#### MTR Corporation Limited

#### ROAD WORKS at WEST KOWLOON

(No. EP-366/2009/A)

Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report No. 33 (March 2014)

Verified by :

Position : Independent Environmental Checker

Date : 11 April 2014

#### MTR Corporation Limited

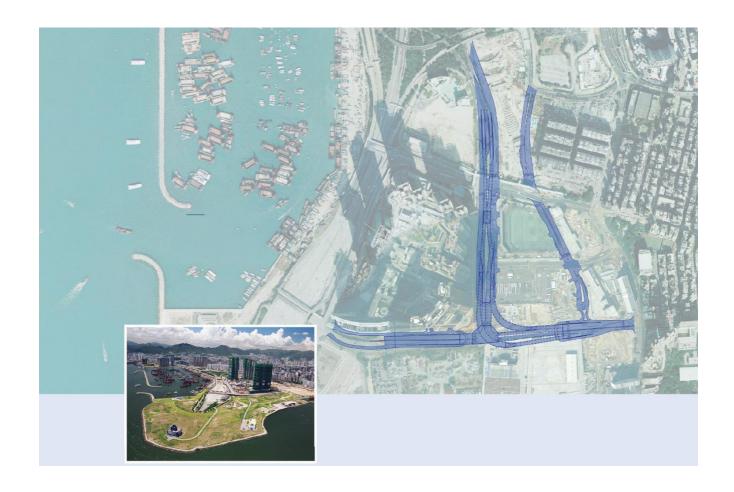
## ROAD WORKS at WEST KOWLOON (No. EP-366/2009/A)

Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report No. 33 (March 2014)

Certified by	•	(Kluzin	
Position	•	Environmental Team Leader	
Date		11 April 2014	



## ROADWORKS AT WEST KOWLOON



Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report No. 33 March 2014

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This is the 33<sup>rd</sup> monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report presenting the EM&A works undertaken during the period from 1 to 31 March 2014 for the Road Works at West Kowloon (hereinafter referred to "the Roadworks" or "the Project") in accordance with the EM&A Manual and the requirement under EP-366/2009/A.

#### Air Quality

Air quality monitoring was conducted for 24-hour Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) at three (3) air quality monitoring locations in the vicinity of Works Area in West Kowloon in the reporting month.

Please refer to the section "Environmental Complaints/Exceedance/Non-compliance/ Summons and Prosecution" below for the exceedances in air quality in the reporting month.

#### Air-borne Noise

Air-borne noise was measured in terms of  $L_{eq(30min)}dB(A)$  with  $L_{10}$  and  $L_{90}$  measurements as reference at four (4) noise monitoring locations in the vicinity of Works Area in West Kowloon in the interval of once every week.

Please refer to the section "Environmental Complaints/Exceedance/Non-compliance/ Summons and Prosecution" below for the air-borne noise exceedances in the reporting month.

#### **Environmental Audits**

In this reporting month, regular site inspections attended by representative from MTRCL and Contractors were carried out at 810A, 810B and 811B at West Kowloon. In addition to the regular site inspections, IEC environmental audits attended by IEC, MTRCL and Contractors were held on monthly basis. Issues observed during these inspections and audits are detailed in Section 6.

## Environmental Complaints / Exceedance / Non-compliance / Summons and Prosecution

For the reporting month, there was no environmental complaint referred from EPD. Complaint investigations would be conducted in accordance with the complaint handling procedure in the EM&A Manual when receive.

No record of exceedance on both air-borne noise Action and Limit Levels in the reporting month.

One exceedance of 24-hour TSP Limit Level was recorded at The Victoria Towers (CAM-3) on 4 March 2014 and no exceedance of 24-hour TSP Action Level were recorded during the reporting month.

No environmental incident/event related to Roadworks was recorded during the reporting period. Besides, in the reporting period, no summons, no non-compliances and no prosecutions was received related to the Roadworks by MTRCL and/or the Contractors of 810A, 810B and 811B.

#### Works for Coming Month

The construction works were continued in the reporting month of March 2014 and the major works for the following month were summarized in Table 8-1. Impact monitoring has been continued in the reporting month with reference to the EM&A Manual.

#### Further Environmental Key Issues

Air quality impact and air-borne noise at the affected sensitive receivers shall continue in the following month. Considering the nature of construction activities, key environmental issues in the coming months include the followings:

- Disposal of C&D waste;
- Dust generation from site activities;
- Noise impact from operating equipment;
- Site water discharge; and
- Chemical wastes.

#### Reporting Changes

In the reporting period, there were no reporting changes.

#### **Table of Contents**

Exe	cutive Summary1
1.	Introduction4
2.	Project Information5
3.	Environmental Status6
4.	Summary of EM&A Requirement8
5.	Monitoring Result
6.	Site Inspection14
7.	Non-Compliance And Deficiency16
8.	Future Key Issues
9.	Conclusions
Lis	t of Appendices
Apj	pendix A Works Area

- **Appendix B** Project Management Organization and Contacts of Key Personnel
- **Appendix C** Implementation Status
- **Appendix D** Monitoring Locations
- **Appendix E** Monitoring Schedule
- **Appendix F** Graphical Plots of Monitoring Results
- **Appendix G** Meteorological Data

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Project Background

In April 2008, the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) requested MTR Corporation Limited (MTRCL) to proceed with further planning and design of the Hong Kong section of the Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link, which runs from the West Kowloon Terminus (WKT) to the boundary at Huanggang.

Upon the opening of the WKT of Express Rail Link (XRL) and the development of the West Kowloon Cultural District (WKCD), additional road traffic capacity and network restructuring would be required through and within the West Kowloon Reclamation Area (WKRA). Roads namely D1A, D1, Lin Cheung Road – Austin Road West Underpass and upgrading of Austin Road West would be used to accommodate the anticipated increase in road traffic.

#### 1.2 Coverage

This is the 33<sup>rd</sup> monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report presenting the EM&A works undertaken during the period from 1 to 31 March 2014 for the Road Works in accordance with the EM&A Manual and the requirement under Environmental Permit No. EP-366/2009/A which was issued on 18 June 2012.

#### 2. PROJECT INFORMATION

#### 2.1 Project Management Organisation and Management Structure

The project management organisation chart and contact of key personnel are shown in Appendix B.

#### 2.2 Construction Activities

This report marked the 33<sup>rd</sup> month of civil construction in Works Area in West Kowloon for March 2014. It is anticipated that the civil construction be completed in late year 2014 or early 2015. The updated construction activity is provided in Section 8. Major construction activities undertaken in the reporting month is summarized in the following table.

Contract	Major Construction Activities
810A	Construction of gas main; Trial trench or pit along sheet pile wall; H pile installation and grouting; Pre-drilling; Slab formation; Bore piling; Pre-boring of sheet pile; and Sheet pile installation
810B	Sheet piling, Drainage work and Road diversion
811B	Pipe installation for sewer diversion from manhole no. MH P9B to P8A

 Table 2-1
 Major construction activities in March 2014

#### 3. ENVIRONMENTAL STATUS

#### 3.1 Status of Implementation of mitigation measures

Environmental mitigation measures recommended in the EIA report were implemented and their implementation status is summarized in Appendix C.

#### 3.2 Status of Submissions under EP

A summary of the submissions submitted under the EP for this Project as at 31 March 2014 is presented in Table 3-1 below:

EP-366/2009/A Clause No.	Document Title	Status
3.4	Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report (February 2014)	Submitted on 12 March 2014.

**Table 3-1** Summary of the status of submissions submitted under the EP in the reporting month

#### 3.3 Status of Permit/License/Notifications

A summary of the status of permits, licences and notifications on the environmental protection made, applied or approved under this Project during the previous and reporting month is presented in Table 3-2 below. The Environmental Permit No. EP-366/2009/A issued by EPD was used for the Road Works under the XRL project.

Item	Item Description	Application Date	Permit Status			
Contra	Contract 810A					
1	Construction Noise Permit (General Works)	11 Feb 2014	Granted on 28 Feb 2014 Permit No. GW-RE0215-14, valid from 1 Mar 2014 to 19 Mar 2014			
Contra	ct 810B					
1	Construction Noise Permit (General Works)	27 Feb 2014	Granted on 12 Mar 2014 Permit No. GW-RE0250-14, valid from 15 Mar 2014 to 14 Sept 2014			
2	Dumping Permit for Type 1 marine sediment	4 Feb 2014	Granted on 19 Mar 2014 Permit No. EP/MD/114-143, valid period – 1 Apr 2014 to 30 Sept 2014			
3	Dumping Permit for Type 2 marine sediment	27 Feb 2014	Granted on 19 Mar 2014  Permit No. EP/MD/14-153, valid period – 21 Mar 2014 to 20 Apr 2014			
sediment provision supplementary		8 Jun 2013 with provision of supplementary info. on 7 Feb 2014	Granted on 14 Feb 2014  Permit No. EP/MD/14-027, valid period – 17 Feb 2014 to 16 Mar 2014			
Contra	Contract 811B					
No	No updates in the reporting month					

**Table 3-2** Summary of the status of permits, licences and notifications made, applied and approved under this Project during the previous and reporting month

#### 4. SUMMARY OF EM&A REQUIREMENT

#### 4.1 Air Quality

#### 4.1.1 Air Quality Parameters

In accordance to the EM&A Manual, 24-hour Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) levels were measured at three (3) air monitoring locations in accordance with the EM&A Manual. Monitoring was undertaken at each monitoring location once per every 6 days. Information such as date of monitoring, duration, weather condition, equipment used and monitoring results shall be recorded on the field data sheet developed for the Project. Monitoring results are summarized in Section 5.

#### 4.1.2 Monitoring Methodology and Calibration

Monitoring was undertaken to establish for 24-hour Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) at three (3) monitoring locations in the vicinity of the Works Area in West Kowloon. Monitoring of 24-hour TSP was carried out using a high volume sampler (HVS) according to Part 50 Chapter 1 Appendix B, Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations of the USEPA.

The sampling procedure follows to that described Part 50 Chapter 1 Appendix B, Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations of the USEPA. TSP is sampled by drawing air through a conditioned, pre-weighed filter paper inside the high volume sampler at a controlled rate. After 24-hour sampling the filter paper with retained particles shall be collected and returned to HOKLAS accredited laboratory (ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd) for drying in a desiccators followed by accurate weighing. TSP levels are calculated from the ratio of the mass of particulate retained on the filter paper to the total volume of air sampled.

The flow rate of the high volume sampler with mass flow controller was calibrated using an orifice calibrator. Initial calibration (five points) was conducted upon installation and prior to commissioning. Calibration was carried out every six months. The details of calibration are shown in Table 4-1. The samplers shall be properly maintained. Prior to dust monitoring commencing, appropriate checks shall be made to ensure that all equipment and necessary power supply are in good working condition.

Monitoring Station ID	Air Quality Monitoring Station	HVS Serial Number	Last Calibration Date
CAM-1	Podium between Sorrento and The Waterfront	515	28 Oct 2013
CAM-2	Podium next to Tower 3, The Waterfront	1282	28 Oct 2013
CAM-3	Roof of Lift Building, The Victoria Towers	528	28 Oct 2013

 Table 4-1
 Calibration details of HVS

#### 4.1.3 Monitoring Location

According to the EM&A Manual, air quality monitoring was carried out at the locations as shown in Table 4-1 above. The monitoring locations are illustrated in Appendix D.

#### 4.1.4 Action and Limit Levels

With reference to the baseline monitoring results, the Action and Limit Levels for the 24-hour TSP monitoring derived are shown in Table 4-2. For reference purpose, the Action and Limit Levels for 1-hr TSP monitoring are included, too.

Monitoring	1-hour TSP Level in μg/m³		24-hour TSP Level in μg/m³	
Station ID	Action Level	Limit Level	Action Level	Limit Level
CAM-1	298.4	500	168.8	260
CAM-2	295.6	500	155.9	260
CAM-3	319.4	500	179.3	260

 Table 4-2
 Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality

#### 4.2 Air-borne Noise

#### 4.2.1 Noise Parameters

In accordance to the EM&A Manual, construction air-borne noise monitoring shall be conducted to obtain one set of 30-minute measurement at each monitoring station between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays at a frequency of once per week when construction activities are underway. The  $L_{eq}$ ,  $L_{10}$  and  $L_{90}$  were also recorded at the specified interval.

#### 4.2.2 Monitoring Methodology and Calibration

As referred to the Technical Memorandum (TM) issued under the NCO, sound level meters in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications shall be used for carrying out the noise monitoring. Sound Level Meters Model B&K 2250, which complies with the above-mentioned specifications, were used for construction noise monitoring.

Immediately prior to and following each noise measurement the accuracy of the sound level meter should be checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements may be accepted as valid only if the difference between calibration levels obtained before and after the noise measurement is less than 1.0 dB.

The sound level meters and calibrator are verified by the certified laboratory or manufacturer at a regular interval to ensure they perform to the same level of accuracy as stated in the manufacturer's specifications. Details of the calibration record are shown in Table 4-4.

Monitoring Station ID	Noise Monitoring Location	Serial Number	Last Calibration Date [1]	
Sound Level Met	ers			
CNM-1	Man Cheong Street Refuse Station	2701816	9 January 2014	
CNM-2	Tower 6, Sorrento	2701826	28 January 2014	
CNM-3	Podium next to Tower 3, The Waterfront	2701823	19 December 2013	
CNM-4 Tower 2, The Harbour Side		2701886	27 May 2013	
Calibrator				
Serial Number		Last Calibrati	on Date	
N674902		26 October 2013		

Notes: [1] Next calibration date to be confirmed.

 Table 4-4
 Calibration details of noise monitoring equipments

#### 4.2.3 Monitoring Location

According to the EM&A Manual, air-borne noise monitoring was carried out at the locations as shown in Table 4-4 above. The monitoring locations are illustrated in Appendix D.

#### 4.2.4 Action and Limit Levels

The Action and Limit Levels for the construction air-borne noise are shown in Table 4-5 below.

Time Period	Action	Limit
0700-1900 hours on	When one documented	75 dB(A) for residential premises
normal weekdays	complaint is received	70 dB(A) for school and 65 dB(A) during examination period

 Table 4-5
 Action and Limit Levels for Air-borne Construction Noise

#### 5. MONITORING RESULT

#### 5.1 Air Quality

The monitoring schedule is shown in Appendix E. Results of 24-hour TSP level and the graphical presentation of monitoring results are shown in Appendix F. The weather condition during the monitoring period is summarized in Appendix G.

For the 24-hour TSP Limit Level exceedance at CAM-3 on 4 March 2014, actions stipulated under the Event and Action Plan (Table 3.3 of the EM&A Manual) were undertaken. The ER, IEC and Contractors were informed of the exceedance. It was investigated that the exceedance might possibly due to the prevailing wind (refer to the data in the website of HKO) which carried the pollutant towards the monitoring station and not likely caused by the construction works on site. However the Contractors were reminded to implement proper dust suppression measure on site. The situation would be reviewed by ET and IEC continuously.

Apart from the above, no exceedance of 24-hr TSP Action Level was recorded in the reporting month.

#### 5.2 Noise

The monitoring schedule is shown in Appendix E. Results of measured air-borne noise level, in terms of  $L_{eq(30min)}$  and graphical presentations are presented in Appendix F. The weather condition during the monitoring period is summarized in Appendix G.

In the reporting month, no exceedance of air-borne noise Limit Levels was recorded. Action stipulated under the Event and Action Plan (Table 2.3 of the EM&A Manual) would be undertaken if exceedance was recorded.

Apart from the above, no air-borne noise exceedance of Action Levels was recorded in the reporting month.

#### 5.3 Waste Management

The quantities of waste disposed from the Project in the reporting month with the previous 2 months was summarized in the following table:

D (1 M (1	Inert C&D [1]	Non-inert C&D [2]	Chemical Waste		
Reporting Month	Materials (tonnes)	Materials (tonnes)	(litre)	(kg)	
Contract 810A [3]					
January 2014	17.7	0	0	0	
February 2014	20.3	0	0	20	
March 2014	6.4	0	0	0	
Contract 810B [4]					
January 2014	565	61.9	0	0	
February 2014	523	39.3	0	0	
March 2014	95	53.7	0	0	
<b>Contract 811B</b> [5]					
January 2014	0	0	0	0	
February 2014	0	0	0	0	
March 2014	0	0	0	0	

 Table 5-1
 Summary of construction waste generated and disposed

#### Note:

- [1]. Inert C&D materials include bricks, concrete, building debris, rubble and excavated soil.
- [2]. Non-inert C&D materials include steel, paper / cardboard packaging waste, plastics and other wastes such as general refuse.
- [3]. Alternative disposal sites for inert C&D material from 810A include WENT Landfill.
- [4]. Alternative disposal sites for inert C&D material from 810B include Central-Wan Chai Bypass (Typhoon Shelter and HKCEC) and Zhongshan Torch Hi-Tech Zone.
- [5]. Alternative disposal sites for inert C&D material from Contract 811B include Central-Wan Chai Bypass, Contract HK12/02 CRIII, Lim Wan EPD Sludge Treatment Plant (EP/SP/58/08) and Zhongshan Torch Hi-Tech Zone.

#### 6. SITE INSPECTION

Regular site inspections on all environmental aspects under the EM&A Manual were attended by representatives from ET and Contractors. The site inspections were carried out at 810A, 810B and 811B in West Kowloon and dates are shown in the following table. In addition to the regular site inspections attended by ET and Contractors, monthly IEC environmental audits attended by IEC, ET and Contractors were held on 12 March 2014 in 810A, 5 March 2014 in 810B and 19 March 2014 in 811B.

Contract	Date of Site Inspections
810A	6/3, 12/3, 20/3 and 27/3
810B	5/3, 12/3, 19/3 and 26/3
811B	3/3, 12/3, 19/3 and 26/3

**Table 6-1** Date of site inspections in March 2014

All observations have been recorded in the audit checklist and passed to the Contractor together with the appropriate recommended mitigation measures where necessary. The key observations from these site inspections and Contractor's follow-up action are summarized in Table 6-2 below. No non-compliance was observed.

Item	Description	Contractor's Follow-up Action(s) Undertaken
Contract 810A		
1	No proper measure was in place for	Drip tray has been provided for the
	chemical drums at the wastewater	chemical drums used at the
	treatment plant used at the works	wastewater treatment plant.
	area at Wui Man Road	

Item	Description	Contractor's Follow-up Action(s) Undertaken
Contr	ract 810B	
1	The excavation was commenced at the works area at Austin Road West (W); however the wastewater treatment facility was not properly connected to divert the water.	The connection of wastewater treatment facility has been commenced and would be completed in early April 2014 tentatively.
Contr	eact 811B	
1	and small amount of wastewater	The water has been pumped to the nearby wastewater treatment plant to prevent overflow to adjacent public road.

 Table 6-2
 Summary of site inspections, recommendations and follow-up actions

#### 7. NON-COMPLIANCE AND DEFICIENCY

#### 7.1 Summary of Complaint

For this reporting month, there was no environmental complaint referred from EPD. There were a total of twenty-five (25) environmental complaints counted since the commencement of the construction. The complaints were handled in accordance to the EM&A Manual and relevant parties including the Engineer's Representative and IEC when receive.

Apart from the above, the Contractors were reminded to ensure that the legal requirements were complied with. As the Environmental Team (ET) of the Project, we will ensure compliance of the requirements stated in the EM&A Manual and closely liaise with the stakeholders to address any environmental concerns.

#### 7.2 Summary of Exceedance

In the reporting month, no exceedance of air-borne noise Limit Level was recorded. Actions stipulated under the Event and Action Plan (Table 2.3 of the EM&A Manual) would be undertaken for exceedance if applicable.

Apart from the above, no air-borne noise exceedance of Action Level was recorded in the reporting month.

No exceedance of 24-hr TSP Action Levels was recorded in the reporting month. One exceedance of 24-hr TSP Limit Levels was recorded and actions stipulated under the Event and Action Plan (Table 3.3 of the EM&A Manual) were undertaken. Investigation findings and conclusions have been presented in Section 5.1.

## 7.3 Summary of Notification of Summons, Prosecutions, Non-compliance and Corrective Actions

No notification of environmental warnings from EPD, no summons, no non-compliance and no prosecutions was received related to the Roadworks by MTRCL and the Contractors of 810A, 810B and 811B in the reporting period.

#### 8. FUTURE KEY ISSUES

#### 8.1 Construction Works in Coming Months

Works to be undertaken for the following month are summarized below. The works presented below are tentative and subject to change in actual construction programme.

Contract	Major Construction Activities
810A	Construction of gas main; Trial trench or pit along sheet pile wall; H pile installation and grouting; Pre-drilling; Slab formation; Bore piling; Pre-boring of sheet pile; and Sheet pile installation
810B	Sheet piling; Drainage work and Road diversion
811B	Pipe installation for sewer diversion from MH P9B to P8A

**Table 8-1** Summary of construction works in the coming month (i.e. April 2014)

According to the latest programme, civil construction would be continued in the coming month. Impact monitoring would be continued according to the construction programme.

#### 8.2 Monitoring Schedule for Next Month

The tentative schedule of TSP and air-borne noise monitoring for the next reporting period is presented in Appendix E.

#### 9. CONCLUSIONS

The Report presents the results of EM&A works and the impact monitoring for the construction works of the Roadworks under the XRL project undertaken during the period of 1 to 31 March 2014. The major construction activities in the reporting period included foundation works in the West Kowloon Works Areas.

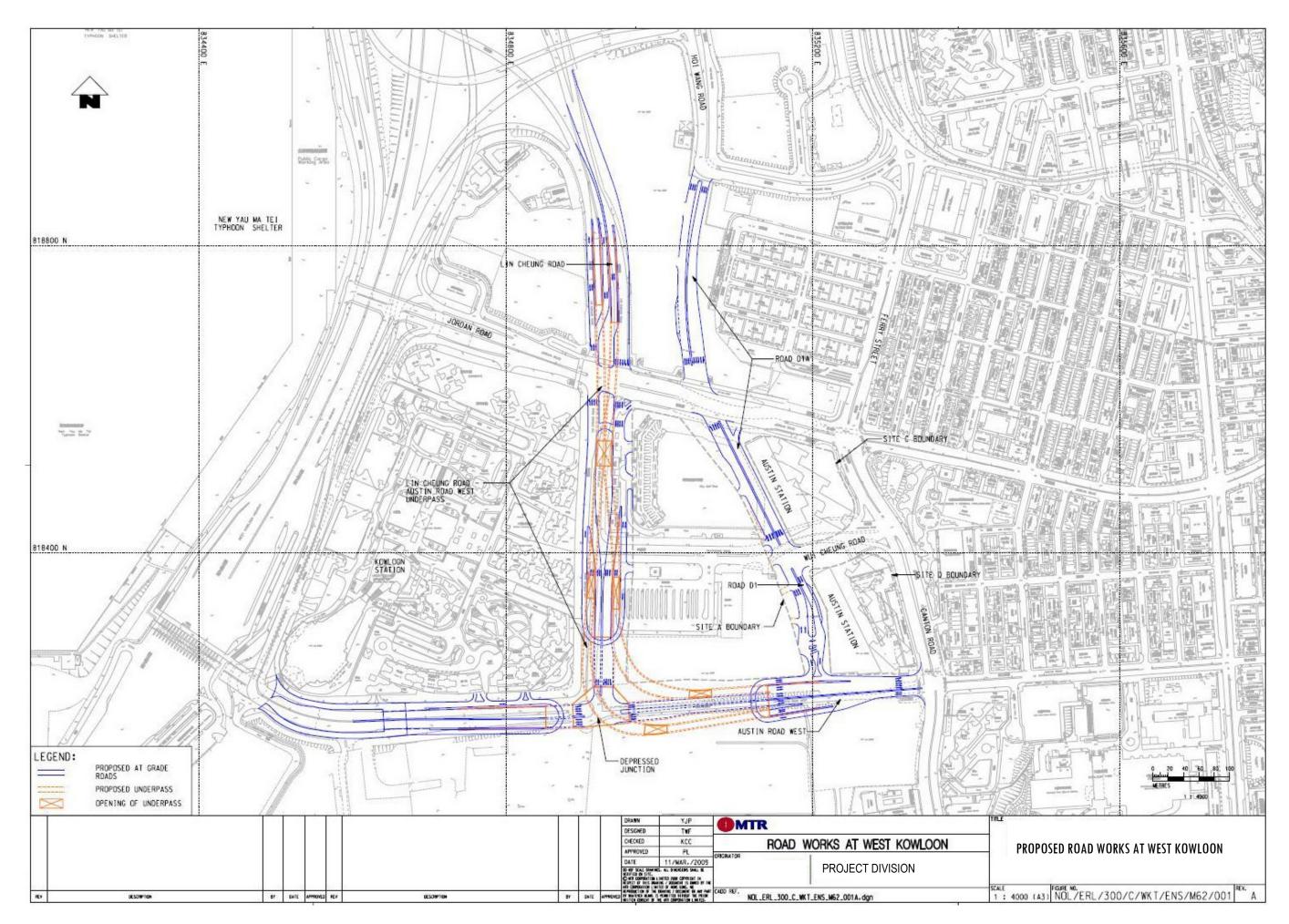
Impact monitoring for air quality and air-borne noise were conducted in accordance with the EM&A Manual in the reporting period. No exceedance of both Action and Limit Levels in air-borne noise was recorded in the reporting month. No exceedance of 24-hour TSP Action Levels and one exceedance of 24-hr TSP Limit Levels was recorded in the reporting month.

For the reporting month, no environmental complaint was referred from EPD. The complaint would be handled in accordance with the procedures stipulated and investigations were carried out in accordance with the EM&A Manual when receive. Apart from that, no warning, no summons, no prosecutions and no non-compliance were received for Roadworks in the reporting month.

Site inspections were conducted regularly to monitor proper implementation of environmental pollution control and mitigation measures for the Project. The ET would continue the implementation of the environmental monitoring and audit programme in accordance to the EM&A Manual and to a level consistent with MTRCL's Corporate Sustainability Policy.

Appendix A

Works Area



Appendix B

Project Management Organization and Contacts of Key Personnel

Title	Name	Telephone	
Engineer's Representative			
Construction Manager (Contract 810A)	Mr. Stephen BOREMAN	2926 9170	
Construction Manager (Contract 810B)	Mr. KS LIM	2926 9098	
Construction Manager (Contract 810A/811B)	Mr. Albert LAM	2164 2988	
Independent Environmental Checker	•		
Divisional Manager	Dr. Anne KERR	2828 5793	
Environmental Team			
Environmental Team Leader	Mr. Richard KWAN	2688 1179	
Contractors			
Contract 810A	1		
Principle Project Director	Mr. Dale WALTON	3759 9810	
Senior Environmental Officer	Mr. Dominic FUNG	3759 9796	
Environmental Officer	Mr. Calvin SO	3759 9793	
Environmental Officer	Ms. Shirley LUI	3759 9791	
Contract 810B			
Project Director	Mr. Jeremy MATTERSON	2472 8050	
Environmental Manger	Mr. Calvin SZE	2472 9509	
Environmental Officer	Ms. Julie CHEN	2472 9510	
Contract 811B			
Project Manager	Mr. Chris WILLIAMS	2269 1518	
Project Quality and Environmental Manager	Mr. Michael LENEY 2269 1		
Environmental Officer	Ms. Sammie CHAN	2269 1507	

# Appendix C Implementation Status

#### Appendix C IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE OF THE RECOMMENDED MITIGATION MEASURES FOR CONSTRUCTION PHASE

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
Noise Con	trol				
3.53 – 3.54	The following quiet PME should be used:	To reduce the construction airborne noise impact.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implement as per the construction programme.
	Pneumatic breaker     (SWL=110dB(A))				
	Tracked Excavator Fitted with Hydraulic Breaker (SWL=110dB(A))				
	Truck Mixer     (SWL=100dB(A))				
	Tracked Crane     (SWL=101dB(A))				
	Dump Truck     (SWL=103dB(A))				
	Tracked Excavator/Loader (SWL=105dB(A))				
	Dozer (SWL=111dB(A))				
	Road Roller    (SWL=101dB(A))				
3.55	Use of movable noise barriers, acoustic mats and acoustic sheds for excavator, handheld pneumatic chipper and etc.	To reduce the construction airborne noise impact.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Movable noise barriers have been made and placed at the excavation zone or the works areas that will generate noise nuisance.

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implem	entation S	Status
3.57	Good Site Practice:  • Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction program;	To reduce the construction airborne noise impact.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented programme.	as per	construction
	Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be utilized and should be properly maintained during the construction programme;						
	Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far from noise sensitive receivers (NSRs) as possible;						
	Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum;						
	Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs; and						
	Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilized, wherever practicable, in						

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implen	nenta	tion S	itatus
3.57	screening noise from on- site construction activities	To reduce the construction airborne noise impact.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented programme.	as	per	construction
Air Quality	Control							
Table 4.6	The excavation and sandfill areas limited to 30% actively operating and complete watering coverage of these active areas eight times a day as recommended.	To reduce the construction airborne noise impact.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented programme.	as	per	construction
4.77	Implementation of dust suppression measures stipulated in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation.	To reduce the construction airborne noise impact.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.			
	<ul> <li>Skip hoist for material transport should be totally enclosed by impervious sheeting.</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Every vehicle should be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels before leaving the construction site.</li> </ul>	any m its pefore						
	The area where vehicle washing takes place and the section of the road between the washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcore.							

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
4.77	Where a site boundary adjoins a road, streets or other accessible to the public, hoarding of not less than 2.4m high from ground level should be provided along the entire length except for a site entrance or exit.	To reduce the construction airborne noise impact.	,	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
	Every stack of more than 20 bags of cement should be placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides and be covered entirely by impervious sheeting.				
	All dusty materials should be sprayed with water prior to any loading, unloading or transfer operation so as to maintain the dusty materials wet.				
	The height from which excavated materials are dropped should be controlled to a minimum practical height to limit fugitive dust generation from falling and landing.				
	The load of dusty materials carried by vehicle leaving a construction site should be covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting to				

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
4.77	ensure dust materials do not spread from the vehicle.	To reduce the construction airborne noise impact.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
	<ul> <li>Investigation of an environmental monitoring and auditing program to monitor the construction process in order to enforce controls and modify method of work if dusty conditions arise.</li> </ul>				
Water Qua	lity Control			•	
5.30 -5.42	General Construction Activities and Construction site run-off::	To control water quality impact from construction site runoff	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction	Implemented.
	The mitigation measures as outlined in the ProPECC PN 1/94 Construction Site Drainage should be adopted where applicable.	and general construction activities.		phase	
5.43	There is a need to apply to EPD for a discharge licence for discharge of effluent from the construction site under the WPCO. The discharge quality should meet the requirements specified in the discharge licence. Minimum distances of 100 m should be maintained between the discharge points of construction site	To control water quality impact from construction site runoff and general construction activities.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
5.43	effluent and the existing seawater intakes. If monitoring of the treated effluent quality from the works areas is required during the construction phase of the Project, the monitoring should be carried out in accordance with the relevant WPCO licence which is under the ambit of regional office (RO) of EPD.	To control water quality impact from construction site runoff and general construction activities.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
5.44	No contaminated groundwater is anticipated in the works areas. Appropriate measures will be deployed to minimize the intrusion of groundwater into excavation works areas. In case seepage of uncontaminated groundwater occurs, groundwater should be pumped out from the works areas and discharged into the storm system via silt removal facilities. Ground water from dewatering process should also be discharged into the storm system via silt traps.	To control water quality impact from construction site runoff and general construction activities.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented as per construction programme.

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
5.45 -5.47	Contractor must register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be produced from the construction activities. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation should be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes.      Any service shop and maintenance facilities should be located on hard standings within a bunded area, and sumps and oil interceptors should be provided. Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential for leakage and spillage should only be undertaken within the areas appropriately equipped to control these discharges.	To control water quality impact from construction site runoff and general construction activities.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
	<ul> <li>Disposal of chemical wastes should be carried out in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance.</li> </ul>				

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
5.45 -5.47	The Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published under the Waste Disposal Ordinance details the requirements to deal with chemical wastes. General requirements are given as follows:	To control water quality impact from construction site runoff and general construction activities.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
	Suitable containers should be used to hold the chemical wastes to avoid leakage or spillage during storage, handling and transport.				
	Chemical waste containers should be suitably labelled, to notify and warn the personnel who are handling the wastes, to avoid accidents.				
	Storage area should be selected at a safe location on site and adequate space should be allocated to the storage area.				
5.48 -5.49	Sewage Effluent from Construction Workforce  • Sufficient chemical toilets should be provided in the works areas. A licensed	To control water quality impact from construction site runoff and general construction activities.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
5.48 -5.49	waste collector should be deployed to clean the chemical toilets on a regular basis.	To control water quality impact from construction site runoff and general construction activities.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
	Notices should be posted at conspicuous locations to remind the workers not to discharge any sewage or wastewater into the nearby environment. Regular environmental audit of the construction site will provide an effective control of any malpractices and can encourage continual improvement of environmental performance on site. It is anticipated that sewage generation during the construction phase of the project would not cause water pollution problem after undertaking all required measures.				
Waste Man	agement				
6.47	All waste materials should be segregated into categories covering:  • Excavated materials suitable for reuse;  • Inert C&D materials for disposal off-site;	To implement on-site sorting facilitating reuse and recycling of materials as well as proper disposal of waste.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
6.47	<ul> <li>Non-inert C&amp;D materials for disposal at landfills;</li> <li>Chemical waste; and</li> <li>General refuse.</li> </ul>	To implement on-site sorting facilitating reuse and recycling of materials as well as proper disposal of waste.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
6.50	Recommendations for good site practices during the construction activities include:	facilitating reuse and recycling of materials as well as proper disposal of waste.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
	<ul> <li>Training of site personnel in, site cleanliness, proper waste management and chemical handling procedures;</li> </ul>				
	Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection of waste;				
	Appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers;				
	Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; and				
	Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment.				

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status		Status
6.51	Recommendations for waste reduction measures include:  Sorting of demolition debris and excavated materials from demolition works to recover reusable/ recyclable portions (i.e. soil, broken concrete, metal etc.);  Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal;  Encourage collection of aluminium cans by providing separate labelled bins to enable this waste to be segregated from other general refuse generated by the workforce;  Proper storage and site practices to minimize the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials;  Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimize amount of waste generated	To implement on-site sorting facilitating reuse and recycling of materials as well as proper disposal of waste.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented programme.	as per	construction

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
6.51	generation of waste; and  Training should be provided to workers about the concepts of site cleanliness and appropriate waste management procedures, including waste reduction, reuse and recycle.	To implement on-site sorting facilitating reuse and recycling of materials as well as proper disposal of waste.	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented as per construction programme.
6.52	The Contractor should prepare and implement a Waste Management Plan (WMP) as a part of the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) in accordance with ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 which describes the arrangements for avoidance, reuse, recovery, recycling, storage, collection, treatment and disposal of different categories of waste to be generated from the construction activities.	To keep trace of the generation, minimization, reuse and disposal of C&D materials in the Project	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented as per construction programme.
6.58	Wheel wash facilities have to be provided before the trucks leave the works area. This can reduce the introduction of dust to the public road network.	To minimise the dust impact	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
6.60	The waste delivered to landfill should not contain any free water or have water content more than 70% by weight. Concerning the requirement on the truck load of waste to	To meet the requirement for disposal at landfill	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.

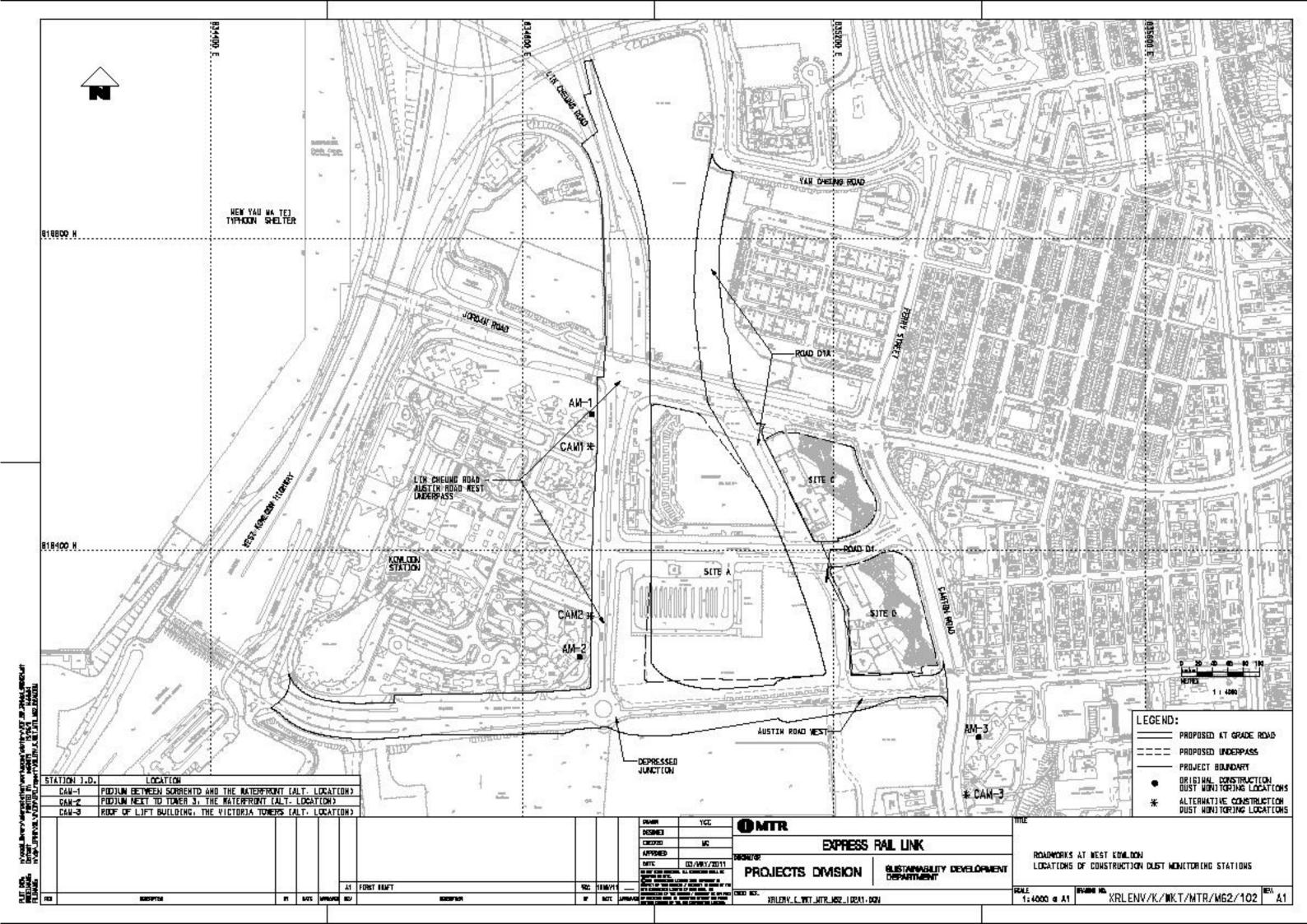
EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
6.60	landfill, the haulier must ensure suitable amount of waste would be loaded on different types of trucks used.	To meet the requirement for disposal at landfill	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
6.56	In order to monitor the disposal of C&D materials and to control fly-tipping at PFRFs or landfills, a trip-ticket system should be established in accordance with ETWB TCW No. 31/2004. A recording system for the amount of waste generated, recycled and disposed, including the disposal sites, should also be set up. Warning signs should be put up and close-circuited television should be installed at the vehicular accesses to remind the designated disposal sites and prevent fly-tipping.	To monitor disposal of waste and control fly-tipping	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
6.59	Wet spoil generated from the construction of pipe pile and diaphragm wall should be treated before disposal at PFRFs. With the agreement from Fill Management Department (FMD) of CEDD, wet spoil would be mixed with dry materials to reduce water content to less than 25% dry density before disposal, which reduce the impacts to the reception facilities.	To meet the requirement for disposal at landfill	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
6.61	If chemical wastes are produced at the construction site, the Contractor would be	To properly store the chemical waste within works areas	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction	Implemented.

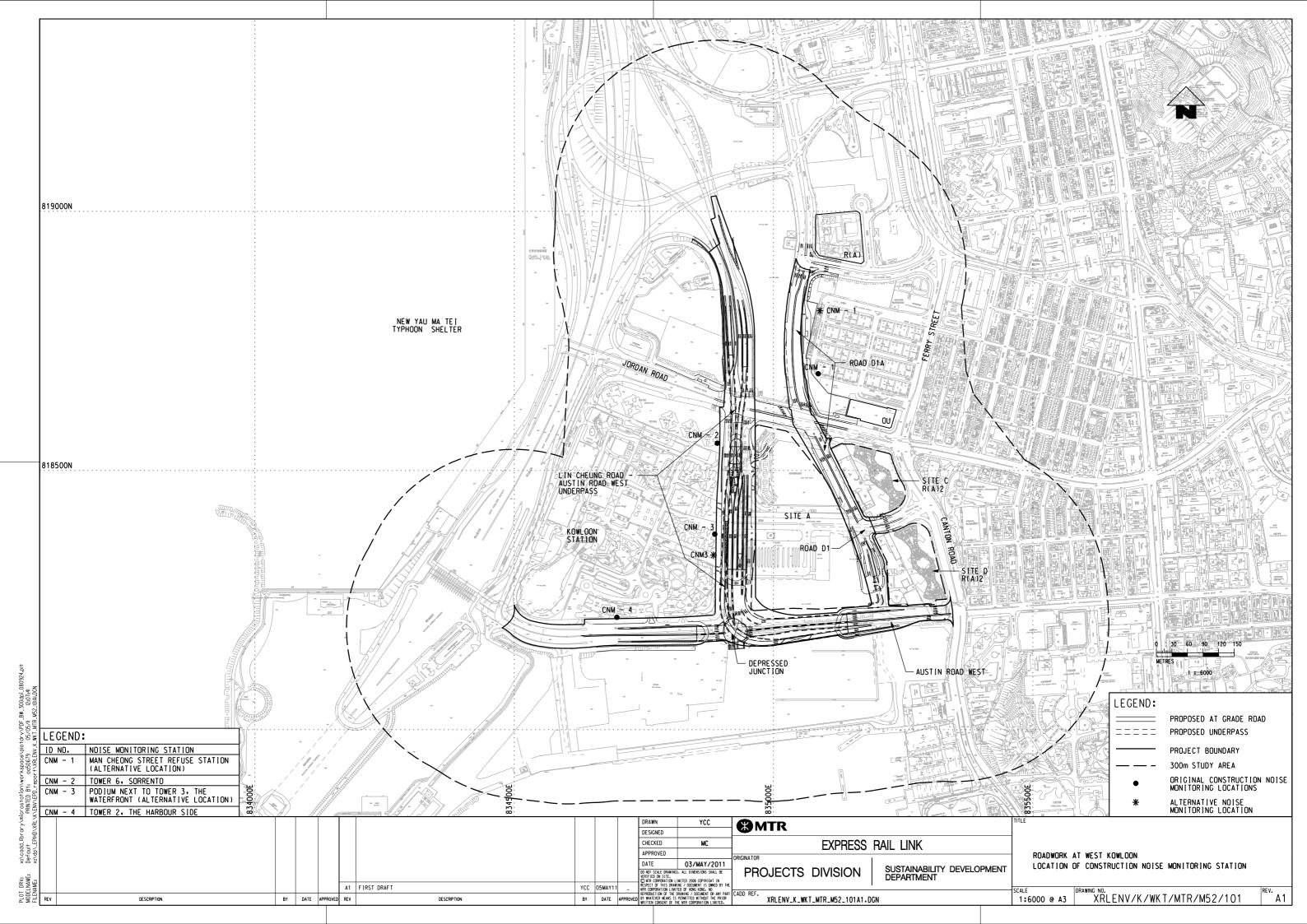
EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
6.61	required to register with the EPD as a chemical waste producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.	To properly store the chemical waste within works areas	Contractor	phase Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
6.64	A trip-ticket system should be operated in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation to monitor all movements of chemical waste. The Contractor should employ a licensed collector to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes, to either the approved CWTC at Tsing Yi, or another licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	To monitor the generation, reuse and disposal of chemical waste	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
6.65	General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D materials and chemical waste. A reputable waste collector should be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D materials and chemical wastes. Preferably, an enclosed and covered area should be provided to reduce the occurrence of wind blown light material.	To properly store and separate from other C&D materials for subsequent collection and disposal	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
6.66	The recyclable component of general refuse, such as aluminium cans, paper and cleansed plastic containers should be separated from other waste. Provision and collection of recycling bins for different types of recyclable waste should be set up by the Contractor. The Contractor should also be responsible for arranging recycling companies to collect these materials. The non-recyclable components should be collected by licensed collectors employed by the Contractor on daily basis to avoid any adverse impacts on storage of refuse, which would be disposed of at designated landfills.	To facilitate recycling of recyclable portions of refuse	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
6.67	The Contractor should carry out an education programme for workers in avoiding, reducing, reusing and recycling of materials generation. Posters and leaflets advising on the use of the bins should also be provided in the sites as reminders.	To raise workers' awareness on recycling issue	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
Landscape	and Visual Management				
Table 7.4	<ul> <li>Topsoil, where identified, should be stripped and stored for re-use in the construction of the soft landscape works.</li> </ul>	To minimize landscape and visual impacts during construction phase	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.

EIA Ref <sup>#</sup>	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
Table 7.4	<ul> <li>Existing trees to be retained on site should be carefully protected during construction.</li> </ul>	To minimize landscape and visual impacts during construction phase	Contractor	Throughout the whole construction phase	Implemented.
	Tree unavoidably to be affected by the works should be considered for transplanting in accordance with ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 - Tree Preservation and maintained until end of the establishment period. Detailed tree transplanting proposal should be submitted to seek relevant government department's approval in detailed design stage.				
	<ul> <li>Compensatory tree planting provided to compensate for felled trees and maintained until end of the establishment period.</li> </ul>				
	Control of night-time lighting glare				
	Erection of decorative screen hoarding compatible with the surrounding setting.				

# Appendix D Monitoring Locations





# Appendix E Monitoring Schedule

#### Actual Construction Dust (24-hr TSP) and Air-borne Noise Impact Monitoring Schedule - March 2014

Notes: **TSP** denotes Total Suspended Particulates

			Mar-2014			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
						1
2	3	CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3	5 CNM-1, CNM-2 CNM-3, CNM-4	6	7	8
9	CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3	11	CNM-1, CNM-2, CNM-3	13	CNM-4	CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3
16	CNM-4	18	CNM-1, CNM-2	20 CNM-3	CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3	22
23	CNM-1, CNM-2, CNM-4	25	26 CNM-3	CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3	28	29
30	31					

#### Tentative Construction Dust (24-hr TSP) and Air-borne Noise Impact Monitoring Schedule - April 2014

Notes: TSP denotes Total Suspended Particulates

			Apr-2014			
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
		1 CNM-1, CNM-2 CNM-3, CNM-4	2 CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3	3	4	5
6	7 CNM-1, CNM-2 CNM-3, CNM-4	8 CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3	9	10	11	12 CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3
13	CNM-1, CNM-2 CNM-3, CNM-4	15	16	CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3	18	19
20	21	CNM-1, CNM-2 CNM-3, CNM-4	23 CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3	24	25	26
27	28 CNM-1, CNM-2 CNM-3, CNM-4	29 CAM-1, CAM-2, CAM-3	30			

Appendix F
Graphical Plots of
Monitoring Results

### **APPENDIX F: Air Quality Monitoring Results - 24-hour TSP Monitoring**

#### - CAM-1

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
04-Mar-14	72.1	168.8	260.0
10-Mar-14	114.1	168.8	260.0
15-Mar-14	48.4	168.8	260.0
21-Mar-14	72.5	168.8	260.0
27-Mar-14	29.4	168.8	260.0

#### - CAM-2

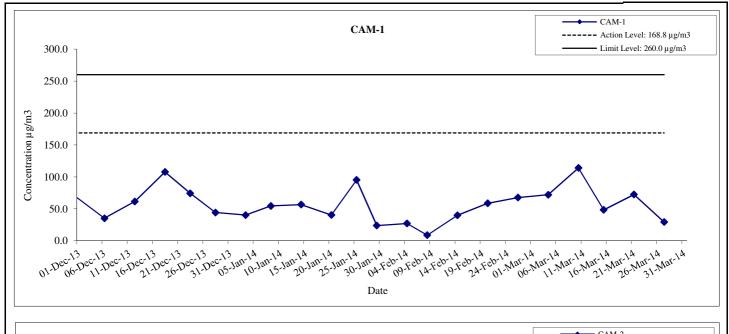
Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
04-Mar-14	75.1	155.9	260.0
10-Mar-14	95.5	155.9	260.0
15-Mar-14	32.0	155.9	260.0
21-Mar-14	38.7	155.9	260.0
27-Mar-14	57.3	155.9	260.0

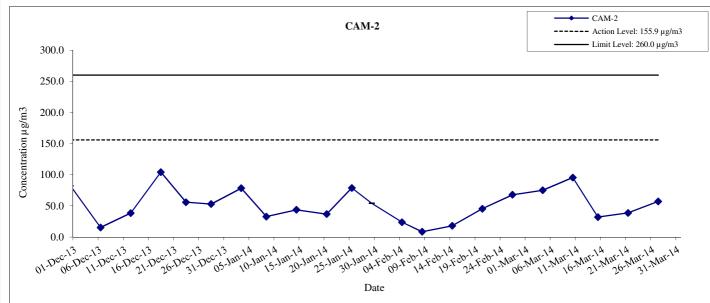
#### - CAM-3

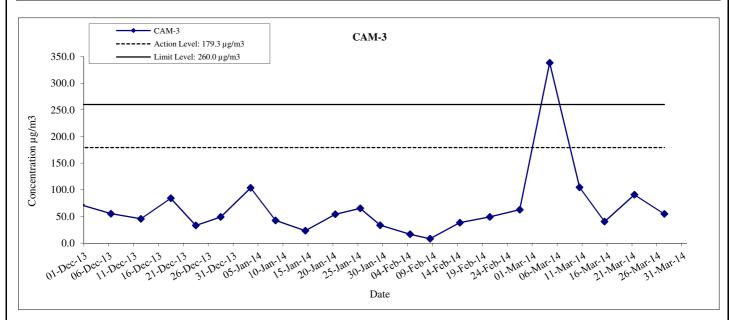
Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level	
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	
04-Mar-14	338.3	179.3	260.0	
10-Mar-14	104.5	179.3	260.0	
15-Mar-14	40.3	179.3	260.0	
21-Mar-14	90.7	179.3	260.0	
27-Mar-14	54.7	179.3	260.0	

Remark:

- 1. Bold value indicated an Action level exceedance
- 2. Bold & Italic value indicated an Limit level exceedance









Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong
Express Rail Link

<b>Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP Monitoring</b>	
Results for Location CAM-1, CAM-2 and CAM-3	

Date	Mar-14
APPENDIX	F

### **APPENDIX F: Noise Monitoring Results**

#### - CNM-1

CIVIII				
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?	
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)		
05-Mar-14	65	75	N	
12-Mar-14	67	75	N	
19-Mar-14	66	75	N	
24-Mar-14	64	75	N	

#### - CNM-2

Date	te Noise Monitoring Limit Level Results Leq, dB(A) Leq, dB(A)		Exceedance?	
05-Mar-14	74	75	N	
12-Mar-14	72	75	N	
19-Mar-14	73	75	N	
24-Mar-14	73	75	N	

### - CNM-3 [a]

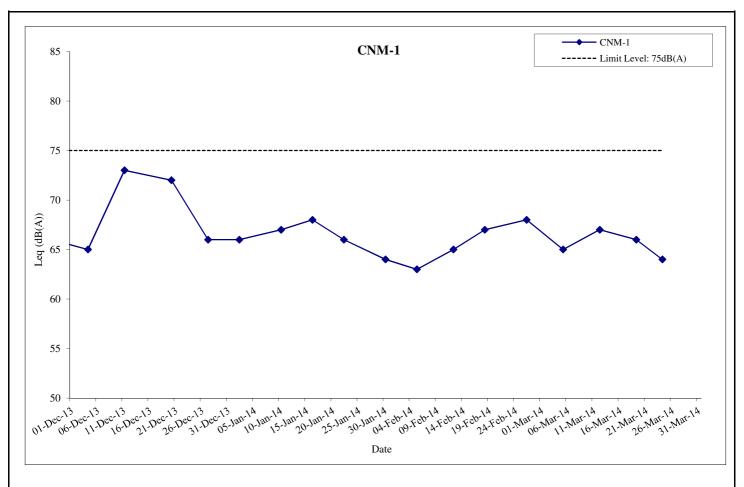
Date	Noise Monitoring Results Leq, dB(A)	Limit Level Leq, dB(A)	Exceedance?
05-Mar-14	74	75	N
12-Mar-14	74	75	N
20-Mar-14	75	75	N
26-Mar-14	74	75	N

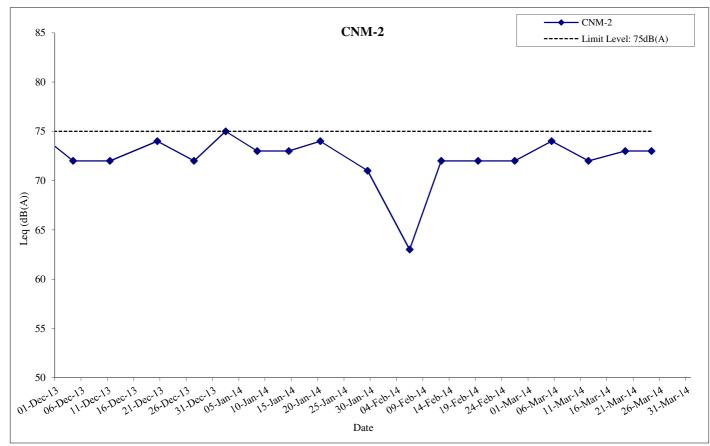
#### - CNM-4

Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Monitoring Limit Level Results	
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
05-Mar-14	66	75	N
14-Mar-14	71	75	N
17-Mar-14	68	75	N
24-Mar-14	70	75	N

#### Note:

[a]. Facade correction of +3dB(A) would be added to the results taken at CNM-3 due to free-field noise measurements.



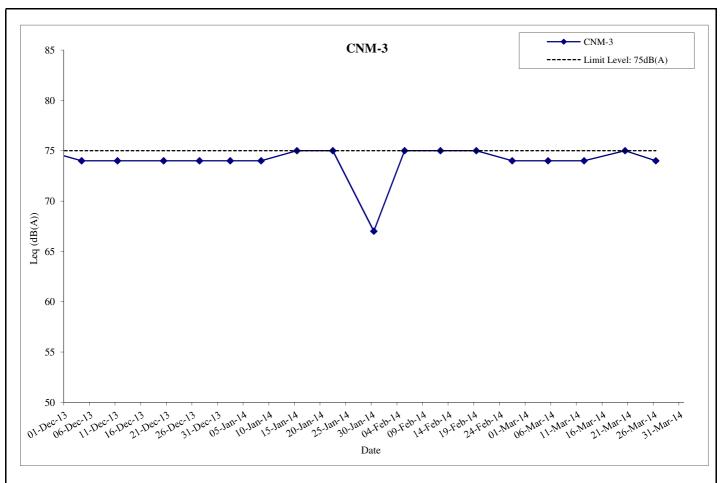


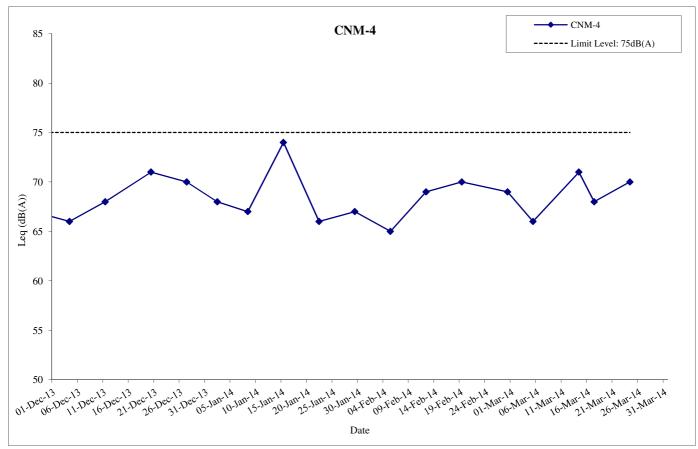


Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link

Graphical Presentation of Noise Monitoring Results for Locations CNM-1 and CNM-2

Date	Mar-14
APPENDIX	F







Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong
Express Rail Link

Graphical Presentation of Noise Monitoring Results for Locations CNM-3 and CNM-4

Date	Mar-14
APPENDIX	F

# Appendix G Meteorological Data

## EXTRACT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS FOR HONG KONG, MARCH 2014 (Table 1)

		Air	Tempera	iture	Mean	Mean	Mean	
Date MARCH	Mean Pressure (hPa)	Maximum (deg. C)	Mean (deg. C)	Minimum (deg. C)	Dew Point Temperature (deg. C) Relative Humidity (%)		Amount of Cloud (%)	Total Rainfall (mm)
1	1014.6	22.1	20.0	18.4	18.1	89	86	-
2	1014.6	21.7	19.0	16.0	17.6	91	90	0.6
3	1017.0	16.3	15.8	15.4	13.8	87	89	Trace
4	1017.5	18.2	16.8	15.4	15.4	91	94	0.1
5	1018.7	17.6	16.7	15.9	14.3	86	89	0.1
6	1018.2	15.9	15.3	14.8	13.2	88	88	Trace
7	1020.3	15.1	14.6	14.1	12.6	88	89	0.1
8	1018.8	16.2	15.1	14.2	14.1	94	94	0.9
9	1020.9	15.5	14.8	14.2	12.5	87	88	Trace
10	1022.1	15.6	14.4	13.9	11.1	81	88	Trace
11	1020.2	15.9	15.0	14.1	12.7	86	88	0.3
12	1014.7	19.5	17.7	15.4	17.1	96	93	0.1
13	1016.2	22.2	20.2	19.0	15.8	77	85	0.3
14	1022.2	19.9	17.1	14.7	12.1	73	84	0.4
15	1022.1	17.5	16.0	14.7	9.8	67	90	Trace
16	1021.0	19.9	18.1	16.3	12.4	70	82	_
17	1018.9	22.9	20.4	18.4	18.4	88	86	Trace
18	1016.0	25.0	21.9	19.9	20.0	89	85	-
19	1013.6	26.8	22.7	20.4	20.1	86	48	-
20	1014.2	25.2	21.5	18.7	18.0	81	31	-
21	1020.4	18.7	16.5	15.5	10.6	69	88	Trace
22	1021.0	20.8	17.3	15.2	10.8	67	53	_

		Air	Tempera	ture	Mean	Mean	Mean	
Date MARCH	Mean Pressure (hPa)	Maximum (deg. C)	Mean (deg. C)	Minimum (deg. C)	Dew Point Temperature (deg. C)	Relative	Amount of Cloud (%)	Total Rainfall (mm)
23	1022.0	22.0	18.4	15.9	12.6	70	42	-
24	1019.4	23.1	19.5	16.6	14.0	72	45	-
25	1015.5	26.5	21.9	18.9	16.6	73	37	-
26	1013.9	26.2	22.6	20.6	19.2	82	55	Trace
27	1012.7	27.6	23.5	20.6	20.1	82	53	-
28	1012.1	23.3	22.2	21.2	20.8	92	88	Trace
29	1011.4	23.5	21.8	20.7	20.8	94	87	19.0
30	1010.4	26.0	22.6	19.1	21.0	91	90	103.1
31	1009.7	21.2	20.0	18.9	19.7	98	93	82.6
Mean/Total	1017.1	20.9	18.7	17.0	15.7	83	77	207.6
Normal*	1016.0	21.4	19.1	17.2	15.7	82	79	82.2
Station		Hong Kong Observatory						

## EXTRACT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS FOR HONG KONG, MARCH 2014 (Table 2)

Date MARCH	Number of hours of Reduced Visibility# (hours)	Total Bright Sunshine (hours)	Daily Global Solar Radiation (MJ/m²)	Total Evaporation (mm)	Prevailing Wind Direction (degrees)	Mean Wind Speed (km/h)
1	0	0.9	8.79	2.0	050	13.8
2	3	1.4	7.24	2.0	080	21.8
3	0	-	4.58	1.4	070	42.3
4	2	-	5.61	1.0	050	22.4
5	1	-	4.34	2.3	070	30.0

Date MARCH	Number of hours of Reduced Visibility# (hours)	Total Bright Sunshine (hours)	Daily Global Solar Radiation (MJ/m²)	Total Evaporation (mm)	Prevailing Wind Direction (degrees)	Mean Wind Speed (km/h)
6	3	-	3.69	0.4	070	43.2
7	0	-	3.50	1.4	080	46.3
8	0	-	4.11	1.4	060	29.2
9	0	-	3.57	1.8	040	24.2
10	1	-	4.99	1.6	070	45.5
11	14	-	3.37	0.4	060	39.4
12	0	-	3.76	0.3	040	14.7
13	0	1.3	7.78	3.2	030	19.8
14	0	1.1	8.72	1.5	060	31.3
15	7	0.3	5.32	3.9	060	29.2
16	6	2.6	11.19	2.0	050	24.9
17	4	1.5	9.55	-	050	18.2
18	1	4.6	14.86	2.7	050	12.8
19	1	9.1	19.64	-	040	6.8
20	5	9.0	16.30	5.1	040	14.3
21	0	-	4.53	2.7	030	26.7
22	8	8.0	20.88	5.9	070	32.9
23	0	10.7	22.54	3.1	070	33.1
24	0	8.9	20.48	4.0	060	25.0
25	0	9.9	21.84	3.8	040	14.4
26	0	7.5	18.14	4.1	040	7.4
27	0	8.6	20.98	4.3	160	11.5
28	3	-	7.13	1.7	050	18.5
29	0	0.2	3.23	2.4	040	9.5

Date MARCH	Number of hours of Reduced Visibility# (hours)	Total Bright Sunshine (hours)	Daily Global Solar Radiation (MJ/m²)	Total Evaporation (mm)	Prevailing Wind Direction (degrees)	Mean Wind Speed (km/h)
30	0	0.2	4.62	-	100	20.7
31	0	0.2	1.59	2.0	110	18.9
Mean/Total	59	86.0	9.58	68.4	060	24.1
Normal*	122.7§	90.8	9.96	70.5	060	23.0
Station	Hong Kong International Airport	King's Park			Waglan Island	

The minimum pressure recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory was 1007.3 hectopascals at 2016 HKT on 30 March.

The maximum air temperature recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory was 27.6 degrees C at 1448 HKT on 27 March.

The minimum air temperature recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory was 13.9 degrees C at 0741 HKT on 10 March.

The maximum gust peak speed recorded at Waglan Island was 94 kilometres per hour from 010 degrees at 0941 HKT on 31 March.

The maximum instantaneous rate of rainfall recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory was 374 millimetres per hour at 2035 HKT on 30 March.

- # Reduced visibility refers to visibility below 8 kilometres when there is no fog, mist, or precipitation.
- The visibility readings at the Hong Kong International Airport are based on hourly observations by professional meteorological observers in 2004 and before, and average readings over the 10-minute period before the clock hour of the visibility meter near the middle of the south runway from 2005 onwards. The change of the data source in 2005 is an improvement of the visibility assessment using instrumented observations following the international trend.
- Before 10 October 2007, the number of hours of reduced visibility at the Hong Kong International Airport in 2005 and thereafter displayed in this web page was based on hourly visibility observations by professional meteorological observers. Since 10 October 2007, the data have been revised using the average visibility readings over the 10- minute period before the clock hour, as recorded by the visibility meter near the middle of the south runway.

<sup>\* 1981 – 2010</sup> Climatological Normal, unless otherwise specified