### Emissions from Existing Heater (EH) in YLSTW

Maximum biogas to be utilized in heater	=	189	m <sup>3</sup> /hr	
No. of exhuast from the heater	=	1		
US EPA Standard Condition	=	20	C	
	=	293	К	
Assume Biogas at 20 C° ambient temperature	=	20	C°	
	=	293	К	
Estimated biogas (CH <sub>4</sub> ) to be utilized in CHP	=	189	m <sup>3</sup> /hr at 20 °C	
	=	189 0.053	dscm/hr dscm/s	
		0.000		
Heater Emission RSP/FSP Emission				
Emission Factor for Secondary RSP/FSP emission from heater (Boiler)	=	130	kg/10 <sup>6</sup> dscm CH <sub>4</sub>	Ref. to Table 2-4.4, USEPA AP42
RSP/FSP Emission Rate	=	0.0068	g/s	
Total RSP/FSP Emission Rate at CHP Exhaust	=	0.0068	g/s	

# Emission Rates and Parameters for the Emission from Existing Boiler in YLSTW Emission Source Listing in AERMOD

											Em	ission Rate	(g/s)	
Source ID	Description	Туре	Х	Y	Flow rate (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Height (mAG)	Exit temp (K)	Exit velocity (m/s)	Stack Diameter (m)	<b>Operation Hours</b>	TSP	RSP	FSP	Particle Size Distribution Adpopted
EH	Existing Heater <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Point	820739.46	836457.05	0.38	8.7	343.00	5.403	0.30	24	6.8250E-03	6.8250E-03	6.8250E-03	No dry deposition applied

Remarks:

[1] The existing heater will not be operating during Phase 1 Operation.PM has been identified to be the major air pollutant during construction phase. The emission from the existing heater is operating during "Year 2020-2026". [2] TSP emission rate and FSP emission rate are assumed to be the same as that for RSP, as best estimation.



### **Emissions from CHP in YLEPP**

Oa: Os: Ca, dry, Oa: Ca, dry, Os: Ca, wet, Oa: Cs:	Oxygen concentration of flue gas, dry gas Standard oxygen concentration, dry gas Actual flue gas concentration, dry gas, Oa Actual flue gas concentration, dry gas, Os Actual flue gas concentration, wet gas, Oa Flue gas concentration at standard conditions	
va, dry: Va. wet:	Volume of flue gas at emission point, dry gas	
Vs: M:	Volume of flue gas under standard condition, dry gas Mass of pollutant in flue gas	
%H2O:	% of moisture in flue gas	
Pa: Do:	Standard proceure	
гъ. Та:	Temperature of flue gas at emission point	
Ts:	Standard temperature	
In accordance with Annex VI of EU	Directive 200/76/EC,	
Ca, dry, Oa	= Ca, dry, Os x (20.9 - Oa) / (20.9 - Os)	(eqn. 1)
Ca, dry, Oa	= M / Va, dry = M / [Va, wet x (1 - %H2O)]	(eqn. 2) (eqn. 3)
Ca, wet, Oa	= M / Va, wet = Ca, dry, Oa x (1 - %H2O) = Ca, dry, Os x (1 - %H2O) x (20.9 – Oa) / (20.9 – Os)	(from eqn. 3) (from eqn. 1)
Cs	= M / Vs	(eqn. 4) (eqn. 5)

By standard gas law,

Pa x Va, dry / Ta = Ps x Vs / Ts

Since Pa = Ps, Therefore, Va, dry / Ta = Vs / Ts

From eqn. 2 and eqn. 5, (M / Ca, dry, Oa) / Ta = (M / Cs) / Ts

Therefore, Ca, dry, Oa = Cs x Ts / Ta

From eqn. 4, Ca, wet, Oa = Cs x (Ts / Ta) x (1 - %H2O) x (20.9 – Oa) / (20.9 – Os)

### For the CHP, for RSP and SO<sub>2</sub>,

Oa = 5% Os = 6% %H2O = 20.4% Ta = 453K Ts = 273K

Therefore, for RSP and SO<sub>2</sub>,

Ca, wet, Oa = Cs x (273 / 453K) x (1 – 0.204) x (20.9 – 5) / (20.9 – 6) =0.5119Cs

#### For the CHP, for NOx,

Oa = 5% Os = 5% %H2O = 20.4% Ta = 453K Ts = 273K

Therefore, for NOx,

Ca, wet, Oa = Cs x (273 / 453K) x (1 – 0.204) x (20.9 – 5) / (20.9 – 5) = 0.4767Cs

#### For the CHP, for NH<sub>3</sub>,

Oa = 5% Os = 15% %H2O = 20.4% Ta = 453K Ts = 273K

Therefore, for NH<sub>3</sub>,

Ca, wet, Oa = Cs x (273 / 453K) x (1 – 0.204) x (20.9 – 5) / (20.9 – 15) =1.293Cs

Peak Flow rate of CHP =

3,523 m3/hr at 453K

Air Pollutant	Emission Level (mg/Nm <sup>3</sup> )	Remarks	Emission Rate (g/s)
RSP	15	[1] [4]	0.0075
NOx (as NO <sub>2</sub> )	30	[2] [5]	0.0141
SO2	50	[1] [4]	0.0250
NH <sub>3</sub>	8	[3] [6]	0.0101

Remarks:

[1] The emission level is taken as reference from the approved EIA for Organic Waste Treatment Facilities Phase I (AEIAR-149/2010) and the associated VEP (i.e. Application No. VEP-488/2015).

[2] The emission level is estimated by Engineer.

[3] The emission level is referenced to "A Guidance Note on the Best Practiable Means for Electricity Works (Coal-fired Plant, Gas-

fired Gas Turbine, and Oil-fired Gas Turbine (Peak Lopping Plant)) BPM 7/1 (2018)"

[4] The emission level refers to an oxygen content of 6% and dry basis.

[5] The emission level refers to an oxygen content of 5% and dry basis.

[6] The emission level refers to an oxygen content of 15% and dry basis.

### Emission from Boiler (BO) in YLEPP

Diesel (Distillate oil) will be used as fuel for boiler in YLEPP. The highest emission rates with reference to Table 1.3-1 and Table 1.3-6, AP-42, USEPA are adopted disregard of the size of boiler.

Emission Rate of SO2 (g/s) Emission Rate of PM (g/s)	=	F x 0.12 x 1423 F x 0 12 x Ff / 3	S /3600 3600
Emission Rate of NOx (g/s)	=	F x 0.12 x 20 /	3600
NO <sub>2</sub> Removal Efficiency of SCR	=	70.0%	Reference to Air Pollutant Control Technology Fact Sheet (EPA-452/F-03-032), USEPA.
Fuel Consumption, F (L/hr)	=	400	Advised by Engineer
Weight % of sulphur in fuel oil, S (%)	=	0.005	As stipulated in to the Air Pollution Control (Fuel Restriction) (Amendment) Regulation (the "Amendment Regulation")
Emission factor of TSP, Ef	=	2	Reference to Table 1.3-6, AP-42, USEPA.
Emission factor of RSP, Ef	=	1	Reference to Table 1.3-6, AP-42, USEPA.
Emission factor of FSP, Ef	=	0.25	Reference to Table 1.3-6, AP-42, USEPA.
Emission Rate of SO <sub>2</sub> (g/s) Emission Rate of TSP (g/s) Emission Rate of RSP (g/s) Emission Rate of FSP (g/s) Emission Rate of NOx (as NO <sub>2</sub> ) (g/s)	= = = =	9.47E-03 2.67E-02 1.33E-02 3.33E-03 8.00E-02	
Emission Level of NH3 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) :	=	8.00	Reference to "A Guidance Note on the Best Practiable Means for Electricity Works (Coal-fired Plant, Gas-fired Gas Turbine, and Oil-fired Gas Turbine (Peak Lopping Plant)) BPM 7/1 (2018)"
Flow Rate at Boiler (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	=	2.94	
Emission rate of $NH_3$ (g/s)	=	2.35E-02	

#### Emissions from Ammonia Stripping Unit (ASP) in YLEPP

Oa:	Oxygen concentration of flue gas, dry gas
Os:	Standard oxygen concentration, dry gas
Ca, dry, Oa:	Actual flue gas concentration, dry gas, Oa
Ca, dry, Os:	Actual flue gas concentration, dry gas, Os
Ca, wet, Oa:	Actual flue gas concentration, wet gas, Oa
Cs:	Flue gas concentration at standard conditions
Va, dry:	Volume of flue gas at emission point, dry gas
Va, wet:	Volume of flue gas at emission point, wet gas
Vs:	Volume of flue gas under standard condition, dry gas
M:	Mass of pollutant in flue gas
%H2O:	% of moisture in flue gas
Pa:	Pressure of flue gas at emission point
Ps:	Standard pressure
Та:	Temperature of flue gas at emission point
Ts:	Standard temperature

#### In accordance with Annex VI of EU Directive 200/76/EC,

Ca, dry, Oa	= Ca, dry, Os x (20.9 - Oa) / (20.9 - Os)	(eqn. 1)
Ca, dry, Oa	= M / Va, dry = M / [Va, wet x (1 - %H2O)]	(eqn. 2) (eqn. 3)
Ca, wet, Oa	= M / Va, wet = Ca, dry, Oa x (1 - %H2O) = Ca, dry, Os x (1 - %H2O) x (20.9 – Oa) / (20.9 – Os)	(from eqn. 3) (from eqn. 1)
Cs	= M / Vs	(eqn. 4) (eqn. 5)

#### By standard gas law,

#### Pa x Va, dry / Ta = Ps x Vs / Ts

Since Pa = Ps, Therefore, Va, dry / Ta = Vs / Ts

From eqn. 2 and eqn. 5, (M / Ca, dry, Oa) / Ta = (M / Cs) / Ts

Therefore, Ca, dry, Oa = Cs x Ts / Ta

From eqn. 4, Ca, wet, Oa = Cs x (Ts / Ta) x (1 - %H2O) x (20.9 – Oa) / (20.9 – Os)

#### For the ASP, for any pollutant,

Oa = 5% Os = 11% %H2O = 20.4% Ta = 413K Ts = 273K

Therefore,

Ca, wet, Oa = Cs x (273 / 413K) x (1 – 0.204) x (20.9 – 5) / (20.9 – 11) =0.8410Cs

Peak Flow rate=

#### 7.8 m3/s at 413K

Air Pollutant	Emission Level <sup>[2]</sup> (mg/Nm <sup>3</sup> )	Remarks	Emission Rate (g/s)
RSP	5	[1]	0.0330
NOx (as NO <sub>2</sub> )	200	[1]	
<ul> <li>NO<sub>2</sub> Removal Efficiency of SCR of 70% <sup>[4]</sup></li> </ul>	60	[3]	0.3955
SO <sub>2</sub>	50	[1]	0.3296
NH <sub>3</sub>	35	[1]	
- NH 3 Removal Efficiency of carbon filter of 70%	10.5	[3]	0.0692

#### Remarks:

[1] The emission level is taken as reference from the approved EIA for Organic Waste Treatment Facilities Phase I (AEIAR-149/2010) and the associated VEP (i.e. Application No. VEP-488/2015).
[2] The emission level refers to an oxygen content of 11% and dry basis.
[3] The emission level is provided by Engineer for YLEPP.

[4] Reference to Air Pollutant Control Technology Fact Sheet (EPA-452/F-03-032), USEPA.

### Emission Rates and Parameters for the Emission from YLEPP

Emission Source Listing in AERMOD

Emission Source Listing in AERMOD																		
											Emission Rate (g/s)							
Source ID	Description	Туре	x	Y	Flow rate (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Oxygen Concentration (%)	Height (mAG)	Exit temp (K)	Exit velocity (m/s)	Stack Diameter (m)	Operation Hours	NO <sub>2</sub>	SO2	NH3	TSP	RSP	FSP	Particle Size Distribution Adpopted
CHP01	CHP Stack <sup>[1]</sup>	Point	820815.31	836480.11	0.98	5.00	12	453.00	13.845	0.30	24	1.4083E-02	2.5048E-02	1.0121E-02	7.5143E-03	7.5143E-03	7.5143E-03	No dry deposition applied
CHP02	CHP Stack <sup>[1]</sup>	Point	820819.58	836479.79	0.98	5.00	12	453.00	13.845	0.30	24	1.4083E-02	2.5048E-02	1.0121E-02	7.5143E-03	7.5143E-03	7.5143E-03	No dry deposition applied
BO	Boiler Stack	Point	820819.19	836475.87	2.94	5.00	12	453.00	14.973	0.50	24	8.0000E-02	9.4667E-03	2.3520E-02	2.6667E-02	1.3333E-02	3.3333E-03	Table 1.3-6, USEPA AP-42
CHP03	CHP Stack <sup>[1]</sup>	Point	820747.37	836440.85	0.98	5.00	12	453.00	13.845	0.30	24	1.4083E-02	2.5048E-02	1.0121E-02	7.5143E-03	7.5143E-03	7.5143E-03	No dry deposition applied
CHP04	CHP Stack <sup>[1]</sup>	Point	820751.96	836440.03	0.98	5.00	12	453.00	13.845	0.30	24	1.4083E-02	2.5048E-02	1.0121E-02	7.5143E-03	7.5143E-03	7.5143E-03	No dry deposition applied
ASP	Ammonia Stripping Stack	Point	820751.00	836451.62	7.80	5.00	12	413.00	9.931	1.00	24	3.9549E-01	3.2957E-01	6.9210E-02	3.2957E-02	3.2957E-02	3.2957E-02	No dry deposition applied

Remarks:

[1] TSP emission rate and FSP emission rate are assumed to be the same as that for RSP, as best estimation.

## Particle Size Distribution for Boiler in YLEPP

Reference: Table 1.3-6, USEPA AP-42

Particle Diameter (µm)	Average Particle Diameter (µm)	Cumulative Mass % of Stated Size					
0.625	0.3125	2%					
1	0.8125	8%					
1.25	1.125	9%					
2.5	1.875	12%					
6	4.25	30%					
10	8	50%					
15	12.5	68%					

Remarks:

Particle size distribution of boiler are extracted and presented as above, thus Method 1 of particle dry deposition is applied in AERMOD for the above source.



