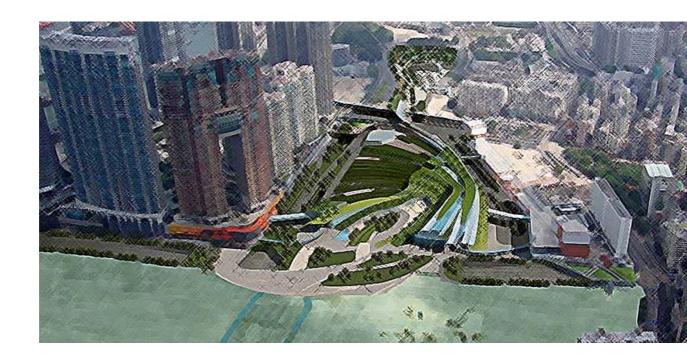


Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link



Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report February 2017

MTR Corporation Limited

HONG KONG SECTION OF GUANGZHOU – SHENZHEN – HONG KONG EXPRESS RAIL LINK (Environmental Permit No. EP-349/2009/L)

Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report No. 84 (February 2017)

Certified by:		
Position:	Environmental Team Leader	
Date:	1 4 MAR 2017	

MTR Corporation Limited

HONG KONG SECTION OF GUANGZHOU – SHENZHEN – HONG KONG EXPRESS RAIL LINK (Environmental Permit No. EP-349/2009/L)

Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report No. 84 (February 2017)

Verified by:

Position: Independent Environmental Checker

Date: 14 March 2017

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This is the 84th monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report presenting the EM&A works undertaken during the period from 1 to 28 February 2017 for the Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou - Shenzhen - Hong Kong Express Rail Link (hereinafter referred to "the XRL" or "the Project") in accordance with the EM&A Manual and the requirement under EP-349/2009/L issued on 2 July 2014.

Air Quality

Air quality monitoring was conducted for 24-hour Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) at 17 air quality monitoring locations in the vicinity of Works Area in Mai Po (Works Area A), Ngau Tam Mei (Works Area B), Tai Kong Po (Works Area C), Shek Kong (Works Area D), Tse Uk Tsuen, (Works Area E), Pat Heung (Works Area F), Shing Mun (Works Area G), Shek Yam (Works Area H), Kwai Chung (Works Area J), Mei Foo (Works Area L), Nam Cheong (Works Area P and Q) and West Kowloon (Works Area V1 and V2) in the reporting month.

Please refer to the section "Environmental Complaints/Exceedance/Non-compliance/Summons and Prosecution" below for the exceedance in air quality in the reporting month.

Airborne Noise

Airborne noise was measured in terms of $L_{eq(30min)}$ dB(A) with L_{10} and L_{90} measurements as reference at 29 noise monitoring locations in the vicinity of Works Area in Mai Po (Works Area A), Ngau Tam Mei (Works Area B), Tai Kong Po (Works Area C), Shek Kong (Works Area D), Tse Uk Tsuen (Works Area E), Pat Heung (Works Area F), Shing Mun (Works Area G), Shek Yam (Works Area H), Kwai Chung, (Works Area J and K), Mei Foo (Works Area L), Nam Cheong (Works Area M, P, Q, S and T) and West Kowloon (Works Area V1 and V2) once every week.

Please refer to the section "Environmental Complaints/Exceedance/Non-compliance/ Summons and Prosecution" below for the noise exceedance in the reporting month.

Ground-borne Noise

No ground-borne noise measurement was required during the reporting month, as all TBM tunnelling work has been completed.

Monitoring of Avifaunal Species

Monthly ecological monitoring was conducted during the construction of Mai Po Ventilation Building Works Area (MPV), access road to Tai Kong Po Works Area (TPP-1/2/3), Shek Kong Stabling Sidings (SSS-1/2a/2b/3), Pat Heung Ventilation Building Works Area (PHV-1) and Tse Uk Tsuen (TUW-1/2). Survey results in the reporting month were compared to dry season baseline results from November 2009 to January 2010. The total number of bird species were within the baseline range at all Survey Sites, except those record at TPP-2 Survey Site was slightly above the baseline range. Bird abundance recorded at all of the Survey Sites were within the baseline range except MPV-1, where the bird abundance recorded was above the baseline range. Access to Point Count Location SSS-3/P6 was blocked by projectrelated construction materials/hoardings, and thus bird count records at Survey Site SSS-3 could not fully reflect the actual on-site condition. The number of bird species recorded at Point Count Locations at Survey Sites MPV-1, SSS-3, TUW-2 and PHV-1 were slightly below the baseline range, however, the bird abundance at MPV-1 Survey Site was above the baseline range while that at SSS-3, TUW-2 and PHV-1 Survey Site were within the baseline range. Therefore, the slight drop in the number of species at these Survey Sites (i.e. MPV-1, SSS-3, TUW-2 and PHV-1) was likely due to natural fluctuation. No adverse indirect impacts arising from the Project were identified.

Monitoring of Impact at Fishpond due to Noise

In accordance with the Monitoring and Emergency Response Plan, impact noise monitoring was conducted at fish pond on weekly basis for assessment of impact at fishponds due to noise. It was revealed from the monitoring results that all monitoring results were within the Limit Level. Based on the monitoring results, there was no adverse impact at fishpond due to noise.

Landscape and Visual

Regular inspections and audits conducted by certified Arborist found that the tree protection works being carried out by the civil works and transplanting contractors were in accordance with the requirements of EP and EIA.

Environmental Audits

In this reporting month, regular site inspections attended by representative from MTRCL and Contractors were carried out at 810A/B and 811B in West Kowloon, 822 in Pat Heung and Shing Mun, 8217 in Shek Yam, 823A/B in Shek Kong Stabling Sidings, 824 in Tai Kong Po and Ngau Tam Mei, 825 in Mai Po. In addition to the regular site inspections, IEC environmental audits attended by IEC, MTRCL and Contractors were held on monthly basis. Issues observed during these audits are detailed in Section 6.

Environmental Complaints / Exceedance / Non-compliance / Summons and Prosecution

For the reporting month, no environmental complaint was referred from EPD.

In the reporting month, no 24-hour TSP Action Level and Limit Level exceedance was recorded.

No exceedance of air-borne noise Limit Level and Action Level was recorded in the reporting month.

No ground-borne noise measurement was required during the reporting month, as all TBM tunnelling work has been completed.

No notification of summons, non-compliance and prosecution was received during the reporting period.

Works for Coming Month

Construction works were started in Works Areas A, B, C, D, D1, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, P, Q, S, T, U, V1, V2, W, Y, Z, AA, AC, AG, MWS, YY and ARW. Construction works in Works Areas I, J, N, O, R and AE were completed.

Please refer to Table 8-1 for the major works in the respective works areas. Impact monitoring would be continued in coming reporting month accordingly with reference to the EM&A Manual.

Further Environmental Key Issues

Air quality, airborne noise at NSRs and fishpond, ecological, landscape and visual monitoring shall continue in the following month. Considering the nature of construction activities, key environmental issues in the coming months include the followings:

- Disposal of C&D waste;
- Dust generation from site activities;
- Noise impact from operating equipment;
- Site water discharge;
- Chemical wastes;
- Ecological impact;
- Trees protection.

Reporting Changes

In the reporting period, there was no reporting change.

Table of Contents

EX	KECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
1	INTRODUCTION	6
2	PROEJCT INFORMATION	7
3	ENVIRONMENTAL STATUS	11
4	SUMMARY OF EM&A REQUIREMENT	15
5	MONITORING RESULT	27
6	SITE INSPECTION	50
7	NON-COMPLIANCE AND DEFICIENCY	53
8	FUTURE KEY ISSUES	54
9	CONCLUSIONS	59

Appendix

Appendix A	Works Area
Appendix B	Project Management Organization and Contacts of Key Personne
Appendix C	Implementation Status
Appendix D	Monitoring Locations
Appendix E	Monitoring Schedule
Appendix F	Graphical Plots of Monitoring Results
Appendix G	Bird Species and Abundance Recorded during Avifauna Survey
Appendix H	Representative Photographs of the Avifauna Monitoring
Appendix I	Certified Arborist Inspection Record
Appendix J	Meteorological Data
Appendix K	Calibration Certificates

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Background

Further to the Government's decision made in April 2008, MTR Corporation (MTR) commenced to plan and design the Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou - Shenzhen - Hong Kong Express Rail Link (hereinafter referred to "the XRL" or "the Project"), which is a committed cross boundary transport infrastructure project.

The XRL would provide high speed rail services between Hong Kong and Guangzhou, and a connection to the national high-speed passenger rail network serving major mainland cities outside of Guangdong province. The Hong Kong section of the XRL is about 26km from new terminus located in West Kowloon (i.e. West Kowloon Terminus (WKT)) to the boundary at Huang gang. Along the railway corridor, there would be a total of eight ventilation buildings/ emergency access point (EAP), stabling sidings and a maintenance facility at Shek Kong Stabling Sidings (SSS) and an Emergency Rescue Station (ERS) next to SSS serving the operation of the XRL.

1.2 Coverage

This is the 84th monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report presenting the EM&A works undertaken during the period from 1 to 28 February 2017 for XRL in accordance with the EM&A Manual and the requirement under Environmental Permit No. EP-349/2009/L, which was issued on 2 July 2014.

2 PROEJCT INFORMATION

2.1 Project Management Organisation and Management Structure

The project management organisation chart and contact of key personnel are shown in Appendix B.

2.2 Construction Activities

This report marked the 84th month of civil construction in Works Area A, B, C, D, D1, E, F, G, H, K, L, M, P, Q, S, T, U, V1, V2, W, Y, Z, AA, AC, AG, MWS, YY and ARW for February 2017. It is anticipated that the civil construction be completed in year 2018. The updated construction activity for upcoming month is provided in Section 8. Major construction activities undertaken in the reporting month is summarized in the following table.

Contract	Works Area	Major Construction Activities		
Nam Cheong	Nam Cheong			
802	Q	Nil (construction works completed)		
805	N,O	Nil (construction works completed)		
805	S	Nil (construction works completed)		
810A	Y	Material Storage Area		
811B	Y	Operation of Nam Cheong Barging Point		
820	M	Nil (construction works completed)		
820	P	ABWF in ventilation building		
820	Q	Nil (construction works completed)		
820	R	Nil (construction works completed)		
816D	Т	Site Office		
West Kowlo	on			
810A	V1	Slab construction; Wall construction; Erection and dismantling of falsework and formwork; Slab blinding installation; Cleaning construction joint (CJ); Rebar fixing to column and forming column drop; Temporary support and platform fabrication; Welding to cathodic protection and Architectural Builders Works and Finishes (ABWF) Finishes		

Contract	Works Area	Major Construction Activities	
810A	Mong Wing Street (MWS)	Material Storage Area	
810A	Yick Yuen Site (YY)	Material Storage Area	
810A	Austin Road West (ARW)	Material Storage Area	
810A	To Wah Road (TWR)	Material Storage Area	
810B	V1	Preboring, Installation/Dismantling of Strutting; Bored Piling; Sheet piling; Excavation Lateral Support (ELS) Work; Structural Works of Sea Water Intake Chamber; Bulk Excavation; Concreting; Jet Grouting; Station Structure Construction Work; Utility Diversion & Piling Works; Structural Works of Noise Mitigation Deck; Construction of Austin Road West (ARW) Underpass; Construction of Sewerage Pipeline & Manholes; Haul Road Improvement Work; Bottom Up Erection of Formwork; Overhead Track Exhaust (OTE) and Platform installation at B4; Coring/Cutting Openings; and Screen Wall Construction at B4	
810B	W	Operation of Barging Facilities	
810A	V2	ABWF in MKV, landscaping, road reinstatement	
810A	U	Site Office	

Contract	Works Area	Major Construction Activities	
811B	V2	Backfilling to Approach Tunnel and removal of struts layer S1; Casting of columns and internal RC structures at B4, B3, and B2; Excavation and casting of PTI pile caps, ground beams and tie beams; Construct PTI Landscaped Deck columns and deck structures; PTI Landscaped Deck ABWF and E&M works; Construct PTI plant building under deck (RC and ABWF works); Construct WKP above ground building; LCR Underpass SB (northern section) RC works including profile barrier; LCR Underpass SB (northern section) waterproofing and backfilling; Sewer/ storm pipe installation and manhole construction; Construct EAA from B2 to B1 to GF to U1F; Construction of Footbridge 14 Pier NP 10, stair and lift on PC7 and PC8; Footbridge 14 span NP9-NP10 RC works; Man Cheong Street Footbridge pile cap PC1 and PC2 – trial pits; Remedial drainage works after Jordan Road Reinstatement; Footbridge 14 span NP3-BR3 RC works; LCR Underpass NB (northern section) sheetpile pressing at pump sump, excavation and RC works; Installation of temporary portal for Footbridge 14 span NP2-NP3, NP4-NP5; and Lin Cheung Road drainage works	
Mei Foo	T =		
810A	L	Material Storage Area	
Kwai Chung	T		
821	J	Nil (construction works completed)	
810A	J	Material Storage	
Pat Heung			
822	F	Erection of site fencing on TOA	
Shek Yam			
8217	Н	stockpiling, backfilling	
822	Ι	Nil (construction works completed)	
822	K	Site Office	
Shing Mun	ı	1	
822	G	Concrete Pavement; Backfill the openings; Manhole excavation; Maintain TTA	
So Kwun Wat	,		
822	AC	Nil	

Contract	Works Area	Major Construction Activities		
Tai Shu Ha Ro	Tai Shu Ha Road West Magazine Site			
-	AE	Nil (land returned to the Government)		
Tsing Chau Ts	ai			
810A	AG	Material Storage		
Shek Kong Sta	bling Sidings			
823A& 823B	D and D1	Superstructure works for buildings, road and other associated facilities, landscaping and river habitat restoration works		
Tse Uk Tsuen				
823A	Е	Reinstatement		
Rambler Chan	nel Barging Poin	t		
-	Z	Nil (construction works completed)		
Ngau Tam Me	i			
824	В	Architectural Builders Works and Finishes (ABWF) works for ventilation building. Drainage and road construction.		
Tai Kong Po				
824	С	EAP remaining works, wall painting. External works. Tunnel remedial works.		
Mai Po				
825	A	Construction of road and drainage. Backfilling. Surcharge removal.		
826	A	Repairing works		
Siu Lam Bargi	Siu Lam Barging Point			
810A	AA	Material Storage		
To Kau Wan V	Vorks Area			
823B	-	Nil		

Table 2-1 Major construction activities in the reporting month

3 ENVIRONMENTAL STATUS

3.1 Status of Implementation of mitigation measures

Environmental mitigation measures recommended in the EIA report were implemented and their implementation statuses are summarized in Appendix C.

3.2 Status of Submissions under EP

A summary of the submissions submitted under the EP for this Project during the reporting month is presented in Table 3-1 below:

EP-349/2009/L Clause No.	Document Title
2.46	Monthly EM&A Report

Table 3-1 Summary of the status of submissions submitted under the EP in the reporting month

3.3 Status of Permit/License/Notifications

A summary of the status of permits, licences and notifications on environmental protection made, applied or approved under this Project during the previous and reporting month is presented in Table 3-2 below. The Environmental Permit No. EP-349/2009/L issued by EPD was used for the XRL project.

Item	Item Description	Application Date	Permit Status
Contra	ct 810A (Works Area V1)		
1	Construction Noise Permit (for bar bending and cutting at Nam Cheong Barging Point)	6 Feb 2017	Granted on 14 Feb 2017 Permit No. GW-RW0059- 17; valid from 19 Feb 2017 to 18 Aug 2017
2	Construction Noise Permit (for main site)	23 Dec 2016	Granted on 12 Jan 2017 Permit No. GW-RE0011-17; valid from 14 Jan 2017 to 7 Jul 2017

Item	Item Description	Application Date	Permit Status
3	Construction Noise Permit (for plant/material delivery)	6 Feb 2017	Granted on 15 Feb 2017 Permit No. GW-RE0106-17, valid from 17 Feb 2017 to 16 May 2017
4	Construction Noise Permit (for concrete batching plant maintenance)	24 Nov 2016	Granted on 5 Dec 2016 Permit No. GW-RE1157-16, valid from 5 Dec 2016 to 4 Jun 2017
5	Construction Noise Permit (for To Wah Road storage area)	5 Dec 2016	Granted on 16 Dec 2016 Permit No. GW-RE1191-16, valid from 16 Dec 2016 to 15 Jun 2017
Contra	ct 810B (Works Area V1)		
1	Construction Noise Permit (for installation works at Noise Mitigation Deck (NMD))	9 Feb 2017	Granted on 17 Feb 2017 Permit No. GW-RE0126-17, valid from 20 Feb 2017 to 28 Feb 2017
2	Construction Noise Permit (general)	5 Sep 2016	Granted on 19 Sep 2016 Permit No. GW-RE0911-16, valid from 11 Oct 2016 to 10 Apr 2017
3	Construction Noise Permit (for installation works at Noise Mitigation Deck (NMD))	23 Jan 2017	Granted on 3 Feb 2017 Permit No. GW-RE0086-17, valid 6 Feb 2017 to 28 Feb 2017
4	Construction Noise Permit (for site office maintenance)	5 Sep 2016	Granted on 13 Sep 2016 Permit No. GW-RE0918-16, valid from 18 Sep 2016 to 17 Mar 2017
Contra	ct 810B (Works Area W)		
1	No update in the reporting	period	
Contra	ı ct 811B (Works Area V2 & Y	?)	

Item	Item Description	Application Date	Permit Status	
1	Construction Noise Permit (for main site and combined area)	28 Dec 2016	Granted on 12 Jan 2017 Permit No. GW-RE0025-17, valid from 14 Jan 2017 to 10	
2	Construction Noise Permit (for barging point)	22 Aug 2016	Jul 2017 Granted on 5 Sep 2016 Permit No. GW-RW0517-16, valid from 10 Sep 2016 to 9 Mar 2017	
3	Construction Noise Permit (for plant moving in/out at site gate)	10 Nov 2016	Granted on 24 Nov 2016 Permit No. GW-RE1124-16; valid from 25 Nov 2016 to 24 May 2017	
4 Contra	Construction Noise Permit (for removal of footbridge 14 portal over Lin Cheung Road (N/B)) ct 820 (Works Area M, P, Q)	10 Jan 2017	Granted on 20 Jan 2017 Permit No. GW-RE0040-17; valid from 22 Jan 2017 to 28 Feb 2017	
Comra	N/A	,		
Contra	 ct 822 (Works Area F, G, H,	K and AC)		
1.	Works Area G Construction Noise Permit at Shing Mun Works Area	11 November 2016	Licence No. GW-RW0674- 16, valid from 28 November 2016 to 24 May 2017	
Contra	ect 8217 (Works Area H)			
1	Construction Noise Permit	13 January 2017	Permit No. GW-RW0028-17 obtained. Valid until 31 July 2017	
Contra	ct 823A (Works Areas D, D1	l and E)		
	No update in the reporting	month.		
Contra	ı ct 823B (Works Area D, Z aı	nd To Kau Wan Wor	ks Area)	
	No update in the reporting month.			

Express Rail Link Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report No. 84

Item	Item Description	Application Date	Permit Status	
Contract 824 (Works Area B and C)				
1	Construction Noise	10 August 2016	Permit No. GW-RN0039-16	
	Permit at Tai Kong Po		obtained. Valid until 28	
	Works Area		February 2017	
2	Construction Noise	20 December	Permit No. GW-RN0019-17	
	Permit at Ngau Tam Mei	2016	obtained. Valid until 26 July	
	Works Area		2017	
Contra	ct 825 (Works Area A)			
1	Construction Noise	7 December 2016	Permit No. GW-RN0940-16	
	Permit		obtained. Valid until 13 June	
			2017	
2	Construction Noise	7 December 2016	Permit No. GW-RN0941-16	
	Permit		obtained. Valid until 13 June	
			2017	
Contract 826				
1	Construction Noise	11 November	Permit No. GW-RN0874-16	
	Permit	2016	obtained. Valid until 31 May	
			2017	

Table 3-2 Summary of the status of permits, licences and notifications made, applied and approved under this Project during the previous and reporting month

4 SUMMARY OF EM&A REQUIREMENT

4.1 Air Quality

4.1.1 Air Quality Parameters

In accordance to the EM&A Manual, 24-hour Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) levels were measured at the 17 air monitoring locations in accordance with the EM&A Manual. Monitoring was undertaken at each monitoring location once per every 6 days. Information such as date of monitoring, duration, weather condition, equipment used and monitoring results shall be recorded on the field data sheet developed for the Project. Monitoring results are summarized in Section 5.

4.1.2 Monitoring Methodology and Calibration

Monitoring was undertaken to establish for 24-hour Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) at 17 monitoring locations in the vicinity of the Works Area A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, J, L, P, Q, V1 and V2. Monitoring of 24-hour TSP was carried out using a high volume sampler (HVS) according to Part 50 Chapter 1 Appendix B, Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations of the USEPA.

The sampling procedure follows to that described Part 50 Chapter 1 Appendix B, Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations of the USEPA. TSP is sampled by drawing air through a conditioned, pre-weighed filter paper inside the high volume sampler at a controlled rate. After 24-hour sampling the filter paper with retained particles shall be collected and returned to HOKLAS accredited laboratory (ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd) for drying in a desiccators followed by accurate weighing. TSP levels are calculated from the ratio of the mass of particulate retained on the filter paper to the total volume of air sampled.

The flow rate of the high volume sampler with mass flow controller was calibrated using an orifice calibrator. Initial calibration (five points) was conducted upon installation and prior to commissioning. Calibration was carried out every six months. Detail of calibration is shown in Table 4-1 and 4-2 below. The samplers shall be properly maintained. Prior to dust monitoring commencing, appropriate checks shall be made to ensure that all equipment and necessary power supply are in good working condition.

Monitoring Air Quality HVS Serial Last Calibration						
Station ID	Monitoring Location	Number	Date			
AM 1	Mai Po San Tsuen	467	13/12/2016			
AM 2	Yau Tam Mei Village House	468	13/12/2016			
AM 3	Kong Tai Road Village House	510	16/11/2016			
AM 4	DD110 LOT 482, Wang Toi Shan	521	22/11/2016			
AM 5	Leung Uk Tsuen Squats	1276	22/11/2016			
AM 6	630 Sheung Tsuen	469	18/10/2016			
AM 7	Tse Uk Tsuen	1763	20/10/2016			
AM 8 No. 305B, Sheung Tsuen San Tsuen Village House		527	15/12/2016			
AM 9	Sau Shan House, Cheung Shan Estate	529	13/12/2016			
AM 10	Yau Ma Hom Resite Village	509	20/11/2016			
AM 11	Chung Shun Knitting Centre	1707	7/10/2016			
AM 12	Po Leung Kuk Tong Nai Kan College	520	16/12/2016			
AM 13	St. Andrew Primary School	524	16/12/2016			
AM 14	Yaumati Catholic Primary School	407	20/6/2016			
AM 15	Between Sorrento and The Waterfront	515	16/12/2016			
AM 16	Tower 3, The Waterfront	1282	16/12/2016			
AM 17	The Victoria Towers	528	16/12/2016			

Table 4-1 Calibration details of HVS

Orifice Calibrator	
Serial Number	Last Date of Calibration
0438320	3 January 2017

Table 4-2 Calibration details of Orifice Calibrator

4.1.3 Monitoring Location

Air quality monitoring was carried out at the locations chosen in accordance to the EM&A Manual, the locations are as shown in Table 4-1 above and are illustrated in Appendix D. Since the major site activities which are likely to have air quality impacts have been completed at the works areas adjacent to AM5, AM8 and AM12, it is proposed to cease the monitoring at these 3 stations.

4.1.4 Action and Limit Levels

With reference to the baseline monitoring results, the Action and Limit Levels for the 24-hour TSP monitoring derived are shown in Table 4-3. In the case of exceedance of Action and/or Limit levels for air quality occur, the Event and Action Plan as stipulated the EM&A Manual shall be implemented.

Monitoring	24-hour TSP Level in μg/m³		
Station ID	Action Level	Limit Level	
AM 1	217.3	260	
AM 2	179.4	260	
AM 3	154.7	260	
AM 4	148.6	260	
AM 5	152.0	260	
AM 6	145.6	260	
AM 7	149.8	260	

Monitoring	24-hour TSP Level in μg/m ³		
Station ID	Action Level	Limit Level	
AM 8	158.1	260	
AM 9	171.2	260	
AM 10	174.8	260	
AM 11	160.3	260	
AM 12	162.5	260	
AM 13	180.3	260	
AM 14	158.2	260	
AM 15	168.8	260	
AM 16	155.9	260	
AM 17	179.3	260	

Table 4-3 Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality

4.2 Air-borne Noise

4.2.1 Noise Parameters

In accordance to the EM&A Manual, construction noise monitoring shall be conducted to obtain one set of 30-minute measurement at each monitoring station between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays at a frequency of once per week when construction activities are underway. The L_{eq} , L_{10} and L_{90} were also recorded at the specified interval.

4.2.2 Monitoring Methodology and Calibration

As referred to the Technical Memorandum (TM) issued under the NCO, sound level meters in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications shall be used for carrying out the noise monitoring. B&K 2250 sound level meters, which complies with the above-mentioned specifications, were used for construction noise monitoring.

Before and after each series of measurements, the accuracy of the sound level meter should be checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements may be accepted as valid only if the difference between calibration levels obtained before and after the noise measurement is less than 1.0 dB.

The sound level meters and calibrator are verified by the certified laboratory or manufacturer at a regular interval to ensure they perform to the same level of accuracy as stated in the manufacturer's specifications. Detail of calibration is shown in Table 4-4 below and Appendix K.

Monitoring Station ID	Noise Monitoring Location	Serial Number	Last Calibration Date		
Sound Level Meters					
CN 1	No. 142 Mai Po San Tsuen	N/A [3]	N/A [3]		
CN 2	Mai Po San Tsuen Village House	2701826	28/02/2015		
CN 3	Yau Tam Mei Village House	2709426	03/03/2015		
CN 4	Yau Tam Mei Village House	2718887	28/02/2015		
CN 5	Kong Tai Road Village House	2718895	20/05/2015		
CN 6	Kong Tai Road Village House	2718879	17/06/2015		
CN 7	372 Tai Kong Po Tsuen	2718881	20/05/2015		
CN 8	DD110 LOT 482, Wang Toi Shan	2718882	28/05/2015		
CN 9	Leung Uk Tsuen Village House	2718889	20/05/2015		
CN 10	DD110 LOT 482, Wang Toi Shan	2718891	17/06/2015		
CN 11	182B, Wang Toi Shan San Tsuen	2718884	15/07/2015		
CN 12	DD108, Nam Hing Lei, Wing Hing Wai	2829334	08/08/2015		
CN 13	Tse Uk Tsuen	2718883	11/06/2015		
CN 14	Tse Uk Tsuen	2718890	11/06/2015		
CN 15	No. 305B - Sheung Tsuen San Tsuen Village House	2718885	11/06/2015		

Monitoring Station ID	9		Last Calibration Date
CN 16	DD 114 LOT 1405 Sheung Tsuen	2701819	18/01/2017
CN 18	Sau Shan House	2701831	03/01/2017
CN 19	Sun Fung Centre	2701824	03/04/2015
CN 20	VTC Kwai Chung Training Centre Complex	2718894	11/06/2015
CN 21	Po Leung Kuk Tong Nai Kan College	2701820	19/03/2015
CN 22	Block I, Lai Chi Kok Reception Centre	2709427	19/03/2015
CN 23	HKIVE Haking Wong Waterfront Annex	N/A ^[5]	N/A ^[5]
CN 24	St. Andrew Primary School	2701825	18/02/2017
CN 25	St. Mary's Church Mok Hing Yiu College	2709428	03/04/2015
CN 26	Ying Wah College	2701822	07/03/2017
CN 27	Cheong Shun House, Nam Cheong Estate	N/A ^[6]	N/A ^[6]
CN 28	Tower 6, Harbour Green	2701817	13/03/2015
CN 29	Yaumati Catholic Primary School	2701815	03/01/2017
CN 30	Man Cheong Street Refuse Collection Point	2701816	21/01/2017
CN 31	Tower 6, Sorrento	N/A [4]	N/A [4]
CN 32	Tower 3, The Waterfront	2718888	01/09/2016
CN 33	Star Tower, The Arch	3000103	18/01/2017
CN 34	The Victoria Towers	2701829 18/01/2017	
Calibrator			•
Serial Number	r	Last Calibration I	Date
N674902 23/03/2016			

Table 4-4 Calibration details of noise monitoring equipments

Note:

- 1. Due to school closure, monitoring at Tsuen Wan Lutheran School (CN 17) was temporarily suspended. Monitoring would be carried out subject to confirmation of noise sensitive use of the building.
- 2. A correction factor (9 dB(A)) has been applied at CN19 to take into account the noise barrier effect. The correction factor was agreed with IEC according to Section 3.11 of the EM&A Manual.
- 3. Impact monitoring at No. 142 Mai Po San Tsuen (CN1) had been temporarily suspended since December 2012 due to house removal. Monitoring at this location will be resumed when an alternative location is determined. Therefore, the sound level meter for CN1 is not calibrated until monitoring is resumed.
- 4. Impact monitoring at Tower 6, Sorrento (CN31) has been temporarily suspended from end of August 2014 due to the objection from the OC of Sorrento has been received in early August 2014. Monitoring at this location would be resumed when an alternative location is determined.
- 5. Due to completion of all works at CN23, monitoring at HKIVE Haking Wong Waterfront Annex (CN 23) has been suspended from March 2015.
- 6. Due to completion of works in the vicinity at CN27, monitoring at Nam Cheong Estate (CN 27) has been suspended from September 2015.

4.2.3 Monitoring Location

According to the EM&A Manual, noise monitoring was carried out at the locations as shown in Table 4-4 above. The monitoring locations are illustrated in Appendix D. Since the major site activities which are likely to have air-borne noise impacts have been completed at the works areas adjacent to CN10, CN11, CN15, CN16, CN22, CN25, CN26 and CN29, particularly some of the works areas have been handed over to Government, it is proposed to cease the monitoring at these 8 stations.

4.2.4 Action and Limit Levels

The Action and Limit Levels for the construction noise are shown in Table 4-5 below. In the case of non-compliance of Action and/or Limit level, the Event and Action Plan stipulated in the EM&A Manual shall be implemented.

Time Period	Action	Limit
0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays	When one documented complaint is received	75 dB(A) for residential premises
		70 dB(A) for school and 65 dB(A) during examination period

Table 4-5 Action and Limit Levels for Airborne Construction Noise

4.3 Ground-borne Noise

No ground-borne noise measurement was required during the reporting month, as all TBM tunnelling work has been completed.

4.4 Ecological Monitoring

4.4.1 Ecological Monitoring on Avifaunal Communities

Monitoring methodology

In accordance with the Ecological Monitoring Plan, avifaunal communities would be surveyed quantitatively by transect count or/and point count method covering the vicinity of the works area as shown in Table 4-6 below. Birds heard or seen within the survey area would be identified to species level and counted. The nature of construction works within works area conducting during each impact monitoring would also be recorded. Weather condition and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey areas would be recorded. The impact monitoring results would be compared to the baseline data collected before construction. Should any unpredicted indirect ecological impacts arising from the Project be detected, remedial measures would be implemented by the Contractor.

Monitoring location, frequency and duration

In accordance with the EM&A Manual and Ecological Monitoring Plan, ecological monitoring should be conducted at Works Area in MPV, TPP, SSS/ERS, TUW and PHV. The location, frequency and duration of ecological monitoring at MPV, TPP, SSS/ERS, TUW and PHV are shown in the table below and figures in Appendix D.

Works Area	Survey Site	Monitoring Location	Monitoring	Monitoring
			Frequency	Duration
Mai Po	MPV-1	• Fishponds in Wetland	Monthly	• During
Ventilation		Conservation Area		construction
Building Works		(WCA) within 500 m		phase of MPV
Area (MPV)		from the boundary of		works area
		MPV works area		

Works Area	Survey Site	Monitoring Location	Monitoring	Monitoring
			Frequency	Duration
Access road leading to TPP	TPP-1/2/3	 The whole alignment of drainage channel KT5 (TPP-1) The section of drainage channel 95CD along the proposed alignment of access upgrading (TPP-2) The whole alignment of abandoned meander of conservation interest 43CD-1 (TPP-3) 	Monthly	During upgrading and operation of access road for construction phase activities
Access road leading to SSS / ERS	SSS-1	 The section of drainage channel 95CD along the proposed alignment of access upgrading 	Monthly	During upgrading of and operation access road for construction phase activities
	SSS-2a and SSS-2b	The whole alignment of abandoned meanders of conservation interest 95CD-4 and 95CD-5	Monthly	During upgrading and operation of access road for construction phase activities
	SSS-3	Agricultural land within 500 m from the boundary of SSS/ ERS works area between Shek Kong Road and Kam Sheung Road	Monthly	During construction phase of SSS / ERS works area

Works Area	Survey Site	M	_		Monitoring Duration
Tse Uk Tsuen Works Area (TUW)	TUW – 1/2 (TUW-2 grouped with PHV-1 due to overlapping of survey area)	•		Monthly	During construction phase of TUW works area
Pat Heung Ventilation Building Works Area (PHV)	PHV-1 (grouped with TUW-2 due to overlapping of survey area)	•	Woodland in CA within 500m from the boundary of PHV works area	Monthly	During construction phase of PHV works area

Table 4-6 Requirement of Construction Impact Monitoring for Avifaunal Group

4.4.2 Monitoring of impact at fishpond due to noise/vibrations

In accordance with the Monitoring and Emergency Response Plan, during construction stage, air-borne noise monitoring should be carried out at the respective monitoring location at nearby fishpond (Appendix D) when there are project-related construction activities being undertaken within a radius of 300m from the monitoring location. One set of 30-minute measurement at a frequency of once a week when the above-mentioned construction activities are underway.

Monitoring methodology

With reference to the Monitoring and Emergency Response Plan, the noise acceptance criteria of 75 dB(A) was adopted for the assessment of adverse impact to fisheries due to air-borne noise.

Monitoring location, frequency and duration

The nearest fish-pond located in the vicinity of the works area in Mai Po as shown in Appendix D was identified as a representative air-borne and ground-borne noise/vibration monitoring location.

During construction stage, routine air-borne noise monitoring would be carried out at the respective monitoring location when there are project-related construction activities being undertaken within a radius of 300m from the monitoring station. One set of 30-minute measurement at a frequency of once a week when the above-mentioned construction activities are underway.

Action and Limit Levels

The Action and Limit levels for air-borne noise are defined in the table below. Should non-compliance of the noise quality criteria occur, actions in accordance with the Table 4-7 as should be carried out.

Time Period	Action Level	Limit Level
All time period	When one documented	75 dB(A) for air-borne
	complaint related to	noise
	adverse impact to fisheries	
	from fish-pond operator or	
	any abnormal ecological	
	monitoring results	

Table 4-7: Action and Limit Level for potential impact at fishpond due to air-borne noise

4.5 Landscape and Visual

Monitoring of the implementation of the tree protection measures during construction phase was conducted in accordance with the requirements of EP condition 2.15 (iv). The landscape and visual monitoring and auditing was conducted in accordance with the requirement in Section 5.6 of the EM&A Manual throughout the construction stage.

4.6 Cultural Heritage

4.6.1 Archaeology

Further archaeological investigation was completed at Shek Kong Stabling Sidings (SSS) in accordance with the Archaeological Action Plan.

No monitoring and reporting is required at Lung Kwu Sheng Tan (LKST) since the land has been handed over to government.

4.6.2 Built Heritage

Vibration monitoring was ceased since no more construction works was carried out within the 100m buffer area.

4.7 Landfill Gas

Monitoring was carried out in this reporting month for construction within the Ngau Tam Mei Landfill (NTML) consultation zone. No monitoring was carried out at Gin Drinker Bays Landfill (GDBL) since there was no construction carried out within consultation zone.

5 MONITORING RESULT

5.1 Air Quality

The monitoring schedule is shown in Appendix E. Results of 24-hour TSP level and the graphical presentation of monitoring results are shown in Appendix F.

In the reporting month, no exceedance of 24-hour TSP was recorded.

5.2 Noise

The monitoring schedule is shown in Appendix E. Results of measured noise level, in terms of $L_{eq}(30min)$ and graphical presentations are presented in Appendix F.

5.2.1 Air-borne Noise

In the reporting month, no exceedance of air-borne noise Limit Level and Action Level was recorded.

5.2.2 Ground-borne Noise

Ground-borne noise monitoring is not required in the reporting month, as all TBM tunnelling work has been completed.

5.3 Ecological Monitoring

5.3.1 Ecological Monitoring on Avifaunal Communities

Ecological monitoring at MPV

The weather conditions and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey area during the monitoring were summarized in Table 5-1. The MPV-1 survey site comprised about 20 fishponds with most of them being actively managed (Figure 1 in Appendix D refers). Commonly observed pond management activities during the monitoring include pond aeration, removal of bund weeds and fish feeding. Ongoing construction activities were also recorded at the works area of the project "Proposed Comprehensive Development at Wo Shang Wai, Yuen Long" (hereinafter to be referred to as "Wo Shang Wai Project") located near Point Count Location MPV-1/P9. The bird species and their abundance recorded during the avifauna monitoring for the reporting month are presented in Appendix G.

Date	Weather Conditions	Noticeable Activities Observed in the vicinity of MPV-1 Survey Site	
9 February 2017	Overcast	Overhead nets were observed at Point Count Location MPV-1/P2	
		 Ponds were observed to be drained and site levelling works are being conducted at Point Count Location MPV-1/P3 (Plate 4, Appendix H refers) (non- project related) and partially drained at Point Count Location MPV-1/P8 	
		 Overhead wires were observed at Point Count Locations MPV-1/P8, MPV-1/P 9 and MPV-1/P10 	
		• Project-related works were observed at MPV-1/P6 (Plate 5, Appendix H refers)	

Table 5-1 Weather condition and noticeable activities observed in the MPV-1 survey site during monitoring in the reporting month

A total of 348 individuals from 34 avifauna species were recorded from the Point Count Locations at MPV-1 in the reporting month (Table 5-2 refers). The total number of species recorded during the monitoring was 43, with Red-billed Starling being the dominant species among the recorded avifaunal population. Recorded waterbirds and wetland-dependent species included ardeids, Little Grebe, Great Cormorant, Tufted Duck, Black Kite, White-breasted Waterhen, Common Moorhen, sandpipers, kingfishers, Red-billed Starling and Collared Crow. Migrant and winter visitor species such as Great Cormorant, Grey Heron, Tufted Duck, Olive-backed Pipit, Grey Wagtail, Common Stonechat etc. were recorded. Detailed records of avifauna at MPV-1 survey site are presented in Appendix G.

The monitoring results of the reporting month were compared against the dry season results of the baseline data from November 2009 to January 2010. The abundance of birds at Point Count Locations was slightly above the baseline range, while the number of bird species at MPV-1 Survey Site was slightly below the baseline range. The slight drop in number of species was likely due to natural fluctuation. As for the total number of bird species recorded (including the number of species of conservation importance), they were within the baseline range (Table 5-2 and Table 5-3 refer).

The monitoring results indicated the fishponds within the survey area were utilized by waterbird and wetland-dependent species in the reporting month during the monitoring. No adverse indirect impacts arising from the project were identified.

Cumvav	MPV-1		
Survey	No. of Species	Abundance	
9 February 2017	34	348	
November 2009 to January 2010 ¹	37 – 39	259 – 335	

Note:

1. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-2 Number of species and abundance of avifauna recorded in the reporting month during bird survey at the point count locations of the MPV-1 survey site

Month	Total Number of Species Recorded ^{1,2}	
9 February 2017	43 (11)	
November 2009 to January 2010 ³	38 – 46 (7 – 14)	

Note:

- 1. Total number of species recorded included the avifauna recorded from both point count locations and walk transect.
- 2. The numbers in brackets denote the number of species of conservation interest.
- 3. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-3 Total Number of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the MPV-1 survey site

Ecological monitoring at Tai Kong Po (TPP-1)

The avifauna monitoring location for the proposed works area of the TPP access road was sub-divided into three survey sites namely TPP-1, TPP-2 and TPP-3. The TPP-1 survey site is a drainage channel (KT5) with gabion / masonry banks at upper portion. The rest of the channel is trapezoidal with vegetated grasscrete banks on both sides of the channel. The downstream end of the channel joins up with a main drainage channel (95CD) (Figure 3 in Appendix D refers).

The weather condition and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey area during the monitoring are summarized in Table 5-4. The bird species and their abundance recorded during the avifauna monitoring for the reporting month are presented in Appendix G.

Date of Monitoring	Weather Condition	Noticeable Activities Observed in the vicinity of TPP-1 Survey Site
9 February 2017	Sunny	• Project-related minor road works were observed along Point Count Locations TPP-1/P1, TPP-1/P2 and TPP-1/P3 (Plate 7, Appendix H refers).

Table 5-4 Weather Condition and Noticeable Activities Observed in the TPP-1 Survey Site during the Monitoring in the Reporting Month

A total of 266 individuals from 28 avifauna species were recorded from the Point Count Locations at TPP-1 in the reporting month (Table 5-5 refers). The total number of species recorded at the survey site during the monitoring was 29. Common Sandpiper was the dominant species recorded. Wetland-dependent species and waterbirds recorded during the survey included ardeids, White-breasted Waterhen, Common Moorhen, Common Snipe, plovers, sandpipers and Red-billed Starling. Migrant and winter species recorded included Wood Sandpiper, Yellow Wagtail, Red-throated Pipit, and etc. Detailed records of avifauna at TPP-1 are presented in Appendix G.

The monitoring results in the reporting month were compared against the dry season results of the baseline data from November 2009 to January 2010. The number of species recorded at Point Count Locations, abundance of birds and the total number of bird species recorded (including the number of species of conservation importance) at TPP-1 Survey Site were within the baseline range (Table 5-5 and Table 5-6 refer).

The monitoring results indicated the drainage channel within the survey site was mainly utilized by generalists and waterbirds during the monitoring. No adverse impacts arising from the Project were identified.

Courses Donied	TPP-1 Survey Site ²		
Survey Period	No. of Bird Species	Abundance of Bird Species	
9 February 2017	28	266	
November 2009 to January 2010 ¹	24 – 31	228 – 476	

Note:

1. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

2. The view to drainage channel KT5 between Point Count Locations TPP-1/P2 and TPP-1/P4 was partially blocked, the abundances counted at these Point Count Locations could not fully reflect the actual on-site condition.

Table 5-5 Number of Bird Species and Abundance of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the Point Count Locations of the TPP-1 Survey Site

Survey Period	Total Number of Bird Species Recorded ^{1,2}
9 February 2017	29 (6)
November 2009 to January 2010 ³	25 – 31 (6)

Note:

- 1. Total number of species recorded included the avifauna recorded from both point count locations and walk transect.
- 2. The numbers in brackets denote the number of species of conservation interest.
- 3. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-6 Total Number of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the TPP-1 Survey Site

Ecological monitoring at Tai Kong Po (TPP-2)

The weather condition and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey area during the monitoring are summarized in Table 5-7. The TPP-2 survey site covered a section of main drainage channel 95CD, which is a concrete trapezoidal channel with grasscrete banks. Plantation of native or landscape vegetation was observed along the embankment of the channel (Figure 2 in Appendix D refers). The bird species and their abundance recorded during the avifauna monitoring for the reporting month are presented in Appendix G.

Date of Monitoring	Weather Condition	Noticeable Activities Observed in the vicinity of TPP-2 Survey Site
9 February 2017	Sunny	• Nil

Table 5-7 Weather Condition and Noticeable Activities Observed in the TPP-2 Survey Site during the Monitoring in the Reporting Month

A total of 68 individuals from 17 avifauna species were recorded from the Point Count Locations at TPP-2 in the reporting month (Table 5-8 refers). The total number of species recorded during the monitoring was 18, with no apparent dominant species. Wetland-dependent and waterbird species recorded included ardeids, Little Ringed

Plover and sandpipers. Detailed records of avifauna at TPP-2 are presented in Appendix G.

The monitoring results in the reporting month were compared against the dry season results of the baseline data from November 2009 to January 2010. The number of species recorded at Point Count Locations and the number of species of conservation importance were slightly above the baseline range, while abundance of birds and total number of bird species recorded at TPP-2 Survey Site were within the baseline range (Table 5-8 and Table 5-9 refer).

The monitoring results indicated the main drainage channel within the survey area was utilized by generalists and waterbird species in the reporting month during the monitoring. No adverse impacts from the Project were identified.

	TPP-2 Survey Site	
Survey Period	No. of Bird Species	Abundance of Bird Species
9 February 2017	17	68
November 2009 to January 2010 ¹	12 – 15	49 – 70

Note:

1. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-8 Number of Bird Species and Abundance of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month. Avifauna Monitoring at the Point Count Locations of the TPP-2 Survey Site

Survey Period	Total Number of Bird Species Recorded ^{1,2}
9 February 2017	18 (2)
November 2009 to January 2010 ³	16 – 18 (1)

Note:

- 1. Total number of species recorded included the avifauna recorded from both point count locations and walk transect.
- 2. The numbers in brackets denote the number of species of conservation interest.
- 3. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-9 Total Number of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the TPP-2 Survey Site

Ecological monitoring at Tai Kong Po (TPP-3)

The weather condition and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey area during the monitoring are summarized in Table 5-10. The TPP-3 survey site is an abandoned meander (43CD-1) of conservation interest with natural banks and substratum. The earthen banks of the meander were mostly dominated by grasses and weeds. The section near point count location TPP-3/P1 was found to be usually wet though the water was quite stagnant. Due to its close proximity to a village access road of Kam Hing Wai and Shui Mei Tsuen, this section of meander was subject to higher disturbance from villagers and traffic. Point count locations TPP-3/P2 and TPP-3/P3 were only seasonally wet. During the monitoring in reporting month, point count locations TPP-3/P2 and TPP-3/P3 were dry. The bird species and their abundance recorded during the avifauna monitoring for the reporting month are presented in Appendix G.

Date of Monitoring	Weather Condition	Noticeable Activities Observed in the vicinity of TPP-3 Survey Site
9 February 2017	Sunny	• Nil

Table 5-10 Weather Condition and Noticeable Activities Observed in the TPP-3 Survey Site during the Monitoring in the Reporting Month

A total of 70 individuals from 12 avifauna species were recorded from the Point Count Locations at TPP-3 in the reporting month (Table 5-11 refers). The total number of species recorded during the monitoring was 12, with no apparent dominant species observed amongst the recorded individuals. Waterbird or wetland-dependent species recorded included Little Egret. Detailed records of avifauna at TPP-3 are presented in Appendix G.

The monitoring results in the reporting month were compared against the dry season results of the baseline data from November 2009 to January 2010. The number of species recorded at Point Count Locations, the abundance of birds and the total number of bird species recorded (including the number of species of conservation importance) at TPP-3 Survey Site were within the baseline range (Table 5-11 and Table 5-12 refer).

The monitoring results indicated the abandoned meander within the survey area was utilized mainly by typical generalist species in the reporting month during the monitoring. No adverse impacts arising from the Project were identified.

C David	TPP-3 Survey Site	
Survey Period	No. of Bird Species	Abundance of Bird Species
9 February 2017	12	70
November 2009 to January 2010 ¹	10 – 16	22 – 70

Note:

1. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-11 Number of Bird Species and Abundance of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the Point Count Locations of the TPP-3 Survey Site

Survey Period	Total Number of Bird Species Recorded ^{1,2}
9 February 2017	12 (1)
November 2009 to January 2010 ³	10 – 16 (1)

Note:

- 1. Total number of bird species recorded included the avifauna recorded from Point Count Locations only as there is no walk transect for TPP-3 survey site.
- 2. The numbers in brackets denote the number of species of conservation interest.
- 3. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-12 Total Number of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the TPP-3 Survey Site

Ecological monitoring at Shek Kong Stabling Sidings (SSS-1)

The SSS-1 survey site covered a section of main drainage channel 95CD and it is contiguous to TPP-2 survey site with similar habitat condition. The weather condition and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey area during the monitoring are summarized in Table 5-13. The bird species and their abundance recorded during the avifauna monitoring for the reporting month are presented in Appendix G.

Date of Monitoring	Weather	Noticeable Activities Observed in	
	Condition	the vicinity of SSS-1 Survey Site	
9 February 2017	Sunny	Project-related construction works for SSS/ERS were observed near Point Count Location SSS-1/P1	
		(Plate 8, Appendix H refers)	

Table 5-13 Weather Condition and Noticeable Activities Observed in the SSS-1 Survey Site during the Monitoring in the Reporting Month.

A total of 91 individuals from 16 avifauna species were recorded from the Point Count Locations at SSS-1 in the reporting month (Table 5-14 refers). A total of 19 species were recorded during the monitoring, with Common Sandpiper being the dominant species amongst the recorded population. Waterbirds and wetland-dependent species recorded included ardeids, Little Ringer Plover, sandpipers and Common Snipe. Detailed records of avifauna at SSS-1 are presented in Appendix G.

The monitoring results in the reporting month were compared against the dry season results of the baseline data from November 2009 to January 2010. The number of species recorded at Point Count Locations, abundance of birds and total number of species recorded (including the number of species of conservation importance) at SSS-1 Survey Site were within the baseline range (Table 5-14 and Table 5-15 refer).

The monitoring results indicated the abandoned meander within the survey area was utilized by typical generalist and waterbird species in the reporting month during the monitoring. No adverse indirect impacts arising from the Project were identified.

	SSS-1 Survey Site	
Survey Period	No. of Bird Species	Abundance of Bird Species
9 February 2017	16	91
November 2009 to January 2010 (1)	16 – 18	40 – 91

Note:

1. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-14 Number of Bird Species and Abundance of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the Point Count Locations of the SSS-1 Survey Site

Survey Period	Total Number of Bird Species Recorded ^{1,2}
9 February 2017	19 (2)
November 2009 to January 2010 ³	16 – 19 (1 – 2)

Note:

1. Total number of bird species recorded included the avifauna recorded from point count locations only as there is no walk transect for SSS-1 survey site.

- 2. The numbers in brackets denote the number of species of conservation interest.
- 3. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-15 Total Number of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the SSS-1 Survey Site

Ecological monitoring at Shek Kong Stabling Sidings (SSS-2a)

The meander is adjacent to car repairing workshops and garage. Riparian vegetation was well established although some areas of the banks were lined with concrete. Coverage of water was low and water quality was appeared to be poor. The weather condition and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey area during the monitoring are summarized in Table 5-16.

Date of Monitoring	Weather Condition	Noticeable Activities Observed in the vicinity of SSS-2a Survey Site
9 February 2017	Sunny	• Nil

Table 5-16 Weather Condition and Noticeable Activities Observed in the SSS-2a Survey Site during the Monitoring in the Reporting Month.

A total of 10 individuals from 3 avifauna species were recorded from the Point Count Locations at SSS-2a in the reporting month (Table 5-17 refers). A total of 3 species were recorded during the monitoring, with no apparent dominant species. No wetland-dependent species were recorded. Detailed records of avifauna at SSS-2a are presented in Appendix G.

The monitoring results in the reporting month were compared against the dry season results of the baseline data from November 2009 to January 2010. The number of species recorded at Point Count Locations, abundance of birds and total number of species recorded at SSS-2a Survey Site (including the number of species of conservation importance) were within the baseline range (Table 5-17 and Table 5-18 refer).

The monitoring results indicated the abandoned meander within the survey area was utilized by typical generalist species in the reporting month during the monitoring. No adverse indirect impacts arising from the Project were identified.

	SSS-2a Survey Site	
Survey Period	No. of Bird Species	Abundance of Bird Species
9 February 2017	3	10
November 2009 to January 2010 ¹	3 – 9	10 – 14

Note:

1. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-17 Number of Bird Species and Abundance of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the Point Count Locations of the SSS-2a Survey Site

Survey Period	Total Number of Bird Species Recorded ^{1,2}
9 February 2017	3 (0)
November 2009 to January 2010 ³	3 – 9 (0 – 1)

Note:

- 1. Total number of bird species recorded included the avifauna recorded from point count locations only as there is no walk transect for SSS-2a survey site.
- 2. The numbers in brackets denote the number of species of conservation interest.
- 3. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-18 Total Number of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the SSS-2a Survey Site

Ecological monitoring at Shek Kong Stabling Sidings (SSS-2b)

The weather condition and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey site during the monitoring are summarized in Table 5-19. The SSS-2b survey site is a large abandoned meander (95CD-5) of conservation importance located at Shek Kong San Tsuen. Extensive riparian and emergent vegetation (e.g. *Pennisetum alopecurodies* and *Panicum* spp.) including mature trees (e.g. *Macaranga tanarius* and *Ficus hispida*) were recorded. The bird species and their abundance recorded during the avifauna monitoring for the reporting month are presented in Appendix G.

Date of Monitoring	Weather Condition	Noticeable Activities Observed in the vicinity of SSS-2b Survey Site
9 February 2017	Sunny	• Nil

Table 5-19 Weather Condition and Noticeable Activities Observed in the SSS-2b Survey Site during the Monitoring in the Reporting Month

A total of 30 individuals from 12 avifauna species were recorded from the Point Count Locations at SSS-2b in the reporting month (Table 5-20 refers). A total of 12 avifauna species were recorded during the monitoring. Wetland-dependent and waterbird species recorded at the site during the survey included White-breasted Waterhen. Detailed records of avifauna at SSS-2b are presented in Appendix G.

The monitoring results in the reporting month were compared against the dry season results of the baseline data from November 2009 to January 2010. The number of species recorded at Point Count Locations, abundance of birds and the total number of bird species recorded at SSS-2b Survey Site (including the number of species of conservation) were within the baseline range (Table 5-20 and Table 5-21 refer).

The monitoring results indicated the agricultural lands within the survey area were utilized by typical generalist species in the reporting month during the monitoring. No adverse indirect impacts arising from the Project were identified.

	SSS-2b Survey Site		
Survey Period	No. of Bird Species	Abundance of Bird Species	
9 February 2017	12	30	
November 2009 to January 2010 ¹	12 – 13	29 – 39	

Note:

1. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-20 Number of Bird Species and Abundance of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the Point Count Locations of the SSS-2b Survey Site

Survey Period	Total Number of Bird Species Recorded ^{1,2}
9 February 2017	12 (0)
November 2009 to January 2010 ³	12 – 13 (0 – 3)

Note:

- 1. Total number of species recorded included the avifauna recorded from both point count locations and walk transect.
- 2. The numbers in brackets denote the number of species of conservation interest.
- 3. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-21 Total Number of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the SSS-2b Survey Site

Ecological monitoring at Shek Kong Stabling Sidings (SSS-3)

The weather condition and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey area during the monitoring are summarized in Table 5-22. The farmland in SSS-3 survey site displayed a distinctive seasonal crop rotation pattern between wet agriculture (such as Watercress *Nasturtium officinale*) in summer season and dry agriculture (such as seasonal flowers *Gladiolus gandavensis*) in winter season. The bird species and their abundance recorded during the avifauna monitoring for the reporting month are presented in Appendix G.

Date of Monitoring	Weather Condition	Noticeable Activities Observed in the vicinity of SSS-3 Survey Site
9 February 2017	Sunny	 Dry agricultural activities, such as the planting of Peach (<i>Prunus persica</i>), Common Banana (<i>Musa X paradisiaca</i>), Cassava (<i>Manihot esculenta</i>), Beetroot (<i>Beta vulgaris</i>), Carrot (<i>Daucus carota</i>) etc. were observed at farmland parcels at Point Count Locations SSS-3/P2, SSS-3/P3, SSS-3/P4, SSS-3/P5, SSS-3/P7, SSS-3/P9, SSS-3/P10, SSS-3/P11 and SSS-3/P12 (Plate 9, Appendix H refers) Wet agricultural activities, such as the planting of Watercress (<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>), were observed at farmland parcels at Point Count Location SSS-3/P12 (Plate 10, Appendix H refers) Open burning of grass was observed near Point Count Location SSS-3/P10 (Plate 11, Appendix H refers) The access to Point Count Location SSS-3/P6 was blocked due to project-related works (Plate 12, Appendix H refers) Abandoned farmlands were observed at Point Count Locations SSS-3/P1

Table 5-22 Weather Condition and Noticeable Activities Observed in the SSS-3 Survey Site during the Monitoring in the Reporting Month

A total of 235 individuals from 22 avifauna species were recorded from the Point Count Locations at SSS-3 in the reporting month (Table 5-23 refers). A total of 28 avifauna species were recorded during the monitoring, with Red-whiskered Bulbul being the dominant species. Recorded waterbird species included ardeids, White-breasted Waterhen, Common Sandpiper and Collared Crow. Migrant and winter visitor species such as Olive-backed Pipit, Daurian Restart, Brown-headed Thrush and etc. were recorded. Detailed records of avifauna at SSS-3 are presented in Appendix G.

The monitoring results in the reporting month were compared against the dry season results of the baseline data from November 2009 to January 2010. The number of species recorded at Point Count Locations was slightly lower than the baseline range, while abundance of birds and the total number of bird species recorded at SSS-3 Survey Site (including the number of species of conservation importance) were within the baseline range. Access to Point Count Location SSS-3/P6 was blocked by project-related construction materials/hoardings, and thus bird count records at Survey Site SSS-3 could not fully reflect the actual on-site condition. Consider the abundance of birds and total number of bird species recorded at SSS-3 Survey Site were within the baseline range, the slight drop of number of species recorded at Point Count Locations was likely due to natural fluctuation.

(Table 5-23 and Table 5-24 refer).

The monitoring results indicated the agricultural lands within the survey area were utilized by generalist and waterbird species in the reporting month during the monitoring. No adverse impacts from the Project were identified.

G D l	SSS-3 Survey Site ²		
Survey Period	No. of Bird Species	Abundance of Bird Species	
9 February 2017	22	235	
November 2009 to January 2010 ¹	26 – 32	211 – 296	

Note:

1. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report No. 84

2. The access to Point Count Locations SSS-3/P6 was blocked due to project related work, therefore, the number of species recorded at Point Count Locations could not fully reflect the actual on-site condition.

Table 5-23 Number of Bird Species and Abundance of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the Point Count Locations of the SSS-3 Survey Site

Survey Period	Total Number of Bird Species Recorded ^{1,2}
9 February 2017	28 (4)
November 2009 to January 2010 ³	26 – 32 (2 – 5)

Note:

- 1. Total number of species recorded included the avifauna recorded from both point count locations and walk transect.
- 2. The numbers in brackets denote the number of species of conservation interest.
- 3. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-24 Total Number of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the SSS-3 Survey Site

Ecological monitoring at PHV and TUW

The weather condition and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey area during the monitoring are summarized in Table 5-25. The TUW-1 survey site encompassed a large piece of agricultural land located to the south of Kam Sheung Road (i.e. Tse Uk Tsuen). The agricultural land in TUW-1 survey site shared the habitat characteristics of SSS-3 survey site. Similar seasonal alternation between wet and dry agriculture was also recorded from TUW-1 survey site (Figure 5 in Appendix D refers). The bird species and their abundance recorded during the avifauna monitoring for the reporting month are presented in Appendix G.

		Express	Rail L	ink
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Date of Monitoring	Weather Condition	Noticeable Activities Observed in the vicinity of TUW-1 Survey Site
9 February 2017	Sunny	 Dry agricultural activities, such as planting of spring onion (<i>Allium fistulosum</i>), beetroot (<i>Beta vulgaris</i>) and Chinese Kale (<i>Brassica oleracea</i> L. var. <i>albiflora</i>) were observed near Point Count Location TUW-1/P3 (Plate 13, Appendix H refers) Project-related excavation works observed near Point Count Location TUW-1/P4 (Plate 14, Appendix H refers) Fallow farm parcels were observed at Point Count Locations TUW-1/P2 and TUW-1/P7

Table 5-25 Weather Condition and Noticeable Activities Observed in the TUW-1 Survey Site during the Monitoring in the Reporting Month

A total of 112 individuals from 25 avifauna species were recorded from the Point Count Locations at TUW-1 in the reporting month (Table 5-26 refers). The total number of species recorded during the monitoring was 25, with Red-whiskered Bulbul being the dominant species. Waterbirds species recorded included ardeids. Winter visitor species such as Olive-backed Pipit, Daurian Redstart and Dusky Warbler etc. were recorded. Detailed records of avifauna at TUW-1 are presented in Appendix G.

The monitoring results in the reporting month were compared against the dry season data from November 2009 to January 2009. The number of species recorded at Point Count Locations, abundance of birds and the total number of bird species recorded at TUW-1 Survey Site (including the number of species of conservation importance) were within the baseline range (Table 5-26 and Table 5-27 refer).

The monitoring results indicated the agricultural lands within the survey site were mainly utilized by generalists and waterbird species in the reporting month during the monitoring. No adverse indirect impacts arising from the Project were identified.

Comment Danie 1	TUW-1 Survey Site		
Survey Period	No. of Bird Species	Abundance of Bird Species	
9 February 2017	25	112	
November 2009 to January 2010 ¹	19 – 25	98 – 197	

Note:

Table 5-26 Number of Bird Species and Abundance of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the Point Count Locations of the TUW-1 Survey Site

Survey Period	Total Number of Bird Species Recorded ^{1,2}
9 February 2017	25 (2)
November 2009 to January 2010 ³	20 – 25(2 – 3)

Note:

- 1. Total number of species recorded included the avifauna recorded from both point count locations and walk transect.
- 2. The numbers in brackets denote the number of species of conservation interest.
- 3. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-27 Total Number of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the TUW-1 Survey Site

Since the extent of PHV-1 survey site is overlapped with that of TUW-2 survey site, the survey data of the TUW-2 and PHV-1 survey sites were reported collectively. The weather condition and other noticeable activities occurring within or in the vicinity of the survey area during the monitoring are summarized in Table 5-28. The TUW-2 and PHV-1 survey site comprised the woodland in Conservation Area (CA) within 500 m from the boundary of the PHV works area (Figure 6 in Appendix D refers). The bird species and their abundance recorded during the avifauna monitoring for the reporting month are presented in Appendix G.

Date of Monitoring	Weather Condition	Noticeable Activities Observed in the vicinity of TUW-2 and PHV-1 Survey Site
9 February 2017	Overcast	Nil

Table 5-28 Weather Condition and Noticeable Activities Observed in the TUW-2 and PHV-1 Survey Site during the Monitoring in the Reporting Month

^{1.} Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

A total of 16 individuals from 6 avifauna species were recorded from the Point Count Locations at TUW-2 and PHV-1 in the reporting month (Table 5-29 refers). The total number of species recorded during the monitoring was 16. Detailed records of avifauna at TUW-2 and PHV-1 are presented in Appendix G.

The monitoring results in the reporting month were compared against the dry season results of the baseline data from November 2009 to January 2010. The number of species recorded at Point Count Locations was slightly below the baseline range. The slight drop in number of species was likely due to natural fluctuation, considering that the abundance of birds at Point Count Locations and the total number of species recorded at the TUW-2 and PHV-1 Survey Sites were within the baseline range, while the number of species of conservation importance were slightly above the baseline range (Table 5-29 and Table 5-30 refer).

The monitoring results indicated the woodland within the survey site was mainly utilized by typical forest birds e.g. Blue Whistling Thrush and Hwamei; and generalists e.g. Oriental Magpie Robin and Japanese White-eye during the monitoring. No adverse indirect impacts arising from the Project were identified.

G D I	TUW-2 and PHV-1 Survey Site		
Survey Period	No. of Bird Species	Abundance of Bird Species	
9 February 2017	6	16	
November 2009 to January 2010 ¹	8	15 – 21	

Note:

1. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-29 Number of Bird Species and Abundance of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the Point Count Locations of the TUW-2 and PHV-1 Survey Site

Survey Period	Total Number of Bird Species Recorded ^{1,2}
9 February 2017	16 (1)
November 2009 to January 2010 ³	12 – 19 (0)

Note:

- 1. Total number of bird species recorded included the avifauna recorded from both point count locations and walk transect.
- 2. The numbers in brackets denote the number of species of conservation interest.
- 3. Seasonal range obtained from baseline bird survey.

Table 5-30 Total Number of Bird Species Recorded in the Reporting Month Avifauna Monitoring at the TUW-2 and PHV-1 Survey Site

5.3.2 Monitoring of impact at fishpond due to noise

In accordance with the Monitoring and Emergency Response Plan, impact noise monitoring was conducted at fish pond on weekly basis for assessment of impact at fishponds due to noise. The results are displayed in the table below. It was revealed from the monitoring results that all monitoring results were within the Limit Level of 75 dB(A). Based on the monitoring results, there was no adverse impact at fishpond due to noise.

Monitoring Date	L _{eq} , dB(A)
02/02/2017	54
09/02/2017	53
14/02/2017	52
23/02/2017	51
28/02/2017	51

Table 5-31 Noise monitoring results at fishpond in Mai Po

5.4 Waste Management

The quantities of waste disposed from this Project during the reporting month and the previous 2 months are summarized in the table below. Inert C&D materials are disposed to public fills unless otherwise specified.

Reporting Month	Inert C&D ^{1, 13} Materials (tonnes)	Non-inert C&D ² Materials (tonnes)	Chemical Waste (Litre)
Contract 810A ⁴			
Dec 2016	7,252.40 {0.00}	53.81	0
Jan 2017	8,826.97 {0.00}	49.93	250
Feb 2017	8,076.36 {0.00}	95.56	0
Contract 810B ⁵			•

Reporting Month	Inert C&D 1, 13	Non-inert C&D ²	Chemical		
	Materials	Materials	Waste		
	(tonnes)	(tonnes)	(Litre)		
Dec 2016	1,779.89 {0.00}	449.12	0		
Jan 2017	881.65 {0.00}	527.46	0		
Feb 2017	1,945.52 {0.00}	549.96	0		
Contract 811B ⁶					
Dec 2016	0 {0.00}	1,578.06	0		
Jan 2017	0.00 {0.00}	1,264.15	0		
Feb 2017	1,529.86 {0.00}	1,072.71	0		
Contract 820 ⁷					
Dec 2016	0	25.15	0		
Jan 2017	0	0.79	0		
Feb 2017	0	0	0		
Contract 822 ⁸		•			
Dec 2016	95.79	21.62	7,000		
Jan 2017	257.32	4.19	0		
Feb 2017	166.81	8.30	0		
Contract 8217		•			
Jan 2017	0	0	0		
Feb 2017	0	1.60	0		
Contract 823A ⁹		•	<u> </u>		
Dec 2016	0	15.85	0		
Jan 2017	3,300.14	21.08	0		
Feb 2017	385.97	4.96	0		
Contract 823B ¹⁰		•	<u> </u>		
Dec 2016	0	45.85	0		
Jan 2017	662.75	51.43	0		
Feb 2017	62.08	43.69	0		
Contract 824 ¹¹		•	<u> </u>		
Dec 2016	74.20	93.40	0		
Jan 2017	1,878.60	240.70	0		
Feb 2017	1,174.00	122.60	0		
Contract 825 ¹²					
Dec 2016	0	12	0		
Jan 2017	8	10	0		
Feb 2017	8	138	0		
Contract 826					
Dec 2016	0	0	0		
Jan 2017	0	0	0		
Feb 2017	0	0	0		

Table 5-32 Summary of construction waste generated and disposed

Note:

- 1. Inert C&D materials include bricks, concrete, building debris, rubble and excavated soil.
- 2. Non-inert C&D materials include steel, paper / cardboard packaging waste, plastics and other wastes such as general refuse.
- 4. Alternative disposal sites for inert C&D material from 810A include SENT Landfill and Zhongshan & Zhuhai, Mainland China.

- 5. Alternative disposal sites for inert C&D Material from 810B include Central-Wan Chai Bypass (Typhoon Shelter and HKCEC) and Zhongshan Torch Hi-Tech Zone.
- Alternative disposal sites for inert C&D Material from Contract 811B include Widening of Tolo highway / Fanling Highway (HY/2009/908), SIL Contract 908, HY/2009/15 – Central WanChai Bypass – Tunnel (Causeway Bay Typhoon Shelter Section), MaXin District Development, Zhong Shan.
- 7. Liquid chemical waste (waste oil) reported in litres (L), while solid waste such as waste battery reported in tonnes (tons).
- 8. No alternative disposal sites for inert C&D Material from Contract 822 in this month.
- 9. Alternative disposal sites for inert C&D Material from Contract 823A include NENT landfill (re-used as cover material) and Shui Mei Tsuen.
- 10. Alternative disposal sites for inert C&D Material from Contract 823B include WENT landfill, CCSV, Pak Fu Shan (DC/2011/06) and Pillar Point (DC/2008/03).
- 11. No alternative disposal sites for inert C&D Material from Contract 824 in this month.
- 12. No alternative disposal sites for inert C&D Material from Contract 825 in this month.
- Figures in { } denotes the quantity of marine sediment disposal not included in inert C&D Material.

The cumulative quantities are summarized as follows.

Inert C&D	Marine Sediment	Non-inert C&D	Chemical	Chemical
Materials	Materials	Materials	Waste	Waste
(tonnes)	(tonnes)	(tonnes) ¹	(Litre)	(Kg)
22,219,889.72	1,765,151.24	147,713.17	387,139.50	19,792.00

5.5 Landscape and Visual

5.5.1 Monitoring Requirement

A Certified Arborist was employed and has conducted inspection and audits and found that the tree protection works being carried out by the civil works and transplanting contractors were in accordance with EP/EIA.

Monitoring of the implementation of landscape and visual aspect including the tree protection measures during construction phase was conducted in accordance with the requirements of EP condition 2.15 and Section 5.6 of the EM&A Manual.

5.5.2 Audit Result

Regular monitoring and audit was undertaken in accordance with the requirement of EP condition 2.15 and Section 5.6 of the EM&A Manual.

Tree Transplanting Works at Contract 801

A number of trees are being replanted to their final receptor locations.

Unwanted vegetation should be removed.

Tree Protection Work 810A

Warning sign has been put up for some area with hanging dead branches, other hanging dead branches should also be removed. Frequent watering to the newly planted trees should be conducted to promote tree health.

Tree Protection Work 810B

No major observation.

Tree Protection Work 811B

No major observation.

Tree Protection Work 816D

Fallen tree should be removed.

Tree Protection Work 821

Ant nest was observed at T7144 and was eradicated.

Tree Protection Work 8217

No major observation.

Tree Protection Work 822

Surface water drainage should be improved to avoid ponding.

Tree Protection Work 823A

Dead tree shall be removed.

Tree Protection Work 823B

Fungal fruiting body at T14636 was removed, pruning was done and hangers were removed, continuous monitoring was recommended.

Tree Protection Work 824

Leaning tree should be removed.

Tree Protection Work 825

Tree protection zone was re-established.

Tree Protection Work 830

No major observation.

5.6 Cultural Heritage

No construction work was performed within 100m buffer area from Cheung Yuen (LET-06) in the reporting month; hence no vibration monitoring was performed.

5.7 Landfill Gas

No monitoring was carried out in this reporting month since there was no construction within Gin Drinker Bays Landfill (GDBL) consultation zone. Monitoring was carried out in the reporting month within the Ngau Tam Mei Landfill (NTML) and no exceedance was recorded.

6 SITE INSPECTION

6.1 Regular Site Inspection

Regular site inspections on all environmental aspects under the EM&A Manual were attended by representatives from ET and Contractors. The site inspections were carried out at 810A/B and 811B in West Kowloon, 822 in Pat Heung and Shing Mun, 8217 in Shek Yam, 823A/B in Shek Kong Stabling Sidings, 824 in Tai Kong Po and Ngau Tam Mei, 825 in Mai Po and dates are shown in the following table. In addition to the regular site inspections attended by ET and Contractors, monthly IEC environmental audits attended by IEC, ET and Contractors were held on 15 February 2017 for 810A; 8 February 2017 for 810B; 7 February 2017 for 821B; 7 February 2017 for 823B; 10 February 2017 for 824 and 9 February 2017 for 825.

Contract	Date of Site Inspections
810A	2/2, 9/2, 15/2 and 23/2
810B	1/2, 8/2, 15/2 and 22/2
811B	7/2, 14/2, 21/2 and 28/2
822	3/2, 7/2, 14/2 and 24/2
8217	3/2, 7/2, 14/2 and 24/2
823A	2/2, 8/2, 13/2 and 23/2
823B	2/2, 8/2, 13/2 and 23/2
824	1/2, 10/2, 14/2 and 23/2
825	2/2, 9/2, 15/2 and 23/2

Table 6-1: Date of site inspection

All observations have been recorded in the audit checklist and passed to the Contractor together with the appropriate recommended mitigation measures where necessary. The key observations from these site inspections and Contractor's follow-up action are summarized in Table 6-2 below.

Item	Description	Contractor's Follow-up Action(s) Undertaken
Contr	act 810A	
1	Dry and dusty haul road was found along the works area along Wui Man Road.	The frontlines have been reminded to spray water at haul road frequently specially in the dry weather days.
2	The flip door of concrete pump was not closed when in use.	The frontlines have been reminded to close the flip door when concreting is in operation.
Contr	act 810B	
1	Stockpile was found without proper cover when idling at the works area of Austin Road West.	The stockpile has been covered with tarpaulin when not in use.
Contr	act 811B	
1	Rock breaking used at Road D1A road was found without NRMM label.	NRMM label has been affixed at the concerned plant in the day after the observation has been made.
Contr	act 822	
1	Temporary stockpile of excavated soil was close to water barrier.	A concrete bund is provided to seal bottom of water barrier from soil.
2	A rope was hanging from a tree to nearby water barrier.	The rope was removed.
Contr	act 8217	
1	The pH of treated water from WetSep was considered slightly alkaline.	Monitoring of water quality was carried out regularly.
Contr	act 823A	
1	No drip tray was provided to chemical containers	Chemical drums have been cleared.
Contr	act 823B	
1	Chemical was found without drip tray.	Chemical drums have been cleared.
Contr	act 824	
1	Lunch boxes were scattered at cable trench.	Lunch boxes were removed and designated area was provided for collection of general refuse.
2	A pump from open channel was connecting to manhole.	The pump was removed.
3	Haul road and unpaved area was observed dry and dusty.	Regular water spraying was applied for dust suppression. Excessive stockpile was removed.
Contr	act 825	

Item	Description	Contractor's Follow-up Action(s) Undertaken
1	Some unpaved area was observed dry and dusty.	Regular water spraying was provided.
2	NRMM labels for 2 excavators were missing.	NRMM labels were provided.

Table 6-2 Summary of site inspections, recommendations and follow-up actions

6.2 Other Site Inspection

All XRL tunnelling works have been substantially completed, the groundwater level monitoring for the XRL project was suspended since 1 November 2016.

7 NON-COMPLIANCE AND DEFICIENCY

7.1 Summary of Complaint

For this reporting month, no environmental complaint was referred from EPD. There are a total of 243 environmental complaints since commencement of the construction. The complaints were handled in accordance to the EM&A Manual and relevant parties including the Engineer's Representative and IEC were informed of the complaint.

7.2 Summary of Exceedance

No exceedance was recorded in the reporting month.

7.3 Summary of Notification of Summons, Prosecutions, Non-compliance and Corrective Actions

No notification of summons, non-compliance and prosecution was received during the reporting period.

8 FUTURE KEY ISSUES

8.1 Construction Works in Coming Months

Works to be undertaken for the following months are summarized below. The works presented below is tentative and subject to change in actual construction programme.

Contract 802 (Works Area Q)

Nil

Contract 805 (Works Area N & O)

Nil (Construction works completed)

Contract 805 (Works Area S)

Nil

Contract 810A (Works Area V1)

Slab construction; Column installation; Erection and dismantling of falsework and formwork; Cruciform column encasement; Strut and bracing installation; Rebar fixing; Welding; Concrete curing; Bored pile head trimming; Blinding; Cleaning Construction Joint (CJ) and welding coupler; Rebar fixing to column and forming column drop; Concreting; Delivery of oversized steel structures; Erection of column head; Temporary support and platform fabrication; Wall construction; Welding to cathodic protection; and Architectural Builders Works and Finishes (ABWF)

Contract 810A (Works Area J, Y, AG)

Material Storage

Contract 810B (Works Area V1)

Preboring, Installation/Dismantling of Strutting; Bored Piling; Sheet piling; Excavation Lateral Support (ELS) Work; Structural Works of Sea Water Intake Chamber; Bulk Excavation; Concreting, Jet Grouting; Station Structure Construction Work; Utility Diversion & Piling Works; Structural Works of Noise Mitigation Deck; Construction of Austin Road West (ARW) Underpass; Construction of Sewerage Pipeline & Manholes; Haul Road Improvement Work; Bottom Up Erection of Formwork; Overhead

Track Exhaust (OTE) and Platform installation at B4 slab; Coring / Cutting Openings; and Screen Wall Construction at B4 slab

Contract 810B (Works Area W)

Operation of Barging Facilities

Contract 810A (Works Area V2)

ABWF in MKV, landscaping, road reinstatement

Contract 810A (Works Area U)

Site Office

Contract 811B (Works Area V2)

Backfilling to Approach Tunnel and removal of struts layer S1; Casting of internal RC structures at B4, B3 and B2; Construct PTI Landscaped Deck columns and deck structures; PTI Landscaped Deck ABWF works at B4, B3 and B2; Construct PTI plant building under deck and WKP above ground building (RC and ABWF works); Retaining wall construction along LCR S/B; Sewer/ storm pipe installation and manhole construction; Construct EAA from B2 to B1 to GF to U1F; Footbridge 14 Pier NP9 -NP10 stair and lift (steel canopy etc.); Footbridge 14 span NP9-NP10 ABWF works (steel canopy etc.); Man Cheong Street Footbridge pile cap PC1 and PC2 – excavation and pile head preparation; Remedial drainage works after Jordan Road Reinstatement; Footbridge 14 span NP3-BR3 RC works (Removal of temporary portal); Casting of Footbridge 14 piers on pile caps PC3 and PD3; Lin Cheung Road Underpass NB (northern section) excavation and RC works; Lin Cheung Road drainage works; Excavation for CLP cable trenches; CLP cable laying and joining and Installation of temporary portal for FB14 span NP2-NP3, NP4-NP5

Contract 811B (Works Area Y)

Operation of Nam Cheong Barging Point

Contract 810A (Works Area L)

Material Storage Area

Contract 820 (Works Area M)

Nil
Contract 820 (Works Area P)
ABWF in ventilation building
Contract 820 (Works Area Q)
Material storage
Contract 820 (Works Area R)
Nil (Construction works completed)
Contract 816D (Works Area T)
Site Office
Contract 821 (Works Area J)
Nil (construction works completed)
Contract 822 (Works Area F)
Backfill the openings; –Erection of site fencing on TOA
Contract 822 (Works Area G)
Underground drainage construction; Concrete Pavement; Backfill the openings; Manhole excavation; Maintain TTA
Contract 8217 (Works Area H)
Stockpiling and backfilling.
Contract 822 (Works Area I)
Nil (construction works completed)
Contract 822 (Works Area K)
Site Office
Contract 822 (Works Area AC)
Nil

-- (Works Area AE)

Nil (Land returned to the Government)

Contract 823A and 823B (Works Areas D and D1)

Superstructure works for buildings, road and other associated facilities, backfilling, reinstatement and landscaping

Contract 823A (Works Area E)

Backfilling and reinstatement

Contract 823B (To Kau Wan Works Areas)

Nil

Contract 810A (Works Areas Z)

Nil (construction works completed)

Contract 824 (Works Area B)

Architectural Builders Works and Finishes (ABWF) works for ventilation building. Road and drainage construction.

Contract 824 (Works Area C)

Remaining works and wall painting for EAP. Backfilling, EVA road and drainage construction

-- (Works Area AF)

N/A, land returned to the Government

Contract 825 (Works Area A)

Road and drainage construction. Backfilling.

Contract 810A (Works Area AA)

Material Storage

Contract 826 (Works Area A)

Repairing works

Table 8-1 Summary of construction works in coming months

Impact monitoring would be continued according to the construction programme.

8.2 Monitoring Schedule for Next Month

The tentative schedule of TSP, noise and ecological monitoring for the next reporting period is presented in Appendix E.

9 CONCLUSIONS

The Report presents the results of EM&A works and the impact monitoring for the construction works of the XRL project undertaken during the period of from 1 to 28 February 2017. The major construction activities in the reporting period included works in the West Kowloon Works Areas, Nam Cheong, Kwai Chung, Shing Mun, Shek Yam, Pat Heung, Shek Kong, Tai Kong Po, Ngau Tam Mei, Mai Po Works Area and Barging Points.

Impact monitoring for air quality and noise were conducted in accordance with the EM&A Manual in the reporting period. No 24-hour TSP and air-borne noise exceedance in the reporting month. For the ecological monitoring, survey results in the reporting month were compared to dry season baseline results from November 2009 to January 2010. The total number of bird species were within the baseline range at all Survey Sites, except those record at TPP-2 Survey Site was slightly above the baseline range. Bird abundance recorded at all of the Survey Sites were within the baseline range except MPV-1, where the bird abundance recorded was above the baseline range. Access to Point Count Location SSS-3/P6 was blocked by projectrelated construction materials/hoardings, and thus bird count records at Survey Site SSS-3 could not fully reflect the actual on-site condition. The number of bird species recorded at Point Count Locations at Survey Sites MPV-1, SSS-3, TUW-2 and PHV-1 were slightly below the baseline range, however, the bird abundance at MPV-1 Survey Site was above the baseline range while that at SSS-3, TUW-2 and PHV-1 Survey Site were within the baseline range. Therefore, the slight drop in the number of species at these Survey Sites (i.e. MPV-1, SSS-3, TUW-2 and PHV-1) was likely due to natural fluctuation. No adverse indirect impacts arising from the Project were identified.

No notification of summons, non-compliance and prosecution was received during the reporting period.

For the reporting month, no environmental complaint was referred from EPD.

Site inspections were conducted regularly to monitor proper implementation of environmental pollution control and mitigation measures for the Project. The ET would continue the implementation of the environmental monitoring and audit programme in accordance to the EM&A Manual and to a level consistent with MTRCL's Corporate Sustainability Policy.

Appendix A

Works Area

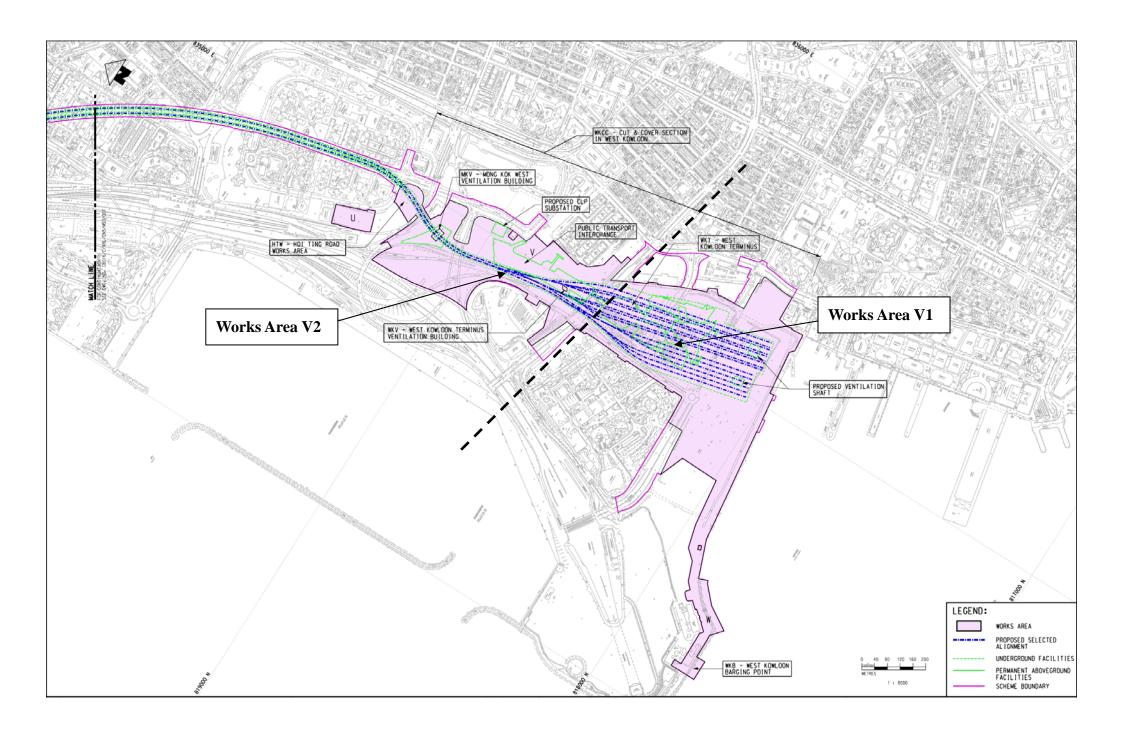
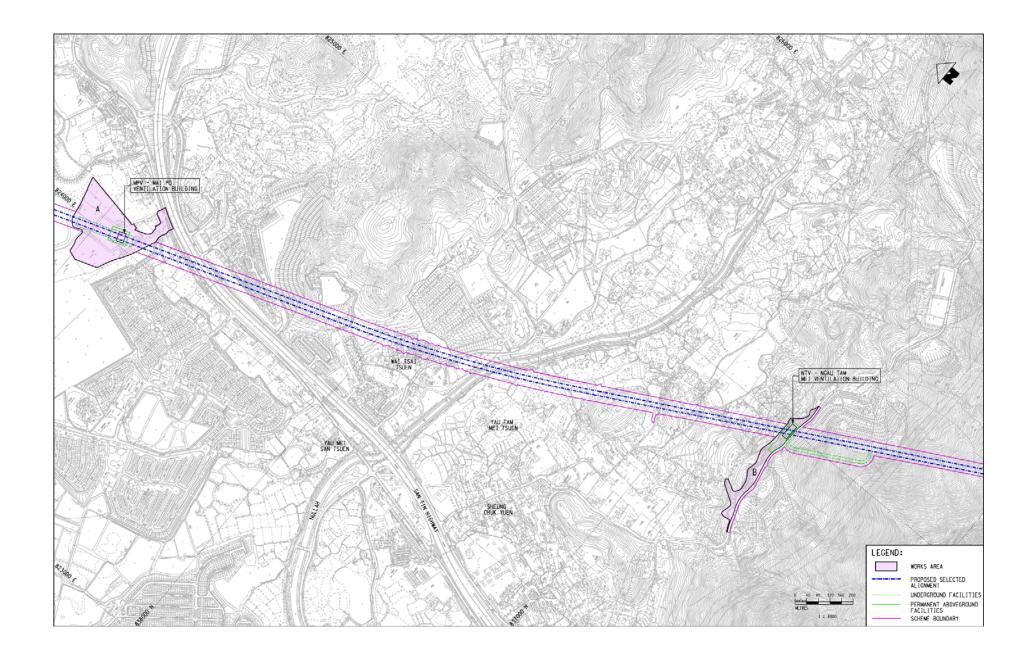
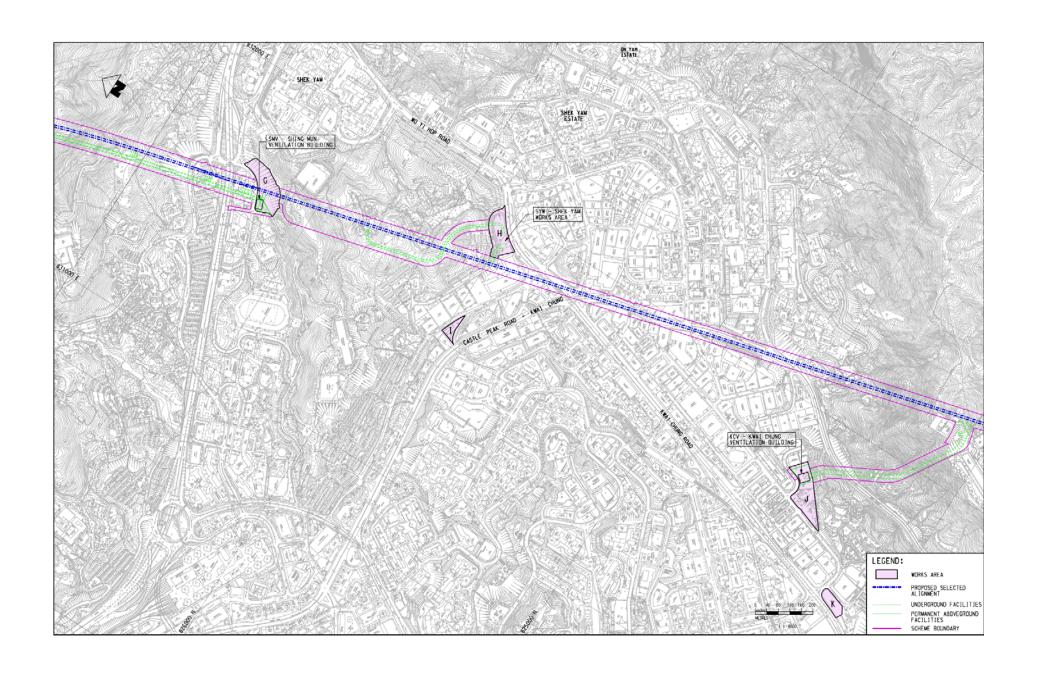
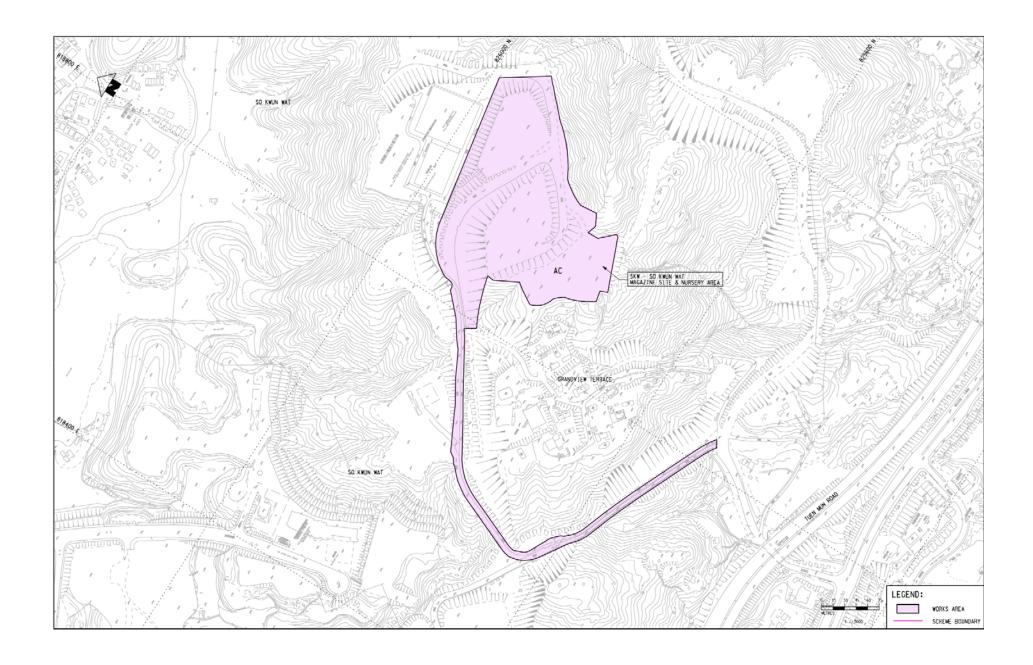
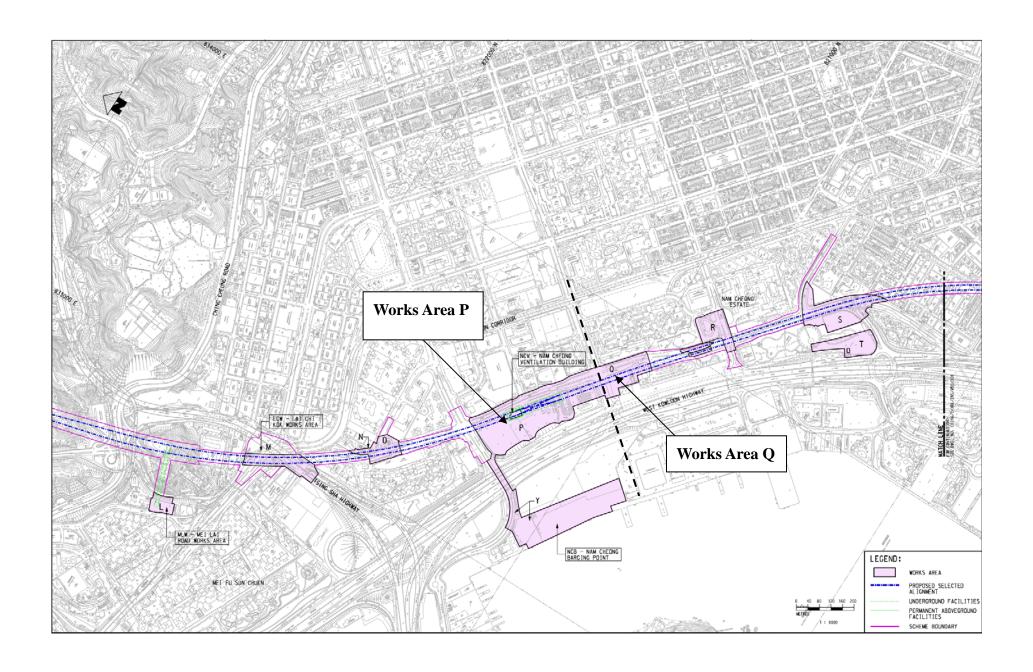


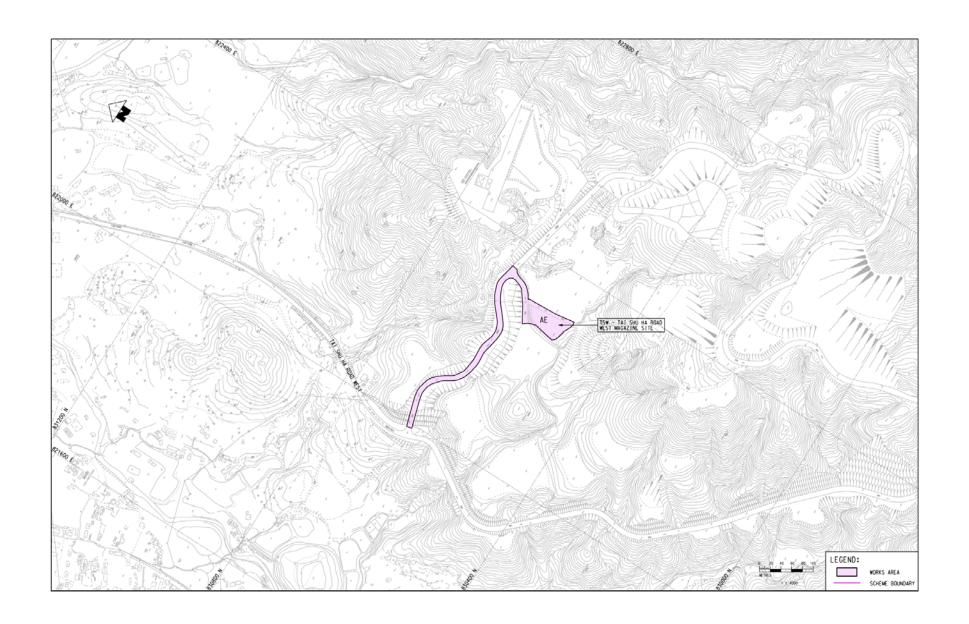
Figure 1 – Works Area

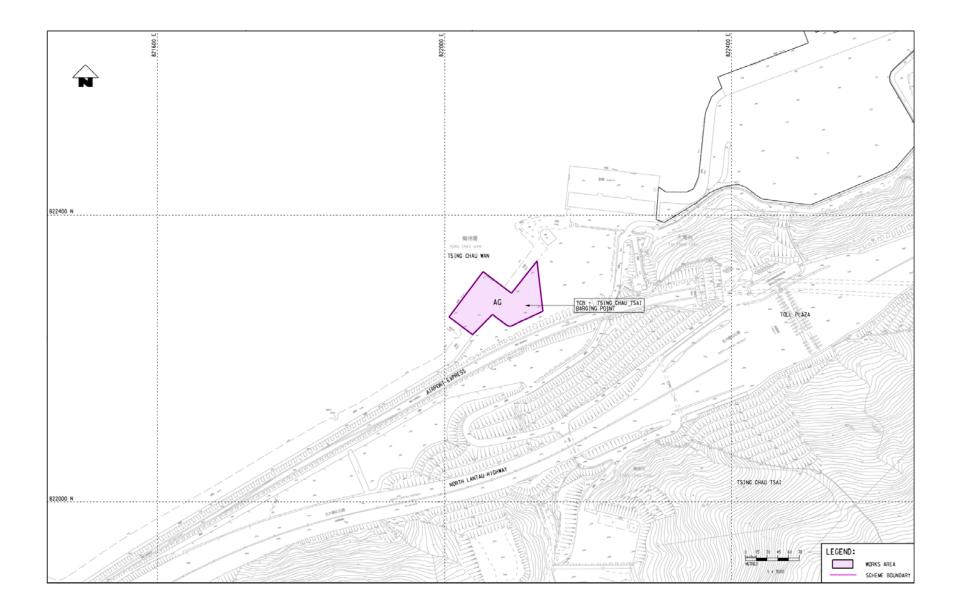


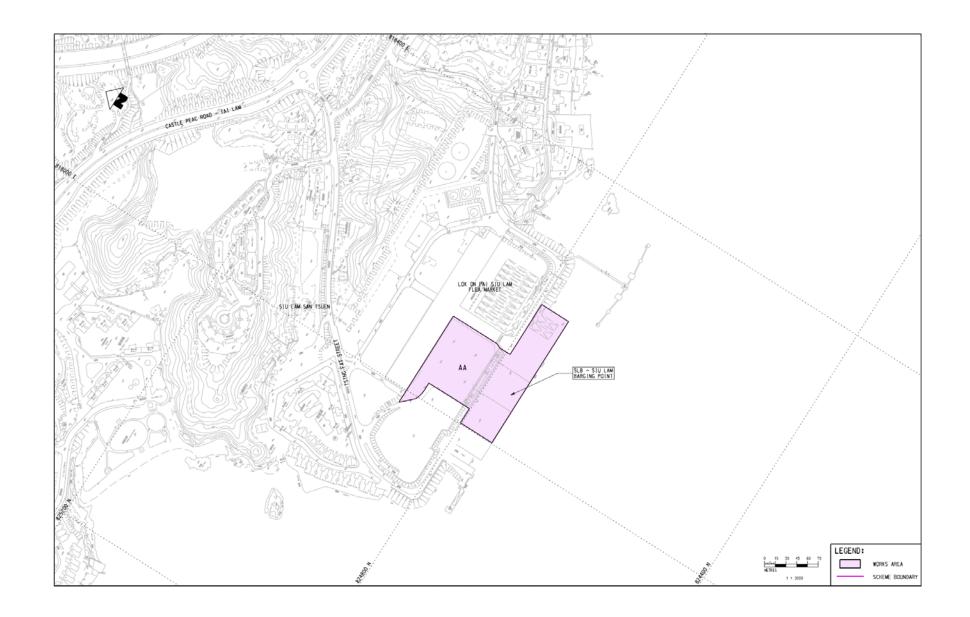


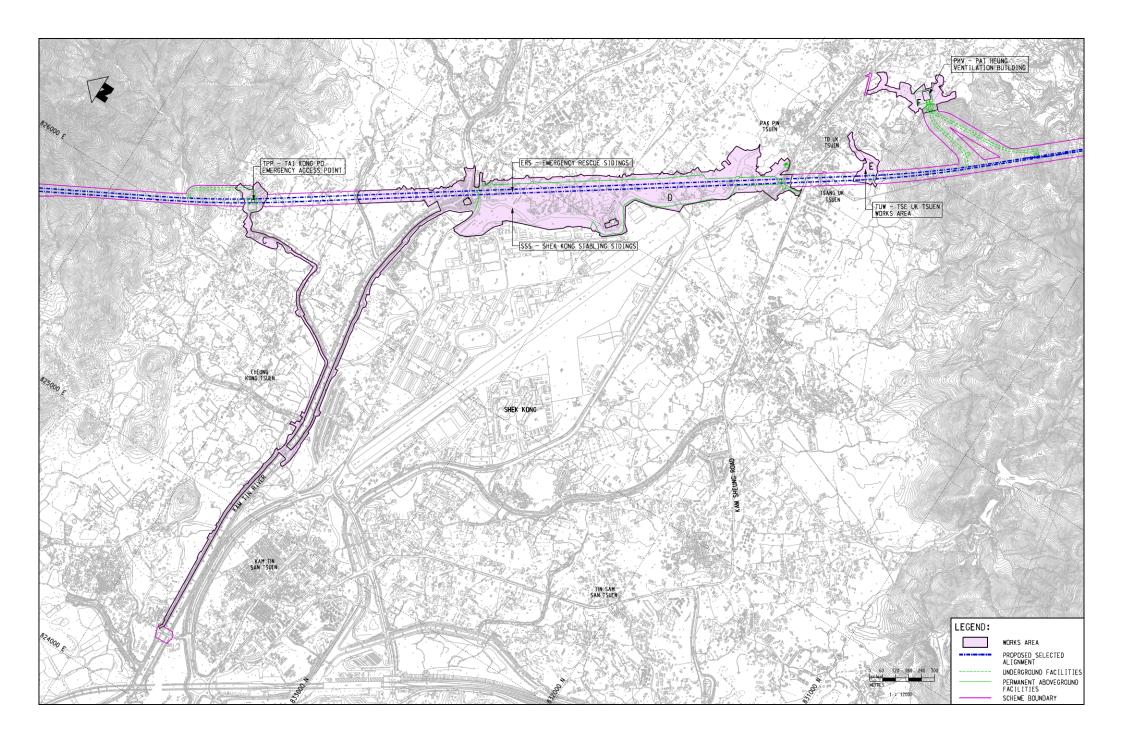


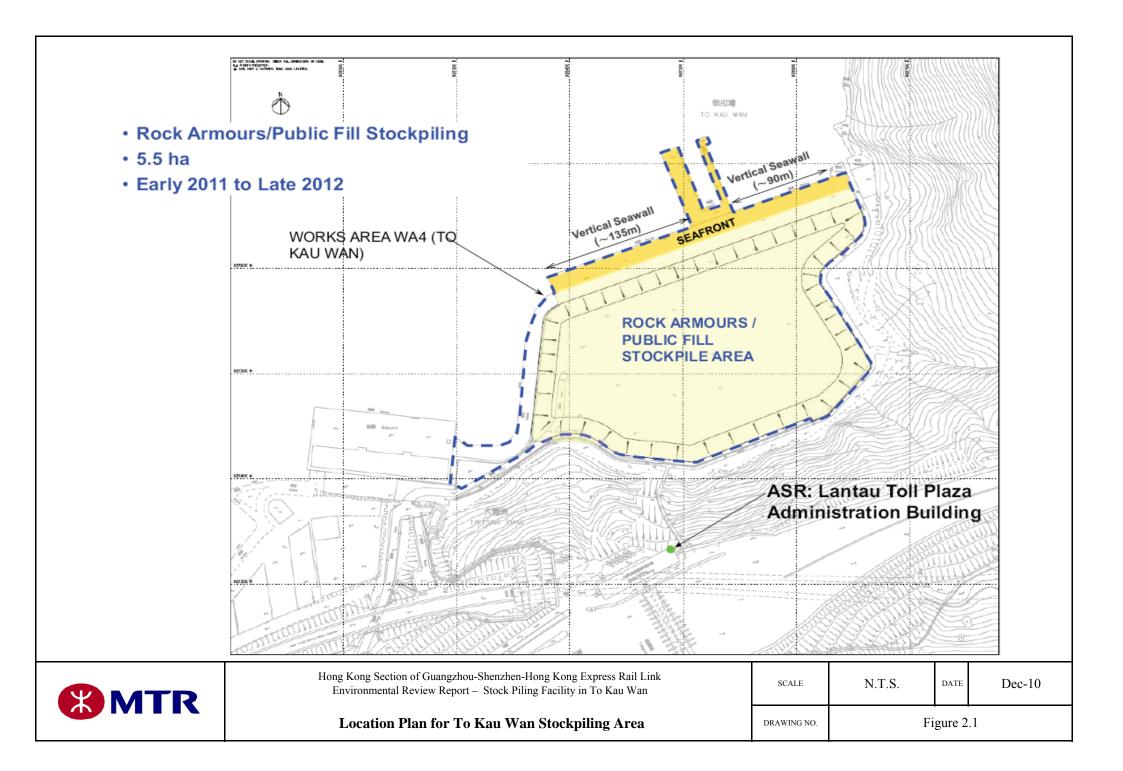


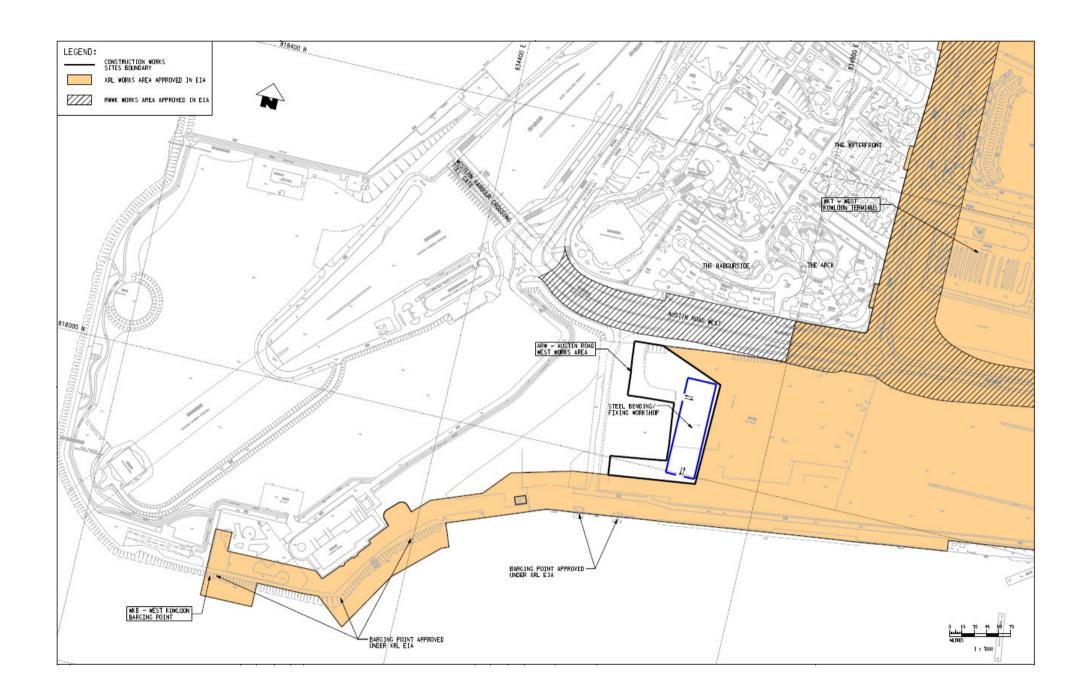


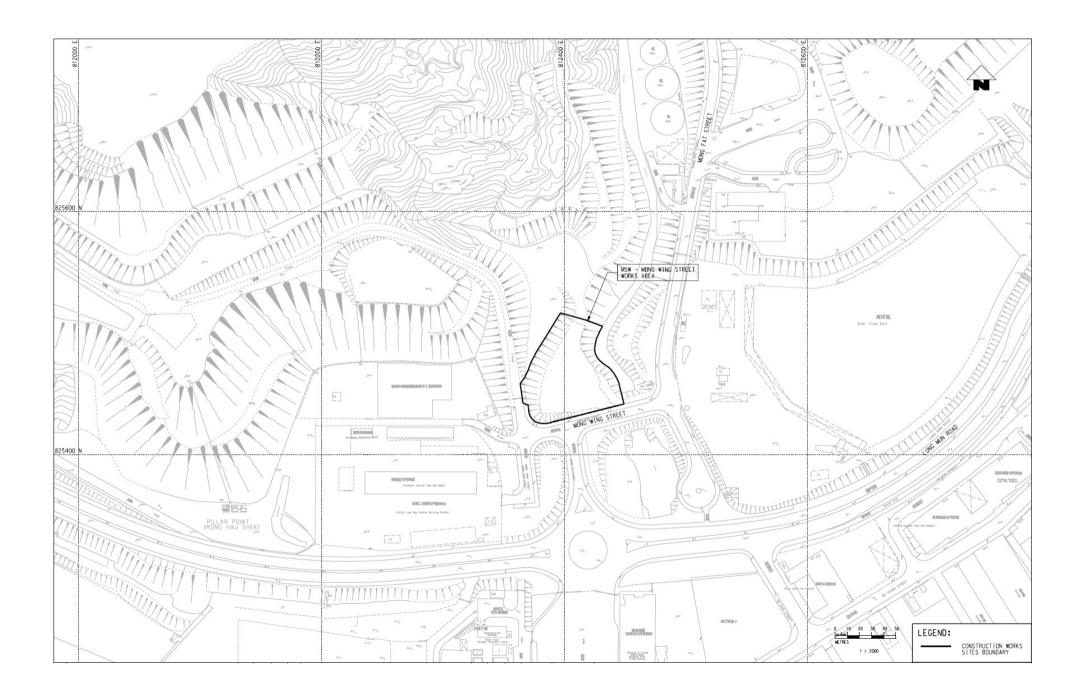


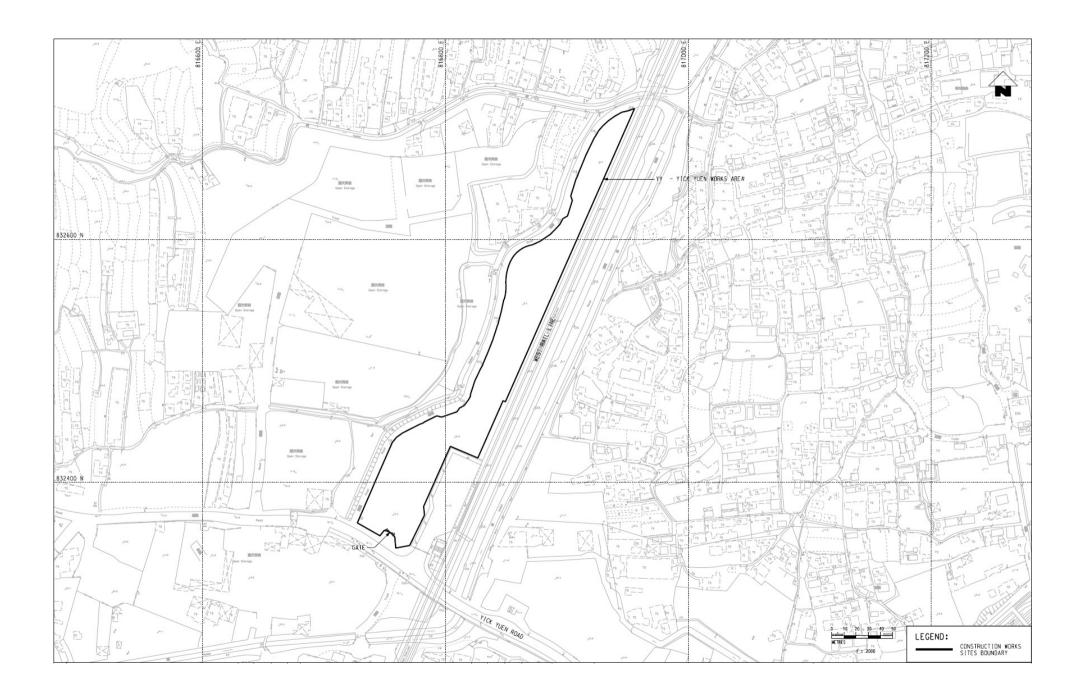












Appendix B

Project Management Organization and Contacts of Key Personnel

Title	Name	Telephone
Engineer's Representative	2	
Construction Manager	Mr. Nelson Yeung	2829 2384
(810A)		
Construction Manager	Mr. Ashley Calvert	2926 9098
(810B)		
Construction Manager (Contract 811B)	Mr. Kit CHAN	2164 2988
Senior Construction Engineer (802, 805, 820,	Mr. Wilfred Chan	3519 4119
821 & 822)		
Construction Manager	Mr. Eric Chan	2262 4788
(Acting)		
(823A, 823B, 824, 825 &		
826)		
Independent Environmen		1
Independent	Mr. Eric Ching	2828 5825
Environmental Checker		
Environmental Team		
Environmental Team	Ms. Felice WONG	2688 1760
Leader	Wis. Tence World	2000 1700
Contractor		
Contract 802 Contractor	T	
Project Manager	Mr. Frankie Lam	6021 2602
Environmental Officer	Ms. Andy Leung	9489 0035
Contract 805 Contractor		
Project Manager	Mr. Richard Chan	6348 8550
Environmental Engineer / Officer	Mr. Justin Lai	6330 6726
Contract 810A Contractor		
Principle Project Director	Mr. Adrian Clamp	6468 7678
Senior Environmental Officer	Mr. Dominic Fung	9664 2565
Contract 810B Contractor		

Title	Name	Telephone				
Project Director	Mr. Jeremy Matterson	6629 4430				
Environmental Officer	Ms. Diana Lee	9317 1219				
Contract 811A Contractor						
Project Director	Mr. Mike O'Hanlon	2561 8072				
Quality, Safety and Environmental Manager	Mr. Nick Lau	2164 2810				
Environmental Officer (Deputy)	Miss Margaret Chung	9725 3895				
Contract 811B Contractor						
Project Manager	Mr. Brian Gowran	2269 1517				
Project Construction Manager	Mr. Roger Wong	2269 1520				
Environmental Officer	Ms. Sammie Chan	2269 1507				
Contract 820 & 821 Contra	actor					
Project Director	Mr. Alain Hervio	2215 6600 / 6112 9197				
Senior QSE Manager	Mr. Y. T. So	2215 6631 / 9307 8728				
Environmental Officer (820 & 821)	Ms. Gemini Lam	9430 9104				
Contract 822 Contractor						
Project Manager	Mr. David Hutchinson	9738 8779				
Environmental Officer	Ms. Lighting Chan	3552 2386				
Contract 8217 Contractor	,					
Project Manager	Mr. Simon Lam	9342 7615				
Environmental Officer	Mr. Zeno Fung	9215 8681				
Contract 823A & B Contractor						
Project Director	Mr. Austen Hankinson	2411 7600				
Environmental Officer	Mr. Calvin Chan	2411 7608				

Title	Name	Telephone				
Contract 824 Contractor						
Works Manager	Mr. Russell Lang	9200 4157				
Environmental Officer	Mr. Snow Ho	6099 4479				
Contract 825 Contractor						
Project Manager	Mr. Nakayama	2482 8101				
Environmental Officer	Mr. Chan Sze Ming	9384 5494				
Contract 826 Contractor	Contract 826 Contractor					
Project Manager	Mr. Steven Meredith	2774 9886				
Environmental Officer	Mr. Ryan Wong	2774 9886				

Appendix C Implementation Status

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
Ecologic	al Impact (Detailed design Phase / Pre-construction					
Phase)						
S3.398	 Prior to commencement of channel works, an ecological habitat management plan should be prepared to provide the detailed specifications for the habitats and ecological functions to be provided, and control of colonization of invasive plant species at the mitigation stream habitats and define the long-term management and ecological monitoring and audit requirements for these habitats. 	To mitigate the avoidable loss of watercourse habitat	MTR	SSS	Detailed design phase / Prior to commencement of channel works	Ecological Habitat Management Plan (EHMP) formulated and submitted to EPD
S3.388 - S3.397	- The constructed channel in the SSS site should include open channel with ecologically friendly stream feature to mitigate the direct impact due to the loss of a watercourse habitat in Shek Kong.	To mitigate the avoidable loss of watercourse habitat	MTR / DDC	SSS	Detailed design phase	AFCD's comment has been sought during formulation of the EHMP
S3.410	- The implementation details of the impact monitoring programme should be described in ecological monitoring plan for EPD approval before commencement of construction activities.	To outline details of ecological impact monitoring	MTR	MPV, TPP, SSS / ERS, PHV and TUW	Before commencement of construction activities	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
\$3.327 & \$3.412	- A monitoring and emergency response plan (to be prepared by the Contractor), in relation to potential impacts due to groundwater drawdown, will form part of the EM&A requirement in the EM&A Manual subject to approval by EPD and AFCD before commencement of the tunnelling and MPV construction in Mai Po area. The plan should include, but not be limited to, details of monitoring locations and programme, a mechanism to monitor the implication from the works to the groundwater system and fish pond, action levels and emergency responses such as immediate action, remedial action and investigation.	To detect potential impacts due to groundwater drawdown	Contractor	MPV	Before commencement of the tunnelling and MPV construction	AFCD's comment has been sought during formulation of Plan
S3.413	- A monitoring and emergency response plan, in relation to impacts due to noise/vibration, should form part of the EM&A requirement in the EM&A Manual subject to approval by EPD and AFCD before commencement of the tunnelling and MPV construction in Mai Po area.	To detect and monitor noise / vibration impacts	Contractor	MPV	Before commencement of bore tunnelling and MPV construction	Implemented

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to	Who to implement the measures?		When to implement the measures?	Implementat ion Status
		Address	measures.		incasures.	
Ecologic	al Impact (Construction Phase)	<u> </u>			1	'
S3.325 - S3.326	- Implementation of precautionary measures during tunnelling works.	To avoid potential hydrogeological impacts	Contractor		Construction phase	Implemented
S3.409 to S3.410	 Ecological impact monitoring focusing on habitats and species of conservation interest should be conducted during the construction phase at the MPV, TPP, SSS / ERS, PHV, and TUW sites where a number of avifauna of conservation interest (e.g. overwintering bird, Greater Painted-snipe) and areas of conservation interest (e.g. country parks, conservation areas, and wetlands) were recorded. Avifaunal communities should be surveyed quantitatively along transects. Birds heard or seen along the transects should be identified to species and counted. The nature of construction works within works area conducting during each impact monitoring visit should also be recorded. The quantitative monitoring results should be compared to pre-construction condition. The impact monitoring results should be undertaken by qualified ecologist(s) with relevant working experience. 	To monitor potential indirect construction impacts to wildlife	MTR MTR	MPV, TPP, SSS / ERS, PHV, and TUW	Construction	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	Should any unpredicted indirect ecological impacts arising from the proposed Project be detected, remedial measures should be developed and implemented by the Contractor.		Contractor			
S3.327	- Implementation of the groundwater monitoring and	To detect and minimize	Contractor	MPV	Construction	Refer to Item
&	emergency response plan.	hydrological impacts			phase (During	for S3.327 &
S3.412					bore tunneling	S3.412.
					works and	
					construction of	
					Mai Po	
					Ventilation	
					Shaft)	
S3.413	- Implementation of monitoring and emergency	To detect and minimize	Contractor	MPV	Construction	Implemented
	response plan on noise and vibration.	noise / vibration impacts			phase (During	
					bore tunneling	
					works and	
					construction of	
					Mai Po	
					Ventilation	
					Shaft)	

EIA	Re	ecommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.			Recommended Measures	•	the measures	implement the	ion Status
			& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
G2 2 4			Address				
S3.364	-	Use of quiet construction plant and temporary noise	To minimise impacts to	MTR /	All works	Construction	Implemented
-S3.369		barriers.	surrounding habitats	Contractor	areas	phase	
	-	Access to the ventilation building sites should follow					
		existing access roads, such as the maintenance access					
		along the existing drainage channels.					
	-	Site hoarding of about 2.4 m high should be erected					
		around the works area of access roads along drainage					
		channels in the TPP and SSS / ERS sites.					
	-	Gate and fences should be installed along the					
		construction accesses that are adjacent to public					
		areas.					
	-	Gates and hoardings should be provided at the					
		entrances/exits and along the boundary of the works					
		areas respectively to prevent any trespassers from					
		encroaching or will fully disturbing any wild animals					
		and their habitats within the works areas.					
	-	A trip-ticket system should be adopted to monitor the					
		disposal of construction and demolition materials.					
		CCTV and warning signs should be provided at the					
		entrance of the proposed temporary and permanent					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	vehicular access.					
3.370 -3.371 and 3.373	 Vegetation located within the works areas should be preserved as far as practicable. To avoid soil compaction, heavy machinery should not be used in close proximity to vegetation. Soils that become compacted through the activities of the 	To minimize impacts to vegetation	MTR / Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
	development should be loosened to an appropriate depth to allow seed germination.					
	- All temporarily affected habitats should be reinstated after the completion of works.					
	 Placement of equipment or stockpiles should be confined to designated works areas. Access routes should be confined on existing disturbed land, where practicable. 					
	- Detailed vegetation survey should be conducted in TSW site prior to commencement of site clearance.	To minimize impacts to vegetation	MTR / Contractor	TSW	Prior to commencement of site clearance	,
						and deposited

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
						to EPD
	- To mitigate the loss of the vegetation and habitats,	To minimize impacts to	MTR /	TSW and all	Construction	Proposal of
	planting of native species should be provided in the	vegetation	Contractor	other works	phase	mitigatory
	areas affected by the Project in TSW site, and other			areas		planting at
	works area, where practicable.					TSW was
	works area, where practicable.					included in
						the
						Vegetation
						Survey
						Report.
						Mitigatory
						planting to be
						implemented
						as per
						construction
						programme
S3.372	- The affected individuals of Incense Tree within the	To minimize impacts to	MTR /	NTV	Construction	Vegetation
	NTV works area should be transplanted to nearby	vegetation	Contractor		phase	survey was
	suitable habitats prior to the commencement of site					conducted
	clearance at NTV works area as far as practicable.					and included
						in the
	- A detailed vegetation survey covering the affected					Vegetation

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	habitat at NTV works area should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist / ecologist to identify and record the affected individuals in order to provide details for the transplantation scheme prior to the commencement of site clearance. Feasibility and suitability of transplanting the affected individuals would be studied and suitable receptor sites would be					Survey Report. Transplantati on of Incense Tree was completed and
	identified. The transplantation proposal for the affected individuals should be prepared as necessary and transplantation should be supervised by a suitably qualified ecologist / horticulturist.					monitored.
S3.374 - S3.377	- Site hoarding of 2.4 m high should be set up along the boundary of the works areas as far as practicable.	To minimize disturbance to wildlife	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
	- The erection of hoarding (2.4 m) along KT5 in the area with high Greater Painted-snipe occurrence (e.g. the proposed access road next to KT5) should avoid their breeding season, prior to construction activities in the area.			KT5 (near TPP)	Prior to the construction of access road	Implemented
	- The use of noisy construction equipment such as hydraulic breakers should be avoided at the area with			KT5 (near TPP)	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	measures?	tne measures	implement the measures?	ion Status
	high painted-snipe occurrence (e.g. the proposed access road next to KT5) during their breeding season as far as practicable.					
	- Hoardings of 2.4 m height should be put in place before commencement of construction activities. Hoarding at the section along the northern boundary of the MPV works area should be installed first. The duration of hoarding erection should be kept as brief as practicable.			MPV	Right after possession of site	Implemented
	- Upon the erection of site hoarding, all construction activities should be conducted within the fenced area.					
	Major construction site lighting should point inward and downward. Unnecessary lighting should be turned off outside working hours of the construction sites.			All works area	Construction phase	Implemented
S3.378 - S3.380	 Excavation works carried out within waterbodies should be carried out in dry season where practicable. Excavation works within the watercourse / drainage channel should be restricted when possible to an 	To minimise pollution to waterbodies	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	enclosed dry section of the watercourse / drainage channel, with containment measures such as bunds and barriers used within the watercourse / drainage channel. - Site runoff should be directed towards regularly					
	cleaned and maintained silt traps and oil / grease separators. The silt and oil / grease separators should be appropriately designed for the local drainage and ground conditions. Tightly sealed closed grab excavators should be deployed where material to be handled is wet.					
	- The flow of the watercourse and drainage channel located with the Project Area should be maintained throughout the construction phase.					
Terrestr	ial Ecological Impact (Post-construction / Operation	1	1	*		
Phase)						
S3.327	- Implementation of the groundwater monitoring and	To detect and minimize	Contractor	MPV	Post-constructio	To be
&	emergency response plan.	hydrogeological impacts			n phase	implemented
S3.412						as per construction
						programme

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures	Who to implement the		When to implement the	Implementat ion Status
		& Main Concern to Address	measures?		measures?	
S3.381	- The affected agricultural land should be restored to a condition suitable for agricultural use before handing over to landowners / operators.	-	MTR / Contractor	All temporarily occupied agricultural land	Operation phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S3.382 – S3.384	 Vegetation control in the constructed channels should be implemented to prevent the excessive growth of vegetation that would impede the drainage capacity of the channel. To minimise sedimentation, de-silting should be limited to the dry season (November to March). The natural stream bed substrate should not be removed from the channel during de-silting works. For maintenance de-silting, temporary barrier walls should be used to provide a dewatered zone for de-silting works. Waste material produced during de-silting should be disposed of in a timely and appropriate manner. 	To minimise impacts to constructed channels	MTR	All constructed channels in SSS	Operation phase	To be implemented as per construction programme

EIA	Re	ecommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.			Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
			& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
			Address				
\$3.385 & \$3.387	-	Large areas of reflective material (including glass) should not be used on the outer surfaces of the buildings. All the major lighting sources should point inward and downward to minimise glare disturbance to wildlife. The intensity of light should also be controlled to the lowest possible level.	To minimise impacts to wildlife	MTR / DDC	All ventilation buildings in northern section and SSS	Detailed design and Operation phases	To be implemented as per construction programme
S3.411	-		To monitor the wildlife use of the mitigation stream habitat	MTR	Mitigation stream habitat in SSS / ERS	Operation phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
Marine I	Eco	logical Impact (Construction Phase)				<u>. </u>	
Appendi x3.6 (S1.102)	-	The use of high-speed vessels should also be avoided during the construction and operation of the proposed barging point.		Contractor	LKB	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
Appendi x3.6	-	No dumping of rubbish, oil or chemicals would be allowed.	To minimise the pollution to marine habitats	Contractor	LKB	Construction phase	To be implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to		When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
(S1.103)						as per
						construction
						programme
Appendi	- Deployment of silt curtains around the closed grab	To minimise the impact to	Contractor	LKB	Construction	To be
x3.6	dredgers to minimize the suspended sediment impact	subtidal habitats			phase	implemented
(S1.104)	due to dredging activities in dredging region.					as per
	- To minimize impact on the gorgonians along the					construction
	coastline near the dredging area, double silt curtains					programme
	should be deployed around the works area.					
Appendi	- The number of work vessels and small crafts should	To minimise disturbance	Contractor	LKB	Construction	To be
x3.6	be minimized. Dredging should be carried out	impact on Chinese White			phase	implemented
(S1.106)	continuously without unnecessary break to prevent	Dolphin				as per
	unpredictable or sudden noise outbursts at random					construction
	intervals.					programme
Appendi	- Mitigation measures to control water quality impacts	To minimise indirect	Contractor	WKT	Construction	Implemented
x3.7	proposed under Section 11 should be adopted.	impact to intertidal and	Contractor	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	phase	impremented:
(S1.83)	proposed under section 11 should be adopted.	subtidal flora and fauna			phase	
` '						
Appendi	- Engines of vessels moored at the barging point would		Contractor	LKB	Construction	To be
x3.6	be turned off to minimize unnecessary underwater	impact on Chinese White			phase	implemented
(S1.105)		Dolphin				as per

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	noise.					construction
						programme
Pond F	isheries Impact (Pre-construction Phase)					
S4.51	- A monitoring and emergency response plan, in relation to potential impacts due to groundwater drawdown, will form part of the EM&A requirement in the EM&A Manual subject to approval by EPD and AFCD before commencement of the tunnelling and MPV construction in Mai Po area. The plan should include, but not be limited to, details of monitoring locations and programme, a mechanism to monitor the implication from the works to the	To detect and minimize potential hydrological impacts	Contractor	MPV	Pre-construction phase (Before commencement of the tunnelling and MPV construction)	comment has been sought
	groundwater system and fish ponds including their water levels, action levels and emergency responses such as immediate action, remedial action and investigation.					
S4.52	- A monitoring and emergency response plan, in	To detect and monitor	Contractor	MPV	Pre-construction	Implemented
	relation to impacts due to noise/vibration, should	noise / vibration impacts			phase (Before	
Ì	form part of the EM&A requirement in the EM&A				commencement	
i	Manual subject to approval by EPD and AFCD				of bore	

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	before commencement of the tunnelling and MPV construction in Mai Po area.				tunnelling and MPV construction)	
S4.45	- Consultation should be conducted with fish operators in Mai Po before tunnelling starts. The method of construction, potential impact and mitigation measures should be fully explained to the operators at the meeting.	stakeholders	Contractor / MTR		Pre-construction phase (Before commencement of tunneling works)	Consultation with Mai Po Village VR has been conducted.
Pond Fi	sheries Impact (Construction Phase)			*	1	1
S4.51	- Implementation of the groundwater monitoring and emergency response plan.	To detect and minimize hydrogeological impacts	Contractor		Construction phase (During bore tunneling works and construction of Mai Po Ventilation Shaft)	Implemented
S4.52	- Implementation of the monitoring and emergency response plan on noise and vibration.	To detect and minimize noise / vibration impacts	Contractor		Construction phase (During bore tunneling works and	Implemented

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?		When to implement the measures? construction of Mai Po Ventilation Shaft)	Implementat ion Status
S4.40	- Good site practices and proper dust and water quality control measures should be implemented. These include site confinement with fencing/hoarding erection at the perimeter of the works area, stockpile covering by impervious sheeting to avoid spread of construction dust, and proper handling, storage and disposal of chemical waste to avoid contamination of the existing water system, etc.	To minimize the indirect off-site impacts on the adjacent fishponds	Contractor	MPV	Construction phase	Implemented
S4.44	 Implementation of good site practices during the construction phase: Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction program; Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be utilized and properly maintained during the construction program; 	To minimize disturbance to fishponds by construction noise	Contractor	MPV	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to		When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	-	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	 Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum; 					
	 Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby fishponds; 					
	 Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilized, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities; 					
	 Use of movable barrier for certain powered mechanical equipment (PME); and Use of noise enclosure or acoustic shed to cover 					
	certain stationary PME.					
Pond Fis	heries Impact (Post-construction Phase)					
S4.51	- Implementation of the groundwater monitoring and	To detect and minimize	Contractor	MPV	Post-Constructio	To be
	emergency response plan.	hydrogeological impacts			n phase	implemented as per construction programme
Marine l	Fisheries Impact (Construction Phase)	1	1			r - 0
Appendi x4.2	- Mitigation measures to control water quality impacts	To minimize the indirect impact on fisheries	Contractor		Construction phase	To be implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
(S1.38)	proposed under Section 11 should be adopted.	resources				as per
						construction
						programme
	e Noise Impact (Construction Phase)		T	1	T	1
S5.120	The following good site practices should be	To reduce construction	MTR /	All works	Construction	Implemented
	implemented:	noise impact	Contractor	areas	phase	
	 Only well-maintained plant should be operated 					
	on-site and plants should be serviced regularly					
	during the construction program;					
	 Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment 					
	should be utilized and should be properly					
	maintained during the construction program;					
	 Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far from 					
	noise sensitive receivers (NSRs) as possible;					
	 Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in 					
	intermittent use should be shut down between work					
	periods or should be throttled down to a minimum;					
	 Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction 					
	should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the					
	noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs; and					
	 Material stockpiles and other structures should be 					
	effectively utilized, wherever practicable, in					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	_	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	screening noise from on-site construction activities.					
S5.121-S	The following quiet PME should be used:	To reduce construction	MTR /	Works Areas	Construction	Implemented
5.122		noise impact	Contractor	A, B, C, D,	phase	
and	Pneumatic breaker (SWL=110dB(A))			E, F, G, H, I,		
Table	Tracked Excavator Fitted with Hydraulic Breaker			J, K, L, M, N,		
5.22	(SWL=110dB(A))			O, P, Q, R, S,		
	■ Truck Mixer (SWL=100dB(A))			T, U, V, W,		
	■ Tracked Crane (SWL=101dB(A))			Y, Z, AA,		
	■ Dump Truck (SWL=103dB(A))			AC, AE, AF,		
	 Tracked Excavator/Loader (SWL=105dB(A)) 			AG and AH		
	■ Dozer (SWL=111dB(A))					
	■ Road Roller (SWL=101dB(A))					
S5.123 -	Movable noise barrier should be used for the following	To reduce construction	MTR /	Works Areas	Construction	Implemented
S5.124	PME where practicable:	noise impact	Contractor	A, C and D	phase	
	Mini backhoe					
	Breaker, mini-robot mounted					
	 Vibratory poker 					
	 Handheld breaker 					
	 Excavator 					
	■ Grab					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	-	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
	m 1 10	Address				
	Tracked Crane					
S5.125	Noise enclosure/acoustic shed should be used for the	To reduce construction	MTR /	Works Areas	Construction	Implemented
	following PME where practicable:	noise impact	Contractor	A, B, C, D,	phase	
	 Air compressor 			E, F, G, H, I,		
	Concrete pump			J, K, L, M, O,		
	Grout pump			P, Q, S, T, U,		
	Shotcrete pump			V and Z		
S5.125	Acoustic enclosure should be used for enclosing drilling	To reduce construction	MTR /	Works Areas	Construction	Implemented
	jumbo as fully as possible.	noise impact	Contractor	B, C, F, H	phase	
				and J		
S5.127	Silencer should be used for the ventilation fans.	To reduce construction	MTR /	Works Areas	Construction	Implemented
		noise impact	Contractor	A, B, C, D,	phase	
				E, F, H, J, L		
				and P		
S5.128	Noise insulating fabric should be applied where	To reduce construction	MTR /	Works Areas	Construction	Implemented
	practicable to cover the following PME:	noise impact	Contractor	A, B, C, D,	phase	
	Drill rig			E, G, L, M,		
	Grab and chisel			N, O, Q, R,		
	Oscillator & casings			S, V		
	Piling rig					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	 Piling, large diameter bored, reverse circulation drill Piling, vibrating hammer 					
S5.130	Use of "Noise Insulating Cover" to cover the mucking out points.	To reduce construction noise impact	MTR / Contractor	Works Area L	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S5.131	Use of temporary hoardings along the works boundary.	To reduce construction noise impact	MTR / Contractor	Works Areas B and D	Construction phase	Implemented
S5.134-S	Use of saw instead of mini-robot mounted breaker and	To reduce construction	MTR /	Works Areas	Construction	Implemented
5.136	oscillator pile for removal of superstructures	noise impact	Contractor	N, O and S	phase	
S5.137	Scheduling of construction works outside school examination periods	To reduce construction noise impact	MTR / Contractor	Works Areas G, J, K, L, N, O, P, Q, Y, U, V and AH		Implemented
S5.193	Airborne construction noise monitoring should be conducted in accordance with EM&A Manual to monitor the airborne noise impact.	To monitor airborne noise impact	MTR / Contractor	Proposed monitoring locations	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	implement the measures?	the measures	implement the measures?	ion Status
Airborn	e Noise Impact (Operation Phase)					
S5.113 and Table 5.21	The maximum permissible sound power levels (Max SWLs) for the fixed plant should be complied with during the selection of equipment and mitigation measures.	To comply with the noise g criteria of Noise Control Ordinance	MTR / DDC	MPV, NTV, PHV, SMV, KCV, NCV, MKV, WKV and WKT	Detailed design and operation phases	To be implemented as per construction programme
S5.140	 Noise barrier should be erected as follow: A 8m high barrier along the access road on eastern side of SSS; and 5.5m barrier along western boundary facing Leung Uk Tsuen squats. 	To comply with the noise criteria of Noise Control Ordinance	MTR / DDC	SSS	Detailed design and operation phases	To be implemented as per construction programme
S5.140	Installation of 13m absorptive panels on both sides and full length of ERS.	To comply with the noise criteria of Noise Control Ordinance	MTR / DDC	ERS	Detailed design and operation phases	To be implemented as per construction programme
S5.196	Noise commissioning test is recommended to monitor the ground-borne noise level complying with NCO.	To monitor ground-borne noise impact	MTR / Contractor	Proposed monitoring locations	Operation phase	To be implemented as per

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measures	When to implement the measures?	Implementat ion Status
		Address	measures:		measures:	
						construction programme
Ground	l-borne Noise Impact (Construction Phase)		ı			
S6.82	Ground-borne construction noise monitoring should be	To monitor ground-borne	MTR /	Proposed	Construction	To be
	conducted in accordance with EM&A Manual to	noise impact	Contractor	monitoring	phase	implemented
	monitor the ground-borne noise impact.			locations		as per
						construction
						programme
S6.85	Construction groundborne noise measurement results	To update the predicted	MTR /	TBM	Construction	To be
	should be used to further update the ground-borne noise	ground-borne noise levels.	Contractor	tunneling	phase	implemented
	prediction where appropriate.			section		as per
						construction
						programme
S6.83	Conduct tests of the FDL of the train to update the	To confirm the predicted	MTR	-	Prior to the final	To be
	ground-borne noise prediction and the recommended	ground-borne noise levels			design of the	implemented
	mitigation measures as necessary.				trackform and	as per
					the extent of	construction
					each type of	programme
					trackform, and	
					after the	
					proposed train	
					in operation	

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
					outside Hong	
					Kong	
S6.84	Conduct vibration borehole testing at two carefully	To confirm the predicted	MTR	Proposed two	Prior to the	The
	selected locations along the proposed tunnel alignment	ground-borne noise levels		locations	commencement	measurement
	to determine the LSR values under certain geological				of construction	was
	conditions. The ground-borne noise predictions and				works	completed
	the recommendation on mitigation measures should be					and the
	updated as necessary.					Performance
						Test Plan has
						been
						approved by
						EPD
Ground	l-borne Noise Impact (Operation Phase)		1			II.
S6.87	Noise commissioning test is recommended to monitor	To monitor ground-borne	MTR /	Proposed	Operation phase	To be
	the ground-borne noise level complying with NCO.	noise impact	Contractor	monitoring		implemented
				locations		as per
						construction
						programme
Landsc	ape and Visual Impact (Construction Phase)	•		•		
Table	All existing trees should be carefully protected during	To minimize landscape	Contractor	Works areas	Detailed design	Implemented
	construction as far as possible in accordance with	and visual impacts during		Works areas	and construction	implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to		When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	_	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
7.10	ETWB TCW No. 29/2004 and 3/2006.	construction phase			phases	
	Trees should be retained on site as far as possible.		Contractor			
	Should removal of trees be unavoidable due to					
	construction impacts, trees will be transplanted or felled					
	depending on stated criteria in the Tree Removal					
	Applications to be submitted separately in accordance					
	with ETWBC 2/2004 and 3/2006.					
	Wood resulting from tree removal should be recycled as					
	mulch or soil conditioner which could be used within					
	the Project or in other projects as much as possible.					
	Control of night-time lighting glare.		Contractor			
	Erection of decorative screen hoarding to screen off		Contractor			
	undesirable views of the construction site having					
	consideration of safety and security.					
	Reuse of existing topsoil where possible for new		Contractor	1		
	planting areas within the project.					
	pe and Visual Impact (Operation Phase)					T. 1
Table	Compensatory tree planting should be incorporated into	To minimize landscape	MTR	works areas	Detailed design and operation	To be
7.11	the proposed Project where space is available		L (TED			implemented
ļ	Landscape and visual enhancement treatments		MTR			as per

4	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to		When to	Implementa
f.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
		operation phase			phases	construction
	Compensatory habitat proposal for natural stream course at SSS		MTR			programme
	Reinstatement of works area in Nam Cheong Park to		MTR	1		
	integrate with the existing park.					
	Tall buffer tree planting should be incorporated provide		MTR			
	screening to ventilation buildings, engineering structures					
	and associated facilities.					
	Roof greening to mitigate the visual impact of VB on the		MTR			
	VSRs at high level.					
	Vertical greening would be incorporated where		MTR			
	practicable to visually soften the façade of ventilation					
	building and/or noise barrier					
	Incorporation of aesthetically pleasing streetscape design		MTR			
	which would be responsive to adjacent landscape					
	context.					
	Roadside amenity trees to enhance the landscape and	-	MTR	1		
	visual quality of the existing and proposed road.					
	Reinstatement of disturbed areas to match adjacent area		MTR	7		
	or to condition to suit future landuse.					
	Aesthetically pleasing design as regard to the form,		MTR			
	material and finishes shall be incorporated to all					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	buildings, engineering structures and associated					
	infrastructure facilities so as to blend in the buildings and					
	structures to the adjacent landscape and visual context.					
	Control of Operation Night-time Glare		MTR			
	Incorporation of aesthetically pleasing design to		MTR			
	boundary fence so as to blend in the structure to the					
	adjacent landscape and visual context.					
	The scale, location, disposition and design of the		MTR			
	ventilation shafts at WKCD would be further reviewed					
	and submitted to relevant parties (e.g. WKCDA and					
	PlanD) for agreement.					
Cultura	ll Heritage Impact	1	1	1	1	1

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
S8.100 -	Conduct further investigation (a minimum of 18	To confirm any	MTR	Proposed	Prior to	Further
S8.103	trial pits, 1m x 1.5m) to confirm any archaeological	archaeological remains		rescue	construction	Archaeologic
	remains exist in the inaccessible areas	exist in the inaccessible		excavation	phase	al
	(NOL/ERL/300/C/XRL/ENS/M55/303- 304 &	areas and to preserve		area in SSS		Investigation
	306-307). If archaeological data collected from	archaeological remains if		and other		has been
	these 18 test pits is insufficient to ascertain the	any		archaeologica		conducting
	archaeological potential of the inaccessible areas,			l deposit		according to
	additional test pits should be conducted			areas		Archaeologic
	Conduct rescue excavation to preserve			identified in		al Action
	archaeological remains by detailed records if found			the further		Plan
	(NOL/ERL/300/C/XRL/ENS/M55/307)			archaeologica		formulated
				1		
				investigation		
S8.103	Conduct archaeological watching brief during	To identify any historical	MTR	TUW	Construction	Implemented
	construction works at TUW for identification of any	finds in the works area			phase	
	historical finds during construction phase					
S8.104	Conduct regular site audit during the construction of	To avoid direct impact	MTR	LKST	Construction	To be
	barging point to confirm that no excavation works is			barging point	phase	implemented
	conducted at Lung Kwu Sheung Tan archaeological			and		as per
	deposit area.			associated		construction
				access road		programme

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	measures?		When to implement the measures?	Implementat ion Status
S8.105	Restriction of works boundary of TPP to be extended to relics discovered area outside TPP.	To avoid direct impact	MTR	TPP	Construction phase	Implemented
S8.107, S8.128	Avoid works areas at the sites of the identified built heritage structures as far as practicable. Identified earth shines within works boundary of SSS and TPP will be relocated by local villagers prior to commencement of construction works at SSS and TPP.	To avoid direct impact	MTR	Earth shines (NHL-04,TK P-02 and LET-07)	Prior to construction phase	Implemented
S8.109, S8.125	Vibration monitoring at Lai Chi Kok Hospital: Prior to commencement of construction works, the location and installation of the monitoring stations should be discussed and agreed with AMO, Hong Kong Institution for Promotion of Chinese Culture (the "NPO", selected organization for the Revitalisation Scheme), the Commissioner for Heritage's Office and relevant parties before installation. ■ Compliance monitoring of vibration limits should be conducted and reported as a requirement of EM&A programme.	To monitor vibration impacts on the identified vibration sensitive historical buildings	MTR	Ex-Lai Chi Kok Hospital	Before construction phase; Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme

EIA	Re	commended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.			Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
			& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
			Address				
S8.110, S8.126	•	A further condition survey and appropriate consolidation works (e.g. installation of temporary propping or reinforced timber beam to maintain the stability of structure etc.), if required, will be carried out on Blocks P Q, W and the inaccessible area of LCKH prior to construction. It should be discussed		MTR	Ex-Lai Chi Kok Hospital	Detailed design	To be implemented as per construction programme
		and agreed in advance with AMO, NPO, the Commissioner for Heritage's Office and relevant parties,					
S8.112, S8.127	•	If consent is given by the property owner, a condition survey will be carried out at Cheung Yuen prior to the commencement of works in SSS. The survey should be discussed and agreed in advance with AMO and property owner prior to commencement of survey.	To minimize vibration impacts on the identified vibration sensitive historical buildings	MTR	Cheung Yuen	Prior to construction phase	AMO's comment has been sought during formulation of Vibration Monitoring Plan
S8.112, S8.127	•	If consent is given by the property owner, vibration monitoring at LET-06 (Cheung Yuen) will be conducted when excavation works are being conducted within 50m radius from the house. The monitoring location should be discussed and agreed	To monitor vibration impacts on the identified vibration sensitive historical buildings	MTR	Cheung Yuen	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	with AMO and property owner before installation.					
S8.113,	Control of vibration levels from the proposed	To minimize vibration	MTR	All works	Construction	Implemented
S8.124	blasting and excavation activities within a peak	impacts on the identified		area where	phase	
	particle velocity (ppv) limit of 25mm/s to prevent	vibration sensitive		blasting and		
	potential vibration impact to all identified built	historical buildings		excavation		
	heritage resources.			activities are		
				involved		
S8.114 -	 Use of sensibly designed screen hoardings for 	To minimize visual	MTR	All identified	Detailed design	Implemented
S8.115	reducing the potential visual impact.	impacts		heritage	and construction	
				buildings in	phase	
				all works		
				areas		
Land Co	ntamination Impact					
S9.28 – S9.33	Remediation of Contaminated Soil	To remediate contaminated soil	Contractor	Sites H and Q	Site remediation	
07.00	 After excavation, confirmation sampling and 	oniumiuou son				Remediation
	testing shall be conducted from the sidewalls and at					has been
	base of the excavations to ensure complete					conducting
	excavation of contaminated soils.					according to
	Bioremediation (biopiling) / ex-situ chemical oxidation are proposed to remediate the					the approved
	contaminated soil recorded in Sites H and Q.					Supplementary

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
S9.35(i)	Remediation Report(s) (RR) for contaminated works area(s) should be prepared by the Land Contamination Specialist to detail the remediation process and demonstrate that contaminated soils are all removed, properly handled and disposal of. The remediated soil should be reused on site to minimise the waste disposal. For construction works of the alignment close to Ngau Tam Mei Landfill As a general precautionary measure, visual inspection of excavated materials should be conducted to screen soil for signs of contamination (e.g. discoloration, stains and odour). The inspection process should also be assisted by a photo ionization detector (PID) for volatile organics. If suspected materials are encountered during tunnel boring, sampling and testing for the parameters recommended in Table 6.1 of CAP should be undertaken to verify any contamination. The suspected soil bored out during excavation and tunnel boring should be temporary stockpiled and if	Acting as a general precautionary measure to screen soil for signs of contamination during tunnel boring works under/close to Ngau Tam Mei Landfill	MTR/Contractor	Within the Landfill Boundary where signs of contaminatio n is identified	During Tunnel Boring within Ngau Tam Mei Landfill Boundary Section	RAP. For Site Q: To be implemented as per construction programme To be implemented as per construction programme

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?			Implementat ion Status
	quality of contaminated soil identified. For construction works at CLP transformer station at Lai Cheung Road and Petrol Filling Station at 82 Tai Kok Tsui Road As a general precautionary measure, visual inspection of excavated materials should be conducted to screen soil for signs of contamination (e.g. discoloration, stains and odour). The inspection process should also be assisted by a photo ionization detector (PID) for volatile organics. If suspected materials are encountered during tunnel boring, further sampling and testing should also be undertaken to verify any contamination. The soil bored out during excavation and tunnel boring should be temporary stockpiled and if laboratory analysis indicated exceedance of relevant RBRG levels, remediation works, should be undertaken depending on the quantity and quality of contaminated soil identified.	precautionary measure to screen soil for signs of contamination during tunnel boring/ excavation at CLP transformer station at Lai Cheung Road and Petrol Filling Station at 82 Tai Kok Tsui Road	MTR/Contractor	CLP transformer station at Lai Cheung Road and Petrol Filling Station at 82 Tai Kok Tsui Road where signs of contaminatio n is identified	Boring/ excavation works near CLP transformer station at Lai Cheung Road and Petrol Filling Station at 82 Tai Kok Tsui Road	
S9.35 (iii)	For sites with contamination identified (Site H and Site Q) the following environmental mitigation measures should be undertaken during the course of the site remediation: Excavation profiles must be properly designed and executed with attention to the relevant requirements for environment, health and safety;	To minimise the potentially adverse environmental impacts arising from the handling of potentially contaminated materials.	Contractor	Sites H and Q /during transportation	phase	For Site H: Implemented For Site Q: To be

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	 Excavation should be carried out during dry season as far as possible to minimise contaminated runoff from contaminated soils; 					implemented as per
	 Supply of suitable clean backfill material is needed after excavation; 					construction programme
	■ The chemical oxidant proposed (RegenOxTM) as a contaminant mass reduction technology. Comprises a solid oxidant complex (sodium percarbonate/catalytic formulation) and an activator complex (a composition of ferrous salt embedded in a micro-scale catalyst gel). These chemical will be securely stored, separately and way from sources of ignition or oxidizable items. Handling will & will be undertaken by persons specifically trained and wearing appropriate PPE.					
	Vehicles containing any excavated materials should be suitably covered to limit potential dust emissions or contaminated wastewater run-off, and truck bodies and tailgates should be sealed to prevent any discharge during transport or during wet conditions;					
	 Speed control for the trucks carrying contaminated materials should be enforced; and 					
	 Vehicle wheel and body washing facilities at the site's exist points should be established and used. 					
S9.35(iv	In order to minimise the potentially adverse effects on health and safety of construction workers during the	To minimise the potentially adverse effects on health and safety of	Contractor		Site remediation and prior to construction	

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	course of site remediation, the Occupation Safety and Health Ordinance (OSHO) (Chapter 509) and its subsidiary Regulations should be followed by all site personnel working on the site at all times. In addition, the	construction workers during the course of site remediation			phase	
	following basic health and safety measures should be					
	implemented as far as possible:					
	 Set up a list of safety measures for site workers; 					
	 Provide written information and training on safety for site workers; 					
	 Keep a log-book and plan showing the contaminated zones and clean zones; 					
	 Maintain a hygienic working environment; 					
	 Avoid dust generation; 					
	 Provide face and respiratory protection gear to site workers; 					
	 Provide personal protective clothing (e.g. chemical resistant jackboot, liquid tight gloves) to site workers; and 	al				
	 Provide first aid training and materials to site workers. 					
9.35(v)	For Areas Feasible or Infeasible for On-Site Inspection and Site Investigation	(i) To identify areas with land contamination concern, report laboratory results and	MTR/ Contractor	Areas Infeasible for On-Site Inspection	After land resumption and prior to the construction	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	 (i) Phase 2 supplementary SI works Upon site access is granted, site inspection should be carried out to ascertain any contaminative sources and hotspot of contamination within the site. The sampling and testing schedule as recommended in the approved CAP should then be updated based on respective site situation and the number of sampling locations may be significantly reduced. A revised CAP should then be submitted to EPD for endorsement. For supplementary CARs and RAP(s), upon completion of SI and laboratory testing, supplementary CARs should be submitted to EPD for endorsement. If contamination is identified, RAP(s) should also be submitted to EPD for endorsement. The revised CAPs and supplementary CARs and /or RAP(s) should be submitted in separate packages for different works area depending on the schedule of land resumption and the commencement of construction works for each works area. RR(s) should be submitted to demonstrate completion of remediation works before construction work starts at the site. (ii) WSW 	propose remediation measures if necessary. (ii) To ensure remediation works have been undertaken to before the commencement of any construction works of the Project that may disturb the ground of the south-western portion of the MPV.		and WSW	works commencement at respective sites	

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures	Who to implement the		When to implement the	Implementat ion Status
			measures?		measures?	
	 According to WSW EP Condition 3.14, the Project Proponent of the WSW development shall prepare and submit CAR/RAP to EPD within 2 months after commencement of construction of the WSW development and the recommendations in the endorsed CAR/RAP shall be fully implemented before the commencement of any construction works that may disturb the ground of the relevant sites. 	Address				
	 This project will ensure that the completion of remediation works before the construction works at contaminated areas start. 					
	anagement Implications (Construction Phase)	-				
S10.107	Recommendations for good site practices: Prepare a Waste Management Plan approved by the Engineer/Supervising Officer of the Project based on current practices on construction sites; Training of site personnel in, site cleanliness, proper waste management and chemical handling procedures;	To implement good site practice for handling, sorting reuse and recycling of C&D materials	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
	 Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection of waste; 					
	 Appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers; 					
	Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for					

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; and Separation of chemical wastes for special handling	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measures	When to implement the measures?	Implementat ion Status
S10.108	and appropriate treatment. Recommendations for waste reduction measures: Sorting of demolition debris and excavated materials from demolition works to recover reusable/ recyclable portions (i.e. soil, broken concrete, metal etc.); Segregation and storage of different types of waste	To implement on-site sorting facilitating reuse and recycling of materials as well as proper disposal of waste	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
	 in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal; Encourage collection of aluminium cans by providing separate labelled bins to enable this waste to be segregated from other general refuse 					
	 generated by the workforce; Proper storage and site practices to minimize the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; 					
	Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimize amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste; and					
	 Training should be provided to workers about the concepts of site cleanliness and appropriate waste management procedures, including waste reduction, reuse and recycle. 					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
S10.109	The Contractor should prepare and implement a Waste Management Plan (WMP) as a part of the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) in accordance with ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 which describes the arrangements for avoidance, reuse, recovery, recycling, storage, collection, treatment and disposal of different categories of waste to be generated from the construction activities.	To keep trace of the generation, minimization, reuse and disposal of C&D materials in the Project	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.112	Storage of materials on site may induce adverse environmental impacts if not properly managed, recommendations to minimise the impacts include: Waste, such as soil, should be handled and stored well to ensure secure containment, thus minimising the potential of pollution; Maintain and clean storage areas routinely; Stockpiling area should be provided with covers and water spraying system to prevent materials from wind-blown or being washed away; and Different locations should be designated to stockpile each material to enhance reuse.	To minimise potential impacts of waste storage and enhance reusable volume	Contractor	All work areas	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.113	Waste hauliers must hold a valid permit for the collection of waste as stipulated in their permits. Removal of waste should be done in a timely manner.	To collect and remove waste generated	Contractor	All work areas	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.114- 115	Implementation of trip-ticket system to monitor waste disposal and control fly-tipping.	To monitor disposal of waste and control fly-tipping	Contractor	All work areas	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	Set up warning signs at vehicular access points reminding drivers of designated disposal sites and penalties of an offence. Installation of close-circuited television at access points					
	of vehicles to monitor and prevent illegal dumping.					
S10.117	Recommendations for excavated materials within works areas: Several ramps should be used for transportation of	To mitigate and minimize the potential impacts from the storage and transportation of materials	Contractor	All works areas	Construction Phase	Implemented
	different materials as far as practicable (at SSS/ERS site, both soft and hard materials could be generated with the provision of three ramps, each of them can be used for single material for primary separation). Each ramp should be used for transportation of a single material as far as practicable.	within works areas				
	■ If a conveyor system is used, materials should be transported separately on the belts, it is therefore proposed that more than one conveyor belt should be installed if possible. If more than one material is needed to be transported on a single belt, each material should be stockpiled separately once they are removed from the excavation face to the ground and the belt should operate at different times with different materials as far as practicable.					
	 Enclosure should also be provided for the conveyor belt, as far as practicable to minimize the of dust generation. 					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	■ Different locations should be designated for each material during stockpiling. Stockpiling may be needed when the conveyor system is under constraint or when the spoil could not be transported away from works area immediately after excavation. Cover should be provided to dusty stockpiles to avoid the materials from being wind-blown or flushed away by water. It is expected that water spraying system should also be equipped to moisten the materials.					
S10.119	Wet spoil generated from TBM construction, construction of bored piles and D-wall should be properly handled before disposal to Taishan and Fill Banks respectively for reuse in other projects. Dry materials should be mixed with the wet spoil or by the use of lime to reduce water content where applicable.	To minimise impacts to disposal outlet from reception of wet spoil	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.120	Wheelwash facilities should be provided before the trucks leave the works area.	To minimise dust impact	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.121	The Contractor should ensure the on-site separation from inert portion. The waste delivered to landfill should not contain any free water or have water content more than 70% by weight. The haulier must ensure suitable amount of waste would be loaded on different types of trucks used. A one-week notice should be given to EPD with information on Contractor's name and respective contact details.	To meet the requirement for disposal at landfill	Contractor and Waste haulier	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
S10.125	This will generally follow the PNAP 25 in handling of dredged/excavated sediment. The dredged / excavated sediments would be loaded onto barges and transported to existing designated disposal sites allocated by the MFC according to their levels of contamination, as presented below: • For Type 1 sediment, the sediments will be excavated/dredged and transport to designated CEDD Facilities, typically at South Cheung Chau and/or Ninepin. • For Type 2 sediment, the sediments will be dredged/excavated and transport to designated CEDD Facilities, typically at East Sha Chau for confined marine disposal. • For Type 3 sediment, it would require special treatment/disposal before confined marine disposal at CEDD Facilities, typically at East Sha Chau. In order to have the least potential of loss of contaminants to the marine environment, containment of the sediments in geosynthetic containers is proposed when transporting the sediment.	To dispose sediment in an authorized and least impacted way	Contractor	All works areas with sediments concern	Detailed Design and Construction phase	Implemented
	Field trials are recommended to be undertaken during the detailed design stage to establish the optimum handling method for this approach. The details of the disposal methodology could therefore be confirmed during the detailed design stage, prior to construction.					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
S10.126	The basic requirements and procedures for dredged / excavated sediment disposal specified under PNAP 252 shall be followed.	To dispose sediment in an authorized and least impacted way	Contractor	All works areas with sediments concern	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.127	The Project Proponent will agree in advance with MFC of CEDD on the site allocation by submitting a Construction & Demolition Material Management Plan. The final disposal sites and arrangement will be determined by the MFC and a dumping permit will be obtained from the DEP prior to the commencement of the dredging and excavation works.	To determine the best handling and disposal option of the sediments.	MTR/ Contractor	All works areas with sediments concern	Detailed Design and Construction phase	Implemented
S10.128	The contractor for the dredging/ excavation works shall apply for the site allocations of marine sediment disposal based on the prior agreement with MFC/CEDD. The contractor shall apply for all necessary permits from relevant authorities for the disposal of dredged / excavated sediment.	To dispose the sediments in an authorized way.	Contractor	All works areas with sediments concern	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.129	If temporary stockpiling of sediments is necessary, the sediment should be covered by tarpaulin and earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to prevent leachate from entering the drains and surrounding water bodies. The stockpiling areas should be completely paved or covered by lining avoiding contaminating the soil or groundwater underneath.	To prevent the cross contamination of surrounding soils and water bodies	Contractor	All works areas with sediments concern	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.130	The dredged / excavated sediment should be transported by covering trucks to designated barging points. The barge transporting the sediments to the designated disposal site should be equipped with tight fitting seals	To prevent overflowing of sediments to the surrounding area and water bodies	Contractor	All works areas with sediments concern /	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	to prevent leakage. Besides, the barge should not be filled to a level that would cause overflow of materials or laden water during loading or transportation.			trucks / barges		
S10.131	Loading of the dredged / excavated sediment to the barge should be controlled to avoid splashing and overflowing of the sediment slurry to the surrounding water.	To prevent overflowing of sediments to the surrounding area and water bodies	Contractor	Barging points	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.132	In order to minimise the potential odour emissions during the dredging / excavation operation and transportation of the sediment, the dredged / excavated sediment placed on barges should be properly covered as far as practicable. Requirement of the Air Pollution Ordinance (Construction Dust) Regulation, where relevant, should be adhered to during the construction phase of the Project.	To minimise dust and odor impacts to surrounding environment	Contractor	All works areas with sediments concern / Barging points	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.134	Workers should wear protective gloves when carrying out the dredging / excavation works. Adequate washing and cleaning facilities should be provided on site.	To minimise the exposure to the contaminated sediments	Contractor	All works areas with sediments concern	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.135	For allocation of sediment disposal site and application of marine dumping permit, another proposal for sampling and chemical testing of the sediment will be prepared and submitted to the EPD for approval following the procedures in PNAP 252. The approved detailed sampling and chemical testing will be carried out prior to the commencement of the dredging/excavation activities to confirm the sediment disposal method. The contamination levels of the marine sediment to be dredged / excavated have to be analysed	To analyse the sediments quality and determine the best disposal option	Contractor	All works areas with sediments concern	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
S10.136	and recorded. After carrying out the sampling and testing, a Sediment Quality Report (SQR) will be prepared for EPD approval as required under the Dumping at Sea Ordinance to agree and confirm the quantities and extent of the contamination of the sediments prior to the dredging/ construction contract being tendered. The SQR will include the sampling details, the chemical testing results, quality control records, proposed classification and delineation of sediment according to the requirements of the Appendix A of PNAP 252. If chemical wastes are produced at the construction site, the Contractor would be required to register with the EPD as a chemical waste producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Containers used for storage of chemical waste should: Be compatible with the chemical wastes being stored, maintained in good condition and securely sealed; Have a capacity of less than 450 litres unless the specifications have been approved by EPD; and Display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	To properly store the chemical waste within works areas	Contractor	All works areas	Construction	Implemented

EIA		Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat ion Status
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
S10.137	The chemical storage areas should: Be clearly labelled to indicate corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste and used for storage of chemical waste only;	To prepare appropriate storage areas for chemical waste at works areas	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
	 Be enclosed on at least 3 sides; 					
	 Have an impermeable floor and bunding, of capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20% by volume of the chemical waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest; 					
	 Have adequate ventilation; 					
	Be covered to prevent rainfall from entering; and					
	Be properly arranged so that incompatible materials are adequately separated.					
S10.138	Lubricants, waste oils and other chemical wastes would be generated during the maintenance of vehicles and mechanical equipments. Used lubricants should be collected and stored in individual containers which are fully labelled in English and Chinese and stored in a designated secure place.	To clearly label the chemical waste at works areas	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.139	A trip-ticket system should be operated in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation to monitor all movements of chemical waste. The Contractor should employ a licensed collector to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes, to either the approved CWTC at Tsing Yi, or another licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal	To monitor the generation, reuse and disposal of chemical waste	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	implement the measures?	the measures	implement the measures?	ion Status
	(Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.					
S10.140	General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D materials and chemical waste. A reputable waste collector should be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D materials and chemical wastes.	To properly store and separate from other C&D materials for subsequent collection and disposal	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.141	The recyclable component of general refuse, such as aluminium cans, paper and cleansed plastic containers should be separated from other waste. Provision and collection of recycling bins for different types of recyclable waste should be set up by the Contractor. The Contractor should also be responsible for arranging recycling companies to collect these materials.	To facilitate recycling of recyclable portions of refuse	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
S10.142	The Contractor should carry out a training programme for workers in avoiding, reducing, reusing and recycling of materials generation. Posters and leaflets advising on the use of the bins should also be provided in the sites as reminders.	To raise workers' awareness on recycling issue	Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
Waste M	Ianagement Implications (Operation Phase)					
S10.146- 10.147	Chemical waste: The requirements stipulated in the <i>Code of Practice</i>	To avoid environmental impacts in handling, storage and disposal of	MTR	Ventilation buildings, SSS and	Operation phase	To be implemented as per

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes should be followed in handling of chemical waste as in construction phase.	chemical waste		WKT		construction programme
	A trip-ticket system should be operated in accordance with the <i>Waste</i> Disposal (<i>Chemical Waste</i>) (<i>General</i>) Regulation to monitor all movements of chemical wastes which would be collected by a licensed collector to a licensed facility for final treatment and disposal.					
	 The recommendations proposed for the mitigation of impacts from chemical waste in construction phase should also be followed (refer to S10.104- S10.106). 					
S10.148- S10.149	General refuse: Provide recycling bins at designated areas for proper recycling of papers, aluminium cans and plastics bottles.	To separate general refuse from other waste types and proper disposal of the refuse	MTR	Ventilation buildings, SSS and WKT	Operation phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
	 Separation from other waste types and collected by licensed collectors at daily basis to minimize the potential impacts from odour and vermin. 					
S10.150	Industrial waste: • Separation of reusable components like steel before	To recycle useful materials from industrial waste and proper disposal	MTR	Ventilation buildings, SSS and	Operation phase	To be implemented as per

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures collection by licensed collector	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?		When to implement the measures?	Implementat ion Status construction programme
Water Q	uality Impact (Construction Phase)			1		
S11.128 - S11.153	Construction site run-off and general construction activities: The mitigation measures as outlined in the ProPECC PN 1/94 Construction Site Drainage should be adopted where applicable. Groundwater seepages from uncontaminated area:	To control water quality impact from construction site runoff and general construction activities To control water quality	MTR / Contractor MTR /	All works areas All works	Construction phase	Implemented Implemented
	 In case seepage of uncontaminated groundwater occurs, groundwater should be pumped out from the works areas and discharged into the storm system via silt removal facilities. Uncontaminated groundwater from dewatering process should also be discharged into the storm system via silt traps. 	impact from groundwater from uncontaminated area	Contractor	areas	phase	
S11.155	As the proposed WKT is near the Victoria Harbour, high ground water level regime due to both tidal effects and rainwater infiltration is anticipated. A cofferdam wall should be built to limit groundwater inflow to the excavation works areas in the WKT site.	To control water quality impact from groundwater from uncontaminated area	MTR / Contractor	WKT	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
S11.156	To monitor the tide and groundwater relationship, it is recommended to install groundwater level loggers at the	To monitor the groundwater level	MTR / Contractor	Mai Po	Construction phase	Implemented
	nearest tidal areas (i.e. near Mai Po).				1	
S11.157	Site Runoff or Groundwater from contaminated areas:	To control water quality	MTR /	Excavation	Construction	Implemented
- S11.158	No directly discharge of groundwater from	impact from contaminated groundwater	Contractor	areas where contaminated	phase	
511.138	contaminated areas should be adopted.	groundwater				
	Prior to any excavation works within the potentially contaminated areas, the baseline groundwater quality in the areas should be reviewed based on the past relevant site investigation data and any additional groundwater quality measurements to be performed with reference to <i>Guidance Note for Contaminated Land Assessment and Remediation</i> and the review results should be submitted to EPD for examination. If the review results indicated that the groundwater to be generated from the excavation works would be contaminated, this contaminated groundwater should be either properly treated or properly recharged into the ground in compliance with the requirements of the TM-DSS.			ground-water is found		
	If wastewater treatment is to be deployed for treating the contaminated groundwater, the wastewater treatment unit shall deploy suitable treatment processes (e.g. oil interceptor / activated carbon) to reduce the pollution level to an acceptable standard and remove any prohibited					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	substances (such as TPH) to an undetectable range.					
	 All treated effluent from the wastewater treatment plant shall meet the requirements as stated in TM-DSS and should be either discharged into the foul sewers or tankered away for proper disposal. 					
	If deployment of wastewater treatment is not feasible for handling the contaminated groundwater, groundwater recharging wells should be installed as appropriate for recharging the contaminated groundwater back into the ground. The recharging wells should be selected at places where the groundwater quality will not be affected by the recharge operation as indicated in section 2.3 of the TM-DSS. The baseline groundwater quality should be determined prior to the selection of the recharge wells, and submit a working plan to EPD for agreement. Pollution levels of groundwater to be recharged shall not be higher than pollutant levels of ambient groundwater at the recharge well. Groundwater monitoring wells should be installed near the recharge points to monitor the effectiveness of the recharge wells and to ensure that no likelihood of increase of groundwater level and transfer of pollutants beyond the site boundary. Prior to recharge, free products should be removed as necessary by installing the petrol interceptor. The Contractor should apply for a discharge licence under the WPCO through					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	the Regional Office of EPD for groundwater recharge operation or discharge of treated groundwater.					
S11.128	Barging points:	To control water quality	MTR /	All barging	Construction	Implemented
- S11.136, S11.160	Mitigation measures for control water quality impact from surface run-off should be applied. The following good site practices should also be adopted:	impact from barging point	Contractor	Points	phase	
	all vessels should be sized so that adequate clearance is maintained between vessels and the seabed in all tide conditions, to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash					
	 all hopper barges should be fitted with tight fitting seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material 					
	 construction activities should not cause foam, oil, grease, scum, litter or other objectionable matter to be present on the water within the site 					
	 loading of barges and hoppers should be controlled to prevent splashing of material into the surrounding water. Barges or hoppers should not be filled to a level that will cause the overflow of materials or polluted water during loading or transportation 					

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?		When to implement the measures?	Implementat ion Status
S11.161	Effluent discharge: There is a need to apply to EPD for a discharge licence for discharge of effluent from the construction site under the WPCO. The discharge quality should meet the requirements specified in the discharge licence. Minimum distances of 100 m should be maintained between the discharge points of construction site effluent and the existing seawater intakes. If monitoring of the treated effluent quality from the works areas is required during the construction phase of the Project, the monitoring should be carried out in accordance with the WPCO license which is under the ambit of regional office (RO) of EPD.	To control water quality impact from effluent discharge from construction site	MTR / Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
S11.162	Accidental spillage of chemicals: Contractor should register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be produced from the construction activities. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation should be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes.	To control water quality impact from accidental chemical spillage	MTR / Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented
S11.163	Any service shop and maintenance facilities should be located on hard standings within a bunded area, and sumps and oil interceptors should be provided. Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential for leakage and spillage should	To control water quality impact from accidental chemical spillage	MTR / Contractor	All works areas	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	only be undertaken within the areas appropriately equipped to control these discharges.					
S11.164	Disposal of chemical wastes should be carried out in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. The	To control water quality	MTR /	All works	Construction	Implemented
	Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and	impact from accidental	Contractor	areas	phase	
		chemical spillage				
	Suitable containers should be used to hold the chemical wastes to avoid leakage or spillage during storage, handling and transport.					
	Chemical waste containers should be suitably labelled, to notify and warn the personnel who are handling the wastes, to avoid accidents.					
	Storage area should be selected at a safe location on site and adequate space should be allocated to the storage area.					
S11.165	Surface construction works at or in close proximity of	To control water quality	MTR /	All works	Construction	Implemented
	watercourses or seafront:	impact from construction	Contractor	areas	phase	
	The proposed surface construction works should be	works at or in close				
	carried out in dry season as far as practicable where	proximity of watercourses				
	the flow in the river channel or stream is low.	or seafront				
	The use of less or smaller construction plants may					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	be specified to reduce the disturbance to the riverbed or pond deposits.					
	 Temporary sewerage system should be designed to prevent wastewater from entering the river, streams and sea. 					
	 Temporary storage of materials (e.g. equipment, filling materials, chemicals and fuel) and temporary stockpile of construction materials should be located well away from any water courses during carrying out of the construction works. 					
	 Stockpiling of construction materials and dusty materials should be covered and located away from any water courses. 					
	 Construction debris and spoil should be covered up and/or disposed of as soon as possible to avoid being washed into the nearby water receivers. 					
	 Construction activities, which generate large amount of wastewater, should be carried out in a distance away from the waterfront, where practicable. 					
	 Mitigation measures to control site run-off from entering the nearby water environment should be implemented to minimize water quality impacts. Surface channels should be provided along the edge of the waterfront within the work sites to intercept the run-off. 					
	 Construction effluent, site run-off and sewage 					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	should be properly collected and/or treated.					
	Any works site inside the water courses should be temporarily isolated. The water flow should be temporarily diverted to downstream by using PVC pipes, steel arrays in concrete case or similar, restricting the excavation works to be conducted within an enclosed dry section of the channel. This works arrangement would provide a dry zone for excavation works within the river channel and would prevent the conveyance of suspended sediment downstream. Dewatering at works section should be conducted prior to the commencement of works. Further limiting or reducing the works area inside the water courses should be considered during wet season or rainstorm event in order to reduce the area of exposed surface.					
	Silt curtain should be installed around the construction activities at or near the watercourses to minimize the potential impacts due to accidental spillage of construction wastes and excavated materials.					
	 Proper shoring may need to be erected in order to prevent soil or mud from slipping into the watercourses. 					
	 Supervisory staff should be assigned to station on site to closely supervise and monitor the works. 					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
S11.166	Surface construction works close to water gathering	To control water quality	MTR /	Works areas	Construction	To be
	grounds:	impact from surface	Contractor	close to water	phase	implemented
	protection of Water Gathering Ground should be	construction works close		gathering		as per
		to Water Gathering		ground		construction
		Ground				programme
S11.167	Dredging of marine sediments at LKST:	To minimize the loss of	MTR /	Marine	Construction	To be
	Closed grab dredger should be used to minimize the loss of sediment during the raising of the loaded	fine sediment to	Contractor	dredging at	phase	implemented
		suspension during		LKST		as per
		dredging of marine				construction
	No more than one closed grab dredger should be operated at any one time.	sediments at LKST				programme
	Double silt curtains should be deployed around the dredging operations as far as practicable.					
	The descent speed of grabs should be controlled to minimize the seabed impact speed.					
	 Barges should be loaded carefully to avoid splashing of material. 					
	 All barges used for the transport of dredged materials should be fitted with tight bottom seals in order to prevent leakage of material during loading and transport. 					
	All barges should be filled to a level which ensures that material does not spill over during loading and transport to the disposal site and that adequate					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	freeboard is maintained to ensure that the decks are not washed by wave action.					
S11.83	Diversion of watercourse:	To control water quality	MTR /	Watercourse	Construction	Implemented
and	The excavation works at the existing stream in	impact due to diversion of	Contractor	to be diverted	phase	
S11.165	Shek Kong/ Kam Tin Nullah should be carried out	watercourse		in Shek Kong		
	by approved methods by the Engineer to minimise					
	erosion. Should excavation works be carried out at the designated section of water course, temporary					
	river diversion should be conducted prior to the					
	commencement of works to avoid water flowing into works area. The temporary diversion of water					
	flow should be performed by appropriate means,					
	such as completing the construction of the proposed					
	channel section for carrying diverted flow prior to excavation works, or other similar methods, as					
	approved by the Engineer to suit the works					
	condition. This works arrangement would provide					
	a dry zone for excavation works within the river channel and would prevent the conveyance of					
	suspended sediment downstream. Dewatering at					
	works section should also be conducted prior to the					
	commencement of works.					
	Mitigation measures for minimizing the water quality impact for surface construction works at or					
	close to the watercourses should also be applied.					
S.	Hydrogeological Impact:	To control groundwater	MTR/	All works	Construction	Implemented

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?		When to implement the measures?	Implementat ion Status
11.169 - 11.173	For the cut and cover tunnels and associated excavations for vent buildings and emergency access/escape points, the following measures should be in place in order to mitigate any drawdown effects to the groundwater table during the operation of the temporary dewatering works: Toe grouting should be applied beneath the toe level of the temporary/permanent cofferdam walls as necessary to lengthen the effective flow path of groundwater from outside and thus control the amount of water inflow to the excavation. Recharge wells should be installed as necessary outside the excavation areas. Water pumped from the excavation areas should be recharge back into the ground. The bored tunnels should be constructed using a closed face tunnel boring machine to limit water inflow into the excavation face. The cutter head for the machine will be sealed during excavation and therefore the water inflow from the face will be very small. Precast undrained linings should be installed and back grouted behind the tunnel boring machine as it advances along the alignment to minimize the potential inflow of water behind the cutter head.	hydrogeological impact and groundwater drawdown	Contractor	areas	phase	

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	control strategies while undertaking the excavation works. The water control strategies are shown as follow:					
	Probing Ahead: As normal practice, the Contractor will undertake rigorous probing of the ground ahead of tunnel excavation works to identify zones of significant water inflow. The probe drilling results will be evaluated to determine specific grouting requirements in line with the tunnel advance. In such zones of significant water inflow that could occur as a result of discrete, permeable features, the intent would be to reduce overall inflow by means of cut-off grouting executed ahead of the tunnel advance.					
	 Pre-grouting: Where water inflow quantities are excessive, pre-grouting will be required to reduce the water inflow into the tunnel. The pre-grouting will be achieved via a systematic and carefully specified protocol of grouting. 					
	 In principle, the grout pre-treatment would be designed on the basis of probe hole drilling ahead of the tunnel face. 					
	In the event of excessive drawdown being observed within the ground water table as a result of the tunnelling works even after incorporation of the water control strategies, post-grouting will be applied as					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	described below:					
	Post-grouting: Groundwater drawdown will be most likely due to inflows of water into the tunnel that have not been sufficiently controlled by the pre-grouting measures. Where this occurs post grouting will be undertaken before the lining is cast. Whilst unlikely to be required in significant measure, such a contingency should be allowed for reduction in permeability of the tunnel surround (by grouting) to limit inflow to acceptable levels. A detailed groundwater monitoring programme should be developed in detailed design stage to monitor both					
	the proposed works and the impact of those works on the adjacent area.					
Water Q	uality Impact (Operation Phase)			'		
S11.174	 Tunnel run-off and drainage: Track drainage channels discharge should pass through oil/grit interceptors/chambers to remove oil, grease and sediment before being pumped to the foul sewer/holding tank for further disposal. The silt traps and oil interceptors should be cleaned 	To control runoff from rail track	MTR / DDC	Tunnels and rail tracks	Operation phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
	 The stit traps and oil interceptors should be cleaned and maintained regularly. Oily contents of the oil interceptors should be transferred to an appropriate disposal facility, or to 					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	be collected for reuse, if possible.					
S11.175 - S11.176	Connection of domestic sewage generated from the Project should be diverted to the foul sewer wherever possible. If public sewer system is not available, sewage tanking away services or on-site sewage treatment facilities should be provided to prevent direct discharge of sewage to the nearby storm system and all the discharge should comply with the requirements stipulated in the TM-DSS. For handling, treatment and disposal of other operation stage effluent, the practices outlined in ProPECC PN 5/93 should be adopted where applicable.	To control water quality impact from sewage effluent discharge ventilation buildings, SSS and WKT	MTR / DDC	Ventilation buildings, SSS and WKT	Operation phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S11.177- S11.181	Shek Kong Stabling Sidings (SSS): All the maintenance areas within the SSS should be housed or covered to prevent generation of contaminated rainwater runoff. All wastewater generated from the maintenance and cleaning activities should be collected and diverted to oil interceptor or other appropriate treatment facilities for proper treatment so that it satisfies the requirements stipulated in the TM-DSS. In case there is no pubic sewer available for the SSS during the operation phase, all wastewater generated or collected in the SSS should be	To control water quality impacts from the operation of Shek Kong Stabling Sidings	MTR/DDC	SSS	Operation phase	To be implemented as per construction programme

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	tankered away for proper disposal to prevent direct discharge of any wastewater to the nearby surface water system.					
	Oil interceptors should be regularly inspected and cleaned to avoid wash-out of oil during storm conditions. A bypass would be provided to avoid overload of the interceptor's capacity.					
	• All waste oils and fuels should be collected and handled in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. Site drainage should be well maintained and good management practices should be observed to ensure that oils and chemicals are managed, stored and handled properly and do not enter the nearby water streams. Areas for chemical storage should be securely locked. The storage area should have an impermeable floor and bunding of capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20% by volume of the chemical waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest, to minimize the impacts from any potential accidents. In case of the occurrence of accidental spillage of chemicals, it is required to take immediate actions to control the release of chemicals.					
	 Disposal of chemical wastes should be carried out in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. The Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published under 					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	the Waste Disposal Ordinance details the requirements to deal with chemical wastes.					
S11.182	For any future maintenance desilting of the newly	To control water quality	MTR	Diverted	Operation phase	To be
	constructed or diverted watercourses, temporary barrier walls should be used to provide a dry zone for desilting	impact due to maintenance		watercourses		implemented
	work. Maintenance desilting should be carried out	desilting of the newly		in Shek Kong		as per
	during periods of low flow in the dry season.	constructed or diverted				construction
		watercourses				programme
Air Qual	lity (Construction Phase)					
S 12.78	For concrete batching plant, the requirements and	To minimize dust impacts	MTR /	Concrete	Construction	Implemented
	mitigation measures stipulated in the Guidance Note on		Contractor	batching	phase	
	the Best Practicable Means for Cement Works (Concrete			plant at		
	Batching Plant) BPM 3/2(93) should be followed and			works area V		
	implemented.					
Table	The design emission concentration of dust collector for	To minimize dust impacts	MTR /	Concrete	Construction	Implemented
12.9 and	different types of silos for concrete batching plant should		Contractor	batching	phase	
Table	be:			plant at		
12.12	■ Dust collector for each small Cement Silo \leq 30 mg/m ³			works area V		
	■ Dust collector for each Large Capacity Cement Silo ≤ 50mg/m ³					
	 Dust collector for each PFA Silo ≤ 30 mg/m³ 					
	■ Dust collector for each Mixer ≤ 40 mg/m3					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	•	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	During operation of concrete batching plant:					
	 The aggregates should be unloaded from the tipper trucks to the receiving hopper equipped with enclosures on 3 sides and top cover, and water spraying system. 					
	 The cement and PFA should be directly loaded into the silo via a flexible duct. Dust collectors should be installed at the cement/PFA silo based on the above design emission rates. 					
	 The aggregates should be stored in fully enclosed overhead storage bins. The top of overhead storage bins should be covered with cladding. Water spraying system should be installed at the top of storage bins for watering the aggregates, and aggregate storage bins should be fully enclosed. 					
	 The whole process of weighing and mixing of cementitious material should be performed in a fully enclosed environment. The mixers shall equip with the dust collectors based on the above design emission rates. 					
	 The concrete should be directly loaded from the mixer into the transit mixer of a truck in "wet" form. 					
	 Haul road within the site should be paved. Wheel washing pit should be installed at the gate of the concrete batching plant. Water spraying system 					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	should be installed along the haul road.					
Table	(1) Cut & Cover Areas and Stockpiles in the vicinity of	To minimize dust impacts	MTR /	All works	Construction	Implemented
12.10	adits/shafts:		Contractor	areas	phase	
	(a) Heavy construction activities at Cut & Cover Areas,					
	Storage of materials at Stockpiles - Active areas for heavy					
	construction activities, loading & unloading materials at					
	stockpiles					
	The specified requirements for cut & cover areas and stockpiles at Shek Kong, Nam Cheong and West Kowloon works areas are as follows:					
	(i) Shek Kong works area – active area minimized					
	to 15% of total area, watering with complete					
	coverage of active area ten times a day.					
	(ii) Nam Cheong works area - active area					
	minimized to 30% of total area, watering with					
	complete coverage of active stockpile area four					
	times a day.					
	(iii) West Kowloon works area - active area					
	minimized to 15% of total area, watering with					
	complete coverage of active area eight times a					
	day.					
	• For other sites, the active area would be minimized					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	to 30% of the total area, water spraying system would be applied on the active area and watering with complete coverage of active area four times a day would be required.					
	• The remaining inactive area would be well covered with impervious sheeting at all work sites.					
	(b) Trucks - Transportation of materials					
	• Wheel wash facilities provided at the site exit. The vehicles should be washed before leaving the stockpiles. The spoils should also be well covered before leaving the site in order to minimise generation of dusty materials.					
	 The haul roads within the site should be paved and water spraying would be provided to keep the wet condition. 					
	• For the Shek Kong works area, watering paved haul roads once per hour would be provided.					
	(2) Temporary stockpiles within barging facilities:					
	(a) Loading point - Loading of spoils from trucks onto					
	stockpile					
	 Water spraying should be provided at the loading points to suppress the dust impact. 					
	(b) Storage of materials - Active area for loading &					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	unloading materials					
	 Water spraying system should be applied on the active area and watering with complete coverage of active area four times a day is required. 					
Table	Barging facilities:	To minimize dust impacts	MTR /	All barging	Construction	Implemented
12.11	(1) Haul road within barging facilities - Transportation of		Contractor	points	phase	
	spoils to the barging points					
	 All road surfaces within the barging facilities should be paved and water spraying should be provided to keep the wet condition. For paved haul roads at West Kowloon and Nam Cheong, watering haul road once per hour is required. 					
	(2) Unloading of materials - Unloading of spoil materials					
	 The unloading process should be undertaken within enclosed tipping hall. Water spraying and dust curtain should be provided at the discharge point for dust suppression. 					
	(3) Trucks - Vehicles leaving the barging facilities					
	 Vehicle wheel washing facilities should be provided at site exit. 					
	(4) Transportation of spoils to one of the Nam Cheong					
	Barging Point					
	 Fully enclosed conveyor system should be adopted 					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	for transportation of spoils from shaft to the barging point.					
S 12.78	Dust suppression measures stipulated in the Air Pollution	To minimize dust impacts	MTR /	All works	Construction	Implemented
	Control (Construction Dust) Regulation and good site		Contractor	areas	phase	
	practices:					
	Use of regular watering, with complete coverage, to reduce dust emissions from exposed site surfaces and unpaved roads, particularly during dry weather.					
	 Use of frequent watering for particularly dusty construction areas and areas close to ASRs. 					
	Side enclosure and covering of any aggregate or dusty material storage piles to reduce emissions. Where this is not practicable owing to frequent usage, watering should be applied to aggregate fines.					
	Open stockpiles should be avoided or covered. Where possible, prevent placing dusty material storage piles near ASRs.					
	Tarpaulin covering of all dusty vehicle loads transported to, from and between site locations.					
	Establishment and use of vehicle wheel and body washing facilities at the exit points of the site.					
	Provision of wind shield and dust extraction units or similar dust mitigation measures at the loading points, and use of water sprinklers at the loading					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	area where dust generation is likely during the loading process of loose material, particularly in dry seasons/ periods.					
	 Imposition of speed controls for vehicles on unpaved site roads. 8 kilometers per hour is the recommended limit. 					
	 Where possible, routing of vehicles and positioning of construction plant should be at the maximum possible distance from ASRs. 					
	 Every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry pulverised fuel ash (PFA) should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides. 					
	 Cement or dry PFA delivered in bulk should be stored in a closed silo fitted with an audible high level alarm which is interlocked with the material filling line and no overfilling is allowed. 					
	 Loading, unloading, transfer, handling or storage of bulk cement or dry PFA should be carried out in a totally enclosed system or facility, and any vent or exhaust should be fitted with an effective fabric filter or equivalent air pollution control system. 					
S12.94	Environmental monitoring and audit for dust emission	To monitor dust impact	MTR /	Proposed	Design and	Implemented
	should be conducted in accordance with EM&A Manual		Contactor	monitoring	operation phases	
	during the construction phase of the Project to check			locations		

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?		When to implement the measures?	Implementat ion Status
	compliance with legislative requirements.					
Air Qua	lity (Operation Phase)		I.	J.		1
S12.48	The vent shafts of the stations should be designed to be sited at more than 5m from any opening at the adjacent building	To alleviate the adverse air quality impact in the stations	MTR	WKT	Design and operation phases	To be implemented as per construction programme
S12.50	The design of the mechanical air ventilation for PTI should follow EPD's ProPECC PN1/98 Control of Air Pollution in Semi-confined Public Transport Interchanges.	To alleviate the adverse air quality impact in the PTI	MTR	PTI at the ground floor of ventilation building complex at WKT	Design and operation phases	To be implemented as per construction programme
Hazard	to Life		I.	J.		1
S13.96/ S13.99	Improved truck design to reduce the amount of combustibles in the cabin and fuel carried in the fuel tank should be minimised to reduce the duration of any fire. The truck should be brand new, diesel powered and equipped with fuel and battery isolation switches, front exhaust spark arrester, 1 x 9 kg water based and 1 x 9 kg dry chemical powder fire extinguishers. This should be	To meet the ALARP requirement	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	combined with monthly vehicle inspection					
S13.96	The explosive truck accident frequency should be	To meet the ALARP	MTRC/	-	Construction	Implemented
	minimized by implementing a dedicated training	requirement	Contractor		phase.	
	programme for both the driver and his attendants,					
	including regular briefing sessions, implementation of a					
	defensive driving attitude. In addition, drivers should be					
	selected based on good safety record, and medical checks.					
S13.96	The contractor should as far as practicable combine the	To meet the ALARP	MTRC/	-	Construction	Implemented
	explosive deliveries for a given work area.	requirement	Contractor		phase	
S13.96	The explosive truck fire involvement frequency should be	To meet the ALARP	MTRC/	-	Construction	Implemented
	minimized by implementing a better emergency response	requirement	Contractor		phase	
	and training to make sure the adequate fire extinguishers					
	are used and attempt is made to evacuate the area of the					
	incident or securing the explosive load if possible. All					
	explosive vehicles should also be equipped with bigger					
	capacity AFFF-type extinguishers.					
S13.96	A minimum headway between two consecutive truck	To meet the ALARP	MTRC/	Along	Construction	Implemented
	conveys of at least 10 min is recommended	requirement	Contractor	explosives	phase.	
				transport		
				route.		

EIA Ref. S13.96/ S13.105	Only the required quantity of explosives for a particular blast should be transported to avoid the return of unused	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Who to implement the measures? MTRC/ Contractor	Location of the measures	When to implement the measures? Construction phase	Implementat ion Status Implemented
	explosives to the magazines. If disposal is required for small quantities, disposal should be made in a controlled and safe manner by a Registered Shotfirer.					
S13.97	Blasting activities including storage and transport of explosives should be supervised and audited by competent site staff to ensure strict compliance with the blasting permit conditions.	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives storage and transport would be acceptable	MTRC / Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be stored and/or used.	Construction phase	Implemented
S13.97	Emergency plan (ie magazine operational manual) shall be developed to address uncontrolled fire in magazine area and transport. The case of fire near an explosive carrying truck in jammed traffic should also be covered. Drill of the emergency plan should be carried out at regular intervals.		MTRC/ Contractor	Explosive Magazine and along explosives transport route.	Construction phase	Implemented
S13.97	Adverse weather working guideline should be developed to clearly define procedure for transport explosives during		MTRC/ Contractor	Along explosives transport	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	thunderstorm.			route.		
S13.98	Delivery vehicles shall not be permitted to remain within the secured fenced off magazine store area.	To reduce the risk of fire within the magazine	MTRC / Contractor	Explosive Magazine	Construction phase	Implemented
S13.98	Good house-keeping within and outside of the magazine to ensure that combustible materials (including vegetation) are removed and not allowed to accumulate.	To reduce the risk of fire within the magazine	MTRC / Contractor	Explosive Magazine	Construction	Implemented
S13.99/ S13.101	Use only experienced driver(s) with good safety record. Training should be provided to ensure it covers all major safety subjects.	To ensure safe transport of explosives	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase	Implemented
S13.99	Develop procedure to ensure that parking space on the site is available for the explosive truck. Confirmation of parking space should be communicated to truck drivers before delivery.	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives storage and transport would be acceptable	MTRC/ Contractor	Explosive magazine	Construction phase	Implemented
S13.99	Detonators shall not be transported in the same vehicle with other Class 1 explosives	To reduce the risk of explosion during the transport of cartridge emulsion	MTRC / Contractor	-	Construction phase	Implemented
S13.99	During transport of the explosives within the tunnel, hot work should not be permitted in the vicinity of the	To ensure safe transport of explosives	MTRC/ Contractor	Along explosives	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	explosives offloading or charging activities.			transport route.		
S13.99	Ensure that packaging of detonators remains intact until handed over at blasting site.	To reduce the risk of explosion during the transport of detonator	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase	Implemented
S13.99	Horizontal fire screen on cargo deck and vertical fire screen mounted at least 150 mm behind the drivers cab and 100 mm from the steel cargo compartment, the vertical screen shall protrude 150 mm in excess of all three (3) sides of the steel cargo compartment.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase	Implemented
S13.104	Ensure that cartridge emulsion with high water content should be preferred. Also, the emulsion with perchlorate formulation should be avoided.	To ensure safe explosives to be used	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase	Implemented
Landfill	Gas Hazard – Design and Construction Phases	1			L	
\$14.73 & \$14.86	- All personnel who work on site and all visitors to the site should be made aware of the possibility of ignition of gas in the vicinity of excavations. Safety notices should be posted warning of the potential hazards.	Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone, Barging Point and Nursery	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme

EIA Ref.	Recommended Mitiga	ntion Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?		When to implement the measures?	Implementat ion Status
S14.73	"at risk" areas, incl supervisors and eng Consultation Zone,	uding all excavation workers, gineers working within the should receive appropriate g in areas susceptible to landfill	Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	Contractor	Site XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.73	implemented to min	afety procedures will be nimise the risks of fires and hyxiation of workers (especially in	Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.73	landfill gas related actions to take in ac	cifically trained with regard to hazards and the appropriate dverse circumstances will be sites throughout the works.	Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.73, S14.86, S14.87	confined spaces. Flame' notices in C		Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	notices should be posted warning of the potential			Zone,		programme
	hazards.			Barging Point		
				and Nursery		
				Site		
S14.73	- Welding, flame-cutting or other hot works may only	Protect the workers from	Contractor	XRL tunnels	Construction	To be
	be carried out in confined spaces when controlled by	landfill gas hazards		within the	phase	implemented
	a 'permit to work' procedure, properly authorised by			NTML		as per
	the Safety Officer. The permit to work procedure			Consultation		construction
	will set down clearly the requirements for continuous			Zone		programme
	monitoring of methane, carbon dioxide and oxygen					
	throughout the period during which the hot works are					
	in progress. The procedure will also require the					
	presence of an appropriately qualified person who					
	shall be responsible for reviewing the gas					
	measurements as they are made, and who shall have					
	executive responsibility for suspending the work in					
	the event of unacceptable or hazardous conditions.					
	Only those workers who are appropriately trained and	l .				
	fully aware of the potentially hazardous conditions					
	which may arise will be permitted to carry out hot					
	works in confined areas.					

EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
S14.73	- A mechanical ventilation system must be in use at all times during which personnel are engaged in works inside the tunnel or excavation and be evacuated in the event of power outages. Work must not be carried out in the absence of mechanical ventilation and supervision of adequately trained safety personnel. In exceptional case where work is carried out under non-ventilated condition, any electrical equipment used, such as motors and extension cords, should be intrinsically safe.	Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.73	 Adequate fire extinguishing equipment, fire-resistant clothing and breathing apparatus sets should be made available on site. 		Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.86	- Raising the site office 500mm above ground.	Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	Contractor	Barging Point	Construction phase	Implemented
S14.86	 Utilities services connected to the site office and the annulus around these service entry points should be properly sealed. 	Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	Contractor	Barging Point	Construction phase	Implemented

EIA Ref.	Ŭ	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measures	When to implement the measures?	Implementat ion Status
S14.74		Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.73		Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.75	joints and cracks, if identified, upon completion of	Confirm no landfill gas ingress into the XRL tunnels	Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.76		Confirm no landfill gas ingress into the XRL tunnels	Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction

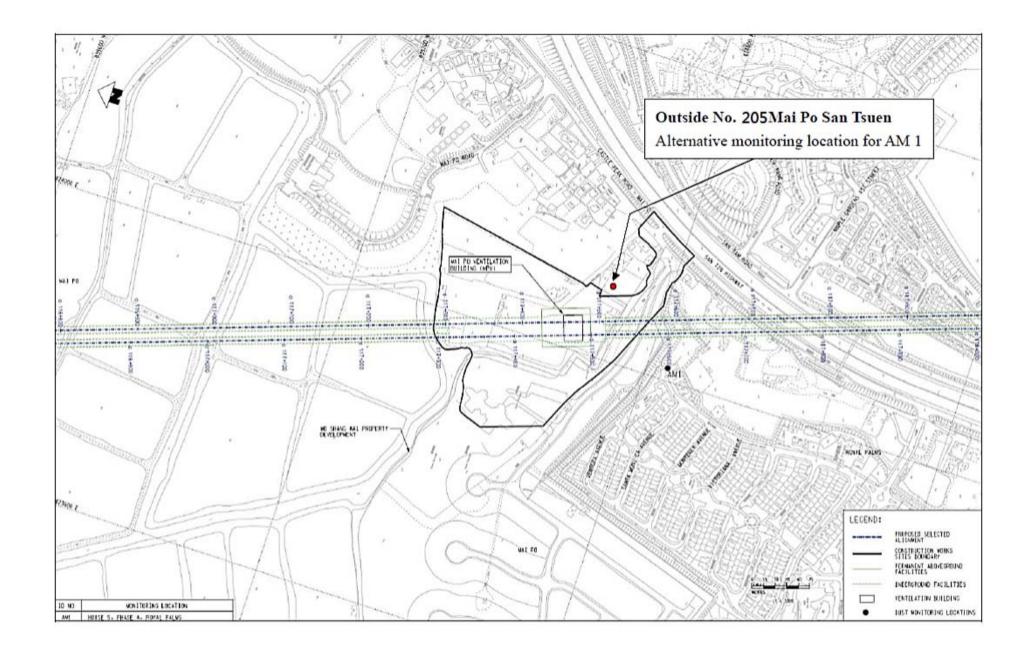
EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	be conducted after completion of the tunnel construction works and not less than 3 months before commencement of operation. The survey should be conducted under non-ventilated condition and before starting the work of the day.			Zone		programme
S14.77	- A summary of the monitoring results should be submitted to EPD for record before the commencement of operational phase. The results should be reviewed and agreed with EPD before the commencement of operation to determine the monitoring requirements during the operational phase	To review and agree the monitoring requirement during the operational phase	MTR/ Contractor	-	Before operation	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.78	- Appropriate sealant will be applied to joints to prevent the ingress of groundwater, which will also form a low permeability gas barrier. Good workmanship and adequate construction supervision will be required to ensure the actual works are implemented as per the design requirements. This will be implemented by MTRC's Material and Workmanship Specification.	Protect the XRL tunnels from landfill gas hazards	Design Engineer/ Contractor	within the	Design and Construction phases	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.79	- Adequate ventilation will be needed as part of the tunnel design to act as an active gas control when	Protect the XRL tunnels from landfill gas hazards	Design Engineer	XRL tunnels within the	Design phase	To be implemented

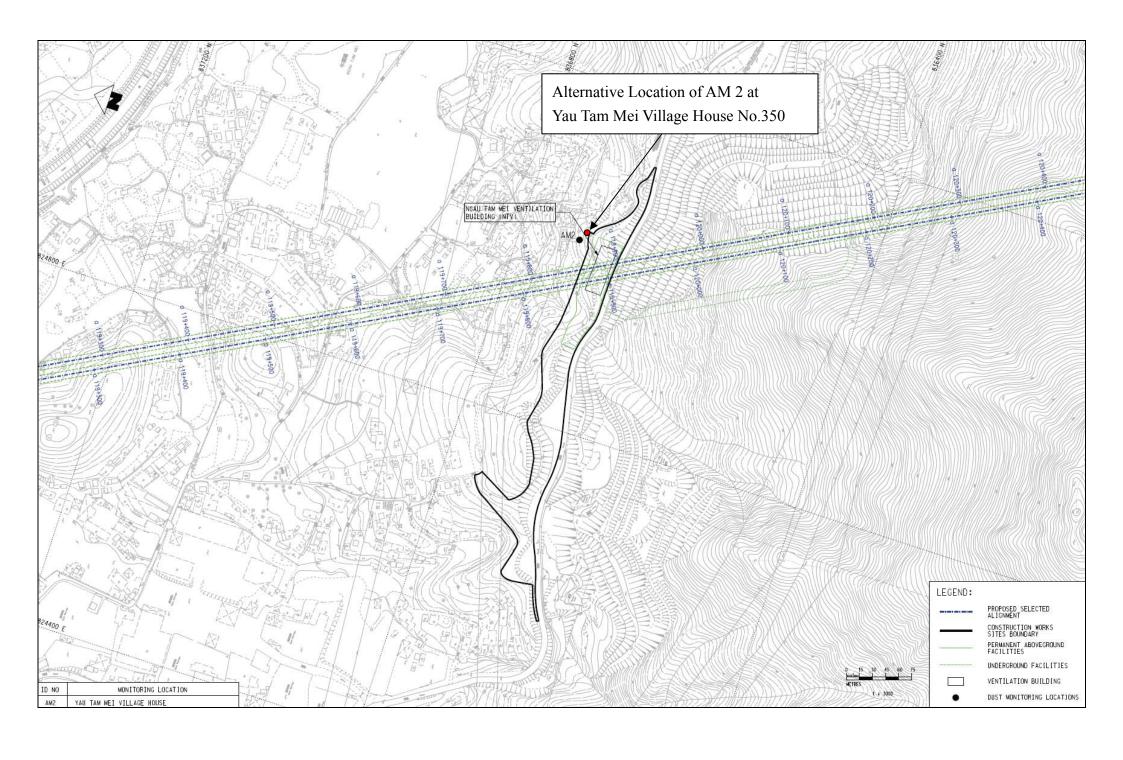
EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	needed.			NTML Consultation Zone		as per construction programme
S14.80	 Upon completion of the landfill gas protection measures, a report on the implemented landfill gas protection measures with relevant as-built drawings and other detailed information showing that the design measures mentioned in this assessment to protect the tunnels from landfill gas hazard have been properly incorporated should be submitted to EPD. 	Ensure landfill gas protection measures have been completed	Contractor	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Construction phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
Landfill	Gas Hazard – Operation Phase					
S14.76	- Ventilation of the tunnels should be switched on for half an hour before the first train is expected (the requirement to implement this measure is subject to findings of the review of landfill gas monitoring data with EPD before the commencement of operation).	Protect the operation of the XRL from landfill gas hazards	MTR	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Operation phase	To be implemented as per construction programme
S14.76	- All maintenance personnel and station staff working within the tunnels should be educated in the dangers of landfill gas and the signs and symptoms of asphyxia.	Protect the workers from landfill gas hazards	MTR	XRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone	Operation phase	To be implemented as per construction programme

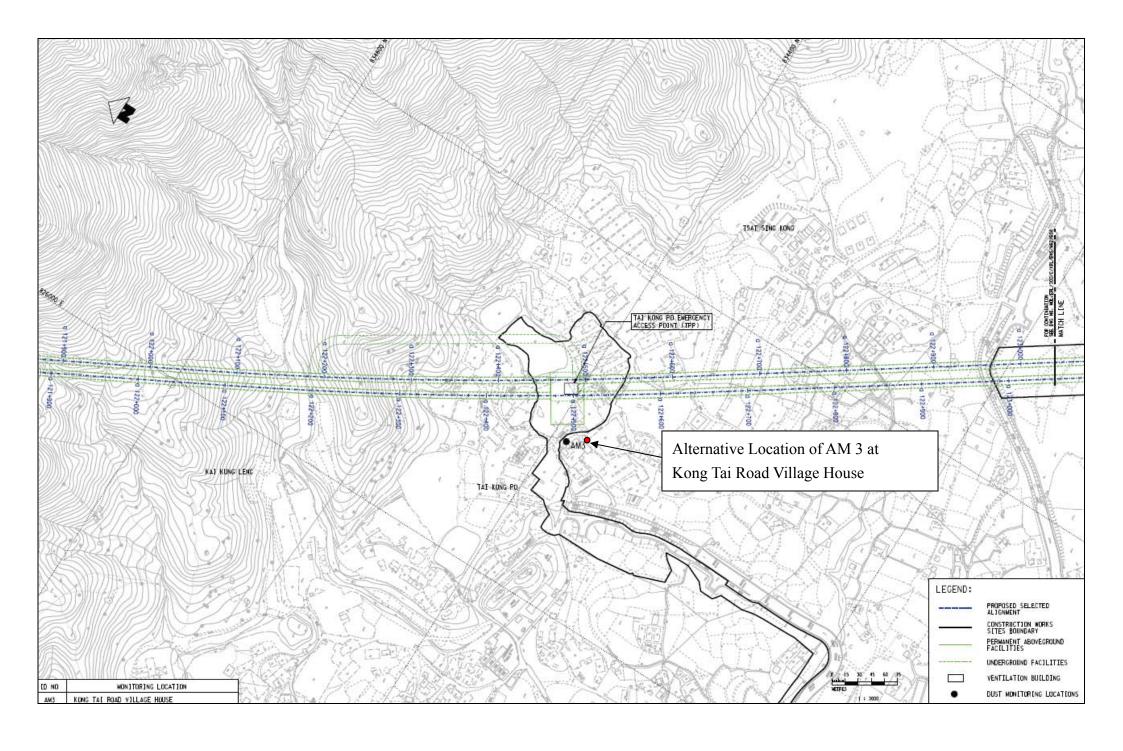
Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
	Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
	& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
	Address				
 Smoking within the tunnels should be prohibited at all times. 	the XRL and workers	MTR	XRL tunnels within the	Operation phase	implemented
	from landfill gas hazards				as per
					construction
			Zone		programme
- An assumed presence of landfill gas should be	Protect the workers from	MTR	XRL tunnels	Operation phase	
	landilii gas nazarus				implemented
					as per
					construction
			Zone		programme
enforcement of the no smoking order.					
- The monitoring requirement during the operational	Confirm no landfill gas	MTR	XRL tunnels	Operation phase	To be
phase should be discussed with EPD before the	ingress into the XRL		within the		implemented
commencement of operation. Weekly monitoring of	tunnels		NTML		as per
methane, carbon dioxide and oxygen in the form of a			Consultation		construction
walkover survey at 20m intervals for section of			Zone		programme
tunnels under NTML and 50m interval within the					
NTML Consultation Zone is tentatively proposed.					
The survey should be conducted under non-ventilated					
condition and before the first train operates and					
	 Smoking within the tunnels should be prohibited at all times. An assumed presence of landfill gas should be adopted at all times by maintenance workers and a strictly regulated "work permit procedure" involving training, ventilation, gas monitoring (as detailed in the Construction recommendations section), safety tracking and communication with maintenance staff, enforcement of the no smoking order. The monitoring requirement during the operational phase should be discussed with EPD before the commencement of operation. Weekly monitoring of methane, carbon dioxide and oxygen in the form of a walkover survey at 20m intervals for section of tunnels under NTML and 50m interval within the NTML Consultation Zone is tentatively proposed. The survey should be conducted under non-ventilated 	Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address - Smoking within the tunnels should be prohibited at all times. - An assumed presence of landfill gas should be adopted at all times by maintenance workers and a strictly regulated "work permit procedure" involving training, ventilation, gas monitoring (as detailed in the Construction recommendations section), safety tracking and communication with maintenance staff, enforcement of the no smoking order. - The monitoring requirement during the operational phase should be discussed with EPD before the commencement of operation. Weekly monitoring of methane, carbon dioxide and oxygen in the form of a walkover survey at 20m intervals for section of tunnels under NTML and 50m interval within the NTML Consultation Zone is tentatively proposed. The survey should be conducted under non-ventilated	Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address - Smoking within the tunnels should be prohibited at all times. - An assumed presence of landfill gas should be adopted at all times by maintenance workers and a strictly regulated "work permit procedure" involving training, ventilation, gas monitoring (as detailed in the Construction recommendations section), safety tracking and communication with maintenance staff, enforcement of the no smoking order. - The monitoring requirement during the operational phase should be discussed with EPD before the commencement of operation. Weekly monitoring of methane, carbon dioxide and oxygen in the form of a walkover survey at 20m intervals for section of tunnels under NTML and 50m interval within the NTML Consultation Zone is tentatively proposed. The survey should be conducted under non-ventilated in the Main content to the measures? MTR MTR Confirm no landfill gas ingress into the XRL tunnels	Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address - Smoking within the tunnels should be prohibited at all times. - Smoking within the tunnels should be prohibited at all times. - An assumed presence of landfill gas should be adopted at all times by maintenance workers and a strictly regulated "work permit procedure" involving training, ventilation, gas monitoring (as detailed in the Construction recommendations section), safety tracking and communication with maintenance staff, enforcement of the no smoking order. - The monitoring requirement during the operational phase should be discussed with EPD before the commencement of operation. Weekly monitoring of methane, carbon dioxide and oxygen in the form of a walkover survey at 20m intervals for section of tunnels under NTML and 50m interval within the NTML Consultation Zone is tentatively proposed. The survey should be conducted under non-ventilated to the protect the operation of the XRL and workers from landfill gas hazards MTR WRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone to the measures? MTR WRL tunnels within the NTML Consultation Zone interval within the NTML Consultation Zone is tentatively proposed.	Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address - Smoking within the tunnels should be prohibited at all times. - Smoking within the tunnels should be prohibited at all times. - An assumed presence of landfill gas should be adopted at all times by maintenance workers and a strictly regulated "work permit procedure" involving training, ventilation, gas monitoring (as detailed in the Construction recommendations section), safety tracking and communication with maintenance staff, enforcement of the no smoking order. - The monitoring requirement during the operational phase should be discussed with EPD before the commencement of operation. Weekly monitoring of methane, carbon dioxide and oxygen in the form of a walkover survey at 20m intervals for section of tunnels under NTML and 50m interval within the NTML Consultation Zone is tentatively proposed. The survey should be conducted under non-ventilated

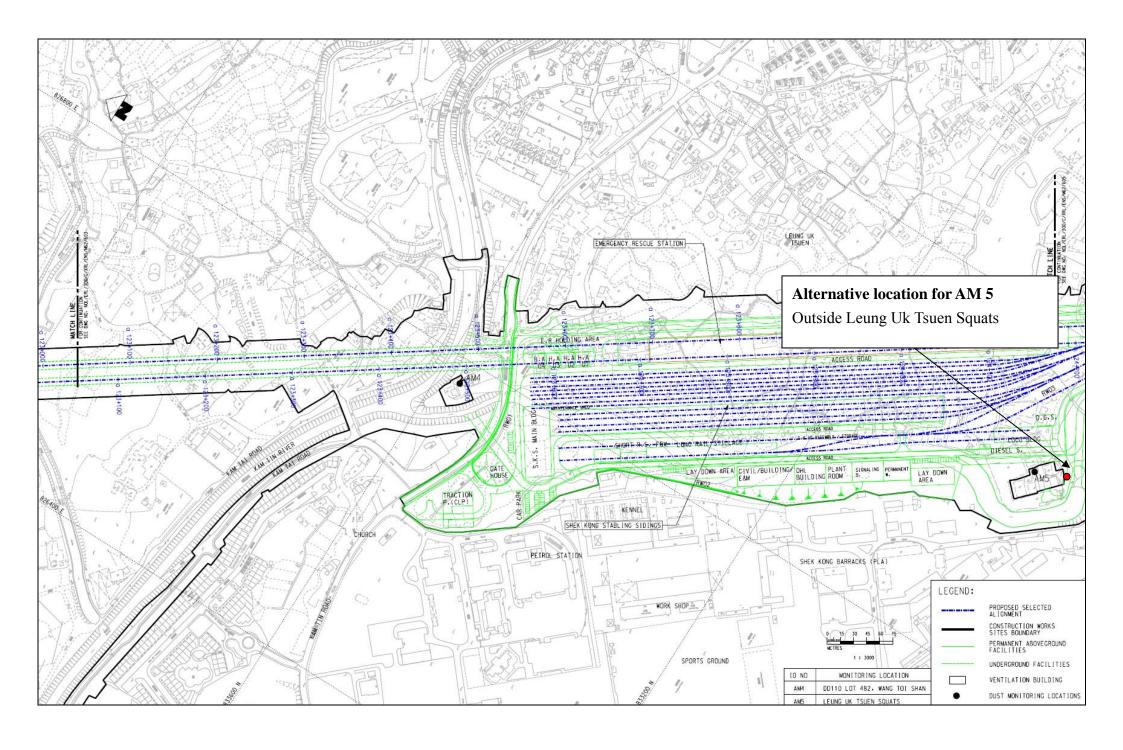
EIA	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementat
Ref.		Recommended Measures	implement the	the measures	implement the	ion Status
		& Main Concern to	measures?		measures?	
		Address				
	start-up of ventilation, if applicable. A summary of					
	the monitoring results should be submitted to EPD					
	for record at the end of the monitoring period.					
S14.84	- An annual walkover survey in the tunnels within the	Confirm no landfill gas	MTR	XRL tunnels	Operation phase	To be
	Consultation Zone of the NTML should be conducted	ingress into the XRL		within the		implemented
	to test for the presence of flammable gas at joints and	tunnels		NTML		as per
	cracks, if identified. Rectifications, such as sealing			Consultation		construction
	of cracks and inspection of tunnel seals, should be			Zone		programme
	carried out for any signs of presence of flammable					
	gas. The survey should be conducted under					
	non-ventilated condition and before the first train					
	operates and start-up of ventilation, if applicable.					

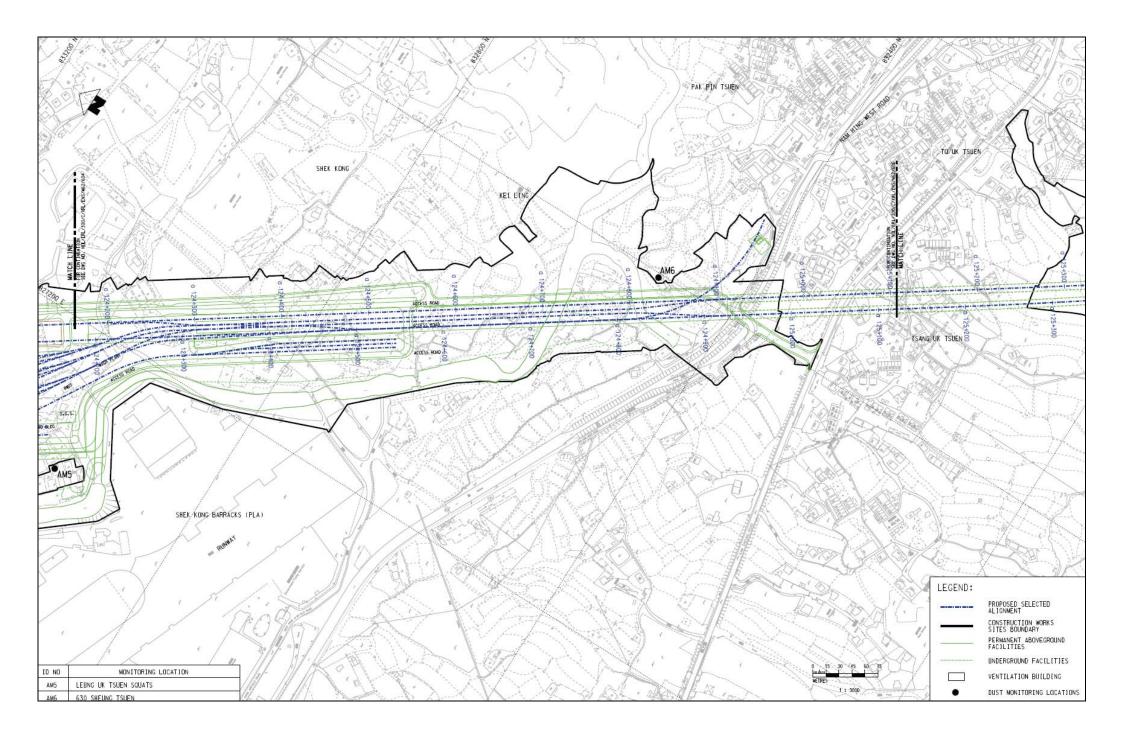
Appendix D Monitoring Locations

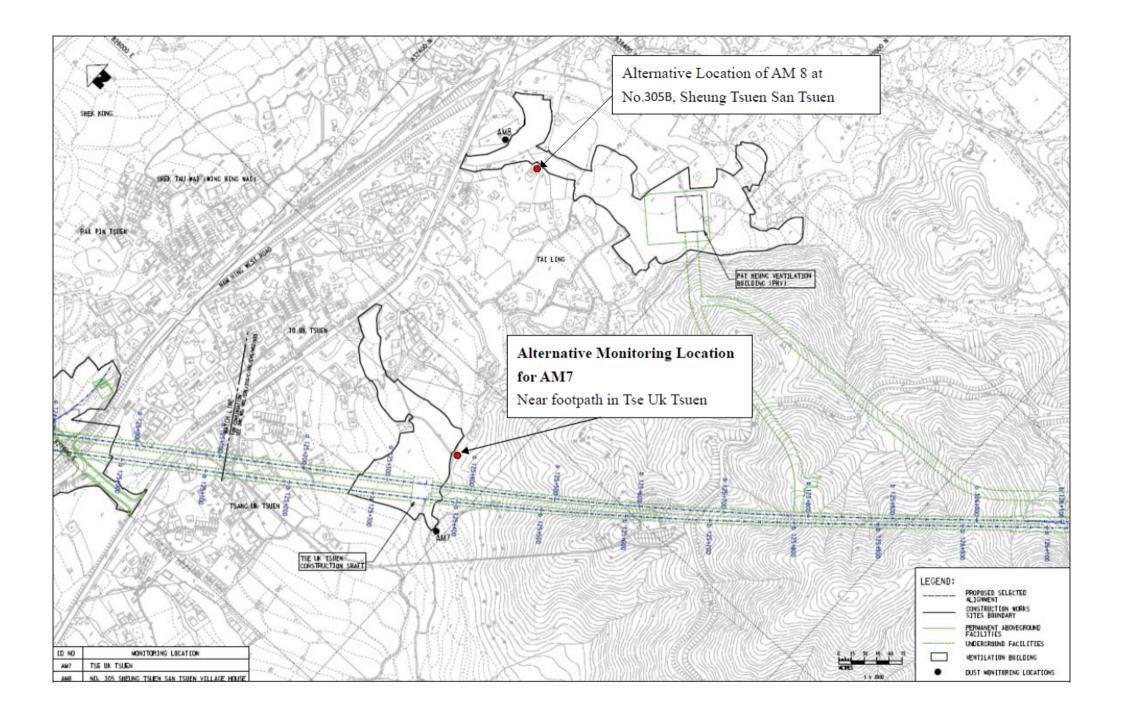


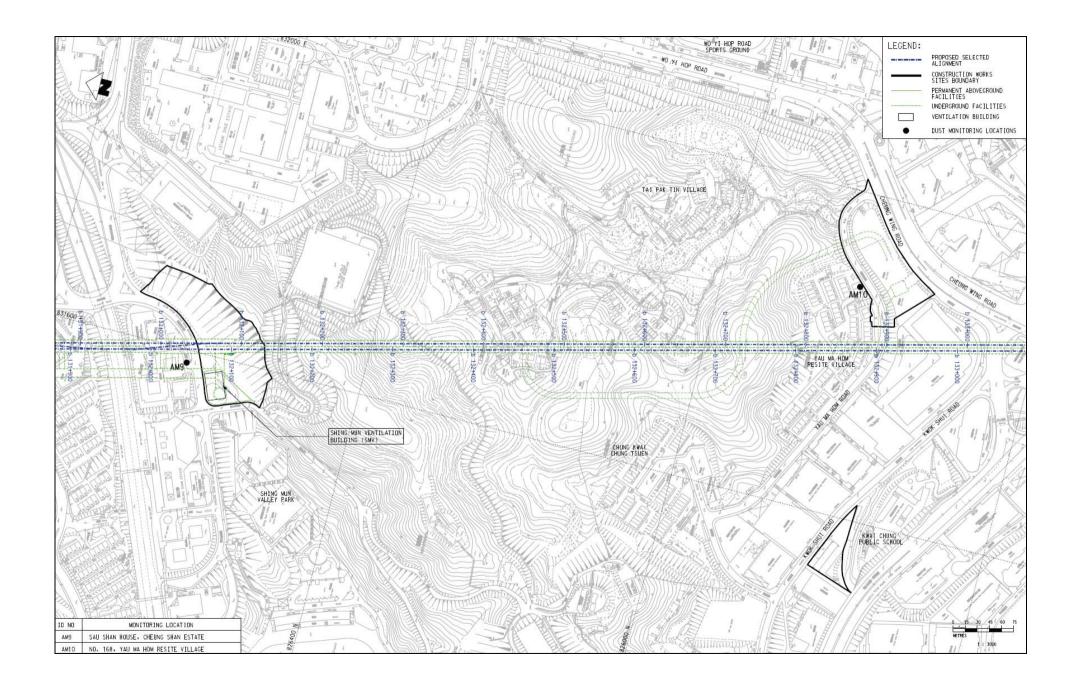


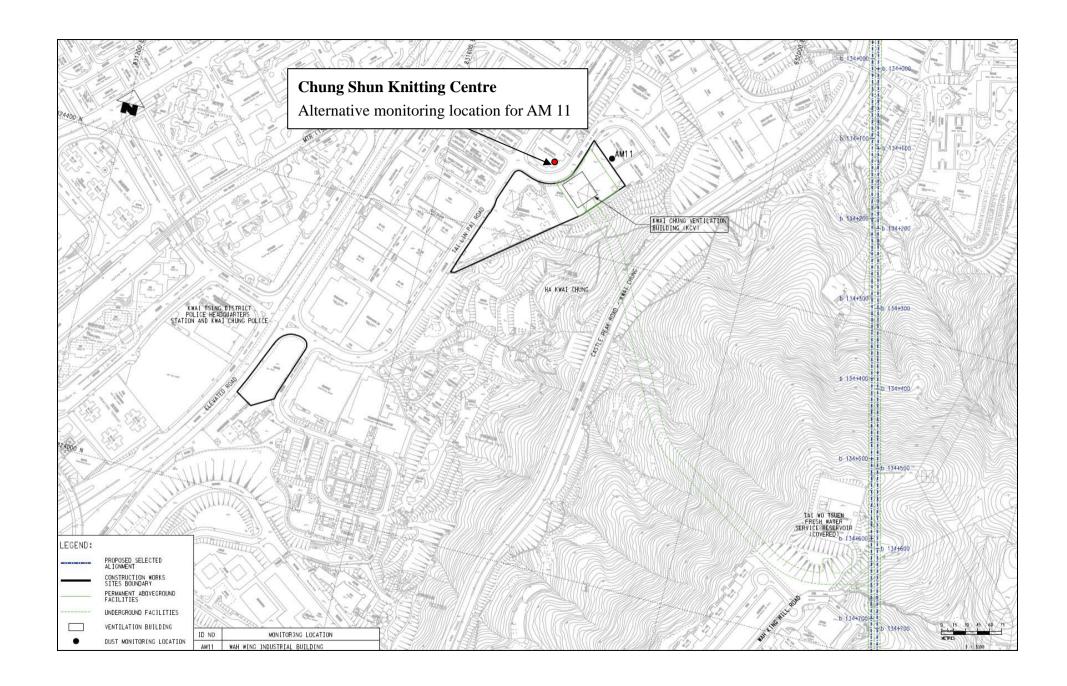


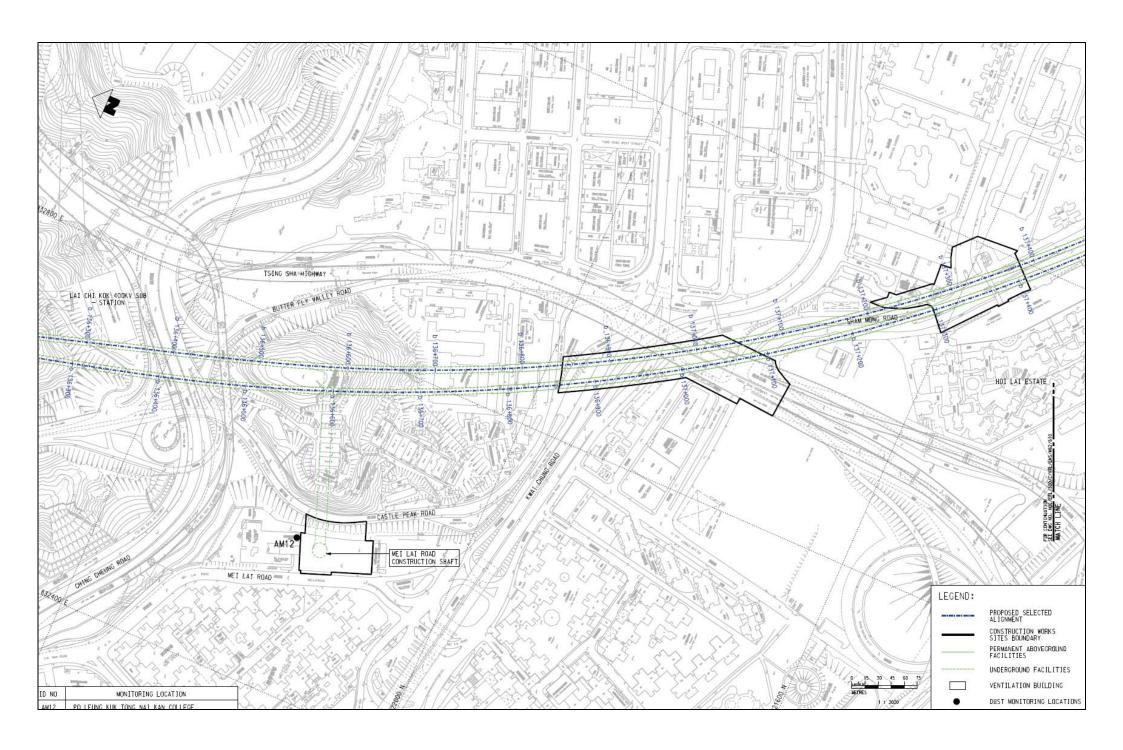


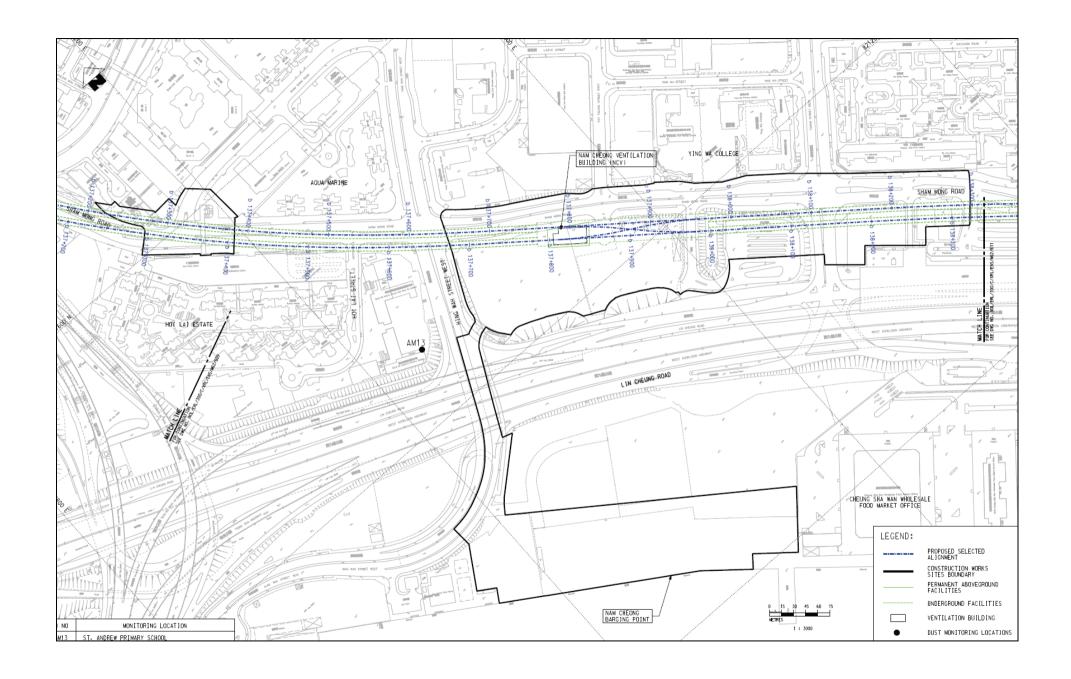


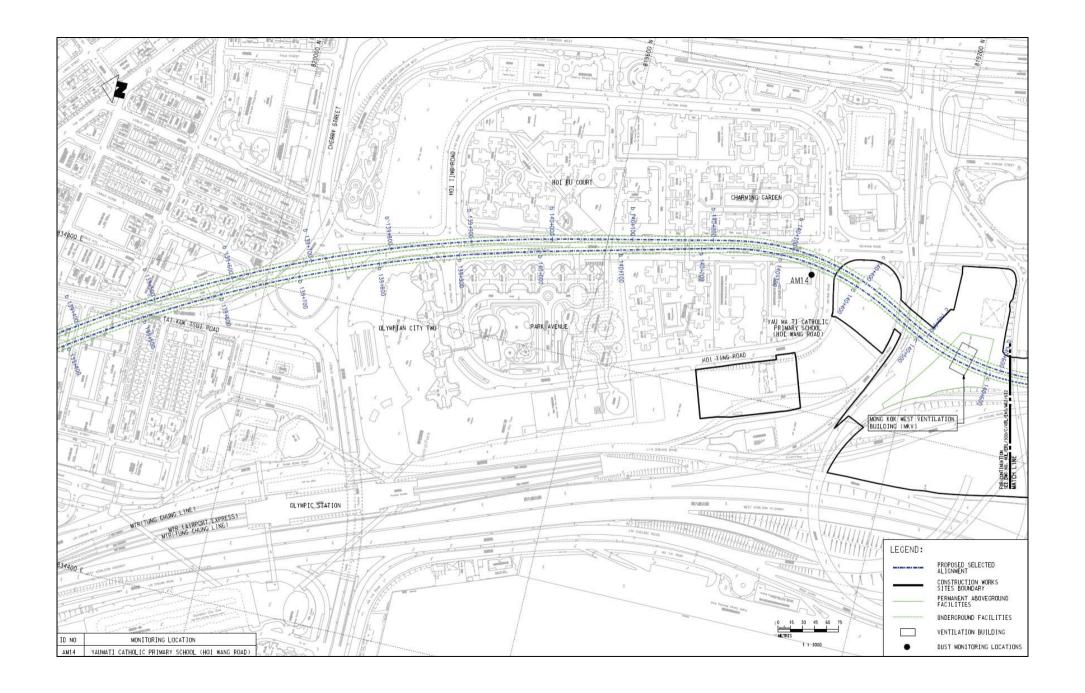


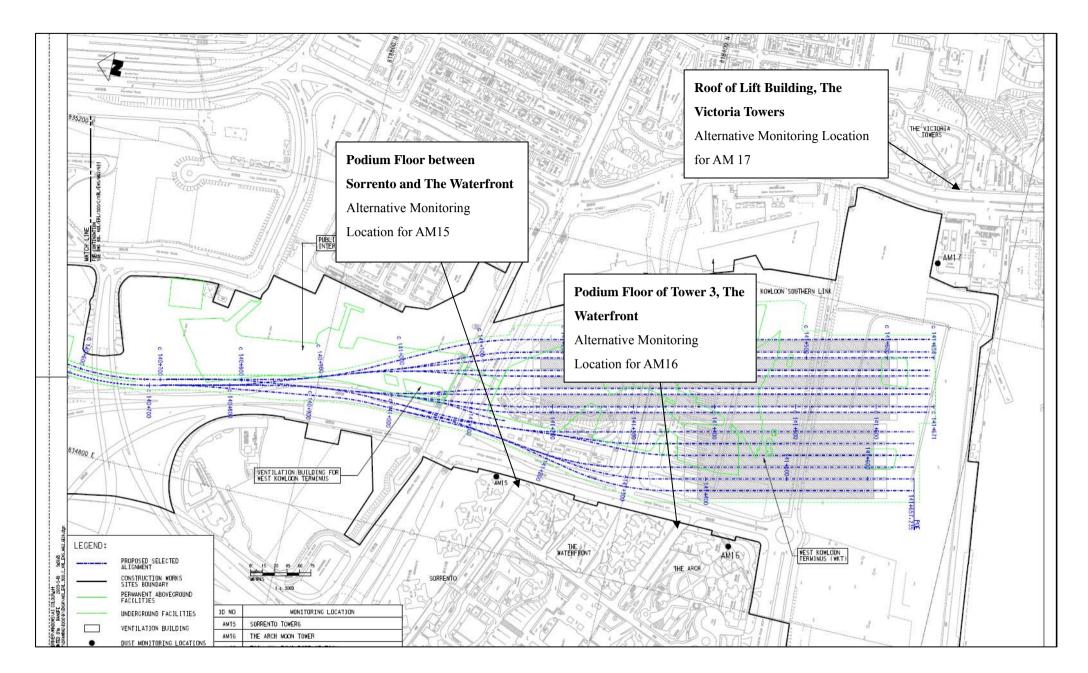




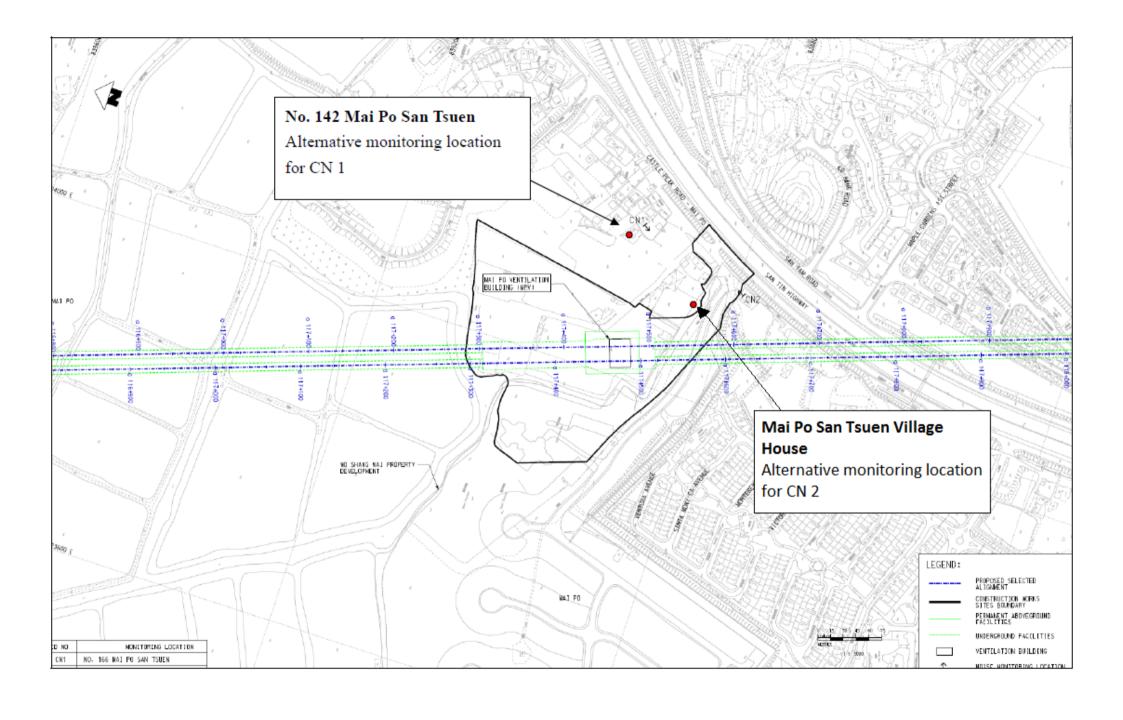




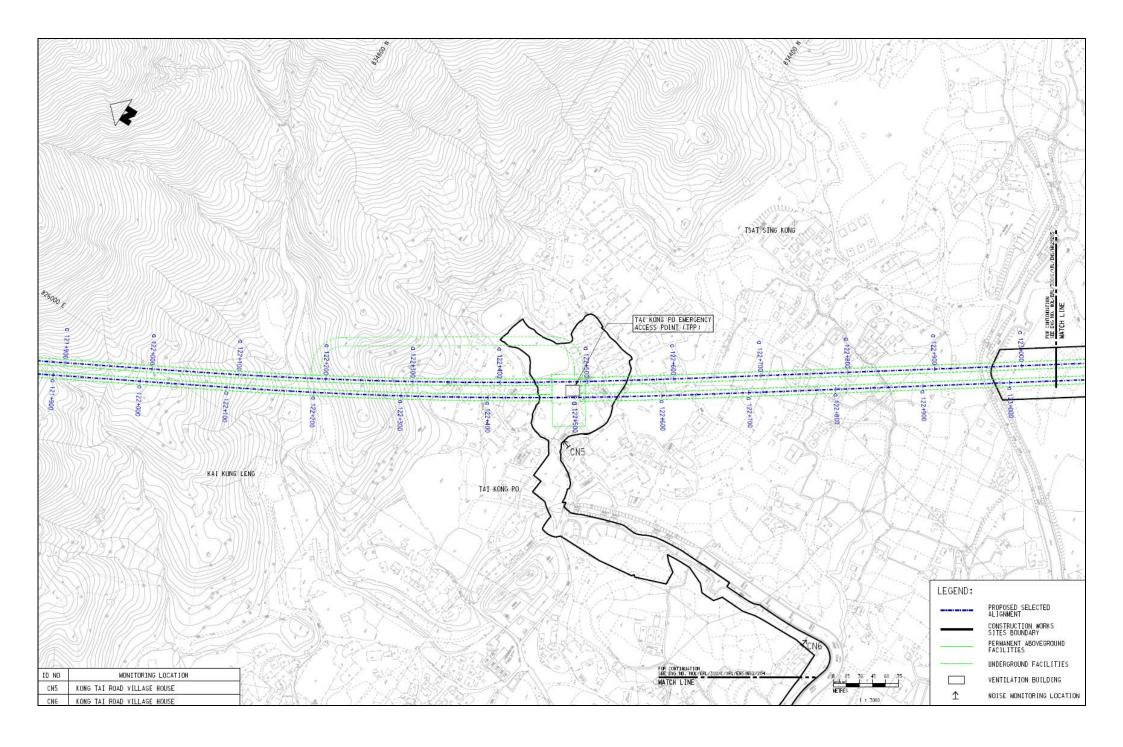




Dust monitoring locations







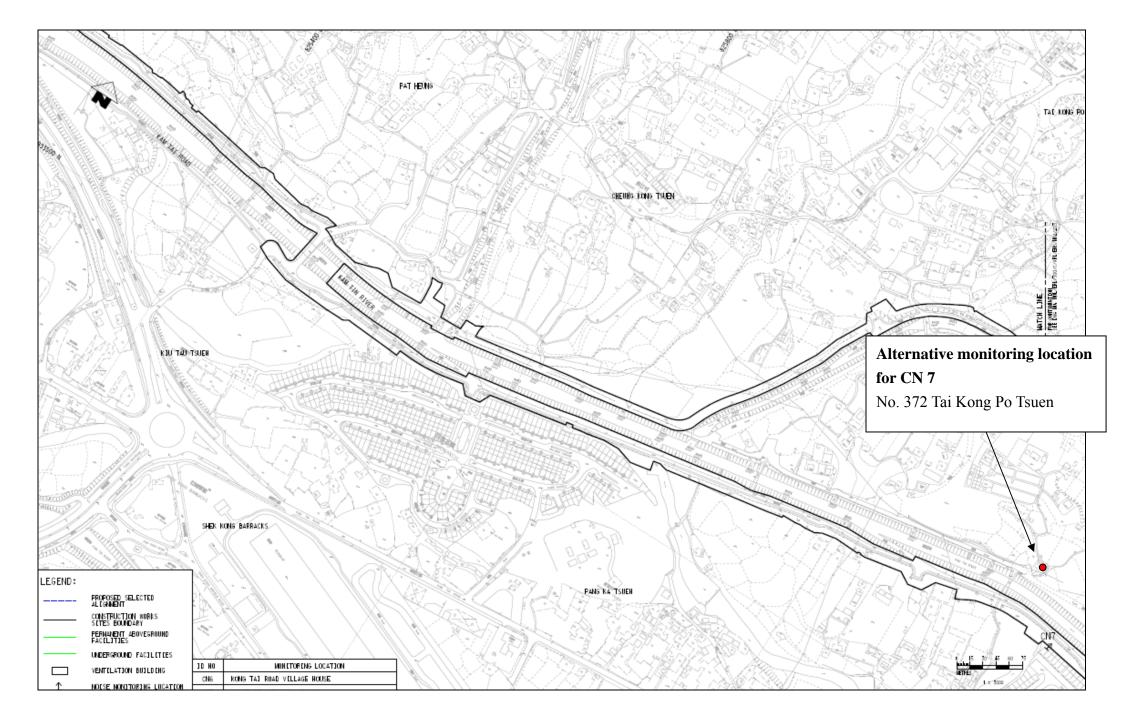
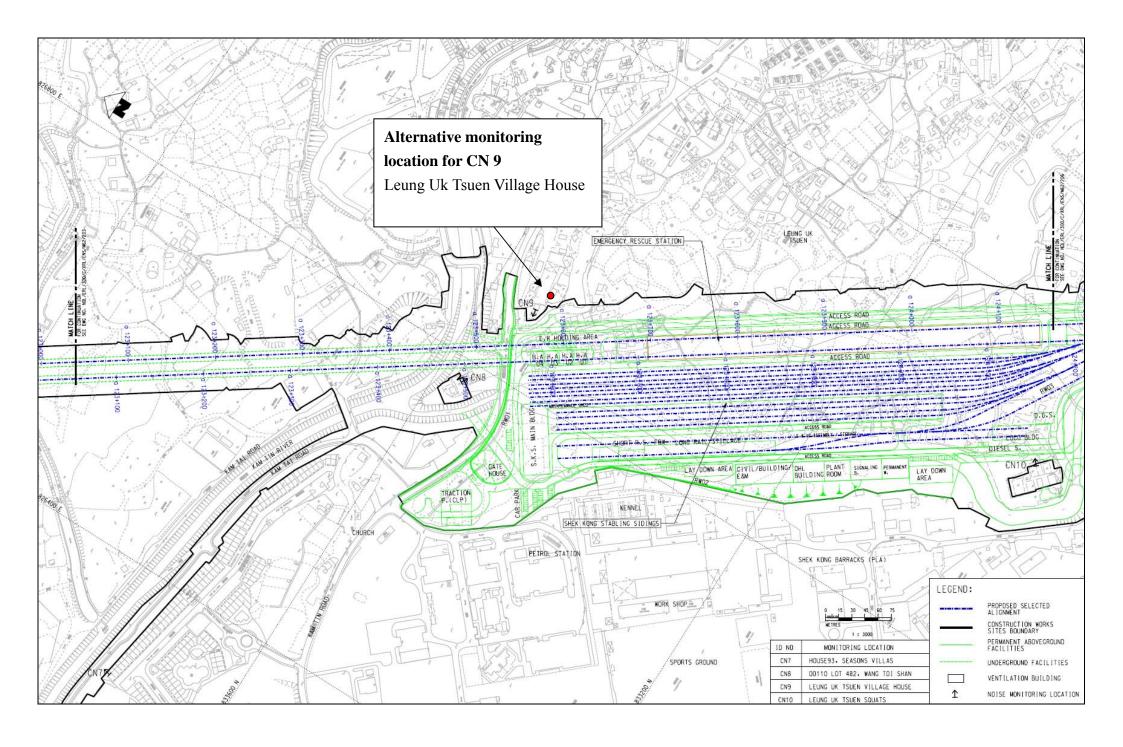
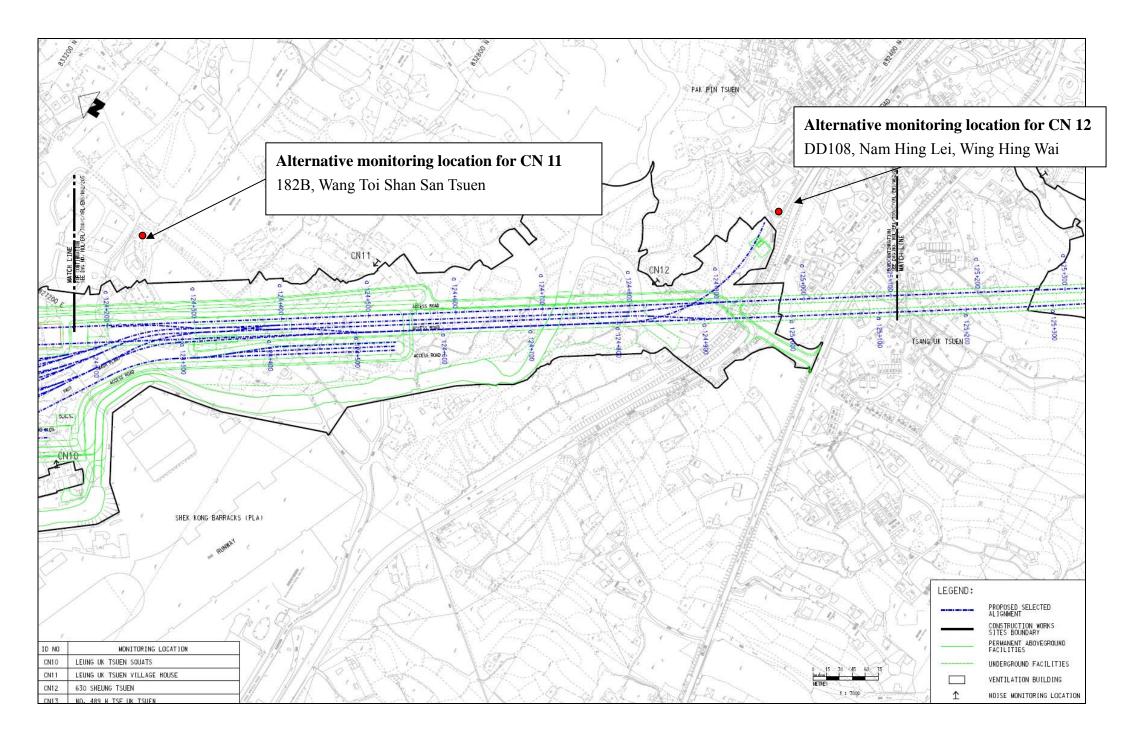
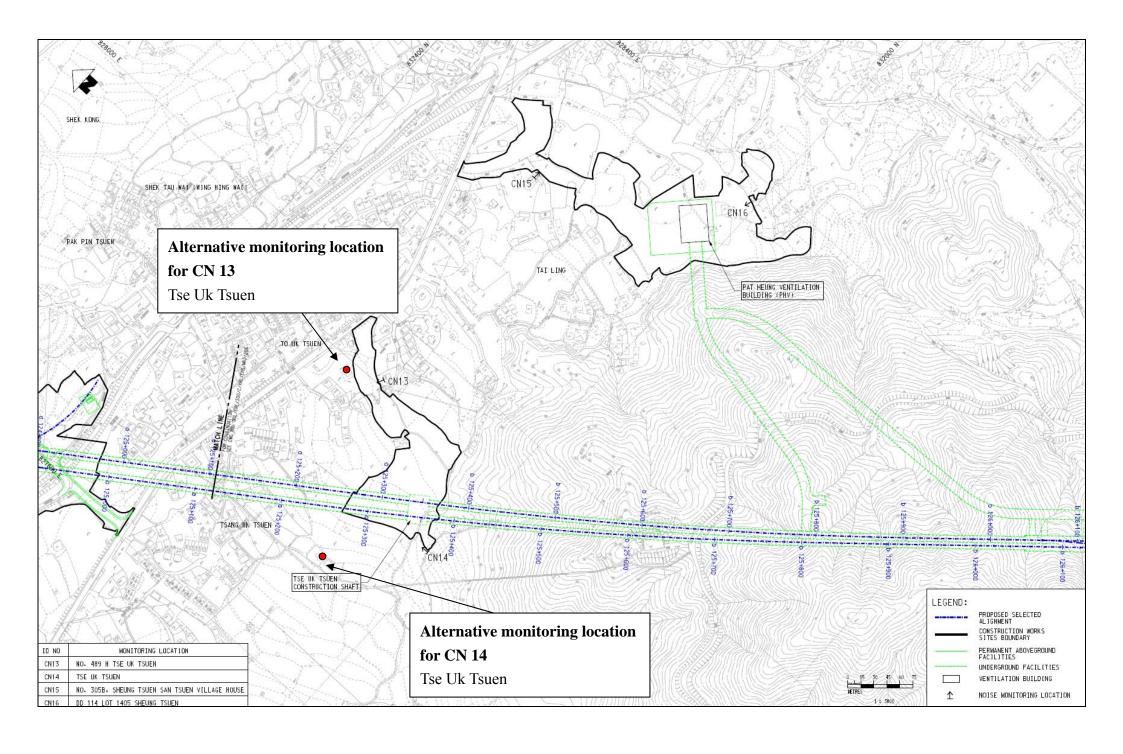
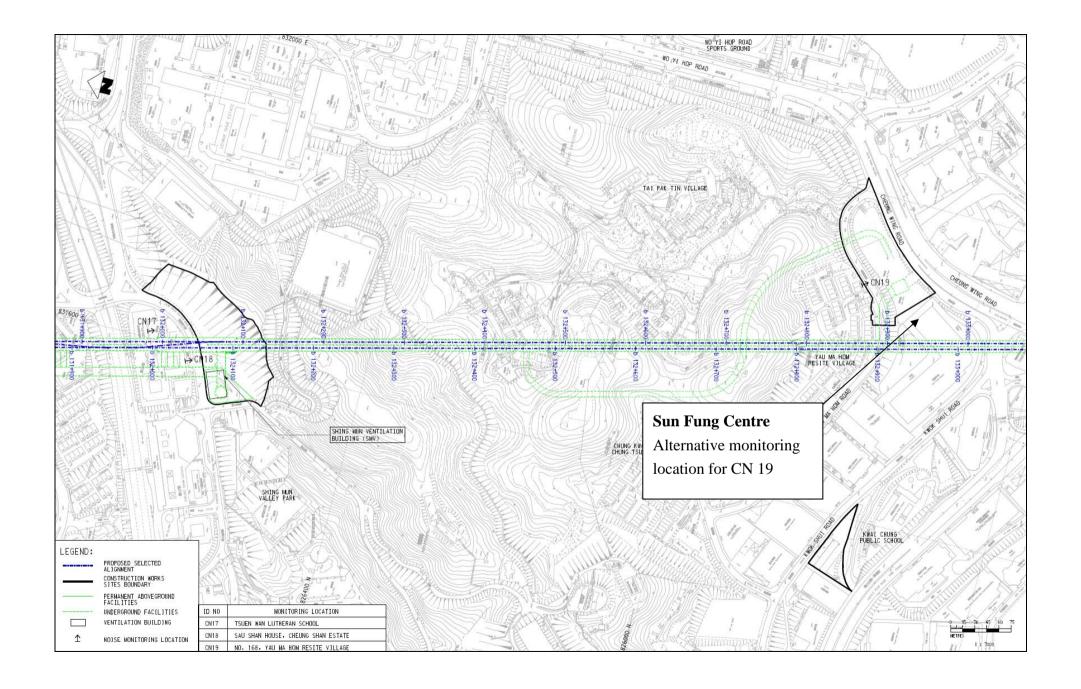


Figure 2 – Noise Monitoring Locations









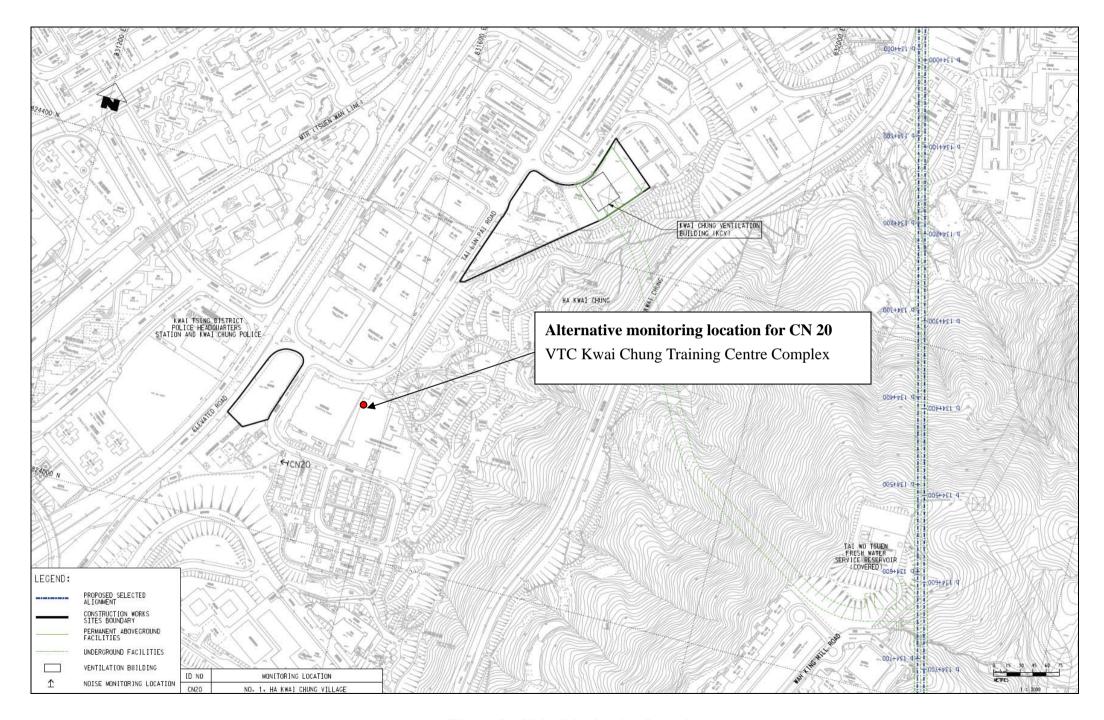
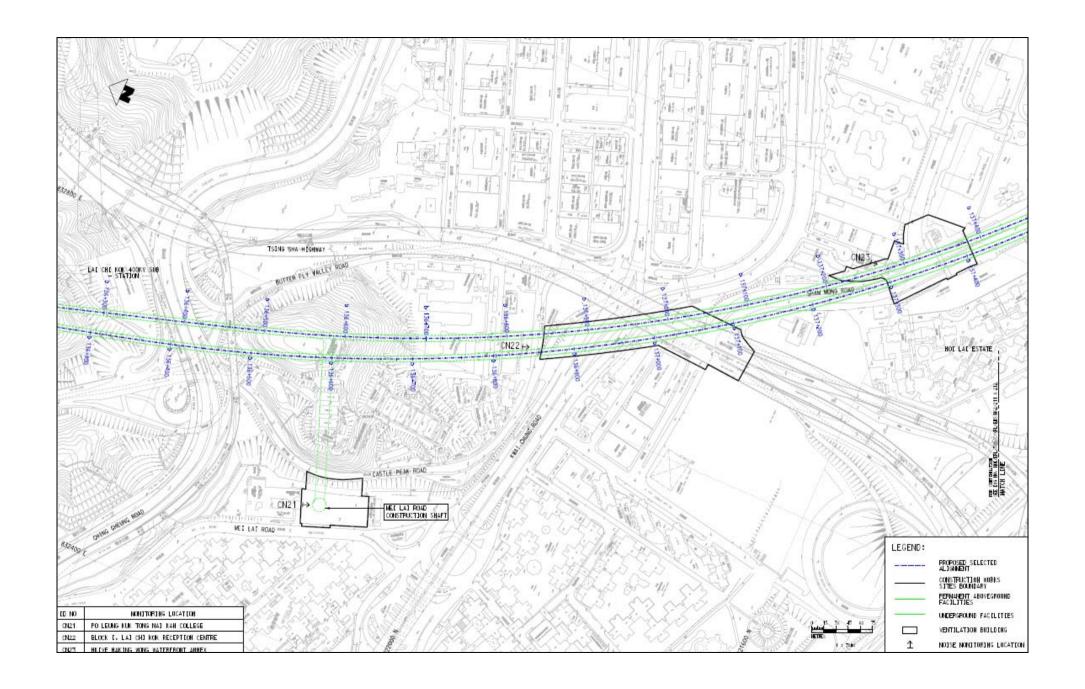
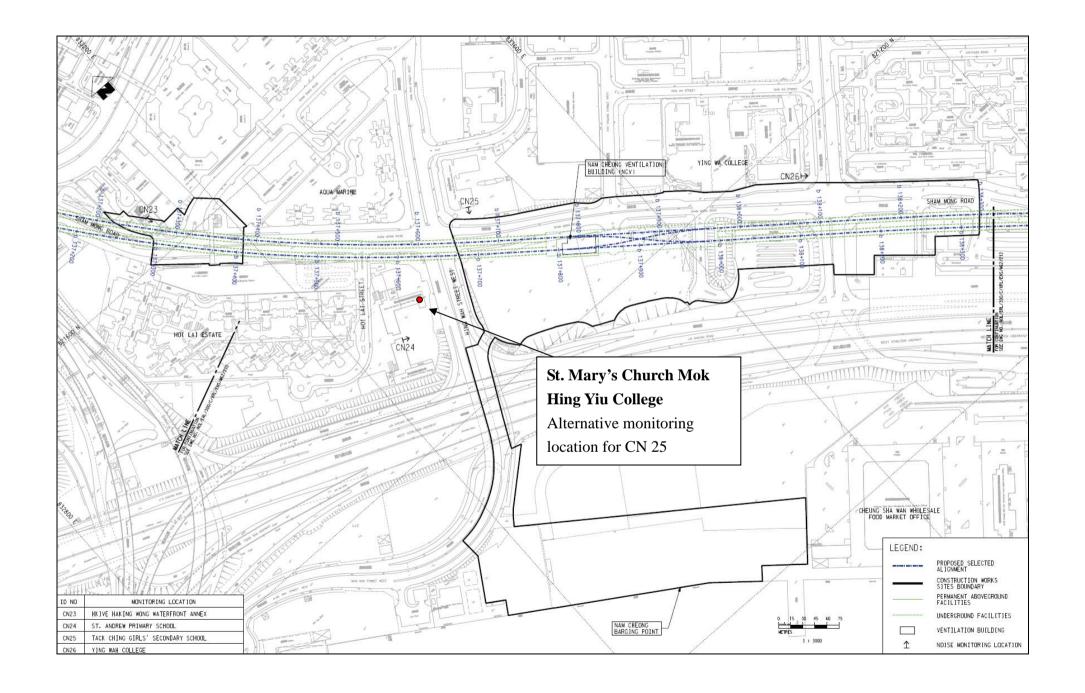
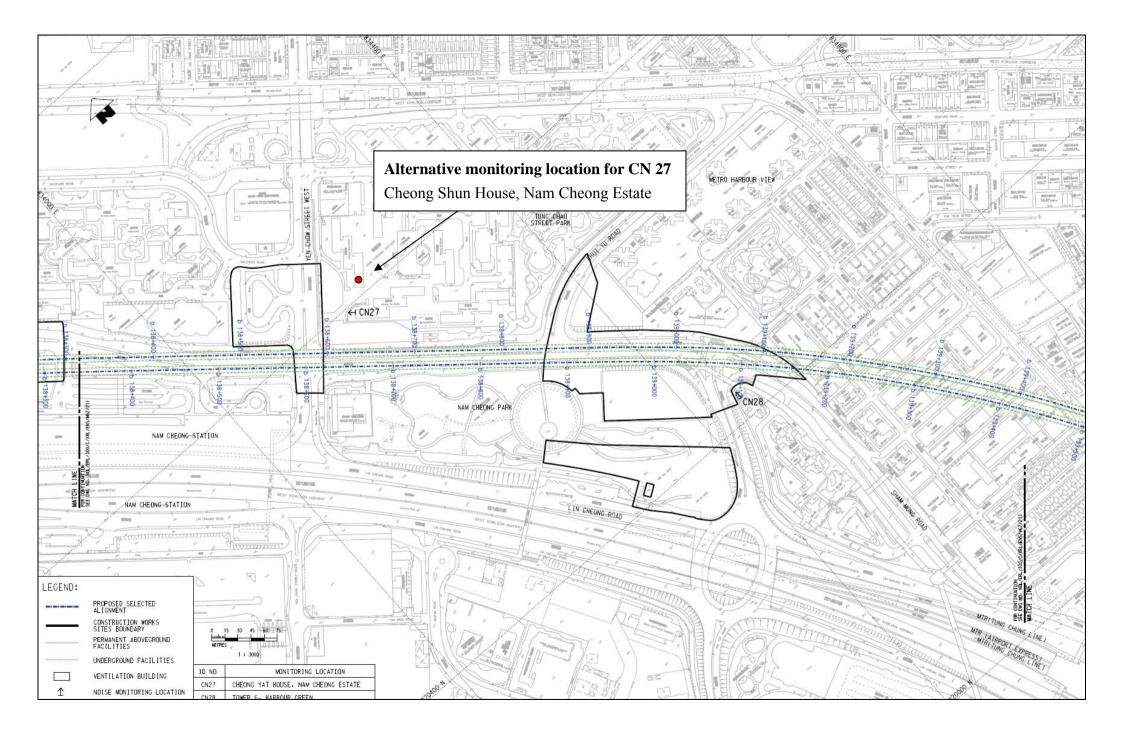
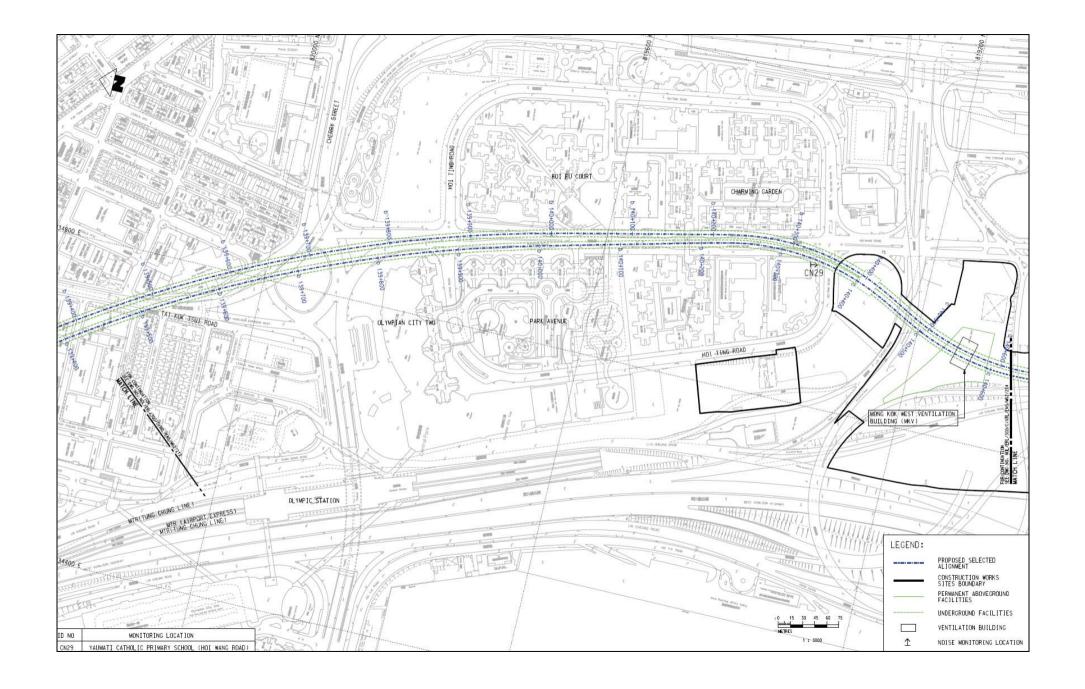


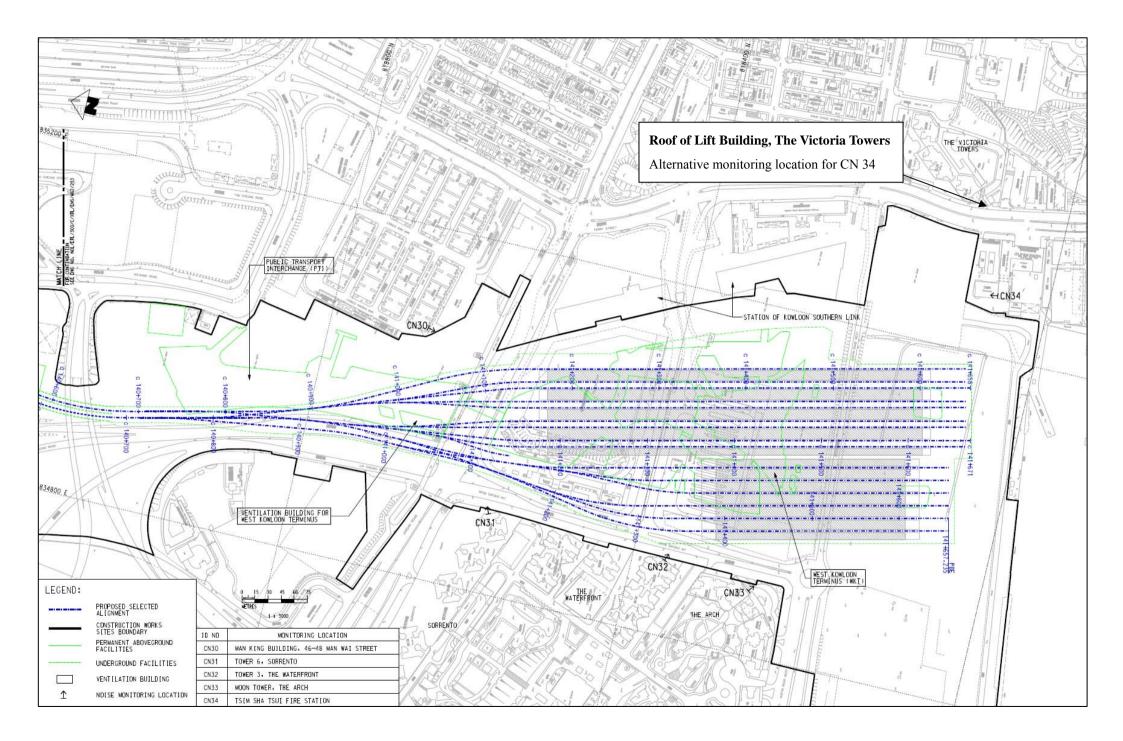
Figure 3 – Noise Monitoring Location

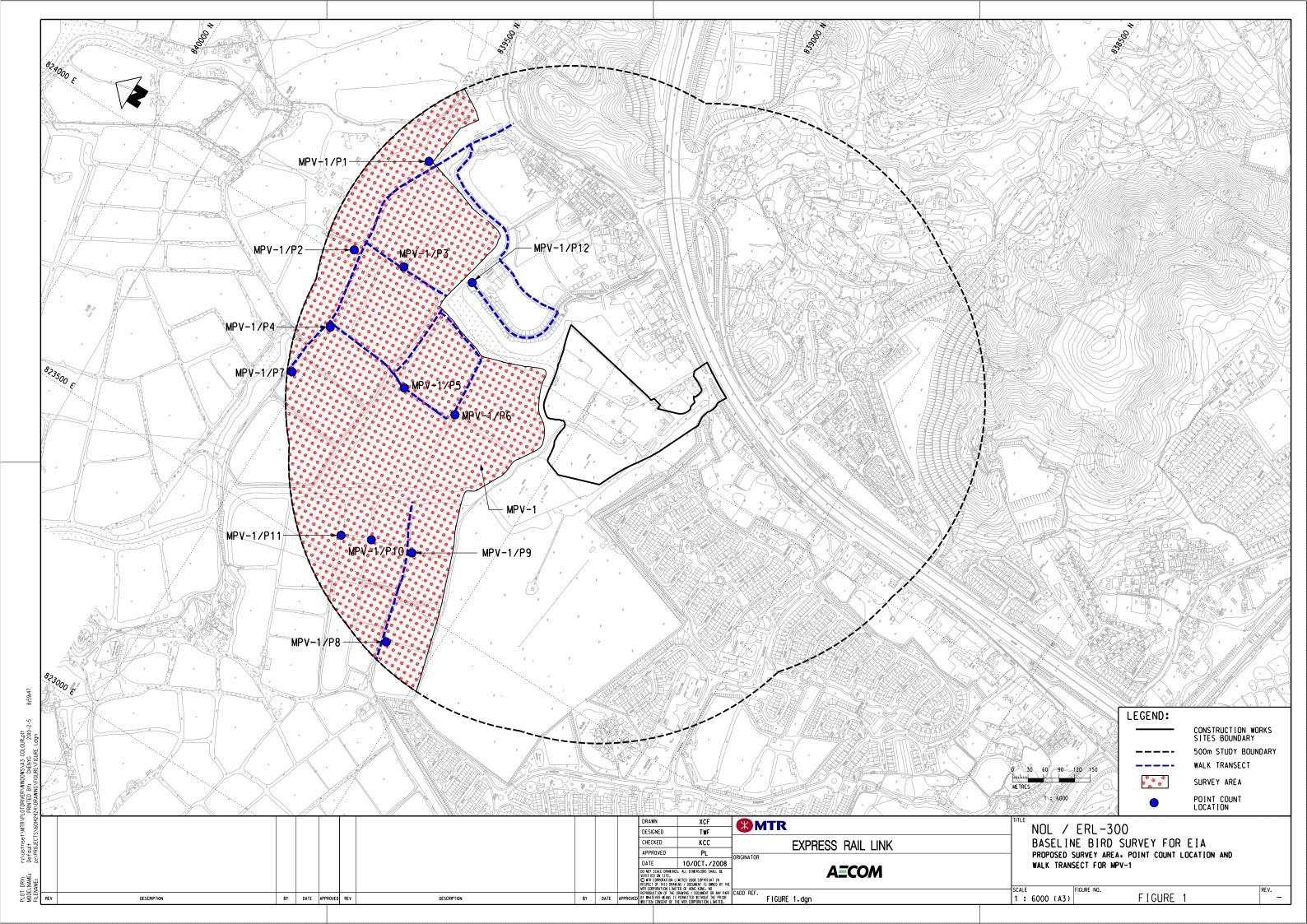


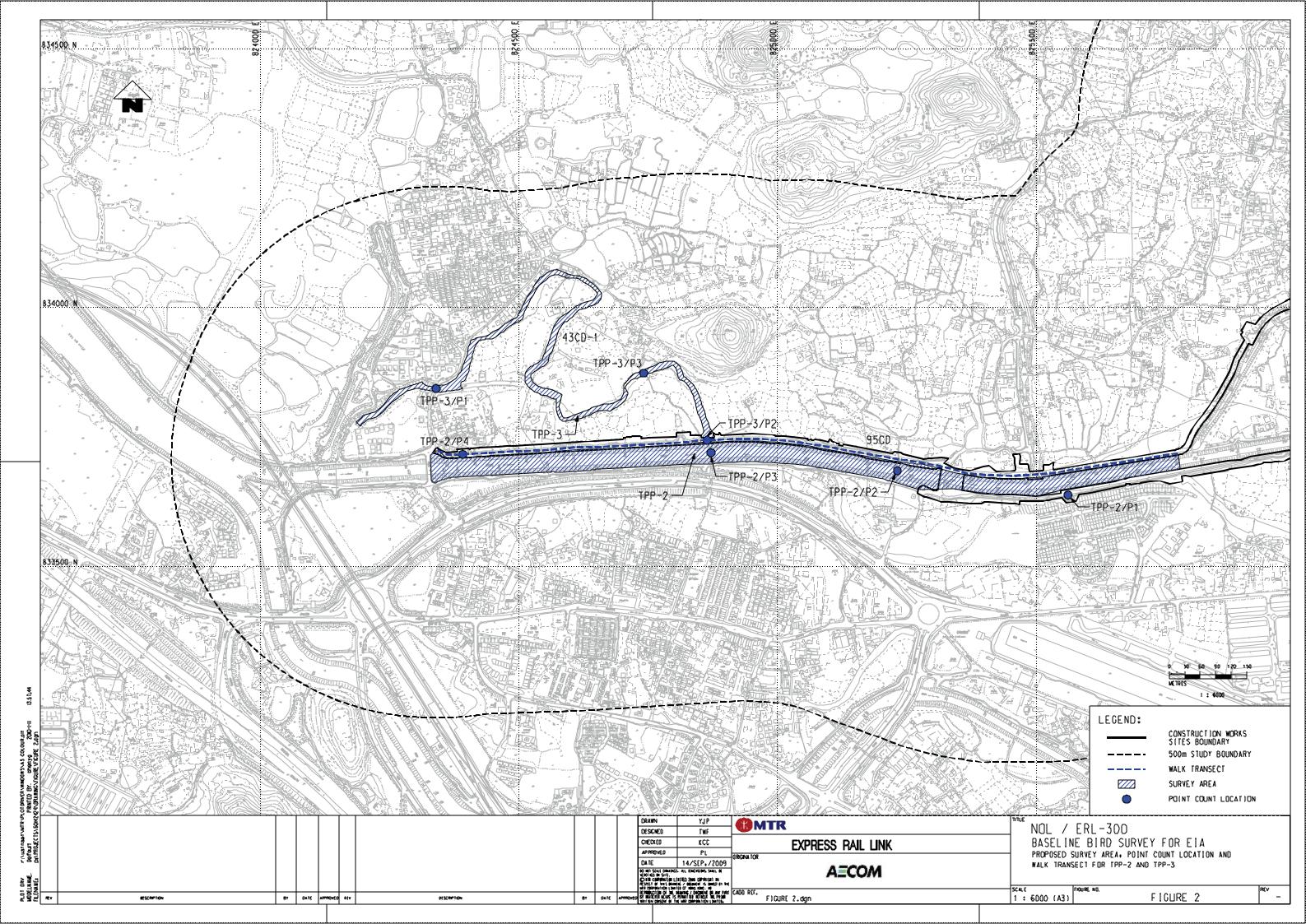


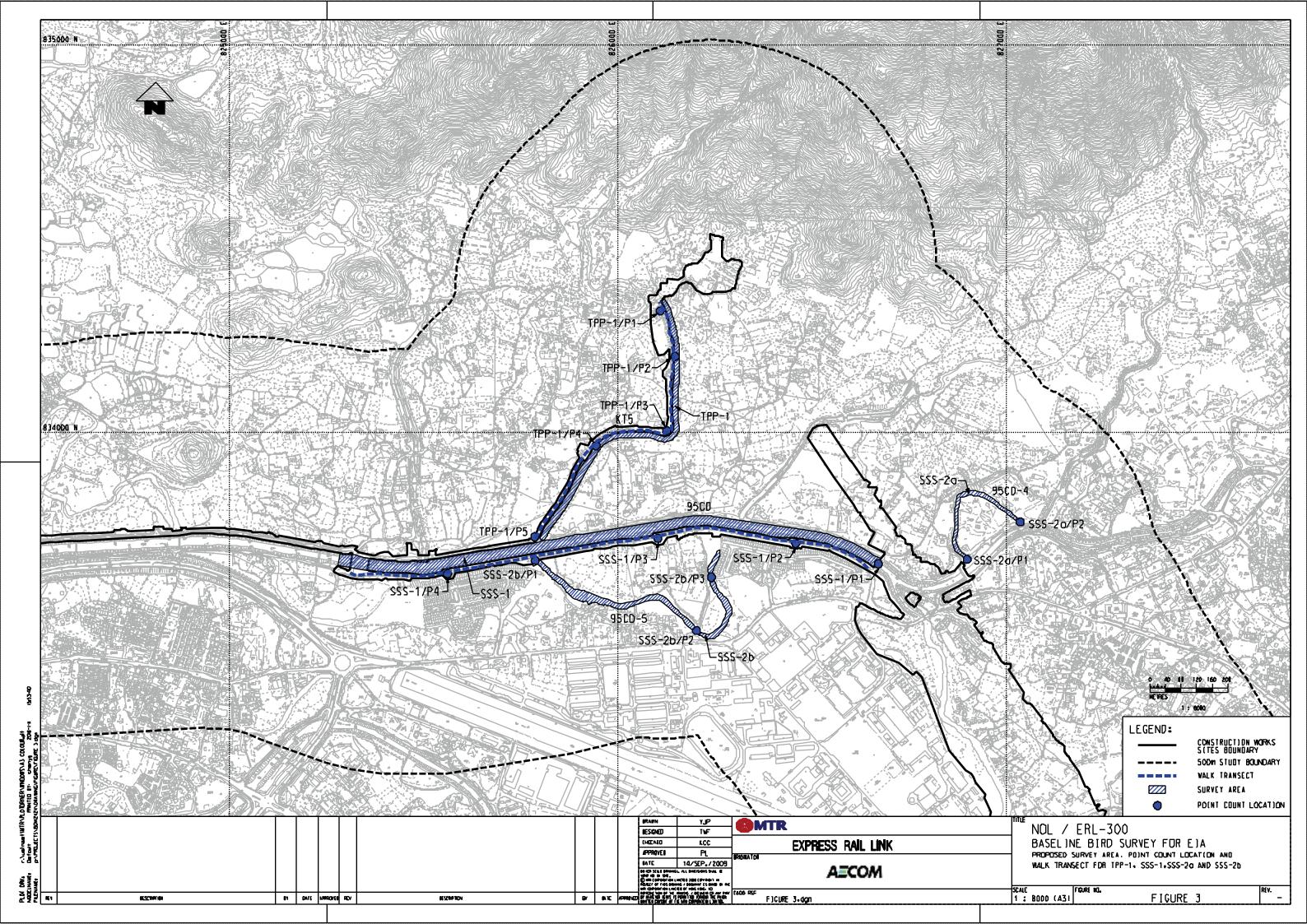


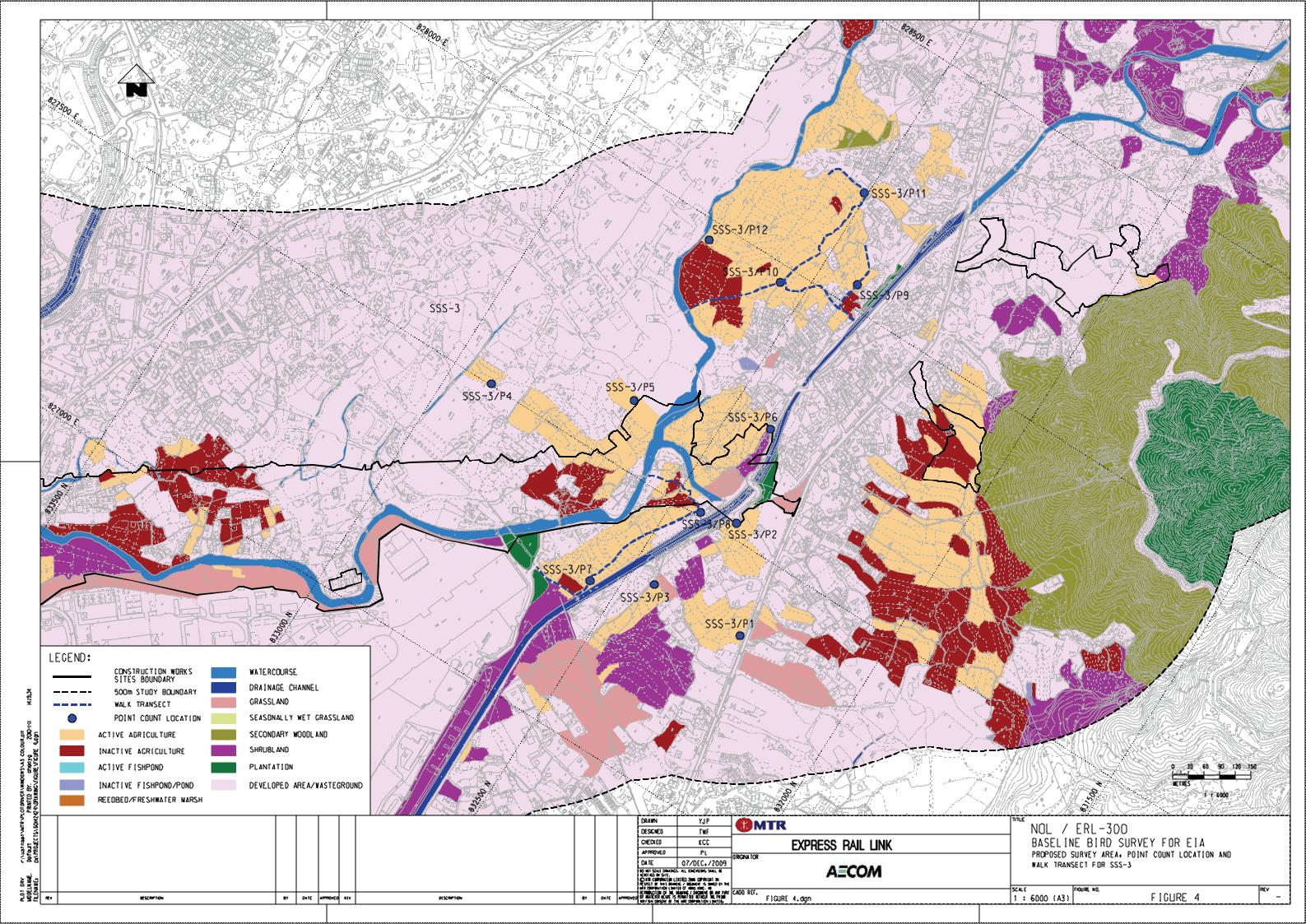


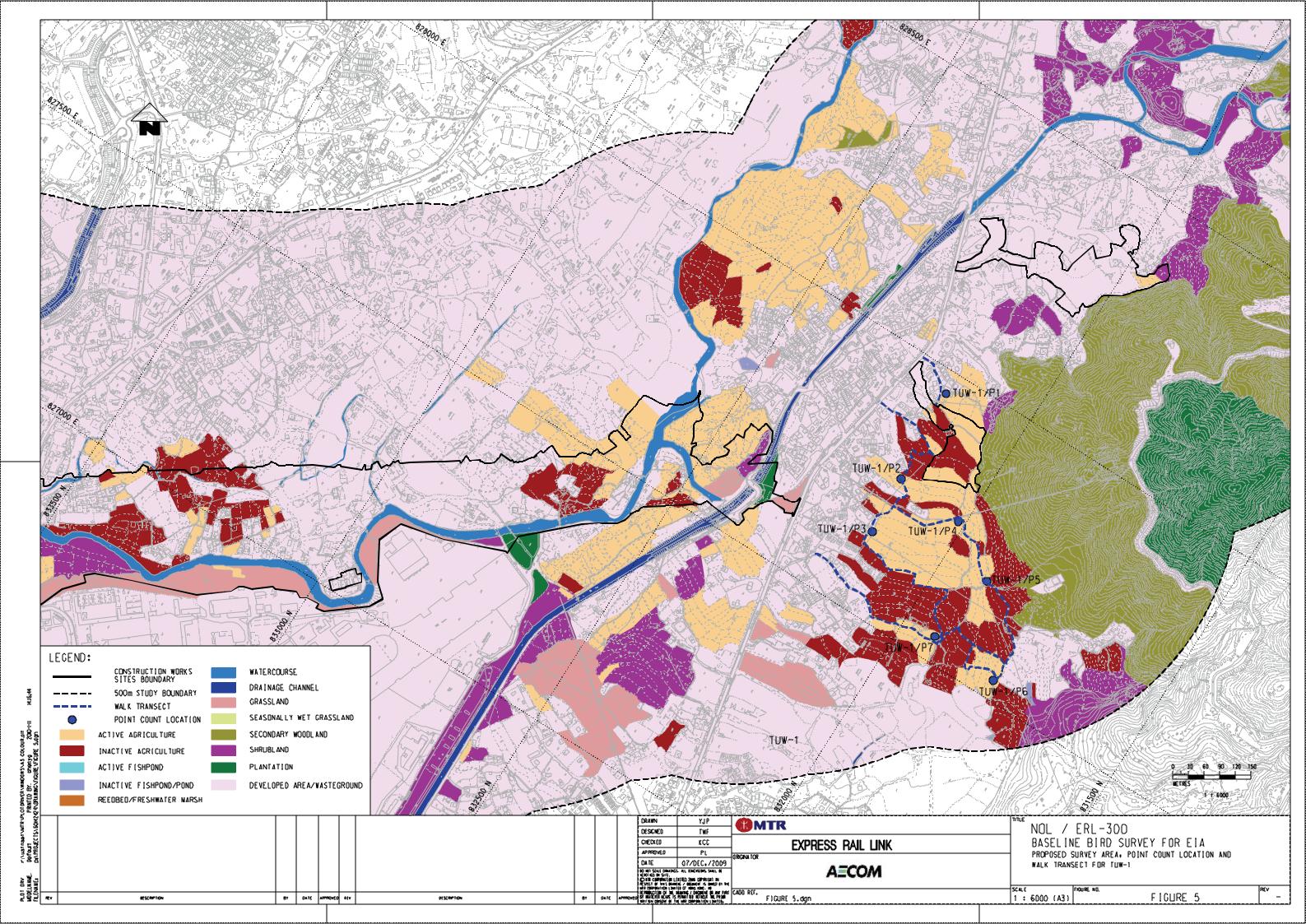


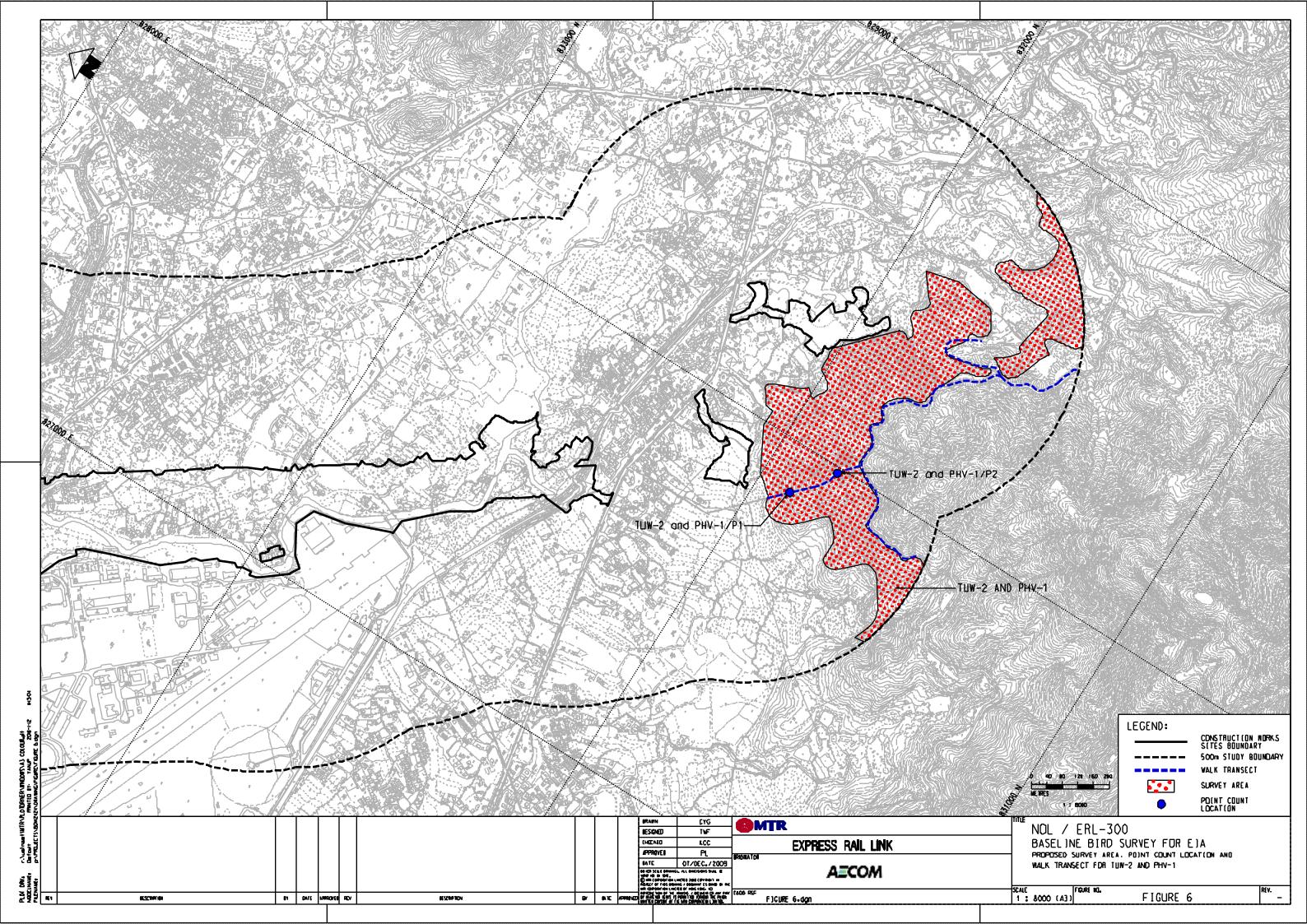












Appendix E Monitoring Schedule

Actual Construction Dust (24-hr TSP) Impact Monitoring Schedule - February 2017

Note 1: TSP denotes Total Suspended Particulate

	Feb-2017								
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday			
			1 AM1, AM2, AM9, AM10	2 AM3, AM4, AM6, AM7, AM8 AM11, AM12, AM13, AM15, AM16, AM17	3	4			
5	6 AM1, AM2, AM9, AM10	7 AM3, AM4, AM6, AM7, AM8	8 AM11, AM12, AM13, AM15, AM16, AM17	9	10	AM1, AM9, AM10			
12	AM3, AM4, AM6, AM7, AM8	AM11, AM12, AM13, AM15, AM16, AM17	15	16	AM1, AM2#, AM9, AM10	AM3, AM4, AM6, AM7, AM8			
19	AM11, AM12, AM13, AM15, AM16, AM17	21	22	AM2, AM9, AM10	AM3, AM4, AM6, AM7, AM8	25 AM11, AM12, AM13, AM15, AM16, AM17			
26	27	28							

^{* 24-}hr TSP impact monitoring for AM14 was suspended in February 2017 due to roof renovation works. The renovation works at AM14 will be completed soon and monitoring will resume in March 2017.

^{* 24-}hr TSP impact monitoring for AM5 was suspended in February 2017 due to electricity problem.

^{* 24-}hr TSP impact monitoring for AM1 was suspended on 23 February 2017 due to electricity problem.

^{# 24-}hr TSP impact monitoring for AM2 was suspended on 11 February 2017 due to electricity supply problem. The 24-hr TSP impact monitoring has been resumed on 17 February 2017.

Tentative Construction Dust (24-hr TSP) Impact Monitoring Schedule - March 2017

Note 1: TSP denotes Total Suspended Particulate

Mar-2017									
Sunday Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday				
		AM1, AM2, AM9, AM10	AM3, AM4, AM5, AM6, AM7, AM8	AM11, AM12, AM13, AM14, AM15, AM16, AM17	4				
6	7 AM1, AM2, AM9, AM10	8 AM3, AM4, AM5, AM6, AM7, AM8	9 AM11, AM12, AM13, AM14, AM15, AM16, AM17	10	11				
13 AM1, AM2, AM9, AM10	AM3, AM4, AM5, AM6, AM7, AM8	AM11, AM12, AM13, AM14, AM15, AM16, AM17	16	17	18 AM1, AM2, AM9, AM10				
20 AM3, AM4, AM5, AM6, AM7, AM8	21 AM11, AM12, AM13, AM14, AM15, AM16, AM17	22	23	24 AM1, AM2, AM9, AM10	25 AM3, AM4, AM5, AM6, AM7, AM8				
27 AM11, AM12, AM13, AM14, AM15, AM16, AM17	28	29	AM1, AM2, AM9, AM10	AM3, AM4, AM5, AM6, AM7, AM8					

Monitoring Schedule in the Reporting Month (01 February 2017 - 28 February 2017)

	CN1	CN2	CN3	CN4	CN5	CN6	CN7	CN8	CN9	CN10	CN11	CN12	CN13	CN14	CN15	CN16
Date	No. 142 Mai Po San Tsuen	Mai Po San Tsuen Village Hse		Yau Tam Mei Village	Kong Tai Road Village	Kong Tai Road		DD110 LOT 482,	Leung Uk Tsuen Village	Leung Uk Tsuen Squats	182B, Wang Toi Shan San Tsuen		No. 489H Tse Uk Tsuen	Tse Uk Tsuen	No. 305B - Sheung Tsuen San Tsuen Village	DD 114 LOT 1405 Sheung Tsuen
01-Feb-17		√ /	√ ·	√	√	√	√ ·	√	√	<u>√</u>	√ ·	√	√ ·	√ ·	90	√ ·
02-Feb-17															√	
03-Feb-17																
04-Feb-17																
05-Feb-17																
06-Feb-17		1								1			1			
07-Feb-17						✓				1			✓			
08-Feb-17		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
09-Feb-17																
10-Feb-17																
11-Feb-17																
12-Feb-17																
13-Feb-17																
14-Feb-17																
15-Feb-17		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
16-Feb-17																
17-Feb-17																
18-Feb-17																
19-Feb-17																
20-Feb-17																
21-Feb-17							✓									
22-Feb-17		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
23-Feb-17																
24-Feb-17																
25-Feb-17																
26-Feb-17																
27-Feb-17																
28-Feb-17																

⁻ Impact monitoring at No. 142 Mai Po San Tsuen (CN 1) had been temporarily suspended since December 2012 due to house removal. Monitoring at this location will be resumed when an alternative location is determined.

Monitoring Schedule in the Reporting Month (01 February 2017 - 28 February 2017)

	CN18	CN19	CN20	CN21	CN22	CN23	CN24	CN25	CN26	CN27	CN28	CN29	CN30	CN31	CN32	CN33	CN34
Date				Ро				St.		Cheong			Man				
	S	C	VTC	Kuk	Lai Chi		St. Andrew	Mary's Church Mok	Vina	Shun House, Nam	Tawar 6	Yaumati Catholic			Tower 3, The	Star Tower,	The
	Sau Shan	Sun Fung	VTC Kwai		Receptio	Waterfro	Primary	Hing Yiu		Cheong	Harbour	Primary	Collectio	Tower 6,	Waterfro	The	The Victoria
	House	Centre	Chung	College		nt Annex		College		Estate	Green			Sorrento		Arch	Towers
01-Feb-17	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	√
02-Feb-17																	
03-Feb-17																	
04-Feb-17																	
05-Feb-17																	
06-Feb-17																	
07-Feb-17																	
08-Feb-17	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
09-Feb-17																	
10-Feb-17																	
11-Feb-17																	
12-Feb-17																	
13-Feb-17																	
14-Feb-17																	
15-Feb-17	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓				✓
16-Feb-17															✓	✓	
17-Feb-17																	
18-Feb-17																	
19-Feb-17																	
20-Feb-17															✓		
21-Feb-17	✓				✓												
22-Feb-17		√	✓	√			✓	✓	✓		√	✓	✓				√
23-Feb-17																√	
24-Feb-17																	
25-Feb-17				†													
26-Feb-17																	
27-Feb-17																	
28-Feb-17																	
	1	1		†													
		1		+							1	1					1
				+													

⁻ Impact monitoring at HKIVE Haking Wong Waterfront Annex (CN 23) has been suspended from March 2015 due to completion of works at CN23.

^{&#}x27;- Due to completion of works in the vicinity at CN27, monitoring at Nam Cheong Estate (CN 27) has be suspended from September 2015.

^{&#}x27;- Impact monitoring at Tower 6, Sorrento (CN31) had been temporarily suspended since end of August 2014 due to objection from the OC of Sorrento in August 2014. Monitoring at this location would be resumed when an alternative location is determined.

Monitoring Schedule in the Next Reporting Month (01 March 2017 - 31 March 2017)

	CN1	CN2	CN3	CN4	CN5	CN6	CN7	CN8	CN9	CN10	CN11	CN12	CN13	CN14	CN15	CN16
Date	No. 142	Mai Po San		Yau Tam				DD110	Leung Uk	Leung	182B, Wang		No.		No. 305B - Sheung Tsuen	DD 114 LOT
	Mai Po	Tsuen	Mei	Mei	Road	Road	93,	LOT 482,		Uk	Toi Shan	630	489H		San	1405
	San	Village	Village	Village			Seasons		Village	Tsuen	San	Sheung	Tse Uk	Tse Uk	Tsuen	Sheung
	Tsuen	Hse	House	House	House		Villas	Toi Shan		Squats	Tsuen	Tsuen	Tsuen	Tsuen	Village	Tsuen
01-Mar-17																
02-Mar-17		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
03-Mar-17															✓	✓
04-Mar-17																
05-Mar-17																
06-Mar-17								✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
07-Mar-17			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									
08-Mar-17																
09-Mar-17		✓														
10-Mar-17															✓	✓
11-Mar-17																
12-Mar-17																
13-Mar-17								✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
14-Mar-17			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									
15-Mar-17																
16-Mar-17		✓														
17-Mar-17															✓	✓
18-Mar-17																
19-Mar-17																
20-Mar-17								✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
21-Mar-17			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									
22-Mar-17																
23-Mar-17		✓					_									
24-Mar-17															✓	✓
25-Mar-17																
26-Mar-17																
27-Mar-17								✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
28-Mar-17			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									
29-Mar-17																
30-Mar-17		✓														
31-Mar-17							_								✓	✓

⁻ Impact monitoring at No. 142 Mai Po San Tsuen (CN 1) had been temporarily suspended since December 2012 due to house removal. Monitoring at this location will be resumed when an alternative location is determined.

Monitoring Schedule in the Next Reporting Month (01 March 2017 - 31 March 2017)

	CN18	CN19	CN20	CN21	CN22	CN23	CN24	CN25	CN26	CN27	CN28	CN29	CN30	CN31	CN32	CN33	CN34
Date				Ро	Block I,			St. Mary's		Cheong Shun			Man Cheong				
	Sau Shan	Sun Fung	VTC Kwai	Kuk Tong Nai Kan	Lai Chi	Haking Wong Waterfro	Primary	Church Mok Hing Yiu		House, Nam	Harbour	Yaumati Catholic Primary School	Street Refuse Collectio			Tower,	The Victoria
01-Mar-17	House	Centre	Chung	College	n Centre	nt Annex	School	College	College	Estate	Green	School	n Point	Sorrento	nt	Arch	Towers
02-Mar-17							√	√	√		√	√	√		√	√	√
03-Mar-17	√	√	√	_	√		v	· ·	· ·		· ·	· ·	· ·		· ·	· ·	· ·
04-Mar-17	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	V												
05-Mar-17																	
06-Mar-17			/		√		√	√	√		√	√	√				
07-Mar-17			•		•		•	•	·		,	,	,				
08-Mar-17																	
09-Mar-17															√	√	√
10-Mar-17	√	√		√													
11-Mar-17	,																
12-Mar-17																	
13-Mar-17			√		✓		✓	√	√		√	✓	√				
14-Mar-17																	
15-Mar-17																	
16-Mar-17															✓	✓	✓
17-Mar-17	✓	✓		✓													
18-Mar-17																	
19-Mar-17																	
20-Mar-17			✓		✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓				
21-Mar-17																	
22-Mar-17																	
23-Mar-17							_								✓	✓	✓
24-Mar-17	✓	✓		✓													
25-Mar-17							_										
26-Mar-17																	
27-Mar-17			✓		✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓				
28-Mar-17																	
29-Mar-17																	
30-Mar-17															✓	✓	✓
31-Mar-17	✓	✓		✓													

⁻ Impact monitoring at HKIVE Haking Wong Waterfront Annex (CN 23) has been suspended from March 2015 due to completion of works at CN23.

^{&#}x27;- Due to completion of works in the vicinity at CN27, monitoring at Nam Cheong Estate (CN 27) has be suspended from September 2015.

^{&#}x27;- Impact monitoring at Tower 6, Sorrento (CN31) had been temporarily suspended since end of August 2014 due to objection from the OC of Sorrento in August 2014. Monitoring at this location would be resumed when an alternative location is determined.

Appendix E Monitoring Schedule

Works Area	Survey Site	Date of Survey in February 2017	Tentative Date of Survey in March 2017
MPV	MPV-1	9 February 2017	17 March 2017
Access road leading to TPP	TPP-1	9 February 2017	17 March 2017
Access road leading to TPP	TPP-2	9 February 2017	17 March 2017
Access road leading to TPP	TPP-3	9 February 2017	17 March 2017
Access road leading to SSS / ERS	SSS-1	9 February 2017	17 March 2017
Access road leading to SSS / ERS	SSS-2a	9 February 2017	17 March 2017
Access road leading to SSS / ERS	SSS-2b	9 February 2017	17 March 2017
Access road leading to SSS / ERS	SSS-3	9 February 2017	17 March 2017
TUW	TUW-1	9 February 2017	17 March 2017
TUW	TUW-2 (grouped with PHV-1 due to overlapping of survey area	9 February 2017	17 March 2017
PHV	PHV-1 (grouped with TUW-2 due to overlapping of survey area)	9 February 2017	17 March 2017

Appendix F
Graphical Plots of
Monitoring Results

APPENDIX F: Air Quality Monitoring Results - 24-hour TSP Monitoring

- AM1

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
2017-02-01	26.1	217.3	260
2017-02-06	67.1	217.3	260
2017-02-11	86.1	217.3	260
2017-02-17	60.6	217.3	260

- AM2

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level		
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$		
2017-02-01	10.2	179.4	260		
2017-02-06	50.0	179.4	260		
2017-02-17	61.4	179.4	260		
2017-02-23	35.7	179.4	260		

- AM3

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
2017-02-02	78.4	154.7	260
2017-02-07	151.1	154.7	260
2017-02-13	102.6	154.7	260
2017-02-18	108.0	154.7	260
2017-02-24	15.8	154.7	260

- AM4

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
2017-02-02	36.5	148.6	260
2017-02-07	119.1	148.6	260
2017-02-13	58.3	148.6	260
2017-02-18	56.0	148.6	260
2017-02-24	29.0	148.6	260

- AM5

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results (µg/m³)	Action Level (μg/m³)	Limit Level
	(1-8//	(F8/111)	(F8/11)

- AM6

- ANIO			
Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
2017-02-02	36.7	145.6	260
2017-02-07	75.4	145.6	260
2017-02-13	56.5	145.6	260
2017-02-18	57.8	145.6	260
2017-02-24	28.5	145.6	260

- AM7

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
2017-02-02	50.5	149.8	260
2017-02-07	93.8	149.8	260
2017-02-13	45.9	149.8	260
2017-02-18	38.2	149.8	260
2017-02-24	21.4	149.8	260

- AM8

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
2017-02-02	67.8	158.2	260
2017-02-07	69.2	158.2	260
2017-02-13	60.1	158.2	260
2017-02-18	68.9	158.2	260
2017-02-24	34.5	158.2	260

^{# 24-}hr TSP impact monitoring for AM1 was suspended on 23 February 2017 due to electricity problem.

^{# 24-}hr TSP impact monitoring for AM2 was suspended on 11 February 2017 due to electricity supply problem. The 24-hr TSP impact monitoring has been resumed on 17 February 2017.

^{# 24-}hr TSP impact monitoring for AM5 was suspended in February 2017 due to electricity problem.

APPENDIX F: Air Quality Monitoring Results - 24-hour TSP Monitoring

- AM9

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
2017-02-01	47.0	171.2	260
2017-02-06	64.3	171.2	260
2017-02-11	75.8	171.2	260
2017-02-17	46.8	171.2	260
2017-02-23	42.6	171.2	260

- AM11			
Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
2017-02-02	43.4	160.3	260
2017-02-08	43.0	160.3	260
2017-02-14	23.0	160.3	260
2017-02-20	61.3	160.3	260
2017-02-25	17.9	160.3	260

- AM13

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results (µg/m³)	Action Level	Limit Level
2017-02-02	(μg/m) 78.0	(μg/m ³) 180.3	(μg/m ³) 260
2017-02-08	86.8	180.3	260
2017-02-14	96.2	180.3	260
2017-02-20	90.1	180.3	260
2017-02-25	24.0	180.3	260

- AM15

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results (µg/m³)	Action Level (µg/m³)	Limit Level
2017-02-02	52.9	168.8	260
2017-02-08	52.0	168.8	260
2017-02-14	55.5	168.8	260
2017-02-20	47.0	168.8	260
2017-02-25	27.8	168.8	260

- AM17

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
2017-02-02	83.9	179.3	260
2017-02-08	50.2	179.3	260
2017-02-14	49.9	179.3	260
2017-02-20	45.2	179.3	260
2017-02-25	31.9	179.3	260

Remark: Bold value indicated an Action level exceedance
Bold & Italic value indicated an Limit level exceedance

- AM10

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	(μg/m ³)	$(\mu g/m^3)$	(μg/m ³)
2017-02-01	51.4	174.8	260
2017-02-06	70.7	174.8	260
2017-02-11	17.5	174.8	260
2017-02-17	44.3	174.8	260
2017-02-23	56.1	174.8	260

- AM12

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level	
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	
2017-02-02	55.0	162.5	260	
2017-02-08	56.7	162.5	260	
2017-02-14	59.8	162.5	260	
2017-02-20	60.0	162.5	260	
2017-02-25	40.0	162.5	260	

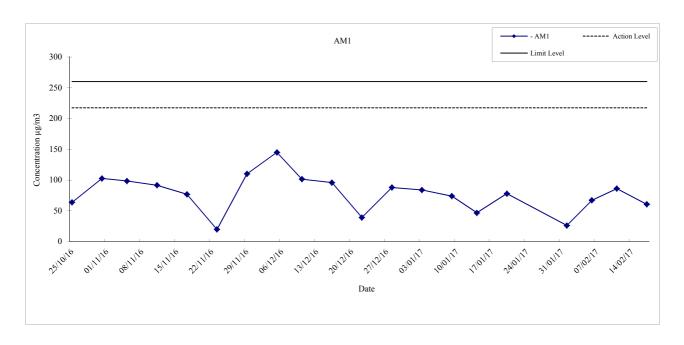
- AM14

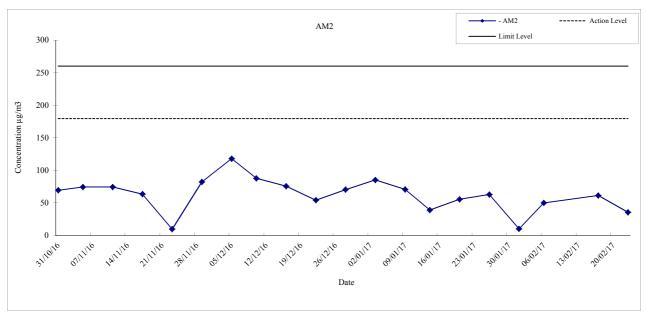
Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$

- AM16

Date	24-hour TSP Monitoring Results	Action Level	Limit Level
	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$	$(\mu g/m^3)$
2017-02-02	40.2	155.9	260
2017-02-08	61.2	155.9	260
2017-02-14	62.9	155.9	260
2017-02-20	59.9	155.9	260
2017-02-25	13.3	155.9	260

^{* 24-}hr TSP impact monitoring for AM14 was suspended on January 2017 due to roof renovation works. The renovation works at AM14 will be completed soon and monitoring will resume in March 2017.

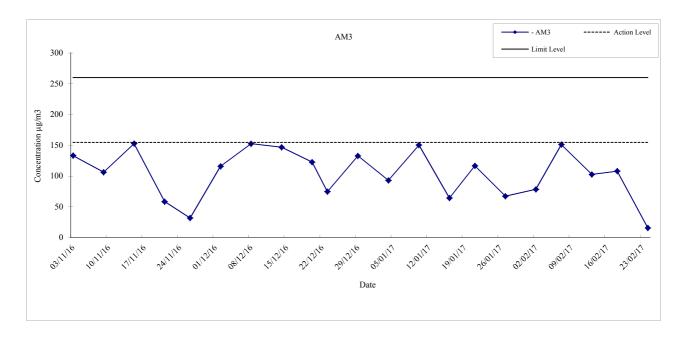


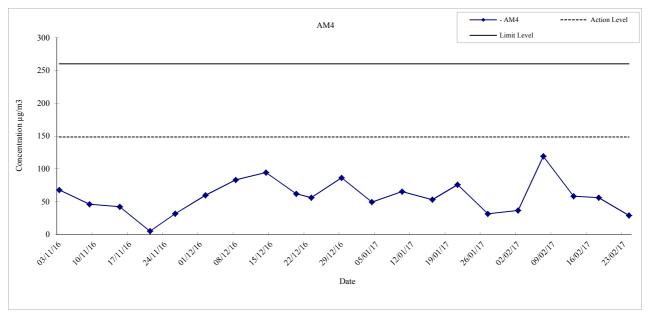


24-hr TSP impact monitoring for AM1 was suspended on 23 February 2017 due to electricity problem.

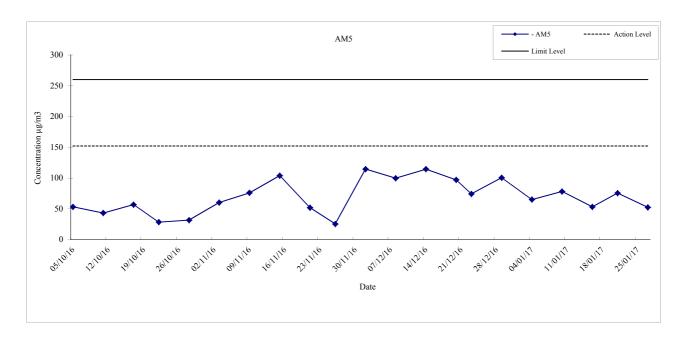
'# 24-hr TSP impact monitoring for AM2 was suspended on 11 February 2017 due to electricity supply problem. The 24-hr TSP impact monitoring has been resumed on 17 February 2017.

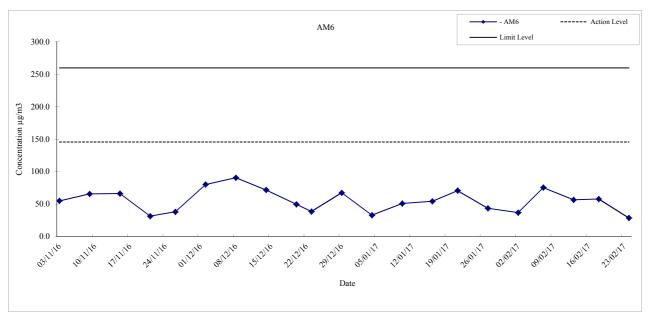
*MTR	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link		2017
	Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP		r
	Monitoring Result for Location AM1 and AM2	APPENDIX	r





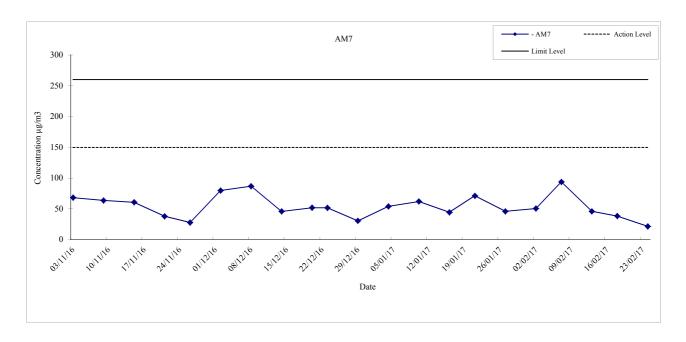
*MTR	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
	Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP		
	Monitoring Result for Location AM3 and AM4	APPENDIX	F

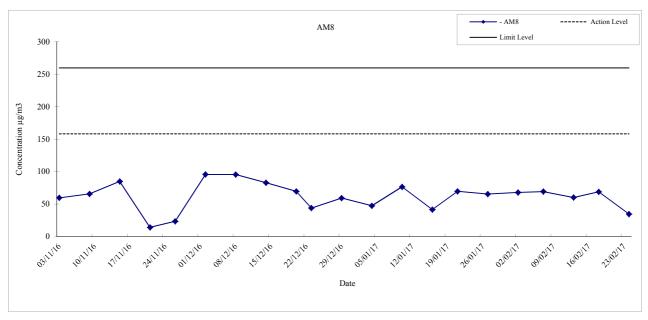




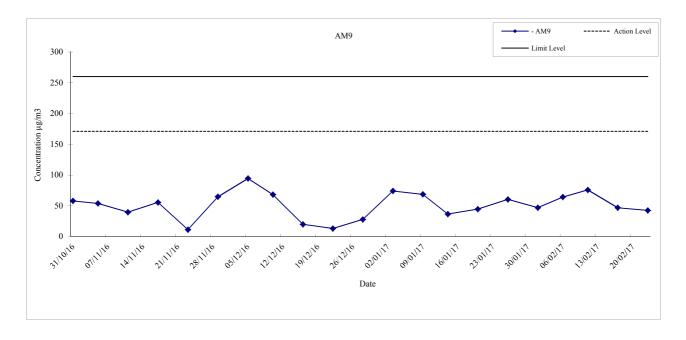
24-hr TSP impact monitoring for AM5 was suspended in February 2017 due to electricity problem.

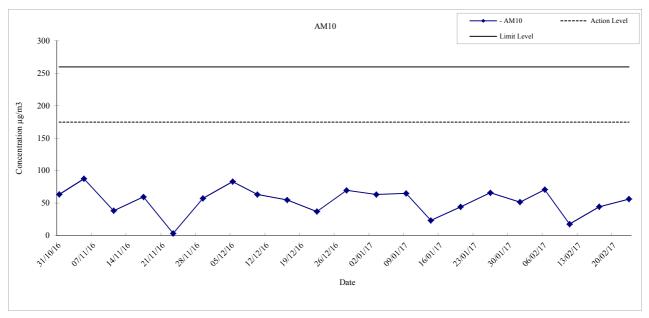
*MTR	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link		2017
	Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP	APPENDIX	TC.
	Monitoring Result for Location AM5 and AM6	APPENDIX	r



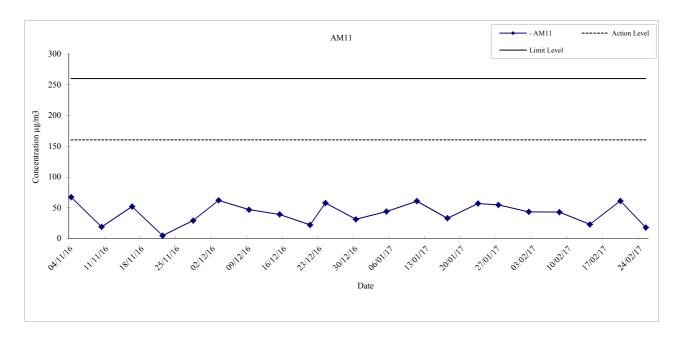


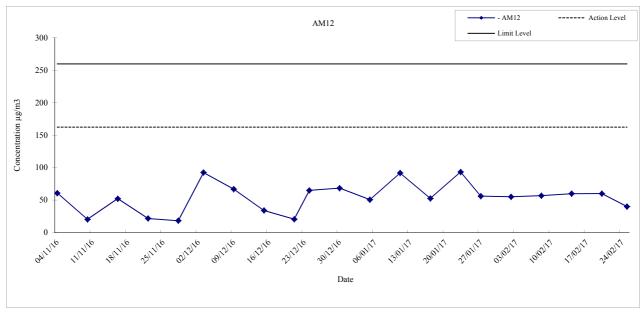
*MTR	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
	Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP		_
	Monitoring Result for Location AM7 and AM8	APPENDIX	F



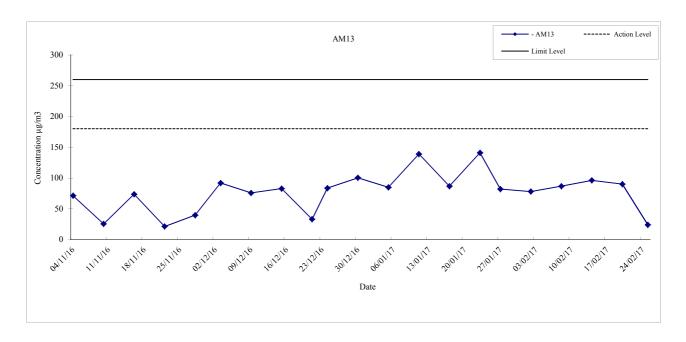


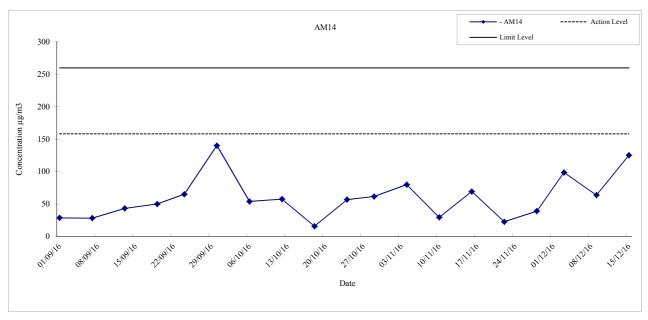
*MTR	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
	Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP		_
	Monitoring Result for Location AM9 and AM10	APPENDIX	F





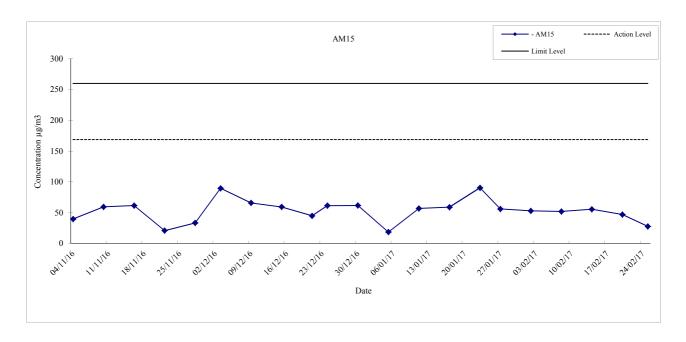
*MTR	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
	Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP		
	Monitoring Result for Location AM11 and AM12	APPENDIX	F

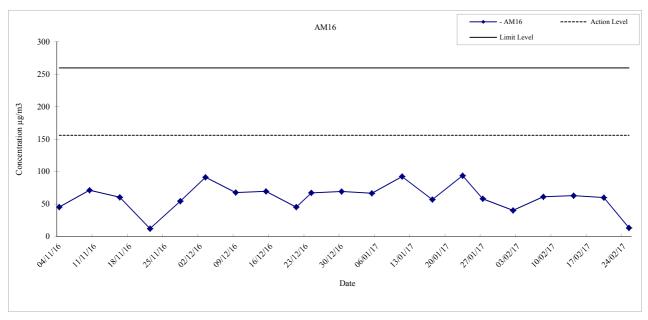




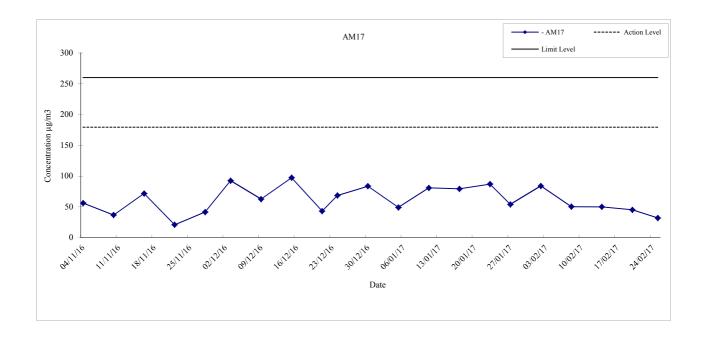
^{* 24-}hr TSP impact monitoring for AM14 was suspended on January 2017 due to roof renovation works. The renovation works at AM14 will be completed soon and monitoring will resume in March 2017.

	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link		2017
MTR	Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP	APPENDIX	F
	Monitoring Result for Location AM13 and AM14	ATTEMPIA	r





**MTR	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
	Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP		
	Monitoring Result for Location AM15 and AM16	APPENDIX	F



₩MTR	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
MTR	Graphical Presentation of 24-hour TSP	APPENDIX	F
	Monitoring Result for Location AM17		1

APPENDIX F: Noise Monitoring Results

- CN1

- C111			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
N/A			

- CN2

Date	Noise Monitoring Results Leq, dB(A)	Limit Level	Exceedance?
2017-02-01	61	75	N
2017-02-08	60	75	N
2017-02-15	60	75	N
2017-02-22	58	75	N

- CN3

- CN3			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	44	75	N
2017-02-08	39	75	N
2017-02-15	48	75	N
2017-02-22	51	75	N

- CN4

- 0114			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	56	75	N
2017-02-08	55	75	N
2017-02-15	57	75	N
2017-02-22	56	75	N

- CN

- CN5			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	56	75	N
2017-02-08	57	75	N
2017-02-15	58	75	N
2017-02-22	59	75	N

- CN6

Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	61	75	N
2017-02-07	67	75	N
2017-02-15	63	75	N
2017-02-22	60	75	N

- CN7

- CIV			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	44	75	N
2017-02-08	46	75	N
2017-02-15	47	75	N
2017-02-21	49	75	N

- CN8

Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	59	75	N
2017-02-08	74	75	N
2017-02-15	69	75	N
2017-02-22	69	75	N

- CN9

- 0117			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	63	75	N
2017-02-08	57	75	N
2017-02-15	57	75	N
2017-02-22	60	75	N

- CN10

Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	55	75	N
2017-02-08	54	75	N
2017-02-15	53	75	N
2017-02-22	52	75	N

- CN11

Date	Noise Monitoring Results Leq, dB(A)	Limit Level	Exceedance?
2017-02-01	54	75	N
2017-02-08	58	75	N
2017-02-15	58	75	N
2017-02-22	66	75	N

- CN12

Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	58	75	N
2017-02-08	57	75	N
2017-02-15	57	75	N
2017-02-22	57	75	N

⁻ Impact monitoring at No. 142 Mai Po San Tsuen (CN 1) had been temporarily suspended since December 2012 due to house removal. Monitoring at this location will be resumed when an alternative location is determined.

APPENDIX F: Noise Monitoring Results

- CN13

- CN13			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	51	75	N
2017-02-07	62	75	N
2017-02-15	56	75	N
2017-02-22	65	75	N

- CN14

Date	Noise Monitoring Results Leq, dB(A)	Limit Level	Exceedance?
2017-02-01	53	75	N
2017-02-08	62	75	N
2017-02-15	59	75	N
2017-02-22	63	75	N

- CN15

- CN13			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-02	64	75	N
2017-02-08	62	75	N
2017-02-15	60	75	N
2017-02-22	66	75	N

- CN16

- 01110			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	53	75	N
2017-02-08	54	75	N
2017-02-15	55	75	N
2017-02-22	56	75	N

- CN18

- CN18			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	61	75	N
2017-02-08	60	75	N
2017-02-15	63	75	N
2017-02-21	61	75	N

- CN19

Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	75	75	Ν
2017-02-08	70	75	Ν
2017-02-15	75	75	N
2017-02-22	74	75	N

- CN20

- CN20			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	64	70	N
2017-02-08	64	70	N
2017-02-15	64	70	N
2017-02-22	63	70	N

- CN21

Date	Noise Monitoring Results Leq, dB(A)	Limit Level	Exceedance?
2017-02-01	67	70	N
2017-02-08	68	70	N
2017-02-15	68	70	N
2017-02-22	69	70	N

- CN22

- CN22			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	74	75	N
2017-02-08	74	75	N
2017-02-15	74	75	N
2017-02-21	74	75	N

- CN23

- CN23			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
N/A			

- Impact monitoring at Tsuen Wan Lutheran School (CN 17) had been temporarily suspended since December 2010 due to school closure. Monitoring at this location will be resumed subject to confirmation of school operation or other noise sensitive use at CN 17.
- Due to completion of all works at CN23, monitoring at HKIVE Haking Wong Waterfront Annex (CN 23) has been suspended from March 2015.
- A correction factor (-9 dB(A)) has been applied at CN19 to take into account the noise barrier effect. The correction factor was agreed with IEC according to Section 3.11 of the EM&A Manual.
- Noise limit level of CN20, CN21, CN23, CN24, CN25, CN26 & CN29, which are school, is 70dB(A) on normal weekdays and 65dB(A) during examination period.

APPENDIX F: Noise Monitoring Results

- CN24

Noise Monitoring Limit Level Date Exceedance? Results **Leq, dB(A)** 70 Leq, dB(A) 2017-02-01 Ν 64 2017-02-08 66 2017-02-15 68 70 Ν 2017-02-22 65 70 Ν

- CN25

Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
2017-02-01	Leq, dB(A) 66	Leq, dB(A) 70	N
2017-02-08	68	70	N
2017-02-15	67	70	N
2017-02-22	69	70	N

- CN26

- 01120			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	69	70	N
2017-02-08	70	70	N
2017-02-15	69	70	N
2017-02-22	68	70	N

- (~N27

- 01127			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
N/A			

- CN2

- CN28			
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	58	75	N
2017-02-08	59	75	N
2017-02-15	60	75	N
2017-02-22	60	75	N

-	CN	29
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Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?	
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)		
2017-02-01	61	70	N	
2017-02-08	60	70	Ν	
2017-02-15	59	70	N	
2017-02-22	58	70	N	

- CN30

Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
2017-02-01	65	75	N
2017-02-08	70	75	N
2017-02-15	70	75	N
2017-02-22	69	75	N

Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)	
N/A			

- CN32

Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?	
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)		
2017-02-01	73	75	N	
2017-02-08	74	75	N	
2017-02-16	74	75	N	
2017-02-20	74	75	N	

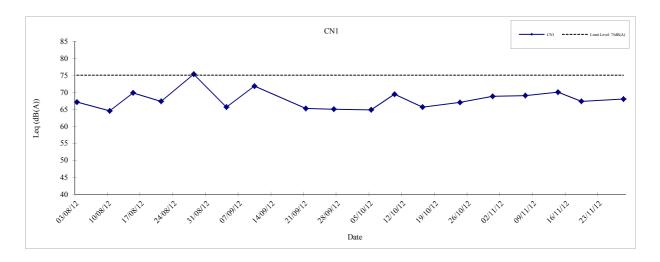
	CN33
_	CITIO

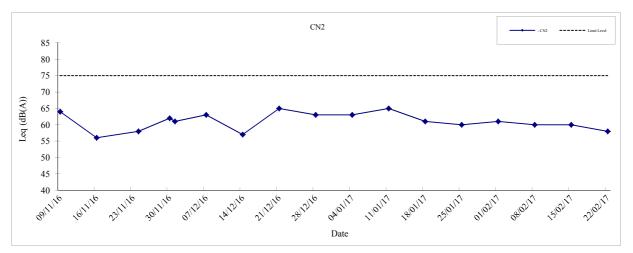
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?	
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)		
2017-02-01	72	75	N	
2017-02-08	72	75	N	
2017-02-16	72	75	N	
2017-02-23	72	75	N	

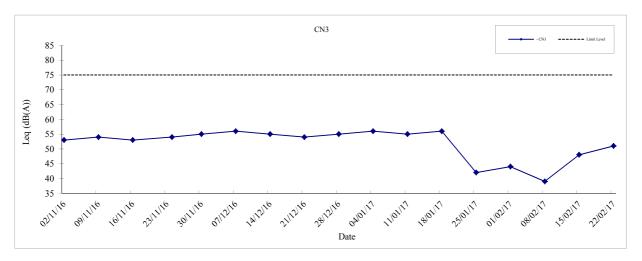
- CN34

- C1134				
Date	Noise Monitoring Results	Limit Level	Exceedance?	
	Leq, dB(A)	Leq, dB(A)		
2017-02-01	69	75	N	
2017-02-08	71	75	N	
2017-02-15	71	75	N	
2017-02-22	71	75	N	

- Noise limit level of CN21, CN23, CN24, CN25, CN26 & CN29, which are school, is 70dB(A) on normal weekdays and 65dB(A) during examination period.
- Due to completion of works in the vicinity at CN27, monitoring at Nam Cheong Estate (CN 27) has be suspended from September 2015.
- İmpact monitoring at Tower 6, Sorrento (CN31) had been temporarily suspended since end of August 2014 due to objection from the OC of Sorrento in August 2014. Monitoring at this location would be resumed when an alternative location is determined.

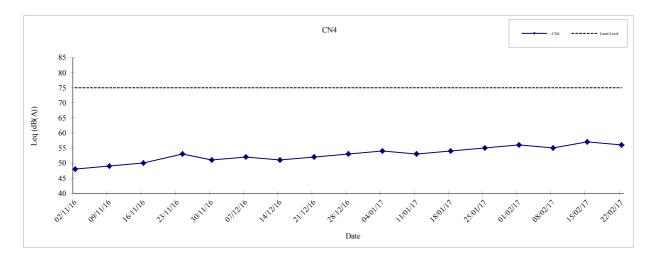


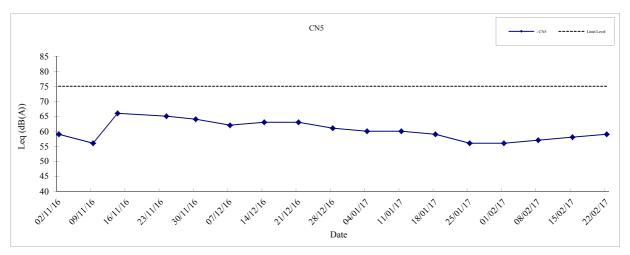


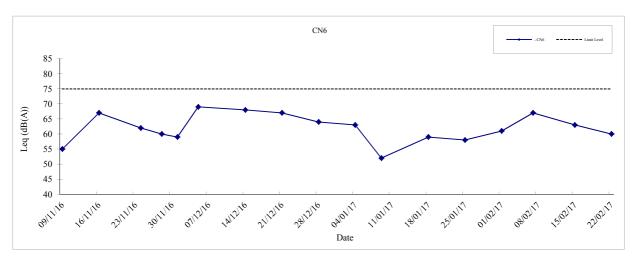


Note - Impact monitoring at No. 142 Mai Po San Tsuen (CN 1) had been temporarily suspended since December 2012 due to house removal. Monitoring at this location will be resumed when an alternative location is determined.

	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
X MTR	Graphical Presentation of Noise		
	Monitoring Results for Location CN1, CN2 and CN3	APPENDIX	F

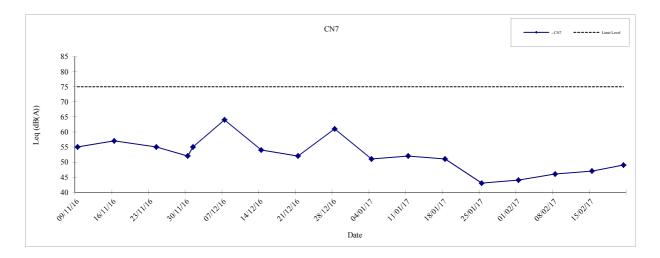


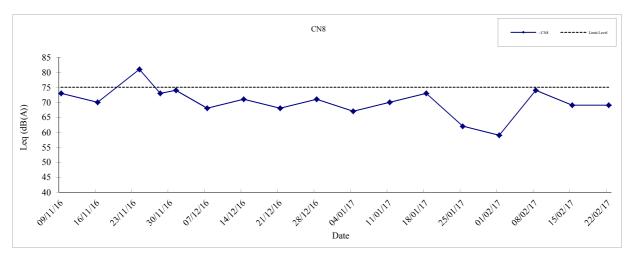


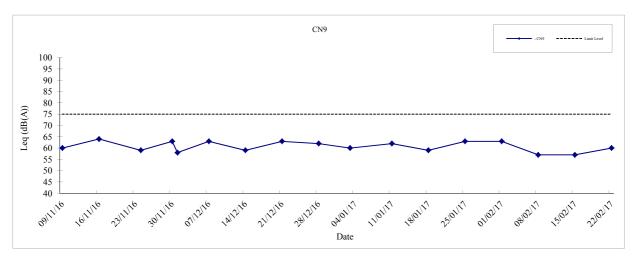


*MTR	
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Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
Graphical Presentation of Noise		
Monitoring Results for Location CN4, CN5 and CN6	APPENDIX	F

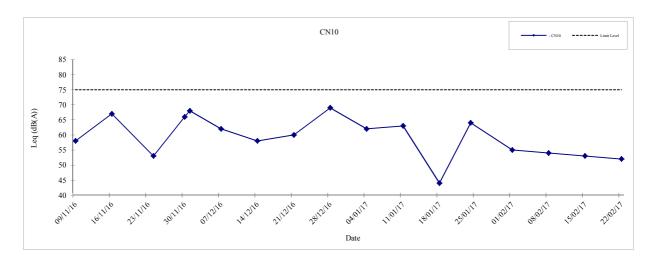


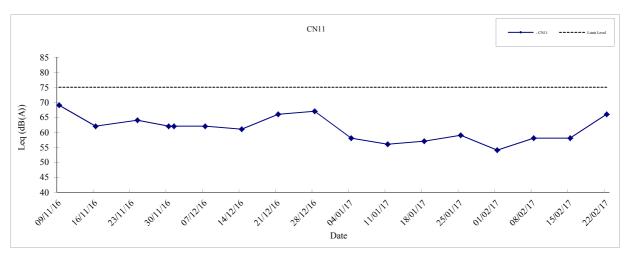


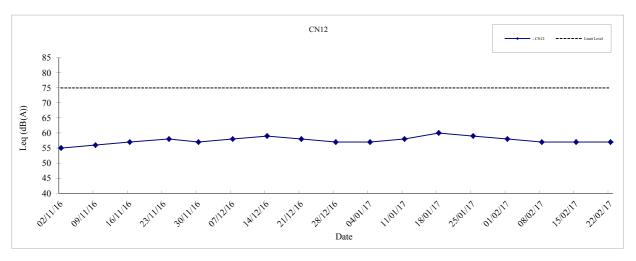


*MTR	
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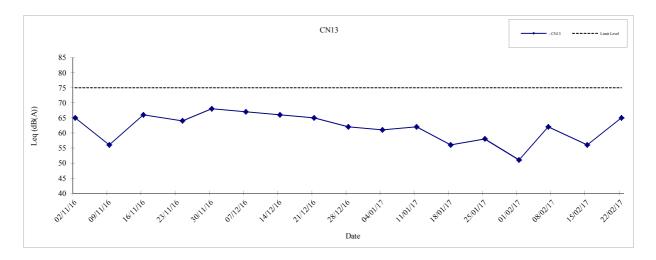
Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
Graphical Presentation of Noise		
Monitoring Results for Location CN7, CN8 and CN9	APPENDIX	F

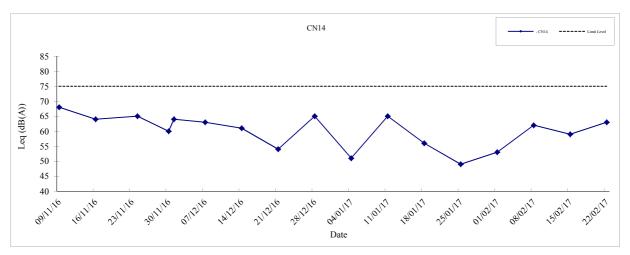


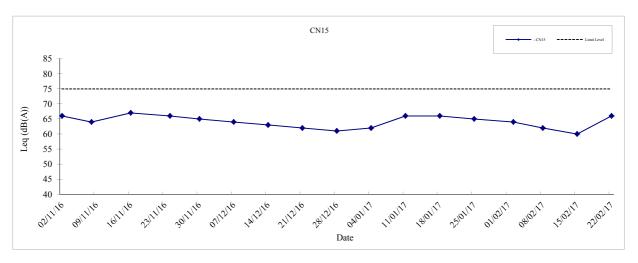




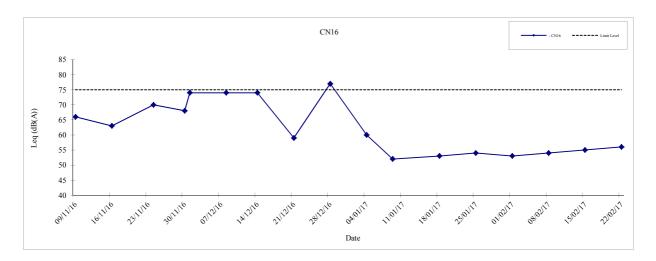
0	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017	
X MTR	Graphical Presentation of Noise		_	
	Monitoring Results for Location CN10, C11 and CN12	APPENDIX	F	

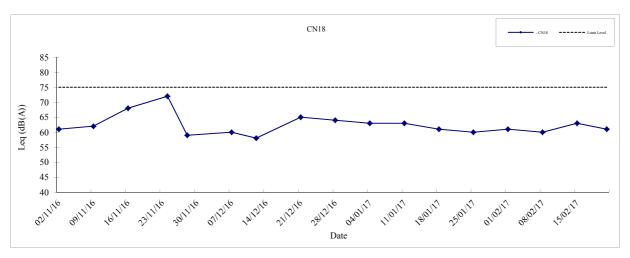


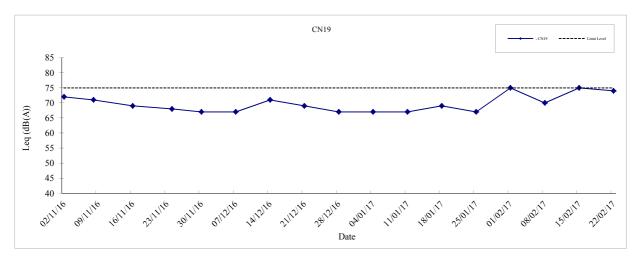




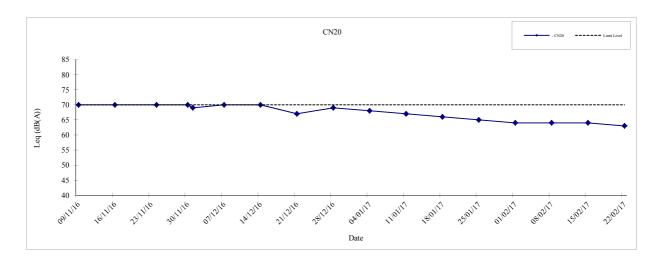
0	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
X MTR	Graphical Presentation of Noise		_
	Monitoring Results for Location CN13, C14 and CN15	APPENDIX	F

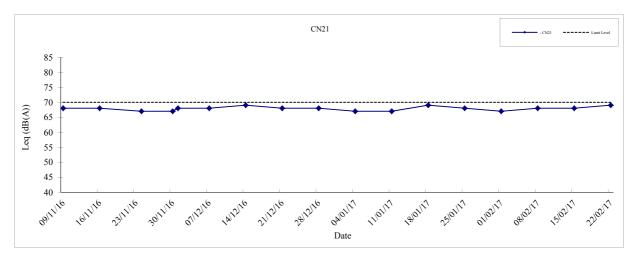


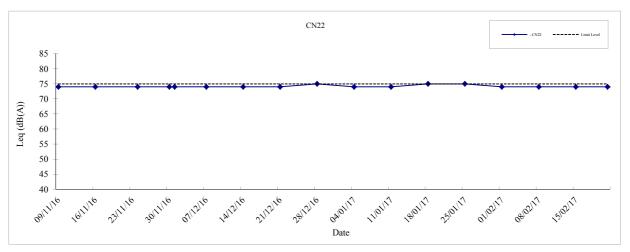




•	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
X MTR	Graphical Presentation of Noise		_
	Monitoring Results for Location CN16, C18 and CN19	APPENDIX	F

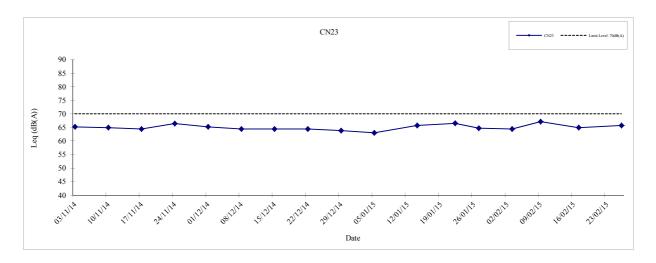


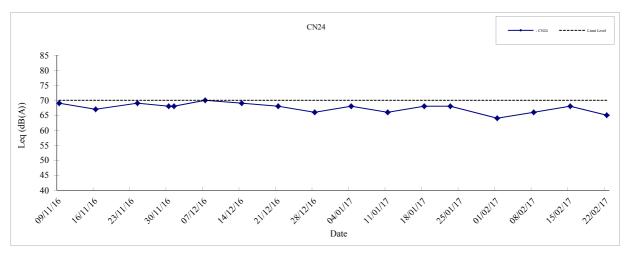


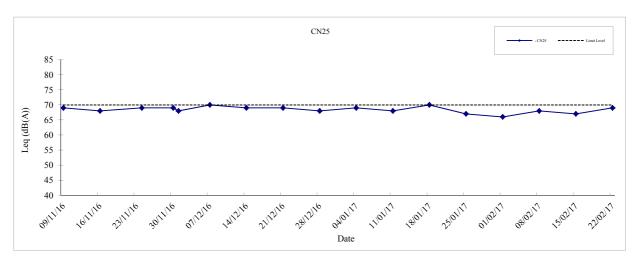


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Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
Graphical Presentation of Noise		
Monitoring Results for Location CN20, CN21 and CN22	APPENDIX	F

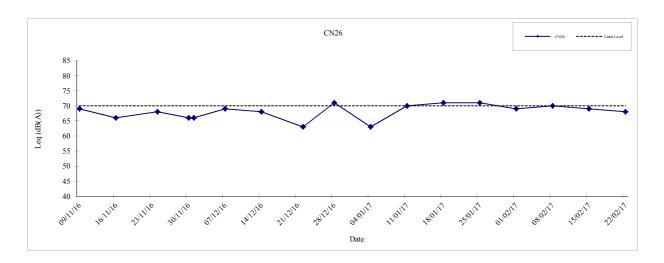


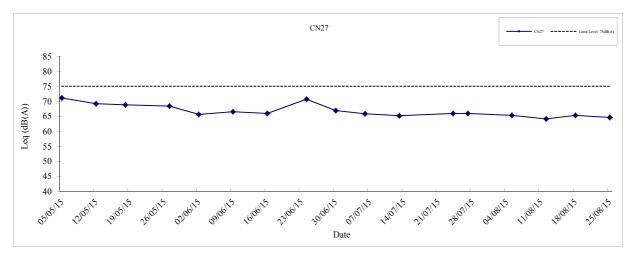


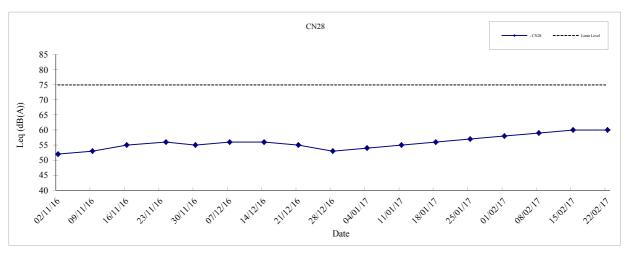


- Due to completion of all works at CN23, monitoring at HKIVE Haking Wong Waterfront Annex (CN 23) has been suspended from March 2015.

0	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
X MTR	Graphical Presentation of Noise		
	Monitoring Results for Location CN23, CN24 and CN25	APPENDIX	F

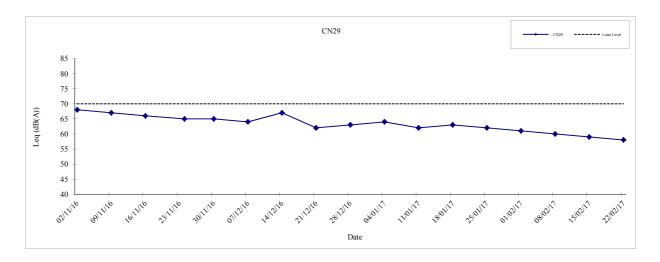


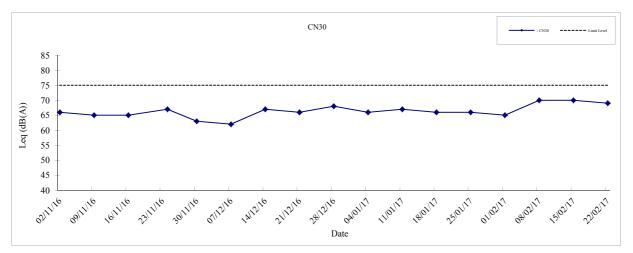


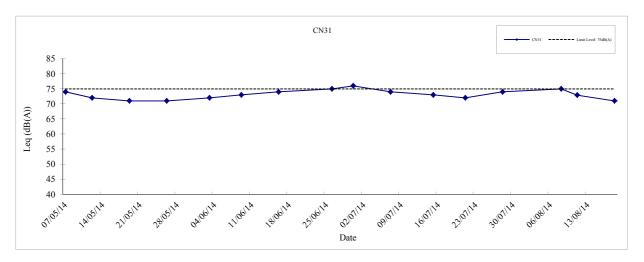


- Due to completion of works in the vicinity at CN27, monitoring at Nam Cheong Estate (CN 27) has be suspended from September 2015.

0	Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
X MTR	Graphical Presentation of Noise		_
	Monitoring Results for Location CN26, CN27 and CN28	APPENDIX	F



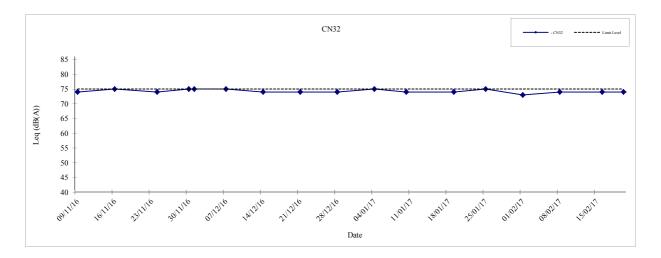


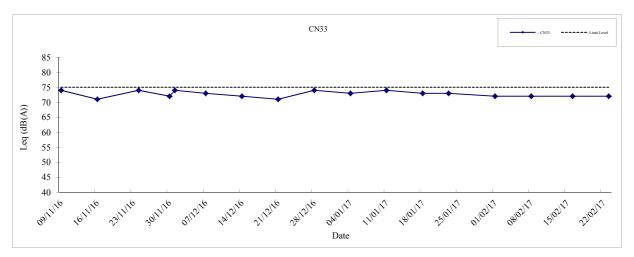


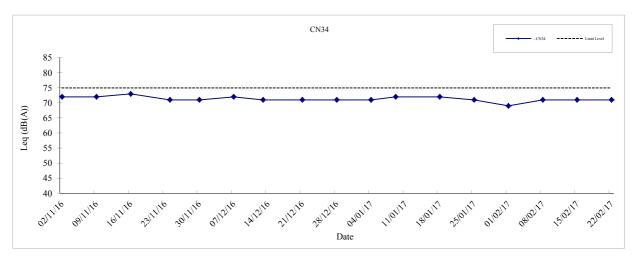
- Impact monitoring at Tower 6, Sorrento (CN31) had been temporarily suspended since end of August 2014 due to objection from the OC of Sorrento in August 2014. Monitoring at this location would be resumed when an alternative location is determined.



Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
Graphical Presentation of Noise		
Monitoring Results for Location CN29, CN30 and CN31	APPENDIX	F







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Hong Kong Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong Express Rail Link	Date	2017
Graphical Presentation of Noise		
Monitoring Results for Location CN32, CN33 and CN34	APPENDIX	F

Appendix G

Bird Species and Abundance Recorded during Avifauna Survey

Appendix G Bird Species and Abundance Recorded during the Avifauna Monitoring in February 2017

Works Area: MPV Survey Site: MPV-1 Survey Date: 9 February 2017

Survey Date: 9 February 2017	Point Count Location															
Common Name (1)	Chinese Name	Principal Status (2)	MPV-1/P1	MPV-1/P2	MPV-1/P3	MPV-1/P4	MPV-1/P5	MPV-1/P6	MPV-1/P7	MPV-1/P8	MPV-1/P9	MPV- 1/P10	MPV- 1/P11	MPV- 1/P12	Sub-total	Walk Transect
Little Grebe	小鵩䴘	Р					2			10					12	V
Great Cormorant	島 嶽	W	1	1	1		10		2	10	1	2		1	29	√
Grey Heron	蒼鷺	W					2					1			3	√
Great Egret	大白鷺	Р	2	1										1	4	1
Little Egret	小白鷺	Р		1	2		5		1						9	√
Chinese Pond Heron	池鷺	Р			2	1			1						4	√
Tufted Duck	鳳頭潛鴨	W			16									13	29	
Black Kite	黑鳶(麻鷹)	W,R	1		1										2	†
White-breasted Waterhen	白胸苦惡鳥	R													0	√
Common Moorhen	黑水雞	R										2			2	†
Green Sandpiper	白腰草鷸	W			1			1							2	
Wood Sandpiper	林鷸	M,W	İ		1		İ								1	
Common Sandpiper	磯鷸	M,W			1			1		1					2	
Oriental Turtle Dove	山斑鳩	W													0	V
Spotted Dove	珠頸斑鳩	R	1					1							2	V
Pied Kingfisher	斑魚狗	R	'		1			- '							1	V
Common Kingfisher	普通翠鳥	AM,P	1		- '			1							2	V
Grey Wagtail	灰鶺鴒	W	'				1	-			1				2	V
White Wagtail	白鶺鴒	W,R	1	1	3		1				1	1			8	V
Olive-backed Pipit	樹鷚	W	<u>'</u>	'			8	1			'				9	V
Red-whiskered Bulbul	紅耳鵯	R	10				-	· '		1					11	V
Chinese Bulbul	白頭鵯	R	10							8		14			22	1
Long-tailed Shrike	标背伯勞	R	1				1	1		1		14			2	
Oriental Magpie Robin	休月10万 鵲鴝	R	<u>'</u>				1								0	V
Daurian Redstart	北紅尾鴝	W								1					1	V
Common Stonechat		W,M	1	4			1			1		1			3	V
Masked Laughingthrush	黑喉石䳭 黑臉噪鶥	W,IVI R		1						1		1			0	
Yellow-bellied Prinia		R	ļ		1		ļ		4	1		1			7	√ √
	黄腹山鷦鶯	R			1				4	1		1			2	V
Plain Prinia	純色山鷦鶯	R			1							1			0	V
Common Tailorbird	長尾縫葉鶯	W	ļ				ļ									V
Yellow-browed Warbler	黄眉柳鶯														0	V
Asian Brown Flycatcher	北灰鶲	M,W									1				1	,
Japanese White-eye	暗綠繡眼鳥	R,?W	40									40			0	√
Scaly-breasted Munia	斑文鳥	R	10				6	1		6	1	12			35	-
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	麻雀	R	40			20	40								20	V
Red-billed Starling	絲光椋鳥	W	16			30	10		30						86	√
White-cheeked Starling	灰椋鳥	W	<u> </u>				<u> </u>								0	√
Black-collared Starling	黑領椋鳥	R			8										8	√,
Common Myna	家八哥	R			3				12						15	√,
Crested Myna	八哥	R			8										8	√,
Common Magpie	喜鵲	R													0	√
Large-billed Crow	大嘴烏鴉	R	ļ			1	ļ		1	1					3	 '
Collared Crow	白頸鴉	R									1				1	
		at Each Point:	44	5	50	52	45	4	51	41	6	35	0	15		
	o. of Birds Recorded from		<u> </u>						48							
No.	of Species Recorded from	m Point Count:							4							
	Total I	No. of Species:							3							
Total N	No. of Species of Conserv	vation Interest:						1	1							

Note

⁽¹⁾ Species in bold represents Species of Conservation Interest.

⁽²⁾ P=present all year; W=winter visitor; R=resident; M=migrant; AM=autumn migrant; ?W=the extent of immigration in winter is unclear. [Principal status was assessed with reference to Carey et al. (2001): The Avifauna of Hong Kong]

Appendix G Bird Species and Abundance Recorded during the Avifauna Monitoring in February 2017

Works Area: Access road leading to TPP

Survey Site: TPP-1

Survey Date: 9 February 2017

Survey Date: 9 February 2				Pe	oint Count Locati	on			
Common Name ⁽¹⁾	Chinese Name	Principal Status (2)	TPP-1/P1	TPP-1/P2	TPP-1/P3	TPP-1/P4	TPP-1/P5	Sub-total	Walk Transect
Little Egret	小白鷺	Р	6	4	3	1		14	√
Chinese Pond Heron	池鷺	Р	2	1			1	4	√
White-breasted Waterhen	白胸苦惡鳥	R	1	4	2			7	√
Common Moorhen	黑水雞	R				1		1	
Common Snipe	扇尾沙錐	W		6	3			9	√
Little Ringed Plover	金眶鴴(黑領鴴)	W,R	8	9	6			23	√
Kentish Plover	環頸鴴	W		3		2		5	V
Green Sandpiper	白腰草鷸	W	5	10	5	6		26	√
Wood Sandpiper	林鷸	M,W						0	
Common Sandpiper	磯鷸	M,W	10	23	10	5	1	49	V
Spotted Dove	珠頸斑鳩	R	1		3		2	6	√
Little Swift	小白腰雨燕	R,SpM				1	3	4	√
Yellow Wagtail	黃鶺鴒	M,W			1			1	
White Wagtail	白鶺鴒	W,R	1	2		1		4	√
Red-throated Pipit	紅喉鷚	M,W				2	1	3	
Red-whiskered Bulbul	紅耳鵯	R	4	1	1	3	2	11	√
Long-tailed Shrike	棕背伯勞	R	3			1		4	V
Oriental Magpie Robin	鵲鴝	R	4		3			7	√
Daurian Redstart	北紅尾鴝	W	1					1	
Masked Laughingthrush	黑臉噪鶥	R		2		1		3	V
Dusky Warbler	褐柳鶯	W	1	1			1	3	V
Pallas's Leaf Warbler	黃腰柳鶯	W	1			3	1	5	V
Japanese White-eye	暗綠繡眼鳥	R,?W				1	2	3	V
Scaly-breasted Munia	斑文鳥	R			6	13		19	
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	麻雀	R	3		5	2	3	13	V
Red-billed Starling	絲光椋鳥	W		1				1	
Black-collared Starling	黑領椋鳥	R					2	2	√
Common Myna	家八哥	R	6	7	8	3	6	30	√
Crested Myna	八哥	R	2		3		3	8	
	No. of Birds at Each Point:			74	59 266	46	28		
No	No. of Birds Recorded from Point Count:								
No. of	No. of Species Recorded from Point Count:				28				
	Total No. of Species:				29 6				
Total No	Total No. of Species of Conservation Interest:								

Note

⁽¹⁾ Species in bold represents Species of Conservation Interest.

⁽²⁾ P=present all year; R=resident; W=winter visitor; M=migrant; SpM=spring migrant; ?W=the extent of immigration in winter is unclear. [Principal status was assessed with reference to Carey et al. (2001): The Avifauna of Hong Kong]

Works Area: Access road leading to TPP

Survey Site: TPP-2

Survey Date: 9 February 2017

Survey Date: 9 February 2				Point Cou	nt Location			
Common Name (1)	Chinese Name	Principal Status (2)	TPP-2/P1	TPP-2/P2	TPP-2/P3	TPP-2/P4	Sub-total	Walk Transect
Little Egret	小白鷺	Р	1		2		3	V
Chinese Pond Heron	池鷺	Р	1			1	2	
Little Ringed Plover	金眶鴴(黑領鴴)	W,R	2		2		4	√
Green Sandpiper	白腰草鷸	W			2		2	
Common Sandpiper	磯鷸	M,W	5	1	1	2	9	√
Spotted Dove	珠頸斑鳩	R	2		1	2	5	√
Little Swift	小白腰雨燕	R,SpM		3			3	
Yellow Wagtail	黃鶺鴒	M,W		1			1	
White Wagtail	白鶺鴒	W,R		1	2	1	4	√
Red-whiskered Bulbul	紅耳鵯	R	2		3	3	8	√
Chinese Bulbul	白頭鵯	R		2			2	√
Masked Laughingthrush	黑臉噪鶥	R	1	1	3	2	7	√
Pallas's Leaf Warbler	黃腰柳鶯	W					0	√
Yellow-browed Warbler	黄眉柳鶯	W			1		1	√
Japanese White-eye	暗綠繡眼鳥	R,?W	2	3	2	2	9	√
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	麻雀	R	2	1		1	4	√
Common Myna	家八哥	R		1	2		3	√
Crested Myna	八哥	R	1				1	
	No. o	f Birds at Each Point:	19	14	21	14		
N	No. of Birds Recorded from Point Count:							
No.	No. of Species Recorded from Point Count:			•				
	Total No. of Species:				18			
Total	Total No. of Species of Conservation Interest:							

Species in bold represents Species of Conservation Interest.
 P=present all year; W=winter visitor; R=resident; M=migrant; SpM=spring migrant; ?W=the extent of immigration in winter is unclear. [Principal status was assessed with reference to Carey et al. (2001): The Avifauna of Hong Kong]

Work Area: Access road leading to TPP

Survey Site: TPP-3

Survey Date: 9 February 2017

Survey Date. 9 rebruary			Po	int Count Locat	ion	
Common Name (1)	Chinese Name	Principal Status (2)	TPP-3/P1	TPP-3/P2	TPP-3/P3	Sub-total
Little Egret	小白鷺	Р			1	1
Spotted Dove	珠頸斑鳩	R	4		2	6
White Wagtail	白鶺鴒	W,R		2	1	3
Red-whiskered Bulbul	紅耳鵯	R	8	5	2	15
Chinese Bulbul	白頭鵯	R	2	1	2	5
Oriental Magpie Robin	鵲鴝	R	3	1		4
Masked Laughingthrush	黑臉噪鶥	R	5		2	7
Common Tailorbird	長尾縫葉鶯	R	2		1	3
Dusky Warbler	褐柳鶯	W		1	2	3
Japanese White-eye	暗綠繡眼鳥	R,?W	2	1	2	5
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	麻雀	R	7	3	5	15
Common Myna	家八哥	R	3			3
	No. of	Birds at Each Point:	36	14	20	
	No. of Birds Recorde	ed from Point Count:		70		
No	o. of Species Recorde	ed from Point Count:				
	-	Total No. of Species:				
Tota	l No. of Species of Co	onservation Interest:				

- (1) Species in bold represents Species of Conservation Interest.
- (2) P=present all year; R=resident; W=winter visitor; ?W=the extent of immigration in winter is unclear. [Principal status was assessed with reference to Carey *et al*. (2001): The Avifauna of Hong Kong]

Appendix G Bird Species and Abundance Recorded during the Avifauna Monitoring in February 2017

Works Area: SSS / ERS Survey Site: SSS-1

Survey Date: 9 February 2017

				Point Cou	nt Location			
Common Name (1)	Chinese Name	Principal Status (2)	SSS-1/P1	SSS-1/P2	SSS-1/P3	SSS-1/P4	Sub-total	Walk Transect
Little Egret	小白鷺	Р	2	1		1	4	√
Chinese Pond Heron	池鷺	Р			1	1	2	√
Little Ringed Plover	金眶鴴(黑領鴴)	W,R		2	3	2	7	√
Green Sandpiper	白腰草鷸	W	2	3	4		9	√
Common Sandpiper	磯鷸	M,W	10		3	5	18	√
Common Snipe	扇尾沙錐	W		2			2	V
Spotted Dove	珠頸斑鳩	R	2		3	2	7	√
White Wagtail	白鶺鴒	W,R	1	2			3	√
Olive-backed Pipit	樹鷚	W					0	√
Red-whiskered Bulbul	紅耳鵯	R	1	3	2	2	8	√
Long-tailed Shrike	棕背伯勞	R					0	V
Masked Laughingthrush	黑臉噪鶥	R		1		1	2	
Yellow-bellied Prinia	黃腹山鷦鶯	R		1	2		3	
Yellow-browed Warbler	黃眉柳鶯	W		1	1		2	√
Japanese White-eye	暗綠繡眼鳥	R,?W	2	3	2	2	9	V
Scaly-breasted Munia	斑文鳥	R					0	√
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	麻雀	R	3	4	2	2	11	√
Black-collared Starling	黑領椋鳥	R		1	1		2	√
Crested Myna	八哥	R	1			1	2	√
	No.	of Birds at Each Point:	24	24	24	19		
	No. of Birds Recorded from Point Count:				91			
	No. of Species Recorded from Point Count:			1				
			1					
	Total No. of Species of	Conservation Interest:						

⁽¹⁾ Species in bold represents Species of Conservation Interest.

⁽²⁾ P=present all year; W=winter visitor; R=resident; M=migrant; ?W=the extent of immigration in winter is unclear. [Principal status was assessed with reference to Carey *et al*. (2001): The Avifauna of Hong Kong]

Works Area: SSS / ERS Survey Site: SSS-2a

Survey Date: 9 February 2017

			Point Cour	nt Location	
Common Name	Chinese Name	Principal Status (1)	SSS-2a/P1	SSS-2a/P2	Sub-total
Red-whiskered Bulbul	紅耳鵯	R	2	1	3
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	麻雀	R	4	2	6
Black-collared Starling	黑領椋鳥	R		1	1
	No. of E	Birds at Each Point:	6	4	
	No. of Birds Recorded	from Point Count:	1	0	
	No. of Species Recorded	from Point Count:		3	
	To	otal No. of Species:			
	Total No. of Species of Cor	nservation Interest:			

Note:

(1) R=resident. [Principal status was assessed with reference to Carey et al. (2001): The Avifauna of Hong Kong]

Works Area: SSS / ERS Survey Site: SSS-2b Survey Date: 9 February 2017

			Po	int Count Locat	ion	
Common Name	Chinese Name	Principal Status (1)	SSS-2b/P1	SSS-2b/P2	SSS-2b/P3	Sub-total
White-breasted Waterhen	白胸苦惡鳥	R	1	2		3
Greater Coucal	褐翅鴉鵑	R			1	1
Red-whiskered Bulbul	紅耳鵯	R	2	1	1	4
Chinese Bulbul	白頭鵯	R			1	1
Oriental Magpie Robin	鵲鴝	R			1	1
Daurian Redstart	北紅尾鴝	W		1		1
Masked Laughingthrush	黑臉噪鶥	R			2	2
Yellow-bellied Prinia	黃腹山鷦鶯	R	1		1	2
Dusky Warbler	褐柳鶯	W		1	1	2
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	麻雀	R	4		4	8
Black-collared Starling	黑領椋鳥	R	2		1	3
Common Myna	家八哥	R			2	2
	No. of	Birds at Each Point:	10	5	15	
	No. of Birds Recorde	ed from Point Count:		30		
N	o. of Species Recorde	ed from Point Count:				
	٦	Total No. of Species:				
Tota	I No. of Species of Co	onservation Interest:				

Note:

(1) R=resident; W=wintor visitor.

[Principal status was assessed with reference to Carey et al. (2001): The Avifauna of Hong Kong]

Works Area: SSS / ERS Survey Site: SSS-3 Survey Date: 9 February 2017

Survey Date: 9 February 20			Point Count Location													
Common Name (1)	Chinese Name	Principal Status ⁽²⁾	SSS-3/P1	SSS-3/P2	SSS-3/P3	SSS-3/P4	SSS-3/P5	SSS-3/P6	SSS-3/P7	SSS-3/P8	SSS-3/P9	SSS-3/P10	SSS-3/P11	SSS-3/P12	Sub-total	Walk Transect
Little Egret	小白鷺	Р													0	√
Chinese Pond Heron	池鷺	Р							1						1	V
White-breasted Waterhen	白胸苦惡鳥	R						1							1	V
Common Sandpiper	磯鷸	M,W													0	V
Spotted Dove	珠頸斑鳩	R	5	3	1			1	3	1			4	1	19	V
Little Swift	小白腰雨燕	R,SpM													0	√
Grey Wagtail	灰鶺鴒	W		1											1	V
White Wagtail	白鶺鴒	W,R				3	2					1		1	7	V
Olive-backed Pipit	樹鷚	W											5		5	√
Red-whiskered Bulbul	紅耳鵯	R	10	15	4	3	20	1			6	4	3		66	√
Chinese Bulbul	白頭鵯	R	3	4	1	1	4				5			10	28	V
Oriental Magpie Robin	鵲鴝	R		1	1				1				2		5	√
Daurian Redstart	北紅尾鴝	W													0	√
Brown-headed Thrush	赤胸鶇	W,M					1								1	
Masked Laughingthrush	黑臉噪鶥	R	3						2						5	V
Yellow-bellied Prinia	黄腹山鷦鶯	R			1					1		2	2		6	V
Common Tailorbird	長尾縫葉鶯	R			1	1	1	1	2		1				7	√
Dusky Warbler	褐柳鶯	W											1	1	2	V
Yellow-browed Warbler	黄眉柳鶯	W						1							1	V
Great Tit	大山雀	R													0	V
Fork-tailed Sunbird	叉尾太陽鳥	R									1	1			2	V
Japanese White-eye	暗綠繡眼鳥	R,?W	3	2						1	1				7	V
Scaly-breasted Munia	斑文鳥	R											3	3	6	√
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	麻雀	R	2					1		3	4				10	V
Black-collared Starling	黑領椋鳥	R	3		3	2			25				5	5	43	V
Common Myna	家八哥	R													0	V
Crested Myna	八哥	R					10								10	V
Collared Crow	白頸鴉	R		1			1								2	√
	29	27	12	10	39	6	34	6	18	8	25	21				
	rds Recorded from F															
No. of Spec	ies Recorded from F								22							
		of Species:							28							
Total No. of S	pecies of Conservat	ion Interest:	t: 4													

Species in bold represents Species of Conservation Interest
 Perpresent all year; Reresident; Memigrant; Wewinter visitor; SpMespring migrant; ?Wethe extent of immigration in winter is unclear [Principal status was assessed with reference to Carey et al. (2001): The Avifauna of Hong Kong]

Works Area: TUW and PHV Survey Site: TUW-1

Survey Date: 9 February 2017

					Poi	nt Count Loca	ition				
Common Name (1)	Chinese Name	Principal Status	TUW-1/P1	TUW-1/P2	TUW-1/P3	TUW-1/P4	TUW-1/P5	TUW-1/P6	TUW-1/P7	Sub-total	Walk Transect
Little Egret	小白鷺	Р				1	1			2	√
Chinese Pond Heron	池鷺	Р		1				1		2	\checkmark
Spotted Dove	珠頸斑鳩	R	2		3	7			3	15	√
Greater Coucal	褐翅鴉鵑	R					1			1	
White Wagtail	白鶺鴒	W,R		1	1					2	\checkmark
Olive-backed Pipit	樹鷚	W	1			1				2	\checkmark
Red-whiskered Bulbul	紅耳鵯	R	4	8	1	2	7	10	2	34	\checkmark
Chinese Bulbul	白頭鵯	R					1			1	\checkmark
Daurian Redstart	北紅尾鴝	W		1	1					2	√
Common Stonechat	黑喉石䳭	W,M				1				1	
Grey-backed Thrush	灰背鶇	W	1							1	
Laughingthrush	黑喉噪鶥	R				3			2	5	√
Yellow-bellied Prinia	黃腹山鷦鶯	R			2	1	1	1		5	V
Plain Prinia	純色山鷦鶯	R		2						2	V
Common Tailorbird	長尾縫葉鶯	R	1				1	1		3	√
Dusky Warbler	褐柳鶯	W	1			1				2	V
Yellow-browed Warbler	黄眉柳鶯	W		1						1	√
Asian Brown Flycatcher	北灰鶲	M,W				1				1	
Great Tit	大山雀	R	1							1	V
Fork-tailed Sunbird	叉尾太陽鳥	R				1				1	√
Japanese White-eye	暗綠繡眼鳥	R,?W	3							3	√
Scaly-breasted Munia	斑文鳥	R					15			15	√
Black-collared Starling	黑領椋鳥	R			2		1	1		4	V
Crested Myna	八哥	R		3		2				5	√
Large-billed Crow	大嘴烏鴉	R	1							1	
	No. of Birds at Each Point:			17	10	21	28	14	7		
	No. of Birds Recorded from Point Count:			112							
No. of	No. of Species Recorded from Point Count:					25					
	Total No. of Species:					25 2					
Total No											

Species in bold represents Species of Conservation Interest.
 P=present all year; R=resident; W=winter visitor; M=migrant; ?W=the extent of immigration in winter is unclear. [Principal status was assessed with reference to Carey et al. (2001): The Avifauna of Hong Kong]

Works Area: TUW and PHV

Survey Site: TUW-2 and PHV-1 (grouped together due to overlapping of survey area)
Survey Date: 9 February 2017

			Point Cour	nt Location		
Common Name (1)	Chinese Name	Principal Status (2)	TUW-2 and PHV-1/P1	TUW-2 and PHV-1/P2	Sub-total	Walk Transect
Spotted Dove	珠頸斑鳩	R	2	1	3	V
Oriental Magpie Robin	鵲鴝	R	1		1	√
Blue Whistling Thrush	紫嘯鶇	R			0	$\sqrt{}$
Rufous-capped Babbler	紅頭穗鶥	R			0	√
Black-throated Laughingthrush	黑喉噪鶥	R			0	$\sqrt{}$
Hwamei	畫眉	R			0	$\sqrt{}$
Silver-eared Mesia	銀耳相思鳥	R			0	$\sqrt{}$
Yellow-bellied Prinia	黃腹山鷦鶯	R			0	$\sqrt{}$
Dusky Warbler	褐柳鶯	W	1		1	
Yellow-browed Warbler	黃眉柳鶯	W			0	$\sqrt{}$
Great Tit	大山雀	R		1	1	$\sqrt{}$
Velvet-fronted Nuthatch	絨額币鳥	R			0	$\sqrt{}$
Scarlet-backed Flowerpecker	朱背啄花鳥	R			0	$\sqrt{}$
Fork-tailed Sunbird	叉尾太陽鳥	R		1	1	$\sqrt{}$
Japanese White-eye	暗綠繡眼鳥	R,?W	5	4	9	$\sqrt{}$
Large-billed Crow	大嘴烏鴉	R			0	$\sqrt{}$
	No.	of Birds at Each Point:	9	7		
	No. of Birds Reco	rded from Point Count:	1	16		
	No. of Species Reco	rded from Point Count:		6		
		Total No. of Species:	1	16		
	Total No. of Species of	Conservation Interest:		1		

- (1) Species in bold represents Species of Conservation Interest.
- (2) R=resident; W=wintor visitor; ?W=the extent of immigration in winter is unclear. [Principal status was assessed with reference to Carey et al. (2001): The Avifauna of Hong Kong]

Appendix H

Representative Photographs of the Avifauna Monitoring



Plate 1 Great Egret observed at Point Count Location MPV-1/P2



Plate 2 Wood Sandpiper observed at Point Count Location MPV-1/P3



Plate 3 White-cheeked Starling observed along the walk transect at MPV-1 Survey Site



Plate 4 Pond was observed to be drained and site levelling works was being conducted at Point Count Location MPV-1/P3 (non-project related)



Plate 5 Project-related works observed at Point Count Location MPV-1/P6



Plate 6 Little Egrets were observed at Point Count Location at TPP-1/P1

Plate 7 Project-related minor road works were observed at Point Count Location TPP-1/P1



Plate 8 Project-related construction works for SSS/ERS were observed near Point Count Location SSS-1/P1



Plate 9 Dry agriculture at Point Count Location SSS-3/P5



Plate 10 Dry (left) and wet (right) agriculture at Point Count Location SSS-3/P12



Plate 11 Open burning of grass was observed near Point Count Location SSS-3/P10



Plate 12 The access to Point Count Location SSS-3/P6 was blocked due to project-related works



Plate 13 Dry agriculture at Point Count Location TUW-1/P3



Plate 14 Project-related excavation works observed near Point Count Location TUW-1/P4

Appendix I

Certified Arborist Inspection Record

MTR Express Rail Link, Contract 801

Monthly Audit Inspection Record

February 2017

Audit of tree works, including tree protection, pruning work, transplanting work, maintenance works in the temporary holding nursery, and compensation tree planting

Date	Contract	Activity Description	Purpose
21/2/17(HFS)	Ha Fa Shan	Monitoring of planting	Regular audit of tree works
11/2/17 (SLS)	Siu Lang Shui (Nursery)	Inspection of trees to be	WOIKS
11/2/17 (SKW)	So Kwun Wat Nursery	transplanted within the contract	
15/2/17	810A – West Kowloon Terminus Station North	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be	Regular audit of tree
	Parcel NT-10	transplanted within the contract	WOIKS
15/2/17	810A – WKT station North	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be	Regular audit of tree works
	Ngo Cheung Road, Hoi Wang Road, Lin Cheung	transplanted within the	WOLKS
	Road	contract	
15/2/17	810B - Austin Road West	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be	Regular audit of tree works
		transplanted within the contract	WOLKS
15/2/17	811B – WKT Approach Tunnels – South	Inspection of retained	Regular audit of tree
	Parcel 44.1, Lin Cheung Road, and Jordan Road	trees and trees to be transplanted within the	works
	Footpath & Central Divider	contract	
15/2/17	816D WRK – Integrated Series Contractors Site	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be	Regular audit of tree works
	Office Private Lot – STT-RDS/KSL-002	transplanted within the contract	
15/2/17	821 - Shek Yam to Mei Lai Road Tunnels	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be	Regular audit of tree works
	Parcel NT-9 (slope)	transplanted within the	WOLKS
15/2/17	8217 – Shek Yam	contract Inspection of retained	Regular audit of tree
13/2/17	8217 – Snek ram	trees and trees to be	works
		transplanted within the contract	
14/2/17 (PH)	822 – Tse Uk Tsuen to Shek Yam Tunnels	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be	Regular audit of tree works
15/2/17 (KH)	Parcels NT-6 (Pat Heung), NT-7, and NT-8, Site	transplanted within the	WUIKS
	Office – San Kwai Street, Kwai Hing, Parcel	contract	
	NT-17 (6.6, 6.9)		
	822 – Siu Lam FW Service Reservoir		
14/2/17	823A – Kam Tin Tunnels	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be	Regular audit of tree
	Parcels NT-5A, NT-5.1A, and NT-5.3A	trees and trees to be transplanted within the contract	works

14/2/17	823B – SSS and ERS Parcels NT-5.1B, NT-5.2, and NT-5.3B	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be transplanted within the contract	Regular audit of tree works
14/2/17 (TKP)	824 Tai Kong Po Tunnels NT-3, NT-5.1A, NT-4 824 Lung Kwu Sheung Tan	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be transplanted within the contract	Regular audit of tree works
14/2/17	825 Mai Po to Ngau Tam Mei Tunnels	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be transplanted within the contract	Regular audit of tree works
15/2/17	830 – Trackwork and Overhead Line System (Nam Cheong Park) 830 – Yuet Lun Street	Inspection of retained trees and trees to be transplanted within the contract	Regular audit of tree works

Signed by: Matthew PRYOR (RLA, CA)

A with

Appendix J Meteorological Data

Date FEBRUARY	Mean Pressure (hPa)	Ai	ir Temperatu	ıre	Mean Dew Point Temperature	Mean Relative Humidity	Mean Amount of Cloud	Total Rainfall (mm)
		Maximum (deg. C)	Mean (deg. C)	Minimum (deg. C)	(deg. C)	(%)	(%)	
1	1021.3	22	18.4	16.6	14.8	80	80	Trace
2	1022.7	17.7	16.8	16.2	13.8	83	86	Trace
3	1020.3	19.6	17.1	15.4	12.7	76	87	-
4	1016	20.9	18.2	16.3	14.5	79	72	1.6
5	1013.9	22	19	16.7	16	83	67	3.3
6	1015.7	19.7	18.1	16.9	14.6	80	80	Trace
7	1016.9	18.7	16.7	15.9	12.1	74	83	-
8	1016.6	20.6	17.7	15.5	13.9	78	88	Trace
9	1020.2	16.8	14	11.1	5.3	56	72	Trace
10	1023.3	15.6	12.8	10.8	4.3	56	88	-
11	1026.3	17.9	14	11.5	5.4	57	32	-
12	1026.7	19.1	15	12.5	8.6	66	6	-
13	1027.1	20.1	16.1	13.1	9.3	65	9	-
14	1028.2	21.1	17.3	15.6	9.7	62	34	-
15	1026.1	20.9	17.4	15.3	9.7	62	20	-
16	1021.6	24	18.7	15.4	12.7	69	11	-
17	1020.6	25.4	20.4	17.1	15.3	74	39	-
18	1021.2	24.1	19.9	18	15.4	76	33	-
19	1018	19.1	17.9	16.4	14.7	82	88	0.3
20	1013.9	25.5	21	18.3	18.2	84	72	Trace
21	1017.1	21.1	18.3	16.6	16.6	90	90	4.6
22	1015.3	21.3	18.9	16.4	17.3	91	89	8
23	1017.4	20.2	17.9	15	15.8	88	95	Trace
24	1022.1	15.1	13	12	9.9	81	88	Trace
25	1020.9	13.8	12.2	10.7	9.6	85	89	0.7
26	1021.2	17	13.9	10.6	10.3	79	88	1.4
27	1022.5	19.8	17	15.4	10.3	66	77	-
28	1020.6	20.8	17.4	15.1	10.3	64	51	-
Mean/Total	1020.5	20	17	14.9	12.2	75	65	19.9
Normal*	1018.5	18.9	16.8	15	13	80	74	54.4

Date FEBURARY	Number of hours of Reduced Visibility#	Total Bright Sunshine	Daily Global Solar Radiation	Total Evaporation (mm)	Prevailing Wind Direction	Mean Wind Speed
	(hours)	(hours)	(MJ/m²)		(degrees)	(km/h)
1	0	6.5	15.56	2.7	60	23.9
2	0	-	3.6	1.5	80	43
3	0	0.4	9.7	1.4	70	31.4
4	0	6	15.26	2.1	60	22.2
5	8	4.4	12.97	2.1	20	11
6	3	5.6	14.7	3.6	70	38.5
7	8	2.9	11.23	2.4	70	47.2
8	2	1.2	10.01	3.3	60	29.7
9	0	6.2	15.05	3.5	10	39.9
10	0	0.4	9.42	2.8	10	27.9
11	0	10	18.74	2.3	10	22.7
12	0	10	18.72	2.4	60	20.8
13	0	10.5	20.34	3.4	60	30.3
14	0	10	20.77	3.7	60	35.3
15	0	10.6	21	2.7	60	28.3
16	0	10.6	20.46	2.2	40	16.3
17	0	10.5	20.23	2.8	30	10.5
18	0	10.3	20.41	3.4	50	19.2
19	4	-	5.78	0.9	60	30
20	3	5.5	16.64	2.3	30	12.8
21	2	0.2	5.55	2.6	60	35.5
22	2	0.9	10.01	1.3	40	18.5
23	1	-	3.91	1.9	20	18.8
24	1	-	2.14	1	10	27.9
25	0	-	3.28	1	10	22.4
26	0	0.6	9.21	1.6	360	21.7
27	0	7.1	17.63	3.8	70	33.6
28	0	9.5	20.49	3.8	60	29.3
Mean/Total	34	139.9	13.31	68.5	60	26.7
, Normal*	136.2§	94.2	9.39	59.9	70	24.5
Station	Hong Kong International Airport		King's Park		Waglan	

Appendix K Calibration Certificate



TISCH ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 145 SOUTH MIAMI AVE VILLAGE OF CLEVES, OH 45002 513.467.9000 877.263.7610 TOLL FREE 513.467.9009 FAX

ORIFICE TRANSFER STANDARD CERTIFICATION WORKSHEET TE-5025A

Date - Ja	an 03, 2017	Rootsmeter	•	438320	Ta (K) -	295
Operator	Tisch	Orifice I.I		2421	Pa (mm) -	- 742.95
PLATE OR Run #	VOLUME START (m3)	VOLUME STOP (m3)	DIFF VOLUME (m3)	DIFF TIME (min)	METER DIFF Hg (mm)	ORFICE DIFF H2O (in.)
1	NA	NA	1.00	1.4090	3.2	2.00
2	NA	NA	1.00	0.9910	6.4	4.00
3	NA	NA	1.00	0.8820	7.9	5.00
4	NA	NA	1.00	0.8430	8.8	5.50
5	NA	NA	1.00	0.6940	12.7	8.00

DATA TABULATION

Vstd	(x axis) Qstd	(y axis)		Va	(x axis) Qa	(y axis)
0.9832 0.9790 0.9769 0.9758 0.9706	0.6978 0.9879 1.1076 1.1575 1.3985	1.4054 1.9875 2.2221 2.3305 2.8107		0.9957 0.9914 0.9893 0.9881 0.9829	0.7066 1.0004 1.1216 1.1722 1.4162	0.8911 1.2603 1.4090 1.4778 1.7823
Qstd slop intercept coefficie	(b) =	2.00576 0.00519 0.99997	n e n	Qa slope intercept coefficie	t (b) =	1.25597 0.00329 0.99997
y axis =	SQRT [H2O (Pa/760) (298/	[] [a)]	y axis =	SQRT [H2O (ra/Pa)]

CALCULATIONS

Vstd = Diff. Vol[(Pa-Diff. Hg)/760](298/Ta)
Qstd = Vstd/Time

Va = Diff Vol [(Pa-Diff Hg)/Pa]
Qa = Va/Time

For subsequent flow rate calculations:

Qstd = $1/m\{ [SQRT (H2O (Pa/760) (298/Ta))] - b\}$ Qa = $1/m\{ [SQRT H2O (Ta/Pa)] - b\}$



香港黄竹坑道37號利達中心12樓 12/F., Leader Centre, 37 Wong Chuk Hang Road, Aberdeen, Hong Kong. E-mail: smec@cigismec.com Website: www.cigismec.com

Tel: (852) 2873 6860 Fax: (852) 2555 7533



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.:

17CA0217 01-02

Page

of

2

Item tested

Description: Manufacturer:

B&K 2250-L Microphone **B&K** 4950

Preamp **B&K** ZC0032 12531

Serial/Equipment No.: Adaptors used:

Type/Model No.:

2701825

2678783

Item submitted by

Customer Name:

Anewr Consulting Limited Unit 517, 5/F Tower A, Regent Centre, 63 Wo Yip Hop Road, Kwai Chung

Sound Level Meter (Type 1)

Address of Customer:

Request No .: Date of receipt:

17-Feb-2017

Date of test:

18-Feb-2017

Reference equipment used in the calibration

Description:

Multi function sound calibrator

Signal generator Signal generator Model:

B&K 4226 DS 360

Serial No. 2288444

33873 61227

Expiry Date:

18-Jun-2017 18-Apr-2017 18-Apr-2017

Traceable to:

CIGISMEC CEPREI CEPREL

Ambient conditions

Temperature:

22 ± 1 °C 50 ± 10 %

DS 360

Relative humidity: Air pressure:

1010 ± 5 hPa

Test specifications

The Sound Level Meter has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 1, and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-152.

The electrical tests were performed using an electrical signal substituted for the microphone which was removed and 2, replaced by an equivalent capacitance within a tolerance of +20%.

The acoustic calibration was performed using an B&K 4226 sound calibrator and corrections was applied for the difference 3, between the free-field and pressure responsess of the Sound Level Meter.

Test results

This is to certify that the Sound Level Meter conforms to BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 for the conditions under which the test was performed.

Details of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate.

Actual Measurement data are documented on worksheets.

Approved Signatory:

Date:

20-Feb-2017

Company Chop:

Huang Jian Min/Feng Jun Qi

The results reported in this certificate refer to the condition of the instrument on the date of calibration and carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument.

C Soils & Materials Engineering Co., Ltd.

Form No.CARP152-1/Issue 1/Rev.C/01/02/2007



香港黃竹坑道37號利達中心12樓 12/F., Leader Centre, 37 Wong Chuk Hang Road, Aberdeen, Hong Kong. E-mail: smec@cigismec.com Website: www.cigismec.com Tel: (852) 2873 6860 Fax: (852) 2555 7533





CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

(Continuation Page)

Certificate No.:

17CA0217 01-02

Page

2

2

1, Electrical Tests

The electrical tests were performed using an equivalent capacitance substituted for the microphone. The results are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties. The "Pass" means the result of the test is inside the tolerances stated in the test specifications. The "-" means the result of test is outside these tolerances.

Test:	Subtest:	Status:	Expanded Uncertanity (dB)	Coverage Factor
Self-generated noise	Α	Pass	0.3	
con gonerated noise	C	Pass	0.8	
	Lin	Pass	1.6	
Linearity range for Leq	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3	
	Reference SPL on all other ranges	Pass	0.3	
	2 dB below upper limit of each range	Pass	0.3	
	2 dB above lower limit of each range	Pass	0.3	
Linearity range for SPL	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3	
Frequency weightings	Α	Pass	0.3	
, , , , ,	С	Pass	0.3	
	Lin	Pass	0.3	
Time weightings	Single Burst Fast	Pass	0.3	
33	Single Burst Slow	Pass	0.3	
Peak response	Single 100µs rectangular pulse	Pass	0.3	
R.M.S. accuracy	Crest factor of 3	Pass	0.3	
Time weighting I	Single burst 5 ms at 2000 Hz	Pass	0.3	
The second control of the second control of	Repeated at frequency of 100 Hz	Pass	0.3	
Time averaging	1 ms burst duty factor 1/103 at 4kHz	Pass	0.3	
·······	1 ms burst duty factor 1/104 at 4kHz	Pass	0.3	
Pulse range	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4	
Sound exposure level	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4	
Overload indication	SPL	Pass	0.3	
C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C	Leq	Pass	0.4	

2, Acoustic tests

The complete sound level meter was calibrated on the reference range using a B&K 4226 acoustic calibrator with 1000Hz and SPL 94 dB. The sensitivity of the sound level meter was adjusted. The test result at 125 Hz and 8000 Hz are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties.

Test:	Subtest	Status	Expanded Uncertanity (dB)	Coverage Factor
Acoustic response	Weighting A at 125 Hz	Pass	0.3	
	Weighting A at 8000 Hz	Pass	0.5	

3, Response to associated sound calibrator

N/A

The expanded uncertainties have been calculated in accordance with the ISO Publication "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement", and gives an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of 95%. A coverage factor of 2 is assumed unless explicitly stated.

Calibrated by:

Date:

- End

Fung Chi Yip

Checked by:

Date:

Lám Tze Wai 20-Feb-2017

The standard(s) and equipment used in the calibration are traceable to national or international recognised standards and are calibrated on a schedule to maintain the required accuracy level.

18-Feb-2017

Form No.CARP152-2/Issue 1/Rev.C/01/02/2007

Soils & Materials Engineering Co., Ltd.



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SMECLab

Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 1 of 5

Sound level meter type:

2250-L

Serial No.

2701825

Date 18-Feb-2017

Microphone Preamp

type:

4950 ZC0032 Serial No. Serial No. 2678783 12531

Report: 17CA0217 01-02

SELF GENERATED NOISE TEST

The noise test is performed in the most sensitive range of the SLM with the microphone replaced by an equivalent impedance.

Noise level in A weighting

13.4 dB

23.3

Noise level in C weighting

15.4 dB

Noise level in Lin

dB

LINEARITY TEST

The linearity is tested relative to the reference sound pressure level using a continuous sinusoidal signal of frequency 4 kHz. The measurement is made on the reference range for indications at 5 dB intervals starting from the 94 dB reference sound pressure level. And until within 5 dB of the upper and lower limits of the reference range, the measurements shall be made at 1 dB intervals.(SLM set to LEQ/SPL)

	Actua	level	Tolerance	Devia	
Reference/Expected level	non-integrated	integrated		non-integrated	integrated
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB	dB
94.0	94.0	94.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
99.0	99.0	99.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
104.0	104.0	104.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
109.0	109.0	109.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
114.0	114.0	114.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
119.0	119.0	119.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
124.0	124.0	124.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
129.0	129.0	129.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
134.0	134.0	134.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
135.0	135.0	135.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
136.0	136.0	136.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
137.0	137.0	137.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
138.0	138.0	138.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
139.0	139.0	139.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
140.0	140.0	140.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
89.0	89.0	89.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
84.0	84.0	84.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
79.0	79.0	79.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
74.0	74.0	74.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
69.0	69.0	69.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
64.0	64.0	64.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
59.0	59.0	59.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
54.0	54.0	54.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
49.0	49.0	49.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
44.0	44.0	44.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
39.0	39.0	39.0	0.7	0.0	0.0



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SMECLab

Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 2 of 5

Sound level me Microphone Preamp	eter type: type: type:	2250-L 4950 ZC0032		Serial No. Serial No. Serial No.	2701825 2678783 12531	Date Rep	e 18-Feb-2017 ort: 17CA0217 01-02
34.0		34.0	34.0	0.7		0.0	0.0
33.0		33.0	33.0	0.7		0.0	0.0
32.0		32.0	32.0	0.7		0.0	0.0
31.0		31.0	31.0	0.7		0.0	0.0
30.0		30.0	30.0	0.7		0.0	0.0

Measurements for an indication of the reference SPL on all other ranges which include it

Other ranges	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
20-140	94.0	94.0	0.7	0.0

Measurements on all level ranges for indications 2 dB below the upper limit and 2 dB above the lower limit

Ranges	Reference/Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
	30.0	30.0	0.7	0.0
20-140	138.0	138.0	0.7	0.0

FREQUENCY WEIGHTING TEST

The frequency response of the weighting netwoks are tested at octave intervals over the frequency ranges 31.5 Hz to 12500 Hz. The signal level at 1000 Hz is set to give an indication of the reference SPL.

Frequency weighting A:

Frequency	Ref. level	Expected level	Correction of electrical response	Actual level	Tolerar	ice(dB)	Deviation *
Hz	dB	dB	dB	dB	+	-	dB
1000.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	54.6	N/A	54.6	1.5	1.5	0.0
63.1	94.0	67.8	0.0	67.8	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	77.9	0.0	77.9	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	85.4	0.0	85.4	1.0	1.0	0.0
501.2	94.0	90.8	0.0	90.8	1.0	1.0	0.0
1995.0	94.0	95.2	0.0	95.2	1.0	1.0	0.0
3981.0	94.0	95.0	-0.1	94.9	1.0	1.0	0.0
7943.0	94.0	92.9	-0.3	92.6	1.5	3.0	0.0
12590.0	94.0	89.7	-0.3	89.4	3.0	6.0	0.0

F	waighting	0.
Frequency	welaniina	U.

equency weig Frequency	Ref. level	Expected level	Correction of electrical response	Actual level	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation *
Hz	dB	dB	dB	dB	+	-	dB
1000.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	91.0	N/A	91.0	1.5	1.5	0.0
63.1	94.0	93.2	0.0	93.2	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	93.8	0.0	93.8	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0



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Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 3 of 5

Sound level me	eter type:	2250-L		Serial No.	270	1825	Date	18-Feb-2017
Microphone Preamp	type: type:	4950 ZC0032		Serial No. Serial No.	267 125	8783 31	Report	17CA0217 01-02
501.2	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	
1995.0	94.0	93.8	0.0	93.8	1.0	1.0	0.0	
3981.0	94.0	93.2	-0.1	93.1	1.0	1.0	0.0	
7943.0	94.0	91.0	-0.3	90.7	1.5	3.0	0.0	
12590.0	94.0	87.8	-0.3	87.4	3.0	6.0	-0.1	

Frequency weighting Lin:

equency weig Frequency	Ref. level	Expected level	Correction of electrical response	Actual level	Tolerar	nce(dB)	Deviation *
Hz	dB	dB -	dB	dB	+	-	dB
1000.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	94.0	N/A	94.1	1.5	1.5	0.1
63.1	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
501.2	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
1995.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
3981.0	94.0	94.0	-0.1	93.9	1.0	1.0	0.0
7943.0	94.0	94.0	-0.3	93.7	1.5	3.0	0.0
12590.0	94.0	94.0	-0.3	93.7	3.0	6.0	0.0

^{*}Deviation = Actual level - (Expected level + Correction of electrical response)

The correction of electrical response is specified in the Table A.2 of technical documentation of BE 1853-11. The maximum expanded uncertainty of correction of electrical response is 0.3 dB.

TIME WEIGHTING FAST TEST

Time weighting F is tested on the reference range with a single sinusoidal burst of duration 200 ms at a frequency 2000 Hz and an amplitude which produces an indication 4 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range when the signal is continuous. (Weight A, Maximum hold)

Ref. level	Expected level	Actual level	Tolera	nce(dB)	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+	2/	dB
116.0	115.0	115.0	1.0	1.0	0.0

TIME WEIGHTING SLOW TEST

Time weighting S is tested on the reference range with a single sinusoidal burst of duration 500 ms at a frequency 2000 Hz and an amplitude which produces an indication 4 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range when the signal is continuous. (Weight A. Maximum hold)

Which the signal is continuous.	(****),				
Ref. level	Expected level	Actual level	Tolera	nce(dB)	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+	-	dB
116.0	111.9	111.9	1.0	1.0	0.0

PEAK RESPONSE TEST

The onset time of the peak detector is tested on the reference range by comparing the response to a 100 us rectangular test pulse with the response to a 10 ms reference pulse of the same amplitude. The amplitude of the 10 ms reference pulse is such as to produce an indication 1 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range.



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SMECLab

Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 4 of 5

Sound level meter type:

2250-L

Serial No. Serial No.

Serial No.

2701825

Date 18-Feb-2017

Microphone Preamp type: type: 4950 ZC0032 2678783 12531

Report: 17CA0217 01-02

Positive polarities:

(Weighting L, set the generator signal to single, LLPeak)

Ref. level	Response to 10 ms	Response to 100 us	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
119.0	119.0	118.9	2.0	-0.1

Negative polarities:

Ref. level	Response to 10 ms	Response to 100 us	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
119.0	119.0	118.9	2.0	-0.1

RMS ACCURACY TEST

The RMS detector accuracy is tested on the reference range for a crest factor of 3.

Test frequency:

2000 Hz

Amplitude:

2 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range.

Burst repetition frequency:

40 Hz

Tone burst signal: 401

11 cycles of a sine wave of frequency 2000 Hz.

(Set to INT)

	Ref. Level	Expected level	Tone burst signal	Tolerance	Deviation
Time wighting	dB	dB	indication(dB)	+/- dB	dB
Slow	118.0+6.6	118.0	117.9	0.5	-0.1

TIME WEIGHTING IMPULSE TEST

Time weighting I is tested on the reference range (Set the SLM to LAImax)

Test frequency:

2000 Hz

Amplitude:

The upper limit of the primary indicator range.

Single sinusoidal burst of duration 5 ms:

Ref. Level	Single burst indication		Tolerance	Deviation
dB	Expected (dB)	Actual (dB)	+/- dB	dB
120.0	111.2	111.1	2.0	-0.1

Repeated at 100 Hz

Ref. Level	Repeated bu	Repeated burst indication		Deviation
dB	Expected (dB)	Actual (dB)	+/- dB	dB
120.0	117.3	117.2	1.0	-0.1

TIME AVERAGING TEST

This test compares the SLM reading for continuous sine signals with readings obtained from a sine tone burst sequence having the same RMS level. The test level is 30 dB below the upper limit of the linearity range and repeated for Type 1 SLM with 40 dB below the upper limit of the linearity.

Frequency of tone burst:

4000 Hz

Duration of tone burst:

1 ms

Repetition Time	Level of tone burst	Expected Leq	Actual Leq	Tolerance	Deviation	Remarks
msec	dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB	
1000	110.0	110.0	109.9	1.0	-0.1	60s integ.
10000	100.0	100.0	99.9	1.0	-0.1	6min. integ

PULSE RANGE AND SOUND EXPOSURE LEVEL TEST



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SMECLab

Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 5 of 5

Sound level meter type:

2250-L 4950

Serial No.

2701825 2678783 Date 18-Feb-2017

Microphone Preamp

type: type:

ZC0032

Serial No. 12531 Serial No.

Report: 17CA0217 01-02

The test tone burst signal is superimposed on a baseline signal corresponding to the lower limit of reference rar Test frequency:

4000 Hz

Integration time:

10 sec

The integrating sound level meter set to Leg:

Duration	Rms level of	Expected	Actual	Tolerance	Deviation
msec	tone burst (dB)	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
10	120.0	90.0	89.9	1.7	-0.1

The integrating sound level meter set to SEL:

Duration	Rms level of	Expected	Actual	Tolerance	Deviation
msec	tone burst (dB)	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
10.0	120.0	100.0	99.9	1.7	-0.1

OVERLOAD INDICATION TEST

For SLM capable of operating in a non-integrating mode.

Test frequency:

2000 Hz

Amplitude:

2 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range.

Burst repetition frequency:

40 Hz

Tone burst signal:

11 cycles of a sine wave of frequency 2000 Hz.

Level	Level reduced by	Further reduced	Difference	Tolerance	Deviation
at overload (dB)	1 dB	3 dB	dB	dB	dB
135.4	134.4	131.4	3.0	1.0	0.0

For integrating SLM, with the instrument indicating Leq.

For integrating SLM, with the instrument indicating Leq and set to the reference range. The test signal as follow The test tone burst signal is superimposed on a baseline signal corresponding to the lower limit of reference rar

Test frequency:

4000 Hz

Integration time:

10 sec

Single burst duration:

1 msec

Olligio balot	adiation.	1 111000			
Rms level	Level reduced by	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
at overload (dB)	1 dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
142.4	141.4	101.4	101.3	2.2	-0.1

ACOUSTIC TEST

The acoustic test of the complete SLM is tested at the frequency 125 Hz and 8000 Hz using a B&K type 4226 Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator. The test is performed in A weighting.

Frequency	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerar	Tolerance (dB)	
Hz	dB	Measured (dB)	+	-	dB
1000	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
125	77.9	78.1	1.0	1.0	0.2
8000	92.9	93.3	1.5	3.0	0.4

----END----



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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.:

17CA0303 02-01

Page

2

Item tested

Description: Manufacturer: Sound Level Meter (Type 1)

Microphone **B&K**

Preamp

Type/Model No.:

B&K 2250-L

4950

B & K ZC0032 12534

Adaptors used:

2701822

2678780

Item submitted by

Serial/Equipment No.:

Customer Name:

Anewr Consulting Limited

Address of Customer:

Unit 517, 5/F Tower A, Regent Centre, 63 Wo Yip Hop Road, Kwai Chung

Request No .: Date of receipt:

03-Mar-2017

Date of test:

07-Mar-2017

Reference equipment used in the calibration

Description:

Multi function sound calibrator

Model: B&K 4226 Serial No. 2288444

Expiry Date: 18-Jun-2017

Traceable to: CIGISMEC

Signal generator Signal generator

DS 360 DS 360 33873 61227

18-Apr-2017 18-Apr-2017 **CEPREI CEPREI**

Ambient conditions

Temperature:

22 ± 1 °C 60 ± 10 %

Relative humidity: Air pressure:

1010 ± 5 hPa

Test specifications

The Sound Level Meter has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 1, and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-152.

The electrical tests were performed using an electrical signal substituted for the microphone which was removed and 2, replaced by an equivalent capacitance within a tolerance of +20%

The acoustic calibration was performed using an B&K 4226 sound calibrator and corrections was applied for the difference 3, between the free-field and pressure responsess of the Sound Level Meter.

Test results

This is to certify that the Sound Level Meter conforms to BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 for the conditions under which the test was performed.

Details of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate.

Huang Jian Min/Feng Jun Qi

Actual Measurement data are documented on worksheets.

Approved Signatory:

Date:

09-Mar-2017

Company Chop:

The results reported in this certificate refer to the condition of the instrument on the date of calibration and carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument.

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Form No.CARP152-1/Issue 1/Rev.C/01/02/2007



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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

(Continuation Page)

Certificate No.:

17CA0303 02-01

Page

2

Electrical Tests

The electrical tests were performed using an equivalent capacitance substituted for the microphone. The results are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties. The "Pass" means the result of the test is inside the tolerances stated in the test specifications. The "-" means the result of test is outside these tolerances.

Test:	Subtest:	Status:	Expanded Uncertanity (dB)	Coverage Factor
Self-generated noise	A	Pass	0.3	
Sell-generated noise	Ċ	Pass	0.8	
	Lin	Pass	1.6	
Linearity range for Leq	At reference range , Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3	
Emounty range for Loq	Reference SPL on all other ranges	Pass	0.3	
	2 dB below upper limit of each range	Pass	0.3	
	2 dB above lower limit of each range	Pass	0.3	
Linearity range for SPL	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3	
Frequency weightings	Α	Pass	0.3	
	С	Pass	0.3	
*	Lin	Pass	0.3	
Time weightings	Single Burst Fast	Pass	0.3	
3	Single Burst Slow	Pass	0.3	
Peak response	Single 100µs rectangular pulse	Pass	0.3	
R.M.S. accuracy	Crest factor of 3	Pass	0.3	
Time weighting I	Single burst 5 ms at 2000 Hz	Pass	0.3	
	Repeated at frequency of 100 Hz	Pass	0.3	
Time averaging	1 ms burst duty factor 1/10 ³ at 4kHz	Pass	0.3	
rime averaging	1 ms burst duty factor 1/10 ⁴ at 4kHz	Pass	0.3	
Pulse range	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4	
Sound exposure level	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4	
Overload indication	SPL	Pass	0.3	
Overload maredien	Leq	Pass	0.4	

2, Acoustic tests

The complete sound level meter was calibrated on the reference range using a B&K 4226 acoustic calibrator with 1000Hz and SPL 94 dB. The sensitivity of the sound level meter was adjusted. The test result at 125 Hz and 8000 Hz are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties.

Test:	Subtest	Status	Expanded Uncertanity (dB)	Coverage Factor
Acoustic response	Weighting A at 125 Hz	Pass	0.3	
a verification of	Weighting A at 8000 Hz	Pass	0.5	

Response to associated sound calibrator 3,

N/A

The expanded uncertainties have been calculated in accordance with the ISO Publication "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement", and gives an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of 95%. A coverage factor of 2 is assumed unless explicitly stated.

Calibrated by:

Fung Chi Yip 07-Mar-2017 End

Checked by:

Date:

Lam Tze Wai 09-Mar-2017

The standard(s) and equipment used in the calibration are traceable to national or international recognised standards and are calibrated on a schedule to maintain the required accuracy level.

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Form No.CARP152-2/Issue 1/Rev.C/01/02/2007



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Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 1 of 5

Sound level meter type:

2250-L

Serial No.

2701822

Date 07-Mar-2017

Microphone Preamp

type: type: 4950 ZC0032 Serial No. 2678780 Serial No. 12534

80

Report: 17CA0303 02-01

SELF GENERATED NOISE TEST

The noise test is performed in the most sensitive range of the SLM with the microphone replaced by an equivalent impedance.

Noise level in A weighting

13.6

dB dB

Noise level in C weighting

15.6

Noise level in Lin

22.3

dB

LINEARITY TEST

The linearity is tested relative to the reference sound pressure level using a continuous sinusoidal signal of frequency 4 kHz. The measurement is made on the reference range for indications at 5 dB intervals starting from the 94 dB reference sound pressure level. And until within 5 dB of the upper and lower limits of the reference range, the measurements shall be made at 1 dB intervals.(SLM set to LEQ/SPL)

D (Actua	l level	Tolerance	Devia	tion
Reference/Expected level	non-integrated	integrated		non-integrated	integrated
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB	dB
94.0	94.0	94.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
99.0	99.0	99.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
104.0	104.0	104.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
109.0	109.0	109.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
114.0	114.0	114.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
119.0	119.0	119.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
124.0	124.0	124.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
129.0	129.0	129.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
134.0	134.0	134.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
135.0	135.0	135.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
136.0	136.0	136.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
137.0	137.0	137.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
138.0	138.0	138.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
139.0	139.0	139.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
140.0	140.0	140.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
89.0	89.0	89.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
84.0	84.0	84.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
79.0	79.0	79.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
74.0	74.0	74.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
69.0	69.0	69.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
64.0	64.0	64.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
59.0	59.0	59.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
54.0	54.0	54.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
49.0	49.0	49.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
44.0	44.0	44.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
39.0	39.0	39.0	0.7	0.0	0.0



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SMECLab

Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 2 of 5

Sound level me	eter type:	2250-L		Serial No.	2701822	Date	e 07-Mar-2017
Microphone Preamp	type: type:	4950 ZC0032		Serial No. Serial No.	2678780 12534	Rep	ort: 17CA0303 02-01
34.0		34.0	34.0	0.7		0.0	0.0
33.0		33.0	33.0	0.7		0.0	0.0
32.0		32.1	32.1	0.7		0.1	0.1
31.0		31.0	31.0	0.7		0.0	0.0
30.0		30.0	30.0	0.7		0.0	0.0

Measurements for an indication of the reference SPL on all other ranges which include it

Other ranges	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
20-140	94.0	94.0	0.7	0.0

Measurements on all level ranges for indications 2 dB below the upper limit and 2 dB above the lower limit

Ranges	Reference/Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
	30.0	30.0	0.7	0.0
20-140	138.0	138.0	0.7	0.0

FREQUENCY WEIGHTING TEST

The frequency response of the weighting netwoks are tested at octave intervals over the frequency ranges 31.5 Hz to 12500 Hz. The signal level at 1000 Hz is set to give an indication of the reference SPL.

Frequency weighting A:

Frequency	Ref. level	Expected level	Correction of electrical response	Actual level	Tolerar	nce(dB)	Deviation *
Hz	dB	dB	dB	dB	+	-	dB
1000.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	54.6	N/A	54.6	1.5	1.5	0.0
63.1	94.0	67.8	0.0	67.8	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	77.9	0.0	77.9	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	85.4	0.0	85.4	1.0	1.0	0.0
501.2	94.0	90.8	0.0	90.8	1.0	1.0	0.0
1995.0	94.0	95.2	0.0	95.2	1.0	1.0	0.0
3981.0	94.0	95.0	-0.1	94.9	1.0	1.0	0.0
7943.0	94.0	92.9	-0.3	92.6	1.5	3.0	0.0
12590.0	94.0	89.7	-0.3	89.4	3.0	6.0	0.0

Frequency weighting C:

Frequency	Ref. level	Expected level	Correction of electrical response	Actual level	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation *
Hz	dB	dB	dB	dB	+	-	dB
1000.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	91.0	N/A	91.0	1.5	1.5	0.0
63.1	94.0	93.2	0.0	93.2	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	93.8	0.0	93.8	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0



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Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 3 of 5

Sound level me	eter type:	2250-L		Serial No.	270	1822	Date	07-Mar-2017
Microphone Preamp	type: type:	4950 ZC0032		Serial No. Serial No.	267 125	8780 34	Report	: 17CA0303 02-01
501.2	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	
1995.0	94.0	93.8	0.0	93.8	1.0	1.0	0.0	
3981.0	94.0	93.2	-0.1	93.1	1.0	1.0	0.0	
7943.0	94.0	91.0	-0.3	90.7	1.5	3.0	0.0	
12590.0	94.0	87.8	-0.3	87.5	3.0	6.0	0.0	

Frequency weighting Lin:

equency weig Frequency	Ref. level	Expected level		level electrical		nce(dB)	Deviation *
Hz	dB	dB	dB	dB	+	-	dB
1000.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	94.0	N/A	94.1	1.5	1.5	0.1
63.1	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
501.2	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
1995.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
3981.0	94.0	94.0	-0.1	93.9	1.0	1.0	0.0
7943.0	94.0	94.0	-0.3	93.7	1.5	3.0	0.0
12590.0	94.0	94.0	-0.3	93.7	3.0	6.0	0.0

^{*}Deviation = Actual level - (Expected level + Correction of electrical response)

The correction of electrical response is specified in the Table A.2 of technical documentation of BE 1853-11. The maximum expanded uncertainty of correction of electrical response is 0.3 dB.

TIME WEIGHTING FAST TEST

Time weighting F is tested on the reference range with a single sinusoidal burst of duration 200 ms at a frequency 2000 Hz and an amplitude which produces an indication 4 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range when the signal is continuous. (Weight A, Maximum hold)

Ref. level	Expected level	Actual level	Tolera	nce(dB)	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+	-	dB
116.0	115.0	115.0	1.0	1.0	0.0

TIME WEIGHTING SLOW TEST

Time weighting S is tested on the reference range with a single sinusoidal burst of duration 500 ms at a frequency 2000 Hz and an amplitude which produces an indication 4 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range when the signal is continuous. (Weight A, Maximum hold)

Wileli tile eigilal le certificacie	(,						
Ref. level	Expected level	Actual level	Tolera	nce(dB)	Deviation			
dB	dB	dB	+	-	dB			
116.0	111.9	111.9	1.0	1.0	0.0			

PEAK RESPONSE TEST

The onset time of the peak detector is tested on the reference range by comparing the response to a 100 us rectangular test pulse with the response to a 10 ms reference pulse of the same amplitude. The amplitude of the 10 ms reference pulse is such as to produce an indication 1 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range.



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SMECLab

Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 4 of 5

Sound level meter type:

2250-L 4950

Serial No.

2701822

Date

07-Mar-2017

Microphone Preamp

type: type:

ZC0032

Serial No. Serial No.

2678780 12534

Report: 17CA0303 02-01

Positive polarities:	(Weighting L, set the gen	erator signal to sin	gle, LLPeak)	
Ref. level	Response to 10 ms	Response to 100 us	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
119.0	119.0	119.0	2.0	0.0

Negative polarities:

Ref. level	Response to 10 ms	Response to 100 us	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
119.0	119.0	119.2	2.0	0.2

RMS ACCURACY TEST

The RMS detector accuracy is tested on the reference range for a crest factor of 3.

Test frequency:

2000 Hz

2 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range.

Amplitude: Burst repetition frequency:

11 cycles of a sine wave of frequency 2000 Hz.

(Set to INT)

Tone burst sign	nal:	11 cycles of a sine	wave of frequency 2	000 Hz. (Set	to INT)
	Ref. Level	Expected level	Tone burst signal	Tolerance	Deviation
Time wighting	dB	dB	indication(dB)	+/- dB	dB
Slow	118.0+6.6	118.0	118.0	0.5	0.0

TIME WEIGHTING IMPULSE TEST

Time weighting I is tested on the reference range (Set the SLM to LAImax)

Test frequency:

2000 Hz

Amplitude:

The upper limit of the primary indicator range.

Single sinusoidal burst of duration 5 ms:

Ref. Level	Single burs	Single burst indication Tolerance		Deviation
dB	Expected (dB)	Actual (dB)	+/- dB	dB
120.0	111.2	111.1	2.0	-0.1

Repeated at 100 Hz

Ref. Level	Repeated bu	Repeated burst indication Tolerance		Repeated burst indication Tolerance		Repeated burst indication Tolerance		Deviation
dB	Expected (dB)	Actual (dB)	+/- dB	dB				
120.0	117.3	117.2	1.0	-0.1				

TIME AVERAGING TEST

This test compares the SLM reading for continuous sine signals with readings obtained from a sine tone burst sequence having the same RMS level. The test level is 30 dB below the upper limit of the linearity range and repeated for Type 1 SLM with 40 dB below the upper limit of the linearity.

Frequency of tone burst:

4000 Hz

D. wattam of town burnets

1 ma

Duration of tone burst.	1 1115					
Repetition Time	Level of tone burst	Expected Leq	Actual Leq	Tolerance	Deviation	Remarks
msec	dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB	
1000	110.0	110.0	109.9	1.0	-0.1	60s integ.
10000	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.0	0.0	6min. integ.

PULSE RANGE AND SOUND EXPOSURE LEVEL TEST



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Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 5 of 5

Sound level meter type:

J.

2250-L Serial No.

2701822

Date 07-Mar-2017

Microphone Preamp type:

4950 ZC0032 Serial No. Serial No.

The test tone burst signal is superimposed on a baseline signal corresponding to the lower limit of reference rar

2678780 12534

Report: 17CA0303 02-01

Test frequency:

4000 Hz

Integration time:

10 sec

The integrating sound level meter set to Leq:

Duration	Rms level of	Expected	Actual	Tolerance	Deviation
msec	tone burst (dB)	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
10	88.0	58.0	57.9	1.7	-0.1

The integrating sound level meter set to SEL:

Duration	Rms level of	Expected	Actual	Actual Tolerance		
msec	tone burst (dB)	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB	
10.0	88.0	68.0	67.9	1.7	-0.1	

OVERLOAD INDICATION TEST

For SLM capable of operating in a non-integrating mode.

Test frequency:

2000 Hz

Amplitude:

2 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range.

Burst repetition frequency:

40 Hz

Tone burst signal:

11 cycles of a sine wave of frequency 2000 Hz.

Level	Level reduced by	Further reduced	Difference	Tolerance	Deviation
at overload (dB)	1 dB	3 dB	dB	dB	dB
135.5	134.5	131.5	3.0	1.0	0.0

For integrating SLM, with the instrument indicating Leq.

For integrating SLM, with the instrument indicating Leq and set to the reference range. The test signal as follow The test tone burst signal is superimposed on a baseline signal corresponding to the lower limit of reference rar

Test frequency:

4000 Hz

Integration time:

10 sec

Single burst duration:

1 msec

Rms level	Level reduced by	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
at overload (dB)	1 dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
142.6	141.6	101.6	101.5	2.2	-0.1

ACOUSTIC TEST

The acoustic test of the complete SLM is tested at the frequency 125 Hz and 8000 Hz using a B&K type 4226 Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator. The test is performed in A weighting.

Frequency	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerar	nce (dB)	Deviation
Hz	dB	Measured (dB)	+	-	dB
1000	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
125	77.9	78.0	1.0	1.0	0.1
8000	92.9	92.5	1.5	3.0	-0.4

-----END-----