

Contract No. HY/2011/03

**Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing
Facilities**

Quarterly EM&A Report No. 31 (March 2020 to May 2020)

6 July 2020

Revision 1

Main Contractor



Designer



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Executive Summary

The Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge (HZMB) Hong Kong Link Road (HKLR) serves to connect the HZMB Main Bridge at the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) Boundary and the HZMB Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities (HKBCF) located at the north eastern waters of the Hong Kong International Airport (HKIA).

The HKLR project has been separated into two contracts. They are Contract No. HY/2011/03 Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road-Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities (hereafter referred to as the Contract) and Contract No. HY/2011/09 Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road-Section between HKSAR Boundary and Scenic Hill.

China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Ltd. was awarded by Highways Department as the Contractor to undertake the construction works of Contract No. HY/2011/03. The main works of the Contract include land tunnel at Scenic Hill, tunnel underneath Airport Road and Airport Express Line, reclamation and tunnel to the east coast of the Airport Island, at-grade road connecting to the HKBCF and highway works of the HKBCF within the Airport Island and in the vicinity of the HKLR reclamation. The Contract is part of the HKLR Project and HKBCF Project, these projects are considered to be "Designated Projects", under Schedule 2 of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Ordinance (Cap 499) and EIA Reports (Register No. AEIAR-144/2009 and AEIAR-145/2009) were prepared for the Project. The current Environmental Permit (EP) EP-352/2009/D for HKLR and EP-353/2009/K for HKBCF were issued on 22 December 2014 and 11 April 2016, respectively. These documents are available through the EIA Ordinance Register. The construction phase of Contract was commenced on 17 October 2012.

BMT Hong Kong Limited has been appointed by the Contractor to implement the Environmental Monitoring & Audit (EM&A) programme for the Contract in accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual for HKLR (Version 1.0) and will be providing environmental team services to the Contract.

This is the thirty-first Quarterly EM&A report for the Contract which summarizes the monitoring results and audit findings of the EM&A programme during the reporting period from 1 March 2020 to 31 May 2020.

Environmental Monitoring and Audit Progress

The EM&A programme were undertaken in accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual for HKLR (Version 1.0). A summary of the monitoring activities during this reporting period is presented as below:

| Monitoring Activity | | Monitoring Date | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|---|---|
| | | Mar 2020 | Apr 2020 | May 2020 |
| Air Quality | 1-hr TSP at AMS5 and AMS6 | 4, 10, 16, 20, 26 and 31 | 6, 9, 15, 21, 24 and 29 | 5, 11, 15, 21 and 27 |
| | 24-hr TSP at AMS5 | 3, 9, 13, 19, 25 and 30 | 3, 8, 14, 20, 23 and 28 | 4, 8, 14, 20, and 27 |
| | 24-hr TSP at AMS6 | 3, 9, 13, 25 and 30 | | 4, 8, 14, 20, and 26 |
| Noise | | 4, 10, 16, 26 and 31 | 6, 15, 21 and 29 | 5, 11, 21 and 27 |
| Water Quality | | Not applicable. ^(see remark 1) | Not applicable. ^(see remark 1) | Not applicable. ^(see remark 1) |
| Chinese White Dolphin | | Not applicable. ^(see remark 1) | Not applicable. ^(see remark 1) | Not applicable. ^(see remark 1) |
| Mudflat Monitoring (Ecology) | | 9, 10, 11 and 12 | - | |
| Mudflat Monitoring (Sedimentation rate) | | 11 | | |
| Site Inspection | | 4, 11, 18 and 27 | 1, 8, 15, 22 and 28 | 6, 13, 20 and 29 |

Remarks: 1) Water quality monitoring and dolphin monitoring were temporarily suspended during the reporting period.

Due to power failure and malfunction of High Volume Sampler (HVS) at AMS6 - Dragonair / CNAC (Group) Building (HKIA), 24-hr TSP monitoring on 19 March 2020 at AMS6 was cancelled. The HVS was repaired on 25 March 2020. The 24-hr TSP monitoring at AMS6 was resumed on 25 March 2020.

Due to power failure, 24-hr TSP monitoring on 26 May 2020 at AMS5 (Ma Wan Chung Village) was rescheduled to 27 May 2020.

Breaches of Action and Limit Levels

A summary of environmental exceedances for this reporting period is as follows:

| Environmental Monitoring | Parameters | Action Level (AL) | Limit Level (LL) |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Air Quality | 1-hr TSP | 0 | 0 |
| | 24-hr TSP | 0 | 0 |
| Noise | Leq (30 min) | 0 | 0 |
| Water Quality | Suspended solids level (SS) | Not applicable. (see remark 1) | Not applicable. (see remark 1) |
| | Turbidity level | Not applicable. (see remark 1) | Not applicable. (see remark 1) |
| | Dissolved oxygen level (DO) | Not applicable. (see remark 1) | Not applicable. (see remark 1) |
| Dolphin Monitoring | Quarterly Analysis (Mar 2020 to May 2020) | Not applicable. (see remark 2) | Not applicable. (see remark 2) |

Remarks:

- 1) Water quality monitoring was temporarily suspended during the reporting period. Thus, no water quality monitoring results and exceedances from March 2020 to May 2020 are presented.
- 2) Dolphin monitoring was temporarily suspended during the reporting period. Thus, no quarterly analysis of dolphin monitoring results and exceedances from March 2020 to May 2020 are presented.

Implementation of Mitigation Measures

Site inspections were carried out to monitor the implementation of proper environmental pollution control and mitigation measures for the Project. Potential environmental impacts due to the construction activities were monitored and reviewed.

Complaint Log

There was one complaint received in relation to the environmental impacts during this reporting period.

Notifications of Summons and Prosecutions

There were no notifications of summons or prosecutions received during this reporting period.

Reporting Changes

This report has been developed in compliance with the reporting requirements for the subsequent EM&A reports as required by the Updated EM&A Manual for HKLR (Version 1.0).

The proposal for the change of Action Level and Limit Level for suspended solid and turbidity was approved by EPD on 25 March 2013.

The revised Event and Action Plan for dolphin monitoring was approved by EPD on 6 May 2013.

The original monitoring station at IS(Mf)9 (Coordinate: 813273E, 818850N) was observed inside the perimeter silt curtain of Contract HY/2010/02 on 1 July 2013, as such the original impact water quality monitoring location at IS(Mf)9 was temporarily shifted outside the silt curtain. As advised by the Contractor of HY/2010/02 in August 2013, the perimeter silt curtain was shifted to facilitate safe anchorage zone of construction barges/vessels until end of 2013 subject to construction progress. Therefore, water quality monitoring station IS(Mf)9 was shifted to 813226E and 818708N since 1 July 2013. According to the water quality monitoring team's observation on 24 March 2014, the original monitoring location of IS(Mf)9 was no longer enclosed by the perimeter silt curtain of Contract HY/2010/02. Thus, the impact water quality monitoring works at the original monitoring location of IS(Mf)9 has been resumed since 24 March 2014.

Transect lines 1, 2, 7, 8, 9 and 11 for dolphin monitoring have been revised due to the obstruction of the permanent structures associated with the construction works of HKLR and the southern viaduct of TM-CLKL, as well as provision of adequate buffer distance from the Airport Restricted Areas. The EPD issued a memo and confirmed that they had no objection on the revised transect lines on 19 August 2015.

The water quality monitoring stations at IS10 (Coordinate: 812577E, 820670N) and SR5 (811489E, 820455N) are located inside Hong Kong International Airport (HKIA) Approach Restricted Areas. The previously granted Vessel's Entry Permit for accessing stations IS10 and SR5 were expired on 31 December 2016. During the permit renewing process, the water quality monitoring location was shifted to IS10(N) (Coordinate: 813060E, 820540N) and SR5(N) (Coordinate: 811430E, 820978N) on 2, 4 and 6 January 2017 temporarily. The permit has been granted by Marine Department on 6 January 2017. Thus, the impact water quality monitoring works at original monitoring location of IS10 and SR5 has been resumed since 9 January 2017.

Transect lines 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 for dolphin monitoring have been revised and transect line 24 has been added due to the presence of a work zone to the north of the airport platform with intense construction activities in association with the construction of the third runway expansion for the Hong Kong International Airport. The EPD issued a memo and confirmed that they had no objection on the revised transect lines on 28 July 2017. The alternative dolphin transect lines are adopted starting from August's dolphin monitoring.

A new water quality monitoring team has been employed for carrying out water quality monitoring work for the Contract starting from 23 August 2017. Due to marine work of the Expansion of Hong Kong International Airport into a Three-Runway System (3RS Project), original locations of water quality monitoring stations CS2, SR5 and IS10 are enclosed by works boundary of 3RS Project. Alternative impact water quality monitoring stations, naming as CS2(A), SR5(N) and IS10(N) was approved on 28 July 2017 and were adopted starting from 23 August 2017 to replace the original locations of water quality monitoring for the Contract.

The role and responsibilities as the ET Leader of the Contract was temporarily taken up by Mr Willie Wong instead of Ms Claudine Lee from 25 September 2017 to 31 December 2017.

The topographical condition of the water monitoring stations SR3 (Coordinate: 810525E, 816456N), SR4 (Coordinate: 814760E, 817867N), SR10A (Coordinate: 823741E, 823495N) and SR10B (Coordinate: 823686E, 823213N) cannot be accessed safely for undertaking water quality monitoring. The water quality monitoring has been temporarily conducted at alternative stations, namely SR3(N) (Coordinate 810689E, 816591N), SR4(N) (Coordinate: 814705E, 817859N) and SR10A(N) (Coordinate: 823644E, 823484N) since 1 September 2017. The water quality monitoring at station SR10B was temporarily conducted at Coordinate: 823683E, 823187N on 1, 4, 6, 8 September 2017 and has been temporarily fine-tuned to alternative station SR10B(N2) (Coordinate: 823689E, 823159N) since 11 September 2017. Proposal for permanently relocating the aforementioned stations was approved by EPD on 8 January 2018.

The works area WA5 was handed over to other party on 22 June 2013.

According to latest information received in July 2018, the works area WA7 was handed over to other party on 28 February 2018 instead of 31 January 2018.

Original WQM stations IS8 and SR4(N) are located within the active work area of TCNTE project and the access to the WQM stations IS8 (Coordinate: E814251, N818412) and SR4(N) (Coordinate: E814705, N817859) are blocked by the silt curtains of the Tung Chung New Town Extension (TCNTE) project. Alternative monitoring stations IS8(N) (Coordinate: E814413, N818570) and SR4(N2) (Coordinate: E814688, N817996) are proposed to replace the original monitoring stations IS8 and SR4(N). Proposal for permanently relocating the aforementioned stations was approved by EPD on 20 August 2019. The water quality monitoring has been conducted at stations IS8(N) and SR4(N2) on 21 August 2019.

There were no marine works conducted by Contract No. HY/2011/03 since July 2019. A proposal for temporary suspension of marine related environmental monitoring (water quality monitoring and dolphin monitoring for the Contract No. HY/2011/03) was justified by the ET leader and verified by IEC in mid of September 2019 and it was approved by EPD on 24 September 2019. Water quality monitoring and dolphin monitoring for the Contract will not be conducted starting from 1 October 2019 until marine works (i.e. toe loading removal works) be resumed. As discussed with Contract No. HY/2012/08, they will take up the responsibility from Contract No. HY/2011/03 for the dolphin monitoring works starting from 1 October 2019.

According to information received in January 2020, the works area WA3 and WA4 were handed over to Highways Department on 23 December 2019 and 14 March 2019 respectively.

The role and responsibilities as the IEC of the Contract has been taken up by Mr Manson Yeung instead of Mr Ray Yan since 18 May 2020.

1 Introduction

1.1 Basic Project Information

- 1.1.1 The Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge (HZMB) Hong Kong Link Road (HKLR) serves to connect the HZMB Main Bridge at the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) Boundary and the HZMB Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities (HKBCF) located at the north eastern waters of the Hong Kong International Airport (HKIA).
- 1.1.2 The HKLR project has been separated into two contracts. They are Contract No. HY/2011/03 Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road-Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities (hereafter referred to as the Contract) and Contract No. HY/2011/09 Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road-Section between HKSAR Boundary and Scenic Hill.
- 1.1.3 China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Ltd. was awarded by Highways Department (HyD) as the Contractor to undertake the construction works of Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contract is part of the HKLR Project and HKBCF Project, these projects are considered to be “Designated Projects”, under Schedule 2 of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Ordinance (Cap 499) and EIA Reports (Register No. AEIAR-144/2009 and AEIAR-145/2009) were prepared for the Project. The current Environmental Permit (EP) EP-352/2009/D for HKLR and EP-353/2009/K for HKBCF were issued on 22 December 2014 and 11 April 2016, respectively. These documents are available through the EIA Ordinance Register. The construction phase of Contract was commenced on 17 October 2012. The works area WA5 and WA7 were handed over to other party on 22 June 2013 and 28 February 2018 respectively. The works area WA3 and WA4 were handed over to Highways Department on 23 December 2019 and 14 March 2019 respectively. **Figure 1.1** shows the project site boundary. The works areas are shown in **Appendix C**.
- 1.1.4 BMT Hong Kong Limited has been appointed by the Contractor to implement the EM&A programme for the Contract in accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual for HKLR (Version 1.0) for HKLR and will be providing environmental team services to the Contract. Ramboll Hong Kong Limited was employed by HyD as the Independent Environmental Checker (IEC) and Environmental Project Office (ENPO) for the Project. The project organization with regard to the environmental works is provided in **Appendix A**.
- 1.1.5 This is the thirty-first Quarterly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) report for the Contract which summarizes the monitoring results and audit findings of the EM&A programme during the reporting period from 1 March 2020 to 31 May 2020.

1.2 Project Organisation

- 1.2.1 The project organization structure and lines of communication with respect to the on-site environmental management structure with the key personnel contact names and numbers are shown in **Appendix A**.

1.3 Construction Programme

- 1.3.1 A copy of the Contractor’s construction programme is provided in **Appendix B**.

1.4 Construction Works Undertaken During the Reporting Period

- 1.4.1 A summary of the construction activities undertaken during this reporting period is shown in **Table 1.1**. The Works areas of the Contract are showed in **Appendix C**.

Table 1.1 Construction Activities during Reporting Period

| Description of Activities | Site Area |
|---|--|
| Landscaping works | Portion X and Airport Road |
| Works for diversion | Airport Road |
| Establishment of Site Access | Airport Road / Airport Express Line/ East Coast Road |
| E&M works | Airport Road |
| Finishing works for Highway Operation and Maintenance Area Building | Portion X |
| Finishing works for Scenic Hill Tunnel West Portal Ventilation building | West Portal |

2 EM&A Requirement

2.1 Summary of EM&A Requirements

- 2.1.1 The EM&A programme requires environmental monitoring of air quality, noise, water quality, dolphin monitoring and mudflat monitoring as specified in the approved EM&A Manual.
- 2.1.2 A summary of Impact EM&A requirements is presented in **Table 2.1**. The locations of air quality, noise and water quality monitoring stations are shown as in **Figure 2.1**. The transect line layout in Northwest and Northeast Lantau Survey Areas is presented in **Figure 2.2**.

Table 2.1 Summary of Impact EM&A Requirements

| Environmental Monitoring | Description | Monitoring Station | Frequencies | Remarks |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Air Quality | 1-hr TSP | AMS 5 & AMS 6 | At least 3 times every 6 days | While the highest dust impact was expected. |
| | 24-hr TSP | | At least once every 6 days | -- |
| Noise | Leq (30mins), L ₁₀ (30mins) and L ₉₀ (30mins) | NMS 5 | At least once per week | Daytime on normal weekdays (0700-1900 hrs). |
| Water Quality | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Depth Temperature Salinity Dissolved Oxygen (DO) Suspended Solids (SS) DO Saturation Turbidity pH | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impact Stations: IS5, IS(Mf)6, IS7, IS8/IS8(N), IS(Mf)9 & IS10(N), Control/Far Field Stations: CS2(A) & CS(Mf)5, Sensitive Receiver Stations: SR3(N), SR4(N)/SR4(N2), SR5(N), SR10A(N) & SR10B(N2) | Three times per week during mid-ebb and mid-flood tides (within ± 1.75 hour of the predicted time) | 3 (1 m below water surface, mid-depth and 1 m above sea bed, except where the water depth is less than 6 m, in which case the mid-depth station may be omitted. Should the water depth be less than 3 m, only the mid-depth station will be monitored). |
| Dolphin | Line-transect Methods | Northeast Lantau survey area and Northwest Lantau survey area | Twice per month | -- |
| Mudflat | Horseshoe crabs, seagrass beds, intertidal soft shore communities, sedimentation rates and water quality | San Tau and Tung Chung Bay | Once every 3 months | -- |

Remarks:

- 1) Original WQM stations IS8 and SR4(N) are located within the active work area of TCNTE project and the access to the WQM stations IS8 (Coordinate: E814251, N818412) and SR4(N) (Coordinate: E814705, N817859) are blocked by the silt curtains of the Tung Chung New Town Extension (TCNTE) project. Alternative monitoring stations IS8(N) (Coordinate: E814413, N818570) and SR4(N2) (Coordinate: E814688, N817996) are proposed to replace the original monitoring stations IS8 and SR4(N).

Proposal for permanently relocating the aforementioned stations was approved by EPD on 20 August 2019. The water quality monitoring has been conducted at stations IS8(N) and SR4(N2) on 21 August 2019.

2) The water quality monitoring programme and dolphin monitoring programme were temporarily suspended during the reporting period, since no marine works were scheduled or conducted.

2.2 Action and Limit Levels

2.2.1 **Table 2.2** presents the Action and Limit Levels for the 1-hour TSP, 24-hour TSP and noise level.

Table 2.2 Action and Limit Levels for 1-hour TSP, 24-hour TSP and Noise

| Environmental Monitoring | Parameters | Monitoring Station | Action Level | Limit Level |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Air Quality | 1-hr TSP | AMS 5 | 352 µg/m ³ | 500 µg/m ³ |
| | | AMS 6 | 360 µg/m ³ | |
| | 24-hr TSP | AMS 5 | 164 µg/m ³ | 260 µg/m ³ |
| | | AMS 6 | 173 µg/m ³ | |
| Noise | Leq (30 min) | NMS 5 | When one documented complaint is received | 75 dB(A) |

2.2.2 The Action and Limit Levels for water quality monitoring are given as in **Table 2.3**.

Table 2.3 Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality

| Parameter (unit) | Water Depth | Action Level | Limit Level |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) | Surface and Middle | 5.0 | 4.2 except 5 for Fish Culture Zone |
| | Bottom | 4.7 | 3.6 |
| Turbidity (NTU) | Depth average | 27.5 or 120% of upstream control station's turbidity at the same tide of the same day; The action level has been amended to "27.5 and 120% of upstream control station's turbidity at the same tide of the same day" since 25 March 2013. | 47.0 or 130% of turbidity at the upstream control station at the same tide of same day; The limit level has been amended to "47.0 and 130% of turbidity at the upstream control station at the same tide of same day" since 25 March 2013. |
| Suspended Solid (SS) (mg/L) | Depth average | 23.5 or 120% of upstream control station's SS at the same tide of the same day; The action level has been amended to "23.5 and 120% of upstream control station's SS at the same tide of the same day" since 25 March 2013. | 34.4 or 130% of SS at the upstream control station at the same tide of same day and 10mg/L for Water Services Department Seawater Intakes; The limit level has been amended to "34.4 and 130% of SS at the upstream control station at the same tide of same day and 10mg/L for Water Services Department Seawater Intakes" since 25 March 2013 |

Notes:

- (1) Depth-averaged is calculated by taking the arithmetic means of reading of all three depths.
- (2) For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limit occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limit.

- (3) For SS & turbidity non-compliance of the water quality limits occur when monitoring result is higher than the limits.
- (4) The change to the Action and limit Levels for Water Quality Monitoring for the EM&A works was approved by EPD on 25 March 2013. Therefore, the amended Action and Limit Levels are applied for the water monitoring results obtained on and after 25 March 2013.

2.2.3 The Action and Limit Levels for dolphin monitoring are shown in **Tables 2.4 and 2.5**.

Table 2.4 Action and Limit Level for Dolphin Impact Monitoring

| | North Lantau Social Cluster | |
|--------------|--|--|
| | NEL | NWL |
| Action Level | STG < 70% of baseline & ANI < 70% of baseline | STG < 70% of baseline & ANI < 70% of baseline |
| Limit Level | STG < 40% of baseline & ANI < 40% of baseline | |

Remarks:

- (1) STG means quarterly average encounter rate of number of dolphin sightings.
- (2) ANI means quarterly average encounter rate of total number of dolphins.
- (3) For North Lantau Social Cluster, AL will be triggered if either NEL or NWL fall below the criteria; LL will be triggered if both NEL and NWL fall below the criteria.

Table 2.5 Derived Value of Action Level (AL) and Limit Level (LL)

| | North Lantau Social Cluster | |
|--------------|--|------------------------|
| | NEL | NWL |
| Action Level | STG < 4.2 & ANI < 15.5 | STG < 6.9 & ANI < 31.3 |
| Limit Level | (STG < 2.4 & ANI < 8.9) and (STG < 3.9 & ANI < 17.9) | |

Remarks:

- (1) STG means quarterly average encounter rate of number of dolphin sightings.
- (2) ANI means quarterly average encounter rate of total number of dolphins.
- (3) For North Lantau Social Cluster, AL will be triggered if either NEL or NWL fall below the criteria; LL will be triggered if both NEL and NWL fall below the criteria.

2.3 Event Action Plans

2.3.1 The Event Actions Plans for air quality, noise, water quality, dolphin monitoring and mudflat monitoring and Action Plan for Landscape Works are annexed in **Appendix D**.

2.4 Mitigation Measures

2.4.1 Environmental mitigation measures for the contract were recommended in the approved EIA Report. **Appendix E** lists the recommended mitigation measures and the implementation status.

3 Environmental Monitoring and Audit

3.1 Implementation of Environmental Measures

- 3.1.1 In response to the environmental site audit findings, the Contractor have rectified most of the observations as identified in environmental site inspections undertaken during the reporting period. Details of site audit findings and the corrective actions during the reporting period are presented in **Appendix F**.
- 3.1.2 Summary of environmental site inspections of landscape works for the Contract works area are presented in **Appendix F**. The landscape work for the Contract was conducted during the reporting period. The implementation of mitigation measures for landscape and visual resources recommended in the EIA Report were monitored during the reporting period. Landscape and visual mitigation measures in accordance with the EP, EIA and EM&A Manual were implemented by the Contractor.
- 3.1.3 A summary of the Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures (EMIS) is presented in **Appendix E**. Most of the necessary mitigation measures were implemented properly.
- 3.1.4 Regular marine travel route for marine vessels were implemented properly in accordance to the submitted plan and relevant records were kept properly.
- 3.1.5 Dolphin Watching Plan was implemented during the reporting period. No dolphins inside the silt curtain were observed. The relevant records were kept properly.

3.2 Air Quality Monitoring Results

- 3.2.1 The monitoring results for 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP are summarized in **Tables 3.1** and **3.2** respectively. Detailed impact air quality monitoring results and relevant graphical plots are presented in **Appendix G**.

Table 3.1 Summary of 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results Obtained During the Reporting Period

| Reporting Period | Monitoring Station | Average ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) | Range ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) | Action Level ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) | Limit Level ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Mar 2020 | AMS5 | 73 | 8 - 194 | 352 | 500 |
| | AMS6 | 49 | 10 - 87 | 360 | |
| Apr 2020 | AMS5 | 42 | 10 - 98 | 352 | |
| | AMS6 | 53 | 13 - 151 | 360 | |
| May 2020 | AMS5 | 39 | 2 - 112 | 352 | |
| | AMS6 | 28 | 9 - 82 | 360 | |

Table 3.2 Summary of 24-hour TSP Monitoring Results Obtained During the Reporting Period

| Reporting Period | Monitoring Station | Average ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) | Range ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) | Action Level ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) | Limit Level ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Mar 2020 | AMS5 | 45 | 21 - 78 | 164 | 260 |
| | AMS6 | 47 | 30 - 81 | 173 | |
| Apr 2020 | AMS5 | 41 | 13 - 68 | 164 | |
| | AMS6 | 46 | 13 - 115 | 173 | |
| May 2020 | AMS5 | 36 | 20 - 69 | 164 | |
| | AMS6 | 31 | 16 - 44 | 173 | |

3.2.2 No Action and Limit Level exceedances of 1-hr TSP and 24-hr TSP were recorded at AMS5 and AMS6 during the reporting period.

3.3 Noise Monitoring Results

3.3.1 The monitoring results for construction noise are summarized in **Table 3.3** and the monitoring results and relevant graphical plots for this reporting period are provided in **Appendix H**.

Table 3.3 Summary of Construction Noise Monitoring Results Obtained During the Reporting Period

| Reporting period | Monitoring Station | Average L_{eq} (30 mins), dB(A)* | Range of L_{eq} (30 mins), dB(A)* | Action Level | Limit Level L_{eq} (30 mins), dB(A) |
|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Mar 2020 | NMS5 | 57 | 56 – 59 | When one documented complaint is received | 75 |
| Apr 2020 | | 58 | 54 – 62 | | |
| May 2020 | | 59 | 54 – 64 | | |

*A correction factor of +3dB(A) from free field to facade measurement was included.

3.3.2 No Action/Limit Level exceedances for noise were recorded during daytime on normal weekdays of the reporting period.

3.3.3 Other noise sources during the noise monitoring included aircraft/helicopter noise, construction activities by other parties and human activities nearby.

3.4 Water Quality Monitoring Results

3.4.1 The water quality monitoring programme was temporarily suspended during the reporting period since no marine works were scheduled or conducted. Therefore, no water quality monitoring was conducted and no water monitoring results are presented during the reporting period.

3.5 Dolphin Monitoring Results

3.5.1 The dolphin monitoring programme was temporarily suspended during the reporting period since no marine works were scheduled or conducted. Therefore, no quarterly analysis of dolphin monitoring results and exceedances from March 2020 to May 2020 are presented.

3.6 Mudflat Monitoring Results

Sedimentation Rate Monitoring

- 3.6.1 The baseline sedimentation rate monitoring was in September 2012 and impact sedimentation rate monitoring was undertaken on 11 March 2020. The mudflat surface levels at the four established monitoring stations and the corresponding XYZ HK1980 GRID coordinates are presented in **Table 3.9** and **Table 3.10**.

Table 3.9 Measured Mudflat Surface Level Results

| Monitoring Station | Baseline Monitoring (September 2012) | | | Impact Monitoring (March 2020) | | |
|--------------------|---|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| | Easting (m) | Northing (m) | Surface Level (mPD) | Easting (m) | Northing (m) | Surface Level (mPD) |
| S1 | 810291.160 | 816678.727 | 0.950 | 810291.161 | 816678.724 | 1.133 |
| S2 | 810958.272 | 815831.531 | 0.864 | 810958.279 | 815831.529 | 0.967 |
| S3 | 810716.585 | 815953.308 | 1.341 | 810716.594 | 815953.306 | 1.415 |
| S4 | 811221.433 | 816151.381 | 0.931 | 811221.447 | 816151.377 | 1.107 |

Table 3.10 Comparison of Measurement

| Monitoring Station | Comparison of measurement | | | Remarks and Recommendation |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| | Easting (m) | Northing (m) | Surface Level (mPD) | |
| S1 | 0.001 | -0.003 | 0.183 | Level continuously increased |
| S2 | 0.007 | -0.002 | 0.103 | Level continuously increased |
| S3 | 0.009 | -0.002 | 0.074 | Level continuously increased |
| S4 | 0.014 | -0.004 | 0.176 | Level continuously increased |

- 3.6.2 This measurement result was generally and relatively higher than the baseline measurement at S1, S2, S3 and S4. The mudflat level is continuously increased.

Water Quality Monitoring

- 3.6.3 The mudflat monitoring covered water quality monitoring data. Reference was made to the water quality monitoring data of the representative water quality monitoring station (i.e. SR3(N)) as in the EM&A Manual. The water quality monitoring location (SR3(N)) is shown in **Figure 2.1**.
- 3.6.4 Impact water quality monitoring in San Tau (monitoring station SR3(N)) was conducted in March 2020 as part of mudflat monitoring. The monitoring parameters included dissolved oxygen (DO), turbidity and suspended solids (SS).
- 3.6.5 The impact monitoring result for SR3(N) were extracted and summarised in **Table 3.11**:

Table 3.11 Impact Water Quality Monitoring Results (Depth Average)

| Date | Mid Ebb Tide | | | Mid Flood Tide | | |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | DO (mg/L) | Turbidity (NTU) | SS (mg/L) | DO (mg/L) | Turbidity (NTU) | SS (mg/L) |
| 02-Mar-2020 | 7.3 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 7.5 |
| 04-Mar-2020 | 7.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 7.5 | 4.5 | 4.0 |
| 06-Mar-2020 | 7.6 | 4.4 | 5.8 | 7.5 | 5.8 | 5.6 |
| 09-Mar-2020 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 10.6 | 7.5 | 10.4 | 12.4 |
| 11-Mar-2020 | 7.6 | 14.4 | 16.1 | 7.8 | 13.3 | 15.9 |
| 13-Mar-2020 | 7.8 | 4.4 | 11.8 | 7.7 | 2.9 | 9.9 |
| 16-Mar-2020 | 7.4 | 4.8 | 11.8 | 7.0 | 5.1 | 9.9 |
| 18-Mar-2020 | 8.2 | 4.3 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 4.2 | 7.0 |
| 20-Mar-2020 | 7.5 | 4.3 | 6.2 | 7.5 | 4.2 | 5.9 |
| 23-Mar-2020 | 7.2 | 5.7 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 7.4 |
| 25-Mar-2020 | 7.3 | 6.7 | 10.5 | 7.3 | 6.3 | 10.8 |
| 27-Mar-2020 | 7.1 | 9.1 | 14.4 | 7.0 | 8.5 | 14.8 |
| 30-Mar-2020 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 6.3 | 7.3 | 8.1 | 5.3 |
| Average | 7.5 | 6.5 | 9.2 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 9.0 |

Mudflat Ecology Monitoring

Sampling Zone

- 3.6.6 In order to collect baseline information of mudflats in the study site, the study site was divided into three sampling zones (labeled as TC1, TC2, TC3) in Tung Chung Bay and one zone in San Tau (labeled as ST) (**Figure 2.1 of Appendix O**). The horizontal shoreline of sampling zones TC1, TC2, TC3 and ST were about 250 m, 300 m, 300 m and 250 m, respectively (**Figure 2.2 of Appendix O**). Survey of horseshoe crabs, seagrass beds and intertidal communities were conducted in every sampling zone. The present survey was conducted in March 2020 (totally 4 sampling days on 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th March 2020).
- 3.6.7 Since the field survey of June 2016, increasing number of trashes and even big trashes (**Figure 2.3 of Appendix O**) were found in every sampling zone. It raised a concern about the solid waste dumping and current-driven waste issues in Tung Chung Wan. Respective measures (e.g. manual clean-up) should be implemented by responsible governmental agency units.

Horseshoe Crabs

- 3.6.8 Active search method was adopted for horseshoe crab monitoring by two experienced surveyors in every sampling zone. During the search period, any accessible and potential area would be investigated for any horseshoe crab individuals within 2-3 hour of low tide period (tidal level below 1.2 m above Chart Datum (C.D.)). Once a horseshoe crab individual was found, the species was identified referencing to Li (2008). The prosomal width, inhabiting substratum and respective GPS coordinate were recorded. A photographic record was taken for future investigation. Any grouping behavior of individuals, if found, was recorded. The horseshoe crab surveys were conducted on 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th March 2020, which were cool and wet days.
- 3.6.9 In June 2017, a big horseshoe crab was tangled by a trash gill net in ST mudflat (**Figure 2.3 of Appendix O**). It was released to sea once after photo recording. The horseshoe crab of such size should be inhabiting sub-tidal environment while it forages on intertidal shore occasionally during high tide period. If it is tangled by the trash net for few days, it may die due to starvation or overheat during low tide period. These trash gill nets are definitely 'fatal trap' for the

horseshoe crabs and other marine life. Manual clean-up should be implemented as soon as possible by responsible governmental agency units.

Seagrass Beds

- 3.6.10 Active search method was adopted for seagrass bed monitoring by two experienced surveyors in every sampling zone. During the search period, any accessible and potential area would be investigated for any seagrass beds within 2-3 hours of low tide period. Once seagrass bed was found, the species, estimated area, estimated coverage percentage and respective GPS coordinates were recorded. The seagrass beds surveys were conducted on 9th (for ST), 10th (for TC1), 11th (for TC2) and 12th (for TC3) March 2020, which were cool and wet days.

Intertidal Soft Shore Communities

- 3.6.11 The intertidal soft shore community surveys were conducted in low tide period on 9th (for ST), 10th (for TC1), 11th (for TC2) and 12th (for TC3) March 2020. In every sampling zone, three 100m horizontal transect lines were laid at high tidal level (H: 2.0m above C.D.), mid tidal level (M: 1.5m above C.D.) and low tidal level (L: 1.0m above C.D.). Along every horizontal transect line; ten random quadrats (0.5 m x 0.5m) were placed.
- 3.6.12 Inside a quadrat, any visible epifauna was collected and was in-situ identified to the lowest practical taxonomical resolution. Whenever possible a hand core sample (10 cm internal diameter x 20 cm depth) of sediments was collected in the quadrat. The core sample was gently washed through a sieve of mesh size 2.0 mm in-situ. Any visible infauna was collected and identified. Finally, the top 5 cm surface sediment was dug for visible infauna in the quadrat regardless of hand core sample was taken.
- 3.6.13 All collected fauna were released after recording except some tiny individuals that were too small to be identified on site. These tiny individuals were taken to laboratory for identification under dissecting microscope.
- 3.6.14 The taxonomic classification was conducted in accordance to the following references: Polychaetes: Fauchald (1977), Yang and Sun (1988); Arthropods: Dai and Yang (1991), Dong (1991); Mollusks: Chan and Caley (2003), Qi (2004), AFCD (2018).

Data Analysis

- 3.6.15 Data collected from direct search and core sampling was pooled in every quadrat for data analysis. Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index (H') and Pielou's Species Evenness (J) were calculated for every quadrat using the formulae below,

$$H' = -\sum (N_i / N) \ln (N_i / N) \text{ (Shannon and Weaver, 1963)}$$
$$J = H' / \ln S, \text{ (Pielou, 1966)}$$

where S is the total number of species in the sample, N is the total number of individuals, and N_i is the number of individuals of the i^{th} species.

Mudflat Ecology Monitoring Results and Conclusion

Horseshoe Crabs

- 3.6.16 In total of 5 and 8 individuals of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* and *Tachypleus tridentatus* were found in present survey. The recorded individuals were mainly distributed along the shoreline from TC3 to ST. All of them were observed on similar substratum (fine sand or soft mud, slightly submerged). Among the found horseshoe crabs, a mating pair of *Tachypleus tridentatus* with large prosomal width ($\geq 100\text{mm}$) was recorded in TC1. These two individuals will be excluded from the data analysis to avoid from mixing up the juvenile population living on intertidal habitat. Photo records of the observed horseshoe crab are shown in **Figure 3.1 of Appendix O** and the present survey result regarding horseshoe crab are presented in **Table 3.1 of Appendix O**. The complete survey records are presented in **Annex II of Appendix O**.

- 3.6.17 For *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda*, more individuals (3 ind.) were found in ST with average body size 23.60 mm (prosomal width ranged 22.46 mm – 24.56 mm). In TC2 and TC3, individuals with body size 21.23 mm and 26.21 mm were recorded in present survey, respectively. The search records in ST, TC2 and TC3 were very low (ST: 0.5 ind. hr⁻¹. Person⁻¹; TC2: 0.25 ind. hr⁻¹. Person⁻¹; TC3: 0.17 ind. hr⁻¹. Person⁻¹). No *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* was found in TC1 in present survey.
- 3.6.18 For *Tachypleus tridentatus*, 4 individuals with average body size 30.16 mm (prosomal width ranged 22.34 – 36.45 mm) were found in ST. In TC3, two individuals with average body size 33.97mm (prosomal width ranged 33.56 – 34.37mm) were found in present survey. A mating pair of *Tachypleus tridentatus* with large prosomal width (> 100 mm) was found in TC1. As mentioned above, they will be excluded from the data analysis in order to prevent from mixing up. The search records in ST and TC3 were very low (ST: 0.67 ind. hr⁻¹. Person⁻¹; TC3: 0.33 ind. hr⁻¹. Person⁻¹). No *Tachypleus tridentatus* was found in TC2 in present survey.
- 3.6.19 In the survey of March 2015, there was one important finding that a mating pair of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* was found in ST (prosomal width: male 155.1mm, female 138.2mm). It indicated the importance of ST as a breeding ground of horseshoe crab. In June 2017, mating pairs of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* were found in TC2 (male 175.27 mm, female 143.51 mm) and TC3 (male 182.08 mm, female 145.63 mm) (**Figure 3.2 of Appendix O**). In December 2017 and June 2018, one mating pair was of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* was found in TC3 (December 2017: male 127.80 mm, female 144.61 mm; June 2018: male 139 mm, female 149 mm). In June 2019, 2 mating pairs of *Tachypleus tridentatus* with large body sizes (male 150mm and Female 200mm; Male 180mm and Female 220mm) was found in TC3. Another mating pair of *Tachypleus tridentatus* was found in ST (male 140mm and Female 180mm). In March 2020 (present survey), a pair of *Tachypleus tridentatus* with large body sizes (male 123mm and Female 137mm was recorded in TC1. **Figure 3.2 of Appendix O** shows the photographic records of mating pairs found. The recorded mating pairs were found nearly burrowing in soft mud at low tidal level (0.5-1.0 m above C.D.). The smaller male was holding the opisthosoma (abdomen carapace) of larger female from behind. The mating pair was found in TC1 in March 2020 (present survey), it indicated that breeding of horseshoe crab could be possible along the coast of Tung Chung Wan rather than ST only, as long as suitable substratum was available. Based on the frequency of encounter, the shoreline between TC3 and ST should be more suitable mating ground. Moreover suitable breeding period was believed in wet season (March – September) because tiny individuals (i.e. newly hatched) were usually recorded in June and September every year(**Figure 3.3 of Appendix O**).
- 3.6.20 Despite of mating pair, there were occasional records of large individuals of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* (prosomal width ranged 114.45 – 178.67 mm, either single or in pair) and *Tachypleus tridentatus* (prosomal width 103 mm) (**Figure 3.4 of Appendix O**). In December 2018, one large individual of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* was found in TC3 (prosomal width 148.9 mm). In March 2019, 3 large individuals (prosomal width ranged 220 – 310mm) of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* were observed in TC2. In June 2019, there were 3 and 7 large individuals of *Tachypleus tridentatus* were recorded in ST (prosomal width ranged 140 – 180mm) and TC3 (prosomal width ranged 150 – 220mm), respectively. In March 2020, a mating pair of *Tachypleus tridentatus* was recorded in TC1 with prosomal width 123 mm and 137mm. Based on their sizes, it indicated that individuals of prosomal width larger than 100 mm would progress its nursery stage from intertidal habitat to sub-tidal habitat of Tung Chung Wan. These large individuals might move onto intertidal shore occasionally during high tide for foraging and breeding. Because they should be inhabiting sub-tidal habitat most of the time. Their records were excluded from the data analysis to avoid mixing up with juvenile population living on intertidal habitat.
- 3.6.21 No marked individual of horseshoe crab was recorded in the present survey. Some marked individuals were found in the previous surveys of September 2013, March 2014 and September 2014. All of them were released through a conservation programme in charged by Prof. Paul Shin (Department of Biology and Chemistry, The City University of Hong Kong (CityU)). It was

a re-introduction trial of artificial bred horseshoe crab juvenile at selected sites. So that the horseshoe crabs population might be restored in the natural habitat. Through a personal conversation with Prof. Shin, about 100 individuals were released in the sampling zone ST on 20 June 2013. All of them were marked with color tape and internal chip detected by specific chip sensor. There should be second round of release between June and September 2014 since new marked individuals were found in the survey of September 2014.

- 3.6.22 The artificial bred individuals, if found, would be excluded from the results of present monitoring programme in order to reflect the changes of natural population. However, the mark on their prosoma might have been detached during moulting after a certain period of release. The artificially released individuals were no longer distinguishable from the natural population without the specific chip sensor. The survey data collected would possibly cover both natural population and artificially bred individuals.

Population difference among the sampling zones

- 3.6.23 **Figure 3.5 and 3.6 of Appendix O** show the changes of number of individuals, mean prosomal width and search record of horseshoe crabs *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* and *Tachypleus tridentatus* in respectively in each sampling zone throughout the monitoring period.
- 3.6.24 To consider the entire monitoring period for TC3 and ST, medium to high search records (i.e. number of individuals) of both species (*Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* and *Tachypleus tridentatus*) were usually found in wet season (June and September). The search record of ST was higher from September 2012 to June 2014 while it was replaced by TC3 from September 2014 to June 2015. The search records were similar between two sampling zones from September 2015 to June 2016. In September 2016, the search record of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* in ST was much higher than TC3. From March to June 2017, the search records of both species were similar again between two sampling zones. It showed a natural variation of horseshoe crab population in these two zones due to weather condition and tidal effect. No obvious difference of horseshoe crab population was noted between TC3 and ST. In September 2017, the search records of both horseshoe crab species decreased except the *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* in TC3. The survey results were different from previous findings that there were usually higher search records in September. One possible reason was that the serial cyclone hit decreased horseshoe crab activity (totally 4 cyclone records between June and September 2017, to be discussed in 'Seagrass survey' section). From December 2017 to September 2018, the search records of both species increased again to low-moderate level in ST. From December 2018 to March 2020 (present survey), the search records of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* change from very low to low while the change of *Tachypleus tridentatus* was similar during this period. Relatively higher population fluctuation of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* was observed in TC3.
- 3.6.25 For TC1, the search record was at low to moderate level throughout the monitoring period. The change of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* was relatively more variable than that of *Tachypleus tridentatus*. Relatively, the search record was very low in TC2. There were occasional records of 1 to 4 individuals between March and September throughout the monitoring period. The maximum record was 6 individuals only in June 2016.
- 3.6.26 About the body size, larger individuals of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* were usually found in ST and TC1 relative to that in TC3 from September 2012 to June 2017. But the body size was higher in TC3 and ST followed by TC1 from September 2017 to March 2020. For *Tachypleus tridentatus*, larger individuals were usually found in ST and TC3 followed by TC1 throughout the monitoring period. In June 2019, all found horseshoe crabs were large individuals and mating pairs. It is believed that the size of horseshoe crabs would be gradually decrease and gradually rise afterward due to the stable growth of juveniles after the spawning season.
- 3.6.27 In general, it was obvious that the shoreline along TC3 and ST (western shore of Tung Chung Wan) was an important nursery ground for horseshoe crab especially newly hatched individuals due to larger area of suitable substratum (fine sand or soft mud) and less human disturbance

(far from urban district). Relatively, other sampling zones were not a suitable nursery ground especially TC2. Possible factors were less area of suitable substratum (especially TC1) and higher human disturbance (TC1 and TC2: close to urban district and easily accessible). In TC2, large daily salinity fluctuation was a possible factor either since it was flushed by two rivers under tidal inundation. The individuals inhabiting TC1 and TC2 were confined in small foraging area due to limited area of suitable substratum. Although there were mating pairs of seldomly found in TC1 and TC2, the hatching rate and survival rate of newly hatched individuals were believed very low.

Seasonal variation of horseshoe crab population

- 3.6.28 Throughout the monitoring period, the search records of horseshoe crabs were fluctuated and at moderate – very low level in June (**Figures 3.5 and 3.6 of Appendix O**). Low – Very low search record was found in June 2013, totally 82 individuals of *Tachypleus tridentatus* and 0 ind. of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* were found in TC1, TC3 and ST. Compare with the search record of June 2013, the numbers of *Tachypleus tridentatus* were gradually decreased in June 2014 and 2015 (55 ind. in 2014 and 18 ind. in 2015); the number of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* raise to 88 and 66 individuals. in June 2014 and 2015 respectively. In June 2016, the search record increased about 3 times compare with June 2015. In total, 182 individuals of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* and 47 individuals. of *Tachypleus tridentatus* were noted, respectively. Then, the search record was similar to June 2016. The number of recorded *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* (133 ind.) slightly dropped in June 2017. However, that of *Tachypleus tridentatus* rapidly increased (125 ind.). In June 2018, the search record was low to moderate while the numbers of *Tachypleus tridentatus* dropped sharply (39 ind.). In March 2019, 3 individuals of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* were observed in TC2. However, all of them were large individuals (prosomal width >100mm), their records are excluded from the data analysis to avoid mixing up with the juvenile population living on intertidal habitat. Throughout the monitoring period, similar distribution of horseshoe crabs population were found in March. Most of the horseshoe crabs were found in TC3 and ST.
- 3.6.29 The search record of horseshoe crab declined obviously in all sampling zones during dry season especially December (**Figures 3.5 and 3.6 of Appendix O**) throughout the monitoring period. Very low – low search record was found in December from 2012 to 2015 (0-4 ind. of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* and 0-12 ind. of *Tachypleus tridentatus*). The horseshoe crabs were inactive and burrowed in the sediments during cold weather (<15 °C). Similar results of low search record in dry season were reported in a previous territory-wide survey of horseshoe crab. For example, the search records in Tung Chung Wan were 0.17 ind. hr⁻¹person⁻¹ and 0.00 ind. hr⁻¹ person⁻¹ in wet season and dry season respectively (details see Li, 2008). Compare with the search record of December from 2012 to 2015, which of December 2016 were much higher relatively. There were totally 70 individuals of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* and 24 individuals of *Tachypleus tridentatus* in TC3 and ST. Since the survey was carried in earlier December with warm and sunny weather (~22 °C during dawn according to Hong Kong Observatory database, Chek Lap Kok station on 5 December 2016), the horseshoe crab was more active (i.e. move onto intertidal shore during high tide for foraging and breeding) and easier to be found. In contrast, there was no search record in TC1 and TC2 because the survey was conducted in mid-December with colder and cloudy weather (~20 °C during dawn on 19 December). The horseshoe crab activity would decrease gradually with the colder climate. In December of 2017 and 2018, very low search records were found again as mentioned above.
- 3.6.30 From September 2012 to December 2013, *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* was less common species relative to *Tachypleus tridentatus*. Only 4 individuals were ever recorded in ST in December 2012. This species had ever been believed of very low density in ST hence the encounter rate was very low. In March 2014, it was found in all sampling zones with higher abundance in ST. Based on its average size (mean prosomal width 39.28 mm - 49.81 mm), it indicated that breeding and spawning of this species had occurred about 3 years ago along the coastline of Tung Chun Wan. However, these individuals were still small while their walking trails were inconspicuous. Hence there was no search record in previous sampling months.

Since March 2014, more individuals were recorded due to larger size and higher activity (i.e. more conspicuous walking trail).

- 3.6.31 For *Tachypleus tridentatus*, sharp increase of number of individuals was recorded in ST during the wet season of 2013 (from March to September). According to a personal conversation with Prof. Shin (CityU), his monitoring team had recorded similar increase of horseshoe crab population during wet season. It was believed that the suitable ambient temperature increased its conspicuousness. However similar pattern was not recorded in the following wet seasons. The number of individuals increased in March and June 2014 and followed by a rapid decline in September 2014. Then the number of individuals fluctuated slightly in TC3 and ST until March 2017. Apart from natural mortality, migration from nursery soft shore to subtidal habitat was another possible cause. Since the mean prosomal width of *Tachypleus tridentatus* continued to grow and reached about 50 mm since March 2014. Then it varied slightly between 35 - 65 mm from September 2014 to March 2017. Most of the individuals might have reached a suitable size (e.g. prosomal width 50 - 60 mm) strong enough to forage in sub-tidal habitat. In June 2017, the number of individuals increased sharply again in TC3 and ST. Although mating pair of *Tachypleus tridentatus* was not found in previous surveys, there should be new round of spawning in the wet season of 2016. The individuals might have grown to a more conspicuous size in 2017 accounting for higher search record. In September 2017, moderate numbers of individual were found in TC3 and ST indicating a stable population size. From September 2018 to March 2020 (present survey), the population size was low while natural mortality was the possible cause.
- 3.6.32 Recently, *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* was a more common horseshoe crab species in Tung Chung Wan. It was recorded in the four sampling zones while the majority of population located in TC3 and ST. Due to potential breeding in 2018, the number of *Tachypleus tridentatus* became increased TC3 and ST. Since TC3 and ST were regarded as important nursery ground for both horseshoe crab species, box plots of prosomal width of two horseshoe crab species were constructed to investigate the changes of population in details.

Box plot of horseshoe crab populations in TC3

- 3.6.33 **Figure 3.7 of Appendix O** shows the changes of prosomal width of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* and *Tachypleus tridentatus* in TC3. As mentioned above, *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* was rarely found between September 2012 and December 2013 hence the data were lacking. In March 2014, the major size (50% of individual records between upper (top box) and lower quartile (bottom box)) ranged 40 – 60 mm while only few individuals were found. From March 2014 to September 2018, the median prosomal width (middle line of whole box) and major size (whole box) decreased after March of every year. It was due to more small individuals found in June indicating new rounds of spawning. Also, there were slight increasing trends of body size from June to March of next year since 2015. It indicated a stable growth of individuals. Focused on larger juveniles (upper whisker), the size range was quite variable (prosomal width 60 – 90 mm) along the sampling months. Juveniles reaching this size might gradually migrate to sub-tidal habitats.
- 3.6.34 For *Tachypleus tridentatus*, the major size ranged 20-50 mm while the number of individuals fluctuated from September 2012 to June 2014. Then a slight but consistent growing trend was observed from September 2014 to June 2015. The prosomal width increased from 25 – 35 mm to 35 – 65 mm. As mentioned, the large individuals might have reached a suitable size for migrating from the nursery soft shore to subtidal habitat. It accounted for the declined population in TC3. From March to September 2016, slight increasing trend of major size was noticed again. From December 2016 to June 2017, similar increasing trend of major size was noted with much higher number of individuals. It reflected new round of spawning. In September 2017, the major size decreased while the trend was different from previous two years. Such decline might be the cause of serial cyclone hit between June and September 2017 (to be discussed in the 'Seagrass survey' section). From December 2017 to September 2018, increasing trend was noted again. It indicated a stable growth of individuals. From September 2018 to that of next year, the average prosomal widths were decreased from 60mm to 36mm. It indicated new

rounds of spawning occurred during September to November 2018. In December 2019, an individual with larger body size (prosomal width 65mm) was found in TC3 which reflected the stable growth of individuals. In March 2020 (present survey), the average prosomal width (middle line of the whole box) of *Tachypleus tridentatus* in TC3 was 33.97 mm which is smaller than that in last survey (December 2019). It was in normal fluctuation. Across the whole monitoring period, the larger juveniles (upper whisker) usually reached 60 – 80 mm in prosomal width, even 90 mm occasionally. The juveniles reaching this size might gradually migrate to sub-tidal habitats.

Box plot of horseshoe crab populations in ST

- 3.6.35 **Figure 3.8 of Appendix O** shows the changes of prosomal width of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* and *Tachypleus tridentatus* in ST. As mentioned above, *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* was rarely found between September 2012 and December 2013 hence the data were lacking. From March 2014 to September 2018, the size of major population decreased and more small individuals (i.e. lower whisker) were recorded after June of every year. It indicated new round of spawning. Also, there were similar increasing trends of body size from September to June of next year between 2014 and 2017. It indicated a stable growth of individuals. The larger juveniles (i.e. upper whisker usually ranged 60 – 80 mm in prosomal width except one individual (prosomal width 107.04 mm) found in March 2017. It reflected juveniles reaching this size would gradually migrate to sub-tidal habitats.
- 3.6.36 For *Tachypleus tridentatus*, a consistent growing trend was observed for the major population from December 2012 to December 2014 regardless of change of search record. The prosomal width increased from 15-30 mm to 60 – 70 mm. As mentioned, the large juveniles might have reached a suitable size for migrating from the nursery soft shore to subtidal habitat. From March to September 2015, the size of major population decreased slightly to a prosomal width 40 – 60 mm. At the same time, the number of individuals decreased gradually. It further indicated some of large juveniles might have migrated to sub-tidal habitat, leaving the smaller individuals on shore. There was an overall growth trend. In December 2015, two big individuals (prosomal width 89.27 mm and 98.89 mm) were recorded only while it could not represent the major population. In March 2016, the number of individual was very few in ST that no box plot could be produced. In June 2016, the prosomal width of major population ranged 50 – 70 mm. But it dropped clearly to 30 – 40 mm in September 2016 followed by an increase to 40 – 50 mm in December 2016, 40 – 70 mm in March 2017 and 50 – 60mm in June 2017. Based on overall higher number of small individuals from June 2016 to September 2017, it indicated another round of spawning. From September 2017 to June 2018, the major size range increased slightly from 40 – 50 mm to 45 – 60 mm indicating a continuous growth. In September 2018, decrease of major size was noted again that might reflect new round of spawning. Throughout the monitoring period, the larger juveniles ranged 60– 80 mm in prosomal width. Juveniles reaching this size would gradually migrate to sub-tidal habitats.
- 3.6.37 As a summary for horseshoe crab populations in TC3 and ST, there were spawning of *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* from 2014 to 2018 while the spawning time should be in spring. The population size was consistent in these two sampling zones. For *Tachypleus tridentatus*, small individuals were rarely found in both zones from 2014 to 2015. It was believed no occurrence of successful spawning. The existing individuals (that recorded since 2012) grew to a mature size and migrated to sub-tidal habitat. Hence the number of individuals decreased gradually. From 2016 to 2018, new rounds of spawning were recorded in ST while the population size increased to a moderate level.
- 3.6.38 In March 2019 to June 2019, no horseshoe crab juveniles (prosomal width <100mm) were recorded in TC3 and ST. All recorded horseshoe crabs were large individuals (prosomal width >100mm) or mating pairs which were all excluded from the data analysis. From September 2019 to March 2020 (present survey), the population size of both horseshoe crab species in TC3 and ST gradually increased to low – moderate level while their body sizes were mostly in small to medium range (~25 – 50mm).

Impact of the HKLR project

- 3.6.39 It was the 30th survey of the EM&A programme during construction period. Based on the monitoring results, no detectable impact on horseshoe crab was revealed due to HKLR project. The population change was mainly determined by seasonal variation, no abnormal phenomenon of horseshoe crab individual, such as large number of dead individuals on the shore) had been reported.

Seagrass Beds

- 3.6.40 Only seagrass species *Halophila ovalis* was found in present survey, which was found in TC3 and ST. In ST, there were two small sized and one large sized of seagrass beds found at tidal zone 1.5 – 2.0 m above C.D nearby mangroves plantation. The larger strand had area ~1000 m² in high vegetation coverage (90 – 100%). At close vicinity, a small sized (~4 and 8 m²) of *Halophila ovalis* beds were observed at tidal zone 1.5 – 2.0m above C.D. Both of them were in high vegetation coverage (70 – 100%). In TC3, three small patch of *Halophila ovalis* was found at tidal zone 1.5 – 2.0m above C.D. These seagrass patch had area 1m², 9m² and 25m², respectively. Both of them were in high vegetation coverage (90 – 100%). Another seagrass species *Zostera japonica* was not found in present survey. **Table 3.2 of Appendix O** summarizes the results of present seagrass beds survey and the photograph records of the seagrass are shown on **Figure 3.9 of Appendix O**. The complete record throughout the monitoring period is presented in **Annex III of Appendix O**.
- 3.6.41 Since the commencement of the EM&A monitoring programme, two species of seagrass *Halophila ovalis* and *Zostera japonica* were recorded in TC3 and ST (**Figure 3.10 of Appendix O**). In general, *Halophila ovalis* was occasionally found in TC3 in few, small to medium patches. But it was commonly found in ST in medium to large seagrass bed. Moreover, it had sometimes grown extensively and had covered significant mudflat area at 0.5 – 2.0 m above C.D. between TC3 and ST. Another seagrass species *Zostera japonica* was found in ST only. It was relatively lower in vegetation area and co-existed with *Halophila ovalis* nearby the mangrove strand at 2.0 m above C.D.
- 3.6.42 According to the previous results, majority of seagrass bed was confined in ST, the temporal change of both seagrass species were investigated in details:
- Temporal variation of seagrass beds
- 3.6.43 **Figure 3.11 of Appendix O** shows the changes of estimated total area of seagrass beds in ST along the sampling months. For *Zostera japonica*, it was not recorded in the 1st and 2nd surveys of monitoring programme. Seasonal recruitment of few, small patches (total seagrass area: 10 m²) was found in March 2013 that grew within the large patch of seagrass *Halophila ovalis*. Then, the patch size increased and merged gradually with the warmer climate from March to June 2013 (15 m²). However, the patch size decreased and remained similar from September 2013 (4 m²) to March 2014 (3 m²). In June 2014, the patch size increased obviously again (41 m²) with warmer climate followed by a decrease between September 2014 (2 m²) and December 2014 (5 m²). From March to June 2015, the patch size increased sharply again (90 m²). It might be due to the disappearance of the originally dominant seagrass *Halophila ovalis* resulting in less competition for substratum and nutrients. From September 2015 to June 2016, it was found coexisting with seagrass *Halophila ovalis* with steady increasing patch size (from 44 m² to 115 m²) and variable coverage. In September 2016, the patch size decreased again to (38 m²) followed by an increase to a horizontal strand (105.4 m²) in June 2017. And it did no longer co-exist with *Halophila ovalis*. Between September 2014 and June 2017, an increasing trend was noticed from September to June of next year followed by a rapid decline in September of next year. It was possibly the causes of heat stress, typhoon and stronger grazing pressure during wet season. However, such increasing trend was not found from September 2017 to March 2020 (present survey) while no patch of *Zostera japonica* was found.
- 3.6.44 For *Halophila ovalis*, it was recorded as 3 – 4 medium to large patches (area 18.9 - 251.7 m²; vegetation coverage 50 - 80%) beside the mangrove vegetation at tidal level 2 m above C.D. in

September 2012. The total seagrass bed area grew steadily from 332.3 m² in September 2012 to 727.4 m² in December 2013. Flowers were observed in the largest patch during its flowering period. In March 2014, 31 small to medium patches were newly recorded (variable area 1 – 72 m² per patch, vegetation coverage 40-80% per patch) in lower tidal zone between 1.0 and 1.5 m above C.D. The total seagrass area increased further to 1350 m². In June 2014, these small and medium patches grew and extended to each other. These patches were no longer distinguishable and were covering a significant mudflat area of ST. It was generally grouped into 4 large patches (1116 - 2443 m²) of seagrass beds characterized of patchy distribution, variable vegetable coverage (40 - 80%) and smaller leaves. The total seagrass bed area increased sharply to 7629 m². In September 2014, the total seagrass area declined sharply to 1111m². There were only 3 - 4 small to large patches (6 - 253 m²) at high tidal level and 1 large patch at low tidal level (786 m²). Typhoon or strong water current was a possible cause (Fong, 1998). In September 2014, there were two tropical cyclone records in Hong Kong (7th-8th September: no cyclone name, maximum signal number 1; 14th - 17th September: Kalmaegi, maximum signal number 8SE) before the seagrass survey dated 21st September 2014. The strong water current caused by the cyclone, Kalmaegi especially, might have given damage to the seagrass beds. In addition, natural heat stress and grazing force were other possible causes reducing seagrass beds area. Besides, very small patches of *Halophila ovalis* could be found in other mud flat area in addition to the recorded patches. But it was hardly distinguished due to very low coverage (10 - 20%) and small leaves.

- 3.6.45 In December 2014, all the seagrass patches of *Halophila ovalis* disappeared in ST. **Figure 3.12 of Appendix O** shows the difference of the original seagrass beds area nearby the mangrove vegetation at high tidal level between June 2014 and December 2014. Such rapid loss would not be seasonal phenomenon because the seagrass beds at higher tidal level (2.0 m above C.D.) were present and normal in December 2012 and 2013. According to Fong (1998), similar incident had occurred in ST in the past. The original seagrass area had declined significantly during the commencement of the construction and reclamation works for the international airport at Chek Lap Kok in 1992. The seagrass almost disappeared in 1995 and recovered gradually after the completion of reclamation works. Moreover, incident of rapid loss of seagrass area was also recorded in another intertidal mudflat in Lai Chi Wo in 1998 with unknown reason. Hence, *Halophila ovalis* was regarded as a short-lived and r-strategy seagrass that could colonize areas in short period but disappears quickly under unfavourable conditions (Fong, 1998).

Unfavourable conditions to seagrass *Halophila ovalis*

- 3.6.46 Typhoon or strong water current was suggested as one unfavorable condition to *Halophila ovalis* (Fong, 1998). As mentioned above, there were two tropical cyclone records in Hong Kong in September 2014. The strong water current caused by the cyclones might have given damage to the seagrass beds.
- 3.6.47 Prolonged light deprivation due to turbid water would be another unfavorable condition. Previous studies reported that *Halophila ovalis* had little tolerance to light deprivation. During experimental darkness, seagrass biomass declined rapidly after 3-6 days and seagrass died completely after 30 days. The rapid death might be due to shortage of available carbohydrate under limited photosynthesis or accumulation of phytotoxic end products of anaerobic respiration (details see Longstaff *et al.*, 1999). Hence the seagrass bed of this species was susceptible to temporary light deprivation events such as flooding river runoff (Longstaff and Dennison, 1999).
- 3.6.48 In order to investigate any deterioration of water quality (e.g. more turbid) in ST, the water quality measurement results at two closest monitoring stations SR3 and IS5 of the EM&A programme were obtained from the water quality monitoring team. Based on the results from June to December 2014, the overall water quality was in normal fluctuation except there was one exceedance of suspended solids (SS) at both stations in September. On 10th September 2014, the SS concentrations measured during mid-ebb tide at stations SR3 (27.5 mg/L) and IS5 (34.5

mg/L) exceeded the Action Level (≤ 23.5 mg/L and 120% of upstream control station's reading) and Limit Level (≤ 34.4 mg/L and 130% of upstream control station's reading) respectively. The turbidity readings at SR3 and IS5 reached 24.8-25.3 NTU and 22.3-22.5 NTU respectively. The temporary turbid water should not be caused by the runoff from upstream rivers. Because there was no rain or slight rain from 1st to 10th September 2014 (daily total rainfall at the Hong Kong International Airport: 0-2.1 mm; extracted from the climatological data of Hong Kong Observatory). The effect of upstream runoff on water quality should be neglectable in that period. Moreover, the exceedance of water quality was considered unlikely to be related to the contract works of HKLR according to the 'Notifications of Environmental Quality Limits Exceedances' provided by the respective environmental team. The respective construction of seawall and stone column works, which possibly caused turbid water, was carried out within silt curtain as recommended in the EIA report. Moreover, there was no leakage of turbid water, abnormality or malpractice recorded during water sampling. In general, the exceedance of suspended solids concentration was considered to be attributed to other external factors, rather than the contract works.

- 3.6.49 Based on the weather condition and water quality results in ST, the co-occurrence of cyclone hit and turbid waters in September 2014 might have combined the adverse effects on *Halophila ovalis* that led to disappearance of this short-lived and r-strategy seagrass species. Fortunately, *Halophila ovalis* was a fast-growing species (Vermaat *et al.*, 1995). Previous studies showed that the seagrass bed could be recovered to the original sizes in 2 months through vegetative propagation after experimental clearance (Supanwanid, 1996). Moreover it was reported to recover rapidly in less than 20 days after dugong herbivory (Nakaoka and Aioi, 1999). As mentioned, the disappeared seagrass in ST in 1995 could recover gradually after the completion of reclamation works for international airport (Fong, 1998). The seagrass beds of *Halophila ovalis* might recolonize in the mudflat of ST through seed reproduction as long as there was no unfavourable condition in the coming months.

Recolonization of seagrass beds

- 3.6.50 **Figure 3.12 of Appendix O** shows the recolonization of seagrass bed in ST from December 2014 to June 2017. From March to June 2015, 2 - 3 small patches of *Halophila ovalis* were newly found co-inhabiting with another seagrass species *Zostera japonica*. But the total patch area of *Halophila ovalis* was still very low compare with previous records. The recolonization rate was low while cold weather and insufficient sunlight were possible factors between December 2014 and March 2015. Moreover, it would need to compete with seagrass *Zostera japonica* for substratum and nutrient, because *Zostera japonica* had extended and covered the original seagrass bed of *Halophila ovalis* at certain degree. From June 2015 to March 2016, the total seagrass area of *Halophila ovalis* had increased rapidly from 6.8 m² to 230.63 m². It had recolonized its original patch locations and covered its competitor *Zostera japonica*. In June 2016, the total seagrass area increased sharply to 4707.3m². Similar to the previous records of March to June 2014, the original patch area of *Halophila ovalis* increased further to a horizontally long strand. Another large seagrass beds colonized the lower tidal zone (1.0 - 1.5 m above C.D.). In September 2016, this patch extended much and covered significant soft mud area of ST, resulting in sharp increase of total area (24245 m²). It indicated the second extensive colonization of this r-selected seagrass. In December 2016, this extensive seagrass patch decreased in size and had separated into few, undistinguishable patches. Moreover, the horizontal strand nearby the mangrove vegetation decreased in size. The total seagrass bed decreased to 12550 m². From March to June 2017, the seagrass bed area remained generally stable (12438 - 17046.5 m²) but the vegetation coverage fluctuated (20 - 50% in March 2017 to 80-100% in June 2017). The whole recolonization process took about 2.5 years.

Second disappearance of seagrass bed

- 3.6.51 In September 2017, the whole seagrass bed of *Halophila ovalis* disappeared again along the shore of TC3 and ST (**Figure 3.12 of Appendix O**). Similar to the first disappearance of seagrass bed occurred between September and December 2014, strong water current (e.g. cyclone) or deteriorated water qualities (e.g. high turbidity) was the possible cause.

- 3.6.52 Between the survey periods of June and September 2017, there were four tropical cyclone records in Hong Kong (Merbok in 12 - 13th, June; Roke in 23rd, Jul.; Hato in 22 - 23rd, Aug.; Pakhar in 26-27th, Aug.) (Online database of Hong Kong Observatory). All of them reaches signal 8 or above, especially Hato with highest signal 10.
- 3.6.53 According to the water quality monitoring results (July to August 2017) of the two closest monitoring stations SR3 and IS5 of the respective EM&A programme, the overall water quality was in normal fluctuation. There was an exceedance of suspended solids (SS) at SR3 on 12 July 2017. The SS concentration reached 24.7 mg/L during mid-ebb tide, which exceeded the Action Level (≤ 23.5 mg/L). But it was far below the Limit Level (≤ 34.4 mg/L). Since such exceedance was slight and temporary, its effect to seagrass bed should be minimal.
- 3.6.54 Overall, the disappearance of seagrass beds in ST has believed the cause of serial cyclone hit in July and August 2017. Based on previous findings, the seagrass beds of both species were expected to recolonize in the mudflat as long as the vicinal water quality was normal. The whole recolonization process (from few, small patches to extensive strand) would be gradually lasting at least 2 years. From December 2017 to March 2018, there was still no recolonization of few, small patches of seagrass at the usual location (**Figure 3.12 of Appendix O**). It was different from the previous round (March 2015 - June 2017). Until June 2018, the new seagrass patches with small-medium size were found at the usual location (seaward side of mangrove plantation at 2.0 m C.D.) again, indicating the recolonization. However, the seagrass bed area decreased sharply to 22.5 m² in September 2018. Again, it was believed that the decrease was due to the hit of the super cyclone in September 2018 (Mangkhuton 16th September, highest signal 10). From December 2018 to June 2019, the seagrass bed area increased from 404 m² to 1229 m² while the vegetation coverage is also increased. (December 2018: 5 – 85%; March 2019: 50 – 100% and June 2019: 60 – 100%). Relatively, the whole recolonization process would occur slower than the previous round (more than 2 years). From September 2019 to March 2020 (present survey), the seagrass bed area slightly decreased from 1200 m² to 1032 m² which were in normal fluctuation.

Impact of the HKLR project

- 3.6.55 It was the 30th survey of the EM&A programme during construction period. Throughout the monitoring period, the disappearance of seagrass beds was believed the cause of cyclone hits rather than impact of HKLR project. The seagrass bed was recolonizing since there had been a gradual increase in the size and number from December 2018 to June 2019 after the hit of the super cyclone in September 2018. The seagrass bed area slightly decreased in September 2019, December 2019 and March 2020 (present survey) which were in normal fluctuation.

Intertidal Soft Shore Communities

Substratum

- 3.6.56 **Table 3.3 and Figure 3.13 of Appendix O** show the substratum types along the horizontal transect at every tidal level in all sampling zones. The relative distribution of substratum types was estimated by categorizing the substratum types (Gravels & Boulders / Sands / Soft mud) of the ten random quadrats along the horizontal transect. The distribution of substratum types varied among tidal levels and sampling zones:
- In TC1, high percentages of 'Gravels and Boulders' (H: 80%; M: 90%) were recorded at high and mid tidal levels. Relatively higher percentages of 'Gravels and Boulders' (60%) and 'Soft mud' (30%) were recorded at low tidal level.
 - In TC2, high percentages of 'Gravels and Boulders' (H: 70%; M: 50%) were recorded at high and mid tidal levels. Relatively higher percentages of 'Gravels and Boulders' (30%) and 'Soft mud' (50%) were recorded at low tidal level.
 - In TC3, higher percentage of 'Gravels and Boulders' (50%) was recorded followed by 'Soft Mud' (30%) at high tidal level. At mid tidal level, higher percentage of 'Gravels and Boulders'

(70%) was recorded. At low tidal level, the main substratum type was 'Gravels and Boulders' (60%).

- In ST, 'Gravels and Boulders' was the main substratum type (H:90%; M: 90%) at high tidal level and mid tidal level. At low tidal level, 'Gravels and Boulders' was the main substratum type (70%) following by 'Sand'(20%) and 'Soft Mud'(10%).

3.6.57 There was neither consistent vertical nor horizontal zonation pattern of substratum type in all sampling zones. Such heterogeneous variation should be caused by different hydrology (e.g. wave in different direction and intensity) received by the four sampling zones.

Soft shore communities

3.6.58 **Table 3.4 of Appendix O** lists the total abundance, density and number of taxon of every phylum in this survey. A total of 12919 individuals were recorded. Mollusca was the most abundant phylum (total abundance 12265 ind, density 409 ind. m⁻², relative abundance 94.9%). The second was Arthropoda (360 ind., 12 ind. m⁻², 2.8%) which followed by Sipuncula (187 ind., 6.2 ind. m⁻², 1.4%) and Annelida (82ind., 2.7 ind. m⁻², 0.6%). Relatively other phyla were very low in abundances (density <2 ind. m⁻², relative abundance ≤0.4%). Moreover, the most diverse phylum was Mollusca (32 taxa) followed by Arthropoda (7 taxa) and Annelida (6 taxa). There were 2 taxa recorded for Sipuncula and 1 taxon for other phyla.

3.6.59 The taxonomic resolution and complete list of recorded fauna are shown in **Annexes IV and V of Appendix O** respectively. As reported in June 2018, taxonomic revision of three potamidid snail species was conducted according to the latest identification key published by Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department (details see AFCD, 2018), the species names of following gastropod species were revised:

- *Cerithidea cingulata* was revised as *Pirenella asiatica*
- *Cerithidea djadjariensis* was revised as *Pirenella incisa*
- *Cerithidea rhizophorarum* was revised as *Cerithidea moerchii*

Moreover, taxonomic revision was conducted on another snail species while the specie name was revised:

- *Batillaria bornii* was revised as *Clypeomorus bifasciata*

3.6.60 **Table 3.5 of Appendix O** shows the number of individual, relative abundance and density of each phylum in every sampling zone. The total abundance (2859 – 3470 ind.) varied among the four sampling zones while the phyla distributions were similar. In general, Mollusca was the most dominant phylum (no. of individuals: 2760 – 3321 ind.; relative abundance 92.4 – 96.5%; density 368 – 443 ind. m⁻²). Other phyla were much lower in number of individuals. Arthropoda (54 – 168 ind.; 1.7 – 5.0%; 7 – 22 ind. m⁻²), Sipuncula (24 – 71 ind.; 0.8 – 2.1%; 3 – 9 ind. m⁻²) and Annelida (11 – 31 ind.; 0.3 – 1.0%; 1 – 4 ind. m⁻²) were common phyla relatively. . Other phyla were very low in abundance in all sampling zones.

Dominant species in every sampling zone

3.6.61 **Table 3.6 of Appendix O** lists the abundant species in every sampling zone. In the present survey, most of the listed abundant species were of low to moderate densities (42-100 ind. m⁻²). Few listed species of high or very high density (>100 ind. m⁻²) were regarded as dominant species. Other listed species of lower density (<42 ind. m⁻²) were regarded as common species.

3.6.62 In TC1, the substratum was mainly 'Gravels and Boulders' at high and mid tidal levels. At high tidal level, the rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (mean density 117 ind. m⁻²; relative abundance 28%) were abundant species found at high density while the gastropods *Batillaria multiformis* (65 ind. m⁻²; relative abundance 16%) and *Monodonta labio* (59 ind. m⁻²; relative abundance

14%) found at low to moderate densities. At mid tidal level, the rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (129 ind. m⁻², 30%) was of dominant species with high density. Meanwhile, the gastropod *Batillaria multiformis* (86 ind. m⁻², 20%) and *Monodonta labio* (46 ind. m⁻², 11%) were common species found at low to moderate density. At low tidal level (main substratum types 'Gravels and Boulders' or 'Soft mud'), the rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (140 ind. m⁻², 31%) was dominant at high density. The gastropod *Monodonta labio* (51 ind. m⁻², 11%) was found at low to moderate density.

- 3.6.63 In TC2, the substratum types were mainly 'Gravels and Boulders' at high tidal level. The rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (130 ind. m⁻², 31%) was of abundant species at high density and the gastropod *Monodonta labio* (57 ind. m⁻², 14%) was at low – moderate density. At mid tidal level (major substratum type 'Gravels and Boulders'), rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (117 ind. m⁻², 29%) was of dominant species at high density while the gastropod *Monodonta labio* (44 ind. m⁻², 11%) were of common species at low to moderate density. Substratum types 'Gravels and Boulders'; was mainly distributed at low tidal level, rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (198 ind. m⁻², 38%) was abundant species at high density.
- 3.6.64 In TC3, the substratum types were mainly 'Gravels and Boulders' at high tidal level. The rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (82 ind. m⁻², 35%) and the gastropod *Batillaria multiformis* (53 ind. m⁻², 13%) were of abundant species at low – moderate densities. At mid tidal level, 'Gravels and Boulders' and 'Sand' were the mainly substratum types. The rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (113 ind. m⁻², 32%) was the dominant species at high density. Meanwhile, the gastropod *Batillaria multiformis* (38 ind. m⁻², 11%) and *Monodonta labio* (35 ind. m⁻², 10%) were of common species at low densities. At low tidal level, the major substratum type was 'Gravels and Boulders'. There was dominated by rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (134 ind. m⁻², 32%) at high density.
- 3.6.65 In ST, the major substratum type was 'Gravels and Boulders' at high tidal level. At high tidal level, the rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (163 ind. m⁻², 35%) and the gastropod *Monodonta labio* (60 ind. m⁻², 13%) were abundant at high and moderate densities respectively. At mid tidal level, the main substratum type was 'Gravels and Boulders'. The rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (116 ind. m⁻², 29%) was the dominant species at high density, and followed by the gastropods *Monodonta labio* (44 ind. m⁻², 11%) which was a common species at low to moderate density. At low tidal level (major substratum: 'Gravels and Boulders'), rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (163 ind. m⁻², 32 %, attached on boulders) was dominant at high density.
- 3.6.66 In general, there was no consistent zonation pattern of species distribution across all sampling zones and tidal levels. The species distribution was determined by the type of substratum primarily. In general, rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (2642 ind.), gastropods *Monodonta labio* (995 ind.) and *Batillaria multiformis* (456 ind.) were the most common species on gravel and boulders substratum. Rock oyster *Saccostrea cucullata* (S: 701 ind.' M: 634 ind.) was the most common species on sandy and soft mud substrata.

Biodiversity and abundance of soft shore communities

- 3.6.67 **Table 3.7 of Appendix O** shows the mean values of species number, density, biodiversity index *H'* and species evenness *J* of soft shore communities at every tidal level and in every sampling zone. As mentioned above, the differences among sampling zones and tidal levels were determined by the major type of substratum primarily.
- 3.6.68 Among the sampling zones, the mean species number was similar (12 – 15 spp. 0.25 m⁻²) among the four sampling zones. The mean densities of ST (463 ind. m⁻²) was higher than TC2 (449 ind. m⁻²) followed by TC1 (430 ind. m⁻²) and TC3 (381 ind. m⁻²). The higher densities of ST and TC2 are due to the relatively high number of individuals in each quadrat. ST and TC1 were relatively higher in *H'* (2.23 and 2.12) and followed by TC2 (2.07) and TC3 (1.91). Comparing with TC2 and TC3 (*J*: 0.81), TC1 (0.86) and ST (0.82) were higher in *J* which were due to their higher species number and even taxa distribution.

- 3.6.69 In the present survey, no clear trend of mean species number, mean density, H' and J observed among the tidal level.
- 3.6.70 **Figures 3.14 to 3.17 of Appendix O** show the temporal changes of mean species number, mean density, H' and J at every tidal level and in every sampling zone along the sampling months. In general, all the biological parameters fluctuated seasonally throughout the monitoring period. Lower mean species number and density were recorded in dry season (December) but the mean H' and J fluctuated within a limited range.
- 3.6.71 From June to December 2017, there were steady decreasing trends of mean species number and density in TC2, TC3 and ST regardless of tidal levels. It might be an unfavorable change reflecting environmental stresses. The heat stress and serial cyclone hit were believed the causes during the wet season of 2017. From March 2018 to March 2020 (present survey), increases of mean species number and density were observed in all sampling zones. It indicated the recovery of intertidal community.

Impact of the HKLR project

- 3.6.72 It was the 30th survey of the EM&A programme during the construction period. Based on the results, impacts of the HKLR project were not detected on intertidal soft shore community. Abnormal phenomena (e.g. rapid, consistent or non-seasonal decline of fauna densities and species number) were not recorded.

3.7 Solid and Liquid Waste Management Status

- 3.7.1 The Contractor registered with EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer on 12 July 2012 for the Contract. Sufficient numbers of receptacles were available for general refuse collection and sorting.
- 3.7.2 The summary of waste flow table is detailed in **Appendix K**.
- 3.7.3 The Contractor was reminded that chemical waste containers should be properly treated and stored temporarily in designated chemical waste storage area on site in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.

3.8 Environmental Licenses and Permits

- 3.8.1 The valid environmental licenses and permits during the reporting period are summarized in **Appendix L**.

4 Environmental Complaint and Non-compliance

4.1 Environmental Exceedances

4.1.1 The summaries of the environmental exceedances are presented as follows:

Air Quality

4.1.2 No Action Level and Limit level exceedances of 1-hr TSP and 24-hr TSP were recorded at AMS5 and AMS6 during the reporting period.

Noise

4.1.3 No Action/Limit Level exceedances for noise were recorded during daytime on normal weekdays of the reporting period.

Water Quality

4.1.4 The water quality monitoring programme was temporarily suspended during the reporting period since no marine works were scheduled or conducted. Therefore, no water quality monitoring was conducted and no water monitoring results or exceedances are presented during the reporting period.

Dolphin

4.1.5 The dolphin monitoring programme was temporarily suspended during the reporting period since no marine works were scheduled or conducted. Therefore, no quarterly analysis of dolphin monitoring results and exceedances from March 2020 to May 2020 are presented.

4.2 Summary of Environmental Complaint, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecution

4.2.1 There was one complaint received in relation to the environmental impacts during this reporting period. A summary of environmental complaint during the reporting month is presented in **Table 4.1**.

Table 4.1 A Summary of Environmental Complaint during the Reporting Month

| Environmental Complaint No. | Date of Complaint Received | Description of Environmental Complaint |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| COM-2020-165 | SOR referred the details of complaint to Contractor, ET and IEC/ENPO through email on 18 March 2020 | Waste Management |

4.2.2 During ET's inspection on 18 March 2020, it was observed that some rubbish was scattered around the nearby landscaping area at Tung Yiu Road. Given that there was no work being carried out in the concerned landscaping area, which has been opened to the public, the rubbish was unlikely to be generated from the works. Nevertheless, the Contractor has removed the rubbish on 18 March 2020.

4.2.3 Based on our investigation result, there was no observation of works in the area of complaint on issue of general refuse arising from the Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor has implemented the Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule as per the EM&A Manual, the Contractor has been reminded to strictly maintain waste management procedures during their construction works to avoid the hygiene impacts to nearby sensitive receivers.

4.2.4 The details of cumulative statistics of Environmental Complaints are provided in **Appendix N**.

- 4.2.5 No notification of summons and prosecution was received during the reporting period. Statistics on notifications of summons and successful prosecutions are summarized in **Appendix M**.

5 Comments, Recommendations and Conclusion

5.1 Comments

- 5.1.1 According to the environmental site inspections undertaken during the reporting period, the following recommendations were provided:
- The Contractor was reminded to cover or remove the dusty materials at LCSD Depot.
 - The Contractor was reminded to cover the bag of cement at LCSD Depot.
 - The Contractor was reminded to provide a fill cap for the water barrier at PR14.
 - The Contractor was reminded to remove the waste regularly at LCSD Depot, S7, S16, N4 and PR14.
 - The Contractor was reminded to tidy up the materials at PR14.
 - The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains properly at Portion X.
 - The Contractor was reminded to remove the muddy water at the site entrance/exit at S7.
 - The Contractor was reminded to maintain the wheel washing facility in operation and provide cleaning for each vehicle before leaving the construction site at S7.
 - The Contractor was reminded to remove the stagnant water inside the drip tray at S7.
 - The Contractor was reminded to provide chemical labels to the chemical containers at S7.
 - The Contractor was reminded to provide drip tray for the chemical container at LCSD Depot.

5.2 Recommendations

- 5.2.1 The impact monitoring programme for air quality, noise, water quality and dolphin ensured that any deterioration in environmental condition was readily detected and timely actions taken to rectify any non-compliance. Assessment and analysis of monitoring results collected demonstrated the environmental impacts of the contract. With implementation of the recommended environmental mitigation measures, the contract's environmental impacts were considered environmentally acceptable. The weekly environmental site inspections and bi-weekly environmental site inspection of landscape works ensured that all the environmental mitigation measures recommended were effectively implemented.
- 5.2.2 The recommended environmental mitigation measures, as included in the EM&A programme, effectively minimize the potential environmental impacts from the contract. Also, the EM&A programme effectively monitored the environmental impacts from the construction activities and ensure the proper implementation of mitigation measures. No particular recommendation was advised for the improvement of the programme.

5.3 Conclusions

- 5.3.1 The construction phase and EM&A programme of the Contract commenced on 17 October 2012. This is the thirty-first Quarterly EM&A Report which summarizes the monitoring results and audit findings of the EM&A programme during the reporting period from 1 March 2020 to 31 May 2020.

Air Quality

- 5.3.2 No Action Level and Limit Level exceedances of 1-hr TSP and 24-hr TSP were recorded at AMS5 and AMS6 during the reporting period.

Noise

- 5.3.3 No Action/Limit Level exceedances for noise were recorded during daytime on normal weekdays of the reporting period.

Water Quality

- 5.3.4 The water quality monitoring programme was temporarily suspended during the reporting period since no marine works were scheduled or conducted. Therefore, no water quality monitoring was conducted and no water monitoring results or exceedances are presented during the reporting period.

Dolphin

- 5.3.5 The dolphin monitoring programme was temporarily suspended during the reporting period since no marine works were scheduled or conducted. Therefore, no quarterly analysis of dolphin monitoring results and exceedances from March 2020 to May 2020 are presented.

Mudflat - Sedimentation Rate

- 5.3.6 This measurement result was generally and relatively higher than the baseline measurement at S1, S2, S3 and S4.

Mudflat - Ecology


- 5.3.7 The March 2020 survey results indicate that the impacts of the HKLR project were not detected on intertidal soft shore community. Based on the monitoring results, no detectable impact on horseshoe crab was revealed due to HKLR project. The population change was mainly determined by seasonal variation, no abnormal phenomenon of horseshoe crab individual, such as large number of dead individuals on the shore) had been reported. Throughout the monitoring period, the disappearance of seagrass beds was believed the cause of cyclone hits rather than impact of HKLR project. The seagrass bed was since there had been a gradual increase in the size and number from December 2018 to June 2019 after the hit of the super cyclone in September 2018. The seagrass bed area slightly decreased in September 2019 and March 2020 (present survey) which was in normal fluctuation.

Environmental Site Inspection and Audit

- 5.3.8 Environmental site inspection was carried out on 4, 11, 18 and 27 March 2020; 1, 8, 15, 22 and 28 April 2020; and 6, 13, 20 and 29 May 2020. Recommendations on remedial actions were given to the Contractors for the deficiencies identified during the site inspections.
- 5.3.1 There was one complaint received in relation to the environmental impact during the reporting period. Based on our investigation result, there was no observation of works in the area of complaint on issue of general refuse arising from the Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor has implemented the Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule as per the EM&A Manual, the Contractor has been reminded to strictly maintain waste management procedures during their construction works to avoid the hygiene impacts to nearby sensitive receivers.
- 5.3.2 No notification of summons and prosecution was received during the reporting period.

FIGURES

LEGEND

 Site Boundary of Contract HY/2011/03

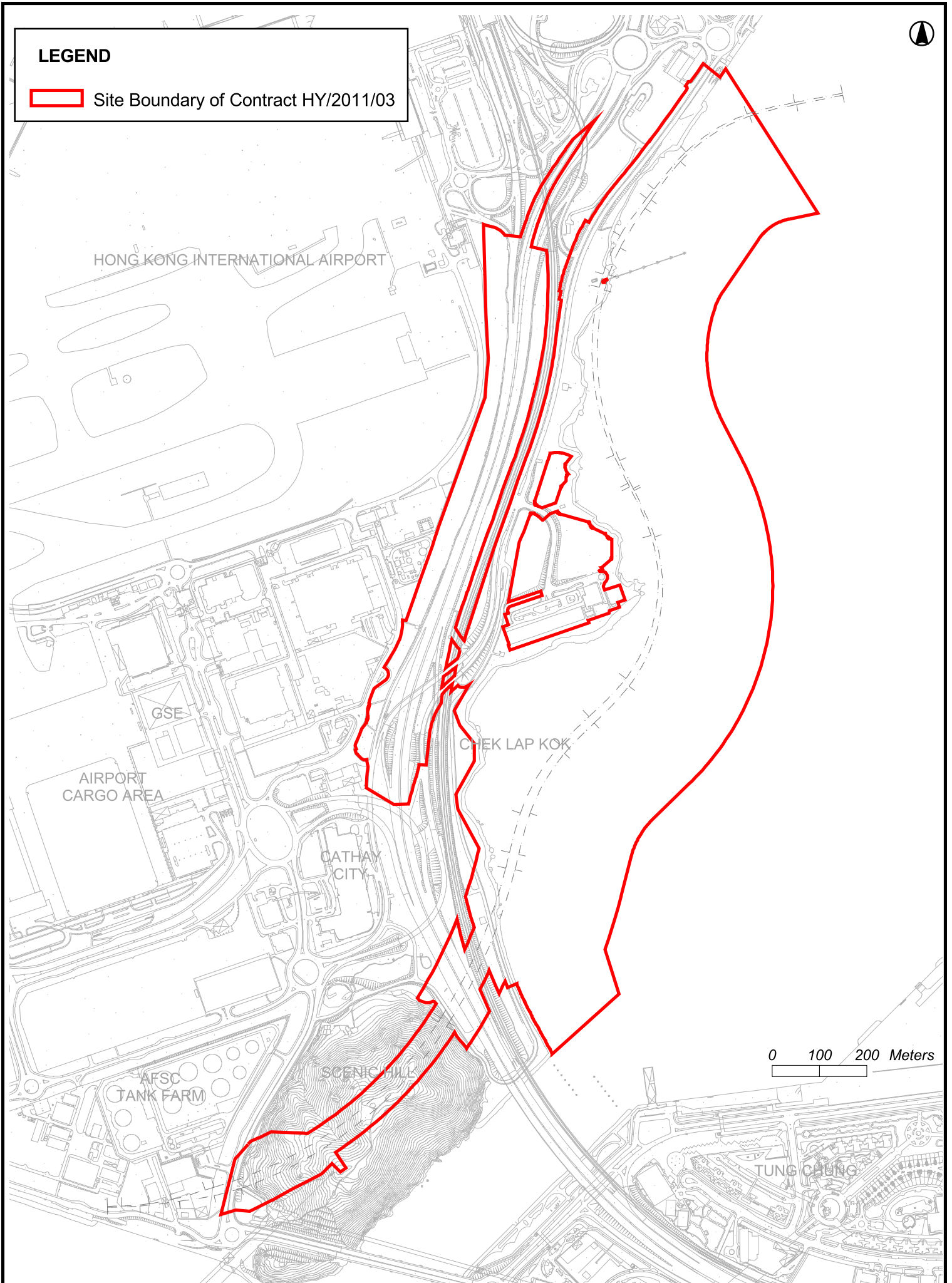
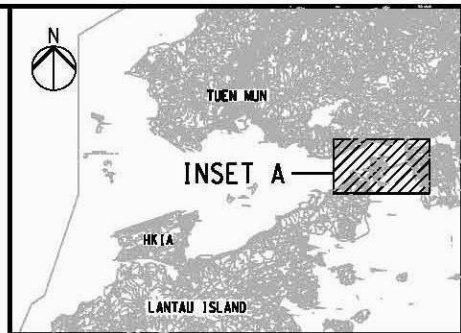
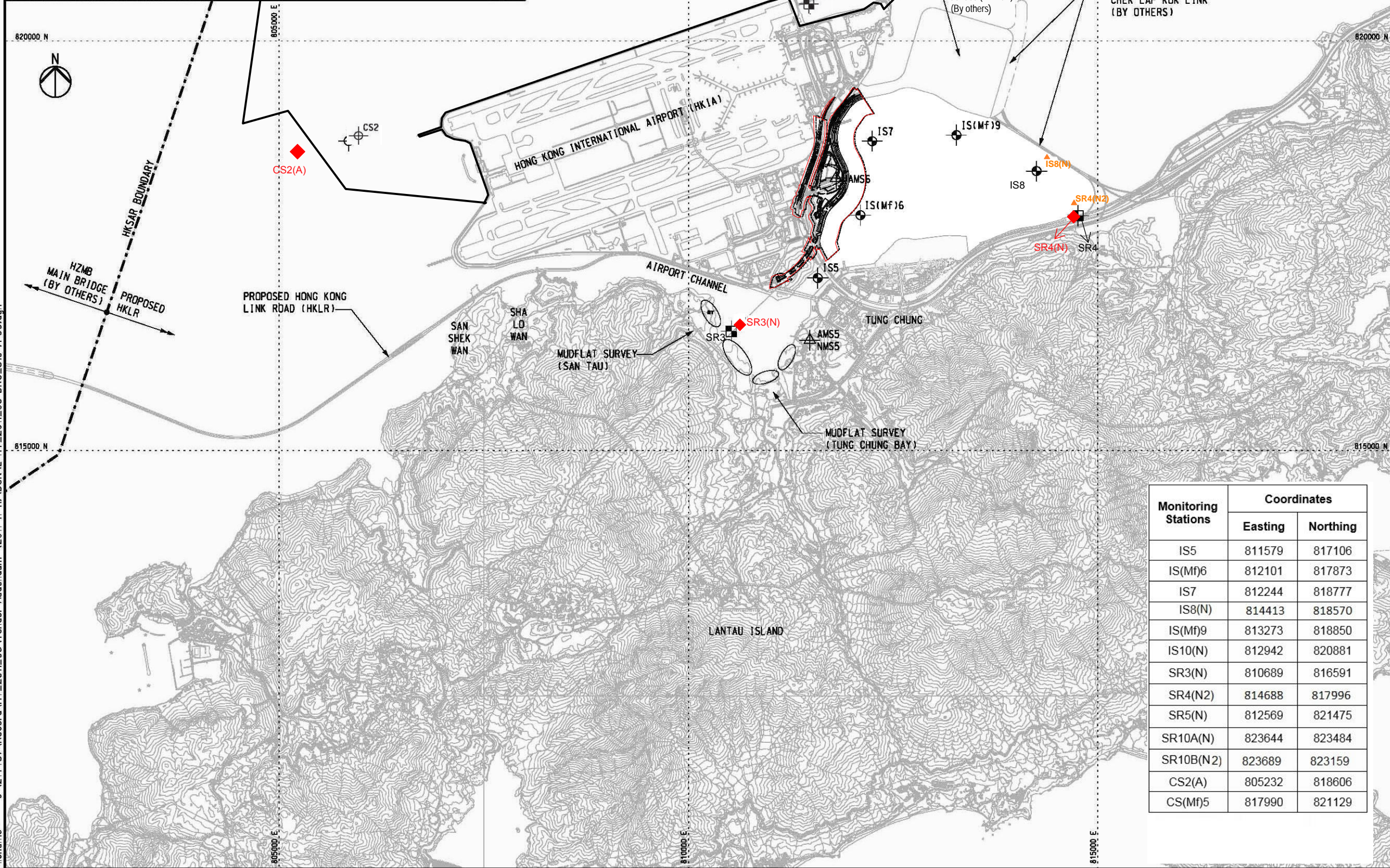
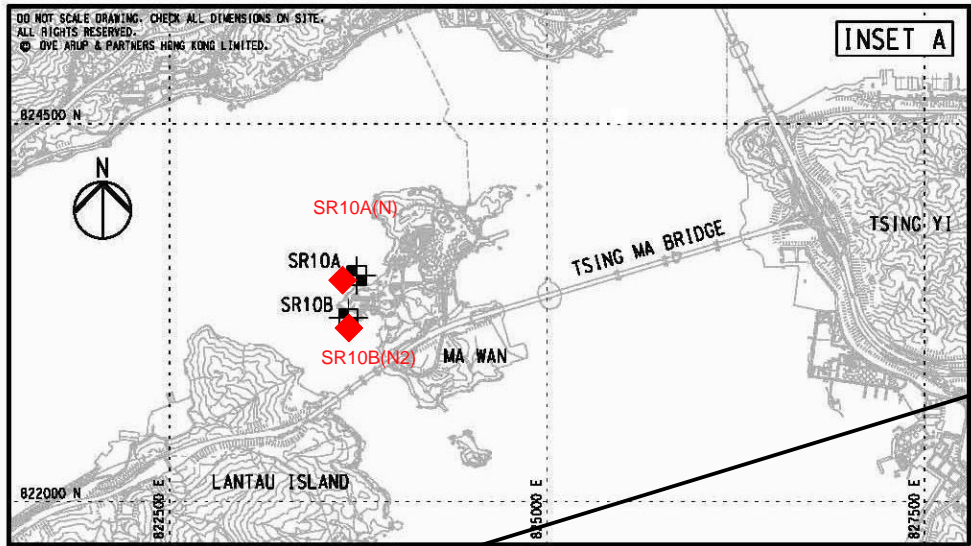


Figure 1.1 Location of the Site



KEY PLAN

- NOTES**
- EXACT LOCATIONS OF MONITORING STATIONS ARE TO BE DETERMINED ON SITE. THE CONTRACTOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL TEAM (ET) SHALL AGREE WITH THE INDEPENDENT ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKER (IEC) AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT OFFICE (ENPO) AND APPROVED BY THE SUPERVISING OFFICER FOR THE PROPOSED LOCATION OF THE MONITORING STATIONS.
 - THE LOCATION AND EXTENT OF MUDFLAT SURVEY SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR AND ET SHALL DETERMINE AND AGREE WITH THE IEC, ENPO AND SUPERVISING OFFICER THE DETAILS OF THE MUDFLAT SURVEY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS STIPULATED IN THE EIA REPORTS AND E&M MANUALS.
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS STIPULATED IN THE E&M MANUALS TO CONDUCT THE ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDIT WORKS.

- LEGEND**
- WORKS BOUNDARY OF CONTRACT HY2011A03
 - IS IMPACT STATIONS (WATER QUALITY)
 - CS CONTROL/FAR FIELD STATIONS (WATER QUALITY)
 - SR SENSITIVE RECEIVERS STATIONS (WATER QUALITY)
 - ST STATION FOR SENSITIVITY TEST RESULT (WATER QUALITY)
 - AMS MONITORING STATIONS (AIR QUALITY)
 - NMS MONITORING STATIONS (NOISE)
 - MUDFLAT ECOLOGICAL SAMPLING LOCATION

| | | | |
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Contract No. and Title:
Contract No. HY/2011/03
Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge
Hong Kong Link Road -
Section Between Scenic Hill and
Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Drawing title
ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING STATIONS

| | | | |
|---------|-------------|----------|-------|
| Drawing | Figure 2.1 | Rev. | A |
| Drawn | RY | Date | 11/11 |
| Checked | AW | Approved | SK |
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| Monitoring Stations | Coordinates | |
|---------------------|-------------|----------|
| | Easting | Northing |
| IS5 | 811579 | 817106 |
| IS(Mf)6 | 812101 | 817873 |
| IS7 | 812244 | 818777 |
| IS8(N) | 814413 | 818570 |
| IS(Mf)9 | 813273 | 818850 |
| IS10(N) | 812942 | 820881 |
| SR3(N) | 810689 | 816591 |
| SR4(N2) | 814688 | 817996 |
| SR5(N) | 812569 | 821475 |
| SR10A(N) | 823644 | 823484 |
| SR10B(N2) | 823689 | 823159 |
| CS2(A) | 805232 | 818606 |
| CS(Mf)5 | 817990 | 821129 |

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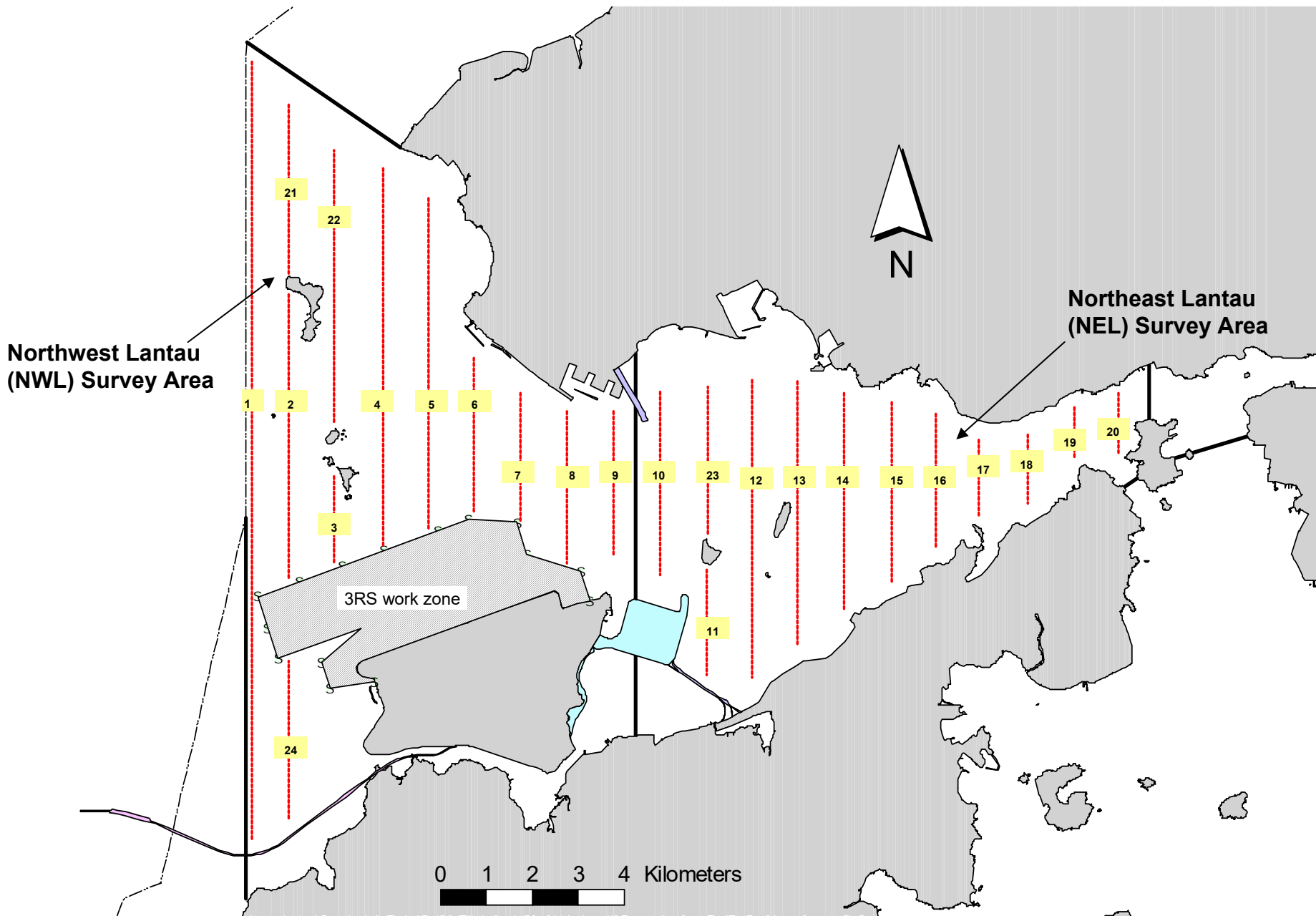


Figure 2.2. Transect Line Layout in Northwest and Northeast Lantau Survey Areas



APPENDIX A

Environmental Management Structure



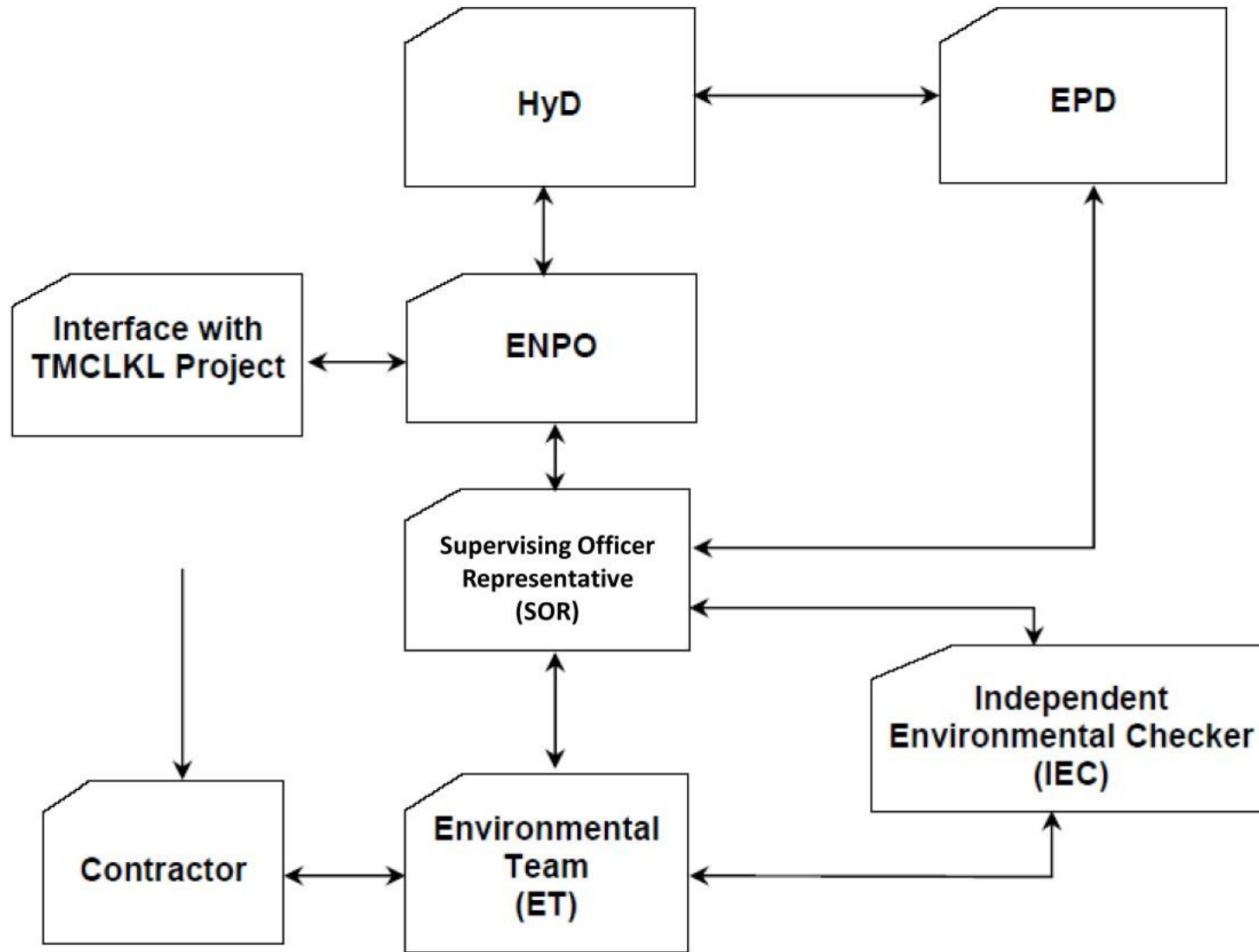
Contact Information of Key Personnel

| Party | Position | Name | Telephone | Fax |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Supervising Officer's Representative (Ove Arup & Partners Hong Kong Limited) | (Chief Resident Engineer, CRE) | Jackson Wong | 3968 4802 | 2109 1882 |
| Environmental Project Office / Independent Environmental Checker (Ramboll Hong Kong Limited) | Environmental Project Office Leader | Y. H. Hui | 3465 2888 | 3465 2899 |
| | Independent Environmental Checker | Ray Yan | 3465 2888 | 3465 2899 |
| | | Manson Yeung ⁽¹⁾ | 3465 2806 | 3465 2899 |
| Contractor (China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Ltd) | Project Manager | S. Y. Tse | 3968 7002 | 2109 2588 |
| | Environmental Officer | Federick Wong | 3968 7117 | 2109 2588 |
| Environmental Team (BMT Hong Kong Limited) | Environmental Team Leader | Claudine Lee | 2241 9847 | 2815 3377 |
| 24 hours complaint hotline | --- | --- | 5699 5730 | --- |

Note: (1) The role and responsibilities as the IEC of the Contract has been taken up by Mr Manson Yeung instead of Ray Yan since 18 May 2020.

Project Organization for Environmental Works

↔ Line of communication





APPENDIX B

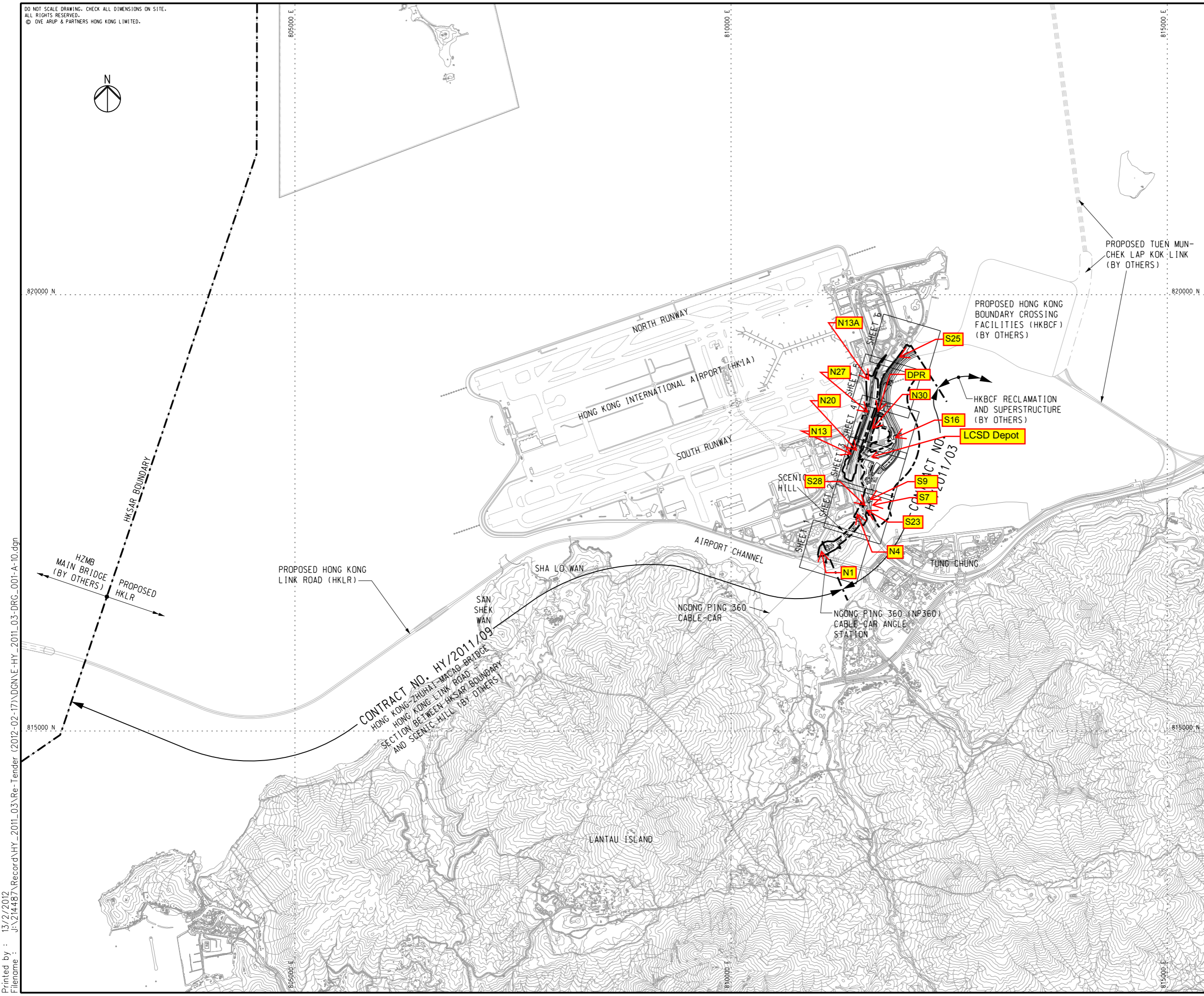
Construction Programme



APPENDIX C

Location of Works Areas

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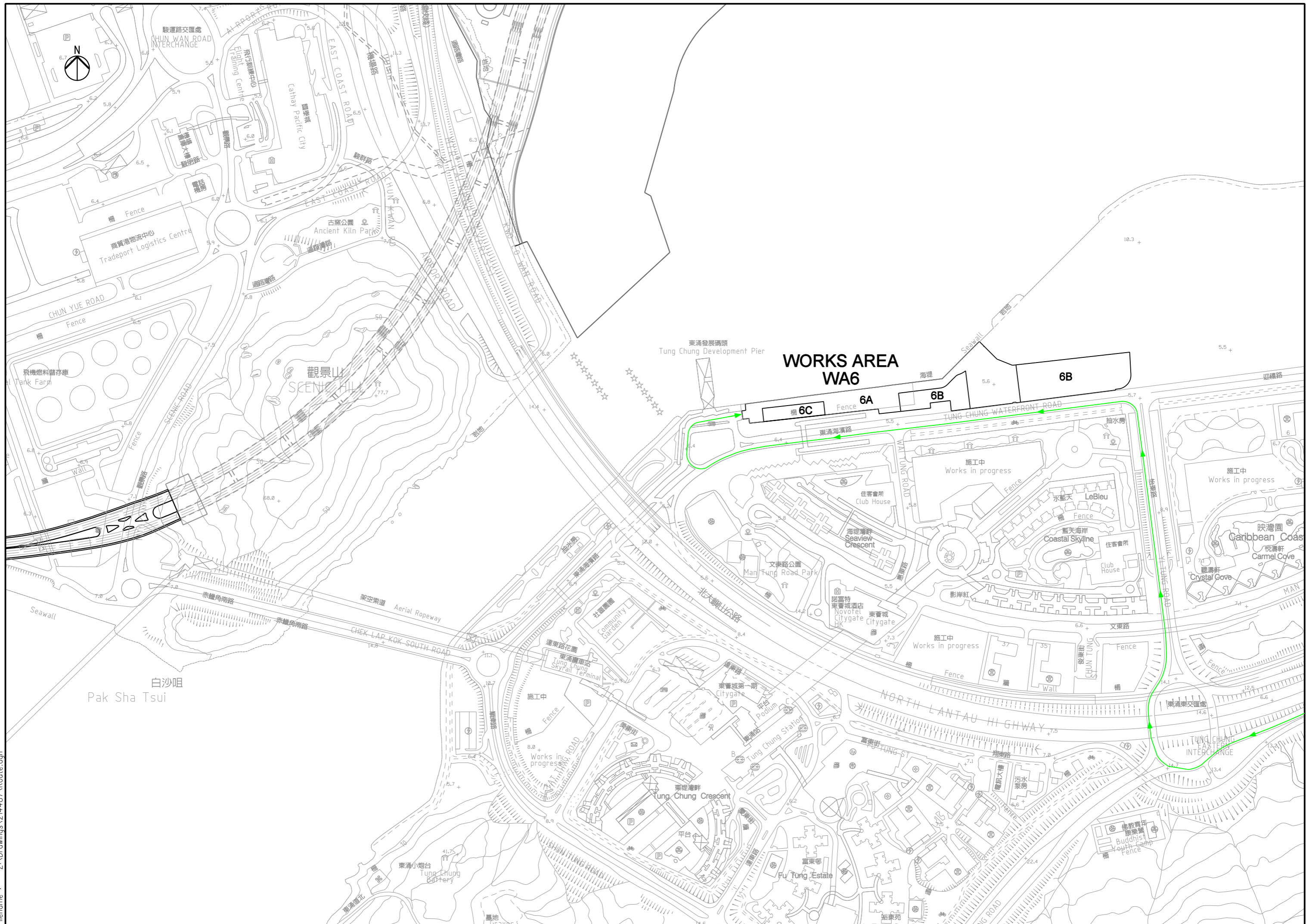


NOTES
1. THIS DRAWING SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH DRG. NOS. 214487/2/T/002 - 007.

LEGEND
- - - - - SITE BOUNDARY

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| Consultant | | | |
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| Drawing title | | | |
| GENERAL LAYOUT KEY PLAN | | | |
| Drawing no. | | Rev. | |
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WORKS AREA WA6

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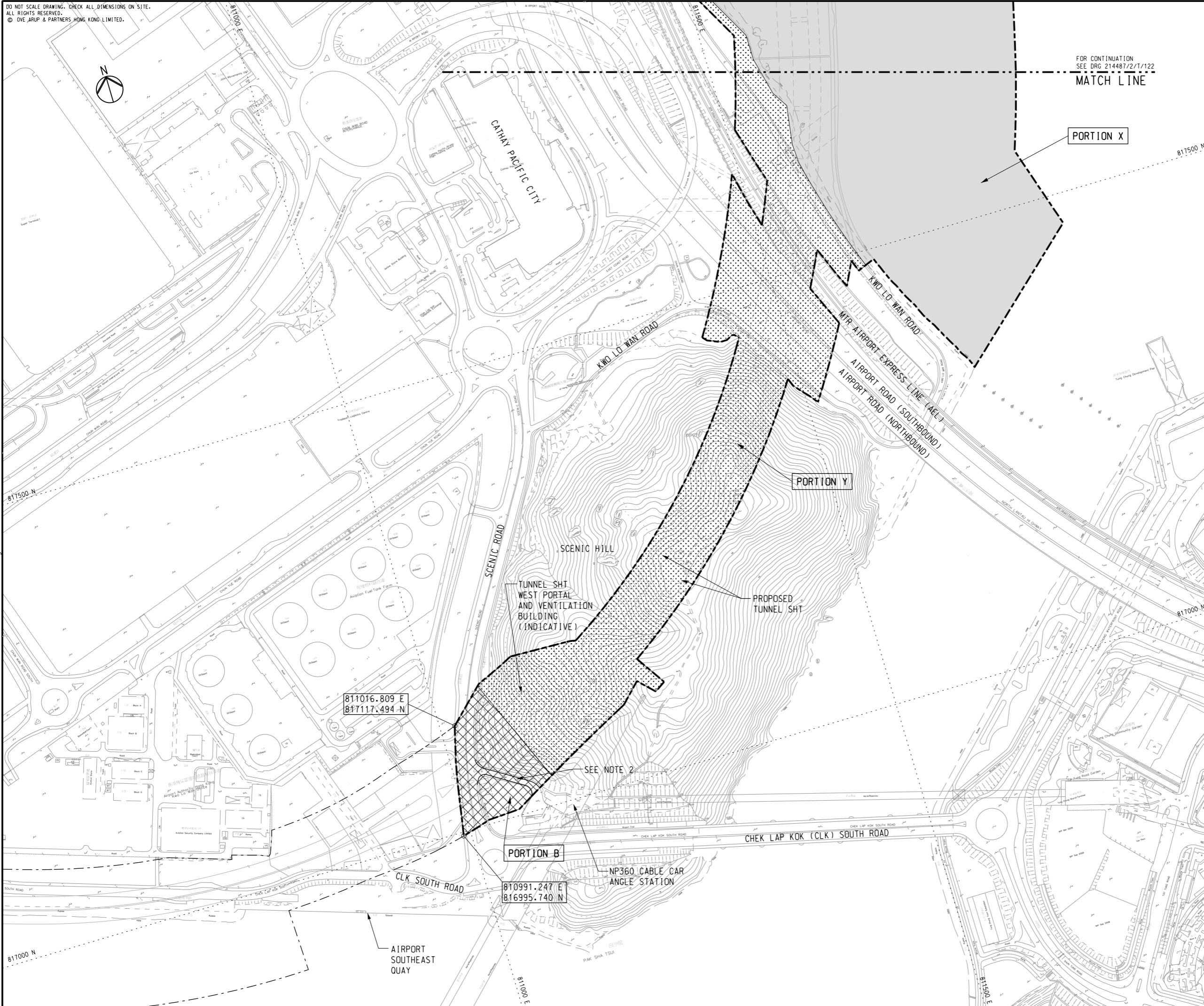
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NOTES

- FOR DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PORTION OF SITE, REFER TO ER PART 2 GENERAL SITE DATA.
- ACCESS ROAD TO NP360 CABLE CAR ANGLE STATION SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.

LEGEND

- SITE BOUNDARY
- PORTION X
- PORTION Y
- PORTION B
- PORTION C
- PORTION D1

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HONG KONG INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
SOUTH RUNWAY

PORTION Y

CIVIL AVIATION DEPARTMENT
(CAD) NEW HEADQUARTERS

EXISTING
DRAGONAIR
HEADQUARTERS

EXISTING
CNAC TOWER

FOR CONTINUATION
SEE DRG 214487/2/T/123
MATCH LINE

PORTION X

MATCH LINE
FOR CONTINUATION
SEE DRG 214487/2/T/121

NOTES

1. FOR GENERAL NOTES AND LEGEND, REFER TO
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Drawing title
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(SHEET 2 OF 3)**

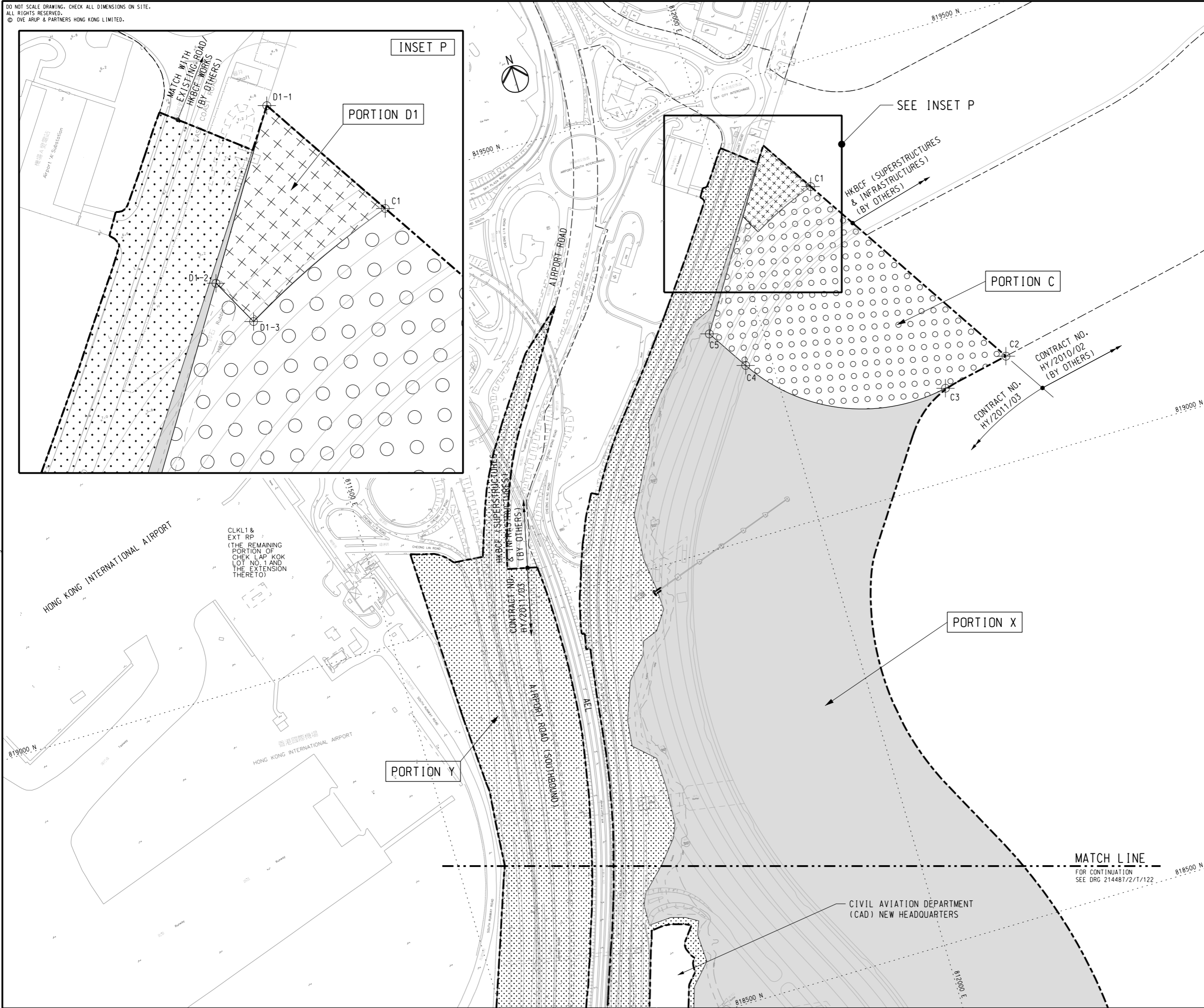
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NOTES

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SETTING OUT CO-ORDINATES OF SITE PORTION C

| POINT | CO-ORDINATES | |
|-------|--------------|------------|
| | EASTING | NORTHING |
| C1 | 812097.481 | 819361.966 |
| C2 | 812254.199 | 819116.562 |
| C3 | 812178.695 | 819101.208 |
| C4 | 811970.282 | 819189.551 |
| C5 | 811941.125 | 819235.206 |

SETTING OUT CO-ORDINATES OF SITE PORTION D1

| POINT | CO-ORDINATES | |
|-------|--------------|------------|
| | EASTING | NORTHING |
| D1-1 | 812059.460 | 819421.497 |
| D1-2 | 812014.853 | 819351.273 |
| D1-3 | 812026.200 | 819329.938 |

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APPENDIX D

Event and Action Plan



Event and Action Plan for Air Quality

| Event | Action | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| | ET | IEC | SO | Contractor |
| Exceedance of Action Level for one sample | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; 2. Inform IEC and SO; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm finding; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET; 2. Check Contractor's working method. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Notify Contractor. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Rectify any unacceptable practice; 2. Amend working methods if appropriate. |
| Exceedance of Action Level for two or more consecutive samples | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify source; 2. Inform IEC and SO; 3. Advise the SO on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; 4. Repeat measurements to confirm findings; 5. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 6. Discuss with IEC and Contractor on remedial actions required; 7. If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IEC and SO; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET; 2. Check Contractor's working method; 3. Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; 4. Advise the ET on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; 5. Supervise Implementation of remedial measures. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Submit proposals for remedial to SO within 3 working days of notification; 2. Implement the agreed proposals; 3. Amend proposal if appropriate. |

| Event | Action | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| | ET | IEC | SO | Contractor |
| Exceedance of Limit Level for one sample | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; 2. Inform SO, Contractor and EPD; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm finding; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 5. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and SO informed of the results. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET; 2. Check Contractor's working method; 3. Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; 4. Advise the SO on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; 5. Supervise implementation of remedial measures. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. Ensure remedial measures properly implemented. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Amend proposal if appropriate. |
| Exceedance of Limit Level for two or more consecutive samples | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Notify IEC, SO, Contractor and EPD; 2. Identify source; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm findings; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 6. Arrange meeting with IEC and SO to discuss the remedial actions to be taken; 7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and SO informed of the results; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss amongst SO, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; 2. Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the SO accordingly; 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. In consultation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; 4. Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; 5. If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the SO until the exceedance is abated. |

Event and Action Plan for Noise

| Event | Action | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| | ET | IEC | SO | Contractor |
| Exceedance of Action Level | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; 2. Notify IEC and Contractor; 3. Report the results of investigation to the IEC, SO and Contractor; 4. Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; 5. Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Review the analysed results submitted by the ET; 2. Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the SO accordingly; 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; 4. Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC; 2. Implement noise mitigation proposals. |
| Exceedance of Limit Level | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify source; 2. Inform IEC, SO, EPD and Contractor; 3. Repeat measurements to confirm findings; 4. Increase monitoring frequency; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 6. Inform IEC, SO and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances; 7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and SO informed of the results; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss amongst SO, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; 2. Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the SO accordingly; 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; 4. Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; 5. If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the SO until the exceedance is abated. |

Event and Action Plan for Water Quality

| Event | Action | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | ET Leader | IEC | SO | Contractor |
| Action level being exceeded by one sampling day | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat in situ measurement on next day of exceedance to confirm findings; 2. Identify source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, contractor and SO; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET and Contractor's working methods. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Confirm receipt of notification of non-compliance in writing; 2. Notify Contractor. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inform the SO and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Amend working methods if appropriate. |
| Action level being exceeded by two or more consecutive sampling days | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance to confirm findings; 2. Identify source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, contractor, SO and EPD; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; 6. Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Action level. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET and Contractor's working method; 2. Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial actions; 3. Review the proposed mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the SO accordingly; 4. Supervise the implementation of mitigation measures. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss with IEC on the proposed mitigation measures; 2. Ensure mitigation measures are properly implemented; 3. Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inform the Engineer and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment and consider changes of working methods; 4. Submit proposal of additional mitigation measures to SO within 3 working days of notification and discuss with ET, IEC and SO; 5. Implement the agreed mitigation measures. |
| Limit level being exceeded by one sampling day | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance to confirm findings; 2. Identify source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, contractor, SO and EPD; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, SO and Contractor; | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET and Contractor's working method; 2. Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial actions; 3. Review the proposed mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the SO accordingly. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 2. Discuss with IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; 3. Request Contractor to review the working methods. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inform the SO and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Rectify unacceptable practice; 3. Check all plant and equipment and consider changes of working methods; 4. Submit proposal of mitigation measures to SO within 3 working days of notification and discuss with ET, IEC and SO. |

| Event | Action | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | ET Leader | IEC | SO | Contractor |
| Limit level being exceeded by two or more consecutive sampling days | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance to confirm findings; 2. Identify source(s) of impact; 3. Inform IEC, contractor, SO and EPD; 4. Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; 5. Discuss mitigation measures with IEC, SO and Contractor; 6. Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET and Contractor's working method; 2. Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial actions; 3. Review the Contractor's mitigation measures whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the SO accordingly; 4. Supervise the implementation of mitigation measures. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss with IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; 2. Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; 3. Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; 4. Ensure mitigation measures are properly implemented; 5. Consider and instruct, if necessary, the Contractor to slow down or to stop all or part of the construction activities until no exceedance of Limit level. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposal of mitigation measures to SO within 3 working days of notification and discuss with ET, IEC and SO; 3. Implement the agreed mitigation measures; 4. Resubmit proposals of mitigation measures if problem still not under control; 5. As directed by the Engineer, to slow down or to stop all or part of the construction activities until no exceedance of Limit level. |

Event and Action Plan for Dolphin Monitoring

| Event | ET Leader | IEC | ER / SOR | Contractor |
|--------------|--|--|---|---|
| Action Level | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat statistical data analysis to confirm findings; 2. Review all available and relevant data, including raw data and statistical analysis results of other parameters covered in the EM&A, to ascertain if differences are as a result of natural variation or previously observed seasonal differences; 3. Identify source(s) of impact; 4. Inform the IEC, ER/SOR and Contractor; 5. Check monitoring data. 6. Review to ensure all the dolphin protective measures are fully and properly implemented and advise on additional measures if necessary. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET and Contractor; 2. Discuss monitoring results and findings with the ET and the Contractor. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss monitoring with the IEC and any other measures proposed by the ET; 2. If ER/SOR is satisfied with the proposal of any other measures, ER/SOR to signify the agreement in writing on the measures to be implemented. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inform the ER/SOR and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Discuss with the ET and the IEC and propose measures to the IEC and the ER/SOR; 3. Implement the agreed measures. |
| Limit Level | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repeat statistical data analysis to confirm findings; 2. Review all available and relevant data, including raw data and statistical analysis results of other parameters covered in the EM&A, to ascertain if differences are as a result of natural variation or previously observed seasonal differences; 3. Identify source(s) of impact; 4. Inform the IEC, ER/SOR and Contractor of findings; 5. Check monitoring data; 6. Repeat review to ensure all the dolphin protective measures are fully and properly implemented and advise on additional measures if necessary; | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET and Contractor; 2. Discuss monitoring results and findings with the ET and the Contractor; 3. Attend the meeting to discuss with ET, ER/SOR and Contractor the necessity of additional dolphin monitoring and any other potential mitigation measures; 4. Review proposals for additional monitoring and any other mitigation measures submitted by ET and Contractor and advise ER/SOR of the results and findings accordingly; 5. Supervise / Audit the | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Attend the meeting to discuss with ET, IEC and Contractor the necessity of additional dolphin monitoring and any other potential mitigation measures; 2. If ER/SOR is satisfied with the proposals for additional dolphin monitoring and/or any other mitigation measures submitted by ET and Contractor and verified by IEC, ER/SOR to signify the agreement in writing on such proposals and any other mitigation measures; 3. Supervise the implementation of additional monitoring | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inform the ER/SOR and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Attend the meeting to discuss with ET, IEC and ER/SOR the necessity of additional dolphin monitoring and any other potential mitigation measures; 3. Jointly submit with ET to IEC a proposal of additional dolphin monitoring and/or any other mitigation measures when necessary; 4. Implement the agreed additional dolphin monitoring and/or any other mitigation measures. |

| Event | ET Leader | IEC | ER / SOR | Contractor |
|-------|--|---|--|------------|
| | <p>7. If ET proves that the source of impact is caused by any of the construction activity by the works contract, ET to arrange a meeting to discuss with IEC, ER/SOR and Contractor the necessity of additional dolphin monitoring and/or any other potential mitigation measures (e.g., consider to modify the perimeter silt curtain or consider to control/temporarily stop relevant construction activity etc.) and submit to IEC a proposal of additional dolphin monitoring and/or mitigation measures where necessary.</p> | <p>implementation of additional monitoring and/or any other mitigation measures and advise ER/SOR the results and findings accordingly.</p> | <p>and/or any other mitigation measures.</p> | |

Event and Action Plan for Mudflat Monitoring

| Event | ET Leader | IEC | SO | Contractor |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Density or the distribution pattern of horseshoe crab, seagrass or intertidal soft shore communities recorded in the impact or post-construction monitoring are significantly lower than or different from those recorded in the baseline monitoring. | <p>Review historical data to ensure differences are as a result of natural variation or previously observed seasonal differences;</p> <p>Identify source(s) of impact;</p> <p>Inform the IEC, SO and Contractor;</p> <p>Check monitoring data;</p> <p>Discuss additional monitoring and any other measures, with the IEC and Contractor.</p> | <p>Discuss monitoring with the ET and the Contractor;</p> <p>Review proposals for additional monitoring and any other measures submitted by the Contractor and advise the SO accordingly.</p> | <p>Discuss with the IEC additional monitoring requirements and any other measures proposed by the ET;</p> <p>Make agreement on the measures to be implemented.</p> | <p>Inform the SO and in writing;</p> <p>Discuss with the ET and the IEC and propose measures to the IEC and the ER;</p> <p>Implement the agreed measures.</p> |

Action Plan for Landscape Works

| Event | ACTION | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|---|---|
| | ET Leader | IEC | SO | Contractor |
| Conflicts occur | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check Contractor's proposed remedial design conforms to the requirements of EP and prepare checking report(s) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check and endorse ET's report(s). Check and certify Contractor's proposed remedial design | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supervise the Contractor to carry out the proposed remediation work | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Propose remedial design and carry out the proposed work |

APPENDIX E

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the Measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|--------------------|---------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Air Quality | | | | | | | |
| S5.5.6.1 | A1 | 1) The contractor shall follow the procedures and requirements given in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation | Good construction site practices to control the dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers to within the relevant criteria. | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |
| S5.5.6.2 | A2 | 2) Proper watering of exposed spoil should be undertaken throughout the construction phase: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any excavated or stockpile of dusty material should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water to maintain the entire surface wet and then removed or backfilled or reinstated where practicable within 24 hours of the excavation or unloading; Any dusty materials remaining after a stockpile is removed should be wetted with water and cleared from the surface of roads; A stockpile of dusty material should not be extended beyond the pedestrian barriers, fencing or traffic cones. The load of dusty materials on a vehicle leaving a construction site should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the vehicle; Where practicable, vehicle washing facilities with high pressure water jet should be provided at every discernible or designated vehicle exit point. The area where vehicle washing takes place and the road section between the washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores; | Good construction site practices to control the dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers to within the relevant criteria. | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | P |
| S5.5.6.2 | A2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When there are open excavation and reinstatement works, hoarding of not less than 2.4m high should be provided as far as practicable along the site boundary with provision for public crossing. Good site practice shall also be adopted by the Contractor to ensure the conditions of the hoardings are properly maintained throughout the construction period; Any skip hoist for material transport should be totally enclosed by impervious sheeting; | Good construction site practices to control the dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers to within the relevant criteria. | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the Measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|----------|---------------|---|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| S5.5.6.2 | A2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The portion of any road leading only to construction site that is within 30m of a vehicle entrance or exit should be kept clear of dusty materials; • Surfaces where any pneumatic or power-driven drilling, cutting, polishing or other mechanical breaking operation takes place should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical continuously; • Any area that involves demolition activities should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical immediately prior to, during and immediately after the activities so as to maintain the entire surface wet; • Where a scaffolding is erected around the perimeter of a building under construction, effective dust screens, sheeting or netting should be provided to enclose the scaffolding from the ground floor level of the building, or a canopy should be provided from the first floor level up to the highest level of the scaffolding; • Every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry pulverized fuel ash (PFA) should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides; | Good construction site practices to control the dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers to within the relevant criteria. | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |
| S5.5.6.2 | A2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cement or dry PFA delivered in bulk should be stored in a closed silo fitted with an audible high level alarm which is interlocked with the material filling line and no overfilling is allowed; • Loading, unloading, transfer, handling or storage of bulk cement or dry PFA should be carried out in a totally enclosed system or facility, and any vent or exhaust should be fitted with an effective fabric filter or equivalent air pollution control system; and • Exposed earth should be properly treated by compaction, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, shotcrete or other suitable surface stabiliser within six months after the last construction activity on the construction site or part of the construction site where the exposed earth lies. | Good construction site practices to control the dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers to within the relevant criteria. | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|----------|---------------|---|--|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| S5.5.6.3 | A3 | 3) The Contractor should undertake proper watering on all exposed spoil (with at least 8 times per day) throughout the construction phase. | Control construction dust | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |
| S5.5.6 | A5 | 5) Implement regular dust monitoring under EM&A programme during the construction stage. | Monitor the 24 hr and 1hr TSP levels at the representative dust monitoring stations to ensure compliance with relevant criteria Throughout the construction period | Contractor | Selected representative dust monitoring station | Construction stage | √ |
| S5.5.71 | A6 | <p>The following mitigation measures should be adopted to prevent fugitive dust emissions for concrete batching plant:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loading, unloading, handling, transfer or storage of any dusty materials should be carried out in totally enclosed system; • All dust-laden air or waste gas generated by the process operations should be properly extracted and vented to fabric filtering system to meet the emission limits for TSP; • Vents for all silos and cement/ pulverised fuel ash (PFA) weighing scale should be fitted with fabric filtering system; • The materials which may generate airborne dusty emissions should be wetted by water spray system; • All receiving hoppers should be enclosed on three sides up to 3m above unloading point; • All conveyor transfer points should be totally enclosed; • All access and route roads within the premises should be paved and wetted; and • Vehicle cleaning facilities should be provided and used by all concrete trucks before leaving the premises to wash off any dust on the wheels and/or body. | Monitor the 24 hr and 1hr TSP levels at the representative dust monitoring stations to ensure compliance with relevant criteria Throughout the construction period | Contractor | Selected representative dust monitoring station | Construction stage | √ |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the Measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|--------------|---------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| S5.5.2.7 | A7 | <p>The following mitigation measures should be adopted to prevent fugitive dust emissions at barging point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All road surface within the barging facilities will be paved; Dust enclosures will be provided for the loading ramp; Vehicles will be required to pass through designated wheels wash facilities; and Continuous water spray at the loading points. | Control construction dust | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |
| Noise | | | | | | | |
| S6.4.10 | N1 | <p>1) Use of good site practices to limit noise emissions by considering the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction programme; machines and plant (such as trucks, cranes) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum; plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction, where possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from nearby NSRs; silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be properly fitted and maintained during the construction works mobile plant should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible and practicable; material stockpiles, mobile container site officer and other structures should be effectively utilised, where practicable, to screen noise from on-site construction activities. | Control construction airborne noise by means of good site practices | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|--|---------------|---|---|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| S6.4.11 | N2 | 2) Install temporary hoarding located on the site boundaries between noisy construction activities and NSRs. The conditions of the hoardings shall be properly maintained throughout the construction period. | Reduce the construction noise levels at low-level zone of NSRs through partial screening. | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |
| S6.4.12 | N3 | 3) Install movable noise barriers (typically density @ 14kg/m ²), acoustic mat or full enclosure close to noisy plants including air compressor, generators, saw. | Screen the noisy plant items to be used at all construction sites | Contractor | For plant items listed in Appendix 6D of the EIA report at all construction sites | Construction stage | √ |
| S6.4.13 | N4 | 4) Select "Quiet plants" which comply with the BS 5228 Part 1 or TM standards. | Reduce the noise levels of plant items | Contractor | For plant items listed in Appendix 6D of the EIA report at all construction sites | Construction stage | √ |
| S6.4.14 | N5 | 5) Sequencing operation of construction plants where practicable. | Operate sequentially within the same work site to reduce the construction airborne noise | Contractor | All construction sites where practicable | Construction stage | √ |
| | N6 | 6) Implement a noise monitoring under EM&A programme. | Monitor the construction noise levels at the selected representative locations | Contractor | Selected representative noise monitoring station | Construction stage | √ |
| Waste Management (Construction waste) | | | | | | | |
| S8.3.8 | WM1 | <p><u>Construction and Demolition Material</u></p> <p>The following mitigation measures should be implemented in handling the waste:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain temporary stockpiles and reuse excavated fill material for backfilling and reinstatement; • Carry out on-site sorting; • Make provisions in the Contract documents to allow and promote the use of recycled aggregates where appropriate; • Adopt 'Selective Demolition' technique to demolish the existing structures and facilities with a view to recovering broken concrete effectively for recycling purpose, where possible; | Good site practice to minimize the waste generation and recycle the C&D materials as far as practicable so as to reduce the amount for final disposal | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|------------------|---------------|--|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement a trip-ticket system for each works contract to ensure that the disposal of C&D materials are properly documented and verified; and Implement an enhanced Waste Management Plan similar to ETWBTC (Works) No. 19/2005. Environmental Management on Construction Sites. to encourage on-site sorting of C&D materials and to minimize their generation during the course of construction. In addition, disposal of the C&D materials onto any sensitive locations such as agricultural lands, etc. should be avoided. The Contractor shall propose the final disposal sites to the Project Proponent and get its approval before implementation. | | | | | |
| S8.3.9 - S8.3.11 | WM2 | <p><u>C&D Waste</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Standard formwork or pre-fabrication should be used as far as practicable in order to minimise the arising of C&D materials. The use of more durable formwork or plastic facing for the construction works should be considered. Use of wooden hoardings should not be used, as in other projects. Metal hoarding should be used to enhance the possibility of recycling. The purchasing of construction materials will be carefully planned in order to avoid over ordering and wastage. The Contractor should recycle as much of the C&D materials as possible on-site. Public fill and C&D waste should be segregated and stored in different containers or skips to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal. Where practicable, concrete and masonry can be crushed and used as fill. Steel reinforcement bar can be used by scrap steel mills. Different areas of the sites should be considered for such segregation and storage. | Good site practice to minimize the waste generation and recycle the C&D materials as far as practicable so as to reduce the amount for final disposal | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|-----------------|---------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| S8.2.12-S8.3.15 | WM3 | <p>Chemical Waste</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chemical waste that is produced, as defined by Schedule 1 of the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, should be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Containers used for the storage of chemical wastes should be suitable for the substance they are holding, resistant to corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely closed; have a capacity of less than 450 liters unless the specification has been approved by the EPD; and display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the regulation. The storage area for chemical wastes should be clearly labeled and used solely for the storage of chemical waste; enclosed on at least 3 sides; have an impermeable floor and bunding of sufficient capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20 % of the total volume of waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest; have adequate ventilation; covered to prevent rainfall entering; and arranged so that incompatible materials are adequately separated. Disposal of chemical waste should be via a licensed waste collector; be to a facility licensed to receive chemical waste, such as the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre which also offers a chemical waste collection service and can supply the necessary storage containers; or be to a reuser of the waste, under approval from the EPD. | Control the chemical waste and ensure proper storage, handling and disposal. | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|----------|---------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| S8.3.16 | WM4 | <p><u>Sewage</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequate numbers of portable toilets should be provided for the workers. The portable toilets should be maintained in a state, which will not deter the workers from utilizing these portable toilets. Night soil should be collected by licensed collectors regularly. | Proper handling of sewage from worker to avoid odour, pest and litter impacts | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |
| S8.3.17 | WM5 | <p><u>General Refuse</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> General refuse generated on-site should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from construction and chemical wastes. A reputable waste collector should be employed by the Contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from construction and chemical wastes, on a daily basis to minimize odour, pest and litter impacts. Burning of refuse on construction sites is prohibited by law. Aluminium cans are often recovered from the waste stream by individual collectors if they are segregated and made easily accessible. Separate labelled bins for their deposit should be provided if feasible. Office wastes can be reduced through the recycling of paper if volumes are large enough to warrant collection. Participation in a local collection scheme should be considered by the Contractor. In addition, waste separation facilities for paper, aluminum cans, plastic bottles etc., should be provided. Training should be provided to workers about the concepts of site cleanliness and appropriate waste management procedure, including reduction, reuse and recycling of wastes. | Minimize production of the general refuse and avoid odour, pest and litter impacts | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | P |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|---|---------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Water quality (Construction Phase) | | | | | | | |
| S9.11.1-S9.11.1.2 | W1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mitigation during the marine works to reduce impacts to within acceptable levels have been recommended and will comprise a series of measures that restrict the method and sequencing of filling work, as well as protection measures. Details of the measures are provided below and summarised in the Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule in EM&A Manual. Construction of seawalls to be advanced by at least 100-200m before the filling can commence. It should be noted that the protection by advanced seawall is a dynamic process depending on the progress of the construction activities. The part of the works where such measures can be undertaken for the majority of the time includes the following locations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TMCLKL northern reclamation; -TMCLKL southern reclamation (after formation of the nips); - Reclamation filling for Portion 1 of HKLR. | To control construction water quality | Contractor | During seawall filling | Construction stage | √ |
| S9.11.1-S9.11.1.2 | W1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single layer silt curtains will be applied around all works; Silt curtain shall be fully maintained throughout the works. | To control construction water quality | Contractor | During seawall filling | Construction stage | P |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|-----------------------|---------------|--|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| S9.11.1- S9.11.1.2 | W1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mechanical grabs shall be designed and maintained to avoid spillage and should seal tightly while being lifted; barges shall have tight fitting seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material; any pipe leakages shall be repaired quickly. Plant should not be operated with leaking pipes; loading of barges shall be controlled to prevent splashing of filling materials to the surrounding water. barges shall not be filled to a level which will cause overflow of materials or pollution of water during loading or transportation; adequate freeboard shall be maintained on barges to reduce the likelihood of decks being washed by wave action; all vessels shall be sized such that adequate clearance is maintained between vessels and the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash; and the works shall not cause foam, oil, grease, litter or other objectionable matter to be present in the water within and adjacent to the works site. | To control construction water quality | Contractor | During seawall filling | Construction stage | √ |
| S9.11.1.3 | W2 | <p><u>Land Works</u></p> <p>General construction activities on land should also be governed by standard good working practice. Specific measures to be written into the works contracts should include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> wastewater from temporary site facilities should be controlled to prevent direct discharge to surface or marine waters; | To control construction water quality | Contractor | During seawall filling | Construction stage | √ |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|-----------|---------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| S9.11.1.3 | W2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sewage effluent and discharges from on-site kitchen facilities shall be directed to Government sewer in accordance with the requirements of the WPCO or collected for disposal offsite. The use of soakaways shall be avoided; • storm drainage shall be directed to storm drains via adequately designed sand/silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins. Channels, earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to properly direct stormwater to such silt removal facilities. Catchpits and perimeter channels should be constructed in advance of site formation works and earthworks; • silt removal facilities, channels and manholes shall be maintained and any deposited silt and grit shall be removed regularly, including specifically at the onset of and after each rainstorm; • temporary access roads should be surfaced with crushed stone or gravel; • rainwater pumped out from trenches or foundation excavations should be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities; • measures should be taken to prevent the washout of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system; • open stockpiles of construction materials (e.g. aggregates and sand) on site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms; • manholes (including any newly constructed ones) should always be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris from getting into the drainage system, and to prevent storm run-off from getting into foul sewers; • discharges of surface run-off into foul sewers must always be prevented in order not to unduly overload the foul sewerage system; | To control construction water quality | Contractor | During seawall filling | Construction stage | √ |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|-----------|---------------|---|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| S9.11.1.3 | W2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> all vehicles and plant should be cleaned before they leave the construction site to ensure that no earth, mud or debris is deposited by them on roads. A wheel washing bay should be provided at every site exit; wheel wash overflow shall be directed to silt removal facilities before being discharged to the storm drain; the section of construction road between the wheel washing bay and the public road should be surfaced with crushed stone or coarse gravel; wastewater generated from concreting, plastering, internal decoration, cleaning work and other similar activities, shall be screened to remove large objects; vehicle and plant servicing areas, vehicle wash bays and lubrication facilities shall be located under roofed areas. The drainage in these covered areas shall be connected to foul sewers via a petrol interceptor in accordance with the requirements of the WPCO or collected for off site disposal; the contractors shall prepare an oil / chemical cleanup plan and ensure that leakages or spillages are contained and cleaned up immediately; waste oil should be collected and stored for recycling or disposal, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance; all fuel tanks and chemical storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas. The storage areas should be surrounded by bunds with a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank; and surface run-off from bunded areas should pass through oil/ grease traps prior to discharge to the stormwater system. | To control construction water quality | Contractor | During seawall filling | Construction stage | √ |
| S9.14 | W3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement a water quality monitoring programme | Control water quality | Contractor | At identified monitoring location | During construction | See Note 1 |

Note:

1) The water quality monitoring programme was temporarily suspended during the reporting month, since no marine works were scheduled or conducted.

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ecology (Construction Phase) | | | | | | | |
| S10.7 | E1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good site practices to avoid runoff entering woodland habitats in Scenic Hill; • Reinstate works areas in Scenic Hill; • Avoid stream modification in Scenic Hill. | Avoid potential disturbance on habitat of Romer.s Tree Frog in Scenic Hill | Designer; Contractor | Scenic Hill | During construction | √ |
| S10.7 | E2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Install silt curtain during the construction; • Construct seawall prior to reclamation filling where practicable; • Good site practices; • Site runoff control; • Spill response plan. | Minimise marine water quality impacts | Contractor | Seawall, reclamation area | During construction | P |
| S10.7 | E4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Watering to reduce dust generation; prevention of siltation of freshwater habitats; Site runoff should be desilted, to reduce the potential for suspended sediments, organics and other contaminants to enter streams and standing freshwater. | Prevent Sedimentation from Land-based works areas | Contractor | Land-based works areas | During construction | √ |
| S10.7 | E5 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good site practices, including strictly following the permitted works hours, using quieter machines where practicable, and avoiding excessive lightings during night time. | Prevent disturbance to terrestrial fauna and habitats | Contractor | Land-based works areas | During construction | √ |
| S10.7 | E6 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dolphin Exclusion Zone; • Dolphin watching plan. | Minimize temporary marine habitat loss impact to dolphins | Contractor | Marine works | During marine works | √ |
| S10.7 | E7 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decouple compressors and other equipment on working vessels; • Avoidance of percussive piling; • Marine underwater noise monitoring; • Temporal suspension of drilling bored pile casing in rock during peak dolphin calving season in May and June; • Handling with care for the installation of sheet piling for reclamation site. | Minimize temporary marine habitat loss impact to dolphins | Contractor | Marine works | During marine works | √ |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--|---|--------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|
| S10.7 | E8 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Control vessel speed; Skipper training; Predefined and regular routes for working vessels; avoid Brothers Islands. | Minimise marine traffic disturbance on dolphins | Contractor | Marine traffic | During marine works | √ |
| S10.10 | E9 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dolphin vessel monitoring; Mudflat ecological monitoring. | Minimise marine traffic disturbance on dolphins | Contractor | North Lantau and West Lantau | Prior to construction, during construction, and 1 year after operation | See Note 2 √ |
| Ecology (Operation Phase) | | | | | | | |
| S10.7 | E10 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Preconstruction dive survey for corals | Minimise impacts on marine ecology | Contractor | The marine pier sites nearest to intertidal zone and along the shore of the HKLR reclamation site | Prior to marine construction works in these locations | √ |
| Fisheries | | | | | | | |
| S11.7 | F2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce re-suspension of sediments Good site practices Spill response plan | Minimise marine water quality impacts | Contractor | Seawall, reclamation area | During construction | √ |
| S11.7 | F3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Install silt-grease trap in the drainage system collecting surface runoff | Minimise impacts on marine water quality impacts | Designer | Reclamation area | During construction | √ |
| S11.7 | F4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maritime Oil Spill Response Plan (MOSRP); Contingency plan. | Minimise impacts on marine water quality impacts | Management | HKLR | During operation stage | √ |

Note:

2) The dolphin vessel monitoring was temporarily suspended during the reporting month since no marine works were scheduled or conducted.

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|---|---------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Landscape & Visual (Detailed Design Phase) | | | | | | | |
| S14.3.3. 1 | LV1 | <p>General design measures include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Roadside planting and planting along the edge of the reclamation is proposed; • Transplanting of mature trees in good health and amenity value where appropriate and reinstatement of areas disturbed during construction by compensatory hydro-seeding and planting; • Protection measures for the trees to be retained during construction activities; • Optimizing the sizes and spacing of the bridge columns; • Fine-tuning the location of the bridge columns to avoid visually sensitive locations; • Aesthetic design of the bridge form and its structural elements for HKLR, e.g. parapet, soffit, columns, lightings and so on; • Considering the decorative urban design elements for HKLR, e.g. decorative road lightings; • Maximizing new tree, shrub and other vegetation planting to compensate tree felled and vegetation removed; • Providing planting area around peripheral of HKLR for tree planting screening effect. • Providing salt-tolerant native trees along the planter strip at affected seawall and newly reclaimed coastline. • For HKLR, providing aesthetic design on the viaduct, tunnel portals, at-grade roads and reclamation (e.g. subtle colour tone and slim form for viaduct to minimize the bulkiness of the structure and to blend the viaduct better with the background environment, featured form of tunnel portals, roadside planting along at-grade roads and landscape berm on & planting along edge of reclamation area) to beautify the HKLR alignment (refer to Figure 14.4.3). | Minimise visual & landscape impact | Detailed designer | HKLR | Design stage | N/A |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|--|---------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Landscape & Visual (Construction Phase) | | | | | | | |
| S14.3.3.3 | LV2 | <p>Mitigate both Landscape and Visual Impacts</p> <p>G1. Grass-hydroseed bare soil surface and stock pile areas.</p> <p>G2. Add planting strip and automatic irrigation system if appropriate at some portions of bridge or footbridge to screen bridge and traffic.</p> <p>G3. For HKLR, providing aesthetic design on the viaduct, tunnel portals, at-grade roads and reclamation (e.g. subtle colour tone and slim form for viaduct, featured form of tunnel portals, roadside planting along at-grade roads and landscape berm on & planting along edge of reclamation area) to beautify the HKLR alignment.</p> <p>G4. Not Applicable.</p> <p>G5 Vegetation reinstatement and upgrading to disturbed areas.</p> <p>G6. Maximize new tree, shrub and other vegetation planting to compensate tree felled and vegetation removed.</p> <p>G7. Provide planting area around peripheral of and within HKLR for tree screening buffer effect.</p> <p>G8. Plant salt tolerant native tree and shrubs etc along the planter strip at affected seawall.</p> <p>G9. Reserve of loose natural granite rocks for re-use. Provide new coastline to adopt .natural- look. by means of using armour rocks in the form of natural rock materials and planting strip area accommodating screen buffer to enhance .natural-look. of the new coastline (see Figure 14.4.2 for example).</p> | Minimise visual & landscape impact | Contractor | HKLR | Construction stage | √ |
| S14.3.3.3 | LV3 | <p>Mitigate Visual Impacts</p> <p>V1.Minimize time for construction activities during construction period.</p> <p>V2.Provide screen hoarding at the portion of the project site / works areas / storage areas near VSRs who have close low-level views to the Project during HKLR construction.</p> | | | | | |

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

| EIA Ref. | EM&A Log Ref. | Recommended Mitigation Measures | Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address | Who to implement the measures? | Location of the measures | When to implement the measures? | Implementation Status |
|---------------------|---------------|--|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| EM&A | | | | | | | |
| S15.5 - S15.6 | EM2 | 1) An Environmental Team needs to be employed as per the EM&A Manual. 2) Prepare a systematic Environmental Management Plan to ensure effective implementation of the mitigation measures. 3) An environmental impact monitoring needs to be implementing by the Environmental Team to ensure all the requirements given in the EM&A Manual are fully complied with. | Perform environmental monitoring & auditing | Contractor | All construction sites | Construction stage | √ |

Legends:

- √ Implemented
- X Not Implemented
- P Partially Implemented
- N/A Not Applicable

APPENDIX F

Site Audit Findings and Corrective Actions

Appendix F – Site Audit Findings and Corrective Actions

Environmental site inspections were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the implementation of proper environmental pollution control and mitigation measures for the Project. During the reporting period, site inspections were carried out on 4, 11, 18 and 27 March 2020; 1, 8, 15, 22 and 28 April 2020; and 6, 13, 20 and 29 May 2020. A summary of observations found during the site inspections and the follow up actions taken by the Contractor are described below:

Summary of Environmental Site Inspections

| Date of Audit | Observations | Actions Taken by Contractor / Recommendation | Date of Observations Closed |
|---------------|---|--|---|
| 28 Feb 2020 | 1. Waste was observed at S7. 2. Wasted planks were observed at LCSD Depot. | 1. The waste was removed from S7. 2. The wasted planks were removed from LCSD Depot. | 4 Mar 2020 |
| 4 Mar 2020 | 1. Dusty materials were not covered at the plantroom near LCSD depot. 2. Waste was observed at LCSD depot. | 1. The dusty materials were covered at the plantroom near LCSD depot. 2. The waste was removed from LCSD depot. | 11 Mar 2020 |
| 11 Mar 2020 | 1. A fill cap of water barrier was missing at PR14. 2. Waste was accumulated at S7. | 1. The fill hole of water barrier was covered with tape at PR14. 2. The accumulated waste was removed from S7. | 18 Mar 2020 |
| 18 Mar 2020 | 1. Materials were scattered on the ground at PR14. | 1. The materials at PR14 has been tidied up. | 27 Mar 2020 |
| | 2. Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. | 2. The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains at Portion X. | Follow-up actions for the observations will be inspected during the next site inspection. |
| | 3. Chemical containers without chemical labels were observed at S7. 4. Waste was observed at S16. | 3. The chemical labels were provided to the chemical containers at S7. 4. The waste at S16 was removed. | 27 Mar 2020 |
| 27 Mar 2020 | 1. Waste was observed at PR14. 2. Waste was observed at S7. | 1. The waste was removed from PR14. 2. The waste was removed from S7. | 1 Apr 2020 |
| | 3. Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. | 3. The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains at Portion X. | Follow-up actions for the observations will be inspected during the next site inspection. |

| Date of Audit | Observations | Actions Taken by Contractor / Recommendation | Date of Observations Closed |
|---------------|---|--|---|
| 1 Apr 2020 | 1. A chemical container without drip tray was observed at LCSD Depot. 2. Waste were observed on the ground at S7. | 1. The chemical container was removed from LCSD Depot. 2. The waste was removed from S7. | 8 Apr 2020 |
| | 3. Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. | 3. The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains at Portion X. | Follow-up actions for the observations will be inspected during the next site inspection. |
| 8 Apr 2020 | 1. Stagnant water was observed inside a drip tray at S7. 2. Muddy water was observed at the site entrance/ exit of S7. | 1. The stagnant water inside the drip tray was removed from S7. 2. The muddy water was removed at the site entrance/exit of S7. | 15 Apr 2020 |
| | 3. Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. | 3. The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains at Portion X. | Follow-up actions for the observations will be inspected during the next site inspection. |
| 15 Apr 2020 | 1. Waste were observed on the ground at S7. 2. A chemical container without drip tray was observed at LCSD Depot. | 1. The waste was removed from S7. 2. The chemical container was removed from LCSD Depot. | 22 Apr 2020 |
| | 3. Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. | 3. The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains at Portion X. | Follow-up actions for the observations will be inspected during the next site inspection. |
| 22 Apr 2020 | 1. Waste were observed on the ground at N4. | 1. Waste were removed at N4. | 28 Apr 2020 |
| | 2. Inadequate wheel washing facility were observed at S7. | 2. Wheel washing facility was provided, and a worker was assigned to clean vehicles before leaving the construction site at S7. | 13 May 2020 |
| | 3. Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. | 3. The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains at Portion X. | Follow-up actions for the observations will be inspected during the next site inspection. |

| Date of Audit | Observations | Actions Taken by Contractor / Recommendation | Date of Observations Closed |
|----------------------|--|--|---|
| 28 Apr 2020 | 1. Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. | 1. The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains at Portion X. | Follow-up actions for the observations will be inspected during the next site inspection. |
| | 2. Waste was observed at LCSD Depot. | 2. The waste was removed from LCSD Depot. | 13 May 2020 |
| | 3. Inadequate wheel washing facility was observed at S7. | 3. Wheel washing facility was provided, and a worker was assigned to clean vehicles before leaving the construction site at S7. | 6 May 2020 |
| 6 May 2020 | 1. Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. | 1. The silt curtains maintenance work is in progress at Portion X. The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains properly at Portion X. | Follow-up actions for the observations will be inspected during the next site inspection. |
| | 2. Inadequate wheel washing facility was observed at S7. 3. Waste was observed at LCSD Depot. | 2. Wheel washing facility was provided, and a worker was assigned to clean vehicles before leaving the construction site at S7. 3. The waste was removed from LCSD Depot. | 13 May 2020 |
| 13 May 2020 | 1. Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. 2. Stagnant water was observed inside a drip tray at S7. | 1. The silt curtains maintenance work is in progress at Portion X. The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains properly at Portion X. 2. The Contractor was reminded to remove the stagnant water inside the drip tray at S7. | Follow-up actions for the observations will be inspected during the next site inspection. |

| Date of Audit | Observations | 1. Actions Taken by Contractor / Recommendation | Date of Observations Closed |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| 20 May 2020 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. Stagnant water was observed inside a drip tray at S7. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The silt curtains maintenance work is in progress at Portion X. The Contractor was reminded to maintain the silt curtains properly at Portion X. The Contractor was reminded to remove the stagnant water inside the drip tray at S7. | Follow-up actions for the observations will be inspected during the next site inspection. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A bag of cement was not covered at LCSD Depot. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The bag of cement was covered at LCSD Depot. | 29 May 2020 |
| 29 May 2020 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Gaps of silt curtains were observed at Portion X. Stagnant water was observed inside a drip tray at S7. | <p><u>The Contractor was recommended to:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> maintain the silt curtains properly at Portion X. remove the stagnant water inside the drip tray at S7. | Follow-up actions for the observations issued for the last weekly site inspection of the reporting period will be inspected during the next site inspection. |

Summary of Environmental Site Inspections (Landscape works) for the Contract works area described in the following table. The landscape work for the Contract was conducted during the reporting period. The implementation of mitigation measures for landscape and visual resources recommended in the EIA Report were monitored during the reporting period. Landscape and visual mitigation measures in accordance with the EP, EIA and EM&A Manual were implemented by the Contractor.

Summary of Environmental Site Inspections (Landscape works) for the Contract Works Area

| Date of Audit | Observations | Actions Taken by Contractor / Recommendation | Date of Observations Closed |
|---------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 4 Mar 2020 | No particular environmental issue was recorded during the site inspection. | Nil. | Nil. |
| 18 Mar 2020 | No particular environmental issue was recorded during the site inspection. | Nil. | Nil. |
| 1 Apr 2020 | No particular environmental issue was recorded during the site inspection. | Nil. | Nil. |

| Date of Audit | Observations | Actions Taken by Contractor / Recommendation | Date of Observations Closed |
|----------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|
| 15 Apr 2020 | No particular environmental issue was recorded during the site inspection. | Nil. | Nil. |
| 28 Apr 2020 | No particular environmental issue was recorded during the site inspection. | Nil. | Nil. |
| 13 May 2020 | No particular environmental issue was recorded during the site inspection. | Nil. | Nil. |
| 29 May 2020 | No particular environmental issue was recorded during the site inspection. | Nil. | Nil. |

The Contractor has rectified most the observations as identified during environmental site inspections. Follow-up actions for outstanding observations will be inspected during the next site inspection.



APPENDIX G

Air Quality Monitoring Data and Graphical Plots

Air Quality Monitoring Data

| Project | Works | Date (yyyy-mm-dd) | Station | Time | Parameter | Results | Unit |
|---------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|-----------|--------------|-------------------|
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-04 | AMS5 | 13:03 | 1-hr TSP | 31 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-04 | AMS5 | 14:03 | 1-hr TSP | 40 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-04 | AMS5 | 15:03 | 1-hr TSP | 67 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-10 | AMS5 | 09:01 | 1-hr TSP | 8 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-10 | AMS5 | 10:01 | 1-hr TSP | 8 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-10 | AMS5 | 11:01 | 1-hr TSP | 14 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-16 | AMS5 | 09:00 | 1-hr TSP | 68 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-16 | AMS5 | 10:00 | 1-hr TSP | 57 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-16 | AMS5 | 11:00 | 1-hr TSP | 52 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-20 | AMS5 | 09:07 | 1-hr TSP | 83 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-20 | AMS5 | 10:07 | 1-hr TSP | 76 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-20 | AMS5 | 11:07 | 1-hr TSP | 89 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-26 | AMS5 | 10:05 | 1-hr TSP | 57 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-26 | AMS5 | 11:05 | 1-hr TSP | 71 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-26 | AMS5 | 13:05 | 1-hr TSP | 42 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-31 | AMS5 | 10:00 | 1-hr TSP | 194 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-31 | AMS5 | 11:00 | 1-hr TSP | 192 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-31 | AMS5 | 13:00 | 1-hr TSP | 160 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-03 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 38 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-09 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 35 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-13 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 21 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-19 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 44 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-25 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 54 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-30 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 78 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-04 | AMS6 | 08:05 | 1-hr TSP | 19 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-04 | AMS6 | 09:05 | 1-hr TSP | 10 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-04 | AMS6 | 10:05 | 1-hr TSP | 19 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-10 | AMS6 | 13:03 | 1-hr TSP | 24 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-10 | AMS6 | 14:03 | 1-hr TSP | 27 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-10 | AMS6 | 15:03 | 1-hr TSP | 37 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-16 | AMS6 | 13:00 | 1-hr TSP | 58 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-16 | AMS6 | 14:00 | 1-hr TSP | 54 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-16 | AMS6 | 15:00 | 1-hr TSP | 53 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-20 | AMS6 | 10:03 | 1-hr TSP | 70 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-20 | AMS6 | 11:03 | 1-hr TSP | 65 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-20 | AMS6 | 13:03 | 1-hr TSP | 76 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-26 | AMS6 | 09:04 | 1-hr TSP | 87 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-26 | AMS6 | 10:04 | 1-hr TSP | 75 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-26 | AMS6 | 11:04 | 1-hr TSP | 80 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-31 | AMS6 | 09:08 | 1-hr TSP | 41 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-31 | AMS6 | 10:08 | 1-hr TSP | 15 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-31 | AMS6 | 11:08 | 1-hr TSP | 66 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-03 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 40 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-09 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 30 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-13 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 40 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-19 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | See Remark 1 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-25 | AMS6 | 09:33 | 24-hr TSP | 46 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-30 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 81 | µg/m ³ |

Remark:

1) Due to power failure and malfunction of High Volume Sampler (HVS) at AMS6 - Dragonair / CNAC (Group) Building (HKIA), 24-hr TSP monitoring on 19 March 2020 at AMS6 was cancelled. The HVS was repaired on 25 March 2020. The 24-hr TSP monitoring at AMS6 was resumed on 25 March 2020.

Air Quality Monitoring Data

| Project | Works | Date (yyyy-mm-dd) | Station | Time | Parameter | Results | Unit |
|---------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-06 | AMS5 | 10:00 | 1-hr TSP | 56 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-06 | AMS5 | 11:00 | 1-hr TSP | 98 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-06 | AMS5 | 13:00 | 1-hr TSP | 88 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-09 | AMS5 | 10:00 | 1-hr TSP | 29 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-09 | AMS5 | 11:00 | 1-hr TSP | 29 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-09 | AMS5 | 13:00 | 1-hr TSP | 33 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-15 | AMS5 | 13:00 | 1-hr TSP | 53 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-15 | AMS5 | 14:00 | 1-hr TSP | 46 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-15 | AMS5 | 15:00 | 1-hr TSP | 47 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-21 | AMS5 | 10:00 | 1-hr TSP | 13 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-21 | AMS5 | 11:00 | 1-hr TSP | 10 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-21 | AMS5 | 13:00 | 1-hr TSP | 12 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-24 | AMS5 | 10:05 | 1-hr TSP | 22 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-24 | AMS5 | 11:05 | 1-hr TSP | 26 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-24 | AMS5 | 13:00 | 1-hr TSP | 71 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-29 | AMS5 | 10:03 | 1-hr TSP | 44 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-29 | AMS5 | 11:03 | 1-hr TSP | 38 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-29 | AMS5 | 13:03 | 1-hr TSP | 45 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-03 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 37 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-08 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 38 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-14 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 61 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-20 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 26 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-23 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 13 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-28 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 68 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-06 | AMS6 | 09:11 | 1-hr TSP | 51 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-06 | AMS6 | 10:11 | 1-hr TSP | 58 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-06 | AMS6 | 11:11 | 1-hr TSP | 78 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-09 | AMS6 | 09:08 | 1-hr TSP | 26 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-09 | AMS6 | 10:08 | 1-hr TSP | 32 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-09 | AMS6 | 11:08 | 1-hr TSP | 32 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-15 | AMS6 | 08:08 | 1-hr TSP | 110 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-15 | AMS6 | 09:08 | 1-hr TSP | 151 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-15 | AMS6 | 10:08 | 1-hr TSP | 150 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-21 | AMS6 | 09:03 | 1-hr TSP | 19 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-21 | AMS6 | 10:03 | 1-hr TSP | 15 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-21 | AMS6 | 11:03 | 1-hr TSP | 13 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-24 | AMS6 | 09:00 | 1-hr TSP | 17 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-24 | AMS6 | 10:00 | 1-hr TSP | 18 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-24 | AMS6 | 11:00 | 1-hr TSP | 30 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-29 | AMS6 | 09:05 | 1-hr TSP | 49 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-29 | AMS6 | 10:05 | 1-hr TSP | 50 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-29 | AMS6 | 11:05 | 1-hr TSP | 50 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-03 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 29 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-08 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 13 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-14 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 69 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-20 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 27 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-23 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 23 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-28 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 115 | µg/m ³ |

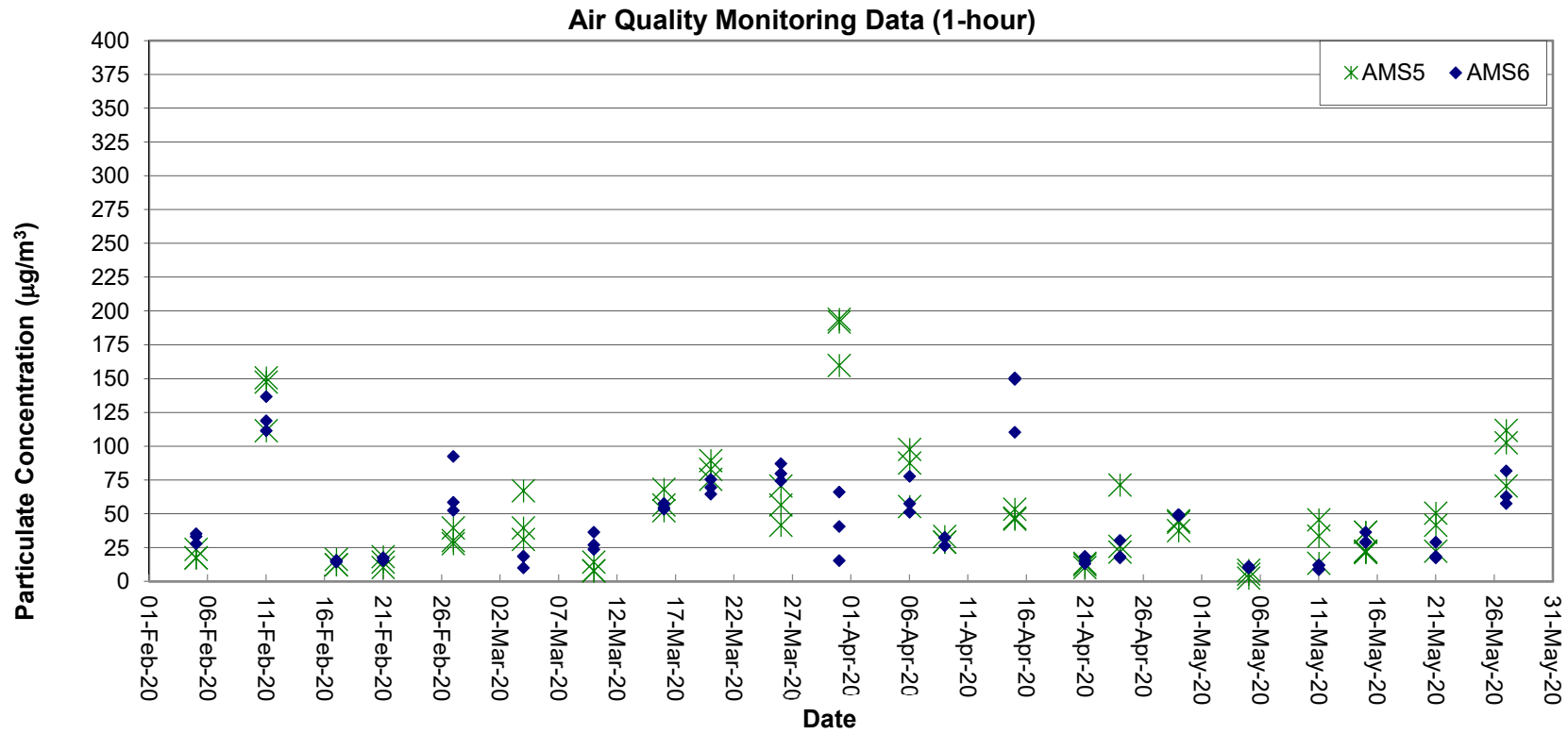
Air Quality Monitoring Data

| Project | Works | Date (yyyy-mm-dd) | Station | Time | Parameter | Results | Unit |
|---------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-05 | AMS5 | 10:00 | 1-hr TSP | 5 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-05 | AMS5 | 11:00 | 1-hr TSP | 2 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-05 | AMS5 | 13:00 | 1-hr TSP | 8 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-11 | AMS5 | 10:11 | 1-hr TSP | 33 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-11 | AMS5 | 11:11 | 1-hr TSP | 46 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-11 | AMS5 | 13:11 | 1-hr TSP | 13 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-15 | AMS5 | 10:13 | 1-hr TSP | 37 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-15 | AMS5 | 11:13 | 1-hr TSP | 22 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-15 | AMS5 | 13:13 | 1-hr TSP | 21 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-21 | AMS5 | 10:11 | 1-hr TSP | 22 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-21 | AMS5 | 11:11 | 1-hr TSP | 42 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-21 | AMS5 | 13:11 | 1-hr TSP | 51 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-27 | AMS5 | 10:12 | 1-hr TSP | 112 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-27 | AMS5 | 11:12 | 1-hr TSP | 103 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-27 | AMS5 | 13:12 | 1-hr TSP | 71 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-04 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 25 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-08 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 20 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-14 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 40 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-20 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 28 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-27 | AMS5 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 69 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-05 | AMS6 | 09:02 | 1-hr TSP | 10 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-05 | AMS6 | 10:02 | 1-hr TSP | 10 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-05 | AMS6 | 11:02 | 1-hr TSP | 11 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-11 | AMS6 | 16:45 | 1-hr TSP | 12 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-11 | AMS6 | 17:45 | 1-hr TSP | 9 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-11 | AMS6 | 18:45 | 1-hr TSP | 9 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-15 | AMS6 | 09:04 | 1-hr TSP | 37 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-15 | AMS6 | 10:04 | 1-hr TSP | 29 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-15 | AMS6 | 11:04 | 1-hr TSP | 29 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-21 | AMS6 | 09:01 | 1-hr TSP | 17 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-21 | AMS6 | 10:01 | 1-hr TSP | 19 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-21 | AMS6 | 11:01 | 1-hr TSP | 29 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-27 | AMS6 | 09:01 | 1-hr TSP | 58 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-27 | AMS6 | 10:01 | 1-hr TSP | 63 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-27 | AMS6 | 11:01 | 1-hr TSP | 82 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-04 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 28 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-08 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 16 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-14 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 44 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-20 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 31 | µg/m ³ |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-26 | AMS6 | 08:00 | 24-hr TSP | 38 | µg/m ³ |

Remark:

1) Due to power failure, 24-hr TSP monitoring on 26 May 2020 at AMS5 (Ma Wan Chung Village) was rescheduled to 27 May 2020.

Graphical Plot of 1-hour TSP at AMS5 and AMS6

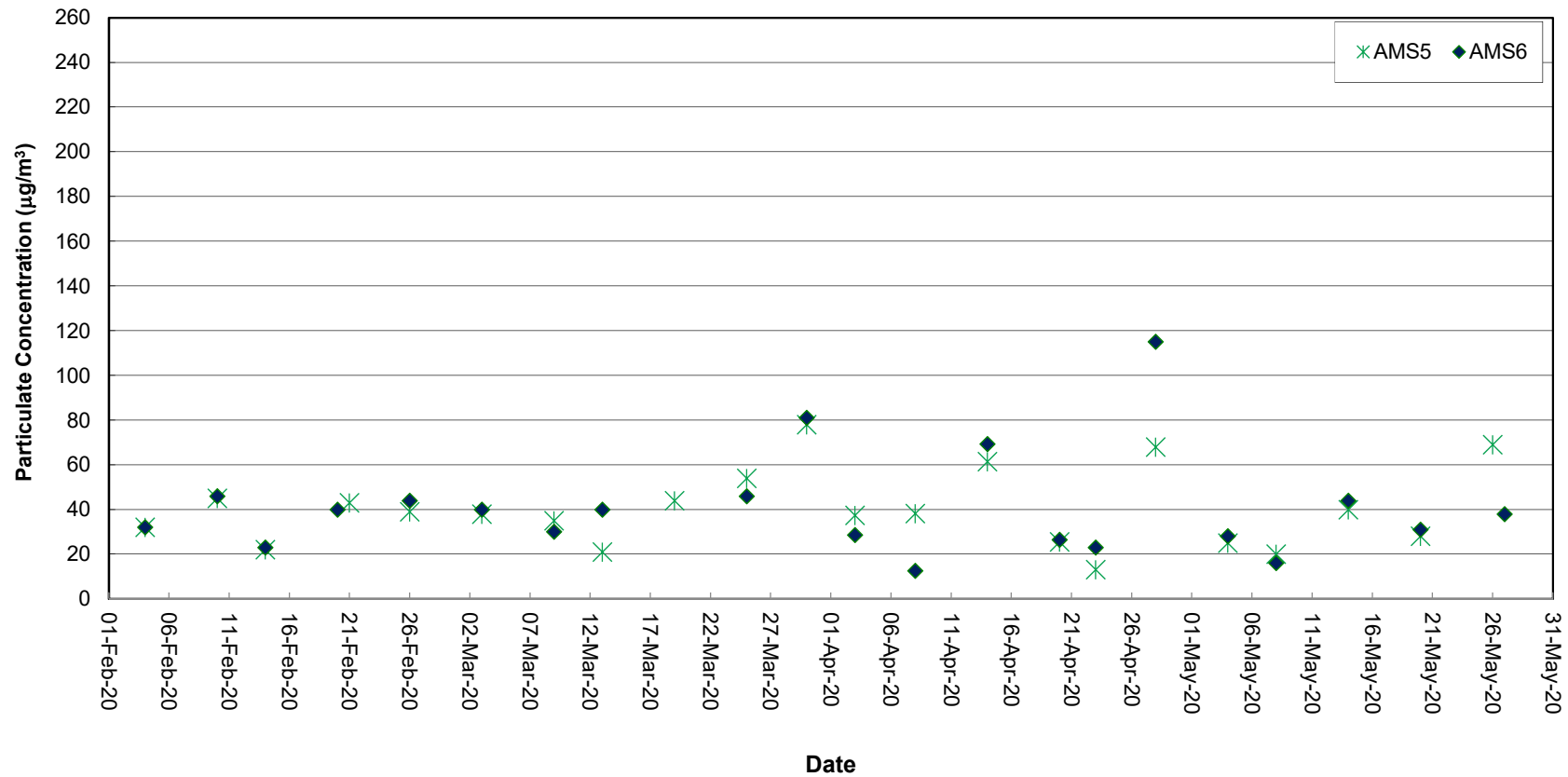


Remark:

1) There were no works for Contract No. HY/2011/03 between 25 January 2020 and 2 February 2020. As such, 1-hr TSP monitoring (which was scheduled on 30 January 2020) for stations AMS 5 and AMS 6 were suspended.

Graphical Plot of 24-hour TSP at AMS5 and AMS6

Air Quality Monitoring Data (24-hour)



Remarks:

- 1) There were no works for Contract No. HY/2011/03 between 25 January 2020 and 2 February 2020. As such, 24-hr TSP monitoring (which was scheduled on 29 January 2020) for stations AMS 5 and AMS 6 were suspended.
- 2) Due to power failure, 24-hr TSP monitoring on 20 February 2020 at AMS5 (Ma Wan Chung Village) was rescheduled to 21 Feb 2020.
- 3) Due to power failure and malfunction of High Volume Sampler (HVS) at AMS6 - Dragonair / CNAC (Group) Building (HKIA), 24-hr TSP monitoring on 19 March 2020 at AMS6 was cancelled. The HVS was repaired on 25 March 2020. The 24-hr TSP monitoring at AMS6 was resumed on 25 March 2020.
- 4) Due to power failure, 24-hr TSP monitoring on 26 May 2020 at AMS5 (Ma Wan Chung Village) was rescheduled to 27 May 2020.

APPENDIX H

Noise Monitoring Data and Graphical Plots

Noise Monitoring Data

| Project | Works | Date (yyyy-mm-dd) | Station | Start Time | Wind Speed, m/s | 1st set 5mins | | 2nd set 5mins | | 3rd set 5mins | | 4th set 5mins | | 5th set 5mins | | 6th set 5mins | | Overall (30mins)* | Unit | |
|---------|------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------------|---------------|------|---------------|------|---------------|------|---------------|------|---------------|------|---------------|------|-------------------|------|-------|
| | | | | | | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | | | Leq: |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-04 | NMS5 | 14:03 | <5 | Leq: | 52.3 | Leq: | 50.7 | Leq: | 50.4 | Leq: | 50.4 | Leq: | 55.3 | Leq: | 54.4 | Leq: | 56 | dB(A) |
| | | | | | | L10: | 54.5 | L10: | 52.0 | L10: | 51.5 | L10: | 51.5 | L10: | 58.5 | L10: | 57.0 | L10: | 58 | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 48.0 | L90: | 42.0 | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 51 | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-10 | NMS5 | 09:25 | <5 | Leq: | 53.1 | Leq: | 54.6 | Leq: | 52.4 | Leq: | 54.1 | Leq: | 53.3 | Leq: | 53.0 | Leq: | 56 | dB(A) |
| | | | | | | L10: | 54.0 | L10: | 56.5 | L10: | 53.0 | L10: | 54.5 | L10: | 54.5 | L10: | 54.0 | L10: | 58 | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 52.0 | L90: | 51.5 | L90: | 50.5 | L90: | 51.5 | L90: | 51.0 | L90: | 51.0 | L90: | 54 | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-16 | NMS5 | 09:10 | <5 | Leq: | 52.9 | Leq: | 50.8 | Leq: | 51.5 | Leq: | 52.1 | Leq: | 52.1 | Leq: | 55.2 | Leq: | 56 | dB(A) |
| | | | | | | L10: | 55.5 | L10: | 52.5 | L10: | 53.0 | L10: | 53.5 | L10: | 54.0 | L10: | 58.0 | L10: | 58 | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 48.0 | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 50.0 | L90: | 52 | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-26 | NMS5 | 11:23 | <5 | Leq: | 57.5 | Leq: | 57.4 | Leq: | 53.9 | Leq: | 53.5 | Leq: | 56.7 | Leq: | 56.9 | Leq: | 59 | dB(A) |
| | | | | | | L10: | 60.0 | L10: | 59.0 | L10: | 55.0 | L10: | 55.5 | L10: | 57.0 | L10: | 60.5 | L10: | 61 | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 50.5 | L90: | 51.0 | L90: | 50.5 | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 53 | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-03-31 | NMS5 | 10:14 | <5 | Leq: | 51.2 | Leq: | 51.9 | Leq: | 53.8 | Leq: | 55.0 | Leq: | 53.4 | Leq: | 54.0 | Leq: | 56 | dB(A) |
| | | | | | | L10: | 52.0 | L10: | 52.0 | L10: | 56.5 | L10: | 57.0 | L10: | 55.0 | L10: | 56.0 | L10: | 58 | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 50.0 | L90: | 52.0 | L90: | 51.5 | L90: | 51.0 | L90: | 54 | |

(1)* A facade correction of +3 dB(A) was applied to the measured noise level.

Noise Monitoring Data

| Project | Works | Date (yyyy-mm-dd) | Station | Start Time | Wind Speed, m/s | 1st set 5mins | | | 2nd set 5mins | | | 3rd set 5mins | | | 4th set 5mins | | | 5th set 5mins | | | 6th set 5mins | | | Overall (30mins)* | Unit |
|---------|------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------------|---------------|------|------|---------------|------|------|---------------|------|------|---------------|------|------|---------------|------|-------|---------------|------|------|-------------------|------|
| | | | | | | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-06 | NMS5 | 09:48 | <5 | Leq: | 62.3 | Leq: | 59.1 | Leq: | 59.5 | Leq: | 54.9 | Leq: | 56.4 | Leq: | 55.3 | Leq: | 62 | dB(A) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L10: | 64.0 | L10: | 59.5 | L10: | 62.5 | L10: | 57.5 | L10: | 60.5 | L10: | 58.5 | L10: | 64 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 54.5 | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 54.0 | L90: | 50.0 | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 51.0 | L90: | 55 | | | | | | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-15 | NMS5 | 13:00 | <5 | Leq: | 52.0 | Leq: | 50.7 | Leq: | 50.6 | Leq: | 51.1 | Leq: | 52.7 | Leq: | 50.7 | Leq: | 54 | dB(A) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L10: | 53.5 | L10: | 53.0 | L10: | 51.5 | L10: | 52.0 | L10: | 56.0 | L10: | 51.5 | L10: | 56 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 48.0 | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 52 | | | | | | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-21 | NMS5 | 10:09 | <5 | Leq: | 57.5 | Leq: | 52.5 | Leq: | 54.6 | Leq: | 52.8 | Leq: | 53.4 | Leq: | 52.9 | Leq: | 57 | dB(A) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L10: | 57.8 | L10: | 54.0 | L10: | 57.5 | L10: | 54.0 | L10: | 54.5 | L10: | 54.5 | L10: | 59 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 50.0 | L90: | 50.0 | L90: | 50.0 | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 51.0 | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 53 | | | | | | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-04-29 | NMS5 | 09:59 | <5 | Leq: | 56.0 | Leq: | 55.4 | Leq: | 54.2 | Leq: | 53.3 | Leq: | 52.1 | Leq: | 52.0 | Leq: | 57 | dB(A) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L10: | 58.0 | L10: | 58.0 | L10: | 57.0 | L10: | 55.0 | L10: | 54.5 | L10: | 54.5 | L10: | 59 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 48.0 | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 52 | | | | | | |

(1)* A facade correction of +3 dB(A) was applied to the measured noise level.

Noise Monitoring Data

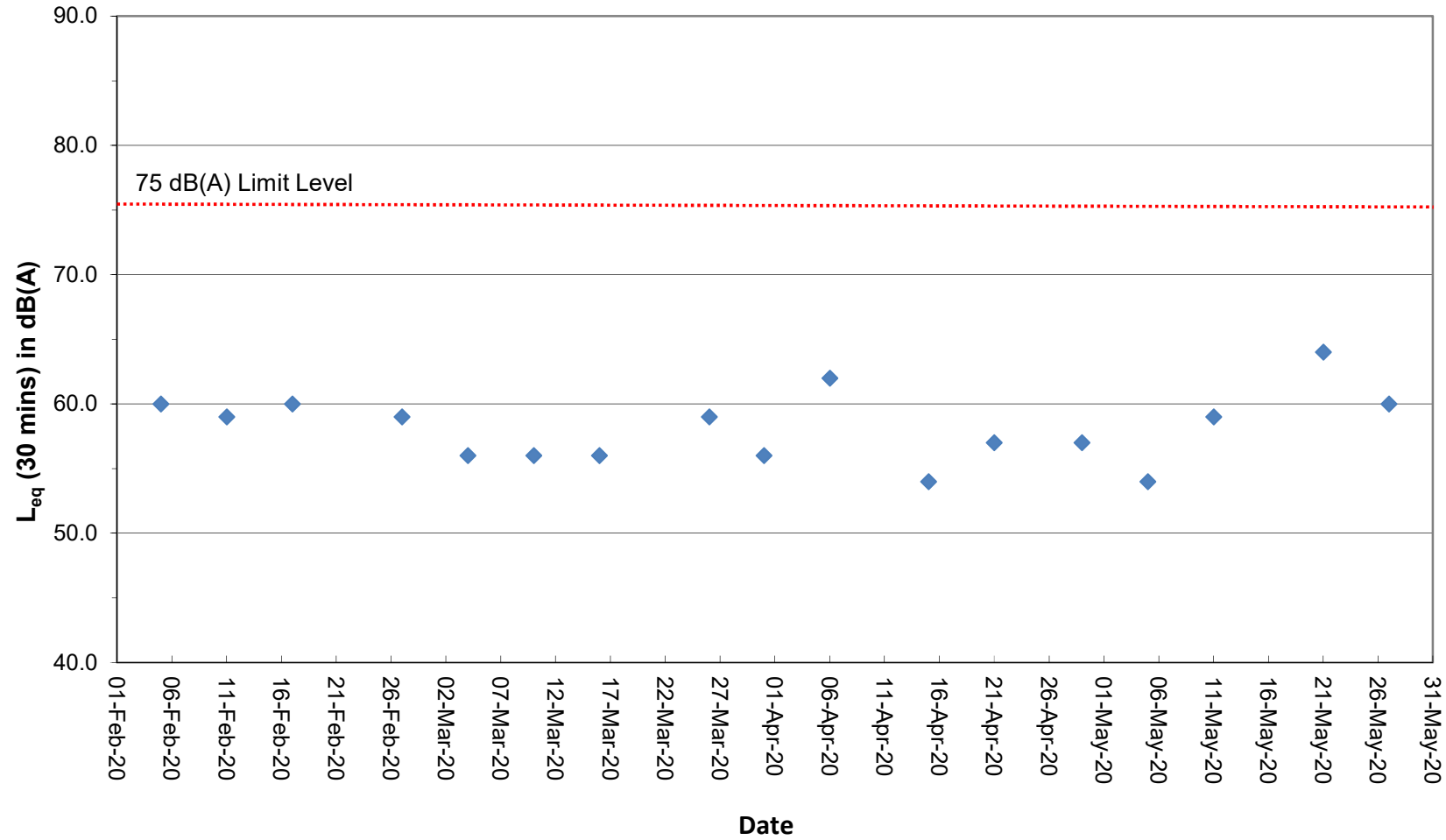
| Project | Works | Date (yyyy-mm-dd) | Station | Start Time | Wind Speed, m/s | 1st set 5mins | | | 2nd set 5mins | | | 3rd set 5mins | | | 4th set 5mins | | | 5th set 5mins | | | 6th set 5mins | | | Overall (30mins)* | Unit |
|---------|------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------------|---------------|------|------|---------------|------|------|---------------|------|------|---------------|------|------|---------------|------|-------|---------------|------|------|-------------------|------|
| | | | | | | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | Leq: | L10: | L90: | | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-05 | NMS5 | 10:25 | <5 | Leq: | 51.4 | Leq: | 50.8 | Leq: | 51.9 | Leq: | 52.5 | Leq: | 49.7 | Leq: | 49.8 | Leq: | 54 | dB(A) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L10: | 54.5 | L10: | 52.0 | L10: | 54.5 | L10: | 53.5 | L10: | 51.5 | L10: | 52.0 | L10: | 56 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 47.5 | L90: | 47.5 | L90: | 48.0 | L90: | 47.5 | L90: | 47.5 | L90: | 47.5 | L90: | 47.0 | | L90: | 51 | | | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-11 | NMS5 | 10:21 | <5 | Leq: | 52.2 | Leq: | 56.1 | Leq: | 59.6 | Leq: | 57.1 | Leq: | 52.9 | Leq: | 52.3 | Leq: | 59 | dB(A) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L10: | 53.0 | L10: | 59.0 | L10: | 62.5 | L10: | 62.0 | L10: | 53.5 | L10: | 54.0 | L10: | 62 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 50.5 | L90: | 51.0 | L90: | 52.0 | L90: | 50.5 | L90: | 51.5 | L90: | 50.0 | L90: | 54 | | | | | | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-21 | NMS5 | 10:05 | <5 | Leq: | 52.7 | Leq: | 55.4 | Leq: | 62.4 | Leq: | 66.4 | Leq: | 57.9 | Leq: | 55.4 | Leq: | 64 | dB(A) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L10: | 53.0 | L10: | 59.5 | L10: | 58.0 | L10: | 70.0 | L10: | 58.5 | L10: | 57.5 | L10: | 66 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 47.5 | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 48.5 | L90: | 51.5 | L90: | 52.5 | L90: | 53 | | | | | | |
| HKLR | HY/2011/03 | 2020-05-27 | NMS5 | 10:47 | <5 | Leq: | 59.3 | Leq: | 58.7 | Leq: | 55.9 | Leq: | 58.0 | Leq: | 54.4 | Leq: | 51.2 | Leq: | 60 | dB(A) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L10: | 61.5 | L10: | 62.5 | L10: | 59.0 | L10: | 64.0 | L10: | 58.0 | L10: | 52.5 | L10: | 64 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 50.0 | L90: | 48.0 | L90: | 49.5 | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 49.0 | L90: | 52 | | | | | | |

(1)* A facade correction of +3 dB(A) was applied to the measured noise level.

Noise Monitoring Data

Graphical Plot of Noise Levels at NMS5

Continuous Noise Monitoring Data (NMS5)



Remarks:

(1) A facade correction of +3 dB(A) was applied to the measured noise level.



APPENDIX I

Not Used





APPENDIX J

Not Used





APPENDIX K

Waste Flow Table



MONTHLY SUMMARY WASTE FLOW TABLE

Name of Department: HyD

Contract No.: HY/2011/03

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2020

| Month | Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly | | | | | | Actual Quantities of C&D Wastes Generated Monthly | | | | |
|------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Total Quantity Generated | Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete | Reused in the Contract (Note 8) | Reused in Other Projects (Note 8) | Disposed as Public Fill (Note 6) | Imported Fill (Note 6) | Metals | Paper / Cardboard Packaging | Plastics (Note 3) | Chemical Waste | Others, e.g. general refuse (Note 8) |
| | (in '000m ³) | (in '000m ³) | (in '000m ³) | (in '000m ³) | (in '000m ³) | (in '000m ³) | (in '000kg) | (in '000kg) | (in '000kg) | (in '000kg) | (in '000m ³) |
| Jan | 0.043 | 0.000 | 0.019 | 0.000 | 0.024 | 0.009 | 0.102 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.085 |
| Feb | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.026 |
| Mar | 0.008 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.008 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.039 |
| Apr | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.036 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.039 |
| May | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.033 |
| Jun | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sub-total | 0.051 | 0.000 | 0.019 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.045 | 0.102 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.221 |
| Jul | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aug | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sep | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oct | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nov | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dec | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sub- total | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 0.051 | 0.000 | 0.019 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.045 | 0.102 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.221 |

| Forecast of Total Quantities of C&D Materials to be Generated from the Contract* | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| Total Quantity Generated | Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete | Reused in the Contract | Reused in Other Projects | Disposed as Public Fill | Imported Fill | Metals | Paper / Cardboard Packaging | Plastics (see Note 3) | Chemical Waste | Others, e.g. general refuse |
| (in '000m ³) | (in '000m ³) | (in '000m ³) | (in '000m ³) | (in '000m ³) | (in '000m ³) | (in '000kg) | (in '000kg) | (in '000kg) | (in '000kg) | (in '000m ³) |
| 310.805 | 21.788 | 224.130 | 40.265 | 24.622 | 1362.000 | 10.000 | 4.600 | 0.500 | 3.400 | 2.350 |

- Notes:
- (1) The performance target are given in ER Appendix 8J Clause 14
 - (2) The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are not specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Site
 - (3) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging material
 - (4) The Contractor shall also submit the latest forecast of the amount of C&D materials expected to be generated from the Works, together with a break down of the nature where the total amount of C&D materials expected to be generated from the Works is equal to or exceeding 50,000m³
 - (5) All recyclable materials, including metals, paper / cardboard packaging, plastics, etc. will be collected by registered collector for recycling.
 - (6) Conversion factors for reporting purpose:
excavated (bulk): rock = 2.0 tonnes/m³; soil = 1.8 tonnes/m³; sand=1.9 tonnes/m³; Metal=7.85 tonnes/m³
 - (7) Numbers are rounded off to the nearest three decimal places
 - (8) 30T dump truck carries C&D waste of 8.0m³; 24T dump truck carries C&D waste of 6.5m³

APPENDIX L

Summary of Environmental Licenses and Permits



Summary of Environmental Licences and Permits Application and Status

Environmental Permit

| Date Application Submitted | Status | Date EP Issued | EP No. | EP Holder | Expiry Date |
|----------------------------|------------|----------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------|
| 04.12.2014 | VEP issued | 22.12.2014 | EP-352/2009/D | Highways Department | N/A |
| 24.03.2016 | VEP Issued | 11.04.2016 | EP-353/2009/K | Highways Department | N/A |

Notification of Carrying Out Notifiable Works under Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation

| Date Notification Submitted | Notification Ref. No. | Valid Since | Expiry Date |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 25.05.2012 | 345690 | 01.06.2012 | N/A |

Notification of Carrying Out Notifiable Works under Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation Form NB

| Date Notification Submitted | Notification Ref. No. | Valid Since | Expiry Date |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 31.07.2015 | 391702 | 31.07.2015 | N/A |

Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste

| Date Application Submitted | Account No | Valid Since | Expiry Date |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| 01.06.2012 | 7015313 | 27.06.2012 | N/A |

Chemical Waste Producer Registration

| Date Registration Submitted | Waste Producer No. | Date Registration Issued | Major Waste Type | Expiry Date |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------|
| 20.06.2012 | 5213-950-C1169-43 | 12.07.2012 | Spent lubricating oil, spent flammable liquid (diesel), surplus paint, spent organic solvent and their containers, spent batteries, soil containing mineral oil | N/A |



Wastewater Discharge License

| Item No. | Date Application Submitted | Area Applied | Status | Expiry Date |
|----------|----------------------------|---|---|--------------------------|
| 1 | 22.06.2012 | Site Office for Supervising Officer (WA6) | Application Ref. No. 346651 Letter from the EPD (Ref: EP/RS/0000346267) dated 19.07.2012 confirming that license under WPCO is not required. | N/A |
| 2 | 02.08.2017 | Site Office for China States (WA6) | Application Ref. No. 419562 Water Discharge License WT00029546-2017 was granted on 13 Nov 2017 | Valid until 30 Sept 2022 |
| 3 | 04.01.2018 | WA 3 | Application Ref No.356237 Water Discharge License Ref. WT00030320-2018 was surrendered on 10 Jan 2020 | N/A |
| 4 | 15.01.2013 | WA 4 | Application Ref No. 356240 Water Discharge License Ref. WT00016158-2013 was surrendered on 24 May 2018 | N/A |
| 5 | 04.01.2018 | Airport Road (Southern) | Application Ref No. EP/RS/0000354266 Water discharge license Ref. WT00032071-2018 was granted on 23 Oct 2018. | Valid until 30/04/2023 |
| 6 | 04.01.2018 | Airport Road (Northern) | Application Ref No. EP/RS/0000354018 Water discharge license Ref. WT00031778-2018 was granted on 23 Oct 2018. | Valid until 30/04/2023 |
| 7 | 10.03.2017 | WA7 | Application Ref. No. 414487 Water Discharge License Ref. WT00027958-2017 was surrendered on 01 Feb 2018 | N/A |

Construction Noise Permit

| Item No. | Date Application Submitted | Works Area Applied | Description | Status | CNP No. | Validity of CNP | |
|----------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | | | From | To |
| 1 | 18.10.2019 | All Works Area | All Works | CNP issued on 01 Nov 2019 (Expired) | GW-RS0974-19 | 20.11.2019 0000 | 19.05.2020 2400 |
| 2. | 27.04.2020 | All Works Area | All Works | CNP issued on 08 May.2020 | GW-RS0300-20 | 20.05.2020 0000 | 19.11.2020 2400 |



APPENDIX M

Record of “Notification of Summons and Prosecutions”



Summary of Notifications of Summons and Prosecutions

| Total No. of Notifications of Summons / Prosecutions Received | No. of Notifications of Summons / Prosecutions Received during Reporting Period | Status of Notifications of Summons / Prosecutions |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | N/A |



APPENDIX N

Cumulative Statistics on Complaints



HyD Contract No.HY/2011/03
Hong Kong - Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Complaint Register

| Complaint No. | Received Date | Received Time | Source | Category | Complaint Details | Location | Improvement Measures Taken | Status | Remarks |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|-----------|--|--------|---------|
| COM-2012-008 | 22-Oct-2012 | 16:41 | EPD | Environmental (Water Pollution) | X先生投訴渠務處對出港珠澳大橋地盤，有污水排到海中（懷疑是油污），污染環境，要求跟進及回覆。（Photos attached). The "phenomenon" was observed over the past week. The photos attached were taken on 19.10.2012, 22.10.2012 and 23.10.2012 | Portion X | The pelican barge as shown in the photos provided on 24 October 2012 did not belong to the Contractor. | Closed | - |
| COM-2012-009 | 05-Nov-2012 | - | 1823 CASE: 1-391341859 | Environmental (Noise and light) | The citizen complained about noise and light pollution from the barges working on the Zhuhai Macau Bridge project. Barge machinery working to about 10pm at night and sometimes can be heard intermittently through the night. The noise is more audible because the machinery is sited on/over the water. | Portion X | The Contractor has adjusted the emission angle of the lights on working vessels with a view to minimizing the glaring effect to the adjoining residential areas | Closed | - |
| COM-2012-009(2) | 11-Nov-2012 | - | 1823 CASE: 1-391341859 | Environmental (Noise, water quality & air quality) | The complainant noted that the barges are still working on a Sunday, up until 10pm at night, very noisy, causing pollution of the water and at times expelling black smoke from their engines. A photograph taken at 10.40am on Sunday 11 November 2012 was attached. | Portion X | - | Closed | - |
| COM-2012-009(3) | 14-Nov-2012 | - | 1823 CASE: 1-391341859 | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant did not accept the reply. He further said that "All staff has to do is come out either at night or a Sunday to check, so easy. If this continues I will have no choice to call the police out." | Portion X | The Contractor has taken the following further mitigation measures for the reclamation works: (a) Mitigation Measures for Noise Nuisance: • Improvement of noise covers onto the generators / motors on barges; and • Increase frequency of applying lubricant to all moving parts and gear wheels of the working barges. (b) Mitigation Measures for Smoke Emission: • Increase frequency of maintenance and checking of engines on barges that may emit smoke; and • Installation/ replacement of smoke suppression device such as air filter, at engines where necessary. | Closed | - |
| COM-2012-010(1) | 06-Nov-2012 | - | <hzmbequiny@hyd.gov.hk> | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant stated that lately work has started opposite Le Bleu Deux estate using barges. The work in process is generated high level of noise from powered tools used on those barges. Even if the noise was acceptable on weekdays during daytime, it is definitely creating nuisance to local resident at night (past 7pm) and on Sunday. Basically as 5 November 12 evening, he could not leave his window open as the level of noise prevent his baby to sleep and he could not even hear the TV in his flat. the noise coming from the site is higher than the sounds from my TV. He would like to know what measure you are planning to put in place to address this issue. He did not think that the current level of noise are acceptable past 7pm and on Sunday. | Portion X | - | Closed | - |
| COM-2012-010(2) | 15-Nov-2012 | - | <hzmbequiny@hyd.gov.hk> | Environmental (Noise & air quality) | The noise can be very annoying, on days depending of the wind direction, you are making more noise than the plane taking off (I measured it myself), to give you an idea of the disturbance you are creating again. I would also like to bring an other topic beside the noise. Since the beginning of the filling operation, very strong smell of exhaust pipe gas can be smelt in the residential area and I think this is a huge health concern for the local population. On certain days when the wind is blowing towards the residential areas, I have the feeling that there is a diesel engine running in my living room! I would like to know how you are planning to address this? | Portion X | - | Closed | - |

HyD Contract No.HY/2011/03
Hong Kong - Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Complaint Register

| Complaint No. | Received Date | Received Time | Source | Category | Complaint Details | Location | Improvement Measures Taken | Status | Remarks |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---|----------------------|---|--------|---------|
| COM-2012-010(3) | 15-Nov-2012 | - | EPD | Environmental (Noise, water quality & air quality) | The complainant has copied his reply from HyD dated 15 Nov 2012 to EPD and Health Department and he further complained on the following issues: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Noise nuisance generated by diesel engine; Smell of exhaust pipe gas in his residence; and Suspected marine water pollution (see enclosed photo). The complainant also requested EPD to install noise and air quality monitoring at Le Bleu Deux estate. | WA6 Portion X | Noise from blowing horn from vessels and barges and Metallic Parts thrown on Ground <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reminded the Contractor to request the captains of the vessels and barges not blowing the horn except in case of emergency or prevention of ship collisions/serious safety matters; The supervision teams would enhance their tight control on the vessels and barges working at that location, and monitor the situation and take corresponding actions; and To enhance the work force of RSS to supervise each step of construction activities and the use of hand tools until the completion of the site office erection. Noise from Engines and Cranes of the Barges during Marine Operation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation of noise covers onto the generators / motors on all working barges; Increase frequency of applying lubricant to all moving parts and gear wheels of the working barges to avoid generation of abnormal sound; and Review of working hours for the reclamation works and switching off all unnecessary machinery and plants at night time and Sundays. Noise from power generators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All generators shall be either screened or covered by adequate sound reducing materials; All generators situated in front of Le Bleu Deux estate will be switched off at 13:00 hrs, except two generators will be kept running up to 22:00hrs and one generator will be kept running overnight for maintaining minimum power requirement; and Arrangement with CLP Power HK Ltd (CLP) for the permanent power supply to the site offices has been chased in a matter of urgency. The use of power generators will be terminated in phase starting from 6 December 2012. Exhaust Fume Emission <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tight control on using the machine and generators in the vicinity of Le Bleu Deux estate; and Closely monitor the frequency on engine cleansing and replacement of dust filter. Change of Sea Water in Yellow <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Contractor was reminded to move their vessels and barges at areas with adequate water depth as practically as possible. | Closed | - |
| COM-2012-010(4) | 19-Nov-2012 | 22:25 hrs. | EPD | Environmental (Air quality and Noise) | The complainant filed again a complaint for the strong exhaust pipe fumes smell coming for the construction site in Tung Chung tonight as well as the extremely high level of noise as at 10:30 pm (19/11/12). | WA6 | | | |
| COM-2012-010(5) | 24-Nov-2012 | 13:42 hrs. 13:49 hrs | EPD (cc to HyD) | Environmental (Air quality and Noise) | The noise is coming for the following sources: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> power generator engines from the barges used for marine operation noise from the cranes use of the construction barges; engine from the boat used to transport staff in and out boats blowing their horn late in the evening and at night Gas emissions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> power generators marine operation The complainant file again a complaint against the strong exhaust pipe emission flowing towards le Bleu Deux estate this afternoon 24/11/10 at 13:47. I can assure you that is it not "not that bad" whatever that means for you. And again strong noise of metallic parts being thrown on the ground. I thought you have already sorted out that problem according to your multiple replies to my complaints since July???" A pictures taken this morning (25/11/12) around 9:30am-10am showing the water pollution in different area outside the floating barriers. At 2:56 hrs., boat used by the Highway Department against blew their horn repetitively at close proximity from the residential estate. | WA6 Portion X | | | |
| COM-2012-012(1) | 13-Nov-2012 | 22:27 hrs. | HyD | Environmental (Noise) | Once again your site continues to work late. The attached photo was taken at 10:15pm on Tuesday 13 Nov. The machinery used on the barges is very noisy. Why do you continue to work till 10pm and why do you work on a Sunday. Surely this is classified as a construction site for which you are in breach of various ordinances. An early reply is appreciated. | Portion X | The following further mitigation measures during the course of the reclamation works will be taken: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation of noise covers onto the generators / motors on all working barges; Increase frequency of applying lubricant to all moving parts and gear wheels of the working barges to avoid generation of abnormal sound; and Review of working hours for the reclamation works and switching off all unnecessary machinery and plants at nighttime and Sundays. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-015 | 17-Jan-2013 | - | EPD | Environmental (Air) | The complainant raised that construction dust was arising from construction site of China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Ltd near Siu Ho Wan Sewage Treatment Works due to insufficient dust suppression and inadequate wheel washing. | WA3 | The Contractor of HY/2011/03 would take the following actions with immediate effect <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To ensure no loosed earth material exposed at the edges of eth stockpiled earth materials i.e. to prevent erosion by wind and water ; To cover the stockpiled earth material by adequate tarpaulin; To enhance the frequency of watering (3 times per day) onto existing haul road and other area as appropriate; and To install a water sprinkler system to enhance the existing dust suppression measures once the water point is ready for water supply by WSD. | Closed | |

HyD Contract No.HY/2011/03
Hong Kong - Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Complaint Register

| Complaint No. | Received Date | Received Time | Source | Category | Complaint Details | Location | Improvement Measures Taken | Status | Remarks |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|-----------------------|--|-----------|---|--------|---------|
| COM-2013-016 | 18-Jan-2013 | - | EPD | Environmental (Water) | The complainant advised that turbid water and concrete/cement has been arising from the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Projects to marine water. The complainant did not specify the source of the turbid water and concrete/cement. | N/A | - | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-016 | 02-Mar-2013 | - | HyD | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant advised that "It seems that the Contractor's cranes operating on the barges are again in need of bit of lubricant, as this evening i.e. 2 March 2013, the cranes are again polluting the neighborhood with intolerable noise." The complainant requested Mr. Ng from EPD to take note of this complaint and expected a detailed report. | Portion X | The Contractor has been reminded to continue the process of applying lubricant/ grease to all barges which are to be worked in the site area near Le Bleu Deux. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-018 (2) | 04-Mar-2013 | - | EPD | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant complained that the cranes operating on the barges for the HZMB HK project generating squeak noise in the evening of 1 March 2013 causing an annoyance to him/her. | Portion X | The Contractor implemented the following measures : - Briefing given to the operator for the proper operation of marine vessels; - Keep adequate routine maintenance ; - Minimize the quantities of plant after 7pm; & - Review the working hours of night time works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plants at night time. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-018 (3) | 13-Mar-2013 | - | HyD | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant asked what noise mitigation the Contractor was taking. The complainant pointed out that the noise in question was so strong that it woke up his baby girl. | Portion X | - | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-018 (4) | 22-Mar-2013 24-Mar-2013 | 14:19 hrs 10:28 hrs | HyD | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant complained that "the lifting appliance was operated gently and softly to keep the noise emission as low as possible" but the noise still woke up his baby. "Lubricant was regularly applied to smoothen all moving parts and gear wheels of the working barges" that did not seem to be the case at all. The complainant pointed that the crane operating at 10:27 hrs on 24 March 2012 needed lubricant. | Portion X | The Contractor will keep on closely monitoring the situation and carry out the necessary noise mitigation measures while barges are working in the site area nearby residential area. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-018 (5) | 31-Mar-2013 1-Apr-2013 | 10:25 hrs 10:32 hrs | HyD | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant complained that noise emitted from a crane at 10:19 hrs. The complainant further complained that noise was generated from a barge at 07:30 hrs. | Portion Y | - | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-018 (6), (7) & (9) | 15-Apr-2013 | 15:41 hrs | EPD | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant complained that machinery noise generated from the construction site near Tung Chung Development Pier operating for the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong during the normal working hours on 6 April 2013 and 13 April 2013 and the late evening of 10 April 2013 causing nuisance to public. | Portion X | The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours. To minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours and non-restricted hours, the Contractor has implemented the following additional measures: - Briefing given to the operator of the barges for proper operation of marine vessels; - Operating barge by experienced operators only; - Keeping adequate routine maintenance for barges e.g. application of lubricants into moving parts in order to minimize squeak noise; - Install noise covers onto noisy equipment where practicable. - Remind subcontractor only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site. - Minimized the quantities of plant used after 7pm as far as practicable; - Speed up of construction works in order to shorten the duration (days) of potential noise impact/nuisance to the surrounding environment; and - Regular review of working hours for night time works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plants at night time. | Closed | - |

HyD Contract No.HY/2011/03
Hong Kong - Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Complaint Register

| Complaint No. | Received Date | Received Time | Source | Category | Complaint Details | Location | Improvement Measures Taken | Status | Remarks |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|-----------|--|--------|---------|
| COM-2013-018 (11) | 28-Apr-2013 | 15:44 | EPD | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant complained that machinery noise generated from the reclamation site near Tung Chung Development Pier at around 22:00 of 28 April 2013 causing nuisance to public. | Portion X | The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours. To minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours, the Contractor has implemented the following additional measures: - Briefing given to the operator of the barges for proper operation of marine vessels; - Operating barge by experienced operators only; - Keeping adequate routine maintenance for barges e.g. application of lubricants into moving parts in order to avoid squeak noise; - Install noise covers onto noisy equipment where practicable. - Remind subcontractor only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site. - Speed up of construction works in order to shorten the duration (days) of potential noise impact/nuisance to the surrounding environment; and - Regular review of working hours for night time works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plants at night time. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-022 | 08-Apr-2013 | -- | EPD | Environmental (Water) | The complaint alleged that oil was dumped from various vessels operating for HZMB HK projects near Tung Chung Development Pier over the past few months. Photos were provided by the complainant. | Portion X | The Contractor has checked the photos provided by the complainant and confirmed that the vessels and boats shown in the photos do not belong to Contract No. HY/2011/03. As this complaint is not related to this Contract, no follow up action is required. The Contractor has reminded their subcontractors to implement the measures recommended in the Spill Response Plan (SRP) in case of accidental release of oils from vessel. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-022(2) | 23-May-2013 | 09:15 hrs | EPD | Environmental (Water) | This complaint was a follow-up of a previous complaint received by EPD on 8 April 2013 regarding oil slicks caused by vessels. It was alleged that oil was still being dumped from various vessels operating for HZMB HK projects near Tung Chung Development Pier over the past few months. On the other hand, the complainant would also like to know whether the owners of the vessels could present engine oil disposal records for the vessels which supported the HZMB project. | Portion X | The Contractor has reminded their subcontractors to implement the measures recommended in the Spill Response Plan in case of accidental release of oils from vessel and handle the chemical waste (waste oil) in accordance with the requirements provided in the EM&A Manual. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-023 | 02-May-2013 | -- | HyD | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant alleged that there were metal parts dropped on the ground creating noise at 12:58 on 1 May 2013 | WA6 | If there are metal handling works, the Contractor will not carry out the metal handling works in early morning in order to minimize potential noise disturbance as far as practicable in future. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-024 | 23-May-2013 | 09:50 hrs | EPD | Environmental (Noise) | A complaint was received on 23 May 2013 regarding noise generated from dropping metal parts on numerous occasion on the pier opposite Le Bleu Deux at around 09:45 to 10:00 hrs of 18 May 2013 and loading/unloading activities creating noise disturbance by the contractor of HY/2011/03. | WA6 | If there are metal handling works, the Contractor will not carry out the metal handling works in early morning in order to minimize potential noise disturbance as far as practicable in future. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-027 | 29-Jun-2013 | 10:02 hrs | RSS | Environmental (Noise) | A complaint was received on 29 June 2013 regarding noise generated from the works area near the site office (WA6) around 10:00 hrs on 29 June 2013 | WA6 | The Contractor was recommended to minimize the potential noise impacts generated from the construction sites as far as practicable in future. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-033 | 13-Sep-2013 | Around 22:00 hrs | RSS | Environmental (Noise) | A complaint was received regarding the noise nuisance from barge at about 22:20 hrs on 13 September 2013 and 02:30 hrs on 14 September 2013. | Portion X | The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours. To minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours, the Contractor has implemented the following additional measures: - Minimized the quantities of plant used after 7pm as far as practicable; and - Regular review of working hours for night time works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plants at night time. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-034 | 17-Sep-2013 | -- | HyD | Environmental (Noise) | A complaint was received on 17 September 2013 regarding the noise nuisance from tree transplanting activities in the morning of 14 September 2013. | Portion Y | The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours. To minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours, the Contractor has implemented the following additional measures: - Minimized the quantities of plant used after 7pm as far as practicable; and - Regular review of working hours for night time works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plants at night time. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-037 | 8-Oct-2013 9-Oct-2013 16-Oct-2013 | -- | Supervising Officer's Representative | Environmental (Noise) | The complainant complained the noise from barge operation from 21:30 to 22:30 hrs on 4 October 2013. The complainant complained that several loud bangs were heard starting from 21:00 hrs on 7 October 2013. The complainant complained that it was very noisy at the noon of 14 October 2013. | Portion X | The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours. To minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours, the Contractor has implemented the following additional measures: - Minimize the quantities of plant used during restricted hours as far as practicable; and - regular review of working duration for restricted hours works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plants during restricted hours. | Closed | - |

HyD Contract No.HY/2011/03
Hong Kong - Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Complaint Register

| Complaint No. | Received Date | Received Time | Source | Category | Complaint Details | Location | Improvement Measures Taken | Status | Remarks |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------|--|--|-----------|---|--------|---------|
| COM-2013-041 | 31-Oct-2013 | 21:52 hrs | EPD | Environmental (Noise) | A complaint was received on 31 October 2013 regarding the noise generated from a barge being moved by a tug boat in the morning of 31 October 2013 (around 09:55). | N/A | The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours. To minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours, the Contractor has implemented the following additional measures: - minimize the quantities of plant used during restricted hours as far as practicable; and - regular review of working duration for restricted hours works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plants during the night-time and early morning period (7pm to 7am). | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-043 | 11-Nov-2013 | -- | EPD | Environmental (Noise) | A complaint was received on 11 November 2013 regarding a barge moving through the southern channel of HyD's construction site after 23:00 hrs on 8 November 2013. | Portion X | The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours. To minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours, the Contractor has implemented the following additional measures: - minimize the quantities of plant used during restricted hours as far as practicable; and - regular review of working duration for restricted hours works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plants during restricted hours. | Closed | - |
| COM-2013-045 | 27-Dec-2013 | -- | HyD | Environmental (Noise) | A complaint was received on 27 December 2013 regarding barges operating at the south channel of Portion X in the afternoon of 26 December 2013. | Portion X | The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours. To minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours, the Contractor has implemented the following additional measures: - minimize the quantities of plant used during restricted hours as far as practicable; and - regular review of working duration for restricted hours works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plants during restricted hours. | Closed | - |
| COM-2014-046 | 16-Jan-2014 | 17:22 hrs | HyD | Environmental (Air Quality) | A complaint was received on 16 January 2014 regarding heavy exhausts generated at around 8 a.m. and 10 a.m. over past few months and or even midnight. | N/A | The Contractor has implemented the following measure to minimize exhaust fumes generated from machinery: - Maintenance for the all machinery regularly. | Closed | - |
| COM-2014-048 | 18-Jan-2014 | -- | EPD | Environmental (Other: Blackish mud) | A complaint was received on 18 January 2014 regarding blackish mud along the edge of the construction site of Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Project near the airport in the morning of 18 January 2014. | Portion X | Based on the investigation results, it is considered that the blackish mud raised in the complaint was not related to HKLR03 Contract. In this case, no follow up action is required. | Closed | - |
| COM-2014-050 | 24-Mar-2014 | -- | EPD | Environmental (Other: Dredged Marine Sediment) | A complaint was received by EPD on 24 March 2014. The complainant advised that there was dredged material found being mixed with soil in the construction site of Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road Project in the vicinity of CAD headquarters and transported out of the site. The complainant suspected that there was improper disposal of dredged marine sediment. | Portion X | Based on the investigation results, it is considered that the complaint is invalid. In this case, no follow up action is required. | Closed | - |
| COM-2014-051 | 29-Apr-2014 | -- | SOR | Environmental (Noise) | A complaint was received on 29 April 2014 regarding loud bang coming from the site at 21:37 hrs on 28 April 2014. | Portion X | Based on the Contractor's site diary and our investigation, no non-compliance was identified. | Closed | - |
| COM-2014-053 | 02-May-2014 | -- | EPD | Environmental (Noise) | A complaint was received by EPD on 1 May 2014. The complainant advised that there was noise nuisance arising during the evening of 1 May 2014. | Portion X | The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours. To minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours, the Contractor has implemented the following additional measures: - minimize the quantities of plant used during restricted hours as far as practicable; and - regular review of working duration for restricted hours works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plant during restricted hours. | Closed | - |
| COM-2014-063 | 03-Dec-14 | -- | Arup | Environmental (Noise) | According to Arup's email to CSCE and DCVJV on 3 December 2014, "A resident living in Le Bleu Duex addressed a complaint to CE of HyD at about 20:04 hrs last night. He complained about the noise nuisance coming from site office since 19:30 hrs last night. epetively metal parts had been dropped on the ground by people who seem to be loading or unloading a boat at the pier. Noise was still going on right now at 20:04." | WA6 | Based on the investigation results, it is found that the noise complaint is not related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. In this case, no follow up action is required. | Closed | - |

HyD Contract No. HY/2011/03
 Hong Kong - Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
 Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Complaint Register

| Complaint No. | Received Date | Received Time | Source | Category | Complaint Details | Location | Improvement Measures Taken | Status | Remarks |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|--------|---------|
| COM-2014-065 | 24-Dec-14 | Nil | EPD | Environmental (Water Quality) | A complaint was received on 24 December 2014 regarding the increase of marine refuse (water bottles and debris) along the shore from Yat Tung to Tai O, where the complainant considered might be in relation to the HZMB project(s). | Portion X | Based on the investigation results, it is considered that the complaint is unlikely related to HKLR03 Contract. Nevertheless, the Contractor is reminded to implement all recommended mitigation measures for waste management and avoid dumping rubbish into the sea. | Closed | - |
| COM-2015-066 | 08-Apr-15 | Nil | EPD (An email forwarded by Arup) | Environmental (Dust) | According to Arup's email to CSCE on 8 April 2015, the ET was informed that a complaint had been received by EPD at about 18:29 hrs on 2 Apr 2015 regarding construction dust from construction site (S15) at Kwo Lo Wan Road, Tung Chung. | S15 | Based on the Contractor's information and our investigation, no non-compliance was identified. The Contractor is reminded to continuously implement the dust suppression measures to minimize potential dust impact. | Closed | - |
| COM-2015-068 | 10-Apr-15 | Nil | EPD (An email forwarded by Arup) | Environmental (Noise) | According to Arup's email to CSCE on 10 April 2015, it is noted that EPD received a noise complaint from a resident of Caribbean Coast. According to the complainant, he was disturbed by noise from construction activities of the HZMB Project during weekends and holidays. The complainant was referring to those activities carried out between Scenic Hill and HKBCF because the complainant mentioned the contractor was China State. | N/A | Based on the information provided and our investigation, the Contractor had complied with the conditions laid down in Construction Noise Permit (CNP) Nos. GW-RS0113-15 and GW-RS0356-15. Hence, no non-compliance was identified. The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours and recommended to implement the following measures to minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours: minimize the quantities of plant used during restricted hours as far as practicable; and regular review of working duration for restricted hours works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plant during restricted hours. | Closed | - |
| COM-2015-074 | 16-Jul-15 | Nil | EPD | Environmental (Wastewater) | According to EPD's email to Highways Department, ET, SOR and ENPO, a complaint was received on 16 July 2015 regarding wastewater splashing from vehicles to pedestrian at Tung Fai Road. The complainant complained that wastewater was splashed to people waiting at the bus stop near Civil Aviation Department Headquarters Office Building when vehicles leaving the HZMB site to Tung Fai Road. | Tung Fai Road | Based on the investigation results, it is considered that the complaint is unlikely related to HKLR03 Contract. The Contractor has been reminded to slow down their vehicles when leaving the concerned construction site. | Closed | - |
| COM-2015-076 | 17-Jul-15 | Nil | EPD (An email forwarded by ENPO) | Environmental (Noise) | According to EPD's email to ENPO on 17 July 2015, it is noted that EPD received a noise complaint from public. The complainant said that he/she was disturbed by the noise generated from construction sites of the HZMB Project during the daytime period of past few Sundays. Afterwards, EPD contacted the complainant and confirmed that the noise was generated from construction sites along Kwo Lo Wan Road and signs of "China State Construction Engineering (HK) Ltd" were noted. | Kwo Lo Wan Road | Based on the information provided and our investigation, the Contractor complied with the conditions laid down in Construction Noise Permit (CNP) Nos. GW-RS0733-15 and GW-RS0740-15 and no noncompliance was found. The Contractor has been reminded to comply with CNP conditions for construction works undertaken during restricted hours and recommended to implement the following measures to minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours: - minimize the quantities of plant used during restricted hours as far as practicable; and - regular review of working duration for restricted hours works and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plant during restricted hours. | Closed | - |
| COM-2015-079 | 07-Dec-15 | Nil | ENPO (EPD referred the email from Complainant to ENPO) | Environmental (Water Quality) | According to ENPO's email to SOR and ET on 7 December 2015, a complaint was received by EPD on 2 December 2015 regarding water quality near HKLR work site. The complainant mentioned that "I moved to Tung Chung since July and it was the second time I saw similar situation polluting the sea. Last time it was even worse in red colour. Please look into this matter and let me know what was being dropped into the sea and whether it was hazardous to the sea.". EPD has contacted the complainant and obtained the additional information from the complainant. EPD suspected that the incident happened in the afternoon on 28 November 2015. | Portion X | According to the information provided by the Contractor, the derrick barge belongs to Contract No. HY/2011/03. The concerned sediment plume was likely to be caused by stirring up of mud in the seabed by the derrick barge sailed at the navigation channel situated at shallow water zone where the water depth ranging from 3.25m - 3.75m. Public fill materials were placed on the derrick barge. The barge was in good conditions with no materials being dumped into the sea. The Contractor has been implementing the mitigation measure as specified in the Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures that is all vessels to be sized such that adequate clearance is maintained between vessels and the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash. The Contractor is recommended to arrange vessels to move out of the site area during high tide to avoid the disturbance to the seabed as far as practicable and deploy marine vessels effectively in order to minimize the number of trips and disturbance to seabed in shallow waters. | Closed | - |
| COM-2016-087 | 28-Jun-16 | Nil | EPD | Environmental (Water Quality) | According to EPD's email, a complaint was received on 28 June 2016 regarding polluted water discharge incident opposite to Tung Chung Development Pier. | N/A | The Contractor has designated competent persons to operate, check and maintain individual wastewater treatment plant as an existing control measures. In case of breakdown of wastewater treatment plants, no discharge of wastewater will be allowed until repair is completed to resume the normal operation of the treatment plant. Specific toolbox / refreshment training trainings have been provided for the staff and workers for each of the wastewater treatment plants. The Contractor has been reminded to implement the above control measures and ensure no untreated wastewater will be discharged into open channel. | Closed | - |
| COM-2016-098 | 11-Nov-16 | 16:33 | ENPO (EPD referred the email from Complainant to ENPO) | Environmental (Water Quality) | According to ENPO's email to the Environmental Team, Supervising Officer's Representative and Contractor on 11 November 2016, it is noted that EPD received a complaint lodged by a member of the public regarding sediment plume generated by a vessel named "昌盛308 (Chang Sheng 308)" during the vessel travelling from construction site of Hong Kong- Zhuhai- Macao Bridge near Scenic Hill to Tung Chung New Development Ferry Pier. | Portion X | The Contractor has been reminded to schedule the vessel to move in / out of the construction site during higher tide and minimize number of trips to avoid the stirring up of the seabed mud when the vessel travelling in very shallow water areas as much as practicable. Also, the Contractor was reminded to implement environmental mitigation measures in accordance with Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule (EMIS). | Closed | - |
| COM-2016-099 | 02-Dec-16 | Nil | ENPO (EPD referred the email from Complainant to ENPO) | Environmental (Other: Slurry on public road) | It was noted from ENPO's email to the Environmental Team, Supervising Officer's Representative and Contractor on 2 December 2016 that EPD received a complaint lodged by a member of the public regarding slurry on East Coast Road. The complainant considered the slurry might relate to the construction site of China Harbour Engineering Company Limited next to a hotel. | East Coast Road | During the weekly site inspection undertaken on 7 December 2016, no slurry was observed at the section of East Coast Road adjoining the site boundary of Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor has constructed wheel washing facilities at all the site accesses, including the one near the site access of China Harbour Engineering Company Limited next to the Marriott Hotel (which is believed to be the hotel mentioned by the complainant), to wash and clean all vehicles before allowing them to leave the construction site to ensure that no mud or other debris would be brought to the public area. In addition, regular watering is conducted by water truck at least twice per day at the section of East Coast Road adjoining the site boundary of Contract No. HY/2011/03 to minimize dust emission. Based on the investigation results, it is considered that the complaint unlikely related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. Notwithstanding that, the Contractor has been reminded to clean wheels and body of vehicles as usual before allowing them to leave construction site. | Closed | - |
| COM-2016-100 | 14-Dec-16 | Nil | ENPO (Contract No. HY/2010/02 project team received an environmental complaint referred by Government's hotline (1823) on 2 December 2016. ENPO forwarded the Complaint to Contract No. HY/2011/03.) | Environmental (Other: mud/ debris on public road) | It was noted from ENPO's email to the Environmental Team, Supervising Officer's Representative and Contractor on 14 December 2016 that EPD received a complaint lodged by a member of the public regarding mud/debris on public road. The complainant complained that "the whole stretch of East Coast Road & Tung Fai Road is truly disgusting. The stone debris big and small and the mud is a nuisance to those who use the road every day. When dry there is a lot of dust and when it rains or when the road washing trucks are out it becomes a muddy mess. Cars and pedestrians are covered in dust or mud, cars are hit by stones is a daily hazard. Washing of construction vehicles is inadequate as the sand and soil is carried out onto the roads. Oversight of road conditions are not carried out by the Airport Authority. An alternative route should be created for the large number of construction vehicles as they drive fast." | East Coast Road and Tung Fai Road | During the ET's inspection on 7 December 2016 (weekly routine inspection) and 16 December 2016, no mud or debris was observed at the section of East Coast Road adjoining the site boundary of Contract No. HY/2011/03 as well as the section of Tung Fai Road leading to the site access of Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor provided wheel washing facilities at all the site accesses, including the one accessing East Coast Road and the one accessing Tung Fai Road, to wash and clean all vehicles before allowing them to leave the construction site to ensure that no mud or debris would be brought to the public area. It was observed that the areas of the wheel washing facilities and the respective road section between the wheel washing facilities and the site accesses of East Coast Road and of Tung Fai Road were paved with concrete. High pressure jets were also provided at the wheel washing facilities for cleaning of vehicles before the vehicles were allowed to leave the construction site. In addition, regular watering at the section of East Coast Road adjoining the site boundary of Contract No. HY/2011/03 was conducted by water trucks at least twice per day to minimize dust emission. Based on our investigation result, it is considered that the complaint is unlikely related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. Notwithstanding that, the Contractor has been reminded to clean the wheels and body of vehicles as usual before allowing them to leave construction site. | Closed | - |

HyD Contract No.HY/2011/03
Hong Kong - Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Complaint Register

| Complaint No. | Received Date | Received Time | Source | Category | Complaint Details | Location | Improvement Measures Taken | Status | Remarks |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|---|--|--------|---------|
| COM-2016-103 | 14-Dec-16 | Nil | ENPO (EPD referred the email from Complainant to ENPO) | Environmental (Noise) | It was noted from ENPO's email to the Environmental Team, Supervising Officer's Representative and Contractor on 14 December 2016 that EPD received a noise complaint lodged by a member of the public. The complaint was about hammering noise generated from construction sites at midnight in the past month. The complainant could not identify the source but suspected that the noise was generated from HZMB Project. It was also noted from ENPO's email on 21 December 2016 that EPD supplemented that the complainant lives in Seaview Crescent. The complainant sometimes heard noise created by impacting metals or metal/ground, particularly in December 2016. | N/A | The Contractor confirmed that no hammering works was conducted and no impact noise was generated at midnight in November 2016 and December 2016. The Contractor complied with the conditions laid down GNP No. GW-RS/14-16 and no non-compliance was found. Based on our investigation result, it is considered that the complaint is unlikely related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. In this case, no follow up action is required. However, the Contractor has been reminded to comply with the conditions stipulated in the Construction Noise Permit for construction works undertaken during restricted hours and has been recommended to implement the following measures to minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours: - minimize the number of machinery and plant used during restricted hours as far as practicable; - regularly review the working duration for restricted hours works; and - switch off all unnecessary machinery and plant during restricted hours. | Closed | - |
| COM-2017-104 | 09-Jan-17 | Nil | IEC (EPD referred the email from Complainant to IEC) | Environmental (Other: Cleanliness problem at East Coast Road and Tung Fai Road) | It was noted from IEC's email to the Environmental Team, Supervising Officer's Representative and Contractor on 9 January 2017 that EPD received a complaint lodged by a member of the public (a bus operator at the HKIA) regarding cleanliness problem at East Coast Road and Tung Fai Road. | East Coast Road and Tung Fai Road | During the ET's inspection on 10 January 2017, it was observed that the Contractor provided wheel washing facilities at all the site accesses, including the one accessing East Coast Road and the one accessing Tung Fai Road, to wash and clean all vehicles before allowing them to leave the construction site to ensure that no mud or debris would be brought to the public area. No mud was observed at the section of Tung Fai Road leading to the site access of Contract No. HY/2011/03. However, some mud was observed at the section of East Coast Road adjoining the site boundary of Contract No. HY/2011/03. Based on our investigation result, although there is no direct evidence showing that the complaint is related to Contract No. HY/2011/03, the Contractor has been reminded to clean the wheels and body of vehicles as usual before allowing them to leave construction site. Road sweeper will be employed to sweep along the East Coast Road twice per week and remove the deposited mud underneath the water-filled barrier to facilitate the road-washing water to be drained away from the carriageway. It should be of note that the ground level of site boundary of HY/2011/03 adjoining the East Coast Road is lower than that of East Coast Road and the Site of HY/2011/03 receives unidirectional flow of surface runoff from the East Coast Road. In addition, the following measures will be implemented to enhance dust suppression: 1. Stockpile along East Coast Road will be reduced in height and compacted as far as practicable 2. Haul road will be demarcated to prevent vehicles from going into non-wetted surface. 3. Site access S16 will be thoroughly cleaned and all vehicles will be stopped for second washing after being washed in the wheel washing bay. 4. Water sprinklers will be installed and operated at the stockpiles behind the water-filled barriers along East Coast Road. | Closed | - |
| COM-2017-108 | 23 February 2017 and 2 March 2017 | Nil | Airport Authority Hong Kong (AAHK) via SOR / Referred to ENPO by HyD | Environmental (Air quality, Water quality and Other: Cleanliness problem at East Coast Road) | AAHK stated in their email to SOR on 23 February 2017 that there was sand/muddy water accumulating along the water barriers at East Coast Road Southbound. AAHK also lodged a complaint to HyD, which HyD referred to ENPO on 1 March 2017 (received by ET on 2 March 2017). AAHK reported that the cleanliness of East Coast Road remained unsatisfactory with dust all over the water barriers/traffic aids, and sands accumulating along the carriageway. | East Coast Road | During ET's observation on 3 and 13 March 2017, properly functioning wheel washing facilities were provided to wash all vehicles prior to leaving the site. The section of road between the wheel washing facilities and the site access (S25) was hard paved and no mud/silt was observed at the concerned road section and the site access. As the ground level of site boundary of HY/2011/03 adjoining the East Coast Road is lower than that of East Coast Road, the possibility of muddy water seepage from S25 to East Coast Road is low. Based on our investigation result, the complaint is unlikely to be related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. Nevertheless, the Contractor has been reminded to strictly uphold the proper practice of washing all vehicles leaving the site access (S25). Also, the Contractor has raised the majority of the temporary traffic signs to a higher level to avoid muddy water splashing on them. Also, the temporary traffic signs will be cleaned regularly. | Closed | - |
| COM-2017-112 | 27 March 2017 | Nil | ENPO (EPD referred the email from Complainant to ENPO) | Environmental (Noise and Water quality) | It was noted from ENPO's email to the Environmental Team, Supervising Officer's Representative and Contractor on 28 March 2017 that EPD received a noise complaint lodged by a resident of Century Link on 27 March 2017. The complaint was about "昨晚(即 26 March 2017)大約十時起，屋外間歇有非常響亮聲音，經觀察應該是從港珠澳大橋近人工島的工程發出，噪音一直至深夜，另今早發現住在對出海面受到一大遍污染(見相片)。以上都應是該大橋工程所造成的污染"。 "At around ten o'clock last night (i.e. 26 March 2017), there was intermittent very loud voice outside. According to observation, the noise should be from the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge project near the artificial island, the noise lasted until late at night. In this morning, there was a plume of pollution found on the sea (see photo). These should be caused by the bridge project." | Nil | Based on the information provided by the Contractor and our investigation, it was concluded that the Contractor had complied with the conditions laid down in CNAC No. GW-RS-135-16 and GW-RS/11-17 and that no non-compliance on water quality was found. It is considered that the complaint is unlikely related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. In this case, no follow up action is required. However, the Contractor has been reminded to comply with the conditions stipulated in the Construction Noise Permit for construction works undertaken during restricted hours and has been recommended to implement the following measures to minimize the potential noise impact during restricted hours: - minimize the number of machinery and plant used during restricted hours as far as practicable; - regularly review the working duration for restricted hours works; and - switch off all unnecessary machinery and plant during restricted hours. The Contractor was also reminded to schedule, according to the predicted tides of the Hong Kong Observatory, their working vessels to travel to and from work site at high tide in order to reduce the sediment plume at shallow water areas. | Closed | - |
| COM-2017-113 | 20-Apr-17 | Nil | ENPO (EPD referred the email from Complainant to ENPO) | Environmental (Water quality) | It was noted from ENPO's email to the Environmental Team, Supervising Officer's Representative and Contractor on 20 April 2017 that EPD received a complaint on 19 April 2017 lodged by a green group. The complaint was about "本書XXX投訴港珠澳大橋承辦商於 2 0 1 5 年設置隔泥網的方向不盡，產生污染，而圖片是由路政署提供，是真確圖片，本會期望環保署調查圖片中的情況，並對承辦商作出警告，以及要求承辦商準確放置現場的隔泥網，確保其雙層設計是有效。" | Porton X | Based on the information provided by the Contractor and ET's investigation, it was suspected that the concerned silt plume may be caused by sea current. There was no evidence that the concerned silt plume was caused by any activities arising from the Contract. The Contractor was reminded once again to implement the mitigation measure as specified in the Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures. The Contractor is also recommended to fully and properly maintain the silt curtain throughout the works in accordance with the requirements in the Updated EM&A Manual through undertaking monthly measurement on the overlapping and separation openings for vessels access for prompt rectification. | Closed | - |
| COM-2016-095(3) | 27-May-17 | Nil | SOR (HyD referred the email from Complainant to SOR) | Environmental (Noise) | It was noted from SOR's email to the Environmental Team and Contractor on 26 May 2017 that HyD received a complaint on 12 May 2017 lodged by a member of public. The complaint was about "We'd like to follow up on this case. Pls help take pictures & point out to us where your noise barriers are located. If those seen in the attached pics are so-called noise barriers, then we believe the contractor needs a lot of improvement in helping to reduce this noise pollution". | Near Dragonair / CNAC (Group) Building (HKIA) | Upon the receipt of the complaint in May 2017, the Contractor had been instructed to immediately install additional noise barriers at the appropriate location and cover the breaker tip with acoustic materials as noise mitigation measure against the noise emission associated with the aforesaid construction activities. Moreover, the noise barriers have been located as close as possible to the noise source (rock breaking work). Also, gaps and openings at joints in the barrier material have been minimized. The rock breaking work was completed on 31 May 2017 and the rock breaking machine had been demobilized off site. According to information from Contractor, removal C&D materials will be carried out at the site near CAD and CNAC buildings in the future. As such, noise nuisance generated from a site will be minimized. Notwithstanding that, the Contractor has been reminded to implement noise mitigation measures on the site to minimize any potential nuisance to the public. Based on our investigation result, it is considered that the complaint is likely related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor has implemented the following measures to minimize the potential noise impact: - Additional noise barriers have been erected in the active working area to further mitigate the associated noise emissions as far as practicable; - Cover the breaker tip with acoustic material. - Noise barriers have been located as close as possible to the noise source. Also, gaps and openings at joints in the barriers material have been minimized. - Speed up of construction works in order to shorten the duration noise impact/nuisance to the surrounding. - Minimize the quantities of noisy plant as far as practicable. - Regular review of working duration and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plant. | Closed | - |

HyD Contract No.HY/2011/03
 Hong Kong - Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
 Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Complaint Register

| Complaint No. | Received Date | Received Time | Source | Category | Complaint Details | Location | Improvement Measures Taken | Status | Remarks |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|---|---|--|---|--|--------|---------|
| COM-2016-095(4) | 15-Aug-17 | Nil | HyD | Environmental (Noise) | HyD received a complaint concerning the rock breaking works near CNAC Buildings, as described below: "I am writing to let you know re-captioned works interrupted seriously our staff daily office works. Understand the rock encountered was much stronger than the original expected, the rock breaking works near CNAC Tower has been never ending. Recently a bulldozer is working nearby and no noise barriers/sound proofs were set up. Please take corrective action asap. Kindly advise us when this bulldozing work is scheduled to complete." | Near Dragonair CNAC (Group) Building (HKIA) | The major rock breaking works near CNAC Tower were substantially completed on 31 May 2017. However, survey record revealed that minor rock breaking/trimming work was required at the formation level for the construction of box culvert no. PR14. Hence, the Contractor used a hydraulic breaker for minor rock breaking/trimming work in the afternoon on 15 August 2017. According to the photos provided by the complainant, movable noise barriers were not located near the noise source (rock breaking/trimming work). As such, noise generated by rock breaking/trimming work was not efficiently screened by the noise barriers. According to the Contractor's records and the photos provided by the complainant, no bulldozer was used at PR14 on 15 August 2017. In addition, no bulldozing work is scheduled at PR14 in near future. ET conducted an investigation on 16 August 2017. The minor rock breaking/rock trimming work was completed. Only one excavator was operating for forming the haul road at the concerned location. No significant noisy activity was observed during the investigation on 16 August 2017. Also, bulldozer was not observed on the site. Based on our investigation result, it was likely that concerned noise emission was due to the minor rock breaking/trimming works by the hydraulic breaker. It is considered that the complaint is likely related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. According to Contractor's information, no substantial rock breaking works will be conducted at near CNAC Tower. Only minor rock breaking/trimming work may be occasionally conducted at the concerned work area. The Contractor has been recommended to implement the following measures to minimize the potential noise impact when minor rock breaking/trimming work to be conducted: - Schedule noisy work (i.e. rock breaking) during non-office hours as far as practicable subject to actual site progress; - Cover the breaker tip with acoustic material; - Locate noise barriers as close as possible to the noise source. Also, gaps and openings at joints in the barriers material should be minimized; - Regular review of working duration and switch off all unnecessary machinery and plant; - Speed up of construction works in order to shorten the duration noise impact/nuisance to the surrounding; and - Minimize the quantities of noisy plant as far as practicable. | Closed | - |
| COM-2017-122 | 03-Oct-17 | Nil | 1823 Integrated Call Centre received a complaint lodged by a member of the public on 30 September 2017. SOR referred the complaint details from 1823 - HyD to ET on 3 Oct 2017 | Environmental (Other: Cleanliness problem at Tung Fai Road) | 1823 Integrated Call Centre received a complaint lodged by a member of the public regarding cleanliness problem at Tung Fai Road, as described below: "投訴大嶼山赤鱗角東環路11號港匯大廈對出，巴士站附近，是港珠澳大橋地盤其中一個出入口，經常有大量重型工程車輛進出地盤，每逢有巴士或重型車輛經過時，路面沙塵揚起引起"沙塵暴"，等候巴士的乘客便遭殃，以前有灑水車噴水減低沙塵，現在灑水車都沒有出現，要求部門改善沙塵問題。" | S16 | During the ET's inspection on 3 October 2017, it was observed that the Contractor did provide wheel washing facility with high pressure jets at the site access S16 at Tung Fai Road to wash and clean all vehicles before allowing them to leave the construction site to ensure that no mud or debris would be brought to the public area. It was also observed that the Contractor did provide water bowser to thoroughly clean Tung Fai Road. No mud was observed at the section of Tung Fai Road leading to the site access S16 of Contract No. HY/2011/03. Another inspection was conducted on 12 October 2017, the section of the road between the wheel washing facility and the site access S16 was hard paved and no mud/silt was observed at the concerned road section and the site access S16. Although Contract No. HY/2011/03 is the only construction site connecting to the Tung Fai Road and the mentioned bus stop, wheel washing facility with high pressure jets is provided at the site access S16 to wash and clean all vehicles before allowing them to leave the construction site. No mud or debris would be brought to the public area. Therefore, there is no direct evidence showing that the complaint is related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. Nevertheless, in order to enhance dust suppression measures, the Contractor will increase the frequency of road cleaning by water bowser from three times per day to four times per day, subject to regular review with relevant stakeholders in the vicinity. | Closed | - |
| COM-2017-129 | 08-Jan-18 | Nil | ENPO's email to the Supervising Officer's Representative and Contractor on 8 January 2018 that HyD received a complaint lodged by a member of the public regarding cleanliness problem at East Coast Road on 29 December 2017 | Environmental (Other: Cleanliness problem at East Coast Road) | HyD received a complaint lodged by a member of the public regarding cleanliness problem at East Coast Road on 29 December 2017. The complaint details are described below: "投訴人投訴於大嶼山東岸路，因港珠澳大橋工程的沙塵問題，部門安排了有關洗街車及吸塵車處理有關沙塵問題，但有關車輛就上述問題的處理成效未如理想，投訴人表示洗街車在清洗有關路面時，只是向路面灑水，令原本的沙塵變成泥塊，但卻沒有清理有關泥塊，道路問題根本沒有根治。另外，有關吸塵車的掃運亦未如理想，吸塵車吸了地上的沙塵後所噴出來的風機佈滿沙塵，以致有關沙塵除了未被吸走外，更導致道路沙塵滾滾，要求部門監察有關車輛，煩請部門跟進及回覆。" | East Coast Road | Based on our investigation result, there is no direct evidence showing that the complaint is related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor has been reminded to implement the following measures to minimize dust impact/improve cleanliness at East Coast Road: + display notice at site access to remind drivers to wash the wheels thoroughly before leaving the site. + manual control by rope stopping vehicles entering public road without wheel washing. + provide training for drivers to ensure that they can use water truck and road sweeper properly for road washing. + close monitor on the proper functioning of the road sweeper and water truck and provide maintenance to water truck and road sweeper if necessary. + implement environmental mitigation measures in accordance with Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule as per the EM&A Manual. ET will also step up the site inspections to ensure the cleanliness of the concerned section of East Coast Road is properly maintained. | Closed | - |
| COM-2018-132 | 13, 14 February 2018 | Nil | HyD (SOR referred the email from HyD to Contractor and ET) and EPD (ENPO referred the email from EPD to SOR, SOR sent the email to Contractor and ET) | Dust, Water Quality, Construction Waste, Noise and vibration | The complaint was received from the SOR's email on 13 February 2018 with the following details: "We have witnessed increased construction activities causing concerns such as nuisance, air and water pollution, construction waste landfill which may cause health and safety to the surroundings. Nuisance – construction noise and vibration Air and Water Pollution – poor dust control causing air pollution Construction Waste Landfill – increased height, size and degree of the slope of the construction waste landfill Moreover, we are particularly concerned with the stability of the construction waste landfill hill, and has grown taller and larger in size with steep slopes which may cause potential danger and hazardous to the surrounding area. It is appreciated that if you can investigate on the issue, and rectify the situation to a safe and healthy condition. Please confirm when and how the rectification will be completed." | Near Dragonair / CNAC (Group) Building (HKIA) | Based on our investigation result, the complaint was related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor has implemented Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule as per the EM&A Manual. Also, the Contractor was reminded to remove the concerned stockpile of the fill materials as soon as possible to minimize the potential nuisance caused to the nearby sensitive receivers. | Closed | - |
| | | | | | Another complaint to EPD was received from the SOR's email on 14 February 2018. The complaint was the same as the abovementioned with two figures showing the location of Dragonair & CNAC (Group) Building and Cathay Dragon House. | | | | |

HyD Contract No.HY/2011/03
 Hong Kong - Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
 Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Complaint Register

| Complaint No. | Received Date | Received Time | Source | Category | Complaint Details | Location | Improvement Measures Taken | Status | Remarks |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|---|--|--|---|--|--------|---------|
| Follow-ups of Complaint No COM-2018-132 | 16 March 2018 and 21 March 2018 | Nil | HyD (SOR referred the email from HyD to the Contractor and ET) and EPD (ENPO referred the email from EPD to SOR, who sent the email to the Contractor and ET) | Dust and Construction Waste. | <p>The complaint of 16 March 2018 was addressed to HyD and its details were as follows:</p> <p>"1) It was observed from daily photos that:</p> <p>a. Inadequate dust suppression measures implemented.</p> <p>b. Green tarp does not cover the entire pile of the waste land fill.</p> <p>c. Dry soil constantly being observed, and constantly picked-up by strong gusty winds within CLK area.</p> <p>d. Large boulders and steep slopes on waste landfill, with inadequate safety measures implemented.</p> <p>2) It was noted that the open stockpile of construction waste landfill will be removed by the end of March 2018. Please confirm the date of completion of the removal of the stockpile.</p> <p>3) Please advise if the slope and setting of the piles of earth complies within Building and other relevant Regulations.</p> <p>4) The works on the site should be within a valid gazetted period, please confirm if the works are within a valid gazette period, within CLK Lot No1 Land lease or otherwise."</p> <p>The complaint of 21 March 2018 was addressed to EPD and its details were as follows:</p> <p>"Re: Large construction landfill waste outside Cathay Dragon House, CLK.</p> <p>We refer to your letter ref: [EP3/N09/RS00004678-18] dated 09 March 2018, would like to further draw your attention to the open stockpile of construction waste landfill, and the enclosed daily photo.</p> <p>We have continued to observe the following:</p> <p>- Inadequate dust suppression measures implemented.</p> <p>- Green tarp does not cover the whole of the waste landfill.</p> <p>- Dry soil constantly observed, and constantly picked-up strong gusty winds within CLK area.</p> <p>- Large boulders and steep slopes on waste landfill, with inadequate safety measures implemented.</p> <p>- Poor housekeeping of the construction site.</p> <p>Furthermore, we would like to raise the query regarding the validity period for the occupation of the site under the current gazette.</p> <p>It is appreciated that if you can continue to investigate on the issue, provide close monitoring of the situation, and request the contractor to rectify to a safe and healthy condition."</p> | Near Dragonair CNAC (Group) Building (HKIA) | Based on our investigation result, the complaint was related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. It was noted that no Action and Limit Level exceedances of 1-hr and 24-hr TSP were recorded at air monitoring station AMS6 - Dragonair Building during the period from 1 February 2018 to 30 April 2018. Part of the stockpile was observed dry during ET's site inspection on 27 March 2018. Proper watering on the stockpiles was observed undertaken afterwards. The Contractor has been continuously reminded to properly implement Environmental Mitigation Measures as per the EM&A Manual. The Contractor was also reminded to remove the concerned stockpile of the fill materials as soon as possible to minimize the potential nuisance caused to the nearby sensitive receivers. | Closed | - |
| COM-2018-142 | 29 June 2018 & 6 July 2018 | Nil | EPD (ENPO referred the email to SOR, Contractor and ET) | Noise | <p>The complaint of 29 June 2018 was received from EPD and its details were as follows:-</p> <p>EPD have recently received a complaint regarding frequent noise from construction works next to Cathay Dragon House, facing Tung Chung direction. The complaint details are described as below:</p> <p>"We would like to raise your attention and forward a complaint regarding frequent noise from construction works next to our Cathay Dragon House, facing Tung Chung direction.</p> <p>From the video link below, it seems like the noise is mainly from the breaking of rocks using powered mechanical equipment.</p> <p>https://www.dropbox.com/s/634f2p3op39e9v/IMG_3137.MOV?dl=0</p> <p>Our colleagues at Cathay Dragon House has complaint that such disturbance has been going on for a week and works are carried out throughout the whole day.</p> <p>Please advise whether:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Such noisy works have been carried out with EPD or Highways' "Approved Permit"; The noise level have been limited by your permit; Any regular monitoring works or report have been sent to your department. When will the work/noise stops; <p>Furthermore,</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Mr Lai mentioned in your previous email 18 April 2018 that the works should have completed end April 2018. Why is the works still going on? Mr Lo mentioned in the letter dated 11 April 2018, you would conduct site inspections. Have you noticed any non-compliance? <p>Your prompt response is appreciated."</p> <p>"A further complaint was received on 6 July 2018 from EPD and its details were as follows:-</p> <p>"Further to our previous complaints which are in vain, we would like to continue to put forward the complaint against the noise from the construction works next to Cathay Dragon House at CLK, which has never been ceased and been causing great disturbance to the accommodations (aviation control centre) and staff within our Cathay Dragon building and CNAC tower.</p> <p>Below is the time schedule our staff regarding the noise disturbance from the site which is frequent and continuous.</p> <p>Date Time 3 July 2018 8:30am – 11:30am, 1:30pm – 5:30pm 4 July 2018 8:30am – 11:30am, 1:30pm – 5:30pm 5 July 2018 8:30am – 11:30am, 1:30pm – 5:30pm</p> <p>Please advise what has been your action upon this matter. This has been intolerable for months. If there is nothing that your depts., can impose to stop the disturbance, we may need to seek other alternative complain channel.</p> <p>Your immediate action on this matter is highly appreciated."</p> <p>"We would like to get your urgent attention to the noise nuisance matters that is occurring outside Cathay Dragon House (facing seaside Tung Chung). There have been extreme noisy works conducted, without proper noise mitigation matter, with noise DB levels reaching 70-100dB, and is seriously affecting our company operations.</p> <p>Please urgently attend to the matter and advise further on the email below, and implement the proper noise reducing and mitigation procedures.</p> <p>Lastly, we also understand the works should have been completed. Therefore, why are there still construction site works on site?"</p> | Near Dragonair / CNAC (Group) Building (HKIA) | Based on our investigation result, the complaint was related to Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor has implemented Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule as per the EM&A Manual, such as cover the breaker tip with muffler, minimize the quantities of noisy plant as far as practicable. Although the rock breaking works outside the Cathay Dragon House/ Dragonair & CNAC (Group) Building were completed on 9 July 2018, the Contractor has been continuously reminded to properly implement Environmental Mitigation Measures as per the EM&A Manual to minimize the potential noise nuisance caused to the public/ surrounding. | Closed | - |
| COM-2018-158 | 24-Dec-18 | 10:17 AM | HyD (SOR referred the email from HyD to Contractor, ET and IEC/ENPO on 10:17 am, on 24 Dec 2018) | Other: Construction work on Sunday Morning | <p>The details of the complaint were as follows:</p> <p>Email received by HyD on 23 December 2018 at 10:49hrs "How come someone is doing some construction work on sunday morning (23/12/18, 10:30am)??? Looks like your christmas holidays i going to turn into an investigation holiday!!! Looking forwards to hearing from you? I am sure David will be more than happy to assist your investigation over the holidays!!"</p> <p>Email received by HyD on 23 December 2018 at 11:11hrs "by the way have you issue a "permit to annoy people" based on merit to operate a crane this sunday? If not i am looking forwards to know the action you will take. Don't estate to contact Chief Lam he will surely be very happy to provide any assistance you need to find out who is the rogue employee working under him so you can take the necessary legal action."</p> | N.A. | Based on our investigation result, the concerned work activity complied with the valid CNP. In this case, no follow up action is required. However, the Contractor has been reminded to comply with the conditions stipulated in the Construction Noise Permit for construction works undertaken during restricted hours. | Closed | - |
| N/A | 03-Apr-19 | Nil | EPD (ENPO referred the email from EPD to HyD, SOR, Contractor and ET) through email | Dust | <p>Email received by EPD on 3 April 2019 "投訴人表示海墘海畔對面有港珠澳大橋的地盤正進行工程。期間會揚起大量塵土，引起污染，影響海墘海畔碼頭碼頭清潔部門跟進事宜。"</p> | N.A. | Based on our investigation result, there is no observation of dust emissions arising from the Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor has implemented the Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule as per the EM&A Manual, the Contractor has been reminded to strictly maintain the dust mitigation measures during carrying out of their construction works to minimize the dust nuisances to nearby sensitive receivers. | Closed | - |

HyD Contract No.HY/2011/03
 Hong Kong - Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Link Road
 Section between Scenic Hill and Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities

Complaint Register

| Complaint No. | Received Date | Received Time | Source | Category | Complaint Details | Location | Improvement Measures Taken | Status | Remarks |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---|----------|---|--|--|--------|---------|
| COM-2019-163 | 30-Apr-19 | Nil | SOR referred details of complaint to Contractor, ET and IEC/ENPO through email | Waste | The details of the complaint were as follows:- "rubbish and refuse pile up by the road near a bus stop breeding numerous flies and pests. huge annoyance and hygiene problem to the public. pls clean up." | Near Dragonair/ CNAC (Group) Building (HKIA) | Based on our investigation result, there was no observation of works in the area of complaint on issue of general refuse arising from the Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor has implemented the Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule as per the EM&A Manual, the Contractor has been reminded to strictly maintain waste management procedures during their construction works to avoid the hygiene impacts to nearby sensitive receivers. | Closed | - |
| COM-2020-165 | 18-Mar-20 | Nil | Hotline "1823" (SOR referred details of complaint to Contractor, ET and IEC/ENPO through email) | Waste | The details of the complaint were as follows:- "Rubbish are found along the landscape area at Tung Yiu Road. Dear 1823 officer, Regarding the captioned case, I have previously made my complaint to the Airport Authority (AA) on the subject. Yet, AA advises that the concerned area at Tung Yiu Road is not managed by the AA and suggests me to contact 1823 for follow up." | Landscape area at Tung Yiu Road S16 | Based on our investigation result, there was no observation of works in the area of complaint on issue of general refuse arising from the Contract No. HY/2011/03. The Contractor has implemented the Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule as per the EM&A Manual, the Contractor has been reminded to strictly maintain waste management procedures during their construction works to avoid the hygiene impacts to nearby sensitive receivers. | Closed | - |



APPENDIX O

Mudflat Monitoring Results



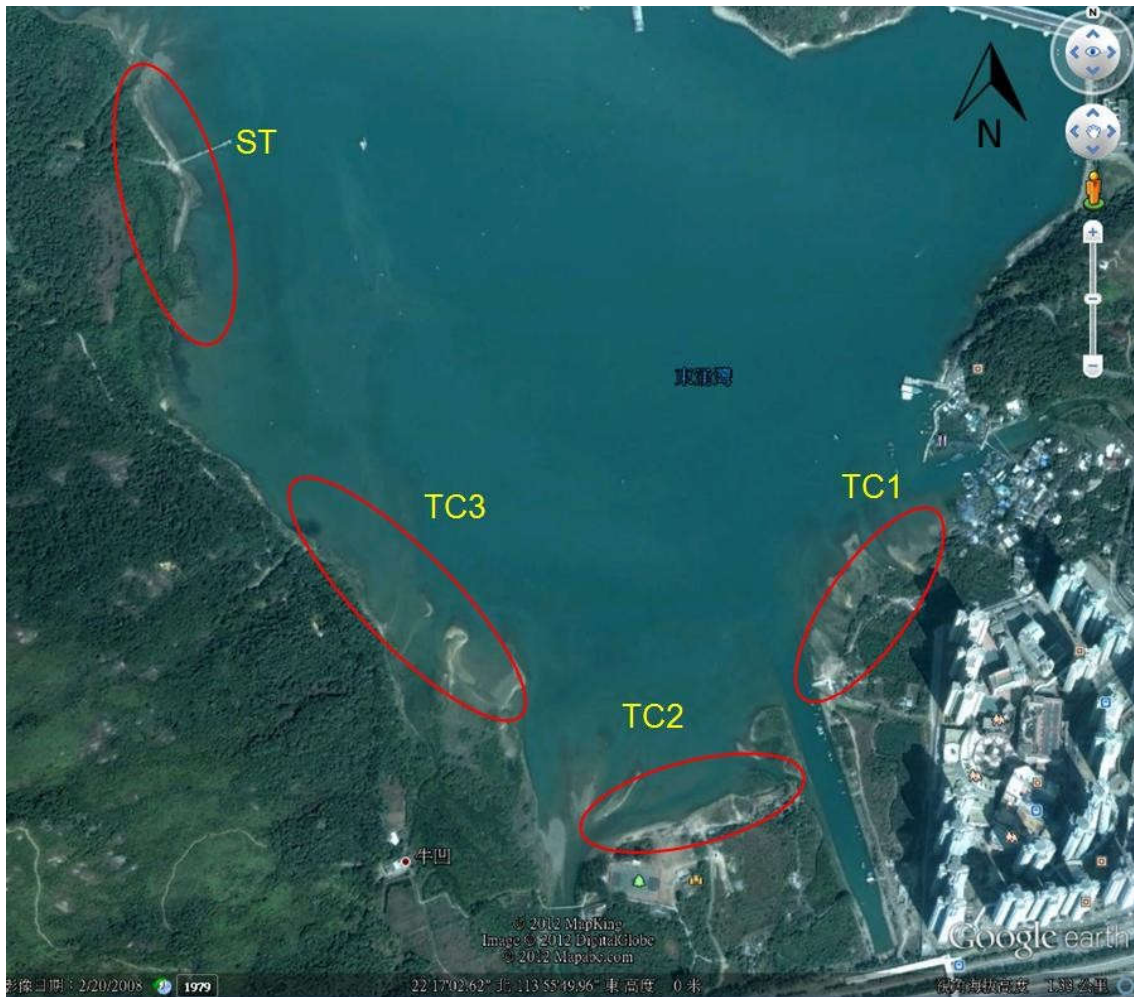


Figure 2.1 Locations of sampling zones. The study site was divided into three sampling zones (TC1, TC2, TC3) in Tung Chung Bay and one zone in San Tau (ST) (map generated from Google Map).

TC1



TC2



TC3



ST



Figure 2.2 *Photographic record of the environment in every sampling zone. (March 2020)*

TC1



Plastic waste



Trash gill net

TC3



Boat wreckage

ST



Trash gill net and hand trolley



A tangled horseshoe crab on a trash net (record in June 2017)

Figure 2.3 *Examples of photographic record of the big trashes found on the mudflat.*

ST *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda*



ST *Tachypleus tridentatus*



Figure 3.1 Examples of photographic records of horseshoe crab (March 2020)

TC3 *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda*



TC3 *Tachypleus tridentatus*



Figure 3.1 (CON'T) Examples of photographic records of horseshoe crab (March 2020)

Table 3.1 Summary of juvenile horseshoe crab survey in every sampling zone

| | TC1 | TC2 | TC3 | ST |
|--|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Search duration (hr) | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| <i>Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda</i> | | | | |
| No. of individuals | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Mean prosomal width (mm) | \ | 21.23 | 26.21 | 23.60 |
| Max..prosomal width (mm) | \ | 21.23 | 26.21 | 24.56 |
| Min. prosomal width (mm) | \ | 21.23 | 26.21 | 22.46 |
| Search record (ind. hr-1 person-1) | 0.00 | 0.25 | 0.17 | 0.50 |
| <i>Tachypleus tridentatus</i> | | | | |
| No. of individuals | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Mean prosomal width (mm) | \ | \ | 33.97 | 30.16 |
| Max..prosomal width (mm) | \ | \ | 33.56 | 36.45 |
| Min. prosomal width (mm) | \ | \ | 34.37 | 22.34 |
| Search record (ind. hr-1 person-1) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.67 |

March 2015 - ST



June 2017 – TC2



(Female)



(Male)

June 2017 – TC3



Figure 3.2 Photographic records of mating pairs of horseshoe crab

December 2017 – TC3



June 2018 – TC3



(Female)

(Male)

Figure 3.2(Cont'd) Photographic records of mating pair of horseshoe crab

March 2019 – TC2



June 2019 – TC3



March 2020 – TC1



Figure 3.2 (Cont'd). *Photographic records of mating pair of horseshoe crab*

TC1



TC2



Figure 3.3 *Photographic records of newly hatched individuals of horseshoe crab (September 2018)*

Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda

June 2017



December 2017



December 2018



March 2019



Figure 3.4 *Photographic records of large individuals (>100 mm) of horseshoe crabs records were excluded from data analysis*

Tachypleus tridentatus

September 2017



June 2019



March 2020



Figure 3.4 (Cont'd) *Photographic records of large individuals (>100 mm) of horseshoe crabs records were excluded from data analysis*

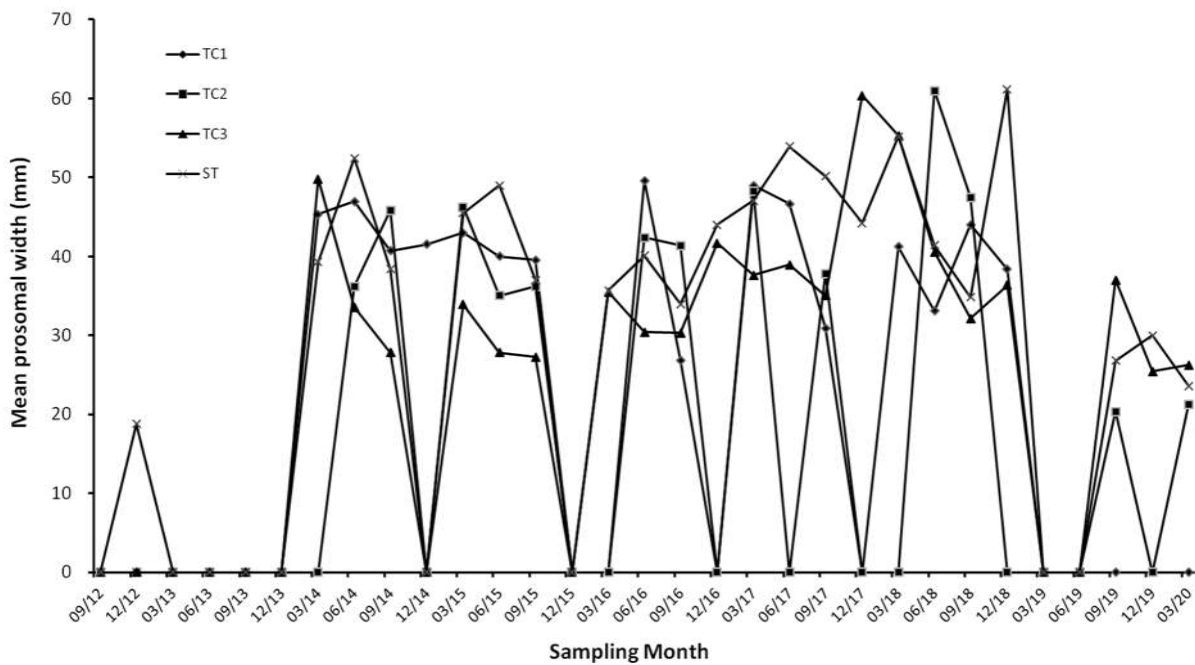
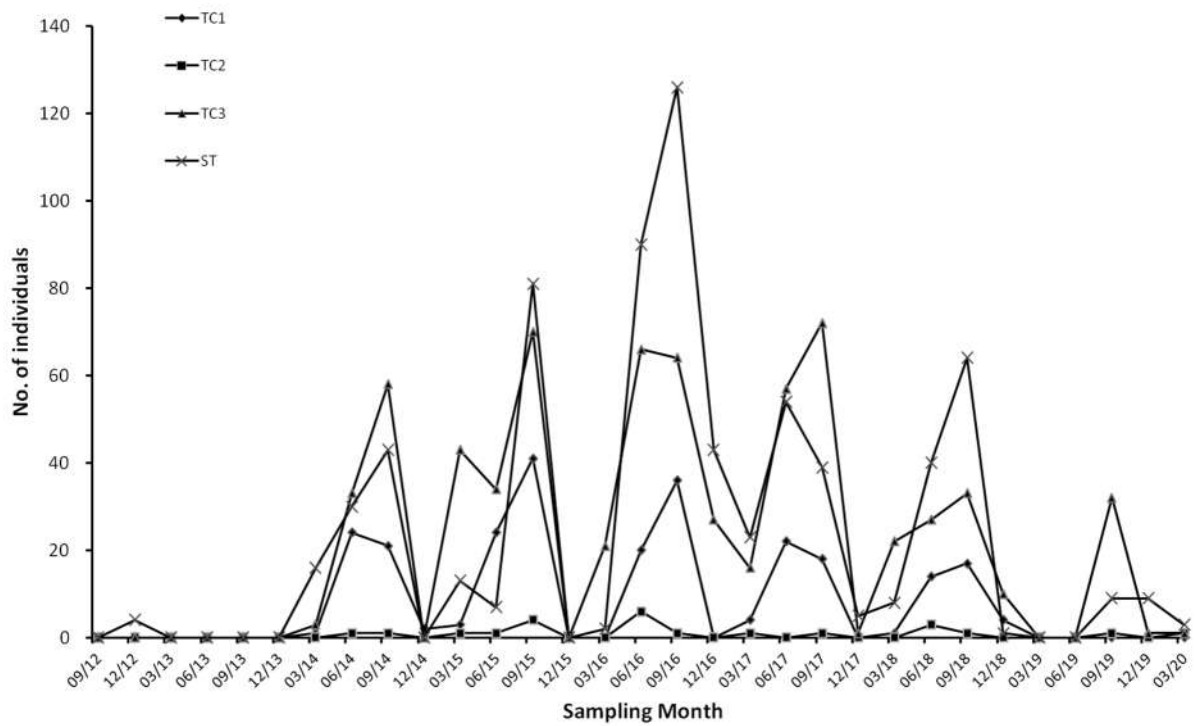


Figure 3.5 Changes of number of individuals mean prosomal width and search record of horseshoe crab *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* in every sampling zone along the sampling months

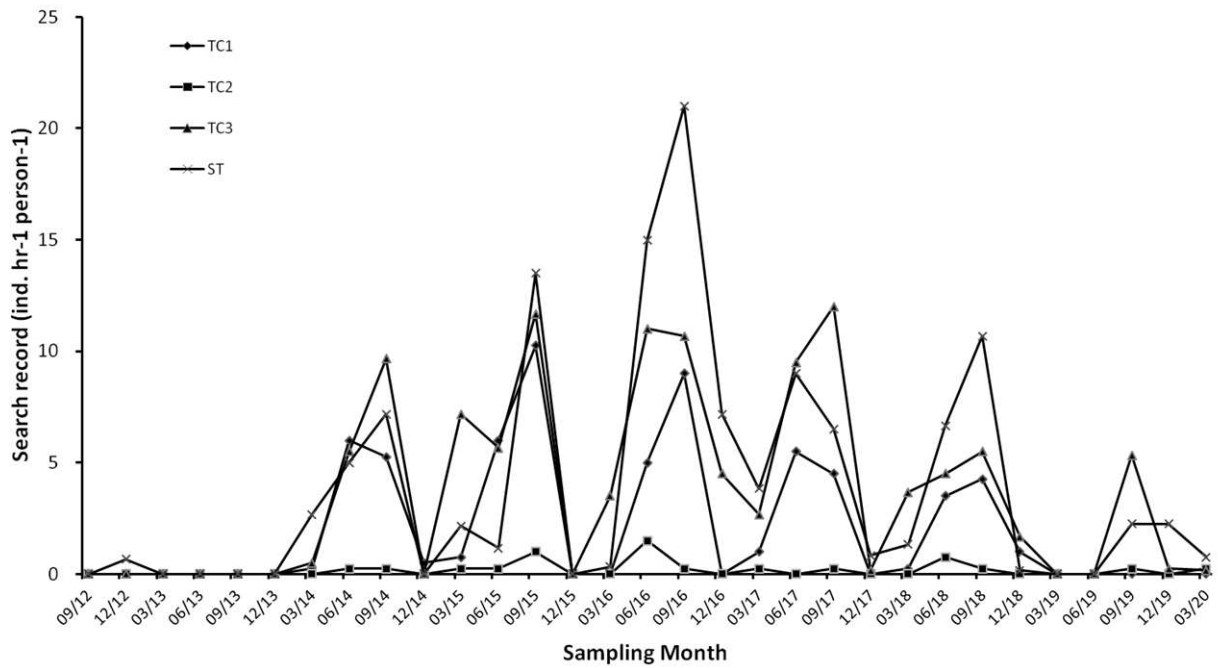


Figure 3.5 (Cont'd) Changes of number of individuals mean prosomal width and search record of horseshoe crab *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda* in every sampling zone along the sampling months

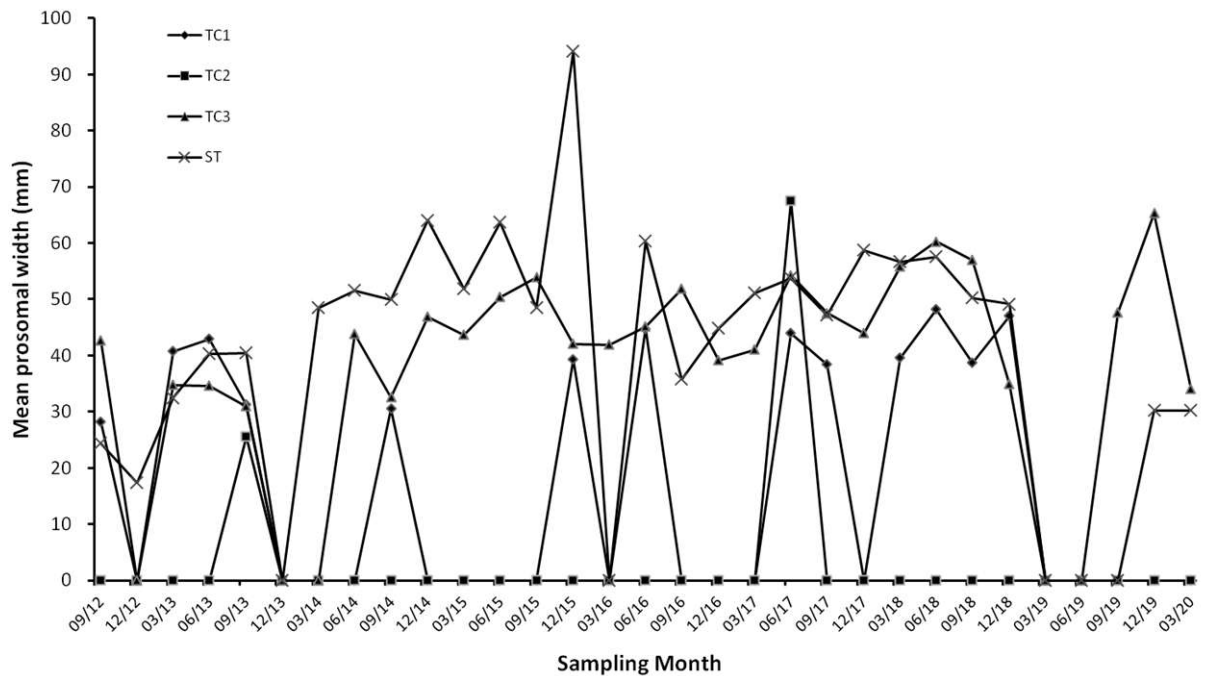
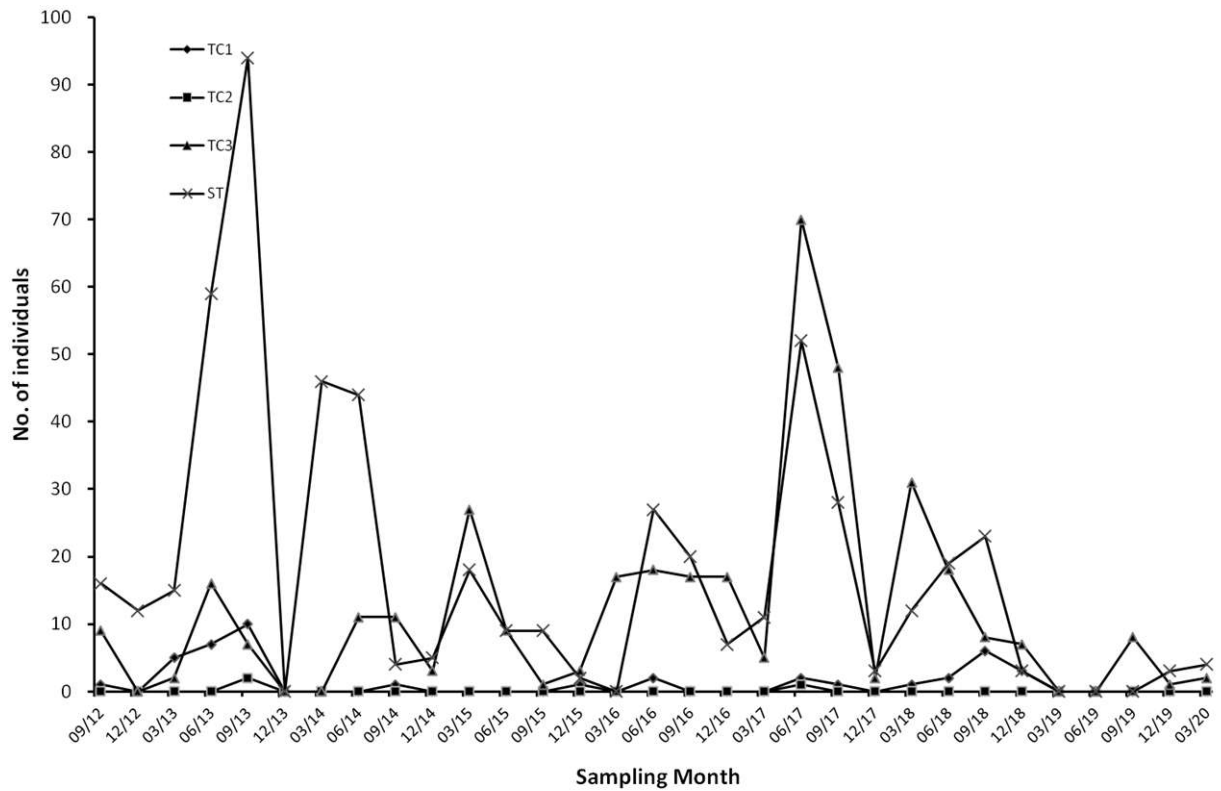


Figure 3.6 Changes of number of individuals mean prosomal width and search record of horseshoe crab *Tachypleus tridentatus* in every sampling zone along the sampling months

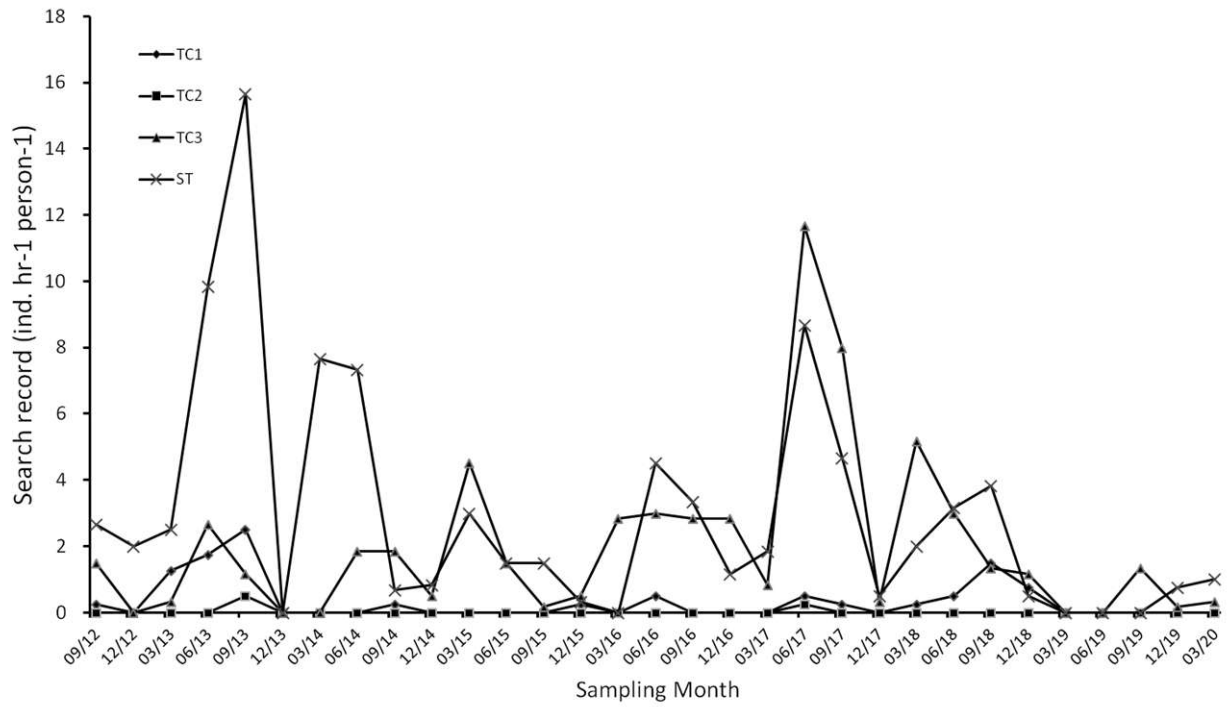


Figure 3.6 (Cont'd) Changes of number of individuals mean prosomal width and search record of horseshoe crab *Tachypleus tridentatus* in every sampling zone along the sampling months

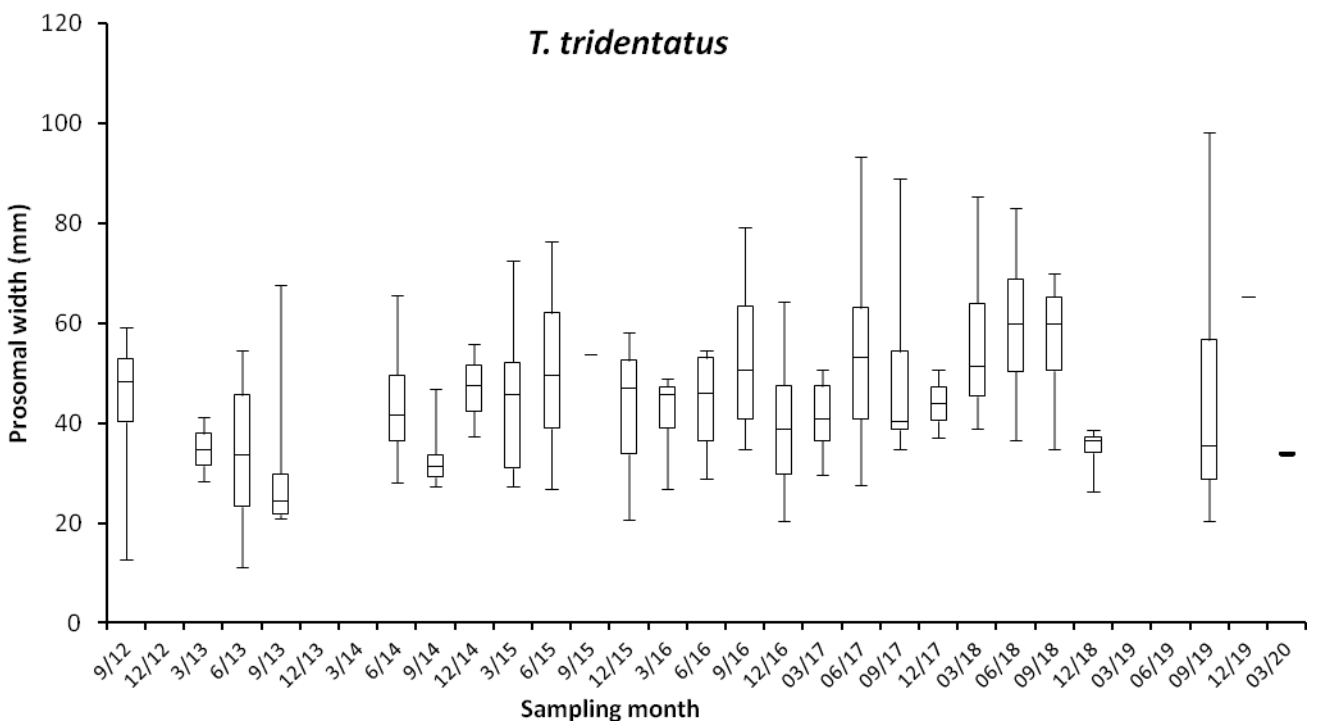
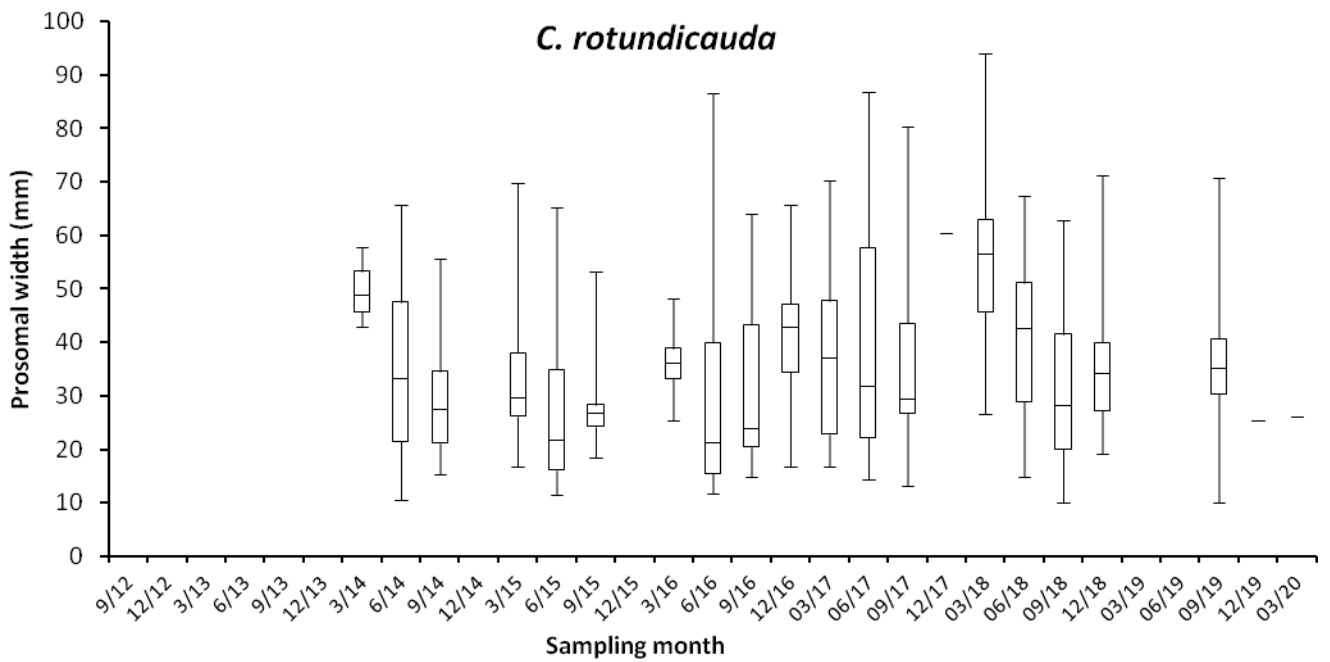


Figure 3.7 Box plot of prosomal width of horseshoe crab in the sampling zone TC3 along the sampling months. (The box represents 50% of the sample (upper to lower quartile) with a middle line showing the median value. The upper whisker and lower whisker showed the 25% of sample above upper quartile and below the lower quartile respectively)

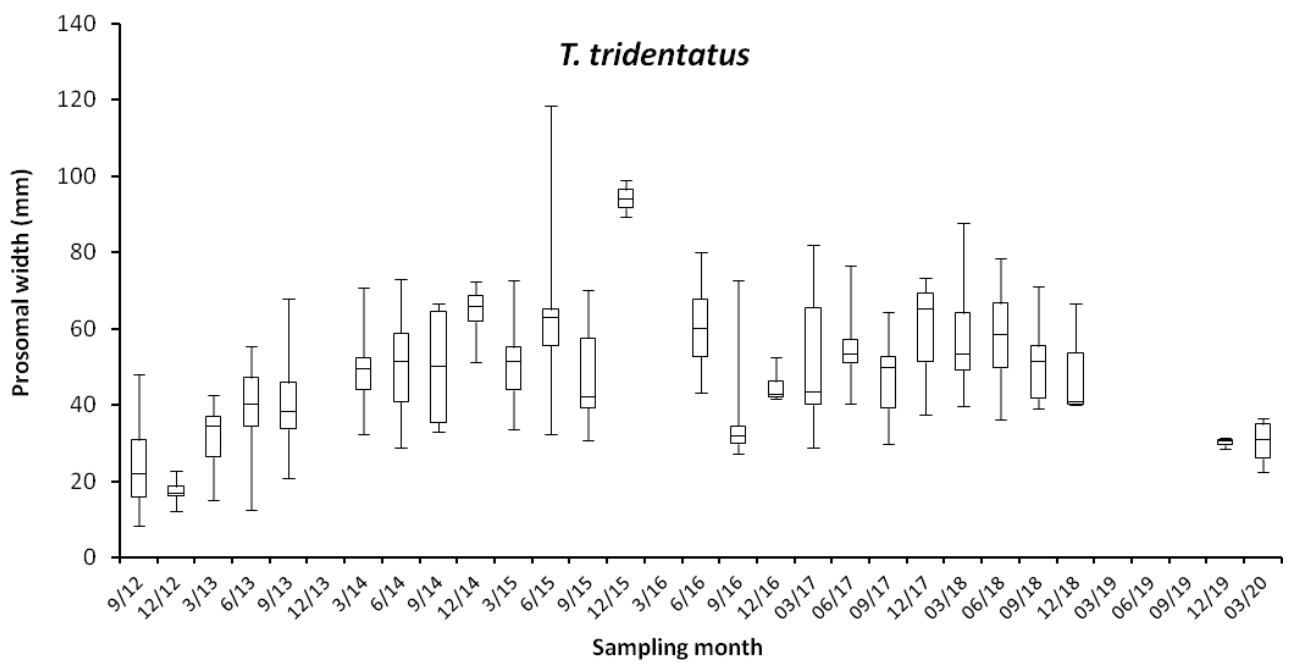
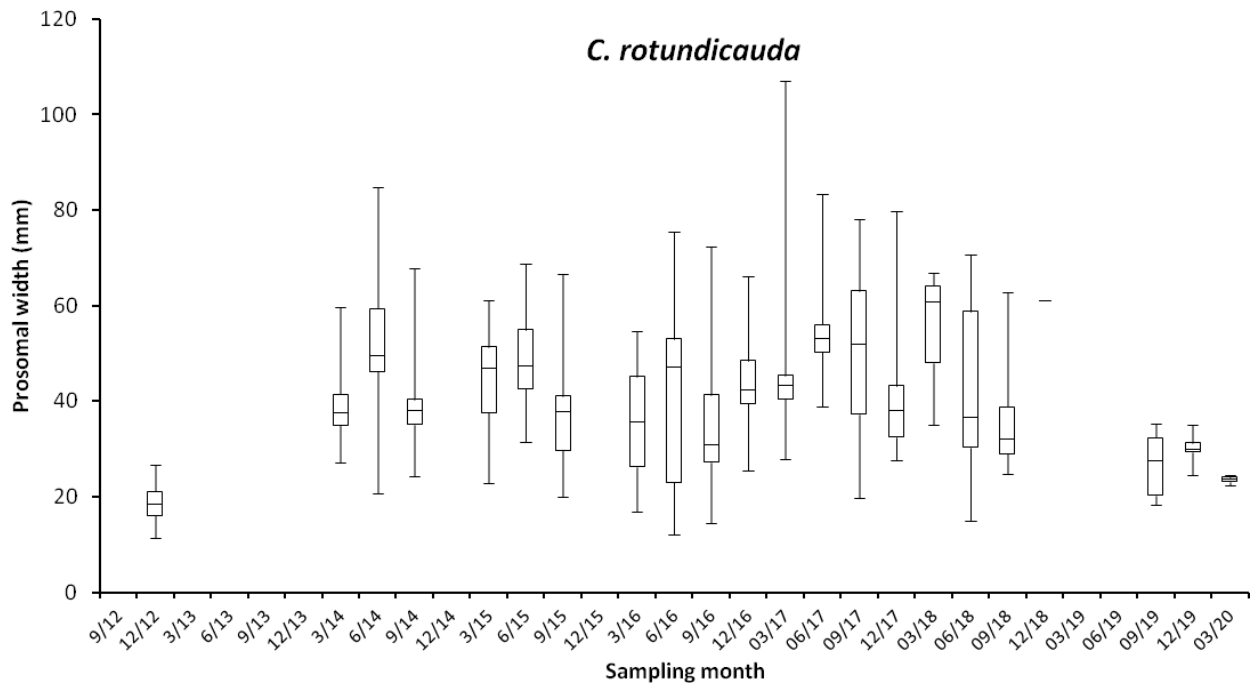


Figure 3.8 Box plot of prosomal width of horseshoe crab in the sampling zone ST along the sampling months. (The box represents 50% of the sample (upper to lower quartile) with a middle line showing the median value. The upper whisker and lower whisker showed the 25% of sample above upper quartile and below the lower quartile respectively.)

***Halophila ovalis* in TC3**



***Halophila ovalis* in ST**



Figure 3.9 *Photographic record of seagrass beds in present survey.*

TC3



Single patch of *Halophila ovalis*

TC3 - ST



Extensive patch of *Halophila ovalis*



ST



Medium, horizontal patch of *Zostera japonica*



Figure 3.10 Examples of photographic records of seagrass beds (record in June 2017)

Table 3.2. *Summary of seagrassbeds survey*

| Sampling zone | TC3 <i>Halophila ovalis</i> | ST <i>Halophila ovalis</i> |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Number of patches | 3 | 3 |
| Total area (m²) | 35 | 1032 |
| Average area (m²) | 12 | 344 |

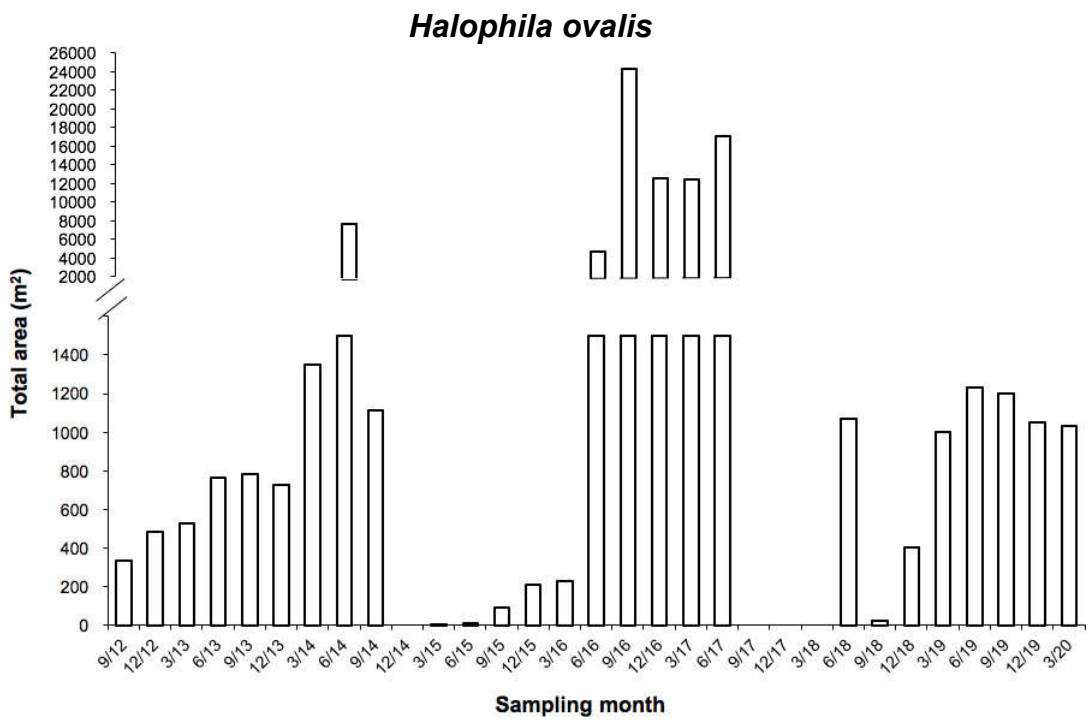
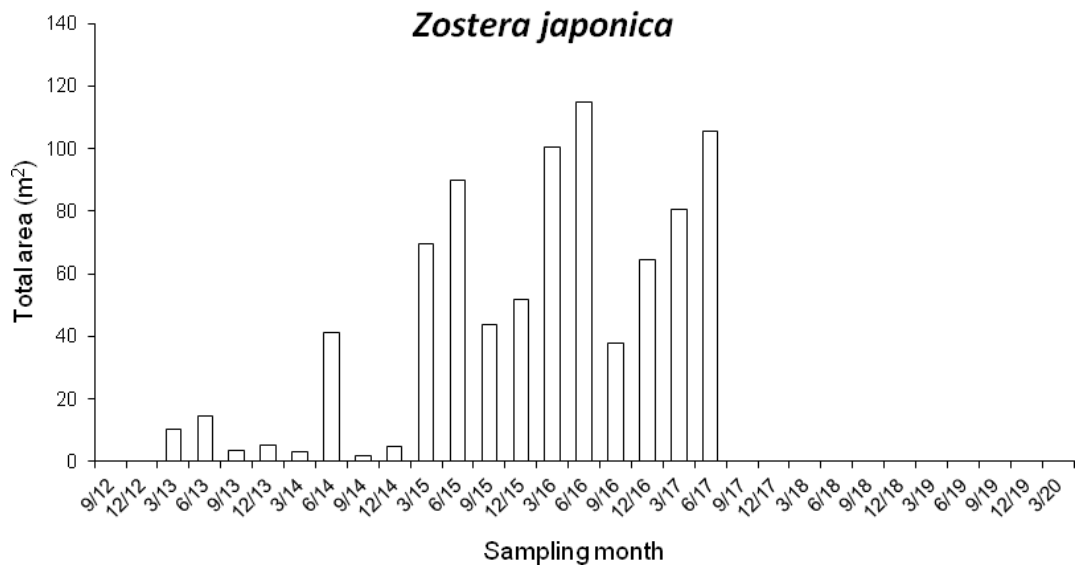


Figure 3.11 Temporal changes of estimated total area of seagrass beds in ST

June 2014



December 2014 (no seagrass)



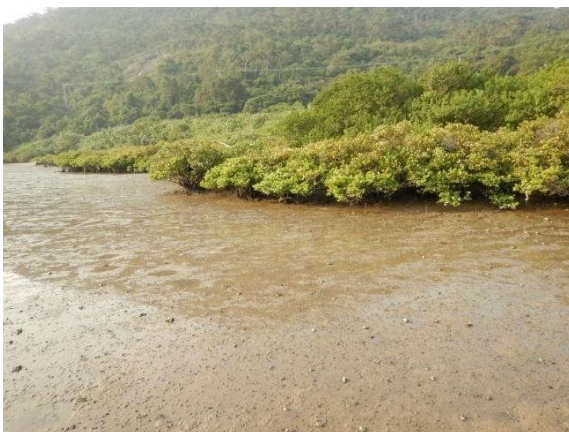
September 2015



June 2017



September 2017-March 2018 (no seagrass)



September 2018



Figure 3.12 Comparison of pictures taken in different sampling months shows the successive disappearance and recolonization of seagrass beds. The picture of December 2018 was lacking due to night-dawn survey time.

March 2019



June 2019



September 2019



December 2019



March 2020



Figure 3.12 (Cont'd) Comparison of pictures taken in different sampling months shows the successive disappearance and recolonization of seagrass beds. The picture of December 2018 was lacking due to night-dawn survey time.

Table 3.3. *Relative distribution (%) of types of substratum along the horizontal transect at every tidal level and in every sampling zone.*

| Sampling zone | Tidal level | Percentage | | |
|---------------|-------------|----------------------|-------|----------|
| | | Gravels and Boulders | Sands | Soft mud |
| TC1 | H | 80 | 20 | |
| | M | 90 | 10 | |
| | L | 60 | 10 | 30 |
| TC2 | H | 70 | 30 | |
| | M | 50 | 10 | 40 |
| | L | 30 | 20 | 50 |
| TC3 | H | 50 | 20 | 30 |
| | M | 70 | 20 | 10 |
| | L | 60 | 30 | 10 |
| ST | H | 90 | 10 | |
| | M | 90 | 10 | |
| | L | 70 | 20 | 10 |

H: 2.0 m above C.D.; M: 1.5 m above C.D.; L: 1.0 m above C.D.

TC1 H



TC1 L



10/3/2020

TC2 H



TC2 L



11/3/2020

TC3 H



TC3 L



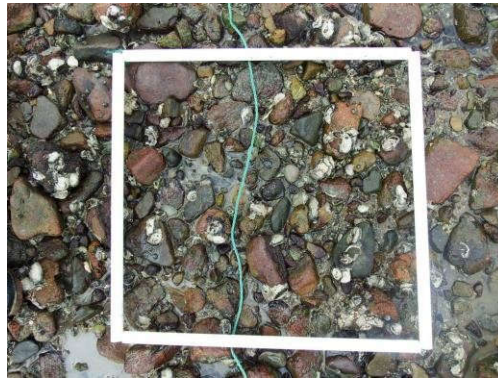
12/3/2020

Figure 3.13 *Examples of photographic records of quadrat for intertidal soft shore community survey (H: 2.0 m above C.D.; M: 1.5 m above C.D.; L: 1.0 m above C.D.)*

ST H



ST L



9/3/2020

Figure 3.13.(Cont'd) *Examples of photographic records of quadrat for intertidal soft shore community survey (H: 2.0 m above C.D.; M: 1.5 m above C.D.; L: 1.0 m above C.D.)*

Table 3.4 *Total abundance, density and number of taxon of every phylum*

| Phylum | Total Abundance | % | Density (ind. m⁻²) | Number of Taxon |
|-------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <i>March 2020</i> | | | | |
| Mollusca | 12265 | 94.9 | 409 | 31 |
| Arthropoda | 360 | 2.8 | 12 | 7 |
| Annelida | 82 | 0.6 | 2.7 | 4 |
| Sipuncula | 187 | 1.4 | 6.2 | 2 |
| Nemertea | 11 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 1 |
| Cnidaria | 4 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1 |
| Platyhelminthes | 10 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 1 |
| Total | 12919 | | | |

0.0 %: Total abundance of the phylum is less than 0.1% of relative abundance.

0 ind. m⁻²: Density of the phylum is less than 1 ind. m⁻².

Table 3.5 *The number of individuals, relative abundance (percentage) and density of each phylum in every sampling zone*

| Phylum | TC1 | % | Density (ind. m ⁻²) | TC2 | % | Density (ind. m ⁻²) | TC3 | % | Density (ind. m ⁻²) | ST | % | Density (ind. m ⁻²) |
|------------------|------|----|------------------------------------|------|----|------------------------------------|------|----|------------------------------------|------|----|------------------------------------|
| Mollusca | 3075 | 95 | 410 | 3109 | 92 | 415 | 2760 | 97 | 368 | 3321 | 96 | 443 |
| Arthropoda | 54 | 2 | 7 | 168 | 5 | 22 | 57 | 2 | 8 | 81 | 2 | 11 |
| Annelida | 31 | 1 | 4 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 0 | 2 | 26 | 1 | 3 |
| Sipuncula | 60 | 2 | 8 | 71 | 2 | 9 | 24 | 1 | 3 | 32 | 1 | 4 |
| Nemertea | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cnidaria | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
| Platyhelminthes | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 1 |
| Sub-total | 3225 | | | 3365 | | | 2859 | | | 3470 | | |

0.0 %: Total abundance of the phylum is less than 0.1% of relative abundance of the sampling zone.

0 ind. m⁻²: Density of the phylum is less than 1 ind. m⁻² of the sampling zone.

Table 3.6 *The abundant species (relative abundance >10%) in every sampling zone*

| Sampling zone TC1 | Group | Species | Mean density (ind. m ⁻²) | Relative abundance (%) | Cumulative relative abundance (%) |
|-------------------|-------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| High | Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 117 | 28 | 5 |
| | G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 65 | 16 | 63 |
| | G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | 59 | 14 | 5 |
| Mid | Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 129 | 30 | 17 |
| | G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 86 | 20 | 61 |
| | G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | 46 | 11 | 31 |
| Low | Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 140 | 31 | 33 |
| | G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | 51 | 11 | 59 |

Bi = Bivalve, G = Gastropod

Table 3.6(Cont'd) *The abundant species (relative abundance >10%) in every sampling zone*

| Sampling zone TC2 | Group | Species | Mean density (ind. m ⁻²) | Relative abundance (%) | Cumulative relative abundance (%) |
|-------------------|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| High | Bi | Saccostrea cucullata | 130 | 31 | 44 |
| | G | Monodonta labio | 57 | 14 | 4 |
| Mid | Bi | Saccostrea cucullata | 117 | 29 | 34 |
| | G | Monodonta labio | 44 | 11 | 7 |
| Low | Bi | Saccostrea cucullata | 198 | 38 | 50 |

Bi = Bivalve, G = Gastropod

Table 3.6(Cont'd) *The abundant species (relative abundance >10%) in every sampling zone*

| Sampling zone TC3 | Group | Species | Mean density (ind. m ⁻²) | Relative abundance (%) | Cumulative relative abundance (%) |
|-------------------|-------|------------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| High | Bi | Saccostrea cucullata | 82 | 35 | 3 |
| | G | Batillaria multiformis | 53 | 13 | 72 |
| Mid | Bi | Saccostrea cucullata | 113 | 32 | 5 |
| | G | Batillaria multiformis | 38 | 11 | 80 |
| | G | Monodonta labio | 35 | 10 | 3 |
| Low | Bi | Saccostrea cucullata | 134 | 32 | 37 |

Bi = Bivalve, G = Gastropod

Table 3.6(Cont'd). *The abundant species (relative abundance >10%) in every sampling zone*

| Sampling zone ST | Group | Species | Mean density (ind. m ⁻²) | Relative abundance (%) | Cumulative relative abundance (%) |
|------------------|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| High | Bi | Saccostrea cucullata | 163 | 35 | 12 |
| | G | Monodonta labio | 60 | 13 | 43 |
| Mid | Bi | Saccostrea cucullata | 116 | 29 | 26 |
| | G | Monodonta labio | 44 | 11 | 51 |
| Low | Bi | Saccostrea cucullata | 163 | 32 | 23 |

Bi = Bivalve, G = Gastropod

Table 3.7 Mean values of species number, density, Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index (H') and Pielou's Species Evenness (J) at every tidal level and in every sampling zone

| Samling zone | Tidal | Mean species number (spp. 0.25m ⁻²) | Mean species number across tidal levels | Mean density (ind. m ⁻²) | Mean density across tidal levels | Mean H' | Mean H' across tidal levels | Mean J | Mean J across tidal levels |
|--------------|-------|---|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|
| TC1 | H | 11 | | 412 | | 2.3 | | 0.9 | |
| | M | 12 | 12 | 432 | 430 | 2.0 | 2.12 | 0.8 | 0.86 |
| | L | 13 | | 446 | | 2.1 | | 0.8 | |
| TC2 | H | 14 | | 419 | | 2.2 | | 0.8 | |
| | M | 12 | 13 | 402 | 449 | 2.0 | 2.07 | 0.8 | 0.81 |
| | L | 15 | | 525 | | 2.1 | | 0.8 | |
| TC3 | H | 12 | | 369 | | 1.8 | | 0.8 | |
| | M | 10 | 12 | 349 | 381 | 1.8 | 1.91 | 0.8 | 0.81 |
| | L | 13 | | 426 | | 2.1 | | 0.8 | |
| ST | H | 16 | | 468 | | 2.2 | | 0.8 | |
| | M | 15 | 15 | 403 | 463 | 2.3 | 2.23 | 0.8 | 0.82 |
| | L | 16 | | 517 | | 2.3 | | 0.8 | |

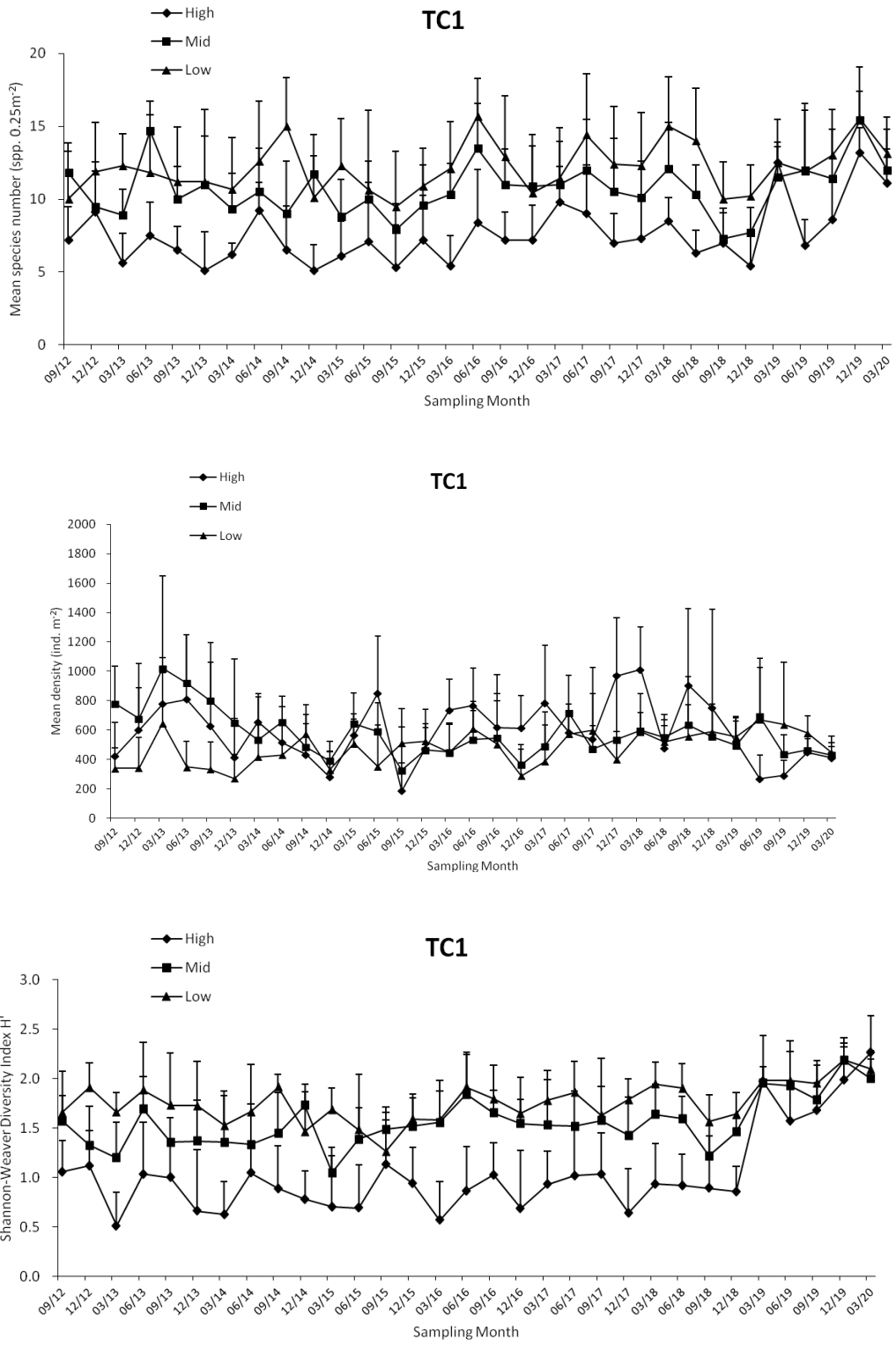


Figure 3.14 Temporal changes of mean number of species, mean density, Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index (H') and Pielou's Species Evenness (J) (mean + SD) at every tidal level in sampling zone TC1

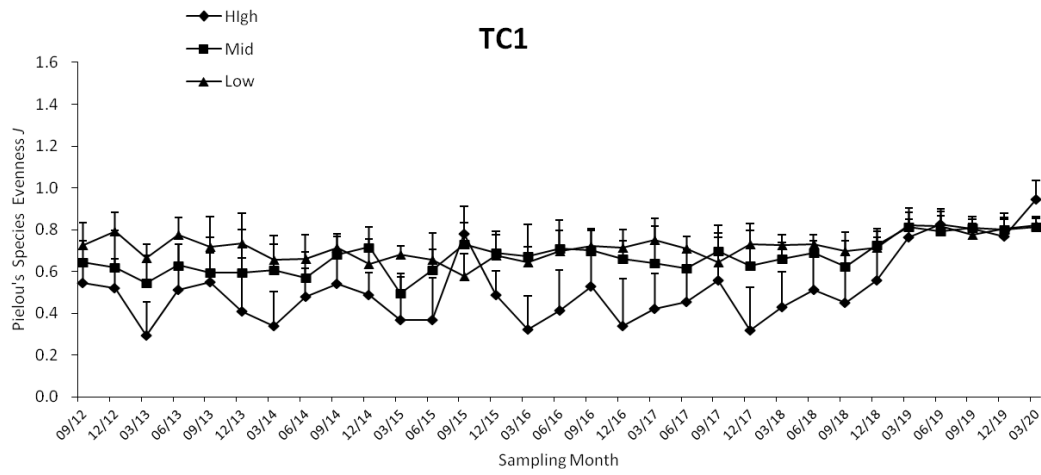


Figure 3.14(Cont'd) Temporal changes of mean number of species, mean density, Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index (H') and Pielou's Species Evenness (J) (mean + SD) at every tidal level in sampling zone TC1

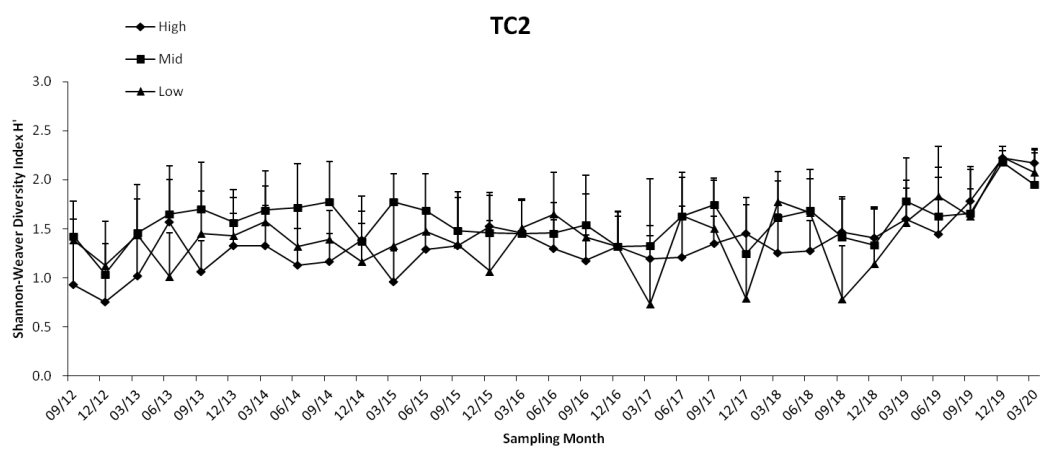
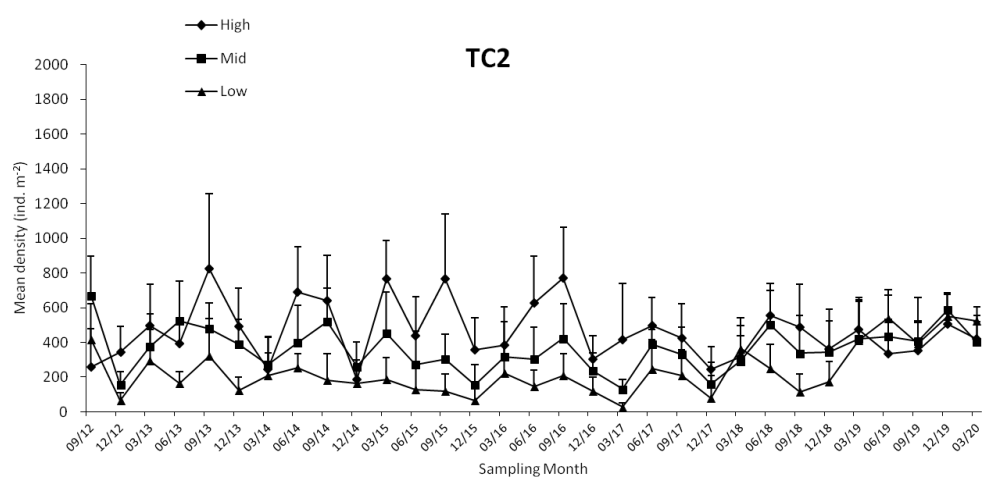
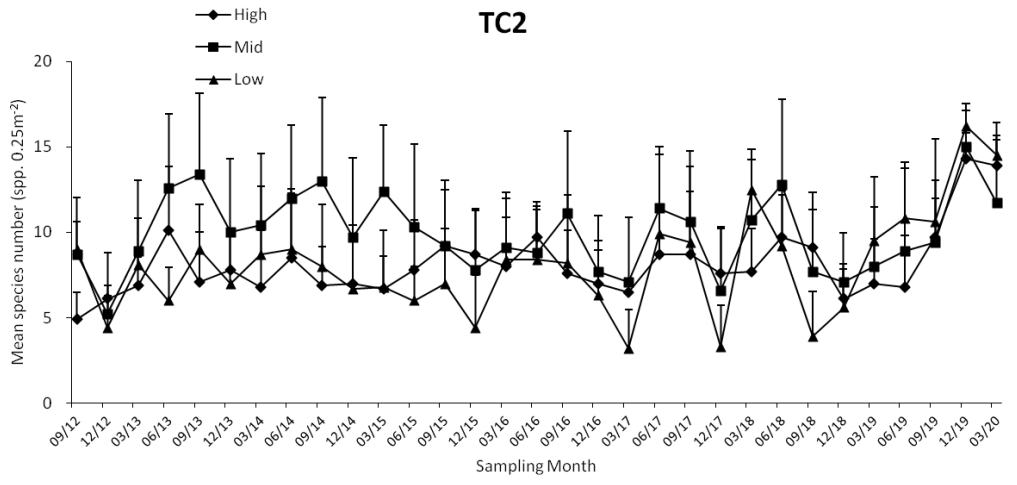


Figure 3.15 Temporal changes of mean number of species, mean density, Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index (H') and Pielou's Species Evenness (J) (mean + SD) at every tidal level in sampling zone TC2

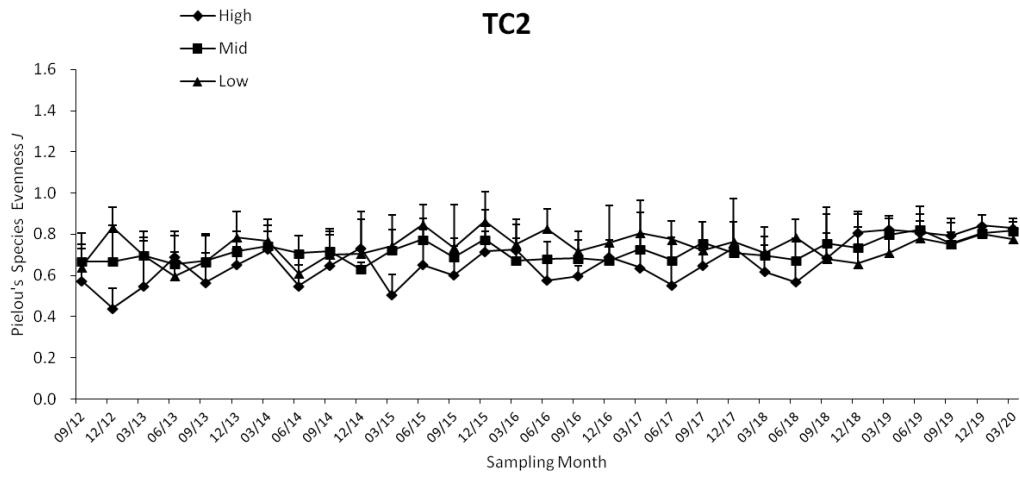


Figure3.15(Cont'd) Temporal changes of mean number of species, mean density, Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index (H') and Pielou's Species Evenness (J) (mean + SD) at every tidal level in sampling zone TC2

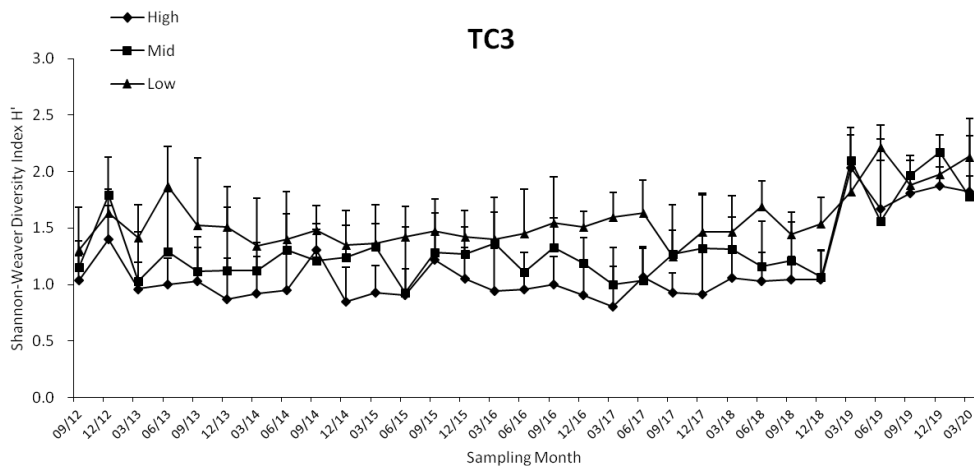
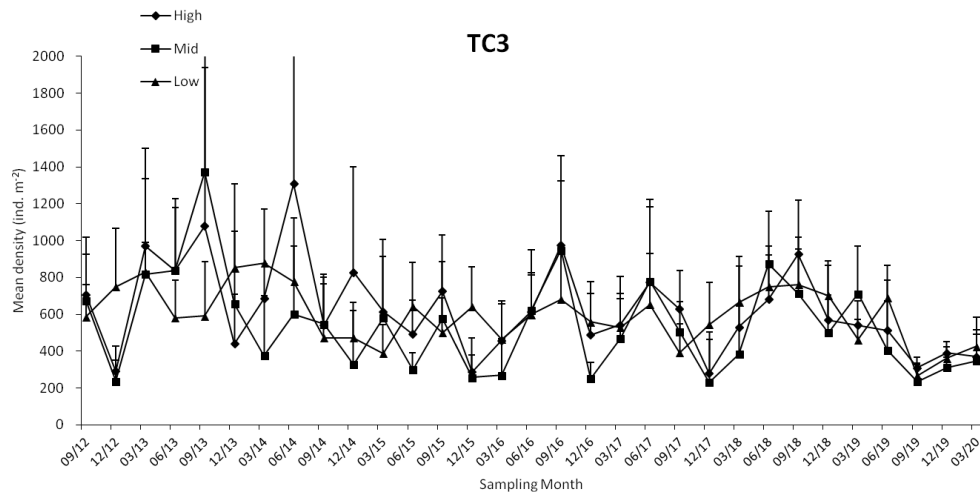
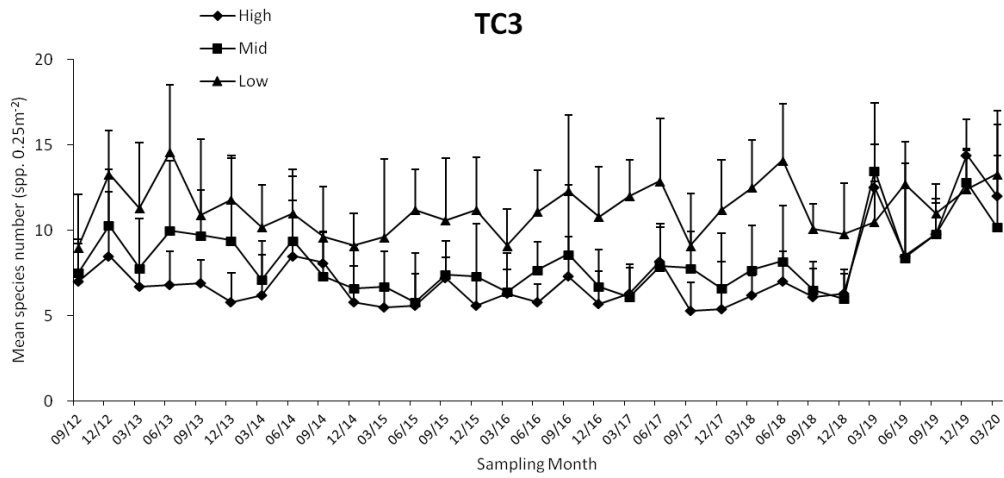


Figure 3.16 Temporal changes of mean number of species, mean density, Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index (H') and Pielou's Species Evenness (J) (mean + SD) at every tidal level in sampling zone TC3

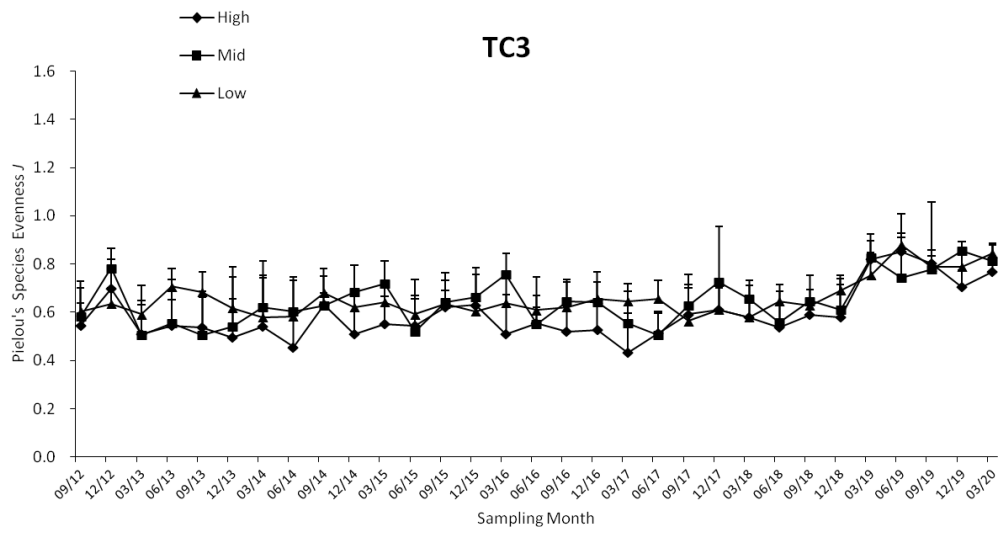


Figure 3.16(Cont'd) Temporal changes of mean number of species, mean density, Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index (H') and Pielou's Species Evenness (J) (mean + SD) at every tidal level in sampling zone TC3

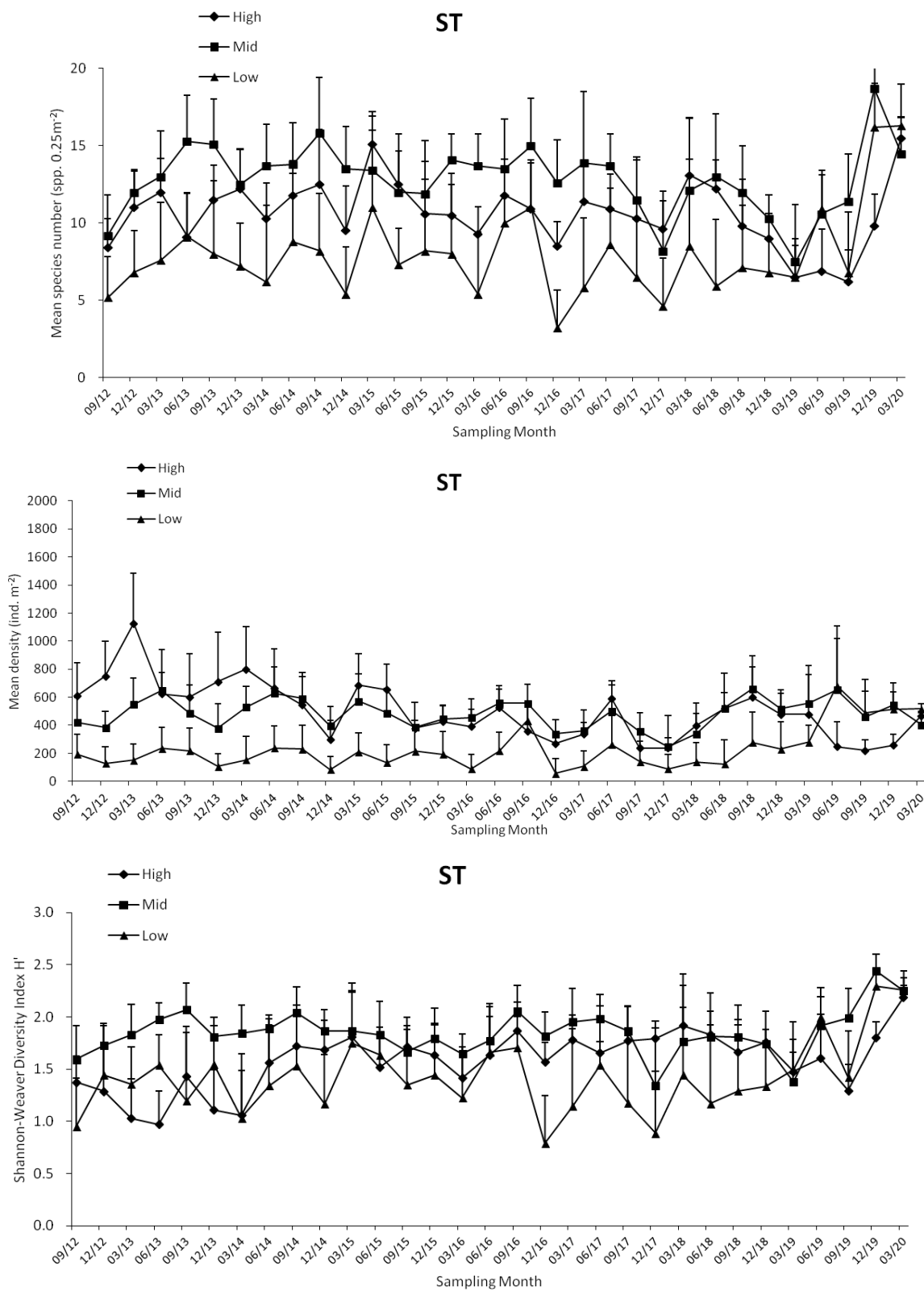


Figure 3.17 Temporal changes of mean number of species, mean density, Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index (H') and Pielou's Species Evenness (J) (mean + SD) at every tidal level in sampling zone S

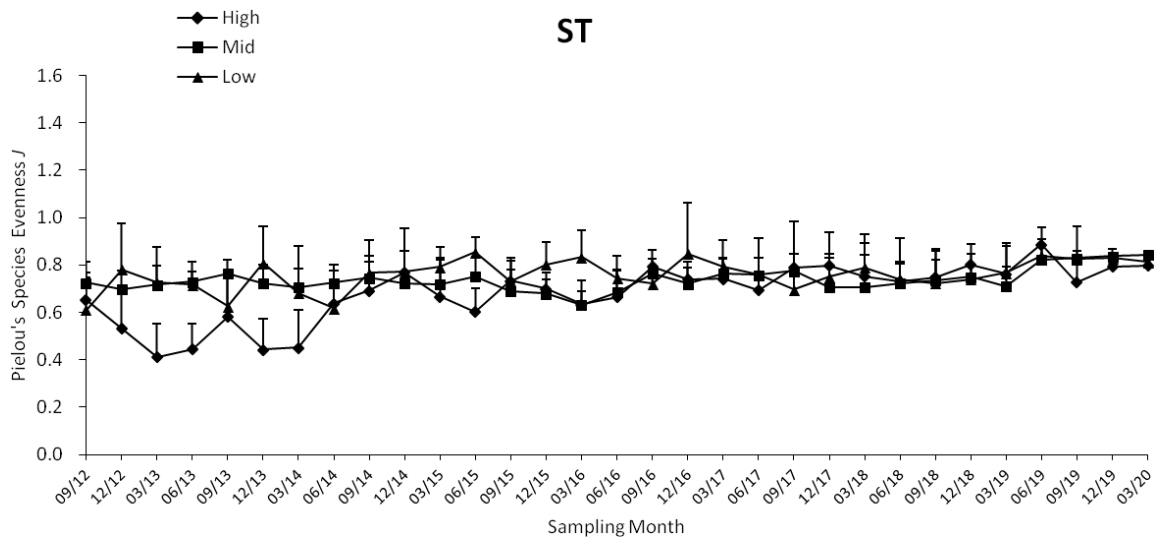


Figure 3.17(Cont'd) Temporal changes of mean number of species, mean density, Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index (H') and Pielou's Species Evenness (J) (mean + SD) at every tidal level in sampling zone ST

Appendix O Location of sampling zones (map from ATKINS China Ltd.)



Appendix OI Record of horseshoe crab survey in every sampling zone.

| No. | Sub. | GPS coordinate | | Record of prosomal width (mm) | |
|--|------|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|------------|
| <u>Sampling site TC1 (Search hour = 2 hrs)</u> | | | | <i>Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda</i> | |
| 1 | M | 22°16'059"N | 113°55'058"E | | <u>123</u> |
| 2 | M | 22°16'059"N | 113°55'058"E | | <u>137</u> |
| No. of ind. | | | | 0 | 2 |
| <u>Sampling site TC2 (Search hour = 2 hrs)</u> | | | | <i>Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda</i> | |
| 1 | M | 22°16'054"N | 113°55'046"E | 21.23 | |
| No. of ind. | | | | 1 | 0 |

Ind. #: number of Individuals (individuals in a group are shown at the same row)

Underlined: size of mating pair or large individual (excluded from data analysis)

Sub.: Substratum type; G = Gravel and Boulders, M = Soft mud, S = Sand

Appendix OI (Cont'd) Record of horseshoe crab survey in every sampling zone.

| No. | Sub. | GPS coordinate | | Record of prosomal width (mm) | |
|--|------|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u>Sampling site TC3</u> (Search hour = 3 hrs) | | | | <i>Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda</i> | <i>Tachypleus tridentatus</i> |
| 1 | M | 22°17'001"N | 113°55'038"E | | 34.37 |
| 2 | M | 22°17'000"N | 113°55'040"E | 26.21 | |
| 3 | M | 22°16'060"N | 113°55'041"E | | 33.56 |
| No. of ind. | | | | 1 | 2 |
| <u>Sampling site ST</u> (Search hour = 3 hrs) | | | | <i>Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda</i> | <i>Tachypleus tridentatus</i> |
| 1 | S | 22°17'014"N | 113°55'031"E | | 36.45 |
| 2 | S | 22°17'014"N | 113°55'031"E | | 22.34 |
| 3 | S | 22°17'013"N | 113°55'031"E | | 34.55 |
| 4 | S | 22°17'013"N | 113°55'032"E | 23.78 | |
| 5 | M | 22°17'012"N | 113°55'033"E | 22.46 | |
| 6 | M | 22°17'014"N | 113°55'034"E | 24.56 | |
| 7 | S | 22°17'014"N | 113°55'034"E | | 27.31 |
| No. of ind. | | | | 3 | 4 |

Ind. #: number of Individuals (individuals in a group are shown at the same row)

Underlined: size of mating pair or large individual (excluded from data analysis)

Sub.: Substratum type; G = Gravel and Boulders, M = Soft mud, S = Sand

Appendix OII Record of seagrass beds survey in every sampling zone

| Estimated area (m ²) | Estimated coverage (%) | GPS coordinate | | Remark |
|--|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--|
| TC1& TC2 (search hour = 2 hrs) | | | | |
| No record | | | | |
| TC3 <i>Halophila ovalis</i> (search hour = 3 hrs) | | | | |
| 1 | 90-100 | horizontal line | 22°17'004"N 113°55'036"E | A horizontal strand of seagrass bed nearby the seaward side of mangrove area at tidal level 2.0 m above C.D. |
| 25 | 90-100 | horizontal line | 22°17'002"N 113°55'038"E | A horizontal strand of seagrass bed nearby the seaward side of mangrove area at tidal level 2.0 m above C.D. |
| 9 | 90-100 | horizontal line | 22°17'001"N 113°55'038"E | A horizontal strand of seagrass bed nearby the seaward side of mangrove area at tidal level 2.0 m above C.D. |
| ST <i>Halophila ovalis</i> (search hour = 3 hrs) | | | | |
| 4 | 90-100 | horizontal line | 22°17'014"N 113°55'029"E | A horizontal strand of seagrass bed nearby the seaward side of mangrove area at tidal level 2.0 m above C.D. |
| 8 | 70-80 | horizontal line | 22°17'013"N 113°55'030"E | A horizontal strand of seagrass bed nearby the seaward side of mangrove area at tidal level 2.0 m above C.D. |
| 1000 | 90-100 | horizontal line | 22°17'013"N 113°55'029"E | A horizontal strand of seagrass bed nearby the seaward side of mangrove area at tidal level 2.0 m above C.D. |

Appendix OV. Taxonomic resolution of every recorded species of intertidal soft shore community survey

| Kingdom | Phylum | Class | Order | Family | Species |
|----------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| Animalia | Annelida | Polycheata | Phyllodocida | Nereididae | <i>Nereididae</i> spp. |
| Animalia | Annelida | Polycheata | Canalipalpata | Ampharetidae | <i>Ampharetidae</i> sp. |
| Animalia | Annelida | Polycheata | Phyllodocida | Nereidae | <i>Perinereis</i> sp. |
| Animalia | Annelida | Polycheata | Sabellida | Sabellidae | <i>Sabellidae imbricatus</i> |
| Animalia | Arthropoda | Malacostraca | Decapoda | Grapsidae | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> |
| Animalia | Arthropoda | Malacostraca | Decapoda | Grapsidae | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> |
| Animalia | Arthropoda | Malacostraca | Decapoda | Grapsidae | <i>Metopograpsus quadridentatus</i> |
| Animalia | Arthropoda | Malacostraca | Decapoda | Paguridae | <i>Pagurus dubius</i> |
| Animalia | Arthropoda | Malacostraca | Decapoda | Sesarmidae | <i>Parasesarma bidens</i> |
| Animalia | Arthropoda | Malacostraca | Decapoda | Varuniae | <i>Hemigrapsus penicillatus</i> |
| Animalia | Arthropoda | Maxillopoda | Sessilia | Balanidae | <i>Balanus amphitrite</i> |
| Animalia | Cnidaria | Anthozoa | Actiniaria | Diadumenidae | <i>Diadumene lineata</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Bivalvia | Arcoida | Arcidae | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Bivalvia | Mytioida | Mytilidae | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Bivalvia | Mytioida | Mytilidae | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Bivalvia | Ostreoida | Ostreidae | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Bivalvia | Pterioida | Pteriidae | <i>Isognomon isognomum</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Bivalvia | Venerida | Glauconomidae | <i>Glaucnome chinensis</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Archaeogastropoda | Nacellidae | <i>Cellana toreuma</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Archaeogastropoda | Trochidae | <i>Monodonta labio</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Archaeogastropoda | Turbinidae | <i>Lunella coronata</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Archaeogastropoda | Turbinidae | <i>Lunella granulata</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Caenogastropoda | Batillariidae | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Caenogastropoda | Batillariidae | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Caenogastropoda | Potamididae | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Caenogastropoda | Potamididae | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Cycloneritimorpha | Neritidae | <i>Clithon faba</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Cycloneritimorpha | Neritidae | <i>Clithon oualaniensis</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Cycloneritimorpha | Neritidae | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Cycloneritimorpha | Neritidae | <i>Nerita chamaeleon</i> |

| Kingdom | Phylum | Class | Order | Family | Species |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Cycloneritimorpha | Neritidae | <i>Nerita lineata</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Cycloneritimorpha | Neritidae | <i>Nerita polita</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Cycloneritimorpha | Neritidae | <i>Nerita squamulata</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Littorinimorpha | Littorinidae | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Neogastropoda | Muricidae | <i>Thais clavigera</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Neotaenioglossa | Cerithiidae | <i>Clypeomorus moniliferum</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Neotaenioglossa | Littorinidae | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Patellogastropoda | Lottiidae | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Patellogastropoda | Lottiidae | <i>Lottia luchuana</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Patellogastropoda | Lottiidae | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | Trochida | Tegulidae | <i>Chlorostoma argyrostomum</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Gastropoda | | Lottiidae | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> |
| Animalia | Mollusca | Polyplacophora | Chitonida | Ischnochitonidae | <i>Lepidozona</i> spp. |
| Animalia | Nemertea | | | | <i>Nemertea</i> spp. |
| Animalia | Platyhelminthes | | | | <i>Platyhelminthes</i> sp. |
| Animalia | Sipuncula | Sipunculidae | Golfingiida | Sipunculidae | <i>Siphonosoma</i> sp. |
| Animalia | Sipuncula | Sipunculidae | Golfingiida | Sipunculidae | <i>Sipunculus nudus</i> |

Annex V. List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone TC1 | | High tidal level (2.0 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|-----|-----------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | | | | | 3 | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | 5 | | 23 | 34 | |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | | | | | 7 | | | | 9 | | 6 | | | | 3 | | 8 | | | 33 | |
| Bi | <i>Glaucanome chinensis</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 12 | 12 | |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | | | 36 | | 44 | | | | 41 | | 44 | | | | 46 | | 41 | | 40 | 292 | |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | | | 3 | | | | 32 | | | | 5 | | 4 | | | | | | | 44 | |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | 4 | |
| C | <i>Hemigrapsus penicillatus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | | | 3 | | 2 | | | | | | | | 1 | | 2 | | | | | 8 | |
| C | <i>Pagurus dubius</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 29 | | 5 | | 8 | | 20 | | 10 | | 18 | 2 | 34 | 5 | 12 | | 6 | | 10 | 3 | 162 |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | 11 | | 2 | | 4 | | 8 | | 5 | | 8 | | 18 | 2 | 4 | | 2 | | 2 | | 66 |
| G | <i>Cellana toreuma</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 |
| G | <i>Chlorostoma argyrostomum</i> | 4 | | | | | | | | 4 | | 5 | | | | | | 4 | | 2 | | 19 |
| G | <i>Clithon faba</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 2 |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | | | 4 | | 4 | | 6 | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | 2 | | | | 20 |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | 4 | | 9 |
| G | <i>Lunella coronata</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | 2 | | 5 |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | | | 6 | | 8 | | | | 4 | | 6 | | | | 7 | | | | | | 31 |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | | | 16 | | 19 | | 22 | | 15 | | 18 | | | | 22 | | 18 | | 18 | | 148 |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| Mar 2020 | Sampling Zone TC1 | High tidal level (2.0 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Sub-total |
|----------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|----|---|---|---|----|--------------|-------------|
| | | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | |
| Gp | Taxon | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | | | 8 | | 8 | | 10 | | 8 | | 2 | | | | 14 | | 8 | | 4 | | 62 |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 3 |
| G | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> | 6 | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | 12 | 2 | | 1 | | | | | 24 |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | 8 | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 4 | | | | 2 | 1 | 2 | | 18 |
| Ne | <i>Nemertea</i> spp. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | 2 |
| P | <i>Sabellidae imbricatus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | | | | 5 | | 4 | | 1 | | 16 |
| Sp | <i>Siphonosoma</i> sp. | 2 | | 4 | | | | | | 1 | | | | 2 | | | 1 | | | | | 10 |
| Sp | <i>Sipunculus nudus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | 1029 |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete,

P: Polychaete, Pl: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone TC1 | | Mid tidal level (1.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|-----------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | 2 | | | | | | 8 | | | | 3 | | 8 | | | | | | 8 | | 29 |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | 11 | | | | | | 17 | | | | 2 | | 4 | | | | | | 4 | | 38 |
| Bi | <i>Glaucanome chinensis</i> | | | | | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | 4 |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 38 | | 32 | | 26 | | 44 | | 15 | | 22 | | 42 | | 37 | | 34 | | 32 | | 322 |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | 8 | | | | | | 14 | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | 1 | | 27 |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | | | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 2 | | 8 |
| C | <i>Pagurus dubius</i> | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 4 |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 23 | | 24 | 2 | 14 | | 35 | | 26 | | 18 | 1 | 15 | | 15 | | 25 | | 17 | | 215 |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | 15 | | 14 | | 8 | | 18 | | 13 | | 7 | 1 | 5 | | 8 | | 8 | | 5 | | 102 |
| G | <i>Chlorostoma argyrostomum</i> | | | | | | | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | 2 | | | | 2 | | 10 |
| G | <i>Clithon faba</i> | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 4 | | 2 | | 9 |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | 8 | | 3 | | 3 | | 4 | | | | | | 2 | | | | 5 | | 4 | | 29 |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | 2 | | 2 | | 1 | | 9 |
| G | <i>Lunella coronata</i> | | | | | | | | | 4 | | 2 | | | | 2 | | 2 | | | | 10 |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | | | 5 | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 9 | | 7 | | | | 23 |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | 14 | | | | | | 14 | | 17 | | 22 | | 19 | | 18 | | 4 | | 6 | | 114 |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | 7 | | 4 | | 7 | | 11 | | | | 5 | | 8 | | 1 | | 2 | | 2 | | 47 |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone TC1 | | Mid tidal level (1.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | | | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| Gp | Taxon | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Sub-total |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| G | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> | 7 | | 7 | | 3 | | 3 | | 1 | | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | 28 |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | 6 | | 6 | | 7 | | 7 | | 6 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | 34 |
| Sp | <i>Siphonosoma sp.</i> | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 3 | | 1 | | 9 |
| Sp | <i>Sipunculus nudus</i> | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | 1080 | |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete, P: Polychaete, Pl: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone TC1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Low tidal level (0.5 m above C.D.) | |
|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total | |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | | |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | 20 | | | | 5 | | | | 12 | | 15 | | 5 | | 12 | | 2 | | 9 | | 80 | |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | | | 5 | | 12 | | | | | | 2 | | 11 | | | | 5 | | 3 | | 38 | |
| Bi | <i>Glauconome chinensis</i> | 5 | | 2 | | 5 | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | 1 | | | | 17 | |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 32 | | 35 | | 34 | | 32 | | 36 | | 48 | | 37 | | 32 | | 29 | | 36 | | 351 | |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | | | 6 | | | | 4 | | 2 | | 4 | | 8 | | | | 6 | | 8 | | 38 | |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | 4 | | 4 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 9 | |
| C | <i>Hemigrapsus penicillatus</i> | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 | | | | 5 | |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | 3 | | 5 | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | | | 11 | |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | | | 13 | | 12 | | | | 14 | | | | 10 | 1 | 18 | | 12 | | 2 | | 82 | |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | | | 17 | | 12 | | | | 6 | | | | 1 | | 11 | | 2 | | | | 49 | |
| G | <i>Chlorostoma argyrostomum</i> | | | 4 | | | | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | 2 | | | | | | 12 | |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | | 6 | |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | 18 | | 10 | | 17 | | 6 | | | | 11 | | | | | | | | 1 | | 63 | |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | | | | | | | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | | | 8 | |
| G | <i>Lottia luchuana</i> | | | 4 | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 3 | | 13 | |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | 4 | | | | 18 | | 8 | | 6 | | 5 | | 11 | | 6 | | 7 | | 15 | | 80 | |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | 12 | | 9 | | 10 | | 8 | | | | 11 | | 15 | | 18 | | 22 | | 22 | | 127 | |
| G | <i>Nerita lineata</i> | | | | | 4 | | | | 4 | | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 11 | |
| G | <i>Nerita polita</i> | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Low tidal level (0.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|----|--------------|-------------|--|
| Sampling Zone TC1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | | |
| Gp | Taxon | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Sub-total | |
| G | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> | | | 3 | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 9 | |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | | | 18 | | 5 | | 5 | | | | | | 4 | | 11 | | | | | 6 | 49 | |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| P | <i>Ampharetidae</i> sp. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 7 | | | 8 | |
| P | <i>Nereididae</i> spp. | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| P | <i>Perinereis</i> sp. | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | 2 | |
| P | <i>Sabellidae imbricatus</i> | | | 3 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | |
| Pl | <i>Platyhelminthes</i> | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 3 | |
| Sp | <i>Siphonosoma</i> sp. | 10 | | | | 2 | | 6 | | 9 | | 5 | 1 | | | 1 | | 2 | | | | 36 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | 1116 | |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete,

P: Polychaete, Pl: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

March 2020 Sampling Zone TC2

High tidal level (2.0 m above C.D.)

| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
|----|-------------------------------------|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|-----------|
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| Ba | <i>Balanus amphitrite</i> | | | 4 | | | | 6 | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 12 |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | | | 1 | | 15 | | | | | | 8 | | 3 | | 9 | | 5 | | 8 | | 49 |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 2 | | 7 | | | | 2 | | 3 | | 16 |
| Bi | <i>Glauconome chinensis</i> | 6 | | | | | | | | 4 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 2 | | 13 |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 24 | | 42 | | 46 | | 22 | | 20 | | 47 | | 38 | | 32 | | 24 | | 29 | | 324 |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | 12 | | 2 | | 16 | | | | | | 9 | | 8 | | | | 3 | | 12 | | 62 |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | 2 | | | | 3 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 |
| C | <i>Hemigrapsus penicillatus</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 4 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | 3 | | 5 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 10 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus quadridentatus</i> | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 11 | | | | | | 6 | | 4 | | 2 | | 3 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | 28 |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | 7 | | | | | | 6 | | 1 | | 3 | | | | 5 | | | | | | 22 |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | 5 | | | | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 8 | | 5 | | 22 |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | | | 5 | | 8 | | 4 | | | | | | 5 | | | | 2 | | 5 | | 29 |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | 1 | | 3 | | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | 14 |
| G | <i>Lunella coronata</i> | 9 | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | 2 | | 2 | | 6 | | | | 24 |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | | | 8 | | 9 | | 8 | | | | 12 | | 9 | | 6 | | 12 | | 18 | | 82 |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | | | 11 | | 11 | | 7 | | 7 | | 18 | | 33 | | 21 | | 23 | | 12 | | 143 |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 Sampling Zone TC2 | | High tidal level (2.0 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|----|--------------|-------------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| G | <i>Nerita lineata</i> | | | 4 | | 2 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 2 | | 1 | | 10 |
| G | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> | 2 | | 5 | | 2 | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 13 |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | 11 | | 16 | | 14 | | 9 | | 6 | | 6 | | 12 | | 8 | | 7 | | 8 | | 97 |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | 3 | | 3 | | 4 | | 4 | | 2 | | 4 | | 3 | | 2 | | 1 | | 3 | | 29 |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | 4 | | 1 | | | | 8 |
| P | <i>Sabellidae imbricatus</i> | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | 5 | | | | 11 |
| PI | <i>Platyhelminthes</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Sp | <i>Siphonosoma sp.</i> | | | 4 | | 2 | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 |
| Sp | <i>Sipunculus nudus</i> | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 3 | | | | | | 2 | | 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | 1047 |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete,

P: Polychaete, PI: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 Sampling Zone TC2 | | Mid tidal level (1.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Sub-total |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|---|----|----|----|-----------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| Ba | <i>Balanus amphitrite</i> | | | 15 | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 12 | | | | 1 | | 30 |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | | | 11 | | 22 | | 5 | | 14 | | 6 | | 9 | | 3 | | | | 8 | | 78 |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | | | | | 5 | | 13 | | | | 5 | | 8 | | | | | | 10 | | 41 |
| Bi | <i>Glaucanome chinensis</i> | | | 6 | | 15 | | | | 2 | | 2 | | 4 | | 4 | | | | | | 33 |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | | | 36 | | 44 | | 25 | | 38 | | 34 | | 38 | | 32 | | | | 45 | | 292 |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | | | | | 14 | | | | 12 | | 7 | | 4 | | 8 | | | | 7 | | 52 |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | 5 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus quadridentatus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | 5 |
| C | <i>Pagurus dubius</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | 1 | | | 3 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 2 |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 25 | | | | 9 | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | 22 | | 14 | 75 |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | 12 | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 19 | | 8 | 43 |
| G | <i>Clithon faba</i> | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 2 |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | | | 5 | | | | | | 2 | | | | 2 | | 5 | | | | | | 14 |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | | | | | 6 | | 4 | | 2 | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | 15 |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | | | 2 | | | | | | 4 | | 1 | | | | 3 | | | | 2 | | 12 |
| G | <i>Lunella coronata</i> | | | 8 | | 6 | | 2 | | | | | | 5 | | | | | 2 | | | 23 |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | | | | | 15 | | | | 6 | | 8 | | 5 | | 8 | | | 4 | | 11 | 57 |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | | | 15 | | 10 | | | | 16 | | 15 | | 16 | | 19 | | | | 20 | | 111 |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone TC2 | | Mid tidal level (1.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|-------------------|--|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total | |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | | |
| G | <i>Nerita lineata</i> | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 3 | |
| G | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> | | | 4 | | | | 4 | | 2 | | 3 | | 2 | | | | | | | | 15 | |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | | | | | 19 | | | | 4 | | 6 | | | | | | | | | 10 | 39 | |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 1 | | 2 | | | | 8 | | | | 13 | |
| G | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | 10 | |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | 5 | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 7 | |
| Po | <i>Lepidozona</i> spp. | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 2 | | | | | 2 | 5 | |
| Sp | <i>Siphonosoma</i> sp. | | | 7 | | 4 | | 1 | | 3 | | 1 | | | | 2 | | | | 1 | | 19 | |
| Sp | <i>Sipunculus nudus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total 1005 | |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete,

P: Polychaete, Pl: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 Sampling Zone TC2 | | Low tidal level (0.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|-----------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| Ba | <i>Balanus amphitrite</i> | 16 | | 17 | | 8 | | 11 | | | | 7 | | | | | | | | | | 59 |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | 7 | | | | 7 | | 9 | | 9 | | 5 | | 12 | | 10 | | 16 | | 12 | | 87 |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | 3 | | | | | | | | | | 8 | | 7 | | 5 | | 8 | | 7 | | 38 |
| Bi | <i>Glauconome chinensis</i> | 11 | | 2 | | 4 | | 9 | | 11 | | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | 41 |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 54 | | 44 | | 54 | | 47 | | 50 | | 49 | | 50 | | 44 | | 52 | | 50 | | 494 |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | 15 | | 10 | | 11 | | 6 | | 9 | | 8 | | | | 4 | | | | | | 63 |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | 6 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 7 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | 5 | | 2 | | 3 | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | 1 | | 1 | | 14 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus quadridentatus</i> | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| C | <i>Pagurus dubius</i> | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 2 | | | | 2 | | 2 | | 7 |
| C | <i>Parasesarma bidens</i> | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 6 | | 12 | | 9 | | 7 | | 10 | | 11 | | 15 | | 9 | | 14 | | 15 | | 108 |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | 3 | | 6 | | 5 | | 4 | | 4 | | 5 | | 8 | | 5 | | 3 | | 8 | | 51 |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 6 |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | 6 | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | 15 |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | | | | | | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | 11 |
| G | <i>Lunella coronata</i> | | | | | 3 | | | | 12 | | 1 | | | | 2 | | 2 | | | | 20 |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | 12 | | 9 | | 9 | | | | 8 | | 6 | | 12 | | | | 14 | | 12 | | 82 |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | 9 | | 19 | | 17 | | 8 | | 20 | | 17 | | 92 |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

March 2020 Sampling Zone TC2

Low tidal level (0.5 m above C.D.)

| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
|----|------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|--------------|-------------|
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| G | <i>Nerita lineata</i> | | | 1 | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 8 |
| G | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> | | | 2 | | 3 | | | | | | 1 | | 2 | | 1 | | 2 | | | 2 | 13 |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | 8 | | 10 | | 4 | | | | 5 | | | 4 | 33 |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | 6 |
| G | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | 5 | 11 |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| G | <i>Thais clavigera</i> | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 2 |
| Ne | <i>Nemertea</i> sp. | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | 1 | | | | 5 |
| Po | <i>Lepidozona</i> spp. | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Sp | <i>Siphonosoma</i> sp. | 5 | | 6 | | 8 | | 4 | | 4 | | | | 1 | | 2 | | | | | | 30 |
| Sp | <i>Sipunculus nudus</i> | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | 1 | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | 1313 |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete,

P: Polychaete, Pl: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone TC3 | | High tidal level (2.0 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|-----------|--|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total | |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | | |
| Ba | <i>Balanus amphitrite</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | 4 | | | | | 2 | | | | 3 | | 2 | 13 | |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | 5 | | 5 | | 8 | | 27 | |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | | | 2 | | 5 | | | | | | | | 5 | | 14 | | 5 | | 11 | | 42 | |
| Bi | <i>Glauconome chinensis</i> | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | 4 | |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 28 | | 32 | | 39 | | 26 | | 22 | | 24 | | 36 | | 44 | | 37 | | 36 | | 324 | |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | 10 | | 6 | | | | | | 20 | |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| C | <i>Pagurus dubius</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 2 | | | | | | 3 | |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 18 | | 4 | | 7 | | 8 | | 7 | | 24 | | 15 | | 14 | | 11 | | 9 | | 117 | |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | 9 | | 7 | | 4 | | 7 | | 8 | | 16 | | 4 | | 8 | | 5 | | 8 | | 76 | |
| G | <i>Clithon faba</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | | | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 5 | |
| G | <i>Clypeomorus moniliferum</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | 1 | | | | 4 | |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | | | 4 | | 2 | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | 9 | |
| G | <i>Lunella coronata</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | 5 | |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | 4 | | 8 | | 6 | | 4 | | | | 2 | | 8 | | 4 | | 10 | | | | 46 | |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | | | 10 | | 18 | | | | | | 8 | | 15 | | 20 | | 14 | | | | 85 | |
| G | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> | 2 | | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | | | 12 | |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone TC3 | | High tidal level (2.0 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|----|--------------|------------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | | | 10 | | 4 | | | | | | 5 | | 7 | | 14 | | 7 | | | | 47 |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | 2 | | 3 | | 5 | | | | | | | | 1 | | 2 | | 2 | | | | 15 |
| G | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> | 4 | | 2 | | | | 2 | | 2 | | 3 | | 3 | | | | 2 | | 11 | | 29 |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | 4 | | 4 | | | | 1 | | 1 | | 4 | | 3 | | | | 4 | | 2 | | 23 |
| P | <i>Nereididae</i> spp. | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| Po | <i>Lepidozonia</i> spp. | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Sp | Siphonosoma sp. | | | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 6 |
| Sp | <i>Sipunculus nudus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | 923 |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete,

P: Polychaete, Pl: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone TC3 | | Mid tidal level (1.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|-----|-----------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| Ba | <i>Balanus amphitrite</i> | | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | 2 | | | 10 | |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | 5 | | | | 14 | | 10 | | 2 | | 8 | | | | 15 | | 8 | | 5 | 67 | |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | | | | | | | 17 | | 8 | | 4 | | | | 8 | | 14 | | 17 | 68 | |
| Bi | <i>Glaucanome chinensis</i> | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | |
| Bi | <i>Isognomon isognomum</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 38 | | | | 31 | | 29 | | 28 | | 38 | | | | 40 | | 35 | | 44 | 283 | |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | 5 | 10 | |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 2 | |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 7 | | 4 | | | | 12 | | 7 | | 14 | | 14 | | 11 | | 16 | | 10 | 95 | |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | 13 | | 2 | | | | 3 | | 10 | | 8 | | 10 | | 5 | | 8 | | 5 | 64 | |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | 5 | |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | 3 | | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | | | 1 | | | | | 8 | |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | 9 | | | | 7 | | 8 | | 7 | | 12 | | | | 12 | | 5 | | | 60 | |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | | | | | 11 | | 12 | | 8 | | | | | | 17 | | 18 | | 22 | 88 | |
| G | <i>Nerita lineata</i> | 1 | | | | | | 2 | | 5 | | | | 1 | | 2 | | | | | 11 | |
| G | <i>Nerita squamulata</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | |
| G | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> | | | | | 2 | | | | 2 | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | 6 | |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone TC3 | | Mid tidal level (1.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|--------------|------------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | | | | | | | 8 | | 16 | | | | | | | | 2 | | 8 | | 34 |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | 2 | | | | 2 | | | | 4 | | 1 | | | | 2 | | 4 | | 1 | | 16 |
| G | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 1 | 4 | | 7 |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | | | | | | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | 2 | | 2 | | 10 |
| Ne | <i>Nemertea</i> spp. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 2 | 3 |
| P | <i>Sabellidae imbricatus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 4 | | | | 2 | | 7 |
| Po | <i>Lepidozonia</i> spp. | | | | | | | 2 | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | 872 |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete,

P: Polychaete, Pl: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 Sampling Zone TC3 | | Low tidal level (0.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|-----------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| Ba | <i>Balanus amphitrite</i> | | | | | | | | | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | 11 |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | | | | | 7 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 15 | 6 | 15 | 9 | | | | | | | | | 77 |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | 8 | | | | 8 | 12 | 12 | 15 | 7 | 14 | 3 | 5 | | | | | | | | | 84 |
| Bi | <i>Glauconome chinensis</i> | | | | | 7 | | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 14 |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 24 | 8 | | | 31 | 43 | 24 | 38 | 42 | 36 | 50 | 40 | | | | | | | | | 336 |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | | | | | | 6 | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | 4 | | 15 |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | 2 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 |
| C | <i>Hemigrapsus penicillatus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | 1 | 2 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 4 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus quadridentatus</i> | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| C | <i>Pagurus dubius</i> | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 3 |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 7 | | | | 6 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 17 | 17 | 15 | 12 | | | | | | | | | 95 |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | 2 | | | | 4 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 13 | 5 | 10 | 5 | | | | | | | | | 52 |
| G | <i>Chlorostoma argyrostomum</i> | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 3 |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | 2 | | | | 6 | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | 12 |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | 3 | | | | | 1 | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 |
| G | <i>Lunella coronata</i> | | | | | | | | | 3 | | 5 | 5 | | | | | | | 4 | | 17 |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | 8 | 6 | | | 14 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 6 | 12 | 8 | 4 | | | | | | | | | 81 |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | | | | | | 14 | 10 | 14 | 17 | 20 | 15 | 10 | | | | | | | | | 100 |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

March 2020 Sampling Zone TC3

Low tidal level (0.5 m above C.D.)

| Gp | Taxon | Low tidal level (0.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Sub-total |
|--------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|----|-------------|-----------|
| | | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| G | <i>Nerita lineata</i> | 4 | | | | 3 | | 4 | | 4 | | | | 4 | | 8 | | 5 | | 1 | | 33 |
| G | <i>Nerita squamulata</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 2 |
| G | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> | 2 | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 1 | | 8 |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | 3 | | | | | | | | 10 | | 8 | | 15 | | 3 | | 5 | | 5 | | 49 |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | 1 | | | | | 4 | | | | | 2 | | | | 2 | | | | | | 9 |
| G | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | | | | | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | 5 | | | | | | 3 | 1 | 15 |
| Ne | <i>Nemertea</i> spp. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| P | <i>Sabellidae imbricatus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | 1 | | 5 |
| Po | <i>Lepidozonia</i> spp. | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 1 | | | | 4 | | | | | | 7 |
| Sp | <i>Siphonosoma</i> sp. | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 4 | 1 | | | | | | 5 | 11 |
| Sp | <i>Sipunculus nudus</i> | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 2 | | | | 5 |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1064 | |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete,

P: Polychaete, Pl: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | High tidal level (2.0 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|----|-----------|--|
| Sampling Zone ST | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total | |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | | |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | 10 | | 9 | | | | | | 6 | | 4 | | 6 | | 3 | | 4 | | | | 42 | |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | 1 | | 2 | | | | 4 | | | | 2 | | 5 | | 1 | | | | | 4 | 19 | |
| Bi | <i>Glaucanome chinensis</i> | 4 | | | | | | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | 3 | | | 3 | 16 | |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 36 | | 35 | | 43 | | 41 | | 44 | | 42 | | 46 | | 38 | | 42 | | | 41 | 408 | |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | 1 | | 3 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 7 | |
| C | <i>Hemigrapsus penicillatus</i> | | | 2 | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 5 | |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 8 | |
| C | <i>Pagurus dubius</i> | 1 | | | | | | 1 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | | | 15 | | 13 | | 10 | | 13 | | 10 | | 12 | 2 | 15 | | 8 | | | 10 | 108 | |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | | | 9 | | 6 | | 8 | | 5 | | | | 4 | | 8 | | 6 | | | 5 | 1 52 | |
| G | <i>Clithon faba</i> | 5 | | | | | | 5 | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | | | 16 | |
| G | <i>Clithon oualaniensis</i> | | | | | | | 5 | | 5 | | | | | | | | 2 | | | 4 | 16 | |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | 9 | | 4 | | 5 | | 4 | | 4 | | | | 2 | | 4 | | | | | | 32 | |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | 7 | | 6 | | 7 | | | | 5 | | 8 | | | | 2 | | | | | | 35 | |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | | | 3 | | 2 | | | | 1 | | 3 | | | | | | 2 | | | | 11 | |
| G | <i>Lunella coronata</i> | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | 2 | 1 | 3 | | | | | 2 | 12 | |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | 4 | | 4 | | | | 8 | | 6 | | 8 | | 7 | | 8 | | 4 | | | 11 | 60 | |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | High tidal level (2.0 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|--------------|-------------|--|
| Sampling Zone ST | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total | |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | | |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | 12 | | 16 | | 15 | | 11 | | 14 | | 17 | | 14 | | 17 | | 20 | | 15 | | 151 | |
| G | <i>Nerita chamaeleon</i> | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | 1 | | 6 | |
| G | <i>Nerita lineata</i> | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 | | | | 2 | | 2 | | 9 | |
| G | <i>Nerita polita</i> | 7 | | | | 4 | | 6 | | 4 | | 2 | | | | 1 | | | | | | 24 | |
| G | <i>Nerita squamulata</i> | 5 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 7 | |
| G | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> | | | | | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | 4 | | | | 12 | |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | 8 | | 16 | | 12 | | 12 | | | | 11 | | 8 | | 7 | | 7 | | | | 81 | |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | | | 2 | | 3 | | | | 2 | | 3 | | | | | | 3 | | | | 13 | |
| G | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 1 | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | 7 | |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | | | 1 | 2 | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | 1 | | 7 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | 1170 | |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete,

P: Polychaete, Pl: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone ST | | Mid tidal level (1.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|-----------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | 7 | | 11 | | 3 | | 3 | | 7 | | 4 | | | | 4 | | 8 | | | | 47 |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | | | 4 | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | 6 | | 8 | | 23 |
| Bi | <i>Glauconome chinensis</i> | 2 | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 4 | | 2 | | 5 | | 2 | | 17 |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 22 | | 27 | | 24 | | 30 | | 35 | | 32 | | 24 | | 19 | | 41 | | 36 | | 290 |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 4 |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 3 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | | | 2 | | | | | | 5 | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | 11 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus quadridentatus</i> | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 3 |
| C | <i>Pagurus dubius</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 3 | | | | | | 5 |
| Cn | <i>Diadumene lineata</i> | 2 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 4 |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | 6 | | 8 | | 12 | | 9 | | 6 | | 14 | | 8 | | 8 | 2 | 8 | | 9 | | 90 |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | 5 | | 10 | | 5 | | 4 | | 8 | | 10 | | 1 | | 7 | | 4 | | 4 | | 58 |
| G | <i>Clithon oualaniensis</i> | 1 | | | | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | | | 17 | | 9 | | 3 | | 7 | | | | 8 | | | | 2 | | 5 | | 51 |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | 2 | | 5 | | 6 | | | | 6 | | | | 2 | | | | 4 | | | | 25 |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | 2 | | 1 | | 3 | | | | 6 | | | | 3 | | | | | | 2 | | 17 |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | 6 | | 9 | | 4 | | 12 | | | | 10 | | 1 | | | | 12 | 1 | 10 | | 65 |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | 9 | | 12 | | 8 | | | | 11 | | 17 | | 15 | | 14 | | 15 | | 8 | | 109 |
| G | <i>Nerita lineata</i> | | | | | | | 1 | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | | | 4 | | 9 |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone ST | | Mid tidal level (1.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|----|---|----|--------------|-------------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| G | <i>Nerita polita</i> | 5 | | 4 | | 7 | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 20 |
| G | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> | 2 | | 4 | | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 2 | | 2 | | 16 |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | 9 | | 12 | | 8 | | 15 | | 8 | | 6 | | 5 | | 10 | | 15 | | | | 88 |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | | | 5 | | 2 | | | | 3 | | 0 | | | | | | | | 3 | | 13 |
| G | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> | | | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 10 |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | | | 1 | | | | 3 | | | | 4 | | | | | 1 | | | | | 9 |
| P | Sabellidae imbricatus | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | 5 |
| Pl | Platyhelminthes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 |
| Po | <i>Lepidozona</i> spp. | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 4 | | 7 |
| Sp | <i>Siphonosoma</i> sp. | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| Sp | <i>Sipunculus nudus</i> | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | 1007 |

Key for faunal groups (Gp):

Ba: Barnacle, Bi: Bivalve, C: Crab, Cn: Cnidarin, Eh: Echiuran, F: Fish, G: Gastropod, Hc: Hermit crab, Ne: Nemertean, Ol: Oligochaete,

P: Polychaete, Pl: Platyhelminthes, Po: Polyplacophores, S: Shrimp, Sc: Scaphopods, Sp: Sipunculan

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone ST | | Low tidal level (0.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|-----------|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | |
| Bi | <i>Barbatia virescens</i> | | | | | 2 | | | | 3 | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | 9 |
| Bi | <i>Brachidontes variabilis</i> | 5 | | 5 | | 4 | | 8 | | 5 | | 10 | | 12 | | | | 5 | | 5 | | 59 |
| Bi | <i>Glaucanome chinensis</i> | | | 4 | | 2 | | 4 | | 2 | | 2 | | | | 3 | | 1 | | | | 18 |
| Bi | <i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> | 36 | | 35 | | 48 | | 42 | | 44 | | 38 | | 35 | | 45 | | 39 | | 46 | | 408 |
| Bi | <i>Xenostrobus atratus</i> | 1 | | | | 1 | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 8 |
| C | <i>Gaetice depressus</i> | | | | | 3 | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 | | 8 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus latifrons</i> | 1 | | 2 | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 5 |
| C | <i>Metopograpsus quadridentatus</i> | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 | | | | 5 |
| C | <i>Pagurus dubius</i> | 13 | | 12 | | 12 | 2 | | | 15 | | 6 | | 16 | | 19 | 1 | 14 | | 8 | | 118 |
| Cn | <i>Diadumene lineata</i> | 18 | 1 | 15 | | 10 | | | | 11 | | 13 | | 8 | | 6 | | 5 | | 15 | | 102 |
| G | <i>Batillaria multiformis</i> | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | 8 |
| G | <i>Batillaria zonalis</i> | | | | | | | 2 | | | | 4 | 1 | | | 9 | | 6 | | | | 22 |
| G | <i>Clithon oualaniensis</i> | | | | | 3 | | 5 | | | | | | 2 | | 4 | | 1 | | | | 15 |
| G | <i>Clithon retropictus</i> | 3 | | 2 | | 2 | | 3 | | 2 | | | | 8 | | 2 | | 2 | | | | 24 |
| G | <i>Littoraria articulata</i> | 4 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 4 | | 12 |
| G | <i>Lottia dorsuosa</i> | 12 | | | | 8 | | 8 | | 6 | | 7 | | 15 | | | | 4 | | 8 | | 68 |
| G | <i>Lunella granulata</i> | 4 | | 8 | | 12 | | 16 | | 10 | | 15 | | | | 15 | | 18 | | 18 | | 116 |
| G | <i>Monodonta labio</i> | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 5 |

Annex V (Cont'd) List of recorded fauna of intertidal soft shore community survey in every sampling zone

| March 2020 | | Sampling Zone ST | | Low tidal level (0.5 m above C.D.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|----|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|----|---|----|---|---|---|----|--------------|-------------|----|
| Gp | Taxon | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | Sub-total | |
| | | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | Q | C | | |
| G | <i>Nerita polita</i> | 5 | | 3 | | 4 | | 6 | | 4 | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 24 | |
| G | <i>Nerita lineata</i> | | | 2 | | | | 7 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | 11 | |
| G | <i>Nipponacmea concinna</i> | 15 | | 17 | | 16 | | 1 | | 14 | | 9 | | 17 | | 10 | | 7 | | | 14 | 120 | |
| G | <i>Nodilittorina radiata</i> | | | 3 | | 2 | | | | 4 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | 2 | 13 | |
| G | <i>Patelloida pygmaea</i> | 6 | | | | 4 | | | | 6 | | | | 8 | 1 | | | 5 | 1 | | | 31 | |
| G | <i>Pirenella asiatica</i> | 8 | | 6 | | 3 | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | 6 | 1 | 26 |
| G | <i>Pirenella incisa</i> | | | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | 1 | 10 |
| P | Sabellidae imbricatus | | | 1 | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | 11 | |
| Pl | <i>Platyhelminthes</i> | | 1 | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 5 | |
| Po | <i>Lepidozona</i> spp. | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 3 | |
| Sp | <i>Siphonosoma</i> sp. | 1 | | 2 | | 5 | | 3 | | | | | | 2 | | 2 | | 4 | | | | 19 | |
| Sp | <i>Sipunculus nudus</i> | | | 1 | | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | 10 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | 1293 | |