

Tugs - movements in NYMTTS

Vessel Information			
	Unit	Ref	
Vessel Type			Tug (Harbour Craft)
Gross Register Tonnage	tonnes	(v)	218.3
Length	m	(v)	28.2
Width	m	(v)	8.2
Draft	m	(v)	3.0
Average Cruising Speed	knot	(a)	8.0
Cruise time	hours		0.08 <i>Total distance travelled / Speed</i>

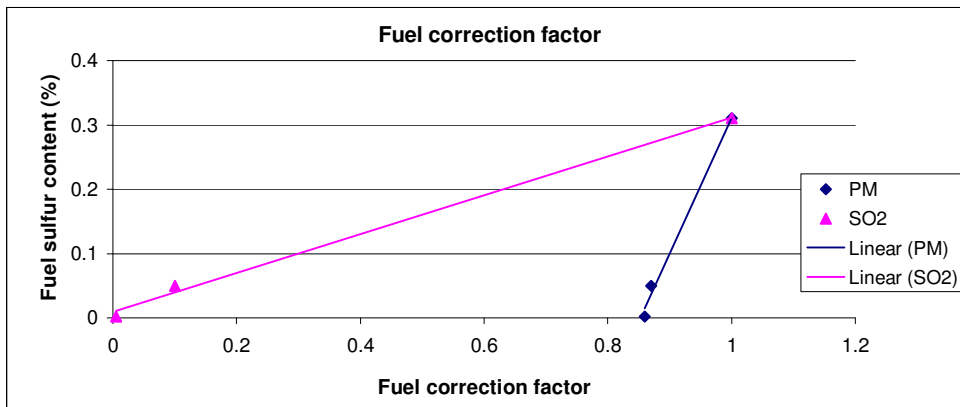
Engine Information			
Name			Various - Cummins
Number of engines		(w)	2
Engine capacity	kW	(w)	696
Cylinder displacement (total for 12 cylinders)	l	(w)	37.7
Load Factor	Ratio	(ad)	0.31

Engine type assumed to be Category 1, <3.5 l/cylinder displacement, Tier 1

Fuel Information			
Fuel consumption	l/hr	(w)	188.4
Fuel consumption	g/kWh		225.3 <i>Diesel density(g/l) * Fuel consumption(l/hr) / Engine Capacity(kW)</i>
Diesel density	g/l		832.0
Diesel sulfur content	ppm	(ac)	5000

Harbour craft fuel correction factor from offroad diesel fuel

Fuel	NOx	VOC	CO	SO2	PM	CO2	S %	Ref for S%
Diesel, offroad	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.31 ^(ao)
Diesel, onroad	1	1	1	0.1	0.87	1	0.05	0.05 ^(ap)
Diesel, ultra low sulfur	1	1	1	0.005	0.86	1	0.0015	0.0015 ^(ap)
Biodiesel	1.17	0.5	0.65	1	0.68	0.96		
HK light diesel oil				1.63	1.09		0.5	0.5 ^(ac)



Tugs - movements in NYMTTS

Emissions Information				
Emission Factor (Main Engine) - NOx	g/kWh	^(w)	8.55	
Assume full load				
	PM10	^(q)	0.33	0.3 (from table 3-5) * 1.09 (Fuel correction factor for PM as above)
	SO2	^(ab)	2.25	Sulfur content (%) * Fuel consumption (g/kWh) * 2 (SO ₂ :S conversion factor)
Total Emissions (Manoeuvring / Hotelling) (per hour)	NOx	g/s	1.02	emission factor (g/kWh) * load factor * engine capacity (kW) * number of engines / 3600 (s/h)
	PM10	g/s	0.04	
	SO2	g/s	0.27	
Exhaust Gas Flow (one engine)	m³/s	^(w)	2.3	
Exhaust Gas Temp (Turbine out)	°C	^(v)	421.7	
Route coordinates	833703.93 818666.12	Length		
	834090.28 818434.66		450.38	
	834223.51 818447.52		133.84	
	834396.70 818666.12		278.89	
	834405.58 819039.02		373.01	
Total area			37083.71	

Emissions (g/m ² .s)					
24 hour emissions	VESELS	NOx	PM10	SO2	
TIME	VESELS	EMISSION			
0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	
5	0	0	0	0	
6	0	0	0	0	
7	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
8	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
9	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
10	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
11	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
12	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
13	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
14	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
15	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
16	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
17	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
18	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
19	9	2.14E-05	0.0	5.64E-06	
20	9	2.14E-05	8.18E-07	5.64E-06	
21	0	0	0	0	
22	0	0	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0	

0 = number of vessels x total emission per vessel x cruise time / total area

Derrick Lighter Barges - NYMTTS

	Unit	Ref	
Vessel Information and Shelter Information			
Vessel Type			Derrick Lighter Barge (Harbour Craft)
Max length of barge	m	(i)	50
Beam	m	(i)	22
Draft	m	(i)	5.5
Gross Tonnage	tonnes	(i)	1817
Length of NYPCWA	m		1240 <i>Approximate measurement from plan</i>
Max number of barges			20 <i>NYPCWA shoreline length / (Barge length + Manuerving length (10m))</i>
Activity	hours time-in-mode (operation time)		14 <i>Based on NYPCWA operating hours of 0700 - 2100</i>
			0.25 <i>Observational dat. Approximately: rigging 10 minutes, usage 5 minutes, unloading 5 minutes</i>
Lifting Capacity	tonnes	(j)	250
Engine Information			
Main Diesel Electric Generator	kW	(g)	314.6 <i>average from 250t crane information</i>
Load	%	(u)	50% <i>Based on the maximum theoretical load of 43% for gantry cranes a similar loading is used. 50% is considered to be conservative based on the reference provided</i>

Emissions Information

Emission Factor

				<i>Assume 10,000 hours operating life if operation is 0.25 time-in-mode, 14 hours per day, 6 days per week then the maximum engine age is assumed to be 10,000 / (0.25 x 14 x 6) ~ 10 years. A conservative assumption that the average fleet age is 10 years has been made</i>
	NOx	g/kWh	(aah)	6.40
	PM10	g/kWh	(aai)	0.20
	SOx	g/kWh	(aah)	1.25
			(h)	<i>Assume SOx=SO2</i>

Emissions

				<i>Engine capacity(kW) * Load Factor * Emission Rate(g/kWh) * Activity(hour) * Time-in-mode</i>
	NOx	g	(c)	3523
	PM10	g	(c)	110
	SO2	g	(c)	686

Total Emissions (per barge)

NOx	g/s	0.0699
PM10	g/s	0.0022
SO2	g/s	0.0136

Exhaust Temp

K	811.28
°C	538.1 <i>Average based on engine spec sheets</i>

Volumetric Flowrate

m³/s	0.9752 <i>Based on proportional size of exhaust volume for 314.6kW engines (see graph below)</i>
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Effective efflux velocity (to account for horizontal plume)

m/s	(y) 0.001
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Exhaust Height

Based on visual survey (approximately the height of 3 shipping containers)
8.7

Effective stack diameter

m	35.24 <i>= 2 * SQRT ((Volumetric flowrate / Efflux velocity) / pi)</i>
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Barge Stack Coordinates

834350.61	818456.45
834379.32	818492.61
834401.41	818533.03
834432.32	818571.31
834461.03	818613.85
834489.75	818658.52
834505.20	818726.58
834505.20	818786.14
834505.20	818847.82
834505.20	818913.76
834507.41	818969.06
834503.00	819017.98
834503.00	819077.54
834505.20	819158.36
834500.79	819220.05
834503.00	819281.73
834503.00	819364.68
834503.00	819437.00
834498.58	819502.94
834505.20	819564.62

Additional Information for emission calculations

Reference			(aq)	(ar)	(as)	(at)
Power		kW	150	150	150	150
Speed		RPM	1800	1500	1800	1800
Bore			0.106	0.135	0.105	0.104
Stroke			0.127	0.15	0.127	0.132
Cylinders			6	6	6	6
Total displacement (given)			0.00679		0.0066	
Stroke				4	4	4
Air Intake Volume (given)	V1	m ³ /s	0.208		0.215	
Exhaust Temp	T2	°C	566.0		625.0	560
Exhaust volume (given)	V2	m ³ /s	0.562		0.525	0.625
Outlet size		m	0.0980	0.0980	0.0980	0.0980

Reference			(au)	(av)	(aw)	(ax)
Power		kW	40-50	50	50	50
Speed		RPM	1500	1500	1800	1800
Bore			0.106	0.135	0.086	0.102
Stroke			0.127	0.15	0.105	0.120
Cylinders			4	4	4	4
Total displacement (given)			0.0045		0.0024	
Stroke				4	4	4
Air Intake Volume (given)	V1	m ³ /s	0.070		0.067	0.090
Exhaust Temp	T2	°C	487.0		496.0	468.9
Exhaust volume (given)	V2	m ³ /s	0.170		0.180	0.212
Outlet size		m	0.0980	0.0744	0.0508	0.0744

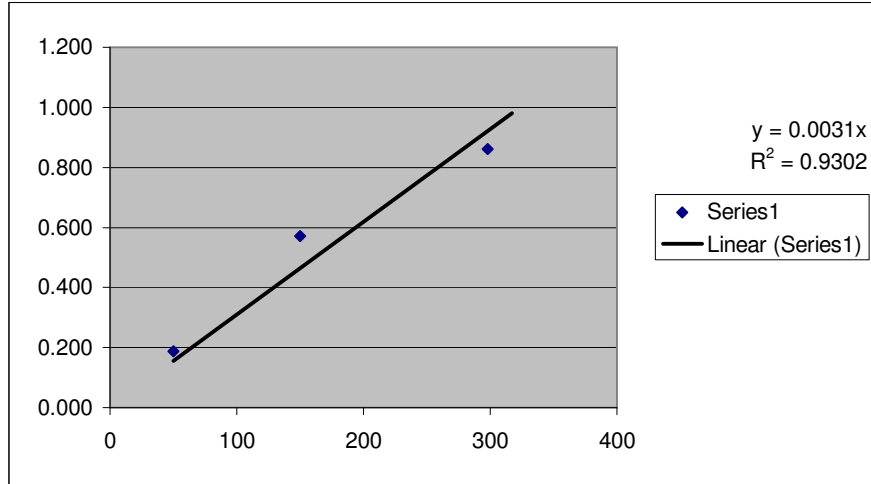
Additional Information for emission calculations

Reference	(aae)	(aad)	(aac)	(aab)
Power	224	247	336	247
Speed	2200	2000	1800	2000
Bore	0.11402	0.122	0.13	0.122
Stroke	0.135	0.15	0.152	0.150
Cylinders	6	6	6	6
Total displacement (given)	0.0083	0.01052	0.0128	0.0105
Stroke		4	4	4
Air Intake Volume (given)	V1			
Exhaust Temp	T2			
Exhaust volume (given)	V2			
Outlet size				m

Reference	(aaa)	(az)
Power	298	450
Speed	2100	2100
Bore	0.125	
Stroke	0.147	
Cylinders	6	
Total displacement (given)		
Stroke		4
Air Intake Volume (given)	V1	0.413
Exhaust Temp	T2	564.0
Exhaust volume (given)	V2	0.862
Outlet size		m

Relationship for exhaust volume

Engine size	kW	50	150	298
Exhaust volume (given)	m ³ /s	0.187	0.571	0.862



Vessel Information			
	Unit	Ref	
Vessel Type			Daytime Ship (40,000 tons) (OGV)
Gross Tonnage	tonnes	(e)	40053
Length	m	(e)	177.0
Width	m	(e)	29.0
Draft			
Hotelling Activity	hours	(n)	12 Regular berth

Vessel Information			
	Unit	Ref	
			24 hour ship (70,000 tons) (OGV)
Gross Tonnage	tonnes	(t)	70000
Length	m	(t)	264.3
Width	m	(t)	32.0
Draft	m	(t)	7.5
Hotelling Activity	hours		24 Irregular berth

Fuel Information			
Diesel density	g/l		832.0
Diesel sulfur content	ppm	(ac)	28000

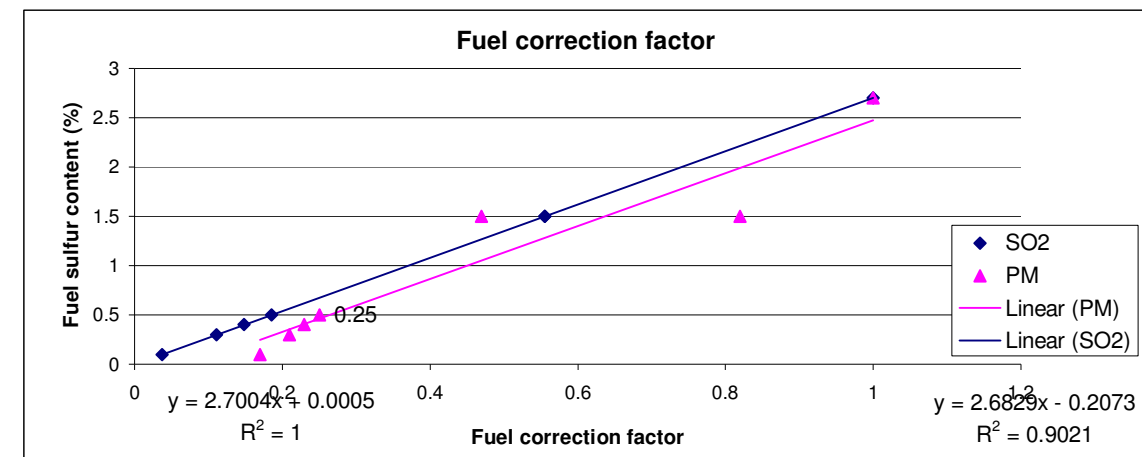
Weighted Fuel Sulfur Content of Residual Oil, Selected years

	2010-2020		
	Main Eng	Aux Eng	Aux Boiler
Cruise	2.11%	1.98%	2.07%

Fuel Correction Factors

2011 puget sound report

Fuel	NOx	VOC	CO	SO2	PM	CO2	S %	Ref for S%
HFO		1	1	1	1	1	2.7	
HFO		1	1	0.555	0.82	1	1.5	
MGO	0.94	1	1	0.185	0.25	1	0.5	
MDO	0.94	1	1	0.555	0.47	1	1.5	(ao)
MGO	0.94	1	1	0.037	0.17	1	0.1	(ap)
MGO	0.94	1	1	0.111	0.21	1	0.3	(ap)
MGO	0.94	1	1	0.148	0.23	1	0.4	(ap)
Residual Oil - HK (historic avg)				1.04	1.12		2.8	(ac)
Residual Oil - HK AE (2010-2020)				0.73	0.82		1.98	(ai)
Residual Oil - HK AB (2010-2020)				0.77	0.85		2.07	(ai)



Ocean Passenger Cruise Ship - Ocean Terminal
Vessel Type

Daytime Ship (40,000 tons) (OGV)

Auxiliary Engine Information			
Name		(m)	Wartsila 6R32D
Number of engines		(m)	4
Power	kW		2220
Bore	m	(o)	0.32
Stroke	m	(o)	0.35
Piston Displacement	given	l/cylinder (o)	28.2
Piston Displacement	calc	m³/cyl	0.0281
Total cylinders		(o)	6
Total displacement		m³	0.169
Total Power		kW	8880
Speed		rpm	720
Aux Engine/Main Engine Ratio			
Aux Engine Power			
Load Factor (Aux Engines)	Hotel	Ratio	(ae) 0.42

Auxiliary Boiler Information			
Name		(m)	Alfa Laval Mission OS
Number of engines		(m)	2
Total Power		kW	9200
Load Factor (Aux Boilers)	Hotel	kW	(ag) 1000

Emissions Information - 40,000			
Emission Factor (Aux Engines) (fuel sulfur content of 2.8%)	NOx	g/kWh	(l) 12.07
	PM10	g/kWh	(b) 1.61
	SO2	g/kWh	(b) 13.43
Emissions (Auxiliary Engines)	NOx	g	(c) 535098
	PM10	g	(c) 71552
	SO2	g	(c) 595274
Emission Factor (Aux Boilers) (fuel sulfur content of 2.7%)	NOx	g/kWh	(s) 2.10 <i>No. 6 residual oil (conservative)</i>
	PM10	g/kWh	(s) 0.80
	SO2	g/kWh	(s) 16.10
Emissions (Auxiliary Boilers)	NOx	g	(c) 25200
	PM10	g	(c) 9600
	SO2	g	(c) 193200
<i>[Emission(boiler) + Emission(Aux Engine)] / Hotelling Time</i>			
Total Emissions (Manoeuvring & Hotelling only)	NOx	g/s	12.97
	PM10	g/s	1.88
	SO2 (from literature)	g/s	18.25
	SO2 (adjusted)	g/s	7.6 <i>Assume the same as the adjusted value for 24 hour ship</i>
Input Air (aux engine)	100%	kg/s	(o) 4.6
Exhaust gas flow (aux engine) (one engine)	100%	kg/s	(o) 4.7
	85%	kg/s	(o) 4.1
	75%	kg/s	(o) 3.7
	50%	kg/s	(o) 2.7

24 hour ship (70,000 tons) (OGV)

Main Engine Information (no Aux engine info available)			
		(aj)	Wartsila W12V46
		(aj)	5
	kW	(x)	11700
	m	(x)	0.46
	m	(x)	0.58
given	l/cylinder	(x)	96.4
calc	m³/cyl		0.0964
		(x)	12
			m³ 1.157
			kW 58500
		(x)	rpm 514
		(f)	0.16
			kW 9360
Hotel		(ae)	0.42

Auxiliary Boiler Information			
		(aj)	SUNROD CPH-8-2
		(aj)	2
Hotel	kW	(ag)	1000

Emissions Information - 70,000			
NOx	g/kWh	(l)	12.91
PM10	g/kWh	(b)	1.61
SO2	g/kWh	(b)	13.43
NOx	g	(c)	1206703
PM10	g	(c)	150840
SO2	g	(c)	1254901
NOx	g/kWh	(s)	2.10 <i>No. 6 residual oil (conservative)</i>
PM10	g/kWh	(s)	0.80
SO2	g/kWh	(s)	16.10
NOx	g	(c)	50400
PM10	g	(c)	19200
SO2	g	(c)	386400
<i>[Emission(boiler) + Emission(Aux Engine)] / Hotelling Time</i>			
NOx	g/s		14.55
PM10	g/s		1.97
SO2 (from literature)	g/s		19.00
SO2 (adjusted)	g/s		7.6 <i>Adjusted according to the calibration result</i>
100%			4.8 <i>Assume exhaust air is proportionally larger according to engine size</i>
100% kg/s			5.0 <i>Assume exhaust air is proportionally larger according to engine size</i>
85% kg/s			4.3 <i>Assume exhaust air is proportionally larger according to engine size</i>
75% kg/s			3.9 <i>Assume exhaust air is proportionally larger according to engine size</i>
50% kg/s			2.8 <i>Assume exhaust air is proportionally larger according to engine size</i>

Calibration for SO2 emissions for 24-hour ship based on monitored data

Date of monitoring	16-Feb-12	04-Nov-11	20-Jan-12	03-Mar-12	20-Jan-12	15-Feb-12	
Cruise Ship at Ocean Terminal	Arcadia	Explorer	Costa Classica	Costa Classica	Costa Classica	Azamara Quest	
Hour	22:00:00	21:00:00	02:00:00	02:00:00	03:00:00	08:00:00	
wind direction measured at EPD WKCD met station	101.17	109.29	124.25	109.88	105.52	110.29	
wind speed (m/s)	2.6345	2.1747	3.0181	3.3197	3.2700	2.6875	
PG stability class (from HKO, Kings Park)	6	6	6	6	6	6	
Mixing height (m)	348.7 - 422.3	702.3 - 1252	643.2 - 692	461.1 - 65536	643.2 - 692	273.4 - 362.7	
Temp (°C) (from WKCD)	16.24	27.14	17.83	20.63	17.34	21.07	
Temp (K) (from WKCD)	289.4	300.3	291.0	293.8	290.5	294.2	
SO2 Measured at EPD WKCD monitoring station	37.45	35.75	33.42	32.74	32.00	31.46	
Average background SO2 concentration (Central, Central/Western, Mong Kok, Sham Shui Po)	11.75	15.25	7.25	4.00	6.00	5.25	
Measured value at WKCD due to ship (excluding average background SO2)	25.70	20.50	26.17	28.74	26.00	26.21	
Max modelled concentration at 1200m for notional emission of 16 g/s	61.17	72.55	54.45	50.27	50.86	60.22	
Max modelled concentration at 1300m for notional emission of 16 g/s	57.96	68.89	51.49	47.47	48.04	57.04	
Max modelled concentration at 1400m for notional emission of 16 g/s	54.84	65.30	48.65	44.79	45.34	53.95	
Average modelled conc (µg/m³) (based on notional emission of 16 g/s)	57.99	68.91	51.53	47.51	48.08	57.07	
Average conc based on emission rate of 19 g/s as calculated from literature)	68.85	81.82	61.18	56.41	57.08	67.76	
Average scaling factor for 19 g/s = 0.40	0.37	0.25	0.43	0.51	0.46	0.39	
							AVERAGE
							0.40

To prevent over-estimation of the SO2 emissions from the ships berthing at the Ocean Terminal, a calibration exercise was performed with reference to the on-site SO2 data recorded at the EPD's WKCD monitoring station (see Section 3.4.1). Historic berthing timetable at the Ocean Terminal during the monitoring period of the WKCD monitoring station (i.e., from Sep 2011 to Aug 2012) was identified. As there are many day-time marine traffic emission sources (e.g., Star Ferries, China ferries, Macau ferries, recreational and cargo vessels) during day-time, the calibration exercise was carried out only for night-time periods between 9pm and 8am when the 24-hour ship alone is berthed at the Ocean Terminal (the day-time ship is at cruise during night-time) and the emissions from fast ferries and other marine traffic are minimal.

Based on the emission rates as referenced in the "HK Inventory" and the meteorological data as recorded at the WKCD monitoring station during the monitoring period, the hourly SO2 concentrations at the monitoring station due to emissions from only the 24-hour ship berthing at the Ocean Terminal were modelled by using ISCST3. The modelling results so obtained were then filtered to identify only those results that correspond to the worst-case wind directions, (i.e., blowing directly toward the WKCD monitoring station from the Ocean Terminal or wind directions: 100° to 130°), the night-time hours (i.e., 9pm to 8am) and the worst-case atmospheric conditions (i.e., stable atmospheric conditions).

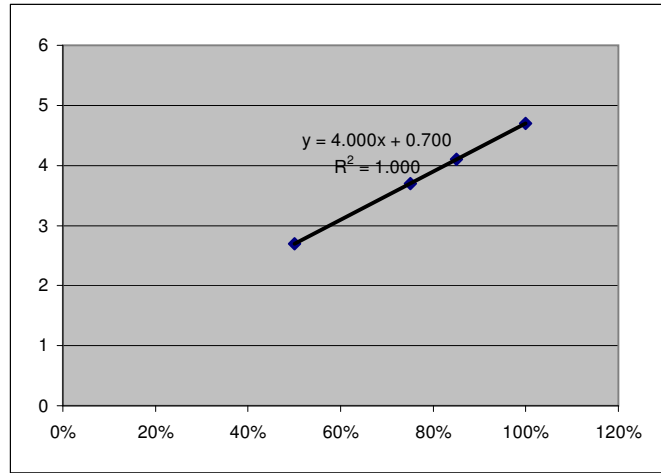
With this filtering exercise, the maximum hourly concentration as recorded at the WKCD monitoring station was compared with the maximum hourly concentration as predicted by the ISCST3 model (with the emission rates as referenced in the "HK Inventory") in order to obtain the ratio of maximum monitoring result to maximum model result. The SO2 emission rates for the 24-hour ship were then adjusted by this ratio, which is found to be 0.40:1. Therefore, the SO2 emission rate for the 24-hour ship was adjusted by a factor of 0.40 in the model run so as to provide more realistic estimates of the maximum SO2 concentrations at the ASRs. The SO2 emission rate for the day-time ship, which is smaller in tonnage than the 24-hour ship, is conservatively assumed to be the same as the adjusted emission rate for the 24-hour ship.

70,000 ton ship emissions from literature **19.00 g/s**

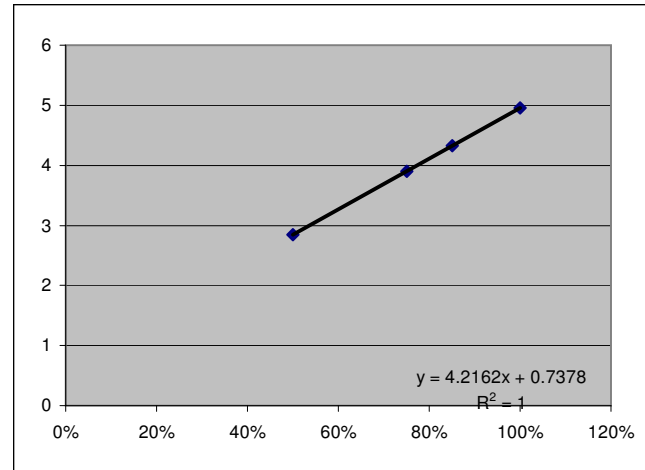
The emissions for the 70,000 ton ship are therefore 19.00 x 0.40 = 7.6 g/s

Ocean Passenger Cruise Ship - Ocean Terminal

Vessel Type Daytime Ship (40,000 tons) (OGV)



24 hour ship (70,000 tons) (OGV)



Exhaust flow at load factor 42% kg/s 2.364

Molecular Weight of air g/mole 28.97
 Molecular weight of fuel C14H30 g/mole 198.4

Mole Air in exhaust (per second) mole/s 81.6
 Mole fuel in exhaust (per second) mole/s 0.254

PV=nRT
 Pressure P kPa 101.3 Assume Standard Pressure
 Total Mole n 81.9
 Exhaust Temperature (after turbocharg Tm K (o) 586.2
 Exhaust Temperature Te K (ah) 448.2 Passes through boiler
 Universal gas constant R J/K/mol 8.314

Volumetric flow (exhaust) at 313°C L/s 3938.0
 at 175°C 3010.9

Volumetric flow (exhaust) m³/s 3.01

Exhaust diameter m (o) 0.6

Efflux velocity m/s 10.65

Note four engines so 4 exhaust of 600mm, 10.6m/s etc

Emissions (Manoeuvring & Hotelling only) per stack
 NOx g/s 3.24
 PM10 g/s 0.47
 SO2 g/s 1.90

Stack coordinate m 835175.41 817276.31

42% kg/s 2.49 Assume exhaust air is proportionally larger according to engine size

Molecular Weight of air g/mole 28.97
 Molecular weight of fuel C14H30 g/mole 198.4

Mole Air in exhaust (per second) mole 86.0
 Mole fuel in exhaust (per second) mole 0.267

PV=nRT
 Pressure P kPa 101.3 Assume Standard Pressure
 Total Mole n 86.3
 Exhaust Temperature (after turbocharg Tm K (o) 586.2 Assume as for 40,000ton ship as no information available
 Exhaust Temperature Te K (ah) 448.2 Passes through boiler
 Universal gas constant R J/K/mol 8.314

Volumetric flow (exhaust) at 313°C L/s 4150.8 Assume as for 40,000ton ship as no information available
 at 175°C 3173.6

Volumetric flow (exhaust) m³/s 3.17

Exhaust diameter m (o) 0.6

Efflux velocity m/s 11.22

Assume four engines so 4 exhaust of 600mm, 11.2m/s etc

Emissions (Manoeuvring & Hotelling only) per stack
 NOx g/s 3.64
 PM10 g/s 0.49
 SO2 g/s 1.90

Stack coordinate m 835170.51 817393.30

Fast Ferries - China Ferry Terminal

Vessel Information			
	Unit	Ref	
Vessel Type			Fast Ferry (Harbour Craft)
Draft	m	(a)	1.2
Actual Cruise Speed	(in harbour) knots	(aag)	10.0
Activity - Cruise (China ferries)	hours		0.13
Activity - Cruise (Macau ferries)	hours		0.06
Activity - Hotel	hours		0.50

Auxiliary Engine Information (Average)			
Name			
Number of engines		(ay)	2.0 <i>Average all ferries</i>
Average Auxiliary Engine Capacity	kW	(ay)	96.9 <i>Average all ferries</i>
Average Total Auxiliary Engine Capacity	kW		194
Speed	RPM	(ay)	1500.0 <i>Average all ferries</i>
Phase	2 or 4 stroke		4
Load Factor (Aux Engines)	Cruise	(ak)	0.45
	Hotel	(ak)	0.45
Fuel type		(ac)	Light Diesel Oil

Main Engine Information - Macau			
Total Maximum Main Engine Power	kW	(ay)	9280.00
Maximum design speed	knots	(ay)	45.00
Victoria Harbour speed limit	knots	(aag)	10.00
Load Factor (Main Engines)	Macau	Cruise	(am) 0.222 <i>Mechanical Power = Force x Velocity</i> <i>Assume Force is constant</i> <i>∴ load factor is proportional to speed</i> <i>LF = 10 / 45</i>
Fuel type		(ac)	Light Diesel Oil

Main Engine Information - China			
Maximum Main Engine Power	kW	(ay)	5490.00
Maximum design speed	knots	(ay)	32.00
Victoria Harbour speed limit	knots	(aag)	10.00
Load Factor (Main Engines)	China	Cruise	(al) 0.313 <i>Mechanical Power = Force x Velocity</i> <i>Assume Force is constant</i> <i>∴ load factor is proportional to speed</i> <i>LF = 10 / 45</i>
Fuel type		(ac)	Light Diesel Oil

Fast Ferries - China Ferry Terminal

Emissions Information - Macau (weighted average)

Emission Factor (Aux Engines)	NOx	g/kWh	(af)	10.00
	PM10	g/kWh	(af)	0.31
	SO2	g/kWh	(af)	2.12
Average weighted Emissions (Aux Engines) - Cruise	NOx	g/s	(c)	0.00
	PM10	g/s	(c)	0.00
	SO2	g/s	(c)	0.00
Emissions (Aux Engines) - Hotel	NOx	g/s	(c)	0.24
	PM10	g/s	(c)	0.01
	SO2	g/s	(c)	0.05
Emission Factor (Main Engines) - Cruise	NOx	g/kWh	(l),(ay)	9.80
	PM10	g/kWh	(af)	0.31
	SO2	g/kWh	(af)	2.08
Emissions (Main Engines) - Cruise	NOx	g/s	(c)	5.61
	PM10	g/s	(c)	0.18
	SO2	g/s	(c)	1.19
Total Emissions - Cruise	NOx	g/s	(c)	5.61
	PM10	g/s	(c)	0.18
	SO2	g/s	(c)	1.19

Emissions Information - China

Emission Factor (Aux Engines)	NOx	g/kWh	(af)	10.00
	PM10	g/kWh	(af)	0.31
	SO2	g/kWh	(af)	2.12
Emissions (Aux Engines) - Cruise	NOx	g/s	(c)	0.24
	PM10	g/s	(c)	0.01
	SO2	g/s	(c)	0.05
Emissions (Aux Engines) - Hotel	NOx	g/s	(c)	0.24
	PM10	g/s	(c)	0.01
	SO2	g/s	(c)	0.1
Emission Factor (Main Engines) - Cruise	NOx	g/kWh	(l)	9.80
	PM10	g/kWh	(af)	0.31
	SO2	g/kWh	(af)	2.08
Emissions (Main Engines) - Cruise	NOx	g/s	(c)	4.67
	PM10	g/s	(c)	0.15
	SO2	g/s	(c)	0.99
Total Emissions - Cruise	NOx	g/s	(c)	4.91
	PM10	g/s	(c)	0.16
	SO2	g/s	(c)	1.04

Exhaust Information (for berthing)

Engine Size (displacement)	m ³			0.007
	CID	(p)		425.5 = 0.007×39.37^3
Intake Airflow	CFM	(p)		554.0 = $((\text{Engine Size (CID)} \times \text{Engine Speed (RPM)}) / 3456) \times \text{Volumetric efficiency}$
	Volumetric Efficiency	(p)		3
Manifold Flow	CFM	(p)		1395.2 = $((900 + 460) / 540) \times \text{Intake Airflow (CFM)}$
	m ³ /s			0.66 = $\text{Manifold Flow (CFM)} \times 0.02832 / 60$
Manifold temp	°C	(p)		537.8 As referenced
Exhaust Temp	°C	(an)		274.2 Average of engine information as referenced
	K			547.3
Exhaust flow Diesel (total)	m ³ /s			0.67 = $\text{Manifold Flow (m}^3\text{/s)} \times \text{number of engines} \times \text{Exhaust Temp} / \text{Manifold Temp}$
Exhaust Height	mPd			1.3

Additional Information for emission calculations

Reference			(aq)	(ar)	(as)	(at)
Power		kW	150	150	150	150
Speed		RPM	1800	1500	1800	1800
Bore			0.106	0.135	0.105	0.104
Stroke			0.127	0.15	0.127	0.132
Cylinders			6	6	6	6
Total displacement (calc)		m ³	0.0067	0.0129	0.0066	0.0067
Total displacement (given)			0.00679		0.0066	
Stroke			4	4	4	4
Air Intake Volume (calc)	V0	m ³ /s	0.102	0.226	0.099	0.101
Air Intake Volume (given)	V1	m ³ /s	0.208		0.215	
Air Intake Temp (calc)	T1	°C	200.5	235.5	256.0	250.0
Exhaust Temp	T2	°C	566.0	583.7	625.0	560
PV=nRT						
Exhaust volume (calc)			0.588	0.561	0.525	0.226
Exhaust volume (given)	V2	m ³ /s	0.562		0.525	0.625
Outlet size		m	0.0980	0.0980	0.0980	0.0980

Reference			(au)	(av)	(aw)	(ax)
Power		kW	40-50	50	50	50
Speed		RPM	1500	1500	1800	1800
Bore			0.106	0.135	0.086	0.102
Stroke			0.127	0.15	0.105	0.120
Cylinders			4	4	4	4
Total displacement (calc)		m ³	0.0045	0.0086	0.0024	0.0039
Total displacement (given)			0.0045		0.0024	
Stroke			4	4	4	4
Air Intake Volume (calc)	V0	m ³ /s	0.056	0.165	0.036	0.059
Air Intake Volume (given)	V1	m ³ /s	0.070		0.067	0.090
Air Intake Temp (calc)	T1	°C	200.5	194.5	183.7	199.4
Exhaust Temp	T2	°C	487.0	484.0	496.0	468.9
PV=nRT						
Exhaust volume (calc)			0.170	0.412	0.180	0.212
Exhaust volume (given)	V2	m ³ /s	0.170		0.180	0.212
Outlet size		m	0.0980	0.0744	0.0508	0.0744

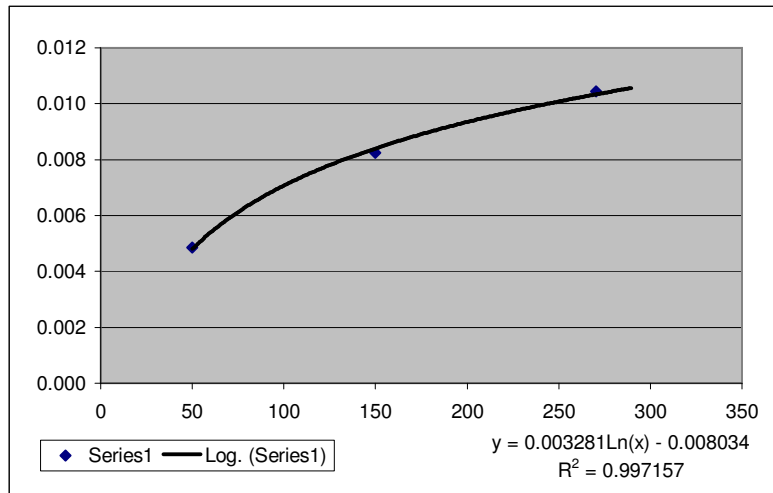
Additional Information for emission calculations

Reference			(aae)	(aad)	(aac)	(aab)
Power			224	247	336	247
Speed			2200	2000	1800	2000
Bore			0.11402	0.122	0.13	0.122
Stroke			0.135	0.15	0.152	0.150
Cylinders			6	6	6	6
Total displacement (calc)		m ³	0.0083	0.0105	0.0121	0.0105
Total displacement (given)			0.0083	0.01052	0.0128	0.0105
Stroke			4	4	4	4
Air Intake Volume (calc)	V0	m ³ /s	0.152	0.175	0.191	0.175
Air Intake Volume (given)	V1	m ³ /s				
Air Intake Temp (calc)	T1	°C				
Exhaust Temp	T2	°C				
PV=nRT						same as K
Exhaust volume (calc)						
Exhaust volume (given)	V2	m ³ /s				
Outlet size		m				

Reference			(aaa)	(az)
Power			298	450
Speed			2100	2100
Bore			0.125	
Stroke			0.147	
Cylinders			6	
Total displacement (calc)		m ³	0.0108	
Total displacement (given)				
Stroke			4	4
Air Intake Volume (calc)	V0	m ³ /s	0.189	
Air Intake Volume (given)	V1	m ³ /s	0.413	
Air Intake Temp (calc)	T1	°C	270.2	
Exhaust Temp	T2	°C	564.0	
PV=nRT				
Exhaust volume (calc)			0.862	
Exhaust volume (given)	V2	m ³ /s	0.862	
Outlet size		m		

Relationship for engine displacement

Engine size	kW	50	150	270.4
Displacement	m ³	0.005	0.008	0.010



Berth Point Source Information

Stack coordinates
 835044.77 817788.12
 835096.67 817795.28
 835153.94 817806.02
 835246.64 817940.13
 835274.11 817791.10
 835202.23 817780.00
 835146.71 817768.89
 835097.62 817754.87

Effective efflux velocity (to account for horizontal plume) **m/s** (y) **0.001**

Effective stack diameter for one stack **m** $=\text{SQRT} ((4 * \text{Exhaust Flow Diesel} / 29.24 \text{ Efflux Velocity} (0.001)) / \pi)$

24 hour emissions TIME	g/s (per hour)		
	NOx	PM10	SO2
	VESSELS	EMISSION	
0	0	0	0 <i>emmission rate x activity</i>
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0.000	0.00000 0.0000
5	0	0	0 0
6	0	0	0 0
7	5	0.606	0.019 0.128
8	14	1.696	0.053 0.359
9	6	0.727	0.023 0.154
10	8	0.969	0.030 0.205
11	6	0.727	0.023 0.154
12	3	0.363	0.011 0.077
13	7	0.848	0.026 0.180
14	3	0.363	0.011 0.077
15	8	0.969	0.030 0.205
16	5	0.606	0.019 0.128
17	3	0.363	0.011 0.077
18	7	0.848	0.026 0.180
19	6	0.727	0.023 0.154
20	3	0.363	0.011 0.077
21	2	0.242	0.008 0.051
22	1	0.121	0.004 0.026
23	0	0	0 0

Macau Cruise Area Source Information

Route coordinates	833886.00 817401.67	Length	Width
	834934.04 817757.43		

Total area 33203.18

24 hour emissions TIME	Emissions (g/m².s)			
	VESELS	NOx EMISSION	PM10	SO2
multiply scheduled ferries by two to account for inbound and outbound journeys				
0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
3	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0
7	4	4.042E-05	1.28E-06	8.58E-06
8	6	6.062E-05	1.92E-06	1.29E-05
9	6	6.062E-05	1.92E-06	1.29E-05
10	6	6.062E-05	1.92E-06	1.29E-05
11	6	6.062E-05	1.92E-06	1.29E-05
12	4	4.042E-05	1.28E-06	8.58E-06
13	6	6.062E-05	1.92E-06	1.29E-05
14	4	4.042E-05	1.28E-06	8.58E-06
15	4	4.042E-05	1.28E-06	8.58E-06
16	4	4.042E-05	1.28E-06	8.58E-06
17	4	4.042E-05	1.28E-06	8.58E-06
18	4	4.042E-05	1.28E-06	8.58E-06
19	10	1.010E-04	3.20E-06	2.14E-05
20	4	4.042E-05	1.28E-06	8.58E-06
21	4	4.042E-05	1.28E-06	8.58E-06
22	2	2.021E-05	6.39E-07	4.29E-06
23	0	0	0	0

*= number of vessels x
total emission per vessel
x (cruise time for total
length) / (total area for
total length)*

China Cruise Area Source Information

Route coordinates	833730.57 818678.97	Length
	833726.13 817628.84	1050.14
	833886.00 817401.67	277.79
	834934.04 817757.43	1106.77
Total area		73040.93

24 hour emissions TIME	Emissions (g/m ² .s)				
	NOx	PM10	SO2		
VESELS	EMISSION				
multiply scheduled ferries by two to account for inbound and outbound journeys					
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	= number of vessels x
3	0	0	0	0	total emission per vessel
4	0	0	0	0	x (cruise time for total
5	0	0	0	0	length) / (total area for
6	0	0	0	0	total length)
7	6	5.31E-05	1.68E-06	1.13E-05	
8	22	1.95E-04	6.15E-06	4.13E-05	
9	6	5.31E-05	1.68E-06	1.13E-05	
10	10	8.84E-05	2.79E-06	1.88E-05	
11	6	5.31E-05	1.68E-06	1.13E-05	
12	2	1.77E-05	5.59E-07	3.75E-06	
13	8	7.07E-05	2.24E-06	1.50E-05	
14	2	1.77E-05	5.59E-07	3.75E-06	
15	12	1.06E-04	3.35E-06	2.25E-05	
16	6	5.31E-05	1.68E-06	1.13E-05	
17	2	1.77E-05	5.59E-07	3.75E-06	
18	10	8.84E-05	2.79E-06	1.88E-05	
19	2	1.77E-05	5.59E-07	3.75E-06	
20	2	1.77E-05	5.59E-07	3.75E-06	
21	0	0	0	0	
22	0	0	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0	

(a)	BMT data from Jennifer Yue 04/05/2012
(b)	Table 2-16: Auxiliary Engine Emission Factors, g/kWh - <i>USEPA: Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emission Inventories</i> Assume worst case so SSD (slow speed diesel) engine with RO (residual oil) fuel type
(c)	Page 2-1, section 2.1 - <i>USEPA: Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emission Inventories</i>
(d)	http://cotaijet.com.mo/content/vessel-information http://www.austal.com/Resources/Deliveries/0b9e4bc1-65bf-ebc1-211c-a99d14682d12/Austal_48_311_to_320_350_to_353_web.pdf
(e)	http://www.starcruiises.com/en/home/ships/star-pisces/introduction.aspx
(f)	Table 3-13: Estimated average vessel ratio of Auxiliary Engines / Main Engines by ship type - <i>EMEP/EEA emission inventory guidebook 2011</i>
(g)	www.globalsecurity.org/military/systems/ship/bd.htm
(h)	Table 3.3-1. Emission Factors for uncontrolled gasoline and diesel industrial engines - USEPA AP42 Section 3.3
(i)	Schedule L.N. 66 of 2010 Cap 548E - Merchant shipping (local vessels) (typhoon shelters) regulation
(j)	http://wisemate9.en.ec21.com/Derrick_Lighter_with_Lifting_Capacity-3435524_3468810.html http://www.bonnyfair.com.hk/deliveries.htm
(k)	http://pdf.nauticexpo.com/pdf/mtu-friedrichshafen/mtu-diesel-engines-8v-12v-16v-4000-m70-for-vessels-with-high-load-factors-1b/31379-19452.html
(l)	MARPOL Annex VI, Chpt 3, Reg 13.3.2 Reg 413M http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_pdf.nsf/6799165D2FEE3FA94825755E0033E532/5FC416D2F9038CBB482575EF00059F2A?OpenDocument&bt=0 https://exchange.dnv.com/exchange/main.aspx?extool=vessel&subview=machinerysummary&vesselid=15641
(m)	1
(n)	http://www.starcruiises.com/media/206207/SPC0005_tariff_1112_EN_intl.pdf
(o)	http://www.brownequipment.com/files/item_files/files/12338.pdf http://www.scribd.com/doc/35255987/W_artsila-Vasa-32-Project-Guide http://www.maritimeequipment.com/ShowAd.aspx?id=106918 http://raflucgr.ra.funpic.de/toppage46.htm http://dec.alaska.gov/air/ap/docs/AQ0433TVP02dper.pdf http://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=14&ved=0CE4QFjADOAo&url=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.digitalwavepublishing.com%2Fpdfs%2FNFWM%2Fmaritimereporter%2F198601%2F&ei=vIMGUNb3LKrf4QSjvlifCQ&usq=AFQjCNF6gddAvC_NQHxy71bVvQffI9MV8g&sig2=yuFw40cD5j9B883pmboaNg http://www.marinedigital.com/en/mall/Equipment/index2.asp?menu_code=EquipmentSaleView&gubun=S1&GoodsNo=S11100060&Ucategory=1&list_url=Page=4%5Egubun=S1%5EEquipmentName=%5EMaker=%5EModel=%5EPostedYear=%5EPostedMonth=%5EPostedDay=%5ERegisterYN=Y%5EUcategory=1%5EFcategory=1%5EScategory=%5ETcategory=%5EOrderMethod=%5EOrderMethod2= http://www.equipmatching.com/used_equipment/5/75/193435.php
(p)	http://www.asia.donaldson.com/en/exhaust/support/datalibrary/1053747.pdf
(q)	Table 3-5: Harbour Craft Emission Factors - <i>USEPA: Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emission Inventories</i>
(r)	http://www.aalborg-industries.com/marine_solutions/documents/MISSION_OS_datasheet_FEB08.pdf
(s)	Table 3-29 OGV Boiler Emission Factors (g/kWh) - <i>Institute for the Environment, The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology: Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory</i>
(t)	http://www.royalcaribbean.com/findacruise/ships/class/ship/home.do?shipClassCode=VI&shipCode=LG&br=R
(u)	http://www.polb.com/civica/filebank/blobdload.asp?BlobID=6915

(v)	www.maritimesales.com/AT11.htm www.maritimesales.com/AT13.htm www.maritimesales.com/AT15.htm
(w)	http://marine.cummins.com/
(x)	Wartsila - Project guide Wartsila 46 2007
(y)	http://www.epa.gov/scram001/7thconf/aermod/aermod_implmtn_guide_19March2009.pdf
(z)	http://www.exhaustvideos.com/faq/how-to-calculate-muffler-size-pipe-diameter/
(aa)	Table 4.8: Fuel Correction Factors - <i>Starcrest: Puget Sound Maritime Air Emission Inventory (April 2007)</i>
(ab)	p.272 eqn - <i>Starcrest: Puget Sound Maritime Air Emission Inventory (April 2007)</i> para.4. - <i>Legislative Council Panel on Environmental Affairs, Controlling Emissions from Vessels (21 December 2011)</i>
(ac)	Table 3-4: Load Factors for Harbour Craft (Port of Los Angeles and Long Beach) - <i>USEPA: Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emission Inventories</i>
(ad)	Table 3-21 Adapted Auxiliary Engine Load Factors for OGVs except FCCV - <i>Institute for the Environment, The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology: Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory</i>
(af)	Table 4-17 ME and AE emission Factors (g/kWh) for Macau and PRD Ferry - <i>Institute for the Environment, The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology: Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory</i>
(ag)	Table 3-23 Adapted Auxiliary Boiler Energy Defaults (kW) for OGV - <i>Institute for the Environment, The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology: Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory</i>
(ah)	Table 2-17: Auxiliary Boiler Energy Defaults, kW - <i>USEPA: Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emission Inventories</i> www.steamesteem.com/?boilers/exhaust-gas-boilers www.polishcimac.pl/Papers1/2012/019.pdf
(ai)	Table 10-6 Weighted Fuel Sulphur Content of Residual Oil, Selected Year - <i>Institute for the Environment, The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology: Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory</i>
(aj)	https://exchange.dnv.com/exchange/main.aspx?extool=vessel&subview=machinerysummary&vesselid=18204
(ak)	Table 4-10 Auxiliary Engine Load Factors of RTVs, Macau and PRD Ferry - <i>Institute for the Environment, The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology: Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory</i>
(al)	Table 4-9 Main Engine Load Factors of PRD Ferry - <i>Institute for the Environment, The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology: Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory</i>
(am)	Table 4-8 Main Engine Load Factors of Macau Ferry - <i>Institute for the Environment, The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology: Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory</i>
(an)	Cooper, D. A., 2000. Exhaust emissions from high speed passenger ferries. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 35 (2001), 4189-4200
(ao)	p.272 para.2 - <i>Starcrest: Puget Sound Maritime Air Emission Inventory (April 2007)</i>
(ap)	p.A3 "Diesel" - <i>Starcrest: Puget Sound Maritime Air Emission Inventory (April 2007)</i>
(aq)	http://www.kohlerpower.com/onlinecatalog/pdf/g5210.pdf
(ar)	http://www.china-dieselgenerator.com/product.php?name=150kw_generator
(as)	http://www.cat.com/cda/files/256118/7/LEHE5521-01.pdf
(at)	http://www.powertechengines.com/MQP-DataSheets/MQP150IV_Rev_0.pdf
(au)	http://www.kohlerpower.com/onlinecatalog/pdf/g5205.pdf
(av)	http://www.china-dieselgenerator.com/product.php?name=50KW_generator
(aw)	www.generac.com/SpecSheets/0184480SBY.pdf
(ax)	http://www2.generatorjoe.net/html/cumm/CUIN-050D312.pdf
(ay)	http://www.barcaferry.com/index_c.htm
(az)	http://www.liebherr.com/AT/en-GB/products_at.wfw/id-3666-0/measure-metric/tab-2280_1477
(aaa)	http://www.bigge.com/crane-charts/crawler-crane-charts/999_Product_Guide.pdf http://www.cmdmarine.com/Products/Recreational%20Inboard/QSM11/fr20049.pdf
(aab)	http://www.bigge.com/crane-charts/crawler-crane-charts/Kobelco-7250-2F_spec.pdf
(aac)	http://www.bigge.com/crane-charts/crawler-crane-charts/Link-Belt-L.S278H-Specifications.pdf
(aad)	http://www.bigge.com/crane-charts/crawler-crane-charts/CK2500-IL.pdf
(aae)	http://www.bigge.com/crane-charts/crawler-crane-charts/HC230-LC.pdf
(aaf)	Paragraph 4.2.8 - <i>Institute for the Environment, The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology: Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory</i>

- (aag) <http://www.mardep.gov.hk/en/publication/pressrel/pr2k0629.html>
- (aah) <http://www.dieselnet.com/standards/us/nonroad.php>
Table 1 225 <= kW <450 - Tier 1
- (aai) <http://www.emergencypower.com/>
<http://www.boatsafe.com/nauticalknowhow/engine/enginelife.htm>

Sailings from China Ferry Terminal

