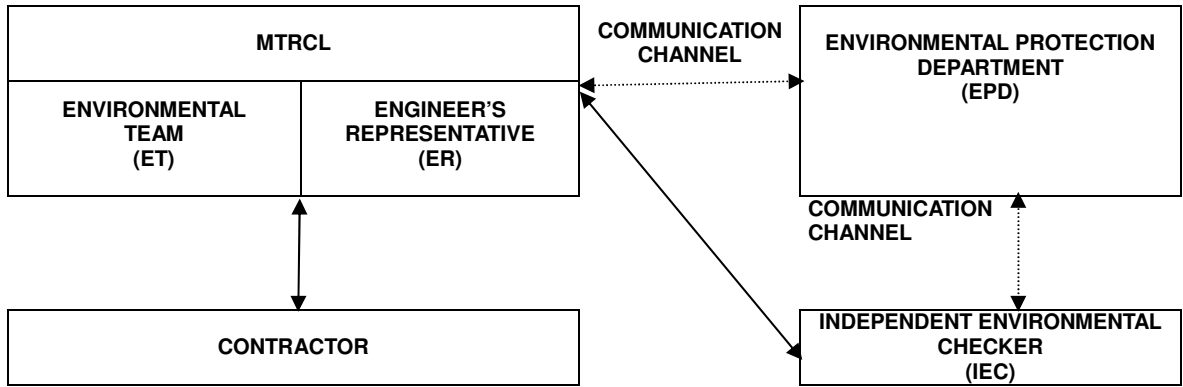


APPENDIX A1
Project Organization

Appendix A1
Project Organization and Lines of Communications



APPENDIX A2

Contact List of Key Personal of the Project

Appendix A2
Contact List of Key Personnel

Table A2.1 Contact List of Key Personnel of Project Management

Organization	Name	Telephone
Independent Environmental Checker	Mr. Thomas Chan	2268 3093
Environmental Team Leader	Mr. Richard Kwan	2688 1179
Engineer's Representative		
Project Manager – SIL Civil	Mr. Ken Wong	3987 8288
Construction Manager – SIL (901)	Mr. Mike Bezzano	2206 8688
Sr Construction Engineer – SIL (902)	Mr. Lawrence Lee	3519 4420
Construction Manager – SIL (903 / 904)	Mr. Jimmy Poon	2285 4688
Sr Construction Engineer – SIL (903 / 908)	Ms. Patty Kwan	3975 6950
Contract No. 901		
Admiralty Integrated Station and SCL Enabling Works		
Main Contractor: Kier – Laing O'Rourke – Kaden Joint Venture		
Project Director	Mr. Viv Jones	9248 8482
QA & Environmental Manager	Mr. Ronald Fung	9777 7667
Contract No. 902		
Nam Fung Tunnel and Ventilation Buildings		
Main Contractor: Nishimatsu Construction Co., Ltd.		
Project Manager	Mr. Masanori Ishii	6112 6707
Senior Construction Manager (External)	Toshiya Fujita	3190 7500
Senior Construction Manager (Tunnel)	Norihisa Murakawa	3190 7500
Contract No. 903		
Ocean Park Station, Wong Chuk Hang Station, Viaduct and Aberdeen Channel Bridge		
Main Contractor: Leighton Contractors (Asia) Ltd.		
Project Manager	Mr. Au Wing Chung	9319 8198
Construction Manager	Mr. Gary Chow	9162 1142
Contract No. 904		
Lei Tung Station, South Horizons Station and Tunnels		
Main Contractor: Leighton – John Holland Joint Venture		
Operation Manager	Mr. Paul Freeman	9856 1988
Project Director	Mr. Jan Torka	6323 9468

Organization	Name	Telephone
Contract No. 908		
Wong Chuk Hang Depot Superstructure		
Main Contractor: Hsin Chong Construction Company Limited		
Project Manager	Mr. Eric Chan	6404 0775
Deputy Project Manager	Mr. Foster Tsang	9105 3265

Table A2.2 Contact List of Key Personnel of EPD

Organization	Name	Telephone
EPD		
Sr Env Protection Offr (Metro Assessment)	Mr. Steve Li	2835 1142
Sr Env Protection Offr (Regional S)	Dr. Anthony Lee	2516 1802
Sr Env Protection Offr (Regional S)	Mr. Sean Law	2516 1806

APPENDIX B1

Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise and Air Quality

Appendix B1

Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise and Air Quality

Action and Limit Levels for 24-hours TSP

Table B1.1 Action and Limit Levels for 24-hour TSP

ID	Description	Action Level ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Limit Level ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
CD1	Wong Chuk Hang San Wai	173	260
CD2	Police College – Police Quarters	184	260
CD3	San Wui Commercial Society of HK Chan Pak Sha School	169	260
CD4	Shan On House	176	260
CD5	South Horizons Phase IV – Block 25	169	260

Note: TSP levels are to the nearest whole number, with values of 0.5 rounded up

Action and Limit Levels for 1-hour TSP

Table B1.2 Action and Limit Levels for 1-hour TSP

ID	Description	Action Level ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Limit Level ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
CD1	Wong Chuk Hang San Wai	315	500
CD2	Police College – Police Quarters	311	500
CD3	San Wui Commercial Society of HK Chan Pak Sha School	322	500
CD4	Shan On House	318	500
CD5	South Horizons Phase IV – Block 25	336	500

Note: 1-hour TSP criterion recommended in the EIAO-TM
TSP levels are to the nearest whole number, with values of 0.5 rounded up

Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise

Table B1.3 Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise

Time Period	Action Level	Limit Level
Daytime (0700-1900), Monday through Saturday excluding Public Holidays	When one document complaint received.	$L_{Aeq\ 30mins} 75dB(A)^{(1)(2)}$
All evenings (1900-2300)		Subject to control under the Noise Control Ordinance
General Holidays (including all Sundays) during the daytime and evening (0700-2300)		Subject to control under the Noise Control Ordinance
All night time periods (2300-0700)		Subject to control under the Noise Control Ordinance

(1) 70dB(A) for schools and 65dB(A) during school examination periods.

(2) Updated prediction of noise levels as contained in the construction noise mitigation measures plan.

APPENDIX B2

Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality

Appendix B2
Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality

Table B2.1 Action and Limit Levels for Ebb Condition

Tide: Ebb				
Location: I1				
Parameters	Action Level		Limit Level	
DO in mg/L	Surface	4.9	Surface	4.6
	Middle	4.3	Middle	4.2
	Bottom	3.0	Bottom	3.0
SS in mg/L (depth averaged)	5.2		5.3	
Turbidity in NTU (depth averaged)	6.0		6.1	
Tide: Ebb				
Location: I2				
Parameters	Action Level		Limit Level	
DO in mg/L	Surface	5.0	Surface	4.7
	Middle	3.6	Middle	3.4
	Bottom	2.7	Bottom	2.5
SS in mg/L (depth averaged)	6.2		6.3	
Turbidity in NTU (depth averaged)	6.0		6.1	
Tide: Ebb				
Location: Intake A				
Parameters	Action Level		Limit Level	
DO in mg/L	Surface	4.7	Surface	4.5
	Middle	4.2	Middle	3.9
	Bottom	2.9	Bottom	2.7
SS in mg/L (depth averaged)	6.5		6.9	
Turbidity in NTU (depth averaged)	6.5		7.0	
Tide: Ebb				
Location: Intake B				
Parameters	Action Level		Limit Level	
DO in mg/L	Surface	4.7	Surface	4.6
	Middle	4.0	Middle	3.9
	Bottom	2.9	Bottom	2.6
SS in mg/L (depth averaged)	6.7		7.5	
Turbidity in NTU (depth averaged)	8.9		10.2	

Table B2.2 Action and Limit Levels for Flood Condition

Tide: Flood				
Location: I1				
Parameters	Action Level		Limit Level	
DO in mg/L	Surface	4.5	Surface	4.5
	Middle	3.4	Middle	3.1
	Bottom	2.5	Bottom	2.2
SS in mg/L (depth averaged)	6.9		7.0	
Turbidity in NTU (depth averaged)	6.3		6.3	
Tide: Flood				
Location: I2				
Parameters	Action Level		Limit Level	
DO in mg/L	Surface	4.5	Surface	4.5
	Middle	3.7	Middle	3.4
	Bottom	2.6	Bottom	2.2
SS in mg/L (depth averaged)	6.8		7.2	
Turbidity in NTU (depth averaged)	5.3		5.3	
Tide: Flood				
Location: Intake A				
Parameters	Action Level		Limit Level	
DO in mg/L	Surface	4.3	Surface	4.2
	Middle	3.7	Middle	3.7
	Bottom	3.2	Bottom	3.1
SS in mg/L (depth averaged)	7.3		7.5	
Turbidity in NTU (depth averaged)	6.0		6.3	
Tide: Flood				
Location: Intake B				
Parameters	Action Level		Limit Level	
DO in mg/L	Surface	4.0	Surface	4.0
	Middle	3.2	Middle	3.1
	Bottom	2.7	Bottom	2.6
SS in mg/L (depth averaged)	7.0		7.4	
Turbidity in NTU (depth averaged)	7.8		8.2	

APPENDIX C

Calibration Details

Summary of Calibration Certificate

Noise Equipment

Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Expiry Date	Remark
B&K 2250-L	2741135	11 Nov 2014	11 Nov 2016	
B&K 2250-L	2741137	17 Oct 2014	17 Oct 2016	
B&K 4231 Calibrator	2309393	11 Nov 2014	11 Nov 2015	

High Volume Sampler

Model	Sampler	Calibration Date	Expiry Date	Remark
Graseby-Andersen	694-0661	5 Jul 2014	5 Jan 2015 ^[1]	
Graseby-Andersen	894-0833	5 Jul 2014	5 Jan 2015 ^[1]	
Graseby-Andersen	994-0878	5 Jul 2014	5 Jan 2015 ^[1]	
Graseby-Andersen	1294-1104	5 Jul 2014	5 Jan 2015 ^[1]	
Graseby-Andersen	1294-1111	5 Jul 2014	5 Jan 2015 ^[1]	
Graseby-Andersen	694-0664	5 Jul 2014	5 Jan 2015 ^[1]	

Water Quality Monitoring Equipment

Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Expiry Date	Remark
Multimeter for Dissolved Oxygen, pH, Temperature, Salinity and Turbidity				
YSI 6920V2	11F100014	21 Oct 2014	21 Jan 2015	

Note:

[1] Calibration certificates refer to Appendix C of EM&A report - August 2014



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.: 14CA1110 04-01 Page 1 of 2

Item tested

Description:	Sound Level Meter (Type 1)	,	Microphone
Manufacturer:	B & K	,	B & K
Type/Model No.:	2250-L	,	4950
Serial/Equipment No.:	2741135	,	2717594
Adaptors used:	-	,	-

Item submitted by

Customer Name:	MTR Corporation Limited
Address of Customer:	-
Request No.:	-
Date of receipt:	10-Nov-2014

Date of test: 11-Nov-2014

Reference equipment used in the calibration

Description:	Model:	Serial No.	Expiry Date:	Traceable to:
Multi function sound calibrator	B&K 4226	2288444	20-Jun-2015	CIGISMEC
Signal generator	DS 360	33873	09-Apr-2015	CEPREI
Signal generator	DS 360	61227	09-Apr-2015	CEPREI

Ambient conditions

Temperature:	22 ± 1 °C
Relative humidity:	65 ± 10 %
Air pressure:	1010 ± 10 hPa

Test specifications

- 1, The Sound Level Meter has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-152.
- 2, The electrical tests were performed using an electrical signal substituted for the microphone which was removed and replaced by an equivalent capacitance within a tolerance of ±20%.
- 3, The acoustic calibration was performed using an B&K 4226 sound calibrator and corrections was applied for the difference between the free-field and pressure responses of the Sound Level Meter.

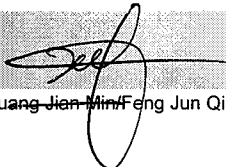
Test results

This is to certify that the Sound Level Meter conforms to BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 for the conditions under which the test was performed.

Details of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate.

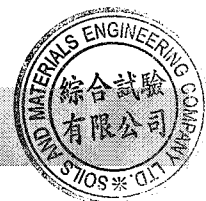
Actual Measurement data are documented on worksheets.

Approved Signatory:


Huang Jian Min / Feng Jun Qi

Date: 11-Nov-2014

Company Chop:



Comments: The results reported in this certificate refer to the condition of the instrument on the date of calibration and carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument.



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

(Continuation Page)

Certificate No.: 14CA1110 04-01

Page 2 of 2

1, Electrical Tests

The electrical tests were performed using an equivalent capacitance substituted for the microphone. The results are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties. The "Pass" means the result of the test is inside the tolerances stated in the test specifications. The "-" means the result of test is outside these tolerances.

Test:	Subtest:	Status:	Expanded Uncertainty (dB)	Coverage Factor
Self-generated noise	A	Pass	0.3	
	C	Pass	0.8	2.1
	Lin	Pass	1.6	2.2
Linearity range for Leq	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3	
	Reference SPL on all other ranges	Pass	0.3	
	2 dB below upper limit of each range	Pass	0.3	
	2 dB above lower limit of each range	Pass	0.3	
Linearity range for SPL	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3	
	A	Pass	0.3	
	C	Pass	0.3	
Frequency weightings	Lin	Pass	0.3	
	Single Burst Fast	Pass	0.3	
	Single Burst Slow	Pass	0.3	
Peak response	Single 100µs rectangular pulse	N/A	N/A	
R.M.S. accuracy	Crest factor of 3	Pass	0.3	
Time weighting I	Single burst 5 ms at 2000 Hz	Pass	0.3	
	Repeated at frequency of 100 Hz	Pass	0.3	
Time averaging	1 ms burst duty factor 1/10 ³ at 4kHz	Pass	0.3	
	1 ms burst duty factor 1/10 ⁴ at 4kHz	Pass	0.3	
Pulse range	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4	
Sound exposure level	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4	
Overload indication	SPL	Pass	0.3	
	Leq	Pass	0.4	

2, Acoustic tests

The complete sound level meter was calibrated on the reference range using a B&K 4226 acoustic calibrator with 1000Hz and SPL 94 dB. The sensitivity of the sound level meter was adjusted. The test result at 125 Hz and 8000 Hz are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties.

Test:	Subtest	Status	Expanded Uncertainty (dB)	Coverage Factor
Acoustic response	Weighting A at 125 Hz	Pass	0.3	
	Weighting A at 8000 Hz	Pass	0.5	

3, Response to associated sound calibrator

N/A

The expanded uncertainties have been calculated in accordance with the ISO Publication "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement", and gives an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of 95%. A coverage factor of 2 is assumed unless explicitly stated.

- End -

Calibrated by:

Fung Chi Yip

Date: 11-Nov-2014

Checked by:

Lam Tze Wai

Date: 11-Nov-2014

The standard(s) and equipment used in the calibration are traceable to national or international recognised standards and are calibrated on a schedule to maintain the required accuracy level.



Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 1 of 5

Sound level meter type: 2250-L Serial No. 2741135 Date 11-Nov-2014
Microphone type: 4950 Serial No. 2717594
Report: 14CA1110 04-01

SELF GENERATED NOISE TEST

The noise test is performed in the most sensitive range of the SLM with the microphone replaced by an equivalent impedance.

Noise level in A weighting 13.3 dB
Noise level in C weighting 14.2 dB
Noise level in Lin 20.3 dB

LINEARITY TEST

The linearity is tested relative to the reference sound pressure level using a continuous sinusoidal signal of frequency 4 kHz. The measurement is made on the reference range for indications at 5 dB intervals starting from the 94 dB reference sound pressure level. And until within 5 dB of the upper and lower limits of the reference range, the measurements shall be made at 1 dB intervals. (SLM set to LEQ/SPL)

Reference/Expected level	Actual level		Tolerance	Deviation	
	non-integrated	integrated		non-integrated	integrated
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB	dB
94.0	94.0	94.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
99.0	99.0	99.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
104.0	104.0	104.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
109.0	109.0	109.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
114.0	114.0	114.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
119.0	119.0	119.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
124.0	124.0	124.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
129.0	129.0	129.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
134.0	134.0	134.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
135.0	135.0	135.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
136.0	136.0	136.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
137.0	137.0	137.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
138.0	138.0	138.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
139.0	139.0	139.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
140.0	140.0	140.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
89.0	89.0	89.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
84.0	84.0	84.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
79.0	79.0	79.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
74.0	74.0	74.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
69.0	69.0	69.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
64.0	64.0	64.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
59.0	59.0	59.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
54.0	54.0	54.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
49.0	49.0	49.0	0.7	0.0	0.0



Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 2 of 5

Sound level meter type: 2250-L Serial No. 2741135 Date 11-Nov-2014
Microphone type: 4950 Serial No. 2717594

Report: 14CA1110 04-01

44.0	44.0	44.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
39.0	39.0	39.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
34.0	34.0	34.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
33.0	33.0	33.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
32.0	32.0	32.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
31.0	31.0	31.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
30.0	30.0	30.0	0.7	0.0	0.0

Measurements for an indication of the reference SPL on all other ranges which include it

Other ranges	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
20-140	94.0	94.0	0.7	0.0

Measurements on all level ranges for indications 2 dB below the upper limit and 2 dB above the lower limit

Ranges	Reference/Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
20-140	30.0	30.0	0.7	0.0
	138.0	138.0	0.7	0.0

FREQUENCY WEIGHTING TEST

The frequency response of the weighting networks are tested at octave intervals over the frequency ranges 31.5 Hz to 12500 Hz. The signal level at 1000 Hz is set to give an indication of the reference SPL.

Frequency weighting A:

Frequency	Ref. level	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation
				+	-	
Hz	dB	dB	dB			dB
1000.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	54.6	54.6	1.5	1.5	0.0
63.1	94.0	67.8	67.7	1.5	1.5	-0.1
125.9	94.0	77.9	77.9	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	85.4	85.4	1.0	1.0	0.0
501.2	94.0	90.8	90.8	1.0	1.0	0.0
1995.0	94.0	95.2	95.2	1.0	1.0	0.0
3981.0	94.0	95.0	94.9	1.0	1.0	-0.1
7943.0	94.0	92.9	92.6	1.5	3.0	-0.3
12590.0	94.0	89.7	89.4	3.0	6.0	-0.3

Frequency weighting C:

Frequency	Ref. level	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation
				+	-	
Hz	dB	dB	dB			dB
1000.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	91.0	91.1	1.5	1.5	0.1



Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 3 of 5

Sound level meter type: 2250-L Serial No. 2741135 Date 11-Nov-2014
Microphone type: 4950 Serial No. 2717594

Report: 14CA1110 04-01

63.1	94.0	93.2	93.2	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	93.8	93.9	1.0	1.0	0.1
251.2	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
501.2	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
1995.0	94.0	93.8	93.8	1.0	1.0	0.0
3981.0	94.0	93.2	93.1	1.0	1.0	-0.1
7943.0	94.0	91.0	90.7	1.5	3.0	-0.3
12590.0	94.0	87.8	87.5	3.0	6.0	-0.3

Frequency weighting Lin:

Frequency Hz	Ref. level dB	Expected level dB	Actual level dB	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation dB
				+	-	
1000.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	94.0	94.1	1.5	1.5	0.1
63.1	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
501.2	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
1995.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
3981.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
7943.0	94.0	94.0	93.7	1.5	3.0	-0.3
12590.0	94.0	94.0	93.7	3.0	6.0	-0.3

TIME WEIGHTING FAST TEST

Time weighting F is tested on the reference range with a single sinusoidal burst of duration 200 ms at a frequency 2000 Hz and an amplitude which produces an indication 4 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range when the signal is continuous. (Weight A, Maximum hold)

Ref. level dB	Expected level dB	Actual level dB	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation dB
			+	-	
116.0	115.0	115.0	1.0	1.0	0.0

TIME WEIGHTING SLOW TEST

Time weighting S is tested on the reference range with a single sinusoidal burst of duration 500 ms at a frequency 2000 Hz and an amplitude which produces an indication 4 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range when the signal is continuous. (Weight A, Maximum hold)

Ref. level dB	Expected level dB	Actual level dB	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation dB
			+	-	
116.0	111.9	111.9	1.0	1.0	0.0

RMS ACCURACY TEST

The RMS detector accuracy is tested on the reference range for a crest factor of 3.

Test frequency: 2000 Hz
Amplitude: 2 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range.
Burst repetition frequency: 40 Hz
Tone burst signal: 11 cycles of a sine wave of frequency 2000 Hz. (Set to INT)



Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 4 of 5

Sound level meter type: 2250-L Serial No. 2741135 Date 11-Nov-2014
Microphone type: 4950 Serial No. 2717594
Report: 14CA1110 04-01

Time weighting	Ref. Level dB	Expected level dB	Tone burst signal indication(dB)	Tolerance +/- dB	Deviation dB
Slow	118.0+6.6	118.0	118.0	0.5	0.0

TIME WEIGHTING IMPULSE TEST

Time weighting I is tested on the reference range (Set the SLM to LAImax)

Test frequency: 2000 Hz

Amplitude: The upper limit of the primary indicator range.

Single sinusoidal burst of duration 5 ms:

Ref. Level dB	Single burst indication		Tolerance +/- dB	Deviation dB
	Expected (dB)	Actual (dB)		
120.0	111.2	111.2	2.0	0.0

Repeated at 100 Hz

Ref. Level dB	Repeated burst indication		Tolerance +/- dB	Deviation dB
	Expected (dB)	Actual (dB)		
120.0	117.3	117.3	1.0	0.0

TIME AVERAGING TEST

This test compares the SLM reading for continuous sine signals with readings obtained from a sine tone burst sequence having the same RMS level. The test level is 30 dB below the upper limit of the linearity range and repeated for Type 1 SLM with 40 dB below the upper limit of the linearity.

Frequency of tone burst: 4000 Hz

Duration of tone burst: 1 ms

Repetition Time msec	Level of tone burst dB	Expected Leq dB	Actual Leq dB	Tolerance +/- dB	Deviation dB	Remarks
1000	110.0	110.0	109.9	1.0	-0.1	60s integ.
10000	100.0	100.0	99.9	1.0	-0.1	6min. integ.

PULSE RANGE AND SOUND EXPOSURE LEVEL TEST

The test tone burst signal is superimposed on a baseline signal corresponding to the lower limit of reference range

Test frequency: 4000 Hz

Integration time: 10 sec

The integrating sound level meter set to Leq:

Duration msec	Rms level of tone burst (dB)	Expected dB	Actual dB	Tolerance +/- dB	Deviation dB
10	120.0	90.0	90.0	1.7	0.0

The integrating sound level meter set to SEL:

Duration msec	Rms level of tone burst (dB)	Expected dB	Actual dB	Tolerance +/- dB	Deviation dB
10.0	120.0	100.0	100.0	1.7	0.0



Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 5 of 5

Sound level meter type: 2250-L Serial No. 2741135 Date 11-Nov-2014
Microphone type: 4950 Serial No. 2717594
Report: 14CA1110 04-01

OVERLOAD INDICATION TEST

For SLM capable of operating in a non-integrating mode.

Test frequency: 2000 Hz
Amplitude: 2 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range.
Burst repetition frequency: 40 Hz
Tone burst signal: 11 cycles of a sine wave of frequency 2000 Hz.

Level	Level reduced by	Further reduced	Difference	Tolerance	Deviation
at overload (dB)	1 dB	3 dB	dB	dB	dB
135.8	134.8	131.8	3.0	1.0	0.0

For integrating SLM, with the instrument indicating Leq.

For integrating SLM, with the instrument indicating Leq and set to the reference range. The test signal as follow
The test tone burst signal is superimposed on a baseline signal corresponding to the lower limit of reference range

Test frequency: 4000 Hz
Integration time: 10 sec
Single burst duration: 1 msec

Rms level	Level reduced by	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
at overload (dB)	1 dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
143.0	142.0	102.0	102	2.2	0.0

ACOUSTIC TEST

The acoustic test of the complete SLM is tested at the frequency 125 Hz and 8000 Hz using a B&K type 4226 Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator. The test is performed in A weighting.

Frequency Hz	Expected level dB	Actual level Measured (dB)	Tolerance (dB)		Deviation dB
			+	-	
1000	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
125	77.9	77.9	1.0	1.0	0.0
8000	92.9	93.5	1.5	3.0	0.6

-----END-----



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.: 14CA1016 01-02 Page 1 of 2

Item tested

Description:	Sound Level Meter (Type 1)	,	Microphone
Manufacturer:	B & K	,	B & K
Type/Model No.:	2250-L	,	4189
Serial/Equipment No.:	2741137	,	2550231
Adaptors used:	-	,	-

Item submitted by

Customer Name:	MTR Coporation Limited
Address of Customer:	-
Request No.:	-
Date of receipt:	16-Oct-2014

Date of test: 17-Oct-2014

Reference equipment used in the calibration

Description:	Model:	Serial No.	Expiry Date:	Traceable to:
Multi function sound calibrator	B&K 4226	2288444	20-Jun-2015	CIGISMEC
Signal generator	DS 360	33873	09-Apr-2015	CEPREI
Signal generator	DS 360	61227	09-Apr-2015	CEPREI

Ambient conditions

Temperature:	22 ± 1 °C
Relative humidity:	60 ± 10 %
Air pressure:	1000 ± 10 hPa

Test specifications

- 1, The Sound Level Meter has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-152.
- 2, The electrical tests were performed using an electrical signal substituted for the microphone which was removed and replaced by an equivalent capacitance within a tolerance of ±20%.
- 3, The acoustic calibration was performed using an B&K 4226 sound calibrator and corrections was applied for the difference between the free-field and pressure responses of the Sound Level Meter.

Test results

This is to certify that the Sound Level Meter conforms to BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 for the conditions under which the test was performed.

Details of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate.

Actual Measurement data are documented on worksheets.

Approved Signatory:

Huang Jian Min/Feng Jun Qi

Date: 18-Oct-2014

Company Chop:



Comments: The results reported in this certificate refer to the condition of the instrument on the date of calibration and carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument.



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

(Continuation Page)

Certificate No.: 14CA1016 01-02 Page 2 of 2

1, Electrical Tests

The electrical tests were performed using an equivalent capacitance substituted for the microphone. The results are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties. The "Pass" means the result of the test is inside the tolerances stated in the test specifications. The "-" means the result of test is outside these tolerances.

Test:	Subtest:	Status:	Expanded Uncertainty (dB)	Coverage Factor
Self-generated noise	A	Pass	0.3	
	C	Pass	0.8	2.1
	Lin	Pass	1.6	2.2
Linearity range for Leq	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3	
	Reference SPL on all other ranges	Pass	0.3	
	2 dB below upper limit of each range	Pass	0.3	
	2 dB above lower limit of each range	Pass	0.3	
Linearity range for SPL	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3	
	Frequency weightings			
Time weightings	A	Pass	0.3	
	C	Pass	0.3	
	Lin	Pass	0.3	
Peak response	Single Burst Fast	Pass	0.3	
	Single Burst Slow	Pass	0.3	
R.M.S. accuracy	Single 100µs rectangular pulse	N/A	N/A	
Time weighting I	Crest factor of 3	Pass	0.3	
	Single burst 5 ms at 2000 Hz	Pass	0.3	
Time averaging	Repeated at frequency of 100 Hz	Pass	0.3	
	1 ms burst duty factor 1/10 ³ at 4kHz	Pass	0.3	
	1 ms burst duty factor 1/10 ⁴ at 4kHz	Pass	0.3	
Pulse range	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4	
Sound exposure level	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4	
Overload indication	SPL	Pass	0.3	
	Leq	Pass	0.4	

2, Acoustic tests

The complete sound level meter was calibrated on the reference range using a B&K 4226 acoustic calibrator with 1000Hz and SPL 94 dB. The sensitivity of the sound level meter was adjusted. The test result at 125 Hz and 8000 Hz are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties.

Test:	Subtest	Status	Expanded Uncertainty (dB)	Coverage Factor
Acoustic response	Weighting A at 125 Hz	Pass	0.3	
	Weighting A at 8000 Hz	Pass	0.5	

3, Response to associated sound calibrator

N/A

The expanded uncertainties have been calculated in accordance with the ISO Publication "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement", and gives an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of 95%. A coverage factor of 2 is assumed unless explicitly stated.

- End -

Calibrated by:

Date:

Fung Chi Yip
17-Oct-2014

Checked by:

Date:

Lam Tze Wai
18-Oct-2014

The standard(s) and equipment used in the calibration are traceable to national or international recognised standards and are calibrated on a schedule to maintain the required accuracy level.



Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 1 of 5

Sound level meter type: 2250-L Serial No. 2741137 Date 17-Oct-2014
Microphone type: 4189 Serial No. 2550231
Report: 14CA1016 01-02

SELF GENERATED NOISE TEST

The noise test is performed in the most sensitive range of the SLM with the microphone replaced by an equivalent impedance.

Noise level in A weighting 12.7 dB
Noise level in C weighting 14.0 dB
Noise level in Lin 19.8 dB

LINEARITY TEST

The linearity is tested relative to the reference sound pressure level using a continuous sinusoidal signal of frequency 4 kHz. The measurement is made on the reference range for indications at 5 dB intervals starting from the 94 dB reference sound pressure level. And until within 5 dB of the upper and lower limits of the reference range, the measurements shall be made at 1 dB intervals. (SLM set to LEQ/SPL)

Reference/Expected level	Actual level		Tolerance	Deviation	
	non-integrated	integrated		non-integrated	integrated
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB	dB
94.0	94.0	94.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
99.0	99.0	99.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
104.0	104.0	104.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
109.0	109.0	109.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
114.0	114.0	114.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
119.0	119.0	119.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
124.0	124.0	124.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
129.0	129.0	129.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
134.0	134.0	134.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
135.0	135.0	135.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
136.0	136.0	136.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
137.0	137.0	137.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
138.0	138.0	138.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
139.0	139.0	139.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
140.0	140.0	140.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
89.0	89.0	89.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
84.0	84.0	84.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
79.0	79.0	79.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
74.0	74.0	74.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
69.0	69.0	69.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
64.0	64.0	64.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
59.0	59.0	59.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
54.0	54.0	54.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
49.0	49.0	49.0	0.7	0.0	0.0



Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 2 of 5

Sound level meter type: 2250-L Serial No. 2741137 Date 17-Oct-2014
Microphone type: 4189 Serial No. 2550231

Report: 14CA1016 01-02

44.0	44.0	44.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
39.0	39.0	39.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
34.0	34.0	34.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
33.0	33.0	33.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
32.0	32.0	32.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
31.0	31.0	31.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
30.0	30.0	30.0	0.7	0.0	0.0

Measurements for an indication of the reference SPL on all other ranges which include it

Other ranges	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
20-140	94.0	94.0	0.7	0.0

Measurements on all level ranges for indications 2 dB below the upper limit and 2 dB above the lower limit

Ranges	Reference/Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
20-140	30.0	30.0	0.7	0.0
	138.0	138.0	0.7	0.0

FREQUENCY WEIGHTING TEST

The frequency response of the weighting networks are tested at octave intervals over the frequency ranges 31.5 Hz to 12500 Hz. The signal level at 1000 Hz is set to give an indication of the reference SPL.

Frequency weighting A:

Frequency	Ref. level	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation
				+	-	
Hz	dB	dB	dB			dB
1000.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	54.6	54.5	1.5	1.5	-0.1
63.1	94.0	67.8	67.8	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	77.9	77.9	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	85.4	85.4	1.0	1.0	0.0
501.2	94.0	90.8	90.8	1.0	1.0	0.0
1995.0	94.0	95.2	95.2	1.0	1.0	0.0
3981.0	94.0	95.0	94.9	1.0	1.0	-0.1
7943.0	94.0	92.9	92.6	1.5	3.0	-0.3
12590.0	94.0	89.7	89.4	3.0	6.0	-0.3

Frequency weighting C:

Frequency	Ref. level	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation
				+	-	
Hz	dB	dB	dB			dB
1000.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	91.0	91.0	1.5	1.5	0.0



Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 3 of 5

Sound level meter type: 2250-L Serial No. 2741137 Date 17-Oct-2014
Microphone type: 4189 Serial No. 2550231
Report: 14CA1016 01-02

63.1	94.0	93.2	93.2	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	93.8	93.8	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
501.2	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
1995.0	94.0	93.8	93.8	1.0	1.0	0.0
3981.0	94.0	93.2	93.1	1.0	1.0	-0.1
7943.0	94.0	91.0	90.7	1.5	3.0	-0.3
12590.0	94.0	87.8	87.5	3.0	6.0	-0.3

Frequency weighting Lin:

Frequency Hz	Ref. level dB	Expected level dB	Actual level dB	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation dB
				+	-	
1000.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.6	94.0	94.0	94.1	1.5	1.5	0.1
63.1	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.5	1.5	0.0
125.9	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
251.2	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
501.2	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
1995.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
3981.0	94.0	94.0	94.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
7943.0	94.0	94.0	93.7	1.5	3.0	-0.3
12590.0	94.0	94.0	93.7	3.0	6.0	-0.3

TIME WEIGHTING FAST TEST

Time weighting F is tested on the reference range with a single sinusoidal burst of duration 200 ms at a frequency 2000 Hz and an amplitude which produces an indication 4 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range when the signal is continuous. (Weight A, Maximum hold)

Ref. level	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+	-	dB
116.0	115.0	115.0	1.0	1.0	0.0

TIME WEIGHTING SLOW TEST

Time weighting S is tested on the reference range with a single sinusoidal burst of duration 500 ms at a frequency 2000 Hz and an amplitude which produces an indication 4 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range when the signal is continuous. (Weight A, Maximum hold)

Ref. level	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance(dB)		Deviation
dB	dB	dB	+	-	dB
116.0	111.9	111.9	1.0	1.0	0.0

RMS ACCURACY TEST

The RMS detector accuracy is tested on the reference range for a crest factor of 3.

Test frequency: 2000 Hz
Amplitude: 2 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range.
Burst repetition frequency: 40 Hz
Tone burst signal: 11 cycles of a sine wave of frequency 2000 Hz. (Set to INT)



Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 4 of 5

Sound level meter type: 2250-L Serial No. 2741137 Date 17-Oct-2014
Microphone type: 4189 Serial No. 2550231
Report: 14CA1016 01-02

	Ref. Level	Expected level	Tone burst signal	Tolerance	Deviation
Time weighting	dB	dB	indication(dB)	+/- dB	dB
Slow	118.0+6.6	118.0	118.0	0.5	0.0

TIME WEIGHTING IMPULSE TEST

Time weighting I is tested on the reference range (Set the SLM to LAImax)

Test frequency: 2000 Hz

Amplitude: The upper limit of the primary indicator range.

Single sinusoidal burst of duration 5 ms:

Ref. Level	Single burst indication		Tolerance	Deviation
dB	Expected (dB)	Actual (dB)	+/- dB	dB
120.0	111.2	111.1	2.0	-0.1

Repeated at 100 Hz

Ref. Level	Repeated burst indication		Tolerance	Deviation
dB	Expected (dB)	Actual (dB)	+/- dB	dB
120.0	117.3	117.2	1.0	-0.1

TIME AVERAGING TEST

This test compares the SLM reading for continuous sine signals with readings obtained from a sine tone burst sequence having the same RMS level. The test level is 30 dB below the upper limit of the linearity range and repeated for Type 1 SLM with 40 dB below the upper limit of the linearity.

Frequency of tone burst: 4000 Hz

Duration of tone burst: 1 ms

Repetition Time	Level of tone burst	Expected Leq	Actual Leq	Tolerance	Deviation	Remarks
msec	dB	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB	
1000	110.0	110.0	109.9	1.0	-0.1	60s integ.
10000	100.0	100.0	99.9	1.0	-0.1	6min. integ.

PULSE RANGE AND SOUND EXPOSURE LEVEL TEST

The test tone burst signal is superimposed on a baseline signal corresponding to the lower limit of reference rar

Test frequency: 4000 Hz

Integration time: 10 sec

The integrating sound level meter set to Leq:

Duration	Rms level of tone burst	Expected	Actual	Tolerance	Deviation
msec	(dB)	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
10	120.0	90.0	89.9	1.7	-0.1

The integrating sound level meter set to SEL:

Duration	Rms level of tone burst	Expected	Actual	Tolerance	Deviation
msec	(dB)	dB	dB	+/- dB	dB
10.0	120.0	100.0	99.9	1.7	-0.1



Test Data for Sound Level Meter

Page 5 of 5

Sound level meter type: 2250-L Serial No. 2741137 Date 17-Oct-2014
Microphone type: 4189 Serial No. 2550231

Report: 14CA1016 01-02

OVERLOAD INDICATION TEST

For SLM capable of operating in a non-integrating mode.

Test frequency: 2000 Hz
Amplitude: 2 dB below the upper limit of the primary indicator range.
Burst repetition frequency: 40 Hz
Tone burst signal: 11 cycles of a sine wave of frequency 2000 Hz.

Level	Level reduced by	Further reduced	Difference	Tolerance	Deviation
at overload (dB)	1 dB	3 dB	dB	dB	dB
135.0	134.0	131.0	3.0	1.0	0.0

For integrating SLM, with the instrument indicating Leq.

For integrating SLM, with the instrument indicating Leq and set to the reference range. The test signal as follow
The test tone burst signal is superimposed on a baseline signal corresponding to the lower limit of reference range
Test frequency: 4000 Hz
Integration time: 10 sec
Single burst duration: 1 msec

Rms level	Level reduced by	Expected level	Actual level	Tolerance	Deviation
at overload (dB)	1 dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
141.9	140.9	100.9	100.8	2.2	-0.1

ACOUSTIC TEST

The acoustic test of the complete SLM is tested at the frequency 125 Hz and 8000 Hz using a B&K type 4226 Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator. The test is performed in A weighting.

Frequency Hz	Expected level dB	Actual level Measured (dB)	Tolerance (dB)		Deviation dB
			+	-	
1000	94.0	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
125	77.9	77.8	1.0	1.0	-0.1
8000	92.9	93.7	1.5	3.0	0.8

-----END-----



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.: 14CA1110 04-02

Page: 1 of 2

Item tested

Description: Acoustical Calibrator (Class 1)
Manufacturer: B & K
Type/Model No.: 4231
Serial/Equipment No.: 2309393
Adaptors used: -

Item submitted by

Customer: MTR Corporation Limited
Address of Customer: -
Request No.: -
Date of receipt: 10-Nov-2014

Date of test: 11-Nov-2014

Reference equipment used in the calibration

Description:	Model:	Serial No.	Expiry Date:	Traceable to:
Lab standard microphone	B&K 4180	2412857	13-May-2015	SCL
Preamplifier	B&K 2673	2743150	10-Apr-2015	CEPREI
Measuring amplifier	B&K 2610	2346941	08-Apr-2015	CEPREI
Signal generator	DS 360	61227	09-Apr-2015	CEPREI
Digital multi-meter	34401A	US36087050	17-Dec-2014	CEPREI
Audio analyzer	8903B	GB41300350	07-Apr-2015	CEPREI
Universal counter	53132A	MY40003662	11-Apr-2015	CEPREI

Ambient conditions

Temperature: 22 ± 1 °C
Relative humidity: 65 ± 10 %
Air pressure: 1010 ± 10 hPa

Test specifications


- The Sound Calibrator has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in IEC 60942 1997 Annex B and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-156.
- The calibrator was tested with its axis vertical facing downwards at the specific frequency using insert voltage technique.
- The results are rounded to the nearest 0.01 dB and 0.1 Hz and have not been corrected for variations from a reference pressure of 1013.25 hectoPascals as the maker's information indicates that the instrument is insensitive to pressure changes.

Test results

This is to certify that the sound calibrator conforms to the requirements of annex B of IEC 60942: 1997 for the conditions under which the test was performed. This does not imply that the sound calibrator meets IEC 60942 under any other conditions.

Details of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate.

Approved Signatory:


Huang Jiar-Min/Feng Jun Qi

Date: 11-Nov-2014

Company Chop:



Comments: The results reported in this certificate refer to the condition of the instrument on the date of calibration and carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument.



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

(Continuation Page)

Certificate No.: 14CA1110 04-02 Page: 2 of 2

1, Measured Sound Pressure Level

The output Sound Pressure Level in the calibrator head was measured at the setting and frequency shown using a calibrated laboratory standard microphone and insert voltage technique. The results are given in below with the estimated uncertainties.

Frequency Shown Hz	Output Sound Pressure Level Setting dB	Measured Output Sound Pressure Level dB	Estimated Expanded Uncertainty dB
1000	94.00	94.01	0.10

(Output level in dB re 20 μ Pa)

2, Sound Pressure Level Stability - Short Term Fluctuations

The Short Term Fluctuations was determined by measuring the maximum and minimum of the fast weighted DC output of the B&K 2610 measuring amplifier over a 20 second time interval as required in the standard. The Short Term Fluctuation was found to be:

At 1000 Hz **STF = 0.002 dB**
Estimated expanded uncertainty 0.005 dB

3, Actual Output Frequency

The determination of actual output frequency was made using a B&K 4180 microphone together with a B&K 2673 preamplifier connected to a B&K 2610 measuring amplifier. The AC output of the B&K 2610 was taken to an universal counter which was used to determine the frequency averaged over 20 second of operation as required by the standard. The actual output frequency at 1 KHz was:

At 1000 Hz **Actual Frequency = 1000.0 Hz**
Estimated expanded uncertainty 0.1 Hz Coverage factor k = 2.2

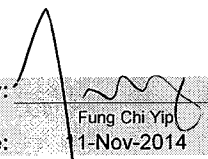
4, Total Noise and Distortion

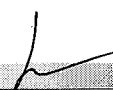
For the Total Noise and Distortion measurement, the unfiltered AC output of the B&K 2610 measuring amplifier was connected to an Agilent Type 8903 B distortion analyser. The TND result at 1 KHz was:

At 1000 Hz **TND = 0.6 %**
Estimated expanded uncertainty 0.7 %

The expanded uncertainties have been calculated in accordance with the ISO Publication "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement", and gives an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of 95%. A coverage factor of 2 is assumed unless explicitly stated.

- End -

Calibrated by: 
Date: 1-Nov-2014

Checked by: 
Date: 11-Nov-2014

The standard(s) and equipment used in the calibration are traceable to national or international recognised standards and are calibrated on a schedule to maintain the required accuracy level.



ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION

CONTACT: MR SAM WONG
CLIENT: ENOVATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICE LIMITED
ADDRESS: RM 3704, SIK MAN HOUSE,
HOMANTIN ESTATE,
KOWLOON,
HONG KONG

WORK ORDER: HK1428192
LABORATORY: HONG KONG
DATE RECEIVED: 11/10/2014
DATE OF ISSUE: 21/10/2014

PROJECT: --

COMMENTS

It is certified that the item under calibration/checking has been calibrated/checked by corresponding calibrated equipment in the laboratory.
Maximum Tolerance and calibration frequency stated in the report, unless otherwise stated, the internal acceptance criteria of ALS will be followed.

Scope of Test: Conductivity, Dissolved Oxygen, pH, Salinity, Temperature and Turbidity
Equipment Type: Sonde Environmental Monitoring System
Brand Name: YSI
Model No.: 6920 V2
Serial No.: 11F100014
Equipment No.: --
Date of Calibration: 21 October, 2014

NOTES

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this batch number.
Results apply to sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

ISSUING LABORATORY: HONG KONG

Address

ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd
11/F Chung Shun Knitting Centre
1-3 Wing Yip Street
Kwai Chung
HONG KONG

Phone: 852-2610 1044
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Email: hongkong@alsglobal.com


Mr. Fung Lim Chee, Richard
General Manager -
Greater China & Hong Kong

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Page 1 of 3

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK / CALIBRATION



Work Order: HK1428192
Date of Issue: 21/10/2014
Client: ENOVATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICE LIMITED

Description: Sonde Environmental Monitoring System
Brand Name: YSI
Model No.: 6920 V2
Serial No.: 11F100014
Equipment No.: --
Date of Calibration: 21 October, 2014 **Date of next Calibration:** 21 January, 2015

Parameters:

Conductivity

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 2510B

Expected Reading (uS/cm)	Displayed Reading (uS/cm)	Tolerance (%)
146.9	136.0	-7.4
6667	6104	-8.4
12890	11988	-7.0
58670	53628	-8.6
Tolerance Limit (±%)		10.0

Dissolved Oxygen

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 4500O: G

Expected Reading (mg/L)	Displayed Reading (mg/L)	Tolerance (mg/L)
1.85	1.70	-0.15
5.22	5.08	-0.14
7.59	7.70	0.11
Tolerance Limit (±mg/L)		0.20

pH Value

Method Ref: APHA 21st Ed. 4500H:B

Expected Reading (pH Unit)	Displayed Reading (pH Unit)	Tolerance (pH unit)
4.0	4.08	0.08
7.0	7.08	0.08
10.0	9.98	-0.02
Tolerance Limit (±pH unit)		0.20

Salinity

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 2520B

Expected Reading (ppt)	Displayed Reading (ppt)	Tolerance (%)
0	0.05	--
10	10.22	2.2
20	19.22	-3.9
30	29.13	-2.9
Tolerance Limit (±%)		10.0

Remark: "Displayed Reading" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.



 Mr. Fung Lim Chee, Richard
 General Manager -
 Greater China & Hong Kong

REPORT OF EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION



Work Order: HK1428192
Date of Issue: 21/10/2014
Client: ENOVATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICE LIMITED

Description: Sonde Environmental Monitoring System
Brand Name: YSI
Model No.: 6920 V2
Serial No.: 11F100014
Equipment No.: --
Date of Calibration: 21 October, 2014 **Date of next Calibration:** 21 January, 2015

Parameters:

Temperature

Method Ref: Section 6 of International Accreditation New Zealand Technical Guide No. 3 Second edition March 2008: Working Thermometer Calibration Procedure.

Expected Reading (°C)	Displayed Reading (°C)	Tolerance (°C)
11.5	12.10	0.6
25.0	23.40	-1.6
40.5	40.88	0.4
	Tolerance Limit (±°C)	2.0

Turbidity

Method Ref: APHA (21st edition), 2130B

Expected Reading (NTU)	Displayed Reading (NTU)	Tolerance (%)
0	0.0	--
4	4.3	7.5
40	40.2	0.5
80	74.0	-7.5
400	378.6	-5.3
800	724.7	-9.4
	Tolerance Limit (±%)	10.0

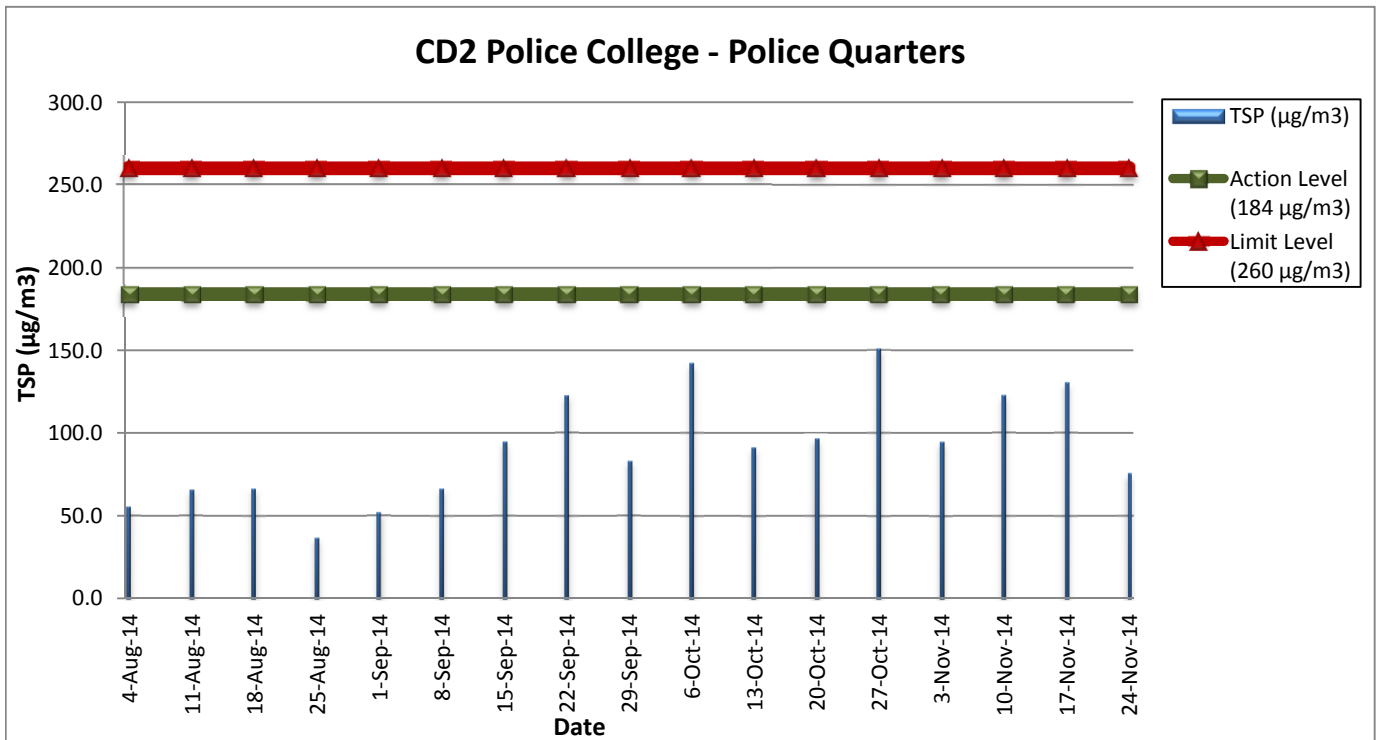
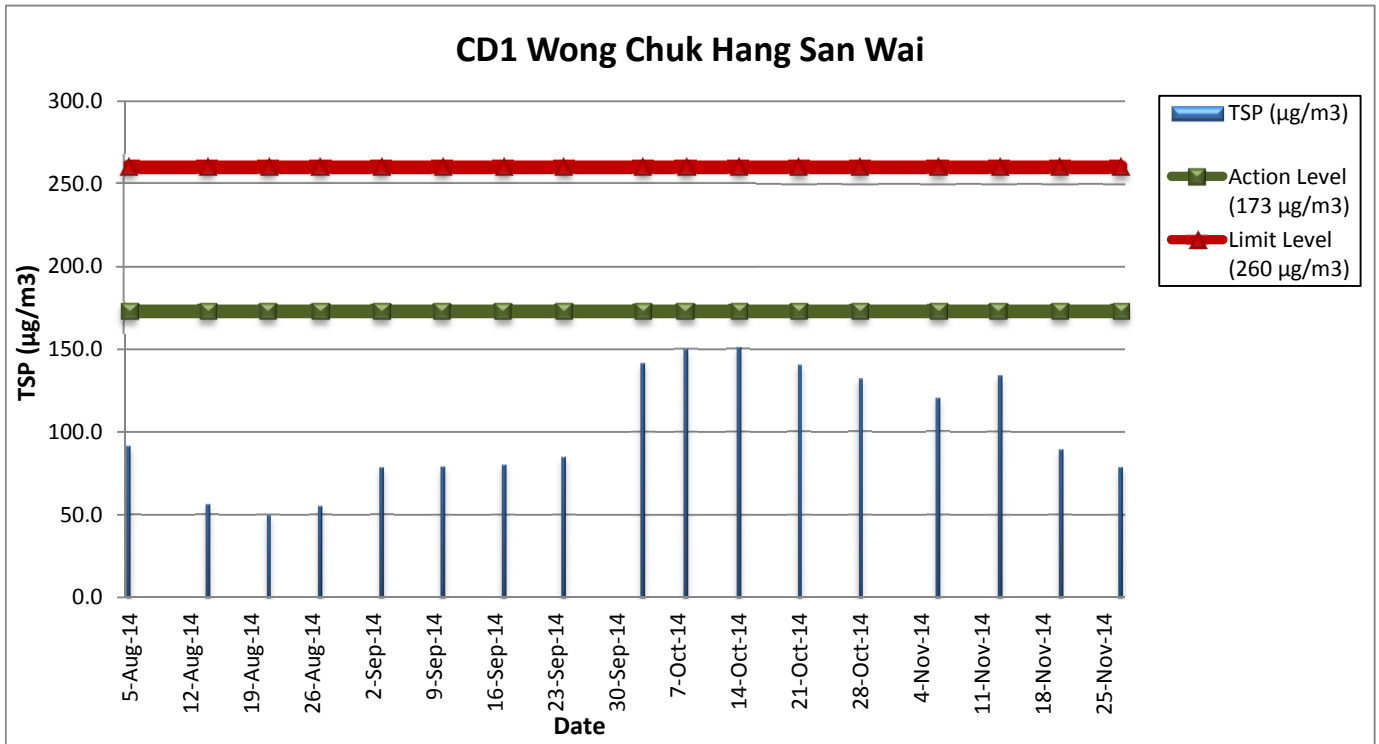
Remark: "Displayed Reading" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.

Mr. Fung Lim Chee, Richard
 General Manager -
 Greater China & Hong Kong

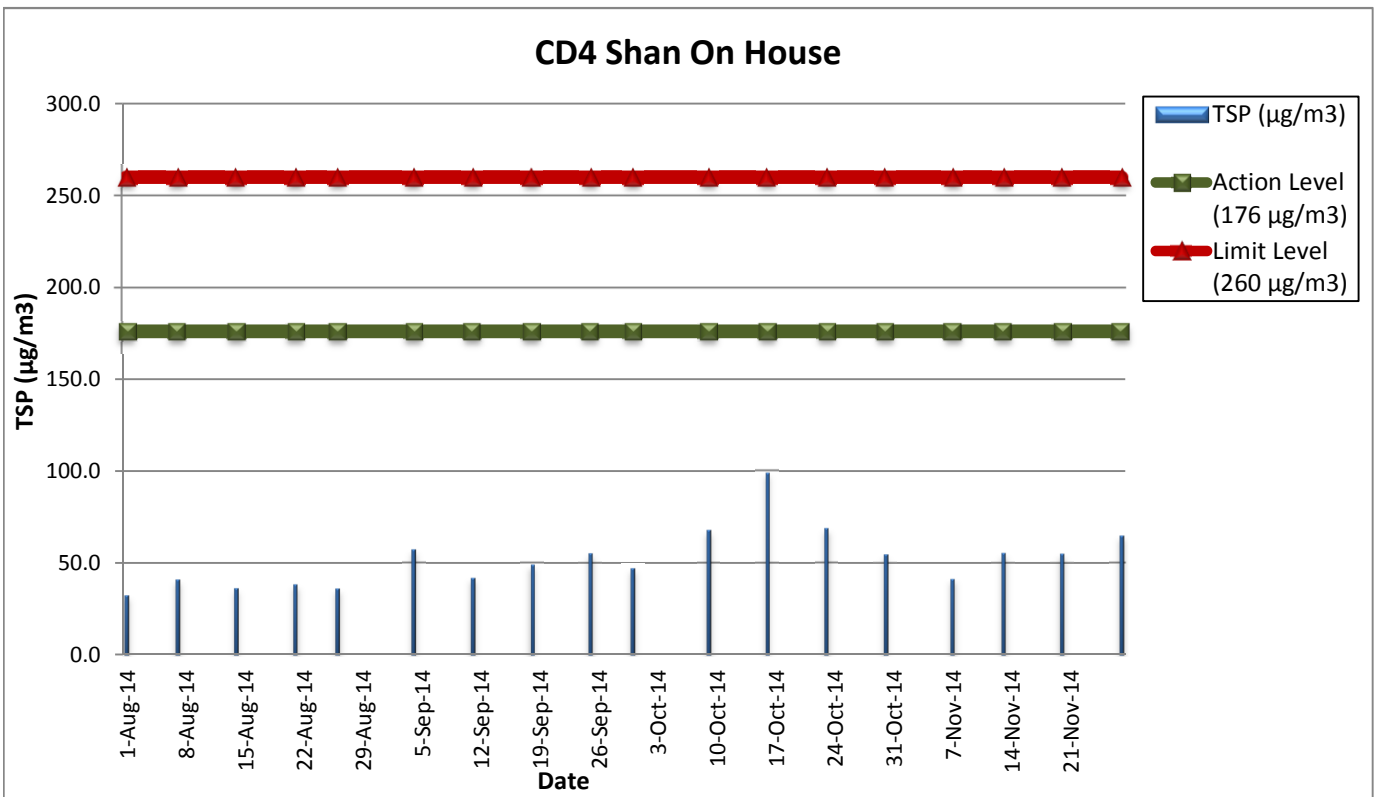
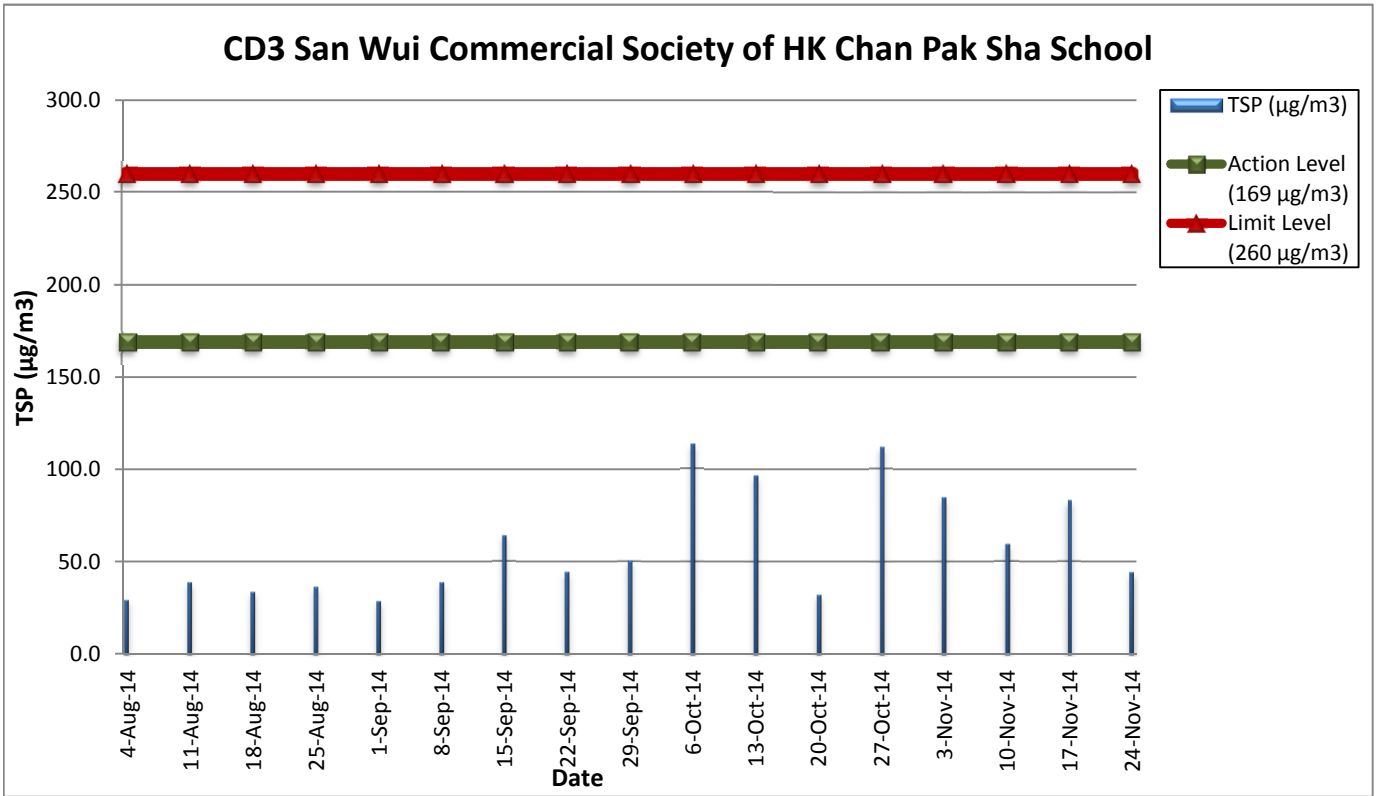
APPENDIX D

Graphical Plots of Air Quality, Noise & Water Quality Impact Monitoring
and Monitoring Results for Water Quality

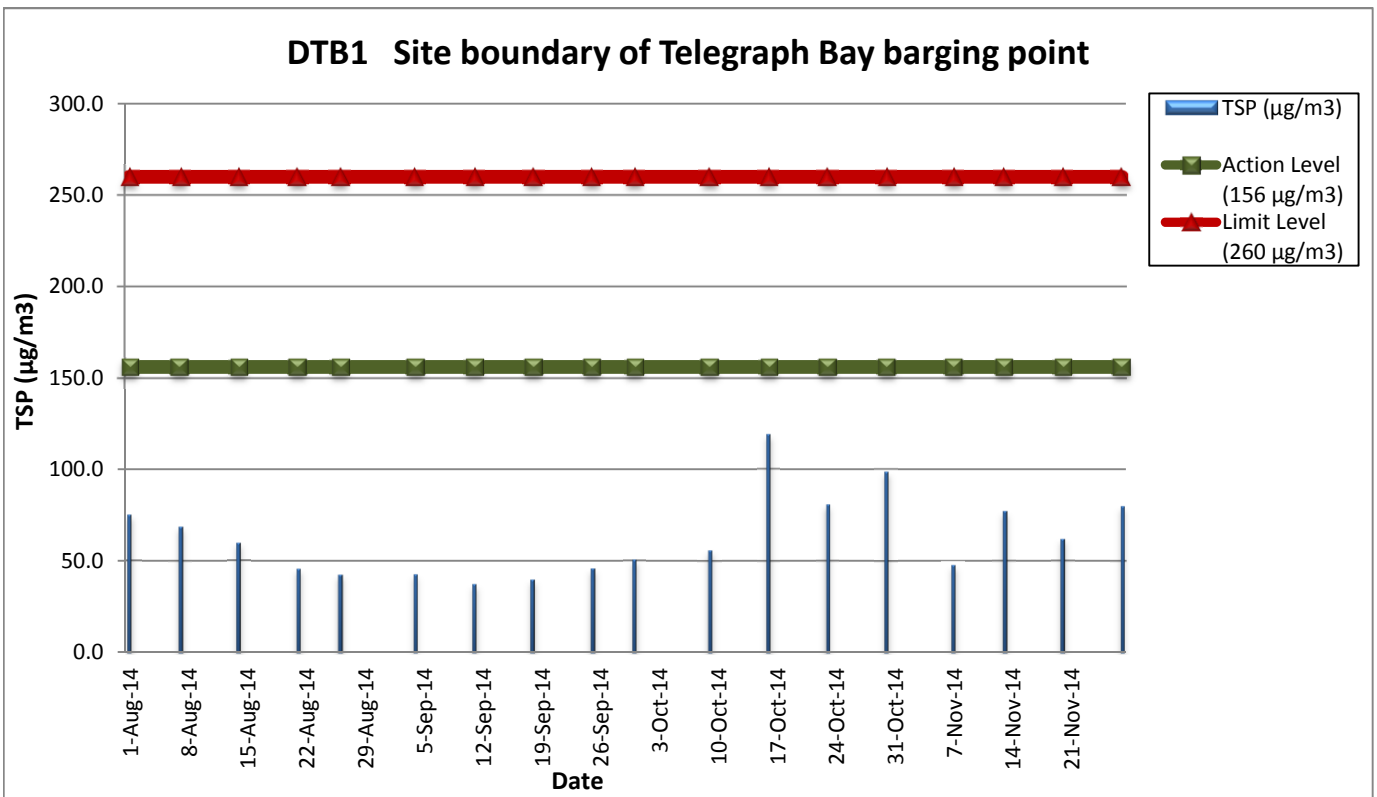
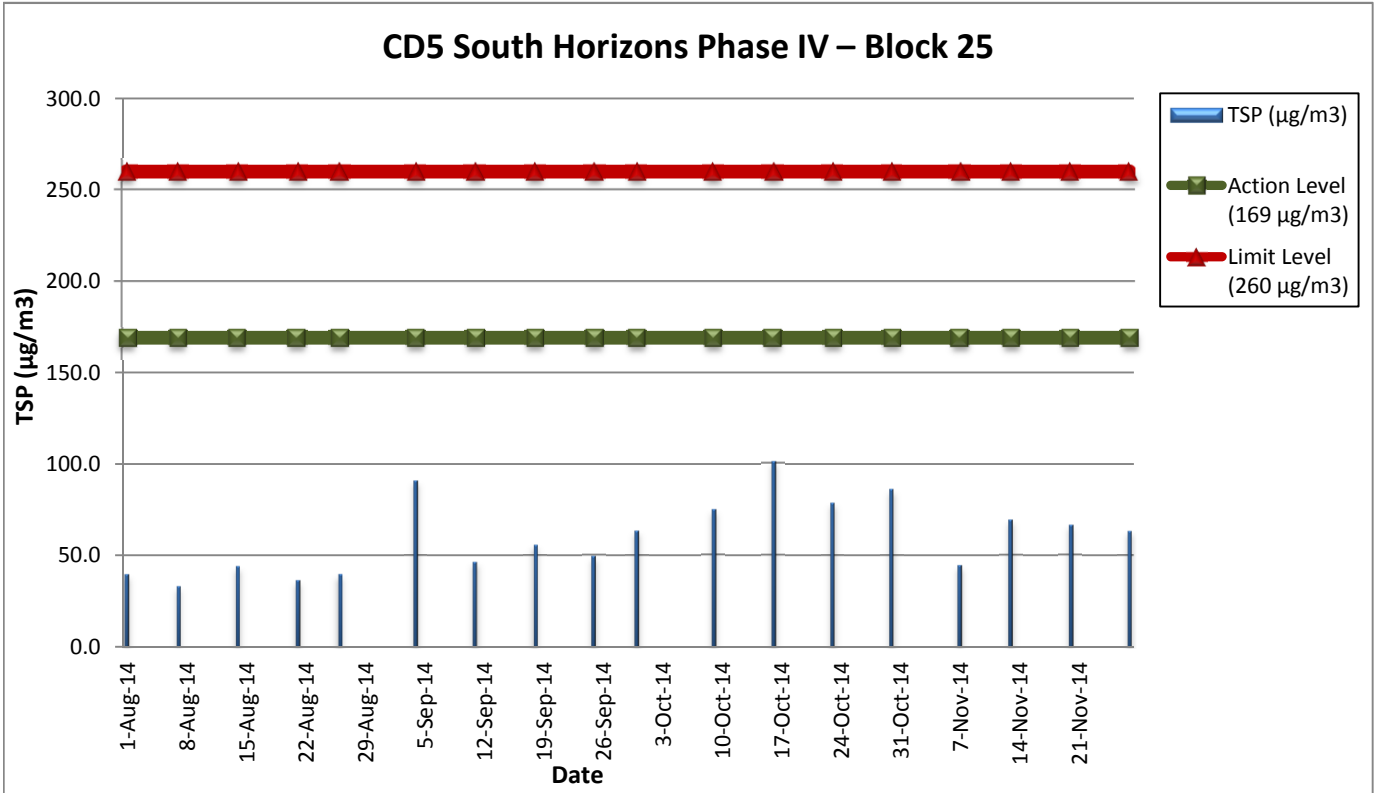
Graphical Plots for Air Quality Monitoring Results



Graphical Plots for Air Quality Monitoring Results

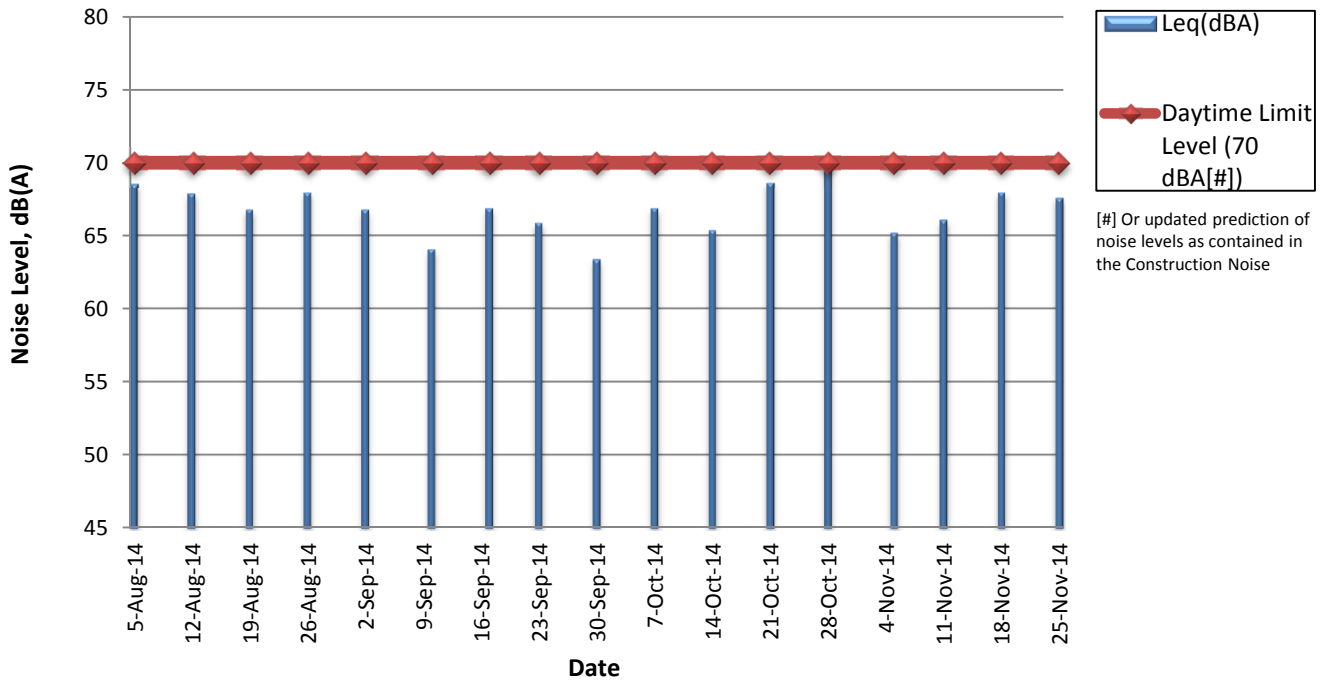


Graphical Plots for Air Quality Monitoring Results

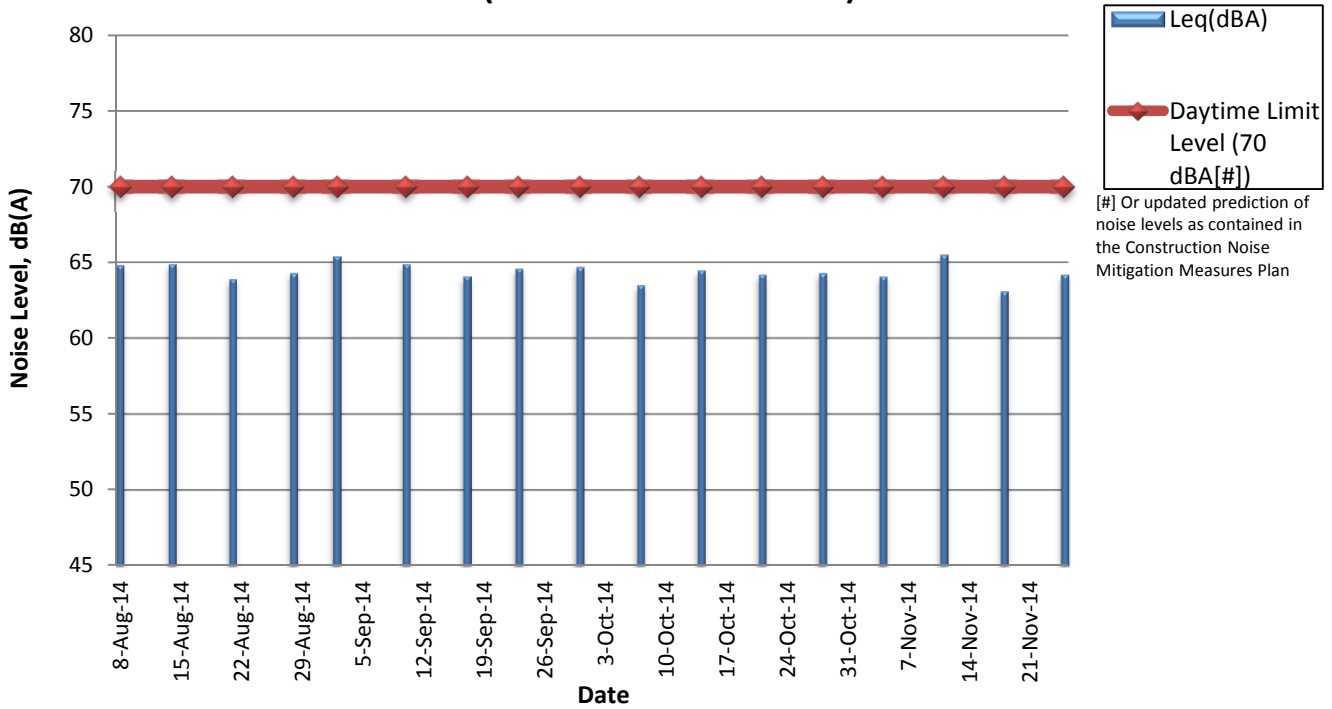


Graphical Plots for Noise Monitoring Results

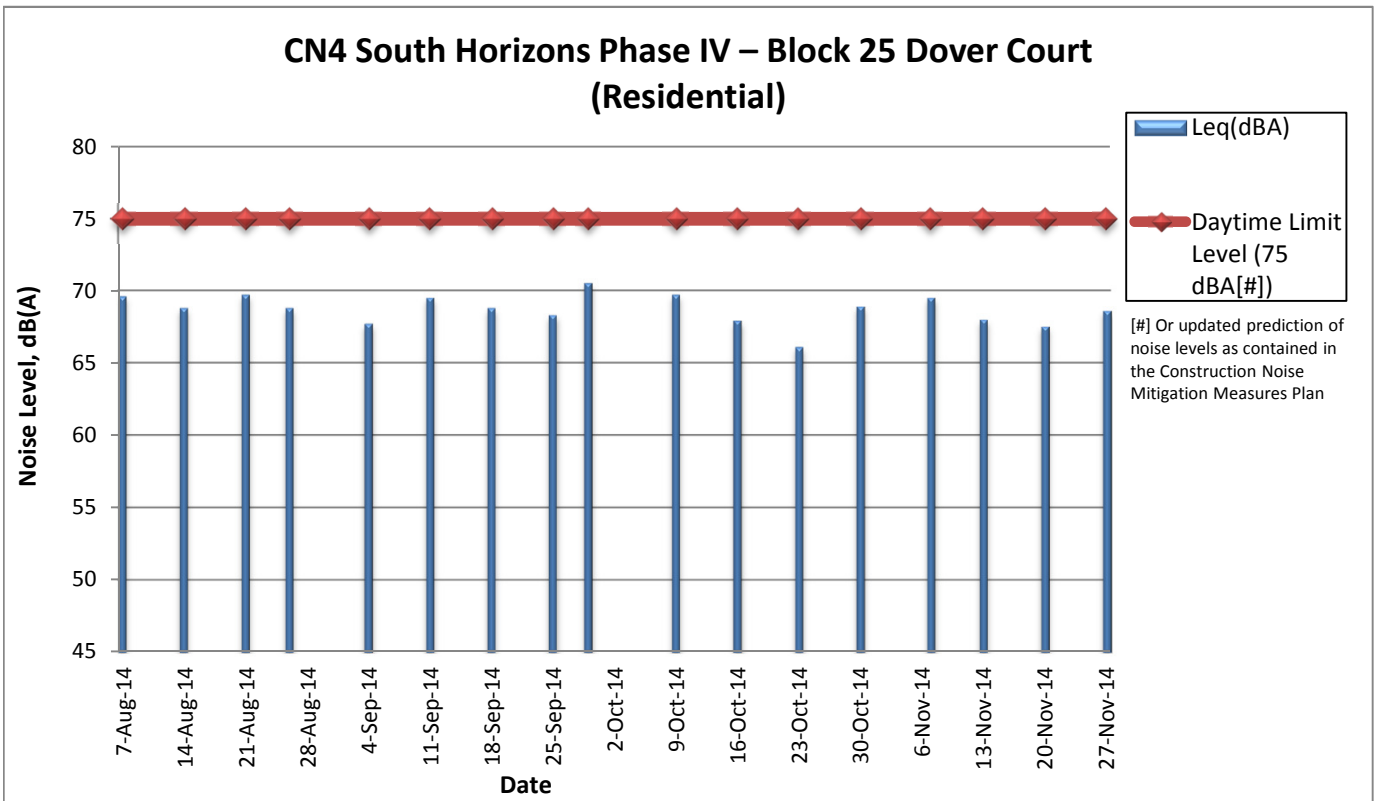
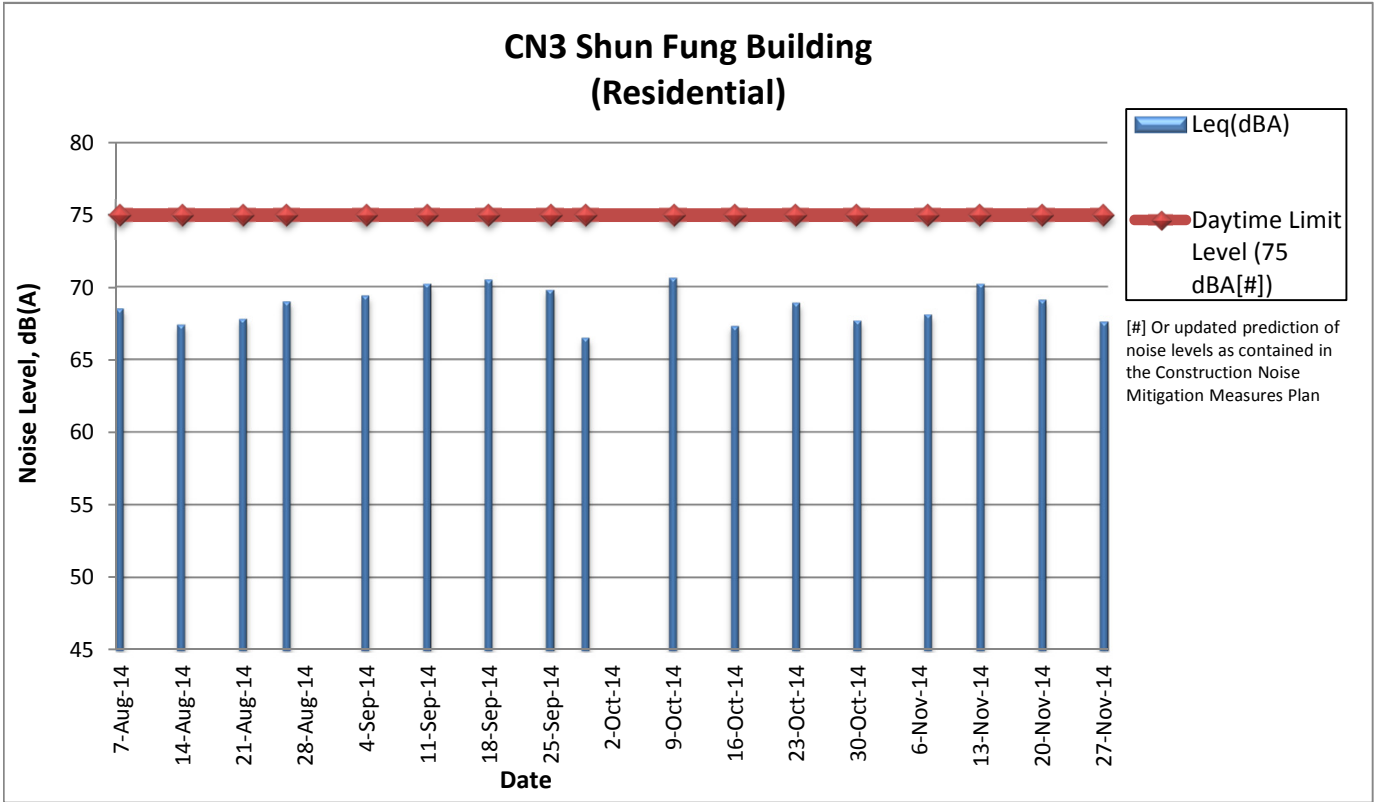
**Noise Level at CN1 San Wui Commercial Society of
HK Chan Pak Sha School (Educational Institution)**



**CN2 Holy Spirit Seminary
(Educational institution)**

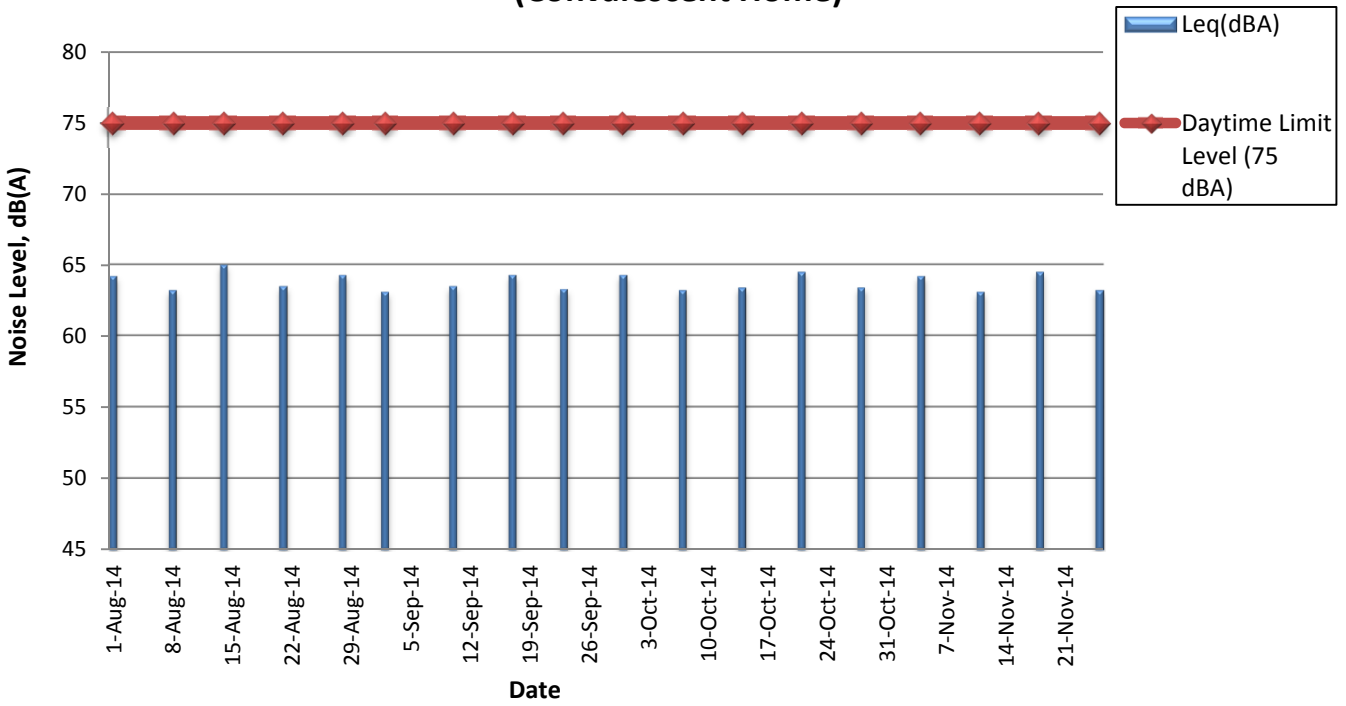


Graphical Plots for Noise Monitoring Results

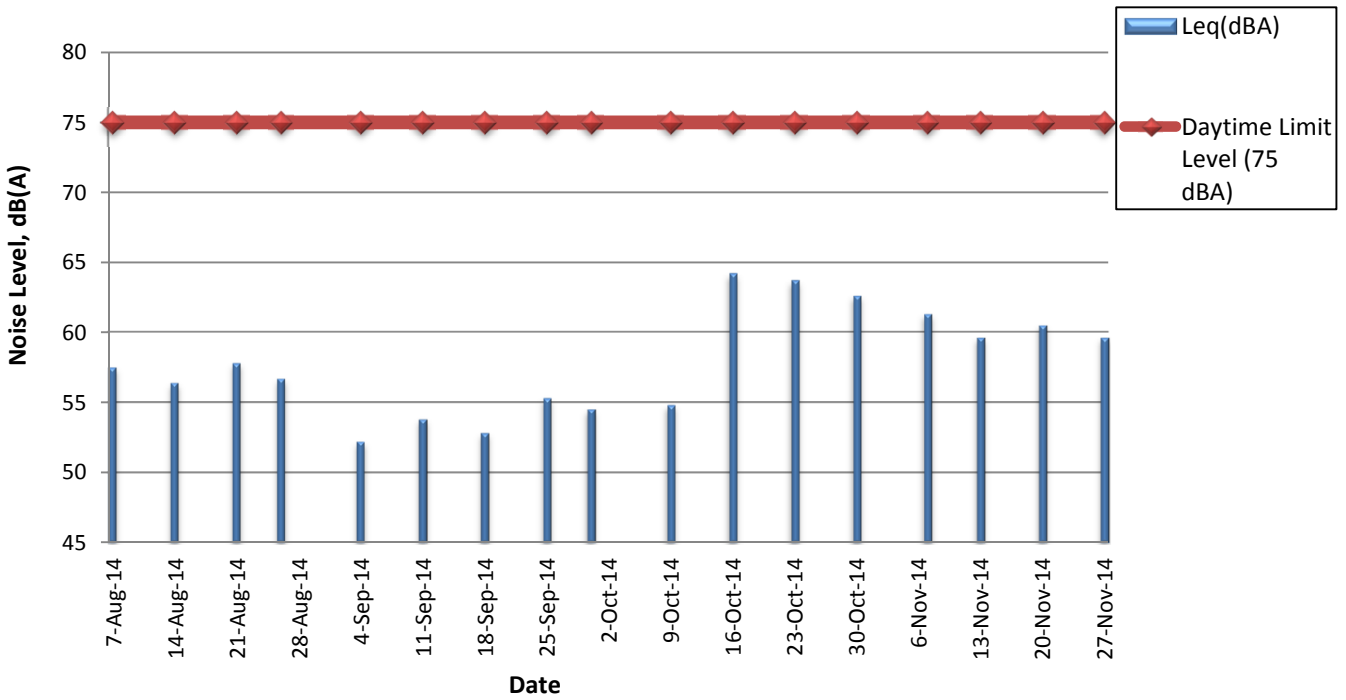


Graphical Plots for Noise Monitoring Results

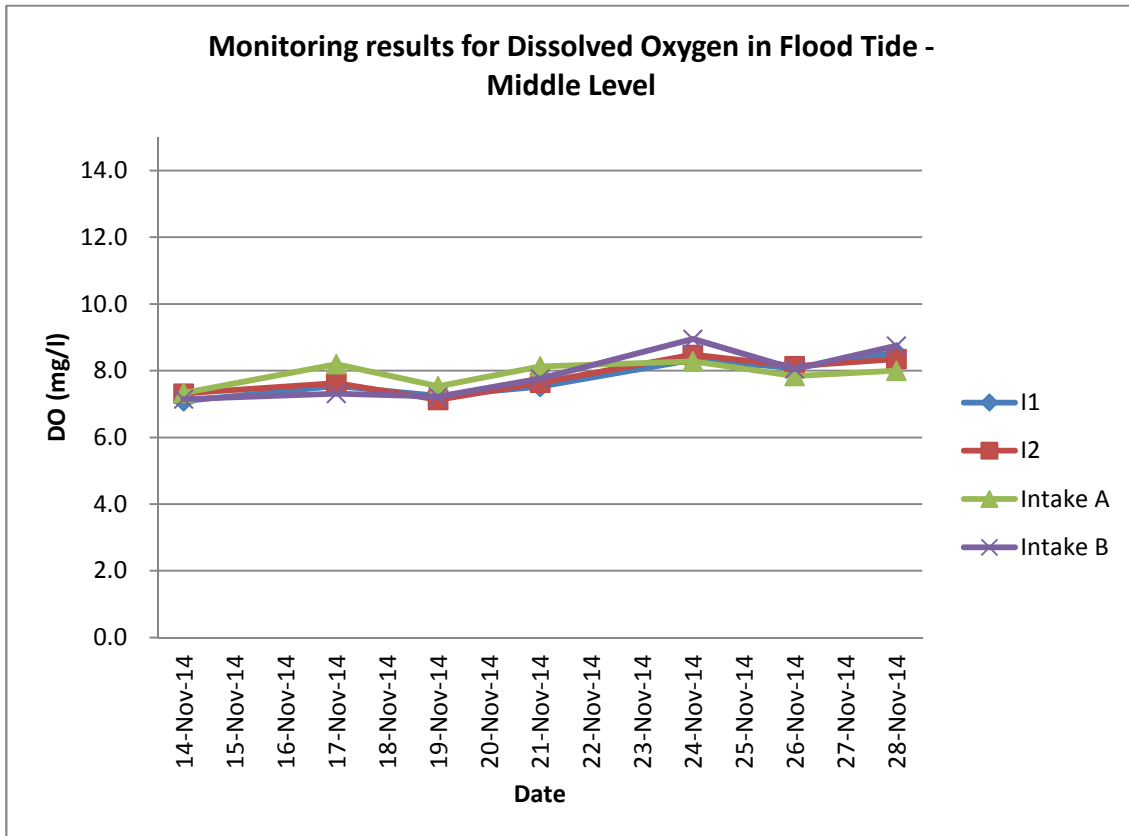
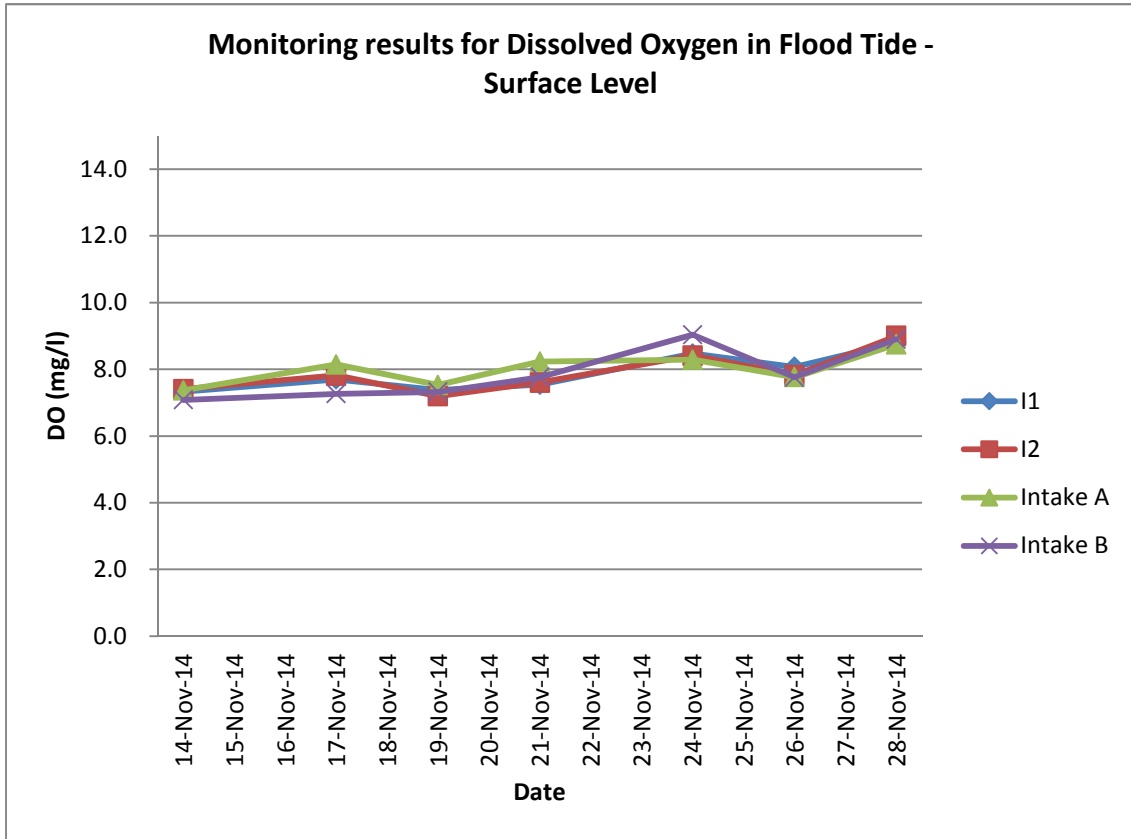
**CN5 TWGHs Jockey Club Rehabilitation Complex Block A
(Convalescent Home)**



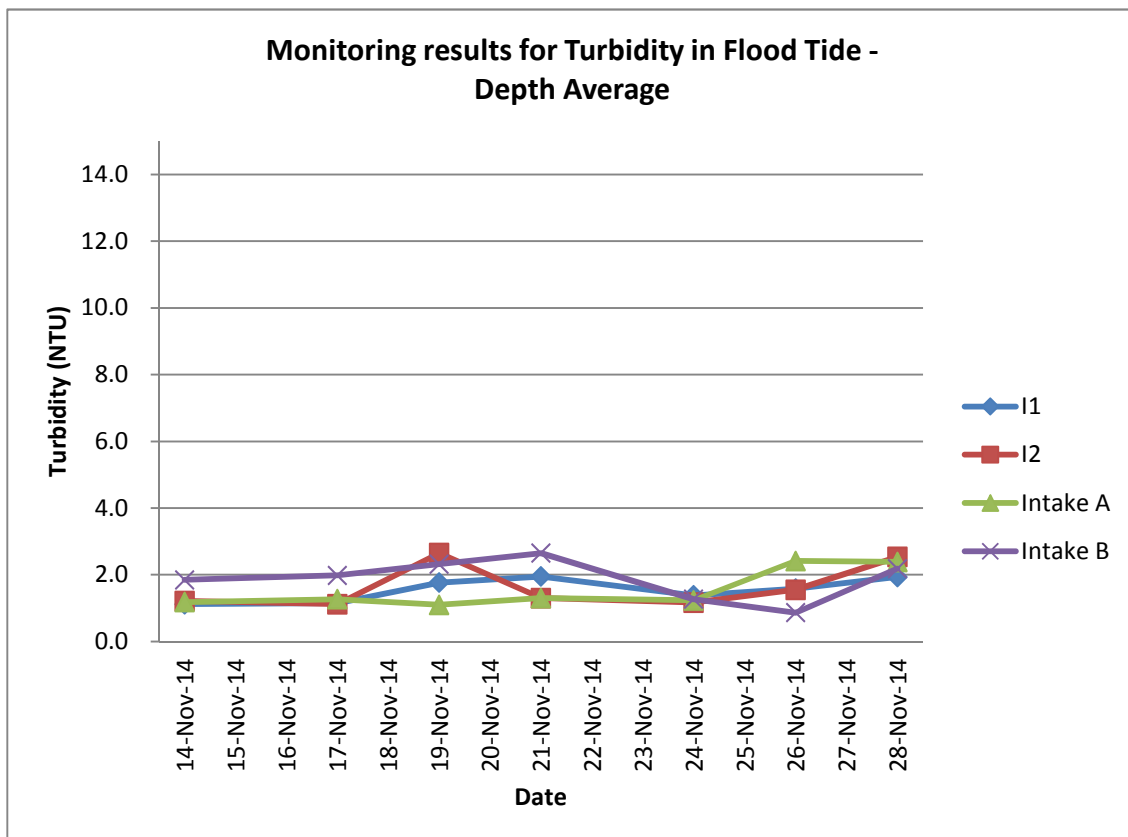
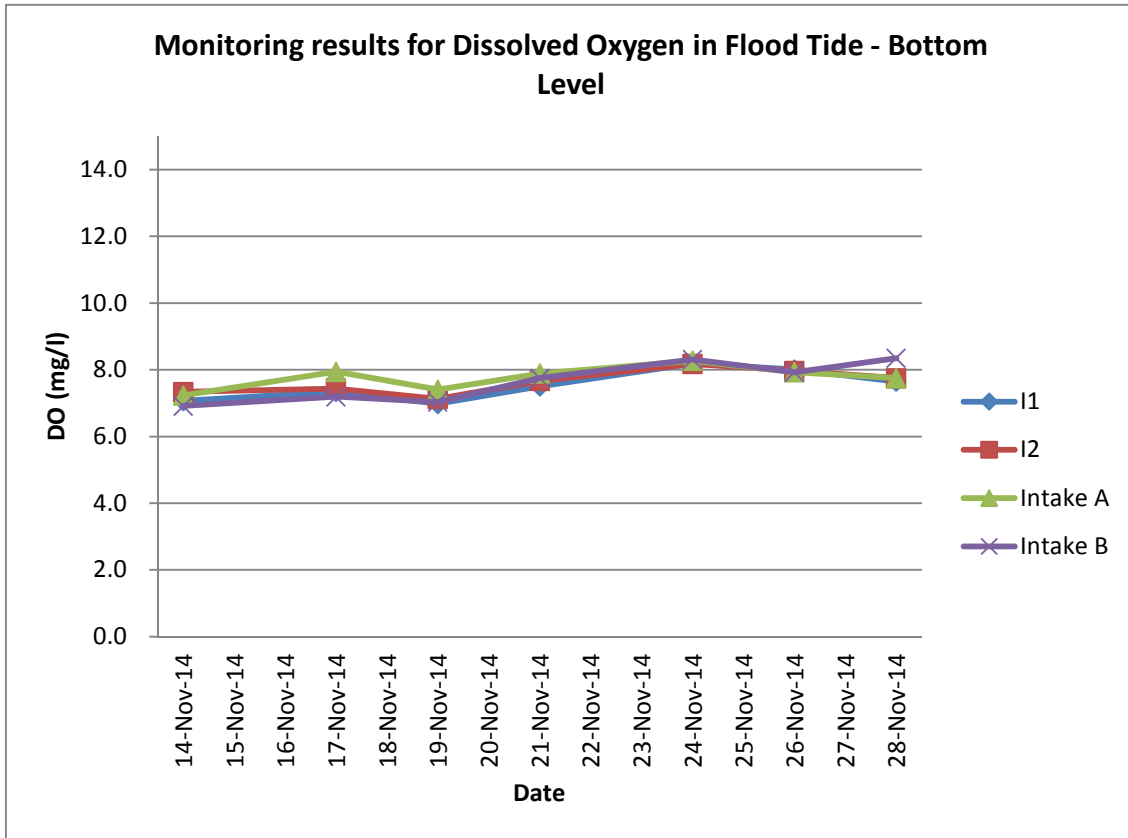
NTB1 Outside Aegean Terrace



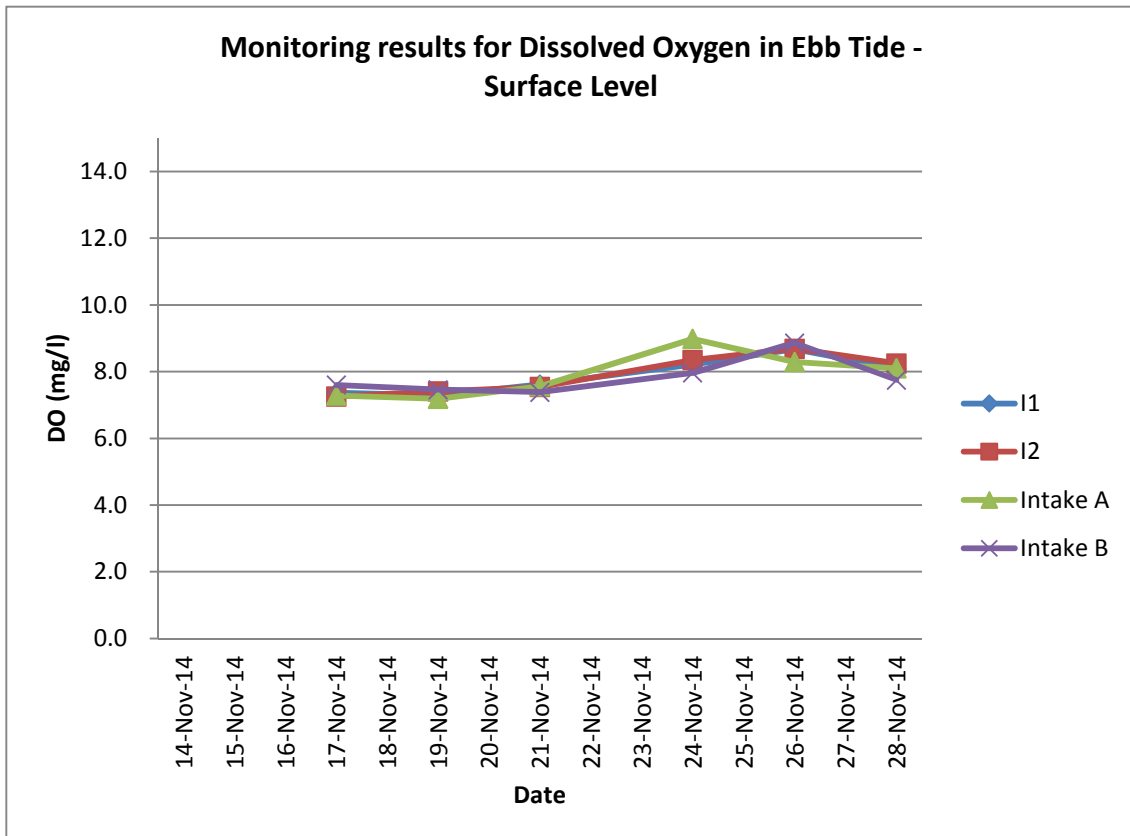
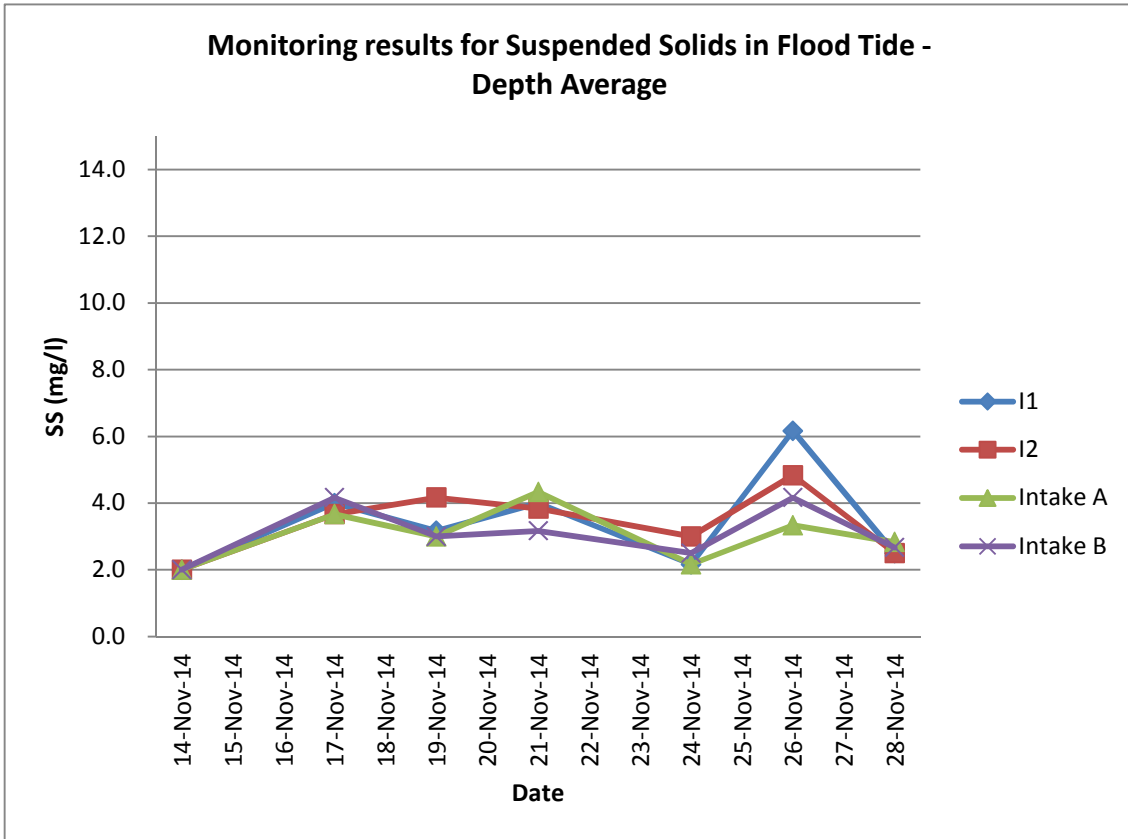
Graphical Plots of Water Quality Monitoring Results



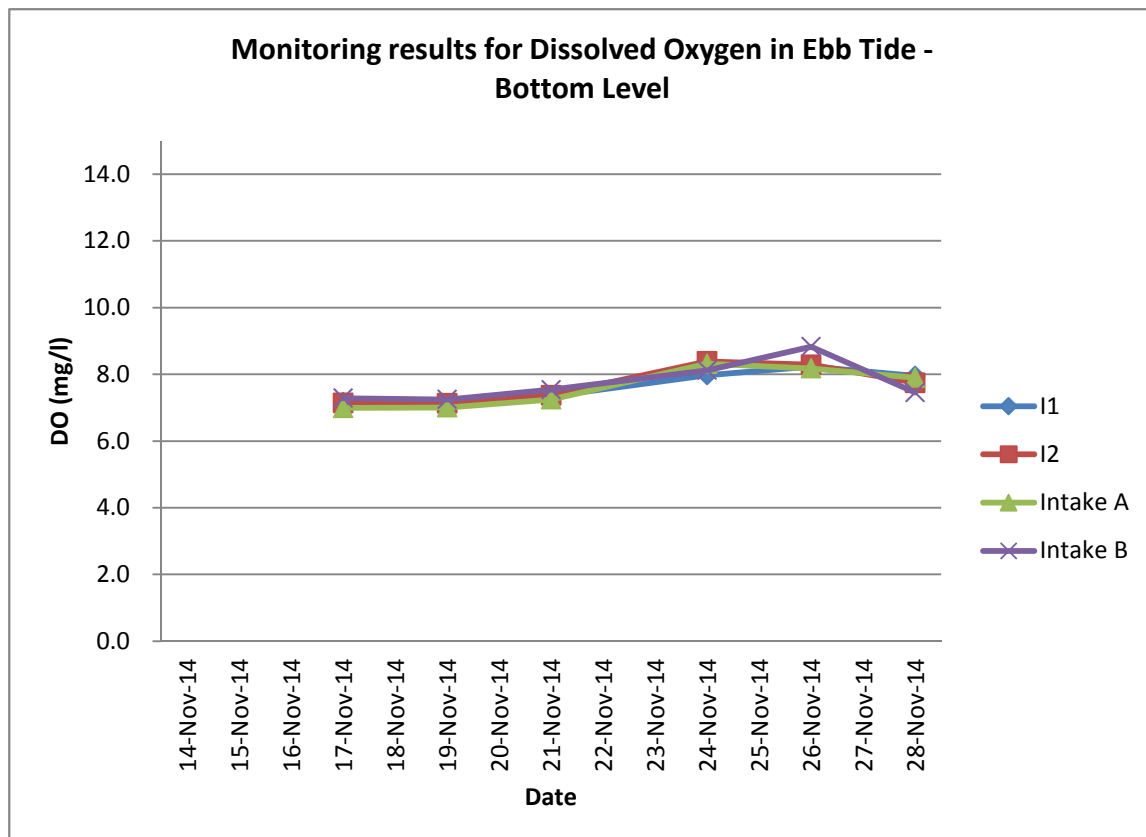
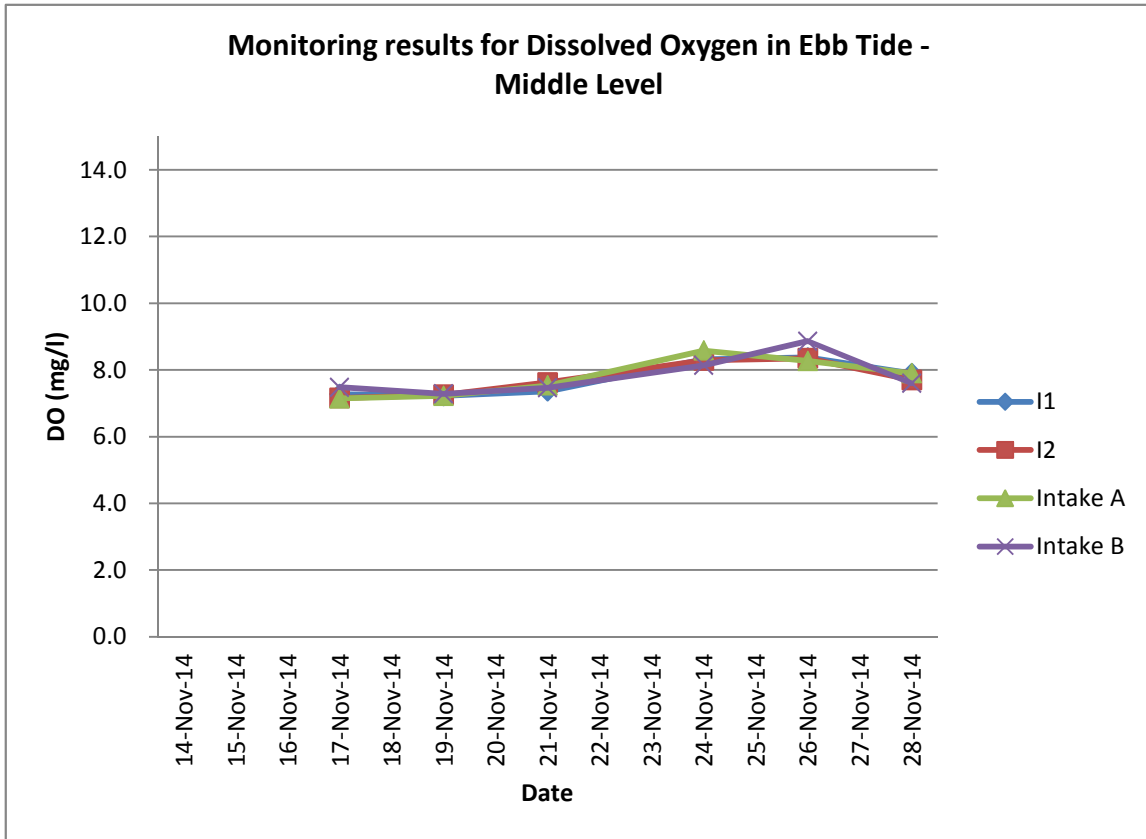
Graphical Plots of Water Quality Monitoring Results



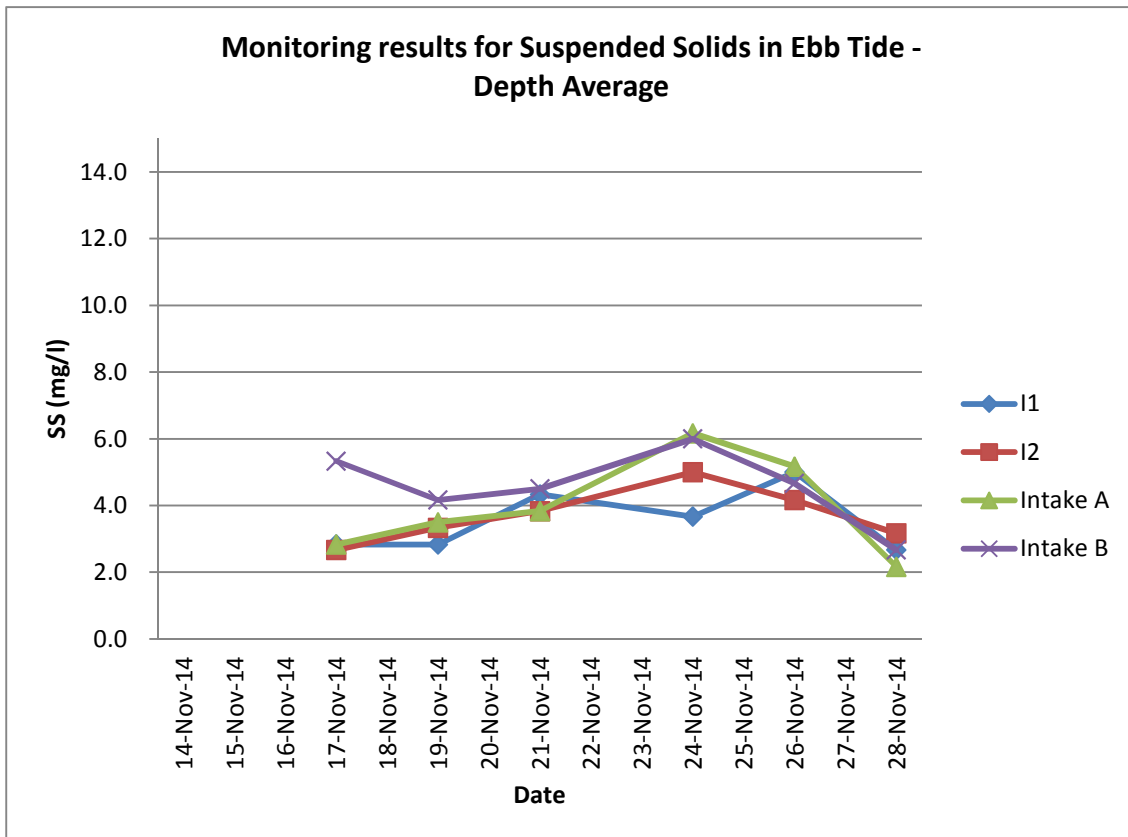
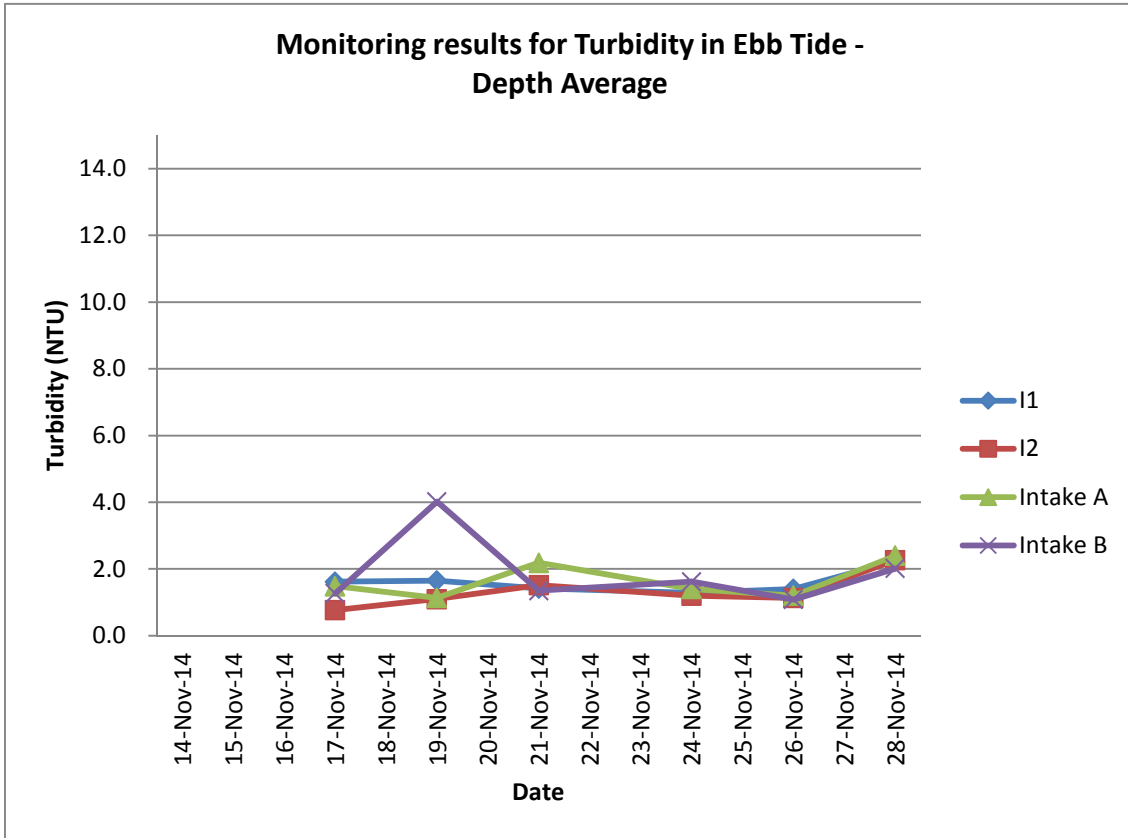
Graphical Plots of Water Quality Monitoring Results



Graphical Plots of Water Quality Monitoring Results



Graphical Plots of Water Quality Monitoring Results



SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 14-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Flood
 Weather: Cloudy
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CF

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
I1	16:21	13.3	Surface	24.7	24.8	24.7	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.4	33.3	33.3	7.3	7.4	7.3	105.7	104.5	105.1	1.0	1.0	1.0		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	24.6	24.4	24.5	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.3	33.4	7.1	7.1	7.1	103.0	104.0	103.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
			Bottom	24.6	24.5	24.5	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.9	33.7	7.0	7.1	7.1	102.4	102.4	102.4	1.2	1.3	1.3		2.0	2.0	2.0	
I2	16:36	13.5	Surface	24.7	24.7	24.7	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.3	33.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	108.1	106.2	107.2	1.0	1.0	1.0		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	24.7	24.6	24.6	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.5	33.5	7.3	7.3	7.3	106.8	104.8	105.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
			Bottom	24.6	24.8	24.7	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.8	33.7	7.3	7.4	7.3	105.8	104.9	105.4	1.4	1.3	1.4		2.0	2.0	2.0	
Intake A	16:41	10.6	Surface	24.7	24.8	24.8	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	34.0	33.8	7.4	7.3	7.4	108.4	108.8	108.6	1.1	1.0	1.1		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	24.6	24.5	24.6	8.4	8.5	8.4	33.7	33.6	33.6	7.4	7.3	7.3	107.2	105.0	106.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
			Bottom	24.6	24.6	24.6	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.6	33.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	105.7	105.9	105.8	1.3	1.3	1.3		2.0	2.0	2.0	
Intake B	16:00	11.3	Surface	24.8	24.7	24.7	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.3	33.5	7.1	7.1	7.1	103.2	103.4	103.3	2.5	2.4	2.5		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	24.6	24.5	24.6	8.4	8.3	8.3	33.6	33.4	33.5	7.1	7.2	7.2	103.3	104.1	103.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
			Bottom	24.6	24.6	24.6	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.4	33.5	6.9	6.9	6.9	100.8	101.3	101.1	1.7	1.7	1.7		2.0	2.0	2.0	
CF	17:02	12.6	Surface	24.6	24.7	24.6	8.4	8.3	8.3	33.6	33.8	33.7	6.9	6.8	6.8	99.9	100.5	100.2	1.5	1.4	1.5		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	24.6	24.5	24.5	8.4	8.3	8.3	33.6	33.5	33.5	7.0	6.9	6.9	101.6	103.1	102.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
			Bottom	24.6	24.6	24.6	8.4	8.3	8.3	33.6	33.6	33.6	7.0	7.2	7.1	102.2	103.8	103.0	0.8	0.8	0.8		2.0	2.0	2.0	

Remark or Observation: N/A

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 14-Nov-14

Tide: Mid-Ebb

Weather:

Sea Conditions:

Upstream Control Station: CE

Remark or Obsevation: Mid-ebb on 14 November is beyond normal working hour; no monitoring on that tide was conducted

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 17-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Flood
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CF

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
I1	14:36	13.6	Surface	24.4	24.5	24.4	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.7	33.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	111.4	113.1	112.3	0.8	0.8	0.8		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	24.3	24.5	24.4	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.3	33.5	7.5	7.6	7.5	108.2	107.5	107.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	3.0	4.0	3.5	4.0
			Bottom	24.3	24.3	24.3	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.6	33.6	7.3	7.4	7.3	105.4	105.7	105.6	1.6	1.7	1.7		6.0	5.0	5.5	
I2	14:56	18.4	Surface	24.4	24.5	24.4	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.6	33.6	7.7	7.9	7.8	112.0	109.8	110.9	1.3	1.2	1.3		3.0	4.0	3.5	
			Middle	24.3	24.4	24.4	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.8	33.7	7.7	7.6	7.6	110.9	113.2	112.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	3.0	4.0	3.5	3.7
			Bottom	24.3	24.5	24.4	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.8	33.7	7.4	7.5	7.4	106.9	105.6	106.3	1.2	1.2	1.2		4.0	4.0	4.0	
Intake A	15:17	9.6	Surface	24.4	24.4	24.4	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.2	33.4	8.2	8.1	8.1	118.8	116.3	117.6	1.2	1.2	1.2		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	24.4	24.5	24.4	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.6	33.6	8.2	8.2	8.2	118.6	116.6	117.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.3	4.0	3.0	3.5	3.7
			Bottom	24.4	24.3	24.3	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.3	33.4	8.0	7.9	7.9	115.5	117.5	116.5	1.7	1.7	1.7		5.0	6.0	5.5	
Intake B	14:15	9.4	Surface	24.3	24.5	24.4	8.4	8.3	8.4	33.6	33.4	33.5	7.2	7.3	7.3	104.7	106.4	105.6	1.2	1.2	1.2		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	24.3	24.2	24.3	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.5	33.6	7.2	7.4	7.3	104.6	106.7	105.7	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	4.0	5.0	4.5	4.2
			Bottom	24.3	24.4	24.4	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.7	33.7	7.2	7.2	7.2	104.1	102.9	103.5	2.8	2.8	2.8		5.0	5.0	5.0	
CF	15:38	17.9	Surface	24.4	24.2	24.3	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.4	33.5	7.2	7.3	7.3	104.7	104.0	104.4	3.2	3.3	3.3		4.0	4.0	4.0	
			Middle	24.3	24.3	24.3	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.9	33.8	7.2	7.2	7.2	104.8	105.9	105.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.2
			Bottom	24.3	24.2	24.3	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.9	33.8	7.2	7.2	7.2	104.4	105.3	104.9	1.4	1.4	1.4		5.0	4.0	4.5	

Remark or Obsevation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 17-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Ebb
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CE

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
CE	07:15	24.9	Surface	24.3	24.2	24.2	8.3	8.4	8.4	33.4	33.2	33.3	7.6	7.6	7.6	110.2	112.0	111.1	1.5	1.4	1.5		3.0	2.0	2.5	
			Middle	24.3	24.4	24.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.7	33.7	7.3	7.3	7.3	106.1	107.8	107.0	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.0	3.0	2.5	2.7
			Bottom	24.3	24.3	24.3	8.4	8.3	8.3	33.7	33.9	33.8	7.2	7.1	7.2	104.6	104.4	104.5	1.4	1.4	1.4		3.0	3.0	3.0	
I1	07:58	13.2	Surface	24.2	24.3	24.3	8.4	8.3	8.4	33.6	33.4	33.5	7.3	7.4	7.4	106.0	105.9	106.0	1.8	1.7	1.8		2.0	3.0	2.5	
			Middle	24.3	24.1	24.2	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.7	33.7	7.3	7.3	7.3	104.8	104.8	104.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.6	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.8
			Bottom	24.3	24.4	24.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.9	33.8	7.1	7.2	7.2	103.0	101.8	102.4	2.0	2.0	2.0		3.0	3.0	3.0	
I2	08:18	18.5	Surface	24.2	24.4	24.3	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.8	33.7	7.2	7.3	7.3	104.2	102.5	103.4	0.7	0.7	0.7		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	24.3	24.3	24.3	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.5	33.6	7.2	7.1	7.2	104.5	106.0	105.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	3.0	2.0	2.5	2.7
			Bottom	24.3	24.4	24.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.8	33.7	7.2	7.1	7.1	104.0	102.4	103.2	0.7	0.7	0.7		4.0	3.0	3.5	
Intake A	08:39	9.3	Surface	24.3	24.3	24.3	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.7	33.7	7.3	7.3	7.3	105.2	104.1	104.7	1.1	1.1	1.1		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	24.3	24.5	24.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.8	33.7	7.2	7.1	7.1	104.0	102.0	103.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5	3.0	2.0	2.5	2.8
			Bottom	24.3	24.4	24.4	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.4	33.5	7.1	6.9	7.0	102.5	104.2	103.4	2.8	2.9	2.9		3.0	3.0	3.0	
Intake B	07:37	9.3	Surface	24.2	24.4	24.3	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.9	33.8	7.5	7.7	7.6	108.4	110.5	109.5	1.5	1.5	1.5		4.0	5.0	4.5	
			Middle	24.2	24.2	24.2	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.4	33.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	107.9	107.8	107.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	4.0	5.0	4.5	5.3
			Bottom	24.3	24.1	24.2	8.4	8.3	8.4	33.6	33.7	33.7	7.3	7.3	7.3	105.2	106.8	106.0	1.1	1.1	1.1		8.0	6.0	7.0	

Remark or Obsevation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 19-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Flood
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CF

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
I1	15:51	13.5	Surface	24.1	24.0	24.0	8.4	8.3	8.4	33.7	33.9	33.8	7.4	7.4	7.4	106.0	103.9	105.0	1.9	1.9	1.9		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.9	33.8	7.2	7.3	7.2	103.3	102.3	102.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.2
			Bottom	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.5	33.6	7.1	6.9	7.0	101.6	102.6	102.1	1.8	1.8	1.8		4.0	3.0	3.5	
I2	16:11	18.1	Surface	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.6	33.6	7.2	7.2	7.2	103.7	101.5	102.6	4.5	4.6	4.6		5.0	4.0	4.5	
			Middle	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.9	33.8	7.2	7.1	7.1	103.0	100.9	102.0	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.7	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.2
			Bottom	24.0	23.9	23.9	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.7	33.7	7.1	7.2	7.1	101.6	102.5	102.1	1.8	1.7	1.8		4.0	4.0	4.0	
Intake A	16:32	9.5	Surface	24.1	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	33.9	33.8	7.6	7.5	7.5	109.1	108.9	109.0	0.9	0.9	0.9		2.0	3.0	2.5	
			Middle	24.1	23.9	24.0	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.8	33.8	7.6	7.5	7.5	109.1	108.7	108.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
			Bottom	24.0	24.1	24.1	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.7	33.7	7.5	7.3	7.4	108.3	109.0	108.7	1.3	1.3	1.3		4.0	3.0	3.5	
Intake B	15:30	9.6	Surface	24.0	24.1	24.0	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.5	33.6	7.3	7.4	7.3	104.5	103.4	104.0	2.3	2.4	2.4		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	24.0	24.1	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.9	33.8	7.1	7.3	7.2	102.9	101.8	102.4	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.3	3.0	2.0	2.5	3.0
			Bottom	24.0	23.8	23.9	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.9	33.8	7.1	7.0	7.0	101.8	101.6	101.7	2.7	2.6	2.7		3.0	4.0	3.5	
CF	16:53	17.8	Surface	24.0	23.9	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.5	33.4	33.4	7.3	7.3	7.3	105.3	106.9	106.1	1.0	1.0	1.0		3.0	4.0	3.5	
			Middle	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.8	33.7	7.3	7.4	7.3	104.3	106.1	105.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	4.0	3.5	3.5
			Bottom	24.0	24.1	24.1	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.7	33.6	7.2	7.2	7.2	104.0	103.3	103.7	1.1	1.1	1.1		3.0	4.0	3.5	

Remark or Observation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 19-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Ebb
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CE

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
CE	09:30	24.4	Surface	23.9	23.8	23.9	8.4	8.3	8.4	33.6	33.8	33.7	7.2	7.2	7.2	103.1	101.3	102.2	1.3	1.3	1.3		3.0	4.0	3.5	
			Middle	23.9	24.0	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.4	33.3	33.4	7.0	6.8	6.9	100.0	100.1	100.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.5	4.3
			Bottom	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.4	33.4	6.9	6.8	6.9	99.3	100.4	99.9	5.7	5.8	5.8		5.0	5.0	5.0	
I1	10:13	13.0	Surface	23.9	24.1	24.0	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.5	33.5	7.3	7.3	7.3	104.7	105.1	104.9	2.4	2.3	2.4		2.0	3.0	2.5	
			Middle	23.9	23.8	23.9	8.4	8.3	8.4	33.6	33.5	33.5	7.1	7.3	7.2	102.6	102.6	102.6	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.7	3.0	2.0	2.5	2.8
			Bottom	23.9	23.8	23.9	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.4	33.5	7.1	7.0	7.0	101.5	101.5	101.5	1.3	1.3	1.3		3.0	4.0	3.5	
I2	10:33	18.2	Surface	23.9	23.8	23.9	8.4	8.3	8.4	33.7	33.8	33.7	7.4	7.4	7.4	106.7	108.8	107.8	1.3	1.3	1.3		4.0	3.0	3.5	
			Middle	24.0	24.1	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.9	33.7	7.3	7.2	7.3	105.2	104.9	105.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.3
			Bottom	23.9	24.1	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.5	33.6	33.6	7.2	7.1	7.1	103.1	104.8	104.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		4.0	3.0	3.5	
Intake A	10:54	9.1	Surface	24.0	23.9	23.9	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.9	33.8	7.2	7.2	7.2	103.4	101.6	102.5	0.3	0.3	0.3		4.0	3.0	3.5	
			Middle	23.9	23.8	23.9	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.8	33.8	7.1	7.3	7.2	102.8	101.4	102.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	3.0	4.0	3.5	3.5
			Bottom	23.9	23.8	23.9	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.7	34.0	33.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	100.9	102.6	101.8	2.2	2.2	2.2		3.0	4.0	3.5	
Intake B	09:52	9.2	Surface	24.0	24.1	24.0	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.6	33.7	7.4	7.5	7.5	106.9	108.4	107.7	10.1	10.4	10.3		3.0	5.0	4.0	
			Middle	24.0	24.1	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.5	33.4	33.5	7.4	7.2	7.3	106.0	105.7	105.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	4.0	4.0	5.0	4.5	4.2
			Bottom	23.9	24.1	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.5	33.3	33.4	7.3	7.2	7.2	104.7	103.0	103.9	0.9	0.9	0.9		4.0	4.0	4.0	

Remark or Observation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 21-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Flood
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CF

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
I1	16:51	13.8	Surface	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.9	33.8	7.6	7.5	7.5	108.9	109.1	109.0	1.4	1.5	1.5		4.0	4.0	4.0	
			Middle	23.8	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	34.0	33.9	7.5	7.5	7.5	108.4	110.0	109.2	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
			Bottom	23.8	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	34.0	33.9	7.5	7.5	7.5	108.0	106.8	107.4	2.5	2.6	2.6		4.0	4.0	4.0	
I2	17:11	18.2	Surface	23.9	24.0	23.9	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.8	34.0	33.9	7.6	7.6	7.6	109.5	110.9	110.2	1.4	1.3	1.4		4.0	4.0	4.0	
			Middle	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.8	33.8	7.7	7.6	7.6	110.3	110.7	110.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3	4.0	3.0	3.5	3.8
			Bottom	23.9	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.7	33.7	7.6	7.7	7.7	109.8	110.9	110.4	1.2	1.2	1.2		4.0	4.0	4.0	
Intake A	17:32	9.8	Surface	24.1	24.0	24.0	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.9	34.2	34.0	8.2	8.3	8.2	117.9	120.3	119.1	0.4	0.4	0.4		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	24.1	24.0	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.9	34.0	33.9	8.2	8.1	8.1	117.8	116.1	117.0	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.3	4.0	3.0	3.5	4.3
			Bottom	24.0	23.9	24.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.8	33.6	33.7	8.0	7.8	7.9	115.0	112.5	113.8	1.9	1.9	1.9		8.0	7.0	7.5	
Intake B	16:30	9.5	Surface	23.9	23.8	23.8	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.7	34.0	33.9	7.7	7.8	7.8	111.2	113.2	112.2	0.9	0.9	0.9		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.9	33.8	7.7	7.8	7.8	111.1	112.9	112.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.7	3.0	2.0	2.5	3.2
			Bottom	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.6	8.5	33.7	33.9	33.8	7.7	7.8	7.8	110.6	112.5	111.6	6.0	5.9	6.0		4.0	4.0	4.0	
CF	17:53	17.5	Surface	23.9	24.0	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.8	33.8	7.6	7.5	7.5	108.7	107.3	108.0	2.1	2.1	2.1		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	23.9	24.0	23.9	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.5	33.6	7.6	7.7	7.6	109.0	109.7	109.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.7
			Bottom	23.9	24.0	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	33.7	33.7	7.6	7.7	7.6	108.5	108.6	108.6	0.9	0.9	0.9		4.0	4.0	4.0	

Remark or Observation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 21-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Ebb
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CE

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
CE	10:45	23.9	Surface	23.9	23.8	23.8	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.8	33.7	7.6	7.7	7.6	108.5	106.2	107.4	1.5	1.5	1.5		4.0	4.0	4.0	
			Middle	23.8	23.8	23.8	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.4	33.6	7.4	7.5	7.5	106.6	105.5	106.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.2
			Bottom	23.8	23.8	23.8	8.4	8.3	8.3	33.7	33.8	33.8	7.4	7.3	7.3	105.9	105.2	105.6	1.1	1.1	1.1		5.0	4.0	4.5	
I1	11:28	13.1	Surface	23.9	24.0	24.0	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.9	33.8	7.6	7.6	7.6	109.7	108.6	109.2	1.2	1.3	1.3		4.0	4.0	4.0	
			Middle	23.8	23.9	23.9	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.7	33.6	7.4	7.3	7.4	106.4	106.4	106.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.3
			Bottom	23.8	23.7	23.8	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.5	33.4	33.5	7.3	7.4	7.3	104.4	103.0	103.7	1.7	1.7	1.7		5.0	5.0	5.0	
I2	11:48	18.0	Surface	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.6	33.6	7.5	7.6	7.5	107.8	109.8	108.8	1.5	1.5	1.5		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	23.9	24.0	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.9	33.7	7.6	7.7	7.6	108.5	109.9	109.2	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.8
			Bottom	23.8	23.8	23.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.8	33.7	7.4	7.4	7.4	105.4	104.8	105.1	1.6	1.6	1.6		4.0	5.0	4.5	
Intake A	12:09	9.3	Surface	24.0	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.5	33.5	7.5	7.6	7.6	108.3	110.4	109.4	2.1	2.1	2.1		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	23.8	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.9	33.7	7.5	7.6	7.5	107.2	106.2	106.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.2	3.0	4.0	3.5	3.8
			Bottom	23.8	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.5	33.5	7.3	7.2	7.2	104.6	103.3	104.0	3.1	3.2	3.2		5.0	5.0	5.0	
Intake B	11:07	9.5	Surface	24.0	23.9	23.9	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.8	33.7	7.4	7.4	7.4	106.0	106.6	106.3	1.7	1.6	1.7		3.0	4.0	3.5	
			Middle	23.9	24.0	23.9	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.8	33.7	7.4	7.5	7.5	106.7	105.4	106.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.4	4.0	5.0	4.5	4.5
			Bottom	23.8	23.9	23.9	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.6	33.5	33.6	7.5	7.6	7.5	107.4	106.6	107.0	1.3	1.3	1.3		6.0	5.0	5.5	

Remark or Obsevation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 24-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Flood
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CF

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
I1	17:45	14.0	Surface	23.9	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	33.6	33.7	8.4	8.5	8.5	121.5	120.9	121.2	1.6	1.5	1.6		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	23.9	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.6	8.5	33.8	33.6	33.7	8.4	8.3	8.3	120.1	119.1	119.6	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2
			Bottom	23.9	24.0	23.9	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.8	34.0	33.9	8.3	8.1	8.2	118.9	120.6	119.8	1.4	1.4	1.4		2.0	3.0	2.5	
I2	18:28	18.1	Surface	23.9	24.1	24.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	33.9	33.9	8.3	8.5	8.4	119.8	122.1	121.0	1.4	1.4	1.4		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	23.9	23.8	23.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	33.9	33.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	121.7	124.1	122.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	3.0	2.0	2.5	3.0
			Bottom	23.8	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	34.0	33.9	8.3	8.1	8.2	118.7	116.5	117.6	1.0	1.0	1.0		5.0	4.0	4.5	
Intake A	18:48	9.5	Surface	23.9	23.8	23.8	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.8	33.8	33.8	8.3	8.3	8.3	119.0	119.3	119.2	1.2	1.2	1.2		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	34.0	33.9	8.3	8.3	8.3	118.8	120.9	119.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2
			Bottom	23.9	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.8	33.9	33.8	8.3	8.3	8.3	118.7	119.0	118.9	1.2	1.2	1.2		2.0	3.0	2.5	
Intake B	19:09	9.6	Surface	24.1	23.9	24.0	8.6	8.6	8.6	33.7	33.7	33.7	9.1	9.0	9.0	130.9	129.2	130.1	0.7	0.7	0.7		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	24.1	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.9	33.8	8.9	9.0	9.0	128.3	130.2	129.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.3	3.0	2.0	2.5	2.5
			Bottom	23.9	24.1	24.0	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.7	34.0	33.9	8.3	8.3	8.3	119.6	121.5	120.6	2.5	2.5	2.5		3.0	3.0	3.0	
CF	18:07	17.6	Surface	23.9	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.6	8.5	33.8	33.9	33.8	8.0	8.1	8.0	114.6	113.1	113.9	0.3	0.3	0.3		2.0	3.0	2.5	
			Middle	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.7	33.7	8.3	8.3	8.3	118.8	120.2	119.5	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	2.0	3.0	2.5	2.5
			Bottom	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.5	33.6	8.4	8.5	8.4	120.4	121.7	121.1	0.9	0.9	0.9		2.0	3.0	2.5	

Remark or Observation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 24-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Ebb
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CE

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
CE	13:06	24.6	Surface	23.9	24.0	24.0	8.3	8.4	8.4	33.8	33.8	33.8	8.1	8.1	8.1	116.4	116.3	116.4	1.2	1.2	1.2		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	23.8	23.7	23.8	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.8	34.1	33.9	7.9	8.0	7.9	113.0	114.3	113.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.6	3.0	4.0	3.5	3.5
			Bottom	23.8	23.9	23.9	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.8	34.1	34.0	7.7	7.9	7.8	111.0	108.7	109.9	1.5	1.6	1.6		4.0	4.0	4.0	
I1	13:26	13.2	Surface	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.8	33.7	33.8	8.2	8.2	8.2	118.4	117.2	117.8	1.2	1.3	1.3		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	23.8	23.6	23.7	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	33.7	33.8	8.2	8.4	8.3	118.4	116.1	117.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.7
			Bottom	23.8	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.8	33.8	33.8	8.1	7.9	8.0	115.6	113.3	114.5	1.3	1.3	1.3		4.0	4.0	4.0	
I2	13:47	18.3	Surface	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	33.5	33.7	8.4	8.3	8.4	120.8	122.1	121.5	1.1	1.1	1.1		4.0	4.0	4.0	
			Middle	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	33.7	33.8	8.4	8.2	8.3	120.4	122.3	121.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0
			Bottom	23.9	23.8	23.9	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.8	33.9	33.9	8.4	8.4	8.4	120.7	122.7	121.7	1.3	1.3	1.3		8.0	6.0	7.0	
Intake A	12:45	9.5	Surface	24.2	24.0	24.1	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.8	34.0	33.9	9.0	9.0	9.0	129.6	128.2	128.9	2.1	2.1	2.1		4.0	3.0	3.5	
			Middle	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.8	33.8	8.7	8.5	8.6	124.9	125.2	125.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.4	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.2
			Bottom	23.9	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.5	33.6	8.3	8.3	8.3	119.8	117.9	118.9	1.2	1.2	1.2		8.0	9.0	8.5	
Intake B	14:08	9.2	Surface	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.4	8.4	8.4	33.8	33.6	33.7	7.9	8.0	8.0	114.1	112.1	113.1	1.2	1.2	1.2		4.0	3.0	3.5	
			Middle	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.4	8.3	8.4	33.8	33.5	33.6	8.1	8.2	8.1	116.2	117.7	117.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.6	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.0
			Bottom	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.8	34.0	33.9	8.1	8.1	8.1	117.1	119.4	118.3	2.8	2.7	2.8		8.0	8.0	8.0	

Remark or Obsevation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 26-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Flood
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CF

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
I1	09:06	13.9	Surface	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.4	8.5	33.5	33.7	33.6	8.1	8.0	8.1	117.0	116.8	116.9	1.5	1.4	1.5		7.0	6.0	6.5	
			Middle	23.9	23.8	23.8	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.5	33.5	33.5	8.1	8.1	8.1	115.7	114.5	115.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.2
			Bottom	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.4	33.5	8.0	8.0	8.0	115.1	112.9	114.0	1.8	1.8	1.8		6.0	6.0	6.0	
I2	09:26	17.9	Surface	23.9	23.8	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.4	33.5	7.8	7.9	7.8	111.5	113.9	112.7	1.9	2.0	2.0		5.0	5.0	5.0	
			Middle	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.9	33.8	8.1	8.2	8.1	116.1	117.0	116.6	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.6	4.0	5.0	4.5	4.8
			Bottom	23.9	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.4	33.5	8.0	7.9	8.0	115.5	114.9	115.2	1.4	1.5	1.5		5.0	5.0	5.0	
Intake A	09:47	9.3	Surface	24.0	23.8	23.9	8.4	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.8	33.7	7.8	7.7	7.8	112.6	111.6	112.1	1.9	1.8	1.9		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	24.0	24.1	24.0	8.5	8.6	8.5	33.6	33.5	33.6	7.9	7.8	7.8	113.3	115.0	114.2	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.4	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.3
			Bottom	23.9	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.8	33.7	8.0	7.9	7.9	114.3	116.4	115.4	2.7	2.6	2.7		3.0	3.0	3.0	
Intake B	08:45	9.5	Surface	23.9	23.8	23.9	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.5	33.2	33.4	7.8	7.7	7.8	112.3	113.2	112.8	0.6	0.6	0.6		4.0	4.0	4.0	
			Middle	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.7	33.6	8.0	8.1	8.1	114.8	112.8	113.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	4.0	2.0	3.0	4.2
			Bottom	23.8	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	32.9	32.8	32.9	8.0	7.9	7.9	113.7	112.9	113.3	1.1	1.1	1.1		6.0	5.0	5.5	
CF	10:08	17.8	Surface	24.0	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.4	33.4	8.3	8.3	8.3	119.9	118.4	119.2	6.0	5.8	5.9		4.0	2.0	3.0	
			Middle	23.9	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.4	8.5	33.5	33.6	33.5	8.4	8.3	8.3	120.0	122.0	121.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.6	5.0	3.0	4.0	3.5
			Bottom	23.9	24.0	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.6	33.5	8.3	8.2	8.2	118.6	117.7	118.2	0.9	0.9	0.9		4.0	3.0	3.5	

Remark or Obsevation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 26-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Ebb
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CE

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
CE	15:00	24.2	Surface	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.6	33.6	8.3	8.2	8.2	118.5	119.4	119.0	1.7	1.7	1.7		5.0	5.0	5.0	
			Middle	23.9	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.5	33.6	33.6	8.2	8.3	8.3	118.3	116.1	117.2	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	5.0	6.0	5.5	5.0
			Bottom	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.5	33.8	33.7	8.2	8.1	8.2	118.0	118.0	118.0	2.2	2.2	2.2		4.0	5.0	4.5	
I1	15:43	13.5	Surface	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.2	33.4	8.6	8.7	8.7	124.3	122.3	123.3	1.4	1.5	1.5		4.0	6.0	5.0	
			Middle	23.7	23.7	23.7	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.5	33.7	33.6	8.4	8.4	8.4	119.5	122.0	120.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
			Bottom	23.7	23.6	23.6	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.4	33.5	8.3	8.2	8.2	118.3	118.6	118.5	1.5	1.4	1.5		5.0	5.0	5.0	
I2	16:03	18.1	Surface	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.5	33.6	33.6	8.6	8.8	8.7	123.4	122.5	123.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		4.0	3.0	3.5	
			Middle	23.8	23.6	23.7	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.5	33.3	33.4	8.4	8.3	8.4	120.4	122.2	121.3	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	5.0	3.0	4.0	4.2
			Bottom	23.7	23.7	23.7	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.8	33.7	8.3	8.3	8.3	118.4	116.1	117.3	1.3	1.2	1.3		6.0	4.0	5.0	
Intake A	16:24	9.3	Surface	23.7	23.8	23.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.7	33.6	8.4	8.2	8.3	120.1	119.6	119.9	1.1	1.1	1.1		4.0	4.0	4.0	
			Middle	23.7	23.7	23.7	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.7	33.6	8.3	8.2	8.3	119.5	117.5	118.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	5.0	6.0	5.5	5.2
			Bottom	23.7	23.6	23.6	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.3	33.4	8.3	8.1	8.2	118.1	116.1	117.1	1.4	1.4	1.4		5.0	7.0	6.0	
Intake B	15:22	9.4	Surface	24.1	24.0	24.0	8.6	8.6	8.6	33.5	33.5	33.5	8.9	8.8	8.9	128.7	126.0	127.4	0.8	0.8	0.8		3.0	5.0	4.0	
			Middle	24.0	23.8	23.9	8.6	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.2	33.4	8.9	8.8	8.9	128.5	127.8	128.2	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.1	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.7
			Bottom	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.8	33.7	8.8	8.9	8.8	126.0	124.4	125.2	0.9	0.9	0.9		5.0	5.0	5.0	

Remark or Obsevation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 28-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Flood
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CF

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
I1	11:06	14.1	Surface	24.3	24.2	24.3	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.5	33.6	33.6	8.9	8.7	8.8	128.3	126.2	127.3	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	24.2	24.0	24.1	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.4	33.5	8.5	8.6	8.6	123.2	123.5	123.4	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.5
			Bottom	24.2	24.1	24.2	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.6	33.5	33.5	7.7	7.6	7.7	110.6	109.0	109.8	1.6	1.6	1.6		3.0	2.0	2.5	
I2	11:26	18.0	Surface	24.3	24.3	24.3	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.8	33.7	9.1	8.9	9.0	131.2	131.5	131.4	2.6	2.6	2.6		3.0	2.0	2.5	
			Middle	24.2	24.1	24.2	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.6	33.4	33.5	8.4	8.3	8.4	121.7	120.8	121.3	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.5
			Bottom	24.2	24.1	24.2	8.5	8.4	8.5	33.6	33.9	33.8	7.8	7.7	7.8	112.9	113.4	113.2	2.1	2.2	2.2		2.0	2.0	2.0	
Intake A	11:47	9.5	Surface	24.3	24.4	24.4	8.5	8.4	8.4	33.7	33.7	33.7	8.8	8.7	8.8	126.8	128.6	127.7	2.5	2.5	2.5		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	24.2	24.0	24.1	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.7	33.5	33.6	8.0	8.0	8.0	116.2	115.2	115.7	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.4	3.0	2.0	2.5	2.8
			Bottom	24.2	24.4	24.3	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.6	33.4	33.5	7.8	7.7	7.8	113.3	111.7	112.5	2.1	2.1	2.1		4.0	2.0	3.0	
Intake B	10:45	9.5	Surface	24.3	24.2	24.3	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.5	33.5	8.9	8.9	8.9	129.2	128.0	128.6	1.8	1.8	1.8		3.0	2.0	2.5	
			Middle	24.2	24.0	24.1	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.6	33.5	8.7	8.8	8.8	125.1	127.5	126.3	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.2	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.7
			Bottom	24.2	24.3	24.3	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.5	33.5	8.3	8.4	8.4	120.0	122.0	121.0	2.1	2.1	2.1		3.0	2.0	2.5	
CF	12:08	18.0	Surface	24.3	24.5	24.4	8.6	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.3	33.4	8.9	8.7	8.8	128.9	130.4	129.7	1.4	1.5	1.5		3.0	3.0	3.0	
			Middle	24.2	24.3	24.3	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.7	33.6	8.5	8.5	8.5	123.0	124.7	123.9	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.6	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
			Bottom	24.2	24.2	24.2	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.5	33.6	33.5	8.0	8.2	8.1	115.6	115.5	115.6	1.6	1.6	1.6		3.0	3.0	3.0	

Remark or Observation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

SIL(E) Water Quality Monitoring Data Record Sheet

Date: 28-Nov-14
 Tide: Mid-Ebb
 Weather: Sunny
 Sea Conditions: Moderate
 Upstream Control Station: CE

Location	Sampling Time	Water Depth (m)	Monitoring Depth	Temperature (°C)			pH			Salinity (ppt)			DO (mg/l)			DO Saturation (%)			Turbidity (NTU)				Suspended Solids (mg/l)			
				1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**	1	2	Ave.*	D.A.**
CE	16:45	23.9	Surface	23.9	23.9	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.2	33.3	33.3	8.0	7.9	8.0	115.0	116.6	115.8	1.2	1.2	1.2		3.0	2.0	2.5	
			Middle	23.9	24.0	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.3	33.0	33.2	7.9	7.8	7.9	113.2	113.6	113.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.3
			Bottom	23.9	23.8	23.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.2	33.1	33.2	7.7	7.5	7.6	109.8	110.2	110.0	1.5	1.5	1.5		3.0	2.0	2.5	
I1	17:28	13.3	Surface	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.2	33.5	33.4	8.0	8.2	8.1	115.6	116.4	116.0	2.1	2.1	2.1		3.0	2.0	2.5	
			Middle	23.8	23.7	23.8	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.3	33.6	33.5	7.8	8.0	7.9	112.0	112.1	112.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.0	4.0	3.0	2.7
			Bottom	23.7	23.8	23.7	8.5	8.4	8.5	33.2	33.5	33.4	7.9	8.0	8.0	113.1	113.6	113.4	2.5	2.6	2.6		2.0	3.0	2.5	
I2	17:48	18.0	Surface	24.0	23.8	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.2	33.0	33.1	8.2	8.3	8.3	117.6	119.4	118.5	2.5	2.5	2.5		4.0	3.0	3.5	
			Middle	23.9	23.8	23.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.3	33.6	33.5	7.7	7.7	7.7	110.1	108.8	109.5	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	3.0	2.0	2.5	3.2
			Bottom	23.7	23.6	23.7	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.2	33.0	33.1	7.7	7.8	7.8	110.3	112.4	111.4	2.1	2.1	2.1		3.0	4.0	3.5	
Intake A	18:09	9.4	Surface	23.7	23.9	23.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.2	33.4	33.3	8.1	8.1	8.1	116.3	118.7	117.5	2.3	2.3	2.3		2.0	2.0	2.0	
			Middle	23.7	23.6	23.7	8.5	8.6	8.5	33.2	32.9	33.1	7.9	7.9	7.9	113.2	114.8	114.0	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.4	3.0	2.0	2.5	2.2
			Bottom	23.7	23.8	23.7	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.3	33.0	33.2	7.9	7.9	7.9	113.0	113.2	113.1	2.2	2.2	2.2		2.0	2.0	2.0	
Intake B	17:07	9.3	Surface	24.0	24.0	24.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	33.3	33.3	33.3	7.7	7.8	7.8	110.2	109.8	110.0	1.9	2.0	2.0		2.0	3.0	2.5	
			Middle	24.0	24.2	24.1	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.2	33.3	33.3	7.6	7.6	7.6	109.9	108.6	109.3	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.0	3.0	4.0	3.5	2.7
			Bottom	24.0	24.1	24.0	8.5	8.6	8.6	33.2	33.5	33.4	7.5	7.4	7.5	107.6	109.5	108.6	2.1	2.0	2.1		2.0	2.0	2.0	

Remark or Observation: NIL

Note: * Average
 ** Depth Average

APPENDIX E

Review of Exceedance in Environmental Monitoring

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APPENDIX F

Implementation of Environmental Mitigation Measures

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
Noise Impact (Construction Phase)								
<i>Airborne</i>								
3.4.1.4	2	Adoption of Quieter PME The recommended quieter PME adopted in the assessment were taken from the BS5228: Part 1:2009 and are presented in Table 3.20 . It should be noted that the silenced PME selected for assessment can be found in Hong Kong.	To minimize the construction air-borne noise impact	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	EIAO and NCO	Being implemented
3.4.1.4	2	Use of Movable Noise Barrier The use of movable barrier for certain PME can further alleviate the construction noise impacts. In general, a 5 dB(A) reduction for movable PME and 10 dB(A) for stationary PME can be achieved depending on the actual design of the movable noise barrier. The Contractor shall be responsible for design of the movable noise barrier with due consideration given to the size of the PME and the requirement for intercepting the line of sight between the NSRs and PME. Barrier material with surface mass in excess of 7 kg/m ² is recommended to achieve the predicted screening effect.	To minimize the construction air-borne noise impact	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	EIAO and NCO	Being implemented
3.4.1.4	2	Use of Noise Enclosure/ Acoustic Shed The use of noise enclosure or acoustic shed is to cover stationary PME such as air compressor and concrete pump. With the adoption of the noise enclosure, the PME could be completely screened, and noise reduction of 15 dB(A) can be achieved according to the GW-TM.	To minimize the construction air-borne noise impact	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	EIAO and NCO	Being implemented
3.4.1.4	2	Use of Silencer To reduce noise emission from the ventilation fans, silencers are also recommended to be used in fan ventilation system to attenuate noise generated during fan operation to achieve a noise reduction of 15 dB(A).	To minimize the construction air-borne noise impact	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	EIAO and NCO	Being implemented

Appendix F Implementation of Environmental Mitigation Measures

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
3.4.1.4	2	<p>Use of Noise Insulating Fabric</p> <p>Noise insulating fabric (the Fabric) can also be adopted for certain PME (e.g. drill rig, piling auger etc). The Fabric should be lapped such that there are no openings or gaps on the joints. Technical data from manufacturers state that by using the Fabric, a noise reduction of over 10 dB(A) can be achieved on noise level.</p>	To minimize the construction air-borne noise impact	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	EIAO and NCO	Being implemented
3.4.1.4	2	<p>Good Site Practice</p> <p>The good site practices listed below should be followed during each phase of construction:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction programme; • Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be utilized and properly maintained during the construction programme; • Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far from NSRs as possible; • Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum; • Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs; and • Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilized, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities. 	To minimize the construction air-borne noise impact	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	EIAO and NCO	Being implemented
<i>Ground-borne</i>								
3.4.2.5	2	PME that is in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum.	To minimize the construction ground-borne noise impact	Contractors	Tunnel site near Lei Tung Station	During Construction	NCO	To be implemented as per construction programme

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Noise Impact (Operation Phase)								
<i>Airborne</i>								
<u>Railway Noise</u>								
3.5.1.1	2	<p>Erection of noise barrier/ enclosure along the viaduct section as shown in Table 3.52 and illustrated in Figures 3.25 to 3.27.</p> <p>For the 'Further Mitigation Measures for Existing and Planned NSRs', additional noise barriers/semi-enclosures have been recommended for viaduct sections shown in Table 3.57 and illustrated in Figure 3.28 to 3.30. The viaduct structure should allow further installation of noise barrier or enclosure at the later commissioning stage, if required.</p>	To minimize the railway airborne noise along the viaduct section of SIL(E)	MTRC / Contractor	West of ex-Canadian Hospital site, West of Ocean Park G/IC site, East and West of Wong Chuk Hang Residential Zone, along Wong Chuk Hang Nullah and along Ap Lei Chau Bridge as shown in Figure 3.25 to Figure 3.30.	Before Operation	EIAO and NCO	To be implemented as per construction programme
<u>Fixed Plant Noise</u>								
3.5.1.2	2	<p>The following noise reduction measures shall be considered as far as practicable during construction:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Choose quieter plant such as those which have been effectively silenced; Include noise levels specification when ordering new plant (including chillier and E/M equipment); Locate fixed plant/louver away from any NSRs as far as practicable; Locate fixed plant in walled plant rooms or in specially designed enclosures; Locate noisy machines in a basement or a completely separate building; Install direct noise mitigation measures including silencers, acoustic louvers and acoustic enclosure where necessary; and Develop and implement a regularly scheduled plant maintenance programme so that equipment is properly operated and serviced in order to maintain a controlled level of noise. 	To minimize the fixed plant noise impact	MTRC	All stations, entrances, and ventilation buildings	Before Operation	EIAO and NCO	To be implemented as per construction programme

Appendix F Implementation of Environmental Mitigation Measures

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
<i>Ground-borne</i>								
3.5.2.3	2	Using of incline turnout (a 5 dB(A) reduction in turnout and crossing vibration) and Type 1a resilient baseplated trackform within the SOH station.	To minimize the railway ground-borne noise impact	MTRC / Contractor	South Horizons Station	Before Operation	EIAO and NCO	To be implemented as per construction programme
Ecological Impact (Construction Phase)								
<i>Habitat Loss</i>								
4.7.1	3	Minimise habitat loss particularly woodland as far as possible.	Minimize habitat loss	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	Annex 16 of EIAO-TM	Being implemented
4.7.1	3	Temporary disturbed woodland should be reinstated in full after the completion of works	To reinstate disturbed woodland habitats	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	After completion of construction works	Annex 16 of EIAO-TM; ETWB TCW No. 2/2004 (for maintenance arrangement of vegetation)	To be implemented as per construction programme
4.7.1	3	Degraded woodland and shrubland should be reinstated after the completion of works as far as possible.	To reinstate disturbed habitats	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	After completion of construction works	Annex 16 of EIAO-TM; ETWB TCW No. 2/2004 (for maintenance arrangement of vegetation)	To be implemented as per construction programme
4.7.1	3	Habitat Compensation of permanent loss of woodland in full in terms of area.	To compensate permanent loss of woodland	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	After completion of construction works	Annex 16 of EIAO-TM; ETWB TCW No. 2/2004 (for maintenance arrangement of vegetation)	To be implemented as per construction programme
<i>Ardeid Night Roost</i>								
4.7.2.1	3	Avoidance of Site Clearance and Tree Felling Works at Wintering Season Site clearance and tree felling works at the existing ardeid night roost (location described in Figure 4.15) should only be carried out at non-wintering season (March to November inclusive). Demarcating clearly the works area and ensuring good site practise to avoid unnecessary disturbance to the ardeids during construction phase.	Avoid and minimize impact on peak period of ardeid roosting	Contractor	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	Annex 16 of EIAO-TM	Being implemented

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
4.7.2.1 and 4.7.2.4	3	Compensate for loss of roosting trees with replanting of suitable trees The compensatory planting with suitable, heavy standard trees should be located at the lower course of the WCH Nullah approximately 200m west of the existing night roost (location shown in Figure 4.15). Trees should be replanted after construction alongside the nullah to provide a substrate for roosting.	To compensate for permanent loss of roosting trees	Contractors, advised by Ecologist	Construction Work Site at Wong Chuk Hang	After completion of construction works	Annex 16 of EIAO-TM; ETWB TCW No. 2/2004 (for maintenance arrangement of vegetation)	To be implemented as per construction programme
4.7.2.1	3	Inspection of ardeid night roost for active ardeid nests When conducting site clearance works at the existing ardeid night roost, the area should be inspected to confirm no active ardeid nest are present. If any active bird nest is observed, suitably sized buffer area should be established to minimize human or machinery disturbance until the nest is abandoned. Also the site should be monitored monthly to check the updated status.	Ensure no impact on active ardeid nests	Contractors, advised by Ecologist	Construction Work Site at Wong Chuk Hang	During Construction	Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170)	Being implemented
4.7.2.2	3	Avoidance of Construction Activities at Sunset Time Construction activities using PME at the potential ardeid night roost (location shown in Figure 4.13) should be ceased at 18:00 – 06:00 to avoid disturbance to the night roost ardeids.	Minimize noise impact on ardeid roosting and foraging	Contractor	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	Annex 16 of EIAO-TM	Being implemented
4.7.2.4	3	Coloured Panels on Noise Barriers The acoustic enclosure/ barrier should be designed with coloured panels to minimize the chance of bird collision.	To minimise the potential for bird strike	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	Annex 16 of EIAO-TM;	To be implemented as per construction programme
4.7.3	3	Magazine Site Implement good site practice including containment of silt runoff within the site boundary, containment of contaminated soils, appropriate storage of chemicals and wastes.	Avoid impacts to fauna species and water pollution	Contractor	Chung Hom Shan Magazine Site	During Construction	ProPECC Note PN 1/94 Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap.354)	Implemented

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
4.7.4	3	Coral Community at Aberdeen Channel A bridge pier construction method in which a cofferdam would be installed to create a confined dredging environment should be implemented to minimise potential impacts from suspended solid release. Good site practices should be applied to land-based construction works including containment of silt runoff within the site boundary, the containment of contaminated soils for removal from the site and appropriate storage of chemicals and chemical waste.	Avoid release of suspended solid and contaminated runoff to Aberdeen Channel	Contractors	Dredging/ excavation area required for installation of the pier/pier foundations of bridge in Aberdeen Channel	During marine construction works	WQOs & ProPECC Note PN 1/94	Implemented
4.7.5	3	Floral Species of Conservation Interest Transplanting all affected floral species of conservation interest identified in the EcolA. <i>In-situ</i> preservation should be re-considered throughout all stages of the project.	Mitigate the removal impact on floral species of conservation interest	Contractors	Construction Work Sites	During Construction	Annex 16 of EIAO-TM;	Being implemented
Water Quality Impact (Construction)								
5.7.1.1	4	Dredging/ Excavation and Seawall modification for construction of piers/pier foundations of bridge in Aberdeen Channel To minimise the loss of fine sediment to suspension, steel pile casing and watertight cofferdam should be installed and seawater trapped inside the casing and cofferdam should be pumped out to generate a dry working environment prior to carrying out sediment dredging/ excavation. The water from the dewatering should be appropriately treated with desilting or sedimentation device before discharge. Silt curtains should be deployed to completely enclose the cofferdam installation and removal works and the seawall modification and pile installation works respectively.	Avoid spillage of sediment	MTRC / Contractor	Dredging/ excavation area required for installation of the pier/pier foundations of bridge in Aberdeen Channel	During marine construction works	WQOs & ProPECC Note PN 1/94	Implemented

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
5.7.1.2	4	<p>Barging Facilities and Activities</p> <p>To minimise the release of suspended solids to marine waters, silt curtain should be deployed to completely enclose the marine piles works during installation and decommissioning. Good site practices for operation of barging points should be followed, including appropriate sizing of vessels to ensure adequate clearance between the vessel and the seabed, controlled loading and unloading of barges and hoppers to prevent splash, installing tight fitting seals to the bottom openings to prevent leakage, and measures to prevent foam, oil, grease, scum or litter on the water within the site.</p>	To minimize suspended solids and water quality impacts	MTRC / Contractor	Barging point marine works area	During marine construction works	WQOs & ProPECC Note PN 1/94	Being implemented
5.7.1.3	4	<p>Sewage Effluent from Construction Workforce</p> <p>Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets, should be employed on-site where necessary to handle sewage from the workforce. A licensed contractor should be employed to provide appropriate and adequate portable toilets and be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance.</p>	To minimize water quality impacts	MTRC / Contractor	All works areas with on-site sanitary facilities	During Construction	Water Pollution Control Ordinance	Being implemented
5.7.1.4	4	<p>Wastewater Discharge from Tunnelling and Open Cut Excavation</p> <p>Wastewater with a high level of suspended solids should be treated before discharge by settlement in tanks with sufficient retention time. Oil interceptors would be required to remove the oil, lubricants and grease from wastewater. Should the level of suspended solids be very high, an on-site pre-packaged treatment plant might be required with the addition of flocculants to improve the settlement of solids. A discharge licence under the WPCO would be required for discharge to stormwater drain.</p>	To minimize water quality impacts	MTRC / Contractor	All works areas	During Construction	Water Pollution Control Ordinance	Being implemented
5.7.1.5	4	<p>Construction Site Runoff and Drainage</p> <p>The site practices outlined in ProPECC Note PN 1/94 should be followed as far as practicable in order to minimise surface runoff and the chance of erosion. The following measures are recommended to protect water quality and sensitive uses of the coastal area i.e. WSD seawater intakes along the Aberdeen Channel:</p>	To minimize water quality impacts	MTRC / Contractor	All works areas	During Construction	ProPECC Note PN 1/94	Being implemented

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At the start of site establishment (including the barging facilities), perimeter cut-off drains to direct off-site water around the site should be constructed with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentation control facilities implemented. Channels (both temporary and permanent drainage pipes and culverts), earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct stormwater to silt removal facilities. The design of the temporary on-site drainage system should be undertaken by the Contractor prior to the commencement of construction. • The dikes or embankments for flood protection should be implemented around the boundaries of earthwork areas. Temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate the runoff discharge into stormwater drainage system through a sediment/silt trap. The sediment/silt traps should be incorporated in the permanent drainage channels to enhance deposition rates, if practical. • Sand/silt removal facilities such as sand/silt traps and sediment basins should be provided to remove sand/silt particles from runoff to meet the requirements of the TM standards under the WPCO. The design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC Note PN 1/94. Sizes may vary depending upon the flow rate. The detailed design of the sand/silt traps should be undertaken by the Contractor prior to the commencement of construction. 						

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All drainage facilities and erosion and sediment control structures should be regularly inspected and maintained to ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and particularly during rainstorms. Deposited silt and grit should be regularly removed, at the onset of and after each rainstorm to ensure that these facilities are functioning properly at all times. • Measures should be taken to minimize the ingress of site drainage into excavations. If excavation of trenches in wet periods is necessary, they should be dug and backfilled in short sections wherever practicable. Water pumped out from foundation excavations should be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities. • If surface excavation works cannot be avoided during the wet season (April to September), temporarily exposed slope/soil surfaces should be covered by tarpaulin or other means, as far as practicable, and temporary access roads should be protected by crushed stone or gravel, as excavation proceeds. Interception channels should be provided (e.g. along the crest/edge of the excavation) to prevent storm runoff from washing across exposed soil surfaces. • The overall slope of the site should be kept to a minimum to reduce the erosive potential of surface water flows. 						

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All vehicles and plant should be cleaned before leaving a construction site to ensure no earth, mud, debris and the like is deposited by them on roads. An adequately designed and sited wheel washing facility should be provided at construction site exit where practicable. Wash-water should have sand and silt settled out and removed regularly to ensure the continued efficiency of the process. The section of access road leading to, and exiting from, the wheel-wash bay to the public road should be paved with sufficient backfall toward the wheel-wash bay to prevent vehicle tracking of soil and silty water to public roads and drains. • Open stockpiles of construction materials or construction wastes on-site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms. Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system. • Manholes (including newly constructed ones) should be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris being washed into the drainage system and stormwater runoff being directed into foul sewers. • Precautions should be taken at any time of the year when rainstorms are likely. Actions should be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or forecasted and actions to be taken during or after rainstorms are summarized in Appendix A2 of ProPECC Note PN 1/94. Particular attention should be paid to the control of silty surface runoff during storm events, especially for areas located near steep slopes. 						

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bentonite slurries used in piling or slurry walling should be reconditioned and reused wherever practicable. Temporary enclosed storage locations should be provided on-site for any unused bentonite that needs to be transported away after all the related construction activities are completed. The requirements in ProPECC Note PN 1/94 should be adhered to in the handling and disposal of bentonite slurries. 						
5.7.1.6	4	<p>General Construction Activities</p> <p>Construction solid waste, debris and refuse generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering any nearby stormwater drain. Stockpiles of cement and other construction materials should be kept covered when not being used.</p> <p>Oils and fuels should only be stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. To prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to any nearby stormwater drain, all fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained of rainwater after a rain event.</p>	To minimize water quality impacts	MTRC / Contractor	All works areas	During Construction	EIA Recommendation	Being implemented
Water Quality Impact (Operation)								
5.7.2.1	4	<p>Change in flow regime and hydrology in Aberdeen Channel (Typhoon Shelter) (ATS) due to railway bridge</p> <p>Streamline shaped bridge pier to reduce friction to the tidal flows across the Aberdeen Channel should been considered in the conceptual design of the bridge form.</p>	To minimize water quality impacts	MTRC / Detailed Design Consultant	Pier/pier foundations of bridge in Aberdeen Channel	During Detailed Design	EIA Recommendation	Implemented

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5.7.2.3	4	<p>Sewage and wastewater effluents from stations and depot</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Runoff and spillage prevention measures should conform to relevant engineering and design standards. Any opportunities for the recycling of water within the automatic washing facilities should be sought to minimise discharge requirements. Bio-degradable detergents should be selected to minimise the impact on water quality and associated ecosystems of the receiving water bodies. Plant maintenance areas should be bunded and constructed on an impermeable floor, and provided with petrol interceptors. Traps and interceptors should be regularly cleaned and maintained, especially after any accidental spillages. Layers of sawdust, sand or equivalent material should be laid underneath and around any plant and equipment that may possibly leak oil. An emergency spillage action plan should be developed for the Depot to ensure that any accidental spillage event is treated immediately and does not impact on any water bodies. All fuel tanks and storage areas within the Depot should be provided with locks and be located on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank, to prevent the escape of spilled fuel oils. Waste oil and other chemicals must be disposed by a licensed contractor to either the approved Chemical Waste Treatment Centre, or another licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation (Cap 354). 	To minimize water quality impacts	MTRC	SIL(E) Stations & WCH Depot	During Operation	WPCO	To be implemented as per construction programme

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5.7.2.4	4	<p>Runoff from rail tracks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Track drainage channels discharge should pass through oil/grit interceptors/chambers to remove oil, grease and sediment before being pumped to the public stormwater drainage system. Silt traps and oil interceptors should be cleaned and maintained regularly. Oily contents of the oil interceptors should be transferred to an appropriate disposal facility, or to be collected for reuse, if possible. 	To minimize water quality impacts	MTRC	Along the SIL(E) tracks	During Operation	WPCO	To be implemented as per construction programme
Landscape and Visual Impact (Construction Phase)								
Table 6-13	Preservation of Existing Vegetation							
CP1.1	5	To retain trees, which have high amenity or ecology value and contribute most to the landscape and visual amenity of the site and its immediate environs.	To minimise the disturbance to the existing landscape resources.	Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ Contractor	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Implemented
CP1.2	5	Creation of precautionary area around trees to be retained equal to half of the trees canopy diameter. Precautionary area to be fenced.	To ensure the success of the tree preservation proposals.	Contractor	Site	Before construction phase commence	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Implemented
CP1.3	5	Prohibition of the storage of materials including fuel, the movement of construction vehicles, and the refuelling and washing of equipment including concrete mixers within the precautionary area.	To ensure the success of the tree preservation proposals.	Contractor	Site	Throughout construction phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP1.4	5	Phased segmental root pruning for trees to be retained and transplanted over a suitable period (determined by species and size) prior to lifting or site formation works which affect the existing rootball of trees identified for retention. The extent of the pruning will be based on the size and the species of the tree in each case.	To ensure the success of the tree preservation proposals.	Contractor	Site	Throughout construction phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP1.5	5	Pruning of the branches of existing trees identified for transplantation and retention to be based on the principle of crown thinning maintaining their form and amenity value.	To ensure the success of the tree preservation proposals.	Contractor	Site	Throughout construction phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented

Appendix F Implementation of Environmental Mitigation Measures

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CP1.6	5	The watering of existing vegetation particularly during periods of excavation when the water table beneath the existing vegetation is lowered.	To ensure the success of the tree preservation proposals.	Contractor	Site	Throughout construction phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP1.7	5	The rectification and repair of damaged vegetation following the construction phase to it's original condition prior to the commencement of the works or replacement using specimens of the same species, size and form where appropriate to the design intention of the area affected	To ensure the success of the tree preservation proposals.	Contractor	Site	Throughout construction phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	To be implemented as per construction programme
CP1.8	5	All works affecting the trees identified for retention and transplanted will be carefully monitored. This includes the key stages in the preparation of the trees, the implementation of protection measures and health monitoring through out the construction period	To ensure the success of the tree preservation proposals.	Contractor	Site	Throughout construction phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP1.9	5	Detailed landscape and tree preservation proposals will be submitted to the relevant government departments for approval under the lease conditions and in accordance with ETWB TCW No. 2/2004 and 3/2006.	To ensure the tree preservation and planting proposals are integrated with the existing landscape context and that the landscape resources are preserved where appropriate.	Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Implemented
CP1.10	5	The tree preservation works should be implemented. A tree protection specification would be included within the contract documents.	To ensure the tree preservation and planting proposals are integrated with the existing landscape context and that the landscape resources are preserved where appropriate.	Project Proponent	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Implemented
Table 6-13	Works Area and Temporary Works Areas							
CP2.1	5	Where appropriate to the final design the landscape of these works areas should be restored following the completion of the construction phase.	To minimise the disturbance to existing landscape resources and change of visual amenity.	Contractor	Site	Through out construction phase	TM-EIA Annex 18	To be implemented as per construction programme

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CP2.2	5	Construction site controls should be enforced including the storage of materials, the location and appearance of site accommodation and the careful design of site lighting to prevent light spillage.	To minimise the disturbance to existing landscape resources and change of visual amenity.	Contractor	Site	Through out construction phase	TM-EIA Annex 18	Being implemented
CP2.3	5	Screen the works area during the construction phase through the use of decorative hoarding along the site boundary facing adjacent VSRs	To minimise the disturbance to existing landscape resources and change of visual amenity.	Contractor	Site	Through out construction phase	TM-EIA Annex 18	Being implemented
Table 6-13	Implementation of Mitigation Planting and planting species selection							
CP3.1	5	Replanting of disturbed vegetation should be undertaken at the earliest possible stage of the construction phase.	To minimise the disturbance to existing landscape resources and minimize the impacts on the visual amenity of the area.	Contractor	Site	After the site formation and on completion of planting area.	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP3.2	5	Use of native plant species predominantly in the planting design for the buffer areas.	To enhance the local landscape and ecological value.	Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)	Site	After the site formation and on completion of planting area.	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP3.3	5	Proposed mitigation planting shall not only limit to conventional amenity planting, but also considered alternative greening measures such as vertical greening for screening or soften the built structures. Small shrubs, climbing plants, grass and groundcovers shall be used in specific locations according to site condition and at where would not interfere the operation of railway and its associated facilities.	To maximise the planting opportunities	Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP3.4	5	The tree planting works should be implemented by approved Landscape Contractors and inspected and approved on site by a qualified Landscape Architect. A tree planting specification would be included within the contract documents.	To ensure the tree preservation and planting proposals are integrated with the existing landscape context and that valuable landscape	Project Proponent	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
Table 6-13		Transplantation of Existing Trees						
CP4.1	5	The tree transplanting works should be implemented by approved Landscape Contractors and inspected and approved on site by a qualified Landscape Architect. A tree protection / transplanting specification would be included within the contract documents.	To ensure the tree preservation and planting proposals are integrated with the existing landscape context and that valuable landscape resources are preserved where appropriate to the final design.	Project Proponent / Contractor	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP4.2	5	Approximately 437 existing trees to be transplanted, majority of them shall be relocated to off-site planting areas. The final recipient sites should be, as far as space allows, adjacent to their current locations alongside of the alignment.	To retain their contribution to the local landscape context.	Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ Contractor / Project Proponent (planting areas associated with station and alignment)/ LCSD (roadside and park areas)	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP4.3	5	Tree to be transplanted to planting areas identified in the "Southern District Greening Master Plan" shall be, as far as programme allows, directly relocated to their final recipient sites.	To minimise the disturbance to the landscape resources.	Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ Contractor / Project Proponent (planting areas associated with station and alignment)/ LCSD (roadside and park areas)	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP4.4	5	Tree to be replanted along the alignment shall be kept in the temporary holding nurseries which closely monitoring by landscape contractor.	To enhance the survivals of the transplanted trees	Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ Contractor	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented

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CP4.5	5	The implementation programme for the proposed works should reserve enough time for the advance tree transplanting preparation works.	To enhance the survivals of the transplanted trees	Project Proponent/ Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ Contractor	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP4.6	5	The implementation programme for the proposed works should reserve enough time for the advance tree transplanting preparation works.	To enhance the survivals of the transplanted trees	Project Proponent/ Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ Contractor	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
CP4.7	5	The tree transplanting works should be implemented by approved Landscape Contractors and inspected and approved on site by a qualified Landscape Architect. A tree protection specification would be included within the contract documents.	To enhance the survivals of the transplanted trees	Project Proponent/ Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ Contractor	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004	Being implemented
Table 6-13	Coordination with Concurrent Projects							
CP5.1	5	Coordinated implementation programme with concurrent projects	To minimise potential impact where possible reduce the period of disturbance.	Project Proponent / Project Landscape Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ Contractor	Site	Throughout design and construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18.	Being implemented
<u>Landscape and Visual Impact (Operation Phase)</u>								
Table 6-14	Design of Engineering and Building Structures							
OP1.1	5	Where possible integrate the engineering and building structures, as far as technically feasible, with existing built structures. Select responsive The locations for the associated facilities away from landscape and visually sensitive areas.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD	To be implemented as per construction programme

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OP1.2	5	Use of a responsive design for the disposition of the main elements including the locations of the proposed above ground structures.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout Design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD	To be implemented as per construction programme
OP1.3	5	The disposition and height profile of the proposed ground structures should respond to the existing context.	To enhance the sense of visual integration with the existing context, avoid abrupt transitions between the existing and proposed built environment and reduce the apparent visual mass of the proposed developments.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD	To be implemented as per construction programme
OP1.4	5	Creation of setbacks, articulating the development frontage, maintenance of view corridors and the utilisation of stepped or articulated height profile.	To enhance the sense of visual integration with the existing context, avoid abrupt transitions between the existing and proposed built environment and reduce the apparent visual mass of the proposed developments.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD	Implemented
OP1.5	5	Use of natural materials such as colour blocking, innovative surface treatments and vertical greening.	To reduce the apparent visual mass of the facilities.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, HKPSG and BD	Implemented
OP1.6	5	Use of natural materials such as colour blocking, innovative surface treatments and vertical greening.	To reduce the apparent visual mass of the facilities.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ Project Proponent	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, HKPSG and BD	Implemented
OP1.7	5	Use of natural tones colour palette and non-reflective materials for outward facing building facades finishes.	To reduce the potential glare effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, HKPSG and BD	Implemented

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OP1.8	5	Incorporation of landscaped terraced edges where conditions allow particularly those fronting the public realm.	To reduce the apparent visual mass of the structure and create a more subtle transition with the pedestrian level streetscape.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, HKPSG and BD	Implemented
OP1.9	5	Aesthetic design of architectural and track lighting shall follow the following design intention. - Directional and full cut off lighting is recommended particularly for recreation and roadside areas; - Minimize geographical spread of lighting, only applied for safety at the key access points and staircases; - Limited lighting intensity to meet the minimum safety and operational requirement; and - High-pressure sodium road lighting is recommended for more stringent light control.	To reduce the night-time glare effect to the surrounding environs, reducing spillage and thus visual impacts.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Through out operation phase	TM-EIA Annex 18	To be implemented as per construction programme
Table 6-14		Roadside and Amenity Planting						
OP2.1	5	Utilise large ornamental trees to maximise the area of visible greenery, soften the interface between the proposed scheme and adjacent urban fabric and enhance the thermal comfort of adjacent spaces.	Provide a linkage with the existing landscape creating a more coherent landscape framework.	Project Landscape Architect(Detailed Design Consultants)/ Project Proponent	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG and BD	To be implemented as per construction programme
OP2.2	5	Planting proposals should respond to the need for visual access in the views from the adjacent neighbourhoods to the roadside or rural landscape. Whereas dense foliage plants shall be provided at other locations to screen and frame views, provide a more shaded environment for pedestrians and provide accents within the existing roadside planting.	Conserve and enhance the landscape interest.	Project Landscape Architect(Detailed Design Consultants)/ Project Proponent	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG and BD	Implemented
OP2.3	5	The planting on sloping ground and areas adjacent to existing woodland shall utilise native species.	Improving the ecological connectivity between existing woodland habitats and creating a more unified and coherent landscape framework.	Project Landscape Architect(Detailed Design Consultants)/ Project Proponent	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG and BD	Implemented

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Table 6-14		Compensatory Planting Proposals						
OP3.1	5	Utilise all available spaces for new tree and shrub planting to screen views of the proposals and where this is not possible soften their architectural form.	To soften the architectural form and enhance their visual integration within the future landscape context.	Project Landscape Architect (IDC Consultants) / LCSD	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG and BD	Implemented
OP3.2	5	New tree planting will be concentrated in the proposed amenity areas along the alignment and surrounding the stations, and providing infill planting between the retained and transplanted trees; and on the disturbed slope areas.	To restore and enhance existing landscape context.	Project Proponent / NA	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG and BD	Implemented
OP3.3	5	The preliminary planting proposals for the proposed works shall adopt a compensatory planting ratio of 1:1 (new planting: trees recommended for felling) utilising a combination of mature to light standard sized stock in general roadside and planting areas adjacent to proposed stations and above ground structures.	To compensate the loss of existing trees.	Project Proponent / Project Landscape Architect (IDC Consultants)	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG	Implemented
OP3.4	5	The retention of existing trees through their preservation in-situ, the transplantation of trees found to be in conflict with the proposed works and the successful establishment of the newly planted trees will form part of the roadside and slope planting enhancing the amenity of the local areas and providing for the thermal comfort of pedestrians.	To compensate the loss of existing trees.	Project Proponent / Project Landscape Architect (IDC Consultants)	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG	Implemented
OP3.5	5	The proposed compensatory and new tree planting will utilise a combination of species native to Hong Kong and ornamental feature trees for the slope areas and those alongside the infrastructure corridors. The species selection for the areas adjacent to proposed stations and within the main urban areas will utilise a range of amenity tree species. These proposals will be subject to further development during the detailed design stage of the project.	To compensate the loss of existing trees.	Project Proponent / Project Landscape Architect (IDC Consultants)	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG	Implemented

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OP3.6	5	The preliminary planting proposals for the proposed works shall adopt a compensatory planting ratio of 1:1 (new planting: trees recommended for felling) utilising a combination of mature to light standard sized stock in general roadside and planting areas adjacent to proposed stations and above ground structures.	To compensate the loss of existing trees.	Project Proponent / Project Landscape Architect (IDC Consultants)	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG	Implemented
OP3.7	5	The retention of existing trees through their preservation in-situ, the transplantation of trees found to be in conflict with the proposed works and the successful establishment of the newly planted trees will form part of the roadside and slope planting enhancing the amenity of the local areas and providing for the thermal comfort of pedestrians.	To compensate the loss of existing trees.	Project Proponent / Project Landscape Architect (IDC Consultants)	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG	Implemented
OP3.8	5	The proposed compensatory and new tree planting will utilise a combination of species native to Hong Kong and ornamental feature trees for the slope areas and those alongside the infrastructure corridors. The species selection for the areas adjacent to proposed stations and within the main urban areas will utilise a range of amenity tree species. These proposals will be subject to further development during the detailed design stage of the project.	To compensate the loss of existing trees.	Project Proponent / Project Landscape Architect (IDC Consultants)	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, ETWB TCW No. 3/2006 & 2/2004, HKPSG	Implemented

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Table 6-14	5	<p>Treatment of Retaining Wall and Slopes</p> <p>The proposed treatment of Retaining Wall and Slopes should be aesthetically enhanced through the use of soft landscape works including tree and shrub planting to give man-made slopes a more natural appearance blending into the local rural landscape.</p>	<p>The design seeks to visually integrate the engineered slope feature within the local landscape context.</p>	<p>Project Landscape Architect(Detailed Design Consultants)/ / LCSD or HyD</p>	Site	<p>Through out design phase</p>	<p>TM-EIA Annex 18, HKPSG and BD GEO Publication No. 1/2000 "Technical Guidelines on Landscape Treatment and Bio-engineering for Man-made Slopes and Retaining Walls" For HyD SIMAR slopes refer to Standard Requirements for Handover of Vegetation on to Highways Department (Rev.B).</p>	Implemented

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OP4.2	5	Whip sized tree planting is preferred on the face of soil cut slopes and at the crest and toe of the slope, and within berm planters. The smaller, younger plant stock will adapt to their new growing conditions more quickly than larger sized stock and establish a naturalistic effect more rapidly.	The design seeks to visually integrate the engineered slope feature within the local landscape context.	Project Landscape Architect(Detailed Design Consultants)/ / LCSD or HyD	Site	Through out design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18, HKPSG and BD GEO Publication No. 1/2000 "Technical Guidelines on Landscape Treatment and Bio-engineering for Man-made Slopes and Retaining Walls" For HyD SIMAR slopes refer to Standard Requirements for Handover of Vegetation on to Highways Department (Rev.B).	Implemented
Table 6-14 Design of Noise Mitigation Structures								
OP5.1	5	Noise mitigation structures installed along the trackside should not be limited to the functional requirements of mitigating train noise. It should also include a requirement that these structures make a positive contribution to the urban / semi-rural landscape character of this area and by doing so improve the perceived landscape quality of the area. These barriers would be visible from some VSRs identified in the study.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD	Implemented
OP5.2	5	Promote the innovative use of materials, such as Plexiglas, fibreglass, reinforced concrete etc, whilst remaining aware of the design life span of each of the elements incorporated in the design.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD	Implemented

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OP5.3	5	Reduce the visual effect of the structure through the use of form, materials, textures colours and tones.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD	Implemented
OP5.4	5	Incorporation of articulation in the façade of the noise barriers / enclosures through the use of some transparent sections near the upper portion of the proposed structure.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD	Implemented
OP5.5	5	Reflect the chromatic context of the surrounding urban landscape through the use of colour panels in the proposed noise barrier.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD	Implemented
OP5.6	5	Utilise materials, which are non-reflective avoiding glare from incident sunlight.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD	Implemented
Table 6-14	Design of Engineering Structures							
OP6.1	5	The landscape consultants have worked in unison with the engineers on the aesthetic aspects of the structures and their relationship with the landscape.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Landscape Architects (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD, ACABAS	Implemented
OP6.2	5	The structures shall aim to “touch” the ground as lightly as possible in order to minimise disturbance to the existing landscape and vegetation below the structures. This would be achieved by designing slender, rounded columns spaced the maximum distance apart. The viaducts would be constructed using pre-cast methods and launched from columns rather than scaffolding. The viaduct should be designed to achieve where appropriate a graceful, curving alignment.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD, ACABAS	Implemented

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OP6.3	5	Landform and vegetation in areas disturbed by construction works would be reinstated to blend with the existing landscape patterns or as discussed above.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD, ACABAS	Implemented
OP6.4	5	Wherever light levels, the water regime and the requirements of the ecological mitigation measures permit, vegetation would be reinstated below the structures. Irrigation may be required in some locations and hard landscape solutions considered where the clearance is low. Planting would be used wherever possible to minimise the apparent height of structures and to soften their appearance in medium and long distance views.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD, ACABAS	Implemented
OP6.2	5	The design of the proposed structures should avoid unnecessary visual clutter, this would be achieved through the co-ordination of the various engineering disciplines involved to arrive at innovative design solutions.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD, ACABAS	Implemented
OP6.5	5	Fair faced concrete would not be used for parapets to minimise glare from the structure and to avoid the visually detracting effect of staining.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD, ACABAS	Implemented
OP6.6	5	Drainage structures would where possible be concealed within the structure of the proposed viaducts.	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Architect (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout design phase	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD, ACABAS	Implemented
Table 6-14	Reinstatement and Creation of Open Spaces and Gardens							
OP7.1	5	The landscape consultants have worked in unison with the engineers on the aesthetic aspects for Reinstatement and Creation of Open Spaces and Gardens	To ensure the proposals are integrated with the existing landscape and visual context, and avoid cluster effect.	Project Engineer and Landscape Architects (Detailed Design Consultants)/ NA	Site	Throughout Design and Construction phases	TM-EIA Annex 18 and BD, ACABAS	Implemented

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Hazard to Life								
A7A	6	Improved truck design to reduce the amount of combustibles in, front exhaust spark arrester, 1 x 9 kg water based and 1 x 9 kg dry chemical powder fire extinguishers for a vehicle with gross weight up to 9 tonnes, and 2 x 2.5kg dry powder and 2 x 10-litre foam fire extinguishers to be provided for a vehicle of 9 tonnes and above, and a hand-held lightning detector to be provided in the vehicle. This should be combined with monthly vehicle inspection.	To meet the ALARP requirement	MTRC/ Contractor	Explosive Magazine	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Blasting activities including storage and transport of explosives should be supervised and audited by competent site staff to ensure strict compliance with the blasting permit conditions.	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives storage and transport would not be unacceptable	MTRC / Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be stored and/or used	Construction phase	Dangerous Goods Ordinance	To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Only the required quantity of explosives for a particular blast should be transported to avoid the return of unused explosives to the magazine. The number of return trips to the magazine with the full load of explosives or partial load should be minimised by proper co-ordination between blasting and delivery. If disposal is required for small quantities, disposal should be made in a controlled and safe manner by a Registered Shotfirer.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	MTRC/ Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be stored and/ or used	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	The explosive truck accident frequency should be minimized by implementing a dedicated training programme for both the driver and his attendants, including regular briefing sessions, implementation of a defensive driving attitude. In addition, drivers should be selected based on good safety record, and medical checks.	To meet the ALARP requirement.	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	The contractor should as far as practicable combine the explosive deliveries for a given work area.	To meet the ALARP requirement.	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme

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A7A	6	The explosive truck fire involvement frequency should be minimized by implementing a better emergency response and training to make sure the adequate fire extinguishers are used and attempt is made to evacuate the area of the incident or securing the explosive load if possible. All explosive vehicles should also be equipped with bigger capacity AFFF-type extinguishers.	To meet the ALARP requirement.	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	A minimum headway between two consecutive trucks conveys of at least 10 min is recommended.	To ensure that the risk from the proposed explosives transport would not be unacceptable	MTRC/ Contractor	Along explosives transport route	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Use only experienced driver(s) with good safety record for explosive vehicle(s). Training should be provided to ensure it covers all major safety subjects.	To ensure safe transport of explosives	MTRC/ Contractor	At suitable location	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Develop procedure to ensure that parking space on the site is available for the explosive truck. Confirmation of parking space should be communicated to truck drivers before delivery.	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives storage and transport would not be unacceptable	MTRC/ Contractor	Explosive magazine	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Delivery vehicles shall not be permitted to remain unattended within the magazine site (or appropriately wheel-locked).	To reduce the risk of fire within the magazine	MTRC / Contractor	Explosive Magazine	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Good house-keeping within and outside of the magazine to ensure that combustible materials (including vegetation) are removed and not allowed to accumulate.	To reduce the risk of fire within the magazine	MTRC / Contractor	Explosive Magazine	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Detonators shall not be transported in the same vehicle with other Class 1 explosives.	To reduce the risk of explosion during the transport of cartridge emulsion	MTRC / Contractor		Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Emergency plan (i.e. magazine operational manual) shall be developed to address uncontrolled fire in magazine area. The case of fire near an explosive carrying truck in jammed traffic should also be covered. Drill of the emergency plan should be carried out at regular intervals.	To reduce the risk of fire	MTRC/ Contractor	Explosive Magazine and along explosives transport route	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Adverse weather working guideline should be developed to clearly define procedure for transport explosives during thunderstorm.	To ensure safe transport of explosives	MTRC/ Contractor	Along explosives transport route	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme

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A7A	6	During transport of the explosives within the tunnel, hot work should not be permitted.	To ensure safe transport of explosives	MTRC/ Contractor	Along explosives transport route	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Ensure that UN 1.4B packaging of detonators remains intact until handed over at blasting site.	To reduce the risk of explosion during the transport of detonator	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Contractor to ensure that any electro-explosive devices are sufficiently shielded from radio frequency radiation hazards.	To reduce the risk of explosion during the transport of detonators	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Steel vehicle tray welded to a steel vertical fire screen should be mounted at least 150 mm behind the drivers cab and 100 mm from the steel cargo compartment, the vertical screen shall protrude 150 mm in excess of all three (3) sides of the steel cargo compartment.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport.	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Ensure cartridge emulsion with high water content should be preferred. Also, the emulsion with perchlorate formulation should be avoided.	To ensure safe explosives to be used	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	Traffic Management should be implemented within the temporary magazine site, to ensure that no more than 1 vehicle will be loaded at any time, in order to avoid accidents involving multiple vehicles within the site boundary. Based on the construction programme, considering that 6 trucks could be loaded over a peak 2 hour period, this is considered feasible.	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives storage and transport would not be unacceptable	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	The design of the fill slope close to the temporary magazine site should consider potential washout failures and incorporate engineering measures to prevent a washout causing damage to the temporary magazine stores	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives storage would not be unacceptable	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	The security plan should address different alert security level to reduce opportunity for arson / deliberate initiation of explosives. The corresponding security procedure should be implemented with respect to prevailing security alert status announced by the Government.	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives storage would not be unacceptable	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme

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A7A	6	A suitable work control system should be introduced, such as an operational manual including Permit-to-Work system.	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives storage would not be unacceptable	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
A7A	6	The magazine building shall be regularly checked for water seepage through the roof, walls or floor.	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives storage would not be unacceptable	MTRC/ Contractor	-	Construction phase		To be implemented as per construction programme
Waste Management (Construction Phase)								
8.5.1.1	7	<p>Good Site Practices</p> <p>Recommendations for good site practices during the construction activities include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nomination of an approved person, such as a site manager, to be responsible for good site practices, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical handling procedures Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection of waste Appropriate measures to minimise windblown litter and dust/odour during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers Provision of wheel washing facilities before the trucks leaving the works area so as to minimise dust introduction from public road Well planned delivery programme for offsite disposal such that adverse environmental impact from transporting the C&D material is not anticipated Provision of cover for the stockpile material, sand bag or earth bund as barrier to prevent material from washing away and entering the drains 	To reduce waste generation	MTRC / Contractor	Construction Work Sites (General)	During Construction	<p>Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap.354);</p> <p>Waste Disposal (Chemical Wastes) (General) Regulation (Cap 354) and</p> <p>ETWBTC No. 15/2003, Waste Management on Construction Site</p>	Being implemented

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
8.5.1.2	7	<p>Waste Reduction Measures Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sort C&D material from demolition and decommissioning of the existing facilities to recover recyclable portions such as metals Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal Encourage collection of aluminium cans by providing separate labelled bins to enable this waste to be segregated from other general refuse generated by the work force Proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste. 	For perform waste reduction	MTRC / Contractor	Construction Work Sites (General)	During Construction	<p>Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap.354);</p> <p>Waste Disposal (Chemical Wastes) (General) Regulation; Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 28)</p>	Being implemented

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8.5.1.3	7	<p>C&D Material</p> <p>In order to minimise impacts resulting from collection and transportation of C&D material for off-site disposal, the excavated materials should be reused on-site as backfilling material as far as practicable. In addition, C&D material generated from excavation works could be reused as rock material in local projects that require public fill for reclamation and earth filling purposes, say, 'Hong Kong – Zhuhai – Macao Bridge' in association with Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities and Hong Kong Link Road, Central-Wanchai Bypass and Wanchai Development Phase II project (subject to further coordination). The surplus rock and other inert C&D material should be disposed of at the Government's Public Fill Reception Facilities (PFRFs), for beneficial use by other projects in the HKSAR, or transported to Mainland China via CEDD for use by other suitable projects in the Mainland. C&D waste generated from general site clearance and tree felling works would require disposal to the designated landfill site. Other mitigation requirements are listed below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A Waste Management Plan should be prepared and • In order to monitor the disposal of C&D material and solid wastes at public filling facilities and landfills, and to control fly-tipping, a trip-ticket system (e.g. ETWB TCW No. 31/2004) should be included. 	To minimize impacts resulting from collection and transportation of C&D material for off-site disposal	MTRC / Contractor	Construction Work Sites (General)	During Construction	ETWB TCW No. 31/2004	Being implemented
8.5.1.4	7	<p>General Refuse</p> <p>General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D material. A reputable waste collector should be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D material. Preferably an enclosed and covered area should be provided to reduce the occurrence of 'wind blown' light material.</p>	To minimize impacts resulting from collection and transportation of general refuse for off-site disposal	MTRC / Contractor	Construction Work Sites (General)	During Construction	Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap. 132) - Public Cleansing and Prevention of Nuisances Regulation	Being implemented

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8.5.1.5	7	<p>Chemical Waste</p> <p>If chemical wastes are produced at the construction site, the Contractor would be required to register with the EPD as a chemical waste producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the <i>Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes</i>. Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste, such as explosive, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, corrosive, etc. The Contractor should use a licensed collector to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes, to either the approved Chemical Waste Treatment Centre, or another licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.</p>	To minimize impacts resulting from collection and transportation of chemical waste for off-site disposal	MTRC / Contractor	Construction Work Sites (General)	During Construction	Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes, Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	Being implemented
8.5.1.6	7	<p>Marine Dredged Sediment</p> <p>The sediment at the pier site would be dredged and transferred to barges for subsequent disposal. Release of dredged sediment into the surrounding water should be avoided. It is recommended that the distance between the barge and the dredging point be shortened as far as possible to avoid dropping of sediment from the close grab to the seawater.</p>	To minimise potential impacts on water quality	MTRC/ Contractor	Dredging/ excavation area required for installation of the pier/pier structure in Aberdeen Channel	During marine construction works	ETWB TCW No. 34/2002	Implemented
8.5.1.6	7	<p>Category H material was identified at the grab sampling location at the dredging/excavation site. As there was no exceedance of 10xLCEL for the tested parameters, the sediment to be dredged at this location should be disposed of at a confined marine disposal site. The Project Proponent should agree with MFC on the allocation of disposal site and the Contractor should apply a dumping permit from EPD prior to the dredging / excavation works.</p>	To prevent cross contamination of waste.	MTRC/ Contractor	Dredging/ excavation area with Category H material	During marine construction works	ETWB TCW No. 34/2002	Implemented

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
Waste Management (Operation Phase)								
8.5.2.1	7	<p>General Refuse</p> <p>General refuse should be collected on daily basis and delivered to the refuse collection point accordingly. A reputable waste collector should be employed to remove general refuse regularly to avoid odour nuisance or pest and vermin problem. Recycling containers are recommended to be provided to encourage recycling aluminium cans and waste paper.</p>	To minimize impacts resulting from collection and transportation of general refuse for off-site disposal	MTRC	Stations and depot	During Operation	Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap. 132) - Public Cleansing and Prevention of Nuisances Regulation	To be implemented as per construction programme
8.5.2.2	7	<p>Industrial Waste</p> <p>Similar to general refuse, a reputable waste collector should be employed to remove industrial waste regularly to avoid accumulation. Scrap materials such as metals can be recycled if uncontaminated.</p>	To minimize impacts resulting from collection and transportation of industrial waste for off-site disposal	MTRC	Stations and depot	During Operation	Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap. 132) - Public Cleansing and Prevention of Nuisances Regulation	To be implemented as per construction programme
8.5.2.3	7	<p>Chemical Waste</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Register with the EPD as a chemical waste producer should be obtained and guidelines stated in the <i>Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes</i> should be followed. Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste, such as explosive, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, corrosive, etc. Licensed collector should be deployed to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes, to either the approved Chemical Waste Treatment Centre, or another licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. 	To minimize impacts resulting from collection and transportation of chemical waste for off-site disposal	MTRC	Stations and depot	During Operation	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Waste	To be implemented as per construction programme
Land Contamination (Construction Phase)								

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
9.7.1	8	<p>The following measures should be implemented for contaminated material excavation and transportation (if any):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To minimize the chance for construction workers' to come into contact with contaminated materials, bulk earth-moving excavation equipment should be employed; • Contact with contaminated materials can be minimised by wearing appropriate clothing and personal protective equipment such as gloves and masks (especially when interacting directly with contaminated material), provision of washing facilities and prohibition of smoking and eating on site; • Stockpiling of contaminated excavated materials on site should be avoided as far as possible; • The use of contaminated soil for landscaping purpose should be avoided unless pre-treatment was carried out; • Vehicles containing any excavated materials should be suitably covered to reduce dust emissions and/or release of contaminated wastewater; • Truck bodies and tailgates should be sealed to stop any discharge; • Only licensed waste haulers should be used to collect and transport contaminated material to treatment/disposal site and with the implementation of tracking system to avoid fly tipping; • Speed control for trucks carrying contaminated materials should be carried out; • Observe all relevant regulations in relation to waste handling, such as Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354), Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation (Cap 354) and obtain all necessary permits where required; and • Maintain records of waste generation and disposal quantities and disposal arrangements. 	To minimize as much as possible any nuisance generated in relation to land remediation activities. At the same time, to protect all personnel from possible risk associated with land remediation activities.	MTRC / Contractor	All site areas	During Construction	EIA Recommendations	Being implemented

EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measure & Main Concerns to address	Who to implement the measure?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measure?	What requirements or standards for the measure to achieve?	Implementation status
Land Contamination (Operation Phase)								
9.7.2	8	Defined procedures in handling chemicals should be implemented as part of MTRCL company policy. All relevant operational procedures should be strictly followed to avoid land contamination.	To minimize as much as possible any risk in association with land contamination during operation of the Project	MTRC	All areas within the Project	During Operation	EIA Recommendations	To be implemented as per construction programme
Air Quality Impact (Construction Phase)								
10.6.2	9	Specific Dust Control Measures	To minimize adverse dust emission generated from various construction activities of the works sites	Contractor	Construction Works Sites	During Construction	EIA Recommendations	Being implemented
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For the unloading of spoil from trucks at barging point, installation of 3-sided screen with top and the provision of water sprays at the discharge point should be provided 						
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Watering every working hour for 12 hours a day on exposed soil areas on active works areas and paved haul roads to reduce dust emissions 						
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The rock crushing facilities with maximum daily output of over 1000m³ per day should be enclosed including unloading locations and a fabric baghouse/cartridge filter type dust extraction and collection system or equivalent system with 99% or more dust removal efficiency should be installed for the treatment of the emissions from rock crushing and screening processes. 						
10.6.2	9	Best practices for dust control are required. A control programme can be instigated to monitor the construction process in order to enforce dust controls and modify methods of works where feasible to reduce the dust emission down to acceptable levels. The following best practices for dust control should be implemented throughout the construction period: Disturbed Parts of the Roads	To minimize adverse dust emission generated from various construction activities of the works sites	Contractor	Construction Works Sites	During Construction	Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation, EPD's Best Practicable Means and EIA Recommendations	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Each and every main temporary access should be paved with concrete, bituminous hardcore materials or metal plates and kept clear of dusty materials; or 						

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unpaved parts of the road would be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical so as to keep the entire road surface wet. <p>Exposed Earth</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exposed earth should be properly treated by compaction, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or seeding with latex, vinyl, bitumen within six months after the last construction activity on the site or part of the site where the exposed earth lies. <p>Loading, Unloading or Transfer of Dusty Materials</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All dusty materials should be sprayed with water immediately prior to any loading or transfer operation so as to keep the dusty material wet. <p>Debris Handling</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any debris should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or stored in a debris collection area sheltered on the top and the three sides. • Before debris is dumped into a chute, water should be sprayed so that it remains wet when it is dumped. ▪ For the minor blasting at WCH Depot, tarpaulin covers would be provided on the steel screens to prevent the dust from spreading out, and the whole blasting area would be watered before and after each blast in order to help contain the dust and fumes. <p>Transport of Dusty Materials</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vehicle used for transporting dusty materials/ spoil should be covered with tarpaulin or similar material. The cover should extend over the edges of the sides and tailboards. <p>Wheel Washing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vehicle wheel washing facilities should be provided at each construction site exit. 						

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		<p>Stone Crushing Plant</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The control measures listed in EPD's A Guidance Note on the Best Practicable Means for Mineral Works (Stone Crushing Plants) BPM 11/1) should be followed, where appropriate. <p>Concrete Batching Plant</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The loading, unloading, handling, transfer or storage of dusty materials should be carried in a totally enclosed system. All dust-laden air or waste gas generated by the process operations should be properly extracted and vented to fabric filtering system. The control measures listed in EPD's A guidance note on the best practicable means for cement works (concrete batching plant) (BPM 3/2) should be followed, where appropriate. <p>Good Site Management</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Contractor should maintain high standard of housekeeping to prevent emission of fugitive dust emission. Loading, unloading, handling and storage of raw materials, wastes or by-products should be carried out in a manner so as to minimize the release of visible dust emission. Any piles of materials accumulated on or around the work areas should be cleaned up regularly. Cleaning, repair and maintenance of all plant facilities within the work areas should be carried out in a manner minimizing generation of fugitive dust emissions. The material should be handled properly to prevent fugitive dust emission before cleaning. 						

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Cultural Heritage Impact (Construction Phase)								
11.7.1.1	10	Archaeological watching brief during the construction phase is recommended for areas highlighted as having some archaeological potential (The works sites that will require archaeological watching brief can be found in the following figures in the main report: Harcourt Garden (Figure 11.22 of EIA Report), Wong Chuk Hang San Wai (WS10) in Figure 11.35 of EIA Report and Works Sites S7, S7c, S7d and S7e (Figure 11.28 of EIA Report)	To identify and record any archaeological material or features revealed during the excavation phase of the works schedule	MTRC/ Contractor	Admiralty: Harcourt Garden Works Site; Wong Chuk Hang: Works Sites S7c,d,e, Works Site S7, Pier Columns within Works Site S10	During Construction	Antiquities and Monuments Ordinance	Implemented