

JOB NO.: TCS01062/19

EPD CONTRACT NO. EP/SP/86/15 ORGANIC WASTE TREATMENT FACILITIES PHASE 2

MONTHLY ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDIT REPORT (FEBRUARY 2022)

PREPARED FOR

AJA JOINT VENTURE

Date Reference No. Prepared By Certified By

09 March 2022 TCS01062/19/600/R0224v2

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Attn: Mr. Chris Leung

11 March 2022

Dear Sir

Contract No. EP/SP/86/15 Organic Waste Treatment Facilities Phase 2 Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2022)

Referring to your letter referenced above dated 7 March 2022, pursuant to Permit Condition 3.4 of the Environmental Permit No.EP-01/460/2013/A and FEP-01/460/2013/A, we hereby verify that the report ref. no. TCS01062/19/600/R0224v2 complied in general with the requirements as set out in the EM&A Manual.

Should you have any queries, please contact the undersigned at 2268 3437.

Yours faithfully

Ricky Chui

Independent Environmental Checker

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AUES – Mr. T.W. Tam, Mr. Martin Li



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- ES01 Environmental Protection Department (hereinafter referred as "EPD") is the Project Proponent for the Project "Organic Waste Treatment Facilities Phase 2" (hereinafter referred as "the Project"). The Project is a Designated Project to be implemented under Environmental Permit No. EP-460/2013 (hereinafter referred as "the EP"). In accordance with the Works Contract requirements, the Contractor shall take over the responsibility of the EP. Based on the requirement, Further Environmental Permit FEP-01/460/2013/A (hereinafter referred as "the FEP") was applied by AJA Joint Venture (hereinafter referred as "AJAJV").
- ES02 Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting (hereinafter referred as "AUES") was employed as Environmental Team (hereinafter referred as "ET") to implement monitoring programmes and as well as the associated duties.
- ES03 This is the monthly EM&A report presenting the environmental monitoring results and inspection findings for the reporting period from 1 to 28 February 2022 (hereinafter 'the Reporting Period').

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDIT ACTIVITIES

ES04 Environmental monitoring activities under the EM&A program in this Reporting Period are summarized in the following table.

Table ES-1 Summary of Environmental Monitoring Activities Undertaken in the Reporting Period

Issues	Environmental Monitoring Parameters / Inspection	Sessions
	Leq (30min) Daytime	16
Construction Noise	Leq (5min) restricted hours 19:00-07:00 including public holidays and Sundays	24
Inspection / Audit	ET Regular Environmental Site Inspection	3

BREACH OF ACTION AND LIMIT (A/L) LEVELS

ES05 No construction noise monitoring action limit level exceedance was recorded in this Reporting Period. The statistics of environmental exceedance and investigation of exceedance are summarized in the following table.

Table ES-2 Summary of Environmental Monitoring Parameter Exceedance in the Reporting Period

Environmental	Monitoring	Action	Limit	Event & Action		
Issues	Parameters	Level	Level	Investigation Results	Corrective Actions	
Construction	Leq _{30min} Daytime	0	0	NA	NA	
	Leq _{5min} Restricted hour	0	0	NA	NA	

SITE INSPECTION

ES06 In the Reporting Period, weekly joint site inspections to evaluate the site environmental performance had been carried out by the representative of the Consultants, Independent Environmental Checker (IEC), ET and the Contractor on 9th, 16th and 23th February 2022. No non-compliance was recorded during the site inspections.



ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT

ES07 No environmental complaint was recorded in this Reporting Period for the Project. The statistics of environmental complaint are summarized in the following table.

Table ES-3 Summary of Environmental Complaint Records in the Reporting Period

Donauting Davied	Enviror	Related with the		
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	Works Contract
1 – 28 February 2022	0	3	NA	NA

NOTIFICATION OF SUMMONS AND SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTIONS

ES08 No environmental summons or prosecutions was received in this Reporting Period for the Project. The statistics of environmental summons or prosecutions are summarized in the following tables.

Table ES-4 Summary of Environmental Summons Records in the Reporting Period

Donauting David	Environ	Related with the		
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	Works Contract
1 – 28 February 2022	0	0	NA	NA

Table ES-5 Summary of Environmental Prosecutions Records in the Reporting Period

Reporting Period	Environi	Related with the		
Reporting Feriou	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature	Works Contract
1 – 28 February 2022	0	0	NA	NA

REPORTING CHANGE

ES09 No reporting change was made in this Reporting Period.

FUTURE KEY ISSUES

- ES10 Construction noise would be a key environmental issue during construction work of the Project. Noise mitigation measures such as using quiet plants should be implemented in accordance with the EM&A requirement.
- ES11 In addition, all effluent discharge from the construction site shall fulfill the discharge licence stipulation.



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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT BACKGROUND

- 1.1.1 Environmental Protection Department (hereinafter referred as "EPD") is the Project Proponent for the Project "Organic Waste Treatment Facilities Phase 2" (hereinafter referred as "the Project"). The Project is a Designated Project to be implemented under Environmental Permit No. FEP-460/2013 (hereinafter referred as "the EP"). The major construction work of the Project included:
 - (i) Demolition and removal of the existing above ground structures of the Sha Ling Livestock Waste Composting Plant (SLCP);
 - (ii) Construction of superstructure for an administration building and enclosed waste reception area:
 - (iii) Installation of treatment facilities including waste pre-treatment equipment, digesters, biogas holding tanks, granulator/granulation building, wastewater treatment, air treatment systems; and
 - (iv) Facilities for biogas processing, utilization and transmission;
- 1.1.2 AJA Joint Venture (hereinafter referred as "AJAJV") has been awarded the *EPD Contract No. EP/SP/86/15* "Organic Waste Treatment Facilities Phase 2". In accordance with the Works Contract requirements, AJAJV shall take over the responsibility of the EP. Based on the requirement, Further Environmental Permit application was submitted by AJAJV to EPD on 10 September 2019 and granted on 2 October 2019. A variation of Further Environmental Permit was granted on 14 September 2020. The Further Environmental Permit is named as FEP-01/460/2013/A (hereinafter referred as "the FEP").
- 1.1.3 According to the approved Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual (hereinafter referred as "the EM&A Manual"), AJAJV employed Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting (hereinafter referred as "AUES") as Environmental Team (hereinafter referred as "ET") to implement monitoring programme and as well as the associated duties.
- 1.1.4 According to the EM&A Manual, construction noise was identified as the only key environmental issue during the construction phase of the Project and it is required to carry out construction noise monitoring throughout the construction phase. Furthermore, baseline noise monitoring as part of the EM&A programmes shall be conducted prior to the commencement of the construction works under the Project. Thus, baseline noise monitoring was conducted by ET from 25 September 2019 to 8 October 2019. The baseline monitoring report compiled by the ET was verified by Independent Environmental Checker (hereinafter the "IEC") and was submitted to EPD on 19th November 2019 for endorsement.
- 1.1.5 The Project works was commenced on 3rd December 2019. This is the 27th EM&A monthly report presenting the construction noise monitoring results and site inspection findings from 1st to 28th February 2022 (hereinafter the "Reporting Period").

1.2 REPORT STRUCTURE

1.2.1 The Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report is structured into the following sections:-

Section I	Introduction
Section 2	Project Organization and Construction Progress
Section 3	Summary of Impact Monitoring Requirements
Section 4	Construction Noise Monitoring
Section 5	Waste Management
Section 6	Site Inspections
Section 7	Environmental Complaints and Non-Compliance
Section &	Implementation Status of Mitigation Measures

Section 8 Implementation Status of Mitigation Measures
Section 9 Conclusions and Recommendations



2. PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

2.1 PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

2.1.1 Organization structure and contact details of relevant parties with respect to on-site environmental management are shown in *Appendix B*. The responsibilities of respective parties are:

Engineer or Engineers Representative (ER)

- 2.1.2 The ER is responsible for overseeing the construction works and for ensuring that the works are undertaken by the Contractor in accordance with the specification and contract requirements. The duties and responsibilities of the ER with respect to EM&A include:
 - to monitor the Contractor's compliance with Contract Specifications, including the effective implementation and operation of the environmental mitigation measures;
 - to employ an Independent Environmental Checker (IEC) to audit the results of the EM&A works carried out by the Environmental Team (ET);
 - to monitor Contractors', ET's and IEC's compliance with the requirements in the Environmental Permit (EP) and EM&A Manual;
 - to facilitate ET's implementation of the EM&A programme;
 - participate in joint site inspection by the ET and IEC;
 - to oversee the implementation of the agreed Event / Action Plan in the event of any exceedance; and,
 - to adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation.

The Contractor

- 2.1.3 The Contractor should report to the ER. The duties and responsibilities of the Contractor include:
 - to comply with the relevant contract conditions and specifications on environmental protection;
 - to employ an ET to undertake monitoring, laboratory analysis and reporting of EM&A;
 - to facilitate ET's monitoring and site inspection activities;
 - to participate in the site inspections undertaken by the ET and IEC, and undertake any corrective actions;
 - to provide information / advice to the ET regarding works programme and activities which may contribute to the generation of adverse environmental impacts;
 - to submit proposals on mitigation measures in case of exceedance of Action and Limit levels in accordance with the Event / Action Plans;
 - to implement measures to reduce impact where Action and Limit levels are exceeded; and,
 - to adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation.

Environmental Team (ET)

- 2.1.4 The ET will be led and managed by the ET Leader. ET Leader should have relevant professional qualifications in environmental control and possess at least 7 years of experience in EM&A. Suitably qualified staff should be included in the ET, and resources for the implementation of the EM&A programme should be allocated in the time under the Contract, to enable fulfilment of the Project's EM&A requirements as specified in the EM&A Manual during construction of the Project. The ET should report to Project Proponent and the duties should include:
 - to monitor and audit various environmental parameters as required in this EM&A Manual;
 - to analyse the environmental monitoring and audit data, review the success of EM&A programme and the adequacy of mitigation measures implemented, confirm the validity of the EIA predictions and identify any adverse environmental impacts arising;
 - to monitor compliance with conditions in the EP, environmental protection, pollution prevention and control regulations and contract specifications;
 - to audit environmental conditions on site;
 - to report on the environmental monitoring and audit results to EPD, the ER, the IEC and Contractor or their delegated representatives;



- to recommend suitable mitigation measures to the Contractor in the case of exceedance of Action and Limit levels in accordance with the Event and Action Plans;
- to liaise with the IEC on all environmental performance matters, and ensure timely submission of all relevant EM&A pro forma for IEC's approval;
- to provide advice to the Contractor on environmental improvement, awareness and enhancement matters, etc on site;
- to adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation;
- to prepare reports on the environmental monitoring data and the site environmental conditions;
- to submit the EM&A report to Director of Environmental Protection (DEP) timely;
- to review proposals of mitigation measures from the Contractor in case of exceedance of Action and Limit levels, in accordance with Event and Action Plan; and,
- to carry out site inspection to investigate and audit the Contractor's site practice, equipment and work methodologies with respect to pollution control and mitigation measures.

Independent Environmental Checker (IEC)

- 2.1.5 The IEC is empowered to audit the environmental performance of construction, but is independent from the management of construction works. As such, the IEC should not be in any way an associated body of the Contractor or the ET for the Project. The IEC should be a person who has relevant professional qualifications in environmental control and at least 7 years' experience in EM&A and environmental management. The duties and responsibilities of the IEC are:
 - to provide proactive advice to the ER on EM&A matters related to the project;
 - to review and verify the monitoring data and all submissions in connection with the EP and EM&A Manual submitted by the ET;
 - to arrange and conduct regular, at least monthly site inspections of the works during the construction phase, and to carry out ad hoc inspections if significant environmental problems are identified:
 - to check compliance with the agreed Event / Action Plan in the event of any exceedance;
 - to check compliance with the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation;
 - to check the effectiveness of corrective measures;
 - to feedback audit results to the ET by signing off relevant EM&A pro forma;
 - to check that mitigation measures are effectively implemented;
 - to report the works conducted, and the findings, recommendations and improvements of the site inspections, after reviewing ET's and Contractor's works, to the ER on a monthly basis;
 - to verify the investigation result of the environmental complaint cases and the effectiveness of corrective measures;
 - to verify EM&A report that has been certified by ET leader; and,
 - to audit EIA recommendations and requirements against the status of implementation of environmental mitigation measures on site.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

- 2.2.1 3-month rolling construction program of the Project is enclosed in *Appendix D*; and the major construction activities undertaken in the Reporting Period is presented as below:
 - GB@ Granulation Hall Area Ground Floor to Roof Floor complete and Roof Floor Roof Slab Plinths
 - GB@ WWTP Area Roof Floor Columns & Walls
 - RB Roof Floor Columns & Walls
 - AB Roof Floor Columns & Walls and Underground Floor Roof Slab
 - AD Tanks AD1 & AD3 Lifting Work in progress, AD2 Lift Complete for E&M access and AD4 for E&M Installation
 - Digestate Tank Lift in progress



2.3 SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL SUBMISSIONS

2.3.1 Summary of the relevant permits, licenses, and/or notifications on environmental protection for the Project of contract 1 are presented in *Tables 2-1*.

Table 2-1 Status of Environmental Licenses and Permits of the Project

		License/Permit Status				
Item	Description	Permit no./	Valid Perio	od		
Item	Description	account no./ Ref. no.	From	Го	Status	
1	Notification pursuant to Air pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	Application No. 448863	9 Sep N 2019	NA	Valid	
2	Chemical Waste Producer Registration	Ref. No. 5211-641-A2957-0	9 Oct N 2019	JA	Valid	
3	Water Pollution Control Ordinance - Discharge License	Application No. 448913			Application made on 10 Sep 2019	
4	Waste Disposal Regulation - Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Account No. 7035307	2 Oct N	NA	Valid	
5	Further Environmental Permit	FEP-01/460/2013/ A	14 Sep N 2020	NA .	Valid	
6	Construction Noise Permit	GW-RN0063-22	03 Feb 02 2022 2022	May 2	Valid	
7	Waste Water Discharge License	WT00035196-2019	20 Mar 31 2020 2025	Mar	Valid	



3. SUMMARY OF IMPACT MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

3.1 MONITORING PARAMETERS

3.1.1 According to Environmental Monitoring and Audit requirements set out in the Approved EM&A manual, construction noise was identified as the only key environmental issues during the construction phase of the Project.

3.2 MONITORING PARAMETERS

3.2.1 The construction noise monitoring requirement stated in the approved EM&A Manual is summarized in *Table 3-1*.

Table 3-1 Summary of EM&A Requirements

Environmental Issue	Parameters				
Noise	 Leq(30min) in normal working days (Monday to Saturday) 07:00-19:00 except public holiday Supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results such as L₁₀ and L₉₀ shall also be obtained for reference. Leq(5min) if construction works are extended to restricted hours 19:00-07:00 including public holidays and Sundays 				

3.3 MONITORING LOCATIONS

3.3.1 According to the EM&A Manual Section 4.2.3, four (4) designated noise sensitive receivers (NSR) were recommended as construction noise monitoring stations. Since two of the designated monitoring locations N2 and N3 were found not accessible, alternative monitoring locations N2a and N3a were therefore proposed for the noise monitoring and were approved by EPD on 1 June 2021. Details of the locations for construction noise monitoring in the Reporting Period is listed in *Table 3-2* and showed in *Appendix C*.

Table 3-2 Impact Monitoring Stations – Construction Noise

ID	Location
N1	Village House No. 308, Sha Ling
N2a	Village House No. 318, Sha Ling
N3a	Village House No. 261, Sha Ling
N4	Village House in Sha Ling

3.4 MONITORING FREQUENCY AND PERIOD

- 3.4.1 Noise monitoring shall be conducted at the all available designated monitoring stations or alternative locations. The monitoring frequency shall depend on scale of the construction activities. According to EM&A manual, regular noise monitoring should be carried out once a week when noise generating activities are underway and the monitoring requirement is presented below:
 - one set of Leq_(30min) measurements between 07:00 and 19:00 hours on normal weekdays
- 3.4.2 If construction works are extended to restricted hours 19:00-07:00 in normal working days (Monday to Saturday), and 00:00-24:00 during public holidays including Sunday, additional weekly impact monitoring should be carried out during the respective restricted hour periods. Leq_(5min) measurements should be employed during the restricted hours.

3.5 MONITORING EQUIPMENT

3.5.1 Sound level meter in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications shall be used for carrying out the noise monitoring. The sound level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator. The wind speed shall be checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring the wind speed in ms⁻¹.\



3.5.3 Equipment used for construction noise monitoring is listed in *Table 3-3*.

Table 3-3 Construction Noise Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model
Integrating Sound Level Meter	Rion NL-52
Calibrator	B&K Type 4231
Portable Wind Speed Indicator	Anemometer AZ Instrument 8908 Wind Speed Indicator

3.6 MONITORING METHODOLOGY

- 3.6.1 All noise measurements will be performed with the meter set to FAST response and on the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (Leq). Leq_(30 min) in six consecutive Leq_(5 min) measurements will be used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 07:00-19:00 hours on weekdays throughout the construction period.
- 3.6.2 The sound level meter will be mounted on a tripod at a height of 1.2 m and placed at the assessment point and oriented such that the microphone is pointed to the site with the microphone facing perpendicular to the line of sight. The windshield will be fitted for all measurements. Where a measurement is to be carried out at a building, the assessment point would normally be at a position 1 m from the exterior of the building façade. Where a measurement is to be made for noise being received at a place other than a building, the assessment point would be at a position 1.2 m above the ground in a free-field situation, i.e. at least 3.5 m away from reflective surfaces such as adjacent buildings or walls.
- 3.6.3 Immediately prior to and following each noise measurement the accuracy of the sound level meter will be checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements will be accepted as valid only if the calibration level from before and after the noise measurement agrees to within 1.0 dB.
- 3.6.4 Noise measurements will not be made in fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5m/s or wind with gusts exceeding 10m/s. The wind speed will be checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring the wind speed in m/s.
- 3.6.5 The sound level meter and calibrator are calibrated and certified by a laboratory accredited under HOKLAS or any other international accreditation scheme at yearly basis. Calibration certificates of all the noise monitoring equipment used for the impact monitoring program will be provided in each EM&A Monthly Report.

3.7 ACTION/LIMIT (A/L) LEVELS

3.7.1 Action and Limit levels for construction noise as stipulated in the approved Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual are listed in *Tables 3-4*.



Table 3-4 Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise

Monitoring Location	Action Level	Limit Level in dB(A)			
Time Period:	0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays				
N1					
N2a	When one or more documented	77 1D(1)			
N3a	complaints are received	75 dB(A)			
N4					
Time Period:	ng days (Monday to Saturday), and lic holidays including Sunday				
N1					
N2a	When one or more documented	60 dB(A)			
N3a	complaints are received				
N4					

Note: If works are to be carried out during restricted hours, the conditions stipulated in the construction noise permit issued by the Noise Control Authority should be followed.

3.7.2 Should non-compliance of the environmental quality criteria occur, remedial actions will be triggered according to the Event and Action Plan presented in *Appendix E*.

3.8 DATA MANAGEMENT AND DATA QA/QC CONTROL

3.8.1 All monitoring data will be handled by the ET's in-house data recording and management system. The monitoring data recorded in the equipment will be downloaded directly from the equipment at the end of each monitoring day. The downloaded monitoring data will be input into a computerized database properly maintained by the ET.



4. CONSTRUCTION NOISE MONITORING

4.1 GENERAL

- 4.1.1 In the Reporting Period, construction noise monitoring was performed at monitoring location N1, N2a, N3a and N4. Additional weekly noise monitoring during restricted hours were also performed due to construction works were carried out during public holiday including Sunday. The noise monitoring schedule is presented in *Appendix F*.
- 4.1.2 Valid calibration certificates of monitoring equipment are shown in *Appendix G* and the construction noise monitoring results are summarized in the following sub-sections.

4.2 RESULTS OF NOISE MONITORING

4.2.1 **16** sessions of daytime construction noise monitoring and **24** sessions of additional weekly monitoring during restricted hours were performed at the agreed monitoring locations in the reporting period. Since the noise measurement was made under free field condition, a façade correction of +3dB(A) was added according to acoustical principles and EPD guidelines. For the approved alternative monitoring locations N2a and N3a, an additional distance correction of +1 dB(A) and +3 dB(A) respectively were applied. The daytime noise monitoring results are summarized in **Table 4-1 to Table 4-4** and the noise monitoring result during restricted hours are summarized in **Table 4-5 to Table 4-8**. The detailed noise monitoring data are presented in **Appendix H** and the relevant graphical plots are shown in **Appendix I**.

Table 4-1 Daytime Construction Noise Impact Monitoring Results at N1

Date	Time of Starting	Time of Finishing	Measurement Result (dB(A)) L _{eq30min}
10-Feb-22	10:51	11:21	53.6
16-Feb-22	11:02	11:32	61.9
22-Feb-22	9:59	10:29	59.4
28-Feb-22	9:29	9:59	59.6

Table 4-2 Daytime Construction Noise Impact Monitoring Results at N2a

Date	Time of Starting	Time of Finishing	Measurement Result (dB(A)) L _{eq30min}
10-Feb-22	10:15	10:45	52.7
16-Feb-22	10:25	10:55	47.9
22-Feb-22	10:31	11:01	54.0
28-Feb-22	10:11	10:41	54.0

Table 4-3 Daytime Construction Noise Impact Monitoring Results at N3a

Date	Time of	Time of	Measurement Result (dB(A))
Date	Starting	Finishing	$ m L_{eq30min}$
10-Feb-22	9:01	9:31	61.5
16-Feb-22	9:14	9:44	61.2
22-Feb-22	13:00	13:30	67.5
28-Feb-22	13:32	14:02	67.3

Table 4-4 Daytime Construction Noise Impact Monitoring Results at N4

Date	Time of Starting	Time of Finishing	Measurement Result (dB(A)) $L_{eq30min}$
10-Feb-22	9:40	10:10	53.2
16-Feb-22	9:51	10:21	58.2
22-Feb-22	11:06	11:36	58.4
28-Feb-22	11:00	11:30	58.7



Table 4-5 Additional Noise Impact Monitoring Results during Restricted Hours at N1

Date	Time of Starting	Time of Finishing	Measurement Result (dB(A))
6-Feb-22	10:37	10:42	53.5
	10:57	10:42	33.3
9-Feb-22	20:33	20:38	52.5
13-Feb-22	14:31	14:36	55.7
18-Feb-22	20:45	20:50	52.9
24-Feb-22	21:13	21:18	55.5
27-Feb-22	10:07	10:12	47.6

Table 4-6 Additional Noise Impact Monitoring Results during Restricted Hours at N2a

Date	Time of	Time of	Measurement Result (dB(A))
Date	Starting	Finishing	$ m L_{eq5min}$
6-Feb-22	10:13	10:18	50.5
9-Feb-22	20:56	21:01	50.3
13-Feb-22	14:09	14:14	45.9
18-Feb-22	20:22	20:27	47.4
24-Feb-22	20:51	20:56	51.5
27-Feb-22	10:30	10:35	46.7

Table 4-7 Additional Noise Impact Monitoring Results during Restricted Hours at N3a

Date	Time of	Time of	Measurement Result (dB(A))
	Starting	Finishing	\mathbf{L}_{eq5min}
6-Feb-22	9:30	9:35	58.5
9-Feb-22	20:06	20:11	53.4
13-Feb-22	13:14	13:19	51.6
18-Feb-22	21:16	21:21	57.6
24-Feb-22	21:42	21:47	52.6
27-Feb-22	9:36	9:41	55.7

Table 4-8 Additional Noise Impact Monitoring Results during Restricted Hours at N4

Date	Time of Starting	Time of Finishing	Measurement Result (dB(A)) L_{eq5min}
6-Feb-22	9:50	9:55	51.7
9-Feb-22	21:23	21:28	49.7
13-Feb-22	13:40	13:45	50.7
18-Feb-22	19:53	19:58	53.5
24-Feb-22	20:27	20:32	48.8
27-Feb-22	11:01	11:06	53.4

- 4.2.2 As shown in *Table 4-1 to 4-4*, all the measured results during normal daytime were below 75dB(A) of the acceptance criteria. In addition, all the measured results during restricted hours shown in *Table 4-5 to 4-8* were below 60 dB(A) of the acceptance criteria as set out in Technical Memorandum on Noise from Construction Work other than Percussive Piling.
- 4.2.3 No adverse weather condition which may affect the monitoring result was encountered during the course of noise monitoring in the reporting period. Furthermore, no documented noise complaint is received, indicating no exceedance of Action Level.



5. WASTE MANAGEMENT

5.1 GENERAL WASTE MANAGEMENT

5.1.1 Waste management was carried out by an on-site Environmental Officer or an Environmental Supervisor from time to time.

5.2 RECORDS OF WASTE QUANTITIES

- 5.2.1 All types of waste arising from the construction work are classified into the following:
 - Construction & Demolition (C&D) Material;
 - Chemical Waste;
 - General Refuse; and
 - Excavated Soil.
- 5.2.2 The quantities of waste for disposal in this Reporting Period are summarized in *Tables 5-1* and *5-2*.

Table 5-1 Summary of Quantities of Inert C&D Materials

Type of Waste	Quantity	Disposal Location
C&D Materials (Inert) ('000m³)	0	-
Reused in this Contract (Inert) ('000m ³)	0	-
Reused in other Projects (Inert) ('000m ³)	0	-
Disposal as Public Fill (Inert) ('000m ³)	0	-

Table 5-2 Summary of Quantities of C&D Wastes

Type of Waste	Quantity	Disposal Location
Recycled Metal ('000kg)	0	-
Recycled Paper / Cardboard Packing ('000kg)	0	-
Recycled Plastic ('000kg)	0	-
Chemical Wastes ('000kg)	0	-
General Refuses ('000m ³)	0.145	NENT



6. Site Inspection

6.1 REQUIREMENTS

6.1.1 According to the approved EM&A Manual, the environmental site inspection shall be formulated by ET Leader. Weekly environmental site inspections should be carried out to confirm the environmental performance.

6.2 FINDINGS / DEFICIENCIES DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

- 6.2.1 In the Reporting Period, joint site inspection for the Project to evaluate site environmental performance was carried out by the ER, IEC representative, ET and the Contractor on 9, 16 and 23 February 2022. No non-compliance was noted.
- 6.2.2 The findings / deficiencies of the Project observed during the weekly site inspection are listed in *Table 6-1*.

Table 6-1 Site Observations during the Weekly Inspection

Date	Findings / Deficiencies	Follow-Up Status
9 February 2022	The Contractor was reminded to dispose the construction waste regularly.	Reminder only.
16 February 2022	The Contractor was reminded to maintain good housekeeping on site.	Reminder only.
23 February 2022	No adverse environmental issue was observed during site inspection.	NA.



7. Environmental Complaint, Notifications of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

7.1 Environmental Complaint, Summons and Prosecution

7.1.1 In the Reporting Period, no environmental complaint, summons and prosecution under the EM&A Programme was lodged for the project. The statistical summary table of environmental complaint is presented in *Tables 7-1*, 7-2 and 7-3.

Table 7-1 Statistical Summary of Environmental Complaints

Donouting David	Environmental Complaint Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency Cumulative Complaint Nature			
1 – 28 February 2022	0	3	NA	

Table 7-2 Statistical Summary of Notification of Summons

Domontino Donio d	Environmental Summons Statistics		
Reporting Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Summons Nature
1 – 28 February 2022	0	0	NA

Table 7-3 Statistical Summary of Successful Prosecutions

Donouting David	Environmental Prosecution Statistics			
Reporting Period	Frequency Cumulative Prosecution Natu			
1 – 28 February 2022	0	0	NA	



8. Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule

8.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 8.1.1 The environmental mitigation measures that recommended in the Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule (EMIS) in the approved EM&A Manual covered the issues of dust, noise, water and waste and they are summarized presented in *Appendix K*.
- 8.1.2 AJAJV had been implementing the required environmental mitigation measures according to the Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual subject to the site condition. Environmental mitigation measures generally implemented by AJAJV in this Reporting Period are summarized in *Table 8-1*.

Table 8-1 Environmental Mitigation Measures

Issues	Environmental Mitigation Measures				
Water Quality	• Any wastewater generated should be appropriately treated by treatment facilities;				
	• Drainage channels were provided to convey run-off into the treatment facilities; and				
	Drainage systems were regularly and adequately maintained.				
Air Quality	Regular watering to reduce dust emissions from all exposed site surface, particularly during dry weather;				
	• Frequent watering for particularly dusty construction areas and areas close to air sensitive receivers;				
	Cover all excavated or stockpile of dusty material by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water to maintain the entire surface wet;				
	• Public roads around the site entrance/exit had been kept clean and free from dust; and				
	Tarpaulin covering of any dusty materials on a vehicle leaving the site.				
Noise	Good site practices to limit noise emissions at the sources;				
	Use of quite plant and working methods;				
	• Use of site hoarding or other mass materials as noise barrier to screen noise at ground level of NSRs;				
	• Use of shrouds/temporary noise barriers to screen noise from relatively static PMEs;				
	Alternative use of plant items within one worksite, where practicable.				
Waste	• Any excavated material should be reused on site as far as possible to				
Management	minimize off-site disposal. Scrap metals or abandoned equipment should be recycled if possible;				
	• Waste arising should be kept to a minimum and be handled, transported and disposed of in a suitable manner;				
	• Trip ticket system for the disposal of C&D materials to any designed public				
	filling facility and/or landfill was implemented; and				
	• Chemical waste shall be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on				
	the Packaging, Handling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.				
General	The site was generally kept tidy and clean.				

8.2 TENTATIVE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES IN THE COMING MONTH

- 8.2.1 Tentative construction activities to be undertaken in March 2022 should be included:
 - GB@ WWTP Area Roof Floor Columns & Walls and Underground Floor Slab
 - RB Roof Floor Columns & Walls and Underground Floor Slab
 - AB Roof Floor Columns & Walls and Underground Floor Roof Slab
 - AD Tanks AD1 & AD3 Lifting Work in progress, AD2 Lift Complete for E&M access and AD4 for E&M Installation
 - Digestate Tank Lift in progress



9. Conclusions and Recommendations

9.1 CONCLUSIONS

- 9.1.1 This is the monthly EM&A report presenting the monitoring results and inspection findings for the reporting period from 1 to 28 February 2022.
- 9.1.2 In the Reporting Period, no construction noise limit level exceedance during daytime and restricted hours was recorded. In addition, no noise complaint (which is an Action Level exceedance) was received by the Project Consultant, EPD and the Contractors.
- 9.1.3 In this Reporting Period, joint site inspection to evaluate the site environmental performance for the Project was carried out by the ER, IEC representative, ET and Contractor on 9, 16 and 23 February 2022. No non-compliance was noted during the site inspection.
- 9.1.4 No documented complaint, notification of summons or successful prosecution was received under the Project.

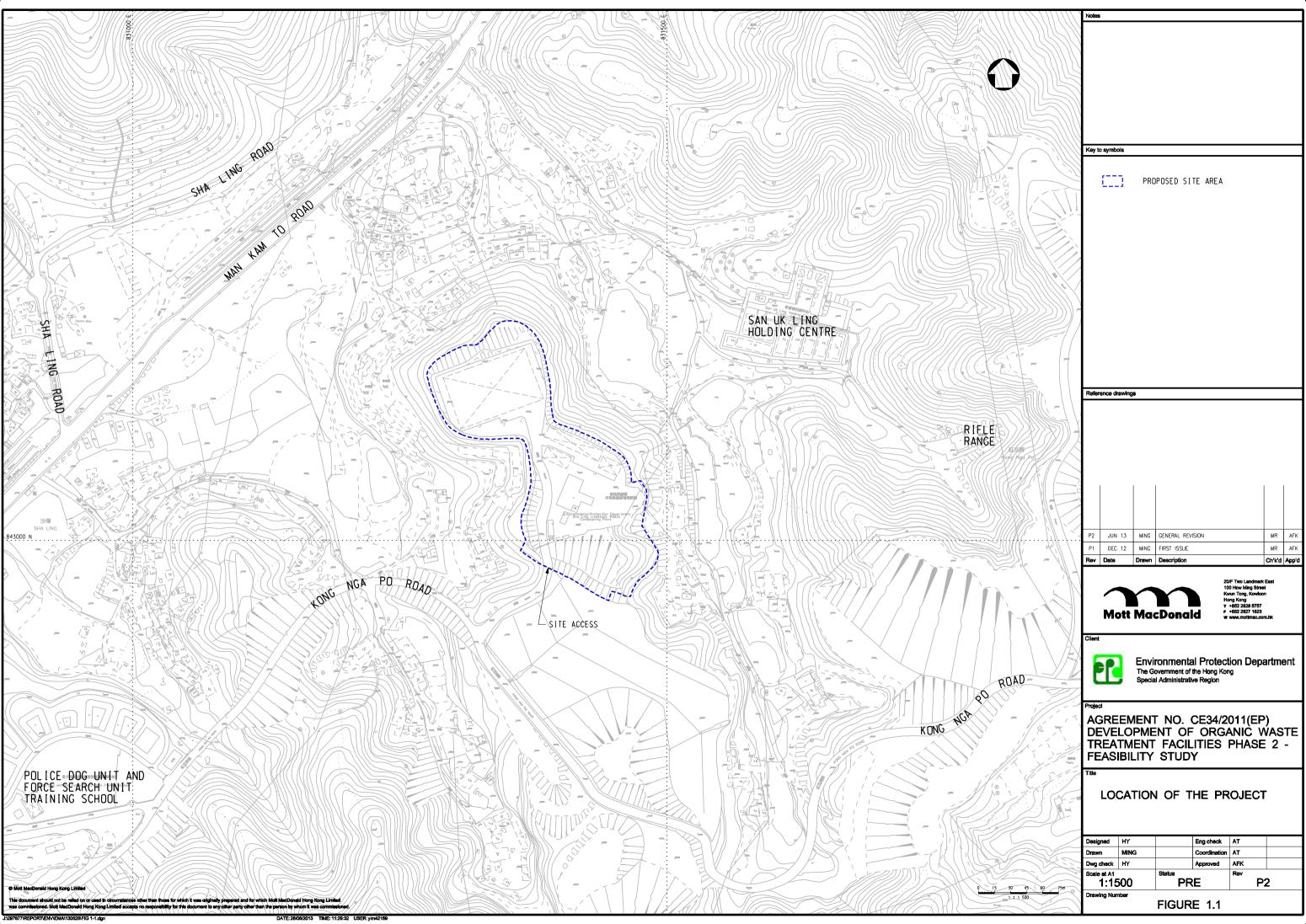
9.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 9.2.1 Construction noise should be a key environmental impact during the works. The noise mitigation measures such as use of quiet plants or temporary noise barrier installation at the construction noise predominated area should be implemented in accordance with the EM&A requirement and the latest CNP.
- 9.2.2 In addition, all effluent discharge shall be ensured to fulfill the discharge licence stipulation.
- 9.2.3 All the trees proposed to be retained in-situ should be properly preserved and protected during the construction works. Tree Preservation and Protection Works for these retained trees shall follow Section 3 and 26 of CEDD's General Specification for Engineering Works and Section 26 of Contract Specification Part B.
- 9.2.4 Trees to be felled shall be in accordance with the Tree Preservation and Removal Proposal (TPRP) to be approved by relevant approval authority.
- 9.2.5 Contract Specification Part B Section 1.78 "Waste Management" and DEVB's "Guidelines on Yard Waste Reduction and Treatment" should be referred before tree removal and plan the necessary arrangement.



Appendix A

Layout plan of the Project



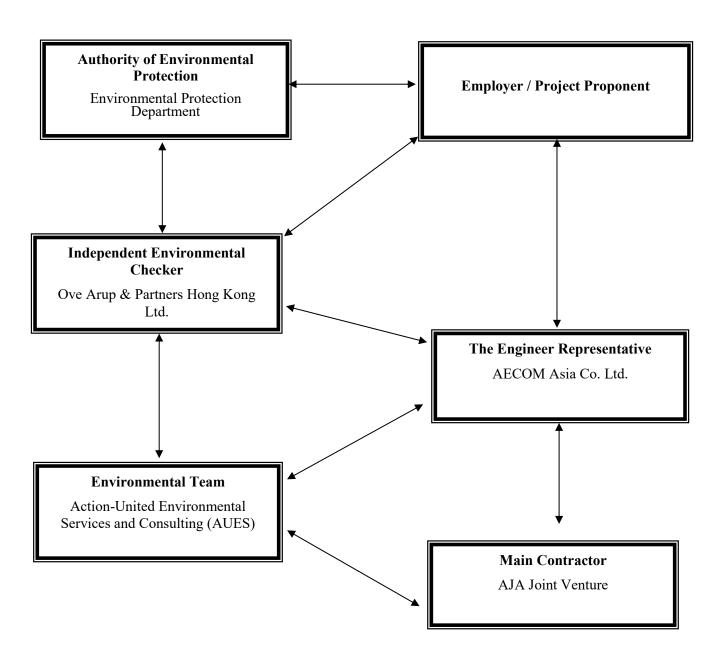


Appendix B

Organization Chart



Project Organization Chart





Contact Details of Key Personnel for the Project

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No.	Fax No.
EPD	Project Proponent	Sunny Chiu	3151 7209	3528 0492
AECOM	Resident Engineer	Terrence Lam	5579 5239	3010 8507
AECOM	Resident Engineer	Ivan Yung	5723 7750	3010 8507
ARUP	Independent Environmental Checker	Ricky Chui	2268 3437	2268 3380
ARUP	Engineer (Safety, Environment and Planning)	Edmond Tang	3447 6181	2268 3955
AJAJV	Project Manager	Victor Wu	2862 5013	2862 5013
AJAJV	Construction Manager	Johnny Leung	9494 0581	9494 0581
AJAJV	Project Environmental Manager	Gabriel Wong	6114 9590	6114 9590
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	T. W. Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Martin Li	2959 6059	2959 6079

Legend:

EPD (Employer) – Environmental Protection Department

AECOM (Engineer Representative) – AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.

AJAJV (Main Contractor) – AJA Joint Venture

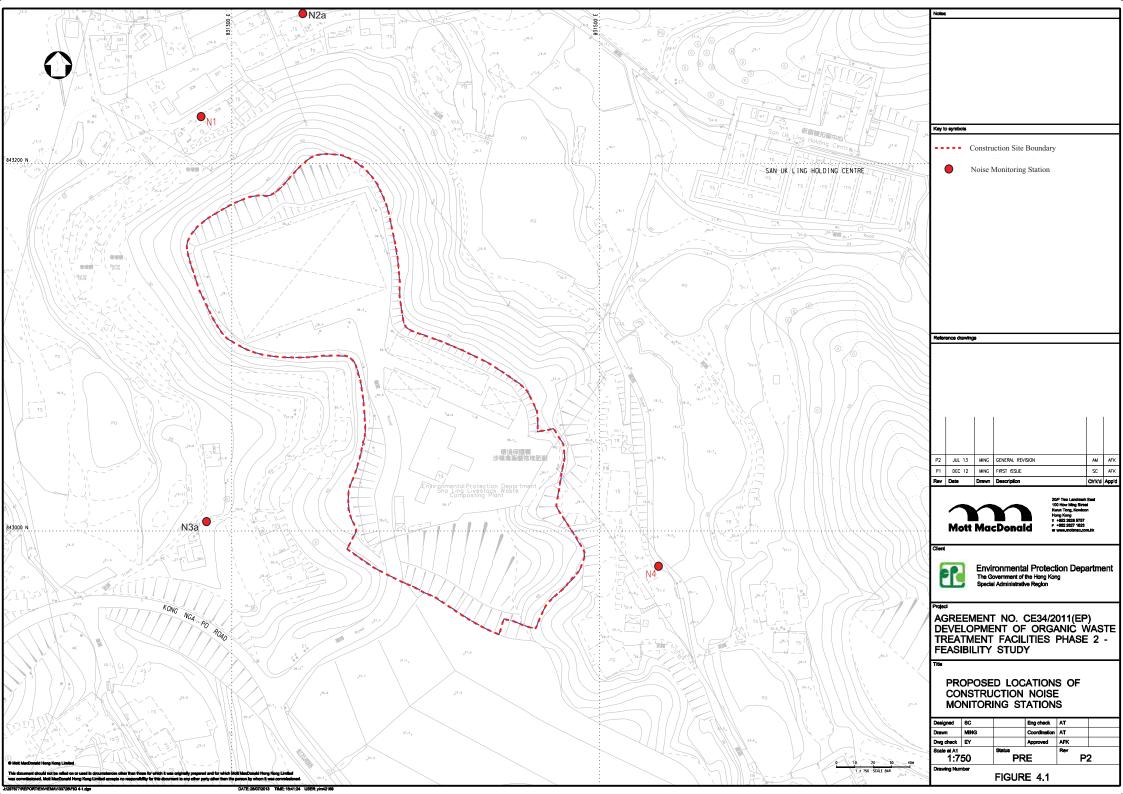
ARUP (IEC) – Ove Arup & Partners Hong Kong Ltd.

AUES (ET) – Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting



Appendix C

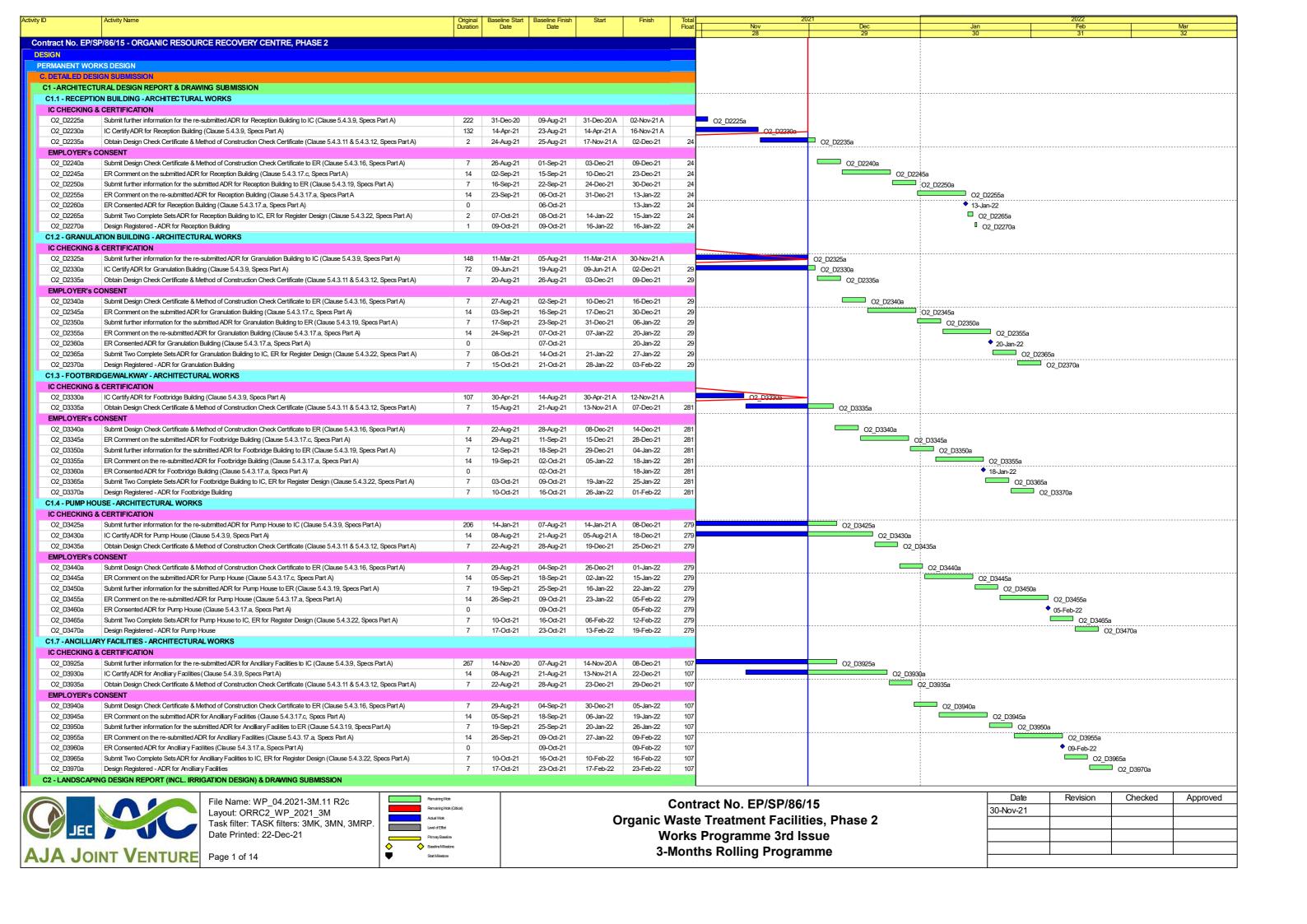
Monitoring Locations for Impact Monitoring

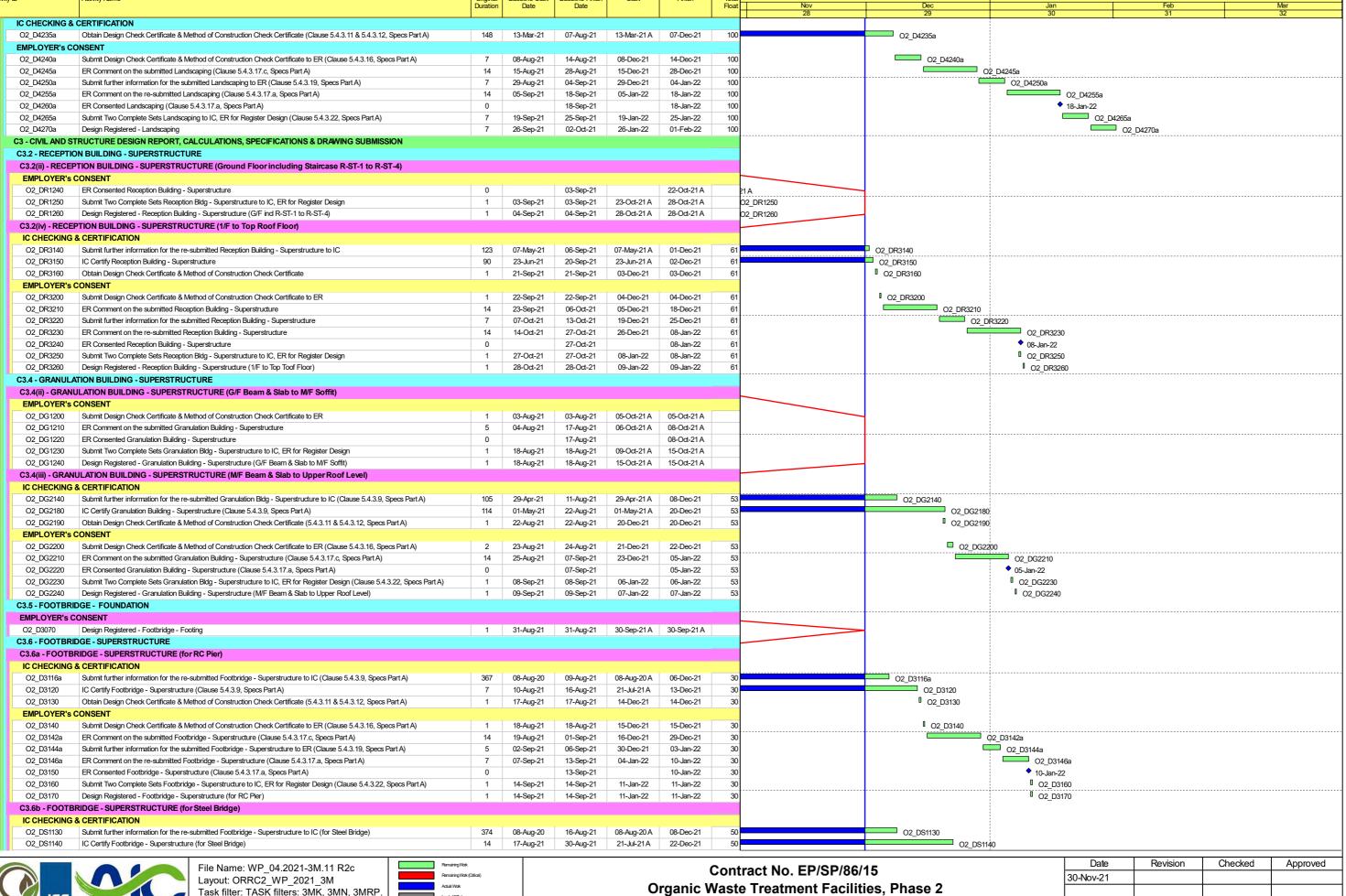




Appendix D

3-Month Rolling Construction Programme





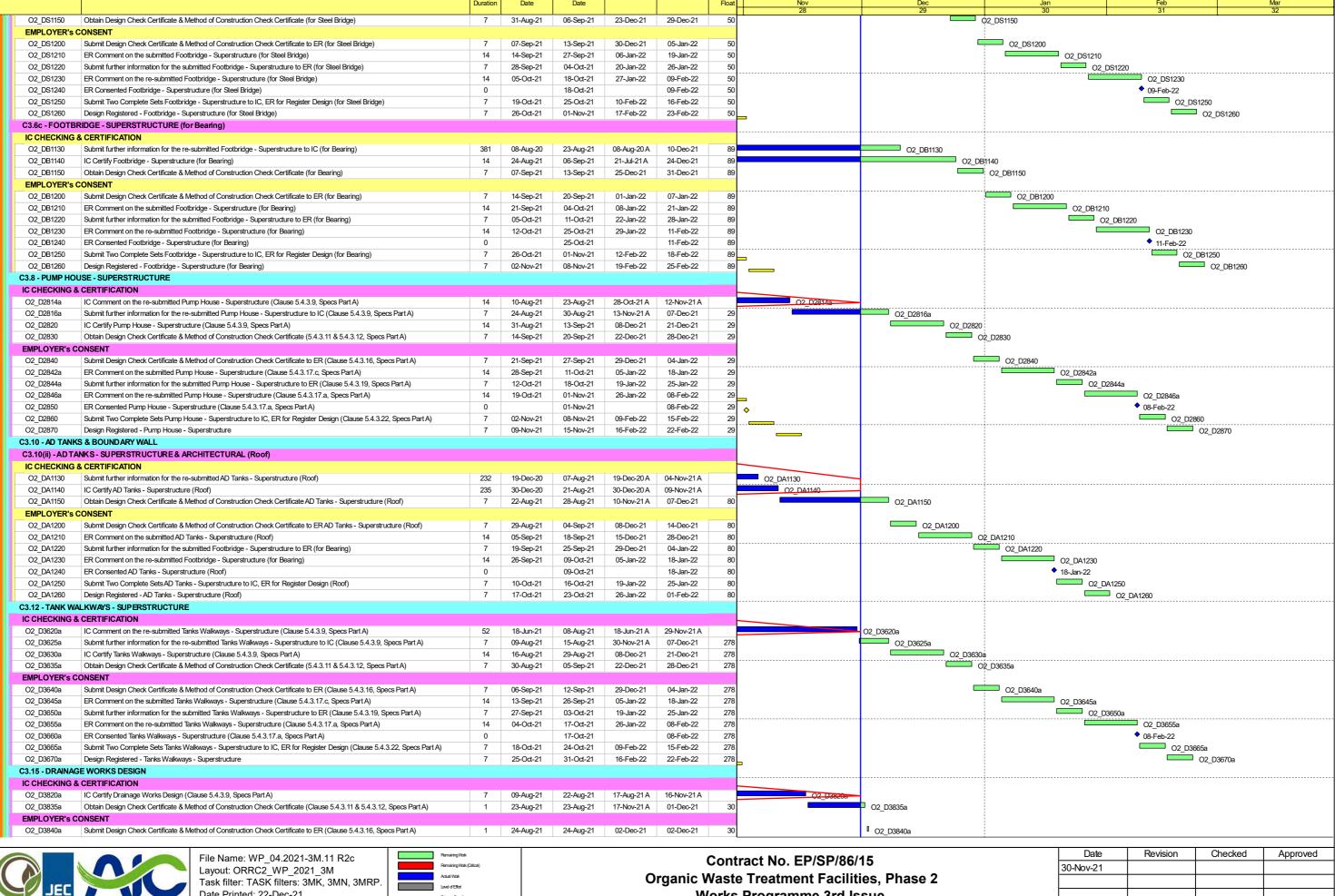


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Level of Effort

Works Programme 3rd Issue 3-Months Rolling Programme

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
30-Nov-21			

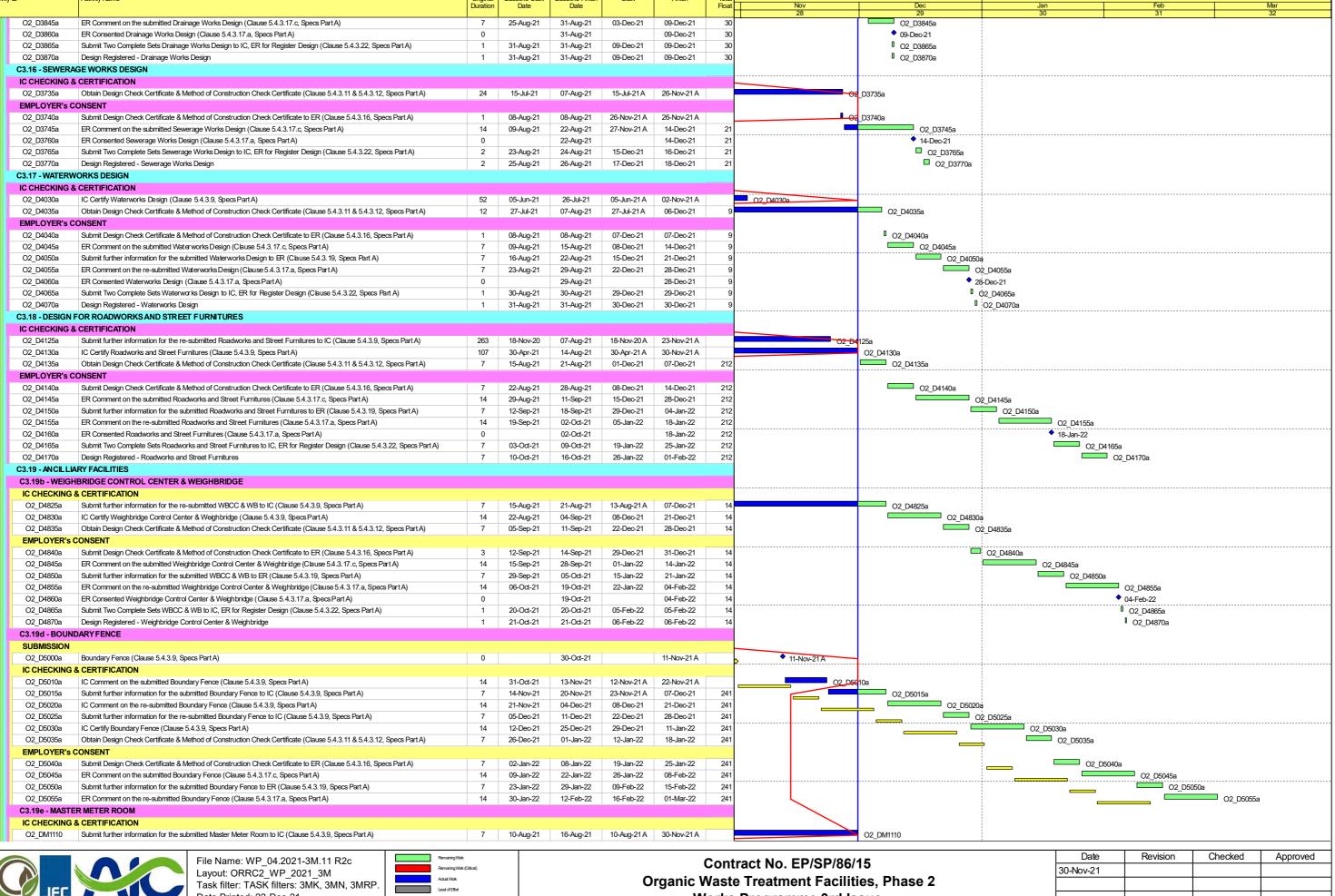




Date Printed: 22-Dec-21

Works Programme 3rd Issue 3-Months Rolling Programme

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
30-Nov-21			

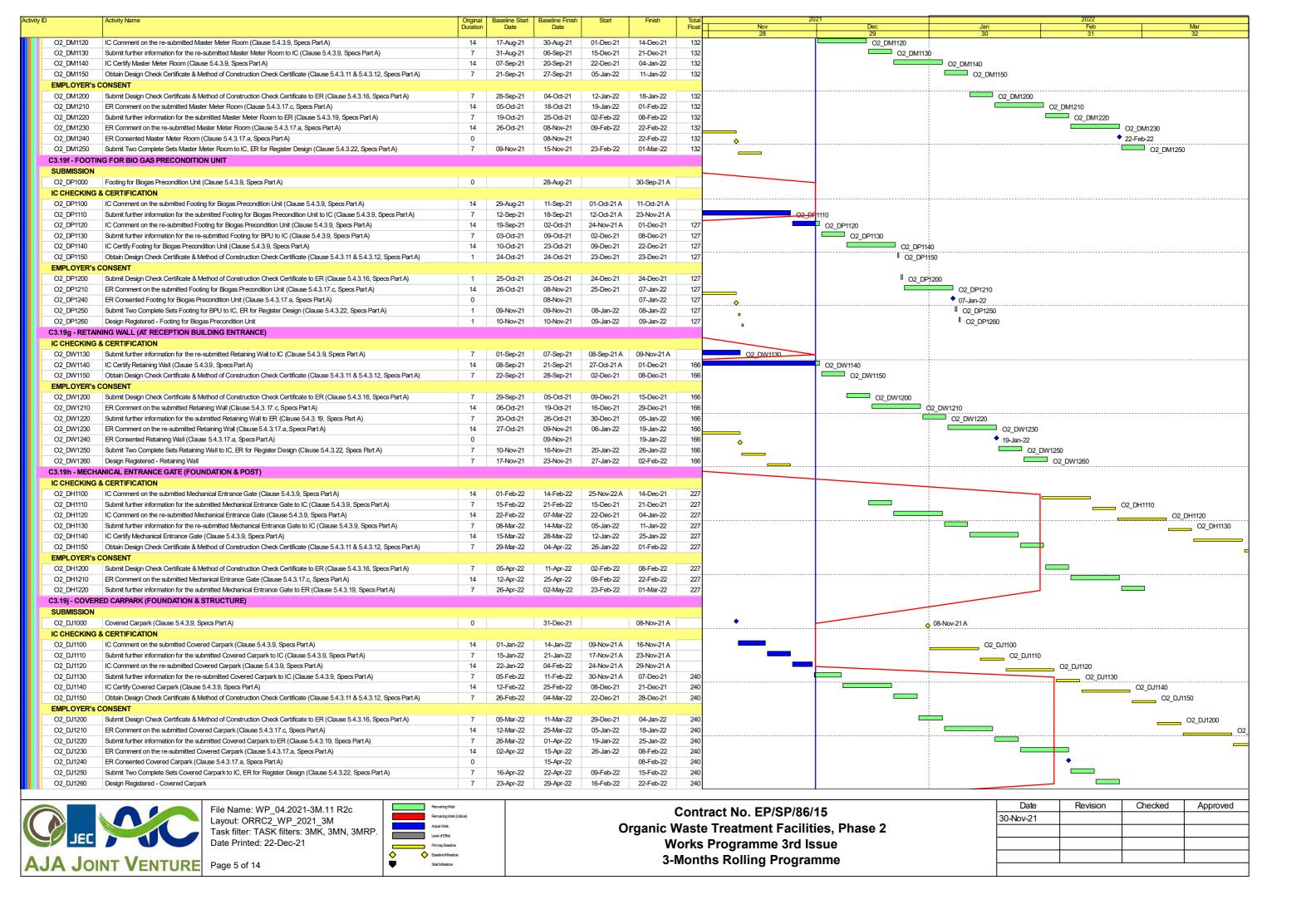


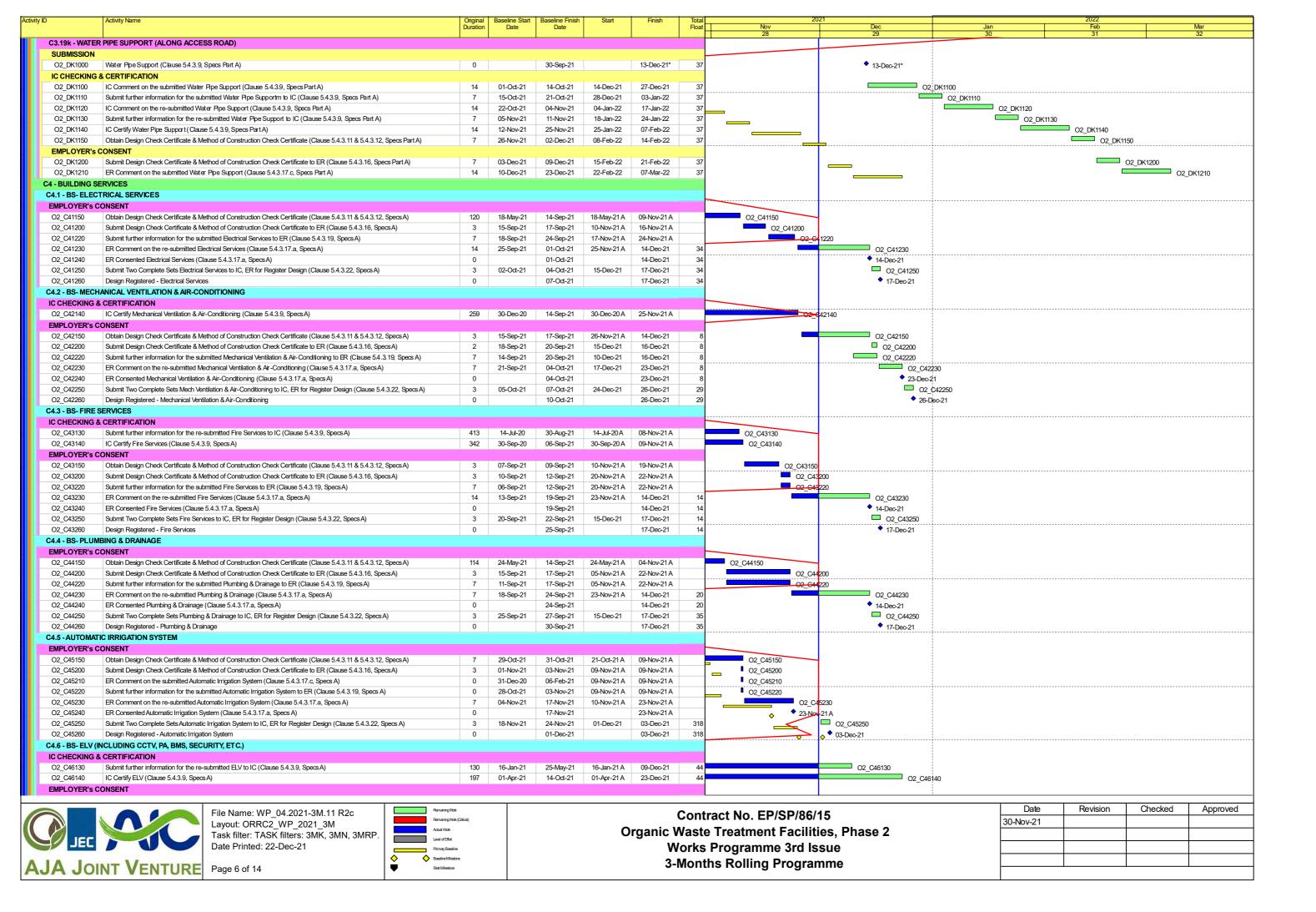


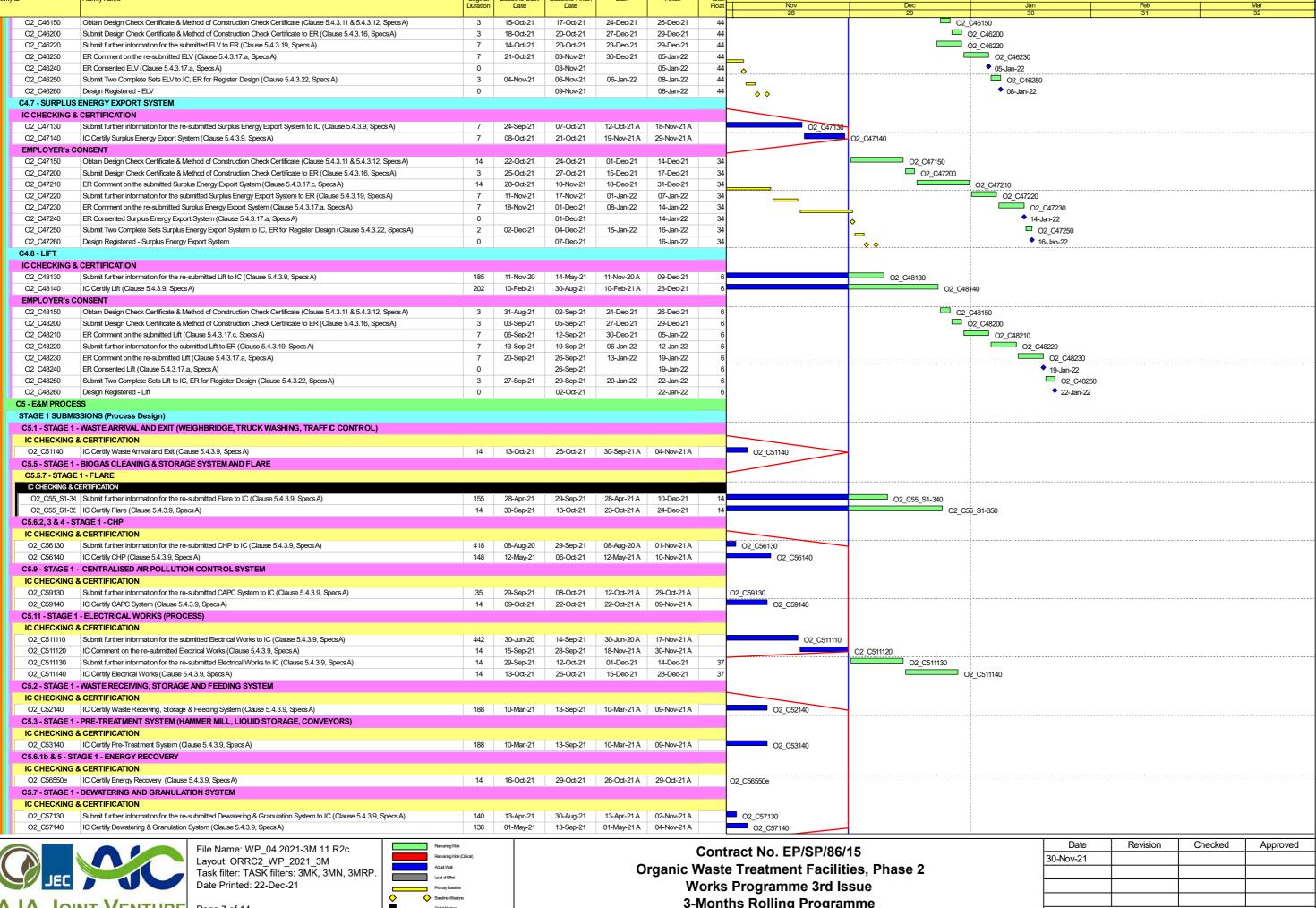
Date Printed: 22-Dec-21

Works Programme 3rd Issue 3-Months Rolling Programme

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
30-Nov-21			
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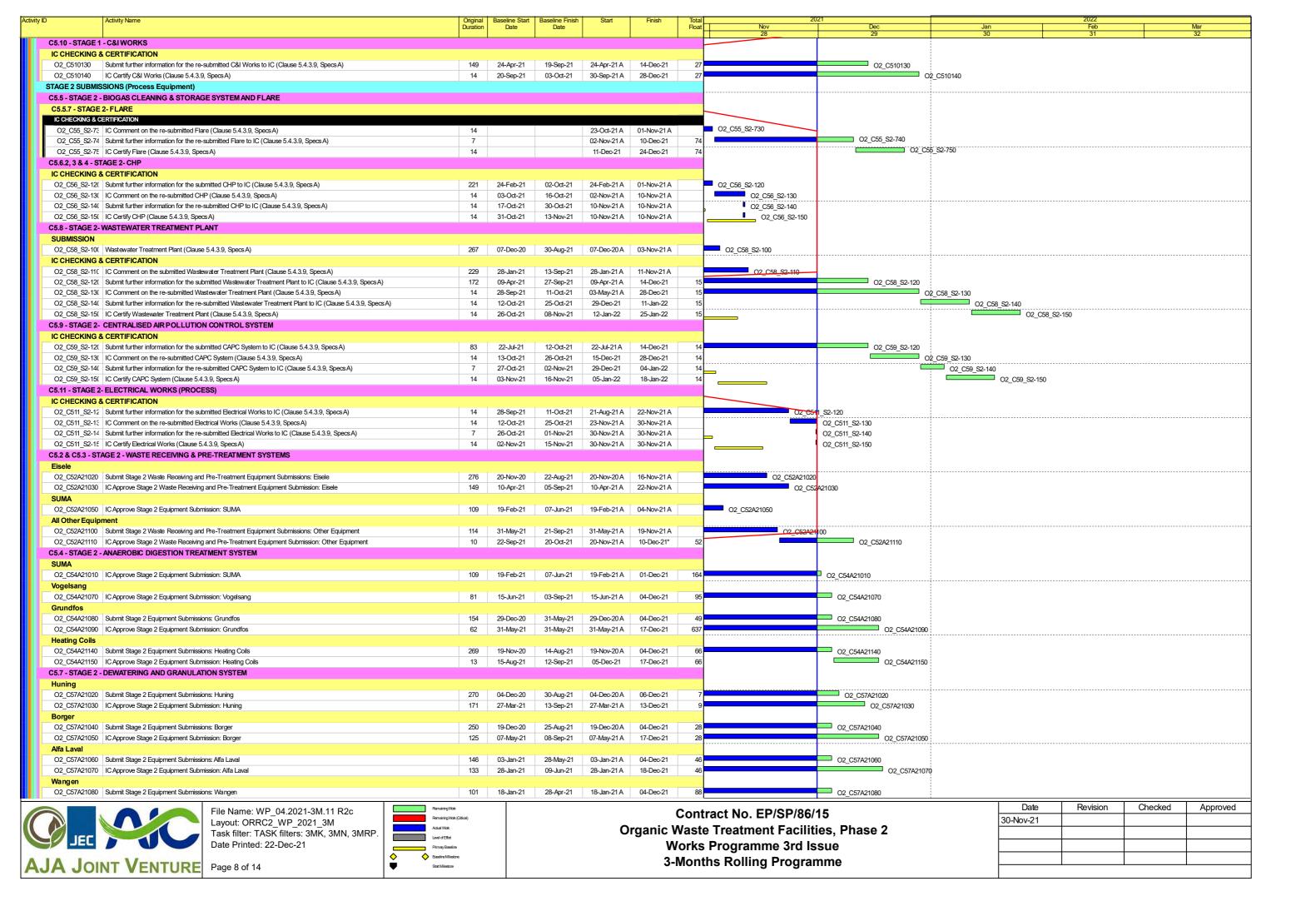


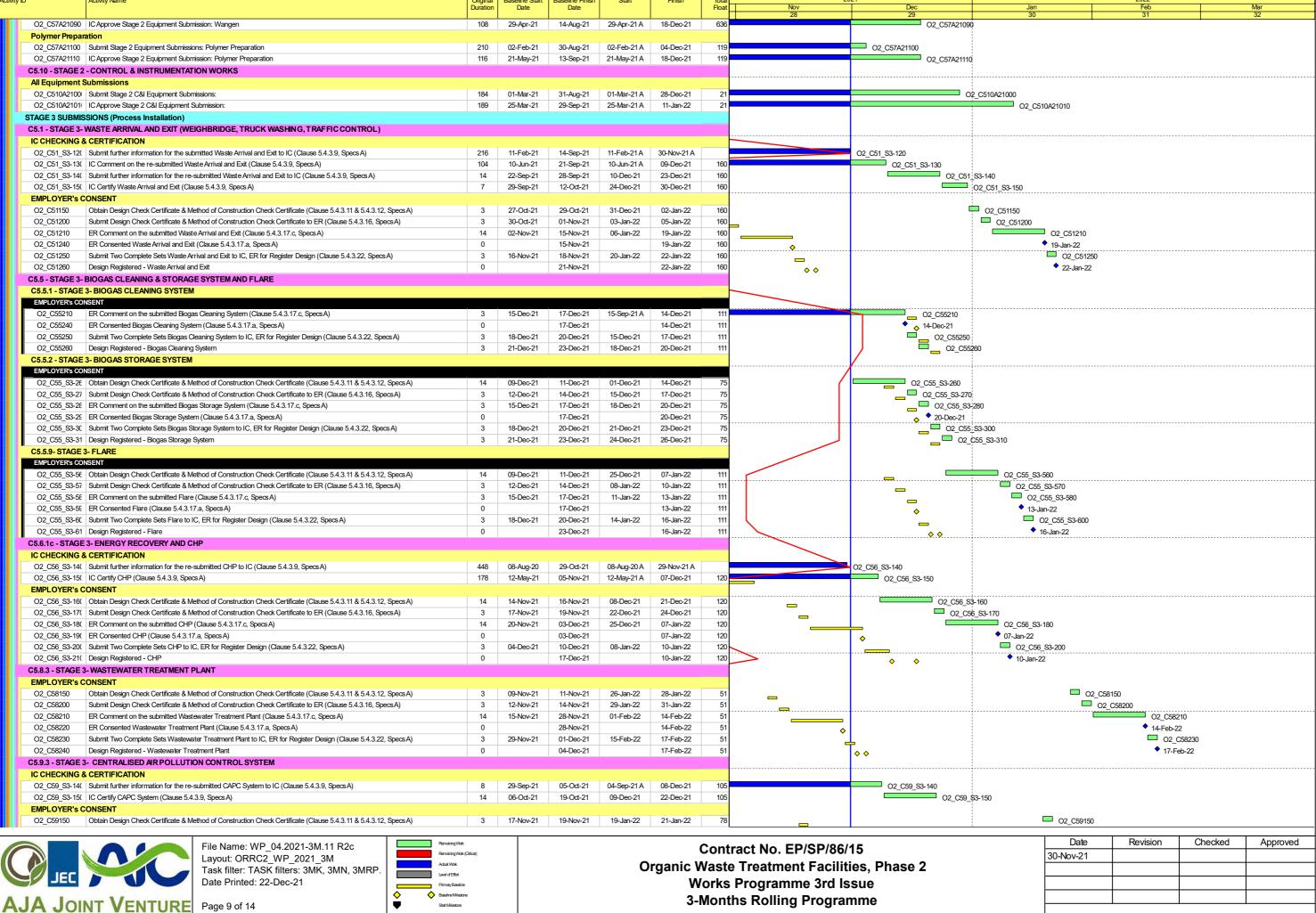


	RemainingWork
	RamainingWork (Critical)
	Actual Work
	Level of Effort
	Primary Baseline
> \Q	Baseline Milestone
•	Start Milestone

3-Months Rolling Programme

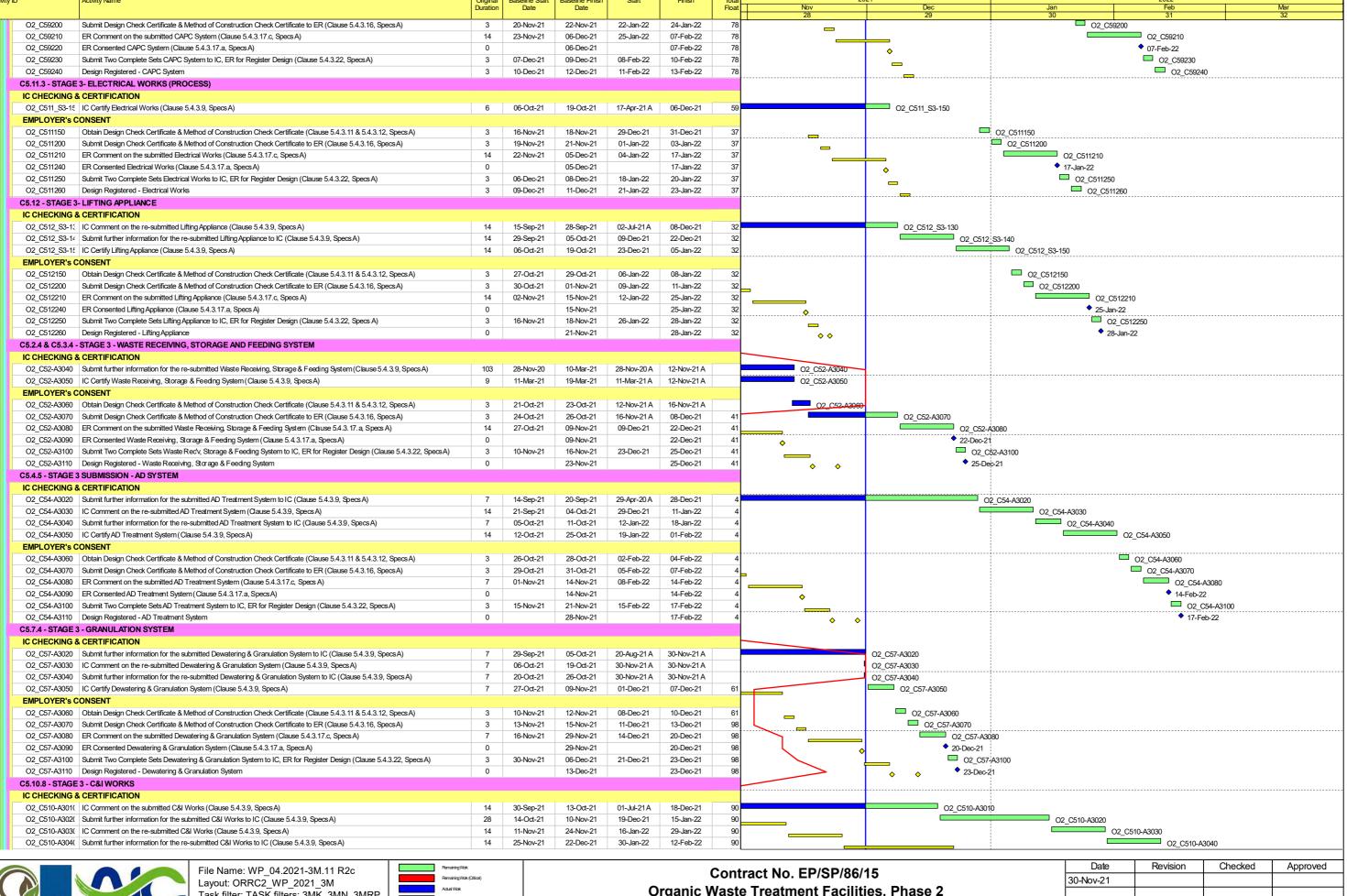
Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
30-Nov-21			







Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
30-Nov-21			
	-	•	



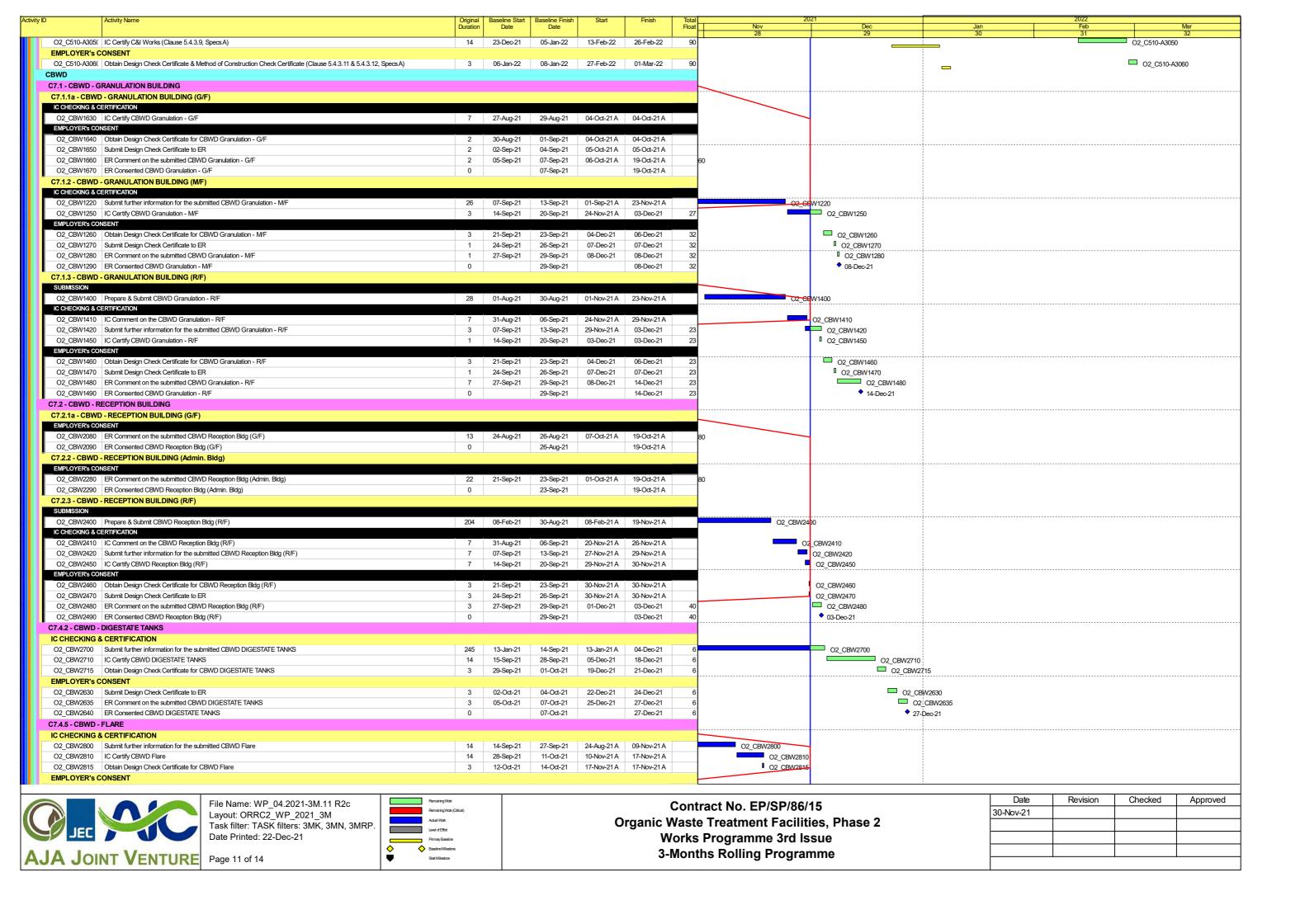


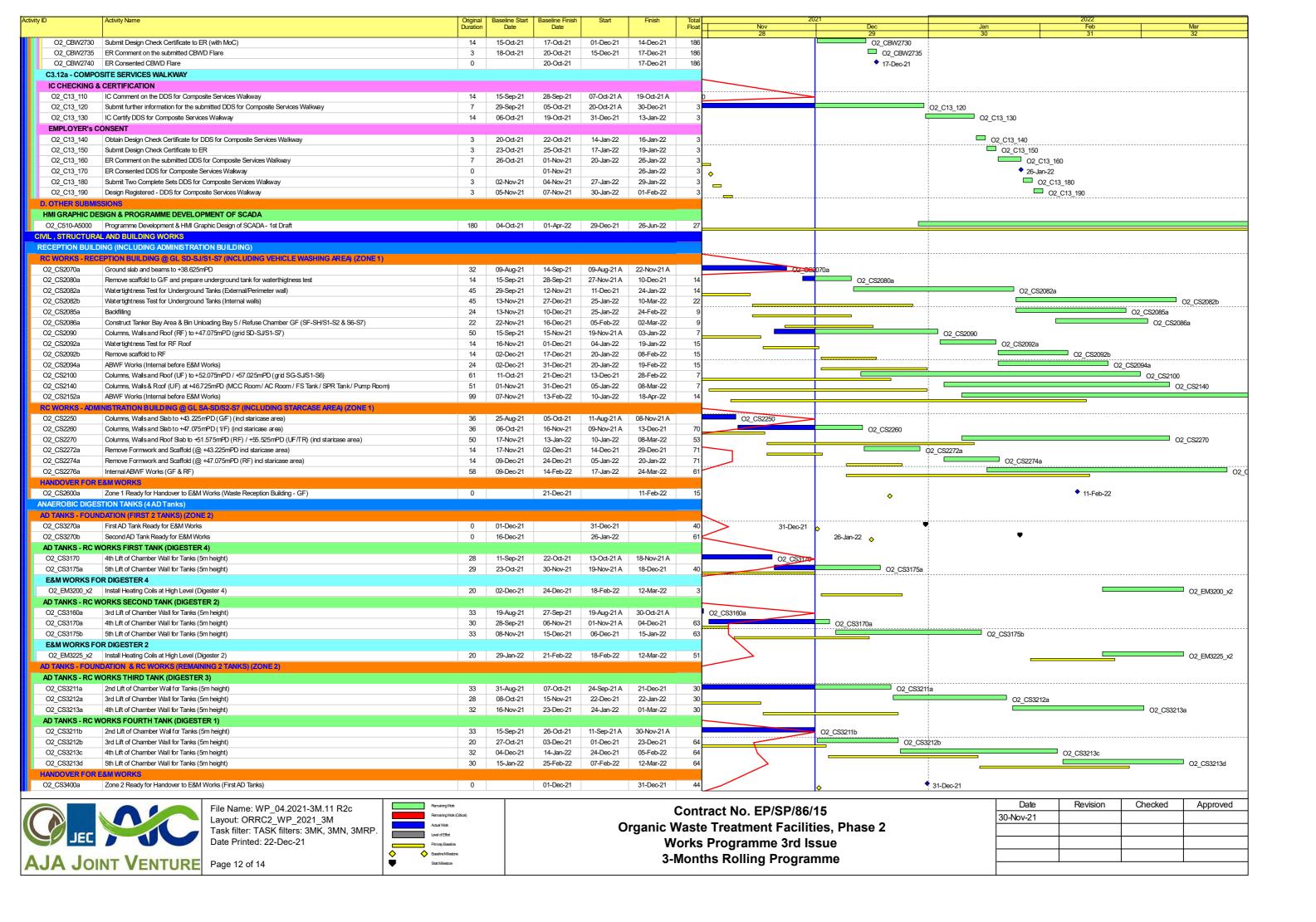
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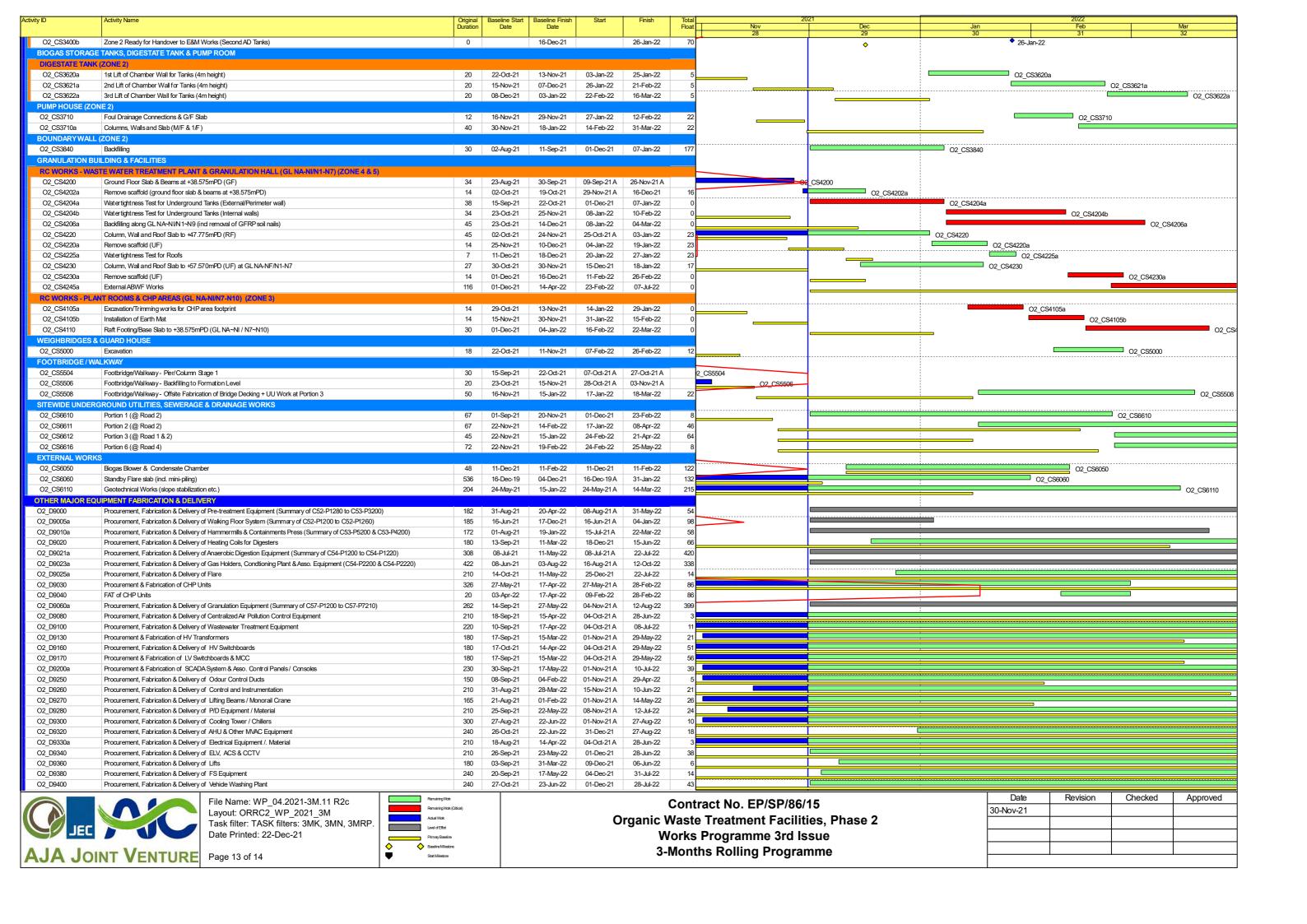


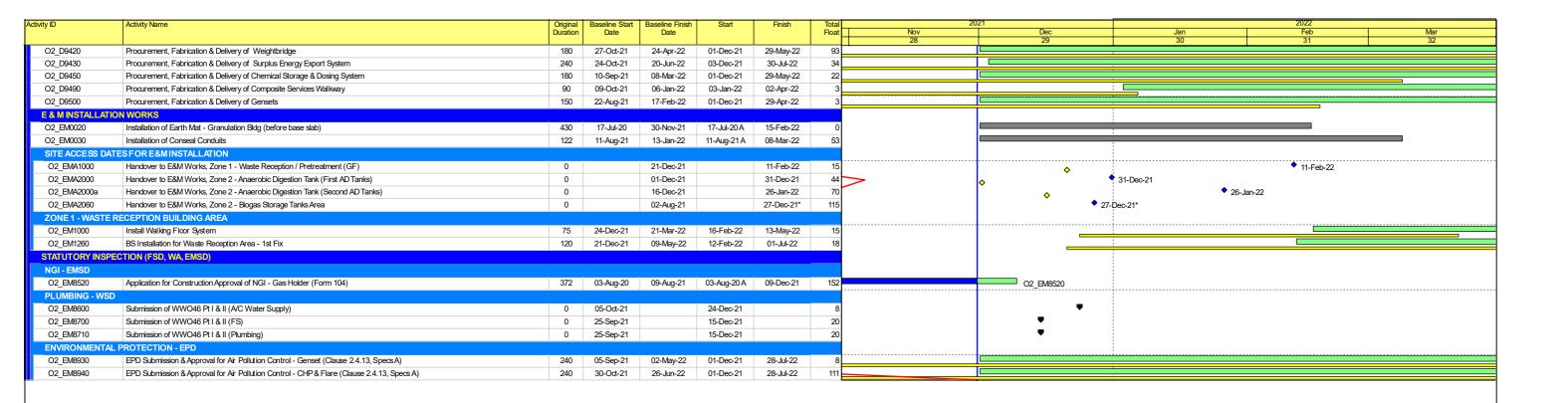
Organic Waste Treatment Facilities, Phase 2 Works Programme 3rd Issue 3-Months Rolling Programme

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
-Nov-21			











File Name: WP_04.2021-3M.11 R2c Layout: ORRC2 WP 2021 3M Task filter: TASK filters: 3MK, 3MN, 3MRP. Date Printed: 22-Dec-21



Contract No. EP/SP/86/15 **Organic Waste Treatment Facilities, Phase 2 Works Programme 3rd Issue** 3-Months Rolling Programme

Date	Revision	Checked	Approved
30-Nov-21			



Appendix E

Event and Action Plan



Event and Action Plan for Construction Noise

Event	Action							
	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor				
Action Level Exceedance	1. Notify IEC and Contractor; 2. Carry out investigation; 3. Report the results of investigation to the IEC and Contractor; 4. Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; 5. Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness.	1. Review the investigation results submitted by the ET; 2. Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; 3. Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures.	1. Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. In consultation with the IEC, agree with the Contrator on the remedial measures to be implemented; 4. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures	Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC; Implement noise mitigation proposals.				
Limit Level Exceedance	1. Inform IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor; 2. Repeat measurements to confirm findings; 3. Increase monitoring frequency; 4. Identify source and investigate the cause of exceedance; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures; 6. Discuss with IEC, Contractor and ER on remedial measures requried; 7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	1. Discuss amongst ER, ET Leader and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; 2. Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly;	1. Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. In consolidation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; 4. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures; 5. If exceedance continues, consider stopping the Contractor to continue working on that portion of work which causes exceedance until the exceedance is abated.	1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Submit further proposals if problem still not under control; 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.				



Appendix F

Impact Monitoring Schedule of the Reporting Period and Coming Month



Impact Monitoring Schedule for reporting period – February 2022

Da	te	Noise Monitoring (Leq30min)
Tue	1-Feb-22	
Wed	2-Feb-22	
Thu	3-Feb-22	
Fri	4-Feb-22	
Sat	5-Feb-22	
Sun	6-Feb-22	#
Mon	7-Feb-22	
Tue	8-Feb-22	
Wed	9-Feb-22	#
Thu	10-Feb-22	✓
Fri	11-Feb-22	
Sat	12-Feb-22	
Sun	13-Feb-22	#
Mon	14-Feb-22	
Tue	15-Feb-22	
Wed	16-Feb-22	✓
Thu	17-Feb-22	
Fri	18-Feb-22	#
Sat	19-Feb-22	
Sun	20-Feb-22	
Mon	21-Feb-22	
Tue	22-Feb-22	✓
Wed	23-Feb-22	
Thu	24-Feb-22	#
Fri	25-Feb-22	
Sat	26-Feb-22	
Sun	27-Feb-22	#
Mon	28-Feb-22	✓

Remark:

|--|

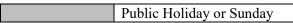
[✓] Impact noise monitoring in normal working days (Monday to Saturday) 07:00 – 19:00 except public holiday # Additional weekly impact monitoring during restricted hours including public holidays and Sundays



Impact Monitoring Schedule for coming month – March 2022

Da	te	Noise Monitoring (L _{eq} 30min)
Tue	1-Mar-22	
Wed	2-Mar-22	
Thu	3-Mar-22	
Fri	4-Mar-22	
Sat	5-Mar-22	
Sun	6-Mar-22	
Mon	7-Mar-22	
Tue	8-Mar-22	
Wed	9-Mar-22	
Thu	10-Mar-22	
Fri	11-Mar-22	✓
Sat	12-Mar-22	
Sun	13-Mar-22	
Mon	14-Mar-22	
Tue	15-Mar-22	
Wed	16-Mar-22	
Thu	17-Mar-22	✓
Fri	18-Mar-22	
Sat	19-Mar-22	
Sun	20-Mar-22	
Mon	21-Mar-22	
Tue	22-Mar-22	
Wed	23-Mar-22	✓
Thu	24-Mar-22	
Fri	25-Mar-22	
Sat	26-Mar-22	
Sun	27-Mar-22	
Mon	28-Mar-22	
Tue	29-Mar-22	✓
Wed	30-Mar-22	
Thu	31-Mar-22	

Remark:



✓ Impact noise monitoring in normal working days (Monday to Saturday) 07:00 – 19:00 except public holiday



Appendix G

Calibration Certificates of Equipment



Sun Creation Engineering Limited

Calibration & Testing Laboratory

Certificate of Calibration

校正證書

Certificate No. : C214361

證書編號

ITEM TESTED / 送檢項目 (Job No. / 序引編號: IC21-1345)

Date of Receipt / 收件日期: 8 July 2021

Description / 儀器名稱 Sound Calibrator (EQ082)

Manufacturer / 製造商 Brüel & Kjær

Model No. / 型號 4231 Serial No./編號 2713428

Supplied By / 委託者 Action-United Environmental Services and Consulting

> Unit A, 20/F., Gold King Industrial Building, 35-41 Tai Lin Pai Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.

TEST CONDITIONS / 測試條件

Relative Humidity / 相對濕度 : Temperature / 溫度 : $(50 \pm 25)\%$

Line Voltage / 電壓

TEST SPECIFICATIONS / 測試規範

Calibration check

DATE OF TEST / 測試日期 : 24 July 2021

TEST RESULTS / 測試結果

The results apply to the particular unit-under-test only.

The results do not exceed manufacturer's specification.

The results are detailed in the subsequent page(s).

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to National Standards via:

- The Government of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Standard & Calibration Laboratory
- Agilent Technologies / Keysight Technologies

- Fluke Everett Service Center, USA

Tested By 測試

K P Cheuk

Project Engineer

Certified By 核證

K C Lee Engineer Date of Issue 簽發日期

26 July 2021

The test equipment used for calibration is traceable to the National Standards as specified in this certificate. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of this laboratory

本證書所載校正用之測試器材均可溯源至國際標準。局部複印本證書需先獲本實驗所書面批准。



Certificate of Calibration 校正證書

Certificate No.: C214361

證書編號

- The unit-under-test (UUT) was allowed to stabilize in the laboratory for over 12 hours before the commencement of the test.
- 2. The results presented are the mean of 3 measurements at each calibration point.
- 3. Test equipment:

Equipment ID CL130 CL281 TST150A

Description Universal Counter Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator Measuring Amplifier

Certificate No. C213954 AV210017 C201309

4. Test procedure: MA100N.

5. Results:

Sound Level Accuracy

UUT	Measured Value	Mfr's Spec.	Uncertainty of Measured Value
Nominal Value	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
94 dB, 1 kHz	94.0	± 0.2	± 0.2
114 dB, 1 kHz	114.1		

Frequency Accuracy

UUT Nominal Value	Measured Value	Mfr's	Uncertainty of Measured Value (Hz)
(kHz)	(kHz)	Spec.	
1	1.000 0	1 kHz ± 0.1 %	± 0.1

Remark: The uncertainties are for a confidence probability of not less than 95 %.

Note:

Only the original copy or the laboratory's certified true copy is valid.

The values given in this Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environment changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Sun Creation Engineering Limited shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration is traceable to the National Standards as specified in this certificate. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of this laboratory

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Sun Creation Engineering Limited

Calibration & Testing Laboratory

Certificate of Calibration 校正證書

Certificate No.: C216479

證書編號

ITEM TESTED / 送檢項目 (Job No. / 序引編號: IC21-2189)

Date of Receipt / 收件日期: 25 October 2021

Description / 儀器名稱

Sound Level Meter (EQ016)

Manufacturer / 製造商

Rion NL-52

Model No. / 型號 Serial No. / 編號

00464681

Supplied By / 委託者

Action-United Environmental Services and Consulting

Unit A, 20/F., Gold King Industrial Building, 35-41 Tai Lin Pai Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.

TEST CONDITIONS / 測試條件

Temperature / 温度 : (23 ± 2)°C

Relative Humidity / 相對濕度 :

 $(50 \pm 25)\%$

Line Voltage / 電壓 :

TEST SPECIFICATIONS / 測試規範

Calibration check

DATE OF TEST / 測試日期

9 November 2021

TEST RESULTS / 測試結果

The results apply to the particular unit-under-test only.

The results do not exceed manufacturer's specification.

The results are detailed in the subsequent page(s).

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to National Standards via:

- The Government of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Standard & Calibration Laboratory
- Agilent Technologies / Keysight Technologies

- Fluke Everett Service Center, USA

Tested By

測試

K P Cheuk Project Engineer

Certified By

核證

Date of Issue 簽發日期

10 November 2021

K C/Lee Engineer

The test equipment used for calibration is traceable to the National Standards as specified in this certificate. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in tall, without the prior written approval of this laboratory

本證書所載校正用之測試器材均可溯源至國際標準。局部複印本設計需先獲本實驗所書而批准。



Sun Creation Engineering Limited

Calibration & Testing Laboratory

Certificate of Calibration 校正證書

Certificate No.: C

C216479

證書編號

 The unit-under-test (UUT) was allowed to stabilize in the laboratory for over 12 hours, and switched on to warm up for over 10 minutes before the commencement of the test.

- 2. Self-calibration was performed before the test.
- 3. The results presented are the mean of 3 measurements at each calibration point.
- 4. Test equipment:

Equipment ID CL280

Description

Certificate No.

CL280 CL281 40 MHz Arbitrary Waveform Generator

C210084

Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator

AV210017

- 5. Test procedure: MA101N.
- 6. Results:
- 6.1 Sound Pressure Level

6.1.1 Reference Sound Pressure Level

	UUT	Setting		Applie	d Value	UUT	IEC 61672
Range (dB)	Function	Frequency Weighting	Time Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq. (kHz)	Reading (dB)	Class 1 Spec. (dB)
30 - 130	L_A	A	Fast	94.00	1	93.6	± 1.1

6.1.2 Linearity

UUT Setting		Applied Value		UUT		
Range (dB)	Function	Frequency Weighting	Time Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq. (kHz)	Reading (dB)
30 - 130	LA	A	Fast	94.00	1	93.6 (Ref.)
			1 1 1	104.00		103.6
				114.00		113.6

IEC 61672 Class 1 Spec. : \pm 0.6 dB per 10 dB step and \pm 1.1 dB for overall different.

6.2 Time Weighting

UUT Setting		Applied Value		UUT	IEC 61672		
Range (dB)	Function	Frequency Weighting	Time Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq. (kHz)	Reading (dB)	Class 1 Spec. (dB)
30 - 130	L _A	A	Fast	94.00	1	93.6	Ref.
	1 12-1		Slow			93.6	± 0.3

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Calibration & Testing Laboratory

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Certificate No.: C216479

證書編號

6.3 Frequency Weighting

A-Weighting 6.3.1

	UUT	Setting		Appl	ied Value	UUT	IEC 61672
Range (dB)	Function	Frequency Weighting	Time Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq.	Reading (dB)	Class 1 Spec. (dB)
30 - 130	LA	A	Fast	94.00	63 Hz	67.3	-26.2 ± 1.5
				1.0	125 Hz	77.4	-16.1 ± 1.5
					250 Hz	84.9	-8.6 ± 1.4
					500 Hz	90.4	-3.2 ± 1.4
					1 kHz	93.6	Ref.
					2 kHz	94.8	$+1.2 \pm 1.6$
					4 kHz	94.6	$+1.0 \pm 1.6$
					8 kHz	92.6	-1.1 (+2.1; -3.1)
					16 kHz	85.7	-6.6 (+3.5; -17.0)

C-Weighting 6.3.2

	UUT	Setting		Appl	ied Value	UUT	IEC 61672
Range (dB)	Function	Frequency Weighting	Time Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq.	Reading (dB)	Class 1 Spec. (dB)
30 - 130	L _C	C	Fast	94.00	63 Hz	92.7	-0.8 ± 1.5
					125 Hz	93.4	-0.2 ± 1.5
					250 Hz	93.6	0.0 ± 1.4
					500 Hz	93.6	0.0 ± 1.4
					1 kHz	93.6	Ref.
					2 kHz	93.5	-0.2 ± 1.6
					4 kHz	92.8	-0.8 ± 1.6
					8 kHz	90.7	-3.0 (+2.1; -3.1)
					16 kHz	83.7	-8.5 (+3.5; -17.0)

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Remarks: - UUT Microphone Model No.: UC-59 & S/N: 17434

- Mfr's Spec. : IEC 61672 Class 1

- Uncertainties of Applied Value: 94 dB : 63 Hz - 125 Hz : ± 0.35 dB

250 Hz - 500 Hz : ± 0.30 dB 1 kHz $: \pm 0.20 \text{ dB}$ 2 kHz - 4 kHz $: \pm 0.35 \text{ dB}$ 8 kHz $: \pm 0.45 \text{ dB}$ 16 kHz : ± 0.70 dB

104 dB: 1 kHz $:\pm 0.10 \text{ dB (Ref. 94 dB)}$ 114 dB: 1 kHz : ± 0.10 dB (Ref. 94 dB)

Only the original copy or the laboratory's certified true copy is valid.

The values given in this Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environment changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Sun Creation Engineering Limited shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration is traceable to the National Standards as specified in this certificate. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of this laboratory

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⁻ The uncertainties are for a confidence probability of not less than 95 %.



Appendix H

Database of Monitoring Results



Daytime No	oise M	easurei	nent R	esults (d	B) of N	11															
	Stant	1st	1st Leq (5min) 2nd Leq (5min)				min)	3rd	Leq (5	min)	4th	Leq (51	nin)	5th	Leq (51	min)	6th	Leq (51	min)	Lag20min	Façade
Date	Start Time	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq30min, dB(A)	Correction
	Time	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	uD(A)	Correction
10-Feb-22	10:51	50.3	51.3	48.9	50.2	51.4	49.0	51.9	52.5	51.2	50.6	51.6	49.9	48.5	50.4	46.8	51.4	54.1	45.2	50.6	53.6
16-Feb-22	11:02	59.8	58.1	44.1	50.8	49.6	44.2	48.3	50.1	44.2	52.5	55.5	45.5	48.8	51.1	44.7	65.2	55.5	44.7	58.9	61.9
22-Feb-22	9:59	62.0	55.7	47.9	50.9	53.0	48.1	52.2	53.4	50.5	53.6	55.0	51.2	54.2	56.7	51.2	53.9	56.1	51.3	56.4	59.4
28-Feb-22	9:29	62.3	55.8	48.1	51.1	53.1	47.9	52.8	53.7	51.1	53.3	55.1	51.8	54.4	57.1	51.1	54.1	56.5	51.3	56.6	59.6

Daytime N	oise M	easure	ment R	Results (dB) of 1	N2a															
	Storet	1st	1st Leq (5min) 2nd Leq (5m		min)	3rd	Leq (51	min)	4th	Leq (51	min)	5th	Leq (51	min)	6th	Leq (51	min)	Lag20min	Distance &		
Llata	Start Time	Leq,	- /	L90,	Leq,				L10,			L10,	L90,				Leq,			Leq30min, dB(A)	Façade
	Time	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	ub(A)	Correction
10-Feb-22	10:15	48.3	48.8	46.2	48.6	50.0	47.3	49.0	50.2	47.1	51.5	52.7	47.6	46.1	48.8	43.7	46.4	48.4	44.1	48.7	52.7
16-Feb-22	10:25	45.8	47.1	40.8	43.8	46.1	40.1	42.7	44.9	40.1	43.3	45.6	3.9	43.1	45.4	40.0	43.8	45.8	40.5	43.9	47.9
22-Feb-22	10:31	52.4	53.5	47.0	47.2	48.0	46.2	47.0	47.7	46.2	46.5	47.4	45.6	47.3	48.4	46.0	53.6	54.7	46.5	50.0	54.0
28-Feb-22	10:11	52.3	53.4	47.3	47.5	47.9	46.3	47.1	47.9	46.2	46.8	46.9	45.1	47.7	48.2	45.9	53.3	54.5	46.8	50.0	54.0

Daytime Noise Measurement Results (dB) of N3a																					
	Start 1st Leq (5min)		min)	2nd	Leq (5)	min)	3rd	Leq (51	min)	4th	Leq (51	nin)	5th	Leq (5)	min)	6th	Leq (51	min)	I20	Distance &	
Date	Time	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq30min, dB(A)	Façade
	Time	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	ub(A)	Correction
10-Feb-22	9:01	55.4	57.1	54.4	54.9	55.4	54.5	55.6	56.1	55.0	55.8	58.1	54.9	55.6	58.2	53.9	55.7	57.3	54.8	55.5	61.5
16-Feb-22	9:14	60.1	60.0	46.5	50.9	54.3	44.8	51.7	54.9	44.7	53.5	59.0	44.6	53.7	57.7	44.6	53.6	57.4	45.3	55.2	61.2
22-Feb-22	13:00	68.7	58.9	50.2	53.1	54.5	50.9	53.3	54.6	51.5	54.8	57.8	50.6	52.4	54.2	50.2	53.1	54.2	50.5	61.5	67.5
28-Feb-22	13:32	68.5	59.0	50.8	52.9	55.0	51.0	53.0	54.3	52.0	54.5	57.3	51.0	53.0	53.9	50.5	52.8	53.9	50.2	61.3	67.3

Daytime N	oise M	easure	ment R	esults (d	lB) of N	N 4															
	Stout	Start 1st Leq (5min) 2nd Leq (5min)			min)	3rd	Leq (5	min)	4th	Leq (51	nin)	5th	Leq (51	min)	6th	Leq (51	min)	Lag20min	Eggada		
Date	Time	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq,	L10,	L90,	Leq30min, dB(A)	Façade Correction
	Time	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	ub(A)	Correction
10-Feb-22	9:40	51.3	55.1	47.7	51.8	53.3	50.0	49.2	50.4	47.9	49.1	49.9	48.1	49.1	50.4	47.9	49.6	51.2	48.0	50.2	53.2
16-Feb-22	9:51	60.1	60.0	46.5	50.9	54.3	44.8	51.7	54.9	44.7	53.5	59.0	44.6	53.7	57.7	44.6	53.6	57.4	45.3	55.2	58.2
22-Feb-22	11:06	60.7	59.0	44.7	45.8	46.9	44.3	45.3	46.3	44.1	46.2	48.2	44.1	58.2	53.4	44.4	51.4	55.9	44.8	55.4	58.4
28-Feb-22	11:00	61.0	59.2	44.3	45.5	47.0	44.7	45.7	45.9	44.3	46.3	48.4	44.1	58.5	53.2	44.5	51.6	55.3	44.7	55.7	58.7



Additional I	Noise Mea	asurement Results during Restricted l	Hours (dB) of N1		
-	Start		Leq (5min)		Distance & Façade
Date	Time	Leq, dB(A)	L10, dB(A)	L90, dB(A)	Correction
6-Feb-22	10:37	50.5	53.0	42.0	53.5
9-Feb-22	20:33	49.5	51.6	45.2	52.5
13-Feb-22	14:31	52.7	55.5	48.5	55.7
18-Feb-22	20:45	49.9	52.4	40.6	52.9
24-Feb-22	21:13	52.5	54.7	47.0	55.5
27-Feb-22	10:07	44.6	47.9	37.3	47.6

Additional 1	Noise Me	asurement Results during Restricted	Hours (dB) of N2a		
ъ.	Start		Leq (5min)		
Date	Time	Leq, dB(A)	L10, dB(A)	L90, dB(A)	Distance & Façade Correction
6-Feb-22	10:13	46.5	50.5	41.5	50.5
9-Feb-22	20:56	46.3	48.7	41.5	50.3
13-Feb-22	14:09	41.9	45.0	37.0	45.9
18-Feb-22	20:22	43.4	47.9	45.9	47.4
24-Feb-22	20:51	47.5	51.1	41.8	51.5
27-Feb-22	10:30	42.7	46.3	36.7	46.7

Additional 1	Noise Me	asurement Results during Restricted	Hours (dB) of N3a		
	Start		Leq (5min)		
Date	Time	Leq, dB(A)	L10, dB(A)	L90, dB(A)	Distance & Façade Correction
6-Feb-22	9:30	52.5	54.5	43.5	58.5
9-Feb-22	20:06	47.4	51.7	49.0	53.4
13-Feb-22	13:14	45.6	47.0	38.0	51.6
18-Feb-22	21:16	51.6	55.5	41.0	57.6
24-Feb-22	21:42	46.6	48.0	40.9	52.6
27-Feb-22	9:36	49.7	51.4	40.8	55.7



Additional 1	Noise Mea	asurement Results during Restricted	Hours (dB) of N4		
-	Start		Leq (5min)		
Date	Time	Leq, dB(A)	L10, dB(A)	L90, dB(A)	Façade Correction
6-Feb-22	9:50	48.7	52.5	41.5	51.7
9-Feb-22	21:23	46.7	43.6	36.9	49.7
13-Feb-22	13:40	47.7	51.5	39.0	50.7
18-Feb-22	19:53	50.5	49.5	41.6	53.5
24-Feb-22	20:27	45.8	52.9	42.4	48.8
27-Feb-22	11:01	50.4	47.8	39.9	53.4

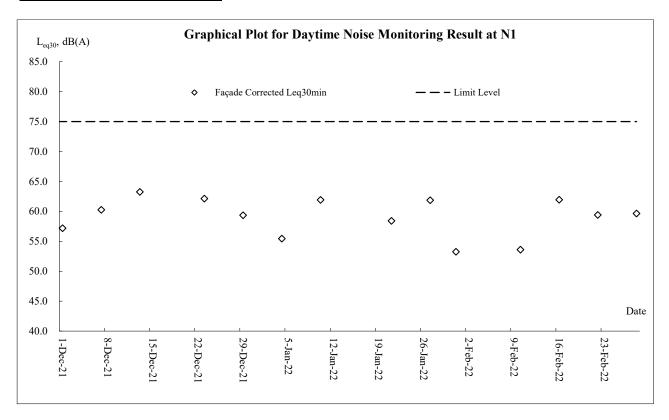


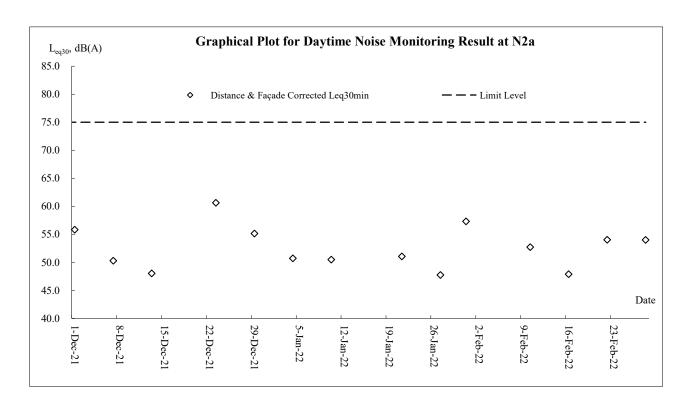
Appendix I

Graphical Plots of Monitoring Results

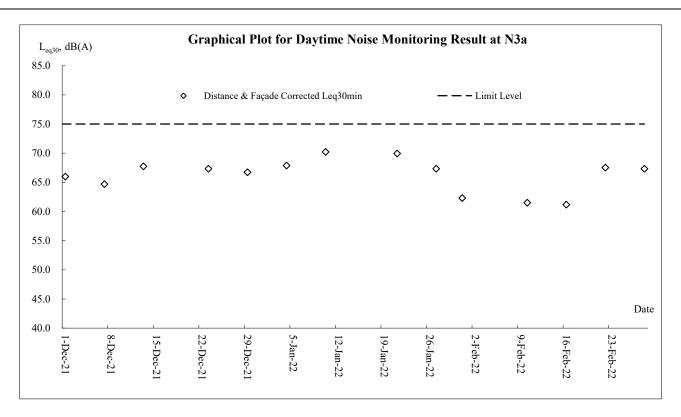


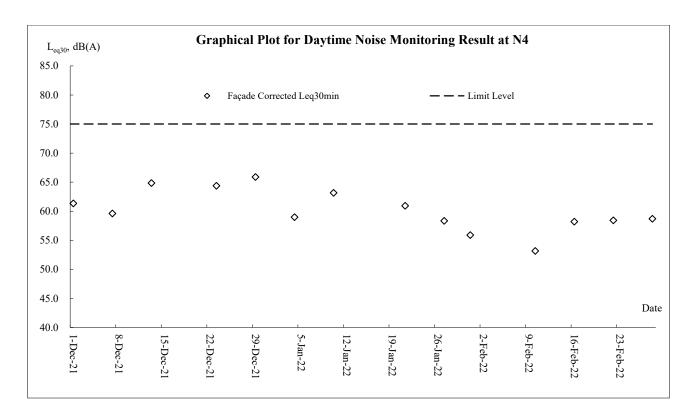
Construction Noise - Daytime





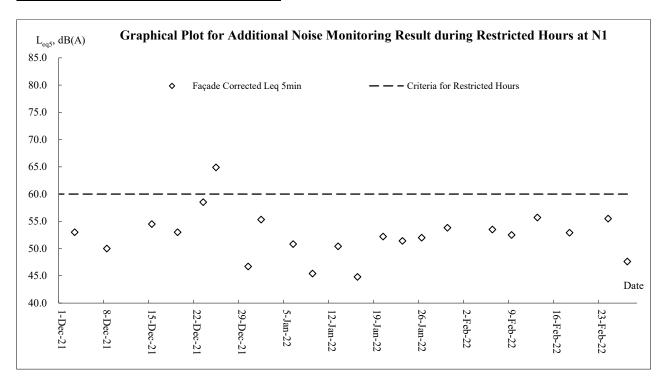


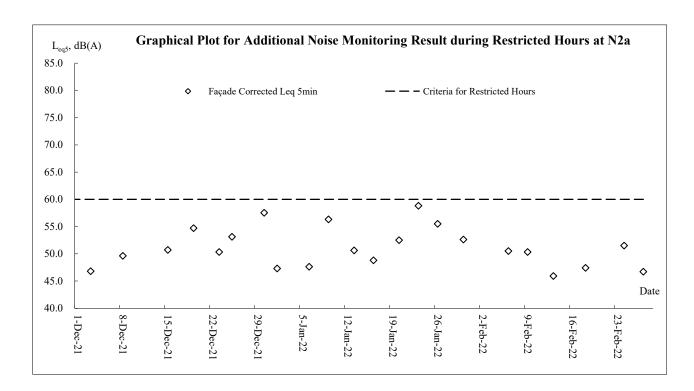




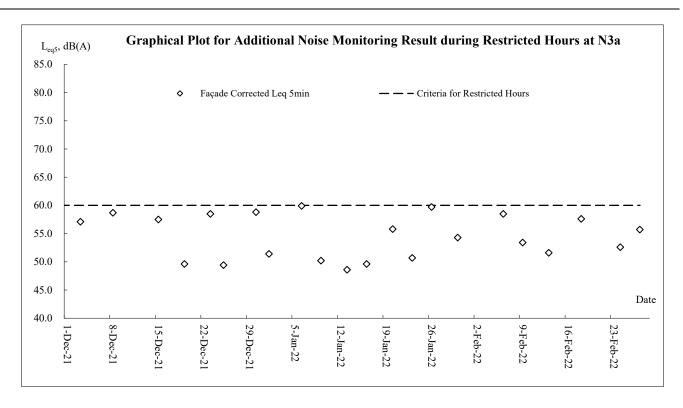


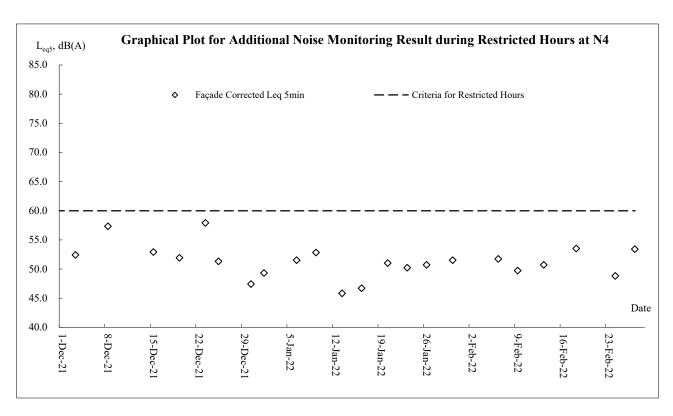
Construction Noise - Restricted Hours













Appendix J

Waste Flow Table

Name of Department : EPD Contract No: EP/SP/86/15

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for February 2022

Version: 0

	Actu	al Quantitie	s of Inert Co	&D Materials	Generated	Monthly	Actua	al Quantity of	C&D Wast	es Generated	Monthly
Month	Total Quantity Generated	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete		Reused in other Projects (see Note 10)	Disposed as Public Fill	Imported Fill	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging (see Notes 4)	Plastics (see Notes 2 &4)	Chemical Waste	Others, eg. general refuse
	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000m3)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000m3)
sub-total up to 2021	89.338	0.000	0.000	83.508	5.597	0.233	337.486	1.250	0.700	0.000	1.644
Jan-22	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.139
Feb-22	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.145
Mar-22											
Apr-22											
May-22											
Jun-22											
Sub total (since 2019)	89.338	0.000	0.000	83.508	5.597	0.233	337.486	1.250	0.700	0.000	1.928
Jul-22											
Aug-22											
Sep-22											
Oct-22											
Nov-22											
Dec-22											
Total (since 2019)	89.338	0.000	0.000	83.508	5.597	0.233	337.486	1.250	0.700	0.000	1.928

Note 1	The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are not specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Site
2	Plastics refer to plastic bottles/containers, plastic sheets/foam from packaging material
3	The Contractor shall also submit the latest forecast of the amount of C&D materials expected to be generated from the Works, together with a breakdown of the nature where the total amount of C&D materials expected to be generated from the Works is equal to or exceeding 50,000m3.
4	All recyclable materials, including metals, paper / cardboard packaging, plastics, etc. will be collected by registered collector for recycling.
5	Conversion factors for reporting purpose:
	in-situ: rock = 2.5 tonnes/m ³ ; soil = 2.0 tonnes/m ³
	excavated: rock = 2.0 tonnes/m ³ ; soil = 1.8 tonnes/m ³ ; broken concrete and bitumen = 2.4 tonnes/m ³
	C&D Waste (including tree waste) = 0.9 tonnes/m ³ ; bentonite slurry = 2.8 tonnes/m ³
6	Numbers are rounded off to the nearest three decimal places
7	The "Total Quantity Generated" equals to the sum of "Reuse in the Contract", "Reuse in Other Projects" and "Disposed as Public Fill"
8	The "Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete" were disposed as public fill
9	The amount in "Disposed as Public Fill" includes the "Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete" disposed as public fill
10	The "Reused in other projects" include C&D inert material and hard rock and large broken concrete



Appendix K

Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule (Extracted from EM&A Manual)



					Implementation Stage ¹				
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
Air Qual	ity Impact	(Construction)							
3.8.1.1	2.4	General Dust Control Measures Dust emissions could be suppressed by regular water spraying on site. In general, water spraying twice a day could reduce dust emission from active construction area by 50%. However, for the Project more frequent water spraying is proposed. Watering eight times per day, or once every 1.5 hours, is suggested at all active works areas in order to achieve a higher dust suppression efficiency of 87.5%.	Within construction site / Duration of the construction phase	Contractor		✓			EIA Recommendation and Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation
3.8.1.2	2.4	Best Practice For Dust Control	Within construction site /	Contractor		✓			EIA
		The relevant best practices for dust control as stipulated in the Air Pollution Control (construction Dust) Regulation should be adopted to further reduce the construction dust impacts of the Project. These best practices include:	Duration of the construction phase						Recommendation and Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation
		Good Site Management							
		Good site management is important to help reducing potential air quality impact down to an acceptable level. As a general guide, the Contractor should maintain a high standard of housekeeping to prevent emissions of fugitive dust. Loading, unloading, handling and storage of raw materials, wastes or by-products should be carried out in a manner so as to minimise the release of visible dust emission. Any piles of materials accumulated on or around the work areas should be cleaned up regularly. Cleaning, repair and maintenance of all plant facilities within the work areas should be carried out in a manner minimising generation of fugitive dust emissions. The material should be handled properly to prevent fugitive dust emission before cleaning.							
		Disturbed Parts of the Roads							
		 Each and every main temporary access should be paved with concrete, bituminous hardcore materials or metal plates and kept clear of dusty materials; or 							
		 Unpaved parts of the road should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical so as to keep the entire road 							



					Implementation Stage ¹	tage ¹			
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.		Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation 8 Guidelines
		surface wet.		*					
		Exposed Earth							
		 Exposed earth should be properly treated by compaction, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or seating with latex, vinyl, bitumen within six months after the last construction activity on the site or part of the site where the exposed earth lies. 							
		Loading, Unloading or Transfer of Dusty Materials							
		 All dusty materials should be sprayed with water immediately prior to any loading or transfer operation so as to keep the dusty material wet. 							
		Debris Handling							
		 Any debris should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or stored in a debris collection area sheltered on the top and the three sides. 							
		 Before debris is dumped into a chute, water should be sprayed so that it remains wet when it is dumped. 							
		Transport of Dusty Materials							
		 Vehicle used for transporting dusty materials/spoils should be covered with tarpaulin or similar material. The cover should extend over the edges of the sides and tailboards. 							
		Wheel washing							
		Vehicle wheel washing facilities should be provided at each construction site exit. Immediately before leaving the construction site, every vehicle should be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels.							
		Use of vehicles							
		The speed of the trucks within the site should be controlled to about 10km/hour in order to reduce adverse dust impacts and secure the safe movement around the site.							
		 Immediately before leaving the construction site, every vehicle should be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels. 							
		 Where a vehicle leaving the construction site is carrying a load of dusty materials, the load should be covered entirely 							



					Implementation Stage ¹				
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
	•	by clean impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the vehicle.		•					•
		Site hoarding							
		Where a site boundary adjoins a road, street, service lane or other area accessible to the public, hoarding of not less than 2.4m high from ground level should be provided along the entire length of that portion of the site boundary except for a site entrance or exit.							
Air Qual	ity Impact	(Operation)							
3.8.2	2.3	Odour patrol at site boundary of the Project	Site boundary / During operation stage (the need to continue the odour patrol after the end of the 2-year monitoring period would depend on the monitoring results and should be agreed with EPD)	OWTF Operator	√		√		EIAO-TM
3.8.2	2.4	Install gas cleaning equipment and stack on the CHP and odour treatment unit	CHP and odour treatment unit	Design Consultant / OWTF Operator	✓		✓		EIA Recommendation
		■ The preliminary design suggests the use of a two stage process involving either a biofilter or Ultraviolet Light (UV-C) together with ozone treatment as the first stage, and an activated carbon filter as the second stage for the odour treatment unit. It is recommended to install the UV-C and ozone treatment system with second stage active carbon filters as this has a lower footprint requirement than the biofilter option. However, the actual unit installed depends on the final design by the contractor in the design phase.							
		 The preliminary design incorporates a combination of thermal and catalytic treatment processes to remove pollutants from the exhaust gasses from the CHP. 							
		 Both the odour treatment unit and the CHP emissions are suggested to be directed to a flue to aid the dispersion and minimise effects on ASRs. 							



					Imp	lementa	ation S	tage ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.		Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Op	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
4.9	3.2	The HA has assumed that the following "Good Practices" and "recommended design measures" for the safe operation of OWTF 2 shall be carried out as far as reasonably practicable:	During design and operation phases	Design Consultant / OWTF Operator	✓		✓		EIAO & EIAO TM Annex 4
		 The process plant building will be provided with adequate number of gas detectors distributed over the various areas of potential leak sources to provide adequate coverage. 							
		 All electrical equipment inside the building will be classified in accordance with the electrical area classification requirements. No unclassified electrical equipment will be used during operations or maintenance. 							
		Reference can be made to Codes of Practice and guidance issued in Europe that applies to places where explosive atmospheres may occur (called 'ATEX' requirements). These are covered as part of the European Directive: the Explosive Atmospheres Directive (99/92/EC) and the UK regulations, Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 (DSEAR). Where potentially explosive atmospheres may occur in the workplace, the requirements include, identifying and classifying (zoning) areas where potentially explosive atmospheres may occur; avoiding ignition sources in zoned areas, in particular those from electrical and mechanical equipment; where necessary, identifying the entrances to zoned areas; providing appropriate anti-static clothing for employees; and before they come into operation, verifying the overall explosion protection safety of areas where explosive atmospheres may occur.							
		 All safety valves design shall take into account discharging any released fluid to a safe location, or stopping misdirection of fluid flows in order to avoid hazardous outcome. 							
		 Safety markings and crash barriers will be provided to the aboveground piping, digesters and the gas holder near the entrance. 							
		 Lightning protection installations will be installed following IEC 62305, BS EN 62305, AS/NZS 1768, NFPA 780 or equivalent standards. 							
		 A 10m high boundary wall with fire resistance will be 							



					Implementation Stage ¹			age ¹		
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines	
		provided in the vicinity of the digester tanks, gasholders and gas purification equipment to protect the equipment against external fires, and to provide some protection to external areas from the effects of fire/explosion.				•		•		
		Suitable fire extinguishers will be provided within the site. An External Water Spray System (EWSS) will be installed in appropriate areas, such as around the gasholders, gas purification, desulphurisation units, and digester areas. The facilities will also be equipped with fire and gas detection system and fire suppression system. Stringent procedures are implemented to prohibit smoking or naked flames to be used on-site.								
		 Fixed crash barriers will be provided in areas where process equipment is adjacent to the internal roadway to protect against vehicle collision. Adequate warning signage and lighting will also be provided and maximum speed limit will also be in place. 								
Noise I	mpact (Con	struction)		•	•	•	•	•	•	
5.9.1	4.2.7	Good Site Practice Good site practice and noise management can significantly reduce the impact of construction site activities on nearby NSRs. The following package of measures should be followed during each phase of construction:	Within construction site / During construction phase	Contractor	•	✓	•	•	EIAO, EIAO-TM and Noise Control Ordinance	
		 only well-maintained plant to be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction works; 								
		 machines and plant that may be in intermittent use to be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum; 								
		 plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction, should, where possible, be orientated to direct noise away from the NSRs; 								
		 mobile plant should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible; and 								
		 material stockpiles and other structures to be effectively utilised, where practicable, to screen noise from on-site 								



					Imp	lementa	ation St	age ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		construction activities.	•						•
5.9.1	4.2.7	Selection of Quieter PME The recommended quieter PME adopted in the assessment were taken from the EPD's QPME Inventory and British Standard, namely Noise Control on Construction and Open Sites, BS 5228: Part 1: 2009. It should be noted that the silenced PME selected for assessment can be found in Hong Kong.	Within construction site / During construction phase	Contractor		✓		•	EIAO, EIAO-TM and Noise Control Ordinance
5.9.1	4.2.7	Use of Movable Noise Barriers Movable noise barriers can be very effective in screening noise from particular items of plant when constructing the Project. Noise barriers located along the active works area close to the noise generating component of a PME could produce at least 10 dB(A) screening for stationary plant and 5 dB(A) for mobile plant provided the direct line of sight between the PME and the NSRs is blocked.	Within construction site / During construction phase	Contractor		✓			EIAO, EIAO-TM and Noise Control Ordinance
5.9.1	4.2.7	Use of Noise Enclosure/ Acoustic Shed The use of noise enclosure or acoustic shed is to cover stationary PME such as air compressor and generator. With the adoption of the noise enclosure, the PME could be completely screened, and noise reduction of 15 dB(A) can be achieved according to the EIAO Guidance Note No.9/2010.	Within construction site / During construction phase	Contractor		√			EIAO, EIAO-TM and Noise Control Ordinance
5.9.1	4.2.7	Use of Noise Insulating Fabric Noise insulating fabric can also be adopted for certain PME (e.g. pilling machine etc). The fabric should be lapped such that there are no openings or gaps on the joints. According to the approved Tsim Sha Tsui Station Northern Subway EIA report (AEIAR-127/2008), a noise reduction of 10 dB(A) can be achieved for the PME lapped with the noise insulating fabric.	Within construction site / During construction phase	Contractor		✓			EIAO, EIAO-TM and Noise Control Ordinance
Noise Ir	npact (Ope	ration)	•	•				•	•
5.9.2	4.2.7	Fixed Plant Noise	Within construction site /	Design Consultant	✓	_	✓		EIAO, EIAO-TM
		Specification of the maximum allowable sound power levels of the proposed fixed plants should be followed. The following noise reduction measures should be considered as far as practicable during operation:	During operation phase / Throughout operation phase	/ Contractor					and Noise Control Ordinance
		 Choose quieter plant such as those which have been effectively silenced; 							



			·	·	Imp	lementa	tion S	tage ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
	•	 Include noise levels specification when ordering new plant (including chillier and E/M equipment); 		•	•	•	•	•	
		 Locate fixed plant/louver away from any NSRs as far as practicable; 							
		 Locate fixed plant in walled plant rooms or in specially designed enclosures; 							
		 Locate noisy machines in a completely separate building; 							
		 Install direct noise mitigation measures including silencers, acoustic louvers and acoustic enclosure where necessary; and 							
		 Develop and implement a regularly scheduled plant maintenance programme so that equipment is properly operated and serviced in order to maintain a controlled level of noise. 							
Water C	Quality Impa	act (Construction)	•	•		•		•	
6.8.1.1	5.3	Construction site runoff	Within construction site /	Contractor	•	✓			ProPECC Note
		The site practices outlined in ProPECC Note PN 1/94 should be followed as far as practicable in order to minimise surface runoff and the chance of erosion. The following measures are recommended to protect water quality and sensitive uses of the coastal area, and when properly implemented should be sufficient to adequately control site discharges so as to avoid water quality impacts:	Duration of the construction phase						PN 1/94
		At the start of site establishment, perimeter cut-off drains to direct off-site water around the site should be constructed with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentation control facilities implemented. Channels, earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct storm water to silt removal facilities. The design of the temporary on-site drainage system should be undertaken by the Contractor prior to the commencement of construction;							
		 Sand/silt removal facilities such as sand/silt traps and sediment basins should be provided to remove sand/silt particles from runoff to meet the requirements of the TM standards under the WPCO. The design of efficient silt 							



		•			Imp	lementa	ation S	tage ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		removal facilities should be based on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC Note PN 1/94. Sizes may vary depending upon the flow rate. The detailed design of the sand/silt traps should be undertaken by the Contractors prior to the commencement of construction.							
		All drainage facilities and erosion and sediment control structures should be regularly inspected and maintained to ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and particularly during rainstorms. Deposited silt and grit should be regularly removed, at the onset of and after each rainstorm to ensure that these facilities are functioning properly at all times.							
		Measures should be taken to minimize the ingress of site drainage into excavations. If excavation of trenches in wet periods is necessary, they should be dug and backfilled in short sections wherever practicable. Water pumped out from foundation excavations should be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities.							
		All vehicles and plant should be cleaned before leaving a construction site to ensure no earth, mud, debris and the like is deposited by them on roads. An adequately designed and sited wheel washing facility should be provided at construction site exit where practicable. Wash-water should have sand and silt settled out and removed regularly to ensure the continued efficiency of the process. The section of access road leading to, and exiting from, the wheel-wash bay to the public road should be paved with sufficient backfall toward the wheel-wash bay to prevent vehicle tracking of soil and silty water to public roads and drains.							
		 Open stockpiles of construction materials or construction wastes on-site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms. Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system. 							
		 Manholes (including newly constructed ones) should be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris being washed into the drainage system and stormwater runoff being directed into 				,	,		



			•		Impl	ementa	tion St	age ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		foul sewers.		•	•	•			
		Precautions should be taken at any time of the year when rainstorms are likely. Actions should be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or forecasted and actions to be taken during or after rainstorms are summarized in Appendix A2 of ProPECC Note PN 1/94. Particular attention should be paid to the control of silty surface runoff during storm events, especially for areas located near steep slopes.							
		Bentonite slurries used in piling or slurry walling should be reconditioned and reused wherever practicable. Temporary enclosed storage locations should be provided on-site for any unused bentonite that needs to be transported away after all the related construction activities are completed. The requirements in ProPECC Note PN 1/94 should be adhered to in the handling and disposal of bentonite slurries.							
6.8.1.2	5.3	General construction activities	Within construction site /	Contractor		✓			ProPECC Note
		Construction solid waste, debris and refuse generated on-site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering any nearby storm water drain. Stockpiles of cement and other construction materials should be kept covered when not being used.	During construction phase						PN 1/94
6.8.1.3	5.3	Excavation works	Within construction site /	Contractor		✓			ProPECC Note
		The construction programme should be properly planned to minimise excavation works during the wet season (April to September), temporarily exposed slope/soil surfaces should be covered by a tarpaulin or other means, as far as practicable. Interception channels should be provided (e.g. along the crest/edge of the excavation) to prevent storm runoff from washing across exposed soil surfaces. Arrangements should be in place to ensure that adequate surface protection measures can be safely carried out well before the arrival of a rainstorm. Other measures that need to be implemented before, during and after rainstorms are summarized in ProPECC PN 1/94.	During construction phase						PN 1/94
6.8.1.4	5.3	Accidental spillage	Within construction site /	Contractor	•	√	•	•	ProPECC Note
		■ The Contractor should register as a chemical waste producer	During construction phase						PN 1/94 and Waste Disposa



					Impl	ementa	tion St	age ¹			
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines		
		if chemical wastes are produced from construction activities. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation should be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes.						•	Ordinance		
		 Maintenance of vehicles and equipment, involving activities with potential for leakage and spillage, should only be undertaken within areas appropriately equipped to control these discharges. 									
		Oils and fuels should only be stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. To prevent spillage of fuels and solvents to any nearby storm water drain, all fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund should be drained of rainwater after a rain event.									
		Disposal of chemical wastes should be carried out in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. The Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published under the Waste Disposal Ordinance details the requirements to deal with chemical wastes. General requirements are given as follows:									
		 Suitable containers should be used to hold the chemical wastes to avoid leakage or spillage during storage, handling and transport. 									
		 Chemical waste containers should be suitably labelled, to notify and warn the personnel who are handling the wastes, to avoid accidents. 									
		 Storage area should be selected at a safe location on site and adequate space should be allocated to the storage area. 									
6.8.1.5	5.3	Sewage effluent from construction workforce Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets,	Within construction site / During construction	Contractor		✓			ProPECC Note PN 1/94		
	_	should be employed on-site where necessary to handle sewage from the workforce. A licensed contractor should be employed to provide appropriate and adequate portable toilets and be	phase		_						



				·	Imp	lementa	ation S	ane ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of	Implementation Agent	Des	Con		Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance.	measures		,				
Water Q	uality Impa	nct (Operation)	•	•	•			•	•
6.8.2.1	5.3	Sewage effluent and sewerage impact	Within construction site /	Design Consultant	√		√		EIA
		In order to minimise the risk of exceeding capacity of the sewerage system, on-site underground storage of effluent is recommended for the OWTF 2, with a capacity of 6 hours of peak flow. Using the values presented in the preliminary design, the on-site storage required to buffer excess capacity would be equivalent to 30 m³. A below ground effluent retention tank would function to store effluent produced during peak periods when usage of the Sha Ling pumping station is high. Effluent stored during such periods could then be pumped out of the retention tank and discharged into the public sewer during off-peak times when capacity is sufficient.	During design and operation phase	/ OWTF Operator					recommendations
6.8.2.2	5.3	Wastewater generation from organic waste treatment processes Wastewater must be collected and diverted to the wastewater treatment plant (WWTP). An adequately sized WWTP with technologies such as membrane bioreactor, reverse osmosis or multi-phase separation process or system should be provided for the OWTF 2. Polluting parameters in the effluent should be in compliance with the requirements as specified in the TM-DSS. Leachate from the waste reception and composting process A drainage system will be provided at the reception area connecting to the proposed onsite WWTP. The leachate would be treated in the WWTP and there would be no direct discharge of leachate. Dewatering of the digestate from the separators The wastewater generated from the dewatering of digestate from the digesters is expected to be around 229.18 m³/day and a peak flow of 5.31L/s. The on-site WWTP will deploy suitable treatment process in order to reduce the pollution level to an acceptable standard. The effluent shall be treated according to the TM-DSS standard before discharging to foul sewers.	Within construction site / During design and operation phase	Design Consultant / OWTF Operator					TM-DSS, Water Pollution Control Ordinance



					Imp	lementa	tion St	age ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		Condensate from biogas drying, odour treatment and ventilation system	•	•	•			•	
		 Condensate from biogas handling and wastewater from the odour treatment process would be collected and transferred to the WWTP. There is no direct discharge of wastewater to the sewer. 							
		Washing of waste delivery trucks							
		 Surplus wastewater generated from the vehicle washing facilities would be collected and transferred to the WWTP for further treatment before discharging to the foul sewer. 							
		Untreated wastewater from wastewater treatment plant							
		 Maintenance of the WWTP and its connection pipe work would be conducted regularly to confirm the condition of the holding tank and pipes. This will ensure early detection of any damage for repair or replacement. 							
		Leakage of materials from WWTP							
		 Regular scheduled maintenance of the WWTP will be carried out to confirm the condition of the facility and detect any damages at an early stage for repair or replacement. 							
6.8.2.3	5.3	Contaminated stormwater runoff and accidental spillages	Within construction site /	OWTF Operator	•		√		TM-DSS; Water
		Regular maintenance of plant facilities, as recommended in Section 6.8.2.2 of the EIA report, will be performed to confirm the condition of plant facilities and detect any damage for repair or replacement. Training should be provided to the employees on handling accidental spillage, so that in such cases, actions can be carried out quickly to avoid runoff to nearby streams/drains.	During operation phase / Throughout operation phase	·					Pollution Control Ordinance
Waste M	anagemen	t Implications (Construction)		•	•	•		<u> </u>	•
7.6.1.1	6.3	Good Site Practices	Project construction site /	Contractor		\checkmark			Waste Disposal
		Recommendations for good site practices during the construction activities include: Obtain the relevant waste disposal permits from appropriate authorities, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354) and subsidiary Regulations and the Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 28);	Throughout construction stage / Until completion of all construction activities		_				Ordinance; Regulation and the Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance;



					Imp	lementa	tion St	age ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		 Provide staff training for proper waste management and chemical handling procedures; Provide sufficient waste disposal points and regular waste 	•			•	•	•	Waste Disposal (Chemical Wastes) (General Regulation;
		 collection; Provide appropriate measures to minimise windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers; 							Technical Circula (Works) No. 19/2005 Environmental
		 Carry out regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; 							Management on Construction Site
		 Separate chemical wastes for special handling and disposal to licensed facilities for treatment; and 							
		 Employ licensed waste collectors to collect waste. 							
		 Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include: Design foundation works to minimise the amount of excavated material to be generated; Provide training on the importance of site cleanliness and appropriate waste management procedures, including waste reduction, reuse and recycling; Sort demolition debris and excavated materials from demolition works to recover reusable/recyclable portions Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers or skips to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal Encourage collection of recyclable waste such as waste paper and aluminium cans by providing separate labelled bins to enable such waste to be segregated from other general refuse generated by the work force Plan the use of construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary 	Throughout construction stage / Until completion of all construction activities						Ordinance
7.6.1.3	6.3	generation of waste Excavated and C&D Materials In order to minimise impacts resulting from collection and transportation of C&D material for off-site disposal, the	Project construction site / Throughout construction stage / Until completion	Contractor	√	✓			Waste Disposal Ordinance ; DEVB Technical



					Imp	lementa	tion St	age ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		excavated materials should be reused on-site as fill material as backfilling material and for landscaping works far as practicable. Other mitigation requirements are:	of all construction activities				•		Circular (Works) No.6/2010 for Trip Ticket System for
		 A Waste Management Plan (WMP), which becomes part of the Environmental Management Plan (EMP), should be prepared in accordance with ETWB TC(W) No.19/2005; 							Disposal of Construction & Demolition Materials:
		 A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed of (including the disposal sites) should be adopted for easy tracking; and 							Technical Circular (Works) No. 19/2005
		In order to monitor the disposal of excavated and non-inert C&D material at public filling facilities and landfills and to control fly-tipping, a trip-ticket system should be adopted (refer to DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010).							Environmental Management on Construction Site
7.6.1.4	6.3	Chemical Waste	Project construction site /	Contractor		✓			Code of Practice
		Should chemical wastes be produced at the construction site, the Contractor would be required to register with EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes should be used, and incompatible chemicals should be stored separately. Appropriate labels should be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste (such as explosive, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, or corrosive). The Contractor should employ a licensed collector to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes, to	Throughout construction stage / Until completion of all construction activities						on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes; Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation
	_	either the CWTC in Tsing Yi, or any other licensed facilities, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.							
7.6.1.5	6.3	General Refuse	Project construction site /	Contractor		✓			Waste Disposal
	_	General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separated from excavated and non-inert C&D materials. A reputable waste collector should be employed by the Contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from inert C&D materials. Preferably an enclosed and covered area should be provided to reduce the occurrence of 'wind blown' light material.	Throughout construction stage / Until completion of all construction activities						Ordinance and Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance - Public Cleansing and Prevention of Nuisances



					Imp	lementa	tion S	tage ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		·							Regulation
Waste N	Managemen	t Implications (Operation)							
7.6.2.1	6.3	Good site practices	Construction site / On a	OWTF Operator			\checkmark		Waste Disposal
		Adoption of the following good operational practices should be recommended to minimise waste management impacts:	regular basis / Throughout operation						Ordinance; Waste Disposal
		 Obtain the necessary waste disposal permits from the appropriate authorities, in accordance with the Waste 	stage						(Chemical Waste (General);
		Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation and the Land (Miscellaneous Provision) Ordinance (Cap. 28);							Regulation and the Land (Miscellaneous
		 Nomination of an approved person to be responsible for good site practice, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility of all wastes generated at 	ctive d at						Provision) Ordinance; DEVB Technical
		the site;							Circular (Works) No. 6/2010.
		 Use of a waste haulier licensed to collect specific category of waste; 							140. 0/2010.
		A trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental Team to monitor the disposal of solid wastes at public filling facilities and landfills, and to control fly tipping. Reference should be made to DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010.							
		 Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures; 							
		 Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment at a licensed facility; 							
		 Routine cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; 							
		 Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal; 							
		 Adoption of appropriate measures to minimise windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste, such as covering trucks or transporting wastes in enclosed containers; and, 							
		 Implementation of a recording system for the amount of 							



					lmp	lementa	ation S	tage ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Op	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
	•	wastes generated, recycled and disposed of (including the disposal sites).			•				
7.6.2.2	6.3	Waste reduction measures	Construction site / On a	OWTF Operator	•	•	✓	•	Waste Disposal
		Adoption of the following good operational practices should be recommended to ensure waste reduction:	regular basis / Throughout operation						Ordinance; Waste Disposal
		 Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal; 	stage						(Chemical Waste) (General); Regulation and
		 Encourage collection of aluminium cans, plastic bottles and packaging material (e.g. carton boxes) and office paper by individual collectors. Separate labelled bins should be provided to help segregate this waste from other general refuse generated by the work force; and 							the Land (Miscellaneous Provision) Ordinance
		 Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity should be reused as far as practicable. 	.				_		
7.6.2.3	6.3	Waste generated from pre-treatment process Wastes generated from pre-treatment process should be recycled as far as possible. Wastes generated from pre-treatment process should also be separated from any chemical waste and stored in covered skips. The recyclables should be collected by licensed collectors, while the rest of the waste should be removed from the site on a daily basis to minimise odour, pest and litter impacts. Open burning must be strictly prohibited.	Pre-treatment process / Throughout operation stage	OWTF Operator			✓		Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General)
7.6.2.4	6.3	Chemical Waste ■ Chemical waste generated from machinery maintenance and servicing should be managed in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and storage of Chemical Wastes under the provisions of Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. The chemical waste should be collected by drum-type containers and, when transported off-site, removed by licensed chemical waste contractors. Alternatively, some of the chemical waste may be retained on-site for re-use by the Project in the manufacture of biogas or other products, subject to their composition being confirmed as suitable for such application.	Construction site Throughout operation stage	OWTF Operator			✓		Code of Practice on the Packaging Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes; Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation



					Imp	lementa	tion St	age ¹	
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		 Plant / equipment maintenance schedules should be planned in order to minimise the generation of chemical waste. 		•	•		•		•
		Non-recyclable chemical wastes and lubricants should be disposed of at appropriate facilities, such as CWTC. Copies or counterfoils from collection receipts issued by the licensed waste collector should be kept for recording purpose.							
		 Recyclable chemical waste will be transported off-site for treatment by a licensed collector. The Contractor will need to register with EPD as a chemical waste producer. 							
7.6.2.5	6.3	General Refuse	Construction site / On a	OWTF Operator			✓		Waste Disposal
		Waste generated in site offices should be reduced through segregation and collection of recyclables. To promote the recycling of wastes such as used paper, aluminium cans and plastic bottles, it is recommended that recycling bins should be clearly labelled and placed at locations with easy access. For the collection of recyclable materials, they should be collected by licensed collectors.	regular basis / Throughout operation stage						Ordinance
		General refuse, other than segregated recyclable wastes, should be separated from any chemical waste and stored in covered skips. The general refuse should be removed from the site on a daily basis to minimise odour, pest and litter impacts. Also, open burning of refuse must be strictly prohibited.							
Ecologic	al Impact	(Construction)							
8.7	7.3	For precautionary purposes and to further ensure that no wild flora species of conservation interest will be affected, prior to commencement of any construction works, it is recommended to conduct a detailed vegetation survey as baseline monitoring to update the exact locations, number and condition of individuals of <i>Aquilaria sinensis</i> and any other floral species of conservation interest within the Project Area. A Vegetation Survey Report summarizing the findings and recommendations of the detailed vegetation survey should be prepared and submitted to AFCD for approval no later than one month prior to commencement of construction works.	Before Project commencement	OWTF Operator	✓				EIAO-TM
8.7	7.3	During construction phase, erection of a temporary protective	Throughout construction	OWTF Operator					EIAO-TM



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EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		fence along the plantation area where trees and vegetation, including those of conservation concern identified under the detailed vegetation survey, would be retained within the Project Area is recommended for precautionary purposes to avoid any potential impact from construction activities such as vehicle movement and materials storage. Establishment of the protective fence could also raise the awareness of personnel to be present and protection of the plants. While the protective fence should be properly maintained, monitoring of individuals of Aquilaria sinensis and any other floral species of conservation interest identified in the detailed vegetation survey during construction phase on a monthly basis should be conducted to make sure that they are not affected by the construction works of the Project.	stage						
Ecologic	al Impact (Operation)				·			
		No mitigation measure is required.	•						•
Landsca	pe and Vis	ual Impact (Construction)							
Table 10.7 (CP1)	Table 8.1 (CP1)	Preservation of Existing Vegetation The development proposals would avoid disturbance to the existing trees as far as practicable within the confines of the development site. A preliminary tree survey has been undertaken to establish the existing resources. A tree survey review with formal tree removal application will be submitted to the relevant government departments for approval in accordance with ETWB TC(W) 03/2006 Tree Preservation, during the detailed design phase of the Project. Based on the preliminary findings it would be possible to retain 441 of the existing trees. If possible, all trees which are not in conflict with the proposals would be retained and shall be protected through the means of fencing, where appropriate, to prevent potential damage to tree canopies and root zones from vehicles and materials storage. Specifications for the protection of existing trees will be circulated to the relevant government authorities for approval together with the formal tree removal application.	Construction site / Throughout construction stage / Until completion of all construction activities	Contractor	✓	✓			Technical Circular (Works) No. 3/2006
Table 10.7 (CP2)	Table 8.1 (CP2)	Storage of materials should be carefully arranged to minimise potential landscape and visual impact.	Construction site / Throughout construction stage / Until completion	Contractor	√	√			EIAO-TM



					Implementation Stage ¹					
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines	
		The location and appearance of site accommodation should be carefully designed to minimise potential landscape and visual impact.	of all construction activities				•	•		
		 Site lighting should be carefully designed to prevent light spillage, 								
		 Extent of the works area and construction period should be minimised as far as practicable. 								
		 Screen hoarding with compatible design to blend into the surrounding natural environmental should be considered. 								
		 Temporary works areas should be reinstated at the earliest possible opportunity. 								
Table	Table	Transplantation of existing trees	Construction site /	Contractor	✓	✓			Technical Circular	
10.7 (CP3)	8.1 (CP3)	Under current proposal, no tree is recommended to be transplanted since the trees in conflict with the proposed works are not suitable to be transplanted. However, should transplantation be proposed in the detailed design stage after an update tree survey, the recommended final recipient sites should be adjacent to their current locations. Enough time should be reserved for tree transplantation works to increase the survival rate of the transplanting trees. To ensure the survival of transplanted trees, protection work should be considered. The tree transplantation proposal will be submitted to relevant authorities for approval together with the formal tree removal application.	Throughout construction stage / Until completion of all construction activities						(Works) No. 3/2006	
Landsca	pe and Vis	ual Impact (Operation)								
Table 10.8 (OP1)	Table 8.2 (OP1)	Design of the Proposed OWTF OWTF will incorporate design features as part of design mitigation measures including	Construction site / During design stage	Design Consultant / OWTF Operator	√				EIAO-TM	
		 Integrated design approach - the location of OWTF should be within the existing Livestock Waste Composting Plant, as far as technically feasible. The location and orientation of the OWTF should be away from landscape and visually sensitive areas such as ponds and woodlands. 								
		Building massing – the proposed use of simple responsive design includes having specific height profile requirement		•		•				



					Implementation Stage ¹				
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
	•	such as, single-storey, lower than the adjacent building structures, and avoiding large built structure for supporting facilities to reduce the intrusion of mass in the rural areas.		•					
		 Treatment of built structures – the structural design should seek to reduce the apparent visual mass of the facilities further through the use of natural materials such as wooden frames or other sustainable materials such as recycled plastics. 							
		 Responsive building finishes – Natural tones should be considered for the colour palette for proposed structures. Non-reflective finishes are recommended on the outward facing building facades to reduce glare effect. 							
		 Responsive lighting design – Aesthetic design of architectural and lighting with following glare design measures: 							
		 Directional and full cut off lighting is recommended within the boundaries of OWTF to minimise light spillage to the surroundings; 							
		 Minimise geographical spread of lighting, only applying for safety at the key access points and staircases; and 							
		Limited lighting intensity to meet the minimum safety and operation requirement.							
Table	Table	Amenity / Compensatory Planting	Construction site / during	Design Consultant	✓	•	✓	•	Technical Circular
10.8 (OP2)	8.2 (OP2)	Tree retention within the works area is considered to be important. New tree plantings will be concentrated in the proposed amenity areas along the boundaries of the site and along the exterior of OWTF buildings. Although a preliminary planting proposal is not yet available at the moment of producing this EIA Report, anticipated new tree planting within the Project site should be able to fully compensate for the loss of 14 trees proposed to be felled in terms of both quantity and quality. 441 existing trees will be retained through preserving them at their current locations. Establishment of newly planted trees is expected. Trees with high amenity value will be placed along the access routes to provide shade and soften the hard structures of OWFT buildings. Amenity plantings will utilise native tree species found on existing neighbouring slopes or	design and operation stage	/ OWTF Operator					(Works) Nos. 7/2002 and 3/2006



		·	·		Implementation Stage ¹				
EIA Ref.	EM&A Ref.	Environmental Protection Measures	Location / Duration of measures / Timing of completion of measures	Implementation Agent	Des	Con	Ор	Dec	Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
		woodland areas to improve the ecological connectivity between existing habitats and create a coherent landscape network. Tree species with aggressive roots should be avoided to prevent damage to OWTF buildings and structures. Trees with high or moderate amenity value and low to medium maintenance should be considered as part of landscape resource enhancement. Recommended tree species include <i>Celtis sinensis</i> and <i>Liquidambar formosana</i> . These proposals will be subjected to review at detail design stage of the Project.							
Table 10.8 (OP3)	Table 8.2 (OP3)	Treatment of Slopes In accordance with GEO Publication No. 1/2011 "Technical Guidelines on Landscape Treatment for Slopes", these engineering structures will be aesthetically enhanced through the use of soft landscape works including tree and shrub planting to give man-made slopes a natural appearance, blending into the natural landscape. Whip-sized plantings are preferred on the face of soil cut slopes, at the crest and toe of the slope and within berm planters. These smaller, younger plants can adapt to their new growing conditions quicker than larger sized stock and establish a naturalistic effect rapidly. Recommended tree species include Mallotus paniculatus, Broussonetia papyrifera and Alangium chinense.	Construction site / during design and operation stage	Design Consultant / OWTF Operator	✓				GEO Publication No. 1/2011 "Technical Guidelines on Landscape Treatment for Slopes
Table 10.8 (OP4)	Table 8.2 (OP4)	Amenity enhancement Rooftop greening and vertical greening to mitigate the visual impact of taller structures can soften the façade of OWTF structures. Frameworks utilised for vertical greening should appear naturalistic.	Construction site / during design and operation stage	Design Consultant / OWTF Operator	√		✓		Technical Circular (Works) No. 7/2002

Remarks:

1. Des - Design Stage, C - Construction Stage, O - Operation, Dec - Decommissioning