

Table 7.2 Waste Disposal Issues

Issue	NT-Biased Option	HB-Biased Option	Recommended Strategy
Generation Rate	<p>greater population leads to greater domestic wastes;</p> <p>increase in number of water and sewage treatment facilities also gives rise to sludge disposal issues.</p>	<p>domestic wastes collected up at well established or planned facilities;</p> <p>more construction waste to be disposed of including marine mud (which could be contaminated).</p>	<p>balance of both domestic and construction wastes compared to other options.</p>
Disposal	<p>more problematic in NWNT and NENT than other options because the facilities are dispersed;</p> <p>local roads may not be able to cope with traffic;</p> <p>increases in noise, air pollution and congestion forecast from land based disposal;</p> <p>marine based transport for disposal to WENT from Outlying Islands Transfer Facilities and North Lantau Refuse Transfer Station.</p>	<p>consider more marine disposal routes rather than road based especially for construction wastes;</p> <p>existing and planned collection facilities well situated throughout the urban area</p>	<p>balance of rural and metropolitan collection and disposal facilities</p>