Table 3.1f
Summary of Reported Concentrations of Respirable Suspended Particulates

| Summary of Re | Maximum 24-hr Concentration (µgm ⁻³) | Number of Exceedances of Maximum 24-hr AQO (a) | Annual Average (μgm ⁻³) |
|---|---|---|--|
| Central/Western | 147 | 0 | 51 |
| Kwai Chung | 153 | 0 | 46 |
| Kwun Tong | 194 | 1 | 56(0) |
| Mong Kok | 177 | 0 | 57 ^(b) |
| Sham Shui Po (6) | 129 (Hi-Vol) ^(c) 149 (TEOM) ^(e) | 0 | 57(b)(c) |
| Sha Tin | 180 | 1 | 49 |
| Tai Po | 104 (Hi-Vol) ^(c) 132 (TEOM) ^(d) | 0 | 59 (b)(c) |
| Tsuen Wan | 168 | 0 | 54 |
| Yuen Long | 155 | 0 | 58 ^(b) |
| (b) Reported co (c) Hi-Volume S (d) TEOM Data | ons in excess of 180 µgmoncentration is in excess of ampler Data for January are for July - December 1 are for September - December | f the AQO of 55 μgm ⁻³ - December 1997 997 | |

Annual average RSP concentrations are presented in Figure 3.1f and Table 3.1f. Five of the sites breached the annual average AQO of 55 µgm⁻³: Kwun Tong, Mong Kok, Sham Shui Po, Tai Po and Yuen Long. This represents a deterioration of the conditions reported in the EPD's 1996 annual report on air quality.

Ozone

Reported maximum hourly average ozone concentrations are summarised in Figure 3.1g and Table 3.1g. Exceedances of the AQO were reported at two of the seven stations monitoring this pollutant, with three such events being recorded at the Sha Tin AQMS and a single event at the Central/Western AQMS. These results indicate that all stations were compliant over the twelve-month period examined in this report and as such, represent an improvement on the 1996 results in which both the Kwai Chung and Central/Western stations were out of compliance.

Annual average ozone concentrations were also calculated, as there is previous evidence to suggest a year-on-year increase in the concentrations of this pollutant. As greater concern is attached to short-term high concentrations of this pollutant rather than chronic exposures, no annual average AQO for ozone is available. As presented in Figure 3.1h, concentrations vary by a factor of 1.6 between stations, from 20 µgm⁻³ at the Kwun Tong AQMS to 31 µgm⁻³ at the Kwai Chung AQMS. Table 3.1g presents a comparison of annual average concentrations reported for 1996⁽¹⁾ with those resulting from this assessment. The reported concentrations for 1997 do not differ greatly from those of 1996.

⁽¹⁾ Environmental Protection Department (1997) Op cit.