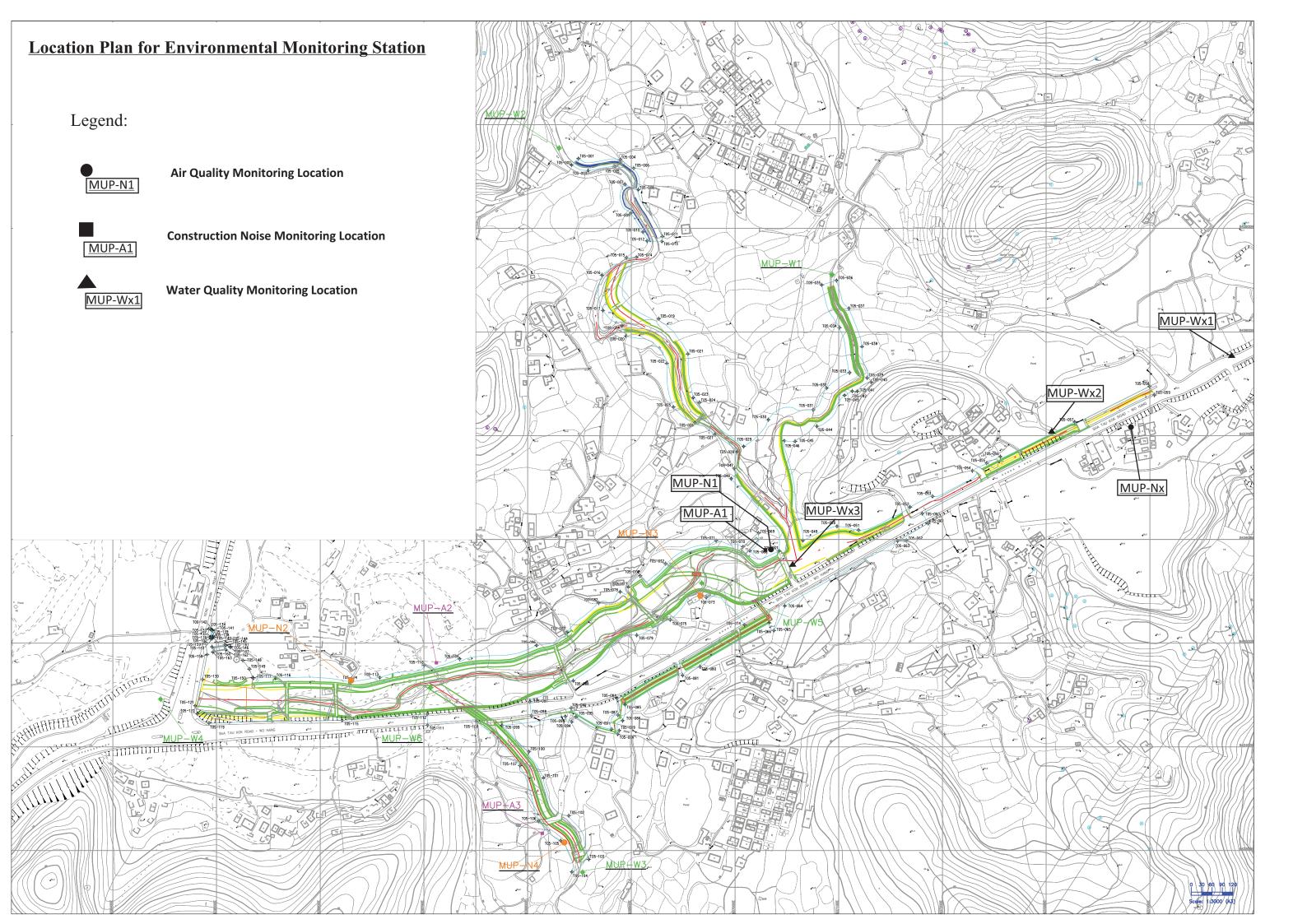
	Date	Noise		Quality 24-Hour TSP	Water Quality
Sat	1-Nov-14		1-11001 151	24-11001 151	
Sun	2-Nov-14				
Mon	3-Nov-14				
Tue	4-Nov-14				
Wed	5-Nov-14				
Thu	6-Nov-14				
Fri	7-Nov-14				
Sat	8-Nov-14				
Sun	9-Nov-14				
Mon	10-Nov-14				
Tue	11-Nov-14				
Wed	12-Nov-14				
Thu	13-Nov-14				
Fri	14-Nov-14				
Sat	15-Nov-14				
Sun	16-Nov-14				
Mon	17-Nov-14				
Tue	18-Nov-14				
Wed	19-Nov-14				
Thu	20-Nov-14				
Fri	21-Nov-14				
Sat	22-Nov-14				
Sun	23-Nov-14				
Mon	24-Nov-14				
Tue	25-Nov-14				
Wed	26-Nov-14				
Thu	27-Nov-14				
Fri	28-Nov-14				
Sat	29-Nov-14				
Sun	30-Nov-14				

Monitoring Day
Sunday or Public Holiday



ANNEX F

MONITORING LOCATIONS





ANNEX G

MONITORING EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES



MONITORING EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES*

Items	Aspect	Description of Equipment	Date of Calibration	Date of Next Calibration
1*		TSP Sampler Calibration Spreadsheet for MUP-A1	21 Oct 14	21 Jan 15
2	Air	Calibration Kit (Serial No. 0438320)	07 Apr 14	07 Apr 15
3		Laser Dust Monitor, Model LD-3B (Serial No. 456662)	30 May 14	30 May 15
4		NL-31 Rion Sound Level Meter (Serial No. 00410247)	26 Apr 14	26 Apr 15
5	Noise	NL-52 Rion Sound Level Meter (Serial No. 00921191)	10 Apr 14	10 Apr 15
6		CB-5 Cesva Sound Level Calibrator (Serial number 030023)	10 Apr 14	10 Apr 15
7		YSI Professional Plus (Serial No. 10G101946)	28 Jul 14	28 Oct 14
8*		pH Meter (Serial No. 1067687)	24 Oct 14	24 Jan 15
9*	Water	YSI Multifunctional Meter (Serial No. 05F2063AZ)	7 Oct 14	7 Jan 15
10		Hach 2100Q (Serial No. 12060C018266)	8 July 14	8 Oct 14
11*		Hach 2100Q (Serial No. 11030C008499)	24 Oct 14	24 Jan 15

Note:

^{*} This Appendix G presents only calibration certificates of new monitoring equipment or those expired and re-calibrated during the Reporting Period (Renewed Item No. and Calibration dates will be highlighted for ease of checking). No valid calibration certificates presented in the previous report will be dittoed under environmental consideration.

TSP SAMPLER CALIBRATION CALCULATION SPREADSHEET

Location: Man Uk Pin Near DD46 Lot 820 Date of Calibration: 21-Oct-14

Location ID: MUP-A1 Next Calibration Date: 21-Jan-15

Technician: Keung Chi Young, Arnold

CONDITIONS

Sea Level Pressure (hPa) Temperature (°C) 1015.2 27.3

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg)
Temperature (K)

761.4 300

CALIBRATION ORIFICE

Make-> TISCH
Model-> 5025A
Calibration Date-> 7-Apr-14

Qstd Slope -> Qstd Intercept ->

2.00757 -0.01628

CALIBRATION

Plate	H20 (L)	H2O (R)	H20	Qstd	I	IC	LINEAR
No.	(in)	(in)	(in)	(m3/min)	(chart)	corrected	REGRESSION
18	6.6	6.6	13.2	1.813	55	54.63	Slope = 30.2666
13	5.2	5.2	10.4	1.610	48	47.68	Intercept = -0.7071
10	4.0	4.0	8.0	1.413	42	41.72	Corr. coeff. = 0.9995
7	2.6	2.6	5.2	1.141	34	33.77	
5	1.5	1.5	3.0	0.868	26	25.82	

Calculations:

Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H20(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b]

IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]

Qstd = standard flow rate

IC = corrected chart respones

I = actual chart response

m = calibrator Qstd slope

b = calibrator Qstd intercept

Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K)

Pstd = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg)

For subsequent calculation of sampler flow:

1/m((I)[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)]-b)

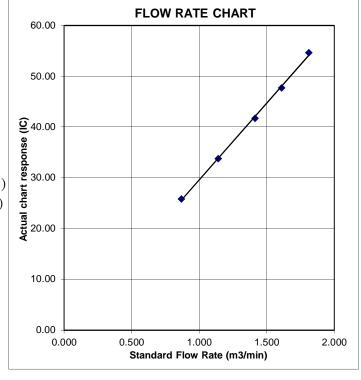
m = sampler slope

b = sampler intercept

I = chart response

Tav = daily average temperature

Pav = daily average pressure





ALS Technichem (HK) Ptv Ltd 11/F, Chung Shun Knitting Centre

1-3 Wing Yip Street

Kwai Chung, N.T., Hong Kong

T: +852 2610 1044 F: +852 2610 2021 www.alsglobal.com

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

CONTACT:

MR BEN TAM

CLIENT: ADDRESS: **ACTION UNITED ENVIRO SERVICES** RM A 20/F., GOLDEN KING IND BLDG,

NO. 35-41 TAI LIN PAI ROAD,

KWAI CHUNG, N.T., HONG KONG WORK ORDER: HK1434242

LABORATORY:

HONG KONG

DATE RECEIVED: DATE OF ISSUE:

21/10/2014 27/10/2014

COMMENTS

The performance of the equipment stated in this report is checked with independent reference material and results compared against a calibrated secondary source.

The "Tolerance Limit" quoted is the acceptance criteria applicable for similar equipment used by the ALS Hong Kong laboratory or quoted from relevant international standards.

The "Next Calibration Date" is recommended according to best practice principals as practised by the ALS Hong Kong laboratory or quoted from relevant international standards.

Scope of Test:

рН

Description:

pH Meter

Brand Name:

Model No.: Serial No.:

8685 1067687

Equipment No.:

Date of Calibration: 24 October, 2014

NOTES

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this batch number. Results apply to sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

Mr Fung Lim Chee

General Manager

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

Work Order:

HK1434242

Date of Issue:

27/10/2014

Client:

ACTION UNITED ENVIRO SERVICES



Description:

pH Meter

Brand Name:

Model No.:

8685

Serial No.:

1067687

Equipment No.:

Date of Calibration: 24 October, 2014

Date of next Calibration:

24 January, 2015

Parameters:

pH Value

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 4500H:R

method Ref. 74 117 (213t cutton), 430011.b				
Expected Reading (pH Unit)	Displayed Reading (pH Unit)	Tolerance (pH unit)		
4.0	4.0	0.00		
7.0	6.9	-0.10		
10.0	9.9	-0.10		
	Tolerance Limit (pH Unit)	±0.20		

Remark: "Displayed Reading" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.

> Mr Fung Lim Chee, Richard General Manager -

Greater China & Hong Kong



ALS Technichem (HK) Ptv Ltd 11/F, Chung Shun Knitting Centre 1-3 Wing Yip Street Kwai Chung, N.T., Hong Kong

T: +852 2610 1044 F: +852 2610 2021 www.alsglobal.com

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

CONTACT:

MR BEN TAM

CLIENT: ADDRESS: **ACTION UNITED ENVIRO SERVICES** RM A 20/F., GOLDEN KING IND BLDG,

NO. 35-41 TAI LIN PAI ROAD,

KWAI CHUNG, N.T., HONG KONG WORK ORDER:

HK1434253

LABORATORY:

HONG KONG

DATE RECEIVED:

07/10/2014

DATE OF ISSUE:

27/10/2014

COMMENTS

The performance of the equipment stated in this report is checked with independent reference material and results compared against a calibrated secondary source.

The "Tolerance Limit" quoted is the acceptance criteria applicable for similar equipment used by the ALS Hong Kong laboratory or quoted from relevant international standards.

The "Next Calibration Date" is recommended according to best practice principals as practised by the ALS Hong Kong laboratory or quoted from relevant international standards.

Scope of Test:

Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature

Description:

Multifunctional Meter

Brand Name:

YSI

Model No.:

550A

Serial No.:

05F2063AZ

Equipment No.:

Date of Calibration: 07 October, 2014

NOTES

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this batch number. Results apply to sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

Mr Fung Lim Chee

General Manager

Greater China & Hong Kong

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

Work Order:

HK1434253

Date of Issue:

27/10/2014

Client:

ACTION UNITED ENVIRO SERVICES



Description:

Multifunctional Meter

Brand Name:

Model No.:

550A

Serial No.:

05F2063AZ

Equipment No.:

Date of Calibration: 07 October, 2014

Date of next Calibration:

07 January, 2015

Parameters:

Dissolved Oxygen Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 45000: G

Method Ren / U Tiv (\mathbb{Z} 25 carton)) 150001 C				
Ex	pected Reading (mg/L)	Displayed Reading (mg/L)	Tolerance (mg/L)	
	3.00	2.99	-0.01	
	5.02	4.93	-0.09	
	8.05	8.01	-0.04	
		Tolerance Limit (mg/L)	±0.20	

Temperature

Method Ref: Section 6 of International Accreditation New Zealand Technical

Guide No. 3 Second edition March 2008: Working Thermometer Calibration Procedure.

Reading of Ref. thermometer (°C)	Displayed Reading (°C)	Tolerance (°C)
11.0	11.8	+0.8
22.0	23.0	+1.0
38.0	38.5	+0.5
	Tolerance Limit (°C)	±2.0

Remark: "Displayed Reading" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless

of equipment precision or significant figures.

Mr Fung Lim Chee, Richard General Manager/

Greater China & Hong Kong



ALS Technichem (HK) Ptv Ltd 11/F, Chung Shun Knitting Centre 1-3 Wing Yip Street

Kwai Chung, N.T., Hong Kong

T: +852 2610 1044 F: +852 2610 2021 www.alsglobal.com

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

CONTACT:

MR BEN TAM

CLIENT: ADDRESS: **ACTION UNITED ENVIRO SERVICES** RM A 20/F., GOLDEN KING IND BLDG,

NO. 35-41 TAI LIN PAI ROAD,

KWAI CHUNG, N.T., HONG KONG WORK ORDER:

HK1434245

LABORATORY:

HONG KONG

DATE RECEIVED:

21/10/2014

DATE OF ISSUE:

27/10/2014

COMMENTS

The performance of the equipment stated in this report is checked with independent reference material and results compared against a calibrated secondary source.

The "Tolerance Limit" quoted is the acceptance criteria applicable for similar equipment used by the ALS Hong Kong laboratory or quoted from relevant international standards.

The "Next Calibration Date" is recommended according to best practice principals as practised by the ALS Hong Kong laboratory or quoted from relevant international standards.

Scope of Test:

Turbidity

Equipment Type:

Turbidimeter

Brand Name: Model No.:

HACH

Serial No.:

2100Q 11030C008499

Equipment No.:

Date of Calibration: 24 October, 2014

NOTES

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this batch number. Results apply to sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

> Mr. Fung Lim (General Manager -

Greater China & Hong Kong

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

Work Order:

HK1434245

Date of Issue:

27/10/2014

Client:

ACTION UNITED ENVIRO SERVICES



Equipment Type:

Turbidimeter

Brand Name:

HACH

Model No.: Serial No.:

2100Q 11030C008499

Equipment No.:

Date of Calibration:

24 October, 2014

Date of next Calibration:

24 January, 2015

Parameters:

Turbidity

Method Ref: APHA 21st Ed. 2130B

Expected Reading (NTU)	Displayed Reading (NTU)	Tolerance (%)
0	0.02	
40	3.67 38.1	-8.3 -4.8
80 400	74.2 377	-7.3 -5.8
800	830	+3.8
	Tolerance Limit (%)	±10

Remark: "Displayed Reading" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.

> Mr. Fung Lim Chee, Richard General Manager -

Greater China & Hong Kong



ANNEX H

EVENT/ACTION PLAN

Table 2.4 Event/Action Plan for Air Quality

		ACTION		
EVENT	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
ACTION LEVEL				
Exceedance for one sample	 Identify source Inform IEC, ER and Contractor Repeat measurement to confirm findings Increase monitoring frequency to daily 	Check monitoring data submitted by ET Leader Check Contractor's working method	Notify Contractor	Rectify any unacceptable practice Amend working methods if appropriate
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	Identify source Inform IEC, ER and Contractor Repeat measurement to confirm findings Increase monitoring frequency to daily Discuss with IEC, Contractor and ER on remedial actions required If exceedance continue, arrange meeting with IEC, ER and Contractor If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring	Checking monitoring data submitted by ET Leader. Check Contractor's working method Discuss with ET Leader and Contractor on possible remedial measures Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures Supervise implementation of remedial measures	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing Notify Contractor Ensure remedial measures properly implemented	Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC and ER within 3 working days of notification Implement the agreed proposals Amend proposal if appropriate
LIMIT LEVEL				
Exceedance for one sample	Identify source Inform IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor Repeat measurement to confirm findings Increase monitoring frequency to daily Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and kept IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results	Check monitoring data submitted by ET Leader Check Contractor's working method Discuss with ET Leader and Contractor on possible remedial measures Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures Audit implementation of remedial measures	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing Notify Contractor Ensure remedial measures properly implemented	Take immediate action to avoid for the exceedance Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC and ER within 3 working days of notification Implement the agreed proposals Amend proposal if appropriate
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	Notify IEC, ER, Contractor and EPD Identify source Repeat measurement to confirm findings Increase monitoring frequency to daily Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented Arrange meeting with IEC, Contractor and ER to discuss the remedial actions to be taken Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring	Discuss amongst ER, ET leader and Contractor on the potential remedial actions Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly Audit the implementation of remedial measures	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing Notify Contractor In consultation with IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented Ensure remedial measures properly implemented If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.	Take immediate action to avoid for the exceedance Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC and ER within 3 working days of notification Implement the agreed proposals Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abate.

Table 3.3 Event/Action Plan for Construction Noise Monitoring

		ACTI	ON	
EVENT	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
Action Level	 Notify IEC, Contractor and ER Carry out investigation and identify source Report the results of investigation to the IEC, Contractor and ER Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures Increase monitoring frequency Check compliance to Action/Limit Levels after application of mitigation measures 	submitted by the ET Leader 2. Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER & ET accordingly 3. Review the implementation of remedial measures	 Confirm receipt of notification of complaint in writing Notify Contractor Check monitoring data submitted by the ET Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented 	 Submit noise mitigation proposals to ER and IEC within three working Liaise with the ER to ensure the effectiveness of the agreed mitigation Amend proposal if required Implement noise mitigation proposals
Limit Level	 Notify IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor Identify Source Repeat measurement to confirm findings Increase monitoring frequency Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented Inform IEC, ER and EPD the causes & actions taken for the exceedances Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring 	submitted by ET 2. Discuss amongst ER, ET Leader and Contractor on the potential remedial actions 3. Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER & ET accordingly 4. Audit the implementation of remedial measures	 Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance Notify Contractor Check monitoring data submitted by the ET Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem Discuss with ET, IEC and Contractor on proposed remedial actions to be implemented Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented Assess the effectiveness of the remedial actions and keep the Contractor informed If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of 	 Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance Submit proposals for remedial actions to ER within 3 working days of notification Liaise with the ER to ensure the effectiveness of the agreed mitigation Amend proposal if required Implement the agreed proposals Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated

Table 4.6 Event and Action Plan for Water Quality

Event	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
Action Level being exceeded by one sampling day	 Repeat in-site measurement to confirm findings. Identify source(s) of impact. Inform IEC an Contractor. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC and Contractor. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance. 	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures. Review proposals on mitigation measures. submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	Discuss with IEC on the proposed mitigation measures. Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented. Assess effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing. Rectify unacceptable practice. Check all plant and equipment. Consider changes of working methods. Discuss with ET and IEC and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER. Implement the agreed mitigation measures.
Action Level being exceeded by more than one consecutive sampling days	Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings; Identify source(s) of impact. Inform IEC and Contractor. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC and Contractor. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented. Prepare to increase the monitoring frequency to daily. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance.	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	Discuss with IEC on the proposed mitigation measures. Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing. Rectify unacceptable practice. Check all plant and equipment. Consider changes of working methods. Discuss with ET and IEC and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days. Implement the agreed mitigation measures.
Limit Level being exceeded by one sampling day	Repeat in-situ measurement to confirm findings. Identify source(s) of impact. Inform IEC, contractor and EPD. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, ER and Contractor. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit Level.	Discuss with ET and Contractor on the mitigation measures. Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	Discuss with IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures. Request Contract to critically review the working methods. Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures.	Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing. Rectify unacceptable practice. Check all plant and equipment. Consider changes of working methods. Discuss with ET, IEC and ER and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days. Implement the agreed mitigation measures.



ANNEX I

24-HR TSP DATA

AND

GRAPHICAL PLOTS OF ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING RESULTS

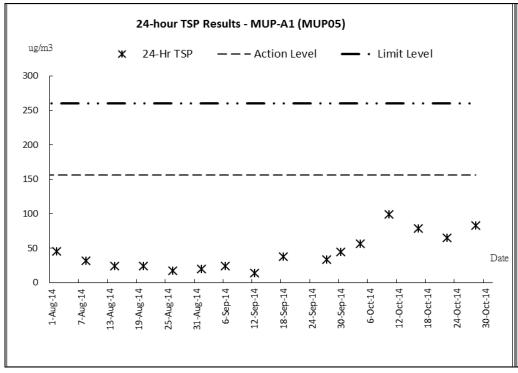
- A) AIR QUALITY
- B) CONSTRUCTION NOISE
- C) WATER QUALITY

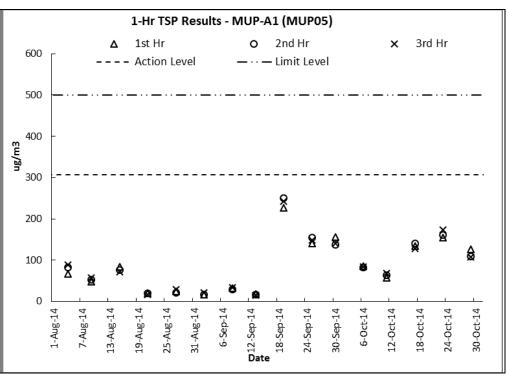


24-HR TSP DATA

		ELAPSED TIME			СН	CHART READING		AVG		STANDARD		FILTER WEIGHT (g)		WEIGHT DUST	24-hr TSP
DATE	SAMPLE NUMBER	INITIAL	FINAL	(min)	MIN	MAX	AVG	TEMP (°C)	AVG PRESS (hPa)	FLOW RATE (m3/min)	AIR VOLUME (std m3)	INITIAL	FINAL	COLLECTED (g)	in air (µg/m³)
4-Oct-14	27239	6757.12	6780.35	1393.80	47	49	48	26.5	1010.9	1.5426	2150.01	2.8203	2.9414	0.1211	56
10-Oct-14	27263	6780.35	6803.65	1398.00	33	38	35.5	27.1	1010.1	1.1907	1664.55	2.7435	2.9083	0.1648	99
16-Oct-14	27271	6803.65	6826.98	1399.80	41	44	42.5	25.7	1014.0	1.3918	1948.18	2.7440	2.8977	0.1537	79
22-Oct-14	27313	6826.98	6850.31	1399.80	38	40	39	24.8	1015	1.3134	1838.50	2.7544	2.8747	0.1203	65
28-Oct-14	27330	6850.31	6873.59	1396.80	35	39	37	24	1015.8	1.2494	1745.13	2.7763	2.9203	0.1440	83

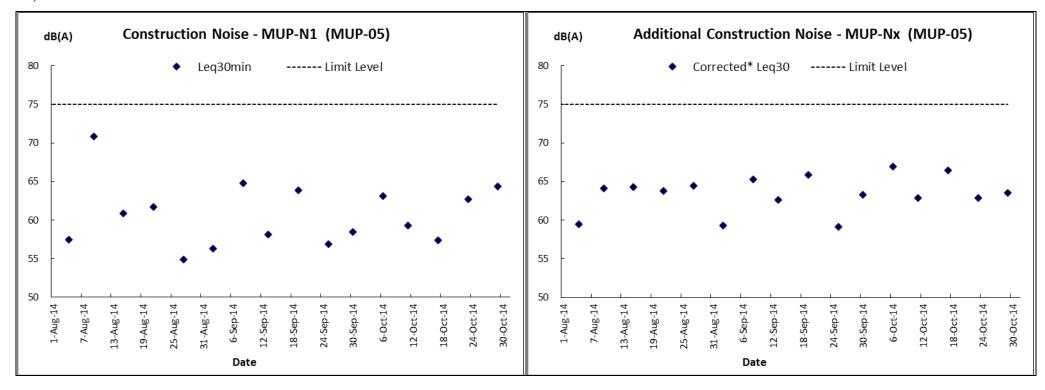
A) AIR QUALITY







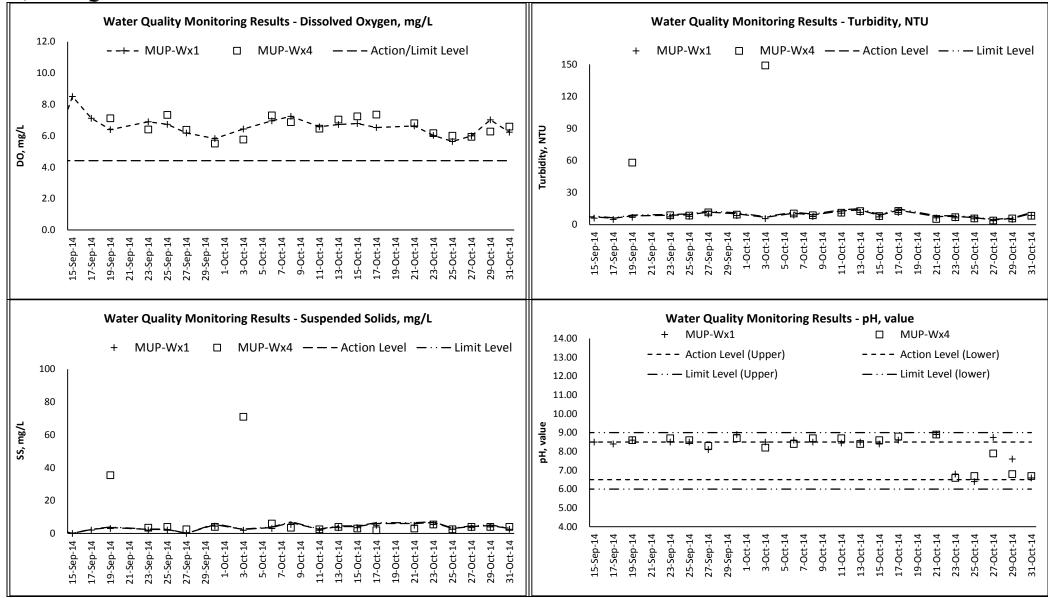
B) **CONSTRUCTION NOISE**













ANNEX J

METEOROLOGICAL DATA



Meteorological Data from HKO for the Reporting Period

					Ta	Kwu Ling	
Date		Weather	Total Rainfall (mm)	Mean Air Temp. (°C)	Wind Speed (km/h)	Mean Relative Humidity (%)	Wind Direction
1-Oct-14	Wed	Fine and dry. Moderate east to northeasterly winds, fresh at times.	26.7	28.2	6.1	79	Е
2-Oct-14	Thu	It will be fine. Very dry in the afternoon. Moderate northeasterly winds, fresh offshore.	Trace	28.6	3.7	78	S/SE
3-Oct-14	Fri	Fine and dry. Moderate east to northeasterly winds, fresh at times.	23.7	28.4	5.6	75	N
4-Oct-14	Sat	Fine and dry. Moderate east to northeasterly winds, fresh at times.	2.6	27.5	5.3	75.7	E/SE
5-Oct-14	Sun	It will be fine. Very dry in the afternoon. Moderate northeasterly winds, fresh offshore.	0.1	26.7	7.2	64.5	N
6-Oct-14	Mon	Fine and dry. Moderate to fresh east to northeasterly winds.	0	25	8.7	66.2	Е
7-Oct-14	Tue	Cloudy. Mainly fine and dry. Moderate east to northeasterly winds.	Trace	25.1	6.8	60	Е
8-Oct-14	Wed	Mainly fine. Dry in the afternoon. Moderate east to northeasterly winds.	0	24.3	7.5	65.5	N
9-Oct-14	Thu	Mainly cloudy. Dry with sunny intervals in the afternoon. Moderate northeasterly winds.	0	25.4	6.5	64.5	N/NE
10-Oct-14	Fri	Mainly cloudy. Dry with sunny intervals in the afternoon. Moderate northeasterly winds.	0	24.9	7.6	66	N
11-Oct-14	Sat	Fine. Very dry in the afternoon. Moderate to fresh northerly winds.	0	25.7	6.8	66.7	N
12-Oct-14	Sun	Fine. Very dry in the afternoon. Moderate to fresh northerly winds.	0	26.5	9.9	63.2	N/NE
13-Oct-14	Mon	Fine. Very dry in the afternoon. Moderate to fresh northerly winds.	0	25.6	10.2	50.7	N
14-Oct-14	Tue	Mainly fine and dry apart from some haze. Moderate east to northeasterly winds, fresh at times later.	Trace	24.5	8.2	53.2	N/NE
15-Oct-14	Wed	Mainly fine. Dry in the afternoon. Moderate to fresh easterly winds.	0	23.2	5	67	Е
16-Oct-14	Thu	Mainly fine. Dry in the afternoon. Moderate to fresh easterly winds.	Trace	24.8	6.7	69.7	E/SE
17-Oct-14	Fri	Fine and dry. Moderate to fresh easterly winds.	0	25.7	7.6	60.5	E/NE
18-Oct-14	Sat	Mainly cloudy. Sunny periods in the afternoon. Moderate easterly winds.	0	25.6	6.8	61.5	Е
19-Oct-14	Sun	Mainly cloudy. Sunny periods in the afternoon. Moderate easterly winds.	Trace	25.8	6.4	68.5	E/NE
20-Oct-14	Mon	Mainly cloudy. Sunny periods in the afternoon. Moderate easterly winds.	0	26.9	6.5	72.2	E/NE
21-Oct-14	Tue	Fine and dry. Moderate to fresh easterly winds.	Trace	26.8	4	70.5	W/SW
22-Oct-14	Wed	Mainly cloudy. Sunny periods in the afternoon. Moderate easterly winds.	26.4	26.5	9.7	69.2	N/NE
23-Oct-14	Thu	Cloudy with one or two rain patches. Moderate to fresh easterly winds.	0.2	24.2	4.8	75	E/NE
24-Oct-14	Fri	Mainly cloudy. Sunny periods. Moderate to fresh easterly winds, strengthening gradually.	0	24.1	6.5	76.2	E/NE
25-Oct-14	Sat	Cloudy with one or two rain patches. Moderate to fresh easterly winds.	0	24.7	7.2	76	E/NE
26-Oct-14	Sun	Fine and dry. Moderate to fresh easterly winds.	0.1	26.6	4.9	66	E/NE
27-Oct-14	Mon	Mainly cloudy. Sunny periods. Moderate to fresh easterly winds, strengthening gradually.	0	26.5	8.5	70	Е
28-Oct-14	Tue	Mainly fine. Dry in the afternoon. Fresh to strong easterly winds.	Trace	26	9.8	55.2	E/NE
29-Oct-14	Wed	Mainly fine. Dry in the afternoon. Fresh to strong easterly winds.	Trace	26.7	8.6	62	Е
30-Oct-14	Thu	Fine and dry. Moderate to fresh easterly winds.	0	26.1	12.8	68	Е
31-Oct-14	Fri	Fine and dry. Moderate to fresh easterly winds.	0	26.7	5.1	70	E/SE



ANNEX K

WASTE FLOW TABLE AND SUMMARY OF WORKS PROCESSES OR ACTIVITIES REQUIRING TIMBER FOR TEMPORARY WORKS

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table

Name of Department: DSD Contract No.: <u>DC/2011/06</u>

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2014

	A	ctual Quantities o	f Inert C&D Mate	erials Generated M	onthly			Actual Quantities of	Non C&D Was	tes Generated Mont	hly
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics (see Note 3)	Chemical Waste	Others, e.g. general refuse
	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000m ³)
Jan-14	14.248	0.000	0.000	14.248	0.000	0.568	0.244	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000
Feb-14	12.912	0.000	0.000	12.912	0.000	0.656	0.103	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.005
Mar-14	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.744	0.200	0.005	0.000	0.04	0.065
Apr-14	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.352	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.030
May-14	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.240	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.175
Jun-14	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050
Jul-14	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.030
Aug-14	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.066	0.000	0.000	0.045
Sep-14	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.025
Oct-14	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.030
Nov-14											
Dec-14											
Total	27.160	0.000	0.000	27.160	0.000	2.560	0.550	0.148	0.000	0.040	0.455

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Note Used.

⁽²⁾ The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Sites.

⁽³⁾ Plastics refer to plastic bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging materials.

⁽⁴⁾ The summary table shall be submitted to the Engineer's Representative monthly together with the Waste Flow Table for review and monitoring.

Summary Table for Work Processes or Activities Requiring Timber for Temporary Works

Contract No.: <u>DC/2011/06</u>

Contract Title: Reprovisioning of Boundary Patrol Road and Associated Security Facilities between Ping Yuen River and Pak Fu Shan and Drainage Works in North District

Report Period: Oct-14

Item No	Description of Works Process or Activity [see note (a) below]	Justifications for Using Timber in Temporary Construction Works	Est. Quantities of Timber Used (m³)	Actual Quantities used (m³)	Remarks
1	Transition formwork & falsework	Temperary formwork & falsework design	10	9	
	(Portion A,B,E)				
2	Transition formwork & falsework	Temperary formwork & falsework design	25	18	
	(Portion A,B,C)				
3	Transition formwork & falsework	Temperary formwork & falsework design	52	40	
	(Portion A.B.C.E)				
4	Transition formwork & falsework	Temperary formwork & falsework design	77	72	
	(Portion A,B,C,E)				
5	Transition formwork & falsework	Temperary formwork & falsework design	102	86	
	(Portion A,B,C,E)				
6	Transition formwork & falsework	Temperary formwork & falsework design	115	103	
	(Portion A,B,C,E)				
7	Transition formwork & falsework	Temperary formwork & falsework design	121	112	
	(Portion A.B.C.E)				
8	Transition formwork & falsework	Temperary formwork & falsework design	145	139	
	(Portion A,B,C,E)				

Notes

⁽a) The Contractor shall list out all the work items requiring timber for use in temporary construction works. Several minor work items may be grouped into one for ease of updating.

⁽b) The summary table shall be submitted to the Engineer's Representative monthly together with the Waste Flow Table for review and monitoring

Summary Table for Work Processes or Activities Requiring Timber for Temporary Works

Contract No.: DC/2011/06

Contract Title: Reprovisioning of Boundary Patrol Road and Associated Security Facilities between Ping Yuen River and Pak Fu Shan and Drainage Works in North District

Report Period: Oct-14

Item No	Description of Works Process or Activity [see note (a) below]	Justifications for Using Timber in Temporary Construction Works	Est. Quantities of Timber Used (m³)	Actual Quantities used (m³)	Remarks
9	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	154	151	
10	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	156	155	
11	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	157	156	
12	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	160	157	
13	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	160	157	
14	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	171	166	
15	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	178	173	
16	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	191	186	

Notes

for ease of updating.

(b) The summary table shall be submitted to the Engineer's Representative monthly together with the Waste Flow Table for review and monitoring

⁽a) The Contractor shall list out all the work items requiring timber for use in temporary construction works. Several minor work items may be grouped into one

Summary Table for Work Processes or Activities Requiring Timber for Temporary Works

Contract No.: <u>DC/2011/06</u>

Contract Title: Reprovisioning of Boundary Patrol Road and Associated Security Facilities between Ping Yuen River and Pak Fu Shan and Drainage Works in North District

Report Period: Oct-14

Item No	Description of Works Process or Activity [see note (a) below]	Justifications for Using Timber in Temporary Construction Works	Est. Quantities of Timber Used (m³)	Actual Quantities used (m³)	Remarks
17	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	200	194	
18	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	205	201	
19	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	215	212	
20	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	225	222	
21	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,D,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	226	223	
22	Transition formwork & falsework (Portion A,B,C,D,E)	Temperary formwork & falsework design	230	229	

Notes

⁽a) The Contractor shall list out all the work items requiring timber for use in temporary construction works. Several minor work items may be grouped into one for ease of updating.

⁽b) The summary table shall be submitted to the Engineer's Representative monthly together with the Waste Flow Table for review and monitoring



ANNEX L ECOLOGY CHECKLIST

Ecological Site Inspection and Audit Checklist DSD Contract No. DC/2011/06 Checklist No. Project: Inspected by REPROVISIONING OF BOUNDARY PATROL ROAD IEC/IEC's Representative: AND ASSOCIATED SECURITY FACILITIES BETWEEN PING YUEN RIVER AND PAK FU SHAN AND DRAINAGE WORKS IN NORTH DISTRIC RE/RE's Representative: Inspection ETL/ ET's Representative: Oct 2014 Date: Contractor's Representative: Time: **GENERAL INFORMATION** PART A: **Environmental Permit No.** Weather: Sunny Fine Cloudy Rainy EP-277/2007A OC. Temperature: High Moderate Humidity: N/A Light Wind: Strong Breeze Calm Channel Area Inspected All PART B: SITE AUDIT Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; EM&A Not **Follow** Photo/ Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Note: Yes No N/A REF: Obs Up Remarks Applicable Section 6: Ecology 1.01 6.5.8 earthworks to widen the stream have been undertaken from the landward side and existing stream untouched except during the final stage 6.5.9 widened stream bottom floored with natural materials to approximate as closely as possible to the rocky components of a natural stream bottom 6.5.10 1.02 Any essential works outside the dry season have been temporarily isolated from the stream П 6.5.11 1.03 Excavation works have been restricted to 300m П length at any one time 1.04 6.5.13 native riparian trees which would be impacted during construction works have been transplanted to Ø suitable sites within the project area where possible 1.05 6.5.22 Construction activities have been restricted to works area that should be clearly demarcated П 1.06 6.5.22 Temporary diversions have been provided to ensure continuous water flow to the downstream section. 6.5.22 1:07 The proposed works site inside or in the proximity of natural streams have been temporarily isolated 1.08 6.5.22 no disturbance to the stream bed and bank have been found from construction works, equipment or workers for the stream section where the existing natural stream bed and bank will be left untouched 1.09 6.5.22 Temporary access track on streambed have been П kept to the minimum width and length 1:10 6.5.22 Temporary stream crossings are supported on stilts above the stream bed. 1.11 6.5.22 Adequate temporary drainage measures including sediment and oil/grease traps have been provided

 \Box

to prevent contaminated site run-off entering the

Stockpiling of construction materials, spoils and

waste have been properly covered and located

water bodies

away from water bodies

6.5.22

Ecological Site Inspection and Audit Checklist

Note:	EM&A REF:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.13	6.5.22	Supervisory staff of the contractor have been assigned to station on site to closely supervise and monitor the construction works		9	П		П	
1.14	6.5.22	workers have bee regularly briefed to avoid disturbing the flora and fauna near the works area						H
1.15	6.5.22	Construction effluent, site run-off and sewage have been properly collected, treated and disposed		9				
1.16	6.5,22	details of the mitigation measures to be implemented during construction stage have been submitted to the Engineer for approval						

Remarks

Mo. Patientan Finding.

IEC's representative	RE's representative	ET's representative	Contractor's representative	Ecologist
()	()	()	(Elin Lan)	Histo Pmy

Ecological Site Inspection and Audit Checklist Checklist No. DSD Contract No. DC/2011/06 Inspected by Project: REPROVISIONING OF BOUNDARY PATROL ROAD IEC/IEC's Representative: AND ASSOCIATED SECURITY FACILITIES BETWEEN PING YUEN RIVER AND PAK FU SHAN AND DRAINAGE WORKS IN NORTH DISTRIC RE/RE's Representative: Inspection ETL/ ET's Representative: 16. Oct 2014 Date: Contractor's Representative: Time: PART A: **GENERAL INFORMATION** Environmental Permit No. Sunny Fine EP-277/2007A Weather: Cloudy Rainy Temperature: 3 OC. High Moderate N/A Humidity: Low Wind: Strong Breeze Light Calm Channel Area Inspected ΑII PART B: SITE AUDIT Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; EM&A Not **Follow** Photo/ Note: Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Yes No N/A REF: Obs. Remarks Up Applicable Section 6: Ecology 1.01 6.5.8 earthworks to widen the stream have been undertaken from the landward side and existing Z stream unlouched except during the final stage 1.04 6.5.9 widened stream bottom floored with natural materials to approximate as closely as possible to the rocky components of a natural stream bottom 1.02 6.5.10 Any essential works outside the dry season have been temporarily isolated from the stream 1.03 6.5.11 Excavation works have been restricted to 300m length at any one time 1.04 6.5.13 native riparian trees which would be impacted during construction works have been transplanted to \Box П suitable sites within the project area where possible 1.05 6.5.22 Construction activities have been restricted to works area that should be clearly demarcated 1.06 6.5.22 Temporary diversions have been provided to ensure continuous water flow to the downstream section. 1.07 6.5.22 The proposed works site inside or in the proximity of natural streams have been temporarily isolated 1.08 6.5.22 no disturbance to the stream bed and bank have been found from construction works, equipment or workers for the stream section where the existing natural stream bed and bank will be left untouched 1.09 6.5.22 Temporary access track on streambed have been kept to the minimum width and length Z Temporary stream crossings are supported on stilts 1.10 6.5.22 6 above the stream bed. 1.11 6.5.22 Adequate temporary drainage measures including sediment and oil/grease traps have been provided to prevent contaminated site run-off entering the water bodies

1.12

6.5.22

Stockpiling of construction materials, spoils and

away from water bodies

waste have been properly covered and located

Ecological Site Inspection and Audit Checklist

Note:	EM&A REF:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.13	6.5.22	Supervisory staff of the contractor have been assigned to station on site to closely supervise and monitor the construction works		P				
1,14	6,5,22	workers have bee regularly briefed to avoid disturbing the flora and fauna near the works area		Ø				3
1.15	6.5.22	Construction effluent, site run-off and sewage have been properly collected, treated and disposed						F
1.16	6,5,22	details of the mitigation measures to be implemented during construction stage have been submitted to the Engineer for approval						

Remarks

Mo patientar Sinding.

IEC's representative	RE's representative	ET's representative	Contractor's representative	Ecologist
()	()	()	(Elin Lam)	Hinte Pung.

Ecological Site Inspection and Audit Checklist DSD Contract No. DC/2011/06 Checklist No. Inspected by Project: REPROVISIONING OF BOUNDARY PATROL ROAD IEC/IEC's Representative: ASSOCIATED SECURITY FACILITIES BETWEEN PING YUEN RIVER AND PAK FU SHAN AND DRAINAGE WORKS IN NORTH DISTRIC RE/RE's Representative: Inspection ETL/ ET's Representative: Date: Contractor's Representative: Time: **GENERAL INFORMATION** Environmental Permit No. PART A: EP-277/2007A Sunny Fine Weather: Cloudy Rainy Temperature: ٥C 31 High Moderate N/A Humidity: Low Wind: Strong Breeze Light Calm Area Inspected Channel ΑII PART B: SITE AUDIT Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; EM&A **Follow** Photo/ Not No N/A Note: Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Yes REF: Obs. Up Remarks Applicable Section 6: Ecology 6.5.8 1.01 earthworks to widen the stream have been undertaken from the landward side and existing stream untouched except during the final stage 1.04 6.5.9 widened stream bottom floored with natural materials to approximate as closely as possible to the rocky components of a natural stream bottom 6.5.10 Any essential works outside the dry season have 1.02 been temporarily isolated from the stream 6.5.11 1.03 Excavation works have been restricted to 300m length at any one time 1.04 6.5.13 native riparian trees which would be impacted during construction works have been transplanted to П suitable sites within the project area where possible 1.05 6.5.22 Construction activities have been restricted to works area that should be clearly demarcated

Ecological Site Inspection and Audit Checklist

Note:	EM&A REF:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.13	6.5.22	Supervisory staff of the contractor have been assigned to station on site to closely supervise and monitor the construction works						
1.14	6,5,22	workers have bee regularly briefed to avoid disturbing the flora and fauna near the works area						
1.15	6.5.22	Construction effluent, site run-off and sewage have been properly collected, treated and disposed						
1.16	6.5.22	details of the mitigation measures to be implemented during construction stage have been submitted to the Engineer for approval						

Remarks

No. Particular Sinding.

IEC's representative		RE's representative	ET's representative	Contractor's representative	Ecologist
()	()	()	(Fin Lam)	Hist. Pany.

Ecological Site Inspection and Audit Checklist Project: DSD Contract No. DC/2011/06 Inspected by Checklist No. REPROVISIONING OF BOUNDARY PATROL ROAD IEC/IEC's Representative: ASSOCIATED SECURITY FACILITIES BETWEEN PING YUEN RIVER AND PAK FU SHAN AND DRAINAGE WORKS IN NORTH DISTRIC RE/RE's Representative: Inspection ETL/ ET's Representative: Date: Contractor's Representative: Time: 14:3 PART A: **GENERAL INFORMATION Environmental Permit No.** Fine EP-277/2007A Weather: Sunny Cloudy Rainy Temperature °C Moderate High N/A Humidity: Low Wind: Calm Strong **Breeze** Light Channel Area Inspected ΑII PART B: SITE AUDIT Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; EM&A Not **Follow** Photo/ Note: Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Yes No N/A REF: Ohs. Remarks Up Applicable Section 6: Ecology 1.01 6,5.8 earthworks to widen the stream have been undertaken from the landward side and existing П stream unlouched except during the final stage 1.04 6.5.9 widened stream bottom floored with natural materials to approximate as closely as possible to the rocky components of a natural stream bottom 1.02 6.5.10 Any essential works outside the dry season have been temporarily isolated from the stream 6.5.11 1.03 Excavation works have been restricted to 300m length at any one time \Box 6.5.13 1.04 native riparian trees which would be impacted during construction works have been transplanted to П suitable sites within the project area where possible 1.05 6,5.22 Construction activities have been restricted to works area that should be clearly demarcated 1.06 6.5.22 Temporary diversions have been provided to ensure continuous water flow to the downstream section. 1.07 6.5.22 The proposed works site inside or in the proximity of natural streams have been temporarily isolated 6.5.22 1.08 no disturbance to the stream bed and bank have been found from construction works, equipment or workers for the stream section where the existing natural stream bed and bank will be left untouched 1.09 6.5.22 Temporary access track on streambed have been kept to the minimum width and length 1.10 6.5.22 Temporary stream crossings are supported on stilts above the stream bed. 1.11 6.5.22 Adequate temporary drainage measures including

sediment and oil/grease traps have been provided

to prevent contaminated site run-off entering the

Stockpiling of construction materials, spoils and

waste have been properly covered and located

water bodies

away from water bodies

1.12

6.5.22

Ecological Site Inspection and Audit Checklist

Note:	EM&A REF:	Not Obs.: Not Observed; Yes: Compliance; No: Non-Compliance; Follow Up: Observations requiring follow-Up actions N/A: Not Applicable	Not Obs.	Yes	No	Follow Up	N/A	Photo/ Remarks
1.13	6.5.22	Supervisory staff of the contractor have been assigned to station on site to closely supervise and monitor the construction works		d				
1.14	6.5.22	workers have bee regularly briefed to avoid disturbing the flora and fauna near the works area		Þ				< c
1.15	6.5.22	Construction effluent, site run-off and sewage have been properly collected, treated and disposed						7
1.16	6.5.22	details of the mitigation measures to be implemented during construction stage have been submitted to the Engineer for approval						3

Remarks

Mo- Pertialan Sinding.

IEC's representative	RE's representative	ET's representative	Contractor's representative	Ecologist
()	(()	(Flin Lan)	Hint Pany!